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Environmental Restoration

536 Rochester Street

Transportation Impact Assessment

536 Rochester Street

Transportation Impact Assessment

Prepared By:

NOVATECH

Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1P6

January 7, 2018

Novatech File: 118175 Ref: R-2018-162



January 7, 2018

City of Ottawa Planning and Growth Management Department 110 Laurier Ave. W., 4th Floor, Ottawa, Ontario K1P 1J1

Attention: Mr. Wally Dubyk

Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals

Dear Mr. Dubyk:

Reference: 536 Rochester Street

Transportation Impact Assessment Report

Novatech File No. 118175

We are pleased to submit the following Transportation Impact Assessment report in support of a Zoning By-law Amendment Application for the above addresses. The structure and format of this report is in accordance with the City of Ottawa Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines (June 2017).

If you have any questions or comments regarding this report, please feel free to contact Brad Byvelds, or the undersigned.

Yours truly,

NOVATECH

Rochelle Fortier, B.Eng. E.I.T. | Transportation/Traffic



TIA Plan Reports

On 14 June 2017, the Council of the City of Ottawa adopted new Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Guidelines. In adopting the guidelines, Council established a requirement for those preparing and delivering transportation impact assessments and reports to sign a letter of certification.

Individuals submitting TIA reports will be responsible for all aspects of development-related transportation assessment and reporting, and undertaking such work, in accordance and compliance with the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, the Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines.

By submitting the attached TIA report (and any associated documents) and signing this document, the individual acknowledges that s/he meets the four criteria listed below.

CERTIFICATION

- 1. I have reviewed and have a sound understanding of the objectives, needs and requirements of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines;
- 2. I have a sound knowledge of industry standard practice with respect to the preparation of transportation impact assessment reports, including multi modal level of service review:
- 3. I have substantial experience (more than 5 years) in undertaking and delivering transportation impact studies (analysis, reporting and geometric design) with strong background knowledge in transportation planning, engineering or traffic operations; and
- 4. I am either a licensed¹ or registered² professional in good standing, whose field of expertise [check $\sqrt{\text{appropriate field(s)}}$] is either transportation engineering \square or transportation planning \square .

1,2 License of registration body that oversees the profession is required to have a code of conduct and ethics guidelines that will ensure appropriate conduct and representation for transportation planning and/or transportation engineering works.

Dated at Ottawa (City)	this <u>7</u> day of <u>January</u> , 201 <u>9</u> .
Name:	Brad Byvelds, P.Eng. (Please Print)
Professional Title:	Project Coordinator, Transportation/Traffic
Signature	B Bywly of Individual certifier that s/he meets the above four criteria

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Report has been prepared in support of a Zoning By-law Amendment Application for the property located at 536 Rochester Street. The proposed development will be located midblock, approximately 15m south of Pamilla Street.

The subject site is approximately 251 square metres in area and is occupied by a residential building with a footprint of approximately 56 square metres per floor, with a residential driveway to the north of the existing dwelling. A laneway providing access to a rear parking lot for a coffee shop at 538 Rochester Street abuts the house on the south side.

The Subject Site is currently zoned Residential Fourth Density, Subzone T (R4T) in the City of Ottawa Zoning By-law 2008-250, which does not provide for commercial uses. The proposed development will convert the residential building into a take-out restaurant, with seating for approximately 20 customers. A Zoning By-law Amendment is required to permit the proposed restaurant.

No new accesses or parking spaces are proposed. The selected time period for the TIA is the weekday PM peak hour as it represents the 'worst case' combination of site generated traffic and adjacent street traffic. The proposed development is expected to be completed with full occupancy by the year 2019.

Based on the foregoing, the conclusions and recommendations of this TIA can be summarized as follows:

Development Design

- No changes are proposed to the existing pedestrian facilities along Rochester Street. The
 existing pedestrian connection between the main building entrance and the sidewalk along
 Rochester Street will be maintained.
- OC Transpo stops #8012, #8011, #8013, #6657, #2397, #8002, and #6654 are all located within a 400m actual walking distance to the entrance of the proposed development.
- All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met.
- The proposed fire and garbage route is located curbside along Rochester Street.

Parking

- As per the Zoning By-law, no off-street motor vehicle parking or bicycle parking is required to be provided for this development.
- There is an existing access from Rochester Street leading to one surface space along the north side of the building which will be retained.
- A review of the Little Italy Local Area Parking Study suggests that there are ample underutilized on-street parking spaces in the area to the east of Rochester Street which restaurant patrons may use.

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Boundary Street MMLOS

- Rochester Street achieves a PLOS C, which does not meet the target PLOS A. In order
 to achieve the target, a 1.8m wide sidewalk with a 2m wide boulevard, or a 2m wide
 sidewalk with a 0.5m wide boulevard would be required. A reduction in the operating
 speed to 30km/h would also achieve the target PLOS A.
- Rochester Street achieves a BLOS F which does not meet the target BLOS D. In order to achieve the target, a reduction in the operating speed to 50km/h could be considered. Bike lanes along Rochester Street would also meet the target BLOS D.
- Rochester Street exceeds the target TkLOS D, achieving a TkLOS B.
- Rochester Street exceeds the target Auto LOS E, achieving an Auto LOS C.

Access Design

 There is an existing access from Rochester Street which leads to a surface parking space along the north side of the building. No changes are proposed to the existing access and no new site accesses are proposed.

In conclusion, no modifications to the transportation network are recommended as a result of the proposed development as none are required.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Report has been prepared in support of a Zoning By-law Amendment Application for the property located at 536 Rochester Street. The proposed development will be located midblock, approximately 15m south of Pamilla Street.

The subject site is approximately 251 square metres in area and is occupied by a residential building with a footprint of approximately 56 square metres per floor, with a residential driveway to the north of the existing dwelling. A laneway providing access to a rear parking lot for a coffee shop at 538 Rochester Street abuts the house on the south side. The proposal entails converting the existing building into a take-out restaurant, with seating for approximately 20 customers.

The subject site is surrounded by the following:

- Residential properties to the north and west;
- A coffee shop to the south; and
- Rochester Street and a federal government building to the east.

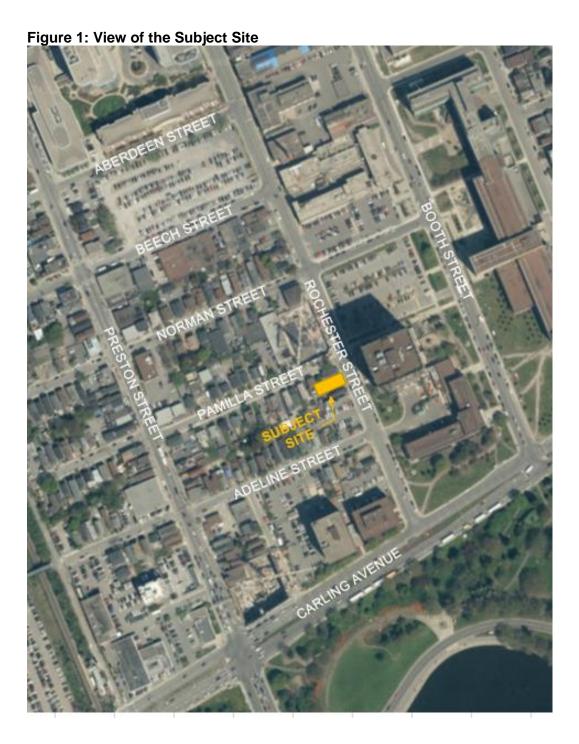
A view of the subject site is provided in **Figure 1**.

2.0 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The Subject Site is currently zoned Residential Fourth Density, Subzone T (R4T) in the City of Ottawa Zoning By-law 2008-250, which does not provide for commercial uses. The proposed development will convert the residential building into a take-out restaurant, with seating for approximately 20 customers. A Zoning By-law Amendment is required to permit the proposed restaurant.

No new accesses or parking spaces are proposed. The estimated date of full occupancy is 2019.

A copy of the preliminary site plan is included in **Appendix A**.



3.0 SCREENING

3.1 Screening Form

The City's 2017 TIA Guidelines identify three triggers for completing a TIA report, including trip generation, location, and safety. The criteria for each trigger are outlined in the City's TIA Screening Form.

The trigger results are as follows:

- Trip Generation Trigger The proposed development is not anticipated to generate over 60 person trips/peak hour; further assessment is not required based on this trigger.
- Location Triggers The proposed development is located in a Design Priority Area (DPA);
 further assessment is required based on this trigger.
- Safety Triggers The proposed development does not meet any of the safety triggers; further assessment is not required based on this trigger.

The proposed development satisfies the location trigger for completing a TIA, as the development is located within a Design Priority Area. As the Trip Generation Trigger is not met, the TIA is only required to review the Design Review component of the guidelines. A copy of the TIA screening form is included in **Appendix B**.

4.0 SCOPING

4.1 Existing Conditions

4.1.1 Roadways

All roadways within the study area fall under the jurisdiction of the City of Ottawa.

Rochester Street is a north-south major collector roadway and an official truck route. Rochester Street has a four-lane undivided cross section north of Beech Street which narrows to a two-lane cross section south of Beech Street. The regulatory speed limit along Rochester Street is 50 km/h. On-street parking is provided along the east side of Rochester Street, as well as along portions of the west side.

Pamilla Street is an east-west local roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 50km/h. It operates as a one-way in the eastbound direction, with a single travel lane and on-street parking along the south side of the road.

Adeline Street is an east-west local roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 50km/h. It has a two-lane, undivided cross section with on-street parking permitted along the south side.

Carling Avenue is an arterial roadway that runs from Bronson Avenue in the east to March Road in the west. Carling Avenue is an official truck route. In the vicinity of the subject site, it has a divided six-lane cross section, with a posted speed limit of 60km/h. No parking is permitted along Carling Avenue. There are transit priority lanes along Carling Avenue between Bronson Avenue and Booth Street.

Booth Street is a two-lane major collector roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 60km/h. Booth Street runs north-south and is an official truck route. On-street parking is permitted along both sides of Booth Street within the study area.

Preston Street is a two-lane arterial roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 50km/h. It runs north-south and is an official truck route. Parking is permitted along both sides of the roadway.

Norman Street is an east-west local roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 50km/h. Between Rochester Street and Preston Street, Norman Street is a one-way in the westbound direction. East of Rochester Street, Norman Street is a two-way roadway. On-street parking is permitted along the north side of the street.

Aberdeen Street is an east-west local roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 50km/h. To the east of Preston Street, on-street parking is permitted along the south side of Aberdeen Street.

Beech Street is an east-west local roadway with a regulatory speed limit of 50km/h. On-street parking is permitted along both sides of Beech Street east of Preston Street.

4.1.2 Intersections

Carling Avenue/Preston Street

- Signalized intersection
- Northbound: one left turn lane, one through lane, one shared through/right turn lane
- Southbound: one left turn lane, one shared through/right turn lane
- Eastbound/Westbound: one left turn lane, three through lanes, one dedicated right turn lane
- Standard crosswalks are provided on all legs



Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street:

- Signalized T intersection
- Northbound: one shared left/through lane, one through lane/parking lane
- Southbound: one through lane, one shared through/right lane
- Eastbound: one left turn lane, one right turn lane
- Standard crosswalks are provided on all legs



Booth Street/Norman Street

- Signalized T intersection
- Northbound: one shared left/through lane
- Southbound: one shared through/right lane
- Eastbound: one shared left/right turn lane
- Standard crosswalks are provided on all legs



4.1.3 Driveways

In accordance with the City's 2017 TIA guidelines, a review of adjacent driveways along the boundary roads within 200m of the site are provided as follows:

Rochester Street, east side (south of Norman Street):

- One driveway to a small parking lot with loading docks for the government building at 580 Booth Street
- One driveway to the main parking lot for the government building at 580 Booth Street

Rochester Street, west side (south of Pamilla Street):

- One driveway to a salon at 548 Rochester Street
- One driveway to a parking lot servicing the government building at 785 Carling Avenue
- One driveway to a public paid parking lot at 544 Rochester Street
- One driveway to the restaurant at 540 Rochester Street
- One driveway serving the rear parking spaces for the café at 538 Rochester Street
- One driveway to the residential dwelling at 534 Rochester Street

Rochester Street, east side (north of Norman Street):

- One driveway to a parking lot serving the government building at 552 Booth Street
- Two driveways with gated access to the government buildings at 552 Booth Street

Rochester Street, west side (north of Pamilla Street):

- One proposed driveway to the underground garage being constructed as part of the residential development at 514 Rochester Street
- One driveway to the residential dwelling at 506 Rochester Street
- One driveway to the restaurant at 502 Rochester Street
- One driveway simultaneously serving the sporting good store at 492 Rochester and the residential dwelling at 490 Rochester

4.1.4 Pedestrian and Cycling Facilities

The City of Ottawa's Ultimate Cycling Network identifies Booth Street and Carling Avenue as Spine Routes and Preston Street is classified as a local cycling route.

Concrete sidewalks are provided along both sides of Rochester Street, Adeline Street, Aberdeen Street, Pamilla Street, Carling Avenue, Norman Street, Preston Street, Beech Street, and Booth Street. Along the south side of Carling Avenue, a series of Multi-Use Pathways (MUP) are provided, connecting to Dow's Lake and to the pathways along the Rideau Canal. A MUP is also provided to the east of the O-Train Trillium Line.

4.1.5 Transit

Transit service within the vicinity of the site is currently provided by OC Transpo Routes 56, 85, 101 and 103.

OC Transpo Route 56 travels from Hurdman Transit Station to Tunney's Pasture Transit Station. It operates Monday to Friday during peak periods only. The nearest bus stops serving this route are #8012 and #8013.

OC Transpo Route 85 travels from Lees Transit Station to Bayshore Transit Station. It operates seven days a week, with all day service. The nearest bus stops serving this route are #6657, #2397, #8012, #8013, #8002, and #6654.

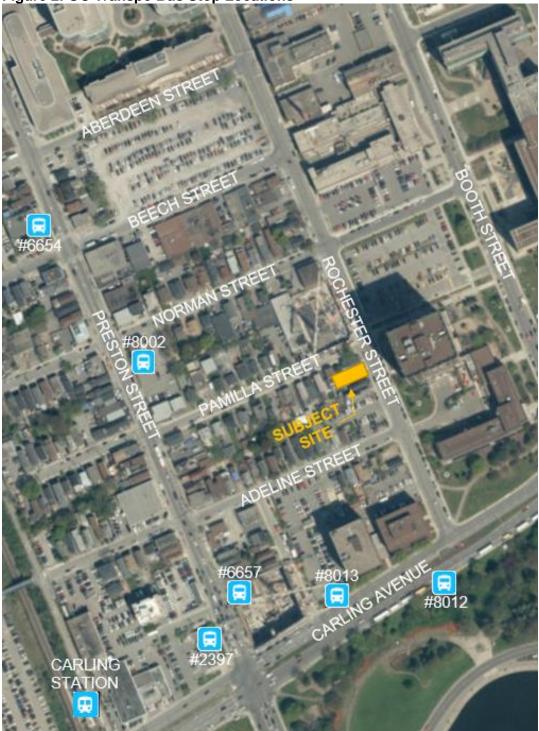
OC Transpo Route 101 travels from St-Laurent Transit Station to Bayshore Transit Station. It operates Monday to Saturday, with all day service. The nearest bus stops serving this route are #8012 and #8013.

OC Transpo Route 103 travels from the Carling Campus and Moodie Transit Station to Place D'Orléans Transit Station. It operates Monday to Friday during peak periods only. The nearest bus stops serving this route are #8012 and #8013.

The Carling Station is located just north of Carling Avenue and west of Preston Street, providing access to the O-Train/future Trillium LRT. The O-Train currently provides service seven days a week on 15-minute intervals, from Bayview Station to Greenboro Station.

The location of the bus stops described above are shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2: OC Transpo Bus Stop Locations



OC Transpo Route information is included in **Appendix C**.

The City of Ottawa's Transportation Master Plan identifies an at-grade LRT corridor between Lincoln Fields Station and Carling O-Train Station. This project is not included in the 2031 Affordable Network. The Affordable Network concept for Carling Avenue includes exclusive bus lanes and transit signal priority between Lincoln Fields Station and Carling O-Train Station, and transit signal priority and queue jump lanes between Carling O-Train Station and Bronson Avenue. More on the future Carling Avenue Transit Priority Measures can be found in Section 4.2.

4.1.6 Existing Area Traffic Management Measures

Currently, there are no existing Area Traffic Management (ATM) measures within the study area.

4.1.7 Existing Traffic Volumes

Weekday turning movement counts were conducted by the City of Ottawa for the Preston Street/Carling Avenue, Booth Street/Norman Street, and Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street intersections. The traffic counts were completed on the following dates:

Preston Street/Carling Avenue
 Booth Street/Norman Street
 Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street
 June 20, 2017 (Tuesday)
 September 1, 2016 (Thursday)
 November 16, 2016 (Wednesday)

Existing traffic volumes at the study area intersections are shown in **Figure 3**. Peak hour summary sheets of the above traffic counts are included in **Appendix D**.

ABERDEEN ST

155

131

XX PM Peak Hour whyh
Signalized intersection
Unsignalized intersection
Unsignalized intersection
PRESTON ST

ROCHESTER ST

ROCHESTER ST

1020

374

Figure 3: Existing Traffic Volumes

4.2 Collision Records

Historical collision data from the last five years was obtained from the City's Public Works and Service Department for the Preston Street/Carling Avenue, Booth Street/Norman Street, and Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street intersections. Copies of the collision summary report are included in **Appendix E**.

CARLING AVE

The collision data has been evaluated to determine if there are any identifiable collision patterns. The following summarizes the number of collisions at the Preston Street/Carling Avenue, Booth Street/Norman Street, and Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street intersections from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017.

Table 1: Reported Collisions

Intersection	Number of Reported Collisions
Aberdeen Street/Rochester Street	1
Booth Street/Norman Street	3
Carling Avenue/Preston Street	43

Aberdeen Street/Rochester Street

One collision was reported at this intersection over the course of the last five years. The collision occurred between a southbound right turning vehicle and a southbound through vehicle. No injuries were reported.

Booth Street/Norman Street

A total of three collisions were reported at this intersection over the course of the last five years. All three were rear end collisions, of which one occurred on the northbound approach, one on the southbound approach, and one on the eastbound approach. No injuries were reported.

Carling Avenue/Preston Street

A total of 43 collisions occurred at this intersection over the last five years. Of these, there were seventeen rear end impacts, nine turning movement impacts, seven angle impacts, six sideswipe impacts, and four single vehicle/other impacts. Sixteen collisions caused injuries, but none cause fatalities. One collision involved a pedestrian. Of the total 43 collisions, five occurred under snowy/icy conditions, three occurred under rainy/wet conditions, and 35 occurred in clear conditions.

Of the seventeen rear end impacts, seven involved vehicles travelling westbound (five going straight, one turning left, one turning right), six involved vehicles travelling eastbound (all going straight), two involved vehicles travelling northbound, and two involved vehicles travelling southbound.

Of the nine turning movement impacts, two involved southbound left turning vehicles colliding with northbound through vehicles, and seven involved cyclists. Of the seven collisions involving cyclists, five of the cyclists were travelling northbound, and two were travelling southbound. Of the cyclists travelling northbound, four collided with southbound left turning vehicles, and one collided with a northbound right turning vehicle. The northbound cyclists may be coming from the MUP which intersects the southeast corner of the Preston Street/Carling Avenue intersection at an angle. As such, vehicles may not be expecting a cyclist, as they are not on or parallel to the road until they are in the intersection. As described in Section 4.3, several changes are coming to this intersection as part of the Carling Avenue Transit Priority Measures. This involves a slight realignment of the MUP as it exits at the southeast corner. Cyclists will be positioned north-south when entering/exiting the MUP instead of entering/exiting at an angle. Also of note is that the recommended functional design plan does not include cross-rides for cyclists crossing Carling Avenue. As such, cyclists are required to dismount to cross north-south.

Of the seven angle impacts, two involved westbound vehicles colliding with northbound vehicles, two involved eastbound vehicles colliding with southbound vehicles, one involved a westbound vehicle colliding with a southbound vehicle, one involved an eastbound vehicle colliding with a northbound vehicle, and one involved northbound vehicle colliding with an eastbound cyclist.

Of the six sideswipe impacts, two occurred between vehicles travelling southbound, two occurred between vehicles travelling westbound, one occurred between vehicles travelling northbound, and one occurred between vehicles travelling eastbound.

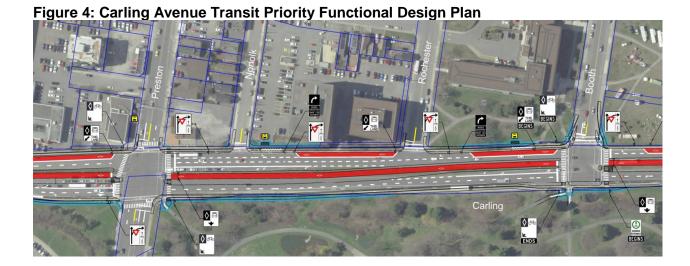
4.3 Planned Conditions

A shared use bike lane is identified in the 2031 Affordable Cycling Plan for Booth Street as part of the Phase 3 project for the Centretown Neighbourhood Bikeway. The 2013 Ottawa Cycling Plan does not identify any other planned cycling projects along the study area roadways. However, the Preston-Carling Secondary Plan, developed in 2016, identifies bicycle lanes or tracks, with on-street parking for both sides of Rochester Street. The Preston-Carling Secondary Plan also identifies cycle tracks for Carling Avenue. This is consistent with the Carling Avenue Transit Priority Functional Design Plan, as discussed below.

Carling Avenue is identified as a Transit Priority Corridor with Continuous Lanes, between the Carling O-Train/Trillium Line Station and the Lincoln Field Transit Station, in the 2031 Affordable Network Plan. Between the Carling O-Train/Trillium Line Station and Bronson Avenue, Carling Avenue is identified as a Transit Priority Corridor with Isolated Measures.

The City has developed a Recommended Functional Design Plan (shown in **Figure 4**) for the Carling Avenue Transit Priority Measures Study. Currently, the design for Carling Avenue (from Sherwood Drive to Bronson Avenue) includes:

- Eastbound centre median transit priority lane with platforms on the centre median
- Westbound curb bus lanes
- Traffic lane arrangement modifications at the Preston Street intersection
- Improved pedestrian comfort with provision for pedestrian refuge areas where possible at Preston Street and Booth Street
- Cycle tracks in both directions from Sherwood Drive to Booth Street and a bi-directional MUP on the south side of the road from Booth Street to Bronson Avenue



Other study area developments include:

- A mixed-use development at 552 Booth Street which consists of approximately 1,000 dwelling units in five buildings and 142,200 square feet of retail/office uses.
- A residential development at 514 Rochester Street which includes 117 residential units and 5,000 square feet of ground floor retail.
- An expansion of the existing residential building at 17 Aberdeen Street, which will include an increase of 197 residential units.
- A residential development at 500 Preston Street which includes 280 residential units and 10,000 square feet of ground floor retail.
- A mixed-use development at 505 Preston Street which includes 262 residential units, 5,000 square feet of ground floor retail and 17,550 square feet of office use.
- A residential development at 845 Carling Avenue which includes 1123 residential units and 16,000 square feet of ground floor retail.

4.4 Study Area and Time Periods

A boundary street review will be conducted for Rochester Street. The study area intersections include Preston Street/Carling Avenue, Booth Street/Norman Street, and Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street.

The selected time period for the TIA is the weekday PM peak hour as it represents the 'worst case' combination of site generated traffic and adjacent street traffic. The proposed development is expected to be completed with full occupancy by the year 2019.

4.5 Exemptions Review

This module reviews possible exemptions from the final TIA, as outlined in the TIA Guidelines. The applicable exemptions for this site are shown in **Table 2**.

Table 2: TIA Exemptions

Module	Element	Exemption Criteria	Exemption Applies				
Design Review	Design Review Component						
4.1 Development Design	4.1.2 Circulation and Access	Only required for site plans	No				
	4.1.3 New Street Networks	Only required for plans of subdivision	Yes				
4.2	4.2.1 Parking Supply	Only required for site plans	No				
4.2 Parking	4.2.2 Spillover Parking	 Only required for site plans where parking supply is 15% below unconstrained demand 	Yes				

As the trip generation trigger was not met, the Network Impact Component (Modules 4.5 to 4.9) of the TIA analysis is exempt from further review.

Based on the foregoing, the following modules will be included in the TIA report:

- Module 4.1: Development Design
- Module 4.2: Parking
- Module 4.3: Boundary Streets
- Module 4.4: Access Design

5.0 FORECASTING

5.1 Development-Generated Traffic

5.1.1 Trip Generation

The proposed development, consisting of a take-out restaurant with limited seating, will provide 111 square metres (1,195 square feet) of Gross Floor Area (GFA). Trips generated by the restaurant have been estimated using the recommended rates from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual*, 10th Edition. Land use code 930 for a Fast Casual Restaurant was used. Person Trips were calculated using an ITE Trip to Person Trip factor of 1.28, consistent with the TIA Guidelines. The Person Trips generated by the proposed development are summarized in **Table 3**.

Table 3: Person Trips

Land Has	ITE Code	GFA	PM Peak (PPH)				
Land Use	ITE Code	GFA	IN	OUT	TOT		
Proposed Development							
Fast Casual Restaurant	930	1,195 ft ²	12	10	22		

The modal shares for the proposed development are anticipated to be consistent with the modal shares outline in the 2011 TRANS *O-D Survey Report*, specific to the Ottawa Inner Area District and the Ottawa West District. The modal share values applied to the trips generated by the proposed development are based on all observed trips within these districts during the PM peak hour. A full breakdown of the projected person trips by modal share are shown in **Table 4**.

Table 4: Person Trips by Modal Share

Travel Mode	Modal	PM Peak		
Traver Wode	Share	IN	OUT	TOT
Proposed Development				
Fast Casual Restaurant	Person Trips	12	10	22
Auto Driver	25%	3	3	6
Auto Passenger 10%		1	1	2
Transit	10%	1	1	2
Non-Auto	55%	7	5	12

From the previous table, the development is projected to generate 6 vehicle trips during the PM peak hour.

5.1.2 Trip Distribution

The assumed distribution of trips generated by the proposed development has been derived from existing traffic patterns on the roadways within the study area. The distribution can be described as follows:

- 30% to/from the east via Carling Avenue
- 35% to/from the west via Carling Avenue
- 15% to/from the north via Rochester Street
- 15% to/from the north via Booth Street
- 5% to/from the south via Preston Street

Site generated trips can be found in **Figure 5**.

ABERDEEN ST LEGEND PM Peak Hour veh/h Signalized intersection Unsignalized intersection NORMAN ST ROCHESTER ST PRESTON ST CARLING AVE

Figure 5: Site Generated Traffic Volumes

5.2 Background Traffic

5.2.1 General Background Growth Rate

A review of recent transportation studies in the area was conducted in order to establish a general background growth rate. In general, it was found that the study area historically is experiencing a 0% growth rate and in some cases the traffic has decreased.

For the purpose of this analysis, no background growth rate has been applied to the study area roadways, and traffic generated by new development in the study area will be accounted for separately.

5.2.2 Other Area Development

Other study area developments, as identified in Section 4.3, include:

- A mixed-use development at 552 Booth Street which consists of approximately 1,000 dwelling units in five buildings and 142,200 square feet of retail/office uses. A draft TIA Strategy Report, dated December 2018, was prepared by Parsons in support of Zoning By-law and Official Plan Amendment applications for this development. This report suggests the development is anticipated to be completed with full occupancy by 2025. Trip generation was presented using both existing and future modal shares. The existing modal shares were assumed to reflect the 2025 build-out conditions, while the future modal shares were assumed to reflect the City's initiative to increase the number of transit user and were assumed for the 2030 horizon year. For the purposes of this report, the trip generation based on the existing modal shares have been added to the 2024 background traffic. Relevant excerpts from the 2018 Draft TIA are included in **Appendix F**.
- A residential development at 514 Rochester Street which includes 117 residential units and 5,000 square feet of ground floor retail. A Transportation Brief, dated April 2013, and subsequent Addendum, dated December 2018, were prepared by Delcan in support of a Site Plan Control application for this development. The estimated date of full occupancy was not identified; however, this development was under construction at the time of the traffic counts. As such, site generated traffic has been added to the 2019 background traffic volumes. Site generated traffic figures from the 2013 Transportation Brief can be found in Appendix F.
- An expansion of the existing residential building at 17 Aberdeen Street, which will include an increase of 197 residential units. A Transportation Overview was prepared by IBI Group in August 2016 in support of a Site Plan Control application for this development. The estimated date of full occupancy was not identified. The expansion is projected to increase vehicle trips to the site by approximately 49 veh/h during the PM peak, with vehicles assumed to be utilizing all four existing parking garage ramps. The effect on the adjacent road network was expected to be insignificant, and no trip distribution or site generated traffic figures were developed. As this development is north of the Rochester Street/Aberdeen Street intersection, and traffic is likely to be drawn to/from the north because of the proximity of the highway, traffic generated by this development has not been added to background traffic.
- A residential development at 500 Preston Street which includes 280 residential units and 10,000 square feet of ground floor retail. A Community Transportation Study, dated June 2011, and subsequent Addendums, dated December 2012 and September 2013, were prepared in support of a Site Plan Control application for this development. These reports projected an increase in vehicle traffic of approximately 100 veh/h during the PM peak hour. Traffic generated by this development has been added to 2024 background traffic. Relevant excerpts from the 2011 Community Transportation Study and subsequent Addendums can be found in Appendix F.
- A mixed-use development at 505 Preston Street which includes 262 residential units, 5,000 square feet of ground floor retail and 17,550 square feet of office use. A Community Transportation Study, dated December 2012, was prepared by IBI Group in support of

Site Plan Control and Zoning By-law Amendment applications for this development. This report projected an increase in vehicle traffic of approximately 70 veh/h during the PM peak hour. The estimated date of full occupancy was 2016; however, this site was under construction and traffic generated by this development would not have been included in the traffic counts. Traffic generated by this development has been added to 2019 background traffic. Site generated traffic figures from the 2012 Community Transportation Study are included in **Appendix F**.

• A residential development at 845 Carling Avenue which includes 1,123 residential units and 16,000 square feet of ground floor retail. A Community Transportation Study/Transportation Impact Study, dated April 2013, was prepared by Delcan in support of a Zoning By-law Amendment application for this development. The report identified the project would result in an increase of approximately 175 veh/h during the PM peak hour. This development is anticipated to be phased over 15 to 20 years. However, traffic generated by the ultimate development has been added to 2024 background traffic. Site generated traffic figures from the 2013 CTS are included in Appendix F.

Background traffic figures for the 2019 build out and 2024 horizon year can be found in **Figures** 6 and 7. Total traffic volumes for the 2019 build out and 2024 horizon year can be found in **Figures** 8 and 9.

ABERDEEN ST

155
131

xx PM Peak Hour velvh
Signalized intersection
Unsignalized intersection
Unsignalized intersection

PRESTON ST

ROCHESTER ST

PRESTON ST

♦ 45 **♦** 1035

↑ ↑ 112 89

> 548 → 374 →

CARLING AVE

Figure 6: 2019 Background Traffic Volumes

Figure 7: 2024 Background Traffic Volumes

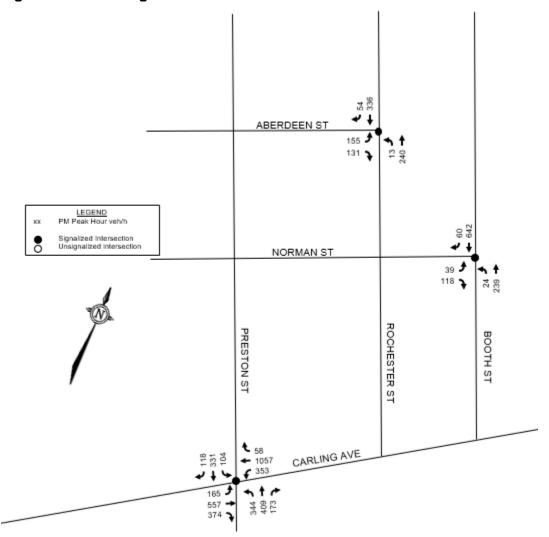


Figure 8: 2019 Total Traffic Volumes

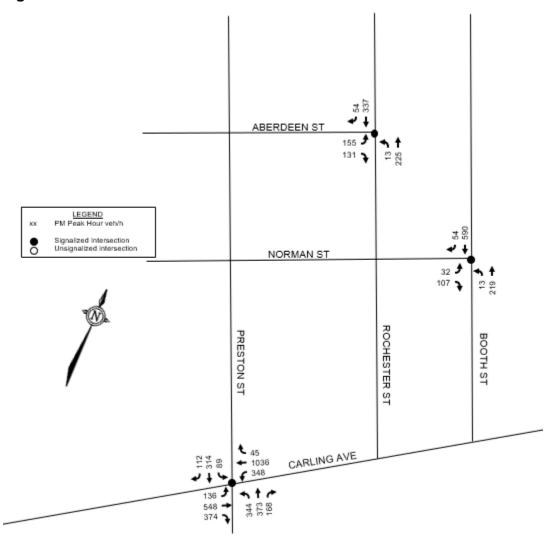
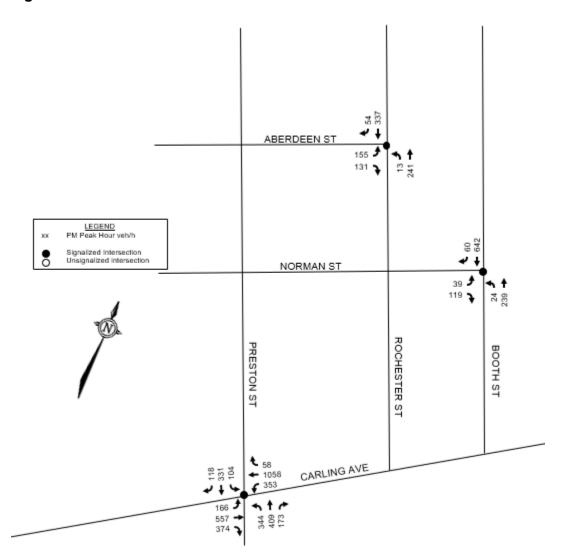


Figure 9: 2024 Total Traffic Volumes



6.0 ANALYSIS

6.1 Development Design

6.1.1 Design for Sustainable Modes

No changes to the existing pedestrian facilities along Rochester Street are proposed. The existing pedestrian connection between the main building entrance and the sidewalk along Rochester Street will be maintained.

The nearest bus stops to the subject site are described in section 4.1.5.

OC Transpo's service design guideline for peak period service is to provide service within a five minute (400m) walk of the home, school and work location of 95% of urban residents. The actual walking distance from the proposed restaurant main entrance to the nearest bus stops was measured. Stop #8012 and #8011 are a 300m walk, stop #8013 is a 240m walk, stop #6657 is a 290m walk, stop #2397 is a 370m walk, stop #8002 is a 255m walk, and stop #6654 is a 385m walk. Based on the foregoing, there are several transit stops within the required 400m walk radius.

A review of the Transportation Demand Management (TDM) – Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist has been conducted. A copy of the TDM checklist is included in **Appendix G**. All required TDM-supportive development design measures in the TDM checklist are met.

6.1.2 Circulation and Access

The proposed fire and garbage route is located curbside along Rochester Street. No new site accesses are proposed.

6.2 Parking

The subject site is located in Area Z on Schedule 1A of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan. As per the Zoning By-law, no off-street motor vehicle parking or bicycle parking is required to be provided for this development. There is an existing access from Rochester Street leading to one surface space along the north side of the building. Although there are no minimum parking requirements in this area of the City, it is proposed to retain this existing access and parking space to provide convenient off-street parking.

The Little Italy Local Area Parking Study was prepared by the City of Ottawa in February 2015. This parking study provided an inventory of the total amount of parking spaces (both on-street and off-street) available in the area bounded by Albert Street in the north, Carling Avenue in the south, Booth Street and Bell Street South in the east, and the O-Train Corridor in the west. The study area for the parking study is shown in **Figure 10**.



The subject site is located at the eastern edge of the section labelled "South of Queensway" and just west of the section labelled "Booth Street Complex". As such, it was assumed that patrons visiting the restaurant would park in either of these two sections. There are a total of 178 on-street parking spaces and 634 public off-street parking spaces available South of the Queensway (west of Rochester Street), and 211 on-street parking spaces available in the Booth Street Complex (east of Rochester Street).

The findings of the Little Italy Local Area Parking Study can be summarized as follows:

- For the area labelled "South of Queensway" (west of Rochester Street), there is a significant capacity problem for on-street parking in the evenings; the occupancy exceeds maximum capacity on both weekday and Saturday evenings. The off-street public parking is approaching capacity during the daytime on weekdays, but the off-street public parking is not being utilized to nearly the same extent on weekday evenings of weekends.
- For the area labelled "Booth Street Complex" (east of Rochester Street), on-street parking is underutilized at all times. Demand for on-street parking is relatively static between weekdays, Saturdays, and Sundays (varies between 17% and 35%).

The recommendations of the Little Italy Local Area Parking Study included reducing the price of on-street parking in the Booth Street Complex area from \$3.00 an hour to \$1.50 an hour to encourage parking east of Rochester Street.

Based on the foregoing, there are ample underutilized on-street parking spaces in the area to the east of Rochester Street which restaurant patrons may use.

6.3 Boundary Streets

This section provides a review of the boundary streets using complete streets principles. The Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) guidelines produced by IBI Group in 2015 were used to evaluate the LOS of the boundary roadways for each mode of transportation. Schedule 'B' of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan indicates Rochester Street is located in a Mixed-Use Centre. The subject site is also located within 600m of the Carling O-Train Station.

As transit does not provide service on Rochester Street, the transit level of service (TLOS) has not been evaluated.

Targets for pedestrian level of service (PLOS), bicycle level of service (BLOS), truck level of service (TkLOS), and vehicular level of service (Auto LOS) for Rochester Street adhere to those outlined for a collector road located within 600m of a rapid transit station as identified in Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines.

6.3.1 Pedestrian Level of Service (PLOS)

Exhibit 4 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the segment PLOS of the boundary roadways. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggest a target PLOS A for all road classes within 600m of a rapid transit station. The results of the segment PLOS analysis are summarized in the following table.

Table 5: PLOS Segment Analysis

Sidewalk Width	Boulevard Width	Avg. Daily Curb Lane Traffic Volume	Presence of On-Street Parking	Operating Speed	Segment PLOS		
Rochester	Rochester Street, East Side						
1.8m	0m	< 3,000	Yes	60km/h	С		
Rochester	Rochester Street, West Side						
1.8m	0m	< 3,000	No	60km/h	С		

6.3.2 Bicycle Level of Service (BLOS)

Exhibit 11 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the segment BLOS of the boundary roadways. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggest a target BLOS D for collector roads within 600m of a rapid transit station that are not classified as cycling routes. The results of the segment BLOS analysis are in the following table.

Table 6: BLOS Segment Analysis

Road Class	Bike Route	Type of Bikeway	Travel Lanes	Centerline Markings	Operating Speed	Segment BLOS	
Rochester Street							
Collector	N/A	Mixed Traffic	2	Yes	60km/h	F	

6.3.3 Truck Level of Service (TkLOS)

Exhibit 20 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the segment TkLOS of the boundary roadways. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggest a target TkLOS D for a collector roadway that is classified as a truck route within 600m of a rapid transit station. The results of the segment TkLOS analysis are in the following table.

Table 7: TkLOS Segment Analysis

Road Class	Curb Lane Width	Number of Travel Lanes	Segment TkLOS
Rochester Street			
Collector	>3.7m	Two (One in Each Direction)	В

6.3.4 Vehicular Level of Service (Auto LOS)

Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggest a target Auto LOS E for all roadways within 600m of a rapid transit station. The typical lane capacity along the study area roadways are based on the City's guidelines for the TRANS Long-Range Transportation Model. The lane capacity along the boundary streets has been estimated based on roadway classification and general characteristics (i.e. suburban with limited access, urban with on-street parking, etc.). The results of the Auto LOS analysis are summarized in the following table.

Table 8: Auto LOS Segment Analysis

Direction	Directional Capacity	Traffic Volumes	V/C Ratio and LOS PM Peak	
	PM Peak		V/C	LOS
Rochester Street				
NB	600	221 veh/h	0.37	Α
SB	600	454 veh/h	0.76	С

The above noted table represents existing traffic conditions. Under 2024 total traffic volumes, the NB v/c ratio will increase to 0.42 (LOS A) and the SB v/c will increase to 0.78 (LOS C).

6.3.5 Segment MMLOS Summary

The results of the existing segment MMLOS analysis can be summarized as follows:

 Rochester Street achieves a PLOS C, which does not meet the target PLOS A. In order to achieve the target, a 1.8m wide sidewalk with a 2m wide boulevard, or a 2m wide

sidewalk with a 0.5m wide boulevard would be required on both sides of the road. A reduction in the operating speed to 30km/h would also achieve the target PLOS A.

- Rochester Street achieves a BLOS F which does not meet the target BLOS D. In order to achieve the target, a reduction in the operating speed to 50km/h could be considered. Bike lanes along Rochester Street would also meet the target BLOS D.
- Rochester Street exceeds the target TkLOS D, achieving a TkLOS B.
- Rochester Street exceeds the target Auto LOS E, achieving an Auto LOS C.

6.4 Access Intersections Design

There is an existing access from Rochester Street which leads to a surface parking space along the north side of the building. No changes are proposed to the existing access and no new site accesses are proposed.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the foregoing, the conclusions and recommendations of this TIA can be summarized as follows:

Development Design

- No changes are proposed to the existing pedestrian facilities along Rochester Street. The
 existing pedestrian connection between the main building entrance and the sidewalk along
 Rochester Street will be maintained.
- OC Transpo stops #8012, #8011, #8013, #6657, #2397, #8002, and #6654 are all located within a 400m actual walking distance to the entrance of the proposed development.
- All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met.
- The proposed fire and garbage route is located curbside along Rochester Street.

Parking

- As per the Zoning By-law, no off-street motor vehicle parking or bicycle parking is required to be provided for this development.
- There is an existing access from Rochester Street leading to one surface space along the north side of the building which will be retained.
- A review of the Little Italy Local Area Parking Study suggests that there are ample underutilized on-street parking spaces in the area to the east of Rochester Street which restaurant patrons may use.

Boundary Street MMLOS

- Rochester Street achieves a PLOS C, which does not meet the target PLOS A. In order
 to achieve the target, a 1.8m wide sidewalk with a 2m wide boulevard, or a 2m wide
 sidewalk with a 0.5m wide boulevard would be required. A reduction in the operating
 speed to 30km/h would also achieve the target PLOS A.
- Rochester Street achieves a BLOS F which does not meet the target BLOS D. In order to achieve the target, a reduction in the operating speed to 50km/h could be considered. Bike lanes along Rochester Street would also meet the target BLOS D.
- Rochester Street exceeds the target TkLOS D, achieving a TkLOS B.
- Rochester Street exceeds the target Auto LOS E, achieving an Auto LOS C.

Access Design

 There is an existing access from Rochester Street which leads to a surface parking space along the north side of the building. No changes are proposed to the existing access and no new site accesses are proposed.

In conclusion, no modifications to the transportation network are recommended as a result of the proposed development as none are required.

NOVATECH

Prepared by:

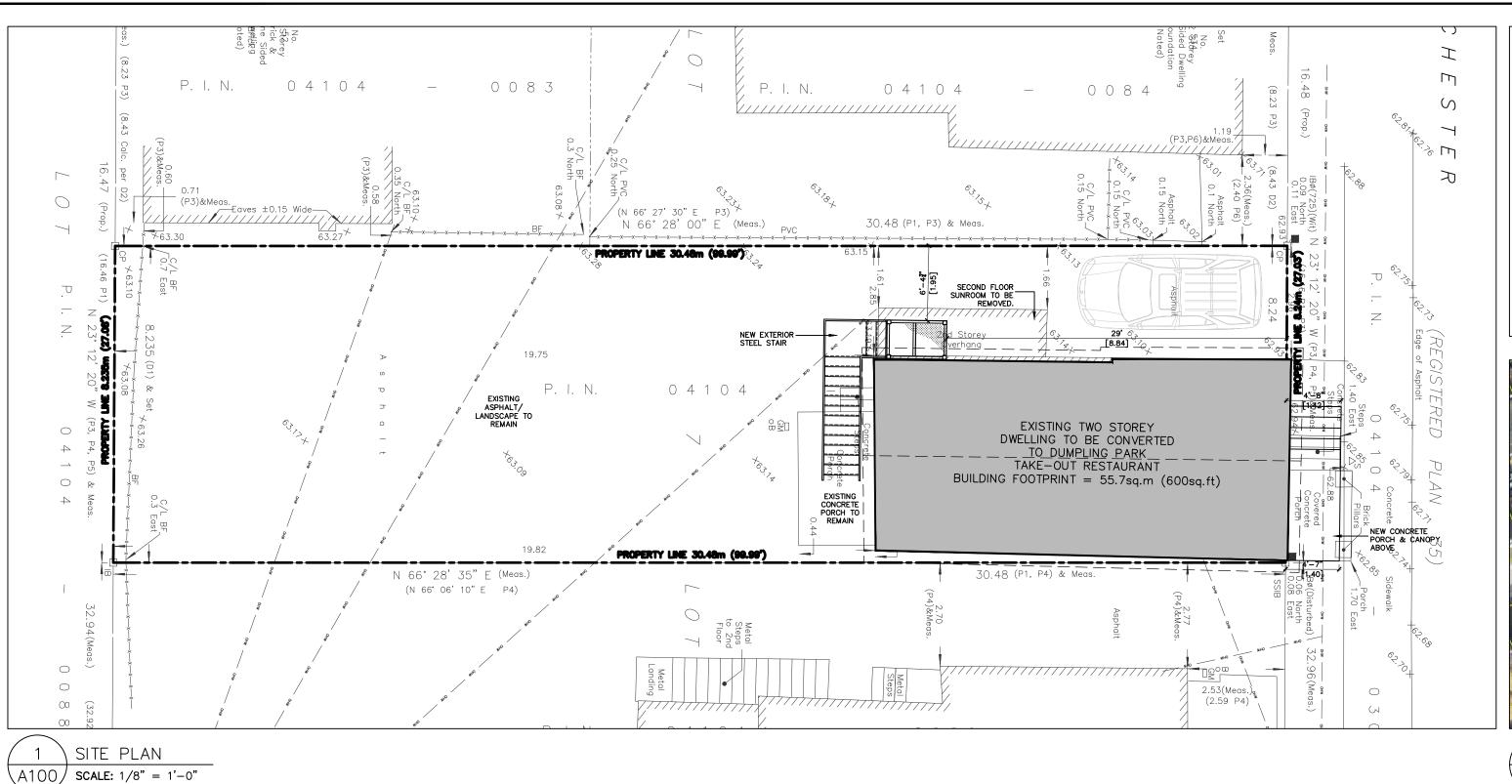
Rochelle Fortier, B.Eng. E.I.T. | Transportation/Traffic

Reviewed by:



Brad Byvelds, P.Eng.
Project Coordinator | Transportation/Traffic

APPENDIX A Preliminary Site Plan



LEGAL DESCRIPTION PART 1 PLAN OF PART OF LOT 7 REGISTERED PLAN 35 CITY OF OTTAWA FARLEY SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD. COMPLETED ON THE 29TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 2018 JOB No. 524-18



02 \ KEY PLAN

Item Dumpling park take-out -Ontario Building Data Matrix Part #9 &11 **OBC** Reference Project Description: ■ Part 11 □ Part 3 ■ Part 9 Addition 11.1 to 11.4 | 1.1.2. [A] 1.1.2. [A]&9.10.1.3. ■ Change of Use ■ Alteration 2 Major Occupancy (s) Group "E" 3.1.2.1. (1) 9.10.2. 1.4.1.2. [A] 1.1.1.2. [A] 3 Building Area (m²) Existing 55.7m² New n/a Total 55.7m² 1.1.1.2. [A] 4 Gross Area (m²) Existing111.4m² New n/a Total 11.4m² 1.4.1.2. [A] 1.1.1.2. [A] & 9.10.4. 5 Number of Storeys Above Grade Crawl space Below Grade 2 1.4.1.2. [A] & 3.2.1.1. 6 Height of Building (m) 7.69m [Existing to Remain] 7 Number of Streets/ Fire Fighter Access 1 3.2.2.10. & 3.2.5. 9.10.20. 8 Building Classification EXISTING TO REMAIN 3.2.2.20. - .83 9.10.2. 9 Sprinkler System Proposed Entire Building 3.2.2.20. - .83 9.10.8.2. ☐ Selected Compartments 3.2.1.5. ☐ Selected Floor Areas 3.2.2.17. □ Basement □ in lieu of roof rating INDEX INDEX Not Required 10 Standpipe Required 11 Fire Alarm Required 9.10.18. 3.2.4. 12 Water Service/ Supply is adequate Yes ☐ No 3.2.5.7. N/A 13 High Building Yes ■ No 3.2.6. N/A 14 Permitted Construction ■ Combustible ■ Non-Combustible 3.2.2.20. - .83 9.10.6. Actual Construction ■ Combustible ■ Non-Combustible 15 Mezzanine(s) Area (m²) n/a 3.2.1.1. (3)-(8) 9.10.4.1. 16 Occupant load based on ☐ m²/person ☐ Design of building 3.1.1.7. 9.9.1.3. 1st Floor: Occupancy Group "E" Load 9 Persons 2nd Floor: Occupancy Group "E" Load 9 Persons 17 Barrier-free Design ☐ Yes ■ No (Ground floor Only) 3.8. 9.5.2. 9.10.1.3. (4) 18 Hazardous Substances ☐ Yes ■ No 3.3.1.2. & 3.3.1.19 3.2.2.20. .83 & 3.2.1.4. Required Horizontal Assemblies 9.10.8. Listed Design No. Fire FRR (Hours) or Description (SG-2) 9.10.9. Resistance Floors 3/4 Hours Fire Separation Rating 0 Hours Roof Mezzanine 0 Hours Listed Design No. FRR of Supporting or Description (SG-2) Members 3/4 Hours Fire Separation Floors Roof 0 Hours Mezzanine 0 Hours 20 Spatial Separation - Construction of Exterior Walls - Existing to remain 9.10.14. Plumbing Fixture Requirements **Building Code Reference** Male/Female Count @ 50 %/ 50 % Occupant BC Table Fixtures Fixtures except as noted otherwise ☐ Part 3 ■ Part 9 Load Number Required Provided

9

9

1st Floor Occupancy "D"

2nd Floor Occupancy "D"

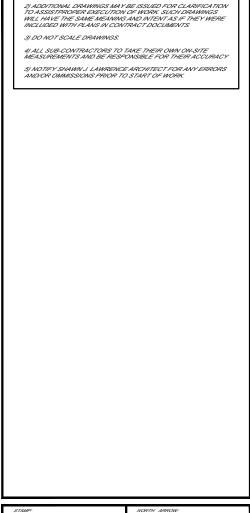
3.7.4.3.D 1

3.7.4.3.D

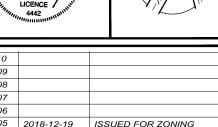
ZONE PROVISIONS	REQUIRED	PROVIDED [PROPOSED RESTAURANT USE]				
RESIDENTIAL FOURTH DENSITY ZONE & MAT		- -				
MIN. LOT WIDTH	7.5m	8.24m				
MIN. LOT AREA	195sq.m	251sq.m				
MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT	11m	7.69m				
MIN. FRONT YARD SETBACK	1.83m	0*				
MIN. REAR YARD SETBACK	1.2m	19.75m				
MIN. INTERIOR YARD SETBACK	0.6m/1.2m	0.07m*/2.85m				
PARKING SPACE PROVISIONS						
MIN. PARKING SPACE RATE (AREA Z)	0	1				
MIN. BICYCLE PARKING SPACE RATE	0	0				
PERMITTED PROJECTIONS INTO REQUIRED YA	ARDS PROVISIONS					
COVERED PORCH PROJECTION	2m, BUT NOT CLOSER THAN 1m FROM ANY LOT LINE	EXISTING PORCH 1.72m BEYOND THE FRONT LOT LINE* NEW PORCH TO BE 1.45m BEYOND FRONT LOT LINE*				
STEPS PROJECTION	NO CLOSER THAN 0.6m FROM A FRONT LOT LINE	EXISTING STEP 1.42m BEYOND THE FRONT LOT LINE* NEW STEPS TO REMAIN 1.42m BEYOND FRONT LOT LINE*				
*EXISTING NON-COMPLYING CONDITION						

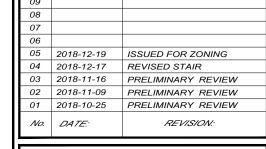
SHEET INDE	<u>X:</u>		
A100 A200 A400	_ _ _	SITE PLAN, NOTES, KEY PLAN, ZONING DEMOLITION & PROPOSED FLOOR PLANS DEMOLITION & PROPOSED ELEVATIONS	

DRAWING SYMBOLS	LIST OF	ABBREVIATIONS
<u>5141111110 </u>		
	ACT AFF	ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR
REFERENCE BUBBLE	ALUM	ALUMINUM
4	ARCH	ARCHITECTURAL
	ASSY	ASSEMBLY
// A \ — DRAWING NUMBER	BD	BOARD
A100 — SHEET NUMBER	BG	BUILDING GRADE
STILL THOMBEN	BLDG CC	BUILDING CENTRE TO CENTRE
V	CJ	CONTROL JOINT
	ČĹ	CENTRE LINE
INTERIOR ELEVATION BUBBLE	CLG	CEILING
1 — DRAWING NUMBER	CLR	CLEAR
A SIGNING HOMBEN	COL CONC	COLUMN CONCRETE
CHEET MUMDED	CPT	CARPET
A101 SHEET NUMBER	СТ	CERAMIC TILE
∀	CW	CURTAIN WALL
ა	DIM	DIMENSIONS
ROOM LABEL	Po	HANDICAP DOOR OPERATOR
	L EL L ELECT	ELEVATION ELECTRICAL
MEOU	ELEC	ELEVATOR
MECH. — ROOM NAME	EIFS	EXTERIOR INSULATION FINISH SYSTEM
100 ROOM NUMBER	EP	ELECTRICAL PANEL
100 NOOM NOMBER	EQ EC	EQUAL SCUPPER
	ES EX	EMERGENCY SCUPPER EXISTING
DOOR LABEL	EXP	EXPOSED
	EXT	EXTERIOR
116.1 — DOOR NUMBER	FA	FIRE ALARM
	FD	FLOOR DRAIN
	FEC FHC	FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINET FIRE HOSE CABINET
WINDOW LABEL	FIN	FINISH
(0)	FL	FLOOR
(B) =BASEMENT (G) =GROUND FLOOR	FRR	FIRE RESISTANCE RATED
(0) 5/(50/12 / 255/(GL GB	GLASS OR GLAZING GRAB BAR
(S) =SECOND FLOOR # =WINDOW NUMBER	GYP	GYPSUM WALLBOARD
<u> </u>	НМ	HOLLOW METAL
CONSTRUCTION ASSEMBLY LABEL	HWT	HOT WATER TANK
(W) = EXTERIOR WALL	INT JT	INTERIOR JOINT
\longrightarrow W_2 \longrightarrow P = INTERIOR WALL	LTG	LIGHTING
(F) = ROOF	MAX	MAXIMUM
(R) = ROOF	MECH	MECHANICAL
# = ASSEMBLY NUMBER	MC	MEDICINE CABINET
CEILING ELEVATIONS	MIN NBC	MINIMUM NATIONAL BUILDING CODE
	NO	NUMBER
(114) ———— CEILING FINISH HEIGHT	NTS	NOT TO SCALE
SELECTION TERMINA	oc	ON CENTRE
	OH PT	OVERHEAD PAINT
	PLAM	PLASTIC LAMINATE
GRID REFERENCE	PSF	PRESSED STEEL FRAME
	PVC	POLY VINYL CHLORIDE
(4) — GRID DESTINATION	RCP	REFLECTIVE CEILING PLAN
\smile	RD REINF	ROOF DRAIN REINFORCED
	REQD	REQUIRED
	SH	SHOWER
ELEVATION HEIGHT	SIM	SIMILAR
	SS	STAINLESS STEEL
174.25 — ELEVATION HEIGHT	T/O TYP	TOP OF TYPICAL
	U/S	UNDERSIDE
	VCT	VINYL COMPOSITION TILE
	VEST	VESTIBULE











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DRAWN BY:	DESIGNED BY:
A.L	S.J.L.
DATE:	CHECKED BY:
2018-10-12	S.J.L.
SCALE:	PLOT DATE:
AS NOTED	2018-12-19

DUMPLING PARK TAKE-OUT 536 ROCHESTER, OTTAWA, ON

JOB NUMBER: SL - 931 - 18

SITE PLAN

A 100

APPENDIX B TIA Screening Form



City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines Screening Form

1. Description of Proposed Development

Municipal Address	536 Rochester Street
Description of Location	Midblock, Approx. 15m south of Pamilla Street
Land Use Classification	Take-out Restaurant
Development Size (units)	N/A
Development Size (m²)	111m ² GFA
Number of Accesses and Locations	No new access proposed
Phase of Development	One
Buildout Year	2019

If available, please attach a sketch of the development or site plan to this form.

2. Trip Generation Trigger

Considering the Development's Land Use type and Size (as filled out in the previous section), please refer to the Trip Generation Trigger checks below.

Land Use Type	Minimum Development Size				
Single-family homes	40 units				
Townhomes or apartments	90 units				
Office	3,500 m ²				
Industrial	5,000 m ²				
Fast-food restaurant or coffee shop	100 m²				
Destination retail	1,000 m ²				
Gas station or convenience market	75 m²				

^{*} If the development has a land use type other than what is presented in the table above, estimates of person-trip generation may be made based on average trip generation characteristics represented in the current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

If the proposed development size is greater than the sizes identified above, the Trip Generation Trigger is satisfied.



Transportation Impact Assessment Screening Form

3. Location Triggers

	Yes	No
Does the development propose a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Transit or Spine Bicycle Networks?		X
Is the development in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone?*	✓	

^{*}DPA and TOD are identified in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (DPA in Section 2.5.1 and Schedules A and B; TOD in Annex 6). See Chapter 4 for a list of City of Ottawa Planning and Engineering documents that support the completion of TIA).

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Location Trigger is satisfied.

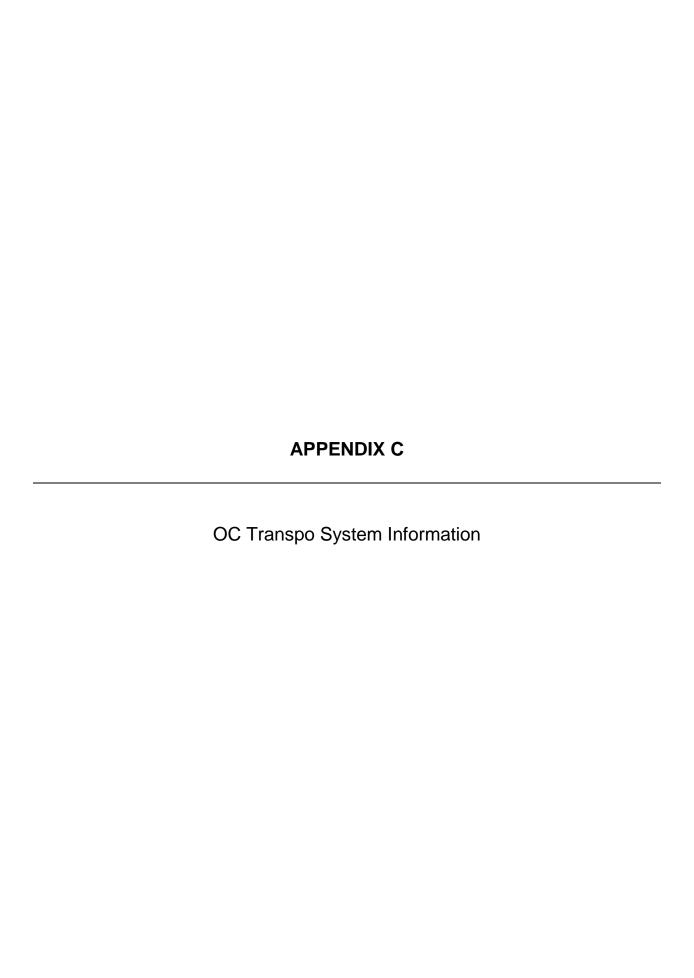
4. Safety Triggers

	Yes	No
Are posted speed limits on a boundary street are 80 km/hr or greater?		X
Are there any horizontal/vertical curvatures on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway?		Х
Is the proposed driveway within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions)?		Х
Is the proposed driveway within auxiliary lanes of an intersection?		X
Does the proposed driveway make use of an existing median break that serves an existing site?		X
Is there is a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development?		Х
Does the development include a drive-thru facility?		Х

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Safety Trigger is satisfied.

5. Summary

	Yes	No
Does the development satisfy the Trip Generation Trigger?		X
Does the development satisfy the Location Trigger?	✓	
Does the development satisfy the Safety Trigger?		X

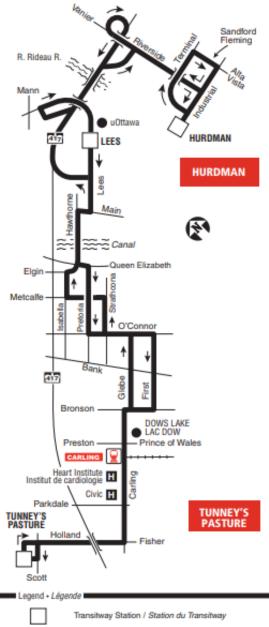




Local

Monday to Friday / Lundi au vendredi

Peak periods only Périodes de pointe seulement



9

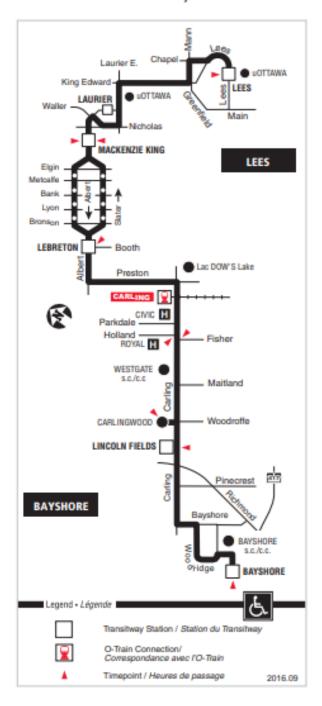
O-Train Connection Correspondance avec l'O-Train



85 LEES BAYSHORE

7 days a week / 7 jours par semaine

All day service Service toute la journée





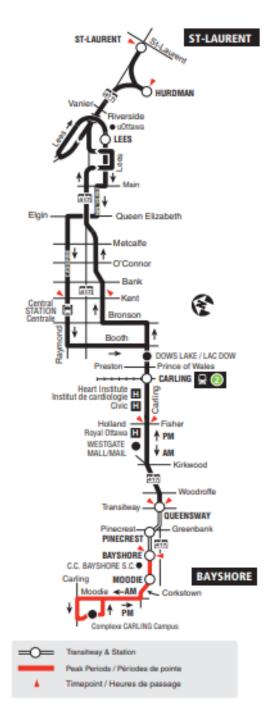
101

ST-LAURENT BAYSHORE

Local

Monday to Saturday / Lundi ay samedi

No Sunday service Aucun service le dimanche





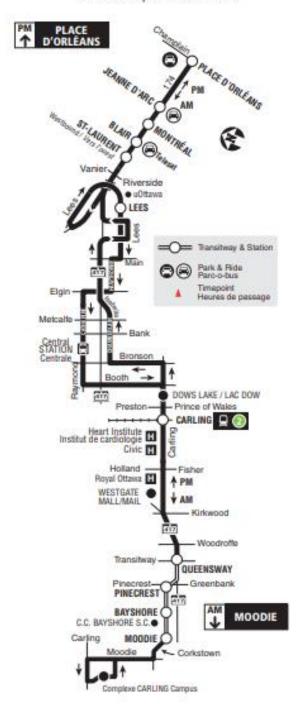
103

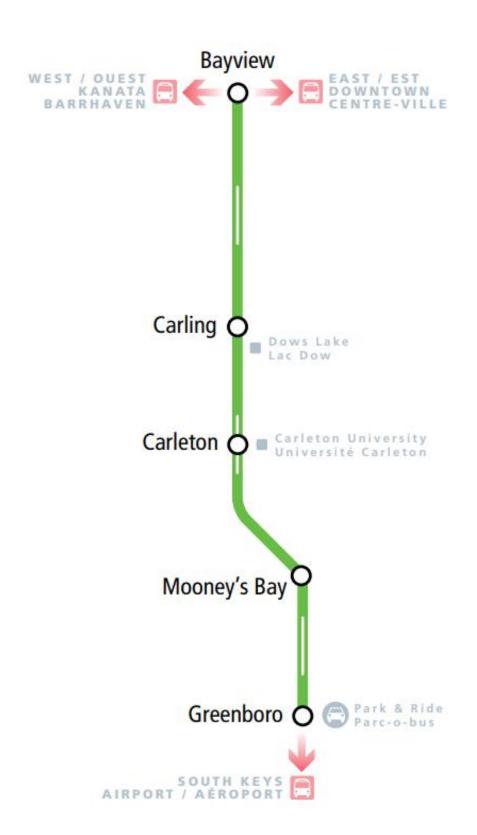
MOODIE PLACE D'ORLÉANS

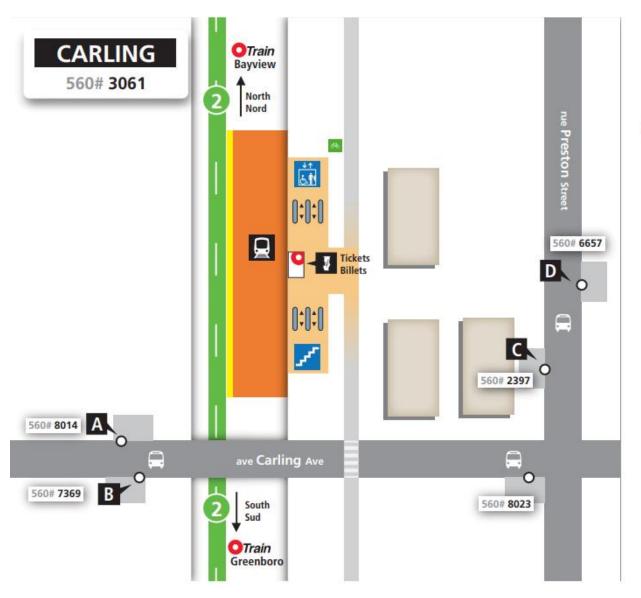
Local

Monday to FRIDAY / Lundi au vendredi

Peak Periods Only Périodes de pointe seulement

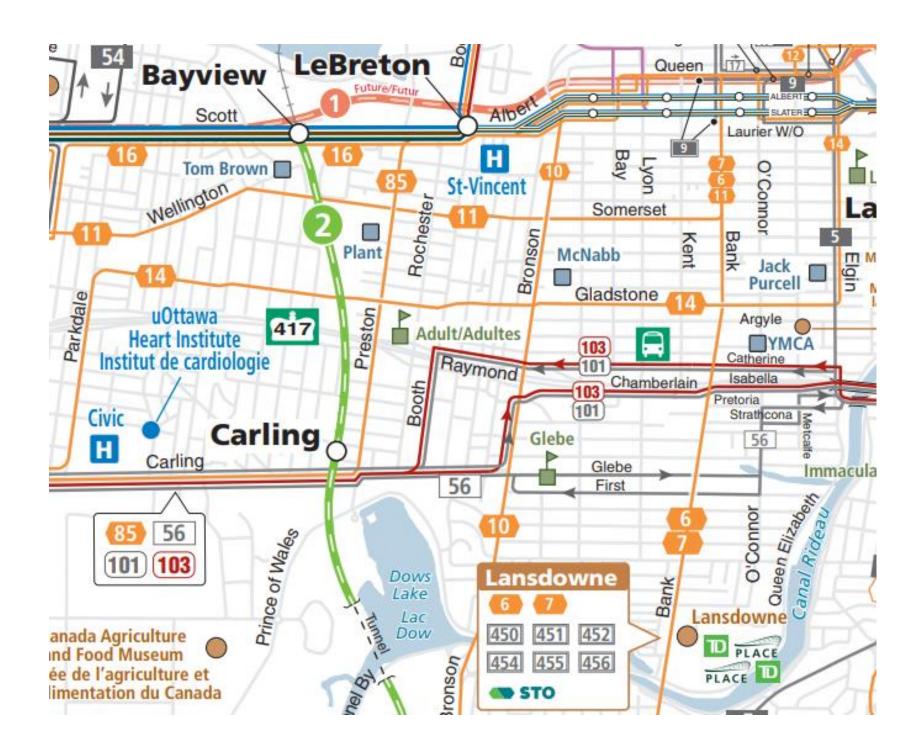






Boarding locations at Carling Station / Zones d'embarquement à la station Carling





APPENDIX D Traffic Count Data

5245355 - Aberdeen and Rochester - Nov - 16th - TMC

Wed Nov 16, 2016

PM Peak (4:30PM - 5:30PM) - Overall Peak Hour

All Classes (Lights and Motorcycles, Heavy, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Road)

All Movements

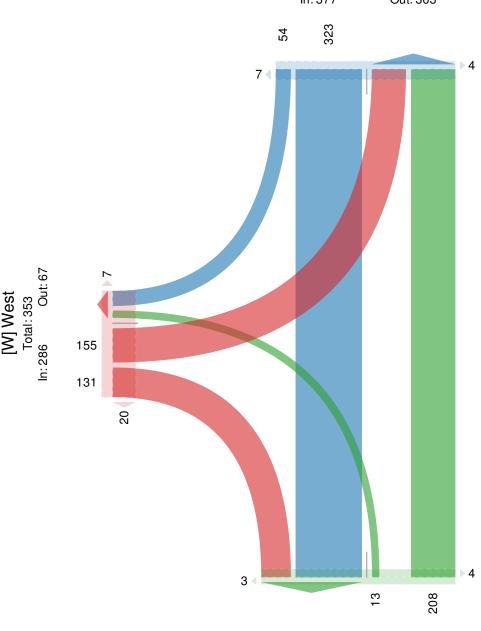
ID: 366477, Location: 45.401927, -75.707706, Site Code: 36481103



Provided by: City of Ottawa 100 Constellation Dr, Nepean, ON, K2G 5J9, CA

[N] North

Total: 740 In: 377 Out: 363



Out: 454 In: 221 Total: 675 [S] South

5268129 - Booth and Norman - Sept - 1st - TMC

Thu Sep 1, 2016

PM Peak (4:15PM - 5:15PM) - Overall Peak Hour

All Classes (Lights and Motorcycles, Heavy, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Road)

All Movements

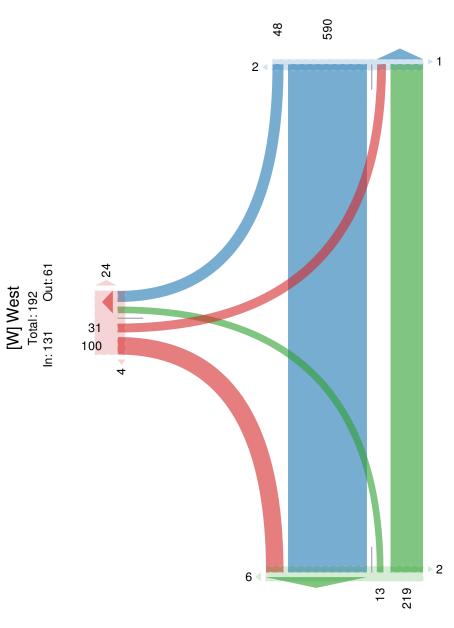
ID: 341177, Location: 45.401035, -75.705473, Site Code: 36264103



Provided by: City of Ottawa 100 Constellation Dr, Nepean, ON, K2G 5J9, CA



In: 638 Out: 250



Out: 690 In: 232 Total: 922 [S] South

5318194 - Carling and Preston - June - 20th - TMC

Tue Jun 20, 2017

PM Peak (4:15PM - 5:15PM) - Overall Peak Hour

All Classes (Lights and Motorcycles, Heavy, Pedestrians, Bicycles on Road)

All Movements

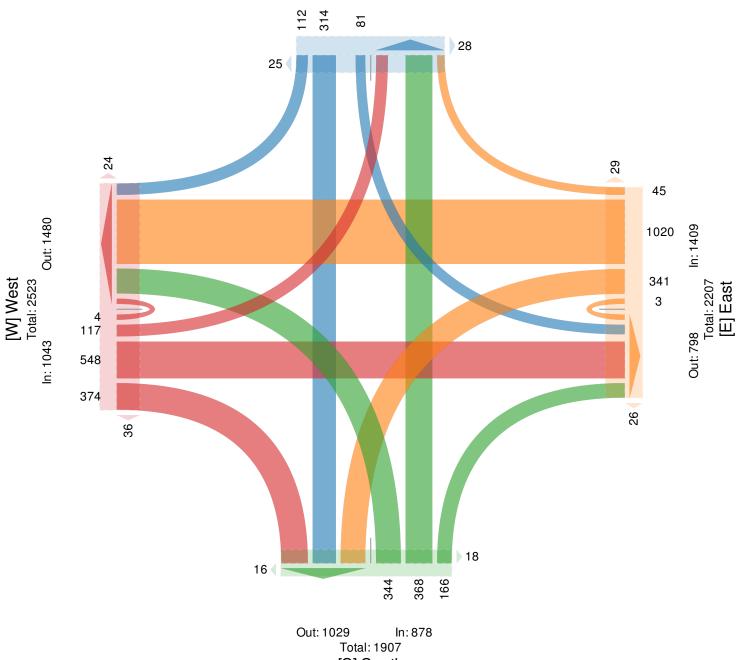
ID: 425813, Location: 45.39755, -75.707704, Site Code: 37131103



Provided by: City of Ottawa 100 Constellation Dr, Nepean, ON, K2G 5J9, CA

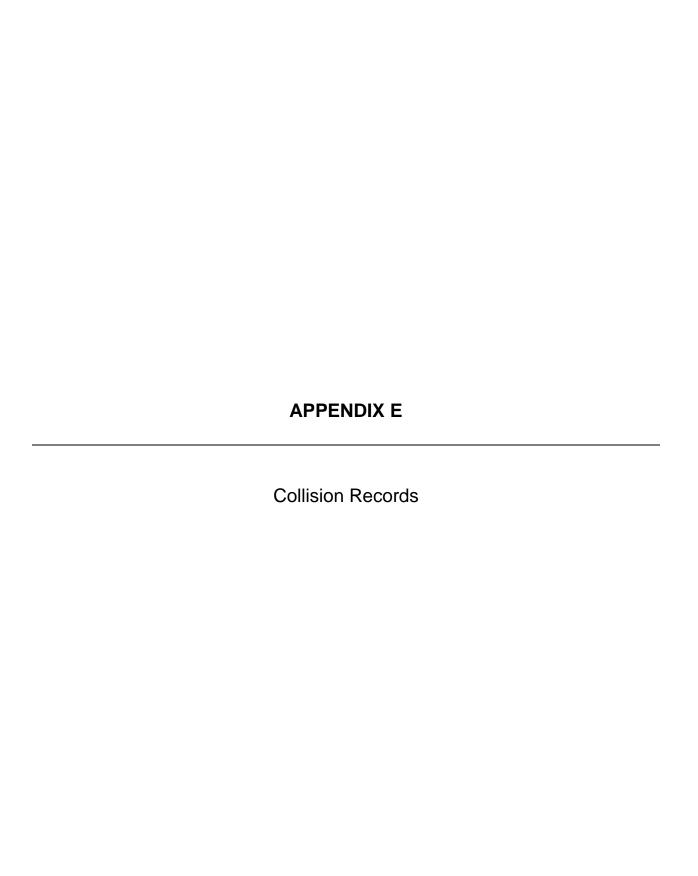


In: 507 Out: 530



[S] South

8 of 8





City Operations - Transportation Services

Collision Details Report - Public Version

From: January 1, 2013 **To:** December 31, 2017

Location: ABERDEEN ST @ ROCHESTER ST

Traffic Control: Traffic signal Total Collisions: 1

Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	er Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2014-Nov-14, Fri,09:03	Clear	Turning movement	P.D. only	Dry	South	Turning right	Unknown	Other motor vehicle	
					South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	

Location: BOOTH ST @ CARLING AVE

Traffic Control: Traffic signal Total Collisions: 12

Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuver	r Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2014-Mar-26, Wed,10:44	Clear	Turning movement	P.D. only	Dry	East	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
					West	Going ahead	Passenger van	Other motor vehicle	
2014-Aug-03, Sun,07:05	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Dry	South	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					South	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2014-Nov-04, Tue,18:15	Rain	Rear end	P.D. only	Wet	South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					South	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
2014-Jan-11, Sat,08:30	Freezing Rain	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Ice	South	Slowing or stopping	g Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	

					South	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2015-May-06, Wed,10:23	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2015-Jul-23, Thu,10:34	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	West	Going ahead	Truck and trailer	Other motor vehicle
					West	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2015-Apr-02, Thu,16:29	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					South	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
2015-Jun-30, Tue,16:26	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2016-Oct-27, Thu,16:41	Snow	Turning movement	P.D. only	Wet	East	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2017-Jan-10, Tue,17:30	Snow	Turning movement	P.D. only	Loose snow	East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2013-Jul-06, Sat,13:01	Clear	Turning movement	P.D. only	Dry	East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle

					West	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2013-Oct-12, Sat,17:35	Clear	SMV other	Non-fatal injury	Dry	East	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Pedestrian	1

Location: BOOTH ST @ NORMAN ST

Traffic Control: Traffic signal Total Collisions: 3

Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuver	Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2015-Jan-23, Fri,09:15	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Wet	North	Unknown	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Aug-30, Wed,07:25	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	East	Going ahead	Unknown	Other motor vehicle	
					East	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Jan-15, Sun,12:13	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	South	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					South	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	

Location: CARLING AVE @ PRESTON ST

Traffic Control: Traffic signal Total Collisions: 43

Date/Day/Time	Environment	Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuve	r Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2014-Jan-26, Sun,19:47	Clear	Angle	P.D. only	Loose snow	West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2014-Jan-30, Thu,18:00	Snow	Sideswipe	Non-reportable	Slush	North	Changing lanes	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	

					North	Going ahead	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
2014-Feb-14, Fri,08:00	Snow	Rear end	P.D. only	Loose snow	North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					North	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2014-Mar-28, Fri,16:30	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					West	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
2014-May-29, Thu,15:30	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	East	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2014-Jun-18, Wed,07:34	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Cyclist
					North	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle
2014-Oct-13, Mon,09:42	Clear	Angle	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Going ahead	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2014-Oct-09, Thu,12:00	Rain	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Wet	North	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle
					South	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Cyclist
2015-Jan-16, Fri,15:45	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Loose snow	West	Turning right	Passenger van	Other motor vehicle
					West	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle

2015-Jun-23, Tue,23:02	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Dry	West West	Changing lanes Stopped	Automobile,	Other motor vehicle Other motor
							station wagon	vehicle
2015-Oct-05, Mon,06:19	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Cyclist
					North	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle
2015-Jul-30, Thu,19:39	Clear	Angle	P.D. only	Dry	North	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Cyclist
					East	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle
2015-May-26, Tue,23:49	Clear	SMV other	P.D. only	Dry	East	Reversing	Municipal transit	Concrete guide rail
2015-Jun-06, Sat,21:44	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Turning left	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle
					South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Cyclist
2015-Mar-19, Thu,19:32	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Slush	South	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					South	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2015-May-12, Tue,18:50	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	West	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					West	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2015-Jun-24, Wed,15:39	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	West	Going ahead	Municipal transit	Other motor vehicle

					West	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
					West	Slowing or stopping	g Passenger van	Other motor vehicle
2015-Apr-15, Wed,09:04	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	East	Unknown	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Stopped	Passenger van	Other motor vehicle
2015-Apr-29, Wed,20:00	Clear	Turning movement	P.D. only	Dry	South	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Cyclist
					North	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle
2015-Aug-17, Mon,14:00	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Dry	South	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					South	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2015-Oct-17, Sat,13:21	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	South	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					South	Slowing or stopping	g Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
2015-Sep-22, Tue,16:56	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	East	Unknown	Unknown	Other motor vehicle
					East	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2016-Jul-06, Wed,08:39	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	North	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Cyclist
					North	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle

2016-May-18, Wed,23:39	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Turning left Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle Other motor vehicle
2016-Nov-09, Wed,18:00	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					West	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2016-Jul-23, Sat,23:13	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	West	Unknown	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					West	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2017-Oct-14, Sat,15:47	Clear	SMV other	P.D. only	Dry	South	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Pole (utility, power)
2017-Mar-06, Mon,16:53	Snow	Angle	P.D. only	Ice	South	Overtaking	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2017-Feb-10, Fri,13:45	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	East	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2017-Apr-27, Thu,16:07	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	North	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					North	Turning left	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle
2017-Apr-26, Wed,16:44	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	West	Going ahead	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle

					West	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
					West	Stopped	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
					West	Stopped	Passenger van	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Mar-21, Tue,18:10	Clear	Turning movement	P.D. only	Dry	South	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Jun-26, Mon,08:54	Clear	Turning movement	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Turning right	Automobile, station wagon	Cyclist	
					South	Going ahead	Bicycle	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Dec-01, Fri,14:10	Rain	SMV other	Non-fatal injury	Wet	South	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Pedestrian	1
2017-Jul-29, Sat,00:57	Clear	Angle	Non-fatal injury	Dry	North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					West	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2013-Feb-06, Wed,16:00	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	East	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					East	Stopped	Delivery van	Other motor vehicle	
2013-Mar-21, Thu,07:31	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Dry	West	Turning right	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
					West	Going ahead	Municipal transit bus	Other motor vehicle	

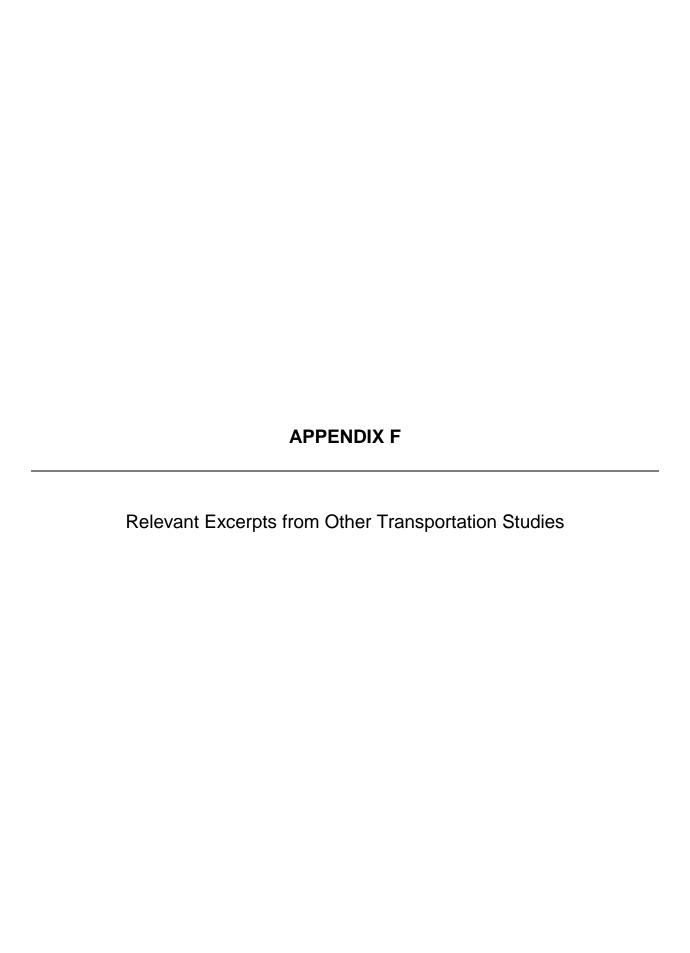
2013-Apr-23, Tue,21:06	Clear	Angle	P.D. only	Dry	North	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2017-Nov-29, Wed,07:36	Clear	Sideswipe	P.D. only	Wet	East	Changing lanes	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					East	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2013-Aug-06, Tue,12:51	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	East	Going ahead	Delivery van	Other motor vehicle
					East	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2013-Jul-26, Fri,15:50	Clear	Angle	P.D. only	Dry	East	Going ahead	Delivery van	Other motor vehicle
					South	Turning left	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
2013-Nov-21, Thu,14:21	Clear	SMV other	P.D. only	Dry	South	Turning left	Truck - tractor	Pole (utility, power)
2013-Nov-21, Thu,22:56	Clear	Rear end	Non-fatal injury	Dry	South	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle
					South	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle

Location: PAMILLA ST @ PRESTON ST

Traffic Control: Traffic signal Total Collisions: 5

Date/Day/Time Environment Impact Type	Classification	Surface Cond'n	Veh. Dir	Vehicle Manoeuver Vehicle type	First Event	No. Ped
2015-May-13, Wed,15:06 Clear Turning movement	P.D. only	Dry	North North	Pulling away from Pick-up truck shoulder or curb Turning right Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle Other motor vehicle	

2017-Nov-22, Wed,10:17	Clear	Rear end	P.D. only	Dry	North	Slowing or stopping	g Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
					North	Stopped	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2017-Feb-25, Sat,15:11	Rain	Angle	P.D. only	Wet	South	Going ahead	Pick-up truck	Other motor vehicle	
					East	Going ahead	Automobile, station wagon	Other motor vehicle	
2016-Dec-31, Sat,22:11	Snow	Approaching	P.D. only	Loose snow	North	Going ahead	Automobile,	Other motor	
					South	Going ahead	station wagon Automobile, station wagon	vehicle Other motor vehicle	
2017-Nov-20, Mon,14:15	Clear	SMV other	Non-fatal injury	Dry	North	Going ahead	Unknown	Pedestrian	1



PARSONS

transit trips is estimated to be 65 to 80 additional persons/h and the increase in active trips is also 45 to 135 persons/h. These developments represent the redevelopment of the existing heritage buildings, which are currently vacant.

Residential Trip Generation

Using the TRANS Trip Generation rates outlined in Table 1 and the TRANS Trip Generation mode splits for the residential component of the site, the total amount of person trips generated by the proposed 1,000 residential units is summarized in Table 5.

AM Peak (Person Trips/h) PM Peak (Person Trips/h) Land Use Area In Out Total In Out Total High-Rise Condominiums 1,000 units 267 696 963 504 366 870

Table 5: Projected Person Trip Generation - Residential

As shown in Table 5, a total of 963 and 870 person-trips per hour are projected to travel to/from the proposed residential development during the weekday morning and afternoon commuter peak hours. Using the model splits from the TRANS Trip Generation report, these person trips were broken down into people trips as outlined in Table 6.

Travel Mode	Mode	Share	AM Pe	eak (Person T	rips/h)	PM Peak (Person Trips/h)			
Traver Wiode	AM	PM	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto Driver	27%	23%	72	188	260	116	84	200	
Auto Passenger	3%	6%	7	21	28	31	21	52	
Transit	27%	29%	73	188	261	146	107	253	
Non-motorized	43%	42%	115	299	414	211	154	365	
Total Person Trips	10	0%	267	696	963	504	366	870	

Table 6: TRANS Model Site Trip Generation - Residential

As shown in Table 6, based on the TRANS Trip Generation rates and TRANS modal shares, the proposed residential developments are projected to generate approximately 260 and 200 'new' veh/h during the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively. The increase in two-way transit trips is estimated to be approximately 260 to 250 persons per hour, and the increase in bike/walk trips is approximately 415 and 365 persons per hour.

The total development trip generation, including the proposed office, retail and residential developments is summarized in Table 7.

Travel Mode	AM I	Peak (Person Tr	rips/h)	PM Peak (Person Trips/h)			
Travel Mode	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto Driver	132	201	333	146	156	302	
Auto Passenger	24	26	50	43	44	87	
Transit	128	198	326	165	167	332	
Non-motorized	146	313	459	271	230	501	
Less Retail Pass-By (30%)	-2	-2	-4	-6	-6	-12	
Total Person Trips	430	738	1,168	625	597	1,222	
Total 'New' Auto Trips	130	199	329	140	150	290	

Table 7: Total Site Person-Trip Generation

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Table 11: Future Projected 2030/2035 Office Trip Generation

To all Marks	Mada Chara	AM Pe	eak (Person T	rips/h)	PM Peak (Person Trips/h)			
Travel Mode	Mode Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto Driver	15%	20	4	24	4	19	23	
Auto Passenger	5%	7	1	8	2	7	9	
Transit	50%	66	11	77	11	61	72	
Non-motorized	30%	39	6	45	6	36	42	
Total Person Trips	100%	132	22	154	23	123	146	
Tota	al 'New' Auto Trips	20	4	24	4	19	23	

Table 12: Future Projected 2030/2035 Retail Trip Generation

7 114	Mada Chara	AM Pe	ak (Person T	rips/h)	PM Peak (Person Trips/h)		
Travel Mode	Mode Share	In	Out	Total	ln	Out	Total
Auto Driver	15%	5	3	8	15	17	32
Auto Passenger	5%	2	1	3	5	6	11
Transit	20%	6	4	10	20	21	41
Non-motorized	60%	18	12	30	58	64	122
Less Retail Pass-By (30%)		-1	-1	-2	-5	-5	-10
Total Person Trips 100%		31	20	51	98	108	206
Tota	5	3	8	15	17	32	

Table 13: Future Projected 2030/2035 Residential Trip Generation

Tourselled	Mode Share	AM Pe	ak (Person T	rips/h)	PM Peak (Person Trips/h)			
Travel Mode	Mode Share	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto Driver	15%	40	105	145	75	55	130	
Auto Passenger 5%		13	35	48	25	19	44	
Transit	50%	134	348	482	252	183	435	
Non-motorized	30%	81	207	288	151	110	261	
Total Person Trips	100%	268	695	963	503	367	870	
Т	40	105	145	75	55	130		

Table 14: Future Projected 2030/2035 Total Site-Generated Person Trips

Turnel Manda	Mada Chara	AM Pe	eak (Person T	rips/h)	PM Peak (Person Trips/h)			
Travel Mode	Mode Share	In	Out	Total	ln	Out	Total	
Auto Driver	15%	65	112	177	94	91	185	
Auto Passenger	5%	22	37	59	32	32	64	
Transit	50%	206	363	569	283	265	548	
Non-motorized	30%	138	225	363	215	210	425	
Less Retail Pass-By (30%)		-1	-1	-2	-5	-5	-10	
Total Person Trips 100%		431	737	1,168	624	598	1,222	
Total	'New' Auto Trips	64	111	175	89	86	175	

As shown in Table 14, the resulting number of potential 'new' two-way vehicle trips for the proposed developments by 2030 is approximately 175 and 175 veh/h during the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively. Transit trips in

PARSONS

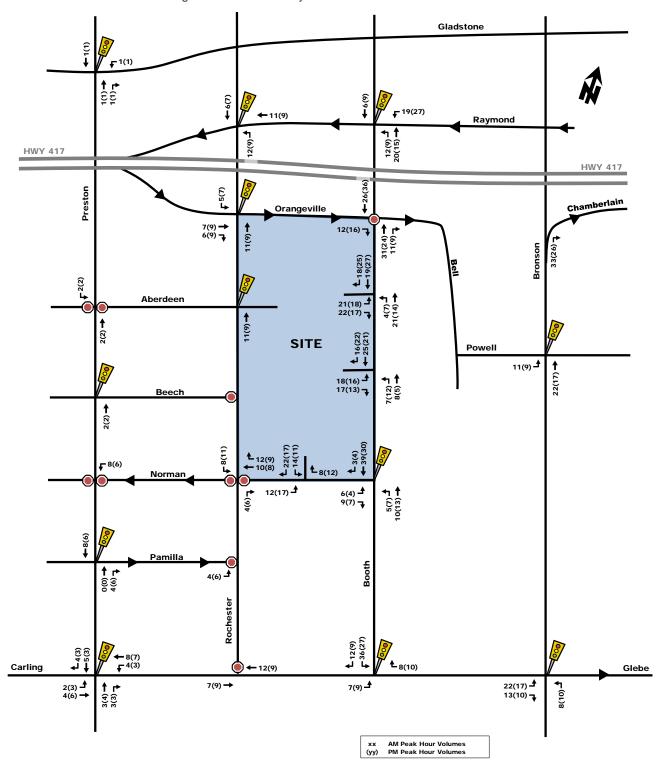


Figure 13: 'New' and 'Pass-by' 2030 Site-Generated Vehicle Traffic

3.2. BACKGROUND NETWORK TRAVEL DEMANDS

3.2.1. TRANSPORTATION NETWORK PLANS

Refer to Section 2.1.2 Planned Conditions.

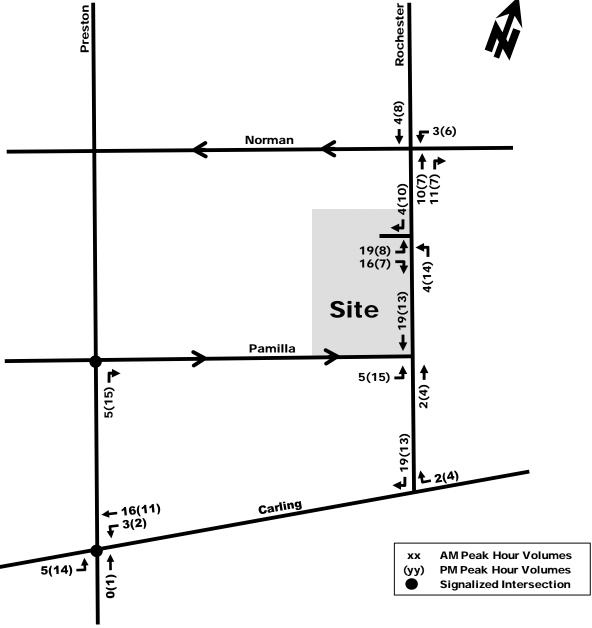


Figure 5: 'New' Site-Generated Traffic Volumes

Figure 5 illustrates the proposed development's site-generated traffic volumes, however, the 'net' increase in site traffic generation will be less than this, as the site is currently occupied by an approximate 60 space pay/display parking lot. Peak hour traffic counts were conducted at the existing site connection to Rochester Street and were found to be 21 veh/h inbound during the morning peak hour and 24 veh/h outbound during the afternoon peak hour. No trips were observed in the outbound direction during the morning peak hour or inbound during the afternoon peak hour.

Figure 5: "Net" Increase in Site-Generated Traffic

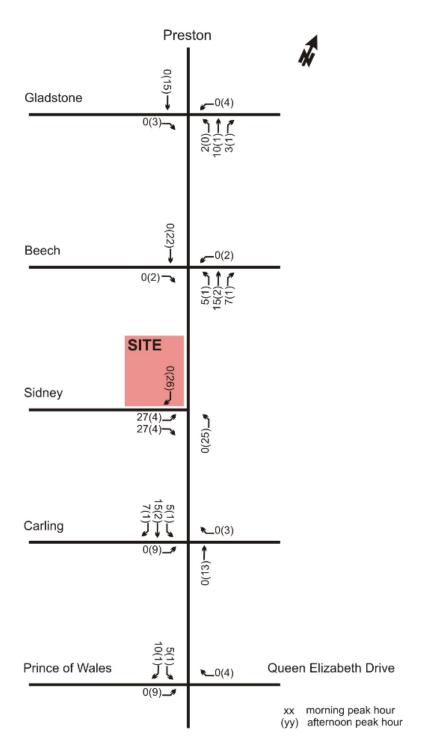




TABLE 5: High Rise Condo Trip Generation (Net Increase)

					PM Peak			
Travel Mode	Mode Share	(Pe	ersons/	hr)	(Persons/hr)			
		In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Auto Driver	30%	3	12	15	6	4	10	
Auto Passenger	10%	1	4	5	2	2	4	
Transit	40%	3	16	19	8	5	13	
Non-motorized	20%	1	7	8	3	2	5	
Total Person Trips	100%	8	39	47	19	13	32	
Total 'N	3	12	15	6	4	10		

TABLE 6: Commercial Trip Generation (Net Increase)

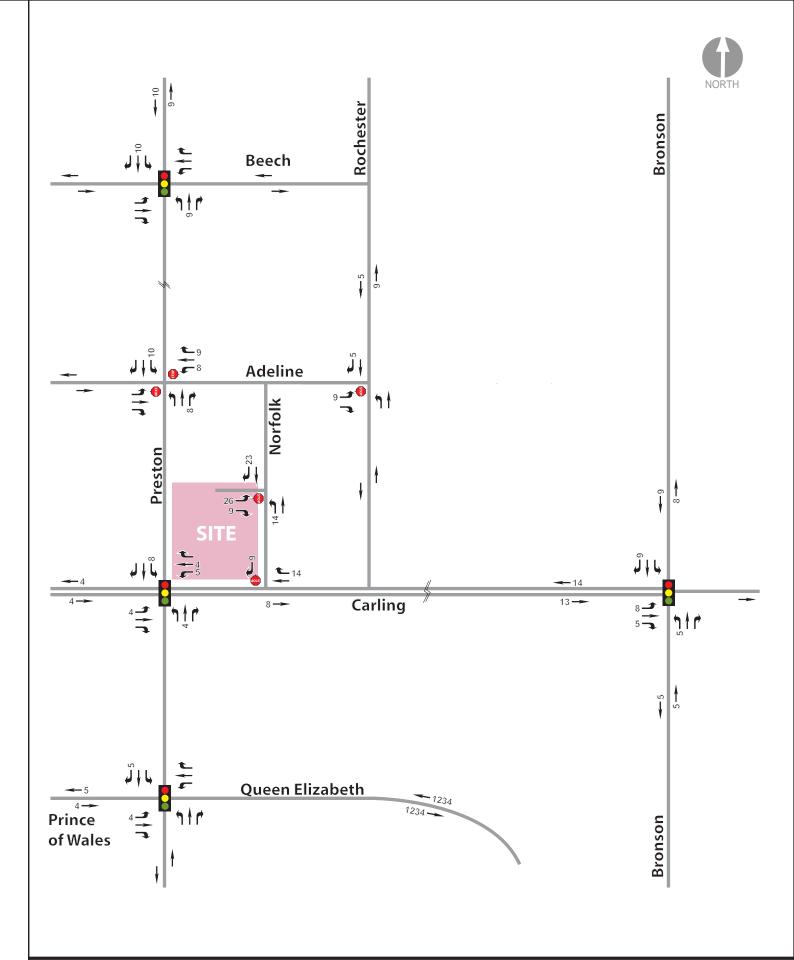
	-	AM Peal	<	PM Peak			
Travel Mode	Mode Share	(Pe	ersons/	hr)	(Persons/hr)		
		In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
Auto Driver	30%	8	3	11	5	11	16
Auto Passenger	10%	2	1	3	2	4	6
Transit	40%	10	2	12	5	14	19
Non-motorized	20%	5	1	6	2	7	9
Total Person Trips 100%		25	7	32	14	36	50
Total 'N	8	3	11	5	11	16	

TABLE 7: Total Additional Site Vehicle Trip Generation (condo + commercial/office)

Travel Mode	AM	Peak (ve	h/h)	PM Peak (veh/h)		
Traver Mode	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
High Rise Condo Trip Generation	3	12	15	6	4	10
Commercial/Office Trip Generation	8	3	11	5	11	16
Total 'New' Auto Trips	11	15	26	11	15	26

As summarized in Table 7, the net traffic increase associated with the proposed Site Plan changes is estimated at 26 vph during both peak periods, or less than one new vehicle every two minutes during peak hours.

As the initial proposal addressed in the June 2011 CTS had a "net" new traffic generation of 50 vph to 65 vph two-way total, as the changes per the December 2012 Addendum #1 added 8 vph and as the current Site Plan changes add 26 vph, the resultant total peak hour generation of the current proposal is in the range of 85 vph to 100 vph, with approximately





PROJECT No. 31637

DATE: Dec. 2012

SCALE: N.T.S.

0m 0m 0m

−11(37) **2**(5) GLADSTONE 0(0) HIGHWAY 417 YOUNG ABERDEEN **−13(42) 3**(10) BEECH 0(0) NORMAN **PAMILLA** CHAMPAGNE O-TRAIN ADELINE HICKORY 40(30) **-**22(16) **-**A E (22)

4 22(16) 18(5) **-**Site **1**3(10) **1**5(10) CARLING **1**6(13) **1**-1(-3) QUEEN ELIZABETH PRINCE OF WALES xx morning peak hour (yy) afternoon peak hour traffic signals

Figure 6: 'New' and 'Pass-by' Site-Generated Traffic Volumes



APPENDIX G TDM – Supportive Development Design Checklist

TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist:

Non-Residential Developments (office, institutional, retail or industrial)

Legend					
REQUIRED	The Official Plan or Zoning By-law provides related guidance that must be followed				
BASIC	The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users				
The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance					

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	1.	WALKING & CYCLING: ROUTES	
	1.1	Building location & access points	
BASIC	1.1.1	Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances	lacktriangledown
BASIC	1.1.2	Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations	\square
BASIC	1.1.3	Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort	
	1.2	Facilities for walking & cycling	
REQUIRED	1.2.1	Provide convenient, direct access to stations or major stops along rapid transit routes within 600 metres; minimize walking distances from buildings to rapid transit; provide pedestrian-friendly, weather-protected (where possible) environment between rapid transit accesses and building entrances; ensure quality linkages from sidewalks through building entrances to integrated stops/stations (see Official Plan policy 4.3.3)	No changes are proposed to existing pedestrian facilities
REQUIRED	1.2.2	Provide safe, direct and attractive pedestrian access from public sidewalks to building entrances through such measures as: reducing distances between public sidewalks and major building entrances; providing walkways from public streets to major building entrances; within a site, providing walkways along the front of adjoining buildings, between adjacent buildings, and connecting areas where people may congregate, such as courtyards and transit stops; and providing weather protection through canopies, colonnades, and other design elements wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.12)	No changes are proposed to existing pedestrian facilities

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
REQUIRED	1.2.3	Provide sidewalks of smooth, well-drained walking surfaces of contrasting materials or treatments to differentiate pedestrian areas from vehicle areas, and provide marked pedestrian crosswalks at intersection sidewalks (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	No changes are proposed to existing pedestrian facilities
REQUIRED	1.2.4	Make sidewalks and open space areas easily accessible through features such as gradual grade transition, depressed curbs at street corners and convenient access to extra-wide parking spaces and ramps (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	✓ No changes are proposed to existing pedestrian facilities
REQUIRED	1.2.5	Include adequately spaced inter-block/street cycling and pedestrian connections to facilitate travel by active transportation. Provide links to the existing or planned network of public sidewalks, multi-use pathways and onroad cycle routes. Where public sidewalks and multi-use pathways intersect with roads, consider providing traffic control devices to give priority to cyclists and pedestrians (see Official Plan policy 4.3.11)	No changes are proposed to existing pedestrian facilities
BASIC	1.2.6	Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops	\mathbf{Z}
BASIC	1.2.7	Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and wind-protected wherever possible	
BASIC	1.2.8	Design roads used for access or circulation by cyclists using a target operating speed of no more than 30 km/h, or provide a separated cycling facility	
	1.3	Amenities for walking & cycling	
BASIC	1.3.1	Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails	
BASIC	1.3.2	Provide wayfinding signage for site access (where required, e.g. when multiple buildings or entrances exist) and egress (where warranted, such as when directions to reach transit stops/stations, trails or other common destinations are not obvious)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	2.	WALKING & CYCLING: END-OF-TRIP FACILITY	TIES
	2.1	Bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.1.1	Provide bicycle parking in highly visible and lighted areas, sheltered from the weather wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.6)	☐ N/A – no bicycle parking required
REQUIRED	2.1.2	Provide the number of bicycle parking spaces specified for various land uses in different parts of Ottawa; provide convenient access to main entrances or well-used areas (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	☐ N/A – no bicycle parking required
REQUIRED	2.1.3	Ensure that bicycle parking spaces and access aisles meet minimum dimensions; that no more than 50% of spaces are vertical spaces; and that parking racks are securely anchored (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	☐ N/A – no bicycle parking required
BASIC	2.1.4	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter cyclists (assuming the cycling mode share target is met), plus the expected peak number of customer/visitor cyclists	
BETTER	2.1.5	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter and customer/visitor cyclists, plus an additional buffer (e.g. 25 percent extra) to encourage other cyclists and ensure adequate capacity in peak cycling season	
	2.2	Secure bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.2.1	Where more than 50 bicycle parking spaces are provided for a single office building, locate at least 25% of spaces within a building/structure, a secure area (e.g. supervised parking lot or enclosure) or bicycle lockers (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	□ N/A
BETTER	2.2.2	Provide secure bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter cyclists (assuming the cycling mode share target is met)	
	2.3	Shower & change facilities	
BASIC	2.3.1	Provide shower and change facilities for the use of active commuters	
BETTER	2.3.2	In addition to shower and change facilities, provide dedicated lockers, grooming stations, drying racks and laundry facilities for the use of active commuters	
	2.4	Bicycle repair station	
BETTER	2.4.1	Provide a permanent bike repair station, with commonly used tools and an air pump, adjacent to the main bicycle parking area (or secure bicycle parking area, if provided)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Customer amenities	
BASIC	3.1.1	Provide shelters, lighting and benches at any on-site transit stops	
BASIC	3.1.2	Where the site abuts an off-site transit stop and insufficient space exists for a transit shelter in the public right-of-way, protect land for a shelter and/or install a shelter	
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide a secure and comfortable interior waiting area by integrating any on-site transit stops into the building	
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Pick-up & drop-off facilities	
BASIC	4.1.1	Provide a designated area for carpool drivers (plus taxis and ride-hailing services) to drop off or pick up passengers without using fire lanes or other no-stopping zones	
	4.2	Carpool parking	
BASIC	4.2.1	Provide signed parking spaces for carpools in a priority location close to a major building entrance, sufficient in number to accommodate the mode share target for carpools	
BETTER	4.2.2	At large developments, provide spaces for carpools in a separate, access-controlled parking area to simplify enforcement	
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Carshare parking spaces	
BETTER	5.1.1	Provide carshare parking spaces in permitted non-residential zones, occupying either required or provided parking spaces (see Zoning By-law Section 94)	
	5.2	Bikeshare station location	
BETTER	5.2.1	Provide a designated bikeshare station area near a major building entrance, preferably lighted and sheltered with a direct walkway connection	

	TDM-supportive design & infrastructure measures: Non-residential developments		Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Number of parking spaces	
REQUIRED	6.1.1	Do not provide more parking than permitted by zoning, nor less than required by zoning, unless a variance is being applied for	
BASIC	6.1.2	Provide parking for long-term and short-term users that is consistent with mode share targets, considering the potential for visitors to use off-site public parking	
BASIC	6.1.3	Where a site features more than one use, provide shared parking and reduce the cumulative number of parking spaces accordingly (see Zoning By-law Section 104)	
BETTER	6.1.4	Reduce the minimum number of parking spaces required by zoning by one space for each 13 square metres of gross floor area provided as shower rooms, change rooms, locker rooms and other facilities for cyclists in conjunction with bicycle parking (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
	6.2	Separate long-term & short-term parking areas	
BETTER	6.2.1	Separate short-term and long-term parking areas using signage or physical barriers, to permit access controls and simplify enforcement (i.e. to discourage employees from parking in visitor spaces, and vice versa)	
	7.	OTHER	
	7.1	On-site amenities to minimize off-site trips	
BETTER	7.1.1	Provide on-site amenities to minimize mid-day or mid-commute errands	