

Ottawa Gatineau Montréal Québec City

February 6, 2019

Project #: P1581

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#### Attention: Mr. Steve Pichette, P.Eng.

#### Subject: Kanata Golf & Country Club – 2018 Surface Infiltration Testing

#### Testing equipment, site selection and methodology

In the fall of 2018, surface infiltration testing was conducted by JFSA at four sites on the Kanata Golf & Country Club in order to quantify the pre-development surface infiltration rates. Refer to **Figure 1** for site locations and the Test Locations section of this memorandum for a description of site selection. These surface infiltration measurements and observations may be used to inform the subsequent hydrologic modelling of the site, provide a better understanding of the runoff potential and to assess the feasibility to design and implement Low Impact Development (LID) measures for any future development.

Surface infiltration testing at all four sites was conducted at the ground surface using a Double-Ring Infiltrometer (DRI), manufactured by Turf-Tec and shown in **Figure 2**. The DRI setup consisted of a set of concentric rings inserted into the soil connected to a water supply, wherein water is ponded on the soil and Marriotte bottles (also manufactured by Turf-Tec) were used to replenish infiltrated water and maintain a constant water depth in the rings. The volume of water needed to maintain a constant water level in the inner ring indicates the volume of water infiltrated over time. Water in the outer ring acts as a buffer as it infiltrates into the soil, limiting lateral spread of infiltrating water in the inner ring and encouraging vertical infiltration. Climate conditions prior to and during the test are provided on **Table 1**. Results of the DRI tests are provided on **Table 3**.

In addition to the DRI tests, Single-Ring Infiltrometer (SRI) surface infiltration tests were conducted at each of the four sites. See **Figure 3** for an example of the SRI setup. Marriotte bottles were used to maintain a constant head during SRI tests. At sites 1 and 2, constant head SRI tests were successfully run. At sites 3 and 4, field staff were not able to complete constant head SRI tests as a constant head of water could not be sustained. At all 4 sites, falling-head SRI tests were run in the same vicinity as the DRI tests. SRI and falling head tests were completed to provide alternative methods to measure infiltration rates and for comparison with the DRI results. Refer to the Test Methodology section of this memorandum for a more detailed description of how each of the test types was run.





**Figure 2**: Double-Ring Infiltrometer Setup (15/30 cm rings, two Marriotte bottles)



**Figure 3**: Single Ring Infiltrometer Setup (12.7 cm diameter steel ring, single Marriotte bottle)

#### **Test locations**

Four sites were identified for surface infiltration testing. Site selection was based on an initial field survey conducted by Geofirma on November 5<sup>th</sup>, 2018 and based on areas assumed to describe the overall behaviour of infiltration that is generally representative across the site. Site selection was also done within the time and weather constraints present at the time of testing. Refer to **Table 2** for information about each of the four sites, including a general description of the soil at each test pit, a list of the tests undertaken at each site, and the soil temperature.

JFSA field crew conducted surface infiltration tests on November 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>, 2018. As previously discussed, multiple surface infiltration tests were undertaken at each site.

The four sites where field observations were made, and surface infiltration measurements collected are shown in **Figure 1**. The sites are numbered 1 through 4, and all tests at a given site were conducted within a few meters of each other. Due to aeration activities on the golf course fairways, all tests were conducted in the adjacent roughs, where the grasses were longer and the soils were undisturbed. Refer to **Table 1** for more information about climate conditions leading up to and during the testing period.



Day	Ter	nperature (	(°C)	Rain (mm)	Snow (cm)	Precipitation (mm)	Snow on Ground (cm)	
	Max	Min	Mean					
4	7.5	0.5	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	
5	6.0	1.5	3.8	0.6	0.0	0.6	0	
6	13.0	2.5	7.8	6.2	0.0	6.2	0	
7	11.5	8.0	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	
8	8.0	2.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	

#### Table 1: Climate Data\* During Testing (Testing Days are Shaded in Grey)

\* Environment Canada Data, Ottawa CDA.

Table 2: Sur	face Infiltr	ation Test	Locations
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Date	Testing Site ID	Soil Temperature (°C)	Location	General Description of Soil Observed in Test Pit Adjacent to Test Location			
2018-11-07	1	8.3	Golf hole #1, 30 metres southwest of putting green. Testing took place in rough between cart path and fairway.	<ul> <li>0-5 cm: Grass, roots, clayey soil.</li> <li>5-15 cm: Darker colour sand/clay mix.</li> <li>15-30 cm: Lighter colour sand /clay mix.</li> <li>Total depth of test pit: 30 cm</li> </ul>			
2018-11-08	2	5.6	Golf hole #11, 25 metres southeast of putting green. Testing took place in rough on east side of fairway, between bunker and green.	<ul> <li>0-8 cm: Grass, roots, high organic content, dark clayey sand.</li> <li>8-30 cm: Dark clayey sand.</li> <li>30-35cm: Light sandy soil, low clay content.</li> <li>Total depth of test pit: 35 cm</li> </ul>			
2018-11-08	3	6.1	Golf hole #5, 55 metres southeast of putting green. Testing took place in rough on northeast side of fairway.	<ul> <li>0-8 cm: Grass, roots, dark clayey sand.</li> <li>8-15 cm: Darker clayey sand.</li> <li>15-30 cm: Lighter colour, higher sand content, low clay content.</li> <li>Total depth of test pit: 30 cm</li> </ul>			
2018-11-08	18-11-08 4 6.7		Golf hole #6, 150 metres northwest of putting green. Testing took place in rough on northeast side of fairway.	<b>0-4 cm:</b> Grass, roots, medium clay content. <b>4-15 cm:</b> Darker clayey sand. <b>15-30 cm:</b> Grey, tight clays. Total depth of test pit: <b>30 cm</b>			



#### **Test Methodology**

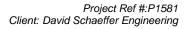
Upon arrival at each site, a test pit was dug using a small spade in order to quantify the character of the soil column. Information about the different soil layers found at each site can be found in **Table 2**. All tests were completed within a few meters of the soil test pit, in order to ensure that the character of the soil underlying each test was known. Measurements of layer depths were completed using handheld tape measures. In preparation for each set of tests, soil temperature was measured using a small field thermometer at a depth of approximately 30 mm.

At each of the four test sites surface infiltration testing was conducted at the ground surface using 2-3 different methods. Metal rings were used for the various surface infiltration tests, and all rings were driven into the soil using a sledge hammer and a block of wood. Primarily, a DRI test was completed at each site. The DRI consists of two concentric galvanized steel rings including a 15.24 cm inner ring and a larger 30 cm diameter outer ring. At all four sites, the DRI was inserted into the ground to a depth of 5 cm. 10 liter Mariotte bottles were connected to each of the two rings by clear polypropylene tubes. Each ring was partially filled with water and then valves on the Mariotte bottles were opened to maintain the water in the rings at a constant level. The volume of water added to the inner ring to maintain the constant water level (constant head) was measured and recorded. In this way, the volume of water that infiltrated the soil could be recorded, and the dimensions of the instrument were used to compute surface infiltration rates. The volume infiltrated is converted to an incremental infiltration velocity which is equivalent to the surface infiltration rate. Refer to **Attachment 1** for details of the DRI tests.

It is noted that the DRI tests conducted by JFSA generally followed the ASTM-D3385-09 standard test method. However, the ASTM-D3385 guideline suggests larger metal rings be used for this type of test with inner and outer ring diameters of approximately 30 cm and 60 cm, respectively. It is JFSA's understanding that the use of smaller ring sizes for DRI tests could produce infiltration rates that are different, when compared to the same test using larger ring sizes. However, it is also understood that due to the variability of infiltration rates over a broad area, it is preferable to complete measurements in as many locations as possible. Making use of the suggested ring sizes per ASTM-D3385, the number of possible surface field measurements would be significantly limited due to the cumbersome size and excessive water requirements of such instruments particularly given the challenging site and weather conditions encountered. JFSA thereby decided to make use of the DRI with smaller ring sizes for field testing at each of the four sites.

Constant-head SRI tests were conducted in much the same way as the DRI tests, but only one ring and Marriotte bottle was used. At testing sites 1 and 2, constant-head SRI tests were successfully completed using a 12.7 cm diameter metal ring. At both of these sites, the single rings were inserted to a depth of 5 cm below ground surface.

Further to the two types of constant-head tests, falling-head single ring tests were completed at all four sites. Falling head tests were conducted using single metal rings, inserted to a depth of 5 cm. Water was ponded on the surface inside the ring, and the changes in depth were recorded at a chosen time interval throughout the duration of the test. Changes in the water level in the ring allow for a calculation of the volume of water infiltrated over a given amount of time. Water levels in the metal rings during falling-head tests were measured using handheld tape measures.





#### **Test Results**

Results of the DRI tests can be found in Table 3.

Date	Site ID	Test Type <sup>*</sup>	Ring Insertion Depth (cm)	Final Infiltration Rate (mm/hr)	Field Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity K <sub>fs</sub> (cm/sec)
2018-11-07	1	Double-Ring Infiltrometer	5	27.4	1.6 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
2018-11-08	2	Double-Ring Infiltrometer	5	36.1	2.3 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
2018-11-08	3	Double-Ring Infiltrometer	5	121.5	7.6 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
2018-11-08	4	Double-Ring Infiltrometer	5	3.0	1.8 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>

Table 3: Surface Infiltration Test Results

\* It is noted that SRI and falling head tests were also completed. These results are not shown as the DRI tests provided on **Table 3** follow a more standardized and robust testing procedure than either the SRI or falling head tests performed. Refer to the Conclusions section of this report for additional information

#### Conclusions

Based on the soil types observed during the initial field survey of the property on November 5<sup>th</sup>, 2018 and the soils extracted at each of the four sites during testing on November 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>, the calculated field saturated hydraulic conductivities shown in **Table 3** are generally consistent with the soil types observed. For silty clay soils, the typical range is between 10<sup>-3</sup> and 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/s. Therefore, the DRI test results at surface are in the correct order of magnitude when compared to typical values. It is noted that the field saturated hydraulic conductivities for all SRI and falling head tests performed at the four test sites also fall within the same range of 10<sup>-3</sup> and 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/s. Only the results for the DRI tests are presented on **Table 3**, however, as those tests follow a more standardized and robust testing procedure than either the SRI or falling head tests performed. It is recommended that these results be considered for inclusion in future hydrologic modelling of pre-development conditions for this site.

Given the range of surface infiltration rates collected in the field as shown in **Table 3**, stormwater runoff appears to have the opportunity to infiltrate at surface under predevelopment conditions. For post-development conditions, it may thereby be possible to implement LID measures that include an infiltration function, subject to the depth of the feature,



the associated infiltration potential of underlying soils and appropriate site selection within the property.

This report was prepared, reviewed and approved by the undersigned:

Written by:

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

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Hydrologist

Bryan Willcott, P.Eng. Project Engineer

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President

Figures:

Figure 1 - Monitoring Locations

#### Attachments:

Attachment A - Infiltration testing data sheets - Double Ring Infiltrometer

#### **References:**

ASTM Standard D3385-09, 2009, "Standard Test Method for Infiltration Rate of Soils in Field Using Double-Ring Infiltrometer," ASTM International, West Conshohocken, PA, 2009, DOI: 10.1520/D3385-09.

Reynolds WD and Elrick DE, 1986. "Ponded Infiltration from a Single Ring: I. Analysis of Steady Flow." Soil Sci. Soc. Am. J. 54: 1233-1241.

Braja M. Das, 2002. "Principles of Geotechnical Engineering" Fifth Edition.



# Legend



## • Surface Infiltration Testing Sites

#### Kanata Golf Course Fairways

#### NOTES:

Basemap Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community

Field Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Kfs) given in cm/second.

Infiltration Rate given in mm/hour.

Reynolds & Elrick (1990) ring infiltrometer correction, Strong capillarity assumed.

Coordinate System: NAD 1983 MTM Zone 9



J.F. Sabourin and Associates Inc.

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(613) 836-3884 www.jfsa.com

400

CLIENT:



100

SCALE:



LOCATION:

#### **KANATA GOLF & COUNTRY CLUB**

200

300

TITLE:

#### SURFACE INFILTRATION TESTING LOCATIONS

### FIGURE 1

PROJECT No.	1581-17
DRAWN:	PW
DATE:	06/02/2019

Project Ref #:P1581 Client: David Schaeffer Engineering Ottawa Gatineau Montréal Québec City



# Attachment A

Infiltration Testing Data Sheets – Double Ring Infiltrometer

				Turf-To	ec Intern	ational	- Record	Chart for I	N8-W	(6 & 12 In	ch Infiltrat	ion Ring	s)	
Project Id	entification:	1581 - Kon	ata Golf & C	Country Club			Constants		Depth of Liquid (cm)		Marriotte Tube V		Т	T
Test Loca		Site 1 (Hole					Inner Ring	182		1	marriette rube v	10000 ml	tu	rf-rec nternational
Liquid Us		Tap Water		pH:	: 7.62		Annular Space	547		2		10000 ml	10.010	•
Tested By		JFSA	•				Liquid level mai				Valve (X) Mariot		•	
	water table:	N/A												
						Flov Maroitte	v Readings	Annular Space		Inner Infil	tration Rate Annular	Ground Tem	perature	Remarks
Trial #	Start / End	Date	Time HR:MIN	Elapsed Time Chg/(Total) Min	Inner Ring Reading cm	Tube Flow (ml)	Annular Space Reading cm	Marriotte Tube Flow (ml)	Liquid Temp C	Inner Infiltration Rate mm/h		Ground Temp Depth (mm)		Weather conditions Etc
1	Start Test	11/07	0:00	0:00	9.7	125	6.5	311.5	10.0	51.4	42.7	30	8.3	Overcast, windy. Intermittent rainfall.
	End Test	11/07	0:08	0:08	9.0	-	6.5		10.0					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2	Start Test	11/07	0:08	0:00	9.0	67.5	6.5	567.5	10.0	13.9	38.9			
	End Test	11/07	0:24	0:16	9.0		6.5		10.0					
3	Start Test	11/07	0:24	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	317.5	10.0	45.7	38.7			
	End Test	11/07	0:33	0:09	9.0		6.5		10.0					
4	Start Test	11/07	0:33	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	359.25	10.0	29.4	28.1			
	End Test	11/07	0:47	0:14	9.0		6.5		10.0					
5	Start Test End Test	11/07 11/07	0:47	0:00 0:11	9.0 9.0	125	6.5 6.5	325	10.0	37.4	32.4			
	Start Test	11/07	0:58	0:00	9.0		6.5		10.0					
6	End Test	11/07	1:09	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	250	10.0	37.4	24.9			
	Start Test	11/07	1:09	0:00	9.0		6.5		10.0					
7	End Test	11/07	1:20	0:11	9.0	125	6.5	325	10.0	37.4	32.4			
	Start Test	11/07	1:20	0:00	9.0		6.5		10.0					
8	End Test	11/07	1:31	0:11	9.0	125	6.5	325	10.0	37.4	32.4			
9	Start Test	11/07	1:31	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	325	10.0	37.4	32.4			
	End Test	11/07	1:42	0:11	9.0		6.5		10.0					
10	Start Test	11/07	1:42	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	317.5	10.0	34.3	29.0			
	End Test	11/07	1:54	0:12	9.0		6.5		10.0					
11	Start Test	11/07	1:54	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	325	10.0	31.6	27.4			
	End Test	11/07	2:07	0:13	9.0		6.5		10.0					
12	Start Test End Test	11/07 11/07	2:07	0:00 0:15	9.0 9.0	125	6.5 325	325	10.0	27.4	23.8			
	Start Test	11/07	2:22	0:15	9.0		6.5 6.5		10.0					
13	End Test	11/07	2:37	0:00	9.0	125	6.5	325	10.0	27.4	23.8			
							2.0		. 510					

	Turf-Tec International - Record Chart for IN8-W (6 & 12 Inch Infiltration Rings)													
Project Ide	entification:	1581 - Kana	ata Golf & C	ountry Club			Constants		Depth of	Liquid Container Number			T	T.
Test Location: Site 2 (Hole #11)						Inner Ring	182	6.1	1		10000 ml	Tu	rf-lec international	
Liquid Use	ed:	Tap Water		pH:	7.71		Annular Space	547	6.0	2		10000 ml		
Tested By	:	JFSA Liquid level maintained using: ( ) Flow Valve ( ) Float Valve ( X) Mariotte Tubes												
Depth to w	vater table:	N/A	1			Floy	v Readings	Pene	tration Dep	oth of Outer Ring:	5 cm tration Rate	Ground Tem	perature	Remarks
Trial #	Start / End	Date	Time HR:MIN	Elapsed Time Chg/(Total) Min	Inner Ring Reading cm	Maroitte Tube Flow (ml)	Annular Space Reading cm	Annular Space Marriotte Tube Flow (ml)	Liquid Temp C		Annular Infiltration Rate mm/h	Ground Temp		Weather conditions Etc
1	Start Test	11/08	0:00	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	1125	16.2	33.0	99.1	30	5.6	Sunny, Windy.
-	End Test	11/08	0:12	0:12	6.1	125	6.0	1125 16.2	33.0	99.1		5.0	Gunny, Windy.	
2	Start Test	11/08	0:12	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	1125	16.2	35.4	106.3			
	End Test	11/08	0:24	0:12	6.1		6.0		16.2					
3	Start Test	11/08	0:24	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	625	16.2	45.9	76.6			
	End Test	11/08	0:33	0:11	6.1		6.0		16.2					
4	Start Test	11/08	0:33	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	875	16.2	35.8	83.4			
	End Test	11/08	0:44	0:11	6.1		6.0		16.2					
5	Start Test	11/08	0:44	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	1125	16.2	33.6	100.7			
	End Test	11/08	0:56	0:12	6.1		6.0		16.2					
6	Start Test	11/08	0:56	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	1125	16.2	34.3	102.8			
	End Test	11/08	1:09	0:13	6.1		6.0		16.2					
7	Start Test	11/08	1:09	0:00	6.1	125	6.0	875	16.2	38.2	89.2			
	End Test	11/08	1:19	0:10	6.1		6.0		16.2					

				Turf-Te	c Interna	ational	Record	Record Chart for IN8-W (6 & 12 Inch Infiltration Rings)						
Project Id	entification:	1581 - Kana	to Colf & C	ountry Club			Constants			Liquid Container Number	Marriotte Tube V	olume	T	T
Test Loca		Site 3 (Hole		ountry Club			Constants Inner Ring	Area cm2 182	(cm) 7.0	Number 1	Marriotte Tube V	10000 ml	tu	rf-rec nternational
Liquid Us	Liquid Used: Tap Water pH: 7.19					Annular Space	547	7.2	2		10000 ml			
	Tested By:         JFSA           Depth to water table:         N/A						Liquid level mair				Valve (X) Mariot	te Tubes		
Depth to	water table:	N/A					v Readings		tration De	oth of Outer Ring: Inner Infil	tration Rate	Ground Tem	perature	Remarks
Trial #	Start / End	Date	Time HR:MIN	Elapsed Time Chg/(Total) Min	Inner Ring Reading cm	Maroitte Tube Flow (ml)	Annular Space Reading cm	Annular Space Marriotte Tube Flow (ml)	Liquid Temp C	Inner Infiltration Rate mm/h	Annular Infiltration Rate mm/h	Ground Temp Depth (mm)	Temp at Depth (c)	Weather conditions Etc
1	Start Test	11/08	0:00	0:00	7.0	125	7.0	625	12.7	146.0	243.3	30	6.1	Overcast, windy.
	End Test	11/08	0:03	0:03	7.0		7.2		12.7					
2	Start Test End Test	11/08 11/08	0:03	0:00	7.0	125	7.2	625	12.7 12.7	153.2	255.4			
	Start Test	11/08	0:05	0:00	7.0		7.2		12.7					
3	End Test	11/08	0:09	0:04	7.0	125	7.2	657.25	12.7	112.1	196.5			
	Start Test	11/08	0:09	0:00	7.0		7.2		12.7					
4	End Test	11/08	0:13	0:04	7.0	125	7.2	657.25	12.7	114.7	201.1			
	Start Test	11/08	0:13	0:00	7.0		7.2		12.7					
5	End Test	11/08	0:13	0:00	7.0	125	7.2	625	12.7	120.9	201.5			
6	Start Test	11/08	0:16	0:00	7.0	125	7.2	625	12.7	114.2	190.3			
	End Test	11/08	0:20	0:04	7.0		7.2		12.7					
7	Start Test	11/08	0:20	0:00	7.0	125	7.2	625	12.7	98.7	164.5			
	End Test	11/08	0:24	0:04	7.0		7.2		12.7					
8	Start Test	11/08	0:24	0:00	7.0	125	7.2	625	12.7	147.7	246.2			1.75 L used to refill outer ring
	End Test	11/08	0:27	0:03	7.0		7.2		12.7					·
9	Start Test	11/08	0:27	0:00	7.0	125	6.8	750	12.7	97.5	195.0			
	End Test	11/08	0:31	0:04	7.0		6.8		12.7					
10	Start Test	11/08	0:31	0:00	7.0	125	6.8	625	12.7	133.3	222.2			
10	End Test	11/08	0:34	0:03	7.0	125	6.8	023	12.7	155.5	222.2			
	Start Test	11/08	0:34	0:00	7.0	405	6.8	750	12.7	407.0	244.5			
11	End Test	11/08	0:38	0:04	7.0	125	6.8	750	12.7	107.3	214.5			
	Start Test	11/08	0:38	0:00	7.0		6.8		12.7					
12	End Test	11/08	0:42	0:04	7.0	125	6.8	500	12.7	93.1	124.1			
	Start Test	11/08	0:42	0:00	7.0		6.8		12.7					
13	End Test	11/08	0:46	0:04	7.0	125	6.8	500	12.7	98.7	131.6			
	Start Test	11/08	0:46	0:00	7.0		6.8		12.7					
14	End Test	11/08	0:50	0:04	7.0	125	6.8	500	12.7	98.7	131.6			
	Start Test	11/08	0:50	0:00	7.0		6.8		12.7					
15	End Test	11/08	0:54	0:04	7.0	125	6.8	500	12.7	109.6	146.2			
	Start Test	11/08	0:54	0:00	7.0		6.8		12.7					
16	End Test	11/08	0:58	0:04	7.0	125	6.8	625	12.7	108.2	180.3			
	Start Test	11/08	0:58	0:04	7.0		6.8		12.7					
17	End Test	11/08	1:02	0:00	7.0	125	5.5	625	12.7	105.0	175.0			
18	Start Test	11/08	1:02	0:00	7.0	125		empty	12.7	103.7				
	End Test	11/08	1:06	0:04	7.0		4.8		12.7					
19	Start Test	11/08	1:06	0:00	7.0	4.8	empty	12.7	120.3					
	End Test	11/08	1:09	0:03	7.0		3.8		12.7					
20	Start Test	11/08	1:09	0:00	7.0	125	3.8	empty	12.7	122.7				
	End Test	11/08	1:13	0:04	7.0		3.0		12.7					

	Turf-Tec International - Record Chart for IN8-W (6 & 12 Inch Infiltration Rings)														
Project Ide	entification:	1581 - Kana	ita Golf & C	ountry Club			Constants			Liquid Container Number	Marriotte Tube V	olume	T	T	
Test Locat	tion:	Site 4 (Hole #6)				Inner Ring	182	7.0	1		10000 ml	Tu	rf-lec international		
Liquid Use	ed:	Tap Water		pH:	7.30		Annular Space	547	7.2	2	10000 ml				
Tested By:     JFSA     Liquid level maintained using:     ( ) Flow Valve ( ) Float Valve ( X ) Mariotte Tubes															
Depth to w	ater table:	N/A						Pene	tration De	oth of Outer Ring:	5 cm				
						Flov	v Readings			Inner Infiltration Rate			Ground Temperature Remarks		
Trial #	Start / End	Date	Time HR:MIN	Elapsed Time Chg/(Total) Min	Inner Ring Reading cm	Maroitte Tube Flow (ml)	Annular Space Reading cm	Annular Space Marriotte Tube Flow (ml)	Liquid Temp C	Inner Infiltration Rate mm/h	Annular Infiltration Rate mm/h	Ground Temp Depth (mm)	•	Weather conditions Etc	
1	Start Test	11/08	0:00	0:00	9.0	68	6.5	311.5	7.4	3.0		30	6.7	Overcast, Windy	
	End Test	11/08	1:15	1:15	9.0	00	6.5	511.5	7.4	3.0	4.6	30	0.7	Overcast, Windy	