ACCESS PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REPORT NUMBER: PC2021-0327

415 LEGGET DRIVE & 2700 SOLANDT ROAD TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ASSESSMENT

FINAL REPORT

AUGUST 17, 2022







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ACCESS PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

PROJECT NO.: OUR REF. NO. 211-06996-00

CLIENT REF:PC2021-0327 DATE: AUGUST 17, 2022

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CERTIFICATION FORM FOR TIA STUDY PM

TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORTS

On 14 June 2017, the Council of the City of Ottawa adopted new Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Guidelines. In adopting the guidelines, Council established a requirement for those preparing and delivering transportation impact assessments and reports to sign a letter of certification.

Individuals submitting TIA reports will be responsible for all aspects of development-related transportation assessment and reporting, and undertaking such work, in accordance and compliance with the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, the Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines.

By submitting the attached TIA report (and any associated documents) and signing this document, the individual acknowledges that s/he meets the four criteria listed below.

CERTIFICATION

∀	Thave reviewed and have a sound understanding of the objectives, needs and requirements of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines;			
✓	I have a sound knowledge of industry standard practice with respect to the preparation of transportation impact assessment reports, including multi modal level of service review;			
✓	I have substantial experience (more than 5 years) in undertaking and delivering transportation impact studies (analysis, reporting and geometric design) with strong background knowledge in transportation planning, engineering or traffic operations; and			
✓	I am either a licensed ¹ or registered ² professional in good standing, whose field of expertise is either			
	Transportation engineering			
	✓ Transportation planning			

¹,² License of registration body that oversees the profession is required to have a code of conduct and ethics guidelines that will ensure appropriate conduct and representation for transportation planning and/or transportation engineering works.



Dated at	Ottaw	ra this	17	day of	August	,20	22
-	(City)					
Name:		Kimberley Hunt	on, P. En	ıg.			
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Signature of individual certifier that they meet the above criteria

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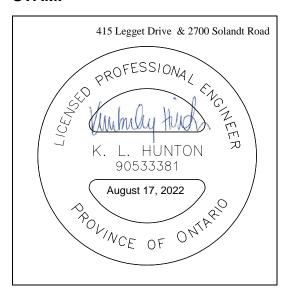




TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	SCREENING	. 1
2	SCOPING	2
2.1	Description of Proposed Development	.2
2.2	Existing Conditions	.3
2.2.1	Roadways and Pedestrian / Cycling Facilities	3
2.2.2	Intersections	4
2.2.3	Driveways	6
2.2.4	Transit Facilities	6
2.2.5	Area Traffic Management Measures	7
2.2.6	Peak Hour Travel Demands	7
2.2.7	Five-year Collision History	8
2.3	Planned Conditions	.8
2.3.1	Changes to the Study Area Transportation Network	8
2.3.2	Other Study Area Developments	8
2.4	Study Area	.9
2.5	Time Period	.9
2.6	Horizon Years	.9
2.7	Exemptions Review	10
3	FORECASTING1	1
3.1	Development Generated Traffic	11
3.1.1	Trip Generation	11
3.1.2	Trip Distribution	13
3.1.3	Trip Assignment	13
3.2	Background Network Traffic	16
3.2.1	Changes to the Background Transportation Network	16
3.2.2	General Background Growth Rates	16
3.2.3	Other Area Developments	16
3.3	Demand Rationalization	19
3.3.1	Description of Capacity Issues	19
3.3.2	Adjustments to Development Generated Demands	19
3.3.3	Adjustments to Background Network Development	19



3.4	Summary of Improvements Indicated and
	Modification Options19
TABL	ES
	E 1-1. TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ASSESSMENT (TIA) SCREENING TRIGGERS1
TABLE	E 2-1. DESCRIPTION OF STUDY AREA INTERSECTIONS4
TABLE	E 2-2. EMPLOYMENT GENERATOR MODE SHARE – KANATA-STITTSVILLE DISTRICT
TABLE	E 2-3. FIVE YEAR COLLISION HISTORY SUMMARY8 E 2-4. EXEMPTIONS SUMMARY
TABLE TABLE	E 3-2. DIRECTIONAL SPLITS (WAREHOUSING)11 E 3-3. EXISTING EMPLOYEE MODE SHARE - KANATA- STITTSVILLE DISTRICT12
	E 3-4: FUTURE TRAVEL MODE SHARE TARGETS12
	E 3-5. TRIPS GENERATED BY MODE FOR PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT12
TABLE	E 3-6. TRIP REDUCTION - REDEVELOPMENT OF EXISTING BUILDING13
TABLE	E 3-7. TRIP DISTRIBUTION13
 FIGU	IRES
FIGUF	RE 2-1. AREA CONTEXT PLAN (SOURCE: GOOGLE
FIGUF	MAPS)2 RE 2-2: BICYCLE AND PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES
FIGUF	(SOURCE: GOOGLE MAPS)4 RE 2-3: OC TRANSPO BUS ROUTES (SOURCE : OC
	TRANSPO)6 RE 2-4: STUDY AREA (SOURCE: GOOGLE MAPS)9
FIGUE	RE 3-1. VEHICLE TRIPS GENERATED BY
FIGUF FIGUF	DEVELOPMENT

APPENDICES

A CIRCULATION COMMENT / RESPONSE



- **B** SCREENING FORM
- C DRAFT SITE PLAN
- D TRANS O-D SURVEY
- E 2707 SOLANDT TIA

1 SCREENING

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared to support the **Site Plan Control Application** for the development at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road in Ottawa. The TIA follows the City of Ottawa's TIA Guidelines (June 2017) which potentially includes five steps:

- 1 Screening
- 2 Scoping
- 3 Forecasting
- 4 Analysis
- 5 TIA Report

The Screening Step determines the need to continue with a TIA Study. The development is assessed against three triggers: trip generation, location, and safety to identify the next step of the study. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, the Scoping Step must be completed. If none of the triggers are satisfied, the TIA is deemed complete. If one or more triggers are satisfied, specific TIA components are required to be carried out depending on the combination of triggers (**Table 1-1**) that have been satisfied.

The proposed development at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt **satisfied the Trip Generation trigger** indicating that, as part of Steps Two through Five of the TIA process, the Design Review and Network Impact components should be completed. Throughout the TIA process, the City of Ottawa will have the ability to provide comments on the various steps of the TIA. Note that City of Ottawa comments and responses to those comments will be tracked in **Appendix A.**

For reference, the completed Screening Form is provided in **Appendix B**.

Table 1-1. Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Screening Triggers

	TIA TRIGGERS SATISFIED			
Next Step of the TIA Process	Trip Generation	Location	Safety	
Design Review and Network Impact	Yes	No	No	

2 SCOPING

2.1 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared in support of the Site Plan Control Application for the proposed development at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road. The site is currently occupied by a two-storey general office building $(9,600 \, \text{m}^2)$ with a large parking lot. The site area is 72,860 $\, \text{m}^2$ (7.3 ha or 18 acres) and is located at the northeast corner of the Legget Drive and Solandt Road intersection.

The redevelopment of the site is anticipated to be developed in two (2) phases. Phase 1 includes the reconfiguration of most of the existing office building to a warehouse facility (11,900 m²), while maintaining a small portion (6,500 m²) for office space. The proposed development of Phase 2 will include the construction of two (2) warehouse buildings. Proposed Building 'A' and Proposed Building 'B' (combined GFA of 18,580 m²) will be constructed within the existing parking lot. The property contains two access points along Legget Drive, and a third along Solandt Road about 150 m north of the intersection of Legget Drive and Solandt Road. All existing site accesses will remain as the access/egress points to the proposed development.

The property is currently zoned as a Business Park Industrial Zone Subzone 6 (IP-6). **Figure 2-1** illustrates the Study Area Context. The development information, as stated in the draft site plan attached as **Appendix C**, states that 152 surface level parking spaces will be provided.

The new warehouse buildings will be built with an estimated date of completion in 2023 and full occupancy in mid 2024.



Figure 2-1. Area Context Plan (Source: Google Maps)

2.2 EXISTING CONDITIONS

2.2.1 ROADWAYS AND PEDESTRIAN / CYCLING FACILITIES

The five existing roadways that the TIA will consider are Solandt Road, Legget Drive, March Road, Terry Fox Drive, and Carling Avenue.

March Road is designated as a Full Load truck routes, and Carling Avenue is designated as a Restricted Loads truck route as identified on the Ottawa Rural Truck Routes Map (March 2021) under the jurisdiction of the City of Ottawa. The road classification for City of Ottawa roadways is defined in the City of Ottawa Official Plan, 2013, Volume 1, Section 7, Annex 1 Road Classifications and Rights-of-Way.

Solandt Road is an urban collector road that runs in an east-west alignment with a posted speed limit of 50 km/h. It has one traffic lane in each direction near the access point of the existing development. The right-of-way adjacent to the development is 24 metres. Street parking is permitted on the west side of the road. There is a sidewalk, separated from the road by a boulevard, on the west side of the road north of Legget Drive. Sidewalks are present on both sides of the road south of Legget Drive towards March Road.

Legget Drive is an urban collector road that runs in a north-south alignment with a posted speed limit of 50 km/h. In mid-block, it has one traffic lane in each direction, but adjacent to the existing access points there is a second westbound lane approaching the Legget/Solandt intersection. The right-of-way adjacent to the proposed development is 24 metres. There are sidewalks, separated by boulevards, on both sides of the road east of the Legget/Solandt intersection. West of the intersection, there is a sidewalk on the north side of the road and on-street cycling lanes on both sides of the road.

March Road is an urban arterial road that runs in a north-south alignment with a posted speed limit of 80 km/h within the study area. It has two travel lanes in each direction between Terry Fox Drive and Solandt Road. Between Carling Avenue and Solandt Road there are three northbound lanes and two southbound lanes. A physical median or varying width is present along March Road through the entire study area. The right-of-way through the study area is 44.5 metres. Sidewalks and on-street cycling lanes are present on both sides of the road throughout the study area except for a sidewalk on the south side of the road between Solandt Road and Carling Avenue.

Terry Fox Drive is an urban arterial road west of the Terry Fox/March intersection and an urban major collector road east of the Terry Fox/March intersection that runs in an east-west alignment with a posted speed limit of 60km/h. It has one travel in each direction between March Road and Legget Drive and a physical median separating the two lanes. The right-of-way through the study area is 44.5 metres. On-street cycling lanes are present on both sides of the road, while the south side of the road contains a sidewalk that is separated by a boulevard.

Carling Avenue is an urban arterial road that runs in an east-west alignment with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h. Upon approaching March Road, it has two travel lanes in each direction with a physical median separating the two directions of traffic. The right-of-way through the study area is 44.5 metres.

The existing pedestrian and cycling facilities providing direct connections to the proposed development are shown in **Figure 2-2**.



Figure 2-2: Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities (Source: Google Maps)

2.2.2 INTERSECTIONS

The TIA will consider the five intersections identified in **Table 2-1**. All aerial images in **Table 2-1** are provided via Google Maps.

Table 2-1. Description of Study Area Intersections

INTERSECTION (DESCRIPTION) Legget Drive/Solandt Road is a signalized intersection. North Approach: One left-turn lane and one through/right-turn lane East Approach: One left-turn lane and one through/right-turn lane South Approach: One left-turn lane and one through/right-turn lane West Approach: One left-turn lane and one through/right-turn lane Pedestrian/Bicycle: Pedestrian crossing facilities are provided on all approaches

INTERSECTION (DESCRIPTION)

March Road/Solandt Road is a signalized intersection.

North Approach: One left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

East Approach: Two left-turn lanes, one through/right-turn lane (RT is yield controlled).

South Approach: One left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

West Approach: One left-turn lane, one through lanes, and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

Pedestrian/Bicycle: Pedestrian crossing facilities are provided on all approaches. Bicycle crossing along March Road.

March Road/Terry Fox Drive is a signalized intersection.

North Approach: Two left-turn lanes, three through lanes and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

East Approach: Two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

South Approach: Two left-turn lanes, three through lanes and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

West Approach: Two left-turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane (yield controlled).

Pedestrian/Bicycle: Pedestrian and bicycle crossing facilities are provided on all approaches.

March Road/Carling Avenue is a signalized intersection.

North Approach: Two left-turn lanes, two through lanes and one right-turn lane (yield controlled)

East Approach: One through/left-turn lane and one right-turn lane (yield controlled)

South Approach: One left-turn lane, two through lanes and one right-turn lane (yield controlled)

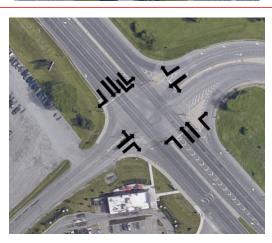
West Approach: One through/left-turn lane and one right-turn lane (yield controlled)

Pedestrian/Bicycle: Pedestrian and bicycle crossing facilities are provided on all approaches with the exception of a bicycle crossing facility from the west approach.

LANE CONFIGURATION







INTERSECTION (DESCRIPTION)

March Road/Carling Avenue is an unsignalized intersection with one lane in each direction. The minor road, Legget Drive, is stop-controlled.

Pedestrian/Bicycle: Pedestrian and bicycle crossing facilities are provided when crossing the minor street (east/west).

LANE CONFIGURATION



2.2.3 DRIVEWAYS

There are three existing driveway accesses to 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road.

- One access from Legget Drive, about 25 m east of the Legget/Solandt intersection
- One access from Legget Drive, about 200 m east of the Legget/Solandt intersection
- One access from Solandt Road, about 150 m north of the Legget/Solandt intersection

2.2.4 TRANSIT FACILITIES

OC Transpo provides four transit stops in close proximity to 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road:

- Transit Stop 6909 on Legget Drive west of Solandt Road (Bus 63, 66, 110, 166)
- Transit Stop 7987 on Legget Drive east of Solandt Road (Bus 63, 64, 110)
- Transit Stop 7991 on Legget Drive east of Solandt Road (Bus 64)
- Transit Stop 6150 on Legget Drive west of Solandt Road (Bus 66, 166)

Figure 2-3 highlights all OC Transpo bus routes on adjacent roadways in close proximity of the proposed development.

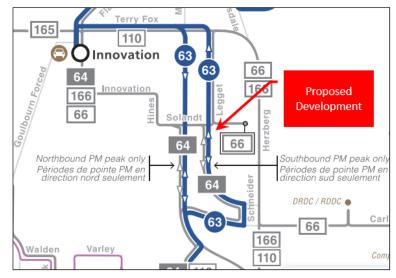


Figure 2-3: OC Transpo Bus Routes (Source : OC Transpo)

2.2.5 AREA TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES

The existing area traffic management measures identified adjacent to the proposed development site include:

- Boulevards between the sidewalk and road along both sides of the road along Legget Drive adjacent to the proposed development access on Legget Drive
- Boulevard between the sidewalk and road along the west side of the road along Solandt Road adjacent to the proposed development access on Solandt Road

2.2.6 PEAK HOUR TRAVEL DEMANDS

The TRANS Committee was established to co-ordinate transportation planning efforts among various planning agencies located within the National Capital Region. In the most recent TRANS Trip Generation Manual, an employment mode share by district was developed. For this analysis, the employment mode share of the Kanata-Stittsville district was taken as the existing mode share A map of the district area is provided in **Appendix D**. The TRANS mode share for the Kanata-Stittsville District is summarized in **Table 2-2.**

Table 2-2. Employment Generator Mode Share - Kanata-Stittsville District

TRAVEL MODE	AM PEAK PERIOD (7:00 A.M. - 9:30 A.M.)	PM PEAK PERIOD (3:30 P.M. - 6:00 P.M.)	
Auto-Driver	84%	84%	
Auto-Passenger	4%	4%	
Transit	8%	8%	
Bicycle	1%	1%	
Walk	3%	3%	

Source: 2021 TRANS Trip Generation Manual

2.2.7 FIVE-YEAR COLLISION HISTORY

Using the collision history from the City of Ottawa Open Data, WSP reviewed the number and types of collisions (January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019) at the three existing access points to 415 Legget Drive and the Legget/Solandt intersection. More recent and detailed five-year collision data will be requested from the City in support of a more thorough collision review if necessary. **Table 2-3** summarizes the five-year collision history on the boundary road.

Table 2-3. Five Year Collision History Summary

LOCATION	SUMMARY	TRENDS
Boundary Road: Solandt Road Adjacent to the Property	One collision over the five-year period.	-
Boundary Road: Legget Drive Adjacent to the Property	One collision over the five-year period.	-
Intersection: Legget Drive and Solandt Road	Four collisions over the five-year period.	-
Intersection: March Road and Solandt Road	53 collisions over the five-year period.	-

2.3 PLANNED CONDITIONS

2.3.1 CHANGES TO THE STUDY AREA TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

Based on the City of Ottawa's Construction and Infrastructure projects, the only major project near the adjacent roads expected this year is a new sewer about a kilometre east along Legget Drive. Additionally, the City's Transportation Master Plan Affordable Transit Network has a Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) route along March Road from Highway 417 to Solandt Road. However, there is no timeline for the implementation of the route and is beyond our planning horizon.

2.3.2 OTHER STUDY AREA DEVELOPMENTS

As indicated in the City of Ottawa's Development Application Search tool, there is one development near the study area that could influence the analysis of the Transportation Impact Assessment:

2707 Solandt Road (D07-12-19-0172): Eight storey office building with 443 surface parking spaces (247 from existing parking lot at 2505 Solandt Road)

2.4 STUDY AREA

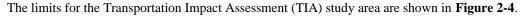




Figure 2-4: Study Area (Source: Google Maps)

2.5 TIME PERIOD

The time periods identified for the traffic analysis are:

- Weekday AM Peak Hour: 8:15 a.m. to 9:15 a.m.
- Weekday PM Peak Hour: 4:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.

These are consistent with the AM and PM peak hours identified in the turning movement counts that were collected at the March Road/Solandt Road intersection.

2.6 HORIZON YEARS

The proposed facility is expected to be completed in one phase with a target build-out year of 2023 and full occupancy in mid 2024. In accordance with the TIA Guidelines, the following horizons will be considered for analysis

- 2024, which represents the anticipated buildout horizon,
- 2029, which represents the buildout year plus five years.

2.7 EXEMPTIONS REVIEW

Based on the review of the development and network conditions, the following elements shown in **Table 2-4** qualify for an exemption from this Transportation Impact Assessment.

Table 2-4. Exemptions Summary

MODULE	ELEMENT	EXEMPTIONS			
DESIGN REVIEW CO	DESIGN REVIEW COMPONENT				
All Modules	All Elements	Exempted The development is proposing no new accesses and the travel demand forecasting completed as part of Section 3 indicates that the development generated trips results in a reduction in future travel demand resulting from the conversion of most of the office space to a warehouse space. Therefore, the development will not negatively impact the surrounding road network and no further study is proposed			
NETWORK IMPACT	COMPONENT				
All Modules	All Elements	Exempted The development is proposing no new accesses and the travel demand forecasting completed as part of Section 3 indicates that the development generated trips results in a reduction in future travel demand resulting from the conversion of most of the office space to a warehouse space. Therefore, the development will not negatively impact the surrounding road network and no further study is proposed.			

3 FORECASTING

3.1 DEVELOPMENT GENERATED TRAFFIC

3.1.1 TRIP GENERATION

Base Trip Generation. The ITE Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition) was used to determine the base trip generation rate for *Warehousing* (Land Use Code 150):

- AM Base Rate: 0.12(X) + 23.62 vehicle trips per hour, where X is 1,000 square feet (ground floor area)
- PM Base Rate: 0.12(X) + 26.48 vehicle trips per hour, where X is 1,000 square feet (ground floor area)

Additionally, the ITE Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition) was used to determine the base trip generation rate for *General Office Building* (Land Use Code 710):

- AM Base Rate: ln(t) = 0.86 ln(X) + 1.16, where X is 1,000 square feet (ground floor area) and t is the total number of trips
- PM Base Rate: ln(t) = 0.83 ln(X) + 1.29, where X is 1,000 square feet (ground floor area) and t is the total number of trips

Total Development-Generated Person-Trips. In accordance with the City of Ottawa's Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines (2017), the ITE vehicle trips were multiplied by 1.28 to convert to person trips. The total development-generated person-trips to the two new warehouses (**Table 3-1**) were estimated using the projected auto trips and the trip generation multiplier.

Table 3-1. Estimated Total Development-Generated Person-Trips (Warehousing)

PEAK HOUR	GROSS FLOOR AREA (SQ/FT)	ITE TRIP RATE	PROJECTED AUTO TRIPS	ITE PERSON TRIP CONVERSION	TOTAL PERSON TRIPS
AM	200,000	0.12(X)+23.62	48	1.29	61
PM	200,000	0.12(X)+26.48	51	1.28	65

The directional distribution (**Table 3-2**) was taken from the ITE Trip Generation Manual (10th Edition) and applied to the total person trips calculated in **Table 3-1**.

Table 3-2. Directional Splits (Warehousing)

PEAK HOUR	PERSON TRIPS	% ENTER	% EXIT	ENTER	EXIT
AM	61	77%	23%	47	14
PM	65	28%	72%	18	47

Identify Existing Mode Share. The existing peak hour travel demand at a place of employment was identified in the most recent TRANS Trip Generation Manual and is shown in **Table 3-3**.

Table 3-3. Existing Employee Mode Share - Kanata-Stittsville District

PEAK HOUR	AUTO DRIVER	AUTO PASSENGER	TRANSIT	BICYCLE	WALK
AM	84%	4%	8%	1%	3%
PM	84%	4%	8%	1%	3%

Future Mode Share Targets. Given the location of the proposed development, and its proximity to nearby amenities, the future mode share targets are to remain relatively similar with the existing mode share except for an increase in bicycle mode share due to the cycling infrastructure projects to be mentioned in **Section 3.2.1**. The mode share targets are shown in **Table 3-4**.

Table 3-4: Future Travel Mode Share Targets

TRAVEL MODE	COMMUTER TARGET MODE SHARE	RATIONALE
Auto Driver	80%	
Auto Passenger	4%	Staff trips are expected to largely be in-line with the existing employment
Transit	8%	mode share apart from a slightly higher bicycle share due to proposed
Bicycle	5%	infrastructure near the proposed development.
Walk	3%	

Projected Development Trips by Mode. Based on the estimated employment mode share, the number of person trips to and from the proposed development at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road are shown in **Table 3-5**.

Table 3-5. Trips Generated by Mode for Proposed Development

MODE	TRIPS GENERATED		
MODE	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	
Auto Driver	49	52	
Auto Passenger	2	3	
Transit	5	5	
Bicycle	3	3	
Walk	2	2	

Trip Reduction Factors. As mentioned in Section 2.1, the redevelopment of the site will include converting most of the existing office building to a warehouse. As shown in **Table 3-6**, the total person trips are reduced by more than 150 trips per peak hour.

Table 3-6. Trip Reduction - Redevelopment of Existing Building

TIME PERIOD	OFFICE (193,750 FT²)		OFFICE (69,750 FT²) & WAREHOUSE (127,850 FT²)		REDUCTION IN
TIME PERIOD	ITE Trip Rate*	Total Person Trips*	ITE Trip Rate*	Total Person Trips*	PERSON TRIPS
AM Peak Hour	$\ln(t) = 0.86 \ln(X) + 1.16$	379	$\ln(t) = 0.86 \ln(X) + 1.16$ $0.12(X) + 23.62$	157+50 = 207	172
PM Peak Hour	$\ln(t) = 0.83 \ln(X) + 1.29$	369	$\ln(t) = 0.83 \ln(X) + 1.29$ $0.12(X) + 26.48$	157+54 = 211	158

^{*}ITE Trip Rates displayed are for vehicle trips. The Person-Trip conversion of 1.28 was applied in the Total Person Trips column

Accounting for the trip reduction in **Table 3-6** and the development-generated trips in **Table 3-1**, the proposed development is expected to generate 111 and 93 fewer person-trips during the AM and PM peak hour, respectively than existing conditions.

3.1.2 TRIP DISTRIBUTION

Currently, there are three vehicle accesses to the development: two on Legget Drive and one on Solandt Road. However, it is anticipated that the south access will be the primary access for employees since it provides direct access to the parking lot, while the north access would be used by visitors and short-stay delivery vehicles circulating passed the front of the building. The trip distribution for the proposed development is presented in **Table 3-7**.

Table 3-7. Trip Distribution

	DIRECTIONAL SPLIT (%)			
DIRECTION	AM Peak Hour – Inbound	AM Peak Hour – Outbound	PM Peak Hour – Inbound	PM Peak Hour – Outbound
North	24%	24%	23%	28%
West	0%	0%	0%	0%
East	8%	33%	19%	11%
South	68%	43%	58%	61%

3.1.3 TRIP ASSIGNMENT

Trips were assigned to the adjacent transportation network and have been based upon a good understanding of existing travel patterns identified from a review of intersection turning movement counts, including those at the following locations:

- Carling Avenue/March Road/Station Road.
- March Road/Solandt Road.
- March Road/Terry Fox Drive
- Legget Drive/Solandt Road
- Legget Drive/Terry Fox Drive

The distribution of development-generated vehicle trips at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road is shown in **Figure 3-1**.

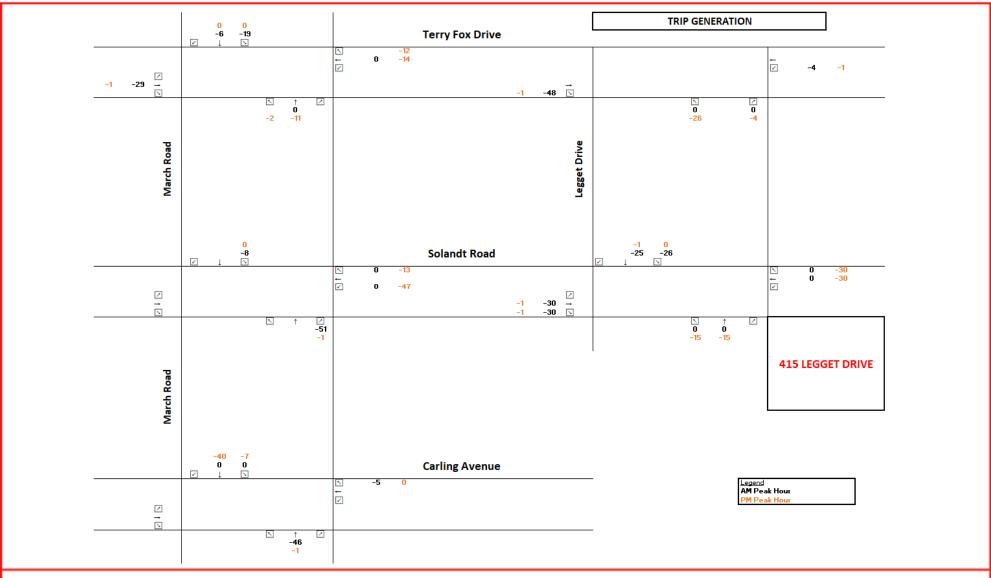




Figure 3-1. Vehicle Trips Generated by Development

3.2 BACKGROUND NETWORK TRAFFIC

3.2.1 CHANGES TO THE BACKGROUND TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

The addition of bike lanes on Legget Drive south of the Legget/Solandt intersection and on Solandt Road west of the Legget/Solandt intersection are categorized as a Phase 2 (P2-8) project in the Ottawa Cycling Plan (2013) are to be implemented between 2020 and 2025. Additionally, as part of the Ultimate Cycling Network an extension of a major east-west pathway that will cross Legget Drive, about 150 m north of the Legget/Solandt intersection has been proposed (no schedule for implementation).

There are no proposed pedestrian improvement projects per the Ottawa Pedestrian Plan (2013).

3.2.2 GENERAL BACKGROUND GROWTH RATES

A 2.6% background growth rate was calculated based on turning movement counts from 2015 and 2020 captured by the City of Ottawa at the Carling/March/Station intersection. The 2020 traffic counts were obtained in advance of the COVID-19 pandemic when travel patterns changed substantially. Additionally, the historical Travel Trends Greenbelt cordon auto person trip growth rate has previously been calculated at 2.2% for the AM peak hour and 2.3% for the PM peak hour.

For this analysis, a background growth rate of 2.5% was applied to the arterial roads, which is marginally less than the pre-pandemic growth rate experienced along the nearby arterial roads and marginally higher than the pre-pandemic growth rate across the wider Greenbelt cordon.

3.2.3 OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

As noted in **Section 2.3.2**, there is one active development application near the proposed development at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road. The trips generated from this development at 2707 Solandt Road (D07-12-19-0172) will be added to the future background volumes. See **Appendix E** for the estimated vehicle trips generated as presented in its TIA prepared by Novatech in 2020.

The background traffic volumes for 2024 and 2029 are provided in Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3.

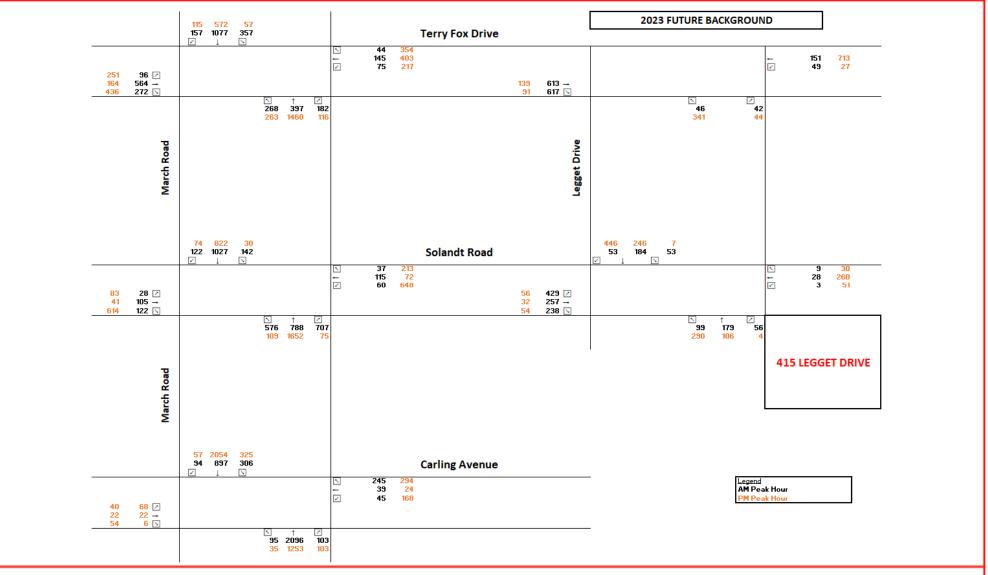




Figure 3-2. 2024 Future Background Volumes

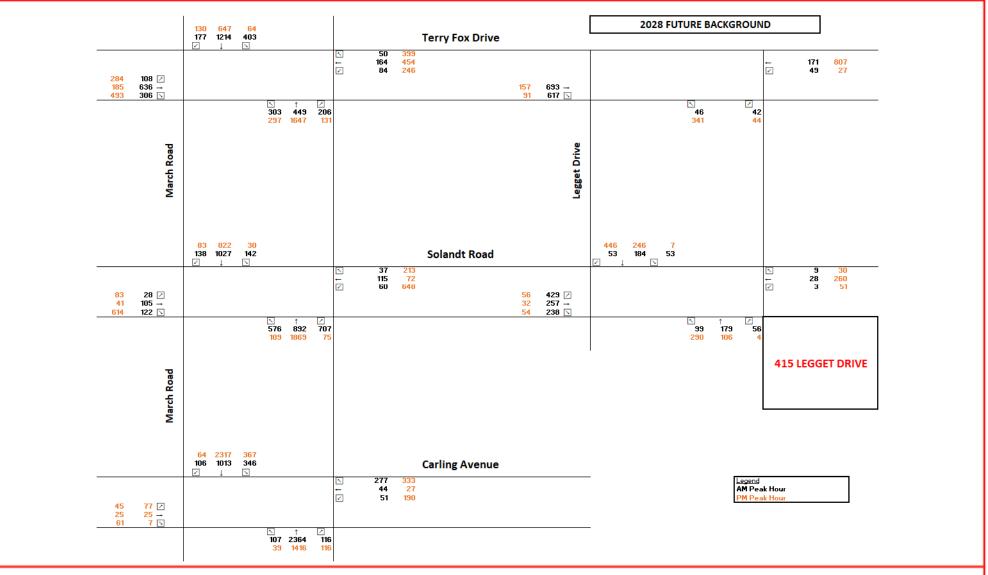




Figure 3-3. 2029 Future Background Volumes

3.3 DEMAND RATIONALIZATION

3.3.1 DESCRIPTION OF CAPACITY ISSUES

The total traffic volumes for the 2024 and 2029 planning horizons were estimated by adding trips generated by the proposed development to the background traffic and other area developments. The estimated total traffic volumes are shown in **Figure 3-4 and Figure 3-5**.

3.3.2 ADJUSTMENTS TO DEVELOPMENT GENERATED DEMANDS

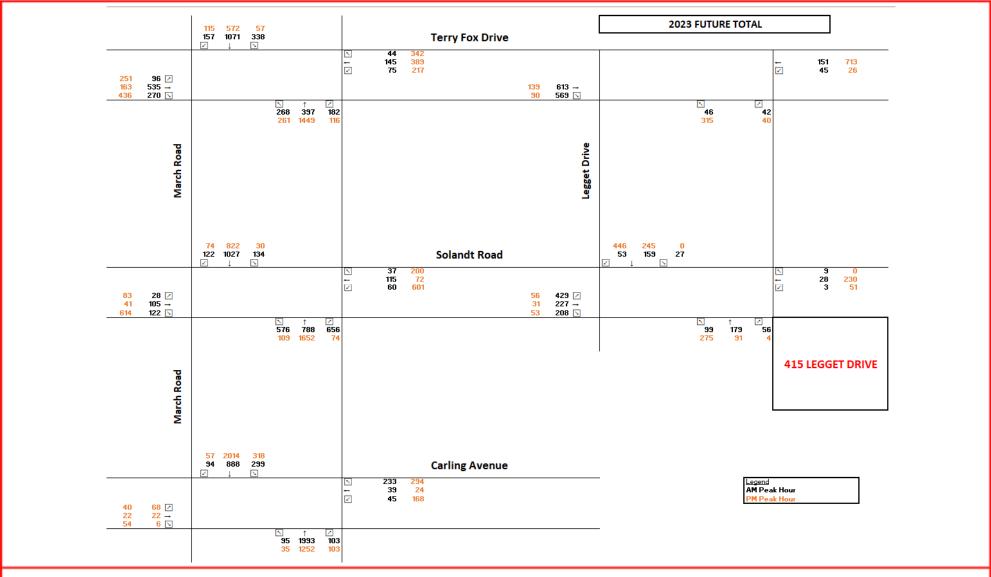
The development-generated trips resulted in a negative future travel demand through the conversion of the existing office space to a future warehouse / storage space. As a result, there are no proposed adjustments to development generated demands.

3.3.3 ADJUSTMENTS TO BACKGROUND NETWORK DEVELOPMENT

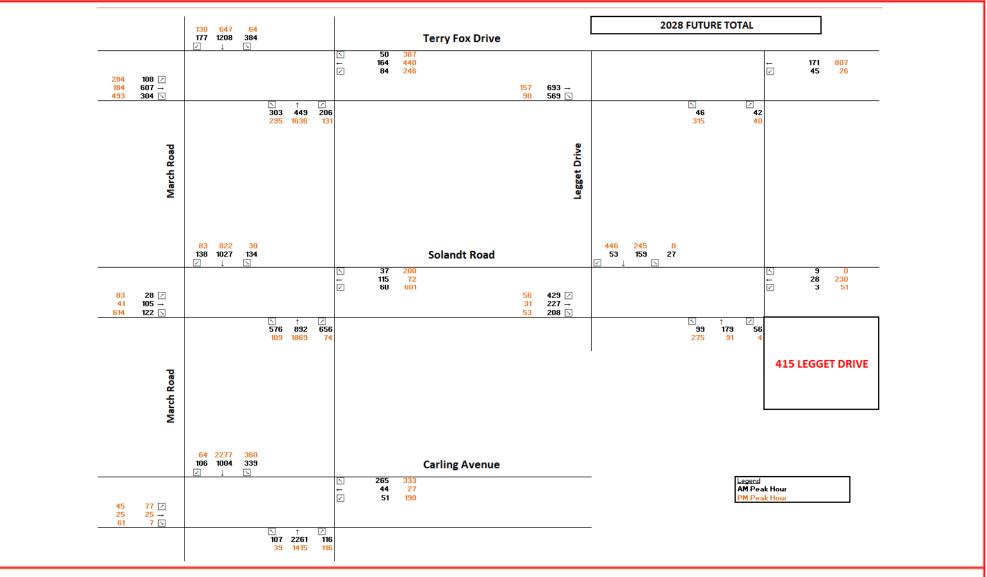
There are no proposed adjustments to background network demands.

3.4 SUMMARY OF IMPROVEMENTS INDICATED AND MODIFICATION OPTIONS

The proposed development at 415 Legget Drive and 2700 Solandt Road does not include new driveway accesses and the travel demand forecasting completed as part of this Section indicates that the development generated trips results in a reduction in future travel demand resulting from the conversion of the office space to a warehouse space. Therefore, the development will not negatively impact the surrounding road network and no further study is proposed.









APPENDIX

A CIRCULATION COMMENT / RESPONSE



COMMENT AND RESPONSE LOG

TO: File

FROM: Kimberley Hunton, P.Eng

SUBJECT: 415 Legget Drive & 2700 Solandt Drive Transportation Impact Assessment

DATE: November 30, 2021

SCOPING REPORT COMMENT / RESPONSE

WSP Submission October 19, 2021 City Comments Received October 29, 2021

Section 2.3 Existing Conditions

1 Please remove "The TIA will not consider any intersections in the study area given that the trip generation trigger was not met." from 2.3.2- Intersections.

The sentence has been revised for the Draft Final Report.

2 Provide collisions on boundary streets/ intersections within 500m of the development should be included in the existing conditions. Provide the collision data should be provided in the appendix.

The collision history included the boundary streets of Solandt Road and Legget Drive, and the intersection of the two boundary streets. Along Solandt Road, between Legget Drive and March Road there has only been one documented collision from 2015 to 2019 according to the City's Open Data. The 500m boundary would include the intersection of March Road and Solandt Road, where there have been 53 collisions over five years. The details as to whether these collisions have been on March Road or Solandt Drive are not available on the City's Open Data website. Given that the Forecasting has resulted in a negative trip generation (i.e. fewer trips on the boundary street of Solandt Road), the collision predictions would be expected to be reduced. If a more thorough review is required from the City, collisions data will be requested for the north leg approach on Solandt Road for the March/Solandt intersection.

Section 2.4 Planned Conditions

3 Planned conditions within the study area must be provided. This includes transit priority measures on March road. Please also include the cycling infrastructure projects planned within the vicinity of the site from the Ottawa Cycling Plan/

The transit improvements were referenced in Section 2.4.1 of the report. The cycling infrastructure projects will be referenced in section 3.2.1 of the Draft Final Report.

Prepared by:

Kimberley Hunton, P.Eng Senior Project Manager, Transportation Planning

APPENDIX

B SCREENING FORM





City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines Screening Form

1. Description of Proposed Development Municipal Address Description of Location Land Use Classification Development Size (units) Development Size (m²) Number of Accesses and Locations Phase of Development

If available, please attach a sketch of the development or site plan to this form.

2. Trip Generation Trigger

Buildout Year

Considering the Development's Land Use type and Size (as filled out in the previous section), please refer to the Trip Generation Trigger checks below.

Land Use Type	Minimum Development Size
Single-family homes	40 units
Townhomes or apartments	90 units
Office	3,500 m²
Industrial	5,000 m²
Fast-food restaurant or coffee shop	100 m²
Destination retail	1,000 m²
Gas station or convenience market	75 m²

^{*} If the development has a land use type other than what is presented in the table above, estimates of person-trip generation may be made based on average trip generation characteristics represented in the current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

If the proposed development size is greater than the sizes identified above, the Trip Generation Trigger is satisfied.

Two proposed buildings >5,000 m²

Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines



3. Location Triggers

	Yes	No
Does the development propose a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Transit or Spine Bicycle Networks?		
Is the development in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone?*		

^{*}DPA and TOD are identified in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (DPA in Section 2.5.1 and Schedules A and B; TOD in Annex 6). See Chapter 4 for a list of City of Ottawa Planning and Engineering documents that support the completion of TIA).

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Location Trigger is satisfied.

4. Safety Triggers

	Yes	No
Are posted speed limits on a boundary street are 80 km/hr or greater?		
Are there any horizontal/vertical curvatures on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway?		
Is the proposed driveway within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions)?		
Is the proposed driveway within auxiliary lanes of an intersection?		
Does the proposed driveway make use of an existing median break that serves an existing site?		
Is there is a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development?		
Does the development include a drive-thru facility?		

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Safety Trigger is satisfied.

5. Summary

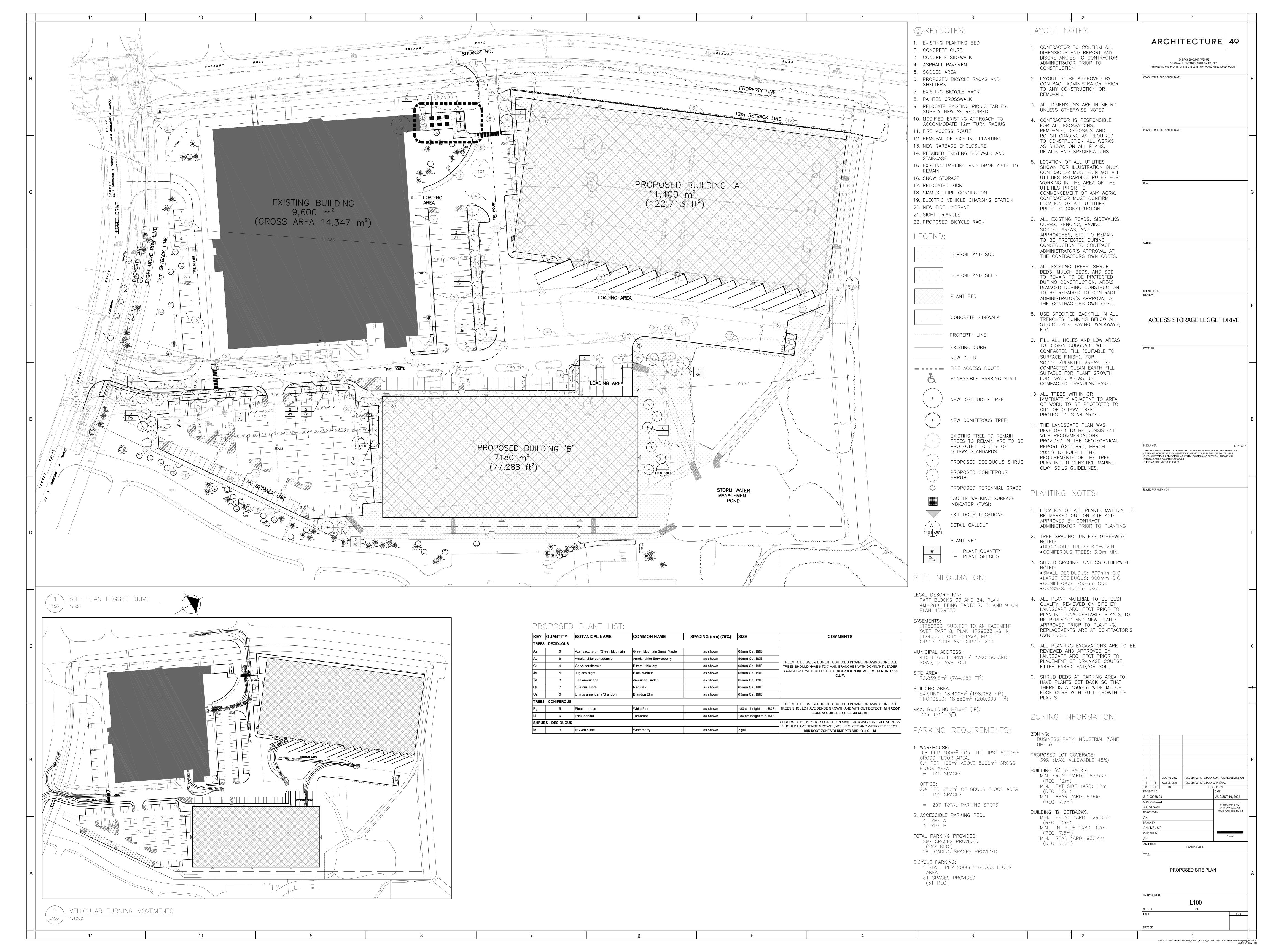
	Yes	No
Does the development satisfy the Trip Generation Trigger?		
Does the development satisfy the Location Trigger?		
Does the development satisfy the Safety Trigger?		

72

If none of the triggers are satisfied, <u>the TIA Study is complete</u>. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, <u>the TIA Study must continue into the next stage</u> (Screening and Scoping).

APPENDIX

C SITE PLAN



APPENDIX

D TRANS O-D SURVEY

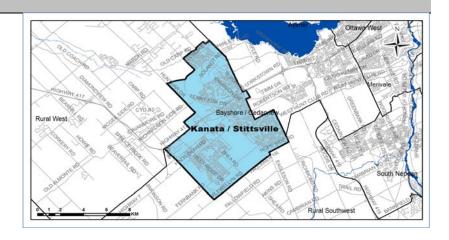


Kanata - Stittsville

Demographic Characteristics

Population	105,210	Actively Tra	velled	83,460
Employed Population	49,640	Number of '	Vehicles	64,540
Households	38,010	Area (km²)		82.6
Occupation				
Status (age 5+)		Male	Female	Total
Full Time Employed		24,670	19,590	44,260
Part Time Employed		1,540	3,840	5,380
Student		13,630	13,410	27,040
Retiree		6,480	8,350	14,820
Unemployed		850	940	1,790
Homemaker		160	3,310	3,470
Other		350	1,010	1,360
Total:		47,690	50,440	98,120
Traveller Characteristics		Male	Female	Total
Transit Pass Holders		5,940	6,920	12,860
Licensed Drivers		36,280	36,790	73,070
Telecommuters		200	380	580
Trips made by residents		135,300	143,330	278,630

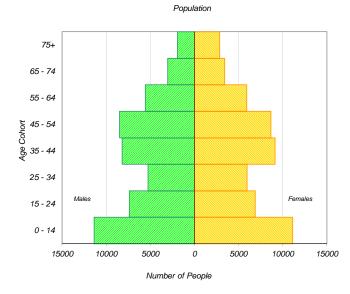
Selected Indicators	
Daily Trips per Person (age 5+)	2.84
Vehicles per Person	0.61
Number of Persons per Household	2.77
Daily Trips per Household	7.33
Vehicles per Household	1.70
Workers per Household	1.31
Population Density (Pop/km2)	1270

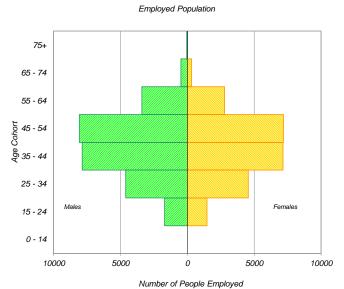


Household Size		
1 person	5,810	15%
2 persons	11,660	31%
3 persons	7,490	20%
4 persons	8,890	23%
5+ persons	4,160	11%
Total:	38,010	100%

Households by Vehicle Availability			
0 vehicles	1,050	3%	
1 vehicle	14,090	37%	
2 vehicles	19,110	50%	
3 vehicles	3,000	8%	
4+ vehicles	770	2%	
Total:	38,010	100%	

Households by Dwelling	туре Туре	
Single-detached	21,610	57%
Semi-detached	3,890	10%
Townhouse	10,550	28%
Apartment/Condo	1,960	5%
Total:	38 010	100%



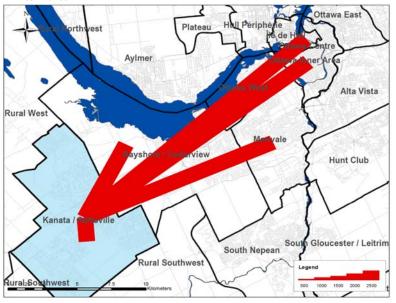




Travel Patterns

Top Five Destinations of Trips from Kanata - Stittsville

AM Peak Period



AM Peak Period (6:30 - 8:59)	Destinations of	C	Origins of	
	Trips From			
Districts	District	% Total	District	% Tota
Ottawa Centre	4,560	8%	140	09
Ottawa Inner Area	3,350	6%	970	25
Ottawa East	660	1%	260	1
Beacon Hill	280	0%	170	0
Alta Vista	1,810	3%	660	1
Hunt Club	490	1%	420	1
Merivale	3,410	6%	1,200	3
Ottawa West	2,020	4%	840	2
Bayshore / Cedarview	5,010	9%	2,420	5
Orléans	290	1%	500	1
Rural East	100	0%	30	0
Rural Southeast	50	0%	260	1
South Gloucester / Leitrim	60	0%	140	0
South Nepean	690	1%	1,800	4
Rural Southwest	1,130	2%	1,850	4
Kanata / Stittsvile	30,360	54%	30,360	66
Rural West	1,050	2%	3,250	7
Île de Hull	670	1%	30	0
Hull Périphérie	160	0%	30	0
Plateau	100	0%	230	0
Aylmer	0	0%	190	0
Rural Northwest	20	0%	60	0
Pointe Gatineau	20	0%	80	0
Gatineau Est	0	0%	60	0
Rural Northeast	30	0%	50	0
Buckingham / Masson-Angers	30	0%	10	0
Ontario Sub-Total:	55,320	98%	45,270	98
Québec Sub-Total:	1,030	2%	740	2
Total:	56,350	100%	46,010	100

Trips by Trip Purpose

24 Hours	From District	To District Within District				
Work or related	27,180	29%	17,020	18%	14,550	9%
School	7,070	7%	2,500	3%	15,110	9%
Shopping	6,070	6%	9,150	10%	22,480	14%
Leisure	8,450	9%	10,590	11%	17,090	11%
Medical	2,520	3%	1,170	1%	2,660	2%
Pick-up / drive passenger	6,570	7%	5,470	6%	15,190	9%
Return Home	33,610	35%	45,620	48%	65,770	41%
Other	3,560	4%	3,590	4%	8,440	5%
Total:	95,030	100%	95,110	100%	161,290	100%
AM Peak (06:30 - 08:59)	From District	7	o District	Wi	thin District	
Work or related	18,030	69%	11,020	70%	7,430	24%
School	4,890	19%	2,280	15%	11,740	39%
Shopping	170	1%	320	2%	760	3%
Leisure	340	1%	400	3%	780	3%
Medical	330	1%	230	1%	350	1%
Pick-up / drive passenger	1,260	5%	580	4%	4,760	16%
Return Home	290	1%	380	2%	1,980	7%
Other	670	3%	430	3%	2,560	8%
Total:	25,980	100%	15,640	100%	30,360	100%
PM Peak (15:30 - 17:59)	From District	To District		Within District		
Work or related	390	2%	350	1%	930	2%
School	370	2%	0	0%	90	0%
Shopping	1,030	5%	1,910	7%	5,100	14%
Leisure	2,140	11%	3,080	11%	4,130	11%
Medical	230	1%	180	1%	400	1%
Pick-up / drive passenger	1,980	10%	1,980	7%	3,410	9%
Return Home	12,130	64%	20,550	71%	21,560	58%
Other	680	4%	860	3%	1,850	5%
Total:	18,950	100%	28,910	100%	37,470	100%
Peak Period (%)	Total:	% of 24 Hours Within District (%)			ct (%)	
24 Hours	351,430				46%	

71,980

85,330

20%

24%

42%

44%

Trips by Primary Travel Mode

24 Hours	From District		To District	Wi	thin Distric	t
Auto Driver	63,470	67%	63,830	67%	92,190	57%
Auto Passenger	15,220	16%	14,920	16%	31,880	20%
Transit	12,200	13%	12,270	13%	4,050	3%
Bicycle	360	0%	410	0%	960	1%
Walk	40	0%	50	0%	21,080	13%
Other	3,730	4%	3,660	4%	11,130	7%
Total:	95,020	100%	95,140	100%	161,290	100%
AM Peak (06:30 - 08:59)	From District		To District	W	ithin Distric	
Auto Driver	15,360	59%	11,530	74%	13,630	45%
Auto Passenger	2,450	9%	1,160	7%	5,050	17%
Transit	6,230	24%	1,290	8%	1,210	4%
Bicycle	30	0%	80	1%	220	1%
Walk	0	0%	40	0%	5,730	19%
Other	1,900	7%	1,560	10%	4,510	15%
Total:	25,970	100%	15,660	100%	30,350	100%
DM Deal. (15.20, 17.50)	From District		To District	147	ithin Distric	
PM Peak (15:30 - 17:59) Auto Driver	13,850	73%	17,660	61%	21,240	57%
	3,240	73% 17%	4,270	15%	8,570	23%
Auto Passenger Transit	1,270	7%	5,980	21%	670	23%
Bicycle	40	0%	100	0%	260	1%
Walk	40	0%	0	0%	4,570	12%
Other	520	3%	910	3%	2,160	6%
Total:	18,960	100%	28,920	100%	37,470	100%
Total.	18,500	10070	20,520	10070	37,470	10070
Avg Vehicle Occupancy	From District		To District	Wi	ithin Distric	t
24 Hours	1.24		1.23		1.35	
AM Peak Period	1.16		1.10		1.37	
PM Peak Period	1.23		1.24		1.40	
Transit Modal Split	From District		To District	Wi	thin Distric	t
24 Hours	13%		13%		3%	
AM Peak Period	26%		9%		6%	
PM Peak Period	7%		21%		2%	

R.A. Malatest Associates Ltd. December 28, 2012

AM Peak Period

PM Peak Period

APPENDIX

E 2707 SOLANDT TIA



Engineering

Land / Site Development

Municipal Infrastructure

Environmental / Water Resources

Traffic / Transportation

Structural

Recreational

Planning

Land / Site Development

Planning Application Management

Municipal Planning Documents & **Studies**

Expert Witness (OMB)

Wireless Industry

Landscape **Architecture**

Urban Design & Streetscapes

Open Space, Parks & **Recreation Planning**

Community & Residential **Developments**

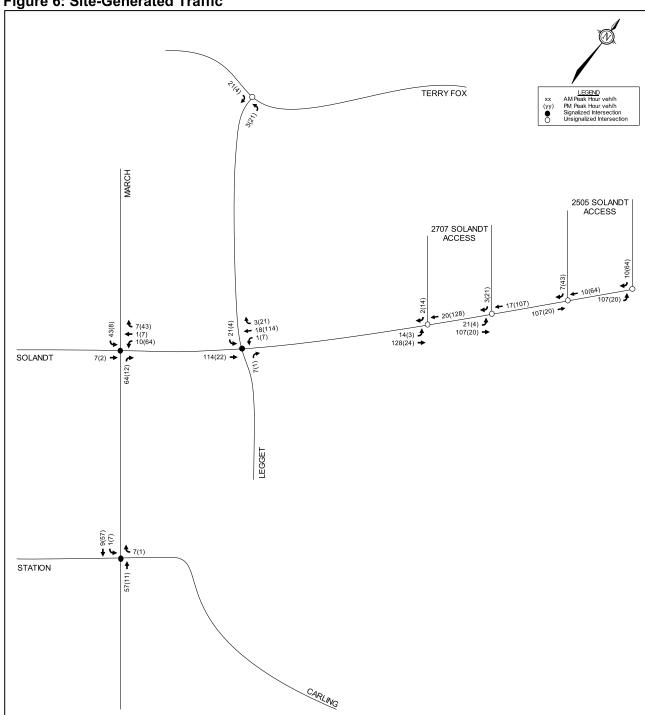
Commercial & **Institutional Sites**

Environmental Restoration

Proposed Office Building 2707 Solandt Road, Ottawa

Transportation Impact Assessment





Novatech Page 18