

May 31, 2022 via email

## Laaylar Ltd

Attention Rizak Abdullahi

Lidija Lebar

Re: 25 Fair Oaks

New Development

**Design Brief** 

# 1.0 Application Submission

Legal description:

Part 1 – Plan of Survey; Part of Lot 17, Registered Plan 4M-487, City of Ottawa

Municipal Address:

25 Fair Oaks Crescent

## *Purpose of the Application:*

The proposal seeks to approve a minor rezoning of the subject site to permit the development of three townhouses each with secondary dwelling units in place of the existing single family detached home on the current site.

#### **Overall Vision Statement:**

The proposed development will bring new homes to this corner property, creating moderate intensification of the existing site in compliance with City of Ottawa objectives under the Official Plan. The property, as redeveloped, will provide three primary dwelling units, each with a secondary dwelling unit. Three parking spaces are provided for the three primary dwelling units only.

The overall development complies with City of Ottawa objectives in providing a creative and dynamic architectural intervention in the existing built fabric of the community, creatively using contemporary and contextual materials, forms and masses to achieve the desired density goals.

The proposed development complies with front and corner side yard setbacks, with permitted projections for balconies and terraces in compliance with current City of Ottawa zoning requirements. Likewise, compliance is provided with respect to interior side yard setbacks and building height. Refer to the planning rationale and comments with respect to rear yard setbacks, for which some relief is sought.

Parking is kept to a minimum in accordance with City of Ottawa guidelines and climate change objectives to minimize parking and support active transportation and transit use.

The building design articulates the front and corner facades to create reduction in the visual mass of the built form; this is aided by using different materials, and orientations of materials, depending on the plane of the building wall. A mixture of stone and brick masonry combined with different textures and colours of

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metal cladding, helps create a unique finished appearance that animates the façade. An accent colour of panelized material helps create a visual focus for the façade without dominating the overall appearance.

Ground floor residential entrances are at different elevations, allowing for an articulated use of the generous front and corner side yards. Where elevated, concrete stairs and railings provide space for front porch engagement, along with animated use of the ground floor space of some of the units, helping create a sense of engagement between a the public realm and the residential space beyond. Unlike a conventional townhouse, the façade is not dominated by garage and lifeless front doors, but helps create a connection between the homes and passers-by.

The second and third floors are articulated from the ground floor plane with setbacks and angles. Second and third floor balconies provide outdoor living space for residents and help connect residents with the public realm.

An articulated parapet line reduces the feeling of a monolithic mass for the proposed development. A flat roof helps mitigate the impacts of storm water challenges by allowing a modest amount of storm water storage on the roof with flow-control roof drains; this can positively impact overall municipal infrastructure and help offset environmental impacts of redevelopment.

The pedestrian engagement with the at-grade elevation is enhanced with a landscaped treatment considerate of the required new services to the site. Each entrance is provided with a dedicated pathway to create a sense of identity; driveways for parking access are minimized and provided with landscaped borders where necessary. Due to the geometry of the site, driveways are angled at the corner sideyard so as to intersect with the street at right angles in order to maintain and support safe pedestrian/vehicle interaction.

## 2.0 Building Transition

The building occupies a corner site and complies with City of Ottawa setbacks for front and corner sideyard setback requirements. The adjacent property at 27 Fair Oaks is significantly recessed from the front street façade, with its street facing façade some 12m from the front property line. By placing the proposed development in compliance with the front yard setback requirements, the side of the proposed garage will create a side elevation for the neighbouring home with stone cladding and some windows but helps to ensure that the new development's side windows do not overlook the private rear yard amenity space of 27 Fair Oaks.

Additionally, the proposed development is north of the adjacent property and will have minimal impact on natural sunlight on 27 Fair Oaks. Windows in the rear wall of the new development (Lot A) overlooks the rear yard amenity space of 27 Fair Oaks but are set 5.5m from the property line, helping to reduce the impact of this view. Rear windows from the new development (Lot B) do not offer a direct view into the rear yard amenity space of the neighbouring property.

West of the proposed development are other existing single family homes. Existing large and mature trees on the neighbouriing property are to be retained and will mitigate the impact of views and privacy; minimal windows in the west façade of the proposed development further helps mitigate these impacts.

#### 3.0 Grading

The site is generally flat with minimal grade changes on the property. New grading is indicated by proposed civil design prepared by D. B. Gray Engineering Ltd.

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### 4.0 Building Design

Refer to the provided drawings and notes as follows:

Site plan A050 provides the dimensions and orientation of the proposed development, as well as a table of area calculations for the primary and secondary dwelling units.

Floor plans A100-A103 provide the design plans for each dwelling unit, colour coded to show primary and secondary dwelling units. Each townhouse unit provides contemporary living space on each of level with thoughtful arrangement of spaces to suit family oriented living spaces. Secondary dwelling unit space exists at the rear (lots A and B) and front (lot C) with living space on ground and basement levels in order to provide suitable 1 bedroom secondary dwelling unit space.

Drawings A200-203 illustrate the exterior elevations of the proposed development. It is important to note that the front elevations contain angled planes and are best viewed/understood in the 3D model renderings. Materials indicated on the exterior elevations include a mixture of stone and brick masonry, metal cladding and panelized materials; windows are set in pre-finished frames and accented with contemporary scale and trim. Roof parapets and flashing provide a unifying design language with articulated elevations.

Rendering images show the proposed location of materials, massing and angled planes, as well as treatment of the landscape/grade plane within the public realm.

### 5.0 Alternative Building Massing

Over the course of several meetings with the City of Ottawa, different iterations of building design have been considered and proposed. These are provided for reference and context to show the overall considerations for scale and mass, over different approaches, and reflect the evolution in design.

This includes the following (all drawings by Architects DCA unless noted otherwise):

- Drawing A2 by Lara McKendrick, Architecture Inc showing an initial concept for 4 units, each with secondary dwelling units, with rear yard parking, with 6 parking spaces in total
- Drawing A3 by Lara McKendrick Architecture Inc showing a revised massing with 4 units, each with secondary dwelling units, with driveways and garages facing the street, with 4 parking spaces in total
- Drawings SK 001-009 showing preliminary concept plans and elevations for consideration, providing three primary dwelling units with 3 secondary dwelling units with 4 parking spaces.
- Massing models D1-3 showing the proposed scale of massing of the proposed development in sketches SK 001-009
- Rendering images D7-D8 showing a more advanced rendering view of the proposed development Over this period, the design language has been refined based on discussions with City of Ottawa staff and internal consultant feedback, design refinement and development to comply with City of Ottawa definitions and planning approaches. Collaborative feedback from City staff has been provided in order to address comments on the scale and mass of development as well as to show a desire to seek support from the City of Ottawa for the proposed development.

#### 6.0 Streetscape

The attached streetscape diagram shows the relationship between the building cross section, front/corner sideyard setback and property line, as well as the overall width of the street. Refer to planning rationale by Novatech Engineers, Planners and Landscape Architects for discussion on City of Ottawa design manuals.







25 FAIR OAKS SITE PLAN - NEW

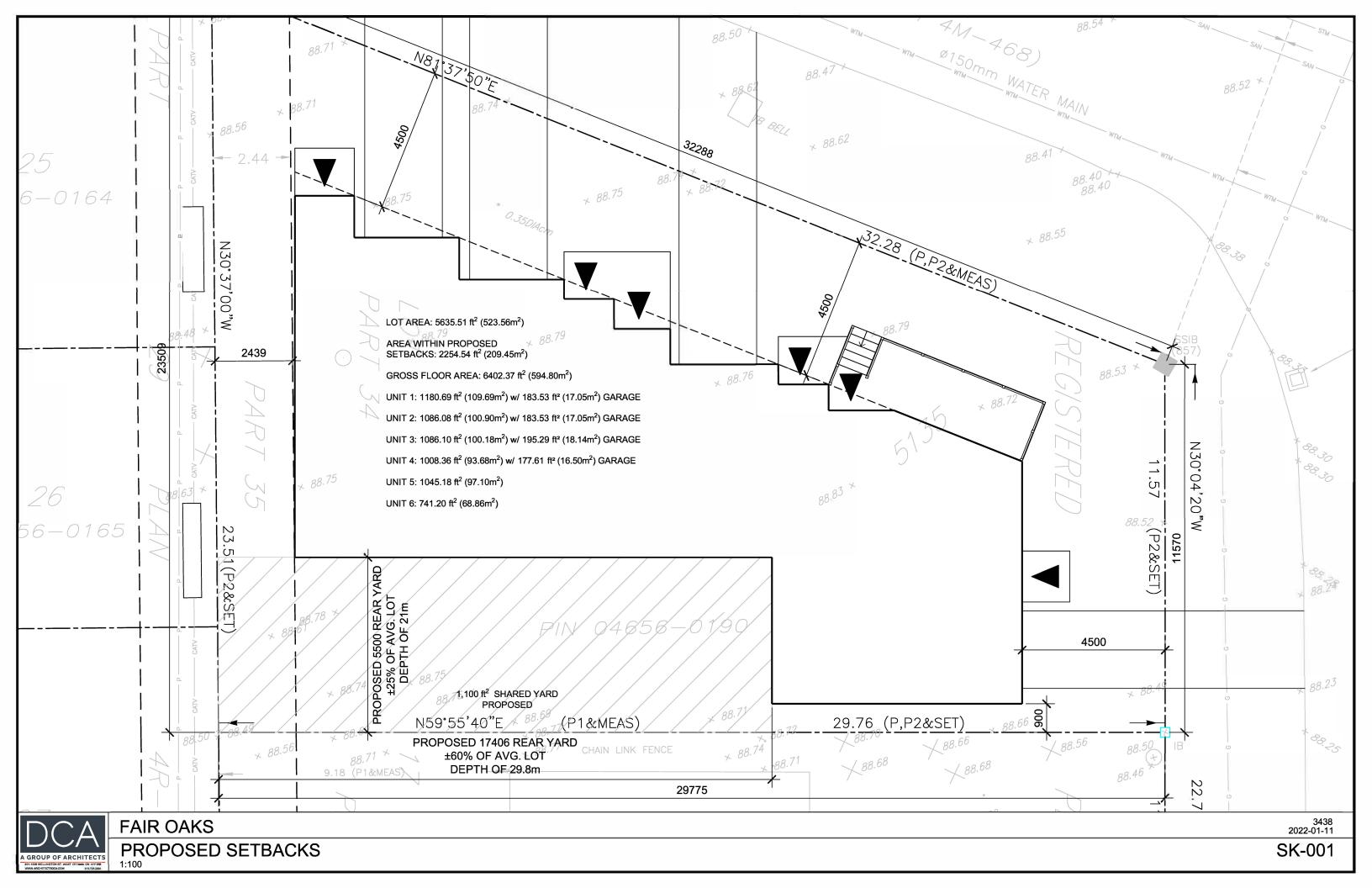
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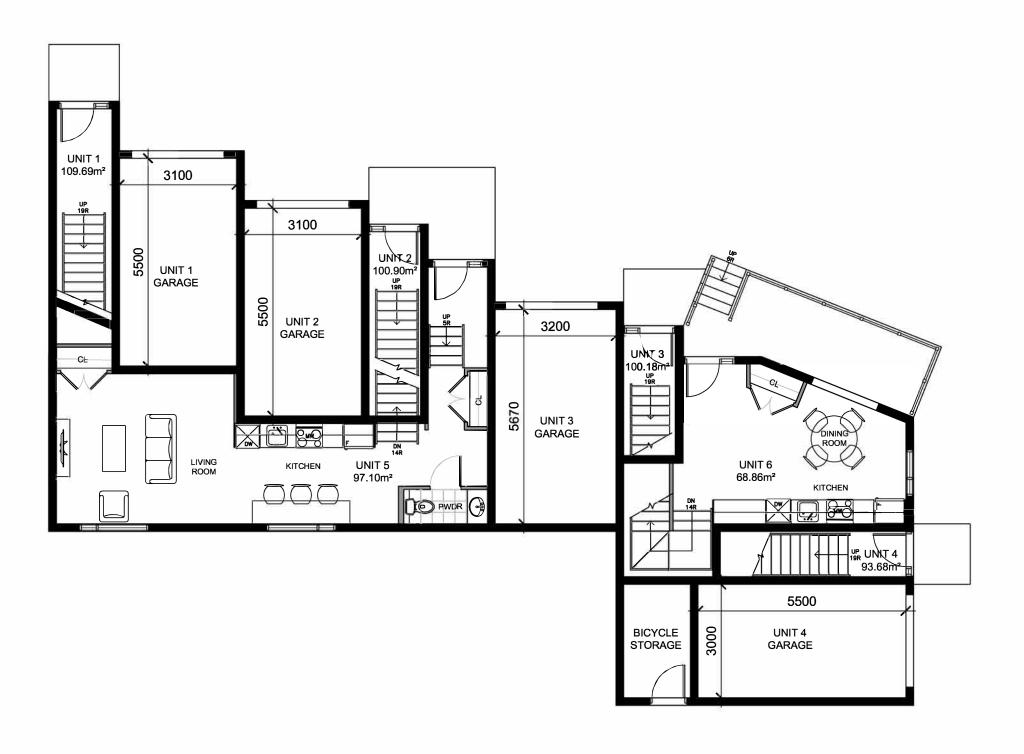
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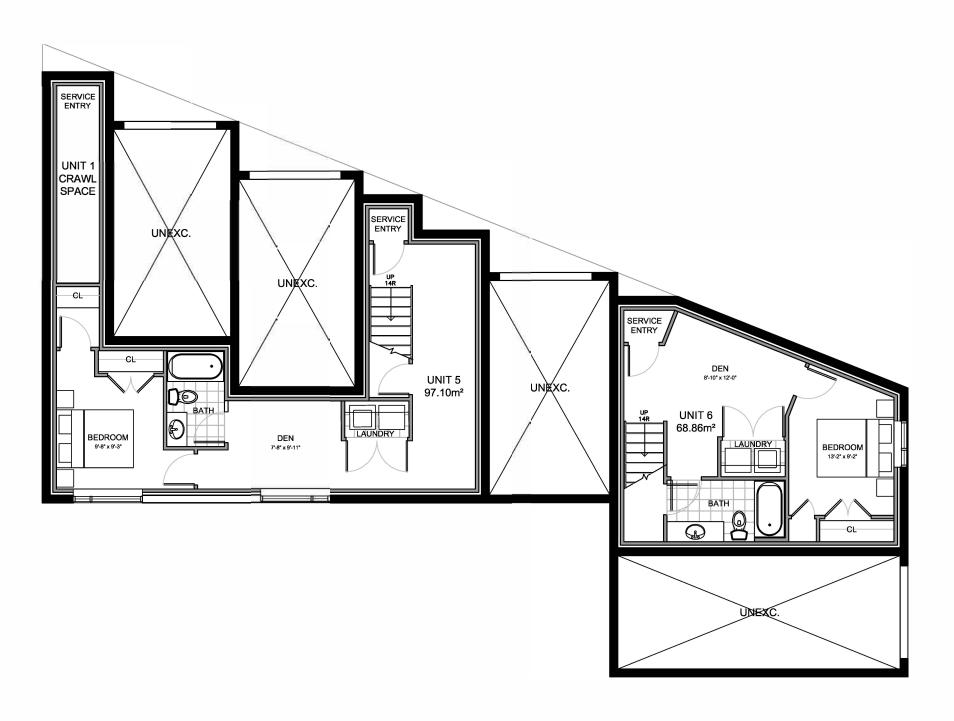


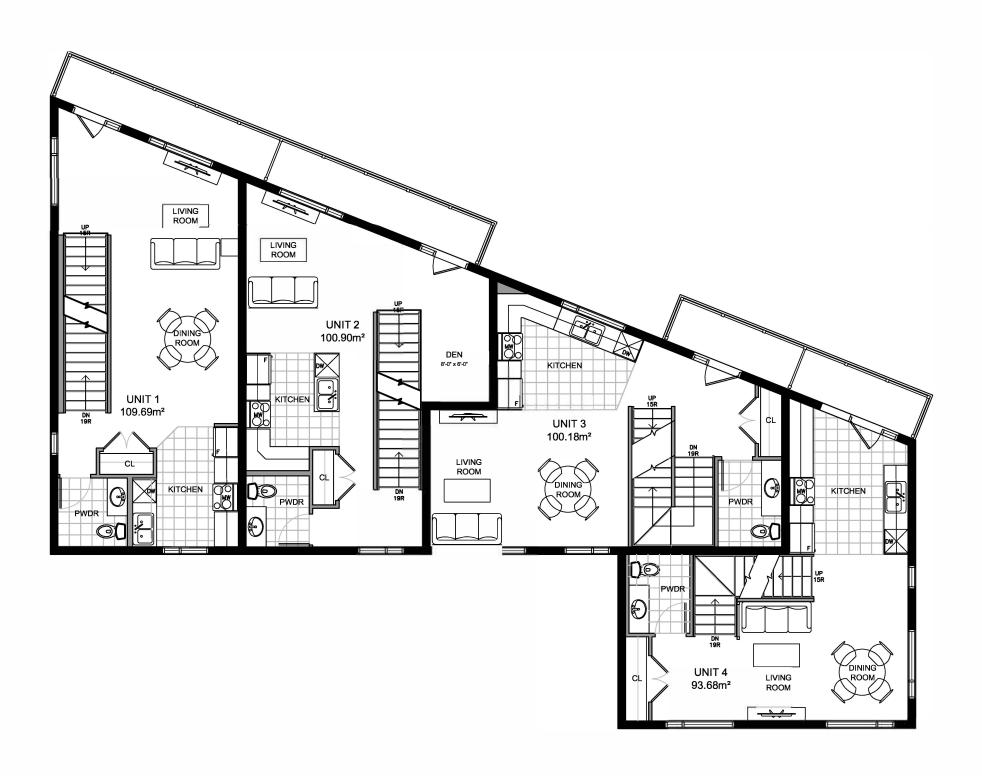
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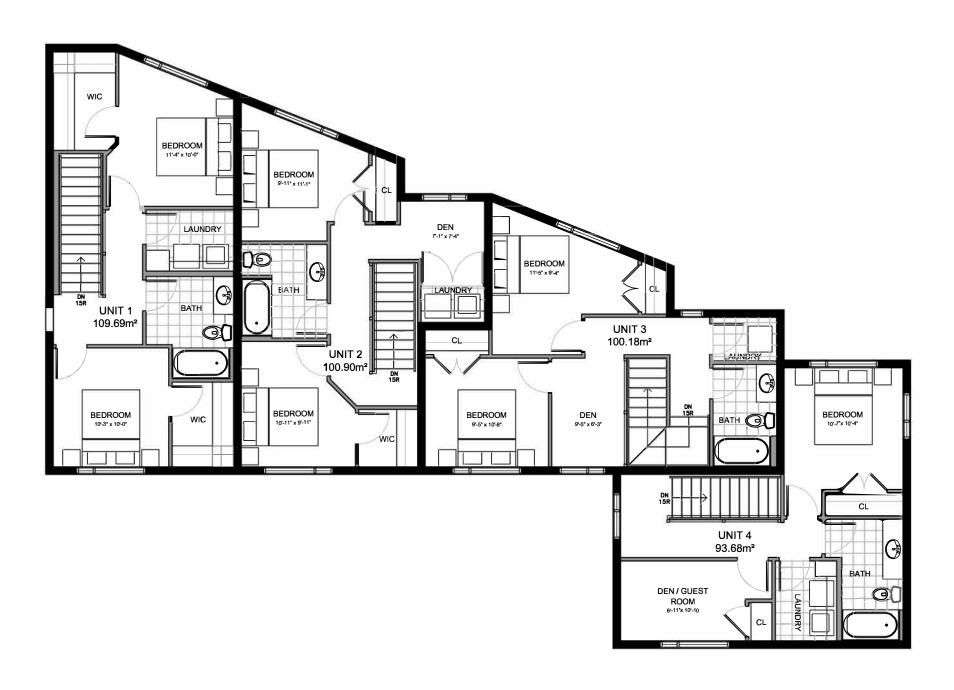
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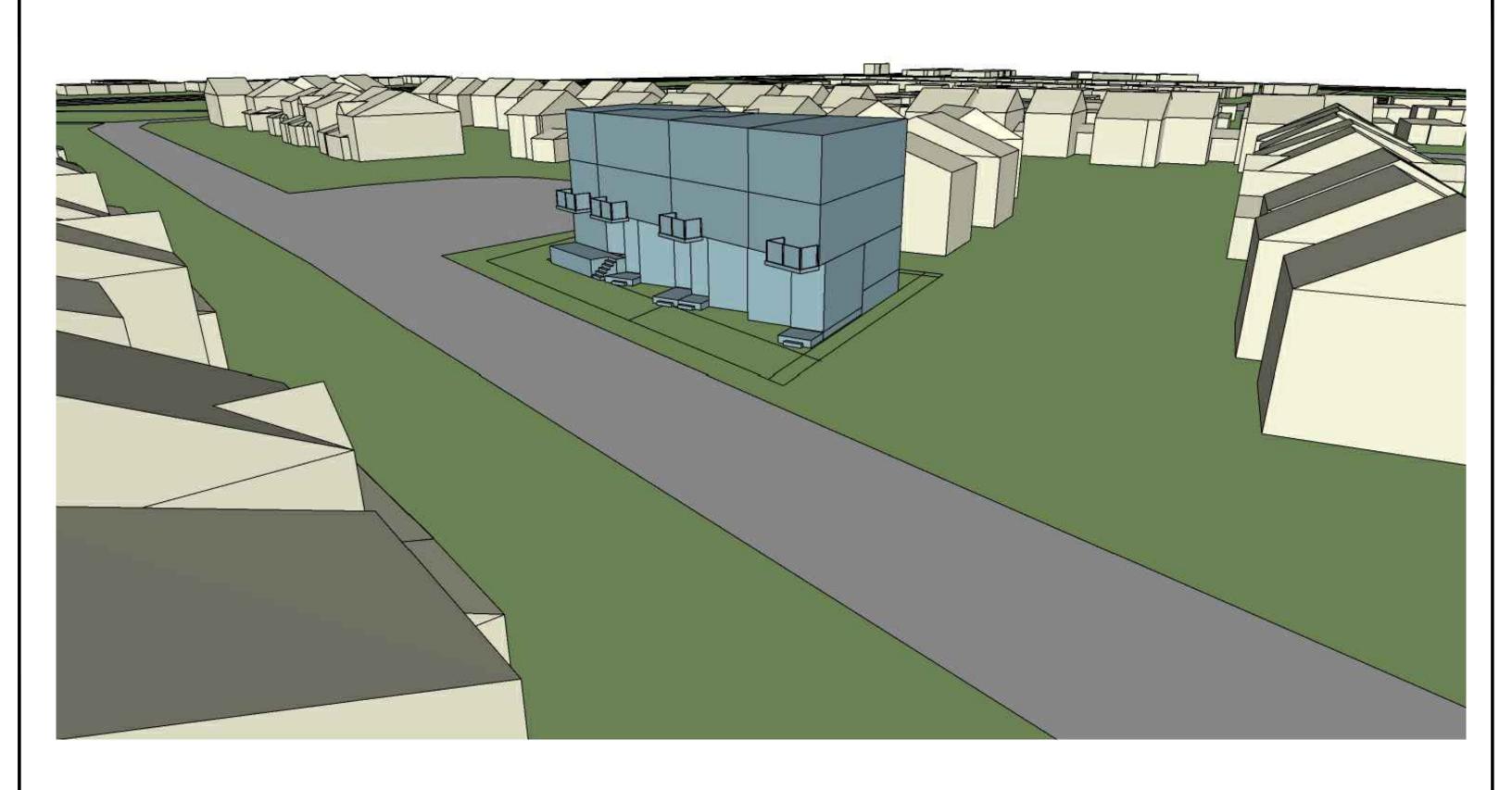
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### 7.0 Relationship to the Public Realm

As discussed above, the ground floor of the proposed development is animated with living space to as to create a positive relationship with the public realm, rather than present lifeless front doors/garages as one might find in typical townhouse developments.

Additionally, the public realm is animated with ground floor balconies and generous porch landings inviting occupants to linger and interact with passersby, as well as animate with seasonal pot plantings. Second floor balconies provide generous living space to be animated with seating and lounge space so as to further stimulate interaction.

Each of the proposed new homes is provided with a stone block in the landscaped space that is provided with a cut letter/number indicator to provide visual identity for each home. This helps animate the front yard space with a unique creative feature that sets this proposed development apart as a quality infill development.

# 9.0 Sustainability

The proposed development includes flat roofs to control storm water run off, including some storage of rainwater on the roof to permit controlled in-flow to municipal storm sewers.

The proposed development uses a durable and sustainable building envelop, following the precepts of CAN/CSA S478:19 and Part 5 of the Ontario Building Code, considering materials, lifecycle value and the season in which the construction will take place.

Floor structures are proposed to include Cross Laminated Timber slabs, providing superior acoustic and fire performance ratings in durable, sustainable materials, locally obtained, relying on Canadian technology.

While in the early stages of design, HVAC systems are anticipated to be sustainable systems and may include air-source heat pumps supplemented by electric heating back-up in order to reduce or eliminate dependence on natural gas and provide a zero or low carbon HVAC system. This will be refined as the project advances.

Balcony glazing and large windows include, where appropriate, bird-friendly glazing options. While not required for this scale of development, exterior lighting complies with the overall intent of City of Ottawa standards including sharp cut-off fixtures, no or minimal up-lighting and sufficient lighting on pedestrian and public realm spaces so as to provide a safe environment.