



**Site Servicing and Stormwater
Management Report
6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON**

Client:

11654128 Canada Inc.
768 Boulevard St. Joseph
Gatineau, QC

Submitted for:

Zoning By-law Amendment and Plan of Subdivision

Project Name:

6171 Hazeldean Road

Project Number:

OTT-00258780-A0

Prepared By:

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Date Submitted:

July 24, 2020

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Table of Contents

1	Introduction	1
1.1	Overview	1
2	Existing Conditions	2
3	Existing Infrastructure	2
4	Pre-Consultation / Permits / Approvals.....	3
5	Water Servicing	4
5.1	Existing Water Servicing Conditions.....	4
5.2	Water Servicing Proposal	4
5.3	Water Servicing Design Criteria	4
5.4	Fire Flow Requirements	5
5.5	Boundary Conditions.....	6
5.6	Water Servicing Design	6
5.7	Estimated Water Demands	7
5.8	Modelling Scenarios	7
5.9	Water Modeling Results.....	7
6	Sewage Servicing	9
6.1	Existing Sewage Conditions.....	9
6.2	Proposed Sewage Conditions.....	9
7	Storm Servicing & Stormwater Management.....	11
7.1	Background	11
7.2	Proposed Storm Servicing	11
7.2.1	Design Criteria & Constraints.....	11
7.3	Stormwater Design.....	12
7.4	Runoff Coefficients.....	12
7.5	Allowable Release Rate	13
7.6	Hydrology	13
7.6.1	Storm Events Modelled.....	13
7.6.2	Extended Detention Requirements	14
7.6.3	Low Impact Design.....	14
7.6.4	Flow Attenuation (Storage).....	15

7.6.5 Storm Sewers	16
8 Erosion & Sediment Control	17
9 Conclusions and Recommendations	18
10 Legal Notification	19

List of Figures

Figure 1-1 - Site Location	1
Figure A2 – Site Location Plan	A
Figure A3– Site Statistics Plan	A
Figure A4 – Water Distribution Plan	A
Figure A5 – Water Demand Allocation Plan	A
Figure A6 – Subcatchment Plan.....	A
Figure A7 – Catchbasin Plan	A
Figure A8 – Roadway Ponding Area Plan	A

List of Tables

Table 1 - Summary of Water Supply Design Criteria.....	4
Table 2 : Summary of FUS Method Parameters Used for Proposed Building Types.....	5
Table 3 : Summary of Parameters Used and Estimation of Required Fire Flows (RFF).....	6
Table 4 : Boundary Conditions and Pressures Summary.....	6
Table 5 : Total Water Demand Summary.....	7
Table 6: Summary of Peak Hour Results of (Scenario 1C).....	7
Table 7: Summary of Peak Hour Results of (Scenario 2C).....	8
Table 8: Summary of Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow Conditions	8
Table 6-1 – Summary of Wastewater Design Criteria / Parameters.....	9
Table 6-2 – Summary of Anticipated Sewage Rates	10
Table 9 – Summary of Runoff Coefficients.....	12
Table 10 – General Subcatchment Parameters	13
Table 11 – Summary of Post-Development Flows (Uncontrolled).....	14
Table 12 – 3-hour 5mm Peak Flows and Runoff Volumes of Various Subcatchments.....	15
Table 7-1: Dry Pond Stage-Storage Data.....	16
Table 7-2: Target Capture Rates for Various Areas.....	16
Table B1 – Water Demand Chart.....	B
Table B2 – Summary of Required Fire Flows (RFF) for 6171 Hazeldean Road.....	B
Table B3 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Singles.....	B
Table B4 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Townhome (6 Towns)	B
Table B5 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Townhome (8 Towns).....	B
Table B6 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building A.....	B

Table B6 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building B	B
Table B7 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building C	B
Table B8 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building D	B
Table B9 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building E	B
Table B10 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building F (Mixed Use)	B
Table D1 – Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet.....	D
Table E1 – 2-Year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet.....	E
Table E2 – 2-Year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet – Includes Flow Controls	E
Table E3 – Average Runoff Coefficients for Post-Development	E
Table E4 – Summary of Post-Development Peak Flows (Uncontrolled and Controlled).....	E

List of Appendices

Appendix A – Figures	A
Appendix B – Water Servicing Tables	B
Appendix C – WaterGems Output Tables	C
Appendix D – Sanitary Servicing Tables	D
Appendix E – Stormwater Servicing Tables.....	E
Appendix F – PCSWMM Information.....	F
Appendix G – Consultation / Correspondence	G
Appendix H – Background Information.....	H
Appendix I – Checklist.....	I
Appendix J – Drawings	J

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by 11654128 Canada Inc to prepare a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report for the proposed redevelopment of 6171 Hazeldean Road in support of a Plan of Subdivision and Zoning By-law Amendment applications.

The 9.02-hectare site is situated along Hazeldean Road as illustrated in **Figure 1-1** below. The site is within the City of Ottawa's urban boundary, outside the Greenbelt, and situated in Ward 6 (Stitsville-Kanata West).

The description of the subject property is noted below:

- Part of Lot 23, Concession 12, Geographic Township of Goulbourn, City of Ottawa.
- Parts 2, 4 and 6 of Plan 4R-23045, consisting of PIN 044871709

The proposed development will consist of twenty (20) single family detached homes, one hundred and fifty-four (154) townhomes, one hundred and eighty (180) condominium units consisting of five 3-storey buildings having 36 units each, and one hundred and seventy five (175) apartment units consisting of one 9-storey mixed-use rental building.

This report will discuss the adequacy of the adjacent municipal watermain, sanitary sewers and storm sewers to provide the required water supply, convey the sewage and stormwater flows that will result from the proposed development. This report provides a design brief for submission, along with the engineering drawings, for City approval.



Figure 1-1 - Site Location

2 Existing Conditions

The existing property is surrounded by the Jackson Trails subdivision, which began development in 2006. The existing site is vacant, with most of the ground surface containing sparse vegetation, fill material from adjacent construction, with a small area of trees in the north-western portion of the site.

The existing site topography slopes in a north easterly direction, ranging in elevation from $\pm 122\text{m}$ to $\pm 116\text{m}$ and having an average slope of 1.8% from west to east, however only 0.5% average slope from south to north.

3 Existing Infrastructure

The property is vacant and there are no existing services within the site. Municipal services stubs are present along the north, south and east sides of the property.

Along the north side of the property a 22.0 metre municipal right-of-way (Samantha Eastop Avenue) was constructed as part of the Potter's Key Subdivision and contains a 300mm watermain stub. Along the easterly property line, a 7.5m wide portion of a wider 12m sewer/water/walkway block is present and contains both sanitary and the storm and sewer stubs for the property. The entire southern property boundary of the site fronts onto Hazeldean Road, which contains both watermain and storm sewers. An existing 200mm watermain stub is provided off the 750mm watermain on Hazeldean Road, near the entrance of the property.

From review of the sewer and watermain mapping, as-built drawings and Utility Central Registry (UCC) plans, the following summarizes the infrastructure within the subject property and the infrastructure on the adjacent streets along the frontage of the property and adjacent offsite infrastructure:

Samantha Eastop Avenue.

- 300mm PVC watermain.
- 300mm PVC storm sewer.

12m walkway block off Banelier Way.

- 300mm PVC sanitary sewer.
- 1050mm concrete storm sewer.

Hazeldean Road.

- 200mm PVC watermain (stubbed) & 762mm watermain.
- 250mm PVC sanitary sewer.
- 750mm and 825mm concrete storm sewers.
- Gas /Bell / Streetlighting / Hydro.

As-built drawings for key areas in Potter's Key Subdivision were obtained from the City of Ottawa and are included in [Appendix J](#) for reference.

4 Pre-Consultation / Permits / Approvals

A pre-consultation meeting was held with the City prior to design commencement. This meeting outlined the submission requirements and provided information to assist with the development proposal. The proposed site is located within the Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority (MVCA) jurisdiction, therefore signoff from the MVCA will be required prior to final approval. The MVCA was contacted to confirm the stormwater management quality control requirements. A copy of the correspondence with the MVCA is attached [Appendix G](#). Specific design criteria noted in the Pre-Consultation meeting is further described in the relevant sections of this report

It is expected that an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) will be required from the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), formerly the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC), for the municipal and private Sewage Works. The onsite Sewage Works will include the onsite stormwater works for flow controls and associated stormwater detention. Further discussions with City of Ottawa staff will be required to confirm the ECA requirements and to determine whether a direct submission or Transfer-of-Review submission will be required.

In addition, various design guidelines were referred to in preparing the current report including:

- Bulletin ISDTB-2012-4 (20 June 2012)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-01 (05 February 2014)
 - Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01 (September 6, 2016)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-01 (21 March 2018)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-04 (27 June 2018)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution, July 2010 (WDG001), including:
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02 (May 27, 2014)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 (21 March 2018)
- Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, March 2003 (SMPDM).
- Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems, Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, 2008 (GDWS).
- Fire Underwriters Survey, Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (FUS), 1999.
- Ontario Building Code 2012, Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

5 Water Servicing

5.1 Existing Water Servicing Conditions

The site is within the City of Ottawa 3W pressure zone and supplied from the Stittsville elevated reservoir, which is within 150 metres from the western limit of the property. As previously noted, a 200 mm watermain has been stubbed off the 762mm watermain on Hazeldean Road, and a 300mm watermain is stubbed at the property line coming off Samantha Eastop Avenue.

5.2 Water Servicing Proposal

The proposed water supply system will consist of 200mm diameter and 250mm diameter watermains and associated appurtenances to provide water for consumption and fire protection. The site will be serviced by connection to the existing stubs at Hazeldean Road and Samantha Eastop Avenue.

The 9-storey high-rise building will require independent and twin watermain feeds, which is the result of the average day water demands exceeding 50 m³/day. This building will be protected by an automatic sprinkler system and will have a fire department connection (or siamese) located within 45 metres of an adjacent municipally owned fire hydrant. **Figure A4** in **Appendix A** illustrates the proposed water distribution system. Water supply for each single family, townhome or condominium building will be provided by individual water services connecting to the proposed municipal or onsite private watermain. The proposed servicing plan is provided in **Appendix J**

5.3 Water Servicing Design Criteria

The design parameters that were used to establish water and fire flow demands are summarized **Table 1**.

Table 1 - Summary of Water Supply Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value	Applies
Population Density – Single-family Home	3.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Semi-detached Home	2.7 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Townhome or Terrace Flat	1.8 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Bachelor Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – Bachelor + Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – One Bedroom Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – One Bedroom plus Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – Two Bedroom Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Two Bedroom plus Den Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	
Average Day Demands – Residential	350 L/person/day	✓
Average Day Demands – Commercial / Institutional	28,000 L/gross ha/day	✓
Average Day Demands – Light Industrial / Heavy Industrial	35,000 or 55,000 L/gross ha/day	
Maximum Day Peak Factor – Residential	2.5 x Average Day Demands	✓
Maximum Day Demands Peak Factor – Commercial / Institutional	1.5 x Average Day Demands	✓
Peak Hour Factor – Residential	2.5x2.2 = 5.5 x Average Day Demands	✓
Peak Hour Factor – Commercial / Institutional	2.7 x Average Day Demands	✓

Fire Flow Requirements Calculation	FUS	✓
Depth of Cover Required	2.4m	✓
Maximum Allowable Pressure	551.6 kPa (80 psi)	✓
Minimum Allowable Pressure	275.8 kPa (40 psi)	✓
Minimum Allowable Pressure during fire flow conditions	137.9 kPa (20 psi)	✓

5.4 Fire Flow Requirements

Water for fire protection will be available utilizing the proposed fire hydrants located along the adjacent roadways. The required fire flows for all proposed buildings were calculated based on typical values as established by the Fire Underwriters Survey 1999 (FUS). The following equation from the Fire Underwriters document “Water Supply for Public Fire Protection”, 1991, was used for calculation of the on-site supply rates required to be supplied by the hydrants:

$$F = 200 * C * \sqrt{A}$$

where:

F	=	Required Fire flow in Litres per minute
C	=	Coefficient related to type of Construction
A	=	Total Floor Area in square metres

The preceding **Table 2** summarizes the parameters used for estimating the Required Fire Flows (RFF) based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) and the latest City of Ottawa Technical Bulletins. The RFFs were estimated in accordance with ISTB-2018-02 and based on floor areas provided by the architect. The following summarizes the parameters used for the proposed types of residential buildings

Table 2 : Summary of FUS Method Parameters Used for Proposed Building Types

Design Parameter	Single Family	Townhome	3-Storey Condominium	9-Storey Mixed-Use
Type of Construction (Coeff, C) Wood-Framed (C=1.5), Ordinary (C=1.0), Non-Combustible (C=0.8), Fire-Resistive (C=0.6)	Wood Framed	Wood Framed	Ordinary	Non-Combustible
Occupancy Type Non-combustible (-25%), Limited Combustible (-15%), Combustible (0%), Free Burning (+15%), Rapid Burning (+25%)	Limited Combustible	Limited Combustible	Limited Combustible	Limited Combustible
Sprinkler Protection Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 (-30%), Standard Water Supply (-10%), Fully Supervised Sprinkler (-10%)	None	None	None	Fully Supervised Sprinkler

The following **Table 3** below summarizes the individual parameters used and the resultant Required Fire Flows (RFFs) for each building type. Detailed calculations of the RFFs necessary for each building type is provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 3 : Summary of Parameters Used and Estimation of Required Fire Flows (RFF)

	Single Family	Townhomes		Condominium Units					Mixed-Use
		6-unit	8-unit	Bldg A	Bldg B	Bldg C	Bldg D	Bldg E	Bldg E
Construction Coefficient, C	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1	1	0.8
Total Floor Area (m2)	243.2	1165.6	773.6	3324	3324	3324	3324	3324	8863.5
Fire Flow prior to reduction (L/min)	5,000	11,000	9,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	17,000
Reduction Due to Occupancy	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%	-15%
Reduction due to Sprinkler	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-50%
Increase due to Exposures	66%	62%	41%	28%	29%	28%	33%	14%	-20%
Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on ISTB-2018-02" (yes/no)	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	11,416
Total RFF	117	117	183	233	233	233	250	217	183

The estimated required fire flows (RFFs) based on the FUS Method ranges from 117 L/sec to 250 L/sec.

5.5 Boundary Conditions

Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL) boundary conditions were obtained from the City for design purposes. A copy of the correspondence received from the City is provided in [Appendix G](#)

The following hydraulic grade line (HGL) boundary conditions are summarized in [Table 4](#) below:

Table 4 : Boundary Conditions and Pressures Summary

Demand Scenario	Connection #1 – Hazeldean Rd		Connection #2 – Samantha Eastop Ave	
	HGL or Head (m)	Pressure (psi)	HGL or Head (m)	Pressure (psi)
Maximum HGL	160.7	57.2	160.7	59.6
Peak Hour	156.5	51.3	156.3	53.4
Max Day + Fire Flow	156.4	51.1	151.1	46.0

The above noted HGL's are based on a ground elevation of approximately 120.4 m and 118.8 m at Connection #1 and Connection #2 respectively. This results in a system water pressure of 36.1 m (or 51.3 psi) and 37.5 m (or 53.4 psi) at each connection points during peak hour conditions.

5.6 Water Servicing Design

The water servicing requirements for the proposed development is designed in accordance with the City Design Guidelines (July 2010). The following steps indicate the basic methodology that was used in our analysis:

- Estimated water demands under average day, maximum day and peak hour conditions. As the total population estimate was greater than 500, standard residential peaking factors were used, rather than based on MECP Table 3-3 which would be necessary when the design population is than 500 persons.
- Estimated the required fire flow (RFF) based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS).
- Obtained hydraulic boundary conditions (HGL) from the City, based on the above water demands and required fire flows.

- Boundary condition data and water demands were used to estimate the pressure at the proposed junctions, and this was compared to the City’s design criteria.

Please refer to [Appendix B](#) for detailed calculations of the total water demands.

5.7 Estimated Water Demands

Table 5 below summarizes the anticipated domestic water demands for all units under average day, maximum day and peak hour conditions.

Table 5 : Total Water Demand Summary

Water Demand Conditions	Water Demands (L/sec)
Average Day	4.56
Max Day	11.33
Peak Hour	24.90

5.8 Modelling Scenarios

A total of five (6) scenarios were analyzed. The performance of the proposed water distribution system within the development was analyzed under each scenario. The following summarizes the modelling scenarios that were analyzed. Please refer to **Figure A4** in Appendix A which illustrates the water distribution layout.

- Scenario 1A: Average Day (using connection #1)
- Scenario 1B: Max Day Plus Fire Flow (using connection #1)
- Scenario 1C: Peak Hour (using connection #1)
- Scenario 2A: Average Day (using connection #2)
- Scenario 2B: Max Day Plus Fire Flow (using connection #2)
- Scenario 2C: Peak Hour (using connection #2)

5.9 Water Modeling Results

The results of the WaterGEMS modelling under peak hourly conditions are summarized in **Table 6** and **Table 7** below for Scenarios 1A and 2A. These results represent anticipated pressures that would be available assuming a single connection from either Connection #1 (Hazeldean Rd) or Connection #2 (Samantha Eastop). The complete results for all scenarios are provided in [Appendix C](#).

Table 6: Summary of Peak Hour Results of (Scenario 1C)

Junction	Elevation (m)	Demand (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	122.19	7.77	156.32	48.4
J-02	119.69	1.78	156.32	52.0
J-03	118.67	0.81	156.32	53.4
J-04	118.45	1.20	156.32	53.7
J-05	117.43	1.62	156.31	55.2
J-06	117.02	1.80	156.32	55.8
J-07	118.88	0.84	156.32	53.1

J-08	119.76	0.36	156.33	51.9
J-09	117.12	0.90	156.32	55.6
J-10	120.76	0.00	156.36	50.5
J-11	117.40	1.43	156.31	55.2
J-12	117.30	1.43	156.31	55.4
J-13	118.62	1.43	156.32	53.5
J-14	119.10	1.43	156.32	52.8
J-15	119.20	1.43	156.32	52.7
J-16	119.76	0.00	156.33	51.9
J-17	118.80	0.00	156.32	53.3
J-18	120.40	0.00	156.50	51.2

Table 7: Summary of Peak Hour Results of (Scenario 2C)

Junction	Elevation (m)	Demand (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	122.19	7.77	156.11	48.1
J-02	119.69	1.78	156.15	51.8
J-03	118.67	0.81	156.18	53.2
J-04	118.45	1.20	156.15	53.5
J-05	117.43	1.62	156.13	54.9
J-06	117.02	1.80	156.12	55.5
J-07	118.88	0.84	156.13	52.9
J-08	119.76	0.36	156.11	51.6
J-09	117.12	0.90	156.11	55.3
J-10	120.76	0.00	156.11	50.2
J-11	117.40	1.43	156.11	54.9
J-12	117.30	1.43	156.10	55.1
J-13	118.62	1.43	156.10	53.2
J-14	119.10	1.43	156.11	52.5
J-15	119.20	1.43	156.11	52.4
J-16	119.76	0.00	156.11	51.6
J-17	118.80	0.00	156.30	53.2
J-18	120.40	0.00	156.11	50.7

The calculated range of working pressures anticipated within the development under peak hour conditions was estimated at between 48.4 psi and 55.8 psi under Scenario 1C, and between 48.1psi and 55.5 psi under Scenario 3C). This meet the minimum 40 psi as per City of Ottawa Guidelines.

Similarly, **Table 8** below provides the Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow results under Scenarios 1B and 2B. It should be noted that the fire flows required at various junctions were determined based on FUS calculations. Complete modelling results are provided in **Appendix C**.

Table 8: Summary of Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow Conditions

Junction Node	FUS Required Fire Flows, RFF (L/sec)	Total Flow Available (L/sec)		Satisfies Fire Flow Constraints fpr Scenario 1B / 2B (True - False)
		For Scenario 1B	For Scenario 2B	
J-01	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-02	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-03	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-04	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-05	183.00	>183	>183	True / True

J-06	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-07	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-08	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-09	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-10	183.00	>183	>183	True / True
J-11	233.00	>233	< 233 (206)	True / False
J-12	233.00	>233	< 233 (205)	True / False
J-13	250.00	>250	< 233 (202)	True / False
J-14	233.00	>233	< 233 (205)	True / False
J-15	233.00	>233	< 233 (208)	True / False
J-16	183.00	>183	>183	True/ True
J-17	183.00	>183	>183	True/ True
J-18	183.00	>183	< 183 (176)	False

In summary, under Maximum Day + Fire Flow conditions the available fire flows are in excess of the required fire flows (RFF) based on a water distribution system with a connection to both Hazeldean Road and Samantha Eastop Avenue. Based on a single feed connection to Samantha East Avenue, slightly lower fire flows would be available within the distribution system at six (6) junctions. This does not imply that the appropriate fire flows are not available at all buildings, as the total contribution of available fire flows are based on hydrant spacing. Additional details on fire hydrant locations and the availability of fire flows will be provide during detailed design of the subdivision.

No pressure reducing measures are required as operating pressures are within 50 psi and 80 psi. It was estimated that the anticipated pressures under average day demands will range between 54.7 psi and 62 psi.

6 Sewage Servicing

6.1 Existing Sewage Conditions

The site is an open field with no services within the site. There is a stub that comes off the existing sanitary sewer from Bandelier Way that goes up to the property line at was placed for a future development of 6171 Hazeldean Road.

6.2 Proposed Sewage Conditions

The sanitary sewer laterals were sized based on a population flow with an area-based infiltration allowance. A 250mm diameter sanitary sewer laterals are proposed with a minimum 0.44% slope, having a capacity of 19.07 L/sec based on Manning’s Equation under full flow conditions. **Table 6-1** below summarizes the design parameters used.

Table 6-1 – Summary of Wastewater Design Criteria / Parameters

Design Parameter	Value	Applies
Population Density – Single-family Home	3.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Semi-detached Home	2.7 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Duplex	2.3 persons/unit	
Population Density – Townhome (row)	2.7 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Bachelor Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – Bachelor + Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	
Population Density – One Bedroom Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – One Bedroom plus Den Apartment	1.4 persons/unit	

Population Density – Two Bedroom Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	✓
Population Density – Two Bedroom plus Den Apartment	2.1 persons/unit	
Average Daily Residential Sewage Flow	280 L/person/day	✓
Average Daily Commercial / Institutional Flow	28,000 L/gross ha/day	
Average Light / Heavy Industrial Daily Flow	35,000 / 55,000 L/gross ha/day	
Residential Peaking Factor – Harmon Formula (Min = 2.0, Max =4.0, with K=0.8)	$M = 1 + \frac{14}{4 + P^{0.5}} * k$	✓
Commercial Peaking Factor	1.5	
Institutional Peaking Factor	1.5	
Industrial Peaking Factor	As per Table 4-B (SDG002)	
Unit of Peak Extraneous Flow (Dry Weather / Wet Weather)	0.05 or 0.28 L/s/gross ha	
Unit of Peak Extraneous Flow (Total I/I)	0.33 L/s/gross ha	✓

The total estimated peak sanitary flow rate from the proposed property is **14.16 L/sec** (all blocks) based on City Design Guidelines. Sewage rates below include a total infiltration allowance of 0.33 L/ha/sec based on the total gross site area.

Table 6-2 – Summary of Anticipated Sewage Rates

Sewage Condition	Sanitary Sewage Flow (L/sec)
Average Day Sewage Flow	11.18
Infiltration Flow (at 0.33 L/ha/sec)	2.98
Peak Wet Weather Sewage Flow	14.16

The minimum sewer capacity of the 200mm diameter connecting sanitary sewer through the proposed subdivision (with a slope of 0.44%) has a calculated full flow capacity of 19.07 L/sec. The 200mm diameter pipe then connects into the existing sanitary sewer on Bandelier Way with a 300mm diameter pipe downstream of the sewer run.

Based on the Potter’s Key Design Brief, the allocated sewage flow from the 6171 Hazeldean site to the sanitary sewer on Bandelier Way is 11.84 L/sec. Therefore, the proposed site is expected to release an additional 2.32 L/sec, however the existing sanitary stub has a capacity of 46.05 L/sec, and will be able to handle to newly proposed flow of 14.16 L/sec.

Also, the downstream sanitary sewer shall now carry 16.29 L/sec compared to the estimated 13.97L/sec, and still falls well below the capacity of the downstream 300mm sanitary sewer with a capacity of 46.05 L/sec as well. See [Appendix H](#) for the Potter’s Key sanitary design sheet for reference.

Therefore, there appears to be no consequence to the additional 2.32 L/sec from the estimated 11.84 L/sec from the Potter’s Key SWM report, for a total sewage flow of 14.16 L/sec coming from the 6171 Hazeldean subdivision.

7 Storm Servicing & Stormwater Management

7.1 Background

As the proposed site is located within the Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority (MVCA) jurisdiction, the stormwater works are therefore subject to both MVCA and City of Ottawa (COO) approval.

Furthermore, the site is located within the Carp River Subwatershed and stormwater runoff discharges to Feedmill Creek. A 1050mm storm sewer outlet was provided for the subject site near the south-eastern corner of the site within a 12-metre sewer and drainage easement. This easement connects the subject property to the municipal right-of-way (Bandelier Way). Downstream of the site the storm sewer flows easterly and then northerly approximately 1.1 kilometres where it enters the Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Facility (JTSWMF). This pond was constructed around 2007/2008 to service lands north of Hazeldean Road between Carp Road and Alon Street. The “Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief” (JTSMDB) was prepared in June 2006 by IBI Group for the design of this SWM facility.

In addition, the City of Ottawa commissioned J.F. Sabourin and Associates (JFSA) to prepare the Feedmill Creek Storm Management Criteria Study (FCSWMCs) which was finalized in April 2018. It is this document that identifies the stormwater criteria necessary for development of the subject site. Just prior to this, Minto Communities Inc (Minto), constructed Potter’s Key Subdivision in 2017/2018, which surrounds the subject site on the north and east sides. Sewer and water infrastructure were installed as part of the surrounding subdivision.

7.2 Proposed Storm Servicing

The proposed subject property will be serviced with a conventional stormwater collection system. The storm sewer system will consist of a typical storm system including manholes and catchbasins in the roadway and catchbasins and landscaping inlets in the rear yards. For the rear-yards, perforated storm sewers, as per City landscaping standards, will be used. Due to the stormwater criteria requirements, a stormwater facility (dry pond) is necessary.

The proposed stormwater system is designed in conformance with the latest version of the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines (October 2012). Section 5 “Storm and Combined Sewer Design” and Section 8 “Stormwater Management”. A summary of the design criteria that relates to this design report is the proceeding sections below.

7.2.1 Design Criteria & Constraints

From the Feedmill Creek report the following summarizes the design criteria and constraints that will be followed:

- Criteria #1: Extended Detention Control: Onsite storage to control peak flows 0.51 L/ha/sec in the 3hr 15mm 3-hr Chicago storm (Erosion Control).
- Criteria #2: Retention Control: Provide Low-Impact Development Methods (LID) to retain the 5mm 3-hr Storm event (infiltration).
- Criteria #3: Flood Control: Onsite storage to control peak flow storm 100-yr 12hr SCS storm to 8 L/ha/sec.

Other design criteria were taken from the JTSMDB and City of Ottawa SDG002 which apply to the stormwater design are included.

- The storm sewer was sized based on the Rational Method and Manning’s Equation under free flow conditions for the 2-year storm using a 10-minute inlet time.
- Minor system capture from this development will be directed to the Jackson Trails SWM Pond and limited to 70 L/s/ha as per the design of the facility.

- The major system has been designed to accommodate on-site detention with sufficient capacity to attenuate the 100-year design storm.
- Overland flow routes are provided.
- The vertical distance from the spill elevation and the ground elevation at the building is at least 150mm.
- The emergency overflow spill elevation is at least 30 cm below the lowest building opening.
- Minimum sewer slopes to be based on minimum velocities for storm sewers of 0.80 m/sec.

Additional comments provided during the pre-consultation meeting, that are also relevant include:

- *By modelling, demonstrate that there are no adverse impact to the existing downstream developments (Potter's Key and Jackson Trails).*
- *Pond may be required for attenuation as per the attached report.*

7.3 Stormwater Design

The methodology used for the design of the storm sewer system is as follows:

- Design storm sewer system based on 2-year storm using the Rational Method.
- Estimate the appropriate number and the location of inlets based on the Macro Grading Plan and preliminary profiles and ensure maximum permitted depth of ponding meets City guidelines.
- Restrict inflow rates to the minor system for each subcatchment to 70 L/ha/sec. This is completed using standard ICD types.
- Ensure allowable discharge rate for the entire site to 70 L/ha/sec for the 9.02-hectare site (or 9.023 ha x 70 = 631.6 L/sec)
- Developed a PCSWMM model of the storm sewer system, to calculate peak flows and runoff volumes. At this Draft Plan stage, the PCSWMM model does not include major system components (dual drainage). The model will be expanded during the detailed design stage.

7.4 Runoff Coefficients

Average runoff coefficients for all catchments were calculated using PCSWMM's area weighting routine. This modelling software has a GIS engine which allows for catchment (or polygon) definition including attributes. The runoff coefficients for all catchments were area weighted to derive at average runoff coefficients based on hard surfaces (concrete or asphalt) having an imperviousness of 95%, soft surfaces (landscaping surfaces) having a percent imperviousness of 5%. The conversion from an imperviousness percent to a runoff coefficient was taken as $C = (IMP * 0.70) / 100 + 0.20$, with the imperviousness (IMP) as a percentage.

The average runoff coefficient for the overall site area under post-development conditions was calculated as 0.57. Runoff coefficients for individual catchment ranged from 0.24 to 0.78. The runoff coefficients for pre-development and post-development catchments are provided summarized in **Table 9** below.

Table 9 – Summary of Runoff Coefficients

Location	Area (hectares)	Pre-Development Runoff Coefficient, C_{AVG}	Post-Development Runoff Coefficient, C_{AVG}
Entire Site	9.0203	0.20	0.57

Runoff coefficients for each subcatchments were used in the storm sewer design sheet and based on the area-weighted values derived in PCSWMM.

7.5 Allowable Release Rate

Minor system capture rate from this development will be directed to the Jackson Trails SWM Pond and limited to 70 L/s/ha as per the design of the facility. The allowable minor system discharge rate for the site is therefore 631.6 L/sec.

7.6 Hydrology

PCSWMM was used to create a hydrologic/hydraulic model of the storm sewer system. The model currently only includes the minor system (storm sewer). The model was developed to estimate peak flows and runoff volumes only at this stage. Calculations of runoff was completed based on the PCSWMM’s EPA SWM 5 engine. Catchment parameters were taken from City of Ottawa’s SDG002 Design parameters. The following design parameters and assumptions are noted in **Table 10** below:

Table 10 – General Subcatchment Parameters

Parameter	PCSWMM Parameter	Value
Infiltration Loss Method		Horton
Maximum Infiltration Rate	Max. Infil. Rate	76 mm/hr
Minimum Infiltration Rate	Min. Infil. Rate	13.2 mm/hr
Decay Constant (1/hr)	Decay Constant	4.14
Manning N (Impervious)	N Impev	0.013
Manning N (Pervious)	N Perv	0.25
Depression Storage – Pervious Surfaces	Dstore Imperv	1.57 mm
Depression Storage – Impervious Surfaces	Dstore Perv	4.67 mm
Zero Percent Impervious	Zero Imper	25%
Subcatchment Slopes	Slope	2% front yards & back yards

7.6.1 Storm Events Modelled

As this design submission is intended for establishing Draft Plan conditions, only eleven (11) storm events were modelled at this time. At a later stage during detailed design additional storm distributions and durations will be modelled.

- 3-hour 5mm Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 10mm Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 15mm Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 2-year Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 5-year Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 100-year Chicago storm.
- 3-hour 100-year + 20% Chicago storm.
- 12-hour 100-year SCS Type II storm.
- Historical storms occurring July 1, 1979, Aug 4, 1988, August 08, 1996

A Macro Storm Drainage Plan is provided in **Appendix J** and illustrates the subcatchments within the development site.

The following list below provides the design criteria requirements, followed by **Table 11** which summarizes the results of various storm events. The peak flows and volumes represent model results prior to addition of a detention pond. This was completed to determine the peak flows and volumes prior to the influence of stormwater detention. The addition of a detention pond within the PCSWMM model is further noted in proceeding sections of this report.

- Extended Detention Control. Maximum discharge of 4.6 L/sec in 3-hr 15mm storm event.
- Retention Control (LID). Retain runoff volume for 5mm 3hr storm.
- Flood Control. Maximum discharge of 72.16 L/sec in 12-hr SCS storm event.
- Maximum permitted minor system discharge rate to Bandelier Way storm sewer is 631.6 L/sec.

Table 11 – Summary of Post-Development Flows (Uncontrolled)

Storm Event	Peak Flow (L/sec)	Runoff Volume (m3)
Chicago_3h_5mm	132	189
Chicago_3h_10mm	308	417
Chicago_3h_15mm	468	653
Chicago_3h_25mm	788	1123
Chicago_3h_2yr	1029	1459
Chicago_3h_5yr	1644	2196
Chicago_3h_100yr	2841	4559
Chicago_3h_100yr + 20%	3092	5763
SCS Type II_12-hr	1692	5488
Historic_Jul1-79	2298	5545
Historic_Aug4-88	2598	5063
Historic_Aug8-96	2221	4442

7.6.2 Extended Detention Requirements

For Criteria # 1, the extended detention control criteria require that the maximum discharge rate of 0.51 L/ha/sec from development site upstream of the Jackson trails SWM Facility not be exceeded during the 3-hour 15mm storm event. This was established to provide mitigation peak flow increase during frequent storm events and erosion with Feedmill Creek.

From Table 11 above, the peak flow and runoff volume from the 3-hr storm 15mm is 468 L/sec and 653 m3. PCSWMM’s storage function was used to estimate the volume necessary to control to the allowable rate of 4.6 L/sec (9.02 ha x 0.51 L/ha/sec). The volume necessary to control the peak rate to 4.6 L/sec is 616 m3. This is the maximum volume necessary if one were to not consider any upstream storage, where in fact a small portion of the necessary volume will be stored in the rear yards from infiltration. **Table 12** in the next section identifies that only 20% of the total site area represents backyards, and therefore it is appropriate to assume that the same proportion of the total site runoff volume of 653m3 (or 131 m3) can be stored in the rear yards. Based on this, the remaining volume of 522 m3 from other areas will need to be detained within a downstream stormwater facility at a maximum rate of 4.6 L/sec. Additional information is provided in **Section 7.6.4**.

7.6.3 Low Impact Design

For Criteria #2, the Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Study requires that LID controls be implemented to retain the volume from a 3-hr 5mm rainfall event. There are various LID methods available, however the most appropriate and currently

used method in the City of Ottawa is the infiltration trench and swale. Modifications to the typical trench will be necessary to ensure that the runoff is detained, prior to being captured at inlets.

The peak flow and total runoff volume that occurs during the 5mm storm event is 153.1 L/sec and 187.9 m³ over the entire site. In order to provide the appropriate volume for infiltration, perforated pipes will be utilized in the rear-yards. However, for a typical residential subdivision, only a portion of the rainfall and resultant runoff will be directed towards the rear yards. The following table summarizes the approximate proportion of subcatchments that flow towards varying outlets.

Table 12 – 3-hour 5mm Peak Flows and Runoff Volumes of Various Subcatchments

Storm Event	Area in hectares (% of Total)		Peak Flow in L/sec (% of Total)		Runoff Volume in m ³ (% of Total)	
Backyards	2.36	(26%)	31.4	(21%)	38.4	(20%)
Front yards / right-of-way	3.67	(41%)	83.8	(55%)	100.9	(54%)
Park	0.73	(8%)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)
SWM	0.22	(2%)	0.6	(0%)	0.76	(0%)
Site plan #1	0.5	(6%)	9.2	(6%)	11.2	(6%)
Site plan #2	1.54	(17%)	28.1	(18%)	36.6	(19%)
Totals	9.020		153.1		187.9	

Since only twenty percent (20%) of the total 187.9 m³ of necessary runoff volume can be infiltrated in rear yard swales, the remaining 148.6 m³ will need to be infiltrated in other areas of the site. Based on this it will be necessary to provide ±149 m³ of retention volume within the proposed downstream stormwater facility (dry pond). This will consist of an additional granular storage area below the bottom of the dry pond. Based on a proposed bottom area of the pond of 1,194 m², will require a granular depth of 0.31 m. Additional information on the dry pond is provided in the proceeding section.

7.6.4 Flow Attenuation (Storage)

For criteria # 3, onsite storage is required to control peak flow of the 100-yr 12hr SCS storm to 8 L/ha/sec. From Table 11, the 12-hr SCS storm generates a total runoff volume of ±5,490 m³ and peak runoff rate of ±1,690 L/sec. PCSWMM’s storage routine was again used to estimate the preliminary volume necessary based on the allowable discharge rate of 72.16 L/sec during the 12hr 100-yr SCS Type II storm. The total volume required would be 3,912 m³. This represents the total volume for the entire site.

In order to establish the necessary requirements, the PCSWMM model was expanded to include a storage node to represent the stormwater facility. Two (2) flow-controlled ORIFICES were added connecting the pond and the outfall, to represent the extended detention and flood control orifices. The following table below summarizes the preliminary dry pond parameters that were used in the model, based on the site plan.

Table 7-1: Dry Pond Stage-Storage Data

Description	Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Volume (m ³)
Top of pond	116.0	2.0	1,500	2,694
Bottom of pond	114.0	0	1,194	0

In order to meet the flood control requirements additional storage beyond the dry pond during the 100yr event will be necessary. The tributary area entering the pond from the subdivision portion of the site (excluded site plan area 2), is 7.49 hectares. The proportional allowable discharge rate for this area is 59.9 L/sec (7.49 ha x 8 L/ha/sec). The storage required to detain this peak rate during the 12hr SCS storm is approximately 3,237 m³.

Preliminary profiles were completed to estimate the surface ponding that is available at sag locations within the right-of-way. A total of 27 catchbasins are illustrated which are service twelve sag locations in the right-of-way. Inlet control devices are necessary in all catchbasins to control runoff to the allowable rate of 631 L/sec (9.02 hectares x 70 L/ha/sec), and due to this ponding in street sag locations will occur.

The estimated surface ponding areas on local streets is ± 290 m³. The locations of the catchbasins and surface ponding areas are illustrated in Figure A7 and Figure A8 in Appendix A.

7.6.5 Storm Sewers

The overall target capture rate for the minor system is 70 L/ha/sec. The following table summarizes the individual stormwater target rates that are necessary to meet the target capture rate of 70 L/ha/sec as required by the Jackson Trails SWM Report. Target capture rates for most areas were increased to 130 L/ha/sec or 135 L/ha/sec to account for the City of Ottawa’s NO ponding in the 2-year event on public and private streets. The higher rate represents the approximate 2-year level of service, to avoid ponding, the higher capture rate dictates. The additional flow control at the downstream pond will be necessary to compensate for other areas and meet the overall 70 L/ha/sec.

Table 7-2: Target Capture Rates for Various Areas

Location	Area in hectares	Target Minor System Capture Rate (L/ha/sec)
Site plan #1	0.50	130
Site plan #2	1.54	130
Backyards	2.36	70
Front yards / right-of-way	3.67	135
Park	0.73	130

A storm drainage plan is provided in [Appendix J](#). A total twenty-eight (28) subcatchments (or drainage areas) within the development site are shown on this drawing with average runoff coefficients calculated for each drainage area.

Average runoff coefficients were calculated for all drainage areas for sizing of the storm sewers. A starting inlet times of 10 minutes were used for uppermost storm sewers. Design sheets for the 2-year sizing of the storm sewer system is included for reference in [Appendix E](#). Under the 2-year storm event adequate capacity is provided within the storm sewer system.

In order to meet Criteria # 4 and have NO surface ponding is public or private roadways during the 2yr event, the above noted capture rates were used in conjunction with standard inlet control devices (ICDs).

8 Erosion & Sediment Control

During all construction activities, erosion and sedimentation shall be controlled by the following techniques:

- Filter cloth shall be installed between the frame and cover of all adjacent catch basins and catch basin manhole structures.
- Heavy duty silt fencing will be used to control runoff around the construction area. Silt fencing locations are identified on the site grading and erosion control plan.
- A mud mat will be installed at the construction entrance to help avoid mud from being transported to offsite roads.
- Visual inspection shall be completed daily on sediment control barriers and any damage repaired immediately. Care will be taken to prevent damage during construction operations.
- In some cases, barriers may be removed temporarily to accommodate the construction operations. The affected barriers will be reinstated at night when construction is completed.
- Sediment control devices will be cleaned of accumulated silt as required. The deposits will be disposed of as per the requirements of the contract.
- During the course of construction, if the engineer believes that additional prevention methods are required to control erosion and sedimentation, the contractor will install additional silt fences or other methods as required to the satisfaction of the engineer.
- Construction and maintenance requirements for erosion and sediment controls are to comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specification (OPSS) OPSS 805 and City of Ottawa specifications.

9 Conclusions and Recommendations

This Servicing & Stormwater Report outlines the rationale which will be used to service the proposed development. The following summarizes the servicing requirements for the site:

Water

- Domestic water demands of 4.56, 11.33, and 24.90 L/sec was estimated based on City of Ottawa Guidelines.
- Required Fire Flows for all buildings based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) method at 117L/sec for singles family homes, 167 and 183 L/sec for 6 and 8 unit townhomes, 183 L/sec for the Mixed Use (building f), and between 133 and 250 L/sec for the remaining 3-storey residential units (buildings A-E).
- A WaterGems hydraulic model was prepared to confirm that adequate pressure / flow is available, based on boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa. Peak hour pressures of between 48.1 and 55.5 psi is anticipated. This exceeds the City's guideline of 20 psi. Flows in excess of the required fire flows are provided.

Sewage

- The estimated peak sewage flows from the proposed site is 14.1 L/sec. Based on the Potter's Key Design Brief, the allocated sewage flow from the 6171 Hazeldean site to the sanitary sewer on Bandelier Way was 11.84 L/sec. Therefore, the proposed site is expected to release an additional 2.32 L/sec, above the previous estimate. A downstream review of the sanitary sewers indicates appropriate reserve capacity is available to accommodate the additional peak flow.

Stormwater

- An extended detention control criterion requires that the maximum discharge rate of 0.51 L/ha/sec from development site upstream of the Jackson trails SWM Facility not be exceeded during the 3-hour 15mm storm event. The estimated peak flow and runoff volume from the 3-hr storm 15mm is 468 L/sec and 653 m³ respectively. The volume necessary to control to the allowable rate of 4.6 L/sec (9.02 ha x 0.51 L/ha/sec) is 616 m³. Approximately 131 m³ will be stored in the rear yard during the event and therefore the remaining 522 m³ will need to be detained within a downstream stormwater facility
- Runoff volume control is necessary to retain the volume from a 3-hr 5mm rainfall event. This will be achieved using Low impact Development (LID) methods. The peak flow and total runoff volume that occurs during the 5mm storm event is 153.1 L/sec and 187.9 m³ over the entire site. Within the backyards an infiltration trench and swale will be used. Approximately 187.9 m³ of necessary runoff volume can be infiltrated in rear yard swales, with the remaining 148.6 m³ will need to be infiltrated within the proposed downstream stormwater facility (dry pond). This will consist of an additional granular storage area below the bottom of the dry pond. Based on a proposed bottom area of the pond of a granular depth of 0.31 m will be necessary.
- The flood control criteria require that onsite storage be provided to control peak flows from the storm 100-yr 12hr SCS storm to 8 L/ha/sec. Both the 3hr Chicago and 12hr SCS storms were analyzed to result in peak flows (and volumes) of 2833 L/sec (4,573 m³) and 1,686 L/sec (5,495 m³) respectively. The volumes required to control to the 72.2 L/sec (9.02 ha*8 L/ha/sec) is 3,911 m³ for the 12hr storm. A downstream stormwater facility (dry pond) will be used in conjunction with roadway ponding. Individual site plans will require flood control to detain runoff to 70 L/ha/sec.
- The storm sewer was sized based on the Rational Method and Manning's Equation under free flow conditions for the 2-year storm using a 10-minute inlet time. Inlet control devices will be used in all catchbasins, with the majority of roadway catchbasins requiring interconnect catchbasins. Capture rates at low points (trap lows) are set to the 2-year runoff rate to ensure NO surface ponding. Minor system capture rates for drainage areas to the right-of-way were set at 130L/sec (±2yr rate)
- A single inlet control device (Tempest LMF-75) within a storm manhole just downstream of the underground chambers will be used to control storm outflow.

10 Legal Notification

This report was prepared by EXP Services Inc. for the account of

Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. EXP Services Inc. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this project.

Appendix A – Figures

Figure A2 – Site Location Plan

Figure A3– Site Statistics Plan

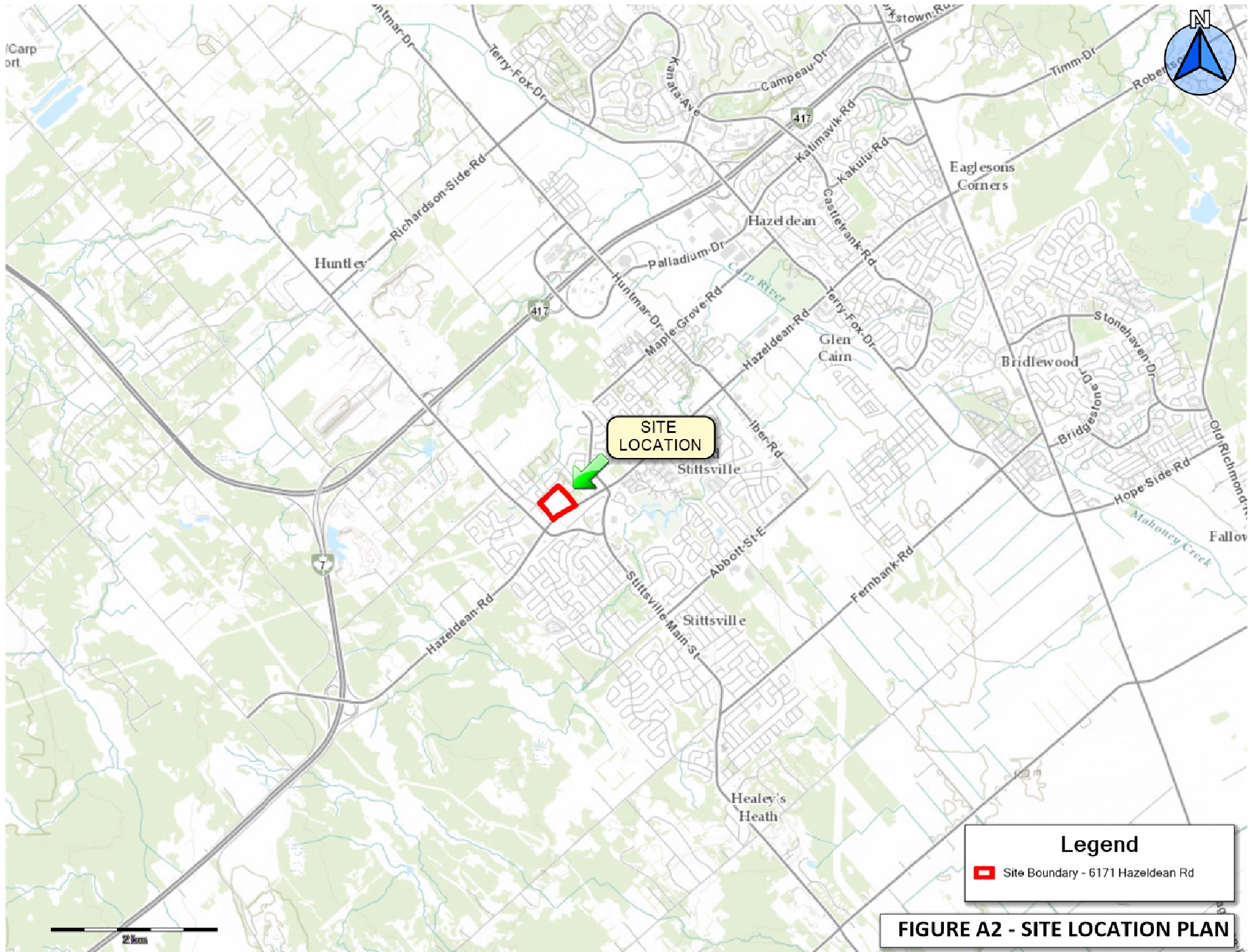
Figure A4 – Water Distribution Plan

Figure A5 – Water Demand Allocation Plan

Figure A6 – Subcatchment Plan

Figure A7 – Catchbasin Plan

Figure A8 – Roadway Ponding Area Plan

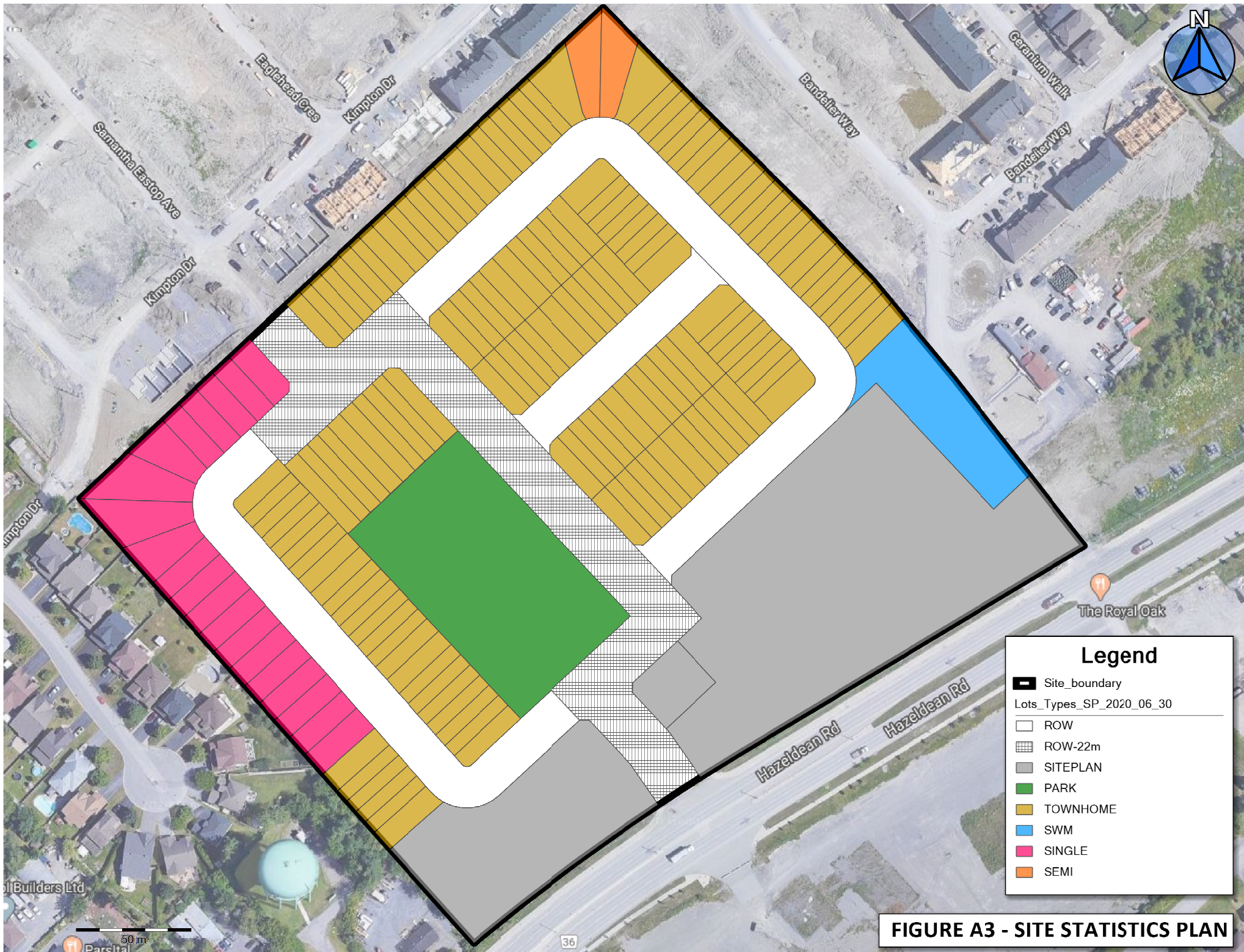


SITE
LOCATION

Legend

 Site Boundary - 6171 Hazeldean Rd

FIGURE A2 - SITE LOCATION PLAN



Legend

- Site_boundary
- Lots_Types_SP_2020_06_30**
- ROW
- ROW-22m
- SITEPLAN
- PARK
- TOWNHOME
- SWM
- SINGLE
- SEMI

FIGURE A3 - SITE STATISTICS PLAN





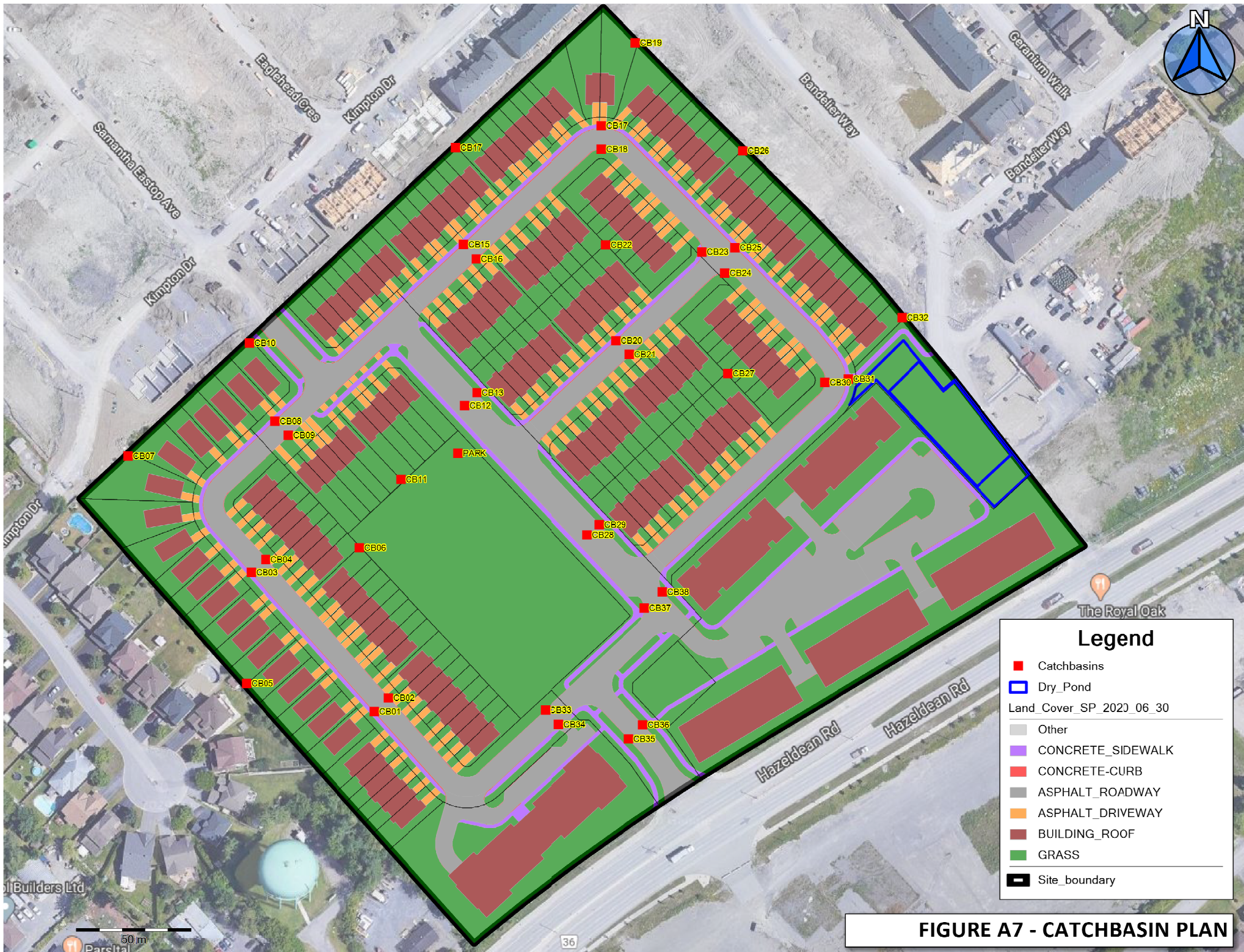
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DRAWN	SAB
DATE	JULY 2020
FILE NO	258780

6171 HAZELDEAN ROAD
 DEMAND ALLOCATION
 PLAN

SCALE	1:1750
FIGURE NO	FIG A4



FIGURE A6 - SUBCATCHMENTS



Legend

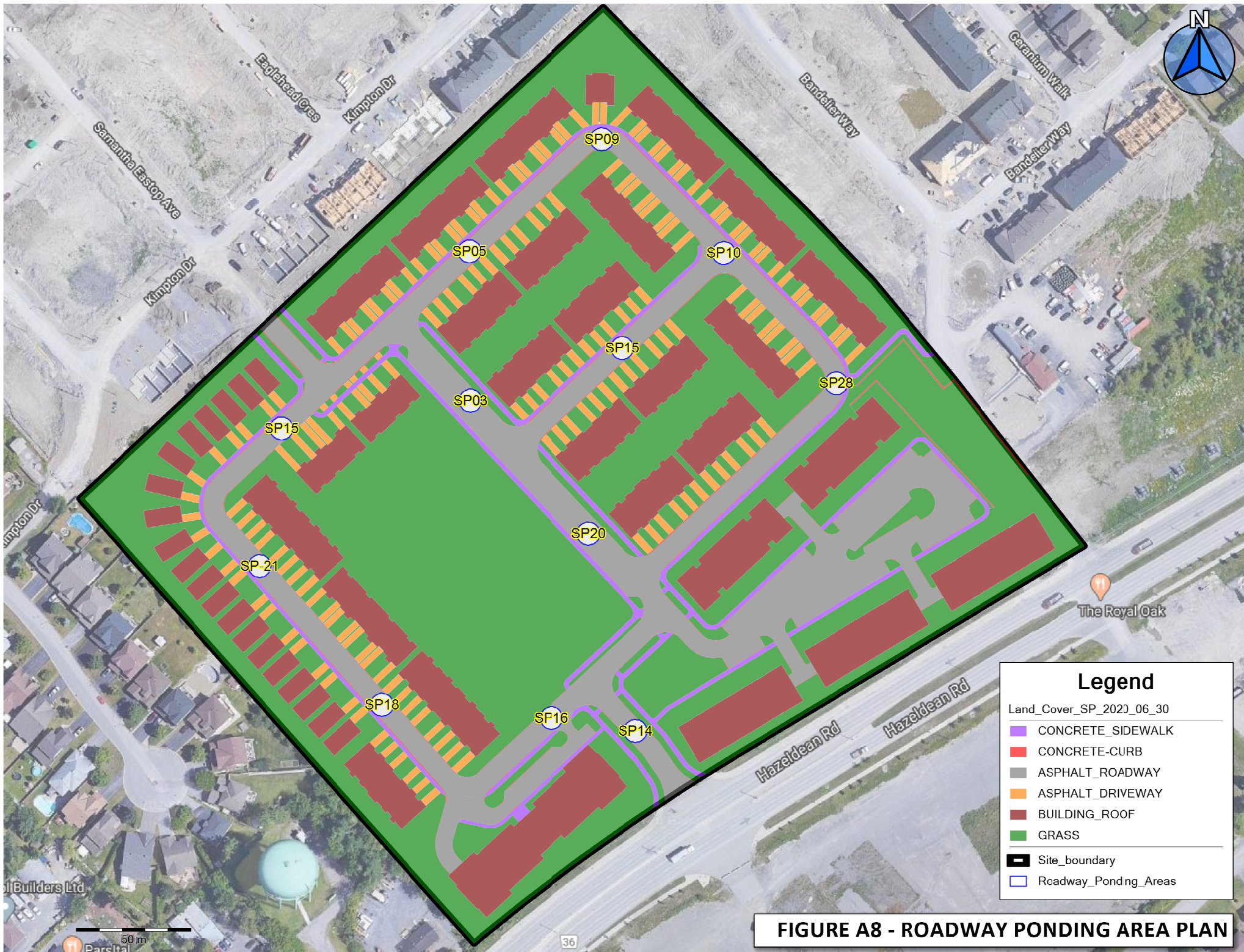
- Catchbasins
- Dry_Pond

Land_Cover_SP_2020_06_30

- Other
- CONCRETE_SIDEWALK
- CONCRETE-CURB
- ASPHALT_ROADWAY
- ASPHALT_DRIVEWAY
- BUILDING_ROOF
- GRASS

- Site_boundary

FIGURE A7 - CATCHBASIN PLAN



Legend









Land_Cover_SP_2020_06_30	
	CONCRETE_SIDEWALK
	CONCRETE-CURB
	ASPHALT_ROADWAY
	ASPHALT_DRIVEWAY
	BUILDING_ROOF
	GRASS
	Site_boundary
	Roadway_Pondng_Areas

FIGURE A8 - ROADWAY PONDING AREA PLAN

Appendix B – Water Servicing Tables

Table B1 – Water Demand Chart

Table B2 – Summary of Required Fire Flows (RFF) for 6171 Hazeldean Road

Table B3 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Singles

Table B4 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Townhome (6 Towns)

Table B5 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Townhome (8 Towns)

Table B6 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building A

Table B6 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building B

Table B7 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building C

Table B8 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building D

Table B9 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building E

Table B10 – Fire Flow Requirements Based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) – Building F (Mixed Use)

**TABLE B1
WATER DEMAND CHART**

Location: 6171 Hazeldean Rd
Project No: OTT-00258780
Designed by: J.Fitzpatrick
Checked By: B Thomas
Date Revised: July 2020

Population Densities

Single Family	3.4	person/unit
Semi-Detached	2.7	person/unit
Duplex	2.3	person/unit
Townhome (Row)	2.7	person/unit
Bachelor Apartment	1.4	person/unit
1 Bedroom Apartment	1.4	person/unit
2 Bedroom Apartment	2.1	person/unit
3 Bedroom Apartment	3.1	person/unit
4 Bedroom Apartment	4.1	person/unit
Avg. Apartment	1.8	person/unit



Water Consumption

Residential = **350** L/cap/day
 Commercial = 5.0 L/m²/day

Proposed Buildings	No. of Residential Units										Total Persons (pop)	Residential Demands in (L/sec)						Commercial				Total Demands (L/sec)			
	Singles/Semis/Towns				Apartments							Avg. Day Demand (L/day)	Peaking Factors (x Avg Day)		Max Day Demand (L/day)	Peak Hour Demand (L/day)	Area (m ²)	Avg Demand (L/day)	Peaking Factors (x Avg Day)		Max Day Demand (L/day)	Peak Hour Demand (L/day)	Avg Day (L/s)	Max Day (L/s)	Max Hour (L/s)
	Single Family	Semi-Detached	Duplex	Townhome	Studio	1 Bedroom	2 Bedroom	3 Bedroom	4 Bedroom	Avg Apt.			Max Day	Peak Hour					Max Day	Peak Hour					
J-1	4			18		89	86				367.4	128,590	2.50	5.50	321,475	707,245	944.7	4,723.5	1.50	2.70	7,085.25	12,753	1.54	3.80	8.33
J-2	14			12							80.0	28,000	2.50	5.50	70,000	154,000							0.32	0.81	1.78
J-3	2			11							36.5	12,775	2.50	5.50	31,938	70,263							0.15	0.37	0.81
J-4				20							54.0	18,900	2.50	5.50	47,250	103,950							0.22	0.55	1.20
J-5		2		25							72.9	25,515	2.50	5.50	63,788	140,333							0.30	0.74	1.62
J-6				30							81.0	28,350	2.50	5.50	70,875	155,925							0.33	0.82	1.80
J-7				14							37.8	13,230	2.50	5.50	33,075	72,765							0.15	0.38	0.84
J-8				7							18.9	6,615	2.50	5.50	16,538	36,383							0.08	0.19	0.42
J-9				15							40.5	14,175	2.50	5.50	35,438	77,963							0.16	0.41	0.90
J-10																									
J-11						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-12						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-13						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-14						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-15						16	20				64.4	22,540	2.50	5.50	56,350	123,970							0.26	0.65	1.43
J-16																									
J-17																									
J-18																									
Total =	20	2		152		169	186				1,111	388,850			972,125	2,138,675	945						4.56	11.33	24.90

TABLE B2**Summary of Required Fire Flows (RFF) for 6171 Hazeldean Road**

Type of Residential	Reference Table	Required Fire Flow (L/s)
Singles	TABLE B2	117
Townhomes (6 Units)	TABLE B3	167
Townhomes (8 Units)	TABLE B4	183
Building A	TABLE B5	233
Building B	TABLE B6	233
Building C	TABLE B7	233
Building D	TABLE B8	250
Building E	TABLE B9	217
Building F (Mixed Use)	TABLE B10	183

TABLE B3
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Singles

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
 A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Wood Frame			1.5	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	243.2 m ²	
	Floor 2		121.6	100%	121.6		
	Floor 1		121.6	100%	121.6		
	Basement		121.6	0%	0		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						5,146
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						5,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)								
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-750	4,250								
	Limited Combustible	-15%																
	Combustible	0%																
	Free Burning	15%																
	Rapid Burning	25%																
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	4,250								
	No Sprinkler	0%																
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	4,250
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																	
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)						
		Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)												
		Side 1	2.4	1	0 to 3	Type A	16	2	32	1B				23%	66%	2,805	7,055	
		Side 2	2.4	1	0 to 3	Type A	16	2	32	1B				23%				
		Front	24.4	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	7.6	2	15.2	4A				8%				
Back	15.48	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	7.6	2	15.2	3A	12%									
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										7,000							
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										117							
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										No							
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										117							

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B4
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Townhomes (6 Units)

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Wood Frame			1.5	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Floor 3		Area	% Used	Area Used	1165.6 m ²	
	Floor 2		582.8	100%	582.8		
	Floor 1		582.8	100%	582.8		
	Basement (At least 50% below grade, not included)		582.8	0%	0		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						11,266
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						11,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)											
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,650	9,350											
	Limited Combustible	-15%																			
	Combustible	0%																			
	Free Burning	15%																			
	Rapid Burning	25%																			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	9,350											
	No Sprinkler	0%																			
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	9,350			
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																			
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)									
						Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)											
						Side 1	8.1	2	3.1 to 10	Type A				14.8	2	29.6	2A	17%	62%	5,797	15,147
						Side 2	2.4	1	0 to 3	Type A				14.8	2	29.6	1A	22%			
						Front	26.6	4	20.1 to 30	Type A				37.9	2	75.8	4C	9%			
Back	15.3	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	37.9	2	75.8	3C	14%												
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										15,000										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										250										
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										Yes										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										167										

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B5
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Townhomes (8 Units)

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Wood Frame			1.5	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resisive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Floor 3		Area	% Used	Area Used	773.6 m ²	
	Floor 2		773.6	50%	386.8		
	Floor 1		773.6	50%	386.8		
	Basement (At least 50% below grade, not included)		773.6	0%	0		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						9,179
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						9,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)											
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,350	7,650											
	Limited Combustible	-15%																			
	Combustible	0%																			
	Free Burning	15%																			
	Rapid Burning	25%																			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	7,650											
	No Sprinkler	0%																			
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	7,650			
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																			
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)									
						Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)											
						Side 1	27.0	4	20.1 to 30	Type A				14.8	2	29.6	4A	8%	41%	3,137	10,787
						Side 2	0	1	0 to 3	Fire Wall					10%						
						Front	27.8	4	20.1 to 30	Type A				48	2	96	4D	10%			
Back	10.1	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	29.6	2	59.2	3B	13%												
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =							11,000													
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =							183													
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =							No													
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =							183													

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resisive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resisive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resisive with blank wall

Conditons for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B6
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Building A

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
 A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Ordinary Construction			1	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resisive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	3324.0 m ²	
	Floor 3		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 2		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 1		1108	100%	1108		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						13,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)								
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,950	11,050								
	Limited Combustible	-15%																
	Combustible	0%																
	Free Burning	15%																
	Rapid Burning	25%																
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	11,050								
	No Sprinkler	0%																
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	11,050
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																	
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)						
		Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)												
		Side 1	11.6	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21	2	42	3B				13%	28%	3,094	14,144	
		Side 2	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6				0%				
		Front	25.3	4	20.1 to 30	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	4D				10%				
Back	32.5	5	30.1 to 45	Type A	52.9	3	158.7	5E	5%									
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										14,000							
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										233							
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										No							
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										233							

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resisive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resisive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resisive with blank wall

Conditons for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B7
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Building B

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
 A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Ordinary Construction			1	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	3324.0 m ²	
	Floor 3		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 2		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 1		1108	100%	1108		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						13,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)											
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,950	11,050											
	Limited Combustible	-15%																			
	Combustible	0%																			
	Free Burning	15%																			
	Rapid Burning	25%																			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	11,050											
	No Sprinkler	0%																			
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	11,050			
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																			
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)									
						Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)											
						Side 1	32.1	5	30.1 to 45	Type A				21.0	2	42	5B	5%	29%	3,205	14,255
						Side 2	11.6	3	10.1 to 20	Type A				21.0	3	63	3C	14%			
						Front	27	4	20.1 to 30	Type A				52.9	2	105.8	4D	10%			
Back	50.1	6	> 45.1	Type A	52.9	3	158.7	6	0%												
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										14,000										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										233										
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										No										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										233										

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B8
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Building C

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
 A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Ordinary Construction			1	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	3324.0 m ²	
	Floor 3		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 2		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 1		1108	100%	1108		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						13,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)											
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,950	11,050											
	Limited Combustible	-15%																			
	Combustible	0%																			
	Free Burning	15%																			
	Rapid Burning	25%																			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	11,050											
	No Sprinkler	0%																			
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	11,050			
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																			
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)									
						Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)											
						Side 1	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A				21.0	3	63	3C	14%	28%	3,094	14,144
						Side 2	28.7	4	20.1 to 30	Type A				8.9	9	80.1	4C	9%			
						Front	32.5	5	30.1 to 45	Type A				52.9	2	105.8	5D	5%			
Back	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6	0%												
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										14,000										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										233										
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										No										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										233										

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B9
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Building D

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
 A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
 C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Ordinary Construction			1	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	3324.0 m ²	
	Floor 3		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 2		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 1		1108	100%	1108		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						13,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)								
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,950	11,050								
	Limited Combustible	-15%																
	Combustible	0%																
	Free Burning	15%																
	Rapid Burning	25%																
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	11,050								
	No Sprinkler	0%																
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	11,050
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																	
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)						
		Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)												
		Side 1	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C			14%	33%	3,647			
		Side 2	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A	21.0	3	63	3C			14%					
		Front	36.9	5	30.1 to 45	Type A	52.9	2	105.8	5D			5%					
Back	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6	0%									
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										15,000							
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										250							
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										No							
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										250							

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

TABLE B10
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999
Building # / Type: Building E

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where: F = required fire flow in litres per minute
A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)
C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Ordinary Construction			1	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	3324.0 m ²	
	Floor 3		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 2		1108	100%	1108		
	Floor 1		1108	100%	1108		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						12,684
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						13,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input					Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)											
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible					-15%	-1,950	11,050											
	Limited Combustible	-15%																			
	Combustible	0%																			
	Free Burning	15%																			
	Rapid Burning	25%																			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	No Sprinkler					0%	0	11,050											
	No Sprinkler	0%																			
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%									Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable					0%	0	11,050			
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																			
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%																				
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)									
						Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)											
						Side 1	11.5	3	10.1 to 20	Type A				21.0	3	63	3C	14%	14%	1,547	12,597
						Side 2	50	6	> 45.1	Type A				0.0	3	0	6	0%			
						Front	50.4	6	> 45.1	Type A				52.9	2	105.8	6	0%			
Back	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	0	3	0	6	0%												
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =										13,000										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =										217										
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =										No										
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF). If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =										217										

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

**TABLE B11
FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999**

Building # / Type: **Building F (Mixed Use)**

An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 * C * \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m² (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Non-combustible Construction			0.8	
	Ordinary Construction	1					
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8					
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6					
Input Building Floor Areas (A)			Area	% Used	Area Used	8863.5 m ²	
	Floor 9		1327	50%	663.5		
	Floor 8		1327	50%	663.5		
	Floor 7		1327	50%	663.5		
	Floor 6		1327	50%	663.5		
	Floor 5		1327	50%	663.5		
	Floor 4		1327	50%	663.5		
	Floor 3		1953	50%	976.5		
	Floor 2		1953	100%	1953		
Floor 1		1953	100%	1953			
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)						16,570
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000						17,000

Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input							Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)									
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%	Limited Combustible							-15%	-2,550	14,450									
	Limited Combustible	-15%																			
	Combustible	0%																			
	Free Burning	15%																			
	Rapid Burning	25%																			
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13							-30%	-4,335	10,115									
	No Sprinkler	0%																			
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System							-10%	-1,445	8,670									
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%																			
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%																			
Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System							-10%	-1,445	7,225										
Exposures												Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposing Wall type	Exposed Wall Length				Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)
Side 1	15.8											3	10.1 to 20	Type A	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)		
Side 2	28.7											4	20.1 to 30	Type A	10.8	3	32.4	3B	13%		
Front	29.2											4	20.1 to 30	Type A	0.0	3	0	4A	8%		
Back	50	6	> 45.1	Type A	29.6	2	59.2	4B	8%												
						0	3	0	6	0%											
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =											11,000									
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), L/sec =											183									
	Can the Total Fire Flow be Capped at 10,000 L/min (167 L/sec) based on "TECHNCAL BULLETIN ISTB-2018-02", (yes/no) =											No									
	Total Required Fire Flow (RFF), If RFF < 167 use RFF (L/sec) =											183									

Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)

- Type A Wood-Frame or non-combustible
- Type B Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
- Type C Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
- Type D Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

Conditions for Separation

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

Appendix C – WaterGems Output Tables

- Scenario 1A Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #1
 - Junction Table
 - Pipe Table
 - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 1B Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #1
 - Junction Table
 - Pipe Table
 - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 1C Result Tables (Max Day Plus Fire Flow) Based on Single Feed from Connection #1
 - Junction Table
 - Pipe Table
 - Reservoir Table
 - Fire Flow Report
- Scenario 2A Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #2
 - Junction Table
 - Pipe Table
 - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 2B Result Tables (Peak Hour) Based on Single Feed from Connection #2
 - Junction Table
 - Pipe Table
 - Reservoir Table
- Scenario 2C Result Tables (Max Day Plus Fire Flow) Based on Single Feed from Connection #2
 - Junction Table
 - Pipe Table
 - Reservoir Table
 - Fire Flow Report

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 1

Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	1.54	122.19	160.69	54.7
J-02	0.32	119.69	160.69	58.2
J-03	0.15	118.67	160.69	59.6
J-04	0.22	118.45	160.69	60.0
J-05	0.30	117.43	160.69	61.4
J-06	0.33	117.02	160.69	62.0
J-07	0.15	118.88	160.69	59.4
J-08	0.08	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-09	0.16	117.12	160.69	61.8
J-10	0.00	120.76	160.69	56.7
J-11	0.26	117.40	160.69	61.5
J-12	0.26	117.30	160.69	61.6
J-13	0.26	118.62	160.69	59.7
J-14	0.26	119.10	160.69	59.0
J-15	0.26	119.20	160.69	58.9
J-16	0.00	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-17	0.00	118.80	160.69	59.5
J-18	0.00	120.40	160.70	57.2

Pipe Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start) (m)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	0.16	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-0.16	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	0.00	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	-0.31	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	-0.66	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	-1.11	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	-1.77	0.04	160.69	160.69
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	-2.85	0.06	160.69	160.69
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	-4.55	0.09	160.69	160.70
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	1.70	0.05	160.69	160.69
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.13	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	-0.17	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.30	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	0.22	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	-0.04	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	-0.30	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-0.56	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-0.82	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-1.08	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.58	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	-0.19	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	4.55	0.02	160.70	160.70
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON
Average Day - Boundary Condition, Location 1
Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	160.70	<None>	4.55	160.70
R-2	160.70	<None>	(N/A)	(N/A)

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 1

Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	7.77	122.19	156.32	48.4
J-02	1.78	119.69	156.32	52.0
J-03	0.81	118.67	156.32	53.4
J-04	1.20	118.45	156.32	53.7
J-05	1.62	117.43	156.31	55.2
J-06	1.80	117.02	156.32	55.8
J-07	0.84	118.88	156.32	53.1
J-08	0.36	119.76	156.33	51.9
J-09	0.90	117.12	156.32	55.6
J-10	0.00	120.76	156.36	50.5
J-11	1.43	117.40	156.31	55.2
J-12	1.43	117.30	156.31	55.4
J-13	1.43	118.62	156.32	53.5
J-14	1.43	119.10	156.32	52.8
J-15	1.43	119.20	156.32	52.7
J-16	0.00	119.76	156.33	51.9
J-17	0.00	118.80	156.32	53.3
J-18	0.00	120.40	156.50	51.2

Pipe Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start) (m)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	1.19	0.04	156.32	156.32
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-0.59	0.02	156.32	156.32
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	0.00	0.00	156.32	156.32
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	-1.40	0.03	156.32	156.32
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	-3.43	0.07	156.32	156.32
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	-5.93	0.12	156.32	156.33
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	-9.41	0.19	156.33	156.33
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	-15.27	0.31	156.33	156.36
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	-24.23	0.49	156.36	156.50
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	8.96	0.27	156.36	156.32
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.82	0.03	156.32	156.31
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	-0.80	0.02	156.31	156.32
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-1.66	0.05	156.32	156.32
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	1.28	0.04	156.32	156.31
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	-0.15	0.00	156.31	156.31
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	-1.58	0.05	156.31	156.32
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-3.01	0.09	156.32	156.32
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-4.44	0.14	156.32	156.32
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-5.87	0.18	156.32	156.33
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-3.12	0.10	156.32	156.33
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	-0.93	0.03	156.32	156.32
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	24.23	0.09	156.50	156.50
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON
Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 1
Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	156.50	<None>	24.23	156.50
R-2	156.30	<None>	(N/A)	(N/A)

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Conditon, Location 1 Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	3.80	122.19	160.66	54.6
J-02	0.81	119.69	160.65	58.1
J-03	0.37	118.67	160.66	59.6
J-04	0.55	118.45	160.66	59.9
J-05	0.74	117.43	160.65	61.4
J-06	0.82	117.02	160.66	61.9
J-07	0.38	118.88	160.66	59.3
J-08	0.19	119.76	160.66	58.1
J-09	0.41	117.12	160.66	61.8
J-10	0.00	120.76	160.67	56.6
J-11	0.65	117.40	160.66	61.4
J-12	0.65	117.30	160.66	61.5
J-13	0.64	118.62	160.66	59.7
J-14	0.65	119.10	160.66	59.0
J-15	0.65	119.20	160.66	58.8
J-16	0.00	119.76	160.66	58.1
J-17	0.00	118.80	160.66	59.4
J-18	0.00	120.40	160.70	57.2

Pipe Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start) (m)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	0.43	0.01	160.66	160.65
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-0.38	0.01	160.65	160.66
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	0.00	0.00	160.66	160.66
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	-0.75	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	-1.63	0.03	160.66	160.66
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	-2.77	0.06	160.66	160.66
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	-4.39	0.09	160.66	160.66
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	-7.08	0.14	160.66	160.67
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	-11.31	0.23	160.67	160.70
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	4.23	0.13	160.67	160.66
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.33	0.01	160.66	160.65
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	-0.41	0.01	160.65	160.66
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.75	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	0.55	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	-0.10	0.00	160.66	160.66
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	-0.75	0.02	160.66	160.66
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-1.39	0.04	160.66	160.66
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-2.04	0.06	160.66	160.66
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-2.69	0.08	160.66	160.66
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-1.43	0.04	160.66	160.66
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	-0.47	0.01	160.66	160.66
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	11.31	0.04	160.70	160.70
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON
Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Condition, Location 1
Fire Flow Report - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Fire Flow (Available) (L/s)	Flow (Total Needed) (L/s)	Flow (Total Available) (L/s)	Pressure (Calculated Residual) (psi)	Pressure (Calculated Zone Lower Limit) (psi)	Satisfies Fire Flow Constraints?
J-01	262.14	186.80	265.94	20.0	32.8	True
J-02	249.25	183.81	250.06	20.0	32.0	True
J-03	283.22	183.37	283.59	20.2	20.0	True
J-04	298.21	183.55	298.76	20.0	20.3	True
J-05	260.24	183.74	260.98	20.0	31.8	True
J-06	292.71	183.82	293.53	20.0	23.1	True
J-07	300.00	183.38	300.38	22.4	24.7	True
J-08	300.00	183.19	300.19	25.8	27.7	True
J-09	297.46	183.41	297.87	20.0	24.0	True
J-10	300.00	183.00	300.00	34.6	32.6	True
J-11	264.31	233.65	264.96	20.0	23.2	True
J-12	264.70	233.65	265.35	20.0	22.9	True
J-13	266.20	250.64	266.84	20.0	24.1	True
J-14	274.32	233.65	274.97	20.0	22.2	True
J-15	280.74	233.65	281.39	20.0	20.7	True
J-16	300.00	183.00	300.00	28.0	28.1	True
J-17	234.86	183.00	234.86	20.0	31.5	True
J-18	300.00	183.00	300.00	57.1	54.5	True

Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	160.70	<None>	11.31	160.70
R-2	160.70	<None>	(N/A)	(N/A)

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 2

Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	1.54	122.19	160.69	54.7
J-02	0.32	119.69	160.69	58.2
J-03	0.15	118.67	160.69	59.7
J-04	0.22	118.45	160.69	60.0
J-05	0.30	117.43	160.69	61.4
J-06	0.33	117.02	160.69	62.0
J-07	0.15	118.88	160.69	59.4
J-08	0.08	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-09	0.16	117.12	160.69	61.8
J-10	0.00	120.76	160.69	56.7
J-11	0.26	117.40	160.69	61.5
J-12	0.26	117.30	160.69	61.6
J-13	0.26	118.62	160.69	59.7
J-14	0.26	119.10	160.69	59.0
J-15	0.26	119.20	160.69	58.9
J-16	0.00	119.76	160.69	58.1
J-17	0.00	118.80	160.70	59.5
J-18	0.00	120.40	160.69	57.2

Pipe Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start) (m)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	-1.03	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-1.35	0.04	160.69	160.69
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	-4.55	0.09	160.69	160.70
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	3.05	0.06	160.69	160.69
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	1.95	0.04	160.69	160.69
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	1.41	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	1.22	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	0.51	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	0.00	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	0.51	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	0.88	0.03	160.69	160.69
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	0.58	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.39	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	0.59	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	0.33	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	0.07	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-0.19	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-0.45	0.01	160.69	160.69
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-0.71	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.11	0.00	160.69	160.69
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	0.64	0.02	160.69	160.69
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	4.55	0.02	160.70	160.70

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON
Average Day - Boundary Conditon, Location 2
Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	160.70	<None>	(N/A)	(N/A)
R-2	160.70	<None>	4.55	160.70

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 2

Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	7.77	122.19	156.11	48.1
J-02	1.78	119.69	156.15	51.8
J-03	0.81	118.67	156.18	53.2
J-04	1.20	118.45	156.15	53.5
J-05	1.62	117.43	156.13	54.9
J-06	1.80	117.02	156.12	55.5
J-07	0.84	118.88	156.13	52.9
J-08	0.36	119.76	156.11	51.6
J-09	0.90	117.12	156.11	55.3
J-10	0.00	120.76	156.11	50.2
J-11	1.43	117.40	156.11	54.9
J-12	1.43	117.30	156.10	55.1
J-13	1.43	118.62	156.10	53.2
J-14	1.43	119.10	156.11	52.5
J-15	1.43	119.20	156.11	52.4
J-16	0.00	119.76	156.11	51.6
J-17	0.00	118.80	156.30	53.2
J-18	0.00	120.40	156.11	50.7

Pipe Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start) (m)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	-5.37	0.16	156.11	156.15
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-7.15	0.22	156.15	156.18
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	-24.23	0.49	156.18	156.30
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	16.27	0.33	156.18	156.15
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	10.37	0.21	156.15	156.13
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	7.42	0.15	156.13	156.11
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	6.35	0.13	156.11	156.11
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	2.40	0.05	156.11	156.11
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	0.00	0.00	156.11	156.11
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	2.40	0.07	156.11	156.11
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	4.70	0.14	156.15	156.13
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	3.08	0.09	156.13	156.12
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-2.11	0.06	156.12	156.13
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	3.20	0.10	156.11	156.11
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	1.77	0.05	156.11	156.10
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	0.34	0.01	156.10	156.10
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-1.09	0.03	156.10	156.11
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-2.52	0.08	156.11	156.11
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-3.95	0.12	156.11	156.11
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.71	0.02	156.11	156.11
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	3.39	0.10	156.12	156.11
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	24.23	0.09	156.30	156.30

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON
Peak Hour - Boundary Conditon, Location 2
Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	156.50	<None>	(N/A)	(N/A)
R-2	156.30	<None>	24.23	156.30

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON

**Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Conditon, Location 2
Junction Table - Time: 0.00 hours**

Label	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Hydraulic Grade (m)	Pressure (psi)
J-01	3.80	122.19	151.05	41.0
J-02	0.81	119.69	151.06	44.5
J-03	0.37	118.67	151.07	46.0
J-04	0.55	118.45	151.06	46.3
J-05	0.74	117.43	151.06	47.7
J-06	0.82	117.02	151.06	48.3
J-07	0.38	118.88	151.06	45.7
J-08	0.19	119.76	151.05	44.4
J-09	0.41	117.12	151.05	48.2
J-10	0.00	120.76	151.05	43.0
J-11	0.65	117.40	151.05	47.8
J-12	0.65	117.30	151.05	47.9
J-13	0.64	118.62	151.05	46.0
J-14	0.65	119.10	151.05	45.4
J-15	0.65	119.20	151.05	45.2
J-16	0.00	119.76	151.05	44.4
J-17	0.00	118.80	151.10	45.8
J-18	0.00	120.40	151.05	43.5

Pipe Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (mm)	Length (Scaled) (m)	Hazen-Williams C	Flow (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Hydraulic Grade (Start) (m)	Hydraulic Grade (Stop) (m)
P-1	J-01	J-02	204.0	168	110.0	-2.54	0.08	151.05	151.06
P-2	J-02	J-03	204.0	73	110.0	-3.35	0.10	151.06	151.07
P-4	J-03	J-17	250.0	77	110.0	-11.31	0.23	151.07	151.10
P-5	J-03	J-04	250.0	41	110.0	7.59	0.15	151.07	151.06
P-6	J-04	J-07	250.0	76	110.0	4.85	0.10	151.06	151.06
P-7	J-07	J-08	250.0	72	110.0	3.50	0.07	151.06	151.05
P-8	J-08	J-16	250.0	19	110.0	3.03	0.06	151.05	151.05
P-9	J-16	J-10	250.0	46	110.0	1.26	0.03	151.05	151.05
P-10	J-10	J-18	250.0	89	110.0	0.00	0.00	151.05	151.05
P-11	J-10	J-01	204.0	68	110.0	1.26	0.04	151.05	151.05
P-12	J-04	J-05	204.0	115	110.0	2.19	0.07	151.06	151.06
P-13	J-05	J-06	204.0	75	110.0	1.45	0.04	151.06	151.06
P-14	J-06	J-07	204.0	120	110.0	-0.97	0.03	151.06	151.06
P-16	J-09	J-11	204.0	80	110.0	1.47	0.04	151.05	151.05
P-17	J-11	J-12	204.0	25	110.0	0.82	0.03	151.05	151.05
P-18	J-12	J-13	204.0	41	110.0	0.17	0.01	151.05	151.05
P-19	J-13	J-14	204.0	23	110.0	-0.47	0.01	151.05	151.05
P-20	J-14	J-15	204.0	10	110.0	-1.12	0.03	151.05	151.05
P-22	J-15	J-16	204.0	41	110.0	-1.77	0.05	151.05	151.05
P-23	J-09	J-08	204.0	118	110.0	-0.28	0.01	151.05	151.05
P-24	J-06	J-09	204.0	71	110.0	1.60	0.05	151.06	151.05
P-25	R-1	J-18	600.0	29	150.0	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)	(N/A)
P-26	R-2	J-17	600.0	16	120.0	11.31	0.04	151.10	151.10

6171 Hazeldean Road, Ottawa, ON
Max Day Plus Fire Flow - Boundary Condition, Location 2
Fire Flow Report - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Fire Flow (Available) (L/s)	Flow (Total Needed) (L/s)	Flow (Total Available) (L/s)	Pressure (Calculated Residual) (psi)	Pressure (Calculated Zone Lower Limit) (psi)	Satisfies Fire Flow Constraints?
J-01	184.05	186.80	187.85	20.0	28.4	True
J-02	222.93	183.81	223.74	20.0	23.4	True
J-03	300.00	183.37	300.37	27.0	22.0	True
J-04	276.42	183.55	276.97	23.5	20.0	True
J-05	225.55	183.74	226.29	20.0	25.2	True
J-06	246.39	183.82	247.21	20.0	21.3	True
J-07	253.62	183.38	254.00	21.5	20.0	True
J-08	238.02	183.19	238.21	20.5	20.0	True
J-09	236.64	183.41	237.05	20.0	21.4	True
J-10	217.36	183.00	217.36	20.0	20.5	True
J-11	205.39	233.65	206.04	20.0	21.9	False
J-12	204.83	233.65	205.48	20.0	21.7	False
J-13	200.99	250.64	201.63	20.0	22.0	False
J-14	204.09	233.65	204.74	20.0	21.3	False
J-15	207.46	233.65	208.11	20.0	20.5	False
J-16	232.70	183.00	232.70	20.9	20.0	True
J-17	300.00	183.00	300.00	45.8	40.9	True
J-18	176.21	183.00	176.21	20.0	26.8	False

Reservoir Table - Time: 0.00 hours

Label	Elevation (m)	Zone	Flow (Out net) (L/s)	Hydraulic Grade (m)
R-1	156.40	<None>	(N/A)	(N/A)
R-2	151.10	<None>	11.31	151.10

Appendix D – Sanitary Servicing Tables

Table D1 – Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet



TABLE D1: SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

LOCATION				RESIDENTIAL AREAS AND POPULATIONS										COMMERCIAL			INDUSTRIAL			INSTITUTIONAL		INFILTRATION			SEWER DATA									
Street	U/S MH	D/S MH	Area Number	Area (ha)	NUMBER OF UNITS						Total Units	POPULATION		Peak Factor	Peak Flow (L/sec)	AREA (ha)		Peak Flow (L/sec)	AREA (ha)		Peak Factor (per MOE)	AREA (Ha)	ACCU AREA (Ha)	AREA (ha)			TOTAL FLOW (L/s)	Nom Dia (mm)	Actual Dia (mm)	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (L/sec)	Q/Q _{CAP} (%)	Full Velocity (m/s)
					Singles	Semis	Towns	Batch or 1-Bed Apt.	2-Bed Apt.	3-Bed Apt.		INDIV	ACCU			INDIV	ACCU		INDIV	ACCU				INFILT FLOW (L/s)										
9-storey bldg	MH 114	MH113	SA01	0.5051				89	86		175	305.2	305.2	3.46	3.42								0.5051	0.5051	0.17	3.59	200	201.2	1.69	10.04	43.32	0.08	1.35	
	MH113	MH112	SA02	0.6120	3		18			21	58.8	364.0	3.43	4.05								0.6120	1.1171	0.37	4.41	200	201.2	1.50	79.33	40.82	0.11	1.27		
	MH112	MH111	SA03	0.6570	9		12			21	63	427.0	3.41	4.72								0.6570	1.7741	0.59	5.30	200	201.2	1.55	79.33	41.49	0.13	1.29		
	MH111	MH110	SA04	0.1427	2					2	6.8	433.8	3.4	4.78								0.1427	1.9168	0.63	5.41	200	201.2	1.44	9.73	39.99	0.14	1.25		
	MH110	MH109	SA05	0.4887	6		5			11	33.9	467.7	3.39	5.14								0.4887	2.4055	0.79	5.93	200	201.2	1.25	67.93	37.26	0.16	1.16		
	MH109	MH108	SA06	0.3458			10			10	27	494.7	3.38	5.42								0.3458	2.7513	0.91	6.33	200	201.2	0.73	41.30	28.47	0.22	0.89		
	MH108	MH107	SA07	0.8771			31			31	83.7	578.4	3.35	6.28								0.8771	3.6284	1.20	7.48	200	201.2	0.33	115.25	19.14	0.39	0.60		
	MH107	MH106	SA08	0.1143		2				2	5.4	583.8	3.35	6.34								0.1143	3.7427	1.24	7.57	200	201.2	0.32	10.79	18.85	0.40	0.59		
	MH106	MH105	SA09	0.5033			20			20	54	637.8	3.33	6.88								0.5033	4.2460	1.40	8.28	200	201.2	0.32	69.06	18.85	0.44	0.59		
	MH115	MH105	SA10	0.8464			24			24	64.8	64.8	3.63	0.76								0.8464	0.8464	0.28	1.04	200	201.2	1.88	114.99	45.69	0.02	1.42		
	MH105	MH104	SA11	0.3459			14			14	37.8	740.4	3.3	7.92								0.3459	5.4383	1.79	9.71	200	201.2	0.33	52.28	19.14	0.51	0.60		
	MH104	MH103	SA12	0.1693			6			6	16.2	756.6	3.3	8.09								0.1693	5.6076	1.85	9.94	200	201.2	0.39	25.79	20.81	0.48	0.65		
	NH116	MH120	SA13	0.3957			9			9	24.3	24.3	3.69	0.29								0.3957	0.3957	0.13	0.42	200	201.2	3.00	57.16	57.72	0.01	1.80		
Block A, C & D	MH117	MH118	SA16	0.8816			48	60		108	193.2	193.2	3.52	2.20								0.8816	0.8816	0.29	2.49	200	201.2	0.65	59.90	26.87	0.09	0.84		
Block B & E	MH119	MH118	SA15	0.6521			32	40		72	128.8	322.0	3.45	3.60								0.6521	1.5337	0.51	4.11	200	201.2	0.65	57.90	26.87	0.15	0.84		
	MH118	MH120										322.0	3.45	3.60									1.5337	0.51	4.11	200	201.2	0.32	49.85	18.85	0.22	0.59		
	NH120	MH103	SA14	0.1640			3			3	8.1	1111.0	3.22	11.59								0.164	7.7010	2.54	14.13	200	201.2	0.32	59.52	18.85	0.75	0.59		
	MH103	MH102										1111.0	3.8										7.7010	2.54	2.54	200	201.2	3.13	29.76	58.96	0.04	1.84		
	MH102	MH100										1111.0	3.22	11.59									7.7010	2.54	14.13	200	201.2	3.60	17.46	63.23	0.22	1.97		
			SA17	0.3695																														
			POND	0.2220																														
			PARK	0.7260																														
				9.019	20	2	152	169	186		529	1111.0											7.7010										1007.37	
Residential Avg. Daily Flow, q (L/p/day) =				280	Commercial Peak Factor =				1.5 (when area >20%)	Peak Population Flow, (L/sec) =				$P*q*M/86.4$	Unit Type				Persons/Unit				Designed:		Project:									
Commercial Avg. Daily Flow (L/gross ha/day) =				28,000					1.0 (when area <20%)	Peak Extraneous Flow, (L/sec) =				$I*Ac$	Singles				3.4				M. Ghadban, P.Eng.		6171 Hazeldean Road									
or L/gross ha/sec =				0.324						Residential Peaking Factor, M =				$1 + (14/(4+P^0.5)) * K$	Semi-Detached				2.7				Checked:		Location:									
Institutional Avg. Daily Flow (L/day/ha) =				28,000	Institutional Peak Factor =				1.5 (when area >20%)	A _c = Cumulative Area (hectares)					Townhomes				2.7				B. Thomas, P.Eng.		Ottawa, Ontario									
or L/gross ha/day =				0.324					1.0 (when area <20%)	P = Population (thousands)					Batchelor or								File Reference:		Page No:									
Light Industrial Flow (L/gross ha/day) =				35,000	Residential Correction Factor, K =				0.80	Sewer Capacity, Qcap (L/sec) =				$1/N S^{1/2} R^{2/3} A_c$	1-bed Apt. Unit				1.4				258780 Sanitary - Sewer Design		1 of 1									
or L/gross ha/sec =				0.40509	Manning N =				0.013	(Manning's Equation)					2-bed Apt. Unit				2.1				Sheet, July 2020.xlsx											
Light Industrial Flow (L/gross ha/day) =				55,000	Peak extraneous flow, I (L/s/ha) =				0.33 (Total I/I)						3-bed Apt. Unit				3.1															
or L/gross ha/sec =				0.637											4-bed Apt. Unit				3.8															

Appendix E – Stormwater Servicing Tables

Table E1 – 2-Year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet

Table E2 – 2-Year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet – Includes Flow Controls

Table E3 – Average Runoff Coefficients for Post-Development

Table E4 – Summary of Post-Development Peak Flows (Uncontrolled and Controlled)

TABLE E1
STORM SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

Return Period Storm = **2-year**
 Default Inlet Time= **10** (frontyard/row)
 Default Inlet Time= **15** (rearward)
 Manning Coefficient = **0.013**

Street	Storm MH No:		AREA INFO					PEAK FLOWS (UNRESTRICTED - RATIONAL METHOD)							SEWER DATA												
	U/S	D/S	Catchment No:	Type	Area (ha)	Accum. Area (ha)	Runoff Coeff, C	Indiv. 2.78*A*R	Accum. 2.78*A*R	Tc (mins)	I (mm/h)	Indiv. Flow	Return Period	Q (L/s)	Diameter (mm)		Type	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity, Q _{CAP} (L/sec)	Velocity (m/s)		Time in Pipe, Tt (min)	Hydraulic Ratios			
															Act	Nom					Vf	Va		Q/Q _{CAP}	Q _{CD} /Q _{CAP}	Va/Vf	
Street X	214	213	S01	siteplan	0.5051	0.505	0.62	0.871	0.871	10.00	76.81	66.9	2-year	66.9	299.4	300	PVC	1.50	11.303	117.76	1.68	1.19	0.16	0.57	0.57	0.71	
	213	212	S18	frontyard	0.3002	0.805	0.72	0.601	1.471	10.16	76.20	45.8	2-year	112.1	366.4	375	PVC	1.50	78.457	201.88	1.94	1.37	0.95	0.56	0.58	0.71	
	212	211	S22	backyard	0.1950	1.000	0.45	0.244	1.715	15.00	61.77	15.1	2-year	106.0													
			S27	backyard	0.2487	1.249	0.48	0.332	2.047	15.00	61.77	20.5	2-year	126.5													
			S21	frontyard	0.3350	1.584	0.70	0.652	2.699	11.11	72.79	47.5	2-year	196.5	447.9	450	PVC	1.50	81.457	344.79	2.20	1.55	0.87	0.57	0.62	0.71	
	211	210	S17	backyard	0.196	1.780	0.35	0.191	2.890	15.00	61.77	11.8	2-year	178.5	447.9	450	PVC	1.20	10.952	308.39	1.96	1.39	0.13	0.58	0.74	0.71	
	210	209	S25	backyard	0.1125	1.893	0.50	0.156	3.046	15.00	61.77	9.7	2-year	188.2													
			S11	frontyard	0.4248	2.317	0.66	0.779	3.826	11.98	69.94	54.5	2-year	267.6	533.0	525	PVC	1.20	67.051	490.50	2.18	1.54	0.73	0.55	0.60	0.71	
	225	209	S23	backyard	0.1078	0.108	0.44	0.132	0.132	15.00	61.77	8.1	2-year	8.1	201.2	200	PVC	2.00	32.651	47.10	1.48	0.93	0.59	0.17	0.28	0.63	
	209	208				2.425			3.958	12.71	67.76		2-year	268.2	610.0	600	PVC	0.60	41.305	497.04	1.68	1.19	0.58	0.54	0.62	0.71	
	227	208	S24	park	0.812	0.812	0.24	0.542	0.542	15.00	61.77	33.5	2-year	33.5													
			S03	frontyard	0.1991	1.011	0.72	0.399	0.940	10.00	76.81	30.6	2-year	72.2	299.4	300	PVC	2.00	55.890	135.98	1.93	1.37	0.68	0.53	0.43	0.71	
	208	207	S19	backyard	0.1746	3.611	0.44	0.214	5.111	15.00	61.77	13.2	2-year	315.7													
			S05	frontyard	0.5061	4.117	0.73	1.027	6.138	13.29	66.13	67.9	2-year	405.9	685.0	675	Conc	0.30	117.308	478.82	1.29	1.29	1.52	0.85	0.96	1.00	
	207	206	S04	backyard	0.2303	4.347	0.44	0.282	6.420	15.00	61.77	17.4	2-year	396.6													
			S09	frontyard	0.2552	4.602	0.67	0.475	6.896	14.81	62.22	29.6	2-year	429.1	762.0	750	Conc	0.30	12.010	636.13	1.38	1.16	0.17	0.67	0.80	0.84	
	206	205	S06	backyard	0.1917	4.794	0.53	0.282	7.178	15.00	61.77	17.4	2-year	443.4	762.0	750	Conc	0.30	68.278	636.13	1.38	1.31	0.87	0.70	0.83	0.95	
	215	205	S08	backyard	0.3127	0.313	0.52	0.452	0.452	15.00	61.77	27.9	2-year	27.9													
			S12	backyard	0.3364	0.649	0.50	0.468	0.920	15.00	61.77	28.9	2-year	56.8													
			S15	frontyard	0.3679	1.017	0.75	0.767	1.687	10.00	76.81	58.9	2-year	129.5	366.4	375	PVC	1.50	117.95	201.88	1.94	1.79	1.10	0.64	0.58	0.92	
	205	204	S10	frontyard	0.3105	6.122	0.66	0.570	9.434	14.98	61.81	35.2	2-year	583.2	839.0	825	Conc	0.30	53.83	822.30	1.47	1.44	0.62	0.71	0.84	0.98	
	204	203	S07	backyard	0.1698	6.291	0.56	0.264	9.699	15.60	60.38	16.0	2-year	585.6	839.0	825	Conc	0.30	27.262	822.30	1.47	1.44	0.32	0.71	0.86	0.98	
	221	220												299.4	300	PVC	1.00	11.186	96.15								
	220	218	S14	frontyard	0.1267	0.127	0.66	0.232	0.232	10.00	76.81	17.9	2-year	17.9	299.4	300	PVC	1.00	37.404	96.15	1.37	0.88	0.71	0.19	0.22	0.64	
	219	218	S16	frontyard	0.1254	0.125	0.78	0.272	0.272	10.00	76.81	20.9	2-year	20.9	299.4	300	PVC	2.00	37.455	135.98	1.93	1.14	0.55	0.15	0.15	0.59	
	218	217				0.252			0.504	10.71	74.17		2-year	37.4	366.4	375	PVC	2.00	46.305	233.11	2.25	1.32	0.58	0.16	0.18	0.59	
	217	216	S29	frontyard	0.1124	0.365	0.65	0.203	0.707	11.29	72.17	14.7	2-year	51.1	366.4	375	PVC	2.00	18.652	233.11	2.25	1.48	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.66	
	228	216	S20	frontyard	0.1174	0.117	0.73	0.238	0.238	10.00	76.81	18.3	2-year	18.3	251.5	250	PVC	0.65	39.316	48.69	0.98	0.69	0.95	0.38	0.43	0.71	
	216	226				0.482			0.946	11.50	71.47		2-year	67.6	447.9	450	PVC	2.00	71.840	398.13	2.54	1.50	0.80	0.17	0.19	0.59	
	226	203	S28	frontyard	0.4955	0.977	0.69	0.950	1.896	12.30	68.96	65.5	2-year	130.8	447.9	450	PVC	2.00	59.977	398.13	2.54	1.77	0.56	0.33	0.36	0.70	
	203	202				7.269			11.595	15.92	59.68		2-year	692.0	914.0	900	Conc	0.25	10.308	943.19	1.42	1.39	0.12	0.73	0.90	0.98	
	202	POND-IN1				7.269			11.595	16.04	59.41		2-year	688.9	914.0	900	Conc	0.25	12.930	943.19	1.42	1.39	0.15	0.73	0.90	0.98	
	224	223	S02	siteplan	1.6584	1.658	0.62	2.858	2.858	10.00	76.81	219.5	2-year	219.5	447.9	450	PVC	2.00	62.125	398.13	2.54	1.79	0.58	0.55	0.55	0.71	
	223	POND-IN2				1.658			2.858	10.58	74.66		2-year	213.4	447.9	450	PVC	2.00	67.841	398.13	2.54	1.79	0.63	0.54	0.55	0.71	
	Pond-OUT	Control-MH	S13	SWM	0.0958	9.023	0.20	0.053	14.507	16.20	59.08	3.1	2-year	857.1	1068.0	1050	CONC	0.25	2.50	1428.67	1.58	1.42	0.03	0.60	0.75	0.90	
	Control-MH	MHST78511				9.023			14.507	16.23	59.02		2-year	856.2	1068.0	1050	CONC	0.20	6.00	1277.84	1.41	1.18	0.08	0.67	0.84	0.84	
TOTALS =					9.023		0.58	14.507					1016.2														

Definitions:
 Q = 2.78*A*I*R, where
 Q = Peak Flow in Litres per second (L/s)
 A = Watershed Area (hectares)
 I = Rainfall Intensity (mm/h)
 R = Runoff Coefficients (dimensionless)

Ottawa Rainfall Intensity Values from Sewer Design Guidelines, SDG002

	a	b	c
2-year	732.951	6.199	0.8
5-year	998.071	6.053	0.8
100-year	1735.688	6.014	0.8

Designed:	Project:	
J. Fitzpatrick, P.Eng.	6171 Hazeldean Road	
Checked:	Location:	
B. Thomas, P.Eng.	6171 Hazeldean Road	
Dwg Reference:	File Ref:	Sheet No:
Drawing C09	258780 Storm - Sewer Design Sheets, July 2020 Pond_114m.xlsx	1 of 1

TABLE E3 - AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS (Post Development)

Runoff Coefficients $C_{ASPH/CONC} = 0.90$ $C_{ROOF} = 0.90$ $C_{GRASS} = 0.20$										
Area No.	Asphalt / Conc Areas (m ²)	A * C _{ASPH}	Roof Areas (m ²)	A * C _{ROOF}	Grassed Areas (m ²)	A * C _{GRASS}	Sum AC	¹ Total Area (m ²)	² C _{AVG}	Comments
S01								5051	0.58	SITEPLAN 1
S02								15361	0.63	SITEPLAN 2
S04								2303	0.44	BACKYARD
S06								1917	0.53	BACKYARD
S07								1698	0.56	BACKYARD
S08								3127	0.52	BACKYARD
S12								3364	0.50	BACKYARD
S17								1960	0.35	BACKYARD
S19								1746	0.46	BACKYARD
S22								1950	0.45	BACKYARD
S23								1078	0.44	BACKYARD
S25								1125	0.50	BACKYARD
S27								2487	0.48	BACKYARD
S03								1991	0.74	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S05								5061	0.72	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S09								2552	0.65	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S10								3105	0.64	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S11								4248	0.65	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S14								1267	0.65	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S15								3679	0.72	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S16								1254	0.66	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S18								3002	0.69	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S20								1174	0.74	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S21								3350	0.68	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S28								4899	0.67	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S29								1124	0.69	RIGHT-OF-WAY
S13								2237	0.26	SWM
S24								8120	0.20	PARK
Total								90230		
³ Site % IMP = 53.5		Average Runoff Coeff (C _{AVG}) = 0.57								
<u>Notes</u>										
1) Areas taken from PCSWMM, CAD										
2) Cavg From PCSWMM (Area Weighting)										
3) Site % IMP From PCSWMM (Area Weighting)										

TABLE E4 - SUMMARY OF POST DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF (Uncontrolled and Controlled)

Area No	Area (ha)	Location	Time of Conc, Tc (min)	Storm = 2 yr				Storm = 5 yr				Storm = 100 yr				Comments
				C _{AVG}	I ₂ (mm/hr)	Q (L/sec)	Q _{CAP} (L/sec)	C _{AVG}	I ₅ (mm/hr)	Q (L/sec)	Q _{CAP} (L/sec)	C _{AVG}	I ₁₀₀ (mm/hr)	Q (L/sec)	Q _{CAP} (L/sec)	
S01	0.5051	SITEPLAN 1	10	0.58	76.81	62.6	(65.7)	0.58	104.19	84.9	(65.7)	0.73	178.56	181.8	(65.7)	SITEPLAN 1
S02	1.5361	SITEPLAN 2	10	0.63	76.81	206.6	(199.7)	0.63	104.19	280.3	(199.7)	0.79	178.56	600.5	(199.7)	SITEPLAN 2
S04	0.2303	BACKYARD	10	0.44	76.81	21.6	(159.3)	0.44	104.19	29.4	(159.3)	0.55	178.56	62.9	(159.3)	BACKYARD
S06	0.1917	BACKYARD	10	0.53	76.81	21.7		0.53	104.19	29.4		0.66	178.56	63.0		BACKYARD
S07	0.1698	BACKYARD	10	0.56	76.81	20.3		0.56	104.19	27.5		0.70	178.56	59.0		BACKYARD
S08	0.3127	BACKYARD	10	0.52	76.81	34.7		0.52	104.19	47.1		0.65	178.56	100.9		BACKYARD
S12	0.3364	BACKYARD	10	0.50	76.81	35.9		0.50	104.19	48.7		0.63	178.56	104.4		BACKYARD
S17	0.1960	BACKYARD	10	0.35	76.81	14.6		0.35	104.19	19.9		0.44	178.56	42.6		BACKYARD
S19	0.1746	BACKYARD	10	0.46	76.81	17.1		0.46	104.19	23.3		0.58	178.56	49.8		BACKYARD
S22	0.1950	BACKYARD	10	0.45	76.81	18.7		0.45	104.19	25.4		0.56	178.56	54.4		BACKYARD
S23	0.1078	BACKYARD	10	0.44	76.81	10.1		0.44	104.19	13.7		0.55	178.56	29.4		BACKYARD
S25	0.1125	BACKYARD	10	0.50	76.81	12.0		0.50	104.19	16.3		0.63	178.56	34.9		BACKYARD
S27	0.2487	BACKYARD	10	0.48	76.81	25.5		0.48	104.19	34.6		0.60	178.56	74.1		BACKYARD
S03	0.1991	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.74	76.81	31.5		(495.5)	0.74	104.19		42.7	(495.5)	0.93		178.56
S05	0.5061	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.72	76.81	77.8	0.72		104.19	105.5	0.90	178.56		226.1	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S09	0.2552	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.65	76.81	35.4	0.65		104.19	48.0	0.81	178.56		102.9	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S10	0.3105	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.64	76.81	42.4	0.64		104.19	57.6	0.80	178.56		123.3	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S11	0.4248	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.65	76.81	59.0	0.65		104.19	80.0	0.81	178.56		171.3	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S14	0.1267	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.65	76.81	17.6	0.65		104.19	23.9	0.81	178.56		51.1	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S15	0.3679	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.72	76.81	56.6	0.72		104.19	76.7	0.90	178.56		164.4	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S16	0.1254	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.66	76.81	17.7	0.66		104.19	24.0	0.83	178.56		51.4	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S18	0.3002	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.69	76.81	44.2	0.69		104.19	60.0	0.86	178.56		128.5	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S20	0.1174	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.74	76.81	18.5	0.74		104.19	25.2	0.93	178.56		53.9	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S21	0.3350	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.68	76.81	48.6	0.68		104.19	66.0	0.85	178.56		141.3	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S28	0.4899	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.67	76.81	70.1	0.67		104.19	95.1	0.84	178.56		203.7	RIGHT-OF-WAY	
S29	0.1124	RIGHT-OF-WAY	10	0.69	76.81	16.6	0.69	104.19	22.5	0.86	178.56	48.1	RIGHT-OF-WAY			
S13	0.2237	SWM	10	0.26	76.81	12.4	0.26	104.19	16.8	0.33	178.56	36.1		SWM		
S24	0.8120	PARK	10	0.20	76.81	34.7	(105.6)	0.20	104.19	47.0	(105.6)	0.25	178.56	100.8	(105.6)	PARK
Totals	9.0230					1084.6	1025.7			1471.4	1025.7			3152.0	1025.7	

Notes

2-yr Storm Intensity, $I = 732.951 / (Tc + 6.199)^{0.810}$ (City of Ottawa)

5-yr Storm Intensity, $I = 998.071 / (Tc + 6.035)^{0.814}$ (City of Ottawa)

100-yr Storm Intensity, $I = 1735.688 / (Tc + 6.014)^{0.820}$ (City of Ottawa)

Time of Concentration (min), Tc = **10 mins** (avg for all subcatchments)

For Flows under column Qcap which are shown in brackets (0.0), denotes flows that are uncontrolled

Allowable Unit Area Release Rate (L/ha/sec) = **135.0** front yards
 Allowable Unit Area Release Rate (L/ha/sec) = **70.0** backyards
 Allowable Unit Area Release Rate (L/ha/sec) = **130.0** park / siteplans

Appendix F – PCSWMM Information

PCSWMM Report

Preliminary SWM Review

Model 258780_Prop_Rev2A, Chicago_3h_2yr.inp

July 24, 2020

Table of Contents

Profiles

Figure 1: Node 214 to Node MHST78511	3
Figure 2: Node 227 to Node MHST78511	4
Figure 3: Node 225 to Node MHST78511	5
Figure 4: Node 215 to Node MHST78511	6
Figure 5: Node 221 to Node MHST78511	7
Figure 6: Node 219 to Node MHST78511	8
Figure 7: Node 228 to Node MHST78511	9
Figure 8: Node 224 to Node MHST78511	10

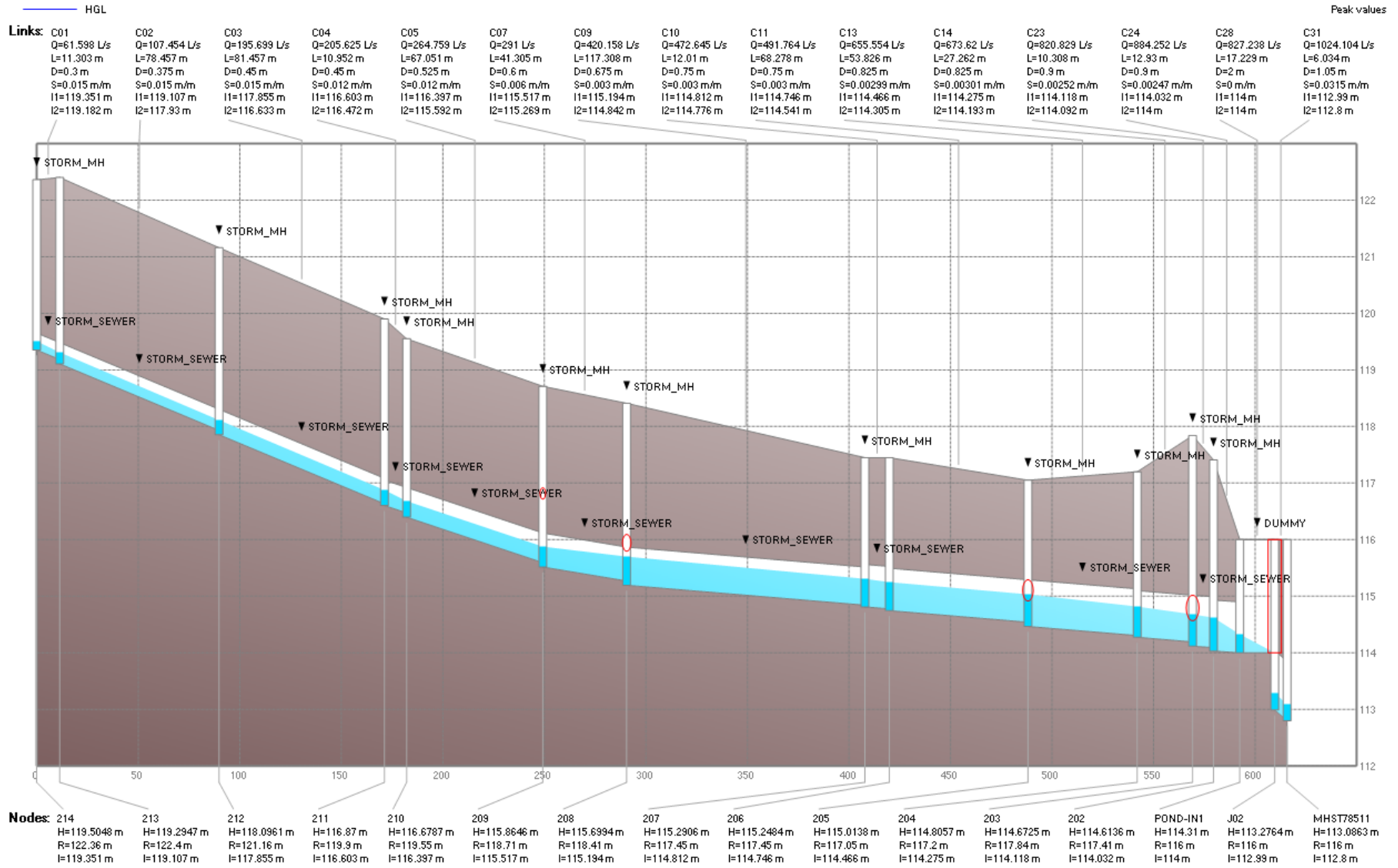


Figure 1: Node 214 to Node MHST78511

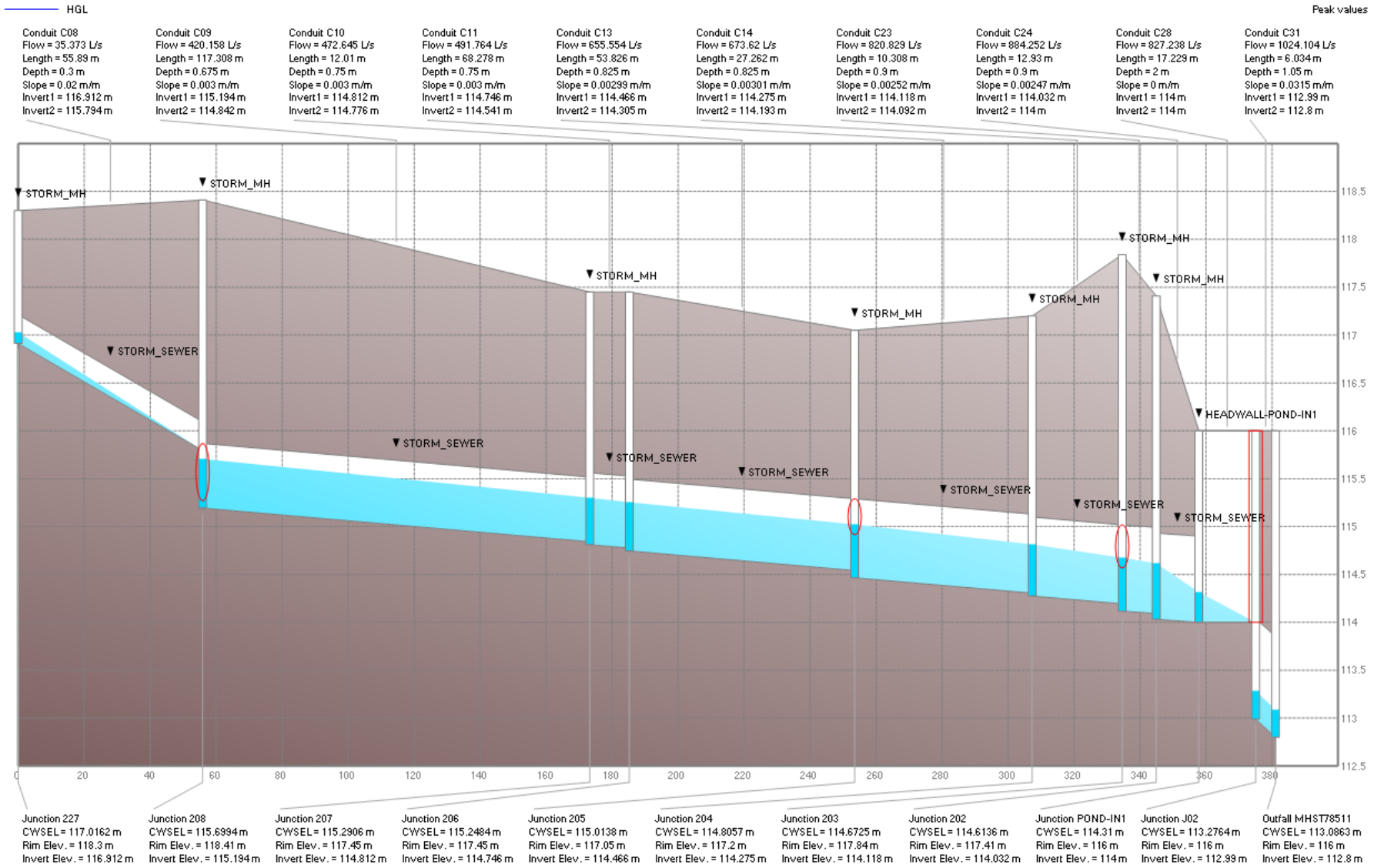


Figure 2: Node 227 to Node MHST78511

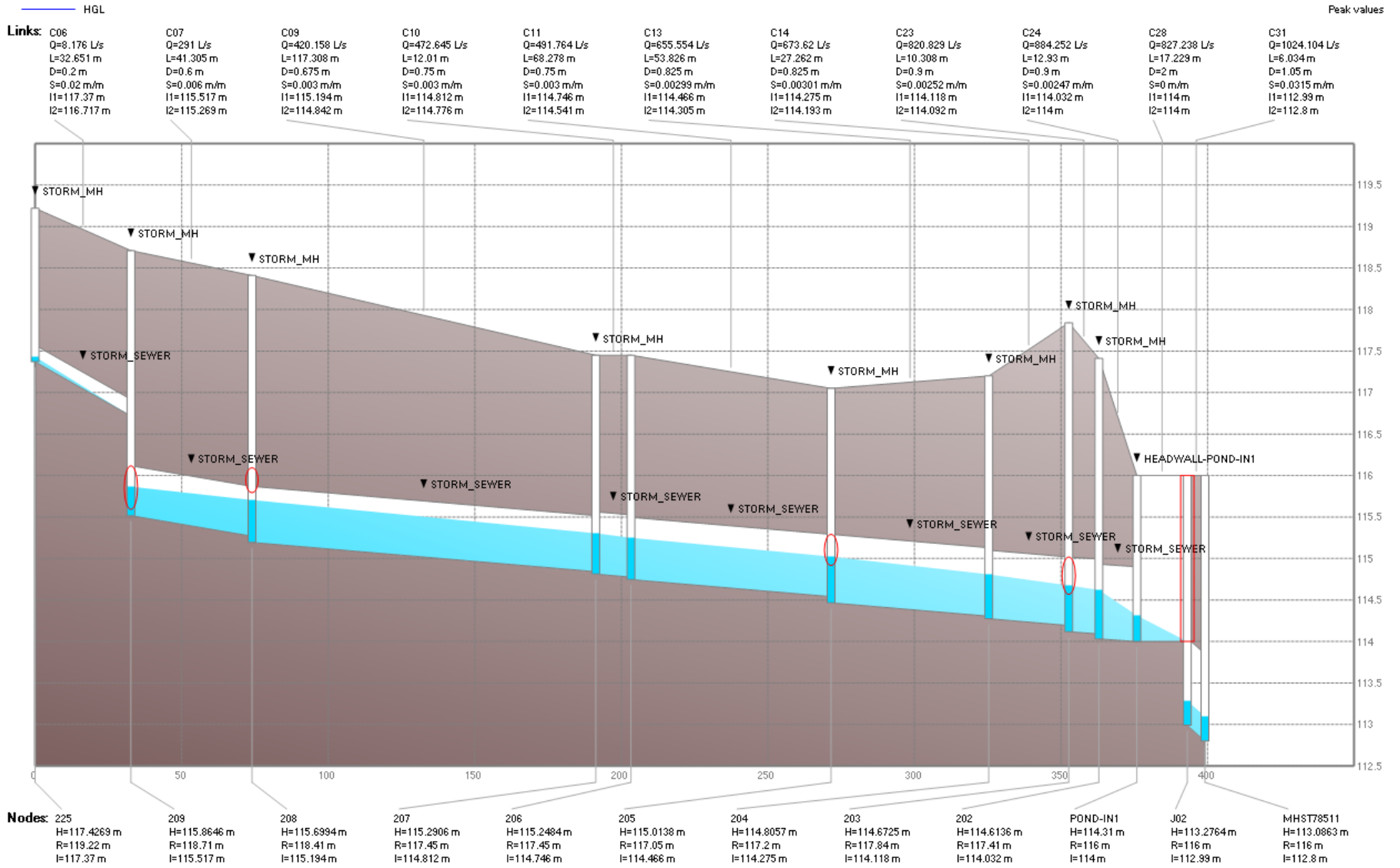


Figure 3: Node 225 to Node MHST78511

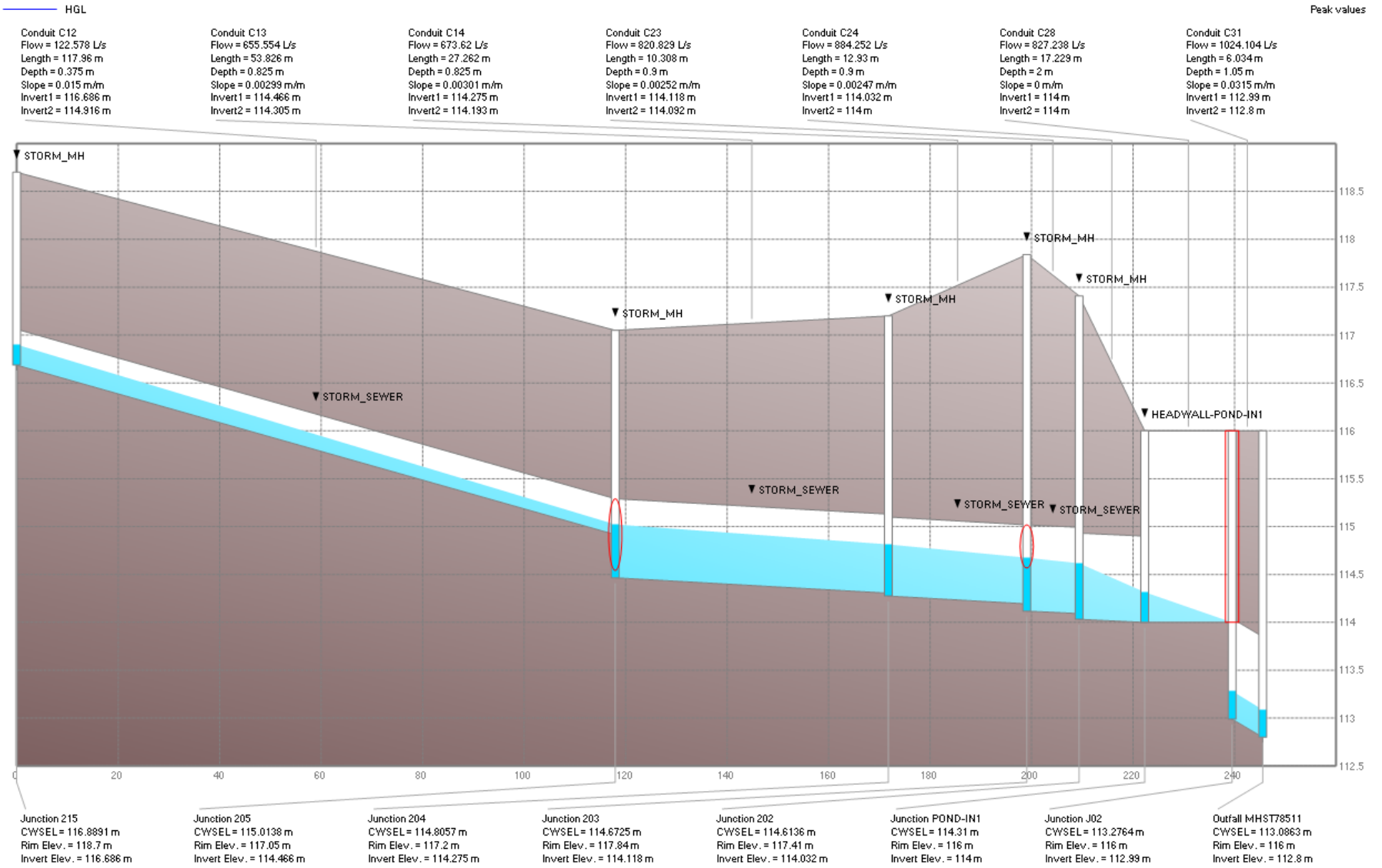


Figure 4: Node 215 to Node MHST78511

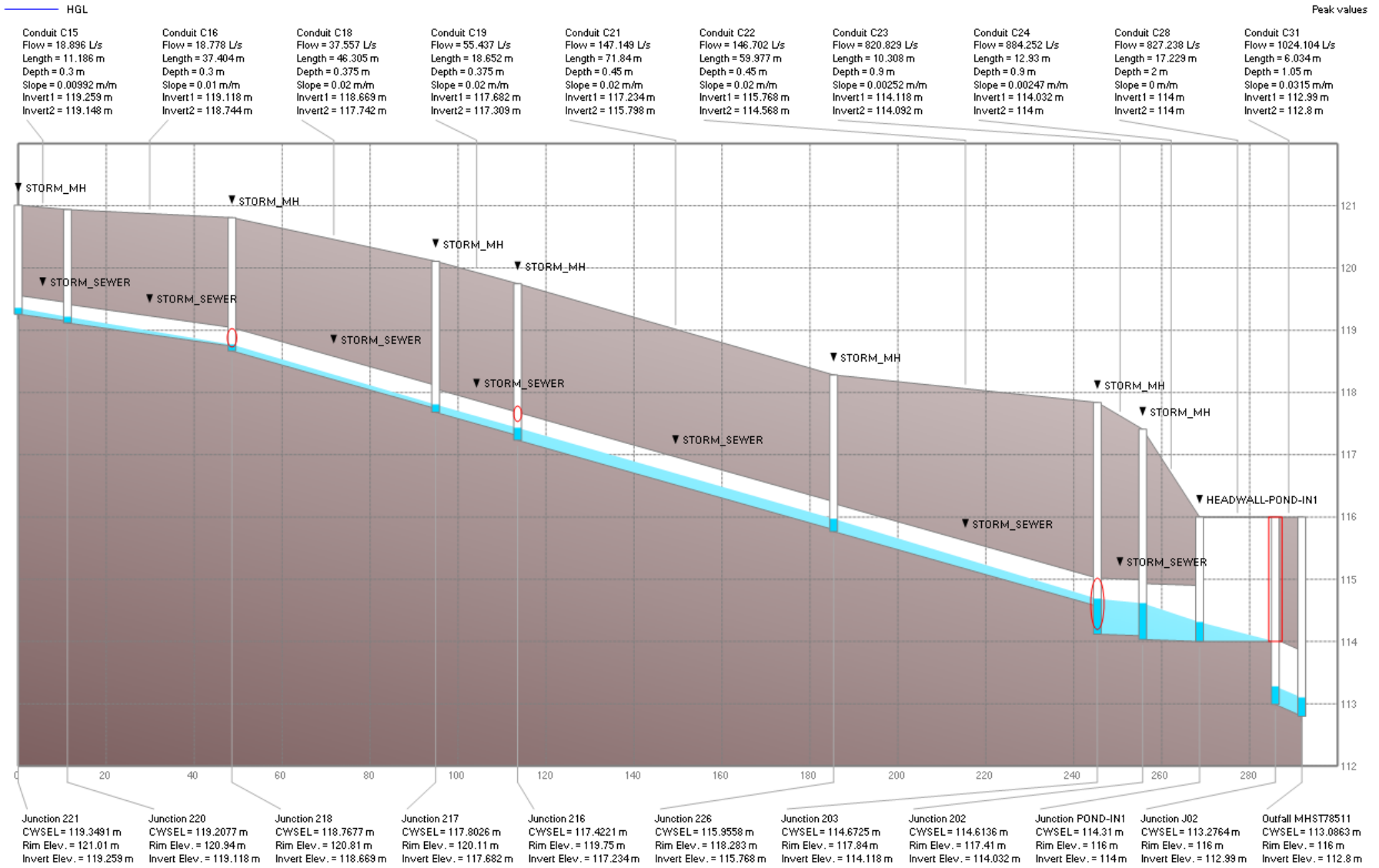


Figure 5: Node 221 to Node MHST78511

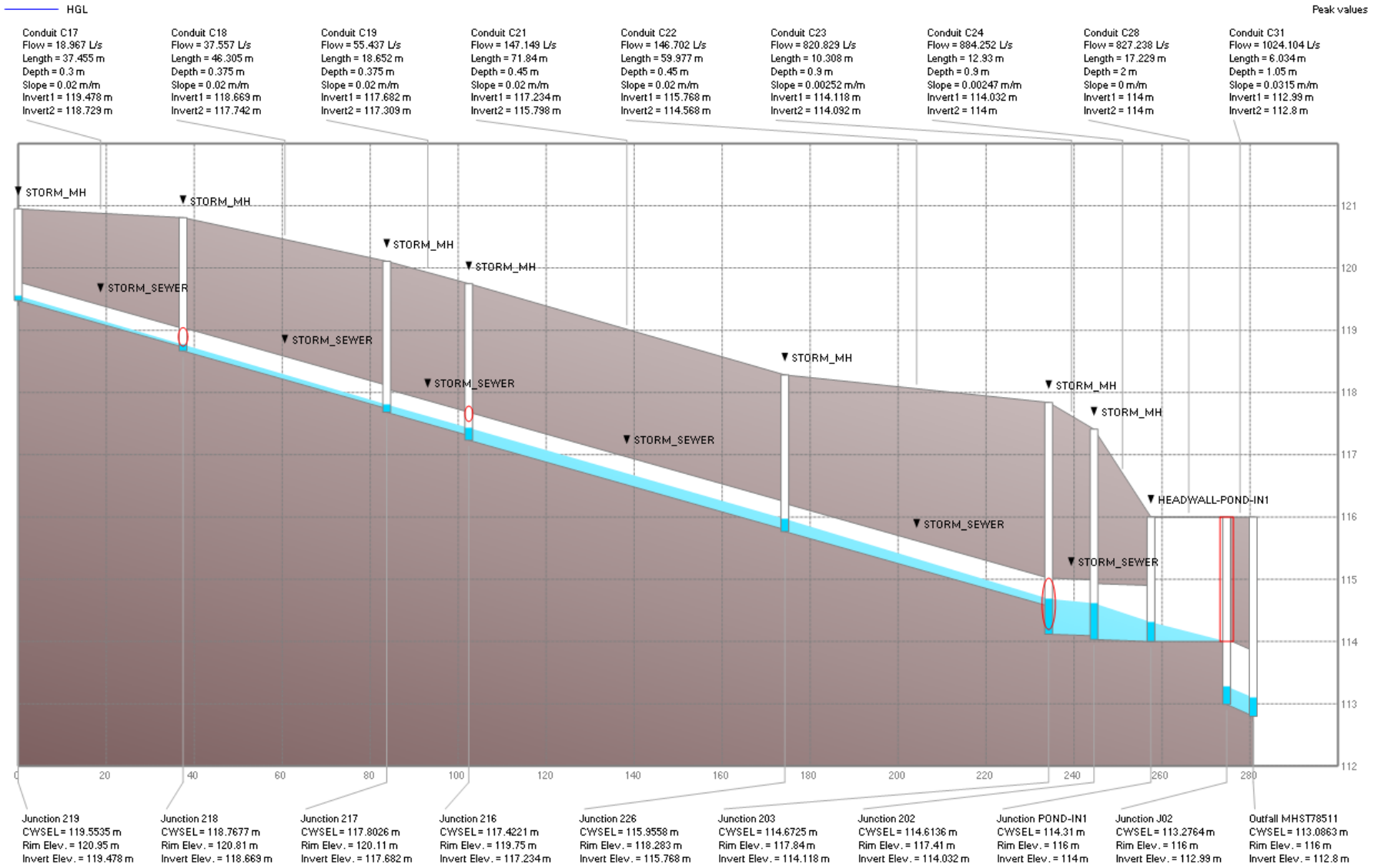


Figure 6: Node 219 to Node MHST78511

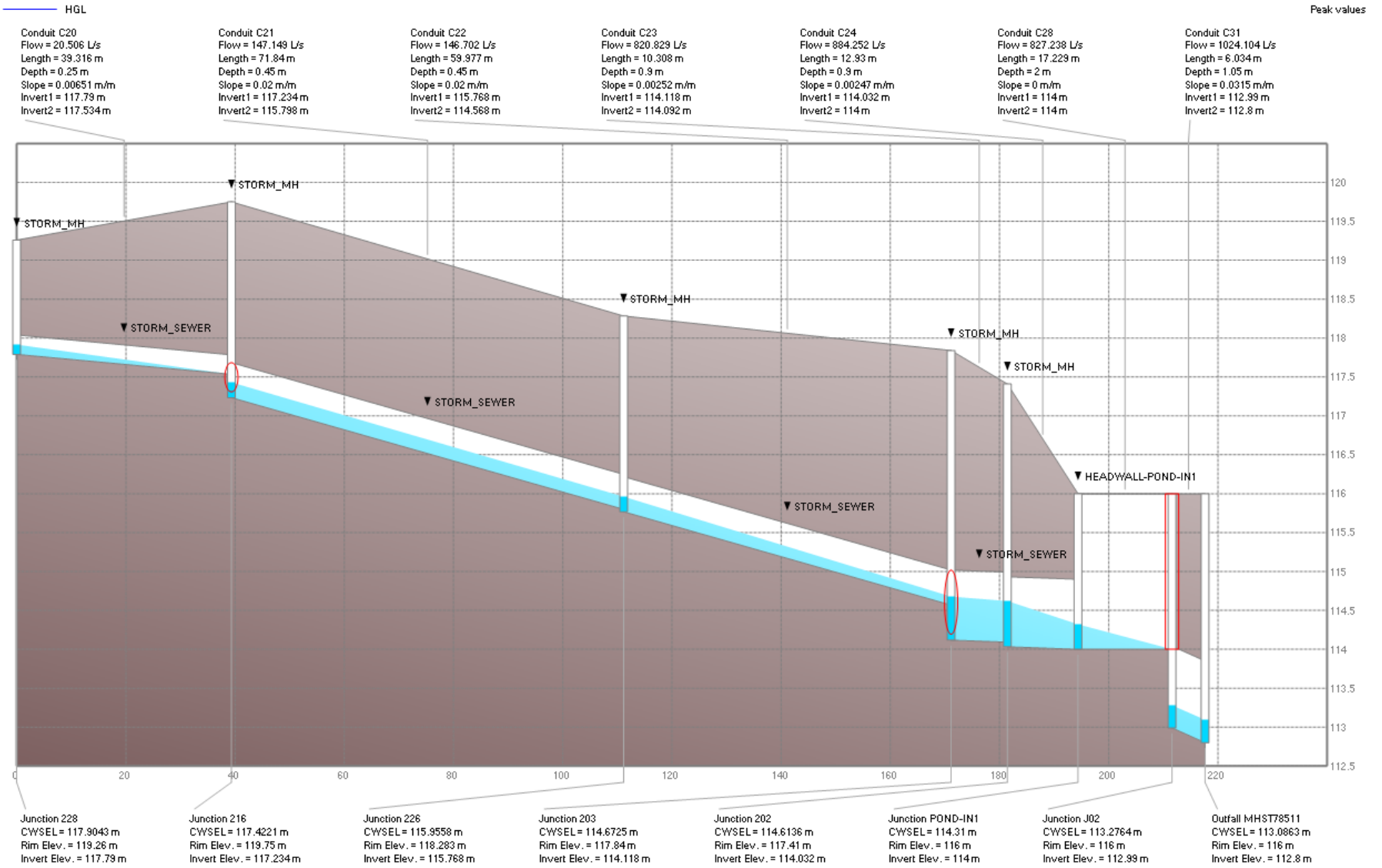


Figure 7: Node 228 to Node MHST78511

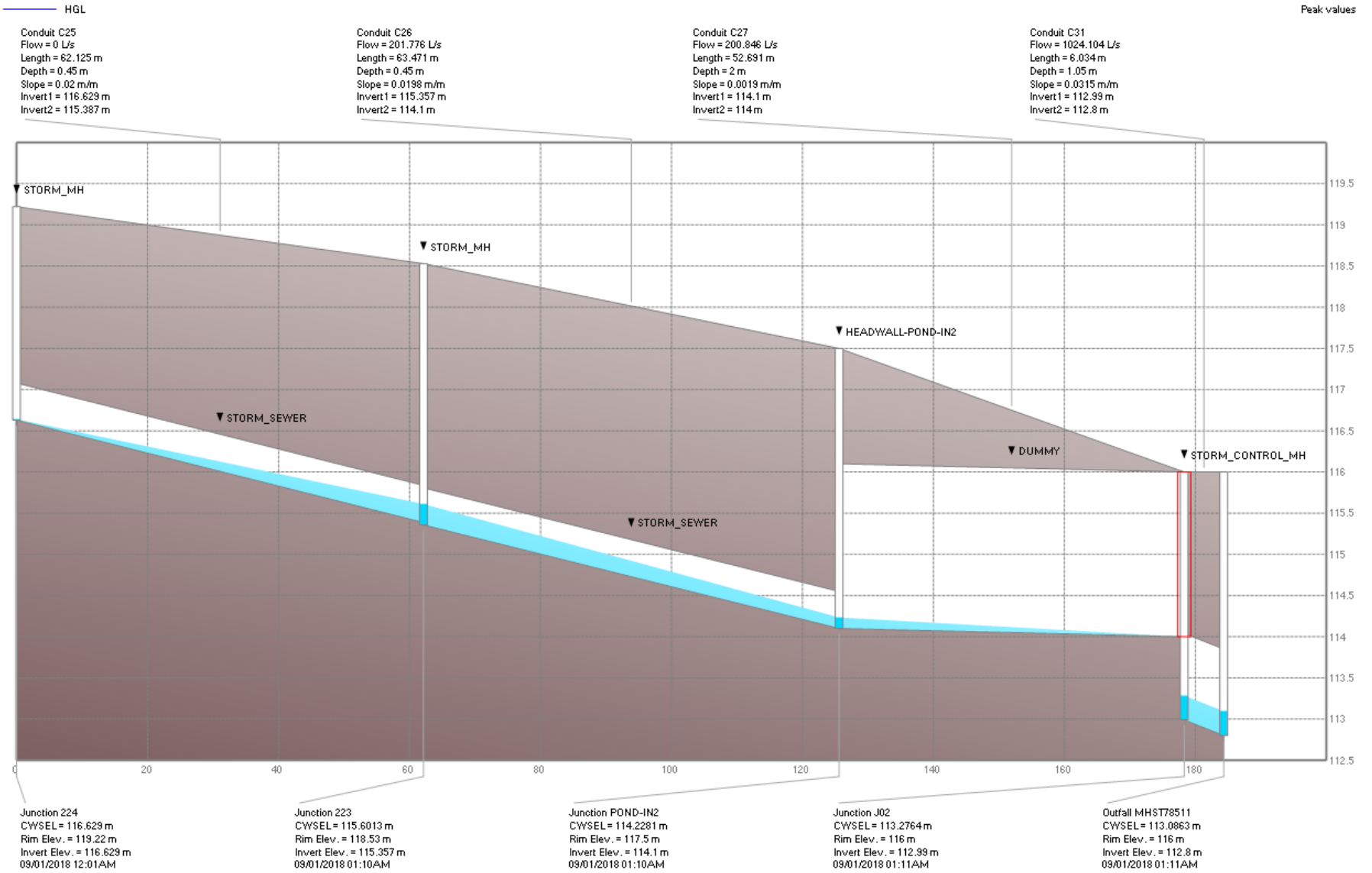


Figure 8: Node 224 to Node MHST78511

PCSWMM Report

Preliminary SWM Review

Model 258780_Prop_Rev2A, Chicago_3h_100yr.inp

July 24, 2020

Table of Contents

Profiles

Figure 1: Node 214 to Node MHST78511	3
Figure 2: Node 227 to Node MHST78511	4
Figure 3: Node 225 to Node MHST78511	5
Figure 4: Node 215 to Node MHST78511	6
Figure 5: Node 221 to Node MHST78511	7
Figure 6: Node 219 to Node MHST78511	8
Figure 7: Node 228 to Node MHST78511	9
Figure 8: Node 224 to Node MHST78511	10

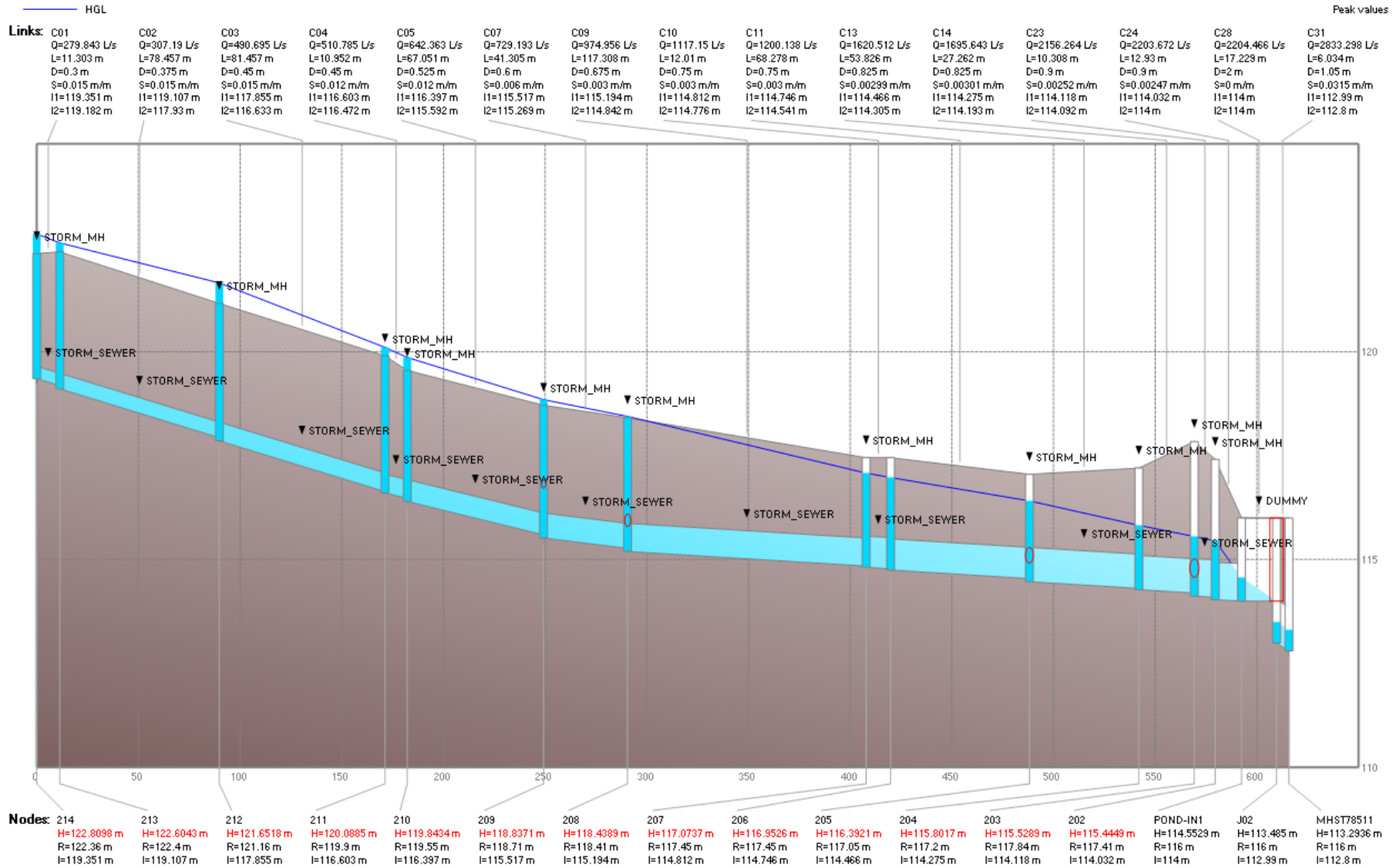


Figure 1: Node 214 to Node MHST78511

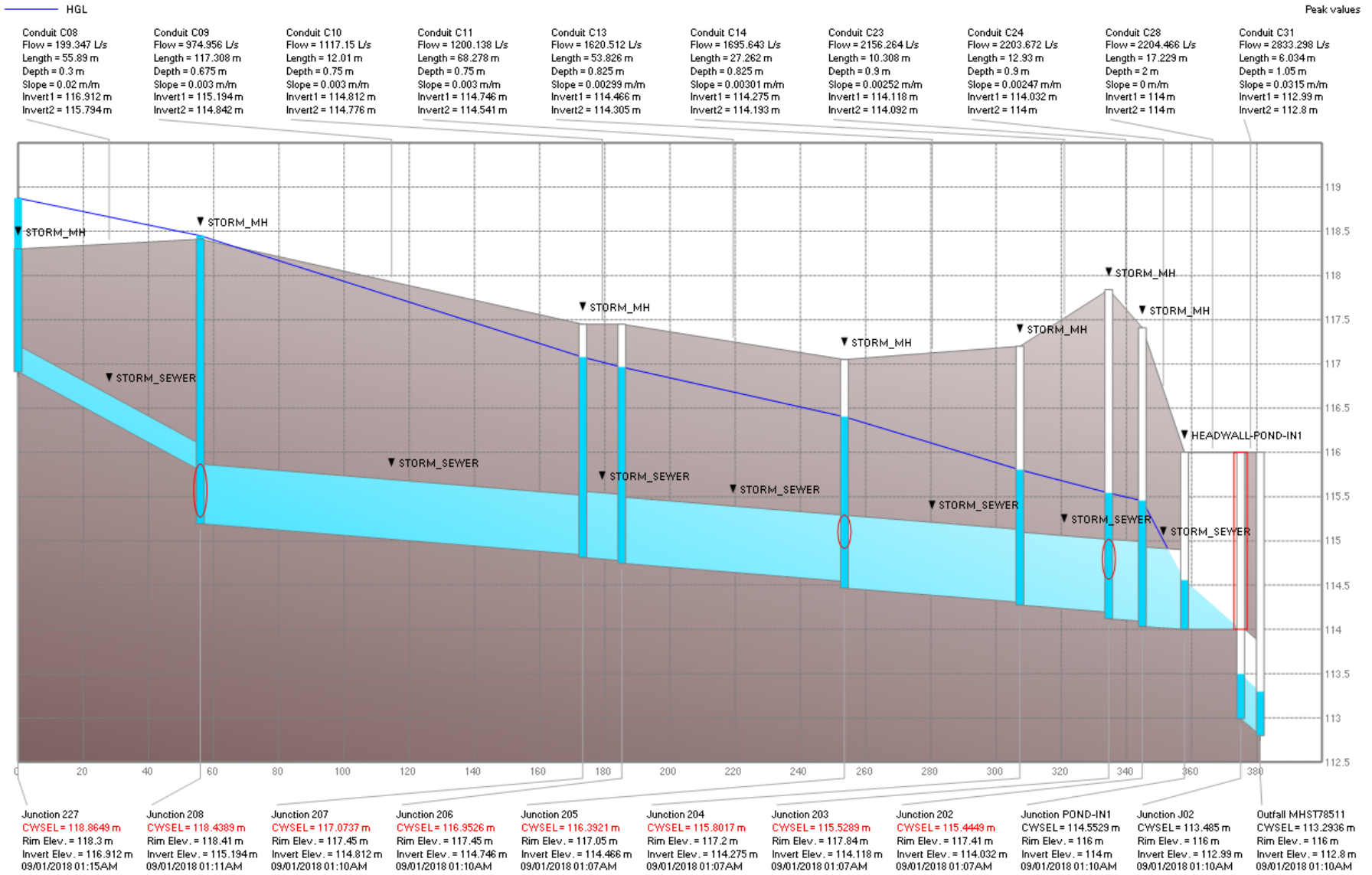


Figure 2: Node 227 to Node MHST78511

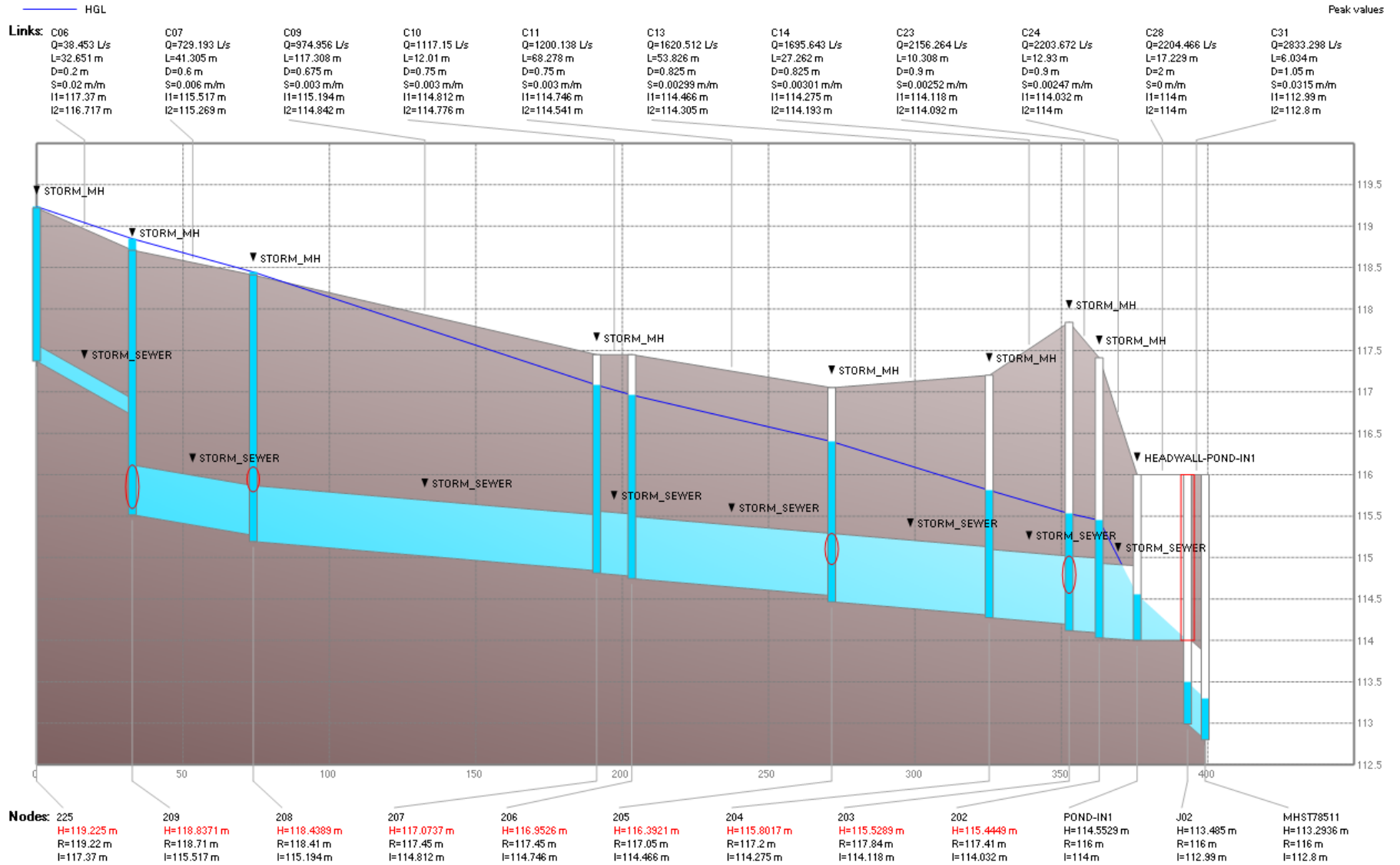


Figure 3: Node 225 to Node MHST78511

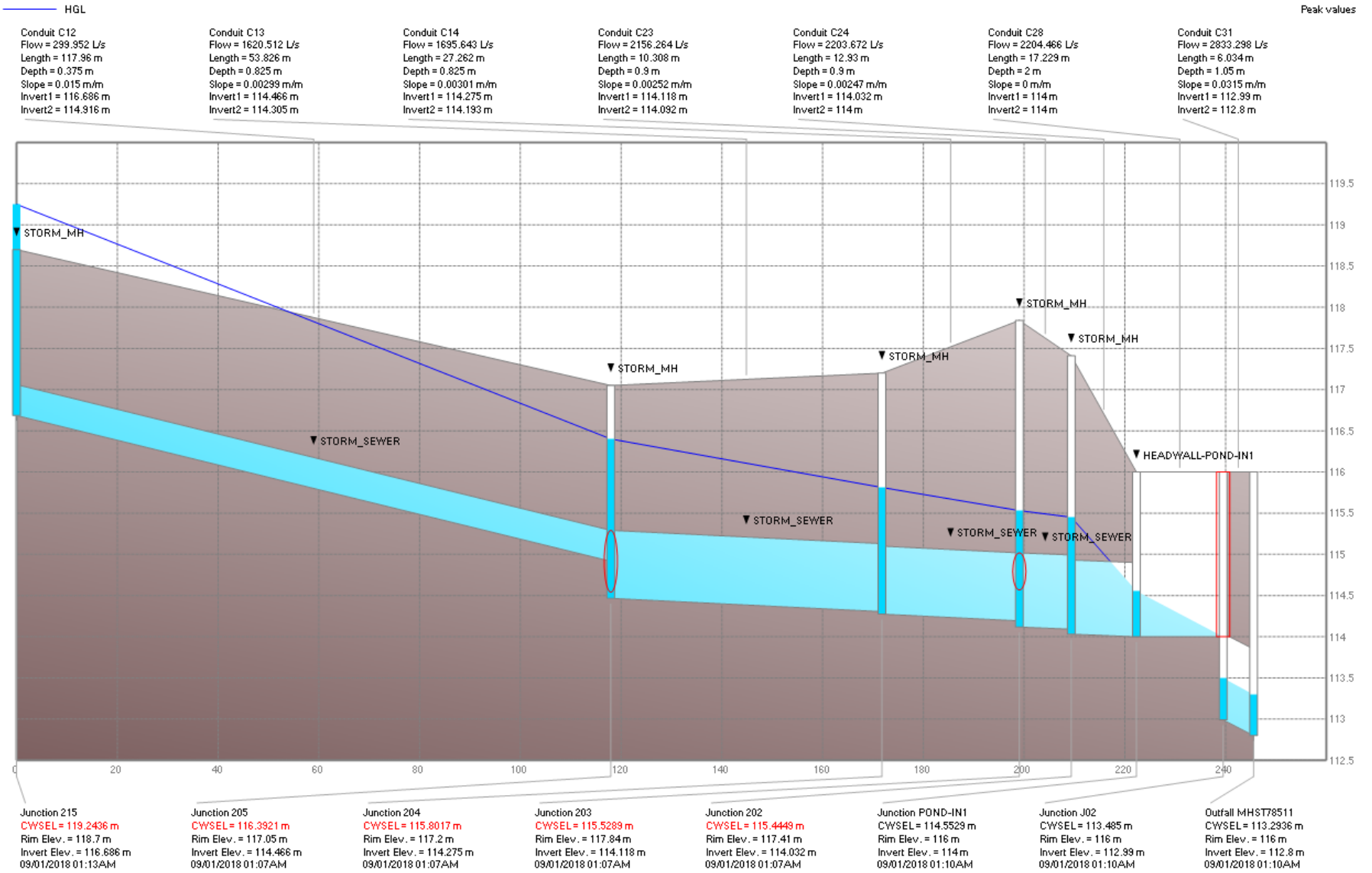


Figure 4: Node 215 to Node MHST78511

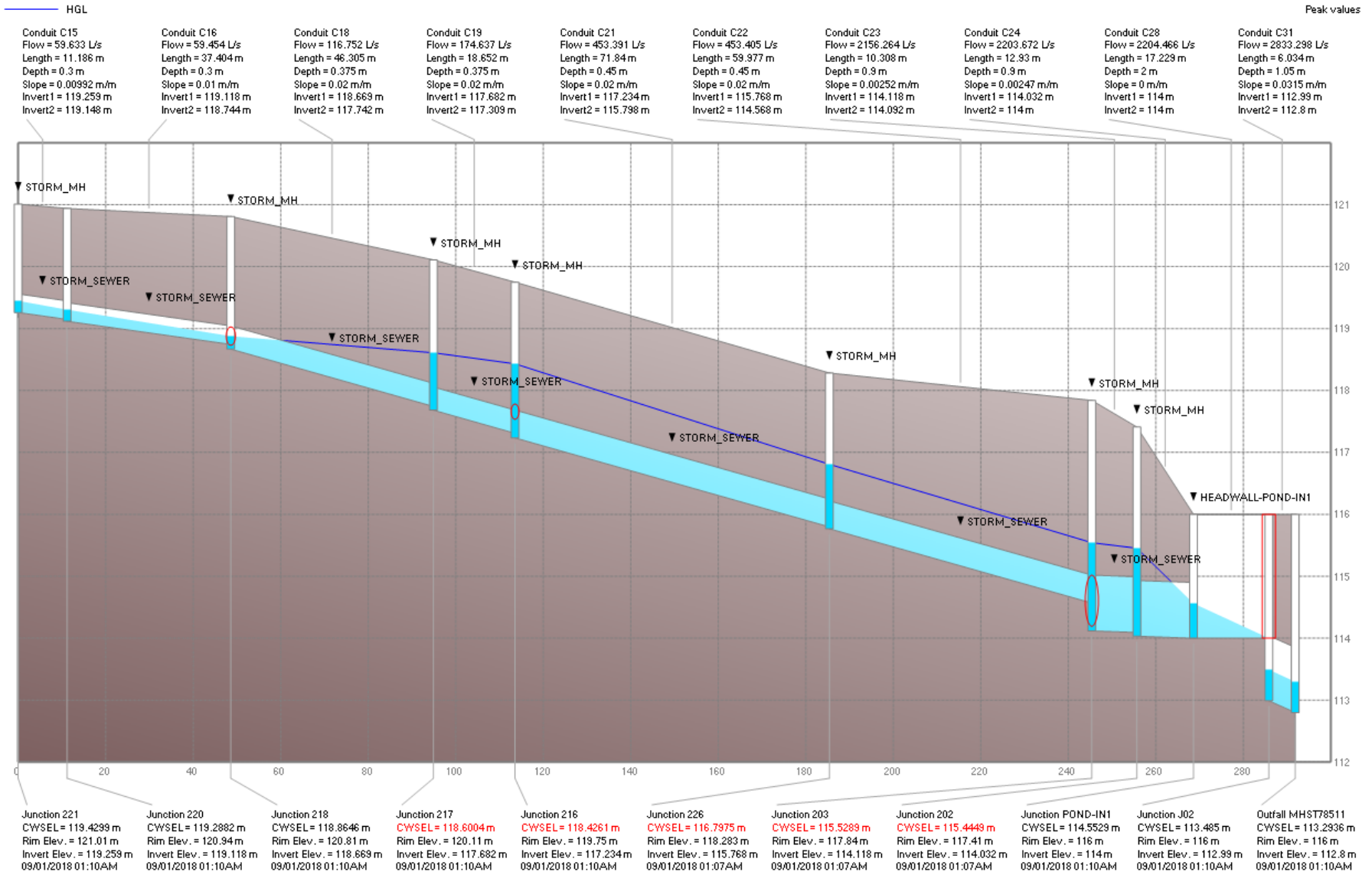


Figure 5: Node 221 to Node MHST78511

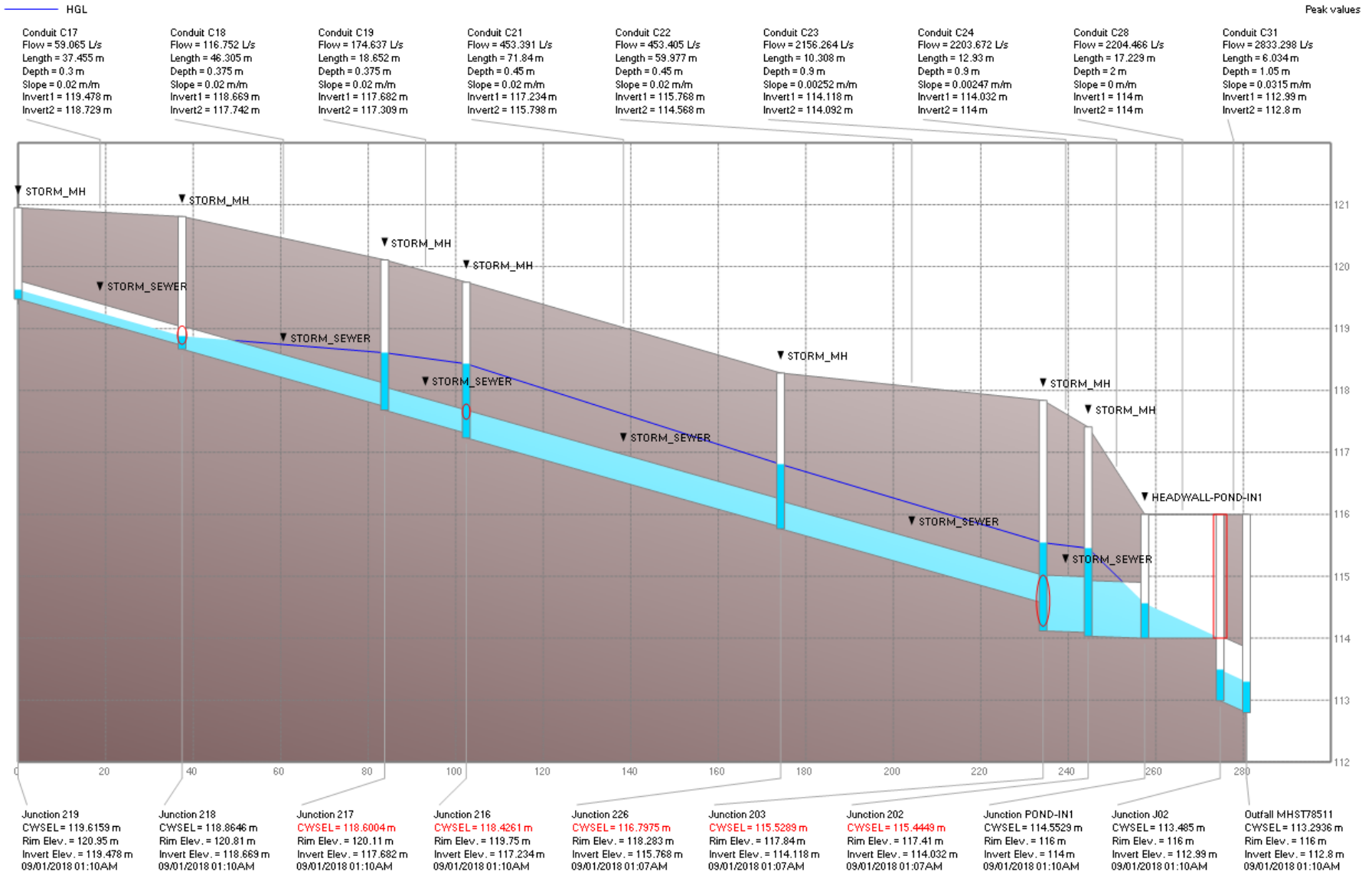


Figure 6: Node 219 to Node MHST78511

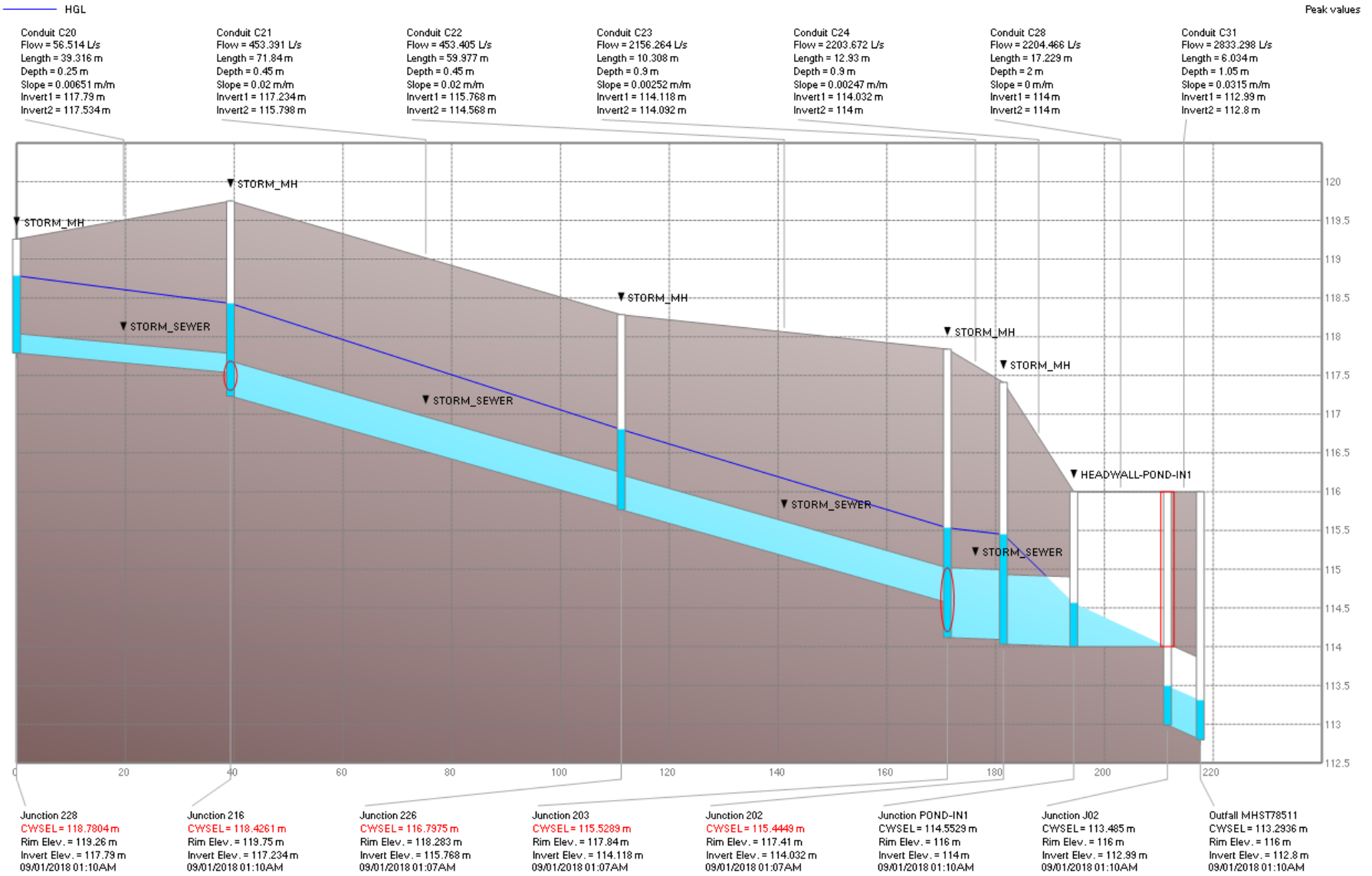


Figure 7: Node 228 to Node MHST78511

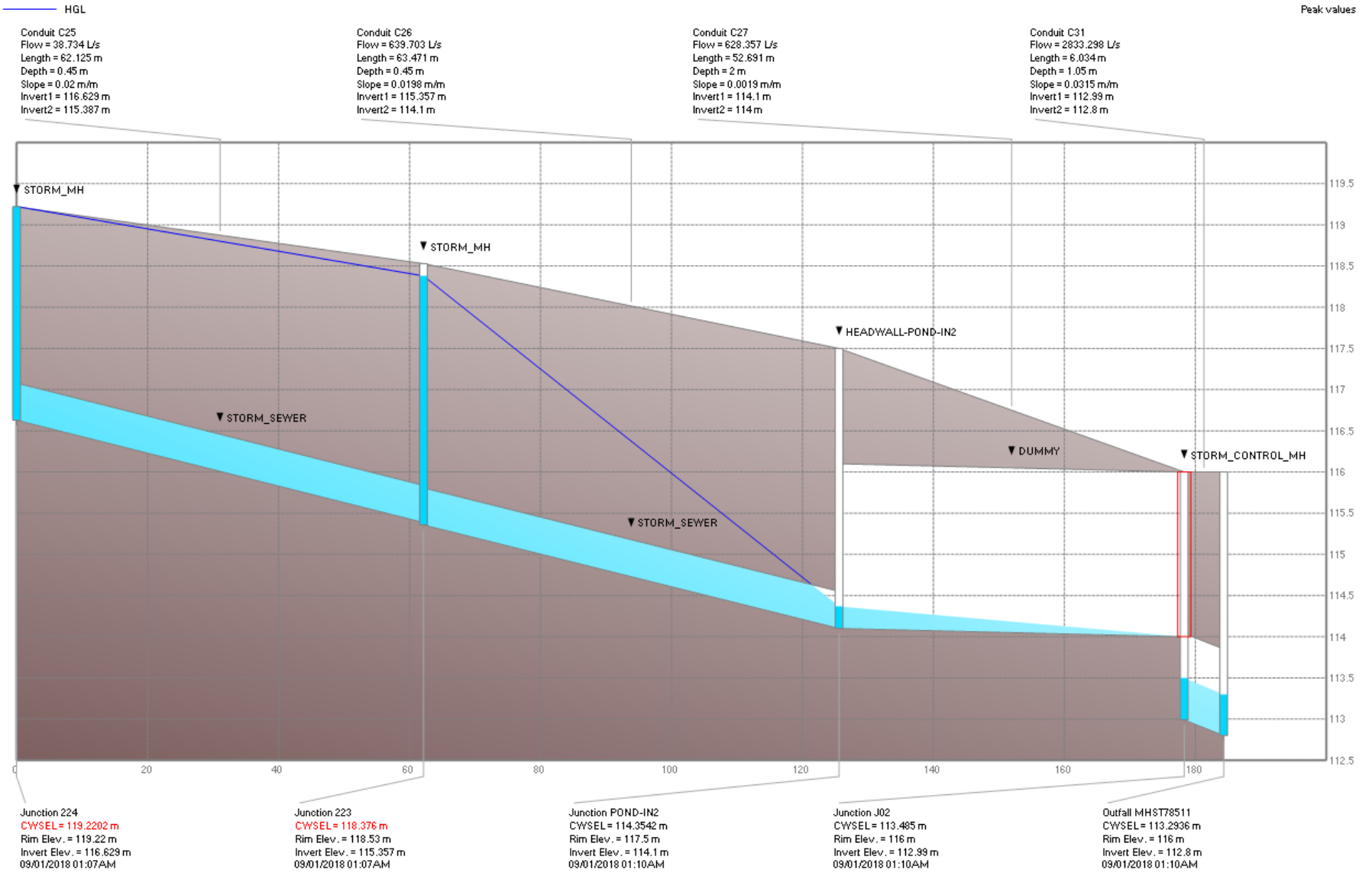


Figure 8: Node 224 to Node MHST78511

Appendix G – Consultation / Correspondence

Email on Water System Boundary Conditions

Email Received from MCVA on Stormwater Management Requirements

Pre-Consultation Meeting Minutes

Boundary Conditions 6171 Hazledean Road

Provided Information

Scenario	Demand	
	L/min	L/s
Average Daily Demand	276	4.60
Maximum Daily Demand	678	11.30
Peak Hour	1,494	24.90
Fire Flow Demand #1	15,000	250.00

Location



Results

Connection 1 – Hazledean Rd.

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	160.7	57.2
Peak Hour	156.5	51.3
Max Day plus Fire 1	156.4	51.1

¹ Ground Elevation = 120.4 m

Connection 2 – Samantha Eastop Ave.

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	160.7	59.6
Peak Hour	156.3	53.4
Max Day plus Fire 1	151.1	46.0

¹ Ground Elevation = 118.8 m

Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.

Moe Ghadban

From: Matt Craig <mrcraig@mvc.on.ca>
Sent: Thursday, April 30, 2020 11:08 AM
To: Moe Ghadban
Cc: Bruce Thomas; Jason Fitzpatrick
Subject: RE: Request for SWM Criteria for 6171 Hazeldean Road
Attachments: jacksontrails-stormwaterdesign.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Moe attached is the report – an invoice of \$50.00 will follow, along with my previous comments please consider:

Development should follow the SWM criteria set out in the Feedmill Creek SWM Criteria Study. There are runoff volume capture requirements for retention control (LIDs) based on 5 or 10mm rainfall depend on the drainage area specified in the report.

- Please check the Carp subwatershed study for other requirements,
- Feedmill Creek has some level of temperature mitigation requirement as the creek has tolerant Coldwater fisheries.
- MVCA completes a stream watch survey of Feedmill in 2015. The report is here: http://mvc.on.ca/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/CSW2015_Feedmill-Creek-Final-Report.pdf

Regards

Matt Craig | Manager of Planning and Regulations | Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority

www.mvc.on.ca | t. [613 253 0006 ext. 226](tel:6132530006) | f. [613 253 0122](tel:6132530122) | mrcraig@mvc.on.ca

This e-mail originates from the Mississippi Valley Conservation e-mail system. Any distribution, use or copying of this e-mail or the information it contains by other than the intended recipient(s) is unauthorized. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify me at the telephone number shown above or by return e-mail and delete this communication and any copy immediately. Thank you.

From: Moe Ghadban <Moe.Ghadban@exp.com>
Sent: April 24, 2020 4:05 PM
To: Matt Craig <mrcraig@mvc.on.ca>
Cc: Bruce Thomas <bruce.thomas@exp.com>; Jason Fitzpatrick <jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com>
Subject: Request for SWM Criteria for 6171 Hazeldean Road

Hi Matt,

We are preparing a site servicing and stormwater report for site plan application for a proposed subdivision at 6171 Hazeldean Road. The proposed subdivision consists of twenty (20) single homes, one-hundred and fifty-four (154)

townhomes, five (5) 3-storey condominium buildings (36 units each), and a 9-storey mixed use rental building (160 units). Please see the attached site plan. As the site is within the MVCA's jurisdiction we are requesting CA's clarification on the stormwater management requirements.

In the City of Ottawa's pre-consultation notes, they mentioned that quality control will be provided in the Jackson Trails SWM Pond. The "Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief" dated June 2006, an Enhanced Level of Protection (80 % removal of Total Suspended Solids).

As required by the City, as noted in the pre-consultation meeting, we are emailing the Conservation Authority to provide any additional water quality requirements for the proposed development.

Also, the City of Ottawa was not able to locate the following reports:

- Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Criteria Study Draft Final Report (July 2016, JFSA and Coldwater Consulting Ltd.)
- Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief" dated June 2006

If you have either of those reports on file, could you please share them with us?

Thank you for your review and input.

Regards,



Moe Ghadban, P.Eng

EXP | Engineering Designer

t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.808.4089 | e : moe.ghadban@exp.com

2650 Queensview Drive

Suite 100

Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

CANADA

exp.com | [legal disclaimer](#)

keep it green, read from the screen

6171 Hazeldean Road
Pre-Consultation Meeting Minutes

Location: Room 4102E, City Hall
Date: December 13, 930 to 1030am

Attendee	Role	Organization
Stream Shen	Planner	City of Ottawa
Santhosh Kuruvilla	Project Manager (Civil)	
Matt Ippersiel	Urban Designer	
Neeti Paudel	Project Manager (Transportation)	
Matthew Hayley	Planner (Environment)	
Mark Richardson	Forester	
Samantha Gatchene	Planning Assistant	
Justyna Garbos	Planner (Parks)	
Jaime Posen	Planner	Fotenn
Bruce Thomas	Engineer (Civil)	EXP
Phil Desmarais	Engineer (Transportation)	
Carmine Zayoun	Owner	GNCR

Comments from Applicant

1. The applicant is proposing a residential subdivision with approximately 388 units comprised of singles, towns, stacked towns, low-rise apartments and potentially some commercial uses on the ground floor.
2. The stacked townhomes and low-rise apartments are proposed to be condominiums with private streets.
3. There is a proposed servicing easement and pathway block connecting to Brandelier Way.

Planning Comments

1. This is a pre-consultation for a Major Zoning By-law Amendment and Plan of Subdivision application. Application form, timeline and fees can be found [here](#).
2. Please consider an enhanced rear yard setback for homes backing onto Lloyd Alex Crescent.

3. Please consider placing the park along Samantha Eastop extension and in proximity to the proposed townhome blocks to provide additional on-street parking availabilities.
4. Please incorporate a pathway connection to Samantha Eastop from the proposed cul-de-sac.
5. Please confirm if the Archeological Assessment has been completed as part of Potter's Key subdivision.
6. Consider traffic calming along the Samantha Eastop extension to Hazeldean.
7. Please consult with the Ward Councillor prior to submission.

Urban Design Comments

1. In general, the proposed size of blocks is good.
2. Relocate the main entry point on Hazeldean Road to have it align with the existing break in the median and Samantha Eastop Ave.
3. The north-south local road in this location should:
 - a. Maintain the right-of-way width on Samantha Eastop Ave.
 - b. Have the number of driveways facing onto it minimized by orienting lots to have their sideyards abut the street.
 - c. Ensure adequate space for street trees, on-street parking, and other traffic calming measures to slow traffic and discourage cut-through traffic.
4. Eliminate the cul-de-sac by incorporating it into the grid street network.
5. From an urban design perspective, a more central location for the park would be the preference. Face as many front doors towards the park as possible.
6. If the park is to be relocated and will be increased in sized, look for opportunities to have it offset the street grid and discourage cut-through traffic on the main north-south street. Depending on where it is located the park could potentially terminate the view into the community from Hazeldean.
7. Locate higher density units on Hazeldean and especially towards the south-east corner of the site. Try to locate as much of the surface parking in the south-east corner of the site as possible to have it couple with the likely future parking lot on the adjacent site to the east. Avoid rear-lotting units onto Hazeldean where possible.
8. Avoid having townhouses back onto the existing singles on Lloydalex Crescent.
9. This project will not subject to review with the Urban Design Review Panel. Only required if the buildings are above four storeys.

Engineering Comments

- See attached study (Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Criteria Study) for the stormwater management criteria (quantity & quality) for the subject development
 - Minor system capture from this development will be directed to the Jackson Trails SWM Pond and limited to 70 L/s/ha as per the design of the facility
 - Major system storage to be provided on-site
- Quality control will be provided in Jackson Trails SWM Pond
- Provide emergency overland flow route
 - By modelling, demonstrate that there are no adverse impact to the existing downstream developments (Potter's Key and Jackson Trails)
- Demonstrate that the existing downstream minor system (sanitary and storm) in Potter's Key and Jackson Trails are adequately sized to receive flow from this development
- Watermain stubs are available for servicing this land, one at Samantha Eastop Avenue. and one at Hazeldean Road (closer to west property line)
- Sewer stubs are available within Potter's Key Subdivision for connection
- Pond may be required for attenuation as per the attached report
- Feedmill Creek restoration fee is applicable (approximately \$100, 000.00) and it will be included in the development charges
- Other charges may be applicable due to upsizing sewers or watermain or other works by other developers (e.g. Tartan, Minto, others)
 - Please contact Minto, Tartan, etc. for information
- Reference other previously approved reports (e.g. Stormwater Management, Watermain, Storm Sewer and Sanitary Sewer Design Brief - Potter's Key Subdivision, Jackson Trails Stormwater Management Design Brief)
- For engineering related questions please contact [Santhosh Kuruvilla](#)

Transportation Comments

1. Follow Traffic Impact Assessment Guidelines – Traffic Impact Assessment will be required.
 - a. Start this process immediately.

- b. If a traffic signal is proposed on Hazeldean at the proposed street or access, this will trigger a RMA. Please note other proposed road works on Hazeldean may also trigger a RMA.
 - i. Request base mapping as soon as possible. Contact Engineering Services (<https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/engineering-services>)
 - c. Applicant advised that their application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the draft step 1-4, including the functional draft RMA package (if applicable) and/or monitoring report (if applicable)
2. Location of Intersection:
 3. The location of the third leg intersecting with Hazeldean will have to be reviewed further in the TIA. If the intersection is to be signalized, there are concerns with the close proximity of the proposed signalized intersection and the existing signalized access east of the site.
 4. If the third leg is proposed approximately 283m east of Carp Road aligning to the possible future access south of Hazeldean and connecting straight to Samantha Eastop Avenue, cut through traffic issues and speeding issues are of concern. Consider reconfiguration of the internal local street and implementation of traffic calming measures for review.
 5. Please note that the road works including the traffic signal (if proposed) is not DC applicable and developer's responsibility.
 6. In general, include traffic calming measures on roads within the limits of the subdivision to limit vehicular speed and improve pedestrian safety
 - a. Traffic calming measures shall reference best management practices from the Canadian Guide to Neighbourhood Traffic Calming, published by the Transportation Association of Canada, and/or Ontario Traffic Manual
 - b. These measures may include either vertical or horizontal features (such measures shall not interfere with stormwater management and overland flow routing), including but not limited to:
 - i. intersection or mid block narrowings, chicanes, medians;
 - ii. speed humps, speed tables, raised intersections, raised pedestrian crossings;
 - iii. road surface alterations (for example, use of pavers or other alternate materials, provided these are consistent with the City's Official Plan polices related to Design Priority Areas);
 - iv. pavement markings/signage; and
 - v. temporary/seasonal installations such as flexi posts or removable bollards.
 7. Site triangles at the following locations on the final plan will be required:

- a. Local Road to Local Road: 3 metre x 3 metres
- b. Local to Arterial Road: 5 metre x 5 metres
8. Noise Impact Studies required for the following:
 - a. Road
9. On site plan:
 - a. Show all details of the boundary roads up to and including the opposite curb; include such items as pavement markings, accesses and/or sidewalks
 - b. Turning templates will be required for showing the largest vehicle to access the site; required for internal movements and at all accesses
 - c. Show all curb radii measurements; ensure that all curb radii are reduced as much as possible
 - d. Show road and sidewalk widths
10. Pavement marking and signage plan will be required
11. Geometric design road design drawings will be required with the first submission of detailed design

Parks Comments

1. Parks will take parkland calculated using the rates specified in Part II, Section 3 of Parkland Dedication By-law No. 2009-95:
 - a. One hectare (ha) for every 300 single/townhouse dwelling units and
 - b. Prorated proportionally to the gross floor area that each use occupies within the apartment buildings
 - i. 10 percent for residential and
 - ii. Two percent for retail
2. A rough calculation based on the 1 ha/300 dwelling unit rate indicates that a park of at least 0.9 ha is needed whereas the proposed park is significantly smaller (0.005 ha)
3. Two smaller parks are not desirable because they are more costly to maintain
4. A rectangular park is preferred because it can better support active recreational uses (i.e., play structures, sports fields)
5. There is an opportunity to retain trees within the woodlot by relocating the park to the northwest corner of the site
 - a. Parks is open to negotiating a combination of parkland and cash if the park is enlarged and some trees are retained

6. The park is to be developer-built. The developer can opt out and provide money instead. This can be discussed throughout the process and closer to draft approval.
 - a. The park shall be built within two years of registration
 - b. Please refer to the Park Development Manual for more information regarding park development
 - c. A Facility Fit Plan will be required prior to draft approval

Environment Comments

1. An EIS is triggered to address Endangered and threatened species habitat. It will also need to address potential significant woodlands and significant wildlife habitat.
2. Look at street design to ensure street trees can be implemented.

Forestry Comments

1. a Tree Conservation Report (TCR) must be supplied for review along with the suite of other plans/reports required by the City; an approved TCR is a requirement of Site Plan or Plan of Subdivision approval
2. any removal of privately-owned trees 10cm or larger in diameter requires a tree permit issued under the Urban Tree Conservation Bylaw; the permit is based on the approved TCR
3. any removal of City-owned trees will require the permission of Forestry Services who will also review the submitted TCR
4. for this site, the TCR may be combined with the EIS (if one is required) provided all information is clearly displayed
5. the TCR must list all trees on site by species, diameter and health condition – separate stands of trees may be combined using averages
6. the TCR must address all trees with a critical root zone that extends into the developable area – all trees that could be impacted by the construction that are outside the developable area need to be addressed.
7. trees with a trunk that crosses/touches a property line are considered co-owned by both property owners; permission from the adjoining property owner must be obtained prior to the removal of co-owned trees
8. If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they can not be retained – please provide a plan showing retained and removed treed areas
9. All retained trees must be shown and all retained trees within the area impacted by the development process must be protected as per City guidelines listed on Ottawa.ca


10. the City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the site.
11. Please ensure newly planted trees have an adequate soil volume for their size at maturity
12. For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Mark Richardson mark.richardson@ottawa.ca

Please refer to the links to "[Guide to preparing studies and plans](#)" and [fees](#) for general information. Additional information is available related to [building permits, development charges, and the Accessibility Design Standards](#). Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process. You may obtain background drawings by contacting informationcentre@ottawa.ca.

These pre-con comments are valid for one year. If you submit a development application(s) after this time, you may be required to meet for another pre-consultation meeting and/or the submission requirements may change. You are as well encouraged to contact us for a follow-up meeting if the plan/concept will be further refined.

Please contact me at stream.shen@ottawa.ca or at 613-580-2424 extension 24488 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,



Stream Shen MCIP RPP
Planner II
Development Review - West

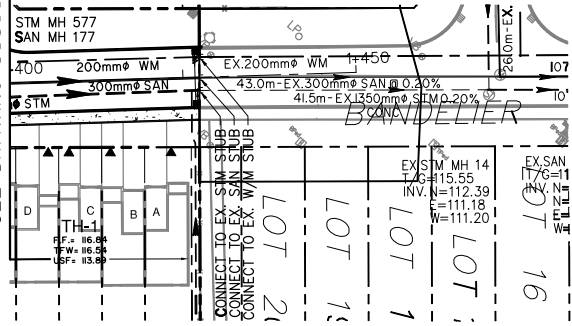
Appendix H – Background Information

Excerpt pages from Potters Key Subnivism Drawings, Atrel Engineering. (10 pages)

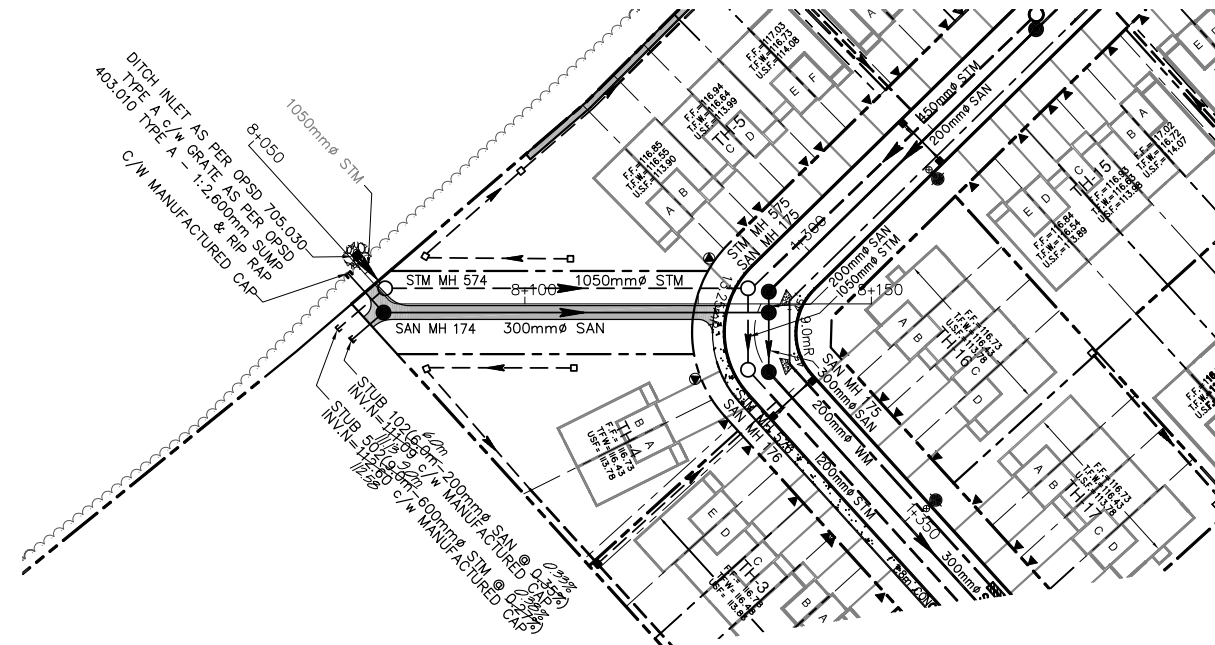
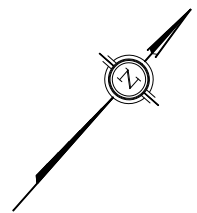
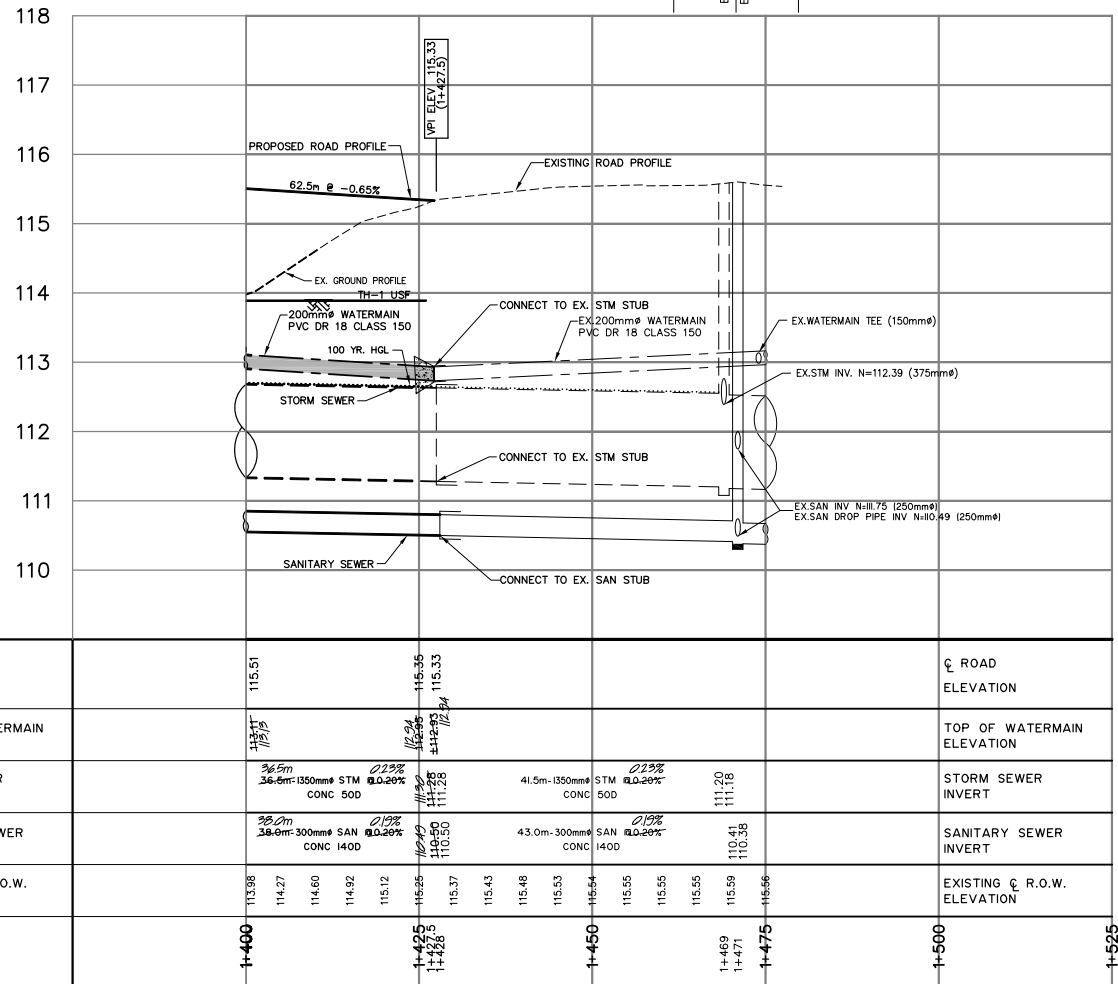
Excerpt pages from ‘Stormwater Management, Watermain, Storm Sewer and Sanitary Sewer Design Brief, Potter’s Key Subdivision, Atrel Eng. (Cover + 1 page)

Excerpt pages form “Feedmill Creek stormwater Management Criteria Study”. (Cover + 1 page)

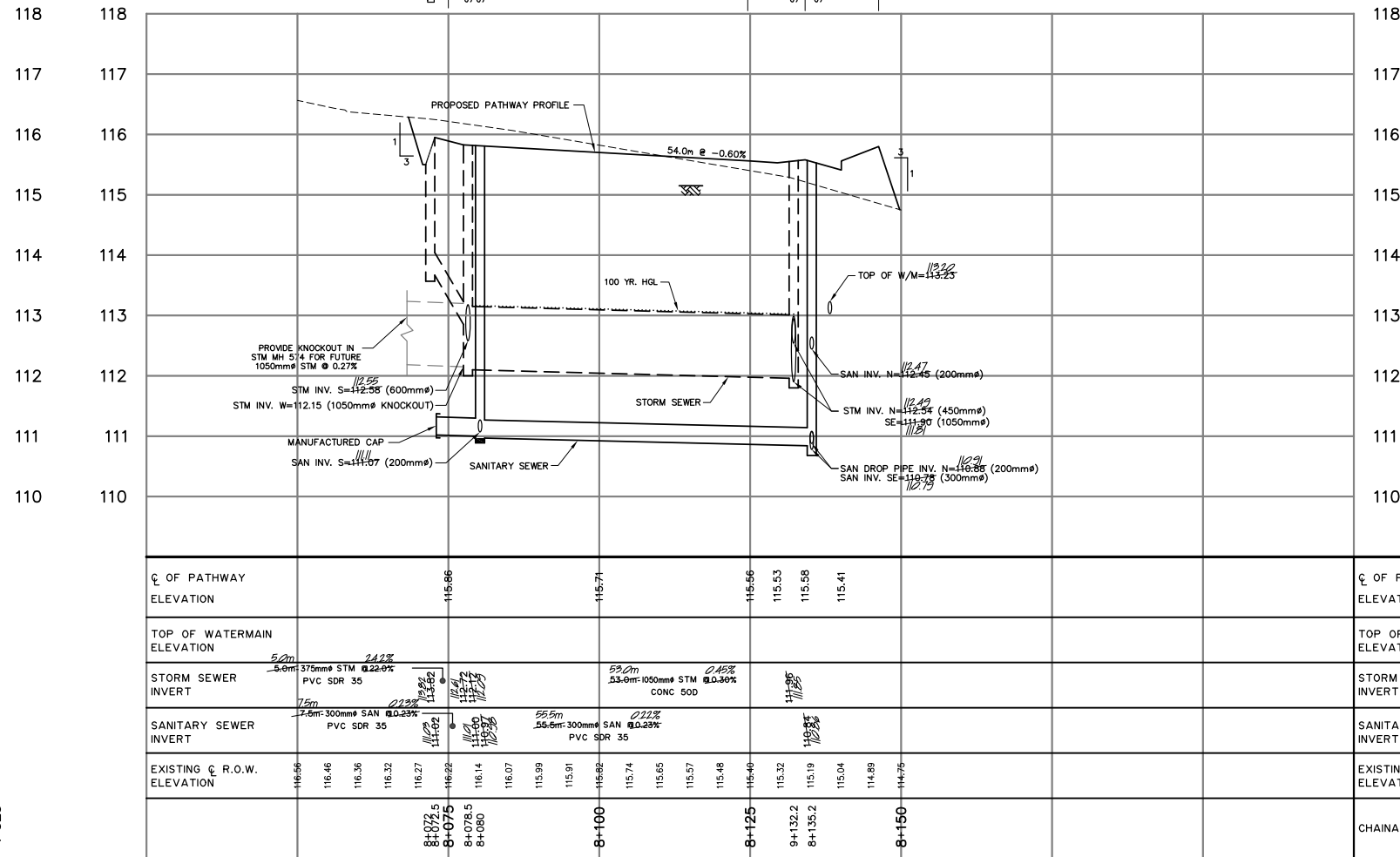
MATCH LINE STA. 1+400
SEE DRAWING 131003-P1



BANDELIER WAY
OVERLAND DRIVE



EASEMENT
BANDELIER WAY



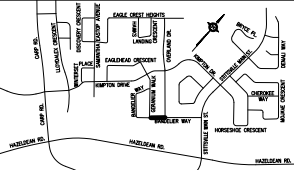
- LEGEND:**
- (OW) OUT OFF WALL (1.5m WDE) AS PER CITY STANDARD 58
 - (SL) SAFETY LANDING
 - OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT
 - TEST PIT REFUSAL

- NOTES:**
- WATERMAIN CROSSING BELOW AND OVER SEWERS AS PER CITY STD W25 AND STD W25.2 RESPECTIVELY.
 - THERMAL INSULATION OF WATERMAIN NEAR OPEN STRUCTURES AS PER CITY STD W23.

RECORD DRAWING
JANUARY 03, 2018

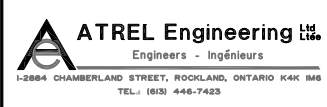
THIS "RECORD DRAWING" HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INSPECTIONS AND OBSERVATIONS UNDERTAKEN BY FIELD STAFF DURING KEY STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION AND ON INFORMATION SUBMITTED, IN PART BY OTHERS. WHILE THIS INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE, ATRTEL ENGINEERING LTD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS ACCURACY, OR FOR ERRORS OR OMISSIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THIS DRAWING AS A RESULT.

NOTE:
THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMAINS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.



No.	REVISION	APPLIES WHEN DRAWING MODIFIED	DATE	BY
1	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		DEC. 06/16	JMD
2	FOR ORDERING		FEB. 3/17	JMD
3	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		FEB. 9/17	JMD
4	ISSUED FOR TENDER		FEB. 23/17	JMD
5	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION		MAR. 31/17	JMD
6	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		APR. 12/17	JMD
7	ISSUED FOR ROAD CONSTRUCTION		MAY 17/17	JMD
8	REVISED COMPOSITE UTILITY PLAN		JUNE 06/17	AGS
9	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		AUG. 02/17	AGS
10	RECORD DRAWING		JAN. 03/18	AGS

SCALE	DESIGN	VLL
1:500	CHECKED	AGS
1:50	CHECKED	AGS
1:50	APPROVED	AGS



CITY OF OTTAWA
POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION (STITTSVILLE)
PLAN AND PROFILE
BANDELIER WAY
STATION 1+400 TO STATION 1+725

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.
CLIENT No. 148
PROJECT No. 131003
DATE JANUARY, 2014
DRAWING No. 131003-P2

D07-16-14-0013

MATCH LINE STA. 3+400
SEE DRAWING 131003-P5

SEE DRAWING 131003-P10

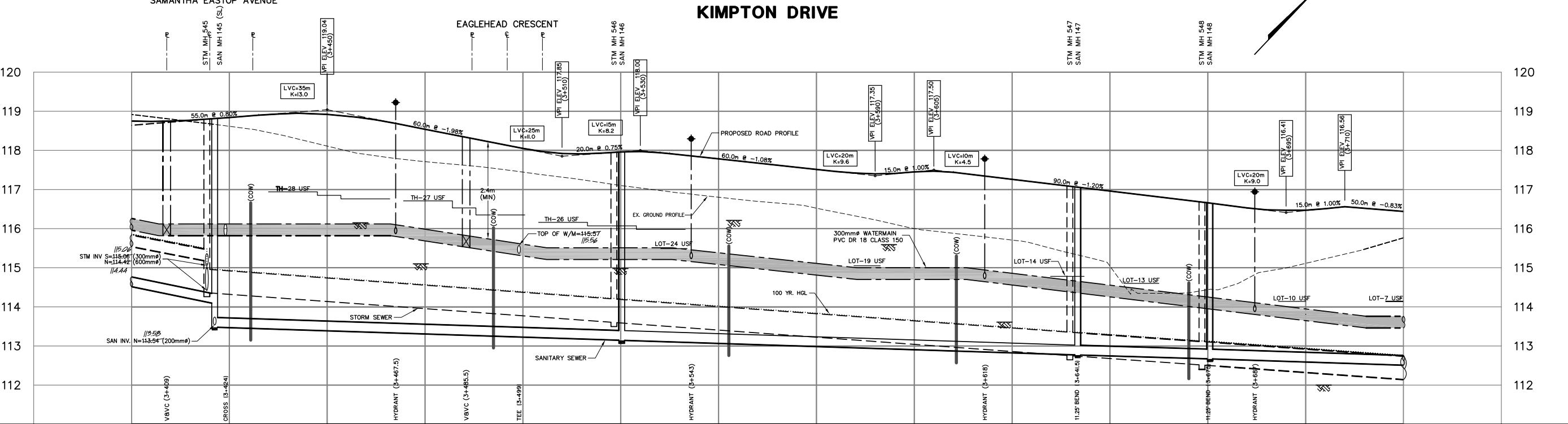
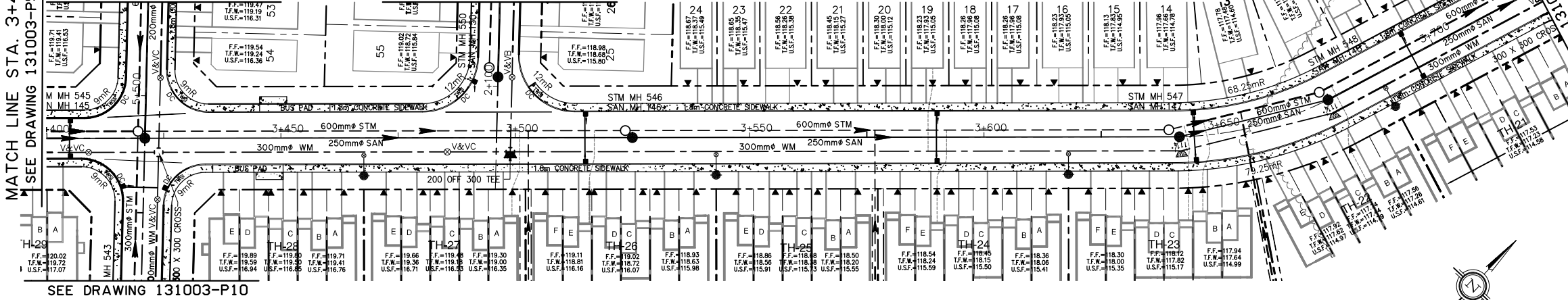
SEE DRAWING 131003-P3

- LEGEND:**
- (COW) OUT OFF WALL (1.5m WDE) AS PER CITY STANDARD 58
 - (SL) SAFETY LANDING
 - OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT
 - TEST PIT REFUSAL

- NOTES:**
- WATERMAIN CROSSING BELOW AND OVER SEWERS AS PER CITY STD W25 AND STD W25.2 RESPECTIVELY.
 - THERMAL INSULATION OF WATERMAIN NEAR OPEN STRUCTURES AS PER CITY STD W23.

RECORD DRAWING
JANUARY 09, 2018

THIS "RECORD DRAWING" HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INSPECTIONS AND OBSERVATIONS UNDERTAKEN BY FIELD STAFF DURING KEY STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION AND ON INFORMATION SUBMITTED, IN PART BY OTHERS. WHILE THIS INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE, ATRTEL ENGINEERING LTD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS ACCURACY, OR FOR ERRORS OR OMISSIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED INTO THIS DRAWING AS A RESULT.



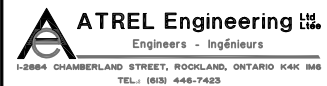
CHAINAGE	EXISTING C.R.O.W. ELEVATION	SANITARY SEWER INVERT	STORM SEWER INVERT	TOP OF WATERMAIN ELEVATION	C ROAD ELEVATION
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3+415	118.86	114.25	114.42	118.74	118.74
3+425	118.80	114.25	114.42	118.75	118.75
3+435	118.74	114.25	114.42	118.77	118.77
3+445	118.68	114.25	114.42	118.84	118.84
3+455	118.55	114.25	114.42	118.90	118.90
3+465	118.46	114.25	114.42	118.93	118.93
3+475	118.35	114.25	114.42	118.95	118.95
3+485	118.23	114.25	114.42	118.92	118.92
3+495	118.11	114.25	114.42	118.85	118.85
3+505	117.99	114.25	114.42	118.78	118.78
3+515	117.90	114.25	114.42	118.69	118.69
3+525	117.83	114.25	114.42	118.54	118.54
3+535	117.77	114.25	114.42	118.05	118.05
3+545	117.67	114.25	114.42	117.97	117.97
3+555	117.62	114.25	114.42	117.92	117.92
3+565	117.57	114.25	114.42	117.91	117.91
3+575	117.51	114.25	114.42	117.93	117.93
3+585	117.46	114.25	114.42	117.96	117.96
3+595	117.38	114.25	114.42	117.97	117.97
3+605	117.32	114.25	114.42	117.94	117.94
3+615	117.25	114.25	114.42	117.45	117.45
3+625	117.18	114.25	114.42	117.47	117.47
3+635	117.10	114.25	114.42	117.44	117.44
3+645	117.04	114.25	114.42	117.28	117.28
3+655	116.97	114.25	114.42	116.96	116.96
3+665	116.91	114.25	114.42	116.53	116.53
3+675	116.86	114.25	114.42	116.48	116.48
3+685	116.75	114.25	114.42	116.47	116.47
3+695	116.70	114.25	114.42	116.51	116.51
3+705	116.65	114.25	114.42	116.56	116.56
3+715	116.61	114.25	114.42	116.44	116.44
3+725	116.52	114.25	114.42	116.44	116.44

NOTE: THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMAINS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.



No.	REVISION	APPLIES WHEN DRAWING MODIFIED	DATE	BY
1	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		DEC. 06/16	JMD
2	FOR ORDERING		FEB. 3/17	JMD
3	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		FEB. 9/17	JMD
4	ISSUED FOR TENDER		FEB. 23/17	JMD
5	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION		MAR. 31/17	JMD
6	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		APR. 12/17	JMD
7	ISSUED FOR ROAD CONSTRUCTION		MAY 17/17	JMD
8	REVISED COMPOSITE UTILITY PLAN		JUNE 06/17	AGS
9	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		AUG. 02/17	AGS
10	RECORD DRAWING		JAN. 03/18	AGS

SCALE	DESIGN	CHECKED	DRAWN	APPROVED
1:500	VLL	AGS	PNC	AGS
HORIZONTAL				
1:50				
VERTICAL				

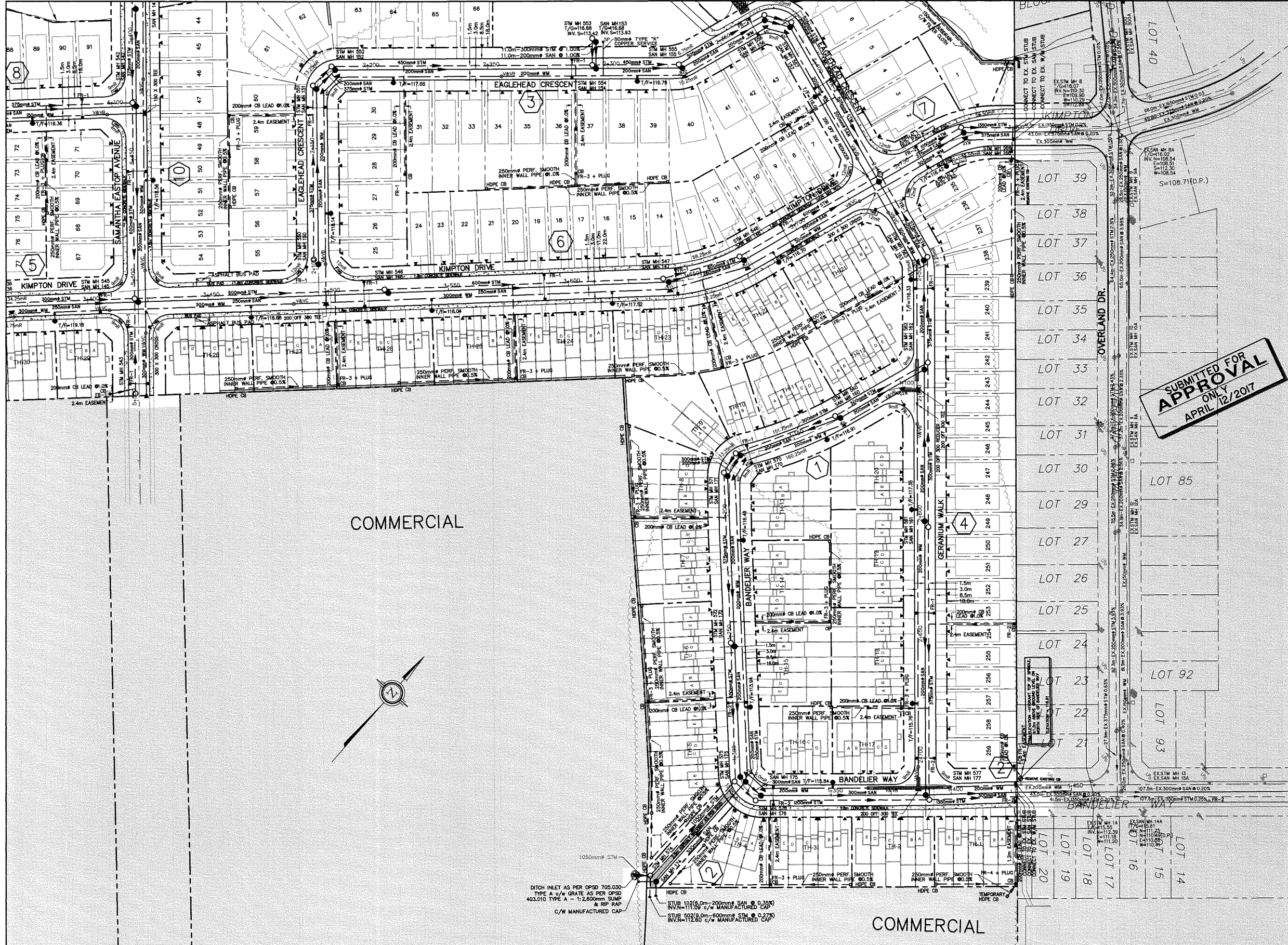


CITY OF OTTAWA
POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION (STITTSVILLE)
PLAN AND PROFILE
KIMPTON DRIVE
STATION 3+400 TO STATION 3+725

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.

CLIENT No.	148
PROJECT No.	131003
DATE	JANUARY, 2014
DRAWING No.	131003-P6

D07-16-14-0013



- NOTES:**
- CONSTRUCT ALL WATERMAIN TO CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS. BEDDING SHALL BE AS PER OPSD 1102.01 AND OPSD 1102.02.
 - PROVIDE INSULATION AT CATCHBASINS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARD DRAWING W63.
 - INSTALL ALL SERVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARD DRAWING R21, W26, W36, W38 AND S11.1.
 - PROMOTE CATHODIC PROTECTION TO CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
 - RESTRAIN ALL BENDS, TEES, AND CAPS TO CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
 - ALL SERVICES SHALL BE PLACED AT A DISTANCE OF 1/3 FROM SIDE PROPERTY LINE.
 - ALL SIDEWALKS SHALL BE HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE AND AS PER CITY STANDARD SCA, S08 AND S07.2.
 - ALL CONNECTION TO EXISTING WM STUB BY CITY OF OTTAWA. EXCAVATION, BACKFILL AND REINSTATEMENT BY CONTRACTOR.
 - CONNECT TO EXISTING W/M VA T.V.S. VALVE CHAMBER AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W11.
 - CONNECT TO EX. SAN AND STM STUBS.
 - IN AREAS WHERE SERVICE TRENCHES ARE LOCATED WITHIN 3 METRES OF RESIDENTIAL FOUNDATION, SUCH AS REAR YARD CATCHBASIN LEADS, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO BACKFILL THE PORTION OF THE TRENCH BELOW THE FOUNDATION LEVEL WITH ENGINEERED FILL.
 - FOR THRUST BLOCK DESIGN, ON THE WATERMAIN, A SOIL BEARING CAPACITY OF 20 KPA CAN BE USED. (REFER TO 131003-101 FOR DESIGN)
 - ALL STORM SEWERS 900mm AND GREATER TO BE BENDED. ALL SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE BENDED. SEWER SHALL HAVE CLASS "B" BEDDING.
 - THE CITY OF OTTAWA WILL NOT PERMIT ANY ENCROACHMENTS ONTO ANY REAR YARD CATCH BASIN LEAD DRAINAGE EASEMENTS.
 - ALL STORM AND SANITARY SERVICES ARE TO BE EQUIPPED WITH A BACKWATER VALVES, AS PER CITY STANDARD S14 AND S14.2.
 - ALL HYDRANTS ARE TO BE LOCATED AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD DRAWING W18 AND INSTALLED AS PER W18.
 - CONTRACTOR IS TO REPAIR BENDING TO ALL EXISTING SAN MH PRIOR TO CONNECTIONS.
 - SPECIAL PIPE BEDDING AND COVER IS REQUIRED IN AREAS OF GRAY SILTY CLAY AND SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE GEOLOGICAL ENGINEER PRIOR TO BACKFILL.
 - CURBS SHALL BE DERESSED AT EVERY ENTRANCE CROSSING AS PER CITY STANDARD S011 AND S07.1.
 - PERFORATED PIPE FOR REAR YARD SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER CITY STANDARD S29.
 - ALL SANITARY AND STORM MANHOLE COVERS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER THE CORRESPONDING CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD DETAIL DRAWING (REFER TO 131003-101).

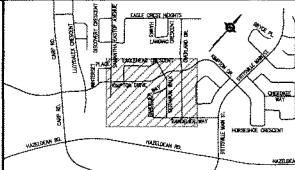
SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL ONLY
APRIL 12/2017

REVIEWED BY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BRANCH
Signed: *[Signature]* FOR James Hall
Date: 04/11/2017
Plan Number: 17310

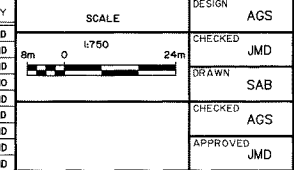
LEGEND

	EXISTING TREE LINE
	EXISTING TREES
	EXISTING FENCE
	EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT
	EXISTING VALVE AND VALVE CHAMBER
	EXISTING VALVE AND VALVE BOX
	EXISTING STORM MANHOLE
	EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE
	EXISTING CATCHBASIN
	EXISTING LIGHT POLE
	EXISTING HYDRO POST
	EXISTING SIGN
	EX. PADMOUNT HYDRO TRANSFORMER
	EXISTING BELL PEDESTAL
	EXISTING CABLE PEDESTAL
	EXISTING STANDARD IRON BAR
	EXISTING WATERMAIN
	EXISTING STORM SEWER
	EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
	PROPOSED WATERMAIN
	PROPOSED STORM SEWER
	PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
	PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
	PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
	PROPOSED BEND C/W THRUSTBLOCK (SPECIAL DESIGN)
	PROPOSED CAP C/W THRUSTBLOCK (SPECIAL DESIGN)
	PROPOSED VALVE AND VALVE BOX
	PROPOSED VALVE AND VALVE CHAMBER
	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
	PROPOSED DITCH INLET CATCHBASIN AS PER OPSD 705.030 C/W 3%:1V SLOPED GRATE AND DETAIL IN DRAWING 131003-101
	PROPOSED CATCHBASIN
	PROPOSED RETAINING WALLS
	PROPOSED TOP OF FLANGE ELEVATION
	HOUSE SERVICE
	NON-TYPICAL HOUSE SERVICE
	FLOW RESTRICTOR AND PLUG WHERE APPLICABLE (SEE 131003-101 FOR DETAILS)
	CURB RADIUS
	TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATORS
	OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT
	PROFILE NUMBER
	ELEVATION - IMPORTANT TOP OF SPOW, 11.1m ABOVE GROUND LEVEL ON NORTH SIDE OF BANDELIER WAY ELEVATION = 116.81

THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.



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4	△	AS PER CITY COMMENTS	DEC. 06/16	JMD
5	△	FOR ORDERING	FEB. 3/17	JMD
6	△	AS PER CITY COMMENTS	FEB. 9/17	JMD
7	△	ISSUED FOR TENDER	FEB. 23/17	JMD
8	△	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	MAR. 31/17	JMD
9	△	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL	APR. 12/17	JMD



DESIGN AGS
CHECKED JMD
DRAWN SAB
CHECKED AGS
APPROVED JMD

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
A.G.Y. SAUVE
100142393
APR 12, 2017
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
M. DECOEUR
100112260
APR 12, 2017
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

ATREL Engineering Ltd.
Engineers - Ingénieurs
1-2884 CHAMBERLAND STREET, ROCKLAND, ONTARIO K4K 1A8
TEL: (613) 446-7425

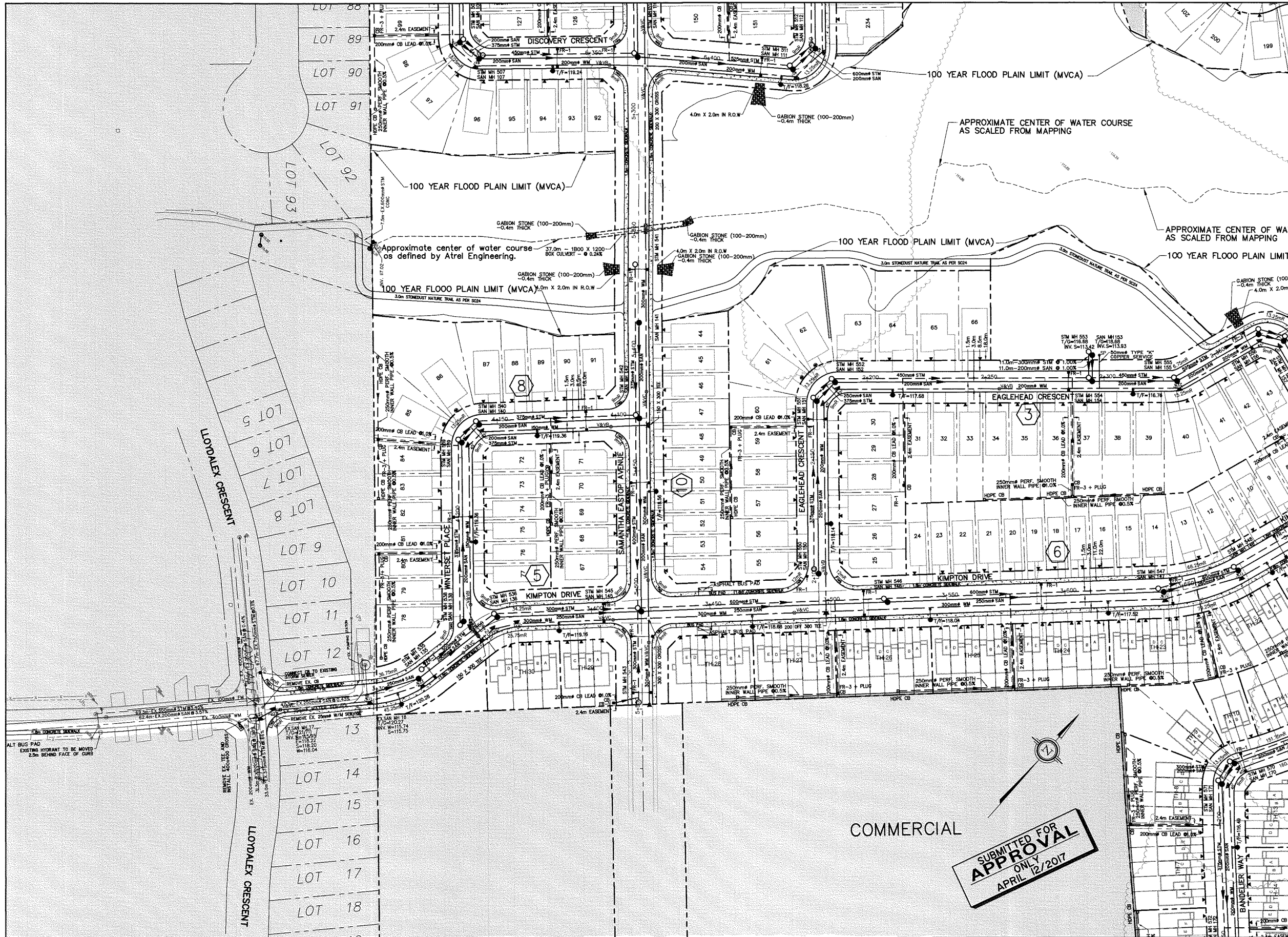
CITY OF OTTAWA
POTTER'S KEY
SUBDIVISION
(STITTSVILLE)

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.

CLIENT No. 148
PROJECT No. 131003
DATE JANUARY, 2014
DRAWING No. 131003-SI

PLAN
GENERAL PLAN OF SERVICES

D07-16-14-0013



- NOTES:**
- CONSTRUCT ALL WATERMAIN TO CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS. BEDDING SHALL BE AS PER CITY STANDARD DRAWING 1102.01 AND COVER 1102.02.
 - PROVIDE INSULATION AT CATCHBASINS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARD DRAWING W23.
 - INSTALL ALL SERVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARD DRAWING R21, W28, W36, W38 AND S11.1.
 - PROVIDE CATHODIC PROTECTION TO CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
 - RESTRAIN ALL BENDS, TEES, AND CAPS TO CITY OF OTTAWA'S STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
 - ALL SERVICES SHALL BE PLACED AT A DISTANCE OF 1/3 FROM SIDE PROPERTY LINE.
 - ALL SIDEWALKS SHALL BE HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE AND AS PER CITY STANDARD S24, S25 AND S27.2.
 - ALL CONNECTION TO EXISTING WM STUB BY CITY OF OTTAWA EXCAVATION, BACKFILL AND REINSTATEMENT BY CONTRACTOR.
 - CONNECT TO EXISTING W/M VIA T.V.S. VALVE CHAMBER AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD W11.
 - CONNECT TO EX. SAN AND STM STUBS.
 - IN AREAS WHERE SERVICE TRENCHES ARE LOCATED WITHIN 3 METRES OF RESIDENTIAL FOUNDATION, SLOAN AS REAR YARD CATCH-BASIN LEADS, IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO BACKFILL THE PORTION OF THE TRENCH BELOW THE FOUNDATION LEVEL WITH ENGINEERED FILL.
 - FOR THRUST BLOCK DESIGN, ON THE WATERMAIN, A SOIL BEARING CAPACITY OF 20 KPA CAN BE USED. (REFER TO 131003-TD1 FOR DESIGN)
 - ALL STORM SEWERS 900mm AND GREATER TO BE BENCHED. ALL SANITARY MANHOLES TO BE BENCHED. SEWER SHALL HAVE CLASS "B" BEDDING.
 - THE CITY OF OTTAWA WILL NOT PERMIT ANY ENCROACHMENTS ONTO ANY REAR YARD CATCH BASIN LEAD DRAINAGE EASEMENTS.
 - ALL STORM AND SANITARY SERVICES ARE TO BE EQUIPPED WITH A BACKWATER VALVES. AS PER CITY STANDARD S14 AND S14.2.
 - ALL HYDRANTS ARE TO BE LOCATED AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD DRAWING W18 AND W18.1.
 - CONTRACTOR IS TO REPAIR BENCHING TO ALL EXISTING SAN MH PRIOR TO CONNECTIONS.
 - SPECIAL PIPE BEDDING AND COVER IS REQUIRED IN AREAS OF GRAY SILTY CLAY AND SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER PRIOR TO BACKFILL.
 - CURBS SHALL BE DERESSED AT EVERY ENTRANCE CROSSING AS PER CITY STANDARD S21.1 AND S27.1.
 - PERFORATED PIPE FOR REAR YARD SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER CITY STANDARD S29.
 - ALL SANITARY AND STORM MANHOLE COVERS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER THE CORRESPONDING CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD DETAIL DRAWING (REFER TO 131003-101).

REVIEWED BY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BRANCH
 Signed: *[Signature]*
 Date: 04/12/2017
 Plan Number: 7314

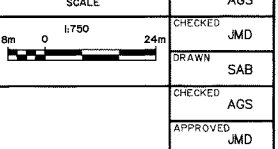
LEGEND

	EXISTING TREE LINE
	EXISTING TREES
	EXISTING FENCE
	EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT
	EXISTING VALVE AND VALVE CHAMBER
	EXISTING VALVE AND VALVE BOX
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	EXISTING WATERMAIN
	EXISTING STORM SEWER
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	PROPOSED WATERMAIN
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	PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
	PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
	PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
	PROPOSED BEND C/W THRUSTBLOCK (SPECIAL DESIGN)
	PROPOSED CAP C/W THRUSTBLOCK (SPECIAL DESIGN)
	PROPOSED VALVE AND VALVE BOX
	PROPOSED VALVE AND VALVE CHAMBER
	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
	PROPOSED DITCH INLET CATCHBASIN AS PER CP50 705.030 C/W 30x11" SLOPED GRATE
	PROP. HOPE CS AS PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARD S30, AND DETAIL IN DRAWING 131003-101
	PROPOSED CATCHBASIN
	PROPOSED RETAINING WALLS
	PROPOSED INSULATION (SEE PROFILES FOR DETAILS)
	PROPOSED TOP OF FLANGE ELEVATION
	HOUSE SERVICE
	HOUSE SERVICE IN DRIVEWAY
	NON-TYPICAL HOUSE SERVICE
	FLOW RESTRICTOR AND PLUG WHERE APPLICABLE (SEE 131003 TD-1 FOR DETAILS)
	CURB RADIUS
	TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATORS
	OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT
	PROFILE NUMBER
	ELEVATION - STREAM TOP OF SAMPLE 2.1m ABOVE GROUND LEVEL ON NORTH SIDE OF BANDERLEY WAY ELEVATION = 116.81

THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.



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1	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		MAY 05/16	JMD
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3	ISSUED FOR TENDER		OCT. 31/16	JMD
4	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		DEC. 06/16	JMD
5	FOR ORDERING		FEB. 3/17	JMD
6	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		FEB. 9/17	JMD
7	ISSUED FOR TENDER		FEB. 23/17	JMD
8	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION		MAR. 31/17	JMD
9	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		APR. 12/17	JMD



DESIGN: AGS
 CHECKED: JMD
 DRAWN: SAB
 CHECKED: AGS
 APPROVED: JMD

AGS
 JMD

AGS
 JMD

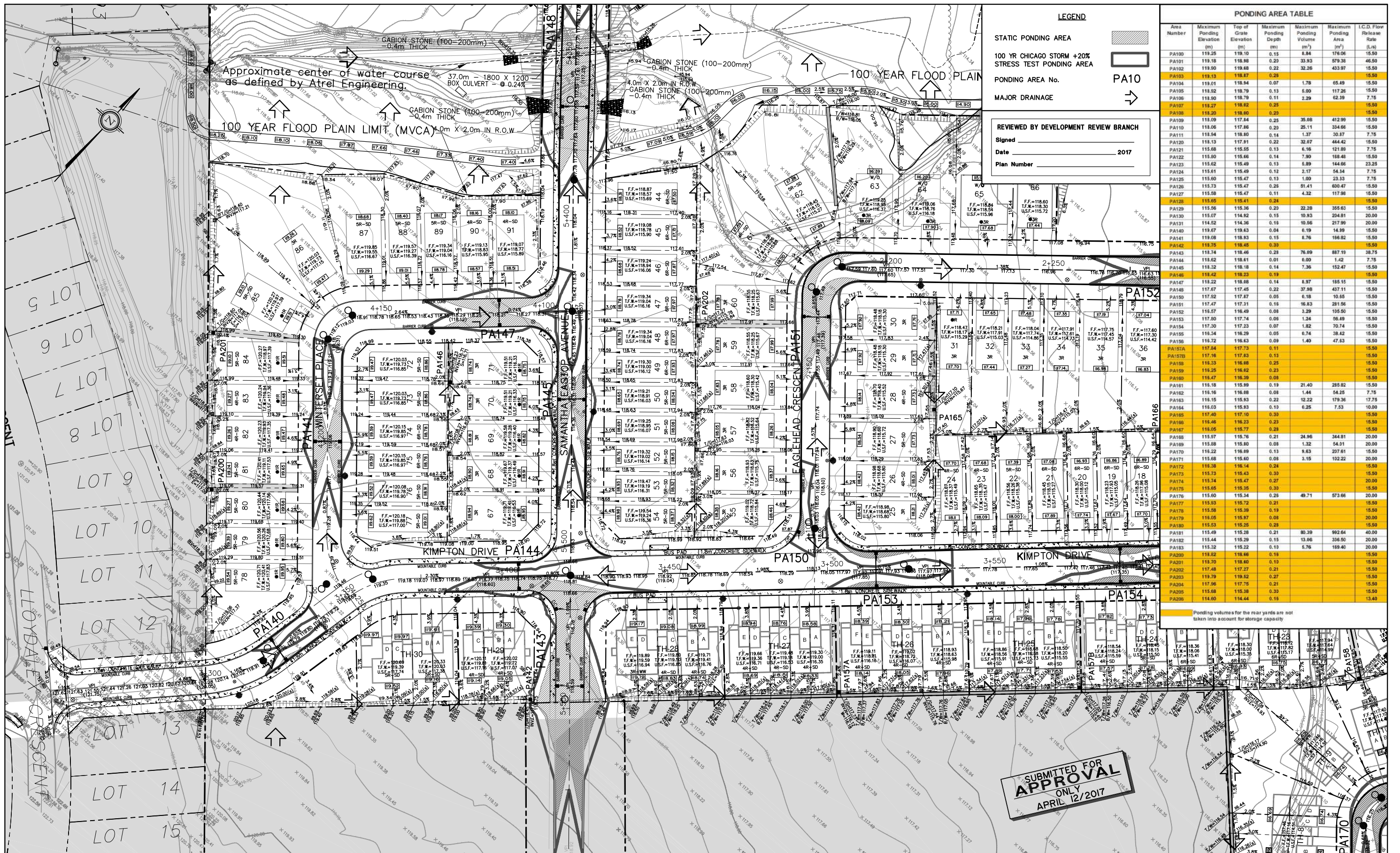
ATREL Engineering Ltd.
 Engineers - Ingénieurs
 1-2304 CHAMBERLAND STREET, WOODLAND, ONTARIO M4K 3W8
 TEL: (416) 445-7425

CITY OF OTTAWA
POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION (STITTVILLE)

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.

CLIENT No. 148
 PROJECT No. 131003
 DATE: JANUARY, 2014
 DRAWING No. 131003-S2

D07-16-14-0013



LEGEND

STATIC PONDING AREA

100 YR CHICAGO STORM +20% STRESS TEST PONDING AREA

PONDING AREA No. PA10

MAJOR DRAINAGE

REVIEWED BY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BRANCH

Signed _____

Date _____ 2017

Plan Number _____

PONDING AREA TABLE						
Area Number	Maximum Ponding Elevation	Top of Gate Elevation	Maximum Ponding Depth	Maximum Ponding Volume	Maximum Ponding Area	I.C.D. Flow Release Rate
PA100	119.25	119.10	0.15	8.94	176.06	15.50
PA101	119.18	118.88	0.29	33.93	579.38	46.50
PA102	119.90	119.68	0.22	32.26	439.97	15.50
PA103	118.13	118.87	0.25			15.50
PA104	119.01	118.84	0.07	1.78	65.49	15.50
PA105	118.92	118.79	0.13	5.00	117.26	15.50
PA106	118.90	118.79	0.11	2.29	62.39	7.75
PA107	118.27	118.82	0.25			15.50
PA108	118.20	118.00	0.20			15.50
PA109	118.09	117.84	0.25	35.88	412.90	15.50
PA110	118.06	117.86	0.20	25.11	334.66	15.50
PA111	118.54	118.80	0.14	1.37	30.37	7.75
PA120	118.13	117.91	0.22	32.87	444.42	15.50
PA121	118.68	118.55	0.13	4.96	181.89	7.75
PA122	118.20	118.66	0.14	7.90	188.46	15.50
PA123	118.62	118.49	0.13	5.89	144.66	23.25
PA124	118.61	118.49	0.12	3.17	54.34	7.75
PA125	118.60	118.47	0.13	1.00	23.33	7.75
PA126	118.73	118.47	0.26	51.41	600.47	15.50
PA127	118.58	118.47	0.11	4.32	117.98	15.50
PA128	118.65	118.41	0.24			15.50
PA129	118.56	118.36	0.20	22.28	355.63	15.50
PA130	118.07	118.42	0.15	19.93	294.81	20.00
PA131	118.52	118.36	0.16	19.56	217.90	20.00
PA140	119.67	119.63	0.04	6.19	14.99	15.50
PA141	119.08	118.93	0.15	8.76	196.82	15.50
PA142	119.25	119.45	0.30			15.50
PA143	119.74	118.46	0.28	76.89	887.19	28.75
PA144	119.82	118.61	0.01	6.00	1.42	7.75
PA145	118.32	118.18	0.14	7.38	152.47	15.50
PA146	118.42	118.23	0.19			15.50
PA147	118.22	118.08	0.14	5.97	185.15	15.50
PA148	117.47	117.45	0.22	37.98	437.11	15.50
PA150	117.92	117.87	0.05	6.18	10.55	15.50
PA151	117.47	117.31	0.16	16.83	281.56	15.50
PA152	116.67	116.49	0.08	3.29	195.50	15.50
PA153	117.80	117.74	0.06	1.24	56.49	15.50
PA154	117.30	117.23	0.07	1.82	70.74	15.50
PA155	116.34	116.29	0.05	6.74	38.42	15.50
PA156	116.72	116.63	0.09	1.40	47.53	15.50
PA157A	117.84	117.73	0.11			15.50
PA157B	117.16	117.63	0.13			15.50
PA158	118.33	118.08	0.25			15.50
PA159	118.25	118.02	0.23			15.50
PA160	118.47	118.39	0.08			15.50
PA161	116.18	116.09	0.19	21.40	285.82	15.50
PA162	116.18	116.08	0.08	1.44	54.25	7.75
PA163	116.15	116.03	0.22	12.22	179.36	17.75
PA164	116.03	115.83	0.10	6.25	7.53	10.00
PA165	117.40	117.10	0.30			15.50
PA166	116.46	116.23	0.23			15.50
PA167	116.05	115.77	0.28			15.50
PA168	115.97	115.76	0.21	24.96	344.81	20.00
PA169	115.88	115.80	0.08	1.32	54.91	20.00
PA170	116.22	116.09	0.13	9.63	207.61	15.50
PA171	115.68	115.60	0.08	3.15	192.22	20.00
PA172	116.38	116.14	0.24			15.50
PA173	115.73	115.43	0.30			15.50
PA174	115.74	115.47	0.27			20.00
PA175	115.68	115.35	0.33			15.50
PA176	115.60	115.34	0.26	49.71	573.66	20.00
PA177	115.23	115.72	0.29			15.50
PA178	115.28	115.36	0.18			15.50
PA179	116.05	115.97	0.08			20.00
PA180	115.53	115.25	0.28			15.50
PA181	115.49	115.28	0.21	80.39	992.64	40.00
PA182	115.44	115.29	0.15	13.86	336.50	20.00
PA183	115.32	115.22	0.10	5.76	169.40	20.00
PA200	118.82	118.66	0.16			15.50
PA201	118.70	118.60	0.10			15.50
PA202	117.48	117.27	0.21			15.50
PA203	119.79	119.52	0.27			15.50
PA204	117.96	117.75	0.21			15.50
PA205	115.68	115.38	0.30			15.50
PA206	114.60	114.44	0.16			13.40

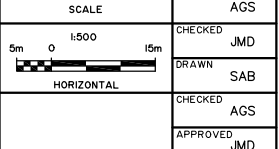
Ponding volumes for the rear yards are not taken into account for storage capacity

SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL ONLY
APRIL 12/2017

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9	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		APR. 12/17	JMD



DESIGN AGS
CHECKED JMD
DRAWN SAB
CHECKED AGS
APPROVED JMD

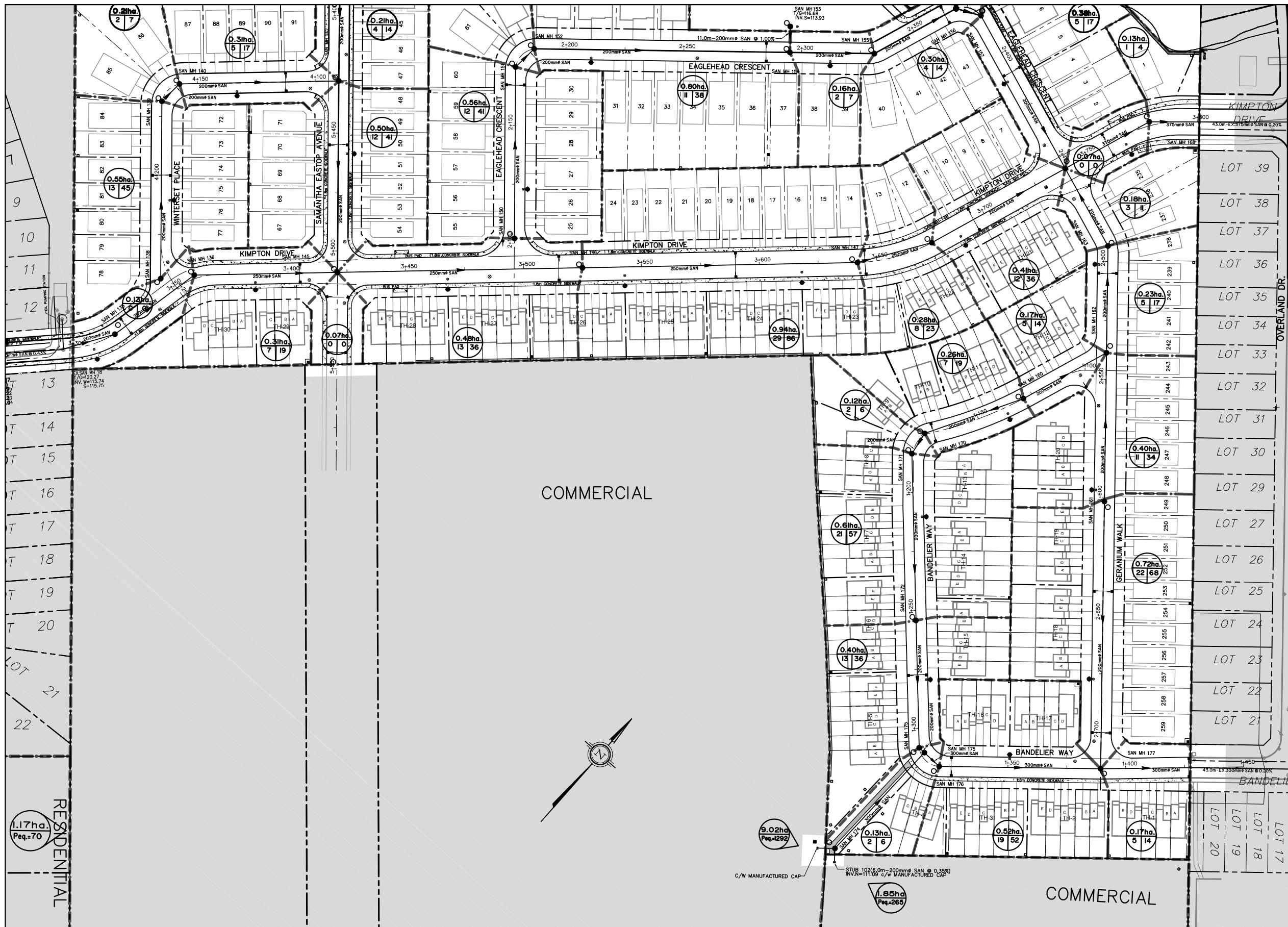
ATREL Engineering Ltd.
Engineers - Ingénieurs
1-2884 CHAMBERLAND STREET, ROCKLAND, ONTARIO K4K 3A6
TEL: (813) 446-7423

CITY OF OTTAWA
POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION
(STITTVILLE)

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.

CLIENT No. 148
PROJECT No. 131003
DATE JANUARY, 2014
DRAWING No. 131003-PA3

D07-16-14-0013

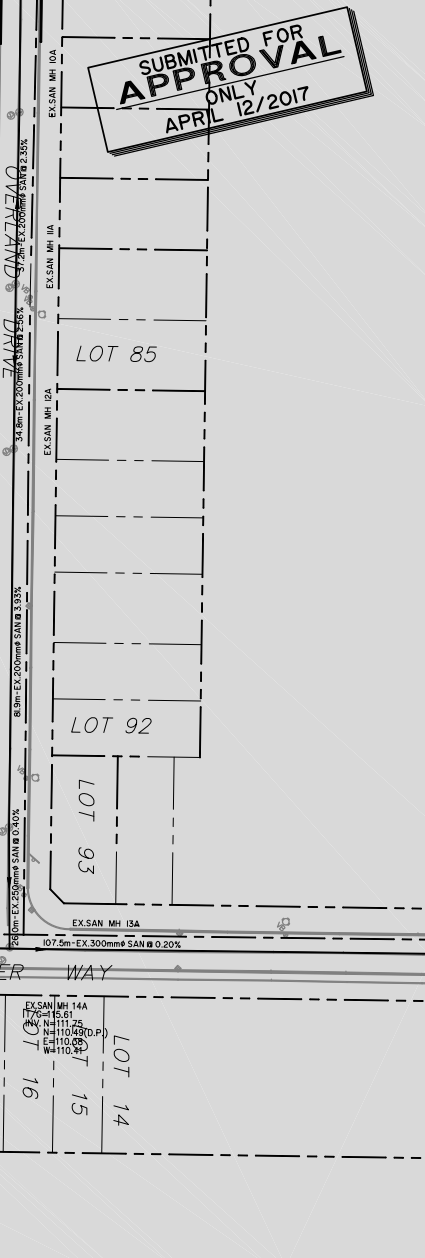


LEGEND

- 0.63ha / 10 / 40: SANITARY DRAINAGE SUB AREA POPULATION EQUIVALENT
- 0.21ha / 4 / 14: NUMBER OF UNITS IN SUB AREA
- : DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
- : PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
- : EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
- : OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

REVIEWED BY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BRANCH

Signed _____
 Date _____ 2017
 Plan Number _____

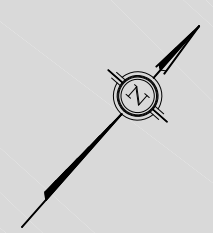


SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL ONLY
 APRIL 12/2017

COMMERCIAL

COMMERCIAL

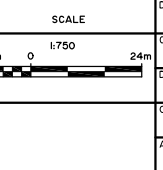
RESIDENTIAL



THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.



No.	REVISION	APPLIES WHEN DRAWING MODIFIED	DATE	BY
1	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		MAY 05/16	JMD
2	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		AUG 08/16	JMD
3	ISSUED FOR TENDER		OCT. 31/16	JMD
4	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		DEC. 06/16	JMD
5	FOR ORDERING		FEB. 3/17	JMD
6	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		FEB. 9/17	JMD
7	ISSUED FOR TENDER		FEB. 23/17	JMD
8	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION		MAR. 31/17	JMD
9	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL		APR. 12/17	JMD



DESIGN
 CHECKED: JMD
 DRAWN: PNC
 CHECKED: AGS
 APPROVED: JMD



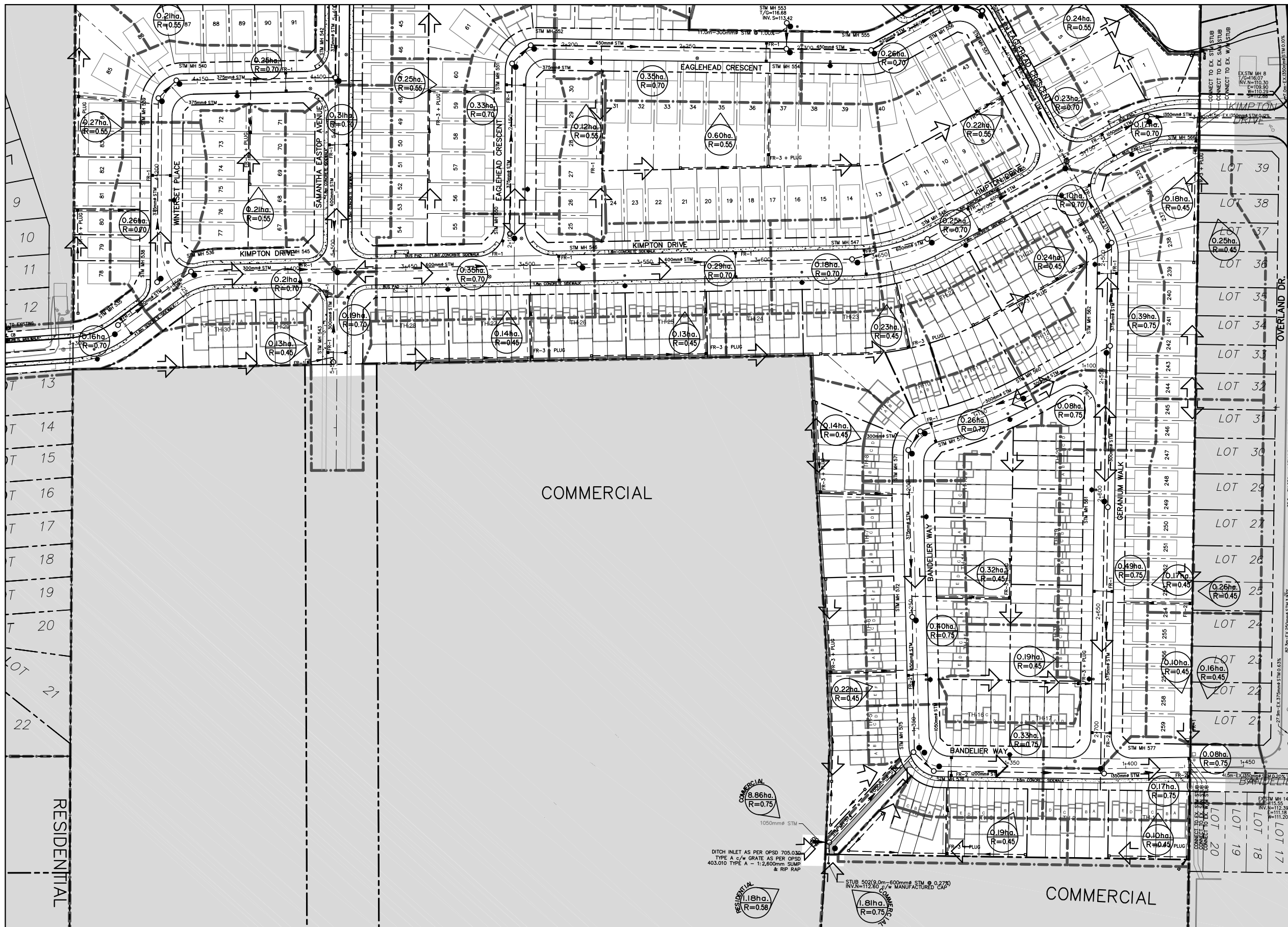
ATREL Engineering Ltd.
 Engineers - Ingénieurs
 1-2884 CHAMBERLAND STREET, ROCKLAND, ONTARIO K4K 3A6
 TEL.: (813) 446-7423

CITY OF OTTAWA
 POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION
 (STITTSVILLE)

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.

CLIENT No. 148
 PROJECT No. 131003
 DATE JANUARY, 2014
 DRAWING No. 131003-SANI

D07-16-14-0013



LEGEND

- FUTURE STORM DRAINAGE AREA
- RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
- PROPOSED STORM SEWER
- DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
- MAJOR DRAINAGE SYSTEM
- EXISTING STORM SEWER
- OUTSIDE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

REVIEWED BY DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BRANCH

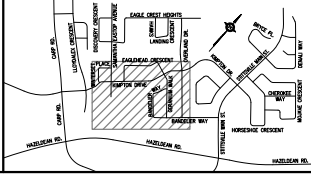
Signed _____

Date _____ 2017

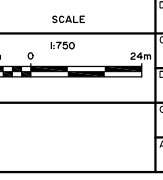
Plan Number _____

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APRIL 12/2017

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5	FOR ORDERING		FEB. 9/17	JMD
6	AS PER CITY COMMENTS		FEB. 23/17	JMD
7	ISSUED FOR TENDER		MAR. 31/17	JMD
8	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION		APR. 12/17	JMD
9	SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL			



DESIGN
AGS
CHECKED
JMD
DRAWN
PNC
CHECKED
AGS
APPROVED
JMD



ATREL Engineering Ltd.
Engineers - Ingénieurs
1-2884 CHAMBERLAND STREET, ROCKLAND, ONTARIO K4K 3K6
TEL.: (813) 446-7423

CITY OF OTTAWA
POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION (STITTSVILLE)
PLAN
STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.

CLIENT No. **148**
PROJECT No. **131003**
DATE **JANUARY, 2014**
DRAWING No. **131003-STMI**

D07-16-14-0013

MINTO COMMUNITIES INC.



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT, WATERMAIN, STORM SEWER AND SANITARY SEWER

DESIGN BRIEF

**PART OF LOT 23 AND 24
CONCESSION 12**

POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION

CITY OF OTTAWA

FEBRUARY 2017



(Revision 5)

SANITARY SEWER COMPUTATION FORM

DATE: **February 2017**
 DESIGNED BY: **VLL**
 CHECKED BY: **AGS**

PROJECT: **POTTER'S KEY SUBDIVISION**
 CLIENT: **Minto Communities Inc.**
 PROJECT #: **131003**
 BY: **ATREL ENGINEERING LTD**

q= 350 l/cap.day
 I= 0.28 l/ha.s
 PVC/CONC N= 0.013
 OTHER N= 0.024

Table 20
 Single dwelling= 3.4 person/unit
 Townhouse= 2.7 person/unit

STREET NAMES	LOCATION				RESIDENTIAL						COMMERCIAL , INSTITUTIONAL						PEAK EXT.FLOW Q(i) (L/S)	PEAK DES. Q(d) (L/S)	SEWER DATA								UpStream		DwnStream			
	FROM (Up)	TO (Down)	INDIVIDUAL		CUMULATIVE		PEAKING FACTOR M	FLOW Q(p) (L/S)	INDIVIDUAL		CUMULATIVE		PEAKING FACTOR M	FLOW Q(p) (L/S)	TYPE PIPE	DIA. (NOM) (mm)			(ACT) (MM)	SLOPE (%)	LENGTH (M)	CAP. (L/S)	Remaining Capacity (%)	VEL. (M/S)	Obv. (M)	Inv. (M)	Obv. (M)	Inv. (M)				
			AREA (ha.)	POP.	AREA (ha.)	POP.			AREA (ha.)	POP.	AREA (ha.)	POP.																				
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	150	MH	151	0.56	41.0	0.56	41	4.00	0.66									0.16	0.82	PVC	200	201.2	0.85	72.5	30.71	97%	0.97	115.06	114.86	114.44	114.24
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	151	MH	152	0.21	7.0	0.77	48	4.00	0.78									0.22	0.99	PVC	200	201.2	0.85	11.0	30.71	97%	0.97	114.41	114.21	114.32	114.12
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	152	MH	154	0.80	38.0	1.57	86	4.00	1.39									0.44	1.83	PVC	200	201.2	0.85	108.5	30.71	94%	0.97	114.14	113.94	113.22	113.02
Park 2	MH	153	MH	154	0.37		0.37												0.10	0.10	PVC	200	201.2	1.00	11.0	33.31	100%	1.05	114.13	113.93	114.02	113.82
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	154	MH	155	0.16	7.0	2.10	93	4.00	1.51									0.59	2.09	PVC	200	201.2	0.85	36.0	30.71	93%	0.97	113.22	113.02	112.91	112.71
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	155	MH	156	0.30	14.0	2.40	107	4.00	1.73									0.67	2.41	PVC	200	201.2	0.50	39.5	23.55	90%	0.74	112.88	112.68	112.68	112.48
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	156	MH	157			2.40	107	4.00	1.73									0.67	2.41	PVC	200	201.2	0.50	11.0	23.55	90%	0.74	112.65	112.45	112.59	112.39
Eaglehead Crescent	MH	157	MH	165	0.38	17.0	2.78	124	4.00	2.01									0.78	2.79	PVC	200	201.2	1.24	73.5	37.09	92%	1.17	112.56	112.36	111.65	111.45
Bandelier Way	MH	160	MH	162	0.17	14.0	0.17	14	4.00	0.23									0.05	0.27	PVC	200	201.2	0.65	40.0	26.86	99%	0.84	114.18	113.98	113.92	113.72
Geranium Walk	MH	161	MH	162	0.40	34.0	0.40	34	4.00	0.55									0.11	0.66	PVC	200	201.2	0.65	63.0	26.86	98%	0.84	114.28	114.08	113.87	113.67
Geranium Walk	MH	162	MH	163	0.23	17.0	0.80	65	4.00	1.05									0.22	1.28	PVC	200	201.2	0.50	45.5	23.55	95%	0.74	113.32	113.12	113.09	112.89
Geranium Walk	MH	163	MH	165	0.18	11.0	0.98	76	4.00	1.23									0.27	1.51	PVC	200	201.2	0.50	37.5	23.55	94%	0.74	113.06	112.86	112.87	112.67
Kimpton Drive	MH	165	MH	166	0.07		16.43	1020	3.79	15.68									4.60	20.28	PVC	375	366.4	0.20	41.0	73.72	72%	0.70	111.58	111.21	111.50	111.13
Kimpton Drive	MH	166	CAP	Kimpt. Dr	0.13	4.0	16.56	1024	3.79	15.74									4.64	20.37	CONC	375	381.0	0.20	21.0	81.80	75%	0.72	109.04	108.67	109.00	108.63
Kimpton Drive	CAP	Kimpt. Dr	EX	8 A			16.56	1024	3.79	15.74									4.64	20.37	CONC	375	381.0	0.20	43.0	81.80	75%	0.72	109.00	108.63	108.91	108.54
Bandelier Way	MH	160	MH	170	0.26	19.0	0.26	19	4.00	0.31									0.07	0.38	PVC	200	201.2	0.75	44.5	28.85	99%	0.91	114.05	113.85	113.72	113.52
Bandelier Way	MH	170	MH	171	0.12	6.0	0.38	25	4.00	0.41									0.11	0.51	PVC	200	201.2	0.75	10.0	28.85	98%	0.91	113.69	113.49	113.61	113.41
Bandelier Way	MH	171	MH	172	0.61	57.0	0.99	82	4.00	1.33									0.28	1.61	PVC	200	201.2	0.75	71.0	28.85	94%	0.91	113.58	113.38	113.05	112.85
Bandelier Way	MH	172	MH	173	0.40	36.0	1.39	118	4.00	1.91									0.39	2.30	PVC	200	201.2	0.65	54.0	26.86	91%	0.84	113.05	112.85	112.70	112.50
Bandelier Way	MH	173	MH	175			1.39	118	4.00	1.91									0.39	2.30	PVC	200	201.2	0.65	3.0	26.86	91%	0.84	112.67	112.47	112.65	112.45
Commercial (by others)	STUB	101	MH	174	1.17	70.0	1.17	70	4.00	1.13	9.02	1292.0	9.02	1292	1.50	7.85			2.85	11.84	PVC	300	299.2	0.23	7.5	46.05	74%	0.65	111.32	111.02	111.30	111.00
Commercial (by Minto)	STUB	102	MH	174							1.85	265.0	1.85	265	1.50	1.61			0.52	2.13	PVC	200	201.2	0.35	6.0	19.71	89%	0.62	111.29	111.09	111.27	111.07
Easement	MH	174	MH	175			1.17	70	4.00	1.13		10.87	1557	1.50	9.46			3.37	13.97	PVC	300	299.2	0.23	55.5	46.05	70%	0.65	111.27	110.97	111.14	110.84	
Bandelier Way	MH	175	MH	176	0.13	6.0	2.69	194	4.00	3.14		10.87	1557	1.50	9.46			3.80	16.40	PVC	300	299.2	0.23	8.5	46.05	64%	0.65	111.08	110.78	111.06	110.76	
Bandelier Way	MH	176	MH	177	0.52	52.0	3.21	246	4.00	3.99		10.87	1557	1.50	9.46			3.94	17.39	PVC	300	299.2	0.23	68.5	46.05	62%	0.65	111.03	110.73	110.87	110.57	
Geranium Walk	MH	161	MH	177	0.72	68.0	0.72	68	4.00	1.10									0.20	1.30	PVC	200	201.2	1.50	113.5	40.80	97%	1.28	114.14	113.94	112.44	112.24
Bandelier Way	MH	177	CAP	Bandelier Way	0.17	14.0	4.10	328	4.00	5.31		10.87	1557	1.50	9.46			4.19	18.97	CONC	300	304.8	0.20	38.0	44.55	57%	0.61	110.87	110.57	110.80	110.50	
Street No.2	CAP	Bandelier Way	EX	14 A			4.10	328	4.00	5.31		10.87	1557	1.50	9.46			4.19	18.97	CONC	300	304.8	0.20	43.0	45.12	58%	0.62	110.80	110.50	110.71	110.41	

Existing Sanitary Sewers





Feedmill Creek Stormwater Management Criteria Study

Final Report
with Expansion Area 3 and Update
April 30 2018



Submitted to:
City of Ottawa
Planning and Infrastructure

Submitted by:
J.F. Sabourin and Associates Inc.

In association with:



JFSA Ref. No.: 1307(01)-17

J.F. Sabourin and Associates Inc.
www.jfsa.com

JFSA

Water Resources and
Environmental Consultants



5.2 SWM Criteria

The SWM criteria for future developments within the Feedmill Creek subwatershed apply to the approximately 175.10 ha of remaining developable land within the Feedmill Creek subwatershed (refer to Table 1 and Figure 2). The SWM criteria have been developed based on data collected during a field investigation and analysis of hydrologic, hydraulic and geomorphic numerical simulations and calculations. The SWM criteria are setup to resolve both existing and future flood and erosion risk along Feedmill Creek. This study followed a step-by-step process considering four (4) SWM scenarios for the ultimate full build out conditions. The ultimate development conditions SWM control Scenario B has been selected as the ‘optimal’ scenario and forms the basis for these criteria.

There are four (4) components for SWM criteria, on-site extended detention storage, 100-year on-site storage, on-site LID controls and in-stream works.

The SWM criteria are as follows:

1. Extended Detention Control: Provide sufficient on-site storage volume to control the peak flow from a 15 mm 3-hour Chicago design storm to 0.51 L/s/ha.
2. Flood Control: Provide sufficient on-site storage volume and quantity control structure to control the peak flow from a 100-year 12-hour SCS Type II storm to 8.0 L/s/ha³.
3. Retention Control: Provide on-site Low Impact Development (LID) controls to retain the entire volume (no runoff) from either a 5 mm or 10 mm rainfall depending on location:
 - a. 5 mm for catchments located east of Carp Road (FS206_2, FS204, FS203a, FS203b, FS067_4, FS075_1, FS081_2 and FS107)
 - b. 10 mm for catchments located west of Carp Road (FS103_2b and FS104_2b)⁴
4. In-stream works are required in addition to the SWM controls detailed above. A design has been prepared by Coldwater (2017b), refer to Appendix B of this report.

³ Flood control requirements are listed for the 100-year event only, meeting this 100-year requirement will practically require inherent peak flow controls for more frequent events. The peak flow results from the 15-mm 3-hour Chicago storm and the 2- to 100-year 12-hour SCS Type II storm for near future conditions and ultimate development conditions SWM Scenario B are included in Appendix H for reference. These values should be referenced by detailed designers, in addition to the hydraulic constraints, since the overall goal of post-to-pre control on the subwatershed level applies to all return periods.

⁴ The interim, near future and ultimate conditions model results for the Timbermere SWM pond are above the original design report. The proper functioning of that facility must be assessed and resolved before development can occur on the upstream catchments notwithstanding these SWM Criteria.

Appendix I – Checklist

Appendix J – Drawings

Site Plan & Survey Drawings

- Site Plan, SP-00 (08-05-2020)
- Topographic Plan, (file:Z38800, Jan 14, 2020)

Engineering Drawings (included separately)

- SSP1 – Site Servicing Plan – Rev.1
- GPM – Macro Grading Plan – Rev.1
- STMM – Macro Storm Drainage Plan – Rev.1
- SANM – Macro Sanitary Drainage Plan – Rev.1
- ESCM – Macro Erosion and Sediment Control Plan – Rev.1



SITE INFORMATION

ZONING	AM9
MAX BUILDING HEIGHT (WITHIN 20 M. OF RESIDENTIAL)	11.0 M.
MAX BUILDING HEIGHT (ALL OTHER CASES)	15.0 M.
LOT AREA	90,187.6 SQ. M.

6171 HAZELDEAN RD.
STITTSTVILLE, ONTARIO, CANADA

SITE SETBACKS

FRONT YARD (HAZELDEAN)	5.0 M.
CORNER SIDE YARD	7.5 M.
INTERIOR SIDE YARD	7.5 M.
REAR YARD	7.5 M.

RESIDENTIAL UNITS

DETACHED HOMES	20
TOWNHOUSES	154
CONDOMINIUM UNITS	180
APARTMENT UNITS	175
TOTAL UNITS:	529

PARKING

DETACHED & TOWNHOUSE	1.2 PER DWELLING
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	0.2 PER DWELLING
CONDOMINIUM & APARTMENT	1.0 PER DWELLING
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	0.2 PER DWELLING

DEVELOPMENT STATISTICS

	REQUIRED	PROVIDED
PARKING		
DETACHED HOUSES	20	20
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	4	2
TRADITIONAL TOWNS		
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	154	154
CONDOMINIUM UNITS	216	216
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	36	36
APARTMENT UNITS	90	*90
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	210	**210
COMMERCIAL SPACE	35	**35
RESIDENTIAL VISITOR	58	**58
BIKEWAY	88	**88
DEDICATED PARKLAND		
CAR SPACES	0	21
STREET PARKING	764	**924
BIKEWAY SPACES	178	**178

MODEL	BLD. FOOTPRINT AREA	UNITS	NET UNIT AREA
MODEL 1	**1,309 SQFT	5	**2,309 SQFT
MODEL 2	**1,309 SQFT	5	**2,309 SQFT
MODEL 3	**1,309 SQFT	5	**2,309 SQFT
MODEL 4	**1,309 SQFT	5	**2,309 SQFT
TOTAL	**26,180 SQFT	20	**46,180 SQFT

TOWNHOUSES	BLD. FOOTPRINT AREA	UNITS	NET UNIT AREA
BLOCK 1	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 2	8,000 SQFT	8	18,450 SQFT
BLOCK 3	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 4	8,000 SQFT	8	18,450 SQFT
BLOCK 5	4,201 SQFT	5	10,962 SQFT
BLOCK 6	4,201 SQFT	5	10,962 SQFT
BLOCK 7	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 8	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 9	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 10	1,767 SQFT	8	4,534 SQFT
BLOCK 11	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 12	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 13	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 14	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 15	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 16	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 17	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 18	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
BLOCK 19	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 20	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 21	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 22	6,056 SQFT	6	13,946 SQFT
BLOCK 23	6,627 SQFT	8	17,420 SQFT
TOTAL	140,316 SQFT	154	345,622 SQFT

TYP. CONDO BLD. (x5)	GROSS FLOOR AREA	UNITS	NET UNIT AREA
PARKING LEVEL	10,440 SQFT	N/A	N/A
GROUND FLOOR	10,171 SQFT	12	8,530 SQFT
2ND FLOOR	10,171 SQFT	12	8,971 SQFT
3RD FLOOR	10,171 SQFT	12	8,971 SQFT
TOTAL	40,953 SQFT	36	26,472 SQFT

ALL BLD. TOTAL	GROSS FLOOR AREA	UNITS	NET UNIT AREA
TOTAL	204,765 SQFT	180	132,360 SQFT

APARTMENT BLD.	GROSS FLOOR AREA	UNITS	NET UNIT AREA
PARKING LEVEL	0,000 SQFT	N/A	N/A
GROUND FLOOR (RES.)	19,834 SQFT	11	7,756 SQFT
GROUND FLOOR (COM.)	N/A	3	6,190 SQFT
TYPICAL FLOOR (2-7)	19,360 SQFT x8	22 x8	17,338 SQFT x6
8th FLOOR	14,154 SQFT	16	12,318 SQFT
9th FLOOR	14,154 SQFT	16	12,318 SQFT
TOTAL	164,302 SQFT	178	142,730 SQFT

AMENITY SPACE	REQUIRED	PROVIDED
CONDOMINIUM UNITS		
INTERIOR - PRIVATE	N/A	12,240 SQFT
INTERIOR - COMMUNAL	N/A	0,000 SQFT
EXTERIOR - COMMUNAL	MIN. 5,975 SQFT	7,787 SQFT
TOTAL	11,625 SQFT	20,027 SQFT

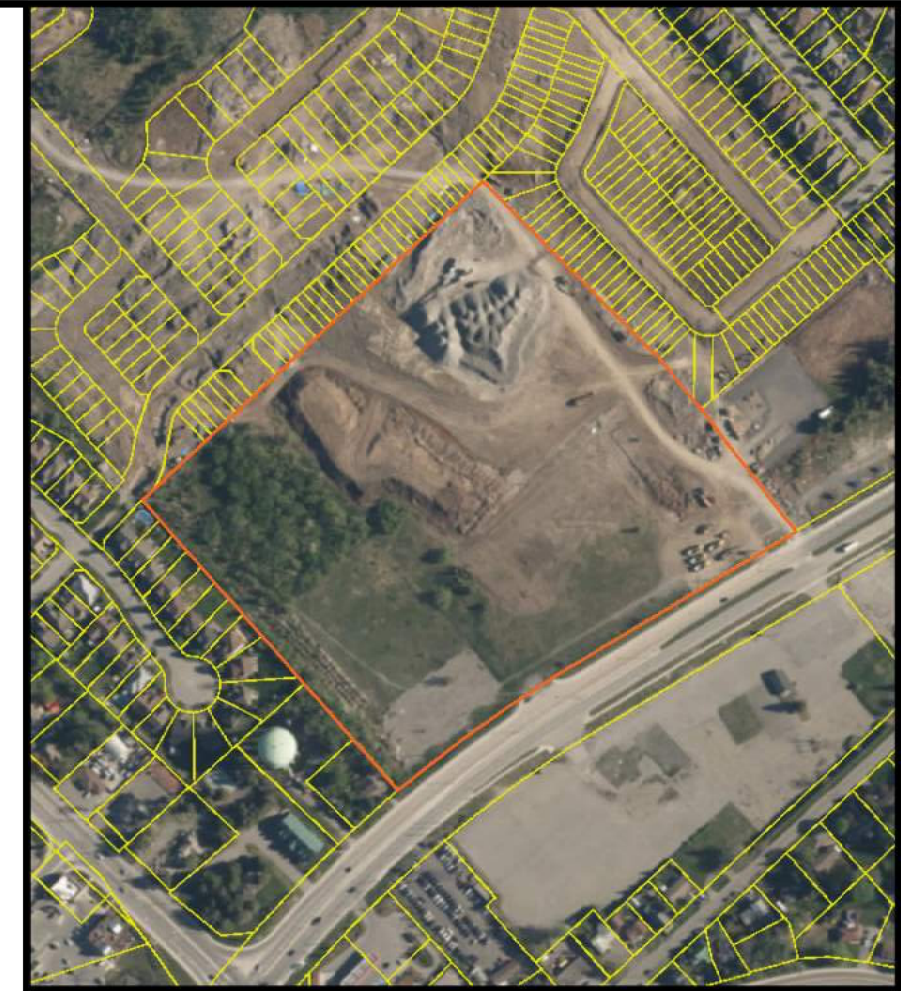
SITE COVERAGE

SPACE	AREA
BUILDING FOOTPRINT	**22,036.0 SQM
PARKING LOT	4,812.9 SQM
SIDEWALKS	3,443.3 SQM
DRIVEWAYS (TOWNHOUSE)	4,247.0 SQM
DRIVEWAYS (DETACHED HOUSE)	**480.0 SQM
CITY STREETS	10,711.4 SQM
LOT AREA	90,187.6 SQM
LANDSCAPE SPACE	52,625.3 SQM

TOTAL LANDSCAPE SPACE (%) 58.4%

QUALIFICATIONS

** TARGET VALUE



DRAWING NOTES

- SWITCHGEAR
- TRANSFORMER
- NEW CONCRETE SIDEWALK BUILT TO CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS
- CITY OWNED BOULEVARD PARKING
- EXISTING WOOD FENCE
- SITE APPROACH
-
- 350mm WIDE MOUNTABLE CURB
- DEPRESSED AND CONTINUOUS SIDEWALK
- NEW FIRE HYDRANT (EXACT LOCATION TO BE CONFIRMED BY CIVIL ENGINEER)
- PROVIDE TWSI AND DEPRESSED AND CONTINUOUS SIDEWALK
- PROVIDE DEPRESSED CURB AND CROSSWALK
- SHORT TERM PARKING
- PICK UP AND PROP OFF LOCATION
- PROVIDE CONCRETE PAD FOR GARBAGE PICK-UP STAGING AREA
-
- NEW "BICYCLE RACK" AND OR "BICYCLE PARKING" (STRUCTURE TO BE DESIGNED)
-
-
-
-
-

LEGEND

ORGANICS BIN	G1
3 YRD GARBAGE BIN	G3
4 YRD GARBAGE BIN	G4
3 YRD FIBROUS RECYCLING BIN	R3
2 YRD GLASS AND PLASTIC RECYCLING BIN	R2

UNIT ENTRY POINT	→
TRAFFIC FLOW	→
FIRE HYDRANT	⊕
NEW LIGHT STANDARD	⊙
EXISTING LIGHT STANDARD	⊙
VISITOR PARKING	V#
RESIDENT PARKING	R#
GEODETTIC ELEVATION MARKER	⊕
BICYCLE PARKING	⊕

TYPICAL PARKING SPACE	5200
SMALL PARKING SPACE	5200
SMALL PARKING SPACE	4600
SMALL PARKING SPACE	4600

PROPERTY LINE	---
SETBACK LINE	---
FIRE TRUCK AND GARBAGE PICK-UP ROUTE	---
SUBDIVISION LINE	---
LOT LINE	---
PROPOSED BUILDING OUTLINE	---
NEW PRIVATE DRIVEWAY	---
NEW SIDEWALKS	---

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPROPRIATE CONTRACTOR TO CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE AND TO REPORT ALL ERRORS AND/OR OMISSIONS TO THE ARCHITECT.
ALL CONTRACTORS MUST COMPLY WITH ALL PERTINENT CODES AND BY-LAWS.
THIS DRAWING MAY NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL SIGNED BY THE ARCHITECT.
DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.
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NOTATION SYMBOLS:

⊕ INDICATES DRAWING NOTES, LISTED ON EACH SHEET.
⊕ INDICATES ASSEMBLY TYPE; REFER TO TYPICAL ASSEMBLIES SCHEDULED.
⊕ INDICATES WINDOW TYPE; REFER TO WINDOW ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS ON A900 SERIES.
⊕ INDICATES DOOR TYPE; REFER TO DOOR SCHEDULE AND DETAILS ON A900 SERIES.
⊕ TITLE SCALE
⊕ DETAIL REFERENCE PAGE
⊕ DETAIL CROSS REFERENCE PAGE

GENERAL NOTES:

(A) REFER TO TYPICAL ASSEMBLIES SHEET FOR WALL, PARTITION, ROOF CEILING & FLOOR TYPES.
(B) FOR DOOR TYPES AND HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS REFER TO DOOR SCHEDULE ON A900 SERIES.
(C) ALL INTERIOR DIMENSIONS ARE TAKEN FROM THE FACE OF STUD.
(D) ALL EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS ARE TAKEN FROM THE FACE OF STUD.
(E) ALL EXTERIOR WALLS ARE TO BE TYPE 'W1' UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
(F) ALL INTERIOR PARTITIONS ARE TO BE TYPE 'P1' UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
(G) ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE SUSPENDED SLABS, COLUMNS & BEAMS HAVE A MIN. FRS OF 1.5 HRS (AS DETERMINED BY OBC SB-2) UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

ISSUE FOR COORDINATION	08-05-2020	
No.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
REVISIONS:		
ARCHITECT SEAL:		
NORTH ARROW:		

CLIENT: **LATITUDE Homes**

ARCHITECT: **rla/architecture**
roderick lahey architect inc.
56 beech street, ottawa, ontario k1s 3j6
t: 613.724.9532 f: 613.724.1209 rla@architecture.ca

PROJECT TITLE: **6171 HAZELDEAN ROAD**

OTTAWA ONTARIO

SHEET TITLE: **SITE PLAN**

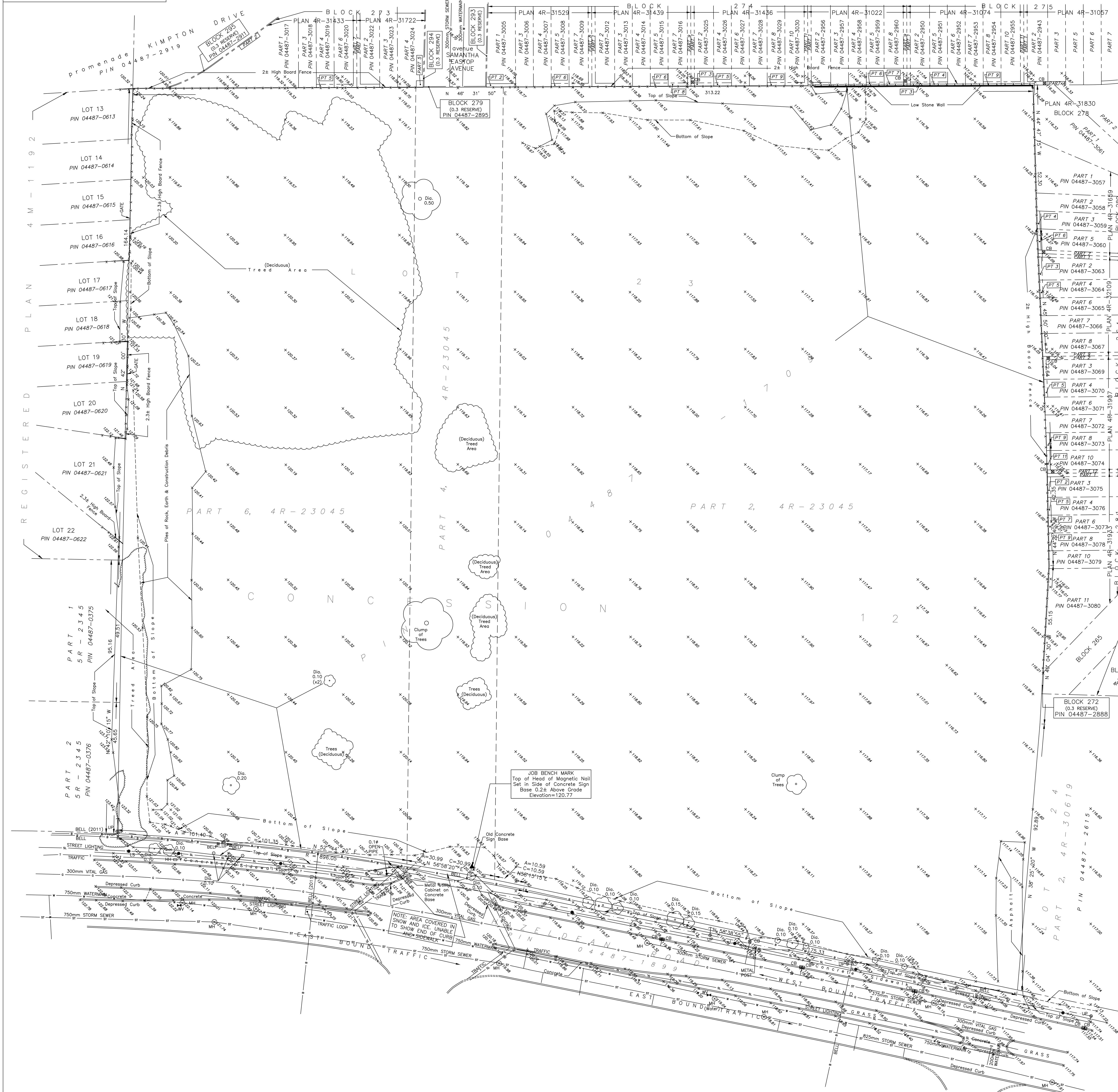
PROJECT DEVELOPER LATITUDE HOMES 190 LISGAR STREET OTTAWA, ONTARIO K2P 0C4 carmine.zayoun@gmail.com PHONE: 1.305.607.8749	PLANNER FOTENN PLANNING + DESIGN 388 COOPER STREET, SUITE 300 OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA K2B 2H7 posen@fotenn.com PHONE: 613.730.5709 x236	ARCHITECT RODERICK LAHEY ARCHITECT INC. 55 BEECH STREET OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA K1S 4M6 lmcairn@rlaarchitecture.ca PHONE: 613.724.9932 x257	CIVIL ENGINEER EXP SERVICES INC. 2650 QUEENSWAY DRIVE SUITE 100 OTTAWA, ONTARIO K2B 8H6 bruce.thomas@exp.com PHONE: 613.688.1699	TRAFFIC ENGINEER EXP SERVICES INC. 2650 QUEENSWAY DRIVE SUITE 100 OTTAWA, ONTARIO K2B 8H6 bruce.thomas@exp.com PHONE: 613.688.1699	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT JAMES B. LENNOX AND ASSOCIATES INC 383 CARLING AVE. DR. UNIT 100 KANATA, ONTARIO, CANADA K2H 5A8 jbl@jbla.ca PHONE: 613.722.5168 FAX: 1.866.343.3942	SURVEYOR FAIRHALL MOFFATT & WOODLAND LTD. 600 TERRY FOX DR. UNIT 100 KANATA, ONTARIO, CANADA K2H 4B6 john@fmw.on.ca PHONE: 613.722.5168 FAX: 1.866.343.3942
DRAWN: L.M.	CHECKED: R.V.	SCALE: 1:750	SHEET No.: 1831	SP-00		

PROJECT DATE: Tuesday, June 30, 2020

PEN STYLE: 0_RLA_MapsPen_Size20_Arch D PLOT SCALE: 1:0.943 PLOT DATE: Tuesday, June 30, 2020

METRIC
DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES
AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048

REGISTERED PLAN 4M-1597



TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN OF
PART OF LOT 23
CONCESSION 12
GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF GOULBOURN
CITY OF OTTAWA

SCALE 1 : 500
0 10 20 50 metres
FAIRHALL, MOFFATT & WOODLAND LIMITED
ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS

ELEVATION NOTES
1. ELEVATIONS ARE REFERRED TO GEODETIC DATUM (CGVD2011).
2. ELEVATIONS FOR MANHOLE COVERS AND CATCH BASINS HAVE TO BE INDEPENDENTLY CONFIRMED BEFORE THEY CAN BE ACCEPTED FOR FINAL DESIGN OR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES.
3. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER OF THIS INFORMATION TO VERIFY THAT THE JOB BENCH MARK HAS NOT BEEN ALTERED OR DISTURBED AND THAT THE RELATIVE ELEVATION AND DESCRIPTION AGREE WITH THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.

UTILITY NOTES
1. UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM PLANS P-0-16, P-7-13 AND RECORD DRAWING No. 131003-P10 PROVIDED BY THE CITY OF OTTAWA AND CONFIRMED IN THE FIELD WHERE POSSIBLE.
2. THIS DRAWING CANNOT BE ACCEPTED AS ACKNOWLEDGING ALL OF THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO CONTACT THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY AUTHORITIES FOR CONFIRMATION OR LOCATION.
3. BEFORE ANY WORK INVOLVING PROBING, EXCAVATING, ETC. A FIELD LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND PLANT BY THE PERTINENT UTILITY AUTHORITY IS MANDATORY.

NOTES
1. BOUNDARY DIMENSIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN FROM PLAN 4R-23045.
2. THIS SURVEY WAS CARRIED OUT UNDER WINTER CONDITIONS.
3. THE CAD FILE IS REFERENCED TO THE MTM GRID SYSTEM, ZONE 9, NAD83 (ORIGINAL).
4. DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR 0.99991.

LEGEND
DA = DIAMETER
Ø = DIAMETER
PIN = PROPERTY IDENTIFIER NUMBER
PT = PART
CB = CATCH BASIN
MH = MANHOLE
WV = WATER WALK
LS = LAMP STANDARD
L = LAMP
UP = UTILITY POLE
HH = HAND HOLE
BEP = BELL PEDESTAL
W = GUY WIRE AND ANCHOR
S = SIGN
D = DECIDUOUS TREE
— = OVERHEAD UTILITY WIRES
— = CURB (ELEVATIONS AT BOTTOM OF CURB, CURBS 0.15m HIGH)
----- = CURB (UNABLE TO LOCATE - ASSUMED)
---S--- = STORM SEWER
---W--- = WATERMAIN
---G--- = GAS LINE
---B--- = BELL
---T--- = TRAFFIC
---SL--- = STREET LIGHTING

DATE OF SURVEY: JANUARY 14, 2020.
Fairhall
Moffatt &
Woodland
Surveying and Land Information Services
237 TORONTO AVENUE, SUITE 200, OTTAWA, ONTARIO K1P 6E8
TEL: (613) 581-1111 FAX: (613) 581-1495
www.fairhall.com

JOB No. 238800
REFERENCE No. 415(0) - 12 GOULBOURN
51065200000000 2020-01-15
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