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10 des Oblats Avenue **Buildings 2A and 2B**

Transportation Impact Assessment

10 des Oblats Avenue Buildings 2A and 2B

Transportation Impact Assessment

Prepared By:

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Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1P6

March 2018

Novatech File: 114025 Ref No. R-2018-009



March 9th, 2018

City of Ottawa Planning and Growth Management Department 110 Laurier Ave. W., 4th Floor, Ottawa, Ontario K1P 1J1

Attention:

Mr. Wally Dubyk

Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals

Dear Sir:

Reference:

10 des Oblats Avenue - Buildings 2A and 2B

Transportation Impact Assessment

Novatech File No. 114025

We are pleased to submit the following Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) in support of Zoning By-law Amendment and Site Plan Control applications for 10 des Oblats Avenue. The structure and format of this report is in accordance with the 2017 City of Ottawa TIA Guidelines.

A PDF version of this report is provided on the enclosed disk. Please call if you have any questions as you complete your review.

Yours truly,

NOVATECH

B. Byvelor

Brad Byvelds, P. Eng.

Project Coordinator | Transportation/Traffic

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EXCECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared in support of a Zoning By-law Amendment and Site Plan Control applications for 10 des Oblats Avenue. The subject site forms part of the Greystone Village subdivision and is located in the southeast corner of the Main Street/des Oblats Avenue intersection. The subject site is surrounded by the following:

- des Oblats Avenue and mid/high rise residential to the north;
- Future Grand Allée parkland/open space to the south;
- Future Deschâtelets Avenue and townhouse dwellings to the east; and
- Immaculata High School and Low rise/single detached dwellings to the west.

The proposed development consists of a nine-storey rental apartment building and a six-storey mixed-use building. The proposed nine-storey rental apartment building will contain 119 units and approximately 2,000ft² gross floor area (GFA) of commercial. The proposed six-storey mixed-use building will contain eight commercial units with a total of approximately 18,000ft² GFA and 125 rental apartment units. A surface parking lot containing 26 parking spaces and an underground parking garage containing 135 parking spaces are proposed with access on des Oblats Avenue.

As the Greystone Village CTS was prepared within the last five years, the existing and planned conditions have not changed since the submission. As such, a further review of the existing and planned conditions in the vicinity of the subject site has not been completed as part of this report.

The study area for this report will include the proposed site accesses, the Domicile access and des Oblats Avenue. The selected time periods for the analysis are the weekday AM and PM peak hours, as they represent the 'worst case' combination of site generated traffic and adjacent street traffic. The proposed development is anticipated to be constructed in 2021. The TIA will review the operations within the study area for the 2021 build-out and 2026 horizon years.

The trips generated by the proposed development are generally consistent with the assumed development in the Greystone Village CTS. As such, the intersection analysis and transit analysis presented in the Greystone Village CTS is representative of the projected operations following the build-out of the subject site. As such Module 4.7 (Transit) and Module 4.9 (Network Intersections) have been omitted from the required analysis. As the projected traffic volumes along des Oblats Avenue (as described in the foregoing section) will not exceed the City's ME capacity thresholds for a local roadway or the ATM thresholds for a collector roadway, Module 4.6 (Neighbourhood Traffic Management) is exempt from the required analysis. As the proposed development is not anticipated to generate 200 person trips in excess of the equivalent volumes permitted by the established zoning for this site, Module 4.8 (Network Concept) is exempt from the required analysis. The following modules are included in the TIA report:

- Module 4.1 Development Design
- Module 4.2 Parking
- Module 4.3 Boundary Streets
- Module 4.4 Access Intersections
- Module 4.5 Transportation Demand Management

The conclusions and recommendations of this TIA can be summarized as follows:

- The additional trips generated by the proposed development will have no significant impact on the operating conditions identified in the Greystone Village CTS.
- Pedestrian facilities will be provided between all building entrances the sidewalks along Main Street, des Oblats Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue as well as the Grand Allée.
- The existing bus shelter at OC Transpo bus stop #7636 is proposed to be relocated approximately 6m to the south to improve sight lines to the main leasable unit in the corner of the Main Street/des Oblats Avenue intersection. The relocation of the bus shelter will also improve pedestrian circulation near this intersection by reducing conflicts between pedestrians destined to the retail units and pedestrians waiting for the bus.
- As development progresses within the Greystone Village subdivision, OC Transpo Route 16
 will travel east on Hazel Street, north on Deschâtelets Avenue, and west on des Oblats
 Avenue. A new bus stop will be located in the southeast corner of the des Oblats
 Avenue/Deschâtelets Avenue intersection.
- OC Transpo staff have advised that a new transit Route 55 will be introduced along Main Street following the implementation of Light Rail Transit in the City of Ottawa.
- All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist are met.
- On-street lay-bys are proposed along des Oblats Avenue adjacent to the subject site, and will require RMA approval. The proposed on-street lay-bys will provide a total of five spaces.
- The majority of deliveries will be performed by medium single-unit trucks (MSU) and will occur
 on-site in the surface parking lot. Deliveries by any larger vehicles such as heavy single-unit
 (HSU) trucks will be performed in the on-street lay-bys.
- The vehicular and bicycle parking provided for the proposed development will meet the minimum requirement identified in the ZBL.
- Des Oblats Avenue meets the target PLOS, BLOS and Auto LOS for the General Urban Area.
- The proposed development will be served by two accesses on des Oblats Avenue. The
 western access will lead to the underground parking garage containing 135 parking spaces.
 The eastern access will lead to a surface parking lot containing 26 parking spaces.
- The proposed driveway locations (with respect to the adjacent right-of-way) and width meet the minimum criteria identified in the City's Private Approach By-law and Zoning By-law. A waiver to the private approach by-law is required for the spacing between the driveways.
- The proposed accesses are located on the side street, are located an appropriate distance from Main Street (30m in excess of the minimum requirement of the City's Private Approach By-law), and the eastern driveway is not anticipated to carry high traffic volumes. In addition, as shown by the projected future traffic and the cross section/posted speed limit of 30km/hr, des Oblats Avenue is a low volume and low speed roadway. Based on the foregoing, the

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proposed spacing of 9m between the proposed accesses is considered sufficient and a waiver to the private approach by-law is recommended.

- A clear throat length of 5m is provided within the surface parking lot. This clear throat length is sufficient to accommodate one vehicle in queue entering the site. The driveway to the surface parking lot is not anticipated to carry high traffic volumes and des Oblats Avenue is a low volume and low speed roadway. Additionally, transit only travels westbound along des Oblats Avenue, and the majority of traffic entering the surface parking lot will arrive from the west (i.e. to/from Main Street). Based on the foregoing, spillover of queued vehicles onto des Oblats Avenue is anticipated to be infrequent, particularly for westbound left turning vehicles, and the 5m clear throat length is considered sufficient.
- The proposed development conforms to the City of Ottawa's Transportation Demand Management (TDM) principles by providing easy access to local pedestrian, bicycle and transit systems. The proponent agrees to implement some of the supplementary TDM measures from the City's TDM Measures checklist.

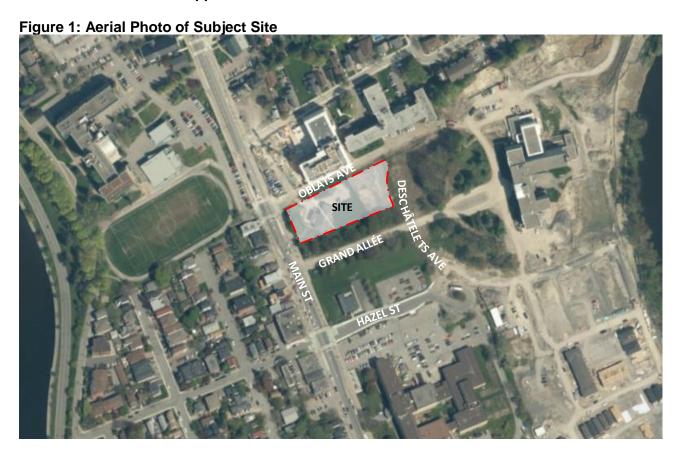
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared in support of Zoning By-law Amendment and Site Plan Control applications for 10 des Oblats Avenue. The subject site forms part of the Greystone Village subdivision and is located in the southeast corner of the Main Street/ des Oblats Avenue intersection. The subject site is surrounded by the following:

- des Oblats Avenue and mid/high rise residential to the north;
- Future Grand Allée parkland/open space to the south;
- Future Deschâtelets Avenue and townhouse dwellings to the east; and
- Immaculata High School and Low rise/single detached dwellings to the west.

An aerial photo of the subject site is provided in **Figure 1**. A concept plan for the Greystone Village subdivision is included in **Appendix A**.



2.0 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development consists of a nine-storey rental apartment building and a six-storey mixed-use building. The proposed nine-storey rental apartment building will contain 119 units and approximately 2,000ft² gross floor area (GFA) of commercial. The proposed six-storey mixed-use building will contain eight commercial units with a total of approximately 18,000ft² GFA and 125 rental apartment units. A surface parking lot containing 26 parking spaces and an underground parking

garage containing 135 parking spaces are proposed with access on des Oblats Avenue. A site plan is included in **Appendix B**.

3.0 SCREENING AND SCOPING

3.1 Screening Form

The City's 2017 TIA Guidelines identify three triggers for completing a TIA report, including trip generation, location, and safety. The criteria for each trigger are outlined in the City's TIA Screening Form.

The subject application satisfies the trip generation, location and safety triggers for completing a TIA study. A copy of the TIA Screening Form is included in **Appendix C**. As described in the following sections, the trips generated by the proposed development are generally consistent with the assumed development in the Greystone Village Community Transportation Study (CTS), dated January 2016. As such, the intersection analysis presented in the Greystone Village CTS is representative of the projected intersection operations following the build-out of the subject site and the TIA report will address the Design Review component and the Transportation Demand Management (TDM) component of the guidelines only.

3.2 Existing and Planned Conditions

As identified above, the subject site forms part of the Greystone Village subdivision. A Community Transportation Study (CTS) was prepared by Novatech in January 2015 in support of the Greystone Village Draft Plan. This CTS provided a review of the existing and planned conditions in the vicinity of the subdivision, and performed intersection analysis for the following intersections:

- Main Street/des Oblats Avenue
- Main Street/Hazel Street
- Main Street/Clegg Street
- Clegg Street/Access

As the Greystone Village CTS was prepared within the last five years, the existing and planned conditions have not changed since the submission. As such, a further review of the existing and planned conditions in the vicinity of the subject site has not been completed as part of this report.

3.3 Study Area and Time Periods

The study area for this report will include the proposed site accesses, the Domicile access and des Oblats Avenue. The selected time periods for the analysis are the weekday AM and PM peak hours, as they represent the 'worst case' combination of site generated traffic and adjacent street traffic. The proposed development is anticipated to be constructed in 2021.

3.4 Exemptions Review

As described in the following forecasting section, the trips generated by the proposed development are generally consistent with the assumed development in the Greystone Village CTS. The intersection analysis and transit analysis presented in the Greystone Village CTS is representative of the projected operations following the build-out of the subject site. As such Module 4.7 (Transit)

and Module 4.9 (Network Intersections) are omitted from the required analysis. As the projected traffic volumes along des Oblats Avenue will not exceed the assumed roadway capacity of 400vphpl for a local roadway (consistent with the strategic long range planning model), Module 4.6 (Neighbourhood Traffic Management) is exempt from the required analysis. As the proposed development is not anticipated to generate 200 person trips in excess of the equivalent volumes permitted by the established zoning for this site, Module 4.8 (Network Concept) is exempt from the required analysis. The following modules are included in the TIA report:

- Module 4.1 Development Design
- Module 4.2 Parking
- Module 4.3 Boundary Streets
- Module 4.4 Access Intersections
- Module 4.5 Transportation Demand Management

4.0 FORECASTING

The Greystone Village CTS assumed a development of 215 condominium units and approximately 37,000ft² GFA of specialty retail for the subject site. The site plan has now been revised to include 244 rental apartment units and approximately 20,000ft² GFA of specialty retail. This equates to an increase of approximately 30 residential units and a decrease of approximately 17,000ft² GFA of commercial retail. The person trips generated by the proposed development, compared to the assumed trip generation for the subject site in the CTS is summarized below.

Table 1: Person Trip Generation

Land Use	ITE	Units/	AM	Peak (PF	PH¹)	PN	l Peak (Pl	PH)
Lanu USE	Code	GFA	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL
Greystone Village	e CTS							
Condo	230	215	23	112	135	107	54	161
Specialty Retail	826	37,000 ft ²	16	20	36	62	79	141
		Total	39	132	171	169	133	302
Proposed Develo	pment							
Apartment	220	244	34	141	175	139	77	216
Specialty Retail	826	20,000 ft ²	9	11	20	34	43	77
		Total	43	152	195	173	120	293
		Difference	4	20	24	4	-13	-9

¹⁾ PPH = Persons Per Hour - calculated using an ITE Trip to Person Trip factor of 1.42, consistent with the Greystone Village CTS

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development is anticipated to generate an additional 24 person trips during the AM peak hour and a reduction of 9 person trips during the PM peak hour compared to the assumed development in the Greystone Village CTS.

The modal shares for the proposed development are anticipated to be consistent with the modal shares proposed in the Greystone Village CTS. The projected person trips by modal share, compared to the assumed trip generation for the subject site in the CTS is summarized below.

Table 2: Person Trips by Modal Share

Table 2: Person Tr	Modal	oual Share	AM Peak			PM Peak	
Travel Mode	Share	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL
Greystone Village							
Condo Perso		23	112	135	107	54	161
Auto Driver	40%	9	45	54	43	22	65
Auto Passenger	10%	2	11	13	11	5	16
Transit	25%	6	28	34	27	13	40
Non-Auto	25%	6	28	34	26	14	40
Retail Perso	on Trips	16	20	36	62	79	141
Auto Driver	20%	4	4	8	12	16	28
Auto Passenger	10%	2	2	4	6	8	14
Transit	10%	1	2	3	6	8	14
Non-Auto	60%	9	12	21	38	47	85
Auto Driver	(Total)	13	49	62	55	38	93
Auto Passenger	(Total)	4	13	17	17	13	30
Transit	(Total)	7	30	37	33	21	54
Non-Auto	(Total)	15	40	55	64	61	125
Proposed Develop	ment						
Apartment Perso	on Trips	34	141	175	139	77	216
Auto Driver	40%	13	57	70	55	31	86
Auto Passenger	10%	3	14	17	14	8	22
Transit	25%	9	35	44	35	19	54
Non-Auto	25%	9	35	44	35	19	54
Retail Perso	on Trips	9	11	20	34	43	77
Auto Driver	20%	2	2	4	7	8	15
Auto Passenger	10%	1	1	2	4	4	8
Transit	10%	1	1	2	3	5	8
Non-Auto	60%	5	7	12	20	26	46
Auto Driver		15	59	74	62	39	101
Auto Passenger		4	15	19	18	12	30
	(Total)	10	36	46	38	24	62
Non-Auto		14	42	56	55	45	100
Auto Driver (Diffe		2	10	12	7	1	8
Auto Pass. (Diffe		0	2	2	1	-1	0
Transit (Diffe		3	6	9	5	3	8
Non-Auto (Diffe	erence)	-1	2	1	-9	-16	-25

Based on the foregoing, the proposed development is anticipated to generate an additional 12 vehicle trips during the AM peak hour and 8 vehicle trips during the PM peak hour. In general, background traffic and the assignment of the additional vehicle trips generated by the proposed development will be consistent with the Greystone Village CTS. The revised 2026 total traffic volumes at the accesses and the Main Street/des Oblats Avenue intersection are shown in **Figure 2**.

DOMICILE MAIN 26(14) 20(59) **♦** 57(45) IMMACULATA HS **OBLATS AVE 4** 82(70) 23(31) **34(44)** 47(7) **•** 6(25) 19(23) 4(15) 34(85) 11(13) 48(26) <u>LEGEND</u> AM Peak Hour veh/h (yy) • PM Peak Hour veh/h Signalized Intersection Unsignalized intersection

Figure 2: Revised 2026 Total Traffic Volumes

The additional trips generated by the proposed development will have no significant impact on the operating conditions identified in the Greystone Village CTS.

5.0 ANALYSIS

5.1 Development Design

Pedestrian facilities will be provided between all building entrances and the sidewalks along Main Street, des Oblats Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue as well as the Grand Allée.

OC Transpo bus stops #6809 and #7636 are located in the northwest and southeast corners of the des Oblats Avenue/Main Street intersection. These bus stops serve OC Transpo Route 5 and Route 16. OC Transpo Route 5 is a local route that travels between the Rideau Centre and the Billings Bridge transit station. OC Transpo Route 16 is a local route that travels between St. Paul University and Britannia Park. Both OC Transpo Route 5 and Route 16 provide all day service, seven days a week. As development progresses within the Greystone Village subdivision, OC Transpo Route 16 will travel east on Hazel Street, north on Deschâtelets Avenue, and west on des Oblats Avenue. A new bus stop will be located in the southeast corner of the des Oblats Avenue/Deschâtelets Avenue intersection. The existing bus shelter at OC Transpo bus stop #7636 is proposed to be relocated approximately 6m to the south to improve sight lines to the main leasable unit in the corner of the Main Street/des Oblats Avenue intersection. The relocation of the bus shelter will also improve pedestrian circulation near this intersection by reducing conflicts between pedestrians destined to the retail units and pedestrians waiting for the bus.

OC Transpo staff have advised the following transit service will be provided following the introduction of Light Rail Transit in the City of Ottawa.

- A new transit Route 55 will be introduced with regular service (15 to 20 minute headways), and will replace the existing Route 101. The new route will start in the west end, connect to the three Ottawa Hospitals, as well as Greenfield Avenue, Mann Avenue, Lees Transit Station, Lees Avenue, and Main Street/Smyth Road to Elmvale Aces.
- Route 5 will not change.
- The Main Street section of Route 16 will not change.

Bike surface parking will be provided near the main entrance at the northwest corner of Building 2A, as shown on the site plan attached in **Appendix B**. Underground bicycle parking is described further in Section 5.2.

A review of the Transportation Demand Management (TDM) – Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist has been conducted. A copy of the TDM checklist is included in **Appendix D**. All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM checklist are met.

On-street lay-bys are proposed along des Oblats Avenue adjacent to the subject site, and will require RMA approval. The proposed on-street lay-bys along des Oblats Avenue will provide a total of five spaces. The proposed lay-bys along Deschâtelets Avenue were previously approved as part of the Greystone Village CTS.

The majority of deliveries will be performed by medium single-unit trucks (MSU) and will occur onsite in the surface parking lot. Deliveries by any larger vehicles such as heavy single-unit (HSU) trucks will be performed in the on-street lay-bys.

5.2 Parking

The subject site is located in Area B of Schedule 1 and Area Y of Schedule 1A to the City of Ottawa's *Zoning By-law* (ZBL). Minimum vehicular and bicycle parking rates for the proposed development are identified in the ZBL, and are summarized in the following table. As the commercial component of the ground floor is split between eight units, where only one exceeds 500 m², the vehicular parking rates only apply to the larger unit.

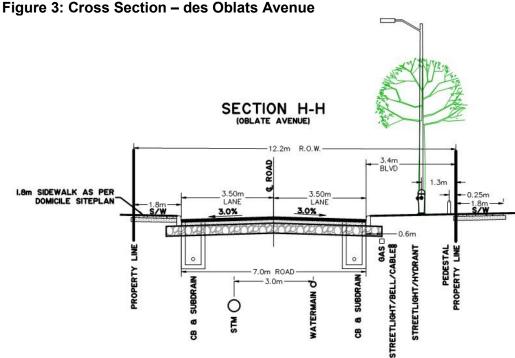
Table 3: Parking Requirement

Land Use	Rate	Units	/GFA	Requirement	
Land Use	Rate	Building 2A	Building 2A Building 2B		Building 2B
Vehicle Parkin	ng				
Apartmont	0.5 spaces per unit in excess of 12 (Resident)	125	110	57	54
Apartment	0.1 spaces per unit in excess of 12 (Visitor)	125	125 119	11	11
Commercial	1.25 spaces per 100m ² of GFA	790 m ²	-	10	-
	Total 78 65				
			Provided	91	70
Bicycle Parkin	g				
Apartment	0.5 spaces per unit	125	119	63	60
Commercial	1 spaces per 250m ² of GFA	1,680m²	-	7	-
			Total	70	60
			Provided	70	60

Based on the foregoing table, the vehicular and bicycle parking provided for the proposed development will exceed the minimum requirement identified in the ZBL.

5.3 **Boundary Streets**

This section provides a review of the boundary streets using complete streets principles. The Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) guidelines produced by IBI Group in October 2015 were used to evaluate the LOS of all roadway segments for each mode of transportation. Schedule B of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan indicates des Oblats Avenue is located in the General Urban Area. The cross section for des Oblats Avenue is shown in Figure 3.



5.3.1 Pedestrian Level of Service (PLOS)

Exhibit 4 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the existing segment PLOS within the project limits. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggests a target PLOS C for collector roadways in the General Urban Area. The results of the segment PLOS analysis is summarized in the following table.

Table 4: PLOS Segment Analysis

Sidewalk Width	Boulevard Width	Motor Vehicle AADT	Presence of On-Street Parking	Operating Speed ¹	Segment PLOS
des Oblats Ave	nue (North Side)		-	-	-
1.8m	-	≤3000 vpd	No	30km/hr	А
des Oblats Avenue (South Side)					
1.8m	3.4m	≤3000 vpd	No	30km/hr	А

Operating Speed based on Posted Speed Limit

5.3.2 Bicycle Level of Service (BLOS)

Exhibit 11 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the existing segment BLOS along des Oblats Avenue. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggests a target BLOS B for local bicycle routes in the General Urban Area.

Des Oblats Avenue has a posted speed limit of 30km/hr and a two-lane undivided urban cross section with mixed traffic lanes. This results in a BLOS B along des Oblats Avenue, meeting the desired BLOS.

5.3.3 Transit Level of Service (TLOS)

Des Oblats Avenue is a local roadway that is not identified as not part of the City's Rapid Transit and Transit Priority Network in the TMP. As such, Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines does not suggest a target TLOS for des Oblats Avenue. Although not part of the rapid transit network, local transit service will be provided along des Oblats Avenue and Exhibit 15 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to determine the TLOS. Des Oblats Avenue has mixed traffic lanes with limited driveway friction, resulting in a TLOS D.

5.3.4 Truck Level of Service (TkLOS)

Exhibit 20 of the MMLOS guidelines has been used to evaluate the existing segment TkLOS along des Oblats Avenue. Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS does not identify a target TkLOS for local roadways. Based on a two-lane cross section and a curbside lane width of 3.5m, Exhibit 20 identifies a TkLOS C along des Oblats Avenue.

5.3.5 Auto LOS

Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS guidelines suggests a target Auto LOS D in the General Urban Area. The lane capacity along des Oblats Avenue is estimated at 400 vehicles per hour per lane based on the City's guidelines for the TRANS long-range transportation model. Based on the projected 2026 total traffic volumes presented above, the peak directional traffic volumes results in an Auto LOS A.

5.3.6 MMLOS Summary

A summary of the results of the segment MMLOS analysis is provided in the following table.

Table 5: Segment MMLOS Summary

	Segment	des Oblats Avenue
	Sidewalk Width	1.8m
_	Boulevard Width	0m (North)/3.4m (South)
iar	AADT	≤3000 vpd
sstr	On-Street Parking	No
Pedestrian	Operating Speed	30km/hr
Pe	Level of Service	A
	Target	С

	Segment	des Oblats Avenue
	Number of Travel Lanes (Per Direction) Type of Bikeway	1 Mixed Traffic
Cyclist	Operating Speed	30km/hr
C	Level of Service	В
	Target	В
	Facility Type	Mixed Traffic
ısit	Friction/Congestion/Incident Potential	Limited
Transit	Level of Service	D
	Target	-
	Lane Width	3.5m
쑹	Travel Lanes (Per Direction)	1
Truck	Level of Service	С
	Target	-
Auto	Level of Service	А
Au	Target	D

Based on the foregoing, des Oblats Avenue meets the target PLOS, BLOS and Auto LOS for the General Urban Area.

5.4 Access Design

The proposed development will be served by two accesses on des Oblats Avenue. The western access will lead to an underground parking garage containing 135 parking spaces. This access will be 6.7m in width and will be located approximately 60m from the Main Street ROW limit. The eastern access will lead to a surface parking lot containing 26 parking spaces. This access will be 6.7m in width and located approximately 57m west of the Deschatelets Avenue ROW. The curb-to-curb distance between the two accesses is 9m measured at the property line.

The City of Ottawa Private Approach By-law identifies where a property abuts on or is within 46m of an arterial roadway, a minimum distance of 30m is required between any private approach for a residential development leading to 100 to 199 parking spaces and the nearest intersecting streetline as well as any other access to the same property. If the western property limit was 47m east of Main Street, the minimum driveway spacing identified in the by-law would be reduced to 9m and the proposed spacing would conform with the By-law requirement. The City of Ottawa's Zoning By-law identifies the minimum width of 6.0m for a double traffic lane driveway leading to an underground parking garage, and a maximum width of 6.7m. The proposed driveway locations (with respect to the adjacent ROW) and width meet the minimum criteria identified in the City's Private Approach By-law and Zoning By-law. A waiver to the private approach by-law is required for the spacing between the driveways.

The proposed accesses are located on the side street, are located an appropriate distance from Main Street (30m in excess of the minimum requirement of the City's Private Approach By-law), and the eastern driveway is not anticipated to carry high traffic volumes. In addition, as shown by the projected future traffic and the cross section/posted speed limit of 30km/hr, des Oblats Avenue is a

low volume and low speed roadway. Based on the foregoing, the proposed spacing of 9m between the proposed accesses is considered sufficient and a waiver to the private approach by-law is recommended.

As identified by City staff during the pre-consultation meeting, des Oblats Avenue carries transit and acts as a collector roadway. TAC suggests a minimum clear throat length of 8m for driveways located along collector roadways serving commercial developments with less than 25,000m² GFA. The intent of the clear throat length is to provide a sufficient distance between the roadway and an on-site conflict to avoid a spillover of queued vehicles onto the roadway.

A clear throat length of 5m is provided within the surface parking lot. This clear throat length is sufficient to accommodate one vehicle in queue entering the site. As identified above, the driveway to the surface parking lot is not anticipated to carry high traffic volumes and des Oblats Avenue is a low volume and low speed roadway. Additionally, transit only travels westbound along des Oblats Avenue, and the majority of traffic entering the surface parking lot will arrive from the west (i.e. to/from Main Street). Based on the foregoing, spillover of queued vehicles onto des Oblats Avenue is anticipated to be infrequent, particularly for westbound left turning vehicles, and the 5m clear throat length is considered sufficient.

5.5 Transportation Demand Management

The proposed development conforms to the City of Ottawa's Transportation Demand Management (TDM) principles by providing easy access to local pedestrian, bicycle and transit systems. The proponent is engaged with Vrtucar to provide a car share facility at the Terraces of Greystone located along De Mazenod Avenue. The Vrtucar space will be located along Philosopher Private, south of the Terraces of Greystone. Vrtucar is currently provided in two spaces on the south side of the Grand Allée. The proponent has agreed that the Greystone Village subdivision will be included in the catchment area when Vrtucar enrolls their program where cars can be parked on any public street where there is a legal parking spot.

A review of the City of Ottawa's *TDM Measures Checklist* for the residential development was reviewed with the proponent, and is provided in **Appendix D**. The proponent agrees to implement the following supplementary TDM measures from the City's TDM Measures Checklist

- Display local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and key destinations at major entrances;
- Display relevant transit schedules and route maps at entrances; and
- Unbundle parking cost from monthly rent.

It is anticipated that each of the retail units will have less than 60 employees on-site at any given time during the day. As such, a review of the *TDM Measures Checklist* is not required for the retail component.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the foregoing, the conclusions and recommendations of this TIA can be summarized as follows:

- The additional trips generated by the proposed development will have no significant impact on the operating conditions identified in the Greystone Village CTS.
- Pedestrian facilities will be provided between all building entrances the sidewalks along Main Street, des Oblats Avenue and Deschâtelets Avenue as well as the Grand Allée.
- The existing bus shelter at OC Transpo bus stop #7636 is proposed to be relocated approximately 6m to the south to improve sight lines to the main leasable unit in the corner of the Main Street/des Oblats Avenue intersection. The relocation of the bus shelter will also improve pedestrian circulation near this intersection by reducing conflicts between pedestrians destined to the retail units and pedestrians waiting for the bus.
- As development progresses within the Greystone Village subdivision, OC Transpo Route 16 will travel east on Hazel Street, north on Deschâtelets Avenue, and west on des Oblats Avenue. A new bus stop will be located in the southeast corner of the des Oblats Avenue/Deschâtelets Avenue intersection.
- OC Transpo staff have advised that a new transit Route 55 will be introduced along Main Street following the implementation of Light Rail Transit in the City of Ottawa.
- All required TDM-supportive design and infrastructure measures in the TDM Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist are met.
- On-street lay-bys are proposed along des Oblats Avenue adjacent to the subject site, and will require RMA approval. The proposed on-street lay-bys will provide a total of five spaces.
- The majority of deliveries will be performed by medium single-unit trucks (MSU) and will occur
 on-site in the surface parking lot. Deliveries by any larger vehicles such as heavy single-unit
 (HSU) trucks will be performed in the on-street lay-bys.
- The vehicular and bicycle parking provided for the proposed development will meet the minimum requirement identified in the ZBL.
- Des Oblats Avenue meets the target PLOS, BLOS and Auto LOS for the General Urban Area.
- The proposed development will be served by two accesses on des Oblats Avenue. The
 western access will lead to the underground parking garage containing 135 parking spaces.
 The eastern access will lead to a surface parking lot containing 26 parking spaces.
- The proposed driveway locations (with respect to the adjacent right-of-way) and width meet the minimum criteria identified in the City's Private Approach By-law and Zoning By-law. A waiver to the private approach by-law is required for the spacing between the driveways.
- The proposed accesses are located on the side street, are located an appropriate distance from Main Street (30m in excess of the minimum requirement of the City's Private Approach By-law), and the eastern driveway is not anticipated to carry high traffic volumes. In addition, as shown by the projected future traffic and the cross section/posted speed limit of 30km/hr, des Oblats Avenue is a low volume and low speed roadway. Based on the foregoing, the

proposed spacing of 9m between the proposed accesses is considered sufficient and a waiver to the private approach by-law is recommended.

- A clear throat length of 5m is provided within the surface parking lot. This clear throat length is sufficient to accommodate one vehicle in queue entering the site. The driveway to the surface parking lot is not anticipated to carry high traffic volumes and des Oblats Avenue is a low volume and low speed roadway. Additionally, transit only travels westbound along des Oblats Avenue, and the majority of traffic entering the surface parking lot will arrive from the west (i.e. to/from Main Street). Based on the foregoing, spillover of queued vehicles onto des Oblats Avenue is anticipated to be infrequent, particularly for westbound left turning vehicles, and the 5m clear throat length is considered sufficient.
- The proposed development conforms to the City of Ottawa's Transportation Demand Management (TDM) principles by providing easy access to local pedestrian, bicycle and transit systems. The proponent agrees to implement some of the supplementary TDM measures from the City's TDM Measures checklist.

NOVATECH

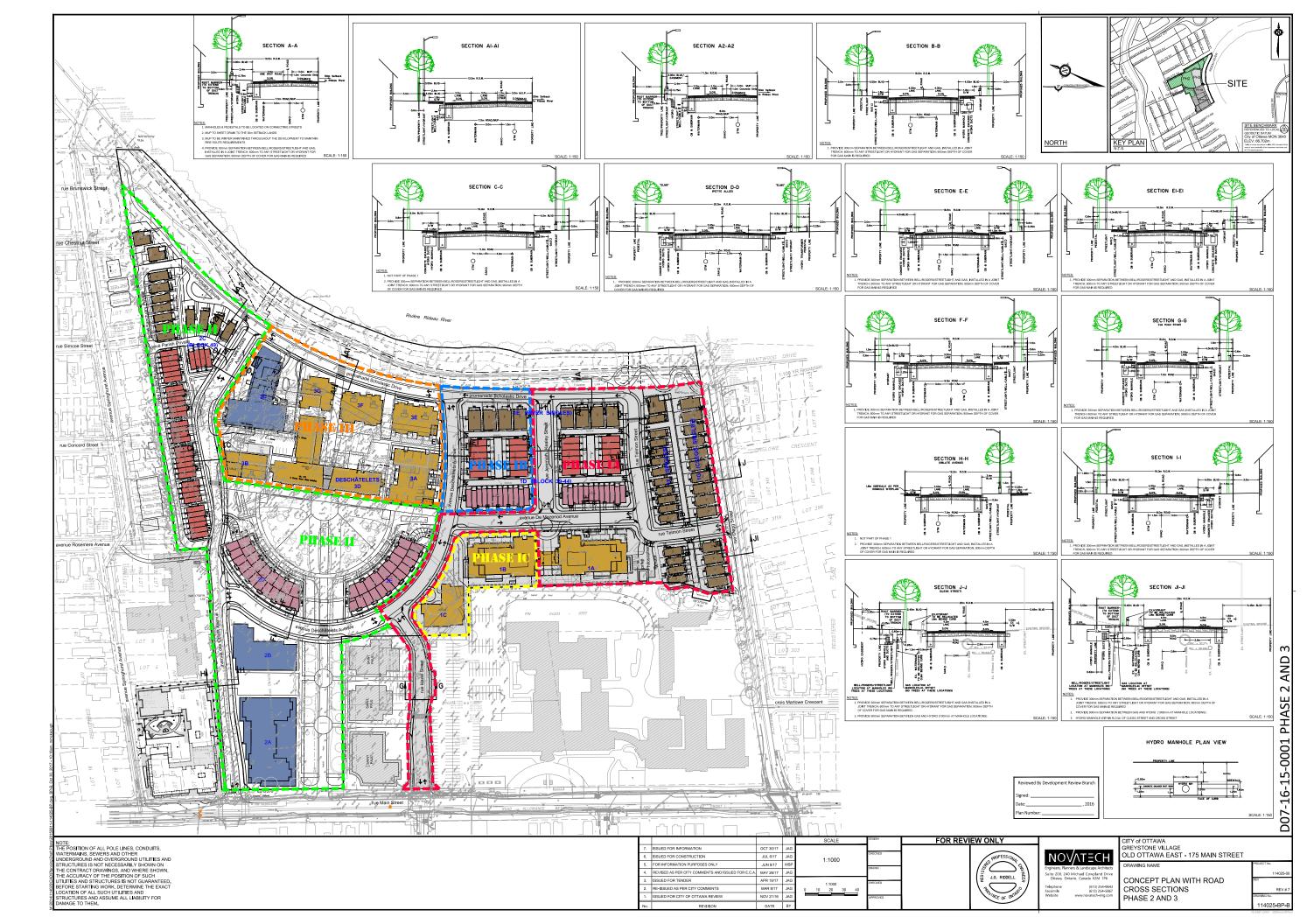
Prepared by:



Brad Byvelds, P. Eng. Project Coordinator | Transportation/Traffic

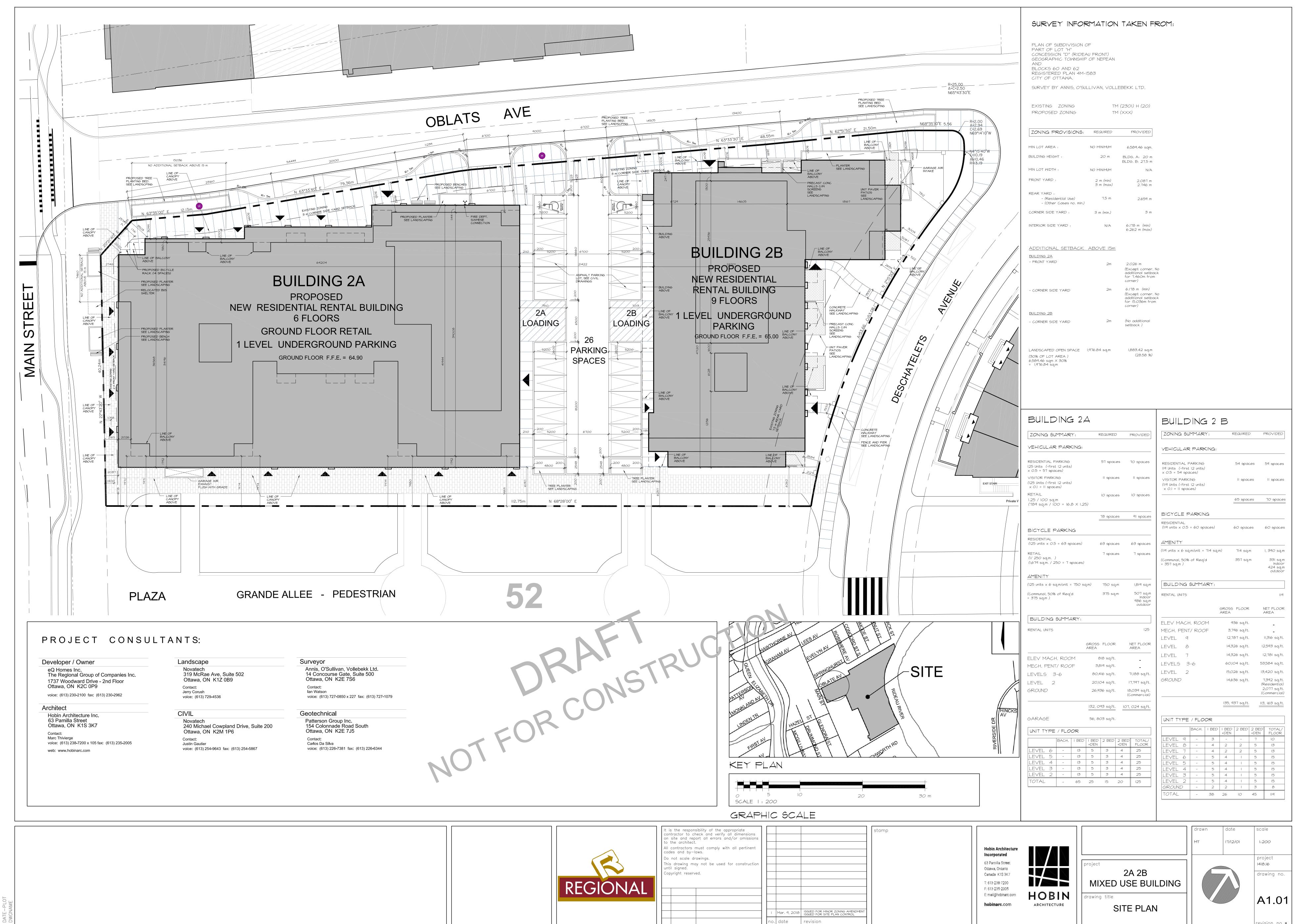
APPENDIX A

Greystone Village Concept Plan



APPENDIX B

Proposed Site Plan



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APPENDIX C

TIA Screening Form



City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines Screening Form

1. Description of Proposed Development

Municipal Address	10 Oblate Avenue
Description of Location	Southeast corner of Main Street/Oblate Avenue
Land Use Classification	Residential and Commercial
Development Size (units)	244 Rental Units
Development Size (m²)	Approx 18,000s.f. (1,680s.m.) GFA
Number of Accesses and Locations	Two accesses along Oblate Avenue
Phase of Development	One
Buildout Year	2021

If available, please attach a sketch of the development or site plan to this form.

2. Trip Generation Trigger

Considering the Development's Land Use type and Size (as filled out in the previous section), please refer to the Trip Generation Trigger checks below.

Land Use Type	Minimum Development Size
Single-family homes	40 units
Townhomes or apartments	90 units
Office	3,500 m ²
Industrial	5,000 m ²
Fast-food restaurant or coffee shop	100 m²
Destination retail	1,000 m ²
Gas station or convenience market	75 m ²

^{*} If the development has a land use type other than what is presented in the table above, estimates of person-trip generation may be made based on average trip generation characteristics represented in the current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

If the proposed development size is greater than the sizes identified above, <u>the Trip Generation</u> <u>Trigger is satisfied.</u>



3. Location Triggers

	Yes	No
Does the development propose a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Transit or Spine Bicycle Networks?	·	Χ
Is the development in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone?*	~	

^{*}DPA and TOD are identified in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (DPA in Section 2.5.1 and Schedules A and B; TOD in Annex 6). See Chapter 4 for a list of City of Ottawa Planning and Engineering documents that support the completion of TIA).

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Location Trigger is satisfied.

4. Safety Triggers

	Yes	No
Are posted speed limits on a boundary street are 80 km/hr or greater?		X
Are there any horizontal/vertical curvatures on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway?	Norw Character Michigan	X
Is the proposed driveway within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions)?	√ 3.	
Is the proposed driveway within auxiliary lanes of an intersection?		Χ
Does the proposed driveway make use of an existing median break that serves an existing site?		X
Is there is a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development?		Χ
Does the development include a drive-thru facility?		X

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Safety Trigger is satisfied.

5. Summary

	Yes	No
Does the development satisfy the Trip Generation Trigger?	✓	
Does the development satisfy the Location Trigger?	V	
Does the development satisfy the Safety Trigger?	✓	

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If none of the triggers are satisfied, <u>the TIA Study is complete</u>. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, <u>the TIA Study must continue into the next stage</u> (Screening and Scoping).

APPENDIX D Transportation Demand Management Checklists

TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist:

Residential Developments (multi-family or condominium)

Legend		
REQUIRED	The Official Plan or Zoning By-law provides related guidance that must be followed	
BASIC	The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users	
BETTER	The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance	

TDM-supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments			Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	1.	WALKING & CYCLING: ROUTES	
	1.1	Building location & access points	
BASIC	1.1.1	Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances	
BASIC	1.1.2	Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations	
BASIC	1.1.3	Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort	
	1.2	Facilities for walking & cycling	
REQUIRED	1.2.1	Provide convenient, direct access to stations or major stops along rapid transit routes within 600 metres; minimize walking distances from buildings to rapid transit; provide pedestrian-friendly, weather-protected (where possible) environment between rapid transit accesses and building entrances; ensure quality linkages from sidewalks through building entrances to integrated stops/stations (see Official Plan policy 4.3.3)	
REQUIRED	1.2.2	Provide safe, direct and attractive pedestrian access from public sidewalks to building entrances through such measures as: reducing distances between public sidewalks and major building entrances; providing walkways from public streets to major building entrances; within a site, providing walkways along the front of adjoining buildings, between adjacent buildings, and connecting areas where people may congregate, such as courtyards and transit stops; and providing weather protection through canopies, colonnades, and other design elements wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.12)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
REQUIRED	1.2.3	Provide sidewalks of smooth, well-drained walking surfaces of contrasting materials or treatments to differentiate pedestrian areas from vehicle areas, and provide marked pedestrian crosswalks at intersection sidewalks (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.4	Make sidewalks and open space areas easily accessible through features such as gradual grade transition, depressed curbs at street corners and convenient access to extra-wide parking spaces and ramps (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.5	Include adequately spaced inter-block/street cycling and pedestrian connections to facilitate travel by active transportation. Provide links to the existing or planned network of public sidewalks, multi-use pathways and onroad cycle routes. Where public sidewalks and multi-use pathways intersect with roads, consider providing traffic control devices to give priority to cyclists and pedestrians (see Official Plan policy 4.3.11)	
BASIC	1.2.6	Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops	V
BASIC	1.2.7	Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and wind-protected wherever possible	
BASIC	1.2.8	Design roads used for access or circulation by cyclists using a target operating speed of no more than 30 km/h, or provide a separated cycling facility	N/A
	1.3	Amenities for walking & cycling	
BASIC	1.3.1	Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails	
BASIC	1.3.2	Provide wayfinding signage for site access (where required, e.g. when multiple buildings or entrances exist) and egress (where warranted, such as when directions to reach transit stops/stations, trails or other common destinations are not obvious)	X

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references	
	2. WALKING & CYCLING: END-OF-TRIP FACILITIES			
	2.1	Bicycle parking		
REQUIRED	2.1.1	Provide bicycle parking in highly visible and lighted areas, sheltered from the weather wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.6)		
REQUIRED	2.1.2	Provide the number of bicycle parking spaces specified for various land uses in different parts of Ottawa; provide convenient access to main entrances or well-used areas (see Zoning By-law Section 111)		
REQUIRED	2.1.3	Ensure that bicycle parking spaces and access aisles meet minimum dimensions; that no more than 50% of spaces are vertical spaces; and that parking racks are securely anchored (see Zoning By-law Section 111)		
BASIC	2.1.4	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of resident-owned bicycles, plus the expected peak number of visitor cyclists	X	
	2.2 Secure bicycle parking			
REQUIRED	2.2.1	Where more than 50 bicycle parking spaces are provided for a single residential building, locate at least 25% of spaces within a building/structure, a secure area (e.g. supervised parking lot or enclosure) or bicycle lockers (see Zoning By-law Section 111)		
BETTER	2.2.2	Provide secure bicycle parking spaces equivalent to at least the number of units at condominiums or multifamily residential developments	X	
	2.3	Bicycle repair station		
BETTER	2.3.1	Provide a permanent bike repair station, with commonly used tools and an air pump, adjacent to the main bicycle parking area (or secure bicycle parking area, if provided)	X	
	3.	TRANSIT		
	3.1	Customer amenities		
BASIC	3.1.1	Provide shelters, lighting and benches at any on-site transit stops	⊠ _{N/A}	
BASIC	3.1.2	Where the site abuts an off-site transit stop and insufficient space exists for a transit shelter in the public right-of-way, protect land for a shelter and/or install a shelter	Existing bus shelter at bus stop on Main Street adjacent to the subject site.	
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide a secure and comfortable interior waiting area by integrating any on-site transit stops into the building	⊠ _{N/A}	

	TDM-supportive design & infrastructure measures: Residential developments		Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Pick-up & drop-off facilities	
BASIC	4.1.1	Provide a designated area for carpool drivers (plus taxis and ride-hailing services) to drop off or pick up passengers without using fire lanes or other no-stopping zones	X
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Carshare parking spaces	
BETTER	5.1.1	Provide up to three carshare parking spaces in an R3, R4 or R5 Zone for specified residential uses (see Zoning By-law Section 94)	X
	5.2	Bikeshare station location	
BETTER	5.2.1	Provide a designated bikeshare station area near a major building entrance, preferably lighted and sheltered with a direct walkway connection	\boxtimes
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Number of parking spaces	
REQUIRED	6.1.1	Do not provide more parking than permitted by zoning, nor less than required by zoning, unless a variance is being applied for	
BASIC	6.1.2	Provide parking for long-term and short-term users that is consistent with mode share targets, considering the potential for visitors to use off-site public parking	
BASIC	6.1.3	Where a site features more than one use, provide shared parking and reduce the cumulative number of parking spaces accordingly (see Zoning By-law Section 104)	X
BETTER	6.1.4	Reduce the minimum number of parking spaces required by zoning by one space for each 13 square metres of gross floor area provided as shower rooms, change rooms, locker rooms and other facilities for cyclists in conjunction with bicycle parking (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	X
	6.2	Separate long-term & short-term parking areas	
BETTER	6.2.1	Provide separate areas for short-term and long-term parking (using signage or physical barriers) to permit access controls and simplify enforcement (i.e. to discourage residents from parking in visitor spaces, and vice versa)	X

TDM Measures Checklist:

Residential Developments (multi-family, condominium or subdivision)

EASIC The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance The measure is one of the most dependably effective tools to encourage the use of sustainable modes

	TDM measures: Residential developments		Check if proposed & add descriptions
	1.	TDM PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	
	1.1	Program coordinator	
BASIC	★ 1.1.1	Designate an internal coordinator, or contract with an external coordinator	X
	1.2	Travel surveys	
BETTER	1.2.1	Conduct periodic surveys to identify travel-related behaviours, attitudes, challenges and solutions, and to track progress	
	2.	WALKING AND CYCLING	
	2.1 Information on walking/cycling routes & destinations		tinations
BASIC	2.1.1	Display local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and key destinations at major entrances (multi-family, condominium)	
	2.2	Bicycle skills training	
BETTER	2.2.1	Offer on-site cycling courses for residents, or subsidize off-site courses	X

	TDM	measures: Residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Transit information	
BASIC	3.1.1	Display relevant transit schedules and route maps at entrances (multi-family, condominium)	\checkmark
BETTER	3.1.2	Provide real-time arrival information display at entrances (multi-family, condominium)	X
	3.2	Transit fare incentives	
BASIC ★	3.2.1	Offer PRESTO cards preloaded with one monthly transit pass on residence purchase/move-in, to encourage residents to use transit	X
BETTER	3.2.2	Offer at least one year of free monthly transit passes on residence purchase/move-in	X
	3.3	Enhanced public transit service	
BETTER ★	3.3.1	Contract with OC Transpo to provide early transit services until regular services are warranted by occupancy levels (subdivision)	
	3.4	Private transit service	
BETTER	3.4.1	Provide shuttle service for seniors homes or lifestyle communities (e.g. scheduled mall or supermarket runs)	
	4.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	4.1	Bikeshare stations & memberships	
BETTER	4.1.1	Contract with provider to install on-site bikeshare station (<i>multi-family</i>)	X
BETTER	4.1.2	Provide residents with bikeshare memberships, either free or subsidized (multi-family)	X
	4.2	Carshare vehicles & memberships	:
BETTER	4.2.1	Contract with provider to install on-site carshare vehicles and promote their use by residents	
BETTER	4.2.2	Provide residents with carshare memberships, either free or subsidized	X
	5.	PARKING	
	5.1	Priced parking	
BASIC ★	5.1.1	Unbundle parking cost from purchase price (condominium)	X
BASIC ★	5.1.2	Unbundle parking cost from monthly rent (multi-family)	

TDM measures: Residential developments			Check if proposed & add descriptions
	6.	TDM MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS	
	6.1	Multimodal travel information	
BASIC *	6.1.1	Provide a multimodal travel option information package to new residents	X
	6.2	Personalized trip planning	
BETTER 🛨	6.2.1	Offer personalized trip planning to new residents	X