

September 27, 2022

PREPARED FOR

3N Group Holdings Inc.

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PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report describes a transportation traffic noise assessment undertaken in support of concurrent Zoning By-law Amendment (ZBA) and Site Plan Control (SPC) application for the proposed mixed-use development, known as Rochester & Balsam, located at 246-267 Rochester Street in Ottawa, Ontario. The proposed development comprises an 'L'-shaped nine-storey building topped with a mechanical penthouse (MPH). The major sources of roadway traffic noise impacting the development include Gladstone Avenue, Booth Street, the Queensway, and the future expansion of the Confederation Line Light Rail Transitway (LRT). As the LRT is 400m away from the study site, ground vibration impacts are considered insignificant. Figure 1 illustrates the site location with the surrounding context.

The assessment is based on (i) theoretical noise prediction methods that conform to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Ministry of Transportation of Ontario (MTO), and City of Ottawa requirements; (ii) noise level criteria as specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG); (iii) future vehicular traffic volumes based on the City of Ottawa's Official Plan roadway classifications; and (iv) architectural drawings prepared by Simmonds Architecture, in August 2022.

The results of the current analysis indicated that noise levels will range between 39 and 60 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 33 and 52 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (60 dBA) occurs at the south façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Gladstone Avenue and the Queensway. Since noise levels are less than 65 dBA at all the building façades, standard building components in compliance with Ontario Building Code standards will be sufficient to attenuate noise levels indoors when windows are closed.

As noise levels at select facades fall between 55-65 dBA, the building will require forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning as a minimum requirement which, if installed at the owner's discretion, will allow building occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. However, given the development layout, the building is expected to include central air conditioning in the dwelling units and communal spaces. Furthermore, a Type D Warning Clause will also be required in all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized in Section 6. As for the terraces and amenity spaces included in this development, noise levels fall below 55dBA, requiring no mitigation.



Moreover, the stationary noise impacts of the building on the surroundings would be considered at a future stage once the mechanical design has progressed and equipment has been selected. Stationary noise sources associated with the development could include rooftop air handling units, cooling towers or dry coolers, and emergency generators. Should noise levels from these units exceed the criteria established in NPC-300 and ENCG, noise from these sources can be controlled to acceptable limits by judicious selection of the equipment, locating the equipment on a high roof away from nearby residential receptors, and where necessary, installing silencers or noise screens.



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1. INTRODUCTION

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc. (Gradient Wind) was retained by 3N Group Holdings Inc. to undertake a transportation traffic noise assessment for a proposed mixed-use development, known as Rochester & Balsam, located in Ottawa, Ontario. This report summarizes the methodology, results, and recommendations related to the assessment of exterior and interior noise levels generated by local roadway traffic.

This assessment is based on theoretical noise calculation methods conforming to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) NPC-300¹, Ministry of Transportation Ontario (MTO)², and City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG)³ guidelines. Noise calculations were based on architectural drawings, provided by Simmonds Architecture in August 2022, with future traffic volumes corresponding to the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) roadway classifications.

2. TERMS OF REFERENCE

The subject site is located at 246-267 Rochester Street in Ottawa; situated at the southwest corner of a city block bounded by Willow Street to the north, Booth Street to the east, Balsam Street to the south, and Rochester Street to the west. Throughout this report, Rochester Street is referred to as project west. The proposed development comprises an 'L'-shaped nine-storey building, with its long axis-oriented along Rochester Street, topped with a mechanical penthouse (MPH).

Above below-grade parking, the ground floor of the proposed development is divided into two near rectangular masses by a central north-south walkway. The ground floor of the western massing includes a residential main entrance to the west, residential units from the west clockwise to the northeast, indoor amenity to the east, a residential move-in entrance at the southeast corner, retail space at the southwest corner, central elevator core, and shared building support spaces throughout the remainder of the level. A sitting area, serving the retail space, is situated at the southwest corner of the subject site and a landscaped rear yard, which can be accessed via the central walkway from Balsam Street, is situated at

¹ Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change – Environmental Noise Guidelines, Publication NPC-300, Queens Printer for Ontario, Toronto, 2013

² Ministry of Transportation Ontario, "Environmental Guide for Noise", February 2022

³ City of Ottawa, Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016



the northeast corner of the subject site. The ground floor of the eastern massing includes a garbage room at the southwest corner and mechanical space at the northwest corner. Access to below-grade parking is provided by a ramp at the southeast corner of the eastern massing via a laneway from Balsam Street. Levels 2-9 are reserved for residential use. At Level 2, the floorplate extends at the southwest corner and includes a canopy covering the seating area below. Floorplate setbacks are situated to the south and west at Level 4 and at the southwest corner at Level 5. Private terraces are situated at the southeast corner at Levels 4 and 6 and amenity terraces are situated to the north at Level 6, to the east at Level 7, and to the west at the MPH level.

The near-field surroundings, defined as an area within 200-metres (m) of the subject site, include a mix of low-rise residential and commercial buildings from the west-southwest clockwise to the southeast, with a mid-rise residential building to the north, rows of townhouses to the northeast, a mid-rise residential building and a school to the east, a nursery and church to the southeast, a school and Piazza Dante Park to the southwest, and a mid-rise residential building and high-rise residential building to the southwest. Notably, a four-storey mixed-use building has been approved (Site Plan Control) at 360 Booth Street, approximately 120 m to the northeast and a residential development comprising a six-storey building and two three-storey stacked townhouses has nearly completed construction at 811 Gladstone Avenue, to the immediate south of the subject site. In addition, a development, referred to as "Rochesterville Phase 1", comprising two nine-storey mixed-use residential buildings and three four-storey stacked townhouse buildings is proposed (awaiting Site Plan Control approval) at 818 and 822 Gladstone Avenue, approximately 115 m to the south-southeast.

3. OBJECTIVES

The principal objectives of this study are to (i) calculate the future noise levels on the study buildings produced by local roadway traffic, and (ii) ensure that interior and exterior noise levels do not exceed the allowable limits specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines as outlined in Section 4.2 of this report.



4. METHODOLOGY

4.1 Background

Noise can be defined as any obtrusive sound. It is created at a source, transmitted through a medium, such as air, and intercepted by a receiver. Noise may be characterized in terms of the power of the source or the sound pressure at a specific distance. While the power of a source is characteristic of that particular source, the sound pressure depends on the location of the receiver and the path that the noise takes to reach the receiver. Measurement of noise is based on the decibel unit, dBA, which is a logarithmic ratio referenced to a standard noise level (2×10^{-5} Pascals). The 'A' suffix refers to a weighting scale, which better represents how the noise is perceived by the human ear. With this scale, a doubling of power results in a 3 dBA increase in measured noise levels and is just perceptible to most people. An increase of 10 dBA is often perceived to be twice as loud.

4.2 Roadway Traffic Noise

4.2.1 Criteria for Roadway Traffic Noise

For surface roadway traffic noise, the equivalent sound energy level, L_{eq} , provides a measure of the time-varying noise levels, which is well correlated with the annoyance of sound. It is defined as the continuous sound level, which has the same energy as a time-varying noise level over a period of time. For roadways, the L_{eq} is commonly calculated on the basis of a 16-hour (L_{eq16}) daytime (07:00-23:00) / 8-hour (L_{eq8}) nighttime (23:00-07:00) split to assess its impact on residential buildings. The City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) specify that the recommended indoor noise limit range (that is relevant to this study) is 45 and 40 dBA for living rooms and sleeping quarters respectively for roadway as listed in Table 1.



TABLE 1: INDOOR SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA (ROAD) 4

| Type of Space | Time Period | L _{eq} (dBA) |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|
| General offices, reception areas, retail stores, etc. | 07:00 – 23:00 | 50 |
| Living/dining/den areas of residences , hospitals, schools, nursing/retirement homes, day-care centres, theatres, places of worship, libraries, individual or semi-private offices, conference rooms, etc. | 07:00 – 23:00 | 45 |
| Sleeping quarters of hotels/motels | 23:00 – 07:00 | 45 |
| Sleeping quarters of residences , hospitals, nursing/retirement homes, etc. | 23:00 – 07:00 | 40 |

Predicted noise levels at the plane of window (POW) dictate the action required to achieve the recommended sound levels. An open window is considered to provide a 10 dBA reduction in noise, while a standard closed window is capable of providing a minimum 20 dBA noise reduction⁵. A closed window due to a ventilation requirement will bring noise levels down to achieve an acceptable indoor environment⁶. Therefore, where noise levels exceed 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime, the ventilation for the building should consider the need for having windows and doors closed, which triggers the need for forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning. Where noise levels exceed 65 dBA daytime and 60 dBA nighttime, air conditioning will be required and building components will require higher levels of sound attenuation⁷.

The sound level criterion for outdoor living areas (OLA) is 55 dBA, which applies during the daytime (07:00 to 23:00). When noise levels exceed 55 dBA, mitigation should be provided to reduce noise levels where technically and administratively feasible to acceptable levels at or below the criterion. Furthermore, noise levels at the OLA must not exceed 60 dBA if mitigation can be technically and administratively achieved.

⁴ Adapted from ENCG 2016 – Tables 2.2b and 2.2c

⁵ Burberry, P.B. (2014). Mitchell's Environment and Services. Routledge, Page 125

⁶ MECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.8

⁷ MECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.1.3



4.2.2 Theoretical Roadway Noise Predictions

Noise predictions were performed with the aid of the MECP computerized noise assessment program, STAMSON 5.04, for road analysis. Appendix A includes the STAMSON 5.04 input and output data. Roadway traffic noise calculations were performed by treating each roadway segment as separate line sources of noise. In addition to the traffic volumes summarized in Table 2, theoretical noise predictions were based on the following parameters:

- Truck traffic on all roadways was taken to comprise 5% heavy trucks and 7% medium trucks, as per ENCG requirements for noise level predictions.
- The day/night split for all streets was taken to be 92%/8%, respectively.
- Ground surfaces were taken to be reflective due to the presence of hard (paved) ground.
- Topography was assumed to be a flat/gentle slope surrounding the study building.
- A difference in elevation for Queensway and the LRT was measured to be approximately 5 meters above grade and 10 meters below grade, respectively.
- Noise receptors were strategically placed at 10 locations around the study area (see Figure 2).
- For select sources where appropriate, receptors considered the existing buildings as a barrier partially or fully obstructing exposure to the source as illustrated by exposure angles in Figures 3-6.
- Receptor distances and exposure angles are illustrated in Figures 3-6.

4.2.3 Roadway Traffic Volumes

The ENCG dictates that noise calculations should consider future sound levels based on a roadway's classification at the mature state of development. Therefore, traffic volumes are based on the roadway classifications outlined in the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) and Transportation Master Plan⁸ which provide additional details on future roadway expansions. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes are then based on data in Table B1 of the ENCG for each roadway classification. Table 2 (below) summarizes the AADT values used for each roadway included in this assessment.

-

⁸ City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan, November 2013



TABLE 2: ROADWAY TRAFFIC DATA

| Segment | Roadway Traffic Classification | Speed Limit (km/h) | Traffic Volumes |
|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Booth Street | 2-Lane Major Collector | 40 | 12,000 |
| Gladstone Avenue | 2-Lane Major Collector | 40 | 12,000 |
| Queensway | 8-Lane Highway | 100 | 146,664 |
| LRT Line 2 | Light Rail Line | 70 | 540/60* |

^{*}Daytime/Nighttime Volumes

5. RESULTS

5.1 Roadway Traffic Noise Levels

The results of the roadway traffic noise calculations are summarized in Table 3 below.

TABLE 3: EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS DUE TO ROADWAY TRAFFIC

| Receptor Number | Receptor Height Above | Receptor Location | | ON 5.04 vel (dBA) |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|----------------------|
| | Grade (m) | | Day | Night |
| R1 | 33 | POW – West Façade – Level 11 | 56 | 49 |
| R2 | 33 | POW – East Façade – Level 11 | 55 | 47 |
| R3 | 24 | POW – East Façade – Level 8 | 56 | 48 |
| R4 | 33 | POW – North Façade – Level 11 | 41 | 33 |
| R5 | 33 | POW – West façade – Level 11 | 43 | 35 |
| R6 | 33 | POW – North Façade – Level 11 | 43 | 35 |
| R7 | 33 | POW – South façade – Level 11 | 60 | 52 |
| R8 | 24 | OLA – Level 8 Terrace | 53 | N/A* |
| R9 | 21 | OLA – Level 7 Terrace | 39 | N/A* |
| R10 | 1.5 | OLA – Ground Floor Amenity | 54 | N/A* |

^{*}OLA nighttime noise levels are not considered, as per the ENCG.

The results of the current analysis indicated that noise levels will range between 39 and 60 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 33 and 52 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (60 dBA) occurs at the south façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Gladstone Avenue and the Queensway.



5.2 Noise Control Measures

Since noise levels do not exceed 65 dBA at all the building façades, standard building components in compliance with Ontario Building Code standards will be sufficient to attenuate noise levels indoors when windows are closed this study site. The development will require forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning as a minimum requirement which, if installed at the owner's discretion, will allow building occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. However, given the development layout, the building is expected to include central air conditioning in the dwelling units and communal spaces. In addition to ventilation requirements, a Type D Warning Clause will also be required in all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized in Section 6. As for the terraces and amenity spaces, noise levels are expected to fall below the noise level criteria for OLAs. Therefore, no acoustic mitigation is required.

6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the current analysis indicated that noise levels will range between 39 and 60 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 33 and 52 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (60 dBA) occurs at the south façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Gladstone Avenue and the Queensway. Since noise levels are less than 65 dBA at all the building façades, standard building components in compliance with Ontario Building Code standards will be sufficient to attenuate noise levels indoors when windows are closed. As for the OLAs in this development, noise levels are expected to fall below the noise level criteria. As such, no acoustic mitigation is required.

Since noise levels at select facades fall between 55-65 dBA, the building will need forced air heating with provisions for central air conditioning as a minimum requirement which, if installed at the owner's discretion, will allow building occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. However, given the development layout, the building is expected to include central air conditioning in the dwelling units and communal spaces. A Type D Warning Clause will also be required in all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized below:



Type D:

"This dwelling unit has been supplied with a central air conditioning system which will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the Municipality and the Ministry of the Environment."

Moreover, the stationary noise impacts of the building on the surroundings would be considered at a future stage once the mechanical design has progressed and equipment has been selected. Stationary noise sources associated with the development could include rooftop air handling units, cooling towers or dry coolers, and emergency generators. Should noise levels from these units exceed the criteria established in NPC-300 and ENCG, noise from these sources can be controlled to acceptable limits by judicious selection of the equipment, locating the equipment on a high roof away from nearby residential receptors, and where necessary, installing silencers or noise screens.

This concludes our roadway traffic noise assessment and report. If you have any questions or wish to discuss our findings, please advise us. In the interim, we thank you for the opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc.

Essraa Alqassab, BASc. Junior Environmental Scientist

Gradient Wind File #22-276

Essentilyusuk

J. R. FOSTER
100155655

300VINCE OF ONTARIO

Joshua Foster, P.Eng. Lead Engineer



127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM

ROCHESTER & BALSAM, OTTAWA
TRANSPORTATION TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT

SCALE
1:3000 (APPROX.)
DRAWING NO.
GW22-276-1

E.A.

SEPTEMBER 22, 2022

FIGURE 1: SITE PLAN AND SURROUNDING CONTEXT



127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM

SCALE 1:3000 (APPROX.) GW22-276-2 SEPTEMBER 22, 2022 E.A.

FIGURE 2: RECEPTOR LOCATIONS



127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM

SCALE 1:2000 (APPROX.) GW22-276-3 SEPTEMBER 22, 2022

E.A.

FIGURE 3: STAMSON PARAMETERS (1)



127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM

SCALE 1:2000 (APPROX.) GW22-276-4

E.A.

SEPTEMBER 22, 2022

FIGURE 4: STAMSON PARAMETERS (2)



127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM

SCALE 1:2000 (APPROX.) GW22-276-5 SEPTEMBER 22, 2022 E.A.

FIGURE 5: STAMSON PARAMETERS (3)



127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM

PROJECT ROCHESTER & BALSAM, OTTAWA
TRANSPORTATION TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT

SCALE 1:2000 DRAWING NO. CW22, 276 6

1:2000 (APPROX.) DRAWING NO. GW22-276-6

SEPTEMBER 22, 2022 DRAWN BY E.A.

FIGURE 6: STAMSON PARAMETERS (4)



APPENDIX A

STAMSON 5.04 – INPUT AND OUTPUT DATA

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-09-2022 18:03:00 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r1.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Gladstone (day/night) ______ Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Gladstone (day/night) _____ Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance: 97.00 / 97.00 m

Receiver height: 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1: 0.00 deg Angle2: 90.00 deg

Barrier height: 29.00 m Barrier receiver distance: 79.00 / 79.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Queensway (day/night) ______ Car traffic volume : 111993/9738 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 9445/821 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 13493/1173 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 100 km/h Road gradient : Road gradient : 0 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)



```
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
   24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 146664
   Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
   Number of Years of Growth
                                      0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 10.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Queensway (day/night)
______
                 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg
: 0 (No woods
: 0 / 0
: 2 (Reflective
Angle1 Angle2
                                    (No woods.)
Wood depth
No of house rows
Surface
                             2
                      :
                                    (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 322.00 / 322.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m
                  : 4 (Elevated; with barrier)
: 0.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Topography
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
                      : 29.00 m
Elevation
                       :
                          0.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 214.00 / 214.00 m
Source elevation : 5.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Gladstone (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
-----
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
     1.50 ! 33.00 ! 7.34 !
ROAD (0.00 + 35.79 + 0.00) = 35.79 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLea
         90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.11 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -18.81
   0
```



```
Segment Leq: 35.79 dBA
Results segment # 2: Queensway (day)
Source height = 1.78 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.78 ! 33.00 ! 15.57 !
                                  15.57
ROAD (0.00 + 55.32 + 0.00) = 55.32 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
       90 0.00 85.90 0.00 -13.32 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.25
  0
55.32
Segment Leq: 55.32 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 55.37 dBA
Results segment # 1: Gladstone (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 33.00 !
                       7.34 !
ROAD (0.00 + 28.19 + 0.00) = 28.19 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeg P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.11 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -18.81
28.19
______
```

GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

Segment Leq: 28.19 dBA Results segment # 2: Queensway (night) _____ Source height = 1.78 mBarrier height for grazing incidence -----Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) ______ 1.78 ! 33.00 ! 15.57 ! ROAD (0.00 + 47.72 + 0.00) = 47.72 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLea ______ 0 90 0.00 78.30 0.00 -13.32 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.25 47.72 ______ Segment Leq: 47.72 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 47.77 dBA RT/Custom data, segment # 1: LRT (day/night) 1 - 4-car SRT: Traffic volume : 540/60 veh/TimePeriod : 70 km/h Speed Data for Segment # 1: LRT (day/night) : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Angle1 Angle2 : 0 Wood depth (No woods.) 0 / 0 No of house rows 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 406.00 / 406.00 m Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m: (Elevated; with barrier) Topography 4 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg Barrier angle1 Barrier height : 24.00 m : 23.00 m Elevation Barrier receiver distance : 10.00 / 10.00 m Source elevation : -10.00 m

```
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m Barrier elevation : 0.00 m \,
                : 0.00
Reference angle
Results segment # 1: LRT (day)
_____
Source height = 0.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
   0.50 ! 33.00 ! 31.95 !
RT/Custom (0.00 + 49.11 + 0.00) = 49.11 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
  -90 90 0.00 63.44 -14.32 0.00 0.00 0.00 -0.03 49.08*
  -90 90 0.00 63.44 -14.32 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 49.11
* Bright Zone!
Segment Leq: 49.11 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 49.11 dBA
Results segment # 1: LRT (night)
Source height = 0.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    0.50 ! 33.00 ! 31.95 !
                                   31.95
RT/Custom (0.00 + 42.58 + 0.00) = 42.58 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
  -90 90 0.00 56.91 -14.32 0.00 0.00 0.00 -0.03 42.55*
-90 90 0.00 56.91 -14.32 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 42.58
```

^{*} Bright Zone !



Segment Leq: 42.58 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 42.58 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 56.29

(NIGHT): 48.92

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-09-2022 15:28:33 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r2.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____ Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 81.00 / 81.00 m Receiver height: 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1: -90.00 deg Angle2: 90.00 deg

Barrier height: 10.00 m Barrier receiver distance : 70.00 / 70.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Gladstone (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 40 km/h

Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)



```
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Gladstone (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 97.00 / 97.00 m
Receiver height: 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1: -90.00 deg Angle2: 0.00 deg

Barrier height: 29.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 80.00 / 80.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 3: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 118739/10325 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 9445/821 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 6747/587 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 146664
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
                                             : 0.00
     Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
     Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
```

```
: 2
                           (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 327.00 / 327.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m
Topography
                     4
                          (Elevated; with barrier)
                :
            : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
: 29.00 m
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
Elevation
                   0.00 m
                :
Barrier receiver distance : 215.00 / 215.00 m
Source elevation : 5.00 m
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.77 !
ROAD (0.00 + 46.08 + 0.00) = 46.08 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
_____
 -90 90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -7.32 0.00 0.00 0.00 -12.31
46.08
______
Segment Leq: 46.08 dBA
Results segment # 2: Gladstone (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 7.02 !
                                 7.02
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 35.75 + 0.00) = 35.75 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       0 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.11 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -18.85
 -90
35.75
______
Segment Leq: 35.75 dBA
Results segment # 3: Queensway (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
       ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
1.50 ! 33.00 ! 15.57 !
ROAD (0.00 + 53.85 + 0.00) = 53.85 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90
       0 0.00 84.41 0.00 -13.38 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.17
53.85
______
Segment Leg: 53.85 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 54.58 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.77 !
                                   5.77
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 38.48 + 0.00) = 38.48 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90 90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -7.32 0.00 0.00 0.00 -12.31
38.48
Segment Leq: 38.48 dBA
Results segment # 2: Gladstone (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50 ! 33.00 !
                     7.02 !
ROAD (0.00 + 28.15 + 0.00) = 28.15 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
 -90
      0 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.11 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -18.85
28.15
______
Segment Leq : 28.15 dBA
Results segment # 3: Queensway (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 15.57 !
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

ROAD (0.00 + 46.25 + 0.00) = 46.25 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

--

-90 0 0.00 76.81 0.00 -13.38 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.16

46.25

--

Segment Leq : 46.25 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 46.98 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 54.58

(NIGHT): 46.98

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-09-2022 15:28:53 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r3.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Gladstone (day/night) ______ Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Gladstone (day/night) _____ Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 99.00 / 99.00 m Receiver height : 24.00 / 24.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg

Barrier height : 29.00 m Barrier receiver distance: 81.00 / 81.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Queensway (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 118739/10325 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 9445/821 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 6747/587 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 100 km/h Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)



```
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 146664
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 329.00 / 329.00 m
Receiver height : 24.00 / 24.00 \text{ m}
Topography : 4 (Elevated; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 29.00 m
                   : 29.00 m
: 0.00 m
Elevation
Barrier receiver distance : 216.00 / 216.00 m
Source elevation : 5.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 3: Booth (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
                      : 0 %
: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
Road gradient :
Road pavement
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
                                            : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
     Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Booth (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
```

```
2
                               (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 75.00 / 75.00 m
Receiver height : 24.00 / 24.00 \text{ m}
                               (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Topography
                         2
                   :
               : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg : 10.00 m
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
Barrier receiver distance : 64.00 / 64.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Gladstone (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
1.50 ! 24.00 ! 5.59 !
ROAD (0.00 + 35.49 + 0.00) = 35.49 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90
        0 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.20 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -19.02
______
Segment Leg: 35.49 dBA
Results segment # 2: Queensway (day)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 12.51 !
ROAD (0.00 + 55.46 + 0.00) = 55.46 dBA
```

```
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90
      90 0.00 84.41 0.00 -13.41 0.00 0.00 0.00 -15.53
Segment Leq: 55.46 dBA
Results segment # 3: Booth (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
     Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 4.80 !
ROAD (0.00 + 44.77 + 0.00) = 44.77 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
      90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -6.99 0.00 0.00 0.00 -13.95
 -90
44.77
______
Segment Leq: 44.77 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 55.86 dBA
Results segment # 1: Gladstone (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 5.59 !
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 27.89 + 0.00) = 27.89 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       0 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.20 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -19.02
 -90
27.89
______
Segment Leq: 27.89 dBA
Results segment # 2: Queensway (night)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
       ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
------
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 12.51 !
ROAD (0.00 + 47.87 + 0.00) = 47.87 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       90 0.00 76.81 0.00 -13.41 0.00 0.00 0.00 -15.53
 -90
47.87
_____
Segment Leg: 47.87 dBA
Results segment # 3: Booth (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source
       ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 4.80 !
ROAD (0.00 + 37.17 + 0.00) = 37.17 dBA
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -6.99 0.00 0.00 0.00 -13.95 -90 37.17 ______ Segment Leq: 37.17 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 48.26 dBA TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 55.86 (NIGHT): 48.26 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-09-2022 15:29:09 STAMSON 5.0 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r4.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night) ______

Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient :

: 0 %
: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 (No woods.)

```
2
                               (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 100.00 / 100.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m
                               (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Topography
                         2
                   :
               : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg : 10.00 m
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
Barrier receiver distance : 90.00 / 90.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 4.65 !
ROAD (0.00 + 40.38 + 0.00) = 40.38 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90
        0 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.24 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.08
______
Segment Leg: 40.38 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 40.38 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
     1.50 ! 33.00 ! 4.65 !
                                      4.65
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 32.78 + 0.00) = 32.78 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
  -90 0 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.24 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -14.08
32.78
Segment Leq: 32.78 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 32.78 dBA
RT/Custom data, segment # 1: LRT (day/night)
______
1 - 4 - car SRT:
Traffic volume : 540/60 veh/TimePeriod
             : 70 km/h
Speed
Data for Segment # 1: LRT (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg
                       0
                                (No woods.)
Wood depth
                    :
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 427.00 / 427.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m
                   :
Topography
                       4 (Elevated; with barrier)
                   : 0.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier angle1
                    : 24.00 m
Barrier height
Elevation
                       0.00 \, \mathrm{m}
Barrier receiver distance : 328.00 / 328.00 m
Source elevation : -10.00 \text{ m}
Receiver elevation
Barrier elevation
                   : 0.00 m
                   : 0.00 m
Reference angle
                    : 0.00
Results segment # 1: LRT (day)
_____
Source height = 0.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

0.50! 33.00! 0.35! 0.35

RT/Custom (0.00 + 28.67 + 0.00) = 28.67 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 90 0.00 63.44 -14.54 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -17.21 28.67

Segment Leq: 28.67 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 28.67 dBA

Results segment # 1: LRT (night)

Source height = 0.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

0.50 ! 33.00 ! 0.35 ! 0.35

RT/Custom (0.00 + 22.14 + 0.00) = 22.14 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 90 0.00 56.91 -14.54 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -17.21 22.14

Segment Leg: 22.14 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 22.14 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 40.66

(NIGHT): 33.14

```
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT
                                           Date: 22-09-2022 15:29:49
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
                                 Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Filename: r5.te
Description:
Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
    Number of Years of Growth
                                          : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 28.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                             (No woods.)
                                             (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 89.00 / 89.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 28.00 deg

Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 78.00 / 78.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m \,
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

```
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.39 !
                                   5.39
ROAD (0.00 + 42.63 + 0.00) = 42.63 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       _____
       28 0.00 65.72 0.00 -7.73 -1.83 0.00 0.00 -13.52
 -90
42.63
______
Segment Leq: 42.63 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 42.63 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
______
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.39 !
ROAD (0.00 + 35.03 + 0.00) = 35.03 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
 -90
      28 0.00 58.12 0.00 -7.73 -1.83 0.00 0.00 -13.52
35.03
Segment Leg: 35.03 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 35.03 dBA
```

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 42.63 (NIGHT): 35.03

```
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT
                                           Date: 22-09-2022 15:31:03
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
                                 Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Filename: r6.te
Description:
Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
    Number of Years of Growth
                                          : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflects
                                             (No woods.)
                                             (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 85.00 / 85.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg

Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 74.00 / 74.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m \,
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

```
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.57 !
                                   5.57
ROAD (0.00 + 42.56 + 0.00) = 42.56 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       _____
       0 0.00 65.72 0.00 -7.53 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -12.61
 -90
42.56
______
Segment Leq: 42.56 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 42.56 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
______
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.57 !
ROAD (0.00 + 34.96 + 0.00) = 34.96 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
 -90
       0 0.00 58.12 0.00 -7.53 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -12.61
34.96
Segment Leg: 34.96 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 34.96 dBA
```

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 42.56 (NIGHT): 34.96

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-09-2022 15:31:26 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r7.te Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____

Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 96.00 / 96.00 m

Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : 0.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg

Barrier height : 10.00 m

Barrier receiver distance: 85.00 / 85.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00

Road data, segment # 2: Gladstone (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 40 km/h

Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)



```
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Gladstone (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 93.00 / 93.00 m
Receiver height: 33.00 / 33.00 m

Topography: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1: -90.00 deg Angle2: 90.00 deg

Barrier height: 24.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 76.00 / 76.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 3: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 118739/10325 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 9445/821 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 6747/587 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 146664
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
                                              : 0.00
     Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
     Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
```

```
: 2
                             (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 321.00 / 321.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m
Topography
                       4
                            (Elevated; with barrier)
                  :
             : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg : 24.00 m
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
Elevation
                     0.00 m
                  :
Barrier receiver distance : 210.00 / 210.00 m
Source elevation

Receiver elevation

Barrier elevation

------

: 0.00 m

0.00 m

-----

: 0.00
Source elevation : 5.00 m
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.11 !
ROAD (0.00 + 41.35 + 0.00) = 41.35 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
       90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.06 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -13.30
41.35
______
Segment Leq: 41.35 dBA
Results segment # 2: Gladstone (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 7.25 !
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 39.50 + 0.00) = 39.50 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -7.92 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.29
 -90
39.50
______
Segment Leq: 39.50 dBA
Results segment # 3: Queensway (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
       ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
1.50 ! 33.00 ! 15.66 !
ROAD (0.00 + 59.89 + 0.00) = 59.89 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90
       90 0.00 84.41 0.00 -13.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 -11.21
59.89
______
Segment Leg: 59.89 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 59.99 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 5.11 !
                                   5.11
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 33.75 + 0.00) = 33.75 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
  0 90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.06 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -13.30
33.75
Segment Leq: 33.75 dBA
Results segment # 2: Gladstone (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50 ! 33.00 !
                      7.25 !
ROAD (0.00 + 31.90 + 0.00) = 31.90 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
 -90 90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -7.92 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.29
31.90
______
Segment Leq: 31.90 dBA
Results segment # 3: Queensway (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 33.00 ! 15.66 !
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 52.29 + 0.00) = 52.29 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLea
       90 0.00 76.81 0.00 -13.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 -11.21
  -90
52.29
______
Segment Leq: 52.29 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 52.39 dBA
RT/Custom data, segment # 1: LRT (day/night)
1 - 4-car SRT:
Traffic volume : 540/60 veh/TimePeriod
Speed
             : 70 km/h
Data for Segment # 1: LRT (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 24.00 deg
                    : 0
Wood depth
                                (No woods.)
No of house rows
                         0 / 0
                       2
Surface
                                (Reflective ground surface)
                    :
Receiver source distance : 415.00 / 415.00 m
Receiver height : 33.00 / 33.00 m
Topography : 4 (Elev
                       4 (Elevated; with barrier)
                  : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 24.00 deg
: 24.00 m
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
              : 24.00 m
Elevation
Barrier receiver distance : 332.00 / 332.00 m
Source elevation : -10.00 m
Receiver elevation
                   : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation
Reference angle
                   : 0.00 m
                    : 0.00
Reference angle
Results segment # 1: LRT (day)
_____
Source height = 0.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
     0.50 ! 33.00 ! -1.00 !
                                       -1.00
```

GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

RT/Custom (0.00 + 28.97 + 0.00) = 28.97 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 24 0.00 63.44 -14.42 -1.98 0.00 0.00 -18.07 28.97

Segment Leq: 28.97 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 28.97 dBA

Results segment # 1: LRT (night)

Source height = 0.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

RT/Custom (0.00 + 22.44 + 0.00) = 22.44 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
-90 24 0.00 56.91 -14.42 -1.98 0.00 0.00 -18.07 22.44

Segment Leq : 22.44 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 22.44 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 59.99 (NIGHT): 52.39

```
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT
                                              Date: 22-09-2022 15:31:40
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
                                    Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Filename: r8.te
Description:
Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
     Number of Years of Growth
                                              : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                (No woods.)
                                                (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 78.00 / 78.00 m
Receiver height : 24.00 / 24.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg

Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 68.00 / 68.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 \text{ m}
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 2: Gladstone (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
```



```
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Gladstone (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 19.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 105.00 / 105.00 m
Receiver height : 24.00 / 24.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 19.00 deg

Barrier height : 29.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 87.00 / 87.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 3: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 118739/10325 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 9445/821 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 6747/587 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 146664
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
                                              : 0.00
     Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
     Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Queensway (day/night)
______
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 19.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
```

```
: 2
                            (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 334.00 / 334.00 m
Receiver height : 24.00 / 24.00 \text{ m}
Topography
                      4
                            (Elevated; with barrier)
                 :
            : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 19.00 deg
Barrier angle1
Barrier height
                 : 29.00 m
Elevation
                    0.00 m
                 :
Barrier receiver distance : 222.00 / 222.00 m
Source elevation : 5.00 m
Source elevation
Receiver elevation
Barrier elevation
                 : 0.00 m
                 : 0.00 m
Reference angle
                 : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 4.38 !
ROAD (0.00 + 43.88 + 0.00) = 43.88 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
 -90 90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -7.16 0.00 0.00 0.00 -14.68
43.88
______
Segment Leq: 43.88 dBA
Results segment # 2: Gladstone (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 5.35 !
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 35.90 + 0.00) = 35.90 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       19 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.45 -2.18 0.00 0.00 -19.19
 -90
35.90
______
Segment Leq: 35.90 dBA
Results segment # 3: Queensway (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
       ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
1.50 ! 24.00 ! 12.37 !
ROAD (0.00 + 52.67 + 0.00) = 52.67 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90
       19 0.00 84.41 0.00 -13.48 -2.18 0.00 0.00 -16.09
______
Segment Leg: 52.67 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 53.29 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 4.38 !
                                   4.38
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 36.28 + 0.00) = 36.28 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90 90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -7.16 0.00 0.00 0.00 -14.68
36.28
Segment Leq: 36.28 dBA
Results segment # 2: Gladstone (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50 ! 24.00 !
                   5.35 !
ROAD (0.00 + 28.30 + 0.00) = 28.30 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
      19 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.45 -2.18 0.00 0.00 -19.19
 -90
28.30
______
Segment Leq: 28.30 dBA
Results segment # 3: Queensway (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 24.00 ! 12.37 !
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

ROAD (0.00 + 45.07 + 0.00) = 45.07 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

--

-90 19 0.00 76.81 0.00 -13.48 -2.18 0.00 0.00 -16.09

45.07

--

Segment Leq : 45.07 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 45.69 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 53.29

(NIGHT): 45.69

```
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT
                                           Date: 22-09-2022 15:31:58
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
                                  Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Filename: r9.te
Description:
Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
    Number of Years of Growth
                                          : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflects
                                             (No woods.)
                                             (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 102.00 / 102.00 m
Receiver height : 21.00 / 21.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg

Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 91.00 / 91.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 \text{ m}
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

```
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
    1.50 ! 21.00 ! 3.60 !
                                   3.60
ROAD (0.00 + 39.01 + 0.00) = 39.01 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       _____
       0 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.33 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -15.37
 -90
39.01
______
Segment Leq: 39.01 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 39.01 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
______
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 21.00 ! 3.60 !
ROAD (0.00 + 31.41 + 0.00) = 31.41 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
 -90 0 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.33 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -15.37
31.41
Segment Leg: 31.41 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 31.41 dBA
```

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 39.01 (NIGHT): 31.41

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-09-2022 20:29:52 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: r10.te Description: Road data, segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Booth (day/night) _____ Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 31.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 83.00 / 83.00 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 31.00 deg

Barrier height : 10.00 m Barrier receiver distance: 78.00 / 78.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00 Road data, segment # 2: Queensway (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 118739/10325 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 9445/821 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 6747/587 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 100 km/h Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)



```
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 146664
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Queensway (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 346.00 / 346.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m

Topography : 4 (Elevated; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg

Barrier height : 29.00 m
                    : 29.00 m
: 0.00 m
Elevation
Barrier receiver distance : 235.00 / 235.00 m
Source elevation : 5.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 3: Gladstone (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 9715/845 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 773/67 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 552/48 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
                      : 0 %
: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
Road gradient :
Road pavement
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 12000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
     Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Gladstone (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
```

```
No of house rows
            : 0 / 0
: 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Surface
Receiver source distance : 118.00 / 118.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
           : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
: -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Topography
Barrier angle1
Barrier height : 29.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 100.00 / 100.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Results segment # 1: Booth (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 1.50 ! 1.50 !
ROAD (0.00 + 38.15 + 0.00) = 38.15 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
 -90 31 0.00 65.72 0.00 -7.43 -1.72 0.00 0.00 -18.41
38.15
______
Segment Leq: 38.15 dBA
Results segment # 2: Queensway (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
    1.50 ! 1.50 ! 4.89 !
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 53.40 + 0.00) = 53.40 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
       90 0.00 84.41 0.00 -13.63 0.00 0.00 0.00 -17.38
 -90
53.40
______
Segment Leq: 53.40 dBA
Results segment # 3: Gladstone (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
       ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
1.50 ! 1.50 ! 1.50 !
ROAD (0.00 + 37.44 + 0.00) = 37.44 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
      90 0.00 65.72 0.00 -8.96 0.00 0.00 0.00 -19.32
 -90
______
Segment Leg: 37.44 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 53.63 dBA
Results segment # 1: Booth (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50! 1.50! 1.50!
                                   1.50
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 30.55 + 0.00) = 30.55 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
 -90 31 0.00 58.12 0.00 -7.43 -1.72 0.00 0.00 -18.41
30.55
Segment Leq: 30.55 dBA
Results segment # 2: Queensway (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
1.50 ! 1.50 !
                     4.89 !
ROAD (0.00 + 45.80 + 0.00) = 45.80 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj
SubLeq
______
 -90 90 0.00 76.81 0.00 -13.63 0.00 0.00 0.00 -17.38
45.80
______
Segment Leq: 45.80 dBA
Results segment # 3: Gladstone (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
______
    1.50! 1.50! 1.50!
```

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

ROAD (0.00 + 29.84 + 0.00) = 29.84 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

--

-90 90 0.00 58.12 0.00 -8.96 0.00 0.00 0.00 -19.32

29.84

--

Segment Leq : 29.84 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 46.03 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 53.63

(NIGHT): 46.03