

# Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report 2140 Baseline Road

Type of Document Site Plan Submission

**Project Name** Ottawa Student Residence 2140 Baseline Road

Project Number OTT-00245012-A0

Site Plan Control File Number D07-12-18-0084

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Date Submitted June 14, 2019

## **Baseline Constellation Limited Partnership**

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Date Submitted: June 14, 2019

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# **1** Introduction

## 1.1 Site Description and Proposed Development

Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. retained EXP Services Inc. (EXP) to prepare a site servicing and stormwater management report for a proposed 14-storey student residence.

The 0.305-hectare development site is situated at 2140 Baseline Road, at the corner of Baseline Road and Constellation Crescent in the City of Ottawa (City), Ontario as shown on Figure A1 in Appendix A. The site is within Ward 8 or College Ward.

The property consists of the following parcels, all located in Lot 35, Concession 2 (Rideau Front), Geographic Township of Nepean, City of Ottawa.

- PIN 04692-1308, Parts 2, 3, 4 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1310, Parts 6, 7 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1312, Part 8 to Part 15 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1315, Parts 16, 17 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1317, Part 23 to Part 35 on Registered Plan 4R-26884

The development is comprised of 152 suites, that contain 2 to 4 bedrooms.

This report will discuss the adequacy of the adjacent municipal storm sewers, sanitary sewers and watermains to convey the storm runoff, sewage flows and provide the water demands that will result from the proposed development. This report provides a design brief for submission, along with the engineering drawings, for City approval.

## 1.2 Background Documents

Various design guidelines were referred to in preparing the current report including:

- Sewer Design Guidelines, Second Edition, Document SDG002, October 2012, City of Ottawa including:
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2012-4 (20 June 2012)
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-01 (05 February 2014)
  - Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01 (September 6, 2016)
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-01 (21 March 2018)
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-04 (27 June 2018)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution, July 2010 (WDG001), including:
  - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02 (May 27, 2014)
  - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 (21 March 2018)

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- Stormwater Management Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek / Westboro Area, JFSA, June 2012.
- Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, March 2003 (SMPDM).
- Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems, Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, 2008 (GDWS).
- Fire Underwriters Survey, Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (FUS), 1999.
- Ontario Building Code 2012, Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.
- Ontario Ministry of Transportation (MTO) Drainage Manual, 1995-1997.

## **1.3 Existing Infrastructure**

The current 0.3-hectare site is vacant and consists of grassed areas containing approximately eleven (11) mature trees. Prior to 2009, the site contained a one-way roadway connection from Constellation Crescent to Baseline Road. This roadway connection was removed, and Constellation Crescent / Gemini Way was re-configured into its current configuration as a tee-intersection. A two-way connection with a signalized intersection at Baseline Road and Constellation Crescent was created.

Within the 0.30-hectare site previously abandoned utilities exist. From review of the as-built drawings and Central Registry (UCC) plans, the sewer and water structures (manholes and catchbasin, etc.) were removed by 2009, however the sewer and water infrastructure piping were abandoned in place. The following summarizes the onsite and adjacent offsite existing utilities:

#### Within property

- Abandoned 525mm, 750mm, and 900mm storm sewers
- Abandoned 250mm and 300mm sanitary sewers
- Abandoned 200mm watermains
- Bell / Hydro / Telecom Ottawa. Status to be confirmed with the utility providers

#### <u>On Gemini Way</u>

- 525mm, 675mm, and 900mm storm sewers
- 250mm and 300mm sanitary sewers
- 200mm watermains
- Bell / Streetlighting

#### **On Constellation Crescent**

- 900mm storm sewers
- 250mm sanitary sewers
- Bell / Telecom Ottawa / Traffic / Streetlighting

#### On Baseline Road

- 525mm storm sewers
- 406mm, 1220mm watermains
- Bell / Traffic / Streetlighting

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The as-built drawings for both Gemini Way and Constellation Crescent were obtained and are included in Appendix H.

## 1.4 Consultation and Permits

A pre-consultation meeting was held between Baseline Constellation Partnership and the City prior to design commencement. This meeting outlined the submission requirements and provided information to assist with the development proposal.

Generally, an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) would be obtained from the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), formerly the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC), for the onsite Private Sewage Works. The onsite sewage works would generally include the onsite flow controls, associated stormwater detention, and treatment works.

However, an Approval Exemption under Ontario Regulation 525/98 can be applied. Under Section 3 of O'Reg 525/98, Section 53 (1) and (3) do not apply to the alteration, extension, replacement or a change to a stormwater management facility that 1) is designed to service one lot or parcel of land, b) discharges into a storm sewer that is not a combined sewer, c) does not service industrial land or a structure located on industrial land, and finally d) is not located on industrial land.

Therefore the 5 parcels noted in Section 1.1 will be merge into one property parcel. Completing this merge of parcels, will satisfy the Approval Exemptions under O'Reg 525/98, and not require an ECA. Prior to City signoff on the infrastructure design a pre-consultation meeting will be held with the local MECP, to confirm that the site will not require an ECA, for the reasons noted.

The proposed site is located within the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) jurisdiction, therefore signoff from the RVCA will be required prior to Site Plan approval. The RVCA has been contacted to confirm the stormwater management quality control requirements. A copy of the correspondence with the RCVA is attached in Appendix F.



# 2 Geotechnical Considerations

A geotechnical investigation was completed by the Paterson Group Inc. dated January 03, 2019 and was prepared to establish the subsurface and groundwater conditions and to provide recommendations related to excavation, foundation design, backfilling requirements, site grading, pipe bedding, pavement structure.

In general, the site consists of topsoil underlain by fill followed by silty sand and silty clay. Three (3) boreholes were drilled to a maximum depth of 11.8 metres. The groundwater table is expected at between 4 and 5 metres below existing grade.

A maximum grade raise requirement of 1.5m was established for the site. The recommended pavement structure for access and fire lanes was established at: 40mm + 50mm of asphalt, 150mm granular "A" and 450mm depth of Granular "B".

# 3 **Deviations**

There are no noted deviations from the City Design Standards (SDG002). It should be noted that the stormwater management requirements, as dictated by the "Stormwater Management Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek / Westboro Area, JFSA, June 2012", far exceed the standard infill development stormwater guidelines as noted in Section 8.3.7 of the SDG002.

Due to these master servicing requirements of the JFSA report, additional runoff volume, flood and erosion control requirements are necessary due to the sensitivity of the receiving Pinecrest Creek and Ottawa River, and lack of existing downstream stormwater management facilities.

# 4 Watermain Servicing

## 4.1 Methodology

The water service for the proposed building is designed in accordance with the City Design Guidelines (July 2010). The following steps indicate the basic methodology that was used in the hydraulic analysis:

- Estimated water demands under average day, maximum day and peak hour conditions. As the total population estimate of 474 persons was below 500, residential peaking factors were interpolated based on MOE Table 3-3. For ground floor commercial areas, average demands were taken from the SDG002, Appendix 4-A for similar uses.
- Estimated the required fire flow (RFF) based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS).
- Obtained hydraulic boundary conditions (HGL) from the City, based on the above water demands and required fire flows.
- Boundary condition data and water demands were used to estimate the pressure at the proposed building, and this was compared to the City's of Ottawa's design criteria.

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## 4.2 Design Criteria

We estimated the domestic water demands as shown below, using parameters from the WDG001 as follows:

Pressure Zone		
Proposed site located in zone	=	2W
Number of Units		
2-bedroom units 3-bedroom units 4-bedroom units	= = =	44 72 36
Densities		
<ul> <li>2-bedroom units (persons per unit)</li> <li>3-bedroom units (persons per unit)</li> <li>4-bedroom units (persons per unit)</li> <li>Restaurant/Dining occupancies (persons/m<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul>	= = =	2.1 3.1 4.1 1.1
Residential Populations		
<ul> <li>44, 2-bedroom units (@ 2.1 persons per unit)</li> <li>72, 3-bedroom units (@ 3.1 persons per unit)</li> <li>36, 4-bedroom units (@ 4.1 persons per unit)</li> </ul>	= = =	92.4 223.2 <u>147.6</u> 463.2
Commercial Areas		
Ground Floor Restaurant/Dining Areas (m²) Ground Floor Retail Areas (m²)	= =	350 625
Demand Rates		
Average Residential Demands (L/person/day) Average Restaurant/Dining Demands (L/person/day) Average Retail Demands (L/m²/day)	= = =	350 125 5
Peaking Factors		
Max Day Residential Peaking Factor (as per MOE Table 3-3) Peak Hour Residential Peaking Factor (as per MOE Table 3-3)	= =	2.95 x avg. day 4.40 x avg. day
Max Day Commercial Peaking Factor Peak Hour Commercial Peaking Factor	= =	1.5 x avg. day 1.8 x max. day
Watermain Design		
C factor (200mm – 300mm) Minimum Allowable Pressure Maximum Allowable Pressure Minimum Static Pressure (Under Fire Flow Conditions)	= = =	110 275 kPa (40 psi) 690 kPa (100 psi) 140 kPa (20 psi)



#### **Residential Water Demands**

Average Residential Demands 463.2 persons x 350 L/person/day x (1/86,400 sec/day)	=	1.88 L/sec
Commercial Water Demands		
Average Demands (Restaurant/Dining Areas) 350 m² / 1.1 persons/m² x 125 L/person/day x (1/86,400 sec/day)	=	0.46 L/sec
Average Demands (Retail Areas) 625 m² x 5 Litres/m²/day x (1/86,400 sec/day)	=	0.04 L/sec
Total Water Demands		
Total Average Day Demands = 1.88 + 0.46 + 0.04	=	2.37 L/sec
Total Maximum Day Demands = 1.88 x 2.95 + (0.46+0.04) x 1.5	=	6.32 L/sec
Total Peak Hour Demands = 1.88 x 4.4 + (0.46+0.04) x 1.5 x 1.8	=	9.69 L/sec

The average day, maximum day, and peak hourly demands for the proposed building at 2140 Baseline Road are 2.4 L/sec, 6.3 L/sec, 9.7 L/sec, respectively. Please note that the maximum day and peak hour factors, noted above, were determined based on MOECC GDWS Table 3-3 as the population of the proposed development is less than 500 persons. This requirement is noted in Section 4.2.8 of the City's WDG001. Detailed calculations of the domestic water demands are provided in Table C1.

## 4.3 Fire Flow Requirements

Water for fire protection will be available utilizing the proposed fire hydrants located along the adjacent roadways: Gemini Way, Baseline Road, and Constellation Crescent. The required fire flows for the proposed building were calculated based on typical values as established by the Fire Underwriters Survey 1999 (FUS).

The following equation from the Fire Underwriters document "Water Supply for Public Fire Protection", 1991, was used for calculation of the on-site supply rates required to be supplied by the hydrants:

F = 200 \* C \* √ (A)

where

F = Required Fire flow in Litres per minute

- C = Coefficient related to type of Construction
- A = Total Floor Area in square metres

A reduction for low hazard occupancy of -15% for residential dwellings, and an increase for fire area exposure of +11% was used. Below are the fire flow requirements.

Type of Construction	=	Non-combustible
Coeff Related to Construction	=	0.8
Ground Floor Area	=	1510 m²
2 <sup>nd</sup> to 5th Floor Area	=	1510 m <sup>2</sup>

<sup>«</sup>exμ

6 <sup>th</sup> to 13 <sup>th</sup> Floor Area 14 <sup>th</sup> Floor Area	= =	1,179 m² 1,049 m²
Number of Floors	=	14
Fire Flow Requirement, FF	= = =	200 * 1.5 * √ (A) 200 * 1.5 * √ (8,165) 15,903 L/min or 16,000 L/min (rounded up)
Occupancy Class Occupancy Charge	= =	Limited Combustible -15%
Fire Flow Requirement, FF (with reduction due to occupancy)	= = =	16,000 *-15% -2,400 L/min 13,600 L/min
Sprinkler Protection Credit	= =	-30% (Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13) -10% (standard water supply for FD hose line)
Fire Flow Requirement, FF (with Reduction due to sprinkler)	= =	13,600 *-40% 7,920 L/min
Charges Due to Exposures	= = =	sum for all sides 0% + 5% + 0% + 6% 11%
Required Fire Flow (RFF)	= = =	7,920 L/min + 1,496 L/min 9,416 L/min 9,000 L/min (rounded to closest 1,000) 150 L/sec

Note that since the main floor commercial space was less than 10% of the total area, an occupancy charge under limited combustion could also be applied to the commercial space.

## 4.4 Review of Hydrant Spacing

A review of the hydrant spacing was completed to ensure compliance with Appendix I of Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02. As per Section 3 of Appendix I all hydrants within 150 metres were reviewed to assess the total possible contribution of flow from these contributing hydrants. For each hydrant the distance to the proposed building was determined to arrive at the contribution of fire flow from each. All hydrants are expected to be of Class AA as per Section 5.1 of Appendix I.

Table C4 in Appendix C summarizes all fire hydrants within a 150m distance from the proposed building. For each hydrant the straight-line distance, distance measured along a fire route or roadway, whether its location is accessible, and its contribution to the required fire flow. Figure A5 in Appendix A illustrates the hydrant locations in proximity to the site.

The total available contribution of flow from hydrants was estimated as 13,300L/min, which exceeds the required fire flow of 9,000 L/min as identified in Appendix I of Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02.

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### 4.5 Boundary Conditions

Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL) boundary conditions were obtained from the City for design purposes. A copy of the correspondence received from the City is provided in Appendix F.

The following hydraulic grade line (HGL) boundary conditions were provided:

Minimum HGL = 127.5 m
Max Day + Fire Flow = 112.0 m (Assuming 150 L/sec fire flow)
Maximum HGL = 134.6 m

Based on a ground elevation of approximately 85.75m at the boundary condition location this results in a system water pressure of 41.75 m or 59.4 psi during peak hour conditions.

## 4.6 Watermain Design

Since the average day demands of 165.9 m<sup>3</sup> per day exceed 50 m<sup>3</sup> per day, two watermain feeds to the building will be necessary as per Section 4.31 of the WDG001.

A review of the estimated watermain pressures at the building connection, based on the boundary conditions provided and the use of two watermains was completed.

Table C3 in Appendix C provides a comparison of anticipate pressures at the building connecting based on using a single watermain or two watermains. A single watermain analysis was completed to determined if the water pressure still met the City requirement during either the maximum day plus fire flow or peak hour condition.

Based on results, the use of two 150mm watermains would result in a pressure of 32.4 psi at the building, while the use of two 200mm watermains would improve the pressure to more than 36.2 psi under maximum day plus fire flow conditions. Therefore, two 200mm watermains with a shut-off valve between them is proposed.

There no pressure reducing measures required as operating pressures are within 50 psi and 80 psi during maximum day conditions.

A review of the geotechnical report indicates that the soil sample taken from the borehole BH1 has high resistivity indicating a highly aggressive corrosive soil. An anode manufacturer was contacted to confirm the appropriate anode to be used on all ductile Iron (DI) bends, tees, valves, etc. All anodes shall be of Z-24-48 as per City standard drawing W44.



Water Demand Summary					
Water Demand	Required Flow (L/sec)	Total Peak F	Does It Meet Requirements?		
		Required (psi)	Designed (psi)		
Average Day	2.4	>40	59.7	Yes	
Max Day	6.3	>20	69.8	Yes	
Max Day +Fire Flow	156.4	>20	36.2	Yes	
Peak Hour	9.7	50-80	59.7	Yes	

#### Table 1 : Water Demand Summary

# 5 Sanitary Sewer Design

The sanitary sewer system is designed based on a population flow, an allowance for ground floor commercial/retail areas within the buildings and an area-based infiltration allowance. The flows were calculated using City sewer design guidelines (SDG002) as follows:

#### <u>Area</u>

Gross site area	=	0.305 ha
Number of Units		
2-bedroom units 3-bedroom units 4-bedroom units	= = =	44 72 36
Population		
44, 2-bedroom units (@ 2.1 persons per unit) 72, 3-bedroom units (@ 3.1 persons per unit) 36, 4-bedroom units (@ 4.1 persons per unit)	= = =	92.4 223.2 <u>147.6</u> 463.2
Residential Peaking Factor		
Peak Factor = 1 + 14 / (4 + (P/1000) <sup>0.5</sup> )* K, where K = 0.8 Peak Factor = 1 + 14 / (4 + (463.2/1000) <sup>0.5</sup> ) x 0.8	=	3.39
Domestic Sewage Flow		
Average Domestic Flow (463.2x 280 L/cap/day x (1/86,400 sec/day) Peak Domestic Flow (3.39 x 1.501)	= =	1.501 L/sec 5.09 L/sec
Commercial/Retail Areas		
Ground Floor Restaurant/Dinning Areas (m²) Ground Floor Retail Areas (m²)	=	350 625



#### **Commercial Sewage Flows**

Average Daily Flows (Restaurant/Dining Areas)		
350 m <sup>2</sup> / 1.1 persons/m <sup>2</sup> x 125 L/person/day x (1/86,400 sec/day)	=	0.46 L/sec
Average Daily Flows (Retail Areas) 625 m² x 5 Litres/m²/day x (1/86,400 sec/day)	=	0.04 L/sec
		0.012,000
Commercial Peaking Factor	=	1.0 x avg. day
Total Commercial Flow = (0.46 + 0.04) * 1.0	=	0.50 L/sec
Infiltration		
Infiltration Allowance	=	0.33 L/ha/sec
Infiltration Flow (0.305 ha x 0.28 L/ha/sec)	=	0.10 L/sec
Total Peak Sewage Flow		
Peak Sanitary Flow = 5.09 + 0.50 + 0.10	=	5.69 L/sec

The estimated peak sanitary flow rate from the proposed property at 2140 Baseline Road is **5.69 L/sec** based on City Design Guidelines.

The proposed building will have an independent sanitary sewer connection to the existing 300mm sanitary sewer on Gemini Way, with the connection approximately 30 metres west of Constellation Crescent. The 250mm sanitary sewer is proposed with a minimum 3.1% slope, having a capacity of 106 L/sec based on Manning's Equation under full flow conditions. Based on the OBC, the maximum permitted hydraulic load for a 250mm at 3% is 5,500 fixture units.

A sanitary manhole is proposed to be installed at the property line, for monitoring purposes.

## 5.1 Offsite Sanitary Sewer Analysis

The proposed sanitary sewer within the development site will discharge to a 300mm sanitary sewer on Gemini Way. An analysis of the existing sanitary infrastructure was conducted to determine the capacity of the existing system and determine if the existing infrastructure could handle the anticipated additional flows to the overall system due to the new development proposed at 2140 Baseline Road.

#### **Existing Conditions**

Area Residential Density for Townhome Residential Density for 2-bedroom apartment Residential Density for 3-bedroom apartment Residential Density for 4-bedroom apartment

Residential Population Average Residential Flow Allowance Residential Peaking Factor

Commercial Flow Allowance Commercial Peaking Factor = 22.1 hectares
= 2.7 person/unit
= 2.1 person/unit
= 3.1 person/unit
= 3.1 person/unit
= 4.1 person/unit
= 969 persons
= 280 L/person/day
= Harmon Formula
= 28,000 L/ha/fay
= 1.5



To confirm adequate capacity is available in the downstream system a review of the as-constructed conditions was completed and the peak sewage rates were re-calculated based on current City Guidelines.

Figure A4 in Appendix A illustrates the off-site sanitary sewers and tributary drainage area. It consists of residential and commercial uses. Using the City's urban building GIS layer, it was determined that there is approximately 6.8 hectares (182 townhomes) of residential lands and 15.3 hectares of commercial land tributary to the outlet sewer (sanitary manhole # 18696). The proposed development at 2140 Baseline Road will contain 44 2-bedroom suites, 72 3-bedroom suites, and 36 4-bedroom suites. The sewage flows, based on current City Guidelines, were re-calculated as follows:

Townhomes 2-bedroom apartment 3-bedroom apartment 4-bedroom apartment	= 182 = 44 = 72 = 36
182-Townhomes x 2.7 person/unit 44- 2 Bedroom apartments x 2.1 person/unit 72- 3 Bedroom apartments x 3.1 person/unit 36- 4 Bedroom apartments x 4.1 person/unit	= 491.4 persons = 92.4 persons = 223.2 persons = 147.6 persons
Residential Population = 491.4+92.4+223.2+147.6	= 954.6 persons
Residential Sewage Flow	
Residential Flow Allowance Correction Factor, K Peak Factor = 1 + (14 / (4 + (P/1000) <sup>0.5</sup> )) * K Peak Factor = 1 + (14 / (4 + (954.6/1000) <sup>0.5</sup> )) * 0.8	= 280 L/person/day = 0.8
Peak Factor = $1 + (2.81) * 0.8$	= 3.25
Avg. Domestic Flow = 954.6 x 280 L/person/day x (1/86,400 sec/day) Peak Domestic Flow = 3.09 L/sec x 3.25	= 3.09 L/sec = 10.1 L/sec
Institutional Sewage Flow	
Commercial Flow Allowance Commercial Peaking Factor Commercial Area Commercial Flow = 28,000 x 15.3 x (1/86,400 sec/day) x 1.5	= 28,000 L/day/ha = 1.5 = 15.3 ha = 7.4 L/sec
Extraneous Flows	
Total Area Extraneous Flow Allowance Extraneous Flows = (0.33 x 22.1)	= 22.1 hectares = 0.33 L/ha/sec = 7.3 L/sec

#### **Total Sewage Flow**

Total Sanitary Flow = 10.1+7.4+7.3

= 24.8 L/sec



The re-calculated peak sewage flows under developed conditions for the existing system downstream of 2140 Baseline is calculated to be 24.8 L/sec including the newly proposed development at 2140 Baseline Road. It should be noted that the residential sanitary flow allowance is now 280 L/person/day as per Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01, and therefore the existing infrastructure is conservatively designed in accordance with today's standard guidelines.

The maximum percent (%) full capacity within with sanitary sewer system was determinized to be 68.8% between sewer runs 18693 and 18694, just two sewer sections downstream of the proposed sewer connection from site at 2140 Baseline Road. Existing sanitary sewer invert elevation data was taken from the City's website. It can be concluded that the existing sanitary sewer system can support the proposed development at 2140 Baseline Road.

## 6 Stormwater Management

## 6.1 Design Criteria

The storm sewer system is designed in conformance with the latest version of the City Design Guidelines (October 2012). Section 5 "Storm and Combined Sewer Design" and Section 8 "Stormwater Management".

The allowable release rate for the site is limited to 10.1 L/sec based on the requirements of "Stormwater Management Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area", JFSA June 2012. This guideline sets the target release rate from the site to a maximum 33.5 L/ha/sec. Flows in excess of this target rate will be detained onsite for up to the 100-year storm event.

The following additional SWM criteria are required as noted in the JFSA Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area SWM Guidelines (June 2012) for our site, as it falls within the Pinecrest Creek Watershed, upstream of the ORP pipe inlet:

- Runoff Volume Reduction: On-site retention of 10 mm storm.
- Water Quality: 80% TSS removal.
- Quantity Control: 100-yr discharge not to exceed 33.5 L/ha/sec.
- Erosion Control: Detain 25mm to meet outflow not exceeding 5.8 L/ha/sec.

### 6.1.1 Minor System Design Criteria

- The storm sewers have been designed and sized based on the Rational Method and the Manning's Equation under free flow conditions for the 2-year storm using a 10-minute inlet time.
- Inflow rates into the minor system are limited to an allowable release rate as noted above.

### 6.1.2 Major System Design Criteria

- The major system has been designed to accommodate on-site detention with sufficient capacity to attenuate the 100-year design storm. Excess runoff above the 100-year event will flow overland offsite.
- On site storage is provided and calculated for up to the 100-year design storm. Refer to Appendix D for the calculations of the required on-site storage volumes.

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- We calculated the required storage volumes based on the Modified Rational Method as identified in Section 8.3.10.3 of the City's Sewer Guidelines.
- The 100-year discharge rate from the site is limited to 33.5 L/ha/sec as per the Pinecrest Creek / Westboro Area SWM Guidelines (Table 3.1).

## 6.2 Runoff Coefficients

Average runoff coefficients for all catchments were calculated using PCSWMM's area weighting routine. This modelling software has a GIS engine which allows for catchment (or polygon) definition including attributes. The runoff coefficients for all catchments were area weighted to derive at average runoff coefficients based on hard surfaces (concrete or asphalt) having an imperviousness of 100%, soft surfaces (landscaping surfaces) having a zero percent imperviousness. The conversion from an imperviousness percent to a runoff coefficient was taken as C = (IMP\*0.70) / 100 + 0.20, with the imperviousness (IMP) as a percentage.

The average runoff coefficient for the overall site area under post-development conditions was calculated as 0.81, whereas the pre-development average runoff coefficient was less than 0.20. Runoff coefficients for individual catchment ranged from 0.20 to 0.90. It should be noted that prior to 2008, the site contained an asphalt roadway, and it was after 2008 that Constellation Crescent and Gemini Way were re-configured into their current location.

The allowable release rate from the site was calculated based on the more restrictive of:

- 1) Established based on "Storm Water Management Guidelines for The Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area, JFSA June 2012," at 33.5 L/ha/sec.
- 2) Established based on Section 8.3.7.3 of the SDG002, with a pre-development runoff coefficient for 2-year storm.

The pre-development runoff coefficient was determined to be 0.20 and in the 2-year event the onsite predevelopment flow was 13.0 L/s. Based on the "Storm Water Management Guidelines for The Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area, JFSA June 2012," with an allowable release rate is 33.5 L/ha/sec, an site area of 0.305-hectres, results in an allowable release rate is 10.1 L/sec. Therefore, the governing allowable release flow is based on the "Storm Water Management Guidelines for The Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area, JFSA June 2012."

## 6.3 Time of Concentration

The time of concentration for the pre-development catchments were determined using the Airport Method (Federal Aviation Administration). The Airport Formula is suited well for undisturbed land and is typically used for drainage areas with a runoff coefficient of less than 0.40. From the MTO Drainage Manual the Airport Formula used is as follows:

$$Tc = \frac{3.26 * (1.1 - C) * L^{0.5}}{Sw^{0.33}}$$



where:

Tc	=	Time of Concentration (minutes)
С	=	Runoff Coefficient
Sw	=	Watershed Slope (%)
L	=	Watershed Length (m)

The watershed length and slope that were used were determined by reference to the topographic survey. Detailed calculations for each catchment is provided in Table D1 of Appendix D for reference.

## 6.4 **Pre-Development Conditions**

The 0.30-hectare site is currently vacant, however prior to 2008 it was used as a connection roadway between Constellation Crescent and Baseline Road. From the existing ground elevations shown on the grading plan, storm runoff flows are in a northerly direction to catch basins on Constellation Crescent and Baseline Road. The pre-development runoff coefficient for the site was determined as 0.20.

Figure A2 in Appendix A illustrates the pre-development drainage conditions. Runoff from the site is directed southerly to catchbasins on Gemini Way, northerly to Baseline Road, or easterly to Constellation Crescent. Since external lands upstream of the site boundary drains towards the proposed site, it was necessary to expand the catchments areas tributary to the storm sewers on the adjacent streets. This was completed in order to compare the total peak flows under pre-development and post-development conditions. Also, catchment boundaries upstream, downstream and within the site boundary were separated for comparison purposes.

Using a time of concentration ( $T_c$ ) of 10 minutes, the pre-development release rates from the site were determined for the 5-year and 100-year storms using the Rational Method as follows:

Q<sub>PRE</sub> = 2.78 C I A

where:

QPRE	=	Peak D	)ischarge (L/sec)
	С	=	Runoff Coefficient (C=0.20)
	1	=	Average Rainfall Intensity for return period (mm/hr)
		=	998.071/ (T <sub>C</sub> +6.053)^0.814 (5-year)
		=	1735.688/ (T <sub>c</sub> +6.014)^0.820 (100-year)
	Тс	=	Time of concentration (mins)
	А	=	Drainage Area (hectares)

Table D2 summarizes the pre-development peak flows based on the time of concentrations determined using the Airport Formula. Table 1 below summarizes the 5-year and 100-year pre-development peak flows tributary to the storm sewers on Baseline Road or Constellation Crescent / Gemini Way for all catchments. Please note that pre-development catchments PRE-1 and PRE-2 were combined as they discharge to the same storm sewer.

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June 14, 2019

Return		w to Constell corm Sewers	ation / Gemini (L/sec)	Pe St	Total Peak		
Period Storm	Onsite Areas	External Areas	Combined Onsite +	Onsite Areas	External Areas	Combined Onsite +	Flows (L/sec)
	1B,2A	1A,1C, 2B	External Areas	3B	3A,3C	External Areas	
2-year	7.8	57.0	64.9	5.1	25.0	30.2	95.0
5-year	10.6	78.3	88.9	7.0	34.2	41.1	130.1
100-year	22.8	168.5	191.2	14.9	73.3	88.2	279.5

#### Table 2 : Summary of Pre-Development Flows

## 6.5 Calculation of Allowable Release Rate

With the proposed changes in land use, the overall imperviousness of the site will increase. To control runoff from the site it is necessary to limit post-development flows to allowable capture rate for all storm return periods up to the 100-year event. The allowable release rate from the site is based on the requirements of the "Stormwater Management Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area", JFSA June 2012. The allowable release rate will be limited to 33.5 L/ha/sec or 10.1 L/sec for the 0.30-hectare parcel. To control runoff from the site it will be necessary to use an onsite inlet control device (ICD) and flow-controlled roof drains as noted in the proceeding sections.

## 6.6 Offsite Overland Flow Areas

Since there is a small amount of onsite drainage that will discharge over land directly to the right-of-way, it was necessary to subtract the peak flows from these areas, to ensure that no increase in runoff occurs under post development conditions. In addition, the 100-year discharge rate from the site needs to meet the allowable target rate of 10.1 L/sec.

The peak flows for drainage area PST-2B and PST-3B were estimated below to account for overland flow that will discharge offsite without being captured. For additional calculations of storm drainage areas please refer to Table D5 in Appendix D.

Using a post-development time of concentration ( $T_c$ ) of 10 minutes and a runoff coefficient of 0.67 and 0.35, the 100-year uncontrolled flow rate,  $Q_{100UNC}$ , was determined using the Rational Method as follows:

Q100UNC	= 2.78	C I <sub>100</sub> A		
	where:	Q100UNC C I100 A I100	= = = =	Peak Discharge (L/s) Runoff Coefficient Rainfall Intensity (mm/h) for 100-year storm Drainage Area (ha) 1735.688/ (10 + 6.014) <sup>0.820</sup> = 178.56 mm/hr
(Area PST-2B) (Area PST-3B)		Q100UNC Q100UNC		2.78 x 0.67 x 125% x 178.56 x (0.0051) = 2.1 L/sec 2.78 x 0.35 x 125% x 178.56 x (0.0061) = 1.3 L/sec

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The allowable release rate to the storm sewers (minor system) on Gemini Way is determined by subtracting the uncontrolled 100-year runoff from the allowable release rate as follows:

#### QREL = QALLOW - Q100UNC

The discharge rate to the Gemini Way storm sewer and the rates that will be used to determine storage requirements are:

 $\begin{array}{rcl} Q_{REL} & = & Q_{ALLOW} - Q_{100UNC} \\ & = & Q_{ALLOW} - Q_{100UNC-8} - Q_{100UNC-9} \\ & = & 10.1 - 2.1 - 1.3 \\ & = & 6.6 \ L/sec \end{array}$ 

Therefore, the allowable discharge into the existing storm sewer (directly connected) from the site is **6.6 L/sec.** 

### 6.7 Calculation of Post-Development Runoff

Stormwater runoff from the proposed site will drain from a combination of controlled and uncontrolled areas. As a result of the changes onsite the overall post development runoff coefficient will increase over predevelopment conditions. This increase in runoff is the result of changes due to site development (i.e. additional hard surfaces, roof areas and hard landscaping).

The estimation of peak flows under post-development conditions was completed using the Rational Method as noted below, with detailed calculations included in Table D4 and table D5 in Appendix D.

For catchments within the proposed site a time of concentration (TC) of 10 minutes was used as per the SDG002. For catchments outside of the site boundary, the same Tc which was used for the predevelopment conditions was maintained. Peak 2-year, 5-year and 100-year storm flows using the Rational Method are noted below. Note that average runoff coefficients for all catchments were derived using the area-weighting command in PCSWMM.

l 2	=	732.951 / (Tc + 6.199) <sup>0.810</sup>	= 76.81 mm/hr			
5	=	998.071 / (Tc + 6.053) <sup>0.814</sup>	= 104.19 mm/hr			
<b>1</b> 100	=	1735.688 / (Tc + 6.014) <sup>0.820</sup>	= 178.56 mm/hr			
Q <sub>2POST</sub>	=	2.78 x C <sub>AVG</sub> x 76.81 mm/hr x <i>F</i>	Area			
Q <sub>5POST</sub>	=	2.78 x C <sub>AVG</sub> x 104.19 mm/hr x	2.78 x C <sub>AVG</sub> x 104.19 mm/hr x Area			
Q <sub>100</sub> POST	=	2.78 x C <sub>AVG</sub> ∗ 25% x 178.56 m	m/hr x Area			

Based on the storm drainage areas the post-development runoff rates are calculated and summarized in Table 2 below with detailed calculations provided in Table D4 of Appendix D.

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Figure A3 in Appendix A illustrates the post-development drainage system and catchments. For the roof areas, individual catchments were created for roof drains. There are six (6) different roof levels that contain roof drains, with these being denoted as R1, R2 etc.

A roof drain calculation sheet was prepared, and is provided in Table D8 of Appendix D. This was completed to estimate the 5-year and 100-year discharge rates, and the resultant storage volumes that will occur based on the number of proposed drains. The discharge rate from the roof and the resultant 100-yr storage is 16.1 L/sec and 37.4 m<sup>3</sup>. Additional information on the roof drains and storage on the roof is presented in proceeding sections of this report.

A	Area	R	unoff Coeffi	Re	lease Rate	(L/s)	
Area No.	(ha)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr
PST-1B	0.0629	0.680	0.68	0.85			
PST-1C	0.0342	0.840	0.84	1.00			
PST-1D	0.0112	0.900	0.90	1.00			
PST-1E	0.0071	0.900	0.90	1.00			
PST-1F (R1)	0.0135	0.900	0.90	1.00			
PST-1F (R2)	0.0141	0.900	0.90	1.00	(2.5)	(3.1)	(6.6)
PST-1F (R3)	0.0968	0.900	0.90	1.00		. ,	. ,
PST-1F (R4)	0.0073	0.900	0.90	1.00			
PST-1F (R5)	0.0102	0.900	0.90	1.00			
PST-1F (R6)	0.0105	0.900	0.90	1.00			
PST-3C	0.0228	0.640	0.64	0.80			
PST-1A	0.0208	0.200	0.20	0.25	0.9	1.2	2.6
PST-1G	0.0690	0.680	0.68	0.85	10.0	13.6	29.1
PST-2A	0.1400	0.820	0.82	1.00	32.5	44.3	92.9
PST-2B	0.0051	0.670	0.67	0.84	0.7	1.0	2.1
PST-3A	0.0669	0.200	0.20	0.25	2.9	3.9	8.3
PST-3B	0.0061	0.350	0.35	0.44	0.5	0.6	1.3
PST-3D	0.1036	0.710	0.71	0.89	16.0	21.7	46.5
Total	0.70				66.0	89.4	189.5

#### **Table 3: Summary of Post Development Flows**

Release rates highlighted yellow are uncontrolled rates. 2)

In summary the 2-year 5-year and 100-year post-development flows are 66 L/sec, 89 L/sec and 190 L/sec, respectively. Control of runoff will be achieved using 1) a single inlet control located just downstream of underground storage chambers, and 2) flow-controlled roof drains. These controls will be used to restrict the discharge rates from the site to 10.0 L/sec for the 100-year storm. Table 3 below further identifies the peak flows to each storm sewer.

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	Peak Flow to	Baseline St (L/sec)	orm Sewers	Peak Flov St	Total		
Return Period Storm	Onsite Areas	External Areas	Combined Onsite +	Onsite External Areas Areas		Combined Onsite +	Post-Dev Peak Flows
otonii	1B,1C, 1D,1E,3C	1A, 1G,2A,2B	External Areas	3B	3A,3D	External Areas	(L/sec)
2-year	2.5	44.2	46.6	0.5	18.9	19.3	66.0
5-year	3.1	60.1	63.2	0.6	25.6	26.2	89.4
100-year	6.6	126.8	133.4	1.3	54.9	56.2	189.5

#### Table 4 : Summary of Post-Development Flows

A comparison between Tables 1 and 3 illustrates a reduction in peak flows to meet the allowable discharge rate of 10.1 L/sec from the site.

The following table below summarize the total pre-development peak flows to both storm sewer outlets, for all catchment areas and the catchments within the site only. By controlling post development peak flows to the restrictive rate of 33.5 L/ha/sec the resultant flow reductions of 32% overall and 72% for the site are achieved.

	All Cat	chments		Site Only				
Return Period	Total Peak Flow (L/sec)		% Reduction	Return Period	Total Pe	ak Flow (L/sec)	% Reduction	
Storm	Pre-Dev	Post-Dev	i i cu	Storm	Pre-Dev	Post-Dev	riouuolion	
2-year	95.0	66.0	31%	2-year	13.0	3.6	72%	
5-year	130.1	89.4	31%	5-year	17.6	4.7	74%	
100-year	279.5	189.5	32%	100-year	37.7	10.0 (6.6 controlled) (3.4 uncontrolled)	73%	

#### Table 5 – Comparison of Pre-Development and Post-Development Peak Flows

The control of onsite runoff requires the detention of approximately 150.0 cubic metres. This will be achieved in underground chambers and on the rooftop.

### 6.8 Storage Requirements

Runoff from the site and building roof will be restricted via inlet control devices (ICDs) or with flow-controlled roof drains. Table 5 below summarizes the controlled release rates, and storage requirements for the roof and surface areas. Calculation of the on-site storage has been supported by calculations provided in Appendix D.

A catchbasin capture analysis was considered to demonstrate that the catchbasin system is capable of collecting stormwater during a 100-year storm event and the underground storage system will be utilized as intended. As shown in Appendix A, Figure A3.1, the areas that contribute to the catchbasins are 1B, 1C, and 1D. The respective flows for each area are 26.5 L/sec, 17.0 L/sec, and 5.6 L/sec. Therefore, the total

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flow into the catchbasins is 49.1 L/sec. CB1 has a ponding depth of 0.2m, whereas CB2 has a ponding depth of 0.1m in the 100-year event. Based on Design Chart 4.19: "Inlet Capacity at Road Sag," from the Appendix 7-A.9 of SDG002, the inlet capacity at a sag location was determined for CB1, and CB2 as 160 L/sec, and 60L/sec respectively. Therefore, the catchbasins have a combined capture capacity of 220 L/sec, which is greater than the 100-year peak rate of 49.1 L/sec.

A.r.o.o.	Release Rate (L/s)			<sup>2</sup> Storage Required (m <sup>3</sup> )			Storage	Control	Control
Area	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	Provided (m3)	Location	Туре
Roofs	n/a	13.1	16.1	n/a	17.7	37.4	76.2	Roof	Flow Controlled Roof Drains
Surface Areas (controlled)	2.5	3.1	6.6	n/a	55.4	112.6	112.6	STMH101	ICD
Surface Areas (un-controlled)	1.1	1.6	3.4	none	none	none	none	none	none
<sup>3</sup> Totals	3.6	4.7	10.0	52.3	71.4	150.0	150.0		
Notes: 1-The Storage Required for the Surface Areas were calculated by subtracting the roof areas from the Total. 2-The total storage for the site was determined based on the Modified Rational Method.									

#### Table 6 - Summary of Storage Requirements

3-The Release Rate Totals are for surface areas only, whereas the Storage Required is inclusive of the roofs.

For the building roofs flow-controlled drains are necessary. An estimate of the controlled release rate and associated 100-year storage requirements was completed for the flat roof areas. Table D7 provides the estimated 5-year and 100-year storage requirements for the entire site based on the Modified Rational Method, A combined 100-year storage of 150.0 cubic metres is required based on the allowable discharge rate of 6.6 L/sec. This 6.6 L/sec discharge rate along with the uncontrolled overland flows of 3.4 L/sec results in a total of 10.0 L/sec.

In addition to the above analysis, reference from Table 3.2a (page 17) of the JFSA report indicates that for an imperviousness level of 85% (interpolated) the onsite storage requirements would be 475 m<sup>3</sup>/ha. Based on a site area of 0.30 hectares, results in 142.5 m<sup>3</sup>. This closely matches the 150.0 m<sup>3</sup> volume estimate from Table 5 above. This small increase above the 142.5m<sup>3</sup> is the result of the uncontrolled peak flows that needed to be subtracted from the allowable discharge rate.

During the 100-year event the following summarizes the estimated water depths on the roof and in the underground chambers. It should be noted that the entire 100-year volume will be contained within the chambers and no surface ponding will occur.



Storm	Ponding Depths on Roof (mm)	Water Depth within Underground Chambers (m)
2-year	Not calculated	Not calculated
5-year	49 - 103	0.54
100-year	68 - 141	1.13

#### Table 7 - Summary of Storage Depths

## 6.9 Inlet Control Divide (ICD) Requirements

Inlet control devices will be used to restrict runoff from entering the stormwater system. Inlet control devices for the roofs and surface areas will consist of flow-controlled area and/or roof drains. Table 7 below summarizes the type, release rate and head requirements for each inlet control location.

Post-Dev Area No.	Control Location	Max Flow (L/sec)	Max Head (m)	Туре	Model	Number of Drains	Weir Position
R1 to R6, PST-3C	Roof	1.26 each (or 20gpm)	0.15	Flow Controlled Roof Drain	WATTS-ACCUTROL	22	50% Position
PST-1A to PST-1E	STMH101	6.6	1.8	IPEX Tempest Inlet Control Device	IPEX LMF-75	n/a	n/a

#### Table 8 - Summary of Flow Control

## 6.10 Storm Sewer Design

The storm drainage areas are illustrated in Figure A2 in Appendix A. Drainage areas are shown on this drawing with average runoff coefficients calculated for each inlet. The maximum 100-year discharge rate to the storm sewer is 6.6 L/sec, with an additional 3.6 L/sec of overland flow from the site. A single 250mm storm sewer service (installed at minimum 2%) will be used. A 250mm sewer at 2% has a capacity of 88 L/sec. A 2-year storm design sheet was prepared to confirm adequate capacity is provided for the 2-year storm is provided in Appendix D for reference.

## 6.11 Quality Control Measures

The site is located within the Pinecrest Creek subcatchment as identified in Figure 3.2 (Appendix H) taken form the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area SWM Guidelines (June 2012). As this area discharges directly to the Pinecrest Creek and is upstream of the ORP pipe inlet the following summarizes the specific additional quality and erosion control requirements.

- Runoff Volume Reduction: On-site retention of 10 mm storm.
- Water Quality: 80% TSS removal.
- Erosion Control: Detain 25mm to meet outflow not exceeding 5.8 L/ha/sec.

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As a total suspended solids (TSS) removal efficiency of 80% is required, it is proposed to provide an oil grit separator for quality control. A Stormceptor STC300i will we necessary to provide the minimum 80% TSS and 85% volume reduction. The following summarizes the design parameters used in the sizing of the Stormceptor manhole:

#### Table 9 – Design Parameters Used for Oil Grit Separator Sizing

Parameter	Value Used
Drainage Area	0.29 hectares
Imperviousness	89 %
TSS Removal Requirements	80 %
Runoff Volume Capture	85%
Flow attenuation upstream of OG separator	0.0066 m³/s at 0.012234 ha.m
(taken as 100-yr discharge & storage upstream of OG)	0.0033 m³/s at 0.00617 ha.m
Particle distribution	fine

Output from the PCSWMM for Stormceptor program is provided in Appendix E for reference. A Stormceptor model STC300i is necessary to meet the required TSS removal of 80%. The STC300i will provide an approximate TSS removal of 91%.

To provide the necessary 10mm of volume reduction, the method outlined in Page 2 of Appendix D of the JFSA report was used. The following clarifies the methodology used.

#### Volume Required to Infiltrate the 10mm storm

Runoff Volume = 0.30 ha \* (10 mm - 1.57 mm) \* 10 m3/ha\*mm=  $25.3 \text{ m}^3$ 

An additional depth of granular stone below the infiltration chambers and below the control device will be used to promote the infiltration of a runoff volume of 25.3 m<sup>3</sup>. A design sheet provided from the manufacturer (ADS) for the Stormtech MC-3500 chambers requires twenty-two (22) chambers to provide the required 112.6 m<sup>3</sup>. The granular footprint area under the chambers is 160.4 m<sup>2</sup>. The required depth of an additional bed for infiltration of 25.3 m<sup>3</sup>, is as follows is:

Depth Required (m)	=	Volume / (area *void ratio)
	=	25.3 / (160.4 * 0.4)
	=	0.39 m

This depth and area of additional stone for infiltration is illustrated on the grading plan.

The water table elevation based on the geotechnical report by the Paterson Group Inc. dated January 03, 2019 is 81.58 metres. Therefore, for the underground storage to stay at a minimum of 1m above the water table, the base elevation of the storage media must be 81.58 or higher. The base elevation of the granular base for the structure was set at 82.68.

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#### Erosion Control Requirement for detaining 25mm storm to 5.8 L/ha/sec.

A simplified approach was completed to determine the volume and peak flow that results from the 25mm storm, based on this requirement. In a similar method as above, the 25mm volume was determined as follows:

Erosion Control Volume, (ECV)	=	0.30 ha * (25mm – 1.57mm) * 10 m3/ha*mm
	=	70.3 m <sup>3</sup>

The total 25mm volume that would accumulate in the underground chambers was derived by subtracting the volume that was stored upstream of the chambers on the roof. Using the Modified Rational Method for the roof area only (0.1524 ha), and a release rate of 0.88 L/sec (0.1524 ha at 5.8 L/ha/sec) would result in a 2-year volume of 34 m3. The 2-year volume was used as it was a conservative volume for determining the volume occurring during the 25mm event. Therefore, the volume in the chambers would be:

Required Volume in Chambers to meet ECV	= 70.3 – 34.3 = 36 m <sup>3</sup>
At an EVC of 5.8 L/ha/sec the discharge rate would be:	= 5.8 L./ha/sec * 0.30 ha = 1.74 L/sec

A discharge rate of 1.74 L/sec would occur at a depth above the orifice of 0.075mm for IPEX model LMF-75. Using a 250mm outlet pipe would result in a depth of 0.25m / 2 + 0.075m = 0.20 m above the bottom of the chambers. The total volume provided below this water depth, as taken from the Manufacture's Cumulative Volume Table, would be:

Storage Volume in Chambers (at 0.43m or 9" +8" = 17")	= 1.29 m³/chambers x 22 chambers = 28.3 m³
Storage volume in Endcaps (at 0.43m or 9" +8" = 17")	= 1.29 m³/endcap x 12 endcaps = 15.5 m³
Storage volume in Granular base (0.40 void ratio)	= 160.4 m <sup>2</sup> x 0.229m x 0.40 = 14.7 m <sup>3</sup>

The estimated erosion control storage volume based on at the allowable discharge of 1.74 L/sec would be 58.5 m<sup>3</sup>. This in addition to an approximate volume of 37.4 m<sup>3</sup> on the roof would exceed the required volume. This approach confirms that an appropriate volume is provided for erosion control. The actual discharge rate during the 25mm event would be lower than the calculated rate of 1.74 L/sec.



# 7 Erosion and Sediment Control

During all construction activities, erosion and sedimentation shall be controlled by the following techniques:

- Filter cloth shall be installed between the frame and cover of all adjacent catch basins and catch basin manhole structures.
- Light duty silt fencing will be used to control runoff around the construction area. Silt fencing locations are identified on the site grading and erosion control plan.
- Visual inspection shall be completed daily on sediment control barriers and any damage repaired immediately. Care will be taken to prevent damage during construction operations.
- In some cases barriers may be removed temporarily to accommodate the construction operations. The affected barriers will be reinstated at night when construction is completed.
- Sediment control devices will be cleaned of accumulated silt as required. The deposits will be disposed of as per the requirements of the contract.
- During the course of construction, if the engineer believes that additional prevention methods are required to control erosion and sedimentation, the contractor will install additional silt fences or other methods as required to the satisfaction of the engineer.
- Construction and maintenance requirements for erosion and sediment controls are to comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specification (OPSS) OPSS 805 and City specifications.



# 8 Conclusions

This report addresses site servicing and stormwater runoff from the proposed development located at the 2140 Baseline Road in the City of Ottawa. The proposed 0.305-hectare development by Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. consists of a proposed 14-storey student residence, which is comprised of 140 suites, and ground floor commercial areas.

The following summarizes the servicing requirements for the site:

- The allowable release rate for the site is limited to 10.1 L/sec based on the requirements of "Stormwater Management Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area", JFSA June 2012. This guideline sets the target release rate from the site to a maximum 33.5 L/ha/sec. This equates to a maximum discharge rate of 10.1 L/sec for the 0.30-hectare site. Peak flows more than this target rate will be detained onsite for up to the 100-year storm event.
- To meet the stringent stormwater requirements, underground chambers will be used which will have a single outlet manhole and flow control device (ICD). An IPEX LMF 75 will be used to control flows to 6.6 L/sec at 1.8m head. The total 100-year storage requirement for the site is 150.0m<sup>3</sup>, of which a minimum of 112.6 m<sup>3</sup> will be in underground chambers and 37.4m<sup>3</sup> on the roof.
- In addition, flow from the building rooftops will be restricted to a total maximum flow rate of 16.1 L/sec using flow-controlled roof drains. Total required storage on these rooftop is estimated at 37.4 cubic metres for the 100-year storm. Roof storage provided will be coordinated with the architect and mechanical consultants. An estimate of storage available on the roof areas is 76.2 m<sup>3</sup>. Watts flow-controlled drains are proposed based on 22 drains at 1 weir per drain with each set at the 50% open position having a maximum capture rate each of 20 gpm at 150mm depth.
- An estimated peak sewage flow of 5.7 L/sec based on City Guidelines. A 250mm sewer lateral will be installed with a minimum slope of 3.1% having a full flow capacity of 106 L/sec.
- A review of the sanitary catchment areas tributary to the sanitary sewer system was completed to confirm that adequate capacity is available based on the proposed uses onsite. It was determined that adequate reserve capacity is available in the downstream sewer system to service the proposed development.
- The building will be serviced by two 200mm diameter PVC watermain's, with an isolation valve between the two watermain laterals. The two watermains will be connected directly from the building to the existing watermain on Gemini Way. The use of two parallel watermains is required as the water demand is greater than 50 m<sup>3</sup>/day as noted in Section 4.3.1 of the City's Water Distribution Guidelines.
- Under maximum day plus fire flow conditions, the calculated pressure drop from the municipal watermain to the proposed building is from 37.3 psi to 36.2 psi at the building based on two (2) 200mm water services. In the event one (1) of the 200mm water services is under service or shut off, the estimated pressure drop through a single watermain would be from 37.3 psi to 32.4 psi. Under either of these scenarios, adequate flow and pressure is provided to the building. This meet the City of Ottawa's minimum pressure guideline of 20 psi. Therefore, the existing municipal watermain along Gemini Way has adequate capacity to service the proposed building for both domestic and fire protection.
- The estimated fire flow requirement of 150 L/sec was completed based on the FUS. A review of the total combined flow from hydrants within a 150m distance from the building was completed to confirm that adequate fire flow is available.



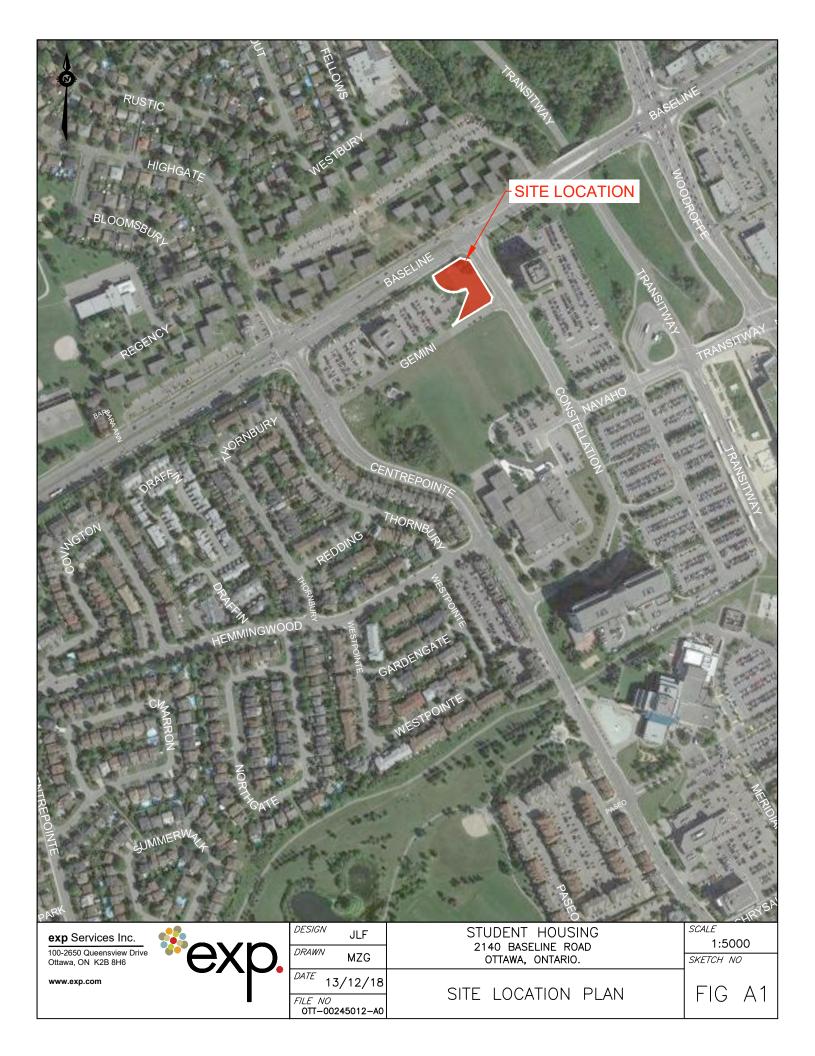
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# **Appendix A – Figures**

Figure A1: Site Location Plan Figure A2: Pre-Development Catchments Figure A3.1: Post-Development Catchments Figure A3.2: Roof Catchments Figure A4: Offsite Sanitary Sewers Figure A5: Fire Hydrant Locations Figure A6: FUS Distances







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JLF DRAWN SAB DATE DEC 2 FILE NO 245

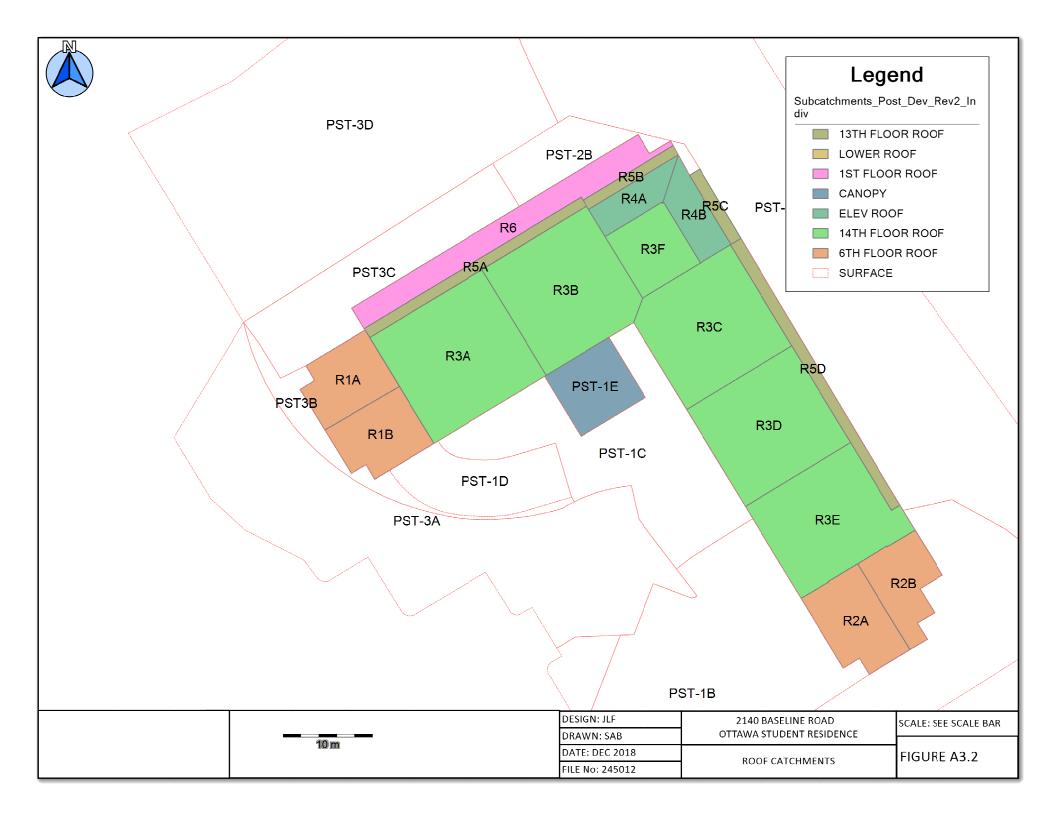
<del>.</del>	2140 BASELINE ROAD	SCALE 1: 750
В	BASELINE CONSTELLATION PARTNERSHIP	FIGURE NO
2018	PRE-DEVELOPMENT	FIG A2
5012	CATCHMENTS	

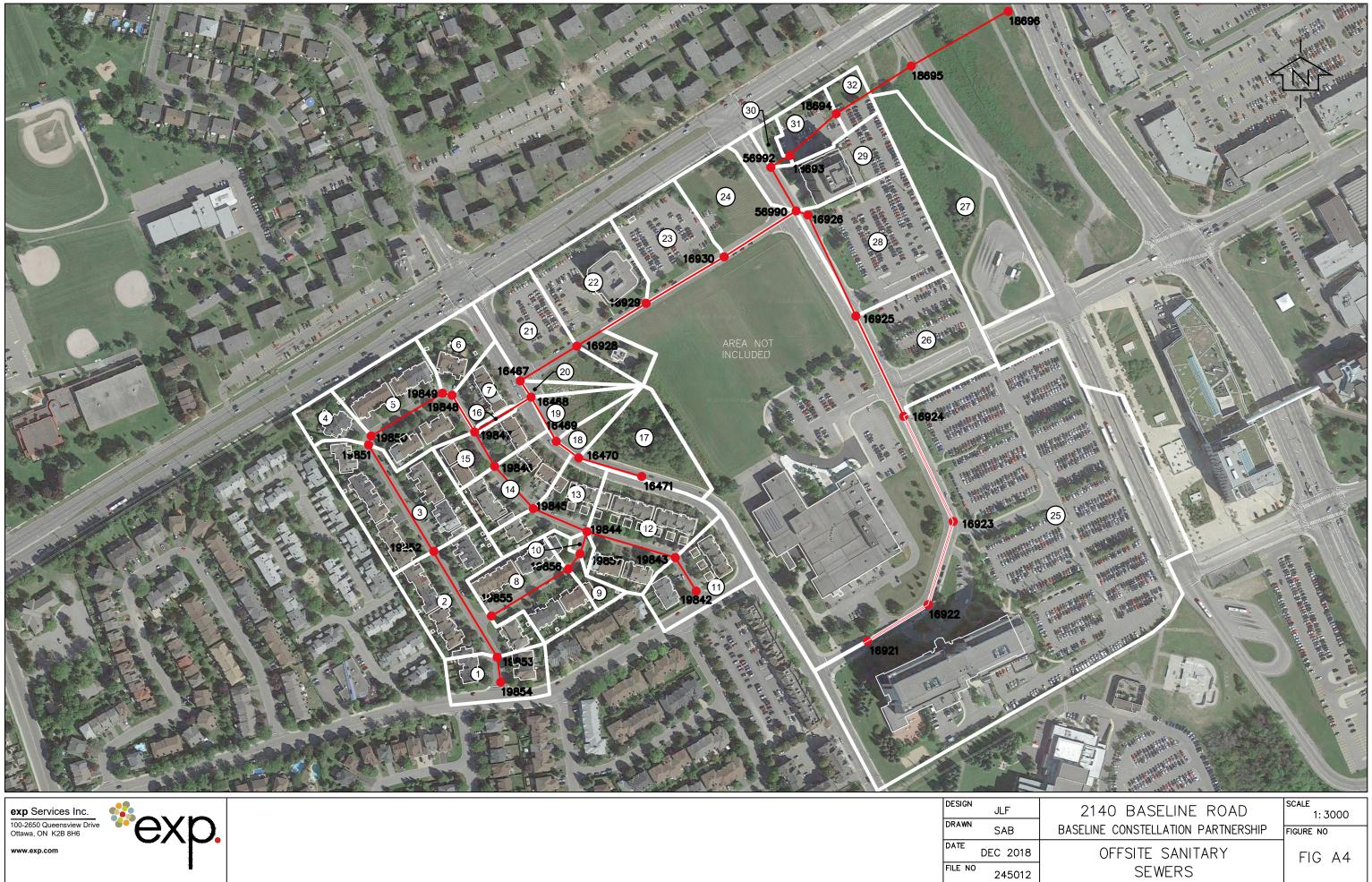


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DRAWN SAE DATE MAR FILE NO 245

F	2140 BASELINE ROAD	scale 1: 750
B	BASELINE CONSTELLATION PARTNERSHIP	FIGURE NO
2019	POST-DEVELOPMENT	FIG A3.1
5012	CATCHMENTS	

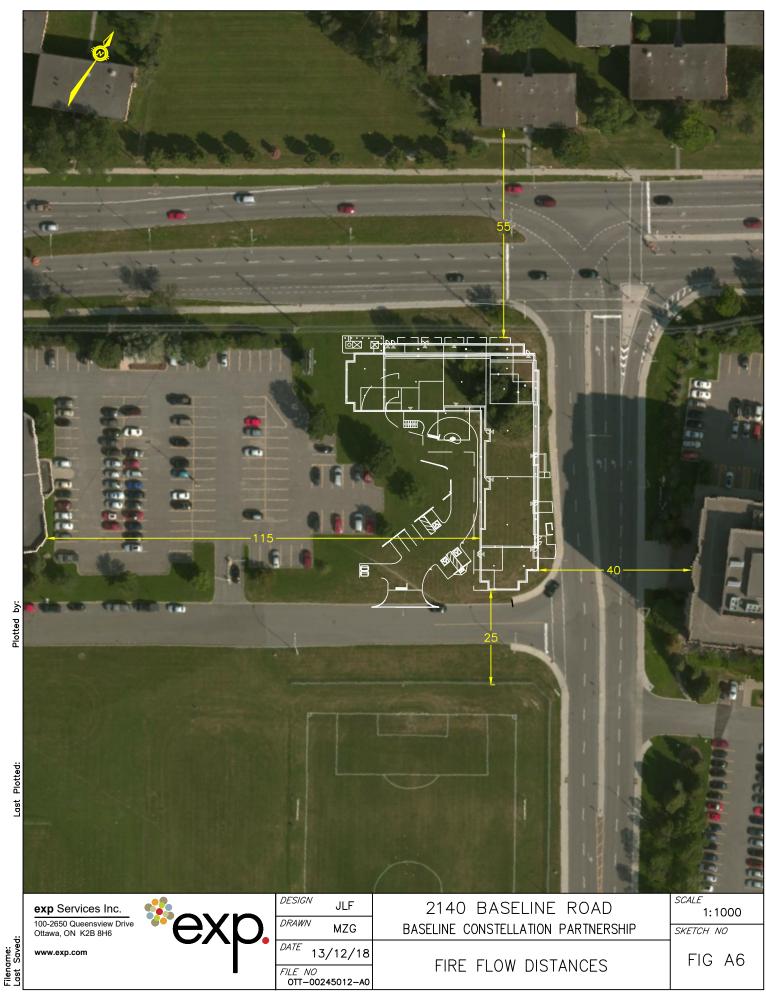








exp Services Inc. 100-2650 Queensview Drive Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6	DESIGN JLF DRAWN SAB	2140 BASELINE ROAD BASELINE CONSTELLATION PARTNERSHIP	SCALE 1:2500 SKETCH NO
www.exp.com	DATE MAR 2019 FILE NO 245012	FIRE HYDRANT LOCATIONS	FIG A5



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# **Appendix B – Sanitary Sewer Design Tables**

**Table B1: Sanitary Sewer Calculation Sheet** 

Table B2: Offsite Sanitary Sewer Calculation Sheet



### Table B1: SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

	LOCA	ATION					RI	ESEDENTI	AL AREAS	AND PO	PULAITO	IS				0	OMMER	CIAL		NDUSTRIA	AL	INSTITU	JTIONAL	IN	FILTRATIO	ON					SEWER D	ATA		
							NUM	IBER OF U	JNITS			POPUL	ATION			ARE	A (ha)		ARE	A (ha)	Peak			AREA	(ha)									
Street	U/S MH	D/S MH	Desc	Area (ha)	Singles	Semis	Towns	1-Bed	2-Bed	3-Bed	4-Bed			Peak	Peak Flow	INDIV	ACCU	Peak Flow	INDIV	ACCU	Factor (per	AREA	ACCU AREA	INDIV	ACCU	INFILT FLOW	TOTAL FLOW	Nom Dia	Actual Dia	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (L/sec)	Q/Q <sub>CAP</sub> (%)	Full Velocity
								Apt.	Apt.	Apt.	Apt.	INDIV	ACCU	Factor	(L/sec)			(L/sec)			MOE)	(Ha)	(Ha)			(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(mm)					(m/s)
Gemini	Bldg	MH 200		0.3050					44	72	36	463.2	463.2	3.39	5.09			0.497				ļ		0.305	0.305	0.10	5.69	250	251.46	4.40	18.600	126.7	4%	2.54
	MH 200	main											463.2	3.39	5.09			0.497							0.305	0.10	5.69	250	251.46	3.10	12.400	106.3	5%	2.14
																					1													
	Î			Î		1				Ì					Ì	Î	1			1									1					
								1																						1				
				0.305					44	72	36	463												0.305										
																										Designed	:			Project:				
			(L/p/day) =		280		Commerci	ial Peak Fa	ictor =			(when are					w, (L/sec) :		P*q*M/8	6.4		Unti Type	<u>.</u>	Persons/L	<u>Init</u>					0440 D-				
or L/gros	-		_/gross ha/d	ay) =	28,000 0.324						1.0	(when are	a <20%)				w, (L/sec) Factor, M		I*Ac	+P^0.5)) *		Singles Semi-Det	achod	3.4 5.7		J. Fitzpat	rick, P.Eng	g.		2140 Bas	eline Road	1		
Institutiana			L/s/ha) =		28,000		Institution	nal Peak Fa	actor =		1.5	(when are	a >20%)			0	a (hectare		1 + (14/(4	+F 0.3))		Townhon		2.7		Checked:				Location				
or L/gros	-	, ,	, .,,		0.324							(when are			P = Popula			,				Single Ap		1.4										
Light Indus			na/day) =		35,000							-	,		•							2-bed Ap		2.1		B. Thoma	as, P.Eng.			Ottawa, 0	Ontario			
or L/gros					0.40509		Residentia	al Correctio	on Factor,	K =	0.80						ap (L/sec)	=	1/N S <sup>1/2</sup>	R <sup>2/3</sup> A <sub>c</sub>		3-bed Ap		3.1										
Light Indus			na/day) =		55,000		Manning I				0.013				(Manning	's Equation	n)					4-bed Ap	t. Unit	4.1		File Refe				Page No:				
or L/gros	ss ha/sec :	=			0.637		Peak extra	aneous flov	w, I (L/s/h	a) =	0.33	(Total I/I)														245012 3 March 20	Sanitary D 19.xlsx	esign Sł	leet,	1 of 1				

#### COMMERICAL FLOWS ESTIMATE BASED ON USES

Ground Floor - Restruarant Areas		
Restuarant/Dining Area (m2) =	350	
Occupancy (persons/m2) =	1.1	
Max Occupancy	318.2	
Avg. Demand (L/per/day) =	125	< (from SDG002, Appendix 4-A)
Avg Demand (L/day) =	39,773	
or L/sec =	0.46	
Ground Floor - Retail Areas		
Retail Areas (m2) =	625	
Avg. Demand (L/m2/day) =	5.0	< (from SDG002, Appendix 4-A)
Avg Demand (L/day) =	3,125	
or L/sec =	0.04	



### Table B2: SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

L	OCATIC	DN						RESED	ENTIAL AF	REAS AND	POPULA	ITONS					c	OMMERC	IAL	11	NDUSTRI/	AL	INSTITU	JTIONAL	IN	FILTRATIO	DN					SEWER I	DATA		
								NUN	/IBER OF U	JNITS			POPUL	ATION			ARE	4 (ha)		AREA	A (ha)	Peak			AREA	(ha)		1					[		
Street	U/S	D/S		Indv	Accu											Peak			Peak			Factor		ACCU			INFILT	TOTAL	Nom	Actual	Slope	Length	Capacity	Q/Q <sub>CAP</sub>	Full
Street	MH	МН	Desc	Area (ha)	Area (ha)	Singles	Semis	Towns	1-Bed	2-Bed	3-Bed	4-Bed			Peak	Flow	INDIV	ACCU	Flow	INDIV	ACCU	(per	AREA	AREA	INDIV	ACCU	FLOW	FLOW	Dia	Dia	(%)	(m)	(L/sec)	(%)	Velocity
									Apt.	Apt.	Apt.	Apt.	INDIV	ACCU	Factor	(L/sec)			(L/sec)			MOE)	(Ha)	(Ha)			(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(mm)					(m/s)
Thornbury Cres	19854	19853	1	0.3743	0.37			8					21.6	21.60	3.70	0.26									0.3743	0.37	0.12	0.38	250	251.46	0.251	31.900	30.2	1.3%	0.61
Thornbury Cres	19853	19852	2	0.7619	1.14			18					48.6	70.20	3.63	0.83									0.7619	1.14	0.37	1.20	250	251.46	0.153	156.430	23.7	5.1%	0.48
Thornbury Cres		19851	3	0.9265	2.06			29					78.3	148.50		1.71									0.9265	2.06	0.68	2.39	250	251.46			27.3	8.8%	0.55
-		19850	4	0.1892	2.25			3					8.1	156.60		1.80									0.1892	2.25	0.74	2.54	250	251.46		11.100	31.4	8.1%	0.63
		19849	5	0.7531	3.01			22					59.4	216.00		2.46									0.7531	3.01	0.99	3.45	250	251.46		105.190	27.6	12.5%	0.55
,		19848	6	0.3004	3.31			4					10.8	226.80		2.57									0.3004	3.31	1.09	3.66	250	251.46			29.8	12.3%	0.60
Thornbury Cres	19848	19847	1	0.2730	3.58			6					16.2	243.00	3.49	2.75									0.2730	3.58	1.18	3.93	250	251.46	0.166	54.360	24.6	16.0%	0.49
Deal diama Maria	10055	10050	0	0.5700	0.50			00					<b>00</b> 4	00.40		0.70									0.5700	0.50	0.40	0.00	050	054.40	0.407			0.70/	0.50
, °	19855		8	0.5786	0.58			23					62.1		3.64	0.73									0.5786	0.58	0.19	0.92	250	251.46			24.7	3.7%	0.50
	19856		9	0.1309	0.71			1					2.7	64.80		0.76									0.1309	0.71	0.23	1.00	250	251.46			24.7	4.0%	0.50
Redding Way	19007	19844	10	0.0421	0.75									64.80	3.63	0.76									0.0421	0.75	0.25	1.01	250	251.46	0.171	29.320	24.9	4.1%	0.50
Thornbury Cres	108/2	19843	11	0.5019	0.50			10		<b> </b>			27	27.00	2.60	0.32									0.5019	0.50	0.17	0.49	250	251.46	0 190	49.990	25.6	1.9%	0.51
		19844	11	0.5019	1.30			22					27 59.4	86.40	3.69 3.61	1.01									0.5019	1.30	0.17	0.49	250 250	251.46	_	49.990	25.6	1.9% 5.1%	0.51
mombuly cles	13043	13044	12	0.1942	1.30			~~~					59.4	00.40	3.01	1.01									0.1942	1.30	0.43	1.44	200	201.40	0.215	110.230	20.0	5.170	0.50
Thornbury Cres	19844	19845	13	0.3995	2.45			9					24.3	175.50	3.53	2.01							<del> </del>		0.3995	2.45	0.81	2.82	250	251.46	0 177	73.530	25.4	11.1%	0.51
		19846	13	0.3993	2.45			9 14					24.3 37.8	213.30		2.01							<del> </del>		0.3995	2.45	0.81	3.38	250	251.46		73.530	25.4	12.7%	0.51
Thornbury Cres			14	0.4391	3.22			14					37.8	213.30		2.43									0.4391	3.22	1.06	3.30	250	251.46			20.0	12.7%	0.53
		10011	10	0.0070	5.22								55.1	240.40	5.49	2.01									0.3370	J.22	1.00	5.07	200	201.40	0.120	00.210	21.0	10.2 /0	0.43
Thornbury Cres	19847	16468	16	0.0225	6.82									491.40	3.38	5.38							1		0.0225	6.82	2.25	7.63	250	251.46	0 191	83.620	26.4	28.9%	0.53
Thombary croc	10011	10100	10	0.0220	0.02									401.40	3.80	0.00									0.0220	0.02	2.20	1.00	200	201.40	0.101	00.020	20.4	20.070	0.00
Centrepointe Dr	16471	16471	17	0.5568	0.557										3.80		0.557	0.557	0.271						0.5568	0.557	0.18	0.45	250	251.46	0.193	83.000	26.5	1.7%	0.53
		16469	18	0.1145	0.671										3.80		0.115	0.671	0.326						0.1145	0.671	0.22	0.55	250	251.46			35.4	1.5%	0.71
	16469	16468	19	0.2006	0.872										3.80		0.201	0.872	0.424						0.2006	0.872	0.29	0.71	300	299.36		64.300	53.6	1.3%	0.68
-			-																				1												
Centrepinte Dr	16468	16467	20	0.7690	8.5									491.4	3.38	5.38	0.769	1.6	0.798						0.7690	8.5	2.79	8.97	300	299.36	0.162	24.670	38.7	23.2%	0.49
Gemini Way	16467	16928	21	0.6521	9.1									491.4	3.38	5.38	0.652	2.3	1.115						0.6521	9.1	3.01	9.51	300	299.36			15.0	63.5%	0.19
Gemini Way	16928	16929	22	0.8329	10.0		1				1	1		491.4	3.38	5.38	0.833	3.1	1.520						0.8329	10.0	3.28	10.19	300	299.36	0.136	103.130	35.4	28.8%	0.45
Gemini Way	16929	16930	23	0.5604	10.5		1				1	1		491.4	3.38	5.38	0.560	3.7	1.792						0.5604	10.5	3.47	10.64	300	299.36	0.131	114.850	34.7	30.6%	0.44
Gemini Way	16930	56990	24	0.4975	11.0		1			44	72	36	463.2	954.6	3.25	10.05	0.498	4.2	2.034						0.4975	11.0	3.63	15.72	300	299.36	0.204	107.740	43.4	36.2%	0.55
Gemini Way	16921	16922	25	6.8141	6.8										3.80		6.814	6.8	3.312						6.8141	6.8	2.25	5.56	250	251.46	0.170	88.340	24.9	22.3%	0.50
Gemini Way	16922	16923			6.8																					6.8	2.25	2.25	250	251.46	0.201	109.640	27.1	8.3%	0.54
Gemini Way	16923	16924			6.8																					6.8	2.25	2.25	250	251.46	0.217	147.420	28.1	8.0%	0.57
Gemini Way	16924	16925	26	0.8776	7.7										3.80		0.878	7.7	3.739						0.8776	7.7	2.54	6.28	250	251.46	0.171	140.700	24.9	25.2%	0.50
Gemini Way	16925	16926	27,28	2.2755	10.0										3.80		2.276	10.0	4.845						2.2755	10.0	3.29	8.13	250	251.46	0.221	140.550	28.4	28.7%	0.57
Gemini Way	16926	56990			10.0																					10.0	3.29	3.29	250	251.46	0.121	16.580	21.0	15.7%	0.42
	56990	56992	29	0.6071	21.6									954.6	3.25	10.05	0.607	14.8	7.174						0.6071	21.6	7.12	24.35	300	299.36	0.458	52.400	65.1	37.4%	0.82
Constellation Dr				0.0826	21.7		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					3.25	10.05		14.8	7.214				<u> </u>		0.0826	21.7	7.15			299.36	_	27.610	66.0	37.0%	
Constellation Dr			31	0.2582	21.9	ļ	ļ	l	ļ	l	ļ	ļ		954.6		10.05	0.258	15.1	7.340			ļ	<u> </u>		0.2582	21.9	7.23	24.63	300	299.36		78.830	36.0	68.5%	0.45
		18695	32	0.1539	22.1	ļ	<b> </b>		ļ		ļ	ļ		954.6		10.05	0.154	15.3	7.415				<u> </u>		0.1539	22.1	7.29	24.75	300	299.36			55.8	44.3%	0.70
Constellation Dr	18695	18696		ļ	22.1	ļ	<b> </b>		ļ		ļ	ļ		954.6	3.25	10.05	ļ	15.3	7.415				<u> </u>			22.1	7.29	24.75	300	299.36	0.187	139.010	41.6	59.5%	0.52
																													<u> </u>			<u> </u>	L		
				22.1				182		44	72	36	955												22.077						-				
																											Designed	1:			Project:				
Residential Avg. Dail	•		-			280		Commerc	ial Peak Fa	ctor =			(when are					w, (L/sec) =		P*q*M/86	5.4		Unti Type		Persons/U	nit									
Commercial Avg. Da		(L/gross h	a/day) =			28,000						1.0	(when are	a <20%)				w, (L/sec) =		I*Ac	DAG 511 *	K	Singles		3.4		J. Fitzpat	trick, P.Eng	g.		2140 Bas	seline Road	t		
or L/gross ha/sec		(1/c/ba)				0.324		Inctituti	nal Doals E-	ctor -		4 -	(whom are	a > 200/ )				Factor, M =		1 + (14/(4-	+₽^0.5)) *	к	Semi-Deta		2.7		Chockad				Location	<del> </del>			
Institutianal Avg. Da		(L/S/ha) =	:			28,000		institutior	nal Peak Fa	clor =			(when are					a (hectares	)				Townhom Single Ant		2.7		Checked	•			Location	<u>.                                    </u>			
or L/gross ha/sec : Light Industrial Flow		ha/daw	_			0.324 35,000						1.0	(when are	a <20%)		r = ropul	ation (thou	sanus)					Single Apt		1.4		B Thom	as, P.Eng.			Ottawa.	Ontaria			
Light Industrial Flow or L/gross ha/sec :		siia/udy)	-					Residentia	al Correctio	n Factor	< =	0 00				Sewer Ca	nacity Oca	p (L/sec) =		1/N S <sup>1/2</sup> F	R <sup>2/3</sup> A		2-bed Apt 3-bed Apt		2.1		ם. יווטווז	aə, ⊢.⊑ııy.			Juawa, U	JILANU			
Light Industrial Flow		s ha/dav)	=			0.40509 55,000		Manning				0.80 0.013					's Equation			_/it 5	· · · c		4-bed Apt		3.1 4.1		File Refe	rence:			Page No:				
or L/gross ha/sec :						0.637		-	aneous flov	w.  (L/s/h;	a) =		(Total I/I)			(1410111111g	5 Lquation	· /					+ seu Apt	01111	4.1			Offsite Sar	nitary De	sian	1				
						0.007				, · (_, 5, 11	,	0.55	,, -, -,															arch 2019.		Joigin	1 of 1				
																												20.0.			1				



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# **Appendix C – Water Servicing Design Tables**

Table C1: Water Demand Chart

- Table C2: Fire Flow Requirements based on Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) 1999
- Table C3: Estimated Water Pressure at Proposed Building
- Table C4: Fire Flow Contributions Based on Hydrant Spacing



# TABLE C1: Water Demand Chart

Location:	2140 Bas	eline Roa	he									Population	Densiti	<b>e</b> s											
Project No:	OTT-0024											Single Fami				3.4	person/u	nit							
Designed by:	J.Fitzpatr		•									Semi-Detah	,			2.7	person/u						·**C	vr	<b>`</b>
Checked By:	B. Thoma		•									Duplex				2.3	person/u						C	///	<b>/</b> •
Date Revised:	March 20		•									Townhome	(Row)			2.7	person/u								
			•									Bachelor A		nt		1.4	person/u							•	
Water Consumpt	ion											1 Bedroom				1.4	person/u								
Residential =	350	L/cap/d	av									2 Bedroom	Apartm	nent		2.1	person/u								
Commercial =		L/1000r										3 Bedroom	•			3.1	person/u								
	3,000	2/ 10001	n /uuy									4 Bedroom	•			4.1	person/u								
												Avg. Apartr		.c.nc		1.8	person/u								
				No. of R	aaidan	tiol lin	ita					Ba	aidanti	Domo	ands in (L/s				Com				Total	Demands	
				NO. OF R	esiden	uai Un	115	_		_		Re	Pea		anus in (L/S					nercial king			Total	Jemands	(L/Sec)
	Sin	gles/Sen	nis/Tow	ns			Apart	tments						tors						tors					
		<b>J</b>												g Day)						g Day)					
				٥		-	c	_	c																
		ed	N	ownhome	P	Bedroom	Bedroom	Bedroom	Bedroom	÷	Total	Ave. Dave			May Davi	Peak		Avg			May Dave	Peak	A	Marr	Max
Proposed	ilty a	i- ach	lex.	ų r	hel	gr	gre	gr	gr	Ā	Persons	Avg. Day Demand	Max	Peak	Max Day Demand	Hour Demand		Demand	Max	Peak	Max Day Demand	Hour Demand	Avg Day	Max Day	Max Hour
Buildings	Single Familty	Semi- Detached	zxəldııC	0	Bachelor	ä	ä	ä	ä	Avg Apt.	(pop)	(L/day)	Day	Hour	(L/day)	(L/day)	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )		Day	Hour	(L/day)	(L/day)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)
-		<i></i>				~					,	( <b>,</b> )			( <b>j</b> )	( <b>j</b> )		(-/ //			( <b>j</b> /	( <b>,</b> )/	(=:-)	()	(/
Residential Units							44	72	36		463.2	162,120	2.97	4.45	482,080	720,980							1.88	5.58	8.34
Commercial (Ground Flr)																		42,898	1.50	2.70	64,347	115,824	0.50	0.74	1.34
· · · · ·								1								1	1			Î					
								1																	
																1	1								
Total =							44	72			463.2	162,120			482,080	720,980							2.37	6.32	9.69
PEAKING FACTORS I	FROM MOE	CC TABLE			ors for V	Vater Sy	vstems S	Servicing	Fewer	Than 50	0 persons														
		Night	Maxim um	Peak																					
Dwelling Units	Equiv	Min	Day	Hour																					
Serviced	Pop	Factor	Factor								Ground Flo	or - Restruara	ant Area	s		Ground Flo	or - Retail A	reas							
10	30	0.10	9.50	14.30								Dining Area		350		Retail Areas			625						
50	150	0.10	4.90	7.40	]							(persons/m2)		1.1		Avg. Demar	nd (L/m2/day	y) =	5						
100	300	0.20	3.60	5.40	]						Max Occup	ancy		318.18		- (from SD	G002, Apper	ndix 4-A)							
150	450	0.30	3.00	4.50								nd (L/per/day)		125		Avg Deman	d (L/day) =		3,125						
167	500	0.40	2.90	4.30							- (from SD Avg Deman	G002, Append		39,773											

#### TABLE C2: FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS BASED ON FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY(FUS) 1999 PROJECT: 2140 Baseline Road



An estimate of the Fire Flow required for a given fire area may be estimated by:

#### F = 220 \* C \* SQRT(A)

where:

10.1m to 20m 20.1m to 30m 30.1m to 45m > 45.1m

5 6

F = required fire flow in litres per minute

A = total floor area in  $m^2$  (including all storeys, but excluding basements at least 50% below grade) C = coefficient related to the type of construction

Task	Options	Multiplier			Inpu	t	Value Used	Fire Flow Total (L/min)
	Wood Frame	1.5						
Choose Building	Ordinary Construction	1						
Frame (C)	Non-combustible Construction	0.8	1	Non-com	bustible	Construction	0.8	
	Fire Resistive Construction	0.6						
			Area	% Used	Area Used			
	Floor 14		1049					
	Floor 13		1179					
	Floor 12		1179					
	Floor 11		1179					
	Floor 10		1179	50%	590			
Input Building	Floor 9		1179	50%	590			
Floor Areas (A)	Floor 8		1179	50%	590			
	Floor 7		1179	50%	590	100% of 2 largest floors		
	Floor 6 Floor 5		1179 1483	50% 50%	590 742	+ 50% of all floors		
	Floor 4		1483	50%	742	above them up to eight	8165.0 m <sup>2</sup>	
	Floor 3		1483	50%	742			
	Floor 2		1483	100%	1.483			
	Floor 1 (Ground Floor Comn	nercial)	1510	100%	1,510	1		
	Basement (At least 50% belo		0			•		
Fire Flow (F) Total	F = 220 * C * SQRT(A)	- '						15,903
	Rounded to nearest 1,000							16,000

#### Reductions/Increases Due to Factors Effecting Burning

Task	Options		Multipl	ier				Input			Value Used	Fire Flow Change (L/min)	Fire Flov Total (L/min)
Choose	Non-combustible		-25%	D									
Combustibility of	Limited Combustible		-15%	0									
Building Contents	Combustible		0%				Limited	l Combustib	le		-15%	-2400	13600
for Floors 2-14	Free Burning		15%		1								
10111001012	Rapid Burning		25%										
	Adequate Sprinkler Conforms to NFPA13		-30%	, D		Adequa	te Sprinkl	er Conforms	s to NFPA13		-30%	-4,080	9,520
	No Sprinkler		0%										
Choose Reduction Due to Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for Fire Department Hose Line and for Sprinkler System		-10%		Standard	Water Su		Fire Departm kler System	nent Hose Lin	e and for	-10%	-1,600	7,920
System	<b>Not</b> Standard Water Supply or Unavailable		0%										
	Fully Supervised Sprinkler System		-10%	, D		Ν	iot Fully S	upervised o	r N/A		0%	0	7,920
	Not Fully Supervised or N/A		0%	-				-		0,0	Ū	7,020	
		_					E	xposed Wall	Length				
	Exposures	Separ- ation Dist	Cond	Separation Conditon	Exposed Wall type	Length (m)	No of Storeys	Lenth- height	Sub- Conditon	Charge (%)	Total Charge	Total Exposure Charge	
Choose Structure Exposure Distance		(m)				(111)	Storeys	Factor	condition	(70)	(%)	(L/min)	
•	Side 1 (west)	115	6	> 45.1	Type B	38	4	152	6	0%			
	Side 2 (east)	40	5	30.1 to 45	Туре В	25	8	200	5E	5%	11%	1,496	9,416
	Front (north)	55	6	> 45.1	Type B	16	3	48	6	0%	1170	1,490	9,410
	Back (south)	25	4	20.1 to 30	Type B	15	15	30	4A	6%	1		
Obtain Required				-			Tot	al Required	Fire Flow, R	ounded to the	ne Nearest	1.000 L/min =	9.000
Fire Flow												re Flow, L/s =	150
	lassified as C-3 (Combustible) le material does not exceed 1											e total square	foot area
xposure Charges for	Exposing Walls of Wood Frame Wood-Frame or non-conbustible		ruciton (f	rom Table G5	)								
ype A ype B	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with u		lopenings										
ype D ype C	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with s												
ype D	Ordinary or fire-resisitve with b												
onditons for Separat													
eparation Dist m to 3m	Condition												
.1m to 10m	2												
0.1m to 20m	2 3												
0.1m to 30m	4												
0.1m to 45m	5												

\POTTFSG002\Data\Projects\Civil:245000\OTT-00245012-A0 - 2140 Baseline Road - Theberge\60-EXECUTION\62-DESIGN\2019-03-14 3rd Submission Servicing & SWM\245012 FUS Fire Flow Calc, March 2019.xlsx

				Pipe			Slope of		Elev							
			Demand	Length	Pipe Dia		HGL	Head	From	Elev To	*Elev	Pressu	re From	Pressu	re To	Pressure
Description	From	То	(L/sec)	(m)	(mm)	Dia (m)	(m/m)	Loss (m)	(m)	(m)	Diff (m)	kPa	(psi)	kPa	(psi)	Drop (psi)
				1							1	1	1		T	1
Avg Day Conditons												1			1	1
Single 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	2.370	29 m	204	0.204	5.6E-05	0.0016	83.33	83.10	0.2	479.2	(69.5)	481.5	(69.8)	-0.3
Double 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	1.185	29 m	204	0.204	1.5E-05	0.0004	83.33	83.10	0.2	479.2	(69.5)	481.5	(69.8)	-0.3
Max Day Conditons																
Single 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	6.320	29 m	204	0.204	0.00034	0.0098	83.33	83.10	0.2	479.2	(69.5)	481.4	(69.8)	-0.3
Double 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	3.160	29 m	204	0.204	9.5E-05	0.0027	83.33	83.10	0.2	479.2	(69.5)	481.4	(69.8)	-0.3
Peak Hour Conditons																
Single 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	9.690	29 m	204	0.204	0.00076	0.0216	83.33	83.10	0.2	409.6	(59.4)	411.6	(59.7)	-0.3
Double 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	4.845	29 m	204	0.204	0.00021	0.006	83.33	83.10	0.2	409.6	(59.4)	411.8	(59.7)	-0.3
												1			1	1
Max Day Plus Fireflow Condito	ons				1		1					1		1	1	1
Single 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	156.3	29 m	204	0.204	0.13086	3.7294	83.33	83.10	0.2	257.5	(37.3)	223.2	(32.4)	5.0
Double 200mm watermain	Main	Basement	78.160	29 m	204	0.204	0.03625	1.0331	83.33	83.10	0.2	257.5	(37.3)	249.6	(36.2)	1.1
Max Day Plus Fireflow Condito	ons (Review of	150mm diame	ter)													
Single 150mm watermain	Main	Basement	156.3	29 m	150	0.150	0.58496	16.671	83.33	83.10	0.2	257.5	(37.3)	96.2	(14.0)	23.4
Double 150mm watermain	Main	Basement	78.160	29 m	150	0.150	0.16204	4.6181	83.33	83.10	0.2	257.5	(37.3)	214.5	(31.1)	6.2
<u>Water Demand Info</u> Average Demand =	2.37	L/sec				Pipe Le	<u>ngths</u> atermain to	مناطنهم	_				29 m			
Max Day Demand =	6.32	L/sec								Loss in Pi	ne C=		110			
Peak Hr Deamand =	9.69	L/sec				TIGZCIT V	villariis O		i i notion	2000 1111	pc, <b>0</b> -		110			
Fireflow Requriement =	150	L/sec														
Max Day Plus FF Demand =	156.3	L/sec														
Boundary Conditon																
	Min HGL	Max HGL	Peak Hour	Max Day	Plus Firef											
HGL (m)	127.5	134.6	127.5	112.0		(From C	ity of Otta	wa)								
Approx Ground Elev (m) =	85.75	85.75	85.75	85.75												
Pressure (m) =	41.75	48.85	41.75	26.25												
Pressure (Pa) =	409,568	479,219	409,568	257,513												
Pressure (psi) =	59.4	69.5	59.4	37.3												
1																

#### TABLE C3: ESTIMATED WATER PRESSURE AT PROPOSED BUILDING



### TABLE C4: FIRE FLOW CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON HYDRANT SPACING

Hydrant #	Location	<sup>3</sup> Straight Distance (m)	<sup>1</sup> Distance (m)	<sup>2</sup> Fire Flow Contribution (L/min)	Comment
362023H021	Gemini Way	113	175	0	
362023H023	Gemini Way	57	102	3800	
362023H197	Gemini Way	18	72	5700	
362023H217	Constellation Cres	75	75	3800	
Total Fireflow Av	vailable in L/min (L/sec)	•	-	13,300	-
or L/sec				(222)	
FUS RFF in L/min	1			9,000	
or L/sec				(150)	
Meets Requreim	ent (Yes/No)			Yes	
Notes:	sured along a road or fire				

<sup>1</sup>Distance is measured along a road or fire route.

<sup>2</sup>Fire Flow Contribution for Class AA Hydrant from Table 1 of Appendix I, ISTB-2018-02

<sup>3</sup>Straight distance from hydrant ot closest part of building.

Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. 2140 Baseline Road OTT-00245012-A0 June 14, 2019

# **Appendix D – Stormwater Design Tables**

Table D1: Estimation of Catchment Time of Concentration Under Pre-Development Conditions

- Table D2: Pre-Development Runoff Calculations
- Table D3: Allowable Runoff Calculations (Site Only)
- Table D4: Average Runoff Coefficient (Post Developments)
- Table D5: Summary of Post Development Runoff (Uncontrolled and Controlled)
- Table D6: Summary of Total Storage Required & Provided
- Table D7: Storage Volumes for 2-year, 5-Year and 100-Year Storms (Areas 1A-1E, 3C,Roofs)
- Table D8: 5-Year & 100-Year Roof Design Sheet For Roof Drains Using Flow Controlled Drains
- Table D9: MC-3500 Site Calculator
- Table D10: 2-year Storm Sewer Calculation Sheet



Catchment No.	Sub Catchment	Outlet Location	Area (ha)	Indiv Area (ha)	High Elev (m)	Low Elev (m)	Flow Path Length (m)	Indiv Slope	Avg. C	Time of Conc. Tc	Description
PRE-1			0.1625								
PRE-1A	1A	Storm Sewer ON		0.0208	86.40	86.32	6.7	1.2%	0.20	7.12	areas u/s site
PRE-1B	1B	Gemini Way		0.0736	86.75	86.55	12.0	1.7%	0.20	8.59	within site
PRE-1C	1C			0.0682	86.55	86.47	4.0	2.0%	0.57	2.75	areas d/s site
PRE-2		Starm Course ON	0.2302								
PRE-2A	2A	Storm Sewer ON Constellation Dr		0.0903	86.50	86.14	12.8	2.8%	0.20	7.46	within site
PRE-2B	2B	Constellation Di		0.1399	86.14	86.04	5.00	2.0%	0.80	1.74	areas d/s site
PRE-3			0.3100								
PRE-3A	3A	Storm Sewers on		0.0688	86.32	86.17	8.40	1.8%	0.20	7.02	areas u/s site
PRE-3B	3B	Baseline Rd		0.1376	86.32	85.86	27.20	1.7%	0.20	12.87	within site
PRE-3C	3C			0.1036	85.45	85.11	17.00	2.0%	0.69	4.38	areas d/s site
totals		onsite areas only (1E	0.7027 3, 2A,3B)>	0.7027 0.3014			<u>.</u>				

#### TABLE D1: ESTIMATION OF CATCHMENT TIME OF CONCENTRATION UNDER PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

#### TABLE D2: PRE-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF CALCULATIONS

<b>A</b> 112 - 1	Cult Anna	Time of		Storm = 2 yr			Storm = 5 y	r	9	Storm = 100 yr		Breakdow	n of Peak 10	00-yr Flows (L/sec)
Area Description	Sub-Area (ha)	Conc, Tc (min)	l₅ (mm/hr)	Cavg	Q <sub>5PRE</sub> (L/sec)	l₅ (mm/hr)	Cavg	Q <sub>5PRE</sub> (L/sec)	l <sub>100</sub> (mm/hr)	Cavg	Q <sub>100PRE</sub> (L/sec)	U/S Site	Onsite	D/S Site
PRE-1														
PRE-1A	0.0208	7.12	90.01	0.20	1.0	122.54	0.20	1.4	210.1	0.25	3.0	3.0		
PRE-1B	0.0736	8.59	82.70	0.20	3.4	112.42	0.20	4.6	192.6	0.25	9.9		9.9	
PRE-1C	0.0682	2.75	124.22	0.57	13.4	170.21	0.57	18.4	292.7	0.71	39.5			39.5
sub-total	0.1625				17.8			24.4			52.4	3.0	9.9	39.5
PRE-2														
PRE-2A	0.0903	7.46	88.17	0.20	4.4	119.99	0.20	6.0	205.7	0.25	12.9		12.9	
PRE-2B	0.1399	1.74	136.86	0.80	42.6	187.99	0.80	58.5	323.6	1.00	125.9			125.9
sub-total	0.2302				47.0			64.5			138.8		12.9	125.9
PRE-3														
PRE-3A	0.0688	7.02	90.54	0.20	3.5	123.27	0.20	4.7	211.4	0.25	10.1	10.1		
PRE-3B	0.1376	12.87	67.31	0.20	5.1	91.22	0.20	7.0	156.0	0.25	14.9		14.9	
PRE-3C	0.1036	4.38	108.43	0.69	21.6	148.13	0.69	29.4	254.4	0.86	63.2			63.2
sub-total	0.3100				30.2			41.1			88.2	10.1	14.9	63.2
Total Site	0.7027				95.0			130.1			279.5	13.1	37.7	228.6
Notes 1) Intensity, I = 9 2) Intensity, I = 1					a)		•			stellation Dr = Baseline Rd =	191.2 88.2			

3) Cavg for 100-year is increased by 25% to a maximum of 1.0

### TABLE D3: ALLOWABLE RUNOFF CALCULATIONS (SITE ONLY)

Area (onsite)	Area (ha)	Discharge Rate (L/ha/sec)	Q <sub>ALLOW</sub> (L/sec)	Desc
PRE-1B	0.0736	33.5	2.5	
PRE-2A	0.0903	33.5	3.0	
PRE-3B	0.1376	33.5	4.6	
Total	0.3014	33.5	10.1	
Notes 1) Allowable Capture Rate is b 2) Intensity, I5 = 998.071/(Tc+ 3) Discharge rate based on "St	6.035)^0.81	14 (5-year, City of Ottawa	)	/Westboro

Area, JFSA June 2012"

### TABLE D4: AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS (Post Development)

Runoff Coeffien	ts	C <sub>ASPH/CONC</sub> =	<u>0.90</u>	C <sub>ROOF</sub> =	<u>0.90</u>	C <sub>GRASS</sub> =	<u>0.20</u>			
Area No.	Asphalt /Conc Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )	A * C <sub>ASPH</sub>	Roof Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )	A * C <sub>ROOF</sub>	Grassed Areas (m <sup>2</sup> )	A * C <sub>GRASS</sub>	Sum AC	Total Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	C <sub>AVG</sub> (see note)	Comment
PST-1A								208	0.20	Surface Area
PST-1B								629	0.68	Surface Area
PST-1C								342	0.84	Surface Area
PST-1D								112	0.90	Surface Area
PST-1E								71	0.90	Surface Area
PST-1F (R1)								135	0.90	Flat Roof (6th floor)
PST-1F (R2)								141	0.90	Flat Roof (6th floor)
PST-1F (R3)								968	0.90	Flat Roof (14th floor)
PST-1F (R4)								73	0.90	Flat Roof (stairwell)
PST-1F (R5)								102	0.90	Flat Roof (13th floor)
PST-1F (R6)								105	0.90	Flat Roof (1st floor)
PST-1G								690	0.68	Surface Area
PST-2A								1400	0.82	Surface Area
PST-2B								51	0.67	Surface Area
PST-3A								669	0.20	Surface Area
PST-3B								61	0.35	Surface Area
PST-3C								228	0.64	Surface Area
PST-3D								1036	0.71	Surface Area
Total								7,022		
Note: Cavg deri	ved with area-	weighting c	ommand ir	PCSWMM						

		Time of		Storm :	= 2 yr			Storr	n = 5 yr			Sto	rm = 100 yr	r	
Auge Ne	A	Conc, Tc (min)	6	L (100 00 (b m)	Q	Q <sub>CAP</sub>	6	L (100 00 (b r))	Q	0 (1/200)	c	I <sub>100</sub>	Q	0 (1/200)	Commente
Area No	Area (ha)		C <sub>AVG</sub>	I <sub>2</sub> (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	C <sub>AVG</sub>	I₅ (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	Q <sub>CAP</sub> (L/sec)	C <sub>AVG</sub>	(mm/hr)	(L/sec)	Q <sub>CAP</sub> (L/sec)	Comments
PST-1B	0.0629	10	0.68	76.81	9.1		0.68	104.19	12.4		0.85	178.56	26.5		to CB1
PST-1C	0.0342	10	0.84	76.81	6.1		0.84	104.19	8.3		1.00	178.56	17.0		to CB2
PST-1D	0.0112	10	0.90	76.81	2.2		0.90	104.19	2.9		1.00	178.56	5.6		to trench drain
PST-1E	0.0071	10	0.90	76.81	1.4		0.90	104.19	1.9		1.00	178.56	3.5		flow controlled drains
PST-1F (R1)	0.0135	10	0.90	76.81	2.6		0.90	104.19	3.5		1.00	178.56	6.7		flow controlled drains
PST-1F (R2)	0.0141	10	0.90	76.81	2.7	(2.5)	0.90	104.19	3.7	(3.1)	1.00	178.56	7.0	(6.6)	flow controlled drains
PST-1F (R3)	0.0968	10	0.90	76.81	18.6		0.90	104.19	25.2		1.00	178.56	48.0		flow controlled drains
PST-1F (R4)	0.0073	10	0.90												
PST-1F (R5)	0.0102	10		0.90         76.81         2.0         0.90         104.19         2.7         1.00         178.56         5.1         flow controlled drains											
PST-1F (R6)	0.0105	10	0.90												
PST-3C	0.0228	4.67	0.64												
PST-1A	0.0208	10	0.20	76.81	0.9	0.9	0.20	104.19	1.2	1.2	0.25	178.56	2.6	2.6	uncontrolled offsite
PST-1G	0.0690	10	0.68	76.81	10.0	10.0	0.68	104.19	13.6	13.6	0.85	178.56	29.1	29.1	uncontrolled offsite
PST-2A	0.1400	5.22	0.82	101.95	32.5	32.5	0.82	138.93	44.3	44.3	1.00	238.80	92.9	92.9	uncontrolled offsite
PST-2B	0.0051	10	0.67	76.81	0.7	0.7	0.67	104.19	1.0	1.0	0.84	178.56	2.1	2.1	uncontrolled offsite
PST-3A	0.0669	10	0.20	76.81	2.9	2.9	0.20	104.19	3.9	3.9	0.25	178.56	8.3	8.3	uncontrolled offsite
PST-3B	0.0061	10	0.35	76.81	0.5	0.5	0.35	104.19	0.6	0.6	0.44	178.56	1.3	1.3	uncontrolled offsite
PST-3D	0.1036	9.62	0.71	78.30	16.0	16.0	0.71	106.24	21.7	21.7	0.89	182.11	46.5	46.5	external areas to Storm
Totals	0.7022				115.9	66.0			157.4	89.4			323.8	189.5	
Total pre-develo	opment for cor	nparison								130.1				279.5	
<u>Notes</u>															
2-yr Storm Inten	nsity, I = 732.9	51/(Tc+6.19	9)^0.810	City of Ottawa	a)									POST-DEV	PRE-DEV
5-yr Storm Inten	nsity, I = 998.0	71/(Tc+6.03	5)^0.814 (	City of Ottawa	a)			То	otal 100-yr f	low to Storm S	ewer on G	emini / Con	stellation =	133.4	191.2
100-yr Storm Int	tensity, I = 173	5.688/(Tc+	5.014)&^0.	820 (City of O	ttawa)				То	tal 100-yr flow	to Storm S	Sewer on Ba	seline Rd =	56.2	88.2
Time of Concent	tration (min), T	Tc =	10								Total 1	00-yr flows	from site =	10.0	I
For Flows under	or Flows under column Qcap which are shown in brackets (0.0), denotes flows that are controlled														-

### TABLE D5: SUMMARY OF POST DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF (Uncontrolled and Controlled)

		Re	elease Rate	(L/s)	Stora	age Require	d (m³)		Stora	age Provided (	m³)		
Area No.	Area (ha)	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	2-yr	5-yr	100-yr	Roof	Surface Ponding	UG Chambers	UG CB/MHs	Total	Control Method
PST-1B	0.0629												Flow Controlled at STMH 101
PST-1C	0.0342												Flow Controlled at STMH 101
PST-1D	0.0112	Ì											Flow Controlled at STMH 101
PST-1E	0.0071	Î											Flow Controlled at STMH 101
PST-1F (R1)	0.0135	2.5	3.1	6.6	52.3	71.4	150.0	37.4		112.6		150.0	Flow Controlled Roof Drains
PST-1F (R2)	0.0141	2.3	5.1	0.0	52.5	, 1. 1	150.0	57.1		112.0		150.0	Flow Controlled Roof Drains
PST-1F (R3)	0.0968	I											Flow Controlled Roof Drains
PST-1F (R4)	0.0073	I											Flow Controlled Roof Drains
PST-1F (R5)	0.0102	I											Flow Controlled Roof Drains
PST-1F (R6)	0.0105	I											Flow Controlled Roof Drains
PST-3C	0.0228												Flow Controlled at STMH 101
PST-1A	0.0208	0.89	1.2	2.6									None
PST-1G	0.0690	10.02	13.6	29.1									None
PST-2A	0.1400	32.54	44.3	92.9									None
PST-2B	0.0051	0.73	1.0	2.1									None
PST-3A	0.0669	2.86	3.9	8.3									None
PST-3B	0.0061	0.46	0.6	1.3									None
PST-3D	0.1036	16.01	21.7	46.5									None
Totals (all)=	0.702	66.0	89.4	189.5	52.3	71.4	150.0	37.4				150.0	
Totals (site) =	0.302	3.6	4.7	10.0	52.3	71.4	150.0	37.4				300.0	

#### TABLE D6: SUMMARY OF TOTAL STORAGE REQUIRED & PROVIDED

	toruge volu	ines for 2-year,	<i>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </i>	100 100 500											
	Area No:	1B-1E, 3C, R	oofs												
	C <sub>AVG</sub> =		(2-yr)												
	C <sub>AVG</sub> =	0.82	_(5-yr)												
	C <sub>AVG</sub> =	1.03	_(100-yr, Max	(10)											
т	me Interval =	1.05	(mins)	(1.0)											
	ainage Area =		(hectares)												
Dia	anage Area -	0.2907	(nectares)												
		Release Rate =	2.5	(L/sec)		R	elease Rate =	3.1	(L/sec)		R	elease Rate =	6.6	(L/sec)	
		Return Period =	2	(years)		Re	turn Period =	5	(years)		Re	turn Period =	100	(years)	
	IDF	Parameters, A =	732.951	, B =	0.810	IDF Pa	rameters, A =	998.071		0.814	IDF Pa	rameters, A =	1735.688		0.820
Duration		$(I = A/(T_c +$	+C)	, C =	6.199		$(I = A/(T_c+C))$		, C =	6.053		$(I = A/(T_c+C))$		, C =	6.014
(min)	Rainfall	Peak Flow	Release	Storage	Storage	Rainfall	Peak Flow	Release	Storage	3	Rainfall	Peak Flow	Release	Storage	
	Intensity, I (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	Rate (L/sec)	Rate (L/sec)	(m <sup>3</sup> )	Intensity, l (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	Rate (L/sec)	Rate (L/sec)	Storage (m <sup>3</sup> )	Intensity, l (mm/hr)	(L/sec)	Rate (L/sec)		Storage (m <sup>3</sup>
0	167.2	111.5	2.45	109.0	0.00	230.5	153.6	3.055	150.6	0.00	398.6	332.1	6.600	325.5	0.00
10	76.8	51.2	2.45	48.7	29.25	104.2	69.5	3.055	66.4	39.84	178.6	148.8	6.600	142.2	85.31
20	52.0	34.7	2.45	32.2	38.67	70.3	46.8	3.055	43.8	52.53	120.0	99.9	6.600	93.3	112.01
30	40.0	26.7	2.45	24.2	43.63	53.9	35.9	3.055	32.9	59.20	91.9	76.5	6.600	69.9	125.90
40	32.9	21.9	2.45	19.5	46.69	44.2	29.5	3.055	26.4	63.35	75.1	62.6	6.600	56.0	134.43
50	28.0	18.7	2.45	16.2	48.71	37.7	25.1	3.055	22.0	66.13	64.0	53.3	6.600	46.7	140.06
60	24.6	16.4	2.45	13.9	50.10	32.9	22.0	3.055	18.9	68.05	55.9	46.6	6.600	40.0	143.90
70	21.9	14.6	2.45	12.2	51.04	29.4	19.6	3.055	16.5	69.40	49.8	41.5	6.600	34.9	146.52
80	19.8	13.2	2.45	10.8	51.67	26.6	17.7	3.055	14.7	70.32		0.0	6.600	-6.6	-31.68
90	18.1	12.1	2.45	9.6	52.05	24.3	16.2	3.055	13.1	70.93	41.1	34.3	6.600	27.7	149.33
100	16.7	11.2	2.45	8.7	52.25	22.4	14.9	3.055	11.9	71.28	37.9	31.6	6.600	25.0	149.89
110	15.6	10.4	2.45	7.9	52.30	20.8	13.9	3.055	10.8	71.44	35.2	29.3	6.600	22.7	150.03
120	14.6	9.7	2.45	7.3	52.22	19.5	13.0	3.055	9.9	71.43	32.9	27.4	6.600	20.8	149.82
130	13.7	9.1	2.45	6.7	52.04	18.3	12.2	3.055	9.1	71.29	30.9	25.7	6.600	19.1	149.33
140	12.9	8.6	2.45	6.2	51.76	17.3	11.5	3.055	8.5	71.02	29.2	24.3	6.600	17.7	148.60
150	12.3	8.2	2.45	5.7	51.42	16.4	10.9	3.055	7.9	70.66	27.6	23.0	6.600	16.4	147.65
160	11.7	7.8	2.45	5.3	51.00	15.6	10.4	3.055	7.3	70.21	26.2	21.9	6.600	15.3	146.53
170	11.1	7.4	2.45	5.0	50.53	14.8	9.9	3.055	6.8	69.68	25.0	20.8	6.600	14.2	145.24
180	10.6	7.1	2.45	4.6	50.00	14.2	9.5	3.055	6.4	69.08	23.9	19.9	6.600	13.3	143.81
190	10.2	6.8	2.45	4.3	49.43	13.6	9.1	3.055	6.0	68.43	22.9	19.1	6.600	12.5	142.26
200	9.8	6.5	2.45	4.1	48.81	13.0	8.7	3.055	5.6	67.72	22.0	18.3	6.600	11.7	140.60
Max =					52.30					71.44					150.03

#### Notes

1 ) Peak flow is equal to the product of 2.78 x C x I x A

2) Rainfall Intensity,  $I = A/(Tc+C)^{B}$ 

3) Release Rate = Min (Release Rate, Peak Flow)

4 ) Storage Rate = Peak Flow - Release Rate

5) Storage = Duration x Storage Rate

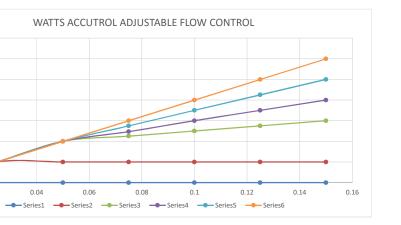
6) Maximium Storage = Max Storage Over Duration

7) Parameters a,b,c are for City of Ottawa

# Table D8: 5-year & 100-year Roof Design Sheet - For Roof Drains using Flow Controlled Roof Drains Project: 2140 Baseline Rd Location: City of Ottawa Date:Dec 2018

Area #	Drain	Roof Drain			Runoff ( (Cav		Drainag	ge Area					5-year Even	.t					_	-		100-year I	Event				Stora Requi (Modif Rational M	red fied	Maxi	timium Stora	age Provide	d at Spill	Elevation
Alea #	Type	net	r per	Position						-	D 1'		D (D )		Depth of	171	Total Flow		100	р. 1 <sup>.</sup>	Roof	D (D )	T ( 1 F1	Depth of	171	Total Flow			Area	, I			Max Tot
		ype Are	a Drain			100-			<b>D</b> 00	5yr	Ponding	D (D )	Roof Drain		Overlflow	Flow	Roof Drain	D 00	100yr	Ponding		Roof Drain	Total Flow	Overlflow	Flow	Roof Drain		100- A		<b>DDD</b> 1	Max	IVIUA	100
					5-vear	year	$m^2$	ha	Runoff	Ponding	Depth at	Roof Drain		r Total Flow	Above	From	+ Overflow	Runoff	0	Depth at	· ·	Capacity	From Roof	Above	From	+ Overflow	5 voor		or Storage	RD Depth		1 110111	Volu Volume
						5			Rate	Depth	Drain	Capacity Per		From Roof	Drain	Overflow	Drain	Rate	Depth	Drain		Per Drain	Drains	Drain	Overflow	Drain	· .	· .	~ Ŭ	Below		Doptin	(
<b>D14</b>	DD 1	DI I	1	4.1/2	0.00	0.00	(7	0.00(7	(L/sec)	(mm)	(mm)	Drain (gpm)	(L/sec)	Drains (L/sec	) (mm)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	(mm)	(mm)	(gpm)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)	(mm)	(L/sec)	(L/sec)		(m <sup>3</sup> )	(m <sup>2</sup> )	Lowpoint			(m <sup>3</sup> )
R1A		RD1 1 RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper	0.7 0	0.90	67	0.0067	1.740 1.788	82	82	13.1	0.826	0.826	0	0.000	0.826	2.982 3.065	108	108	15.8	0.996	0.996	0	0.000	0.996	0.000	1.25	66.8	-150	150		3.3 3.3 3.4 3.4
R1B R2A		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper	0.00	0.90	69 78	0.0069	2.046	83 85	83	13.2	0.830	0.830	0	0.000	0.830	3.065	109	109	15.9	1.000	1.000	0	0.000	1.000	0.00		68.6 78.5	-150	150	150	3.4 3.4 3.9 3.9
R2A R2B		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper 4-1/2 oper	0.20	0.90	63	0.0078	2.046	85 80	85 80	13.4 12.9	0.848	0.848	0	0.000	0.848	2.793	111 106	111 106	16.1 15.6	1.019 0.986	1.019 0.986	0	0.000 0.000	1.019 0.986	0.73 0.49	-	78.5 62.5	-150 -150	150 150		3.9 3.9 3.1 3.1
R2B R3A		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper 4-1/2 oper		0.90	201	0.0063	5.249	102	102		0.813		0	0.000	0.813	8.995	106		13.6	1.128	1.128	0	0.000	1.128	3.17		62.3 201.3	-150	150		3.1         3.1           10.1         10.0
R3A R3B		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper 4-1/2 oper		0.90	186	0.0201	4.843	102	102	15.2 15.1	0.959	0.959 0.951	0	0.000	0.959	8.993	129	129 127	17.9	1.128	1.128	0	0.000	1.128	2.82		201.3	-150	150		9.3 9.2
R3B R3C		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper 4-1/2 oper		0.90	180	0.0186	4.843	101	101	15.1	0.951	0.931	0	0.000	0.951	8.299 7.988	127	127	17.7	1.120	1.120	0	0.000	1.120	2.82		185.8	-150	150	150	9.3 9.2 8.9 8.9
R3D		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper 4-1/2 oper		0.90	179	0.0179	4.601	100	100	15.0	0.947	0.947	0	0.000	0.947	7.745	127	127	17.7	1.110	1.110	0	0.000	1.110	2.66		178.8	-150	150	150	8.7 8.6
R3D R3E		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper		0.90	168	0.0173	4.320	99	99	13.0	0.944	0.944	0	0.000	0.944	7.501	120	120	17.6	1.112	1.112	0	0.000	1.112	2.34		1/3.4	-150	150	150	8.4 8.3
R3E		RD1 1	1	4-1/2 oper		0.90	61	0.0061	1.583	80	80	14.9	0.940	0.940	0	0.000	0.940	2.713	120	120	17.0	0.981	0.981	0	0.000	0.981	0.46		60.7	-150	150	150	3.0 3.0
R4A		RD2 1	1	4-1/2 oper		0.90	34	0.0034	0.893	66	66	12.8	0.726	0.726	0	0.000	0.810	1.530	91	91	13.0	0.981	0.883	0	0.000	0.883	0.40		34.2	-150	150	150	1.7 1.7
R4A R4B		RD3 1	1	4-1/2 oper		0.90	39	0.0034	1.019	69	69	11.5	0.720	0.720	0	0.000	0.720	1.747	95	95	14.4	0.885	0.910	0	0.000	0.885	0.14		39.1	-150	150		2.0 1.9
R4D R5A		RD4 2	1	4-1/2 oper		0.90	34	0.0039	0.877	72	72	12.1	0.741	0.762	0	0.000	0.741	1.502	99	99	14.9	0.943	0.943	0	0.000	0.943	0.20		33.6	-150	150		1.7 1.6
R5B		RD5 1	1	4-1/2 oper	0.20	0.90	14	0.0014	0.367	96	96	14.6	0.923	0.367	0	0.000	0.367	0.629	133	133	14.3	1.154	0.629	0	0.000	0.629	0.20		14.1	-150	150	150	0.7 0.7
R5D R5C		RD6 1	1	4-1/2 oper		0.90	12	0.0012	0.305	103	103	15.3	0.963	0.305	0	0.000	0.305	0.523	141	133	19.1	1.207	0.523	0	0.000	0.523	0.20		14.1	-150	150	150	0.6 0.5
R5D		RD7 3	1	4-1/2 oper	0.00	0.90	42	0.0042	1.106	67	67	11.6	0.730	0.730	0	0.000	0.730	1.896	92	92	14.2	0.893	0.893	0	0.000	0.893	0.20		42.4	-150	150		2.1 2.1
R6		RD8 3	1	4-1/2 oper	0.20	0.90	105	0.0105	2.742	49	49	9.9	0.623	0.623	0	0.000	0.623	4.700	68	68	11.7	0.738	0.738	0	0.000	0.738			105.2	-150	150		5.3 5.2
Totals				·	0.70	0.70					./	227.26	14.34	13.12	Ū	0.0	13.12	68.11		00	274.12	17.29	16.08	Ŷ	0.0	16.08	17.74		1525	100	100		76.2 76.
							/	n	1 nin depth =	- 49							m	in depth =	68														
									ax depth =								m	ax depth =	141														76.2
									•									•															
										Roof Drai	<u>n Types</u>																						
Runoff I	ased on the	Following	g:									Max													۲۸/۸۲	TS ACCUTI							
	Conc (mins)		10									Overflow													VVAI	IS ACCUT	KUL ADJU	JSTADLE	FLOW U	UNTROL			
	quency (yea		100									Depth (mm)											35										
Storm In	ensity (mm/	rr = 104.2	2 178.6								RD1	150 mm											30										
																							50										
																							25									-	
D f D.		U	Deter	WATTO EL		. J D!.	_																										
K001 Dr	ins nave F	nowing Fl		WATTS Flo		eu Dralf		мах	1	Wair Desit	ion for All D	roins -	4-1/2 open	1									20									-	
Moir F	osition	0 25		10w (gpm) pe 75		125	150	Flow		wen rosit	IOII IOI AII D	141115 -	4-1/2 open	J									15				-		$ \rightarrow $				
vveir F		0 25		0.075		0.125	0.15	Rate per		100 vr Do	lease Rate		16.08	1																			
d Norra						0.125		Weir		100-yr Ke			37.35	-									10										
1-None 2-Closed		0 0	-	0	0	5	0	0.000		100-yi Vu			37.35	1									_	_									
2-Closed 3-1/4 open		0 5	-	5	5	5 14	5 15	0.315															5										
3-1/4 open 4-1/2 open		0 5		11	13	14 18	15 20	1.262	1														0			-	•						
4-1/2 open 5-3/4 open		0 5	10	12		21	20	1.262	1														0	0.02	0.04	0.06	0	.08	0.1	0.12	0.14		0.16
5-3/4 open 6-Full		0 5		14		21	30	1.893	1																Series1	Series2	Series3	3 Ser	ies4 🔶	Series5 -	Series6		
u-ruli		0 0	10	10	20	20	30	1.093	1																								





			Project Information:		
			Project Name: 2140 Baseline Road		
			Location: 2140 Baseline Road		
			Date: 3/1/2019		
			Engineer: J Fitzpatrick		
			StormTech RPM: V Sharma		
MC 2500 Cite Coloulator					
MC-3500 Site Calculator					
System Requirements			System Sizing		
Units	Metric		Number of Chambers Required	23	each
Required Storage Volume	122.3	cubic meters	Number of End Caps Required	10	each
Stone Porosity (Industry Standard = 40%)	40	%	Bed Size (including perimeter stone)	126	square meters
	nm min.) 305	mm	Stone Required (including perimeter stone)	225	metric tonnes
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nm min.) 229	mm	Volume of Excavation	250	cubic meters
	nm min.) 610	mm	Non-woven Filter Fabric Required (20% Safety Factor)	397	square meters
Bed size controlled by WIDTH or LENGTH			Length of Isolator Row	12.3	meters
Limiting WIDTH or LENGTH dimension	13	meters	Non-woven Isolator Row Fabric (20% Safety Factor)	59	square meters
		Inclore	Woven Isolator Row Fabric (20% Safety Factor)	74	square meters
Storage Volume per Chamber	5.0	cubic meters		74	square meters
Storage Volume per End Cap	1.2		Installed Storage Volume	127	cubic meters
Storage volume per End Cap	1.2	cubic meters	Installed Storage volume	127	cubic meters
Controlled by	Length				
					610
Maximum Length =	13	meters			mm
	10	meters			11111
4 rows of 5 chamb					005
					305
1 row of 3 chamb	ers				mm
Maximum Length =	12.3	meters			
Maximum Width =	11.0	meters			
					229
					mm

#### TABLE D10: 2-YEAR STORM SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

*exp.
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Return Period Storm =	2-year	(2-year, 5-year, 100-year)
Default Inlet Time=	10	(minutes)
Manning Coefficient =	0.013	(dimensionless)

		AR	REA INFO					FLOW (U	NRESTRIC	ED)			INDIV	CUMUL					SE	EWER DATA	1				
													CAP	CAP						Capacity,	Veloci	ty (m/s)	Time in	Hydrau	lic Ratios
From Node	To Node	Area No.	Area (ha)	∑ Area (ha)	Average R	Indiv. 2.78*A*R	Accum. 2.78*A*R	Tc (mins)	I (mm/h)	Indiv. Flow	Return Period	Q (L/s)	FLOW (L/s)	FLOW (L/s)	Dia (mm) Actual	Dia (mm) Nominal	Туре	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Q <sub>CAP</sub> (L/sec)	Vf	Va	Pipe, Tt (min)	Q/Q <sub>CAP</sub>	Va/Vf
CB 3	Building	PST-3C	0.0228	0.0228	0.64	0.041	0.041	10.00	76.81	3.12	2-year	3.1			201.2	200	PVC	1.00	11.30	33.31	1.04	0.55	0.34	0.09	0.53
08.3	Building	F31-30	0.0220	0.0220	0.04	0.041	0.041	10.00	70.01	3.12	z-yeai	3.1			201.2	200	FVC	1.00	11.50	33.31	1.04	0.55	0.34	0.09	0.55
Building	STMMH 102	R	0.1531	0.1759	0.90	0.383	0.424																		
		PST-1E	0.0071	0.1830	0.90	0.018	0.441																		
		PST-1D	0.0112	0.1942	0.90	0.028	0.469	10.00	76.81	2.15	2-year	36.1			251.5	250	PVC	2.00	4.40	85.42	1.71	1.21	0.06	0.42	0.71
CB 1	Stormtech	PST-1B	0.0629	0.0629	0.68	0.119	0.119																		
		PST-1A	0.0208	0.0837	0.20	0.012	0.130	10.00	76.81	0.89	2-year	10.0			447.9	450	PVC	1.00	1.00	281.52	1.79	0.56	0.03	0.04	0.31
CB 2	STMMH 102	PST-1C	0.0342	0.0342	0.84	0.080	0.080	10.00	76.81	6.13	2-year	6.1			201.2	200	PVC	2.00	2.70	47.10	1.48	0.86	0.05	0.13	0.58
CB 2	STIVIIVIH 102	P31-10	0.0342	0.0342	0.64	0.060	0.060	10.00	70.01	0.13	z-year	0.1			201.2	200	PVC	2.00	2.70	47.10	1.40	0.00	0.05	0.13	0.56
STMMH 102	Stormtech			0.3121			0.549	10.06	76.57		2-year	42.1			610.0	600	PVC	1.00	3.50	641.68	2.17	1.04	0.06	0.07	0.48
Stormtech	STMMH 101			0.3121			0.680	10.12	76.36		2-year	51.9			251.5	250	PVC	1.00	2.20	60.40	1.21	1.21	0.03	0.86	1.00
Stormeen	OTWINIT TOT			0.0121			0.000	10.12	10.50		2-year	51.5			201.0	230	1.40	1.00	2.20	00.40	1.21	1.21	0.05	0.00	1.00
STMMH 101	STMMH 100			0.3121			0.680	10.15	76.25		2-year	51.8	6.6	6.60	251.5	250	PVC	1.00	2.60	60.40	1.21	1.21	0.04	0.86	1.00
Building	STMMH 100	(weeping tiles)						10.00	76.81		2-year		*0.34	6.94	201.2	200	PVC	4.80	16.70	72.97	2.29	1.48	0.19	0.00	1.00
STMMH 100	OGS							10.18	76.11		2-year	51.8		6.94	251.5	250	PVC	1.00	3.40	60.40	1.21	1.21	0.05	0.86	1.00
011111100	000							10.10			2 year	01.0		0.01	20110	200			0.10	00.10			0.00	0.00	
OGS	Ex. 675mm St							10.23	75.94		2-year	51.8		6.94	251.5	250	PVC	2.00	11.90	85.42	1.71	1.54	0.13	0.61	0.90
																									──
TOTALS =	l		0.31			0.680																1	1		<b></b>
															Designed:				Project:						
Definitions: Q = 2.78*AIR, w	here					Ottawa	Rainfall Inter	a aity Values	from Sewer b	Design Gui C	delines, SD	G002			J. Fitzpatrick, P.Eng.				Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc.						
	in Litres per second	(L/s)					2-year	732.951	6.199	0.810					Checked:				Location:						
A = Watershee I = Rainfall Inte	l Area (hectares) ensity (mm/h)						5-year 100-year	998.071 1735.688	6.053 6.014	0.814 0.820					B. Thoma	s, P.Eng.			2140 Ba	seline Road					
	efficients (dimension	less)													Dwg Reference: File Ref: Sheet No:		o:								
						Building Fou	undation Dra	n Allowanc	e (L/sec) =	0.34	(From Sect	tion 6.5 of	Geotech R	eport)	FIGURE A3.1 245012 Storm Design Sheets, March 2019.xlsx 1 of 1										

exp Services Inc.

Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. 2140 Baseline Road OTT-00245012-A0 June 14, 2019

# **Appendix E – Stormceptor Sizing**

Detailed Report from PCSWMM for Stormceptor STC 300i Product Sheet STC 300i Standard Model Detail





### **Detailed Stormceptor Sizing Report – Baseline Road**

	Project Informatior	h & Location	
Project Name	2140 Baseline Rd	Project Number	245012
City	ottawa	State/ Province	Ontario
Country	Canada	Date	12/14/2018
<b>Designer Information</b>	1	EOR Information (o	ptional)
Name	jason fitzpatrick	Name	
Company	Exp Services	Company	
Phone #	613-688-1899	Phone #	
Email jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com		Email	

#### Stormwater Treatment Recommendation

The recommended Stormceptor Model(s) which achieve or exceed the user defined water quality objective for each site within the project are listed in the below Sizing Summary table.

Site Name	Baseline Road
Recommended Stormceptor Model	STC 300
Target TSS Removal (%)	80.0
TSS Removal (%) Provided	91
PSD	Fine Distribution
Rainfall Station	OTTAWA MACDONALD-CARTIER INT'L A

The recommended Stormceptor model achieves the water quality objectives based on the selected inputs, historical rainfall records and selected particle size distribution.

Stormc	eptor Sizing Summ	ary
Stormceptor Model	% TSS Removal Provided	% Runoff Volume Captured Provided
STC 300	91	100
STC 750	95	100
STC 1000	95	100
STC 1500	95	100
STC 2000	96	100
STC 3000	96	100
STC 4000	97	100
STC 5000	97	100
STC 6000	98	100
STC 9000	98	100
STC 10000	98	100
STC 14000	99	100
StormceptorMAX	Custom	Custom





#### Stormceptor

The Stormceptor oil and sediment separator is sized to treat stormwater runoff by removing pollutants through gravity separation and flotation. Stormceptor's patented design generates positive TSS removal for each rainfall event, including large storms. Significant levels of pollutants such as heavy metals, free oils and nutrients are prevented from entering natural water resources and the re-suspension of previously captured sediment (scour) does not occur. Stormceptor provides a high level of TSS removal for small frequent storm events that represent the majority of annual rainfall volume and pollutant load. Positive treatment continues for large infrequent events, however, such events have little impact on the average annual TSS removal as they represent a small percentage of the total runoff volume and pollutant load.

#### **Design Methodology**

Stormceptor is sized using PCSWMM for Stormceptor, a continuous simulation model based on US EPA SWMM. The program calculates hydrology using local historical rainfall data and specified site parameters. With US EPA SWMM's precision, every Stormceptor unit is designed to achieve a defined water quality objective. The TSS removal data presented follows US EPA guidelines to reduce the average annual TSS load. The Stormceptor's unit process for TSS removal is settling. The settling model calculates TSS removal by analyzing:

- Site parameters
- · Continuous historical rainfall data, including duration, distribution, peaks & inter-event dry periods
- · Particle size distribution, and associated settling velocities (Stokes Law, corrected for drag)
- TSS load
- · Detention time of the system

### Hydrology Analysis

PCSWMM for Stormceptor calculates annual hydrology with the US EPA SWMM and local continuous historical rainfall data. Performance calculations of Stormceptor are based on the average annual removal of TSS for the selected site parameters. The Stormceptor is engineered to capture sediment particles by treating the required average annual runoff volume, ensuring positive removal efficiency is maintained during each rainfall event, and preventing negative removal efficiency (scour). Smaller recurring storms account for the majority of rainfall events and average annual runoff volume, as observed in the historical rainfall data analyses presented in this section.

Rainfall Station				
State/Province	Ontario	Total Number of Rainfall Events	4093	
Rainfall Station Name	OTTAWA MACDONALD- CARTIER INT'L A	Total Rainfall (mm)	20978.1	
Station ID #	6000	Average Annual Rainfall (mm)	567.0	
Coordinates	45°19'N, 75°40'W	Total Evaporation (mm)	1681.9	
Elevation (ft)	370	Total Infiltration (mm)	2299.5	
Years of Rainfall Data	37	Total Rainfall that is Runoff (mm)	16996.7	

#### **Notes**

• Stormceptor performance estimates are based on simulations using PCSWMM for Stormceptor, which uses the EPA Rainfall and Runoff modules.

• Design estimates listed are only representative of specific project requirements based on total suspended solids (TSS) removal defined by the selected PSD, and based on stable site conditions only, after construction is completed.

• For submerged applications or sites specific to spill control, please contact your local Stormceptor representative for further design assistance.

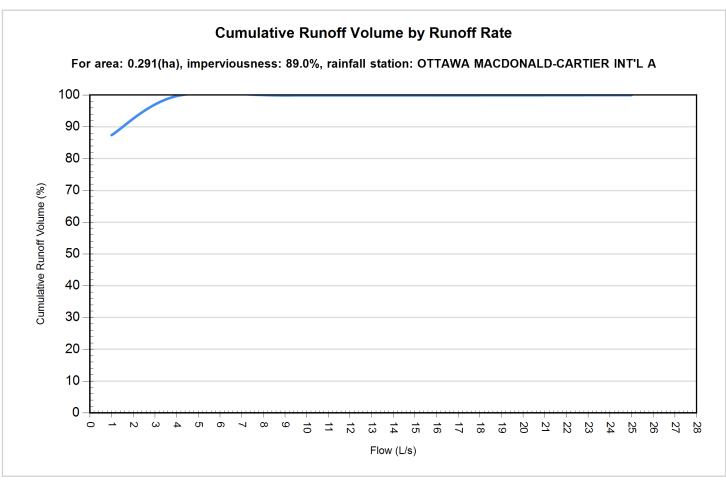
# FORTERRA<sup>®</sup>

Drainage Area			Up Stre	am Storage		
Total Area (ha)	0.291	Storage	(ha-m)	Discharge (cms		)
Imperviousness %	89.0	0.00	00	0.	000	
		0.00	06	0.	003	
		0.01	12	0.	007	
Water Quality Objectiv	е		Up Stream	Flow Diversi	on	
TSS Removal (%)	80.0	Max. Flo	w to Stormcep	otor (cms)		
Runoff Volume Capture (%)	85.00		Desig	gn Details		
Oil Spill Capture Volume (L)		Stormcep	otor Inlet Inver	rt Elev (m)		
Peak Conveyed Flow Rate (L/s)		Stormceptor Outlet Invert Elev (m)				
Water Quality Flow Rate (L/s)		Storm	ceptor Rim El	lev (m)		
		Normal W	ater Level Ele	evation (m)		
		Рір	be Diameter (n	n <b>m</b> )		
		Pipe Material				
		Multiple Inlets (Y/N)		١	١o	
		Grate Inlet (Y/N)		١	١o	
	istribution (P	'SD)				
Removing the smallest fraction of particulates from runoff ensures the majority metals, hydrocarbons and nutrients are captured. The table below identified Distribution (PSD) that was selected to define TSS removal for the Store			es the Particle S	Size		
		stribution				
Particle Diameter (microns)	Distribution %		Sp	Specific Gravity		
20.0	20.0		1.30			
60.0	20.0		1.80			
150.0	20.0		2.20			
400.0	20.0		2.65			
2000.0	20.0			2.65		

Stormceptor <sup>®</sup>				ORTERRA	
Site Name		Baseline Road			
	Site Details				
Drainage Area			Infiltration Parameters		
Total Area (ha)	0.291		Horton's equation is used to estimate	infiltration	
Imperviousness %	89.0		Max. Infiltration Rate (mm/hr)	61.98	
Surface Characteristics	\$		Min. Infiltration Rate (mm/hr)	10.16	
Width (m)	108.00		Decay Rate (1/sec)	0.00055	
Slope %	2		Regeneration Rate (1/sec)	0.01	
Impervious Depression Storage (mm)	Impervious Depression Storage (mm) 0.508		Evaporation		
Pervious Depression Storage (mm)	5.08		Daily Evaporation Rate (mm/day)	2.54	
Impervious Manning's n	0.015	Dry Weather Flow			
Pervious Manning's n	0.25		Dry Weather Flow (Ips)	0	
Maintenance Frequency			Winter Months		
Maintenance Frequency (months) >	12		Winter Infiltration	0	
	TSS Loading	g Par	rameters		
TSS Loading Function					
Buildup/Wash-off Parameters		TSS Availability Paramete	ers		
Target Event Mean Conc. (EMC) mg/L			Availability Constant A		
Exponential Buildup Power			Availability Factor B		
Exponential Washoff Exponent			Availability Exponent C		
		Mi	in. Particle Size Affected by Availability (micron)		

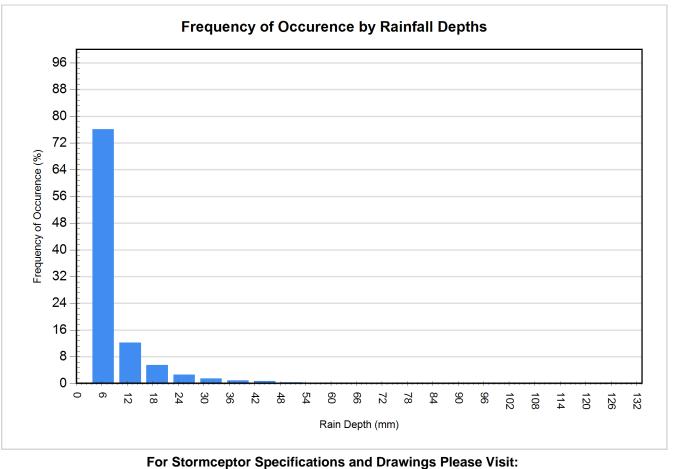
# FORTERRA"

Cumulative Runoff Volume by Runoff Rate				
Runoff Rate (L/s)	Runoff Volume (m <sup>3</sup> )	Volume Over (m <sup>3</sup> )	Cumulative Runoff Volume (%)	
1	43455	6267	87.4	
4	49538	172	99.7	
9	49663	48	99.9	
16	49681	29	99.9	
25	49703	8	100.0	



# FORTERRA"

Rainfall Event Analysis					
Rainfall Depth (mm)	No. of Events	Percentage of Total Events (%)	Total Volume (mm)	Percentage of Annual Volume (%)	
6.35	3113	76.1	5230	24.9	
12.70	501	12.2	4497	21.4	
19.05	225	5.5	3469	16.5	
25.40	105	2.6	2317	11.0	
31.75	62	1.5	1765	8.4	
38.10	35	0.9	1206	5.8	
44.45	28	0.7	1163	5.5	
50.80	12	0.3	557	2.7	
57.15	7	0.2	378	1.8	
63.50	1	0.0	63	0.3	
69.85	1	0.0	64	0.3	
76.20	1	0.0	76	0.4	
82.55	0	0.0	0	0.0	
88.90	1	0.0	84	0.4	
95.25	0	0.0	0	0.0	
101.60	0	0.0	0	0.0	
107.95	0	0.0	0	0.0	
114.30	1	0.0	109	0.5	
120.65	0	0.0	0	0.0	
127.00	0	0.0	0	0.0	



• FORTERRA

http://www.imbriumsystems.com/technical-specifications



# The calm during the storm

When it rains, oils, sediment and other contaminants are washed from paved surfaces directly into our storm drains and waterways. Non-point source pollution such as stormwater now accounts for 80% of water pollution in North America and governments are responding with demanding regulations to protect our water resources.

## **Removing more pollutants**

Stormceptor removes more pollutants from stormwater than any other separator.

- Maintains continuous positive treatment of total suspended solids (TSS) year-round, regardless of flow rate
- Designed to remove a wide range of particle sizes, as well as free oils, heavy metals and nutrients that attach to fine sediment
- Can be designed to remove a specific particle size distribution (PSD)

### A calm treatment environment

- Stormceptor slows incoming stormwater to create a non-turbulent treatment environment, allowing free oils and debris to rise, and sediment to settle
- Scour prevention technology ensures pollutants are captured and contained during all rainfall events, even extreme storms

### **Proven performance**

With more than 20 years of industry experience, Stormceptor has been performance tested and verified by some of the most stringent technology evaluation programs in North America. Stormceptor has been performance verified through numerous verification programs, including;

- NJCAT
- Washington ECOLOGY
- EN858 Class 2

### PCSWMM for Stormceptor – Advanced online sizing & design software

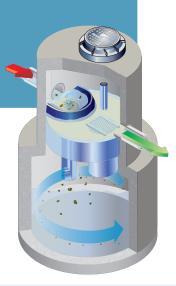
The most accurate, easy to use design tool available.

- This continuous simulation modeling software combines localized rainfall data from over 1,900 weather stations across North America allowing for region-specific design with a selection of particle sizes to design the best Stormceptor for your site
- Within a single project, multiple Stormceptor units can be sized and the information revisited as project parameters change
- Provides a summary report that includes projected performance calculations www.imbriumsystems.com/PCSWMMforStormceptor

With over 40,000 units operating worldwide, Stormceptor performs and protects every day, in every storm.



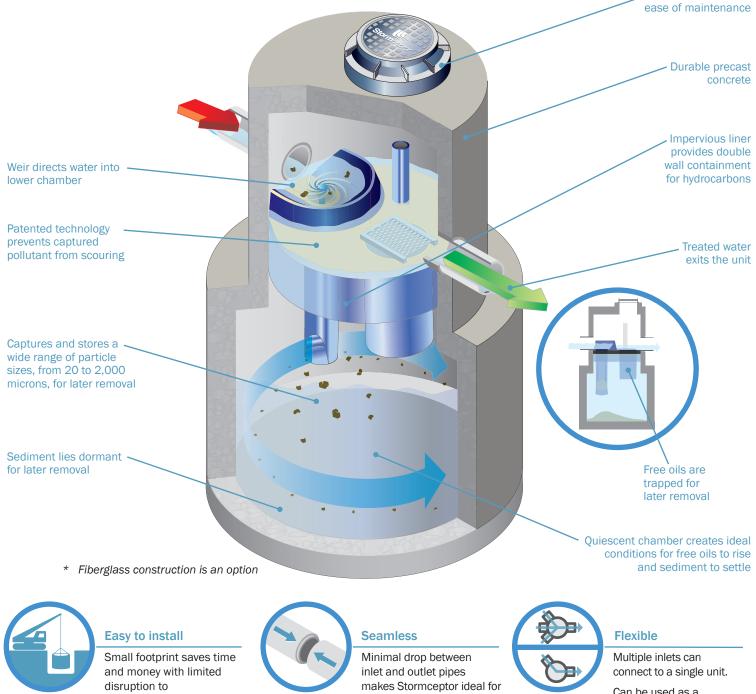




# Stormceptor.

# The calm during the storm

Surface access for ease of maintenance



retrofits and new

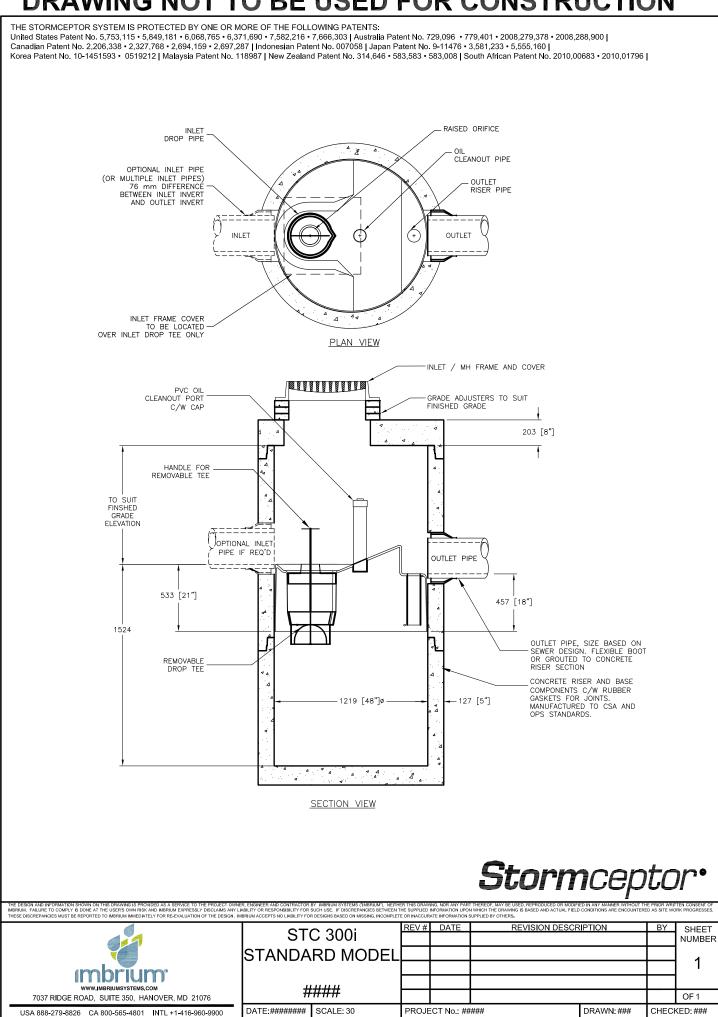
development projects.

Can be used as a bend structure.



your site.

#### IU DE UJEU FUR GUNJIRUGIIUN UKAWING NUI



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# **Appendix F – Correspondence**

Correspondence from City of Ottawa Correspondence from RVCA on Water Quality/Quality Requirements Correspondence from Architect on Building Statistics



### **Jason Fitzpatrick**

From:	Fraser, Mark <mark.fraser@ottawa.ca></mark.fraser@ottawa.ca>
Sent:	Sunday, December 9, 2018 10:30 AM
То:	Jason Fitzpatrick
Cc:	Bruce Thomas
Subject:	RE: 2140 Baseline Road
Attachments:	2140 Baseline Dec 2018.pdf
Categories:	RECEIVED - ACTION REQUIRED

Hi Jason,

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 2140 Baseline (zone 2W) assumed to be connected to the 203mm on Gemini Way (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 127.5m Maximum HGL = 134.6m MaxDay + FireFlow (150 L/s) = 112.0m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

If you have any questions please let me know

Regards,

### **Mark Fraser**

Project Manager, Planning Services Development Review West Branch City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department 110 Laurier Avenue West. 4th Floor, Ottawa ON, K1P 1J1 <u>Tel:613.580.2424</u> ext. 27791 Fax: 613-580-2576 Mail: Code 01-14 Email: Mark.Fraser@ottawa.ca

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From: Jason Fitzpatrick <jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com>
Sent: December 04, 2018 10:05 AM
To: Fraser, Mark <Mark.Fraser@ottawa.ca>
Cc: Bruce Thomas <bruce.thomas@exp.com>
Subject: 2140 Baseline Road

Hi Mark,

We are updating our servicing report for 2140 Baseline Road and are requesting new hydraulic boundary conditions.

As per your previous comments 12, 14, and 15 the following summarizes our revised demands.

Average day	=	2.0 L/sec
Max day	=	5.8 L/sec
Peak hour	=	8.6 L/sec
RFF (FUS)	=	150 L/sec

On our previous submission our estimated population was 473 persons, and you had requested re-calculation of the demands using MOE peaking factors (i.e., less than 500 persons)

We have therefore re-calculated the demands using the MOE peaking factors, for the now updated population of 445 persons.

We have also looked at the demands for the ground floor commercial area as per your comment #21. If we apply the same principals to the water demands we get slightly higher demands of 2.4 L/sec, 6.4 L/sec, 9.3 L/sec. I've attached two tables which use: 1) unit demands for commercial based on floor area of 5,000 L/m2/day and 2) based on SDG002 Appendix 4-A for sewage rates and applied to water demands. These differences are minor and will not affect the results, as the fire flow requirements will govern the water service sizing. I will let you review and decide which method you prefer.

In addition, we have updated the fire flow calculation based on the FUS. The required fire flow based on this method worked out to the same as the OBC method.

Thanks

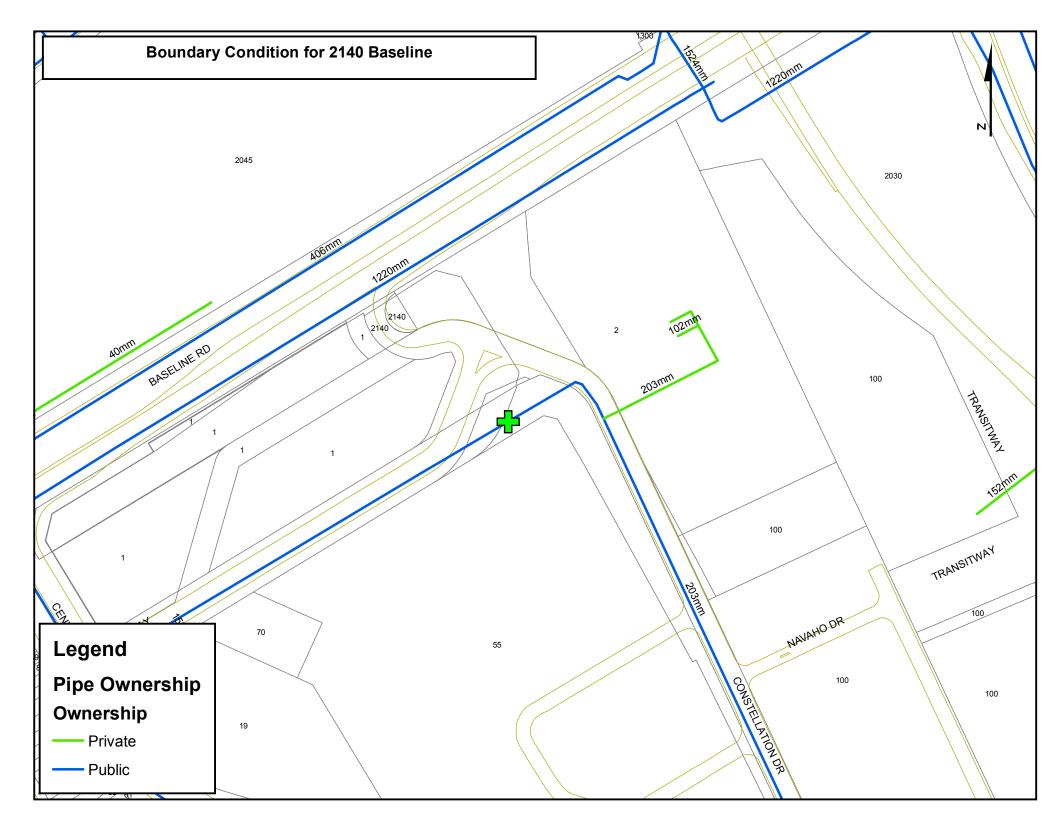
<sup>»</sup>ехр

Jason Fitzpatrick, P.Eng. EXP | Project Engineer t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.302.7441 | e : jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com 2650 Queensview Drive Suite 100 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6 CANADA

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### Moe Ghadban

From:Eric Lalande <eric.lalande@rvca.ca>Sent:Tuesday, March 5, 2019 2:16 PMTo:Bruce Thomas; Jason FitzpatrickCc:Glen McDonaldSubject:RE: Request for SWM Criteria for 2140 Baseline Road

Hi Jason,

The SWW report provided as part of the Site Plan review accurately identified our Requirements for water quality (80% TSS) and as a result we had no objections and asked the City that the quality control measures be implemented through the site plan process. This requirement shouldn't change with a resubmission.

Is there anything else you require from our end?

**Eric Lalande, MCIP, RPP** Planner, Rideau Valley Conservation Authority 613-692-3571 x1137

From: Glen McDonald
Sent: Tuesday, March 05, 2019 2:08 PM
To: Eric Lalande <eric.lalande@rvca.ca>
Subject: FW: Request for SWM Criteria for 2140 Baseline Road

Yet another one, different site.

Glen

From: Jason Fitzpatrick <jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com>
Sent: Tuesday, March 05, 2019 12:45 PM
To: Glen McDonald <glen.mcdonald@rvca.ca>
Cc: Bruce Thomas <bruce.thomas@exp.com>
Subject: FW: Request for SWM Criteria for 2140 Baseline Road

Hi Glen,

This is another project, for which we require the CA's comment on.

Much appreciated.

### Jason Fitzpatrick, P.Eng.

EXP | Project Engineer t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.302.7441 | e : <u>jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com</u>

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From: Jason Fitzpatrick
Sent: Thursday, December 13, 2018 9:51 AM
To: Glen McDonald (glen.mcdonald@rvca.ca) <glen.mcdonald@rvca.ca>

### Cc: Bruce Thomas <<u>bruce.thomas@exp.com</u>> Subject: Request for SWM Criteria for 2140 Baseline Road

Hi Glen,

We are preparing a site servicing and stormwater report for a client who is proposing to construct a 14-storey student residence building at 2140 Baseline Road (Constellation Cres & Baseline Rd).

The proposed building will contain 1 level of u/g parking, ground floor commercial, a 14<sup>th</sup> floor amenity area, with the remaining floors being residential units (total 140 units).

We have submitted our first set of drawings and report to the City (File # D07-12-18-0084), and as a result have been asked to confirm the water quality control requirements with the RVCA.

We will be re-submitting a revised report and drawings shortly, and require confirmation of the SWM requirements.

Our intent is to provide the following SWM criteria as per the JFSA Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area SWM Guidelines (June 2012) for our site, as it falls within the Pinecrest Creek Watershed, upstream of the ORP pipe inlet:

- Runoff Volume Reduction: On-site retention of 10mm storm.
- Water Quality
  - 80% TSS removal. 100-yr discharge to not exceed 33.5 L/ha/sec.
- Quantity Control 100-yr discharge to not exceed 33.5 L/ha/sec.
   Erosion Detain 25mm to meet outflow not exceeding 5.8 L/ha/sec.

Please confirm if the following is appropriate, and/or if there are any additional requirements.

Much appreciated.



Jason Fitzpatrick, P.Eng. EXP | Project Engineer t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.302.7441 | e : jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com 2650 Queensview Drive Suite 100 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6 CANADA

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#### **Jason Fitzpatrick**

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Martin Lariviere <mlariviere@apiconsultants.net> Friday, May 31, 2019 9:45 AM Jason Fitzpatrick Bruce Thomas Re: 2140 Baseline Road

Hello Jason,

I am confirming that the number of units listed below are correct as reflected on our site plan building statistics.

I am also confirming the commercial areas listed are correct.

Regards,

#### Martin Lariviere OAA



Architect OAA, LEED AP BD+C, CPHD Office: 905-337-7249 ext. 217 Email: <u>mlariviere@apiconsultants.net</u> apidevelopmentconsultants.com saplysarchitects.ca

On Fri, May 31, 2019 at 9:17 AM Jason Fitzpatrick <<u>jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com</u>> wrote:

Hi Martin,

Can you please respond to this email to confirm that we have used the appropriate unit numbers and building uses in our servicing report.

This will be included in Appendix F - Correspondence, section of our report.

From Page 5 and 9 of our report, we had used the following unit counts and retail/commercial areas for determining water demands and sewage flows as per City Design Guidelines:

Number of Units

2-bedroom units =	44
3-bedroom units =	72
4-bedroom units =	36

**Commercial Areas** 

Ground Floor Restaurant/Dining Areas  $(m^2) = 350$ 

Ground Floor Retail Areas (m<sup>2</sup>) = 625

Regards



#### Jason Fitzpatrick, P.Eng.

EXP | Project Engineer t : +1.613.688.1899 | m : +1.613.302.7441 | e : jason.fitzpatrick@exp.com 2650 Queensview Drive Suite 100 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6 CANADA

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exp Services Inc.

Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. 2140 Baseline Road OTT-00245012-A0 June 14, 2019

# **Appendix G – Manufacturer Information**

WATTS ACCUTROL Specification Sheet IPEX Tempest Inlet Control Devices – Technical Manual Stormtech MC-3500 Design Manual (Pages B16, B17) Shop Drawings for Underground Chambers (by ADS – Total 5 pages)



WATTS	Adjustable Accutrol Weir Tag:	Adjustable Flow Control for Roof Drains
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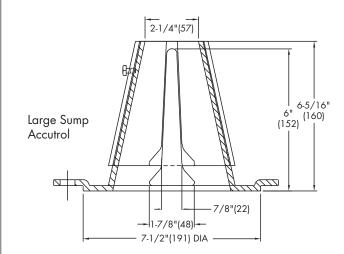
#### ADJUSTABLE ACCUTROL (for Large Sump Roof Drains only)

For more flexibility in controlling flow with heads deeper than 2", Watts Drainage offers the Adjustable Accutrol. The Adjustable Accutrol Weir is designed with a single parabolic opening that can be covered to restrict flow above 2" of head to less than 5 gpm per inch, up to 6" of head. To adjust the flow rate for depths over 2" of head, set the slot in the adjustable upper cone according to the flow rate required. Refer to Table 1 below. Note: Flow rates are directly proportional to the amount of weir opening that is exposed.

#### EXAMPLE:

For example, if the adjustable upper cone is set to cover 1/2 of the weir opening, flow rates above 2"of head will be restricted to 2-1/2 gpm per inch of head.

Therefore, at 3" of head, the flow rate through the Accutrol Weir that has 1/2 the slot exposed will be: [5 gpm (per inch of head) x 2 inches of head] + 2-1/2 gpm (for the third inch of head) = 12-1/2 gpm.



Wair Opening	1"	2"	3"	4"	5"	6"			
Weir Opening Exposed	Flow Rate (gallons per minute)								
Fully Exposed	5	10	15	20	25	30			
3/4	5	10	13.75	17.5	21.25	25			
1/2	5	10	12.5	15	17.5	20			
1/4	5	10	11.25	12.5	13.75	15			
Closed	5	5	5	5	5	5			

Job Name

Job Location

Engineer

Adjustable Upper Cone Fixed Weir

Contractor \_

Contractor's P.O. No.

Representative \_\_\_\_

Watts product specifications in U.S. customary units and metric are approximate and are provided for reference only. For precise measurements, please contact Watts Technical Service. Watts reserves the right to change or modify product design, construction, specifications, or materials without prior notice and without incurring any obligation to make such changes and modifications on Watts products previously or subsequently sold.

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A Watts Water Technologies Company

# Volume III: TEMPEST™ INLET CONTROL DEVICES

# Municipal Technical Manual Series



LMF (Low to Medium Flow) ICD HF (High Flow) ICD MHF (Medium to High Flow) ICD



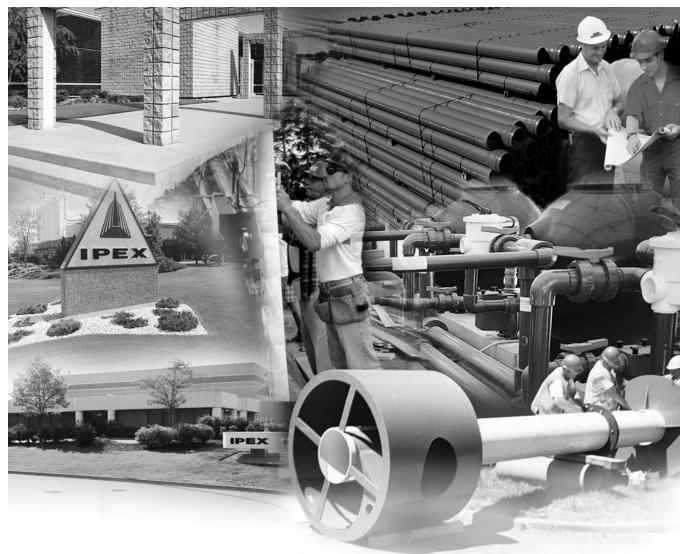
# IPEX Tempest™ Inlet Control Devices

# **Municipal Technical Manual Series**

Vol. I, 2nd Edition

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#### ABOUT IPEX

At IPEX, we have been manufacturing non-metallic pipe and fittings since 1951. We formulate our own compounds and maintain strict quality control during production. Our products are made available for customers thanks to a network of regional stocking locations throughout North America. We offer a wide variety of systems including complete lines of piping, fittings, valves and custom-fabricated items.

More importantly, we are committed to meeting our customers' needs. As a leader in the plastic piping industry, IPEX continually develops new products, modernizes manufacturing facilities and acquires innovative process technology. In addition, our staff take pride in their work, making available to customers their extensive thermoplastic knowledge and field experience. IPEX personnel are committeed to improving the safety, reliability and performance of thermoplastic materials. We are involved in several standards committees and are members of and/or comply with the organizations listed on this page.

For specific details about any IPEX product, contact our customer service department.

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#### PRODUCT INFORMATION: TEMPEST LOW, MEDIUM FLOW (LMF) ICD

#### Purpose

To control the amount of storm water runoff entering a sewer system by allowing a specified flow volume out of a catch basin or manhole at a specified head. This approach conserves pipe capacity so that catch basins downstream do not become uncontrollably surcharged, which can lead to basement floods, flash floods and combined sewer overflows.

#### Product Description

Our LMF ICD is designed to accommodate catch basins or manholes with sewer outlet pipes 6" in diameter and larger. Any storm sewer larger than 12" may require custom modification. However, IPEX can custom build a TEMPEST device to accommodate virtually any storm sewer size.

Available in 14 preset flow curves, the LMF ICD has the ability to provide flow rates: 2lps – 17lps (31gpm – 270gpm)

#### **Product Function**

The LMF ICD vortex flow action allows the LMF ICD to provide a narrower flow curve using a larger orifice than a conventional orifice plate ICD, making it less likely to clog. When comparing flows at the same head level, the LMF ICD has the ability to restrict more flow than a conventional ICD during a rain event, preserving greater sewer capacity.

#### **Product Construction**

Constructed from durable PVC, the LMF ICD is light weight 8.9 Kg (19.7 lbs).

#### **Product Applications**

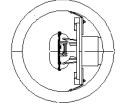
Will accommodate both square and round applications:

**Square Application Round Application** Universal Mounting Plate

Universal Mounting Plate Hub Adapter

Spigot CB

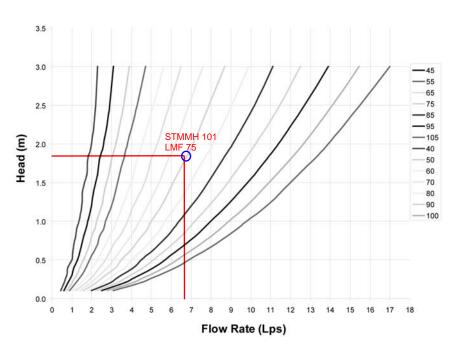
Wall Plate





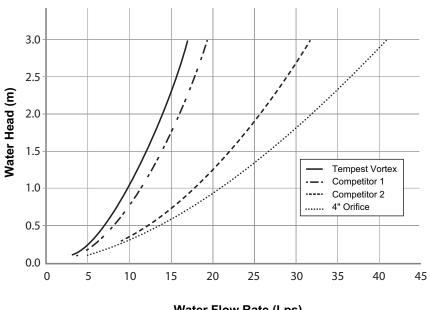
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IPEX



**Chart 1: LMF 14 Preset Flow Curves** 

**Chart 2: LMF Flow vs. ICD Alternatives** 



#### PRODUCT INSTALLATION

# Instructions to assemble a TEMPEST LMF ICD into a Square Catch Basin:

#### STEPS:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification:
  - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level, and marker.
  - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8 x 3-1/2, (4) washers,
    (4) nuts, universal mounting plate, ICD device.
- Use the mounting wall plate to locate and mark the hole
   (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make the four holes at a minimum of 1-1/2" depth up to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
- 4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Thread the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts from the ends of the anchors.
- Install the universal mounting plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the wall mounting plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. From the ground above using a reach bar, lower the ICD device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the universal mounting plate and has created a seal.



- Verify that the outlet pipe doesn't protrude into the catch basin. If it does, cut down the pipe flush to the catch basin wall.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.

# Instructions to assemble a TEMPEST LMF ICD into a Round Catch Basin:

#### STEPS:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification.
  - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level and marker.
  - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8 x 3-1/2, (4) washers and (4) nuts, spigot CB wall plate, universal mounting plate hub adapter, ICD device.
- 2. Use the spigot catch basin wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make the four holes at a depth between 1-1/2" to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
- 4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Thread the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts from the ends of the anchors.
- Install the CB spigot wall plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the spigot wall plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. Apply solvent cement on the hub of the universal mounting plate, hub adapter and the spigot of the CB wall plate, then slide the hub over the spigot. Make sure the universal mounting plate is at the horizontal and its hub is completely inserted onto the spigot. Normally, the corners of the universal mounting plate hub adapter should touch the catch basin wall.
- 7. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the ICD device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the mounting plate and has created a seal.

## WARNING

- Verify that the outlet pipe doesn't protrude into the catch basin. If it does, cut back the pipe flush to the catch basin wall.
- The solvent cement which is used in this installation is to be approved for PVC.
- The solvent cement should not be used below 0°C (32°F) or in a high humidity environment. Refer to the IPEX solvent cement guide to confirm the required curing time or visit the IPEX Online Solvent Cement Training Course available at www.ipexinc.com.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.

IPEX Tempest™ LMF ICD

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#### **PRODUCT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

#### General

Inlet control devices (ICD's) are designed to provide flow control at a specified rate for a given water head level and also provide odour and floatable control. All ICD's will be IPEX Tempest or approved equal.

All devices shall be removable from a universal mounting plate. An operator from street level using only a T-bar with a hook will be able to retrieve the device while leaving the universal mounting plate secured to the catch basin wall face. The removal of the TEMPEST devices listed above must not require any unbolting or special manipulation or any special tools.

High Flow (HF) Sump devices will consist of a removable threaded cap which can be accessible from street level with out entry into the catchbasin (CB). The removal of the threaded cap shall not require any special tools other than the operator's hand.

ICD's shall have no moving parts.

#### Materials

ICD's are to be manufactured from Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or Polyurethane material, designed to be durable enough to withstand multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to harsh elements.

The inner ring seal will be manufactured using a Buna or Nitrile material with hardness between Duro 50 and Duro 70.

The wall seal is to be comprised of a 3/8" thick Neoprene Closed Cell Sponge gasket which is attached to the back of the wall plate.

All hardware will be made from 304 stainless steel.

#### Dimensioning

The Low Medium Flow (LMF), High Flow (HF) and the High Flow (HF) Sump shall allow for a minimum outlet pipe diameter of 200mm with a 600mm deep Catch Basin sump.

#### Installation

Contractor shall be responsible for securing, supporting and connecting the ICD's to the existing influent pipe and catchbasin/manhole structure as specified and designed by the Engineer.

IPEX Tempest™ LMF ICD

#### **PRODUCT INFORMATION: TEMPEST HF & MHF ICD**

#### **Product Description**

Our HF, HF Sump and MHF ICD's are designed to accommodate catch basins or manholes with sewer outlet pipes 6" in diameter or larger. Any storm sewer larger than 12" may require custom modification. However, IPEX can custom build a TEMPEST device to accommodate virtually any storm sewer size.

Available in 5 preset flow curves, these ICDs have the ability to provide constant flow rates: 91ps (143 gpm) and greater

#### **Product Function**



**TEMPEST HF (High Flow):** designed to manage moderate to higher flows 15 L/s (240 gpm) or greater and prevent the propagation of odour and floatables. With this device, the cross-sectional area of the device is larger than the orifice diameter

and has been designed to limit head losses. The HF ICD can also be ordered without flow control when only odour and floatable control is required.

**TEMPEST HF (High Flow) Sump:** The height of a sewer outlet pipe in a catch basin is not always conveniently located. At times it may be located very close to the catch basin floor, not providing enough sump for one of the other TEMPEST ICDs with universal back plate to be installed. In these applications, the HF Sump is offered. The



HF Sump offers the same features and benefits as the HF ICD; however, is designed to raise the outlet in a square or round catch basin structure. When installed, the HF sump is fixed in place and not easily removed. Any required service to the device is performed through a clean-out located in the top of the device which can be often accessed from ground level.

#### **TEMPEST MHF (Medium to High Flow):**

The MHF plate or plug is designed to control flow rates 9 L/s (143 gpm) or greater. It is not designed to prevent the propagation of odour and floatables.

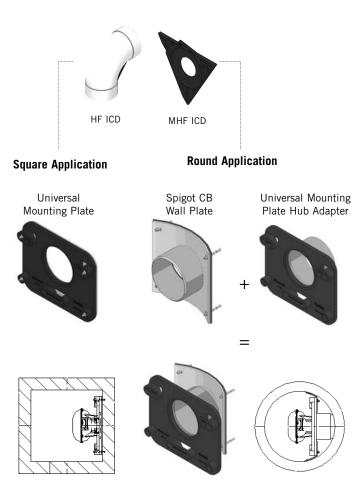


#### **Product Construction**

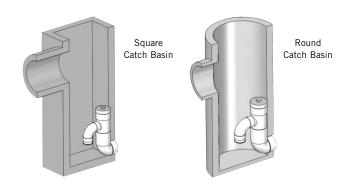
The HF, HF Sump and MHF ICDs are built to be light weight at a maximum weight of 6.8 Kg (14.6 lbs).

#### **Product Applications**

The HF and MHF ICD's are available to accommodate both square and round applications:



The HF Sump is available to accommodate low to no sump applications in both square and round catch basins:





Flow Q (Lps)

IPEX

#### PRODUCT INSTALLATION

# Instructions to assemble a TEMPEST HF or MHF ICD into a Square Catch Basin:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification:
  - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level, and marker.
  - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8 x 3-1/2, (4) washers, (4) nuts, universal mounting plate, ICD device
- Use the mounting wall plate to locate and mark the hole
   (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make the four holes at a minimum of 1-1/2" depth up to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
- 4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Thread the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts from the ends of the anchors.
- 5. Install the universal wall mounting plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the wall mounting plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. From the ground above using a reach bar, lower the device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the universal wall mounting plate and has created a seal.



- Verify that the outlet pipe doesn't protrude into the catch basin. If it does, cut down the pipe flush to the catch basin wall.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.

# Instructions to assemble a TEMPEST HF or MHF ICD into a Round Catch Basin:

#### STEPS:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification.
  - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level and marker.
  - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8 x 3-1/2, (4) washers and (4) nuts, spigot CB wall plate, universal mounting plate hub adapter, ICD device.
- 2. Use the round catch basin spigot adaptor to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- 3. Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make the four holes at a depth between 1-1/2" to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
- 4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Thread the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts from the ends of the anchors.
- Install the spigot CB wall plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the spigot CB wall plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. Put solvent cement on the hub of the universal mounting plate, hub adapter and the spigot of the CB wall plate, then slide the hub over the spigot. Make sure the universal mounting plate is at the horizontal and its hub is completely inserted onto the spigot. Normally, the corners of the hub adapter should touch the catch basin wall.
- 7. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the wall mounting plate and has created a seal.

## WARNING

- Verify that the outlet pipe doesn't protrude into the catch basin. If it does, cut down the pipe flush to the catch basin wall.
- The solvent cement which is used in this installation is to be approved for PVC.
- The solvent cement should not be used below 0°C (32°F) or in a high humidity environment. Refer to the IPEX solvent cement guide to confirm the required curing time or visit the IPEX Online Solvent Cement Training Course available at www.ipexinc.com.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.

10 IPEX Tempest<sup>™</sup> LMF ICD

# Instructions to assemble a TEMPEST HF Sump into a Square or Round Catch Basin:

#### STEPS:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification:
  - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level, mastic tape and metal strapping
  - Material: (2) concrete anchor 3/8 x 3-1/2, (2) washers, (2) nuts, HF Sump pieces (2).
- 2. Apply solvent cement to the spigot end of the top half of the sump. Apply solvent cement to the hub of the bottom half of the sump. Insert the spigot of the top half of the sump into the hub of the bottom half of the sump.
- 3. Install the 8" spigot of the device into the outlet pipe. Use the mastic tape to seal the device spigot into the outlet pipe. You should use a level to be sure that the fitting is standing at the vertical.
- Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make a series of 2 holes along each side of the body throat. The depth of the hole should be between 1-1/2" to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the 2 holes.
- 5. Install the anchors (2) in the holes by using a hammer. Put the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you hit the anchors. Remove the nuts from the ends of the anchors.
- Cut the metal strapping to length and connect each end of the strapping to the anchors. Screw the nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). The device should be completely flush with the catch basin wall.

#### 

- Verify that the outlet pipe doesn't protrude into the catch basin. If it does, cut down the pipe flush to the catch basin wall.
- The solvent cement which is used in this installation is to be approved for PVC.
- The solvent cement should not be used below 0°C (32°F) or in a high humidity environment. Refer to the IPEX solvent cement guide to confirm the required curing time or visit the IPEX Online Solvent Cement Training Course available at www.ipexinc.com.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.

#### PRODUCT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

#### General

Inlet control devices (ICD's) are designed to provide flow control at a specified rate for a given water head level and also provide odour and floatable control where specified. All ICD's will be IPEX Tempest or approved equal.

All devices shall be removable from a universal mounting plate. An operator from street level using only a T-bar with a hook shall be able to retrieve the device while leaving the universal mounting plate secured to the catch basin wall face. The removal of the TEMPEST devices listed above shall not require any unbolting or special manipulation or any special tools.

High Flow (HF) Sump devices shall consist of a removable threaded cap which can be accessible from street level with out entry into the catchbasin (CB). The removal of the threaded cap shall not require any special tools other than the operator's hand.

ICD's shall have no moving parts.

#### Materials

ICD's are to be manufactured from Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or Polyurethane material, designed to be durable enough to withstand multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to harsh elements.

The inner ring seal will be manufactured using a Buna or Nitrile material with hardness between Duro 50 and Duro 70.

The wall seal is to be comprised of a 3/8" thick Neoprene Closed Cell Sponge gasket which is attached to the back of the wall plate.

All hardware will be made from 304 stainless steel.

#### Dimensioning

The Low Medium Flow (LMF), High Flow (HF) and the High Flow (HF) Sump shall allow for a minimum outlet pipe diameter of 200mm with a 600mm deep Catch Basin sump.

#### Installation

Contractor shall be responsible for securing, supporting and connecting the ICD's to the existing influent pipe and catchbasin/manhole structure as specified and designed by the Engineer.

TEMPEST HF & MHF ICD

IPEX Tempest™ LMF ICD

#### 12 IPEX Tempest<sup>™</sup> LMF ICD

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#### About the IPEX Group of Companies

As leading suppliers of thermoplastic piping systems, the IPEX Group of Companies provides our customers with some of the largest and most comprehensive product lines. All IPEX products are backed by more than 50 years of experience. With state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities and distribution centers across North America, we have established a reputation for product innovation, quality, end-user focus and performance.

Markets served by IPEX group products are:

- Electrical systems
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- PVC, CPVC, PP, ABS, PEX, FR-PVDF and PE pipe and fittings (1/4" to 48")
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- Plumbing and mechanical piping systems
- PE Electrofusion systems for gas and water
- Industrial, plumbing and electrical cements
- Irrigation systems

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A policy of ongoing product improvement is maintained. This may result in modifications of features and/or specifications without notice.

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# **5.0 Cumulative Storage Volumes**



**Tables 7** and **8** provide cumulative storage volumes for the MC-3500 chamber and end cap. These tables can be used to calculate the stagestorage relationship for the retention or detention system. Digital spreadsheets in which the number of chambers and end caps can be input for quick cumulative storage calculations are available at www.stormtech.com. For assistance with sitespecific calculations or input into routing software, contact the StormTech Technical Services Department.

#### TABLE 7 – MC-3500 Incremental Storage Volume Per Chamber

Assumes 40% stone porosity. Calculations are based upon a 9" (230 mm) stone base under the chambers, 12" (300 mm) of stone above chambers, and 9" (230 mm) of spacing between chambers.

Depth of Water in System Inches (mm)	Cumulative Chamber Storage ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		Total System Cumulative Storage ft <sup>a</sup> (m <sup>a</sup> )	Depth of Water in System Inches (mm)		umulative nber Storage ft³ (m³)	Total System Cumulative Storage ft <sup>s</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
66 (1676)		0.00	178.96 (5.068)	32 (813)		73.52 (2.082)	98.90 (2.800)
65 (1651)		0.00	177.25 (5.019)	31 (787)		70.75 (2.003)	95.52 (2.705)
64 (1626)		0.00	175.54 (4.971)	30 (762)		67.92 (1.923)	92.12 (2.608)
63 (1600)	Stone	0.00	173.83 (4.922)	29 (737)		65.05 (1.842)	88.68 (2.511)
62 (1575)	Cover	0.00	172.11 (4.874)	28 (711)		62.12 (1.759)	85.21 (2.413)
61 (1549)		0.00	170.40 (4.825)	27 (686)		59.15 (1.675)	81.72 (2.314)
60 (1524)		0.00	168.69 (4.777)	26 (680)		56.14 (1.590)	78.20 (2.214)
59 (1499)		0.00	166.98 (4.728)	25 (635)		53.09 (1.503)	74.65 (2.114)
58 (1473)		0.00	165.27 (4.680)	24 (610)		49.99 (1.416)	71.09 (2.013)
57 (1448)		0.00	163.55 (4.631)	23 (584)		46.86 (1.327)	67.50 (1.911)
56 (1422)		0.00	161.84 (4.583)	22 (559)		43.70 (1.237)	63.88 (1.809)
55 (1397)	V	0.00	160.13 (4.534)	21 (533)		40.50 (1.147)	60.25 (1.706)
54 (1372)	109.	.95 (3.113)	158.42 (4.486)	20 (508)		37.27 (1.055)	56.60 (1.603)
53 (1346)	109.	.89 (3.112)	156.67 (4.436)	19 (483)		34.01 (0.963)	52.93 (1.499)
52 (1321)	109.	69 (3.106)	154.84 (4.385)	18 (457)		30.72 (0.870)	49.25 (1.395)
51 (1295)	109.4	40 (3.098)	152.95 (4.331)	17 (432)		27.40 (0.776)	45.54 (1.290)
50 (1270)	109.0	00 (3.086)	151.00 (4.276)	16 (406)		24.05 (0.681)	41.83 (1.184)
49 (1245)	108.3	31 (3.067)	148.88 (4.216)	15 (381)		20.69 (0.586)	38.09 (1.079)
48 (1219)	107.3	28 (3.038)	146.55 (4.150)	14 (356)		17.29 (0.490)	34.34 (0.973)
47 (1194)	106.	03 (3.003)	144.09 (4.080)	13 (330)		13.88 (0.393)	30.58 (0.866)
46 (1168)	104.0	61 (2.962)	141.52 (4.007)	12 (305)		10.44 (0.296)	26.81 (0.759)
45 (1143)	103.	04 (2.918)	138.86 (3.932)	11 (279)		6.98 (0.198)	23.02 (0.652)
44 (1118)	101.3	33 (2.869)	136.13 (3.855)	10 (254)		3.51 (0.099)	19.22 (0.544)
43 (1092)	99.	50 (2.818)	133.32 (3.775)	9 (229)		0.00	15.41 (0.436)
42 (1067)	97.	56 (2.763)	130.44 (3.694)	8 (203)		0.00	13.70 (0.388)
41 (1041)	95.	52 (2.705)	127.51 (3.611)	7 (178)		0.00	11.98 (0.339)
40 (1016)	93.3	39 (2.644)	124.51 (3.526)	6 (152)	Sto		10.27 (0.291)
39 (991)	91.	16 (2.581)	121.47 (3.440)	5 (127)		dation 0.00	8.56 (0.242)
38 (965)	88.	86 (2.516)	118.37 (3.352)	4 (102)	i uui	0.00	6.85 (0.194)
37 (948)	86.4	47 (2.449)	115.23 (3.263)	3 (76)		0.00	5.14 (0.145)
36 (914)	84.	01 (2.379)	112.04 (3.173)	2 (51)		0.00	3.42 (0.097)
35 (889)	81.4	49 (2.307)	108.81 (3.081)			0.00	
34 (864)	78.8	89 (2.234)	105.54 (2.989)	1 (25)		0.00	1.71 (0.048)
33 (838)	76.	24 (2.159)	102.24 (2.895)				

NOTE: Add 1.71 ft<sup>g</sup> (0.030 m<sup>3</sup>) of storage for each additional inch (25 mm) of stone foundation. Contact StormTech for cumulative volume spreadsheets in digital format.



#### TABLE 8 – MC-3500 Incremental Storage Volume Per End Cap

Assumes 40% stone porosity. Calculations are based upon a 9" (230 mm) stone base under the chambers, 12" (300 mm) of stone above end caps, and 9" (230 mm) of spacing between end caps and 6" (150 mm) of stone perimeter.

and of Mala	Cumulativa		Total Custom
Depth of Water in System	Cumulative End Cap Storage		Total System Cumulative Storage
Inches (mm)		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )	ft <sup>a</sup> (m <sup>a</sup> )
66 (1676)		0.00	46.96 (1.330)
65 (1651)	0.00		46.39 (1.314)
64 (1626)		0.00	45.82 (1.298)
63 (1600)	Stone         0.00           Cover         0.00           0.00         0.00		45.25 (1.281)
62 (1575)			44.68 (1.265)
61 (1549)			44.08 (1.203)
60 (1524)		0.00	
	++		43.54 (1.233)
59 (1499)		0.00	42.98 (1.217)
58 (1473)	++	0.00	42.41 (1.201)
57 (1448)	++	0.00	41.84 (1.185)
56 (1422)		0.00	41.27 (1.169)
55 (1397)		0.00	40.70 (1.152)
54 (1372)		.64 (0.443)	40.13 (1.136)
53 (1346)		.64 (0.443)	39.56 (1.120)
52 (1321)		.63 (0.443)	38.99 (1.104)
51 (1295)		.62 (0.442)	38.41 (1.088)
50 (1270)		.60 (0.442)	37.83 (1.071)
49 (1245)	15.56 (0.441) 15.51 (0.439)		37.24 (1.054)
48 (1219)			
47 (1194)	15	.44 (0.437)	36.02 (1.020)
46 (1168)	15	.35 (0.435)	35.40 (1.003)
45 (1143)	15	.25 (0.432)	34.77 (0.985)
44 (1118)	15	5.13 (0.428)	34.13 (0.966)
43 (1092)	14	.99 (0.424)	33.48 (0.948)
42 (1067)		.83 (0.420)	32.81 (0.929)
41 (1041)		.65 (0.415)	32.13 (0.910)
40 (1016)		.45 (0.409)	31.45 (0.890)
39 (991)		.24 (0.403)	30.75 (0.871)
38 (965)		.00 (0.396)	30.03 (0.850)
37 (948)		.74 (0.389)	29.31 (0.830)
36 (914)		.47 (0.381)	28.58 (0.809)
35 (889)		3.18 (0.373)	27.84 (0.788)
34 (864)		.86 (0.364)	27.08 (0.767)

NOTE: Add 0.56 ft<sup>9</sup> (0.016 m<sup>3</sup>) of storage for each additional inch (25 mm) of stone foundation. Contact StormTech for cumulative volume spreadsheets in digital format.

#### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

ENGINEERED	VIVEK SHARMA
PRODUCT	647-463-9803
MANAGER:	VIVEK.SHARMA@ADS-PIPE.COM
	HASSAN ELMI
ADS SALES REP:	416-985-9757
	HASSAN.ELMI@ADS-PIPE.COM
PROJECT NO:	S124529



ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.

# 2140 BASELINE ROAD

# OTTAWA, ON

## **MC-3500 STORMTECH CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS**

- CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH MC-3500. 1.
- 2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE ARCH-SHAPED AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE CERTIFIED TO CSA B184, "POLYMERIC SUB-SURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES", AND MEET 3. THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418-16a, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" CHAMBER CLASSIFICATION 45x76 DESIGNATION SS.
- CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORTS THAT WOULD 4 IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE 5. THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS. SECTION 12.12. ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE CSA S6 CL-625 TRUCK AND THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED, TESTED AND ALLOWABLE LOAD CONFIGURATIONS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, 6. "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". LOAD CONFIGURATIONS SHALL INCLUDE: 1) INSTANTANEOUS (<1 MIN) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK LIVE LOAD ON MINIMUM COVER 2) MAXIMUM PERMANENT (75-YR) COVER LOAD AND 3) ALLOWABLE COVER WITH PARKED (1-WEEK) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK.
- REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION: 7
  - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
  - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 75 mm (3").
  - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418 SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 500 LBS/IN/IN. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 23° C / 73° F), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.
- ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. UPON REQUEST BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OWNER. THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE AS FOLLOWS:
  - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL BE SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
  - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY SECTIONS 3 AND 12.12 OF THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.
  - THE TEST DERIVED CREEP MODULUS AS SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 SHALL BE USED FOR PERMANENT DEAD LOAD DESIGN EXCEPT THAT IT SHALL BE THE 75-YEAR MODULUS USED FOR DESIGN.
- CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY. 9.

#### **IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF MC-3500 CHAMBER SYSTEM**

- STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
- 2 STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR AN EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS. 3 STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS:
  - STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
  - BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE.
  - BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
- THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS. 4.
- JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE. 5
- MAINTAIN MINIMUM 230 mm (9") SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS. 6
- INLET AND OUTLET MANIFOLDS MUST BE INSERTED A MINIMUM OF 300 mm (12") INTO CHAMBER END CAPS. 7.
- 8. EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE MEETING THE AASHTO M43 DESIGNATION OF #3 OR #4.
- 9 STONE MUST BE PLACED ON THE TOP CENTER OF THE CHAMBER TO ANCHOR THE CHAMBERS IN PLACE AND PRESERVE ROW SPACING.
- THE CONTRACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIALS BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN 10. ENGINEER.
- ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE 11. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

#### NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". 1.
- 2. THE USE OF EQUIPMENT OVER MC-3500 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED:
  - NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS.
  - NO RUBBER TIRED LOADER, DUMP TRUCK, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
  - WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- FULL 900 mm (36") OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING. 3.

#### USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY USING THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

2013 ADS. INC



For Reference: #17709 D07-12-18-0084

#### PROPOSED LAYOUT

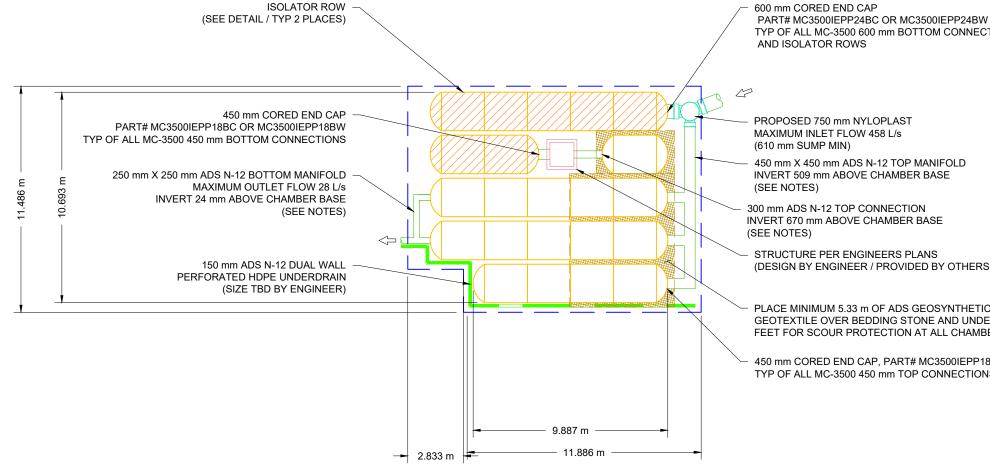
	22	STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBERS
	12	STORMTECH MC-3500 END CAPS
	305	STONE ABOVE (mm)
	350	STONE BELOW (mm)
	40	% STONE VOID
	162.7	INSTALLED SYSTEM VOLUME (m <sup>3</sup> ) (PERIMETER STONE INCLUDED)
	164.9	SYSTEM AREA (m <sup>2</sup> )
	52.7	SYSTEM PERIMETER (m)
I		

#### PROPOSED ELEVATIONS

86.611	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF PAVEMENT/UNPAVED):
84.935	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED WITH TRAFFIC):
84.783	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED NO TRAFFIC):
84.783	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (BASE OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT):
84.783	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF RIGID PAVEMENT):
84.478	TOP OF STONE:
84.173	TOP OF MC-3500 CHAMBER:
83.700	300 mm TOP MANIFOLD INVERT:
83.539	450 mm TOP MANIFOLD INVERT:
83.082	600 mm ISOLATOR ROW INVERT:
83.076	450 mm ISOLATOR MANIFOLD INVERT:
83.054	250 mm BOTTOM MANIFOLD INVERT:
83.030	BOTTOM OF MC-3500 CHAMBER:
82.680	BOTTOM OF STONE:

#### NOTES

- MANIFOLD SIZE TO BE DETERMINED BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER. SEE
   DUE TO THE ADAPTATION OF THIS CHAMBER SYSTEM TO SPECIFIC S
- NECESSARY TO CUT AND COUPLE ADDITIONAL PIPE TO STANDARD
   THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER MUST REVIEW ELEVATIONS AND IF NEC
- COVER REQUIREMENTS ARE MET.
   THIS CHAMBER SYSTEM WAS DESIGNED WITHOUT SITE-SPECIFIC IN CAPACITY. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMENT
- CAPACITY. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DETE PROVIDING THE BEARING CAPACITY OF THE INSITU SOILS. THE BAS ONCE THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED.



							TIMATE
E TECH SHEET #7 FOR MANIFOLD SIZING GUIDANCE. SITE AND DESIGN CONSTRAINTS, IT MAY BE MANIFOLD COMPONENTS IN THE FIELD. CESSARY ADJUST GRADING TO ENSURE THE CHAMBER	RUAD	_	-	۷: MSY			FION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE
NFORMATION ON SOIL CONDITIONS OR BEARING ERMINING THE SUITABILITY OF THE SOIL AND SE STONE DEPTH MAY BE INCREASED OR DECREASED	ILINE:	OTTAWA ON	) (YAA	DRAWN:		CHECKED	CONSTRUC
	Z140 BASELINE KOAD	0TTO		DATE: 3-14-19	C IFCT # C124520		VIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO
				DA		Ч Ч	R SHALL REV
			ADDED ENGINEERS PLAN REFERENCES	REVISED PER ENGINEER MARKUP	REVISED PER ENGINEER MARKUP	DESCRIPTION	SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PROR TO CONSTRUCTION. TED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.
TIONS			RCT JMQ	RCT DAF	RCT JMQ	DRWN CHKD	ROJECT RI LAWS, REG
		1	06/03/19 R	03/27/19 R	03/18/19 R	DATE DF	OR OTHER F NPLICABLE
				Detention Retention Water Quality	70 INWOOD ROAD, SUITE 3   ROCKY HILL   CT   06067	860-529-8188   888-892-2694   WWW.STORMTECH.COM	VIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGIN HE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET
ES 315WTM WOVEN ERINEATH CHAMBER ER INLET ROWS BTC OR MC3500IEPP18TW IS			D ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.		I SCALE = 1 : 200		THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINERGEN OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINE REPORT OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINE AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.
For Reference: #17709 D07-12-18-0084	2	)		IEE DF			5

# ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH MC-3500 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMPA
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPARE INSTALL
с	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 24" (600 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M1451 A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M431 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COMF THE CHAMBE 12" (300 mm) WELL GRAI
В	<b>EMBEDMENT STONE</b> : FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M431 3, 4	
А	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 <sup>1</sup> 3, 4	PLATE COM

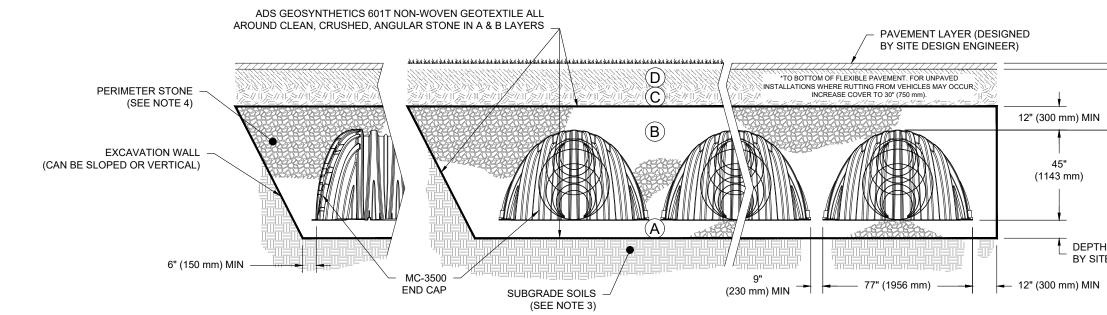
PLEASE NOTE:

1. THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE".

2. STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 9" (230 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR.

3. WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.

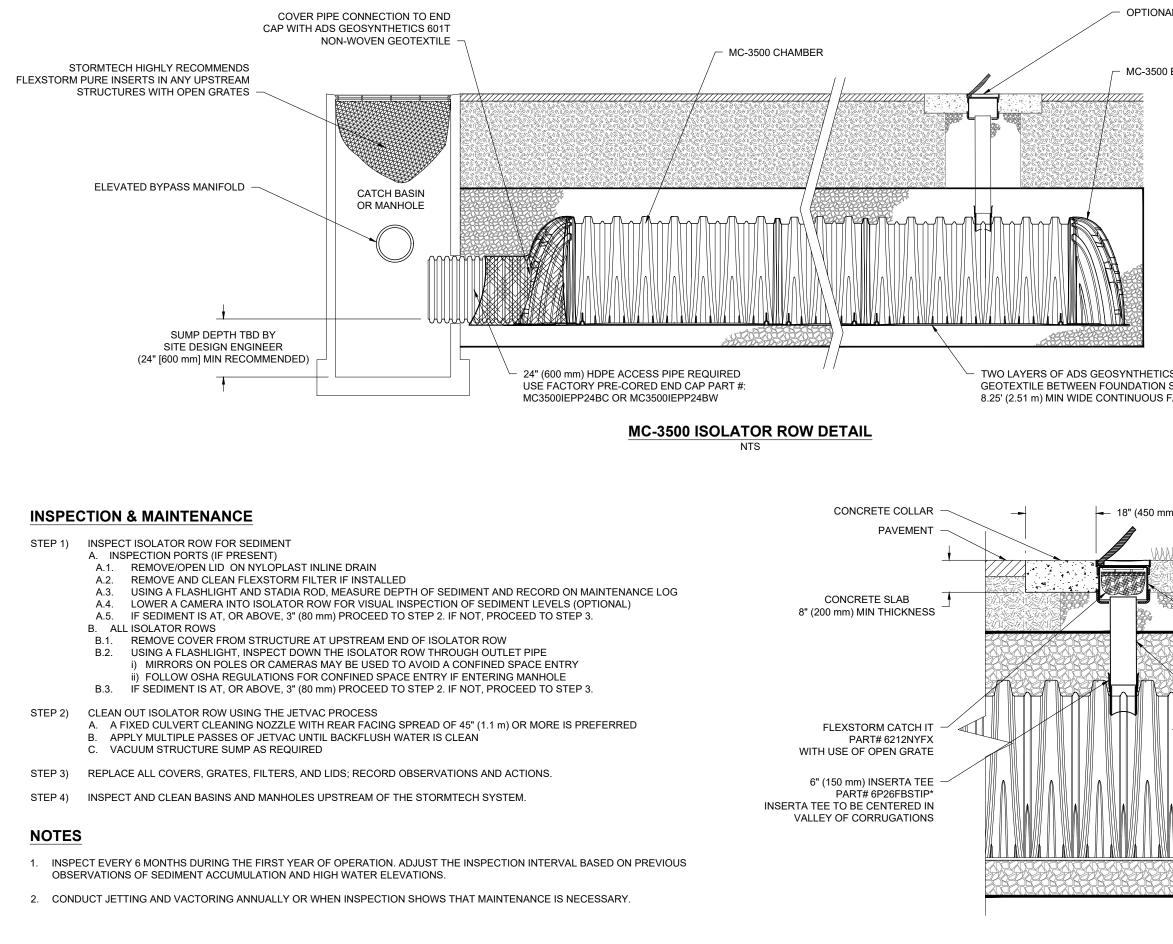
4. ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION.



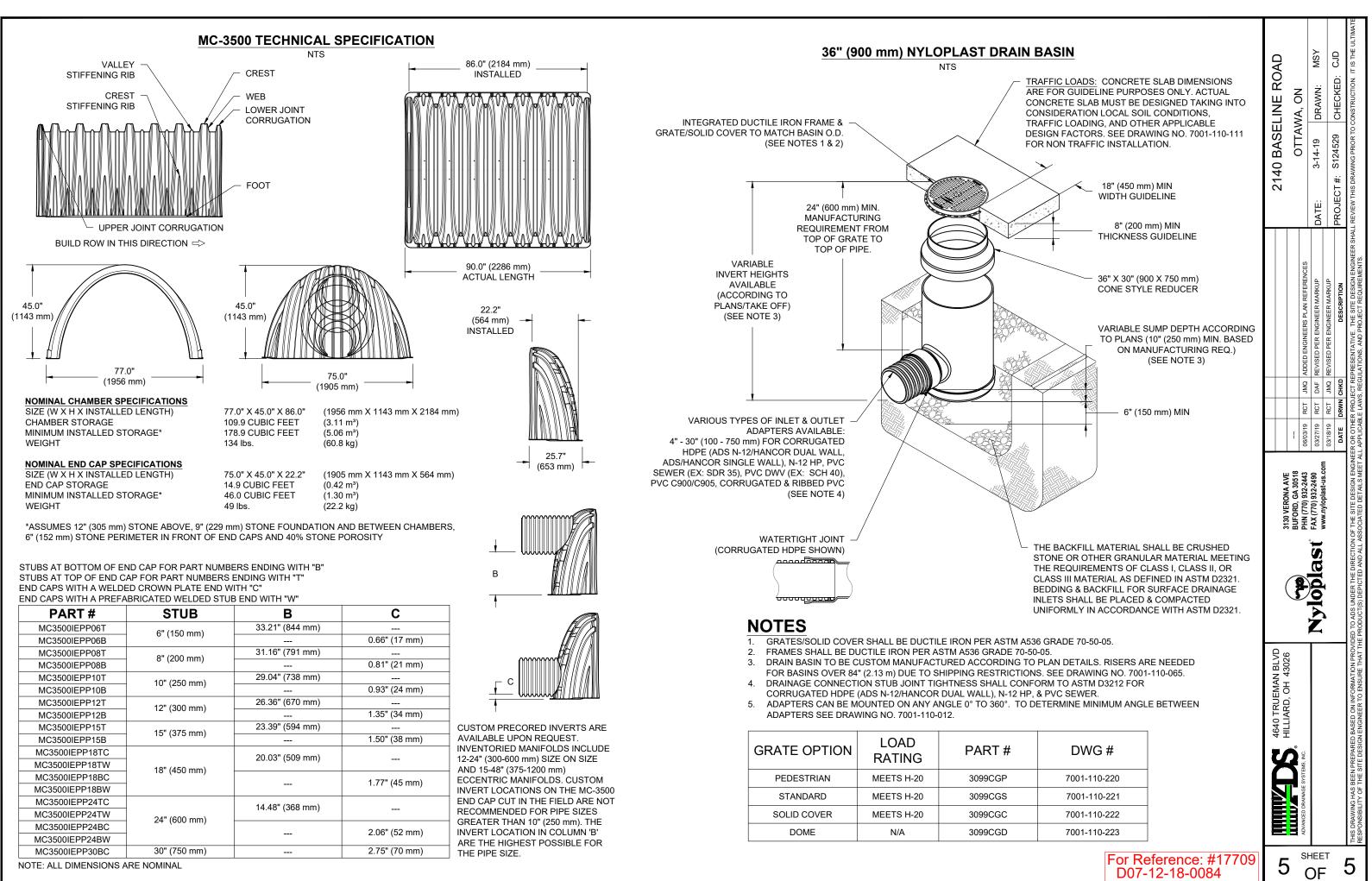
## NOTES:

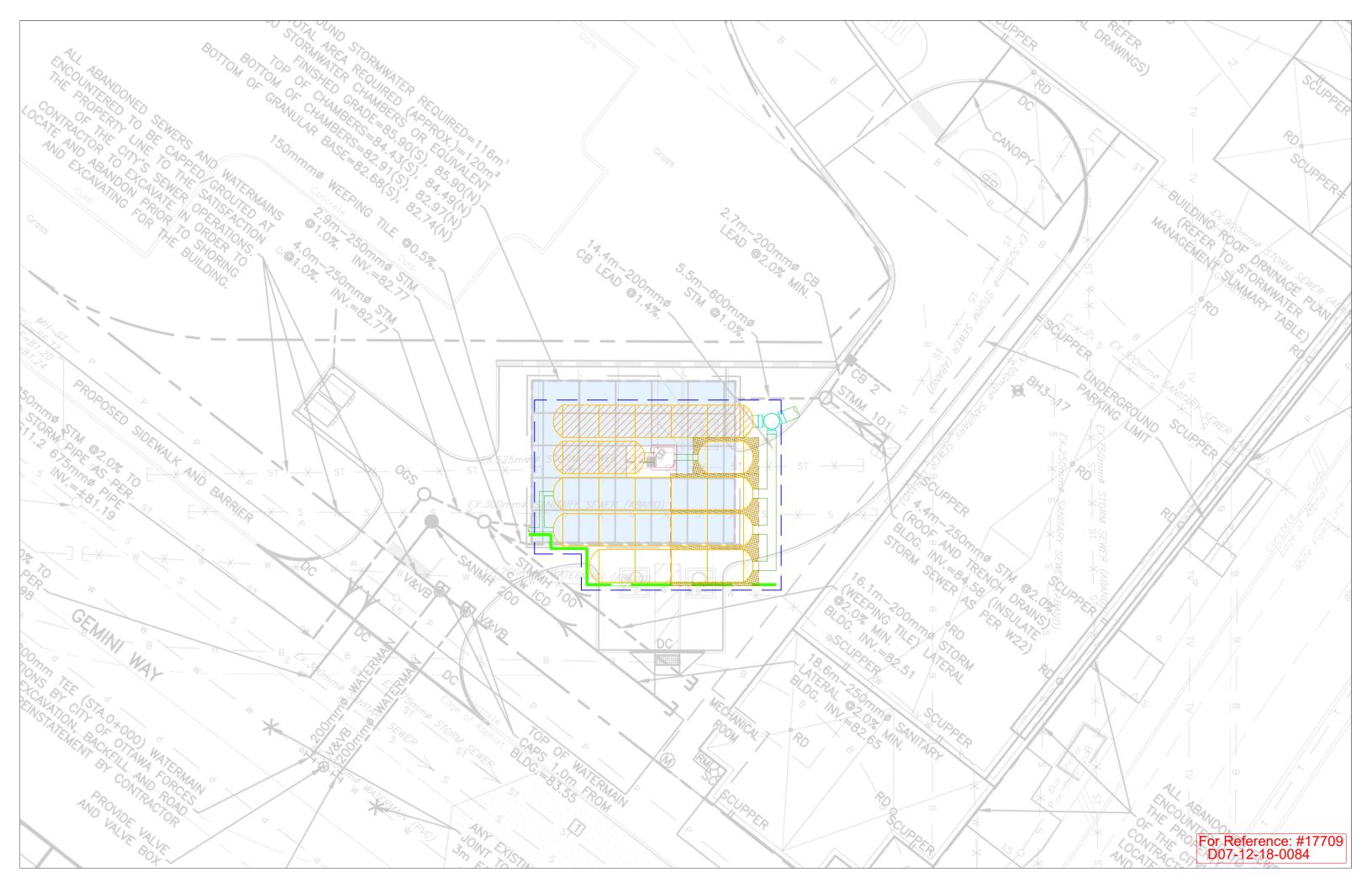
- 1. CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418-16a, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" CHAMBER CLASSIFICATION 45x76 DESIGNATION SS.
- 2. MC-3500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- 3. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS.
- 4. PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- 5. REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
  - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
  - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 3".
  - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418 SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 500 LBS/IN/IN. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.

### MSΥ S ROAD PACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT CHECKED: DRAWN: OTTAWA, ON ш BASELIN RE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS, PAVED LLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS. S124529 3-14-19 140 MPACTIONS AFTER 24" (600 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER BERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN PROJECT #: à m) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR RADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR DATE: PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS. NO COMPACTION REQUIRED. COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE.<sup>2,3</sup> ENGINEER MARK PLAN ERS JMQ JMQ RCT RCT 06/03/19 03/27/19 03/18/19 24" (2.4 m)(600 mm) MIN\* MAX Storm DEPTH OF STONE TO BE DETERMINED BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER 9" (230 mm) MIN 4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026 SHEET For Reference: #17709 3 5 D07-12-18-0084 OF



DS 315WTM WOVEN STONE AND CHAMBERS FABRIC WITHOUT SEAMS m) MIN WIDTH CONCRETE COLLAR NOT REQUIRED FOR UNPAVED APPLICATIONS 12" (300 mm) NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN BODY W/SOLID HINGED COVER OR GRATE PART# 2712AG6IPK SOLID COVER: 1299CGS 6" (150 mm) SDR35 PIPE MC-3500 CHAMBER • THE PART# 2712AG6IPKIT CAN BE USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID INSPECTION PORT INSTALLATION	AL INSPECTION POR	۲	2140 BASELINE KOAD	OTTAWA ON	VI AVA, ON	3-14-19 DRAWN: MSY		#: S124529 CHECKED: CJD	DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIN
CONCRETE COLLAR NOT REQUIRED FOR UNPAVED APPLICATIONS 12" (300 mm) NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN BODY W/SOLID HINGED COVER OR GRATE PART# 2712AG6IP* SOLID COVER: 1299CGC* GRATE: 1299CGC 6" (150 mm) SDR35 PIPE MC-3500 CHAMBER * THE PART# 2712AG6IPKIT CAN BE USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID INSPECTION PORT INSTALLATION			N			DATE:		PROJECT	SHALL REVIEW THIS
CONCRETE COLLAR NOT REQUIRED FOR UNPAVED APPLICATIONS 12" (300 mm) NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN BODY W/SOLID HINGED COVER OR GRATE PART# 2712AG6IP* SOLID COVER: 1299CGC* GRATE: 1299CGC 6" (150 mm) SDR35 PIPE MC-3500 CHAMBER * THE PART# 2712AG6IPKIT CAN BE USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID INSPECTION PORT INSTALLATION					амг	DAF	DML		ER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER
CONCRETE COLLAR NOT REQUIRED FOR UNPAVED APPLICATIONS 12" (300 mm) NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN BODY W/SOLID HINGED COVER OR GRATE PART# 2712AG6IP* SOLID COVER: 1299CGC* GRATE: 1299CGC GRATE: 1299CGC 6" (150 mm) SDR35 PIPE MC-3500 CHAMBER * THE PART# 2712AG6IPKIT CAN BE USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID INSPECTION PORT INSTALLATION	m) MIN WIDTH			-	06/03/19	03/27/19	03/18/19		IGINEER OR OTHE
6" (150 mm) SDR35 PIPE MC-3500 CHAMBER * THE PART# 2712AG6IPKIT CAN BE USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID INSPECTION PORT INSTALLATION		FOR UNPAVED APPLICATIONS 12" (300 mm) NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN BODY W/SOLID HINGED COVER OR GRATE PART# 2712AG6IP* SOLID COVER: 1299CGC*	2					860-529-8188   888-892-2694   WWW.STORMTECH.CON	DED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN EN
* THE PART# 2712AG6IPKIT CAN BE USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID INSPECTION PORT INSTALLATION									BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIL
	NRT DETAIL	USED TO ORDER ALL NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR A SOLID LID		J J	ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.				HIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED





exp Services Inc.

Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. 2140 Baseline Road OTT-00245012-A0 June 14, 2019

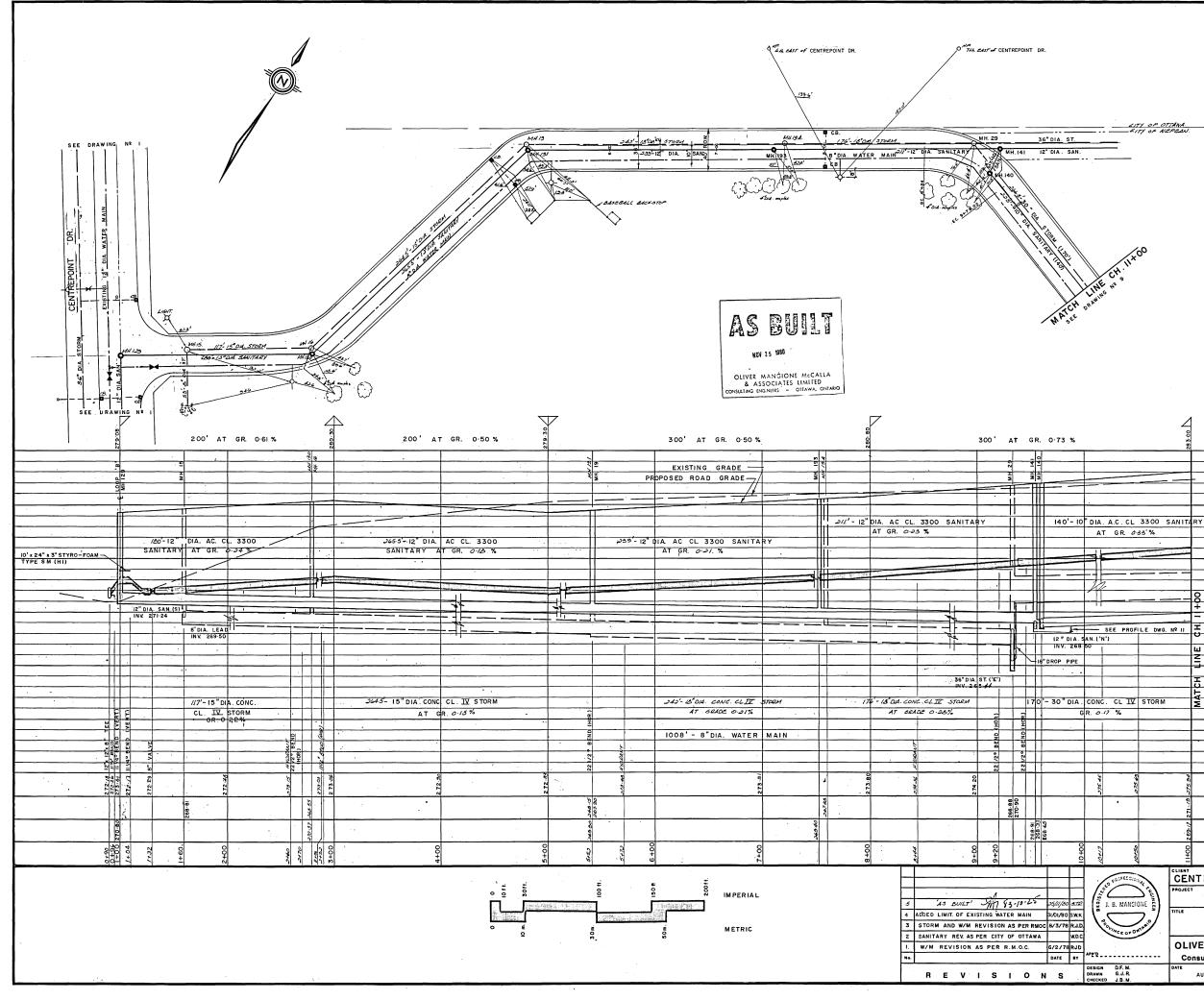
# **Appendix H – Background Information**

As-Built Drawings (All 11x17 Reduction, Scale: NTS)

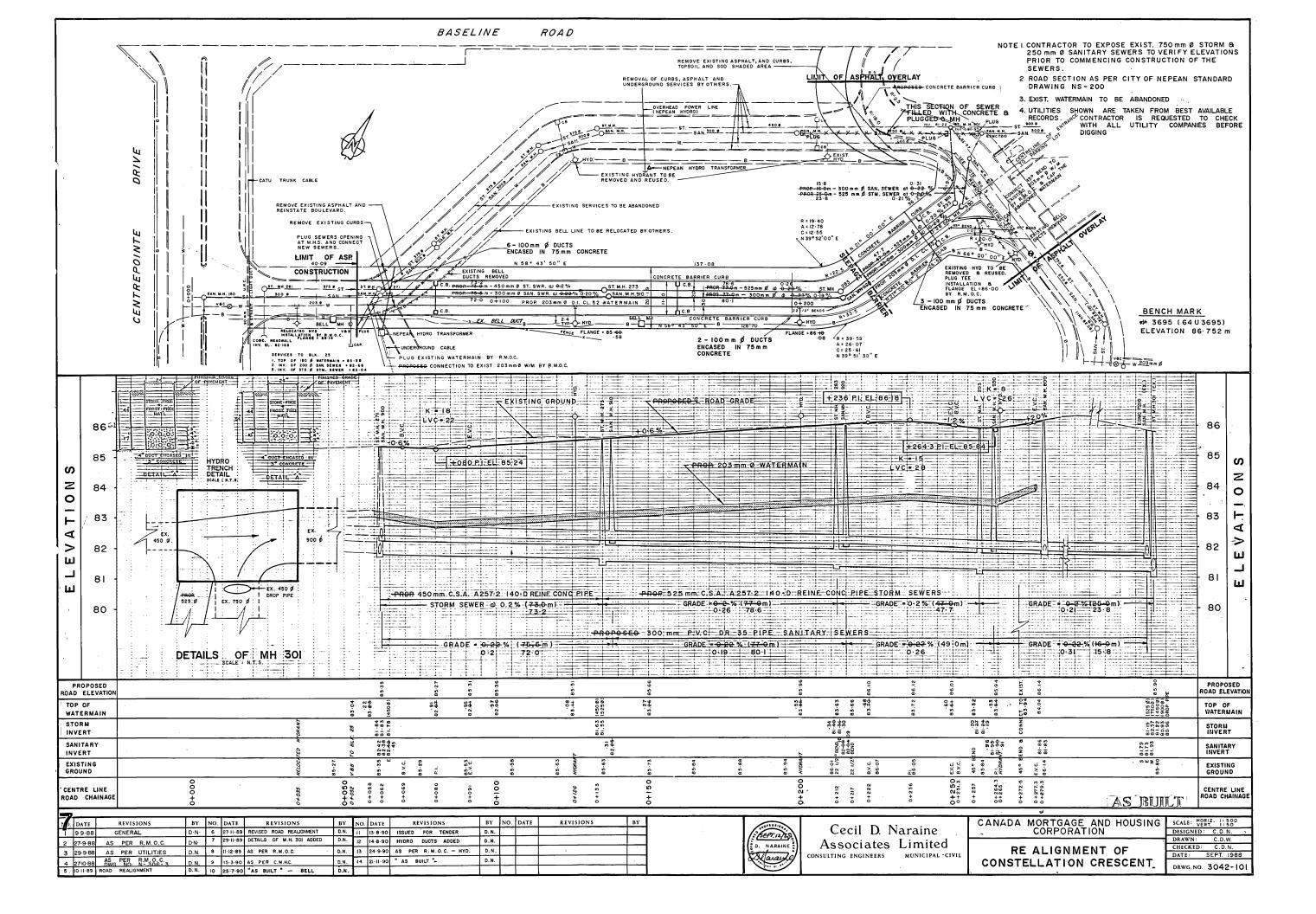
- Plan & Profile Re Alignment of Constellation Crescent (1 drawings)
- Plan & Profile Constellation Crescent (1 drawing)
- Plan & Profile Baseline Road and Constellation Crescent Intersection Modifications (3 drawings)

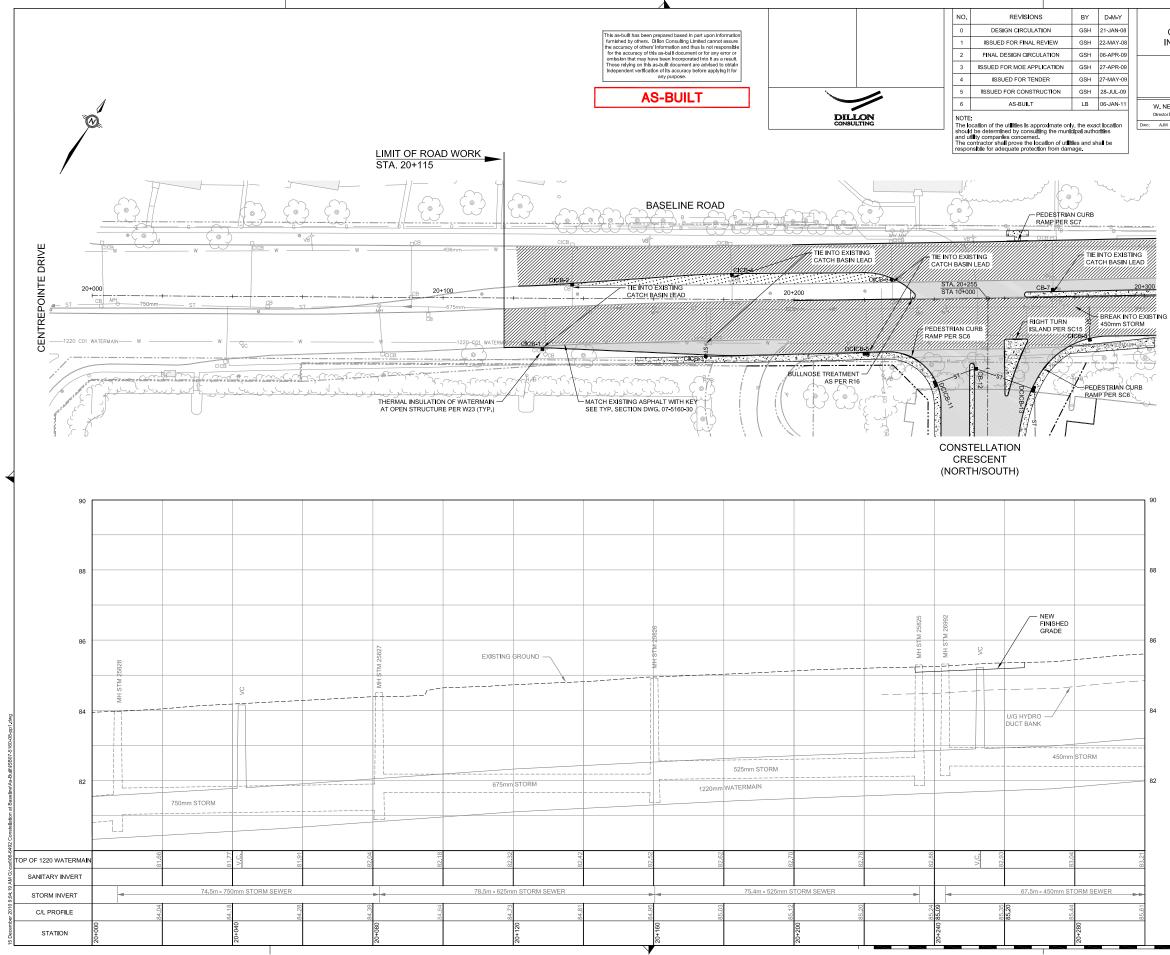
Excerpt pages form "Stormwater Management Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek / Westboro Area, JFSA, June 2012. (pages 12-19)





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RCULATION	GSH	06-APR-09
PPLICATION	GSH	27-APR-09
ENDER	GSH	27-MAY-09
STRUCTION	GSH	28-JUL-09
т	LB	06-JAN-11

#### BASELINE ROAD AND CONSTELLATION CRESCENT INTERSECTION MODIFICATION

#### PLAN/PROFILE STA. 20+000 TO STA. 20+300

PLAN/I STA. 20+000 <sup>-</sup> BASELI	<sup>DWG. NO.</sup> 07-5160-08		
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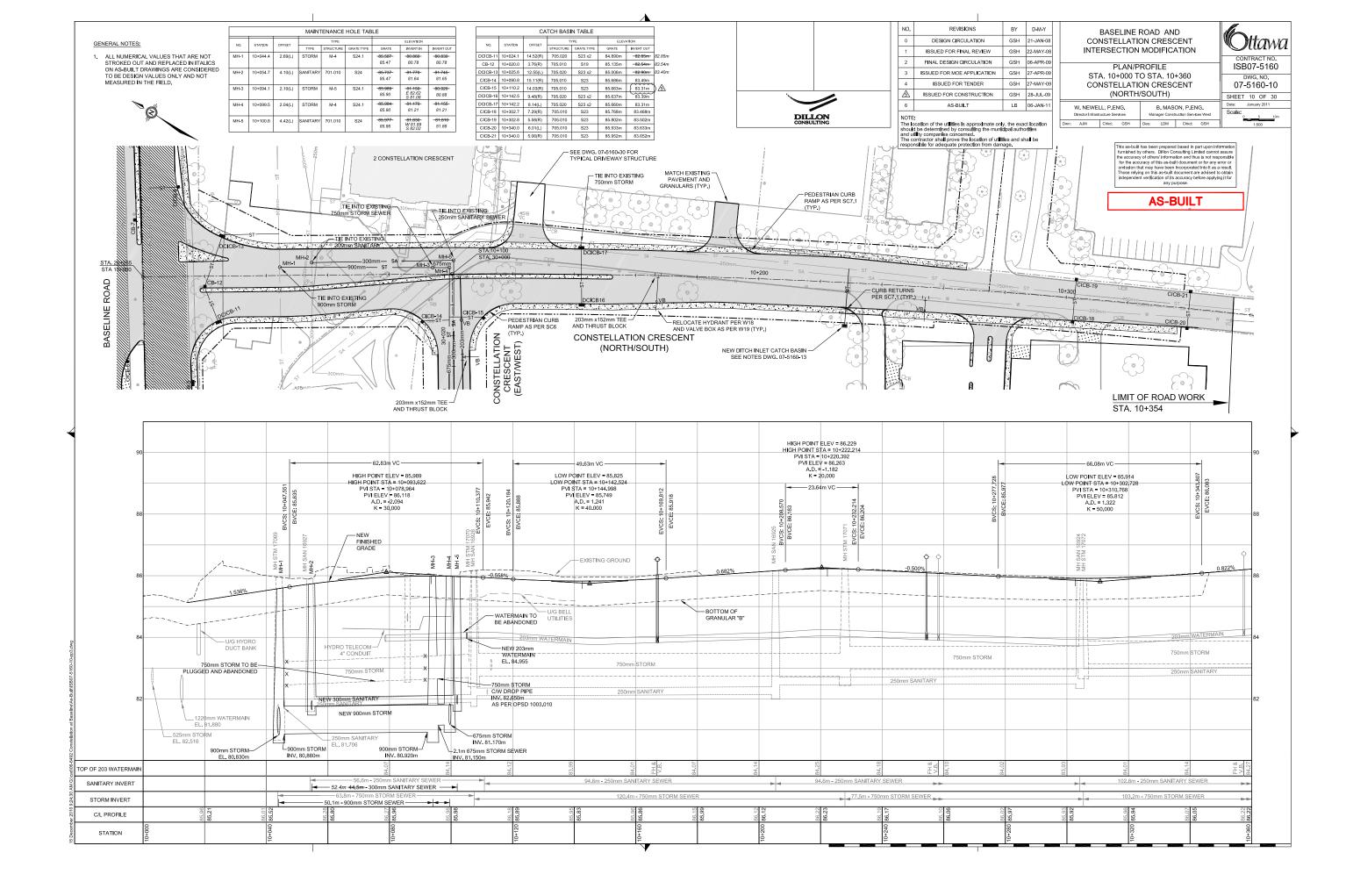
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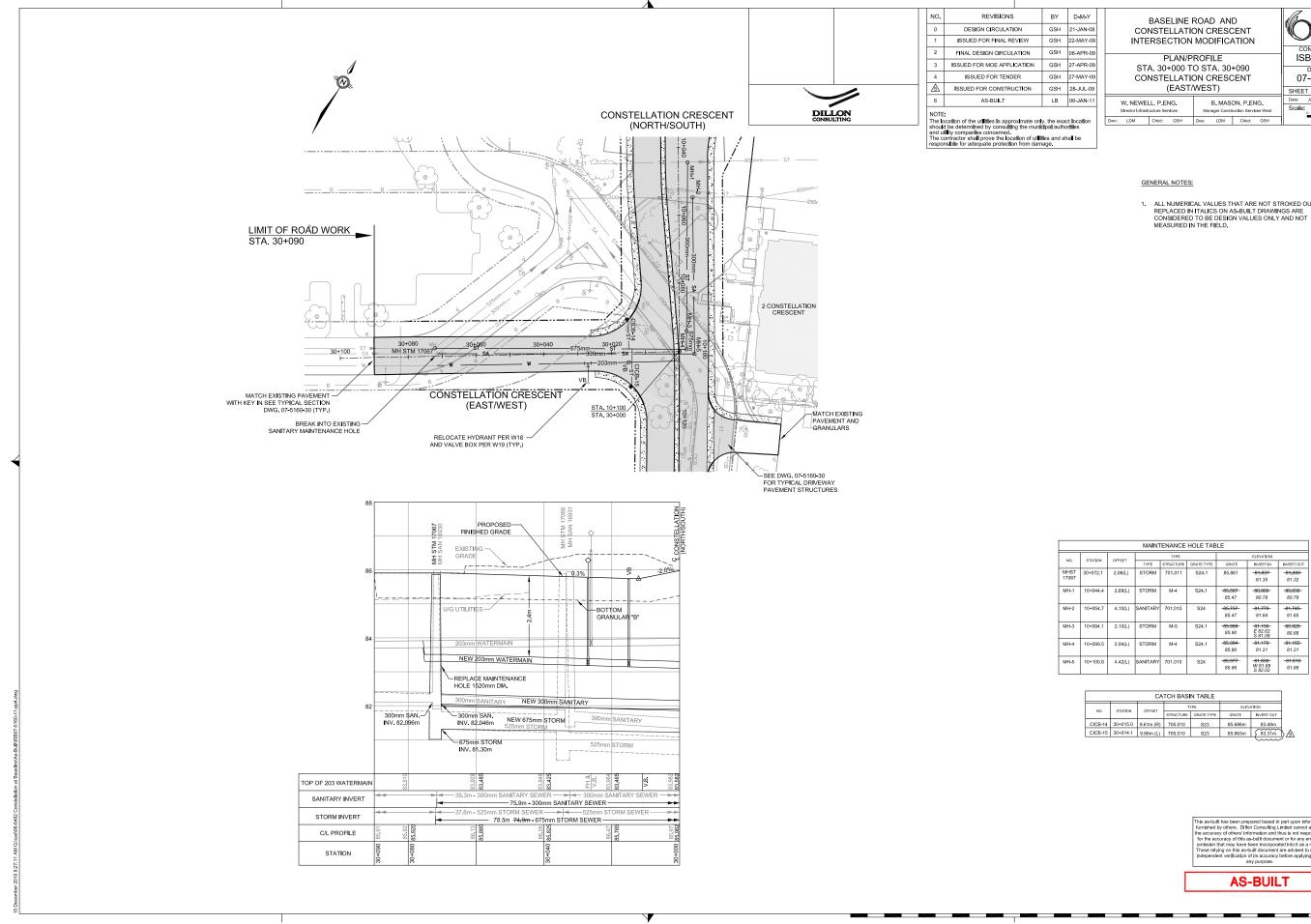
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GENERAL NOTES:

ALL NUMERICAL VALUES THAT ARE NOT STROKED OUT AND REPLACED IN ITALICS ON AS-BUILT DRAWINGS ARE CONSIDERED TO BE DESIGN VALUES ONLY AND NOT MEASURED IN THE FIELD. 1.

CATCH BASIN TABLE							
NO.	STATION	OFESET	T	TYPE		ATION	1
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CICB-1	20+128.4	14.05(R)	705.010	S23	84.492m	-82.09m-	83.22r
CICB-2	20+136.7	4.35(L)	705.010	S23	84.675m	-82.90m-	82.92
CICB-3	20+175.0	15.80(R)	705.010	\$23	84.716m	-82.51m-	83.331
CICB-4	20+182.2	7.39(L)	705.010	S23	84.977m	<del>-83.03m</del> -	83.04
DCICB-5	20+220.5	14.93(R)	705.020	S23 x2	84.930m	-82.74m-	83.70r
CICB-6	20+228.0	6.13(L)	705.010	S23	85.180m	<del>-83.37m</del> -	83.38r
CB-7	20+273.8	1.81(L)	705.010	S19	85.314m	<del>-84.31m</del> -	83.57
CICB-8	20+284.0	11.70(R)	705.010	\$23	85.375m	<del>-82.83m</del> -	83.29r





ONS	BY	D-M-Y
JLATION	GSH	21-JAN-08
AL REVIEW	GSH	22-MAY-08
RCULATION	GSH	06-APR-09
PPLICATION	GSH	27-APR-09
ENDER	GSH	27-MAY-09
STRUCTION	GSH	28-JUL-09
т	LB	06-JAN-11

#### BASELINE ROAD AND CONSTELLATION CRE

#### PLAN/PROFILE STA. 30+000 TO STA. 3 CONSTELLATION CRE (EAST/WEST) W. NEWELL, P.ENG. в.

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1. ALL NUMERICAL VALUES THAT ARE NOT STROKED OUT AND REPLACED IN ITALICS ON AS-BUILT DRAWINGS ARE CONSIDERED TO BE DESIGN VALUES ONLY AND NOT MEASURED IN THE FIELD.

	MAINTENANCE HOLE TABLE										
NO.	STATION	OFFSET		TYPE			ELEVATION				
NO.	STATION	OFFSET	TYPE	STRUCTURE	GRATE TYPE	GRATE	INVERT IN	INVERT OUT			
MHST 17067	30+072.1	2.06(L)	STORM	701.011	S24.1	85.861	<del>- 81.837-</del> 81.35	<del>-81.300-</del> 81.32			
MH-1	10+044.4	2.69(L)	STORM	M-4	S24.1	<del>-85,587</del> 85.47	- <del>80,860-</del> 80.78	<del>-80,830-</del> 80,78			
MH-2	10+054.7	4.10(L)	SANITARY	701.010	S24	<del>- 85,737 -</del> 85.47	<del>-81.770-</del> 81.64	<del>- 81.745-</del> 81.65			
MH-3	10+094.1	2.10(L)	STORM	M-5	S24.1	<del>-85.989</del> 85.90	-81.150 E 82.62 S 81.08	- <del>80.920-</del> 80.88			
MH-4	10+099.5	2.04(L)	STORM	M-4	S24.1	<del>-85.984-</del> 85.90	<del>-81.170-</del> 81.21	<del>-81.155-</del> 81.21			
MH-5	10+100.8	4.42(L)	SANITARY	701.010	S24	<del>-85.977-</del> 85.86	<del>-81.830</del> W 81.89 S 82.02	<del>-81.810</del> 81.88			

CATCH BASIN TABLE								
NO.	STATION	OFFSET	т	rPE	ELEV	ATION		
NO.	STATION	OFFSET	STRUCTURE	GRATE TYPE	GRATE	INVERT OUT		
CICB-14	30+015.0	9.61m (R)	705.010	S23	85.686m	83.49m		
CICB-15	30+014.1	9.66m (L)	705.010	\$23	85.663m	83.31m		
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This as-built has been prepared based in part upon information furnished by others. Dillon Consulting Limited cannot assure the accuracy of others information and thus is not responsible for the accuracy of this as-built document or for any error or ontesion that may have been incorported in thit is as result. Those relying on this as-built document are advised to obtain independent verification of its accuracy before applying it for any purpose.

**AS-BUILT** 

Table 3.1: SWM Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek / Westboro Study Area

1 a Draining Commer 2 a	Development Type         tions         tial Development Not Requiring Site Plan Control Approva         all soil infiltration rates         g to the Ottawa River         rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - dischargin         a) sites with soil infiltration rates ≥ 1 mm/hour	Provision of a minimum depth of 300mm of amended topsoil over all front yard landscaped areas; and Direction/redirection of downspouts/roof drainage to landscaped areas to minimize runoff.	Water Quality         TSS Removal	Water Quar         Flood Flow Management         Not applicable	ntity Not applicable		
Resident 1 a Draining Commer 2 a	tial Development <u>Not</u> Requiring Site Plan Control Approva all soil infiltration rates g to the Ottawa River rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>dischargin</u>	Provision of a minimum depth of 300mm of amended topsoil over all front yard landscaped areas; and Direction/redirection of downspouts/roof drainage to landscaped areas to minimize runoff. ng directly to the Ottawa River *	Inherent TSS removal from on-site		Not applicable		
Resident 1 a Draining Commer 2 a	tial Development <u>Not</u> Requiring Site Plan Control Approva all soil infiltration rates g to the Ottawa River rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>dischargin</u>	Provision of a minimum depth of 300mm of amended topsoil over all front yard landscaped areas; and Direction/redirection of downspouts/roof drainage to landscaped areas to minimize runoff. ng directly to the Ottawa River *		Not applicable	Not applicable		
1 a Draining Commer 2 a	all soil infiltration rates g to the Ottawa River rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>dischargi</u>	Provision of a minimum depth of 300mm of amended topsoil over all front yard landscaped areas; and Direction/redirection of downspouts/roof drainage to landscaped areas to minimize runoff. ng directly to the Ottawa River *		Not applicable	Not applicable		
Draining Commer 2 a	g to the Ottawa River rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>dischargin</u>	over all front yard landscaped areas; and Direction/redirection of downspouts/roof drainage to landscaped areas to minimize runoff. ng directly to the Ottawa River *		Not applicable	Not applicable		
Commer 2 a	rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>dischargi</u>						
2 a							
	a) sites with soil infiltration rates ≥ 1 mm/hour	Minimum on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.					
t			On-site removal of 80% of TSS.	As per City's Sewer Design Guideline(Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicable		
	b) site's soil infiltration rates < 1 mm/hour	If the entire property is underlain by native soils with infiltration rates less than 1 mm/hr, no infiltrating SWM measures may be used. A minimum depth of 300 mm of amended soil shall be provided below all front yard landscaped areas. A green roof and/or rain harvesting measures could be implemented to provide further runoff volume reduction.	On-site removal of 80% of TSS.	As per City's Sewer Design Guideline(Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicable		
Residential Development Requiring Site Plan Control Approval - discharging directly to the Ottawa River							
<b>3</b> a	a) sites with soil infiltration rates $\geq$ 1 mm/hour	Minimum on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.	Inherent TSS removal due to on-site retention of the first 10 mm rainfall.	As per City's Sewer Design Guideline(Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicable		
k	b) site's soil infiltration rates < 1 mm/hour	If the entire property is underlain by native soils with infiltration rates less than 1 mm/hr, no infiltrating SWM measures may be used. A minimum depth of 300 mm of amended soil shall be provided below all front yard landscaped areas. A green roof and/or rain harvesting measures could be implemented to provide further runoff volume reduction.	Inherent TSS removal from on-site retention in landscaped areas.	As per City's Sewer Design Guideline(Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicable		
Draining	; to Pinecrest Creek	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Commer	rcial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>dischargi</u>	ng upstream of the Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) pipe ir	llet *				
<b>4</b> a	a) sites with soil infiltration rates $\geq$ 1 mm/hour	Minimum on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.	On-site removal of 80% of TSS.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Control (detain storm such tha does not exced		
t	b) site's soil infiltration rates < 1 mm/hour	If the entire property is underlain by native soils with infiltration rates less than 1 mm/hr, no infiltrating SWM measures may be used. A minimum depth of 300 mm of amended soil shall be provided below all front yard landscaped areas. A green roof and/or rain harvesting measures could be implemented to provide further runoff volume reduction.	On-site removal of 80% of TSS.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Control (detair storm such tha does not excee		

#### FINAL DRAFT - SWM Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area

Erosion Control
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(detain) the runoff from the 25mm design Ich that the peak outflow from the site t exceed 5.8 L/s/ha.

#### Table 3.1: SWM Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek / Westboro Study Area

	Development Time	Runoff Volume Reduction	Water Quality	Water Qua	ntity
Development Type		Runoff Volume Reduction	TSS Removal	Flood Flow Management	
Com	nercial/Institutional and Industrial Developments - <u>discharg</u>	ing directly to Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) pipe *			
5	a) sites with soil infiltration rates $\ge$ 1 mm/hour	Minimum on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.	On-site removal of 80% of TSS.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicat
	b) site's soil infiltration rates < 1 mm/hour	If the entire property is underlain by native soils with infiltration rates less than 1 mm/hr, no infiltrating SWM measures may be used. A minimum depth of 300 mm of amended soil shall be provided below all front yard landscaped areas. A green roof and/or rain harvesting measures could be implemented to provide further runoff volume reduction.	On-site removal of 80% of TSS.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicat
Resid	lential Development Requiring Site Plan Control Approval -	discharging upstream of Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) pi	ipe inlet		
6	a) sites with soil infiltration rates $\ge 1$ mm/hour	Minimum on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.	Inherent TSS removal due to on-site retention of the 10 mm and detention of the 25 mm design storms.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Control (det storm such t does not exc
	b) site's soil infiltration rates < 1 mm/hour	If the entire property is underlain by native soils with infiltration rates less than 1 mm/hr, no infiltrating SWM measures may be used. A minimum depth of 300 mm of amended soil shall be provided below all front yard landscaped areas. A green roof and/or rain harvesting measures could be implemented to provide further runoff volume reduction.	Inherent TSS removal due to on-site retention in landscaped areas and detention of the 25 mm design storm.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Control (deta storm such t does not exc
Resic	ential Development Requiring Site Plan Control Approval -	discharging directly to Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) pipe	<u>e</u>		
7	a) sites with soil infiltration rates $\geq$ 1 mm/hour	Minimum on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.	Inherent TSS removal due to on-site retention of the 10 mm design storm.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicat
	b) site's soil infiltration rates < 1 mm/hour	If the entire property is underlain by native soils with infiltration rates less than 1 mm/hr, no infiltrating SWM measures may be used. A minimum depth of 300 mm of amended soil shall be provided below all front yard landscaped areas. A green roof and/or rain harvesting measures could be implemented to provide further runoff volume reduction.	Inherent TSS removal from on-site retention in landscaped areas.	The more stringent of the following criteria will govern: i) 1:100 year discharge from site not to exceed 33.5 L/s/ha); or ii) Requirements of City's Sewer Design Guideline (Section 8.3.7.3, revised Sept. 2008).	Not applicat
					L

\*Infiltration measures should not be used on sites or source areas where the land use or activity could generate higher concentrations of hydrocarbons, trace metals or toxicants than are found in typical stormwater runoff (e.g., vehicle refueling, handling areas for hazardous materials, etc.). This would include retail gasoline outlet sites due to the potential for spills. In addition, these measures should be sited so that they will not receive runoff from high traffic areas where large amounts of de-icing salts are used. The design of these systems shall be in accordance with the guidance in the Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (MOE, 2003) and the Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide (CVC & TRCA, 2010).

Note: For a mixed use property, if surface parking has been provided the site will be considered commercial. If surface parking has not been provided, the site will be considered residential for the purposes of applying the SWM criteria in this table.

#### FINAL DRAFT - SWM Guidelines for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area

Erosion Control
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able
etain) the runoff from the 25 mm design n that the peak outflow from the site xceed 5.8 L/s/ha.
etain) the runoff from the 25mm design h that the peak outflow from the site xceed 5.8 L/s/ha.
able
able

#### 3.3.5 Flood Control Requirements

Flood control criteria are specified based upon the catchment's receiving watercourse (Pinecrest Creek or the Ottawa River) or storm sewer (the Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) pipe or local storm sewer outlet). For example, there are no flood control requirements for discharge directly to the Ottawa River, whereas the limited capacity of the ORP pipe requires a higher level of control to avoid increasing flood risk. (Pinecrest Creek flows are conveyed by the ORP pipe from just south of Carling Avenue to the Ottawa River.)

Note: Flood control requirements are applied only to those developments requiring Site Plan Control.

#### 3.3.5.1 Draining Directly to the Ottawa River:

Developments requiring Site Plan Control that are serviced by outfalls draining directly to the Ottawa River (shown in Figures 3.2 and 3.3) shall provide sufficient flood control storage to meet the most limiting downstream storm sewer capacity. Per the City's Sewer Design Guideline, the capacity of the downstream receiving system shall be assessed when connecting to an existing storm sewer. The allowable release rate to the existing system is to be confirmed with the City.

#### 3.3.5.2 Draining to Pinecrest Creek:

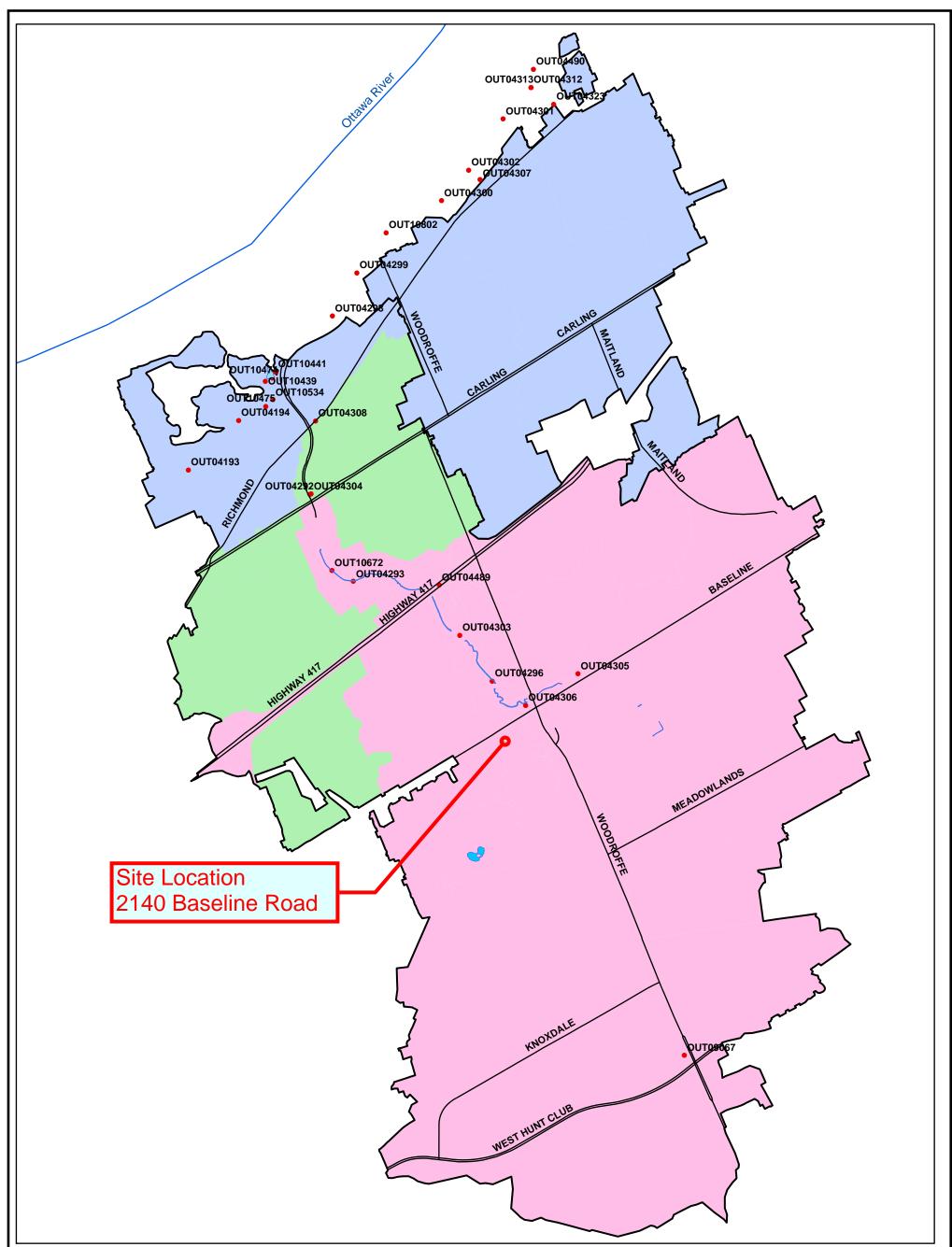
Developments draining to Pinecrest Creek (either upstream of or directly into the ORP pipe) that require Site Plan Control shall provide sufficient flood control storage to address the most limiting downstream capacity (either the local sewer or the inlet to the ORP). The catchments that discharge to Pinecrest Creek upstream or directly into the ORP are identified in Figures 3.2 and 3.3.

To maintain existing peak flow and headwater conditions up to and including the 1:100 year storm at the inlet of the ORP pipe, all future development projects that require Site Plan Control approval shall control the 1:100-year discharge from the site to a maximum rate of 33.5 L/s/ha. This unit flow target has been set based on the hydrologic (SWMHYMO) modelling conducted for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Stormwater Management Retrofit Study (May 2011). From that modelling, the existing unit flow rate, at the ORP, for the critical design storm (24-hour 100-year SCS Type II) was found to be 33.5 L/s/ha.

Other flow restrictions, such as limiting storm sewer capacities, may also exist and should be identified by the proponent in consultation with the City.

The proponent shall, at the design stage, demonstrate that the proposed design can achieve the target release flow rates. For planning purposes, approximate on-site storage volumes to achieve the required control are provided below in Tables 3.2a and 3.2b. These approximate on-site storage volumes listed in Tables 3.2a and 3.2b were calculated using the SCS loss procedure and the Horton's Infiltration procedure, respectively. Designers should use the Horton's infiltration procedure for urban developments, unless otherwise directed by the City of Ottawa.

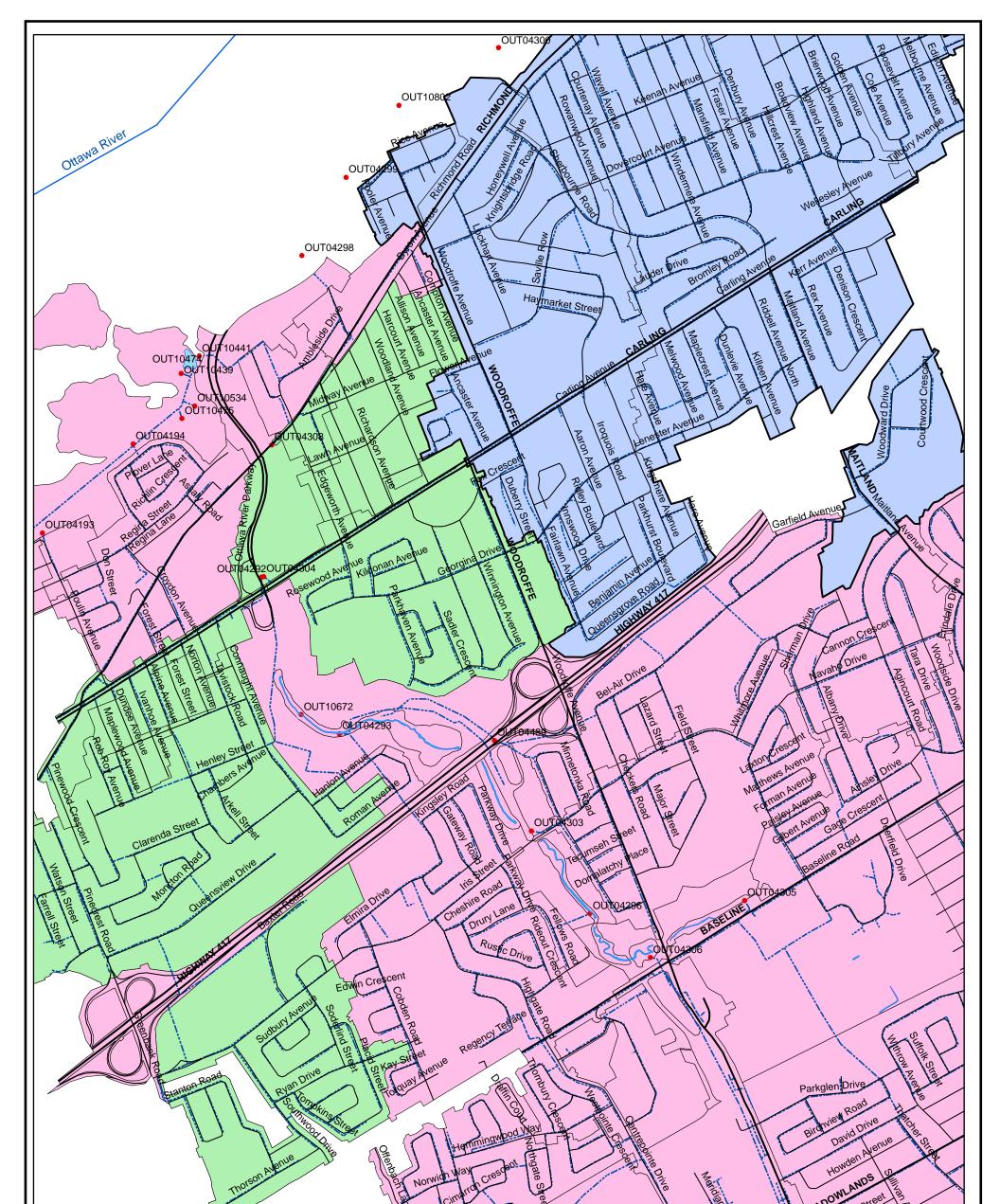




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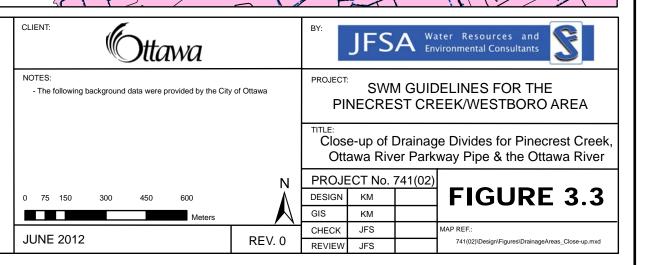
- Ottawa Storm Sewer Outlets
- Arterial Roads
- OttawaRiver
- Areas Draining to the Ottawa River
- Areas Draining to the Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) Pipe
- Areas Draining to Pinecrest Creek

	CLIENT:			BY: JFSA Water Resources and Environmental Consultants			
Pipe	NOTES: - The following background data were provided by the City of Ottawa			PROJECT: SWM GUIDELINES FOR THE PINECREST CREEK/WESTBORO AREA			
.00				TITLE: Total Drainage Area and Divides for Pinecrest Creek, Ottawa River Parkway Pipe & the Ottawa River			
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- Ottawa Storm Sewer Outlets
- -- Storm Sewers
- Roads
- Arterial Roads
- OttawaRiver
- Areas Draining to the Ottawa River
- Areas Draining to the Ottawa River Parkway (ORP) Pipe
- Areas Draining to Pinecrest Creek or the Ottawa River



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# Table 3.2a: Approximate On-Site Storage Volume Requirements (SCS)

# To control flows to 33.5 L/s/ha

Imperviousness					
50%	75%	95%			
310 m <sup>3</sup> /ha	420 m <sup>3</sup> /ha	530 m <sup>3</sup> /ha			

Parameters: Ximp = 40 %, 65 % & 95% respectively

$$CN = 74, CN^* = 63.9$$

SLPP = 1.0 %, SLPPI = 0.75%

All other parameters as per the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (2004).

## Table 3.2b: Approximate On-Site Storage Volume Requirements (Horton's)

## To control flows to 33.5 L/s/ha

Imperviousness					
50%	75%	95%			
380 m <sup>3</sup> /ha	455 m <sup>3</sup> /ha	540 m <sup>3</sup> /ha			

Parameters: Same as for Table 3.2a except for infiltration parameters. Horton's infiltration parameters (f<sub>0</sub>, fc and DCAY and F) as per the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (2004).

Note that the volume provided on-site to meet other design criteria (i.e., runoff volume control and/or erosion control) can provide a portion of the volume required to attenuate the 100-year storm as well. The designer will need to provide detailed calculations showing how the different storage volumes and control structures (typically orifices or weirs) will interact so that the volume that is being accounted for will act as effective storage during the 100-year storm. Furthermore, the storage volumes accounted for must be provided by permanent structures that will not be removed or modified over time. Refer to Appendix D for examples of these types of calculations within the sample approaches.

# 3.3.6 Runoff Volume and Erosion Control Requirements

Runoff volume control requirements are specified for the purposes of erosion mitigation only for those catchments that drain to the open portion of Pinecrest Creek located upstream of the ORP pipe.

# 3.3.6.1 Draining to Pinecrest Creek Upstream of the ORP Pipe (Erosion Mitigation):

The following runoff volume control criteria were determined from hydrologic and hydraulic analyses completed during the preparation of the Pinecrest/Centrepointe Stormwater Management Criteria Study (February 2010) and further analyses completed for the Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Stormwater Management Retrofit Study (May 2011). Catchments draining to Pinecrest Creek upstream of the ORP pipe are shown on Figures 3.2 and 3.3.

1) To mitigate the cumulative impacts of infill and redevelopment and not aggravate existing erosion within the creek corridor, future developments that require Site Plan Control approval shall retain,



capture or infiltrate the first 10 mm of rainfall. This 10 mm target can be partially achieved by the default initial abstraction (IA) values applicable in urban areas. The City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines allows a designer to account for a 4.67 mm IA on all soft landscaped surfaces and a 1.57 mm IA on all hardscaped surfaces. A wide range of measures may be used to achieve this criterion, many of which are described in Appendix C.

2) In addition to the above, future developments that require Site Plan Control approval shall control site runoff from the 25 mm 4-hour Chicago design storm to a maximum peak flow of 5.8 L/s/ha. This peak flow target is based on releasing 25 mm of runoff over a 24 hour time period, using a peaking factor of 2 (i.e. assuming that the peak outflow is equal to twice the average outflow). A wide range of measures can be considered to achieve this criterion, many of which are described in Appendix C.

Note that, as outlined in Table 3.1, all developments draining to Pinecrest Creek upstream of the ORP pipe shall control site runoff from the 25 mm 4-hour Chicago storm to a peak unit outflow rate of 5.8 L/s/ha regardless of whether or not the first 10 mm of runoff volume will be retained on-site. The required on-site storage volume, to control the runoff of the 25mm storm, will vary from site to site based on the amount of volume retained or infiltrated.

# 3.3.7 Quality Control

The water quality control requirements noted here are based on the receiving watercourse and MOE guidelines with some qualifications as described below.

The equivalent of an enhanced level of treatment (TSS removal of 80%) is required for water quality control on ICI sites. While this requirement could, in some cases, be accomplished by means of conventional measures (i.e., end-of-pipe facilities such as oil and grit separators), it is anticipated that SWM measures that can provide runoff volume control for the first 10mm of rainfall will also contribute to achieving an enhanced level of treatment. Although an accepted equivalency for enhanced treatment is not available for volume control measures as of yet, the water quality benefit of such measures is demonstrated by local rainfall statistics which indicate that rainfalls of 10 mm or less occur comprise on average 61% of all events (these data were derived by the City of Ottawa based on the percent rank of consecutive day rainfall events recorded at the Experimental Farm from 1890 through 2008). It is therefore considered that the capture and retention of the 10 mm storm will provide a water quality control benefit.

- Future developments that require Site Plan Control approval shall capture, retain or infiltrate the first 10 mm of rainfall. This 10 mm target can be partially achieved by the default initial abstraction (IA) values applicable in urban areas. The City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines allows a designer to account for a 4.67 mm IA on all soft landscaped surfaces and a 1.57 mm IA on all hardscaped surfaces.
- ICI developments will require measures over and above the retention of the first 10mm to achieve an enhanced level of treatment.
- Residential developments that require Site Plan Control approval will not require measures over and above the retention of the first 10 mm.

# 3.4 SWM Requirements for the Pinecrest Creek and Westboro Area: Development Requiring a Building Permit Only

In recognition of the relatively small scale of these types of developments and the need for a simple but effective means of achieving the benefits of reducing runoff volume, the minimum requirement for these sites is:



- Provision of a minimum depth of 0.30 m of amended topsoil over all landscaped areas; and
- Direction/redirection of downspouts/roof drainage to landscaped areas to minimize runoff.

# Amended Topsoil:

Amended topsoil refers to topsoil with an organic content of 8 to 15% by weight, or 30 to 40% by volume (CVC & TRCA, 2010). To be most effective with regard to providing the optimal amount of infiltration on-site, the frontyard lot grading should be limited to a maximum of 2%, if possible while still meeting the surrounding existing grades.

# Downspout Redirection:

Downspout redirection is the diversion of flow from rooftops (or impervious surfaces) to pervious areas. This prevents the routing of stormwater to impervious surfaces which drain directly to storm sewer systems. In order for downspout redirection to produce a measurable benefit, it requires a minimum flow path length of 5 m across a pervious surface before flowing onto an impervious surface, or into a storm sewer system. Discharge locations for roof downspouts should be a distance of at least 3 m away from building foundations and should be directed towards a pervious surface. If a pervious surface is not directly available around the immediate perimeter of the building, the downspout can run underground and discharge as a 'pop-up' outlet at the nearest pervious surface.

Appendix D provides further details on this approach and a specification to be included with building permit applications.

The above approach represents the minimum requirement for sites requiring a building permit application only. However, there are also many other measures that could be used to minimize runoff volume including: permeable paver driveways; infiltration trenches, rainwater harvesting, green roofs, rain gardens, etc. These measures necessarily require more information (e.g., site infiltration testing) and in some cases, considerable design effort by qualified professionals. While the use of these measures is not required to meet the minimum requirement, a sample design approach (refer to Appendix D) has been provided to illustrate how such measures could be applied to small scale/single lot development.

# 3.5 Sample Approaches

Appendix D contains sample design approaches that demonstrate how these criteria can be achieved for the following types of development:

- i) Commercial;
- ii) Residential (town homes requiring Site Plan Control approval);
- iii) Residential (condominium requiring Site Plan Control approval); and
- iv) Residential (single lot requiring building permit only).



exp Services Inc.

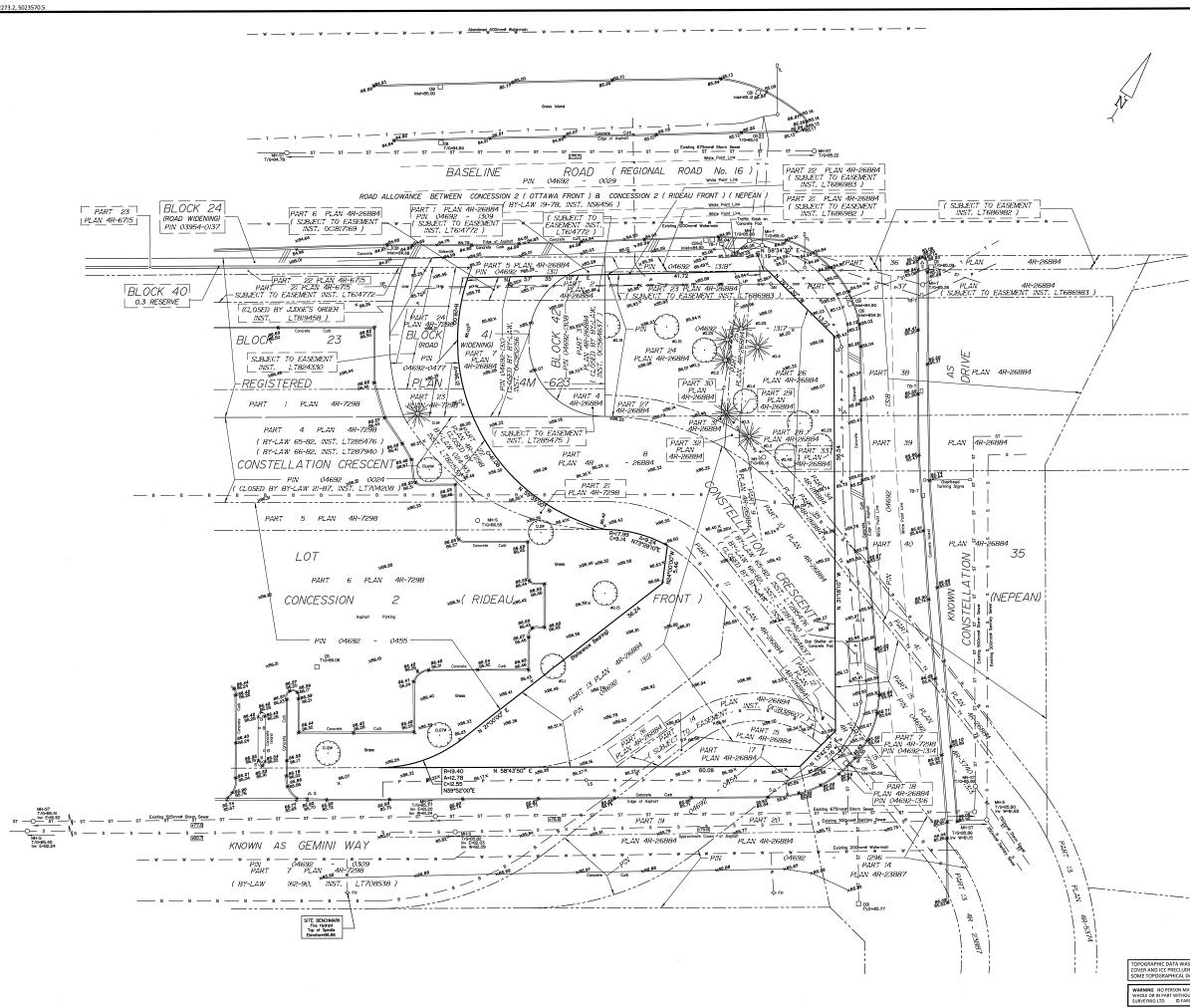
Baseline Constellation Partnership Inc. 2140 Baseline Road OTT-00245012-A0 June 14, 2019

# Appendix I – Drawings

Project Drawings (All 11x17 Reduction, Scale: NTS)

- Site Plan. Drawing ASP100, Revision 3
- Topographic Survey, March 16, 2018
- Existing Conditions and Removals Plan, Drawing C0
- Site Servicing Plan, Drawing C1
- Grading Plan, Drawing C2
- Erosion & Sediment Control Plan, Drawing C3
- Storm Drainage Area Plan, Drawing C4







### PART OF BLOCKS 41 and 42 **REGISTERED PLAN 4M-623 and** PART OF LOT 35 CONCESSION 2 (RIDEAU FRONT) GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF NÉPEAN CITY OF OTTAWA

FARLEY, SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD. 2018

Scale 1: 250

0 2.5 5 7.5 10 12.5 15 20

Metric Note

Distances and coordin by dividing by 0.3048.

# Distance Note

Distances shown on this plan are ground distances and can be converted to grid distances by multiplying by the combined scale factor of 0.99993.

### Bearing Note

Bearings are MTM grid, are referred to the Westerly limit of Part 13 on plan 4R-26884 having a bearing of N 21° 00' 00" E, and are referred to the Central Meridian of MTM Zone 9 (76°30' West Longitude) Nad-83 (Original).

- Elevation Notes Elevations shown are geodetic and are referred to Geodetic Datum CGVD-1928 :1978. It is the responsibility of the user of this information to verify that the job
- benchmark has not been altered or disturbed and that it's relative el description agrees with the information shown on this drawing.

### Utility Notes

- This drawing cannot be accepted as acknowledging all of the utilities and it will be the responsibility of the user to contact the respective utility authorities for confirmation. Only visible surface utilities were located.

- Only visible surface utilities were located.
   Underground utility data derived from City of Ottawa utility sheet reference: 11151, 14868 (pp8, pp10 & pp11) 101-06, 101-09, 102-18 & 102-20.
   Sanitary and storm sever grades and inverts were compiled from: Field measurement and City of Ottawa plans.
   A field location of underground plant by the pertinent utility authority is mandatory before any work involving breaking ground, probing, excavating etc.

### Notes & Legend

	notes	Maintenance Hole (Storm)
OM++s		Maintenance Hole (Sanitary)
Ом+т		Maintenance Hole (Traffic)
ST		Underground Storm Sewer
s		Underground Sanitary Sewer
w		Underground Water
— в —		Underground Bell
— T —		Underground Traffic
TV		Telecom Ottawa
— Р —		Street Lighting
OHW		Overhead Wires
o <sup>up</sup>		Utility Pole
O AN		Anchor
O LS		Light Standard
Пœ	0	Catch Basin
		Catch Basin Inlet
Ó FH		Fire Hydrant
D TB-T		Traffic Terminal Box
inv.		Invert
T/G		Top of Grate
оB		Bollard
O TSL		Traffic Light
A S		Sign
ō		Diameter
c/L		Centreline
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+ 65.00		Top of Concrete Curb Elevation
+		Property Line
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(·)		Deciduous Tree
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*		Coniferous Tree
241		

Boundary information compiled from field survey and Plan 4R-26884

Field work completed on March 2nd, 2018.

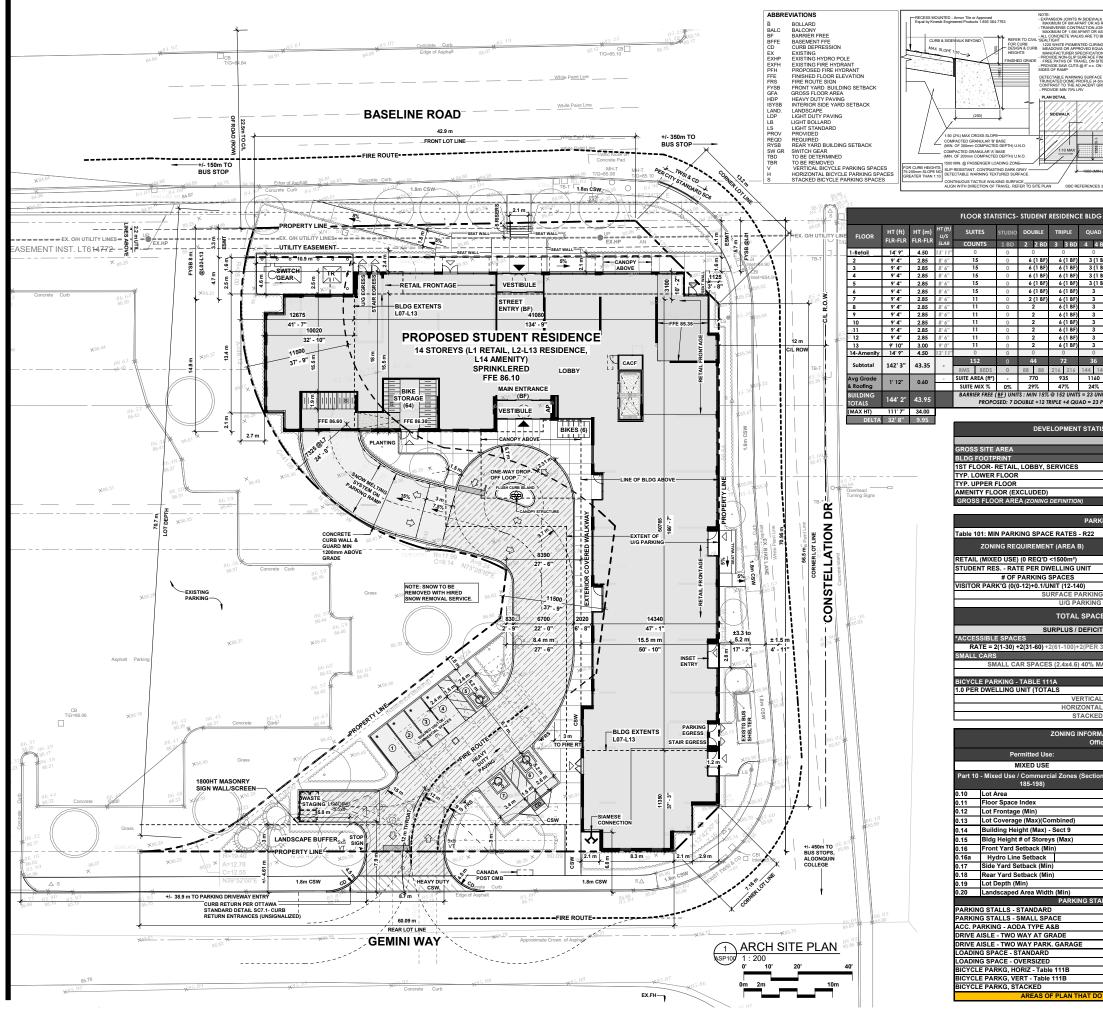
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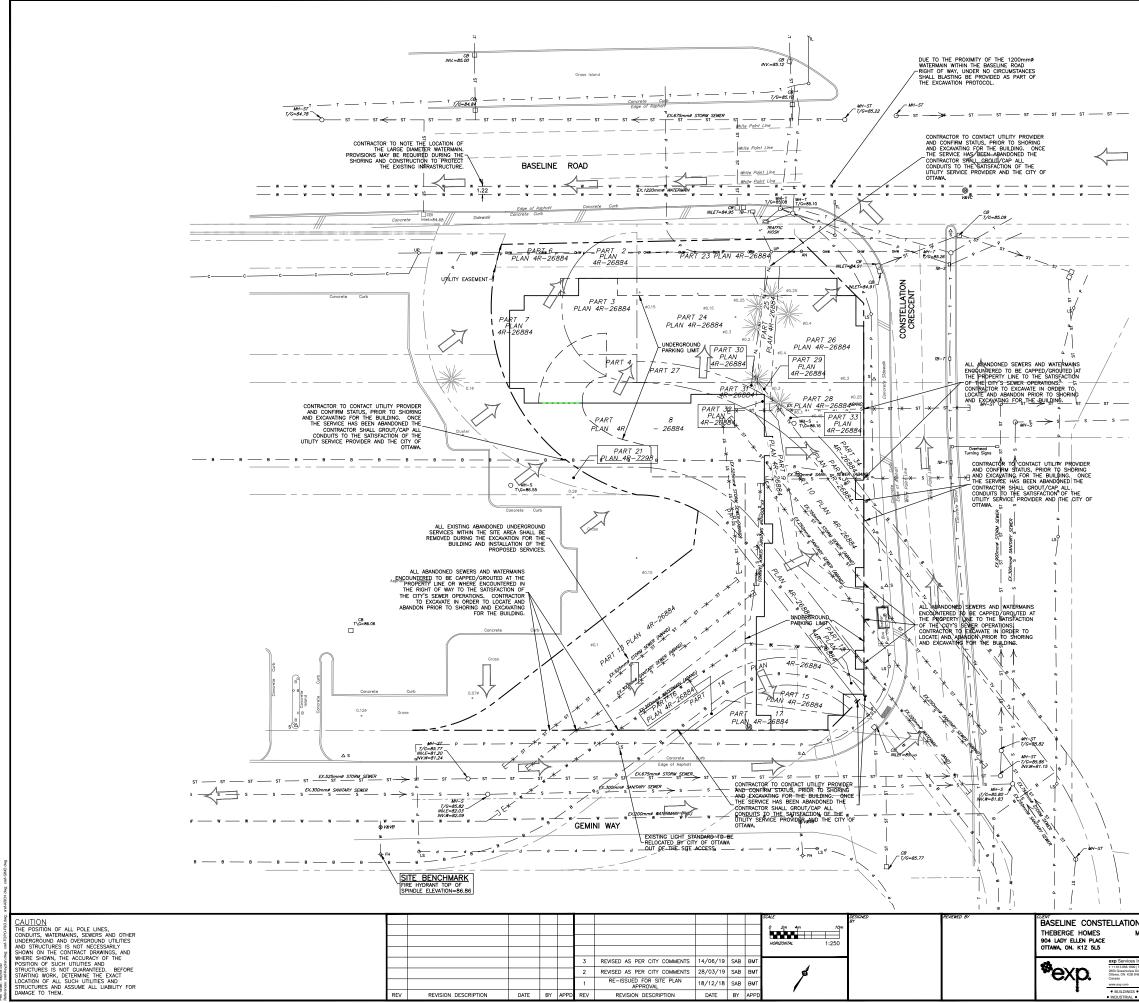
TOPOGRAPHIC DATA WAS COLLECTED UNDER WINTER CONDITIONS. SNOW COVER AND ICE PRECLUDE DETERMINING LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF SOME TOPOGRAPHICAL DATA THAT IS OTHERWISE VISIBLE.
WARNING NO PERSON MAY COPY, REPRODUCE, DISTRIBUTE OR ALTER THIS PLAN IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF ARLEY, SMITH & DENIS

FILE No.: 59

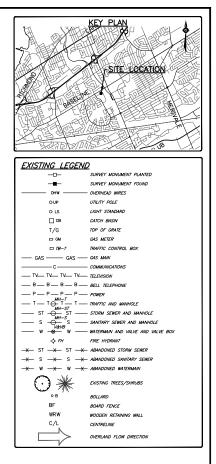
FARLEY, SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD. ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS CANADA LAND SURVEYORS 190 COLONNADE ROAD, OTTAWA, ONTARIO K2E 7J5 TEL. (613) 727-8226 FAX. (613) 727-1826



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G G G CES TT MAX MAX LL LL D D MATION	1033.0 1174.8 904.8 904.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 14,240.0 14,2	AS PAR	11, 12, 1 9, 7 0 142, 142, 0 142, 0 142, 0 0 2 3 3 3 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 5 5 5 6 6	119 345 33 345 3521 3521 3521 3521 3521 3521 3521 352	C( VINCLUDE SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI	YE YE SAC YE OV YE YE YE YE	PLY S S S CCESSIBLE EES S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR & DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREPANC DEVELOPME 1222 DEVELOPME 1222 DEVELOPME 1222 DEVELOPME 1222 CARVILLE, ARCHITECT: FABI FABI CLIENT: Baseline Cons Thebroge Hong 204 Laby Elementaria Statistica Cons Thebroge Hong 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 115 Chamago	R CONSTRUCTION R CONSTRUCTION MMEDIATELY OF AN NT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO L6J 7W4 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, OAKVILLE, A N I tellation Partnership la nes nes 12 Su55 arwood R Avenue South	VERIFY CON BEGINNING IVERRORS, C IVERRORS, C IVERORS, C IVERRORS,	
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G G 3 3 SEES TT MAX D MATION MATION	1033.0 1174.8 904.8 904.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 14,240.0 14,2	D F	11; 12; 9,7 0 142; 9 9 142; 9 142; 14;	119         119           345         3           39         5           521         5           521         5           7         5           9         7           9         7           9         7           9         7           9         7           10         7           11         7           12         14           13         7           14         14           15         14           16         14           17         14           18         14           19         14           10         14           10         14           10         14           10         14           10         14           10         14           11         14           12         14           13         14           14         14           14         14           15         14           16         14           17         14	CC INCLUDE SI PACES AB ROVIDED		PLY S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR & DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREPANC DEVELOPME 1222 DEVELOPME 1222 DEVELOPME 1222 DEVELOPME 1222 CARVILLE, ARCHITECT: FABI FABI CLIENT: Baseline Cons Thebroge Hong 204 Laby Elementaria Statistica Cons Thebroge Hong 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 204 Laby Elementaria 115 Chamago 115 Chamago	R CONSTRUCTION R CONSTRUCTORY MMEDIATELY OF AN IES. NT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO L6J 7W4 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, OAKVILLE, A N I tellation Partnership In nes Place 12 SL5 arwood ne Avenue South io K15 SV5 Canada	VERIFY CON ISEGININIA IN ERCORS, C IN ERCORS	
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G G 3 3 SEES TT MAX D MATION MATION	1033.0 1174.8 904.8 904.8 904.8 0.2 13,240.0 14,240.0 14,2	D F	11; 12; 9,7 0 142; PROV SPAO 0 2 3 3 11; 7 7 4 4 4 4 8 9 7 0 6 6 4 4 4 3 3 5 5 6 6 0 8 9 7 7 7 8 9 7 8 9 7 0 0 2 2 3 3 11; 2 9,7 0 0 142; 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	119         119           345         3           521         521           521         521           521         521           7         6           0         7           7         6           9         7           9         8           10         4           4         4           9         7           10         7           11         9           12         14           14         14           14         8           %         14	CC VINCLUDE SI PACES ABD ROVIDED ROVIDED CC		PLY S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT I DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT CALENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT: C	RECONSTRUCTION", IS ON SITE BEAR MMEDIATELY OF AN IES. INT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO LEJ 7W4		IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERACTIONS MISSIONS OR INTERACTIONS TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE TYPE
G G 3 3 SEES TT MAX D MATION MATION	1033.0. 1174.8 904.8 904.8 904.8 0 13,240.0 14,240.0 14,24	D F	11; 12; 9; 7; 0 142; PROV SPA 0 0.2 3 3 11; 7 4 4 4 3 5 6 AW _ M <sup>*</sup> 304 4,3 53	119         119           545         39           545         39           521         521           7         521           7         6           7         7           %         0           7         7           %         0           8         0           9         %           10         1           11         1           12         1           13         1           14         1           15         1           16         1           17         1           18         0           14         1           14         1           15         1           16         1           17         1           18         1           14         1           14         1           14         1           14         1           15         1           16         1           17         1           18         1	CC INCLUDE SI PACES AB ROVIDED CC		PLY S S S CCESSIBLE EES S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT I DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT CALENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT:	R CONSTRUCTION R CONSTRUCTION MMEDIATELY OF AN IES. NT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO LGJ 7W4 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, A N I Hellation Partnership In tellation Partners		IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
G G 3 3 SEES TT MAX D MATION MATION	1033.0 1174.8 904.8 904.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 14,240.0 14,2	D F	11; 12; 9,7 0 142 PROV SPA 0 0 0.2 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 5 5 6 6 4 4 111 5 5 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 5 2 2 4 3 3 5 2 2 4 3 3 5 2 2 4 3 3 5 2	119     119       345     3       521     521       521     521       7     6       0     7       7     7       8     7       9     6       10     7       11     7       12     14       13     1       14     1       9     1       14     1       9     1       14     1       9     1       14     1       9     1       14     1       14     1       14     1       14     1       14     1       14     1       15     1       16     1       17     1       18     1       19     1       10     1       10     1       11     1       12     1       13     1	C( INCLUDE SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI		PLY S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT I DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT CALENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT:	RECONSTRUCTION SO NSITE BEAM MMEDIATELY OF AN IES. INT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO LEJ 7W4		IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
G G 3 3 SEES TT MAX D MATION MATION	1033.0. 1174.8. 904.	D F	11, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12,	119         119           345         3           521         521           521         521           521         521           7         3           7         7           7         7           7         7           8         0           9         7           %         1           8         0           4         4           9         3           9         9           33         1           8         4           3         1           95         4           4         1	C( VINCLUDE SI SI PACES ABB ROVIDED C( C( C( C( C( C( C( C( C( C(		PLY S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT I DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT DEVELOPME 1282 CHARMENT CALENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT: Baseline Cons CLIENT:	RECONSTRUCTION", IS ON SITE BEAR MMEDIATELY OF AN IES. INT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO LEJ 7W4	VERIFY CON ISECININICS IN ERCORS, C IN ERCOR	IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
G G 3 3 SEES TT MAX D MATION MATION	1033.0. 1174.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 EQUIREI EQUIREI EQUIREI EQUIREI COUNTED 43 4 43 4 43 4 17 152 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	D F	11,; 12,( 9,7 9,7 0 142, PRO\ SPA 0 0 0.2, 3 3 3 1; 7 7 0 0 0.2, 3 3 3 1; 7 7 7 0 0 0.2, 2 3 3 3 1; 7 7 7 0 0 0.2, 2 3 3 3 5 2 4 3 3 5 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	119         119           545         39           545         39           521         521           7         521           7         7           6         7           7         7           8         9           9         9           14         9           7         7           14         9           14         14           14         14           14         14           14         14           14         14           14         14           14         14           14         14           14         14           15         13           16         13           17         13           18         14           14         14           15         13           16         13           17         13           18         14           19         13           10         10	CC INCLUDE SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI SI		PLY S S S S CCESSIBLE EE S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREPANC DEVELOPME 1282 COPAN DEVELOPME 1282 COPAN DEVELOPME 1282 COPAN CALCHITECT F A B 1 F A B 1 CLIENT: Baseline Cons F A B 1 CLIENT: Baseline Cons Theberge Hon 904 Lady Eller Ottawa, Onta	RECONSTRUCTION", ISS ON SITE BEACH MMEDIATELY OF AN ISS. ON SITE BEACH MMEDIATELY OF AN ISS. ON SITE BEACH INT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO LGJ 7W4	VERIFY CON ISECININICS IN ERCORS, C IN ERCOR	IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	1033.0. 1174.8. 904.8. 904.8. 904.8. 0.0. 13,240.0. 14,240.0. 14,440.	D F	111; 12; 12; 9,7 0; 142; PROV SPA SPA 0; 142; PROV SPA 0; 142; PROV SPA SPA SPA SPA SPA SPA SPA SPA	119         119           345         3           521         521           7         521           7         7           4         3           7         7           %         8           0         7           %         8           0         7           %         8           8         8           %         9           4         3           7         %           8         8           %         9           9         9           4         3           0         0           0         0           0         0	C(C)		PLY S S S S CCESSIBLE EES S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREPANC DEVELOPME 1222 CORPANC DEVELOPME 1222 CORPANC 1222	R CONSTRUCTION R CONSTRUCTION MEDIATELY OF AN Sites. NT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO L&J 7W4 1282 CORN ONTARIO L&J 7W4 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, PI Bace 12 5U5 TABLE SUB NE PI Bace 12 5U5 CARVILLE, PI BACE PI BA	VERIFY CON ISECININICS IN ERCORS, C IN ERCOR	IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	1033.0. 1174.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 EQUIREI EQUIREI EQUIREI EQUIREI COUNTED 43 4 43 4 43 4 43 4 43 4 40% 17 152 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	D F	11,: 12,: 12,: 9,7 0,7 0,7 0,1 142, PROV SPAA 0 0,2 3,3 1,7 4,4 4,3 5,5 6,6 4,4 4,3 5,5 6,6 4,7 4,7 4,7 4,7 4,7 4,7 4,7 4,7	119         119           345         3           521         521           7         521           7         7           4         3           7         7           %         8           0         7           %         8           0         7           %         8           8         8           %         9           4         3           7         %           8         8           %         9           9         9           4         3           0         0           0         0           0         0	C(C)		PLY S S S CCESSIBLE EES S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREPANC DEVELOPME 1222 CORPANC DEVELOPME 1222 CORPANC 1222	RECONSTRUCTION", ISS ON SITE BEACH MMEDIATELY OF AN ISS. ON SITE BEACH MMEDIATELY OF AN ISS. ON SITE BEACH INT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO LGJ 7W4	VERIFY CON ISECININICS IN ERCORS, C IN ERCOR	IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	1033.0. 1174.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 14,3 14,3 15,2 15,2 15,200.0 14,3 15,200.0 14,3 15,200.0 14,3 15,200.0 14,3 15,200.0 14,3 15,200.0 14,3 14,300.0 14,300.	D F AS PAR AS PAR C C C C C C C C C C C C C	11.; 12.; 12.; 9.7 9.7 0 142, 144, 0 0.2 33, 11 4 4 4 8 8 7 7 4 4 4 4 8 8 7 7 4 4 4 4 8 8 7 7 6 4 4 4 3 3 5 2 4 3, 3 4 4 4 3 5 2 4 3, 3 4 4 4 4 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	119     119       845     33       521     521       7     7       6     7       7     8       9     9       7     9       8     9       9     4       4     9       9     9       8     9       9     9       9     3       14     9       9     9       14     9       9     14       9     13       14     10       9     13       14     10       15     10       16     10	CC INCLUDE SI PACES AB ROVIDED CC		PLY S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR 3 DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREPANC DEVELOPME 1222 CORPANC DEVELOPME 1222 CORPANC 1222	R CONSTRUCTION R CONSTRUCTION MEDIATELY OF AN Sites. NT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO L&J 7W4 1282 CORN ONTARIO L&J 7W4 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, 1282 CORN OAKVILLE, PI Bace 12 5U5 TABLE SUB NE PI Bace 12 5U5 CARVILLE, PI BACE PI BA	VERIFY CON ISECININICS IN ERCORS, C IN ERCOR	IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
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G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G	1033.0 1174.8 904.8 0.0 13,240.0 EQUIRE EQUIRE SPACE 0 0 20 30 13,240.0 13,240.0 14,3 14,4 1	C BY-L/ C BY-L/ C BY-L/ Yes YES D C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	11.; 12.; 12.; 9.7 9.7 0 1422 9 8 0 0 0 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 4 4 111 5 5 7 7 4 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 2 4 3 0 0 0 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	119     119       845     33       521     521       7     7       6     7       7     8       9     9       7     9       8     9       9     4       4     9       9     9       8     9       9     9       9     3       14     9       9     9       14     9       9     14       9     13       14     10       9     13       14     10       15     10       16     10	CC INCLUDE SI PACES AB ROVIDED CC		PLY S S S S CCESSIBLE EE S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	TSSUED FOR A DIMENSION ARCHITECT DISCREAMENT DEVELOPME 1222 COPIE FABIL FABIL CLIENT: Baseline Cons FABIL CLIENT: Baseline Cons Thebege Hon 904 Lady Elect Otawa, ON K Masterraft St Thebege Hon 004 COPIE CLIENT: Baseline Cons FABIL Otawa, ON K Masterraft St Thebege Hon Otawa, ON K Masterraft St Thebege Hon St Thebege Hon St	RE-ASSILLE FOR MEDIATELY OF AN MEDIATELY OF AN MEDIATELY OF AN MES. IT CONSULTANT: WALL RD. ONTARIO L&J 7W4 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, OAKVILLE, A N I 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, A N I 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, A N I 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, PIace 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, PIACO A N I 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, PIACO A N I 1282 CORR OAKVILLE, PIACO A N I CALLED FOR RE-ISSUED FOR RE-ISSUED FOR	VERIFY CON ISECINING IN ERRORS, C IN ERRORS,	IFIGURATIONS MISSIONS OR INTERNATIONS INTERN
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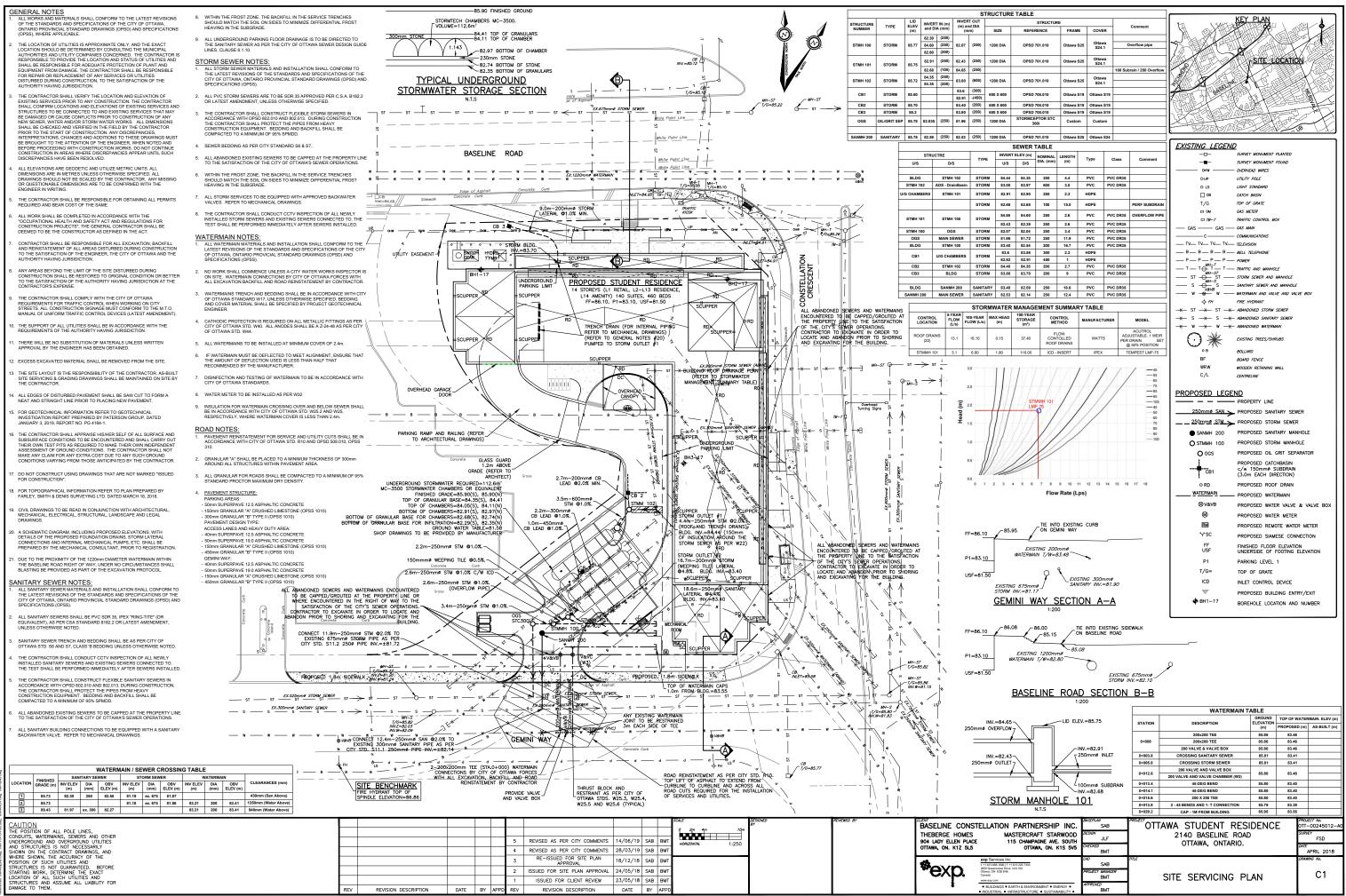
### NOTES:

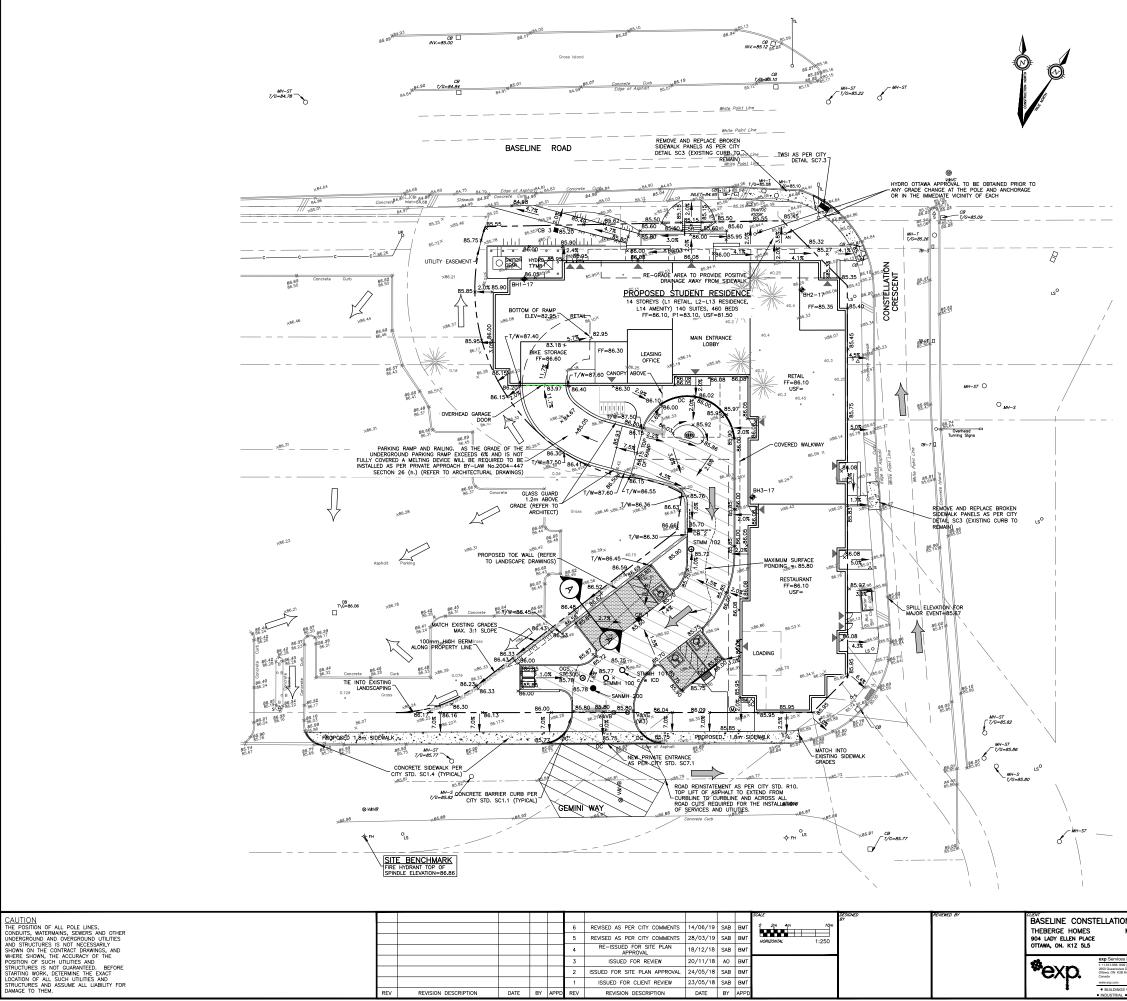
- THE LOCATION OF UTILITIES IS APPROXIMATE ONLY, AND THE EXACT LOCATION SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY CONSULTING THE MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES AND UTILITY COMPANIES CONCERNED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO PROVIDE THE LOCATION AND STATUS OF UTILITIES AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF PLANT AND EQUIPMENT FROM DAMAGE UNITI. SUCH TIME AS THE SERVICE PROVIDER HAS CONFIRMED IN WRITING THE SERVICE IS ABANDONED AND CAN BE REMOVED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING UNERDED INTIN CONSTRUCTION, THE SATERSCRIPT OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING UNERDICTION.
- THE SATISFACTION OF THE ADDRIVET PAYING JORSDUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERENT THE LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS OF EXISTING SERVICES PRIOR TO SHORING AND EXCANATING FOR THE BUILDING. ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CONCIDENT ON VERIFIED IN STREPARTICLES, INTERPRETATIONS, CHANGES AND ADDITIONS TO THESE CHANNINGS MUST BE BROUGHT TO THE AUTOMICATION WORKS. DO NOT CONTINUE CONSTRUCTION IN AREAS WHERE DISCREPANCIES APPEAR UNTIL SUCH DISCREPANCIES HAVE BEEN RESOLVED.
- 3. FOR ADDITIONAL PROJECT NOTES REFER TO DRAWING C1.
- 4. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL ANY BLASTING OPERATIONS BE PERFORMED

LEGAL PARCEL NOTE ALL LEGAL PARCELS WITHIN THE SITE AREA ARE TO BE CONSOLIDATED INTO ONE SINGLE PARCEL.

- PIN 04692-1308, Parts 2, 3, 4 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1310, Parts 6, 7 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1312, Part 8 to Part 15 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1315, Parts 16, 17 on Registered Plan 4R-26884
- PIN 04692-1317, Part 23 to Part 35 on Registered Plan 4R-2688-

115 CHAMPAGNE AVE. SOUTH	BASEPLAN SAB DESION JLF CHECKED BMT	2140 BASELINE ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO.	PROJECT No. OTT-00245012-A0 SURVEY FSD DATE APRIL 2018	184
s Inc. 9 [1 +1 513 225 7330 Dive, Uni 100 eles • EARTH & ENVIRONMENT • ENERGY • • INFRASTRUCTURE • SUSTAINABILITY •	CAD SAB PROJECT MANAGER BMT APPROVED BMT	EXISTING CONDITIONS AND REMOVALS PLAN	CO	D07-12-18-0084
			#17709	j





1 ISSUED FOR CLIENT REVIEW 23/05/18 SAB BMT

DATE BY API

REVISION DESCRIPTION

REV

REVISION DESCRIPTION

DATE BY APP

REV

### GENERAL NOTES FOR GRADING

- ALL GROUND SURFACES SHALL BE EVENLY GRADED WI HOUT PONDING AREAS AND WITHOUT LOW POINTS EXCEPT WHERE APPROVED SWALE OR CATCH BASIN OUTLETS ARE PROVIDED
- GRADING IN GRASSED AREAS WILL BE BETWEEN 2% TO 7% GRADES IN EXCESS OF 7% WILL REQUIRE A MAXIMUM 3:1 TERRACING

PROPOSED

2-5%

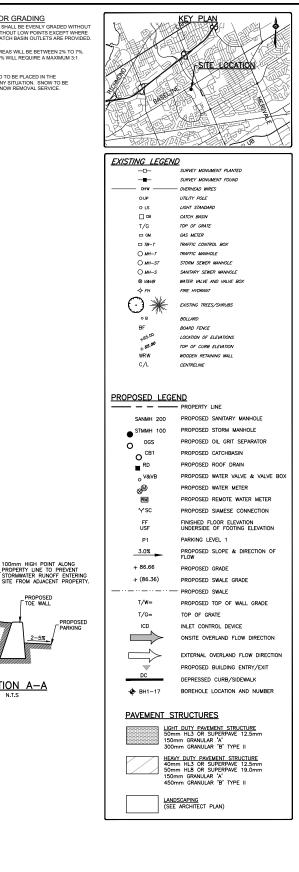
SECTION A-A

N.T.S

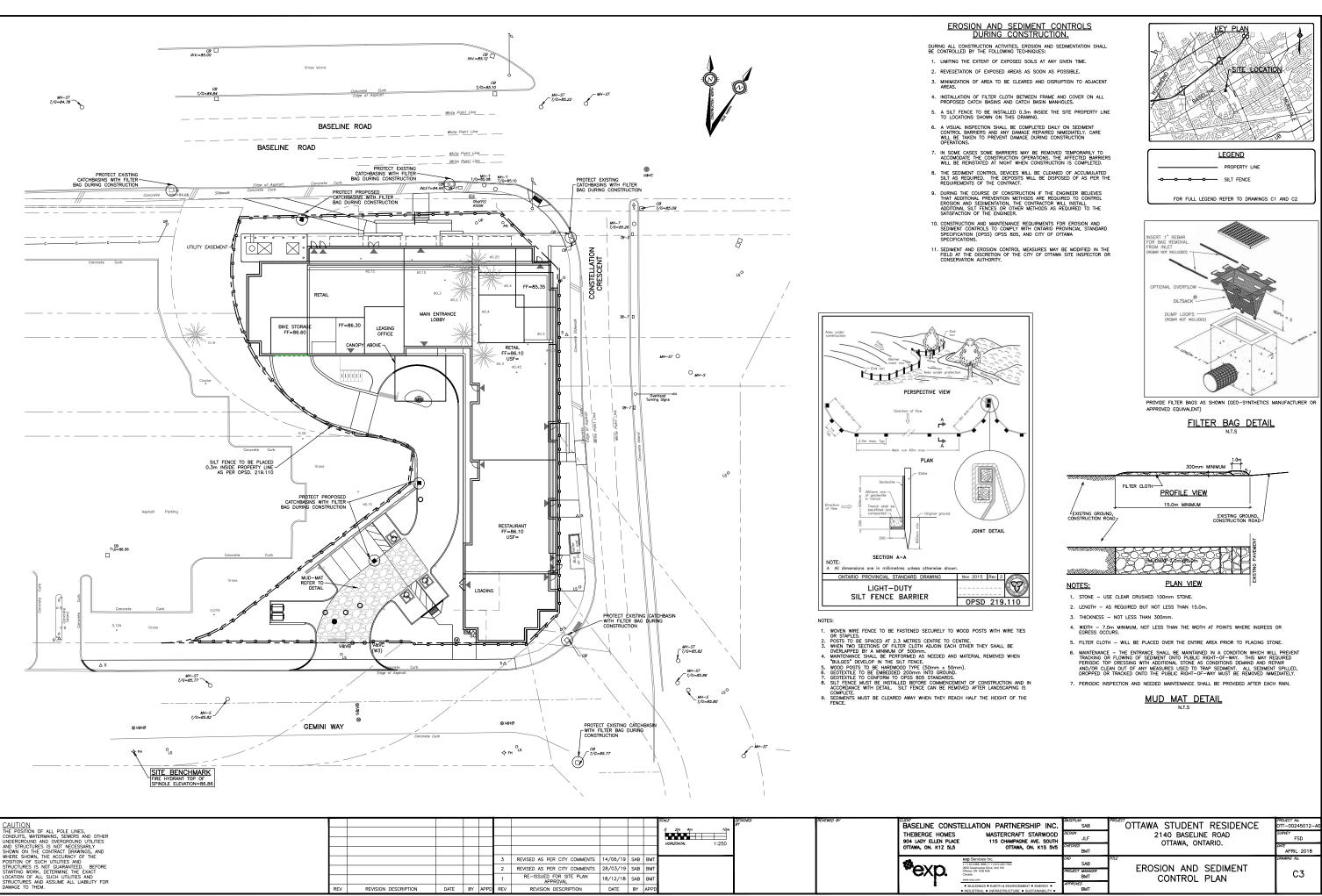
MATCH INTO \_\_\_\_\_

7777777

SNOW IS NOT PERMITTED TO BE PLACED IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY UNDER ANY SITUATION. SNOW TO BE REMOVED WITH HIRED SNOW REMOVAL SERVICE.

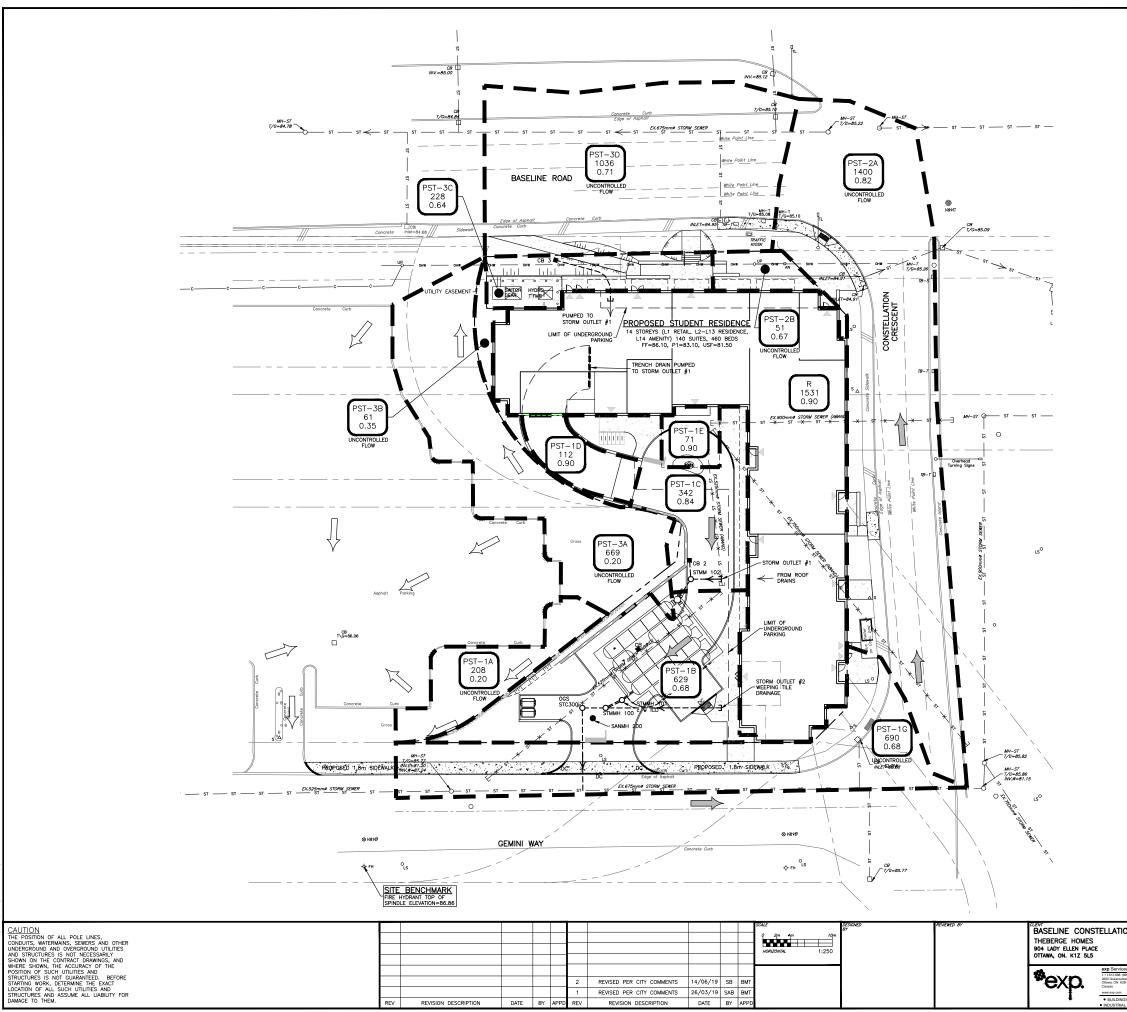


ON PARTNERSHIP INC. MASTERCRAFT STARWOOD 115 CHAMPAGNE AVE. SOUTH	BASEPLAN SAB DESION JLF CHECKED BMT		PROJECT NO. OTT-00245012-A0 SURVEY FSD DATE APRIL 2018	84
es Inc. 899   f: +1.613.225.7330	CAD SAB	nne	DRAWING No.	8-00
iem Drive, Unit 100 28 8H6	<i>PROJECT MANAGER</i> BMT	GRADING PLAN	C2	-12-1
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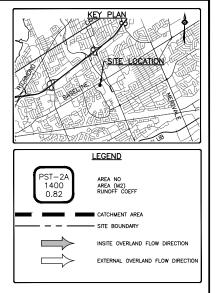


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ON PARTNERSHIP INC. MASTERCRAFT STARWOOD 115 CHAMPAGNE AVE. SOUTH OTTAWA, ON, K1S 5V5	BASEPLAN SAB DESIGN JLF CHECKED	OTTAWA STUDENT RESIDENCE 2140 BASELINE ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO.	PROJECT No. OTT-00245012-A0 SURVEY FSD DATE
es Inc.	BMT CAD SAB	TILE	APRIL 2018 DRAWING No.
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DN PARTNERSHIP INC. MASTERCRAFT STARWOOD 115 CHAMPAGNE AVE. SOUTH	BASEPLAN SAB DESION JLF CHECKED BMT	OTTAWA STUDENT RESIDENCE 2140 BASELINE ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO.	PROJECT No. OTT-00245012-A0 SURVEY FSD D47E APRIL 2018	84
IS Înc. 50 [I - 1512257330 Erre Erre S • EARTH & ENVIRONMENT • ENERGY • • INFRASTRUCTURE • SUSTAINABILITY •	CAD SAB PROJECT MMMGER BMT APPROVED BMT	storm drainage area plan	C4	D07-12-18-00
			#17700	a l