



365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario

K2B 7Z7

Hydrogeological Investigation

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1 Introduction

1.1 Project Description

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by 11061917 Canada Inc. to prepare a Hydrogeological Investigation associated with the proposed residential development located at 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario (hereinafter referred to as the 'Site').

The Site is currently occupied by a commercial building and parking lots. The proposed underground parking dimensions utilized for this report are referenced from architectural drawing A07 prepared by Laplame Rheault Architects & Associates and PMA Architects (May 28, 2021).

It is our understanding that the proposed construction for the Site will comprise of two (2) mid-rise buildings with a common four (4) levels of underground parking. The Site location plan is shown on Figure 1.

EXP previously conducted a Geotechnical Investigation and Environmental Site Assessments. The pertinent information gathered from the noted investigations is utilized for this assessment.

2 Hydrogeological Setting

2.1 Regional Setting

2.1.1 Regional Physiography

The Site is located within a physiographic region known as the Ottawa Valley Clay Plains. The physiographic landform consists of Clay Plains (Chapman & Putnam, 2007).

2.1.2 Regional Geology and Hydrogeology

The surficial geology (Figure 2) can be described as older alluvial deposits consisting of clay, silt, sand, gravel with organics (Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, 2012).

Based on the boreholes drilled as part of the Geotechnical Investigation there is approximately 7 m of overburden soil overlying the bedrock (borehole logs provided in Appendix B, borehole plan shown in Figure 4). The underlying bedrock is known regionally as the Ottawa Formation and is considered to be limestone bedrock (with shaly partings) .

2.1.3 Existing Water Well Survey

Water Well Records (WWRs) were compiled from the database maintained by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and reviewed to determine the number of water wells documented within a 500-m radius of the Site boundaries. The locations of the MECP WWRs within 500 m of the Site are shown on Figure 3. A summary of the WWR is included in Appendix A.

The MECP WWR database indicates one hundred and fifty six (156) records within a 500 m radius from the Site centroid (Figure 3 and Appendix A). Well distances are calculated relative to the Site centroid, therefore some distances in Appendix A exceed 500 m.

The database indicates that the offsite wells are at an approximate distance of twenty (23) m or greater from the Site centroid. All offsite wells were reportedly identified as monitoring and observation wells, test holes, dewatering wells, water supply wells, abandoned and/or listed with unknown use. The reported water levels ranged from depths of 2.0 m to 52.0 meters below ground surface (mbgs).

The Well Identification Numbers (Well ID No.) of the offsite water supply wells are as follows: 1503867, 1503868, 1503869, 1503870, 1503871, 1503872, 1503873, 1503874, 1504044, 1504045, 1504046, 1504047, 1504048, 1504049, 1504050, 1504051, 1504052, 1504053, 1504054, 1504055, 1504056, 1504057, 1504060, 1504061, 1504062, 1504063, 1504064, 1504065, 1504066, 1504067, 1504068, 1504069, 1504075, 1507781, 1507782, 1507784, 1507791, 1507792, 1507793, 1507794, 1507795, 1507796, 1507797, 1507928, 1507929, 1507930, 1507931, 1507932, 1507933, 1507968, 1507969, 1507970, 1508048, 1508049, 1508050, 1508051, 1508052, 1508063, 1508100, 1508102, 1508120, 1508122, 1508123, 1508124, 1508125, 1508127, 1508128, 1508155, 1508163, 1508215, 1508216, 1508217, 1508335, 1508337, 1508338, 1508339, 1508340, 1508590, 1508591, 1508592, 1508595, 1508645, 1508646, 1508667, 1508668, 1508669, 1508670, 1508671, 1508672, 1508673, 1508674, 1508675, 1508686, 1508687, 1508688, 1508689, 1508761, 1508769, 1508772, 1508773, 1508774, 1508879, 1508921, 1508922, 1508923, 1510572, and 1510573.

Based on the date of installation of the water supply wells (1940-1950s) and since the area is municipally serviced, it is unlikely that the noted water supply wells are still active.

2.2 Site Setting

2.2.1 Site Topography

The Site is in an mixed residential and commercial land use setting. The topography is considered relatively flat with a regional gradual northwesterly slope towards Ottawa River.

As indicated on the borehole logs included in Appendix B, the surface elevation of the Site ranges between approximately 74.13 to 75.74 meters above sea level (masl).

2.2.2 Local Surface Water Features

The Site is within the Ottawa River West watershed, within the Ottawa 6 subwatershed. No surface water features exist on site. The nearest surface water features is Pinecrest Creek, approximately located 450 meters east of the Site boundary and Mud Lake, approximately located 650 meters northwest of the Site boundary.

2.2.3 Local Geology and Hydrogeology

A summary of subsurface soil stratigraphy is provided in the following paragraphs. The soil descriptions are based on the geotechnical investigation report (EXP, 2021). They are summarized for the hydrogeological interpretations. As such, the information provided in this section shall not be used for construction design purposes.

The detailed soil profiles encountered in each borehole and the results of moisture content determinations are presented on the attached borehole logs (Appendix B). The soil boundaries indicated on the borehole logs are inferred from non-continuous sampling and observations during drilling. These boundaries are intended to reflect approximate transition zones for the Hydrogeological Investigation and shall not be interpreted as exact planes of geological change.

The "Notes on Sample Description" preceding the borehole logs form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with this report. The following is a brief description of the soil conditions encountered during the investigation.

Based on the results of the geotechnical investigation, the general subsurface soil stratigraphy consists of the following units from top to bottom:

Pavement Structure

Borehole Nos. 19-03, 19-04, 19-06 and 19-07 are located in paved areas of the site. The pavement structure consists of 30 mm and 60 mm thick asphaltic concrete underlain by 150 mm to 250 mm thick granular fill base.

Gravel Surface

The remaining boreholes are located in unpaved areas consisting of a surficial 100 mm to 500 mm thick granular fill layer.

Fill

Fill was contacted beneath the pavement structure and surficial granular layer in all the boreholes. The fill extends to depths ranging from 1.4 m to 3.0 m (Elevation 73.6 m to Elevation 71.8 m). Borehole No. 19-12 terminated within the fill at 4.4 m depth (Elevation 71.0 m). The fill consists of clayey silty sand to silty sand with gravel. The fill contains rootlets and brick debris. A petroleum odour was noted in the fill samples from Borehole Nos. 19-05 and 19-11. Based on the standard penetration test (SPT) N values of 1 to 16, the fill is in a very loose to compact state. The moisture content of the fill is 4 percent to 30 percent. The unit weight of the fill is 19.1 kN/m³ to 22.9 kN/m³.

Sandy Silt to Silty Sand

The fill in Borehole Nos. 19-01 to 19-03 is underlain by a sandy silt to silty sand layer from 1.4 m to 2.2 m depths (Elevation 73.6 m to Elevation 71.9 m). The SPT N values are 4 and 6 indicating the sandy silt to silty sand is in a loose state. The natural moisture content of the sandy silt to silty sand is 22 percent and 23 percent. The natural unit weight of the sandy silt to silty sand is 19.4 kN/m³.

Glacial Till

The fill and sandy silt to silty sand layer are underlain by glacial till that extends to depths of 6.5 m to 7.8 m (Elevation 68.2 m to Elevation 67.6 m). The glacial till ranges from a clayey silty sand to a silty sand with gravel. The glacial till is a silty clay in Borehole Nos. 19-03 to 19-05 from 2.2 m to 5.3 m depths (Elevation 72.8 m to Elevation 69.7 m). The glacial till contains shale fragments, cobbles and boulders. The SPT N values of the cohesionless silty clayey sand till ranges from 1 to 81 indicating the glacial till is in a very loose to very dense state. The SPT N values of the cohesive portion of the silty clay till of 2 to 4 indicates the silty clay till has a soft consistency. The natural moisture content and unit weight of the cohesionless silty clayey sand to silty sand with gravel till is 5 percent to 26 percent and 23.1 kN/m³ to 23.9 kN/m³, respectively.

Limestone Bedrock

Auger refusal was met in Borehole Nos. 19-01 to 19-05, 19-08, 19-09 and 19-11 at 6.2 m to 7.8 m depths (Elevation 68.4 m to Elevation 67.9 m). Conventional core drilling techniques were used to advance Borehole Nos. 19-01, 19-03, 19-08, 19-09 and 19-11 beyond the auger refusal depths to termination depths of 8.0 m to 9.6 m (Elevation 67.0 m to Elevation 65.8 m) confirming that auger refusal in these boreholes was met on Ottawa formation limestone with thin shaly partings.

The borehole and monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 4. Geological cross-sections were generated based on the available borehole logs completed as part of the previous and current investigations and shown on Figure 5 (Cross section A-A'). The cross section shows a simplified representation of soil conditions and soil deposits may be interconnected differently than represented. Borehole logs used to generate both cross-sections are provided in Appendix B.

3 Results

3.1 Monitoring Well Details

The monitoring well network was installed as part of the Geotechnical and Environmental Investigations at the Site. It consists of the following:

- Seven (7) shallow overburden monitoring wells (BH19-01, BH19-02, BH19-06, BH19-07, BH19-08, BH19-09, and BH19-10) were installed;
- Two (2) deep overburden monitoring well (BH21-13 and BH21-14) were installed.

The diameter for the shallow monitoring wells is 32 and the diameter of the deep monitoring wells is 38 mm. All wells were installed with a flush mount protective casing. Borehole logs and monitoring well installation details are provided in Appendix B. The monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 4.

3.2 Water Level Monitoring

As part of the Hydrogeological Investigation, static water levels in the monitoring wells installed outside of the existing building were recorded in four (4) monitoring events, including May 10 and May 15, 2019, and May 10 and October 20, 2021. A summary of all static water level data as it relates to the elevation survey is given in Table 3-1 below.

The groundwater elevation range for the Shallow Wells ranged from 69.65 masl (6.00 mbgs at BH19-09 on 15-May-19) to 73.81 masl (1.40 mbgs at BH19-07 on 15-May-19). The groundwater elevation range for the Deep Well ranged from 67.75 masl (6.55 mbgs at BH21-14 on 20-Oct-21) to 68.94 masl (6.26 mbgs at BH21-13 on 20-Oct-21).

Table 3-1: Summary of Measured Groundwater Elevations

Monitoring Well ID	Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Approximate Full Well Depth (mbgs)	Depth	10 -May-19	15 -May-19	10-May-21	20-Oct-21
BH 19-01	74.13	8.30	mbgs	Damaged			
			masl	Damaged			
BH 19-02	74.37	6.20	mbgs	1.80	1.90	2.20	-
			masl	72.57	72.47	72.17	-
BH 19-06	75.28	5.90	mbgs	2.50	2.40	2.90	-
			masl	72.78	72.88	72.38	-
BH 19-07	75.21	5.90	mbgs	1.40	1.40	1.70	-
			masl	73.81	73.81	73.51	-
BH 19-08	75.51	5.90	mbgs	5.60	5.70	4.00	-
			masl	69.91	69.81	71.51	-
BH 19-09	75.65	6.20	mbgs	-	6.00	5.70	-
			masl	-	69.65	69.95	-
BH 19-10	75.74	5.90	mbgs	2.20	2.30	-	-
			masl	73.54	73.44	-	-
BH 21-13	75.20	14.40	mbgs	-	-	-	6.26
			masl	-	-	-	68.94
BH 21-14	74.30	12.80	mbgs	-	-	-	6.55

Monitoring Well ID	Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Approximate Full Well Depth (mbgs)	Depth	10 -May-19	15 -May-19	10-May-21	20-Oct-21
			masl	-	-		67.75

Groundwater levels are expected to show seasonal fluctuations and vary in response to prevailing climate conditions. This may also affect the direction and rate of flow. It is recommended to conduct seasonal groundwater level measurements to provide more information on seasonal groundwater level fluctuations.

3.3 Hydraulic Conductivity Testing

Five (5) Single Well Response Tests (SWRT's) were completed on monitoring wells (BH19-02, BH19-07, BH19-10, BH21-13, and BH21-14) on October 25, 2021. The tests were completed to estimate the saturated hydraulic conductivity (K) of the soils at the well screen depths.

The static water level within each monitoring well was measured prior to the start of testing. In advance of performing SWRTs, each monitoring well underwent development to remove fines introduced into the screens following construction. The development process involved purging of the monitoring wells to induce the flow of fresh formation water through the screen. Each monitoring well was permitted to fully recover prior to performing SWRTs.

Hydraulic conductivity values were calculated from the SWRT and constant rate test data as per Hvorslev's solution included in the Aqtesolv Pro. V.4.5 software package. The semi-log plots for normalized drawdown versus time are included in Appendix C.

A summary of the hydraulic conductivities (K-values) estimated from the SWRTs are provided in Tables 3-2A and 3-2B.

Table 3-2A: Summary of Hydraulic Conductivity Testing – Glacial Till

Monitoring Well	Well Depth (mbgs)	Screen Interval (mbgs)		Soil Formation Screened	Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (m/s)
		from	to		
BH19-02	6.2	3.15	6.2	GLACIAL TILL (Silty Sand)	2.47E-08
BH19-07	5.9	2.85	5.9	GLACIAL TILL (Silty Sand)	7.77E-07
BH19-10	5.9	2.85	5.9	GLACIAL TILL (Silty Sand)	2.97E-08
Highest Estimated K Value					7.8E-07
Arithmetic Mean of Estimated K Values					2.8E-07
Geometric Mean of Estimated K Values					8.3E-08

Table 3-2B: Summary of Hydraulic Conductivity Testing – Limestone Bedrock

Monitoring Well	Well Depth (mbgs)	Screen Interval (mbgs)		Soil Formation Screened	Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (m/s)
		from	to		
BH21-13	14.4	11.35	14.4	LIMESTONE BEDROCK	6.21E-06
BH21-14	12.8	9.75	12.8	LIMESTONE BEDROCK	4.00E-06
Highest Estimated K Value					6.2E-06
Arithmetic Mean of Estimated K Values					5.1E-06

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Monitoring Well	Well Depth (mbgs)	Screen Interval (mbgs)		Soil Formation Screened	Estimated Hydraulic Conductivity (m/s)
		from	to		
Geometric Mean of Estimated K Values					5.0E-06

SWRTs provide K-estimates of the geological formation surrounding the well screens and may not be representative of bulk formation hydraulic conductivity. As shown in Table 3-2A, the highest K-value of the tested water-bearing zone for the silty sand aquifer is 7.8E-07 m/s, and the geometric mean of the K-values is 8.3E-08 m/s. As shown in Table 3-2A, the highest K-value of the tested water-bearing zone for the limestone bedrock is 6.2E-06 m/s, and the geometric mean of the K-values is 5.0E-6 m/s.

3.4 Groundwater Quality

No groundwater sampling has been performed as part of the hydrogeological investigation at this time. The Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment determined that a single groundwater sample located near the south side of the west building exceeded MECP Table 3 SCS for PHC F2 and F3. A groundwater bylaw sample is recommended for future compliance before permitting.

4 Construction Dewatering Assessment

To estimate the groundwater flow rates to the proposed excavation areas a numerical method using Feflow Version 7.4 software developed by DHI was utilized. Feflow is an industry standard software for developing three-dimensional (3D) groundwater flow and contaminant transport models using a finite element mathematical approach (FEM).

4.1 Construction Dewatering Rate Assumptions

It is our understanding that the proposed construction for the Site will comprise of two (2) mid-rise buildings with a common four (4) levels of underground parking.

Table 4-1 presents the assumptions used to calculate the dewatering rate for the Site. The model domain specifications and the estimated dewatering volumes are presented in Appendix C.

Table 4-1 Dewatering Estimate Assumptions

Input Parameter	Assumption	Units	Notes
Ground Surface Elevation	75.0	masl	Approximate elevation based on average elevation of borehole surveyed on Site.
Groundwater elevation	74.0	masl	Approximate groundwater elevation across site.
Top of Bedrock	68.0	masl	Approximate elevation of Rockcliffe bedrock formation based on borehole logs,
Number of Subgrade Levels	4 Levels	-	Based on architectural drawings prepared by Laplame Rheault Architects & Associates and PMA Architectes (May 28, 2021).
Top of Slab Elevation	62.6	masl	P4 slab elevation
Construction Dewatering Target Elevation	60	masl	Assumed to be approximately 2.6 m below the P4 slab elevation.
Post Construction Dewatering Target Elevation	62	masl	0.6 m below top of slab elevation
Bottom Elevation of Water-Bearing Zone	50.0	masl	Base of bedrock elevation used for model input.
Excavation Area (Length x Width)	7000 (100 x 70)	m ² (m x m)	Approximate area (length x width) for the proposed underground parking garage based on the architectural site plan (referenced on Fig. 4)
Hydraulic Conductivity (K) Overburden	2.8E-7	m/s	Arithmetic mean K-value for silty sand/sandy silt aquifer. $K_v=K_h/2$

Input Parameter	Assumption	Units	Notes
Hydraulic Conductivity (K) Bedrock	5.0E-6	m/s	Arithmetic mean K-value for limestone bedrock. $K_v=K_h/2$

4.2 Numerical Model Simulation

A 3D numerical box groundwater flow model was developed by using FEFLOW 7.4 for assessing construction and post construction dewatering. This model is a simplified representation of reality and assumes homogeneous hydrogeological conditions throughout the model domain, a flat ground water table and is not a calibrated model. Given the irregular shape of the proposed development, a numerical approach was preferred to conventional analytical methods which are more suited for square or rectangular shaped developments and a single hydraulic conductivity. This model does not take into account any hydrogeological conditions beyond those encountered on site (ex: regional fractures, varying bedrock formations and conditions) and actual dewatering may vary. The numerical model utilized Richard’s equation to model the unsaturated zone and simulate the groundwater table under dewatered conditions. Model outputs can be seen in Figures 101 through 104.

The model domain can be seen in Figure 101 below. A constant head set as 74 masl was applied to the periphery of the model. The dewatering at the site was modeled using a boundary condition set with the construction and post construction dewatering targets as shown in Table 4-1.

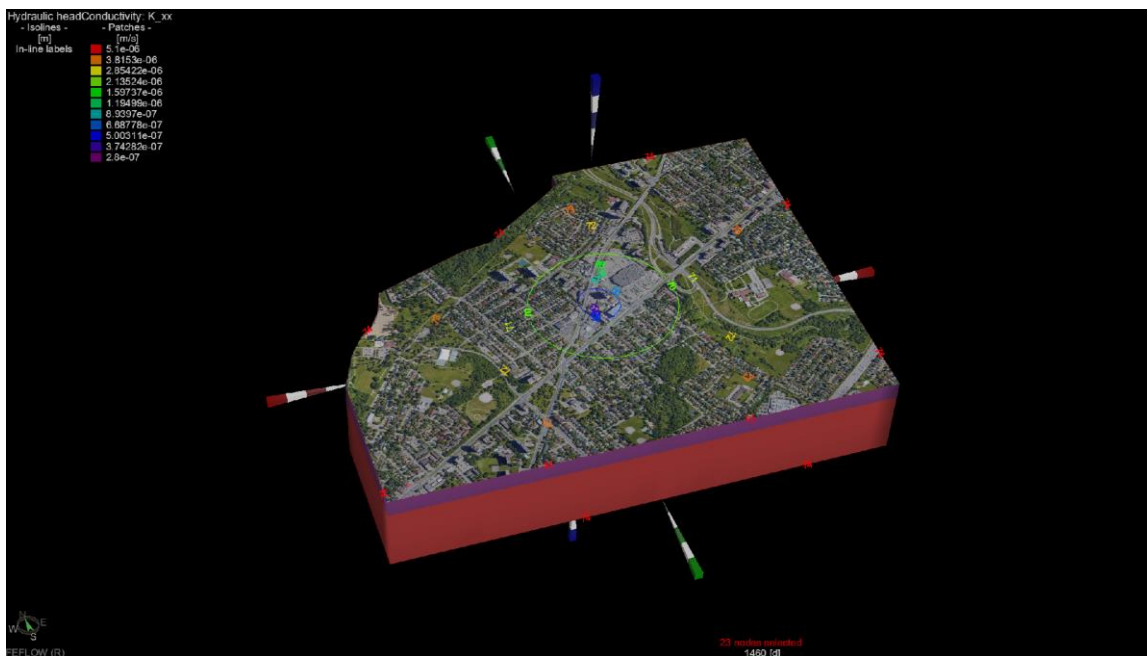


Figure 101: 3D view of numerical model representing model domain, hydraulic conductivity distribution and aerial imagery.

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The drawdown cone due to the dewatering is shown in plan view (2D) on Figure 102 below.

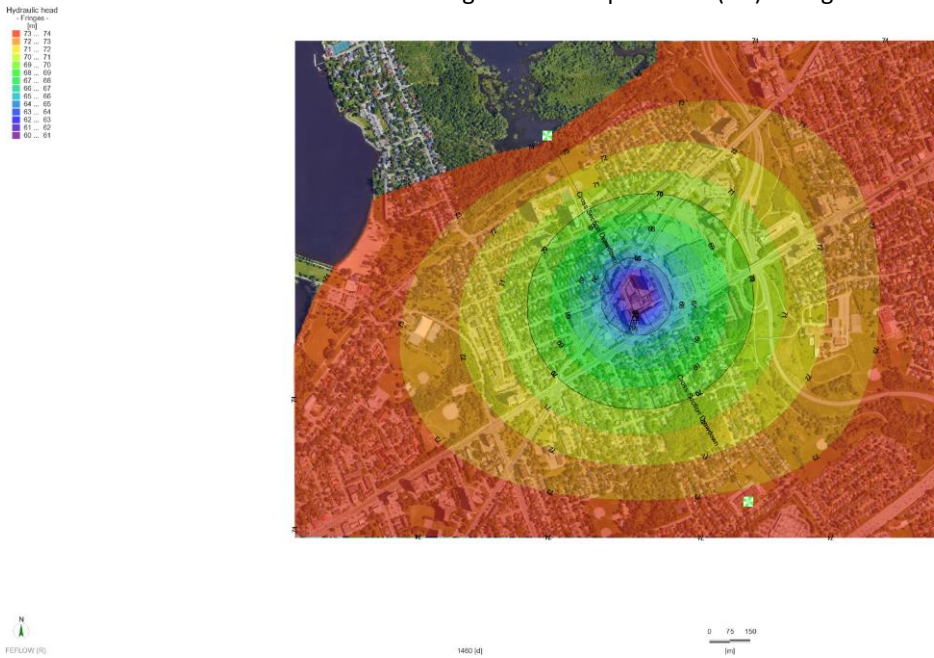


Figure 102: Drawdown cone in plan view

The effect of the dewatering extends from the base of the excavation in all directions as can be seen in Figure 103 below.

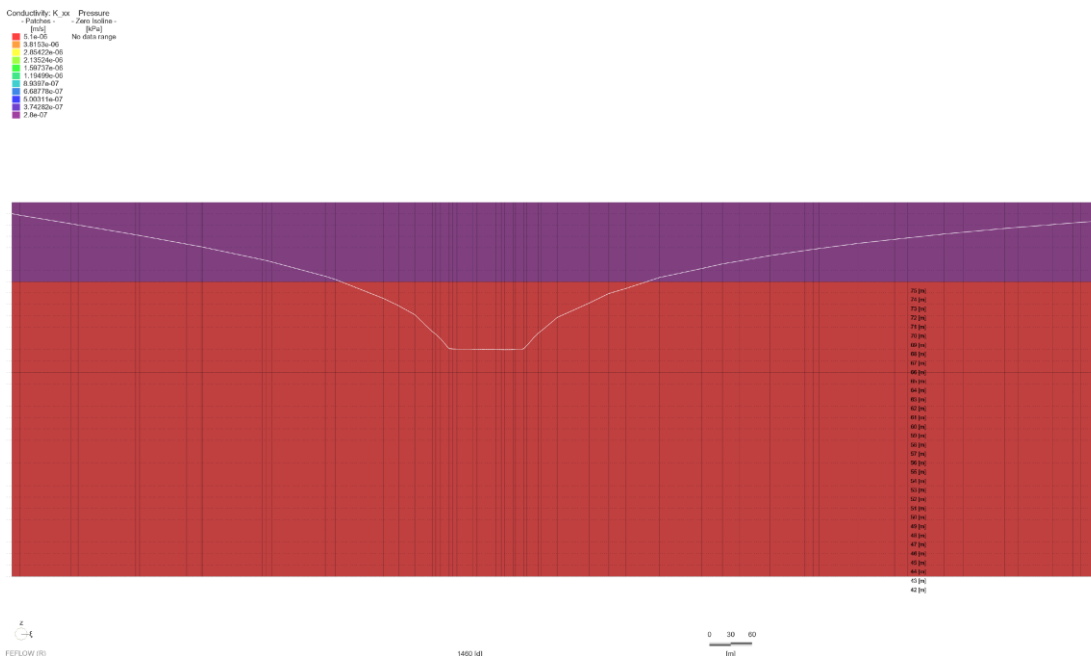


Figure 103: Drawdown after 1460 days (post construction: drain target elevation 62 masl). White line represents the groundwater table.

The output flow rates during construction and post construction show a decrease in the first 100 days of construction dewatering and stabilize at approximately 340 m³/day (excluding precipitation and factor of safety) with a dewatering target of 60 masl (Figure 104). After 2 years (730 days), the dewatering target changes to the post construction target of 62 masl, which results in a slight decreased flow rate of approximately 300 m³/day (excluding factor of safety)/

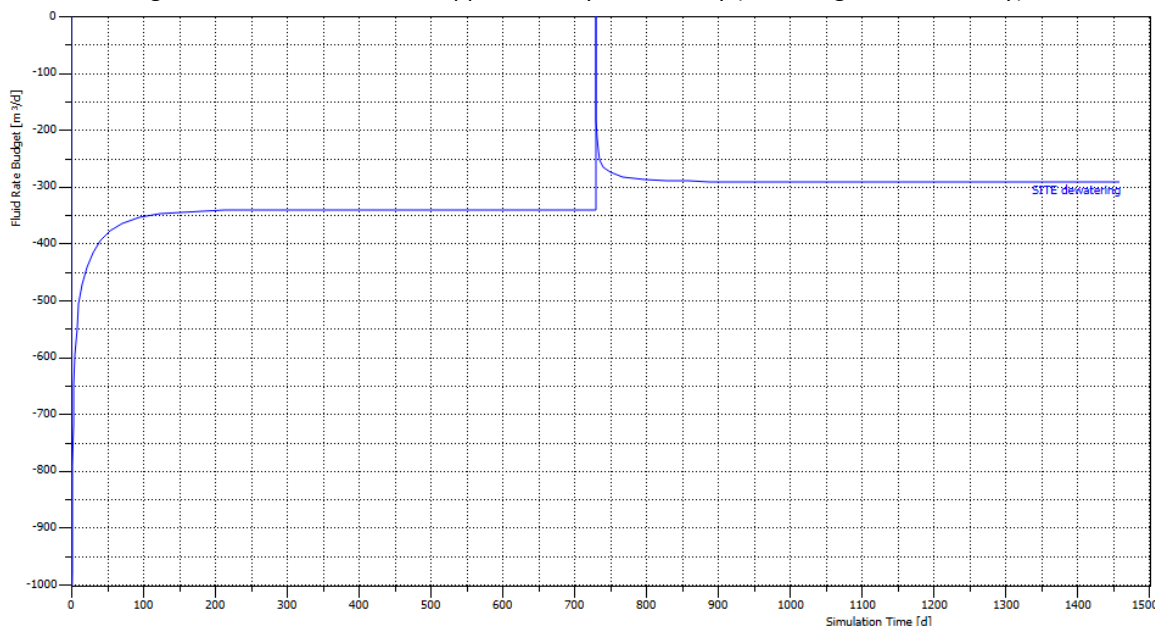


Figure 104: Flow rate over time in m³/day without factor of safety (15 days: 470 m³/day, 730 days: 340 m³/day, 1460 days: 300 m³/day (rounded))

Based on the assumptions provided in this report and the modeling results above, the rain collection volume, and resulted dewatering rates are provided in Tables 4-2 and Table 4-3, respectively.

Table 4-2 Estimated Rainwater Collection Volumes

Location	Approximate Area (m ²)	Rain Collection Volume (m ³ /Day)
Excavation Area	7,000	105

Note: * 15 mm precipitation event assumed

Table 4-3 Summary of Dewatering Flow Rate Estimate

Stage	Peak Dewatering Flow Rate	Factor of Safety Applied	Peak Dewatering Flow Rate	Peak Dewatering Flow Rate with Rain Collection Volume
	(Without Factor of Safety)	(FS)	(With Factor of Safety)	(With Factor of Safety)
Construction (15 Days)	470	1.5	705	810 (rounded)
Construction (730 Days)	340	1.5	510	620 (rounded)
Post Construction (1460 Days)	300	1.5	450	N.A.

Based on the preliminary results of the numerical model simulation the construction (15 and 730 Days) and post construction (1460 Days) phases dewatering flow rate for the proposed building would be 810, 620 and 450 m³/day respectively.

4.3 Radius of Influence

Based on the numerical model the zone of influence there will be 1 m of drawdown at approximately 550 m. A detail of the drawdown cone in post construction after 4 years is presented in Figure 101 to 103; drawdown after 1460 days post construction is presented in Figure 102.

4.4 Construction MECP Water Taking Permit

In accordance with the Ontario Water Resources Act, if the water taking for the construction dewatering is more than 50 m³/day but less than 400 m³/day, then an online registration in the Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR) with the MECP will be required. If groundwater dewatering rates onsite exceed 400 m³/day, a Category 3 Permit to Take Water (PTTW) will be required from the MECP.

Based on the dewatering estimate of approximately 810 m³/day (810,000 L/day) applying a safety factor of 1.5 (approximately 470 m³/day (470,000 L/day) without a safety factor including rain fall amount) for this project, a PTTW would be required to facilitate the construction dewatering program of the Site. Based on this assessment a PTTW will be required for post construction.

5 Environmental Impact

5.1 Surface Water Features

The Site is within the Ottawa River West watershed, within the Ottawa 6 subwatershed. No surface water features exist onsite. The nearest surface water features is Pinecrest Creek, approximately located 450 meters east of the Site boundary and Mud Lake, approximately located 650 meters northwest of the Site boundary.

Due to the limited extent of zone of influence and the wide distance to the nearest surface water feature, no detrimental impacts on surface water features are expected during construction activities.

5.2 Groundwater Sources

Well Records from the MECP Water Well Record (WWR) Database were reviewed to determine that no active water supply wells exist within a 500 m radius of the Site boundaries. Given that no active water supply wells exist and that the dewatering zone of influence is limited, no dewatering related impact is expected on water wells in the area, if existent.

5.3 Geotechnical Considerations

As per the MECP technical requirement for PTTW and EASRs, the geotechnical assessment of the stability of the soils due to water taking (ex: settlement, soil loss, subsidence, etc.) is required. The water taking should not have unacceptable interference on soils and underground structures (foundations, utilities, etc.).

A letter related to geotechnical issues as it pertains to the Site is required to be completed under a separate cover.

5.4 Groundwater Quality

It is our understanding that the potential effluent from the dewatering system during the construction will be released to the municipal sewer system. As such, the quality of groundwater discharge is required to conform the City of Ottawa Sewer Use By-Law.

Groundwater sampling is recommended to assess suitability of water taking with the municipal sewer use by law.

For the short-term dewatering system (construction phase), it is anticipated that TSS levels and some other parameters (for example, Total Metals) in the pumped groundwater may become elevated and exceed both, Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law limits. To control the concentration of TSS and associated metals, it is recommended that a suitable treatment method be implemented (filtration or decantation facilities and/ or any other applicable treatment system) during construction dewatering activities to discharge to the applicable sewer system. The specifications of the treatment system will need to be adjusted to the reported water quality results by the treatment contractor/process engineer.

Dewatering (short and long-term) may induce migration of contaminants within the zone of influence and beyond due to changing hydraulic gradients, hydrogeological conditions beyond Site boundaries and preferential pathways in utility beddings etc. The water quality sampling conducted as part of this assessment was performed under static conditions. As a result, monitoring may be required during dewatering activities (short and long-term) to monitor potential migration, and this should be performed more frequently during early dewatering stages.

The water quality may not be representative of the long-term condition of groundwater quality onsite. As such, regular water quality monitoring is recommended for the post-construction phase as required by the City.

An agreement to discharge into the sewers owned by the City of Ottawa will be required prior to releasing dewatering effluent.

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The Environmental Site Assessment Report(s) shall be reviewed for more information on the groundwater quality conditions at the Site.

5.5 Well Decommissioning

In conformance with Regulation 903 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, the installation and eventual decommissioning of any dewatering system wells or monitoring wells must be completed by a licensed well contractor. This will be required for all wells that are no longer in use.

6 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the findings of the Hydrogeological Investigation, the following conclusions and recommendations are provided:

- Based on the preliminary dewatering estimate of approximately 810 m³/day (810,000 L/day) applying a safety factor of 1.5 (approximately 470 m³/day (470,000 L/day) without a safety factor) including rain fall amount for this project. A PTTW will be required to facilitate the construction dewatering program of the Site for 705 m³/day (705,000 L/day) (excluding rain fall) based on the recent July 1, 2021 amendment to the regulation regarding water takings. The post construction dewatering flow rate estimate is 450 m³/day (450,000 L/day) applying a factor of safety of 1.5 (300 m³/day without a factor of safety) Based on this preliminary assessment a PTTW will be required for post construction. The construction dewatering and long-term estimate of sub-drain discharge volumes is based on the assumptions outlined in this report. Any variations in hydrogeological conditions beyond those encountered as part of this preliminary investigation may significantly influence the discharge volumes.
- For the short-term dewatering system (construction phase), it is anticipated that TSS levels and some other parameters (for example, Total Metals) in the pumped groundwater may become elevated and exceed both, Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law limits. To control the concentration of TSS and associated metals, it is recommended that a suitable treatment method be implemented (filtration or decantation facilities and/ or any other applicable treatment system) during construction dewatering activities to discharge to the applicable sewer system. The specifications of the treatment system will need to be adjusted to the reported water quality results by the treatment contractor/process engineer.
- As per the MECP technical requirement for PTTW and EASRs, the geotechnical assessment of the stability of the soils due to water taking (ex: settlement, soil loss, subsidence etc.) is required. The water taking should not have unacceptable interference on soils and underground structures (foundations, utilities etc.). A letter related to geotechnical issues as it pertains to the Site is required to be completed under a separate cover.
- No groundwater sampling has been performed as part of the hydrogeological investigation at this time. The Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment determined that a single groundwater sample located near the south side of the west building exceeded MECP Table 3 SCS for PHC F2 and F3. A groundwater bylaw sample is recommended for future compliance before permitting and treatment of discharge.
- An agreement to discharge into the sewers owned by the City of Ottawa will be required prior to releasing dewatering effluent.
- The PTTW registration allows construction dewatering discharge of greater than 400,000 L/day in construction and 50,000 L/day in post construction. Separate PTTW will be required for construction and post construction.
- A Discharge Plan (dewatering sketch, sewer discharge agreement) must be developed and applied for any discharges from the Site. The Discharge Plan and monitoring for both water quantity and water quality must be carried at the Site during the entire construction dewatering phase. The daily water taking records must be maintained onsite for the entire construction dewatering phase. The PTTW, Discharge Plan, hydrogeological investigation report, and geotechnical assessment of settlements must always also be available at the construction Site for the entire construction dewatering. EXP should be notified immediately about any changes to the construction dewatering schedule or design, since the PTTW will need to be updated to reflect these modifications. The hydrogeological report, PTTW, Discharge Plan and geotechnical assessment constitutes the Water Taking Plan which needs to be available onsite for the duration of construction dewatering.
- In conformance with Regulation 903 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, the installation and eventual decommissioning of any dewatering system wells or monitoring wells must be completed by a licensed well contractor. This will be required for all wells that are no longer in use.

The conclusions and recommendations provided above should be reviewed in conjunction with the entirety of the report. They assume that the present design concept described throughout the report will proceed to construction. This report is solely

*Hydrogeological Investigation
365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
OTT-00252625-A0
November 5, 2021*

intended for the construction and long-term dewatering assessments. Any changes to the design concept may result in a modification to the recommendations provided in this report.

*Hydrogeological Investigation
365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
OTT-00252625-A0
November 5, 2021*

7 Limitations

This report is based on a limited investigation designed to provide information to support an assessment of the current hydrogeological conditions within the study area. The conclusions and recommendations presented within this report reflect Site conditions existing at the time of the assessment. EXP must be contacted immediately, if any unforeseen Site conditions are experienced during construction activities. This will allow EXP to review the new findings and provide appropriate recommendations to allow the construction to proceed in a timely and cost-effective manner.

Our undertaking at EXP, therefore, is to perform our work within limits prescribed by our clients, with the usual thoroughness and competence of the geoscience/engineering profession. No other warranty or representation, either expressed or implied, is included or intended in this report.

This report was prepared for the exclusive use of 11061917 Canada Inc.. This report may not be reproduced in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of EXP, or used or relied upon in whole or in part by other parties for any purposes whatsoever. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any part thereof, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. EXP Services Inc. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

We trust that this information is satisfactory for your purposes. Should you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

Sincerely,

EXP Services Inc.



Nicolas Sabo, M.E.S., B.Sc.
Environmental Scientist
Environmental Services



Francois Chartier, M.Sc., P.Geo.
Discipline Manager, Hydrogeology
Environmental Services

8 References

EXP Services Inc. (May 28, 2021), Geotechnical Investigation, 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, ON, prepared for 11061917 Canada Inc.

EXP Services Inc. (May 11, 2021), Phase II Environmental Site Assessment, 365 Forest Street, 1420 Richmond Road & 2589 Bond Street, Ottawa, ON, prepared for 11061917 Canada Inc.

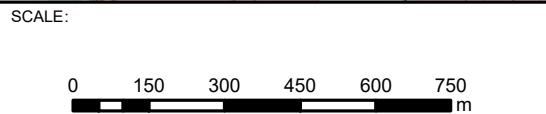
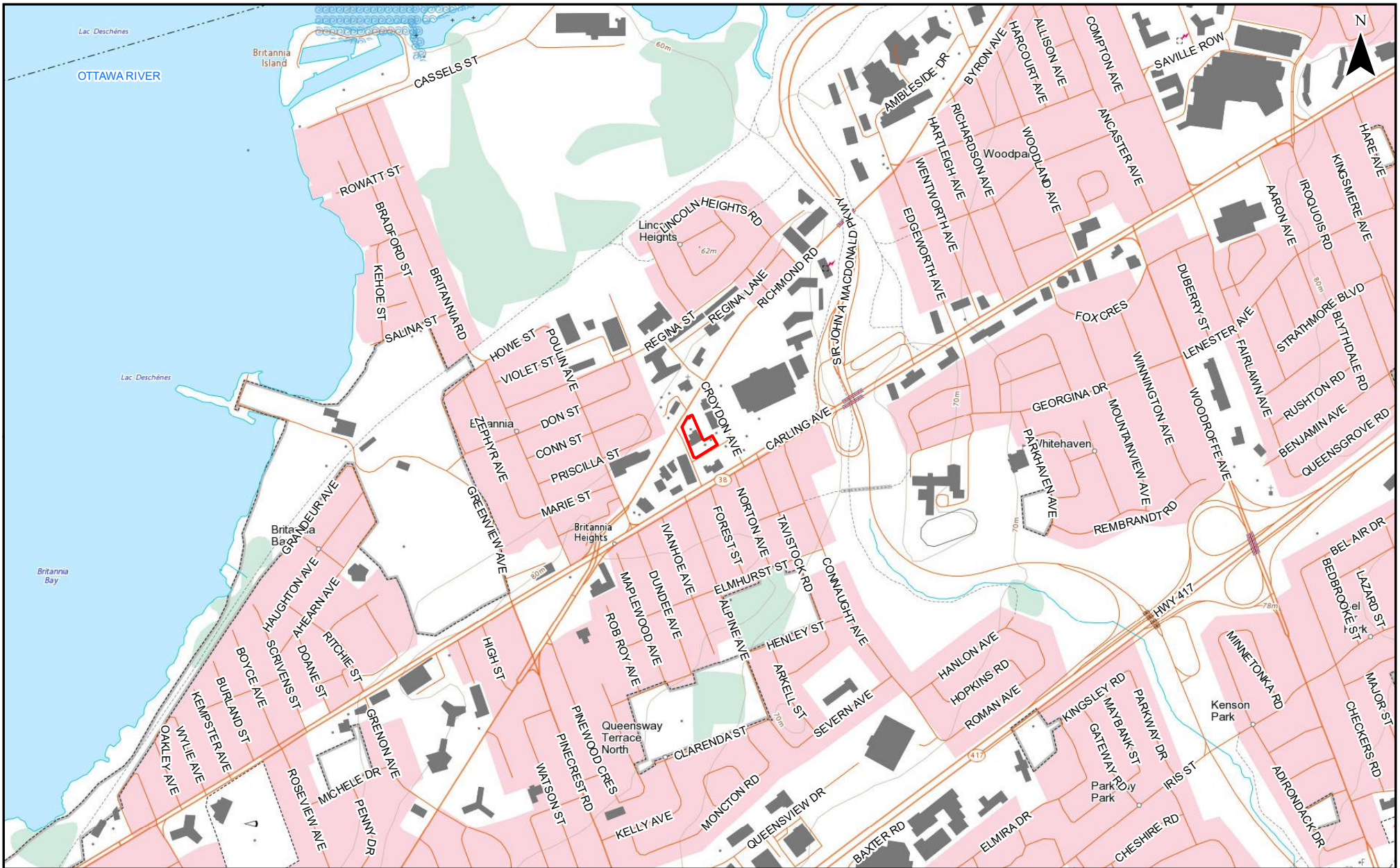
J.P. Powers, A.B. Corwin, P.C. Schmall and W.E. Kaeck (2007). Construction Dewatering and Groundwater Control, Third Edition.

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines (May, 2012). OGS Earth. Retrieved from <http://www.mndm.gov.on.ca/en/mines-and-minerals/applications/ogsearth>.

EXP Services Inc.

Hydrogeological Investigation
365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
OTT-00252625-A0
November 5, 2021

Figures



LEGEND:

APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY

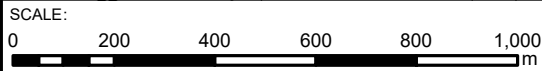
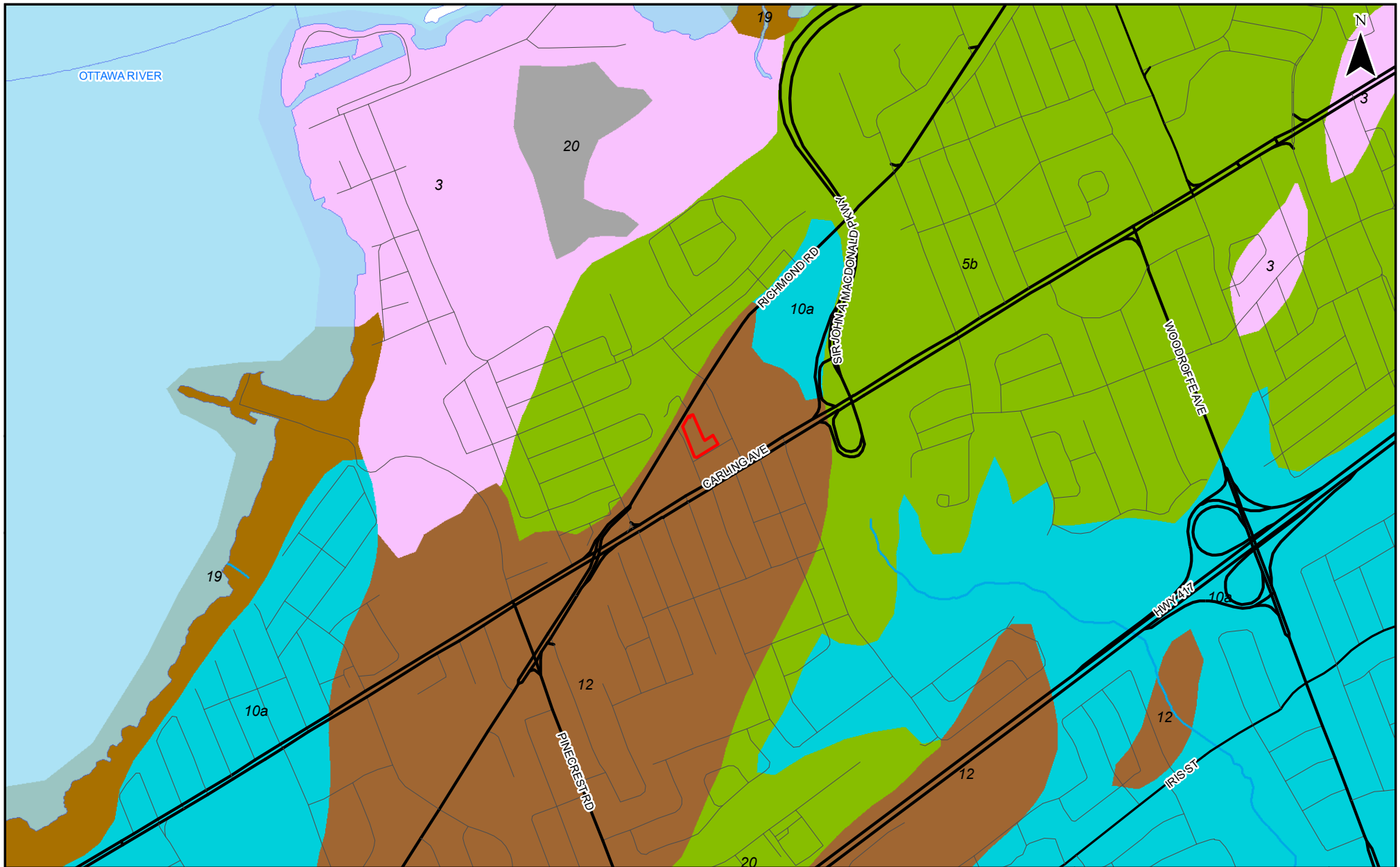
SITE LOCATION PLAN

FIGURE:
1

DRAWN BY: JA CHECKED BY: FC

HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION
365 FOREST STREET
OTTAWA, ONTARIO

PROJECT NUMBER: OTT-00252570-A0 DATE: OCTOBER 2021



SOURCE:
 BASED ON ONTARIO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY DATA PUBLISHED IN 2010

exp.
 DRAWN BY: JA
 CHECKED BY: FC

LEGEND:

- APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY
- 20: ORGANIC DEPOSITS
- 19: MODERN ALLUVIAL DEPOSITS
- 12: OLDER ALLUVIAL DEPOSITS
- 5B: STONE-POOR, CARBONATE-DERIVED SILTY TO SANDY TILL
- 3: PALEOZOIC BEDROCK
- 10A: MASSIVE-WELL LAMINATED

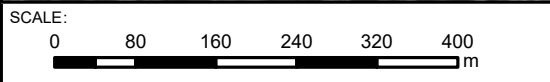
SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

FIGURE:
 2

HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION
 365 FOREST STREET
 OTTAWA, ONTARIO

PROJECT NUMBER: OTT-00252570-A0

DATE: OCTOBER 2021



SOURCE:
 BASED ON GOOGLE EARTH IMAGERY DATED 2019,
 AVAILABLE WELL RECORD INFORMATION AS OF SEPTEMBER 2019

- LEGEND:
- APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY
 - 500 m ZONE
 - + MONITORING WELL / TEST HOLE
 - WATER SUPPLY WELL
 - UNCLASSIFIED / UNFINISHED WELL



DRAWN BY:
JA

CHECKED BY:
FC

MECP WATER WELL
 RECORDS MAP

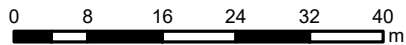
FIGURE:
3

HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION
 365 FOREST STREET
 OTTAWA, ONTARIO

PROJECT NUMBER: OTT-00252570-A0 DATE: OCTOBER 2021



SCALE:



LEGEND:

- APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY
- + BOREHOLE (EXP, 2019)
- BOREHOLE / MONITORING WELL (EXP, 2019)
- ◎ BOREHOLE / MONITORING WELL (EXP, 2021)

**BOREHOLE / MONITORING
WELL LOCATION PLAN**

FIGURE:

4

HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION
365 FOREST STREET
OTTAWA, ONTARIO



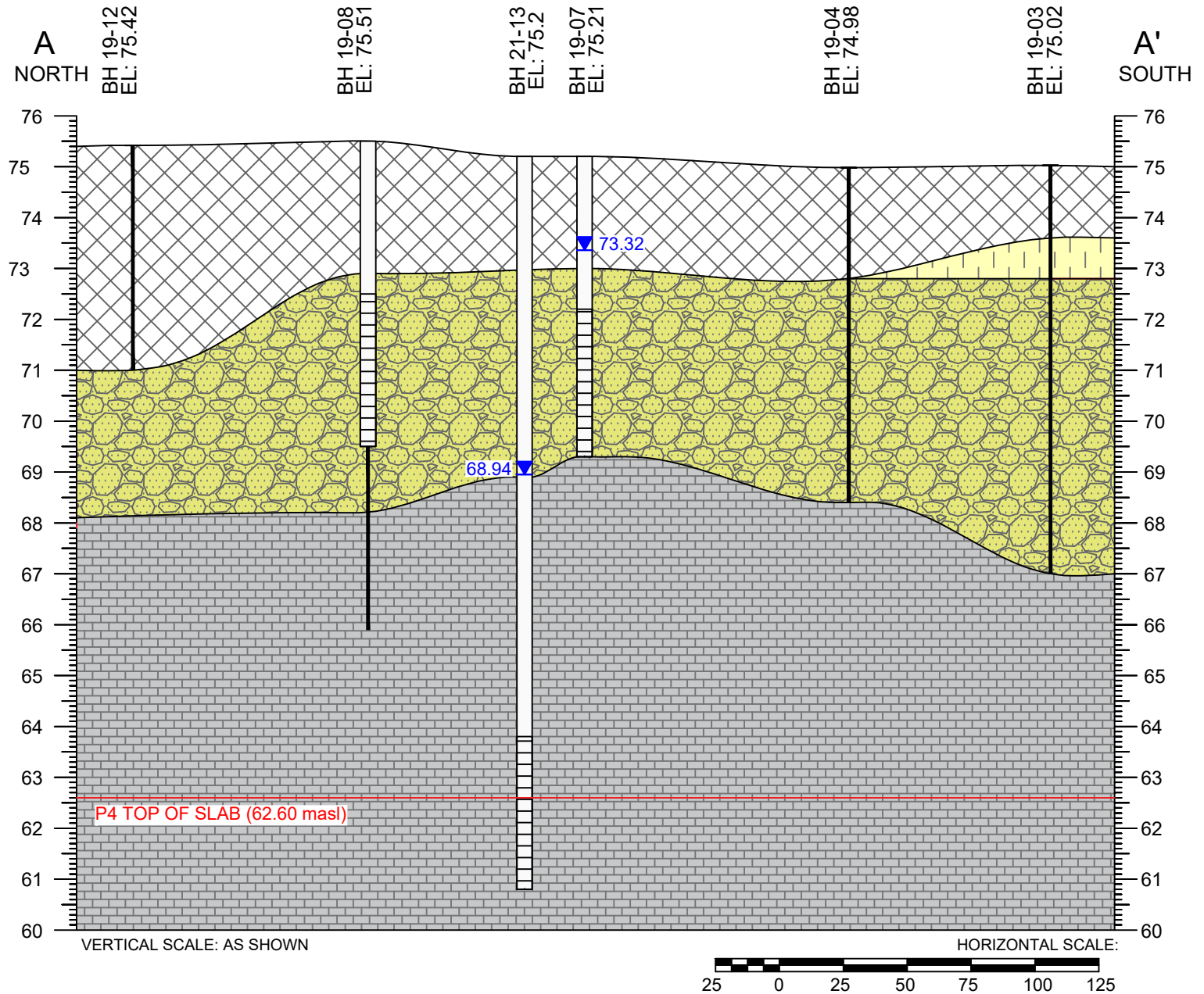
DRAWN BY:
JA

CHECKED BY:
FC

PROJECT NUMBER: OTT-00252570-A0

DATE: OCTOBER 2021

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 Brampton, ON L6T 4V1
 Canada



www.exp.com

• BUILDINGS • EARTH & ENVIRONMENT • ENERGY •
 • INDUSTRIAL • INFRASTRUCTURE • SUSTAINABILITY •

LEGEND:

- ASPHALT / CONCRETE
- FILL
- SANDY SILT / SILTY SAND
- GLACIAL TILL

LIMESTONE BEDROCK

GROUNDWATER ELEVATION
 AS MEASURED ON
 OCTOBER 20, 2021

TITLE AND LOCATION:

CROSS SECTION A-A'
 365 FOREST STREET,
 OTTAWA, ONTARIO

PROJECT NO.:
 OTT-00252570-A0

DWN.:
 NS

SCALE:
 AS NOTED

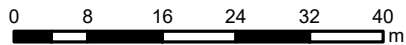
CK:
 FC

DATE:
 OCTOBER 2021

FIG. NO.:
 5



SCALE:



LEGEND:

- APPROXIMATE SITE BOUNDARY
- GROUNDWATER CONTOUR
- GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION
- [xx.xx] GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (m asl) AS MEASURED ON OCTOBER 20, 2021
- * NOT USED FOR CONTOURING
- ⊕ BOREHOLE (EXP, 2019)
- BOREHOLE / MONITORING WELL (EXP, 2019)
- ⊙ BOREHOLE / MONITORING WELL (EXP, 2021)

**GROUNDWATER
CONTOUR PLAN**

FIGURE:
6

HYDROGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION
365 FOREST STREET
OTTAWA, ONTARIO



DRAWN BY:
JA

CHECKED BY:
FC

PROJECT NUMBER: OTT-00252570-A0 DATE: OCTOBER 2021

EXP Services Inc.

Hydrogeological Investigation
365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
OTT-00252625-A0
November 5, 2021

Appendix A –MECP WWR Summary Table

On-Site															
BORE_HOLE_ID	WELL_ID	DATE	EASTES	NORTHS	ELEVATION (m ASL)	STREET	CITY	DISTANCE FROM SITE CENTROID (m)	CONSTRUCTION METHOD	WELL DEPTH (m bgs)	WATER FOUND (m BGS)	CASING DIAMETER (cm)	1st USE	2nd USE	FINAL STATUS
Off-Site															
BORE_HOLE_ID	WELL_ID	DATE	EASTES	NORTHS	ELEVATION (m ASL)	STREET	CITY	DISTANCE FROM SITE CENTROID (m)	CONSTRUCTION METHOD	WELL DEPTH (m bgs)	WATER FOUND (m BGS)	CASING DIAMETER (cm)	1st USE	2nd USE	FINAL STATUS
10025910	1503867	10/3/1949	437856	50233117	79.4			513	52	49	45.8	10.2	Domestic		Water Supply
10025911	1503868	11/24/1949	437786	5023472	70.0			489	13	12.2	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10025912	1503869	2/7/1947	437761	5023872	66.1			523	16	6.1	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10025913	1503870	8/5/1949	437856	5023822	67.9			419	27	12.2	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10025914	1503871	9/18/1949	437786	5023327	66.3			507	23	18.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10025915	1503872	6/30/1949	438271	5023532	76.5			131	43	12.2	12.7	Commercial			Water Supply
10025916	1503873	12/12/1949	438263	5023622	60.3			60	20	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10025917	1503874	6/3/1948	438286	5023742	75.6			121	29	29.0	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026087	1504044	9/25/1949	438091	5023282	81.3			405	49	45.8	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026088	1504045	11/2/1949	438441	5023272	81.7			399	27	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026089	1504046	11/17/1949	438151	5023242	82.3			426	27	25.6	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026090	1504047	11/7/1949	438161	5023222	82.2			444	30	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026091	1504048	2/3/1949	438246	5023222	80.7			337	20	25.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026092	1504049	2/26/1948	438136	5023392	79.7			286	34	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026093	1504050	3/6/1948	438251	5023452	78.4			208	33	28.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026094	1504051	3/22/1949	438131	5023302	81.6			373	30	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026095	1504052	3/22/1949	438131	5023452	78.6			427	38	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026096	1504053	4/4/1949	438176	5023262	81.9			402	31	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026097	1504054	4/13/1949	438071	5023222	81.9			468	30	27.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026098	1504055	4/16/1949	438111	5023177	82.7			522	31	28.1	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026099	1504056	4/22/1949	438171	5023142	83.0			422	30	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026100	1504057	5/12/1949	438101	5023382	80.3			327	32	30.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026101	1504060	11/15/1949	438136	5023492	77.7			257	32	31.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026104	1504061	12/15/1949	438441	5023502	77.3			237	32	29.9	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026105	1504062	12/22/1949	438071	5023167	82.3			520	34	32.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026106	1504063	12/30/1949	438451	5023562	76.4			426	34	30.5	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026107	1504064	5/25/1949	438591	5023472	73.1			399	28	27.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026108	1504065	6/9/1949	438660	5023562	77.1			336	39	38.1	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026109	1504066	8/20/1949	438561	5023622	69.5			489	35	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026110	1504067	10/19/1949	438531	5023522	78.4			323	37	35.7	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026111	1504068	10/28/1949	438491	5023602	76.5			259	37	29.6	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026112	1504069	11/6/1949	438511	5023722	75.8			323	30	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026118	1504075	11/9/1949	438231	5023722	76.1			27	27	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026119	1504076	11/9/1949	438231	5023722	76.1			27	27	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026121	1504078	10/28/1949	438491	5023602	76.5			259	37	29.6	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026122	1504079	11/6/1949	438511	5023722	75.8			323	30	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026128	1507781	3/10/1950	438261	5023162	81.8			498	23	22.9	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026129	1507782	4/2/1950	438261	5023162	81.8			498	23	22.9	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026130	1507784	5/2/1950	438261	5023162	81.8			498	23	22.9	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026131	1507784	5/2/1950	438261	5023162	81.8			498	23	22.9	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026132	1507791	5/27/1952	438171	5023402	79.4			266	34	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026133	1507792	5/28/1952	438171	5023402	79.4			266	34	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026134	1507793	3/14/1953	438331	5023172	80.4			496	34	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026135	1507794	3/10/1955	438261	5023342	80.0			318	34	34.2	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026136	1507795	6/4/1954	438211	5023322	80.0			338	32	18.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026137	1507796	10/27/1954	438211	5023302	81.0			338	32	18.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026138	1507797	8/14/1953	438201	5023342	80.0			319	34	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026139	1507928	8/27/1951	437851	5023742	69.8			396	32	14.6	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026140	1507929	8/27/1951	437851	5023742	69.8			396	32	14.6	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026141	1507930	8/18/1951	437911	5023542	70.3			348	18	18.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026142	1507931	9/23/1951	437911	5023542	70.3			348	18	18.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026143	1507932	9/23/1951	437851	5023522	70.6			362	22	22.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026144	1507933	8/28/1951	437911	5023512	70.4			414	26	25.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026145	1507968	10/2/1950	438056	5023422	77.8			299	24	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026146	1507969	10/10/1950	437991	5023392	79.1			312	24	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026147	1507970	10/31/1950	438261	5023662	76.0			27	28	27.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026148	1508048	6/26/1953	437871	5023672	69.5			363	12	11.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026149	1508049	6/26/1953	437871	5023672	69.5			363	12	11.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026150	1508050	9/4/1950	438486	5023482	79.2			305	30	30.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026151	1508051	3/15/1953	438521	5023532	78.9			310	36	21.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026152	1508052	6/8/1950	438261	5023622	69.5			465	18	16.8	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026153	1508053	6/8/1950	438291	5023602	76.3			78	40	38.1	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026154	1508100	7/2/1953	437716	5023702	66.0			524	20	8.5	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026155	1508102	4/24/1950	438186	5023142	83.0			480	32	22.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026156	1508122	5/15/1950	438151	5023182	82.6			525	32	30.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026157	1508123	6/12/1950	438151	5023182	82.6			525	32	30.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026158	1508124	10/13/1950	438121	5023252	81.4			424	30	29.9	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026159	1508125	11/20/1950	438111	5023282	81.1			398	30	29.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026160	1508125	11/20/1950	438111	5023282	81.1			398	30	29.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026161	1508127	12/7/1951	438101	5023172	82.4			526	35	18.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026162	1508128	8/9/1951	438211	5023172	82.1			467	20	21.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026163	1508155	9/6/1954	438111	5023887	68.8			24	9.2	9.2	12.7	Domestic			Water Supply
10026164	1508163	10/3/1950	438181	5023142	83.0			520	30	29.3	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026165	1508155	6/28/1950	438051	5023222	82.6			296	30	29.0	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026166	1508156	7/4/1950	437971	5023262	82.3			479	30	27.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026167	1508217	10/7/1950	438011	5023182	82.7			529	39	27.5	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026168	1508215	11/26/1950	438211	5023252	83.0			538	30	20.1	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026169	1508217	11/28/1951	438201	5023122	83.0			538	30	20.1	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026170	1508218	4/24/1952	438166	5023202	82.4			463	33	21.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026171	1508219	5/2/1952	438166	5023202	82.4			463	33	21.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026172	1508240	6/4/1952	438171	5023352	81.2			314	35	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026173	1508240	6/4/1952	438171	5023352	81.2			314	35	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026174	1508240	6/4/1952	438171	5023352	81.2			314	35	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026175	1508240	6/4/1952	438171	5023352	81.2			314	35	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026176	1508240	6/4/1952	438171	5023352	81.2			314	35	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026177	1508240	6/4/1952	438171	5023352	81.2			314	35	24.4	10.2	Domestic			Water Supply
10026178	1508240														

EXP Services Inc.

*Hydrogeological Investigation
365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
OTT-00252625-A0
November 5, 2021*

Appendix B – Borehole Logs

Log of Borehole BH 19-01



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0

Figure No. 3

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario

Date Drilled: April 30, 2019

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

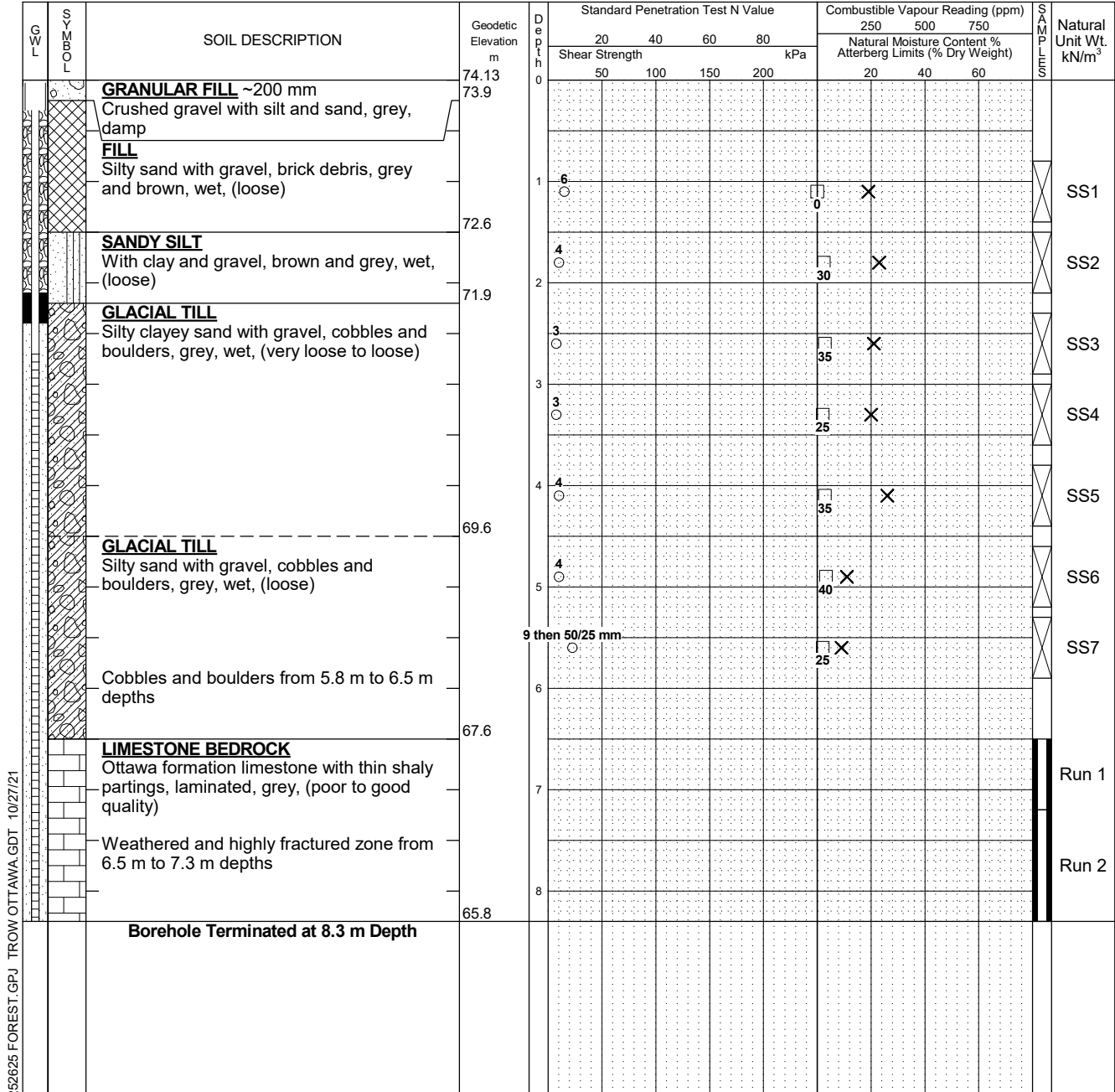
Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure

Shelby Tube

Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Shear Strength by Vane Test



LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:**
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	N/A	
Damaged	N/A	
Damaged	N/A	
Damaged	N/A	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.5 - 7.2	90	29
2	7.2 - 8.3	100	84

Log of Borehole BH 19-02



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 29, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 4
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

GWL	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				250	500	750	
				20	40	60	80	Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
	GRANULAR FILL ~500 mm Crushed gravel with silt and sand, grey, damp	74.37	0								
	FILL Silty sand with gravel, brown and grey, wet, (loose)	73.9	0								
	SANDY SILT With clay and gravel, grey, wet, (loose)	73.0	1	6				5	X		SS1 20.6
	GLACIAL TILL Silty clayey sand with gravel, cobbles, and boulders, grey wet, (very loose to loose)	72.272.17	2	8				10	X		SS2 19.4
	GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (very loose to loose)	70.7	3	5				20	X		SS3
			4	1				25	X		SS4
			5	4				20	X		SS5
			6	3							SS6
	Auger Refusal at 6.2 m Depth	68.2	6					50 for 75 mm			SS7

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	5.2	
11 days	1.8	
17 days	1.9	
~ 2 years	2.2	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

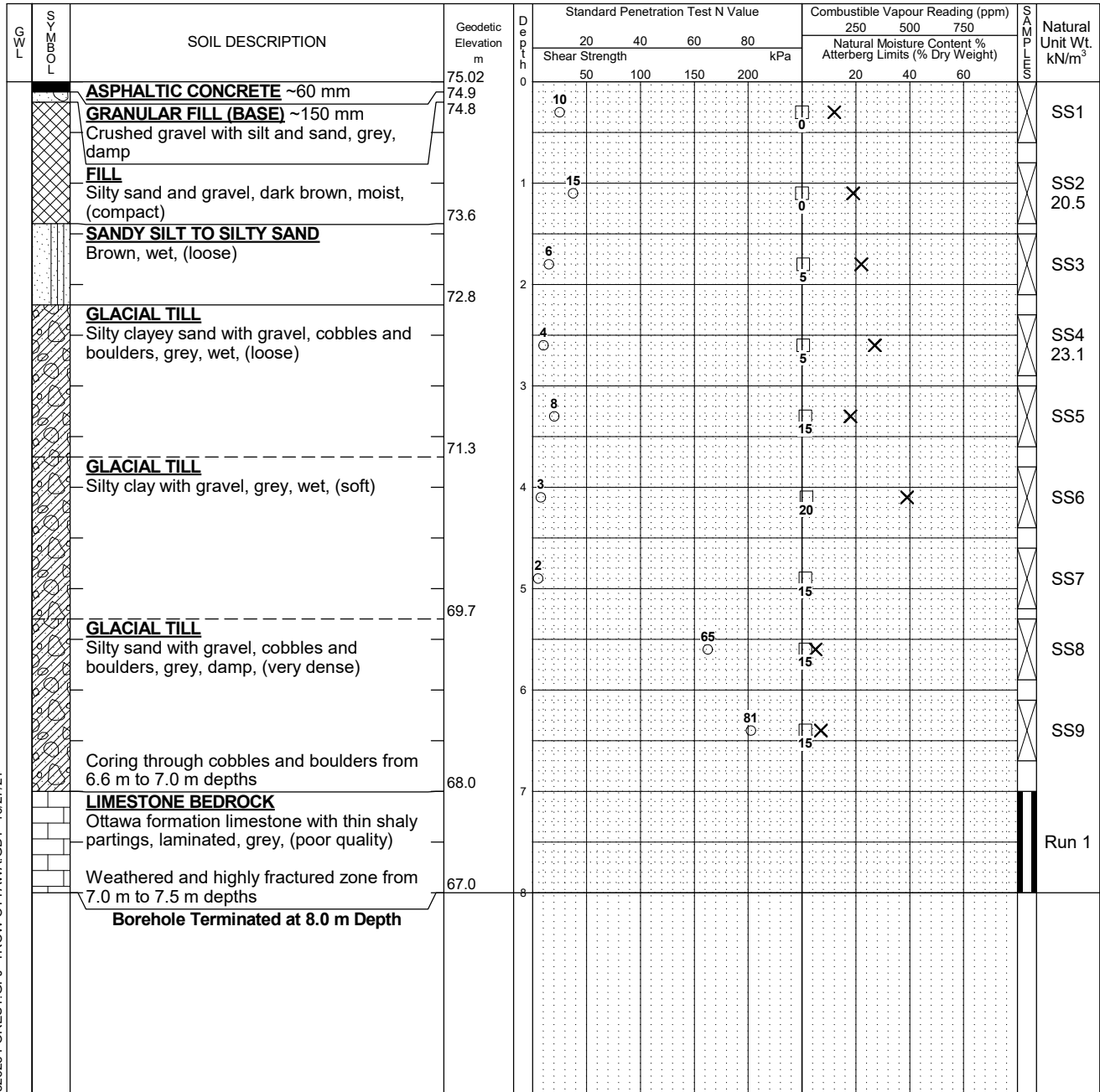
Log of Borehole BH 19-03



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 30, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 5
 Page. 1 of 1

Split Spoon Sample Combustible Vapour Reading
 Auger Sample Natural Moisture Content
 SPT (N) Value Atterberg Limits
 Dynamic Cone Test Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shelby Tube Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test
 Shear Strength by Vane Test



LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

NOTES:

- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
- Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
- Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
- See Notes on Sample Descriptions
- Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	N/A	8.0

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7 - 8	100	40

Log of Borehole BH 19-04



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 29, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 6
 Page. 1 of 1

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Depth	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³	
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content %				
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~60 mm	74.98	0									
	GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~250 mm Crushed gravel with silt and sand, grey, damp	74.9 74.7	0		30				X			SS1
	FILL Clayey silty sand to silty sand with gravel, brown, moist to wet, (loose)		1	5						X		SS2 19.1
			2	5						X		SS3
	GLACIAL TILL Silty clay with sand and gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (soft)	72.8	2	4						X		SS4
	Petroleum odour from 3.0 m to 3.6 m depths		3	3						X		SS5
	GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (compact to very dense)	70.9	4									
	Petroleum odour from 5.5 m to 6.1 m depths		5		22					X		SS6 23.9
			6			67				X		SS7
	Auger Refusal at 6.6 m Depth	68.4	6									

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	5.5	6.6

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH 19-05



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0

Figure No. 7

Project: Residential Development

Page. 1 of 1

Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario

Date Drilled: April 30, 2019

Split Spoon Sample

Combustible Vapour Reading

Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig

Auger Sample

Natural Moisture Content

SPT (N) Value

Atterberg Limits

Datum: Geodetic Elevation

Dynamic Cone Test

Undrained Triaxial at

Shelby Tube

% Strain at Failure

Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Shear Strength by

Shear Strength by

Vane Test

G W L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				250	500	750	
				20	40	60	80	Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
	GRANULAR FILL ~100 mm Crushed gravel with silt and sand, grey, damp	74.82 74.7	0					40	X		SS1
	FILL Clayey silty sand to silty sand with gravel, rootlets, brown and grey, moist to wet, petroleum odour, (loose)		1					40	X		SS2 20.5
			2					200	X		SS3
		71.8	3					60	X		SS4 22.9
	GLACIAL TILL Silty clay with sand and gravel, grey, wet, petroleum odour, (soft)	71.1	4					45	X		SS5
	GLACIAL TILL Silty clayey sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, petroleum odour, (very loose)		5					30	X		SS6
			6					15	X		SS7
	Auger Refusal at 6.7 m Depth	68.1									

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	4.6	5.5

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH 19-06



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 25, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 8
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

Depth m	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
			Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
			20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
0	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~30 mm GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~200 mm Crushed gravel with silt and sand, grey, damp FILL Silty clayey sand to silty sand with gravel, brick debris, brown, moist to wet, (loose)	75.28 75.2 75.0								SS1
1										SS2
2										SS3
3	GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (very loose to loose)	72.7 72.38								SS4
4										SS5
5										SS6
6										SS7
7										SS8
Borehole Terminated at 5.9 m Depth										

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:**
1. Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 2. A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 3. Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 5. Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	4.6	
15 days	2.5	
20 days	2.4	
~ 2 years	2.9	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH 19-07



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 24, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 9
 Page. 1 of 1

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

Depth (m)	Geodetic Elevation (m)	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
			Shear Strength (kPa)				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
			20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
0	75.21	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~60 mm								
	75.1	GRANULAR FILL (BASE) ~220 mm								
	74.9	Crushed gravel with silt and sand, grey, damp								
		FILL								
		Silty sand with gravel, brown, moist to wet, (loose)							SS1 19.4	
1			9					X		
	73.51									
			8					X	SS2	
2										
	73.0	GLACIAL TILL								
		Silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (loose to compact)							SS3	
		Shale fragments from 3.0 m to 3.6 m depths								
			13					X	SS4	
3										
			8					X	SS5	
4										
			13					X	SS6	
5										
			8					X	SS7	
			8					X		
	69.3	Borehole Terminated at 5.9 m Depth								

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:**
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	5.2	6.1
16 days	1.4	
22 Days	1.4	
~ 2 years	1.7	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

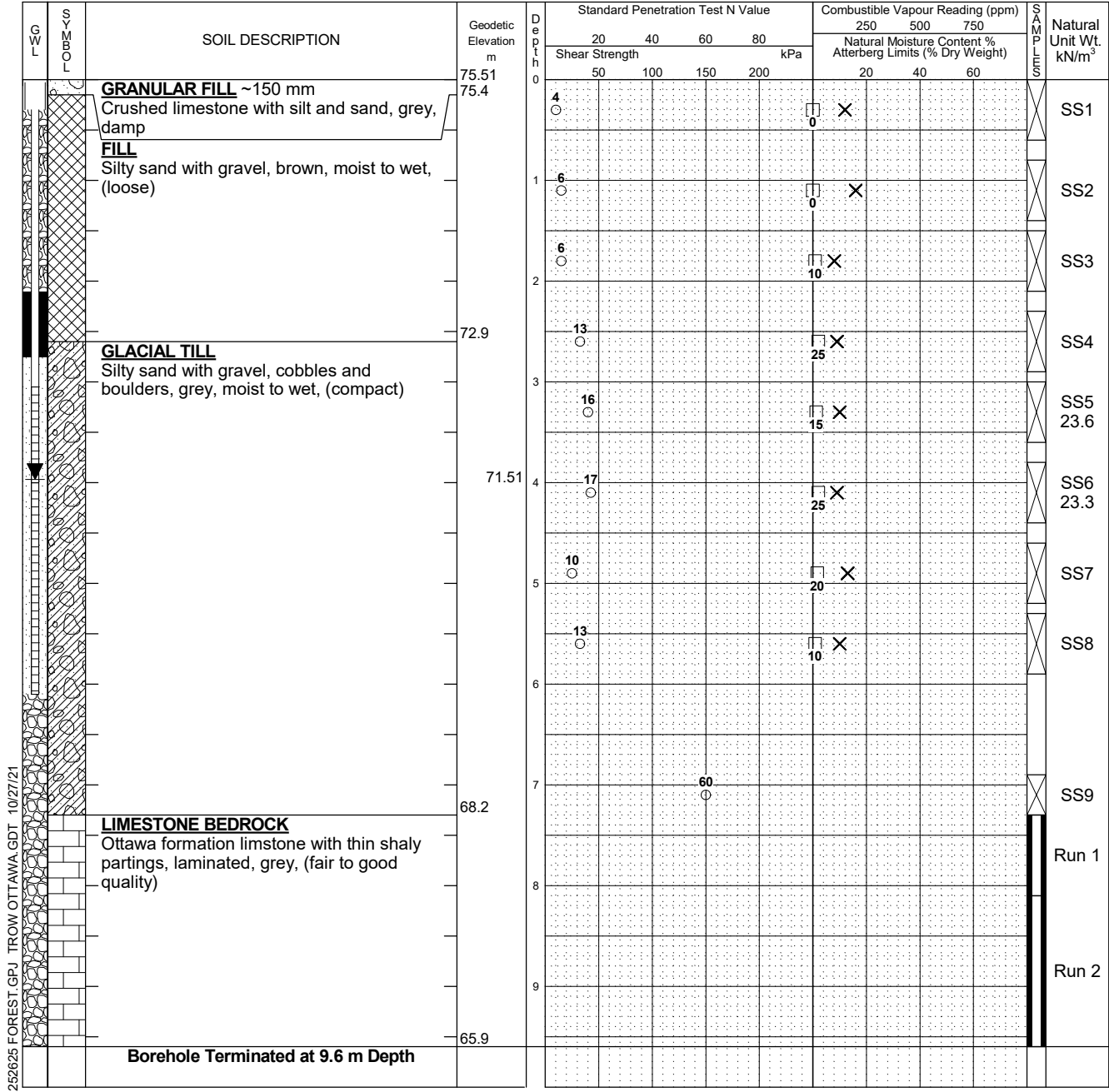
Log of Borehole BH 19-08



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 25, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 10
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test



NOTES:

- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
- A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
- Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
- See Notes on Sample Descriptions
- Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	N/A	N/A
15 days	5.6	
20 days	5.7	
~ 2 years	4.0	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.3 - 8.1	94	53
2	8.1 - 9.6	100	78

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

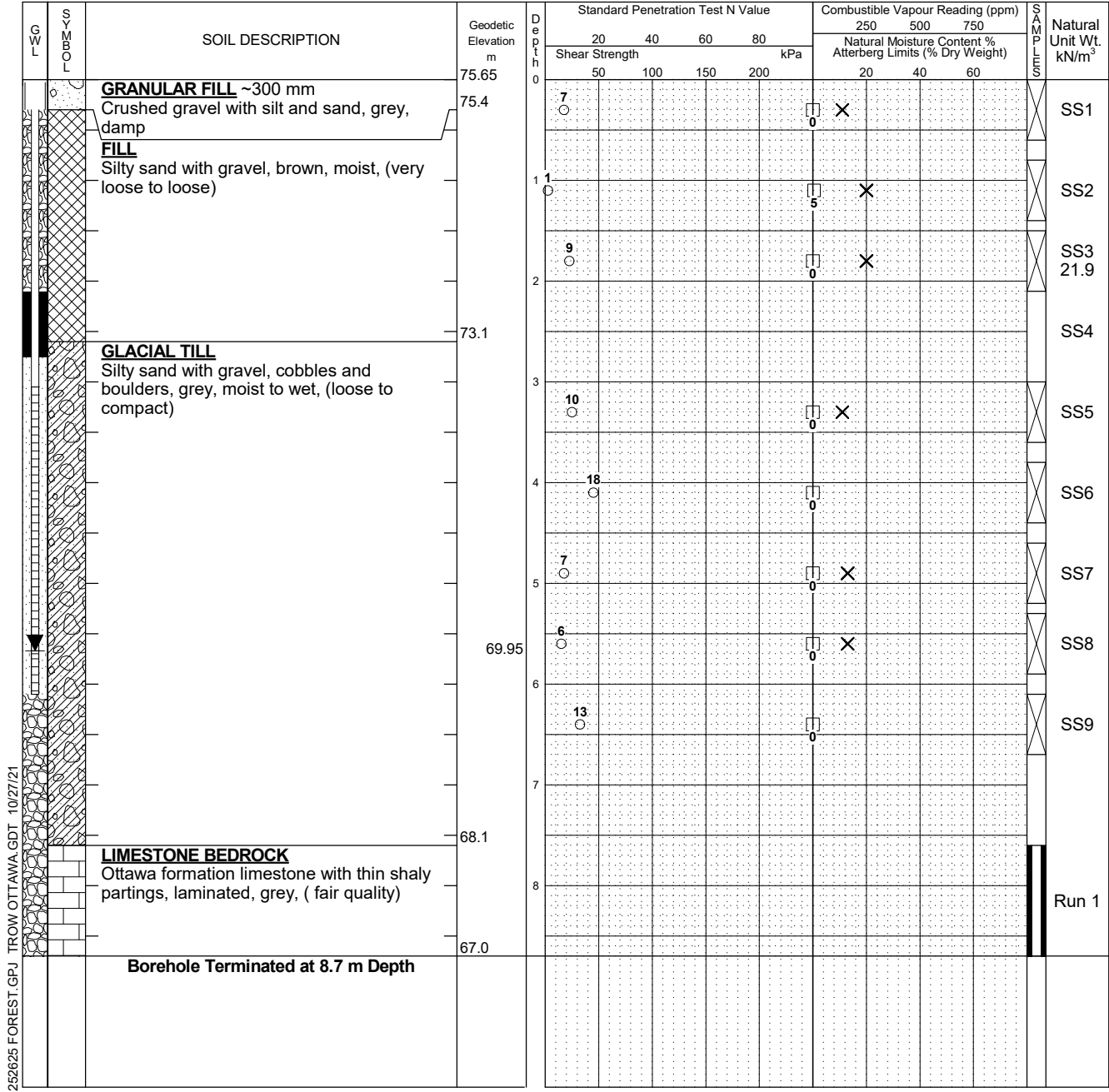
Log of Borehole BH 19-09



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 24, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 11
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test



- LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21
- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	N/A	N/A
21 days	6.0	
~ 2 years	5.7	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.6 - 8.7	95	61

Log of Borehole BH 19-10



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 25, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 12
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

Depth m	Geodetic Elevation m	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
			Shear Strength				250	500	750	
			20	40	60	80	Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
0	75.74 75.6	GRANULAR FILL ~150 mm Crushed gravel with silt and sand, grey FILL Silty sand, brown and grey, moist, (loose to compact)								
1										
2	73.6 73.44	GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, grey, moist to wet, (loose to dense)								
3										
4										
5										
5.9	69.8	Borehole Terminated at 5.9 m Depth								

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:**
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 32 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	5.2	N/A
15 days	2.2	
20 days	2.3	
Not Found	N/A	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

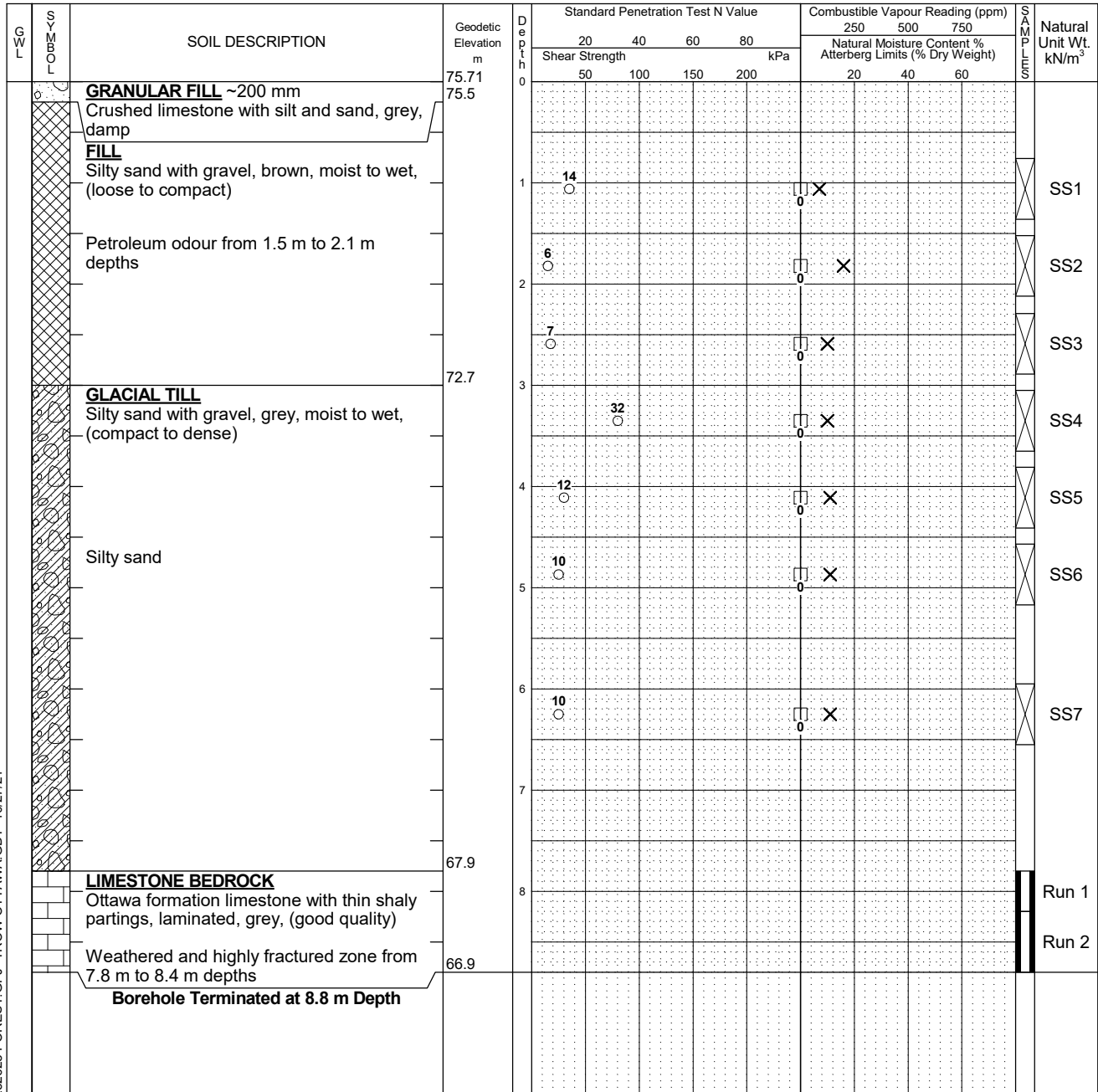
Log of Borehole BH 19-11



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 29, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 13
 Page. 1 of 1

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test



LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	N/A	8.8

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	7.8 - 8.2	94	77
2	8.2 - 8.8	100	86

Log of Borehole BH 19-12



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: April 24, 2019
 Drill Type: CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.L. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 14
 Page. 1 of 1

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	S O I L D E S C R I P T I O N	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			S O I L T E S T S	Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
				Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)				
				20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
	GRANULAR FILL ~150 mm Crushed gravel with silt and sand, damp, grey	75.42 75.3	0									SS1
	FILL Silty sand with gravel, brown, moist to wet, (loose to compact)		1	12								SS2
			2	16								SS3
			3	7								SS4 22.4
			4	7								SS5
			4	5								SS6
	Borehole Terminated at 4.4 m Depth	71.0										

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - Borehole backfilled upon completion of drilling.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Completion	Dry	3.8

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %

Log of Borehole BH 21-13



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: October 6, 2021
 Drill Type: CME-850 Track Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.Z. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 15
 Page. 1 of 2

Split Spoon Sample
 Auger Sample
 SPT (N) Value
 Dynamic Cone Test
 Shelby Tube
 Shear Strength by Vane Test
 Combustible Vapour Reading
 Natural Moisture Content
 Atterberg Limits
 Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
 Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	S Y M B O L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
					Shear Strength kPa				250	500	750	
					20	40	60	80	Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
		Borehole advanced by power augering technique from ground surface to 4.6 m depth.	75.2	0								
				1								
				2								
				3								
				4								
		GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, shale fragments, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet, (compact)	70.6	5								SS1
				6								SS2
		LIMESTONE BEDROCK Ottawa formation limestone with thin shaly partings, grey, (very poor to excellent quality)	68.9 68.9	7								Run 1
				8								Run 2
				9								Run 3
				10								

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

Continued Next Page

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 38 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Oct. 19, 2021	6.3	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.3 - 6.7	92	27
2	6.7 - 8.2	80	18
3	8.2 - 9.8	100	79
4	9.8 - 11.3	100	83
5	11.3 - 12.9	100	100
6	12.9 - 14.4	98	92

Log of Borehole BH 21-13



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0

Figure No. 15

Project: Residential Development

Page. 2 of 2

SOIL LOG	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
			20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
			Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
	LIMESTONE BEDROCK Ottawa formation limestone with thin shaly partings, grey, (very poor to excellent quality) <i>(continued)</i>	65.2	50	100	150	200	20	40	60	Run 4
										Run 5
										Run 6
	Borehole Terminated at 14.4 m Depth	60.8								

NOTE:

1) The geodetic elevation of the borehole is considered approximate.

LOG OF BOREHOLE - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

NOTES:

- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
- A 38 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
- Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
- See Notes on Sample Descriptions
- Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS

Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Oct. 19, 2021	6.3	

CORE DRILLING RECORD

Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.3 - 6.7	92	27
2	6.7 - 8.2	80	18
3	8.2 - 9.8	100	79
4	9.8 - 11.3	100	83
5	11.3 - 12.9	100	100
6	12.9 - 14.4	98	92

Log of Borehole BH 21-14



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0
 Project: Residential Development
 Location: 365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
 Date Drilled: October 5, 2021
 Drill Type: CME-850 Track Mounted Drill Rig
 Datum: Geodetic Elevation
 Logged by: M.Z. Checked by: I.T.

Figure No. 16
 Page. 1 of 2

- Split Spoon Sample
- Auger Sample
- SPT (N) Value
- Dynamic Cone Test
- Shelby Tube
- Shear Strength by Vane Test
- Combustible Vapour Reading
- Natural Moisture Content
- Atterberg Limits
- Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure
- Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	S Y M B O L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			S O I L T E S T S	Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
					kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)				
					20	40	60	80	250	500	750		
		Borehole advanced by power augering technique from ground surface to a 4.6 m depth.	74.3	0									
				1									
				2									
				3									
				4									
			69.7	5									
		GLACIAL TILL Silty sand with gravel, rock fragments, cobbles and boulders, grey, wet		5								X	SS1
			68.2	6									
		HIGHLY WEATHERED LIMESTONE BEDROCK Greenish grey, shaly partings, interbedded with layers of clay		6								X	SS2
			67.6	7									Run 1
		LIMESTONE BEDROCK Ottawa formation limestone with thin shaly partings, grey, (very poor to excellent quality)	67.3	7									Run 2
				8									
				9									
				10									Run 3

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

Continued Next Page

- NOTES:**
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 38 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Oct. 19, 2021	6.7	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.3 - 6.7	100	0
2	6.7 - 8.2	92	46
3	8.2 - 9.8	98	53
4	9.8 - 11.3	100	75
5	11.3 - 12.8	95	95

Log of Borehole BH 21-14



Project No: OTT-00252625-A0

Figure No. 16

Project: Residential Development

Page. 2 of 2

L W L	SOIL L L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodetic Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Value				Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm)			Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
					20	40	60	80	250	500	750	
					Shear Strength kPa				Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight)			
					50	100	150	200	20	40	60	
		LIMESTONE BEDROCK Ottawa formation limestone with thin shaly partings, grey, (very poor to excellent quality) (continued)	64.3	10								
				11								Run 4
				12								Run 5
		Borehole Terminated at 12.8 m Depth	61.5									
		NOTE: 1) The geodetic elevation of the borehole is considered approximate.										

LOG OF BOREHOLE BH LOGS - 252625 FOREST.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/27/21

- NOTES:
- Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others
 - A 38 mm diameter monitoring well installed in borehole as shown.
 - Field work supervised by an EXP representative.
 - See Notes on Sample Descriptions
 - Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252625-A0

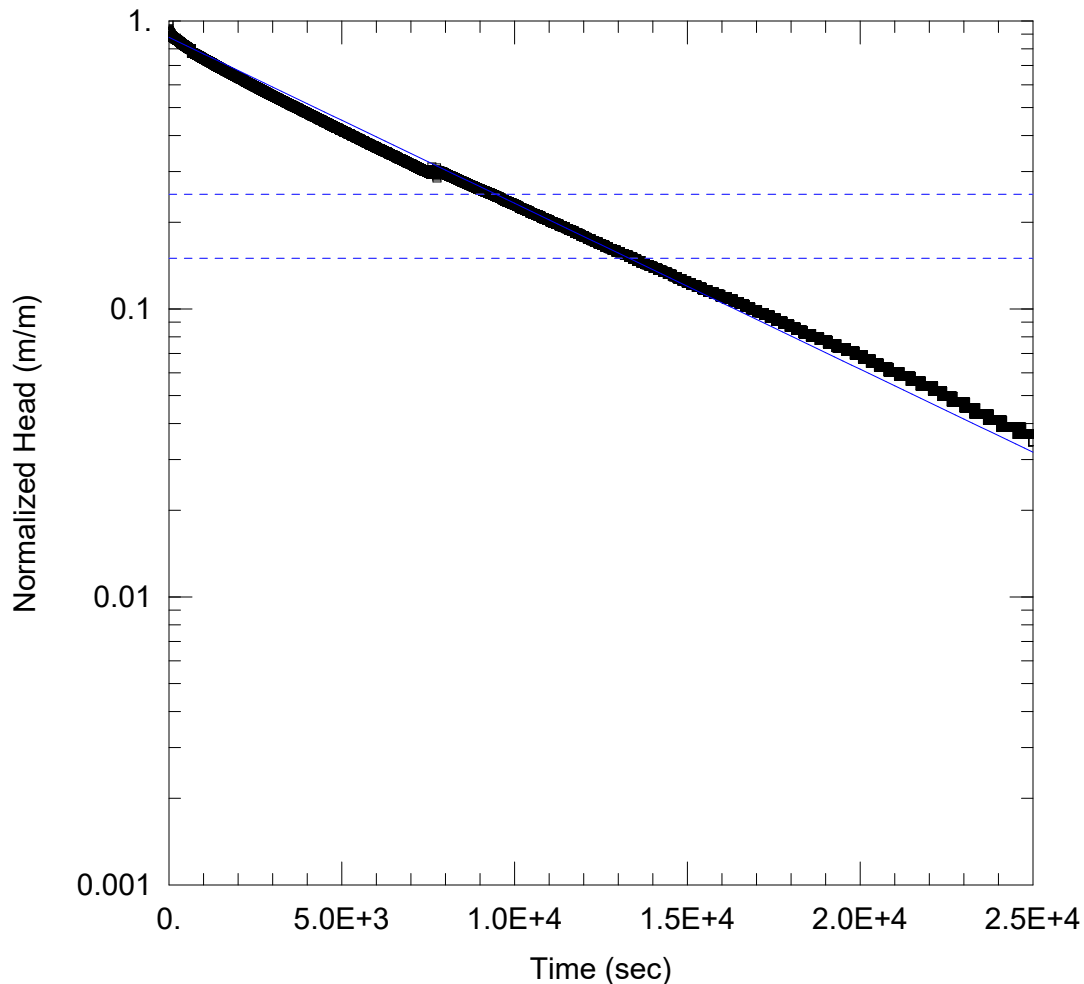
WATER LEVEL RECORDS		
Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)
Oct. 19, 2021	6.7	

CORE DRILLING RECORD			
Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
1	6.3 - 6.7	100	0
2	6.7 - 8.2	92	46
3	8.2 - 9.8	98	53
4	9.8 - 11.3	100	75
5	11.3 - 12.8	95	95

EXP Services Inc.

Hydrogeological Investigation
365 Forest Street, Ottawa, Ontario
OTT-00252625-A0
November 5, 2021

Appendix C - SWRT Procedures and Results



SWRT BHMW 19 - 02 , 365 FOREST ST, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Data Set: C:\Users\ranay\Desktop\365 Forest slug test\Analysed Data\BHMW 19 - 02.aqt
 Date: 10/25/21 Time: 12:01:25

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc
 Project: OTT-00252625
 Location: 365 Forest St, Ottawa, Ontario
 Test Well: BHMW 19 - 02
 Test Date: October 20, 2021

AQUIFER DATA

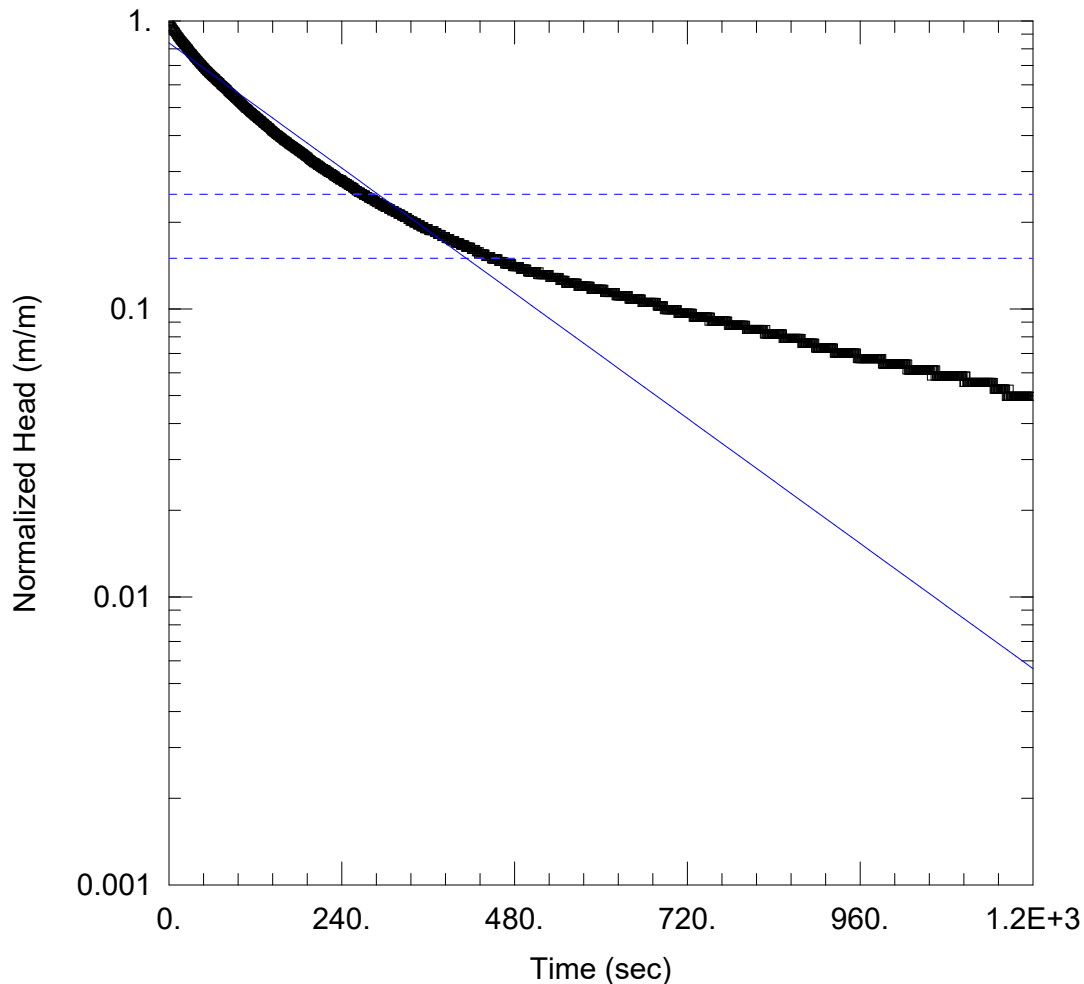
Saturated Thickness: 3.81 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (BHMW 19 - 02)

Initial Displacement: 1.389 m Static Water Column Height: 3.81 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 3.81 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.016 m Well Radius: 0.0762 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 2.472E-8 m/sec y0 = 1.219 m



SWRT - BHMW 19 - 07, 365 FOREST ST, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Data Set: C:\Users\ranay\Desktop\365 Forest slug test\BHMW 19 - 07.aqt
 Date: 10/25/21 Time: 10:37:34

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc
 Project: OTT-00252625
 Location: 365 Forest St, Ottawa, Ontario
 Test Well: BHMW 19 - 07
 Test Date: October 20, 2021

AQUIFER DATA

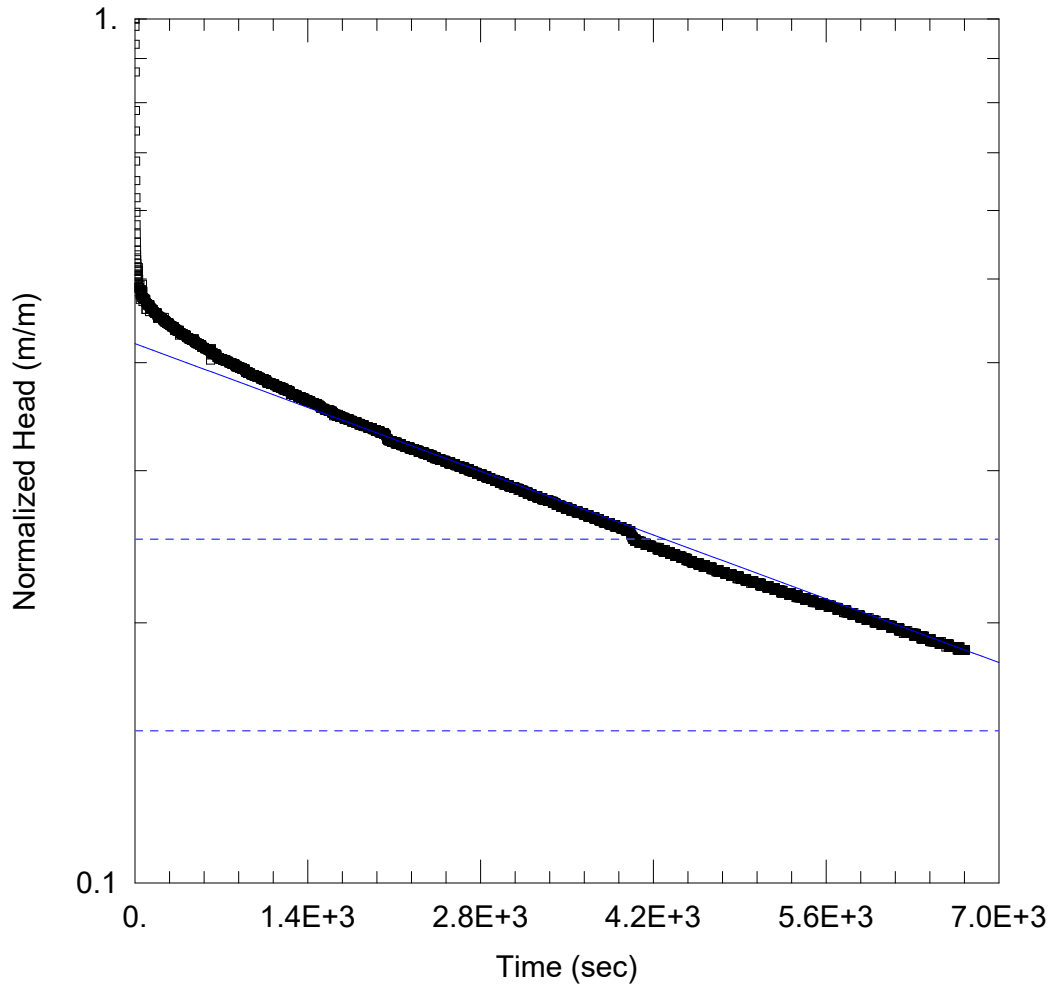
Saturated Thickness: 4.07 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (BHMW 19 - 07)

Initial Displacement: 1.026 m Static Water Column Height: 4.07 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 4.07 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.016 m Well Radius: 0.0762 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 7.766E-7 m/sec y0 = 0.8603 m



SWRT BHMW 19 - 10, 365 FOREST ST, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Data Set: C:\Users\ranay\Desktop\365 Forest slug test\Analysed Data\BHMW 19 - 10.aqt
 Date: 10/25/21 Time: 11:33:01

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc
 Project: OTT-00252625
 Location: 365 Forest St, Ottawa, Ontario
 Test Well: BHMW 19 - 10
 Test Date: October 20, 2021

AQUIFER DATA

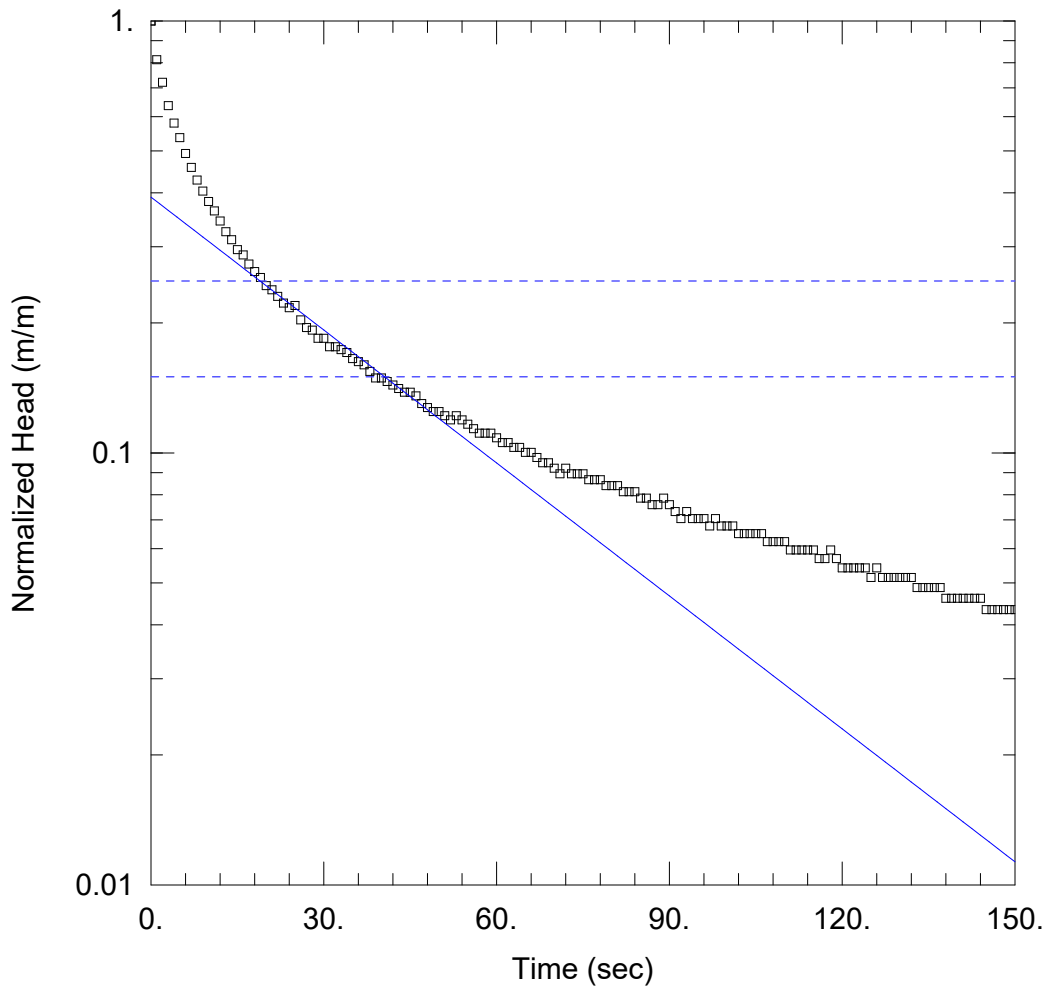
Saturated Thickness: 2.77 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (BHMW 19 - 10)

Initial Displacement: 0.72 m Static Water Column Height: 2.77 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 3. m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.016 m Well Radius: 0.0762 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 2.973E-8 m/sec y0 = 0.303 m



SWRT BHMW 21 -13, 365 FOREST ST, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Data Set: C:\Users\ranay\Desktop\365 Forest slug test\Analysed Data\BHMW 21 - 13.aqt
 Date: 10/25/21 Time: 11:53:16

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc
 Project: OTT-00252625
 Location: 365 Forest St, Ottawa, Ontario
 Test Well: BHMW 21 - 13
 Test Date: October 20, 2021

AQUIFER DATA

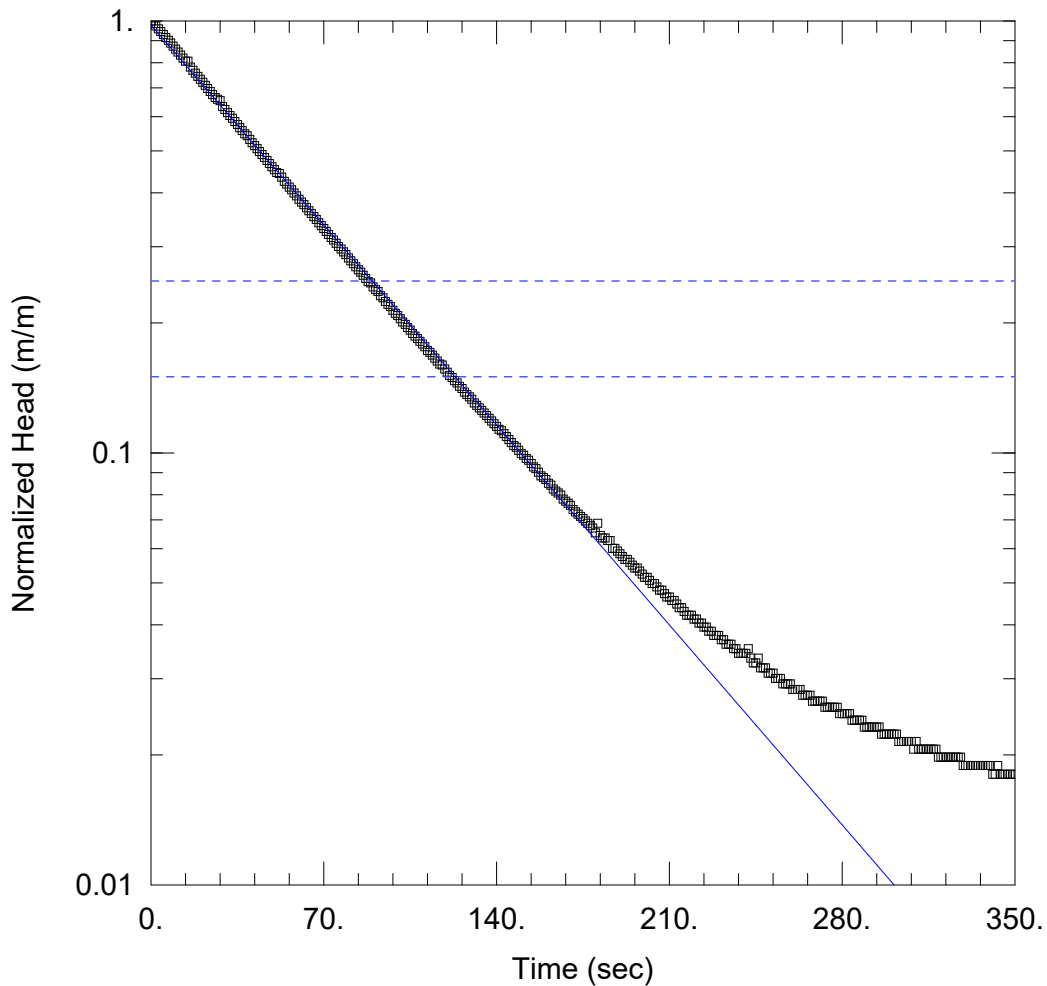
Saturated Thickness: 7.595 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (BHMW 21 -13)

Initial Displacement: 0.369 m Static Water Column Height: 7.595 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 7.595 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.019 m Well Radius: 0.0762 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 6.205E-6 m/sec y0 = 0.1443 m



SWRT BHMW 21 - 14, 365 FOREST ST, OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Data Set: C:\Users\ranay\Desktop\365 Forest slug test\Analysed Data\BHMW 21 -14.aqt
 Date: 10/25/21 Time: 11:58:05

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: EXP Services Inc
 Project: OTT-00252625
 Location: 365 Forest St, Ottawa, Ontario
 Test Well: BHMW 21 - 14
 Test Date: October 20, 2021

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 5.46 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA (BHMW 21 - 14)

Initial Displacement: 1.164 m Static Water Column Height: 5.46 m
 Total Well Penetration Depth: 5.46 m Screen Length: 3. m
 Casing Radius: 0.019 m Well Radius: 0.0762 m

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Unconfined Solution Method: Hvorslev
 K = 4.0E-6 m/sec y0 = 1.138 m