



## **Ottawa Trainyards Inc.**

**Type of Document:**  
Serviceability Report - 1st Submission

**Project Name**  
Trainyards – 564 Industrial Avenue

**Project Number**  
OTT-00251800-A0

**Prepared By:**  
**exp Services Inc.**  
100-2650 Queensview Drive  
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6  
Canada

**Date Submitted**  
March 18, 2019

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Prepared By:  
EXP  
100-2650 Queensview Drive  
Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6  
Canada  
T: 613 688-1899  
F: 613 225-7337  
www.exp.com



  
Matthew Kelley, P. Eng.  
Project Engineer  
Infrastructure Services

  
Alam Ansari, M.Sc., P.Eng.  
Senior Project Manager  
Infrastructure Services

Date Submitted:  
March 18, 2019

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# 1 Introduction

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by Ottawa Trainyards Inc. to prepare a serviceability report in support of a rezoning application for the property located at 564 Industrial Avenue. The subject site is approximately 0.59 hectares in area and is located on the south side of Industrial Avenue, opposite to Trainyards drive in the City of Ottawa. This site is currently zoned General Industrial IG3 and the owner is applying to rezone the site to a Mixed-Use Centre Zone MC7 designation. Figure 1 is a key plan that shows the location of the subject property.

# 2 Studies and Resources

The following Studies, Guidelines and Resources were used in the preparation of this report:

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, Oct. 2012 and Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01
- Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution (2010) and Technical Bulletins ISD-2010-2 and ISDTB-2014-02
- Fire Underwriter's Survey, 1997

# 3 Water Servicing

## 3.1 Existing Water Service

The development will be serviced off the existing 300mm diameter municipal watermain located along Industrial Avenue.

Boundary conditions have been provided by the city of Ottawa at the location of the proposed service connection to the proposed building. This data indicates a minimum pressure of 59.0 psi and a maximum pressure of 72 psi. During periods of maximum day and fire flow demand the residual pressure is 60.9 psi, which is greater than the required 20 psi per section 4.2.2.3 of the water distribution guideline.

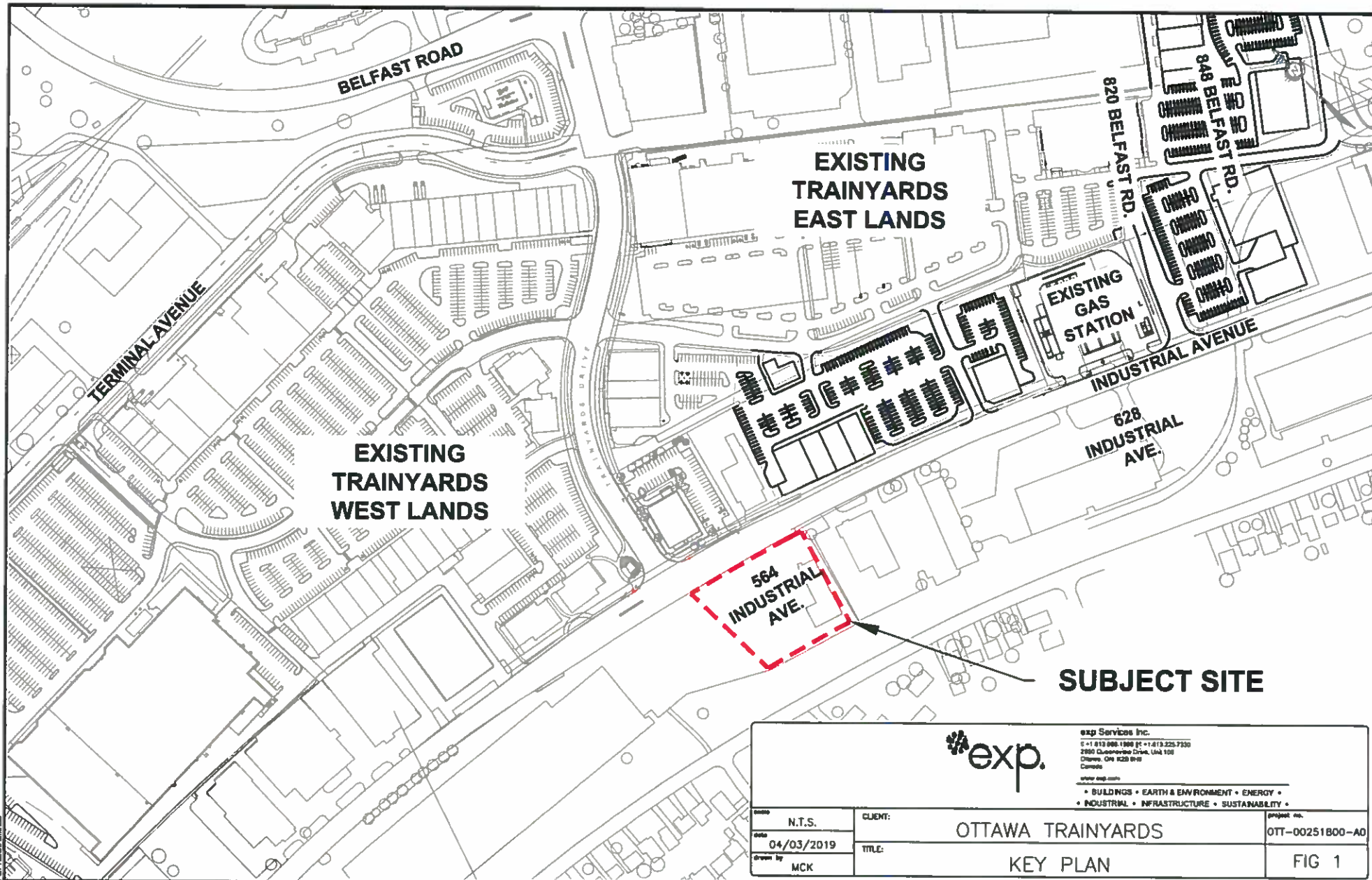
## 3.2 Proposed Water Service

The proposed watermain servicing scheme is to service the new building by a 150mm water service connected to the existing 300 mm diameter municipal watermain along Industrial Avenue. Refer to Figure 2 for the proposed servicing layout.

The proposed building is a one storey commercial building with a gross floor area of approximately 1,840 m<sup>2</sup>. Refer to Figure 3 for draft site plan. The domestic water demands are estimated below, utilizing parameters from the City of Ottawa Water Distribution Design Guidelines. The following summarizes the parameters used.

- |                                   |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| • Average daily water consumption | = 28,000 L/gross ha/d (Table 4.2) |
| • Gross site area                 | = 0.59 ha                         |
| • Maximum Day Factor              | = 1.5 x Avg. Day                  |
| • Maximum Hour factor             | = 1.8 x Max Day                   |

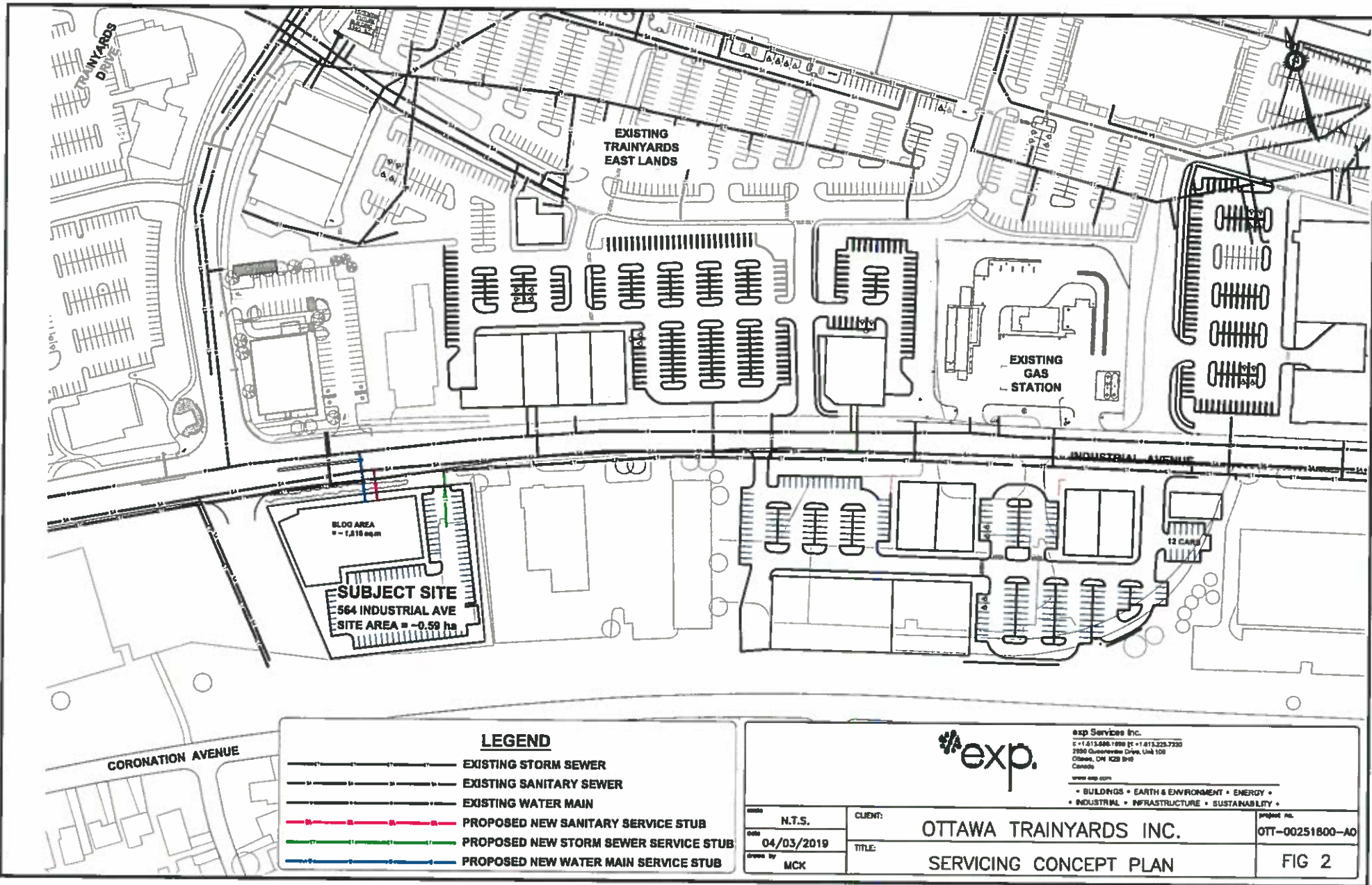
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 Date: 2019-03-04 11:11 PM  
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 Plot By: jayr...



exp Services Inc. 2500 Glenview Drive, Unit 100 Ottawa, ON K2B 9H6 Canada www.exp.ca		
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date N.T.S. 04/03/2019 drawn by MCK	CLIENT: OTTAWA TRAINYARDS TITLE: KEY PLAN	project no. OTT-00251800-A0 FIG 1



File name: p:\projects\040251800\040251800-00 - 564 Industrial - conceptual\040251800-00-01.dwg  
 User: jay.d...  
 Date: 04/03/2019 09:21:11 PM  
 Plot Date: 04/03/2019 09:22:00 PM  
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exp Services Inc.  
 1-815-886-1800  
 2190 Glenview Drive, Unit 101  
 Ottawa, ON K2B 1H9  
 Canada  
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scale	N.T.S.	CLIENT:	OTTAWA TRAINYARDS INC.	project no.	OTT-00251800-A0
date	04/03/2019	TITLE:	SERVICING CONCEPT PLAN		
drawn by	MCK				FIG 2







The average, maximum day and peak hour domestic demands for the building are as follows:

- Average Day  $= 28,000 \times 0.59 / 86,400 = 0.19 \text{ l/s}$
- Maximum Day  $= 1.5 \times 0.19 = 0.29 \text{ l/s}$
- Peak Hour  $= 1.8 \times 0.29 = 0.52 \text{ l/s}$

Fire flow calculations have been completed to establish the expected fire flow demand. The calculations based on the Fire Underwriters Survey are provided in Appendix 1. The proposed building is assumed to be sprinklered for fire protection. Based on the Fire Underwriters Survey, the required fire flow for this building is 83 L/sec, based on a building of non-combustible construction and combustible contents. The fire flow demand can be accommodated by a connection to the existing municipal watermain on Industrial Avenue.

## 4 Sanitary Sewer Servicing

The existing building on the site is serviced by a connection to the 600 mm sanitary main located on the south side of Industrial Avenue. The 600 mm sanitary sewer drains westward towards the Rideau River collector sewer.

The peak design flow for the subject site under the current zoning designation IG3 is calculated below using the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines.

- Average Wastewater Flow  $= 35,000 \text{ L/ha/d}$  (Figure 4.3)
- Peak Factor  $= 7.3$  (See appendix 2)
- Peak Domestic Flow  $= 7.3 \times 35,000 \times 0.59 / 86,400 = 1.74 \text{ l/s}$
- Infiltration Flow  $= 0.33 \text{ L/sec/ha} = 0.33 \times 0.59 = 0.19 \text{ l/s}$
- Peak Flow  $= 1.74 \text{ L/sec} + 0.19 \text{ l/s} = 1.93 \text{ l/s}$

The peak sanitary flows for the proposed zoning MC7 is calculated below.

- Average Wastewater Flow  $= 28,000 \text{ L/ha/d}$  (Figure 4.3)
- Peak Factor  $= 1.5 \times \text{Avg. Flow}$
- Peak Domestic Flow  $= 1.5 \times 28,000 \times 0.59 / 86,400 = 0.29 \text{ l/s}$
- Infiltration Flow  $= 0.33 \text{ l/s/ha} = 0.33 \times 0.59 = 0.19 \text{ l/s}$
- Peak Flow  $= 0.29 \text{ l/s} + 0.19 \text{ l/s} = 0.48 \text{ l/s}$

The estimated peak sanitary flow for the subject site following re-zoning will be 0.48 l/s.

The proposed change in zoning from IG3 to MC7 will result in net reduction in peak sanitary design flow from 1.93 l/s to 0.48 l/s to the industrial Avenue sewer. Therefore, since there will be no increase in sanitary flows the existing municipal sanitary sewer should be able to convey the sanitary flows from the proposed development following the re-zoning.



## 5 Storm Sewer Servicing/Stormwater Management

### 5.1 Design Criteria

The storm management system will be designed using the IDF information derived from the Meteorological Services of Canada rainfall data, taken from MacDonald Cartier Airport, collected 1966 to 1977.

The run off coefficient C will be based pre-development C value or 0.5 whichever is less.

A minimum of 10 minutes time of concentration  $T_c$  will be used if the calculated  $T_c$  is less than 10 minutes.

Flows to the storm sewer in excess of the 5-year storm release rate, up to and including the 100-year storm event, will be detained on site.

### 5.2 Existing and Proposed Servicing

The existing development on the subject site drains to the existing City 750mm diameter storm sewer which runs along the southern edge of the Industrial Avenue right-of-way and drains west to the Rideau River. The proposed development will continue to drain to this sewer. Major overland flows will be directed to the Industrial Avenue municipal Right of Way.

### 5.3 Runoff Coefficients

Runoff coefficients used for post development conditions were based on actual areas measured in CAD. Runoff coefficients for impervious surfaces (roofs, asphalt, concrete) were taken as 0.90, and pervious surfaces (grass/landscaping) were taken as 0.20.

The average runoff coefficient for the overall site area under pre and post-development conditions were calculated as 0.88 and 0.84 respectively.

### 5.4 Time of Concentration

The time of concentration was determined using the Bransby-Williams equation below.

$$T_c = 0.057L / (S_w^{0.2} \times A^{0.1}) \text{ (min)}$$

Where: .....L = Length of Overland Sheet Flow (m)

..... $S_w$  = Average slope of Watershed (%)

.....A = Catchment Area (ha)

$$T_c = 0.057 \times 50 / (0.02^{0.2} \times 0.59^{0.1})$$

$$T_c = 6.6 \text{ min}$$

Since calculated  $T_c$  is less than 10 minutes,  $T_c$  of 10 minutes will be used.

## 5.5 Quantity Control

Quantity control of stormwater is required as per City standards. The pre-development runoff will be calculated using the following design parameters; a 5 year design storm, a runoff coefficient of 0.5, and a calculated time of concentration of 10 minutes. The allowable release rate is calculated as follows:

Allowable Runoff Coefficient:	$C = 0.5$
Rainfall Intensity:	$i_{(5\text{-year, } 10 \text{ min})} = 104.40 \text{ mm/hr}$
Allowable Release Rate per ha:	$Q = 2.78CiA = 2.78*(0.5)*104.40$ $Q = 145.1 \text{ l/s/ha}$
Approximate Area of Site:	$A = 0.59 \text{ hectares}$
Allowable release rate:	$Q = 0.59 \text{ ha} \times 145.1 \text{ l/s/ha}$ $Q = 85.6 \text{ l/s}$

Runoff from the site will be controlled using either simple, plug-type orifices (where the orifice diameter is 75mm or greater) or Hydrovex models. To attenuate the post-development flows on site, a combination of surface storage in the parking lots and rooftops, underground pipe and structure storage will be used. Ponding depths in parking lots will be limited to 150 mm for the 5-year storm and 350 mm for the 100-year event. Approximately 34.8 m<sup>3</sup> and 95.6 m<sup>3</sup> of storage is required for the 5 year and 100 year design storms, respectively.

## 5.6 Quality Control

It is anticipated that a quality control target of 80% removal of total suspended solids (TSS) will be required by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority. Quality control of runoff from the Industrial Avenue properties will be provided through the installation of a hydrodynamic separation unit.

# 6 Conclusion

The servicing strategy can be summarized as follows:

- Adequate fire flow protection and domestic supply can be provided from the existing 305mm watermain located in Industrial Avenue.
- The estimated peak sanitary flow for the proposed building is 0.48 L/s.
- Sanitary design flows under the proposed zoning are lower than the existing design flows to the municipal sanitary sewer within Industrial Avenue. The existing peak sanitary flow will be decreased from 1.93 l/s to 0.48 l/s.
- Stormwater can be attenuated on-site to meet the release rate criteria established by the City. Control will be achieved through the use of orifice controls in the outlet MHs. Storage will be provided through rooftop storage, pipe and structure storage, and above ground parking lot ponding in larger events.
- Quality control of stormwater of 80% TSS removal will be achieved using a Stormceptor (or similar) hydrodynamic separation unit.

- Flows in excess of the 100 year event will be directed overland to the Industrial Avenue Right of Way.

This report has shown that there is adequate capacity available in the existing public and private infrastructure to support the re-zoning of the property located at 564 Industrial Avenue.



## Appendix 1

Boundary Conditions  
Fire Flow Demand Calculations  
Pressure Calculations

## Matthew Kelley

---

**From:** Sharif, Sharif <sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, March 6, 2019 4:08 PM  
**To:** Matthew Kelley  
**Subject:** RE: File No. PC2018-0345 - 564 Industrial Avenue Rezoning application - Boundary Conditions Request  
**Attachments:** 564 Industrial Feb 2019.pdf

Hello Mathew,

Please see the boundary condition information below:

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 564 Industrial (zone 1E) assumed to be connected to the 305mm on Industrial (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 109.5m

Maximum HGL = 118.6m

MaxDay + FireFlow (83L/s) = 110.8m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

*Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.*

If you need any further information, please let me know. Thanks.

Sharif

---

**From:** Matthew Kelley <Matthew.Kelley@exp.com>  
**Sent:** Thursday, February 28, 2019 5:40 PM  
**To:** Sharif, Sharif <sharif.sharif@ottawa.ca>  
**Subject:** File No. PC2018-0345 - 564 Industrial Avenue Rezoning application - Boundary Conditions Request

Good Evening Sharif,

I am currently working on the Serviceability report in support of the rezoning application at 564 Industrial Avenue. I am hoping to obtain boundary conditions at the location of the proposed water connection. I have attached a plan showing the location of the service as well as approximate hydrant spacing. Please find water demands below:

Commercial Development  
Average Day Demand: 0.19 L/sec  
Maximum Day: 0.29L/sec

Peak Hour: 0.52 L/sec  
FF Requirement (FUS): 83 L/sec

I hope this is sufficient information to request boundary conditions. If you require anything else please don't hesitate to contact me.

Best Regards,



**Matthew Kelley, P. Eng**

EXP | Project Engineer

t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.218.0925 | e : [matthew.kelley@exp.com](mailto:matthew.kelley@exp.com)

2650 Queensview Drive

Suite 100

Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

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## Boundary Condition for 564 Industrial



**TABLE 1: FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999**

564 Industrial Avenue

Building No: **564 Industrial**



An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

$$F = 220 \cdot C \cdot \text{SQRT}(A)$$

where:

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in m<sup>2</sup> (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade)

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier	Input	Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Building Frame (C)	Wood Frame	1.5	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	
	Ordinary Construction	1			
	Non-combustible Construction	0.8			
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6			
Input Building Floor Areas (A)	Floor 3		0	1840.0 m <sup>2</sup>	
	Floor 2		0		
	Floor 1		1840		
	Basement (At least 50% below grade, not included)		0		
Fire Flow (F)	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)				7,550
Fire Flow (F)	Rounded to nearest 1,000				<b>8,000</b>

**Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning**

Task	Options	Multiplier			Input						Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
Choose Combustibility of Building Contents	Non-combustible	-25%			Combustible						0%	0	8,000
	Limited Combustible	-15%											
	Combustible	0%											
	Free Burning	15%											
	Rapid Burning	25%											
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler System	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13	-30%			Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13						-30%	-2,400	5,600
	No Sprinkler	0%			Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System						-10%	-800	4,800
	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System	-10%											
	Not Standard Water Supply or Unavailable	0%											
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System	-10%											
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A	0%			Not Fully Supervised or N/A						0%	0	4,800
Choose Structure Exposure Distance	Exposures	Separation Dist (m)	Cond	Separation Condition	Exposed Wall type	Exposed Wall Length					Total Charge (%)	Total Exposure Charge (L/min)	
						Length (m)	No of Storeys	Length-height Factor	Sub-Condition	Charge (%)			
	Side 1	86	6	> 45.1	Type B	72	1	72	6	0%	5%	400	5,200
	Side 2	53	6	> 45.1	Type B	10	1	10	6	0%			
	Front	36	5	30.1 to 45	Type B	34	1	34	5B	5%			
	Back	96	6	> 45.1	Type B	59	1	59	6	0%			
Obtain Required Fire Flow	Total Required Fire Flow, Rounded to the Nearest 1,000 L/min =												5,000
	Total Required Fire Flow, L/s =												83

**Exposure Charges for Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Construction (from Table G5)**

Type A	Wood-Frame or non-combustible
Type B	Ordinary or fire-resistive with unprotected openings
Type C	Ordinary or fire-resistive with semi-protected openings
Type D	Ordinary or fire-resistive with blank wall

**Conditions for Separation**

Separation Dist	Condition
0m to 3m	1
3.1m to 10m	2
10.1m to 20m	3
20.1m to 30m	4
30.1m to 45m	5
> 45.1m	6

**Ottawa Train Yards**  
**564 Industrial Avenue**  
**Client: Controlex**  
**exp Project: OTT-00251800-A0**  
**Date: March 2019**

**Pressure check at service connection for 564 for Max Day + Fireflow**

Max day (0.29L/s) + FireFlow(83L/s) HGL=

**110.8 m**

**Tie-In Location**

Min HGL =

**109.5 m**

**Tie-In Location**

Max HGL=

**118.6 m**

**Tie-In Location**

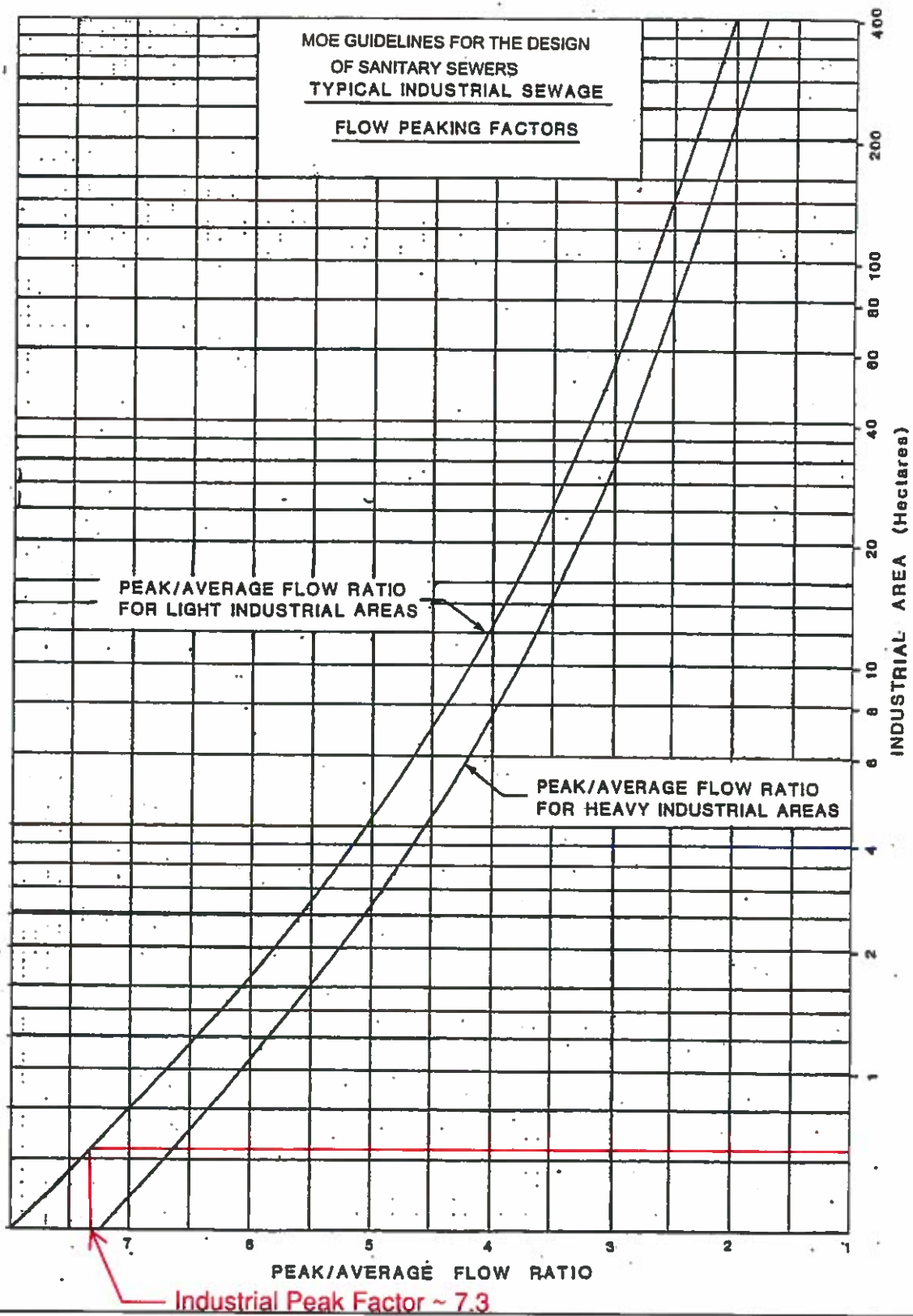
Description	From	Start Ground Elev(m)	Pressure at Tie-In	
			kPa	(psi)
Max Day + Fire Flow	Main Industrial Avenue	68.00	419.7	(60.9)
Minimum	Main Industrial Avenue	68.00	407.0	(59.0)
Maximum	Main Industrial Avenue	68.00	496.2	(72.0)



## **Appendix 2 – Industrial Peaking Factors**

## APPENDIX 4-B

## PEAKING FACTOR FOR INDUSTRIAL AREAS



## Appendix 3

### Pre-development Runoff Coefficient Stormwater On-Site Storage Calculations



564 Industrial Avenue

Client: Controlex/Ottawa Trainyards Inc.

EXP Project: OTT-00251800-A0

Date: Mar, 2019



TABLE 1 - Pre-Development C

Pre-Dev run-off Coefficient "C"

		5 Year Event		
Area	Surface	Ha	"C"	C <sub>avg</sub>
0.59	Asphalt	0.50	0.90	0.88
	Roof	0.07	0.90	
	Grass	0.02	0.20	

\*Areas are approximate based on existing mapping

Runoff Coefficient Equation

$$C = (A_{\text{hard}} \times 0.9 + A_{\text{soft}} \times 0.2) / A_{\text{tot}}$$

564 Industrial Avenue  
 Client: Controlex/Ottawa Trainyards Inc.  
 EXP Project: OTT-00251800-A0  
 Date: Mar, 2019



**TABLE 2 - Storage Required**

Allowable Release Rate:  
 85.6 l/s

Post Dev run-off Coefficient "C"

Area	Surface	Hs	5 Year Event	
			"C"	C <sub>avg</sub>
Total	Asphalt	0.36	0.90	0.84
0.59	Roof	0.18	0.90	
	Grass	0.05	0.20	

Runoff Coefficient Equation  
 $C = (A_{\text{havg}} \times 0.9 + A_{\text{roft}} \times 0.2) / A_{\text{tot}}$

\*Areas are approximate based on draft site plan

**QUANTITY STORAGE REQUIREMENTS - 5 Year**

0.59 = Area(ha)  
 0.84 = C  
 85.60 l/s = max allowable release rate

Return Period	Time (min)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Flow Q (L/s)	Controlled Runoff (L/s)	Net Runoff To Be Stored (L/s)	Storage Req'd m <sup>3</sup>
5 YEAR						
	10	104.19	143.6	85.6	58.0	34.8
	15	83.56	115.1	85.6	29.5	26.6
	25	60.90	83.9	85.6	-1.7	-2.5
	35	48.52	66.8	85.6	-18.8	-39.4
	45	40.63	56.0	85.6	-29.6	-80.0
	55	35.12	48.4	85.6	-37.2	-122.8

**QUANTITY STORAGE REQUIREMENTS - 100 Year**

0.59 = Area(ha)  
 0.84 = "C"  
 85.60 l/s = max allowable release rate

Return Period	Time (min)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Flow Q (L/s)	Controlled Runoff (L/s)	Net Runoff To Be Stored (L/s)	Storage Req'd m <sup>3</sup>
100 YEAR						
	10	178.56	246.0	85.6	160.4	96.2
	15	142.89	196.9	85.6	111.3	100.1
	20	119.95	165.3	85.6	79.7	95.6
	25	103.85	143.1	85.6	57.5	86.2
	30	91.87	126.6	85.6	41.0	73.8

**Equations:**

Flow Equation

$$Q = 2.78 \times C \times I \times A$$

Where:

C is the runoff coefficient

I is the intensity of rainfall, City of Ottawa IDF

A is the total drainage area