110394936 CANADA INC.

TREE CONSERVATION REPORT

265 CATHERINE STREET

CIMA+ file number: A001359 March 19, 2024 – Review 003



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TREE CONSERVATION REPORT

265 CATHERINE STREET

Prepared by:

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Table of involved resources

In addition to the signatories of this report, the following individuals have also been involved in the study and writing of the report as technical experts within the project team:

Name	Discipline
Amal Siddiqui	Environmental Professional

	Review and submission register													
Review No.	Reviewed by	Date	Description of the change or submission											
001	ML	2023-04-25	QA/QC											
002	CL	2023-05-04	Update to remove 5 trees affected by construction											
003	CL	204-03-19	Update to include Map 1 and Map 2 as per CoO comments											



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1. Introduction

CIMA+ has been retained by 110394936 Canada Inc. (Brigil) to prepare a Tree Conservation Report (TCR) for the planned development located at 265 Catherine Street, Ottawa, ON K1R 7S5. This report follows the City of Ottawa Tree Conservation Report Guidelines (City of Ottawa, 2021). The field work was completed by Casey Little who is a Certified ISA Arborist (ON-3105A). Ms. Little is also a certified Butternut Health Assessor (#530) and is trained and certified in Ecological Land Classification (ELC) for Southern Ontario, and Ontario Wetland Evaluation System (OWES).

1.1 Project Location

Brigil is proposing to build a mixed-use commercial and residential development at 265 Catherine Street that extends between Kent Street and Lyon Street, located at Part Lot F, Concession C, in Ottawa, Ontario.

Refer to Figure 1 below to view the Site location.

1.2 Objective

The intention of this TCR is to determine what woody vegetation would be retained and protected on the site. In the paragraphs below, we have outlined the field methodology and findings of the tree inventory. Using the Surveyor's Real Property Report (i.e., drawings; dated December 23, 2021) as reference, this report will help determine the project's potential impacts and provide general recommendations to avoid and/or mitigate tree loss and injury.

2. Limitations

The assessment presented in this report has been made using accepted standard arboriculture techniques as outlined in the *Council of Tree and Landscape Appraisers Guide for Plant Appraisal, 10th Edition, Second Printing (2020).* These techniques include visual examination of above-ground parts of each tree or trees in each group. The trees observed were not climbed, cored, or dissected, and excavation for detailed root crown inspection was not performed. Since some symptoms may only be present seasonally, the extent of observations that can be made may be limited by the time of year in which the inspection took place.

Since trees are living organisms, their health and vigour continually change over time due to seasonal variations, changes in site conditions, and other factors. For this reason, the assessment presented in this report is valid at the time of inspection, and no guarantee is made about the continued health of trees that are deemed to be in good condition. It is recommended that the trees be reassessed periodically to identify changes in condition. While every standing tree has the potential for failure and therefore poses some risk, a tree assessment is a good indication of present health and potential problems that could arise in the future.

CIMA+ has prepared this report for the sole use of the client. Any use of this report by a third party, as any decision based on this report, is the singular responsibility of the third party. CIMA+ will not be held responsible for eventual damages towards a third party resulting from decisions taken, or based, on this report.



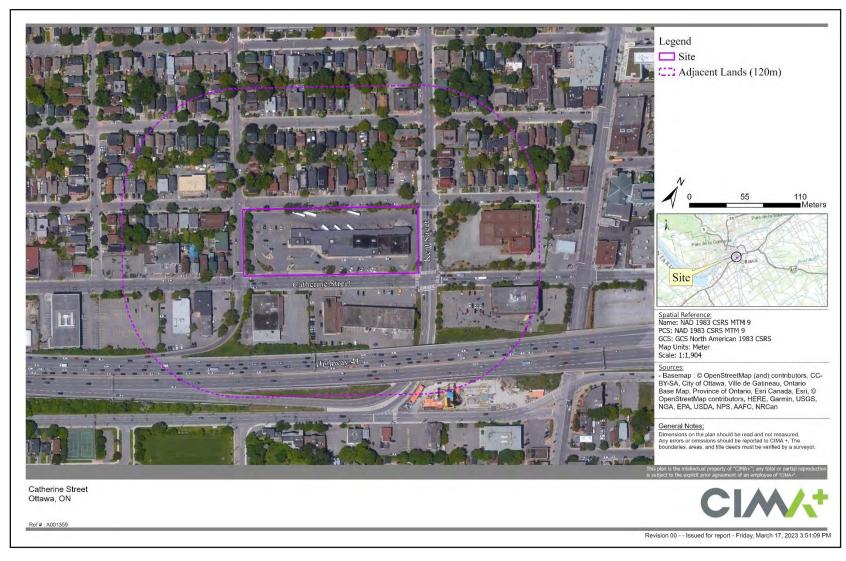


Figure 1: Site Location



3. City of Ottawa Tree Protection By-Law

The Site is located within the City of Ottawa's Tree Protection By-law No. 2020-340 (January 1, 2021) limits. The intent of this By-Law is to respect the protection of municipal trees and municipal natural areas in the City of Ottawa and trees on private property in the urban area of the City of Ottawa.

Under the Tree Protection By-law, the following protected trees cannot be injured or removed without a tree permit from the City:

- + All City-owned trees throughout the urban and rural area.
- + All trees 10 cm or more in diameter at breast height on private properties within the urban area that are subject to a Planning Act application for Site Plan, Plan of Subdivision, or Plan of Condominium.
- + All trees 10 cm or more in diameter at breast height on private properties within the urban area that are over 1 hectare in size.
- + All distinctive trees on private properties 1 hectare or less in size, where distinctive trees are defined as:
 - Trees measuring 30 cm or more in diameter at breast height within the inner urban area (urban lands inside the Greenbelt).
 - Trees measuring 50 cm or more in diameter at breast height within the suburban area (urban lands outside the Greenbelt).

The Tree Protection By-law requires permits to be obtained before City-owned trees or protected privately owned trees are removed. It also sets out requirements for compensation to be provided when trees are removed, so that they can be replaced.

A Tree Conservation Report (TCR) is required as a part of the application package for all Plans of Subdivision, Site Plan Control Applications, Common Elements Condominium Applications, and Vacant Land Condominium Applications where there is a tree of 10 centimeters in diameter or greater on the site and/or if there is a tree on an adjacent site that has a Critical Root Zone (CRZ) extending onto the development site. The purpose of the TCR is to demonstrate how tree cover will be retained and protected on the site, including mature trees, stands of trees, and hedgerows, using a design with nature approach. A design with nature approach incorporates the natural features of a site into the design and engineering of a proposed development. The TCR will also show which trees must be removed on a site to accommodate the proposed development.

4. Methodology

The tree inventory was undertaken on February 27, 2023. Trees were numbered, identified, measured, and assessed for condition. Information collected on the individual trees included:

- Species
- Diameter at breast height (DBH)
- Approximate crown spread



- + Height
- + Condition

The tree inventory table containing this information is included in Appendix A along with the drawings that show the locations of the numbered trees assessed. **Figure 2** (mandatory Map 1 as per City of Ottawa, 2021) below depicts the locations of the numbered trees assessed. The assessment methodology is outlined in the sections below.

4.1 Tree Size

Size refers to trunk diameter at breast height (DBH or caliper) measured in centimetres at 1.4 m above the ground. Where trees had more than one trunk from the base, the size of each trunk was recorded. Where trees forked to codominant trunks, each trunk was measured, or the diameter was measured at the narrowest point below the fork.

4.2 Tree Assessment

The assessment involved a visual examination of the above-ground parts of each tree. The crown, trunk, and root structure of each tree was observed and assessed noting any abiotic and/or biotic disorders as well as structural defects present. Several structural defects and health problems are included in the Tree Inventory and Assessment Table (Appendix A). The following list provides an explanation of the short forms used in the table of the top eight (8) deficiencies observed on Site:

- + BNL Broken / No Leader occurs if the central leader is broken, damaged or very weak, or has a dead terminal bud
- + UC Unbalanced Crown is a tree's crown that is much more extensive in one direction than another, often due to competition from the crown of a nearby tree or exposure.
- + SMD Small dead branches are an indicator of crown dieback and can be an early sign of stress.
- + ADV Adventitious shoots are vigorous growth of shoots from pruning cuts, inner branches, or along the trunk that usually occur in response to stress.
- + INC Included bark is bark that has become embedded in a crotch where limbs join and causes weakened branch attachments. As the trunk and branch increase in diameter, the bark of each stem in the tight crotch begin to push apart, increasing the likelihood of failure.
- + FC Frost cracking is a winter injury caused by temperature fluctuations on bark and inner wood when the sun warms a tree trunk and then temperatures drop quickly, causing splitting of the bark that can extend into the wood below. Frost cracking can be associated with snow reflection and southwest-facing trunk exposures, and particularly affects young trees and species with thin bark.
- + MEC Mechanical Damage is a generalized term to describe damage to vegetation from using equipment and from weather related events. Damage to vegetation from equipment can be simple carelessness or incorrect use of the equipment.
- + SC Scarring or wounds are areas on a tree where the bark has been stripped away to the wood that had been underneath that bark, and the bark has grown up scar tissue around the sides of the wound.



4.3 Tree Condition

Each tree was given an overall health condition rating of: Excellent, Good, Fair, Poor, or Dead. The following is a summary of how the ratings are determined:

+ EXCELLENT: No apparent health problems; good structural form.

+ GOOD: Minor problems with health and/or structural form.

+ FAIR: Significant problems with health and/or structural form.

POOR: Major problems with health and structural form.

+ DEAD: Dead.

4.4 Tree Protection and Impact Analysis

The Critical Root Zone (CRZ) was determined using the City of Ottawa's Tree Conservation Report Guidelines (City of Ottawa, 2021). The CRZ is established 10 centimetres from the trunk of a tree for every centimetre of trunk DBH measured in a radius around the tree. The CRZ is calculated as DBH x 10 cm.

Using data collected during the tree inventory and assessment (Appendix A), and the limits of construction as per the updated design (Nak Design Strategies, 2024, Appendix B) a tree impact analysis was performed. Based on the location and condition of trees in relation to the proposed area of impact, a recommendation was made (i.e., retain, prune and protect, or remove) for each tree.

The Comments section of the Tree Inventory and Assessment Table (Appendix A) also includes notes about tree form and canopy location that can help determine any pruning that may be required to accommodate construction equipment.

Tree Impact (retain, prune and protect, or remove) has been determined and is described in Section 5 below, as well as included in the Tree Inventory and Assessment Table and displayed on **Figure 3** below (mandatory Map 2 as per City of Ottawa, 2021).



5. Results

The dates, timing, and environmental conditions at the time of the assessments are presented below in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Site Investigation Details

Date	Start/End Time	Field Surveys	Weather Conditions
2023/02/22	1135 ~ 1330 hrs	Visual assessment of all trees ≥10 cm dbh on-site	Temperature: -16°C Cloud cover / Precip: mixed sun/clouds, moderate wind.

The approximate 2.5-acre site has been cleared and is surrounded by a chain-link fence around the west, east and southern extents, and a cement wall is situated at the northern extent of the site along Arlington Avenue. The property is located along a busy arterial road surrounded by residential and commercial properties. All trees assessed were situated along the perimeter of the site.

The site has no surface water features, wetlands, or watercourses. The site is flat with no presence of steep slopes, valleylands, or escarpments. There are no valued woodlands designated as Urban Natural Features or Natural Environment Areas, or significant woodlands on or adjacent the site. There are no riparian woodlots, rare communities, or other unique ecological features. No species at risk trees were found on site.

A total of 31 trees were assessed as part of this inventory within the site boundaries, all of which were alive. The most common species were northern red oak, Norway maple, and Manitoba maple. The condition of the trees on site ranged from Good to Poor.

A summary of the trees surveyed on site is provided in **Table 2** below.

Table 2: Summary of Tree Inventory

Species	Count	Size Range (DBH cm)	Height Range (m)	Crown Spread (m)
Northern red oak	10	13-48	4-20	2-10
Norway maple	7	25-32	8-15	5-10
Manitoba maple	7	11-31	4-15	3-8
Maidenhair	4	20-26	8-11	3-4
Honey locust	2	30	4-11	7-9
Apple	1	37	8-11	11
Total	31	11-48	4-20	2-11



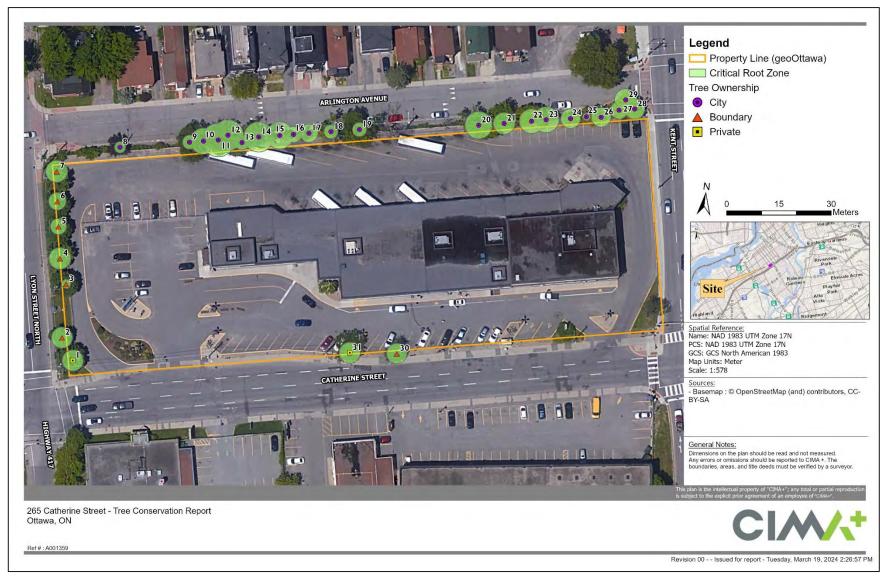


Figure 2 : Current Vegetation (Map 1 as per City Guidelines)



6. Impact Assessment

An impact assessment was undertaken to determine impacts to the trees within the site because of the proposed project construction. Trees recommended for removal include trees within or outside the limit of work that would not be able to withstand construction-related impacts. Trees identified as being injured require work within the minimum CRZ; however, impacts to these trees are anticipated to be minor and it is likely that these trees will survive post construction. Trees identified as being retained are expected to be minimally damaged by the project and are proposed to be protected through mitigation measures outlined below.

The results of the impact assessment are summarized below in **Table 3**. These details are also included in the Tree Inventory and Assessment Table and Figure included in Appendix A, as well as **Figure 3** below.

Based on the species and conditions of the trees located within the site and the extent of the grading limits of the proposed project design (Appendix B) it has been decided to remove all 31 trees on site.

Table 3: Impact Assessment for Trees on Site

Trees to be Removed	Trees to be Injured	Trees to be Retained
31	0	0



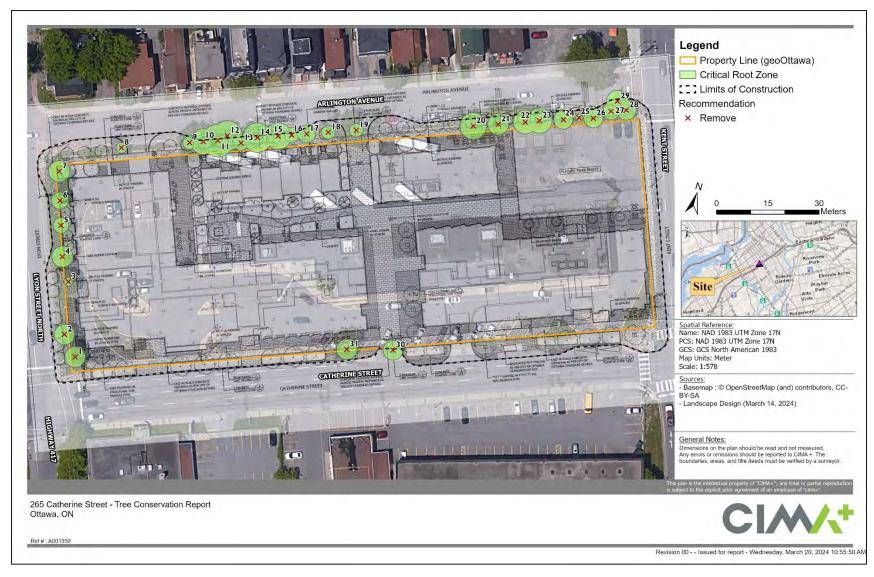


Figure 3: Proposed Development and Tree Impact Assessment (Map 2 as per City Guidelines)



7. Permits, Approvals, and Next Steps

The City of Ottawa's Tree Protection By-law No. 2020-340 describes the rules that govern tree ownership in Ottawa and the responsibility of tree maintenance, including administration and enforcement. As per Part IV: Sections 42 – 44 Prohibition: *No person shall injure or destroy a tree without a permit.* Sections 45 to 48 - Application for tree permit stipulates the process to apply for a permit under this by-law.

Therefore, it is recommended that consultation should be undertaken with the City prior to construction to confirm the requirements for tree removal permits associated with the municipal tree protection by-law. Where required, tree removal permits must be obtained from the City prior to the start of construction.

Follow appropriate timing windows for clearing of vegetation to protect wildlife and migratory birds (i.e., birds and bats). There shall be no removal of vegetation between April 1 to September 30 (dates subject to change).

8. Certification and Closure

We certify that all the statements of fact in this assessment are true, complete, and correct to the best of our knowledge and belief, and that they are made in good faith.





Appendix A
Tree Inventory and Assessment Table and Drawing





Tree	Common Name /	No.	DBH	Height	Crown			Stru	ıctura	al Def	ects ⁱ			Overall			
No.	Scientific Name	Stems	(cm)	(m)	Spread (m)	BNL	СC	SMD	ADV	INC	FC	MEC	SC	Condition	Comments	Ownership	Recommendation
1	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	30	8-11	8	V		V						Fair	Under power lines	Private	Remove
2	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	29	8-11	6			V			V		V	Fair	Under power lines. Scarring on majority of trunk	Boundary tree	Remove
3	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	32	8-11	8			V			V			Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
4	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	29	8-11	9	V		V						Fair	Under power lines	City	Remove
5	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	25	12-15	10			V						Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
6	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	28	12-15	9			V			V		V	Good	Under power lines. Scarring on majority of trunk	City	Remove
7	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	1	11	4-7	4				V					Fair	Growing into fence	City	Remove
8	Norway maple / Acer platanoides	1	28	12-15	5			V			V	V	V	Poor	Under power lines. Covered in wild grape. Extensive mechanical damage.	City	Remove
9	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	37	12-15	10									Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
10	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	35	12-15	8									Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
11	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	31	12-15	9									Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
12	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	39	12-15	10			V					V	Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
13	maidenhair tree / Ginkgo biloba	1	20	8-11	4							V	V	Fair	Under power lines. Covered in wild grape	City	Remove
14	maidenhair tree / Ginkgo biloba	1	20	8-11	3									Good	Under powerlines	City	Remove
15	maidenhair tree / Ginkgo biloba	1	26	8-11	4									Good	Under power lines. Covered in wild grape	City	Remove
16	maidenhair tree / Ginkgo biloba	1	23	8-11	3			V						Good	Under power lines	City	Remove
17	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	39	12-15	5	V		V		V	V		V	Poor	Under power lines	City	Remove
18	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	43	16-20	9			V						Good	Under power lines	City	Remove



Tree	Common Name /	No.	DBH	Height	Crown			Stru	uctura	al Def	ectsi			Overall				
No.	Scientific Name	Stems	(cm)	(m)	Spread (m)	BNL	UC	SMD	ADV	NC	FC	MEC	SC	Condition	Comments	Ownership	Recommendation	
19	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	21	8-11	3	V					V			Poor	Under power lines	City	Remove	
20	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	44	12-15	9	V	V	V			V			Fair	Under power lines	City	Remove	
21	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	48	12-15	10			V						Good	Under power lines	City	Remove	
22	apple species / Malus spp.	3	37	8-11	11			V		V	V		V	Fair	Under power lines	City	Remove	
23	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	1	20	4-7	3	V	V	V		V	V		V	Poor	Scarring on majority of trunk	City	Remove	
24	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	1	16	4-7	4	V	V	V		V	V	V	V	Poor	Growing into fence	City	Remove	
25	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	2	31	8-11	7			V		V	V		V	Poor	Scarring on majority of trunk	Boundary tree	Remove	
26	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	2	25	8-11	8		V	V		V	V		V	Poor	Scarring on majority of trunk	Boundary tree	Remove	
27	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	1	23	12-15	6					V	V			Good		Boundary tree	Remove	
28	Manitoba maple / Acer negundo	1	31	8-11	6			V	V		V	V		Fair	Under power lines	Boundary tree	Remove	
29	northern red oak / Quercus rubra	1	13	4-7	2			V						Excellent	Wire cage around trunk	Boundary tree	Remove	
30	honey locust species / Gleditsia spp.	1	30	8-11	7									Good	Under power lines	Boundary tree	Remove	
31	honey locust species / Gleditsia spp.	1	30	8-11	9									Good	Under power lines. Inside fence - estimated dbh	Private	Remove	

BNL: Broken / No Leader occurs if the central leader is broken, damaged or very weak, or has a dead terminal bud.

UC: Unbalanced Crown is a tree's crown that is much more extensive in one direction than another, often due to competition from the crown of a nearby tree or exposure.

SMD: Small dead branches are an indicator of crown dieback and can be an early sign of stress.

ADV: Adventitious shoots are vigorous growth of shoots from pruning cuts, inner branches, or along the trunk that usually occur in response to stress.

INC: Included bark is bark that has become embedded in a crotch where limbs join and causes weakened branch attachments. As the trunk and branch increase in diameter, the bark of each stem in the tight crotch begin to push apart, increasing the risk of failure.

FC: Frost cracking is a winter injury caused by temperature fluctuations on bark and inner wood when the sun warms a tree trunk and then temperatures drop quickly, causing splitting of the bark that can extend into the wood below. Frost cracking can be associated with snow reflection and southwest-facing trunk exposures, and particularly affects young trees and species with thin bark.

MEC: Mechanical Damage is a generalized term to describe damage to vegetation from using equipment and from weather related events. Damage to vegetation from equipment can be simple carelessness or incorrect use of the equipment.

SC: Scarring or wounds are areas on a tree where the bark has been stripped away to the wood that had been underneath that bark, and the bark has grown up scar tissue around the sides of the wound.



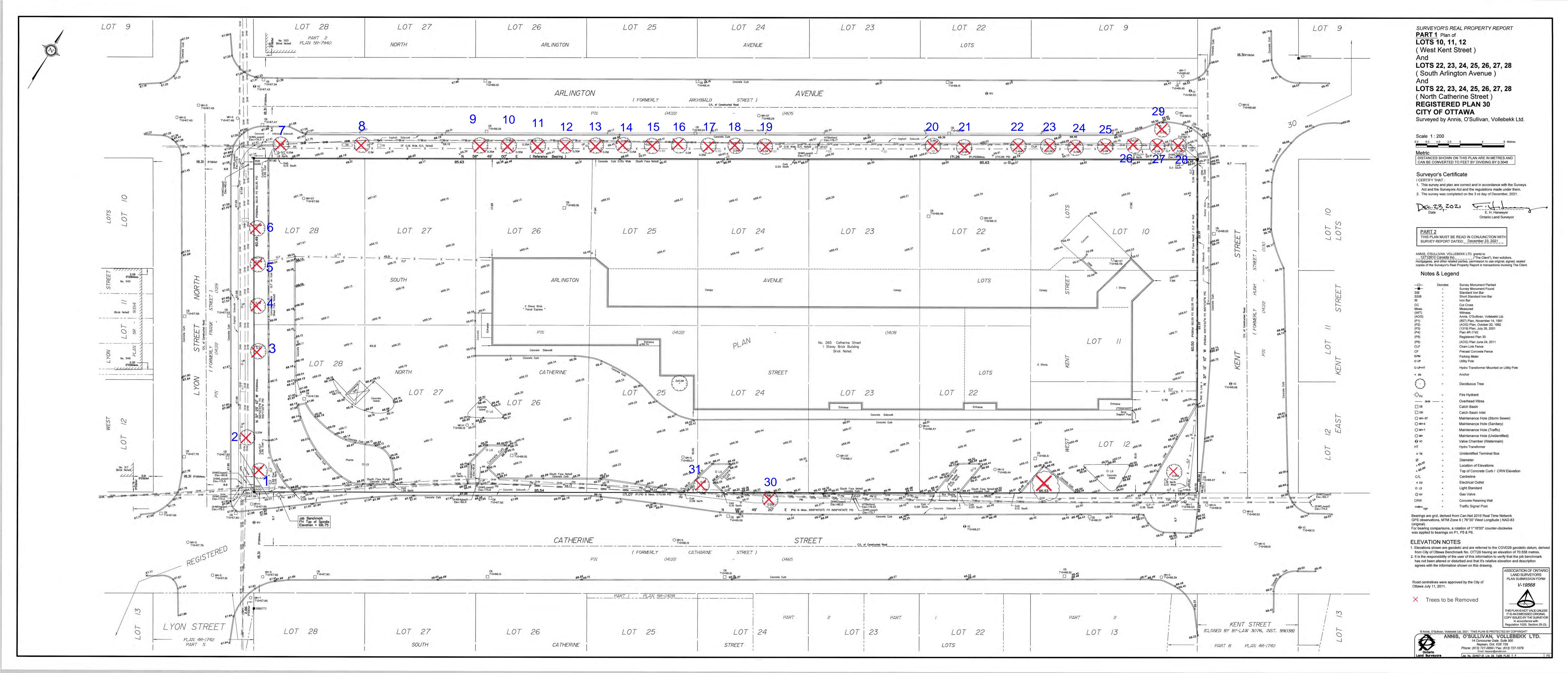
Fair: Significant problems with health and/or structural form.

Significant problems with health and/or structural form.

Major problems with health and structural form.

Major problems with health and structural form.

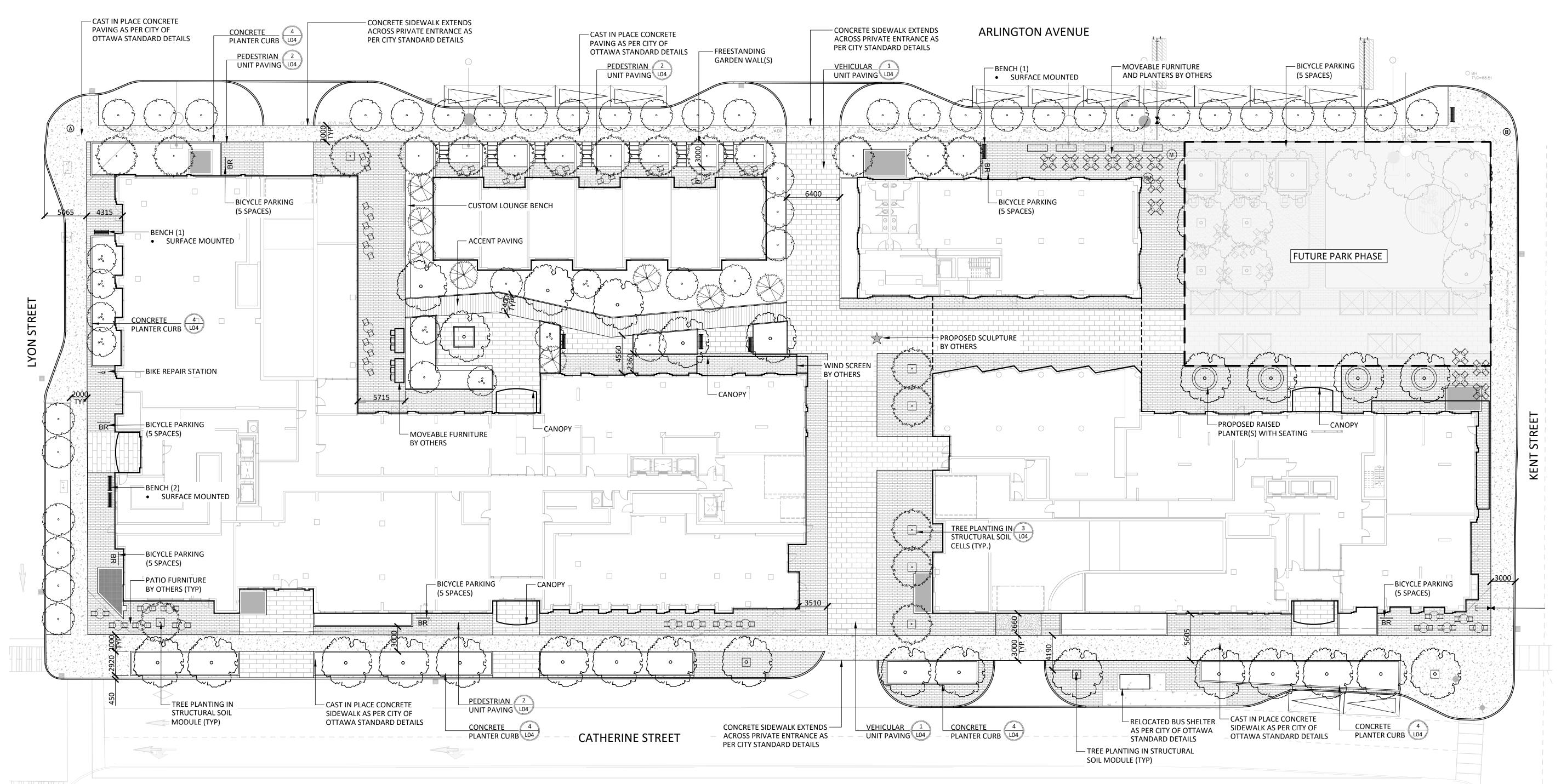
Dead: Dead.



B

Appendix B Project Design and Landscape Plan





GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. DO NOT SCALE DRAWING. ALL DRAWINGS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH WRITTEN SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. THIS DRAWING MAY NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL SIGNED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. IT IS THE
- RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO:
- CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE REPORT ALL ERRORS AND/OR OMISSIONS TO THE
- CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR COMPLY WITH ALL PERTINENT CODES AND BY-LAWS
- CHECK AND VERIFY LOCATIONS OF ALL UNDERGROUND SERVICES WITH ALL LOCAL UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY

3. ANY AREAS BEYOND THE LIMIT OF THE SITE DISTURBED DURING

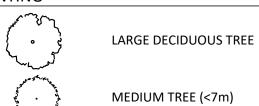
- CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL CONDITION
 OR BETTER TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 4. ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 'OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT AND REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.' THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE 'CONSTRUCTOR' AS DEFINED IN
- 5. THERE WILL BE NO SUBSTITUTION OF MATERIALS UNLESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL IS RECEIVED FROM THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL PERMITS REQUIRED AND TO BEAR THE COST OF THE SAME.
- 7. BENCHMARKS: IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THAT THE SITE BENCHMARK(S) HAS NOT BEEN ALTERED OR DISTURBED AND THAT ITS RELATIVE ELEVATION AND DESCRIPTION AGREES WITH THE INFORMATION DEPICTED

Contractor shall check all dimensions on the work and report any discrepancy to the Landscape Architect before proceeding. All drawings and specifications are the property of the Landscape Architect and must be returned at the completion of the work. This drawing is not to be used for construction until signed by the Landscape Architect.

LEGEND

PROPERTY LINE

PLANTING

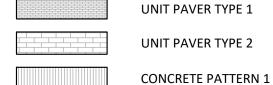


SMALL TREE (<7m) **CONIFEROUS TREE**

PLANT LIST D

PLANT LIST A PLANT LIST B PLANT LIST C

SURFACING



CONCRETE

- TREE SPECIES - QUANTITY

- SHRUB SPCIES

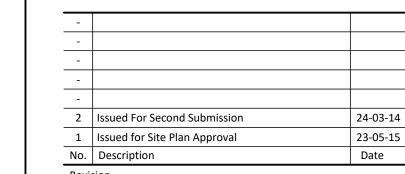
QUANTITY

DETAIL KEY

∖ 00 →

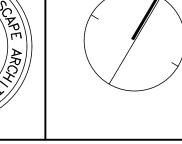
PLANTING KEY





Revision City Approval Stamp





design strategies

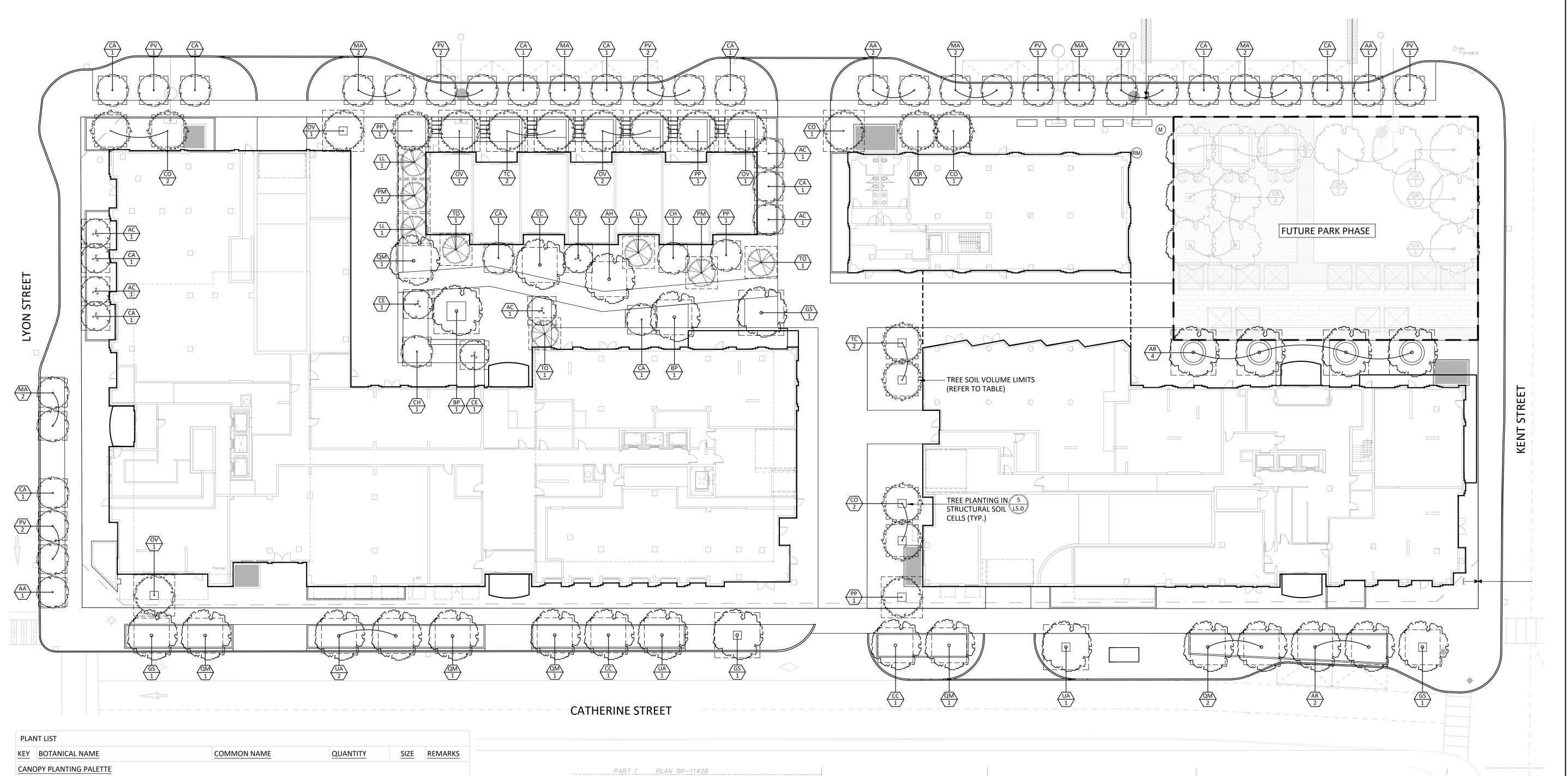
1285 WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA, ON K1Y 3A8 CANADA T 613.237.2345 NAKDESIGNSTRATEGIES.COM

265 CATHERINE STREET OTTAWA ONTARIO

> LAYOUT PLAN **GROUND FLOOR**

Date 2023-02-03 Scale 1:250 Drawn JC/JE

L01 Checked SC Job No. 23-015



PLAN	NT LIST				
KEY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTITY	SIZE	REMARKS
CANC	DPY PLANTING PALETTE				
DECIE	DUOUS TREES - 60mm				
ΔН	AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM	HORSECHESNUT TREE	1	60mm	в&в
٩R	ACER RUBRUM	RED MAPLE	6	60mm	в&в
CC	CARYA CORDIFORMIS	BITTERNUT HICKORY	3	60mm	в&в
CO	CELTIS OCCIDENTALIS	COMMON HACKBERRY	6	60mm	в&в
GS	GLEDITSIA TRIACANTHOS VAR. INERMIS	HONEYLOCUST	4	60mm	в&в
QΜ	QUERCUS MACROCARPA	BUR OAK	7	60mm	в&в
QR	QUERCUS RUBRA	RED OAK	1	60mm	в&в
ГС	TILIA CORDATA CORINTHIAN	CORINTHIAN LINDEN	4	60mm	в&в
JA	ULMUS AMERICANA 'VALLEY FORGE'	VALLEY FORGE ELM	4	60mm	в&в
ВР	BETULA PAPYRIFERA	PAPER BIRCH	2	60mm	в&в
DECIE	DUOUS TREES - 40mm				
AC	AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS	SERVICEBERRY	5	40mm	в&в
CE	CERCIS CANADENSIS	EASTERN REDBUD	3	40mm	в&в
PP	PRUNUS PENSYLVANICA	PIN CHERRY	4	40mm	в&в
CA	CORNUS ALTERNIFOLIA	ALTERNATE LEAVED DOGWOOD	13	40mm	в&в
PV	PRUNUS VIRGINIANA	CHOKECHERRY	11	40mm	в&в
AA	AMELANCHIER ALNIFOLIA	SASKATOON BERRY	4	40mm	в&в
MA	MALUS SPP	CRAB APPLES	10	40mm	в&в
СН	CARPINUS CAROLINIANA	HORNBEAM	2	40mm	в&в
OV	OSTRYA VIRGINIANA	IRONWOOD	6	40mm	в&в
CONI	FEROUS TREES				
LL	LARIX LARICINA (M)	TAMARACK	3	180cm	в&в
то	THUJA OCCIDENTALIS (M)	EASTERN WHITE CEDAR	3	180cm	в&в
PM	PICEA MARIANA (M)	BLACK SPRUCE	2	180cm	B&B

	PART 1 PLAN	5R-11428		
SOIL VOLUME STANDA	ARDS		M. San	SINGLE MULTIPLE
TREE TYPE/SIZE	SINGLE TREE SOIL VOLUME (m3)	MULTIPLE TREE SOIL VOLUME (m3/TREE)	SMALL ()	4475
ORNAMENTAL	15	9	good a standard of a standard of	
COLUMNAR	15	9	MEDIUM/CONIFER ()	
SMALL	20	12	مريرين م	<u> </u>
MEDIUM	25	15	LARGE	
LARGE	30	18	كرسيسك	5480 4245
CONIFER	25	15	*SOIL VOLUME CALCULATION	BASED ON 1.0m DEPTH

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LEGEND

PROPERTY LINE

PLANTING

LARGE DECIDUOUS TREE

MEDIUM TREE (<7m)

SMALL TREE (<7m)

CONIFEROUS TREE

PLANT LIST A

PLANT LIST B

PLANT LIST C

PLANT LIST D

SURFACING

PLANTING KEY

UNIT PAVER TYPE 1

UNIT PAVER TYPE 2

CONCRETE PATTERN 1

CONCRETE

TREE SPECIES

OO

QUANTITY

SHRUB SPCIES

OO QUANTITY

DETAIL KEY

IAILKEY

D1 DETAIL NO.
SHEET NO.

Issued For Second Submission	24-0
Issued for Site Plan Approval	23-0
Description	Date
	Issued for Site Plan Approval

City Approval Stamp





1285 WELLINGTON STREET, OTTAWA, ON KIY 3A8 CANA

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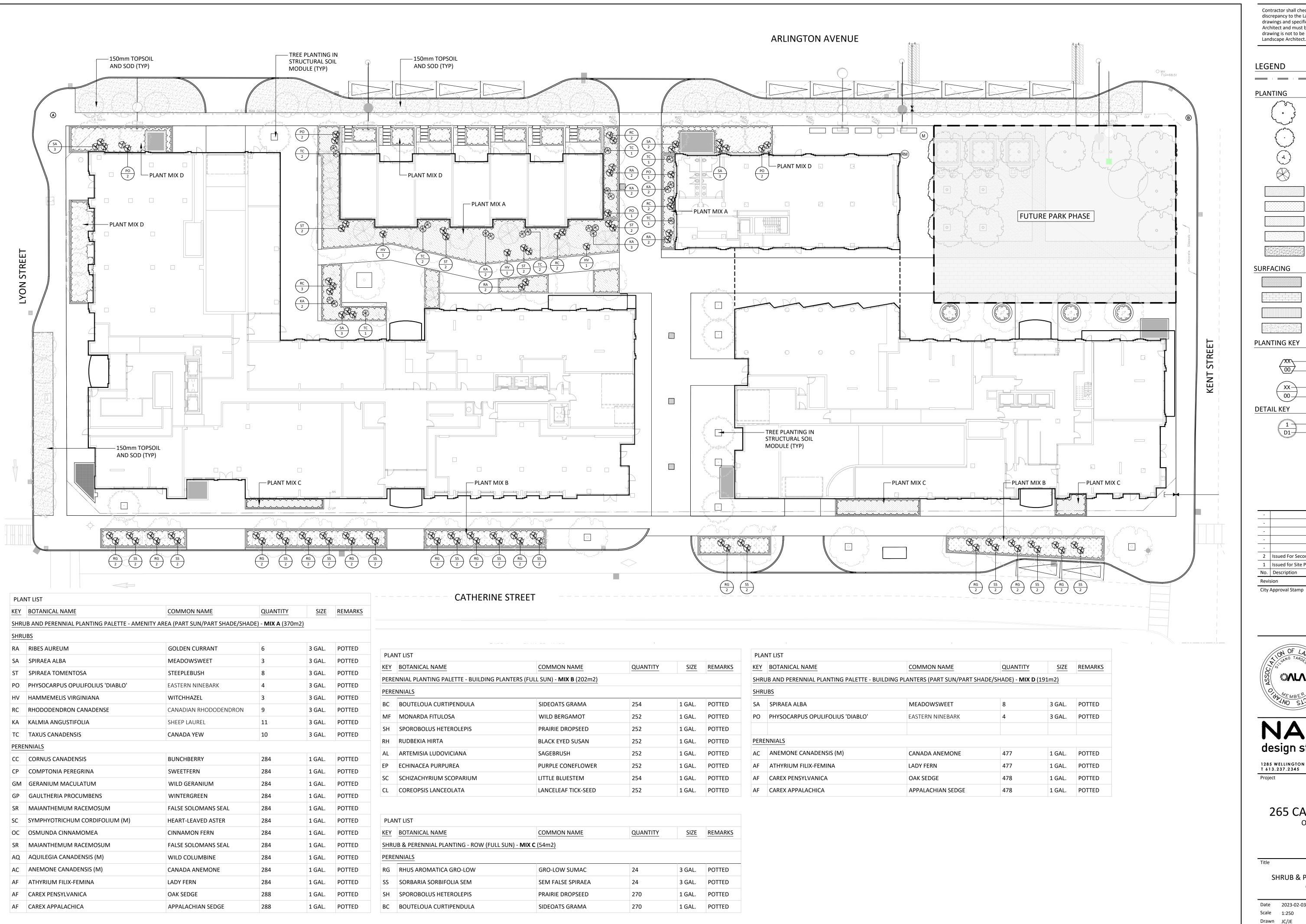
Project

265 CATHERINE STREET
OTTAWA ONTARIO

CANOPY PLANTING PLAN GROUND FLOOR

Date 2023-02-03
Scale 1:250
Drawn JC/JE
Checked SC

Job No. 23-015



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LEGEND

PROPERTY LINE

LARGE DECIDUOUS TREE

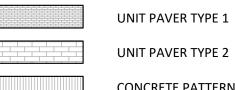
MEDIUM TREE (<7m) SMALL TREE (<7m)

> **CONIFEROUS TREE** PLANT LIST A

> > SOD

PLANT LIST B PLANT LIST C PLANT LIST D

SURFACING



CONCRETE PATTERN 1 CONCRETE

- QUANTITY

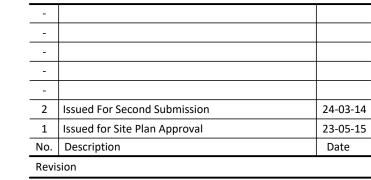
PLANTING KEY

∖ 00 →

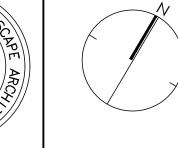
 TREE SPECIES QUANTITY $XX \rightarrow$ SHRUB SPCIES

DETAIL KEY

- SHEET NO.









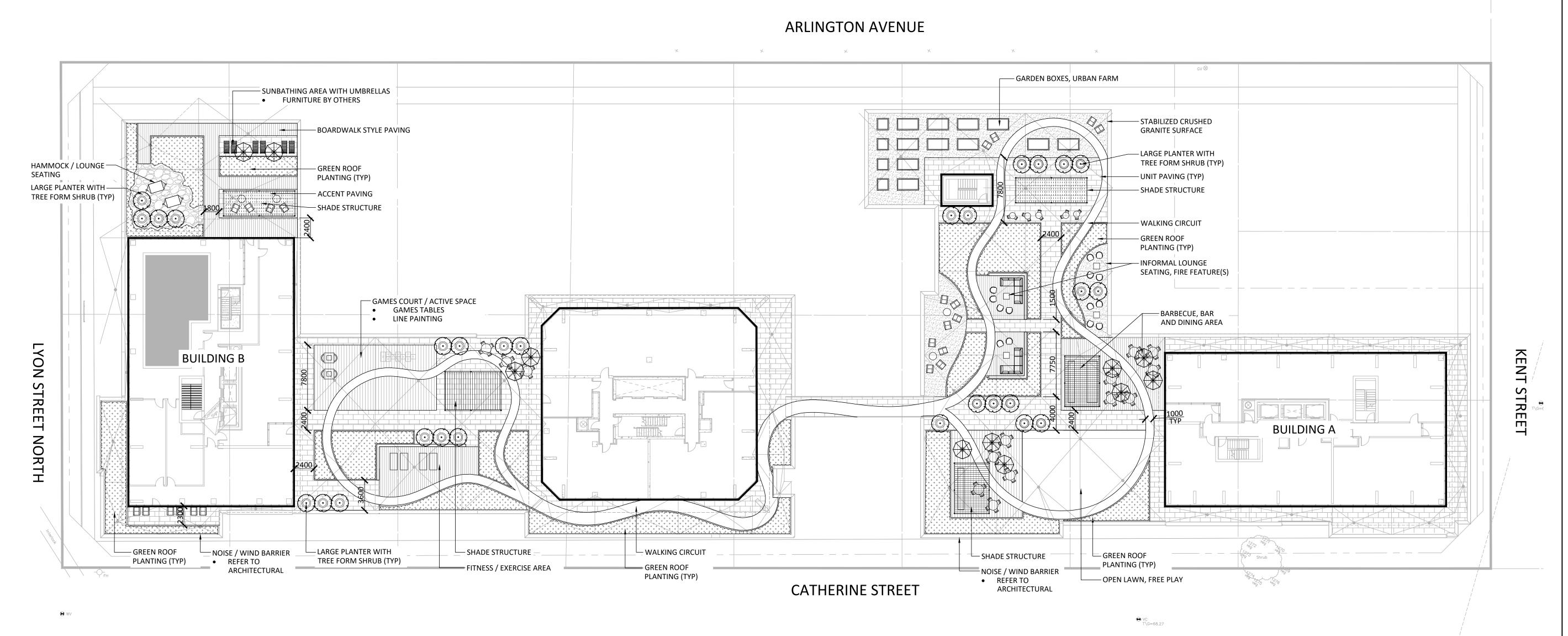
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265 CATHERINE STREET OTTAWA ONTARIO

SHRUB & PERENNIAL PLANTING PLAN GROUND FLOOR

Date 2023-02-03 1:250 Drawn JC/JE Checked SC

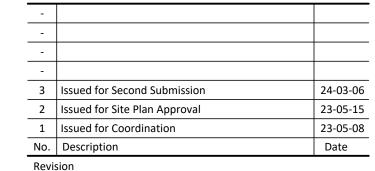
Job No. 23-015



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GENERAL NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS SPECIFIED
 OTHERWISE. DO NOT SCALE DRAWING. ALL DRAWINGS TO BE
 READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH WRITTEN SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. THIS DRAWING MAY NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL SIGNED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO:
- CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE
 REPORT ALL ERRORS AND/OR OMISSIONS TO THE
- REPORT ALL ERRORS AND/OR OMISSIONS TO CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR
- COMPLY WITH ALL PERTINENT CODES AND BY-LAWS
 CHECK AND VERIFY LOCATIONS OF ALL UNDERGROUND SERVICES WITH ALL LOCAL UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY DIGGING
- ANY AREAS BEYOND THE LIMIT OF THE SITE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL CONDITION OR BETTER TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 4. ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 'OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT AND REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.' THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE 'CONSTRUCTOR' AS DEFINED IN THE ACT.
- THERE WILL BE NO SUBSTITUTION OF MATERIALS UNLESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL IS RECEIVED FROM THE CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL PERMITS REQUIRED AND TO BEAR THE COST OF THE SAME.
- 7. BENCHMARKS: IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THAT THE SITE BENCHMARK(S) HAS NOT BEEN ALTERED OR DISTURBED AND THAT ITS RELATIVE ELEVATION AND DESCRIPTION AGREES WITH THE INFORMATION DEPICTED ON THIS PLAN.



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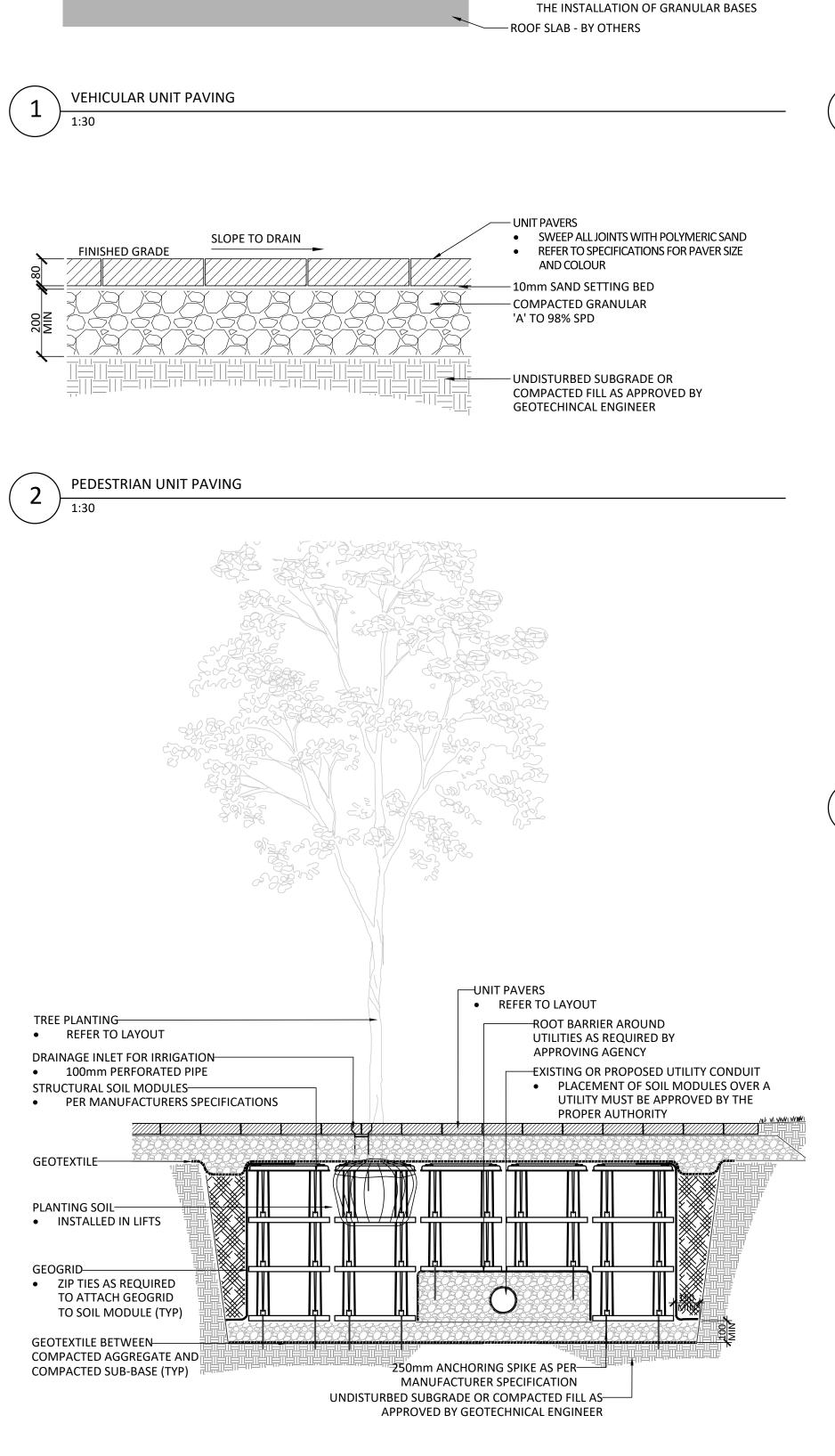
265 CATHERINE STREET OTTAWA, ONTARIO

Title

LANDSCAPE PLAN ROOF TERRACES

Date 2023-02-03
Scale 1:250
Drawn AM/NM
Checked SC

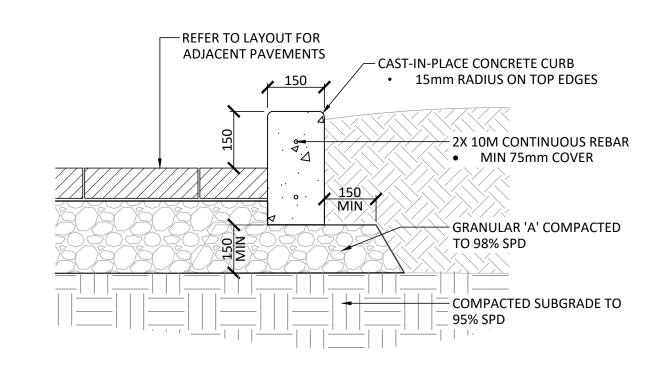
Job No. 23-015



STREET TREE PLANTING IN STRUCTURAL SOIL MODULES

SLOPE TO DRAIN

FINISHED GRADE



CONCRETE PLANTER CURB

SWEEP ALL JOINTS WITH POLYMERIC SAND

 PROTECT THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION INSPECT AND REPAIR AS REQUIRED PRIOR TO

REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR PAVER SIZE

10mm SAND SETTING BED COMPACTED GRANULAR

REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL

'A' TO 98% SPD

-ROOF ASSEMBLY

—PLANT PERENNIALS AND GRASSES 25mm HIGHER THAN ADJACENT GRADE VARIES - 75mm SHREDDED MULCH, PULL BACK WITH SPECIES MULCH FROM BASE OF PLANT. ENSURE THAT MULCH COVERS ALL EXPOSED SOIL - CONTRUCT 100mm SAUCER AROUND PERENNIAL / GRASS BED — TOPSOIL MIX, LIGHTLY COMPACT TO ELIMINATE AIR POCKETS AND PREVENT SETTLEMENT - REMOVE POTS COMPLETELY FROM POTTED STOCK OR CUT AND REMOVE BURLAP AND WIRE FROM TOP 2/3 OF ROOT BALL — COMPACTED SUBGRADE - SCARIFY SUBGRADE SURFACE OF PLANTING BED PRIOR TO PLANTING

1. TOPSOIL MIXTURE AND SHREDDED MULCH AS PER SPECIFICATION.

2. PROVIDE 100mm HIGH EARTH SAUCER AROUND PERENNIAL/GRASS BED.

PERENNIAL AND ORNAMENTAL GRASS PLANTING

N.T.S.

PRUNE ANY DAMAGED OR BROKEN BRANCHES FOLLOW THE MOST RECENT CANADIAN NURSERY AND TRADES ASSOCIATION

> PRACTICE REMOVE ALL BURLAP WRAP, RIBBONS AND TAGS

75mm SHREDDED — MULCH LAYER PLANTING SOIL AS SPECIFIED - SCARIFY SUBGRADE SURFACE OF PLANTING BED PRIOR TO PLANTING

1. SHRUBS SPECIFIED TO BE PLANTED SO THAT ROOTS ARE FULLY EXTENDED IN PLANTING HOLE WITH SOIL MIX BACKFILLED CAREFULLY TO PREVENT ROOT DAMAGE

2. PROVIDE 100mm HIGH EARTH SAUCER AROUND SHRUB BED

SHRUB BED PLANTING

N.T.S.

24-05-06

23-05-15

Date

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Revision City Approval Stamp

No. Description

2 Issued for Second Submission

1 Issued for Site Plan Approval

design strategies

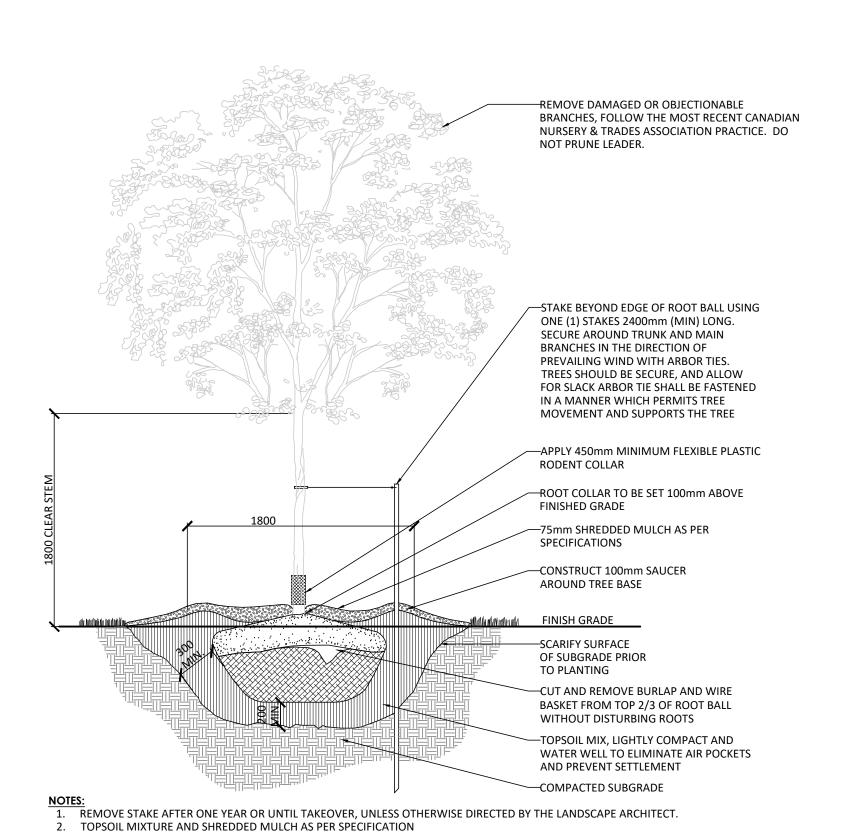
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256 CATHERINE STREET OTTAWA ONTARIO

DETAILS

Date 2023-02-03 Scale AS SHOWN Drawn JE/NM Checked SC

Job No. 23-015



DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING (ONE STAKE W/ARBOR TIES)

4. CALIPER TO BE MEASURED AT THE BASE OF TREE AT ROOT BALL.

REMOVE TREE WRAP AFTER PLANTING

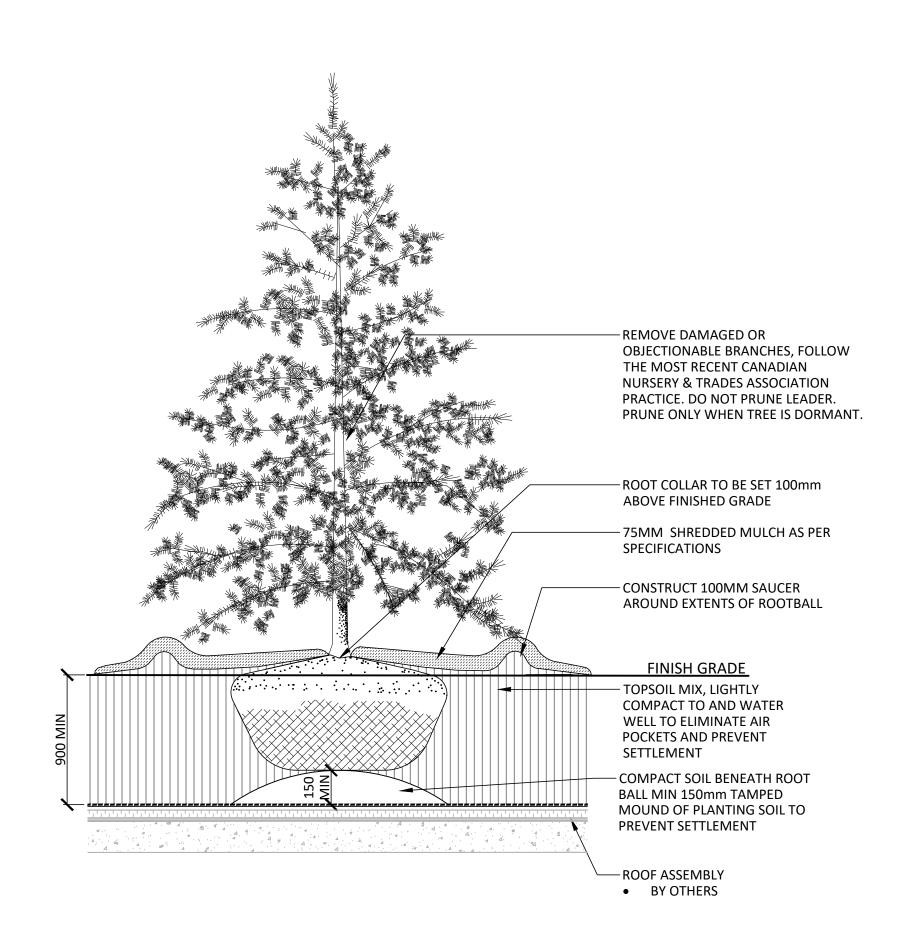
REMOVE DAMAGED OR OBJECTIONABLE BRANCHES, FOLLOW THE MOST RECENT CANADIAN **NURSERY & TRADES ASSOCIATION** PRACTICE. DO NOT PRUNE LEADER. - APPLY 450mm MINIMUM FLEXIBLE PLASTIC RODENT -ROOT COLLAR TO BE SET 100mm ABOVE FINISHED GRADE - CONSTRUCT 100MM SAUCER AROUND EXTENTS OF ROOTBALL - 75MM DEPTH SHREDDED MULCH FINISH GRADE - TOPSOIL MIX, LIGHTLY COMPACT TO AND WATER WELL TO ELIMINATE AIR POCKETS AND PREVENT SETTLEMENT - COMPACT SOIL BENEATH ROOT BALL MIN 150mm TAMPED MOUND OF PLANTING SOIL TO PREVENT SETTLEMENT -ROOF ASSEMBLY BY OTHERS

DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING - ON SLAB

—STAKE BEYOND EDGE OF ROOT BALL USING ONE (1) STAKE 2400mm (MIN) LONG. SECURE AROUND TRUNK AND MAIN BRANCHES IN THE DIRECTION OF PREVAILING WIND WITH ARBOR TIES. TREES SHOULD BE SECURE, AND ALLOW FOR ? ARBOR THE SMALL BE FASTENED IN A MANNER WHICH PERMITS TREES MOVEMENT AND SUPPORTS THE TREE REMOVE DAMAGED OR OBJECTIONABLE BRANCHES, FOLLOW THE MOST RECENT CANADIAN NURSERY & TRADES ASSOCIATION PRACTICE. DO NOT PRUNE LEADER. PRUNE ONLY WHEN TREE IS DORMANT. —ROOT COLLAR TO BE SET 100mm ABOVE FINISHED GRADE -75mm SHREDDED MULCH AS PER SPECIFICATIONS —CONSTRUCT 100mm SAUCER AROUND TREE BASE —TOPSOIL MIX, LIGHTLYCOMPACT AND WATER WELL TO ELIMINATE AIR POCKETS AND PREVENT SETTLEMENT —CUT AND REMOVE BURLAP AND WIRE BASKET FROM TOP 1/3 OF ROOT BALL WITHOUT DISTURBING ROOTS -SCARIFY SURFACE OF SUBGRADE PRIOR TO PLANTING -MIN 150mm TAMPED MOUND OF PLANTING SOIL TO PREVENT SETTLEMENT 1. REMOVE STAKE AFTER ONE YEAR OR UNTIL TAKEOVER UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.

2. TOPSOIL MIXTURE AND SHREDDED MULCH AS PER SPECIFICATION

(3) CONIFEROUS TREE PLANTING (ONE STAKE W/ARBOR TIES)



CONIFEROUS TREE PLANTING - ON SLAB

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	2	Issued for Second Submission	24-05-06
	1	Issued for Site Plan Approval	23-05-15
	No.	Description	Date
	Revis	sion	

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Project

256 CATHERINE STREET
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