

April 8, 2019

#### PREPARED FOR

Trinity Developments c/o Roderick Lahey Architect Inc. 56 Beech Street Ottawa, ON K1S 3J6

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#### PREPARED BY

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This report describes a traffic noise assessment undertaken to satisfy site plan control requirements for a proposed mixed-use development located at 151-153 Chapel Street in Ottawa, Ontario. The proposed development comprises two buildings a height of 25 and 23-storeys for Phase 1 and 2 respectively. The major sources of traffic noise are Rideau Street, Chapel Street and Beausoleil Drive. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context.

The assessment is based on (i) theoretical noise prediction methods that conform to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and City of Ottawa requirements; (ii) noise level criteria as specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG); (iii) future vehicular traffic volumes based on the City of Ottawa's Official Plan roadway classifications; and (iv) site plan drawings prepared by RLA Architecture dated May 2018.

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 48 and 69 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 40 and 61 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (69 dBA) occurs at the Phase 1 south façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Rideau Street. Building components with a higher Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating will be required where exterior noise levels exceed 65 dBA, as indicated in Figure 3.

Results of the calculations also indicate that Phase 1 will require central air conditioning, which will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. Phase 2 will require forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning, which will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. A Warning Clause will also be required be placed on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized in Section 6.

Noise levels at the  $2^{nd}$  Floor Terrace (Receptor 14) are expected to approach 60 dBA during the daytime period. If this area is to be used as an outdoor living area, noise control measures are required to reduce the  $L_{eq}$  to 55 dBA. Further analysis investigated the noise mitigating impact of a minimum 1.1 m noise mitigating guardrail surrounding the terrace (see Figure 4). Results of the investigation proved that noise levels can be reduced to 55 dBA. The guardrail must be constructed from materials having a minimum surface density of 20 kg/m² (STC rating of 30) and contain no gaps. Design of the guardrail will conform to



the requirements outlined in Part 5 of the ENCG. The following information will be required by the City for review prior to installation of the barrier:

- Shop drawings, signed and sealed by a qualified Professional Engineer licenced by the Professional Engineers of Ontario, showing the details of the acoustic barrier systems components, including material specifications.
- 2. Structural drawing(s), signed by a qualified Professional Engineer licenced by the Professional Engineers of Ontario, showing foundation details and specifying design criteria, climatic design loads, as well as applicable geotechnical data used in the design.
- 3. Layout plan, and wall elevations, showing proposed colours and patterns.

With regards to stationary noise impacts, a stationary noise study will be performed once mechanical plans for the proposed building become available. This study would assess impacts of stationary noise from rooftop mechanical units serving the proposed building on surrounding noise-sensitive areas. This study will include recommendations for any noise control measures that may be necessary to ensure noise levels fall below MECP and ENCG criteria.



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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc. (Gradient Wind) was retained by Roderick Lahey Architect Inc., on behalf of Trinity Developments, to undertake a traffic noise assessment to satisfy site plan control requirements for a proposed mixed-use development located at 151-153 Chapel Street in Ottawa, Ontario. This report summarizes the methodology, results, and recommendations related to the assessment of exterior and interior noise levels generated by local roadway traffic.

Our work is based on theoretical noise calculation methods conforming to the City of Ottawa<sup>1</sup> and Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP)<sup>2</sup> guidelines. Noise calculations were based on architectural drawings prepared by RLA Architecture, with future traffic volumes corresponding to the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) roadway classifications.

#### 2. **TERMS OF REFERENCE**

The proposed development comprises two buildings with a height of 25 and 23-storeys for Phase 1 and 2, respectively. The buildings are located between Beausoleil Street and Rideau Street and overlooking Chapel Street. A vehicle courtyard is featured between the buildings and provides access to underground parking. Level 1 of the Phase 1 building features residential units, retail units and a lobby. Additional residential units with adjoining balconies are found on Levels 2 through 25. Parking spaces are provided in two levels of underground parking. Rooftop amenity areas are found on Levels 2 and 10 and indoor amenities are found on Level 2. The ground floor of the Phase 2 building features 2-storey town homes on the north side, in addition to a lobby and building support facilities. Residential units with adjoining balconies are found on Levels 2 through 23, while parking is provided on three levels below grade. Indoor amenities are found on Levels 2 and 3 and outdoor and rooftop amenity areas are found on Level 8.

The site is surrounded by low and medium-rise residential and commercial buildings to the east, south and west, with institutional land to the north. The major sources of traffic noise are Rideau Street, Chapel Street and Beausoleil Drive. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change – Environmental Noise Guidelines, Publication NPC-300, Queens Printer for Ontario, Toronto, 2013



#### 3. OBJECTIVES

The principal objectives of this study are to (i) calculate the future noise levels on the study buildings produced by local roadway traffic, and (ii) ensure that interior and exterior noise levels do not exceed the allowable limits specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines as outlined in Section 4.2 of this report.

#### 4. METHODOLOGY

#### 4.1 Background

Noise can be defined as any obtrusive sound. It is created at a source, transmitted through a medium, such as air, and intercepted by a receiver. Noise may be characterized in terms of the power of the source or the sound pressure at a specific distance. While the power of a source is characteristic of that particular source, the sound pressure depends on the location of the receiver and the path that the noise takes to reach the receiver. Measurement of noise is based on the decibel unit, dBA, which is a logarithmic ratio referenced to a standard noise level ( $2 \times 10^{-5}$  Pascals). The 'A' suffix refers to a weighting scale, which better represents how the noise is perceived by the human ear. With this scale, a doubling of power results in a 3 dBA increase in measured noise levels and is just perceptible to most people. An increase of 10 dBA is often perceived to be twice as loud.

#### 4.2 Roadway Traffic Noise

#### 4.2.1 Criteria for Roadway Traffic Noise

For surface roadway traffic noise, the equivalent sound energy level,  $L_{eq}$ , provides a measure of the time varying noise levels, which is well correlated with the annoyance of sound. It is defined as the continuous sound level, which has the same energy as a time varying noise level over a period of time. For roadways, the  $L_{eq}$  is commonly calculated on the basis of a 16-hour ( $L_{eq16}$ ) daytime (07:00-23:00) / 8-hour ( $L_{eq8}$ ) nighttime (23:00-07:00) split to assess its impact on residential buildings. The City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) specifies that the recommended indoor noise limit range (that is relevant to this study) is 45 and 40 dBA for living rooms and sleeping quarters respectively for roadway as listed in Table 1.



TABLE 1: INDOOR SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA (ROAD)<sup>3</sup>

| Type of Space   | Time Period   | Leq (dBA) |
|---|---------------|-----------|
| General offices, reception areas, retail stores, etc.   | 07:00 – 23:00 | 50        |
| Living/dining/den areas of <b>residences</b> , hospitals, schools, nursing/retirement homes, day-care centres, theatres, places of worship, libraries, individual or semi-private offices, conference rooms, etc. | 07:00 – 23:00 | 45        |
| Sleeping quarters of hotels/motels  | 23:00 – 07:00 | 45        |
| Sleeping quarters of <b>residences</b> , hospitals, nursing/retirement homes, etc.  | 23:00 – 07:00 | 40        |

Predicted noise levels at the plane of window (POW) dictate the action required to achieve the recommended sound levels. An open window is considered to provide a 10 dBA reduction in noise, while a standard closed window is capable of providing a minimum 20 dBA noise reduction<sup>4</sup>. A closed window due to a ventilation requirement will bring noise levels down to achieve an acceptable indoor environment<sup>5</sup>. Therefore, where noise levels exceed 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime, the ventilation for the building should consider the need for having windows and doors closed, which triggers the need for forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning. Where noise levels exceed 65 dBA daytime and 60 dBA nighttime, air conditioning will be required and building components will require higher levels of sound attenuation<sup>6</sup>.

The sound level criterion for outdoor living areas is 55 dBA, which applies during the daytime (07:00 to 23:00). When noise levels exceed 55 dBA, mitigation must be provided to reduce noise levels where technically and administratively feasible to acceptable levels at or below the criterion.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Adapted from ENCG 2016 – Tables 2.2b and 2.2c

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Burberry, P.B. (2014). Mitchell's Environment and Services. Routledge, Page 125

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> MECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.1.3



### 4.2.2 Theoretical Roadway Noise Predictions

Noise predictions were performed with the aid of the MECP computerized noise assessment program, STAMSON 5.04, for road analysis. Appendix A includes the STAMSON 5.04 input and output data.

Roadway traffic noise calculations were performed by treating each roadway segment as separate line sources of noise. In addition to the traffic volumes summarized in Table 2, theoretical noise predictions were based on the following parameters:

- Truck traffic on all roadways was taken to comprise 5% heavy trucks and 7% medium trucks, as per ENCG requirements for noise level predictions.
- The day/night split for all streets was taken to be 92%/8%, respectively.
- Ground surfaces were taken to be reflective due to the presence of hard (paved) ground.
- Topography was assumed to be a flat/gentle slope surrounding the study building.
- Noise receptors were strategically placed at 16 locations around the study area (see Figure 2).
- Receptor distances and exposure angles are illustrated in Figures A1 to A8.

#### 4.2.1 Roadway Traffic Volumes

The ENCG dictates that noise calculations should consider future sound levels based on a roadway's classification at the mature state of development. Therefore, traffic volumes are based on the roadway classifications outlined in the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) and Transportation Master Plan<sup>7</sup> which provide additional details on future roadway expansions. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes are then based on data in Table B1 of the ENCG for each roadway classification. Table 2 (below) summarizes the AADT values used for each roadway included in this assessment.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan, November 2013



**TABLE 2: ROADWAY TRAFFIC DATA** 

| Segment          | Roadway Traffic Data | Speed<br>Limit<br>(km/h) | Traffic<br>Volumes |
|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Rideau Street    | 2-UAU                | 50                       | 15,000             |
| Chapel Street    | 2-UCU                | 40                       | 8,000              |
| Beausoleil Drive | 2-UCU                | 40                       | 8,000              |

#### 4.3 Indoor Noise Calculations

The difference between outdoor and indoor noise levels is the noise attenuation provided by the building envelope. According to common industry practice, complete walls and individual wall elements are rated according to the Sound Transmission Class (STC). The STC ratings of common residential walls built in conformance with the Ontario Building Code (2012) typically exceed STC 35, depending on exterior cladding, thickness and interior finish details. For example, brick veneer walls can achieve STC 50 or more. Standard commercially sided exterior metal stud walls have around STC 45. Standard good quality double-glazed non-operable windows can have STC ratings ranging from 25 to 40, depending on the window manufacturer, pane thickness and inter-pane spacing. As previously mentioned, the windows are the known weak point in a partition.

As per Section 4.2, when daytime noise levels (from road and rail sources) at the plane of the window exceed 65 dBA, calculations must be performed to evaluate the sound transmission quality of the building components to ensure acceptable indoor noise levels. The calculation procedure<sup>8</sup> considers:

- Window type and total area as a percentage of total room floor area
- Exterior wall type and total area as a percentage of the total room floor area
- Acoustic absorption characteristics of the room
- Outdoor noise source type and approach geometry
- Indoor sound level criteria, which varies according to the intended use of a space

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Building Practice Note: Controlling Sound Transmission into Buildings by J.D. Quirt, National Research Council of Canada, September 1985



Based on published research<sup>9</sup>, exterior walls possess specific sound attenuation characteristics that are used as a basis for calculating the required STC ratings of windows in the same partition. Due to the limited information available at the time of the study, which was prepared for site plan approval, detailed floor layouts and building elevations have not been finalized; therefore, detailed STC calculations could not be performed at this time. As a guideline, the anticipated STC requirements for windows have been

estimated based on the overall noise reduction required for each intended use of space (STC = outdoor

noise level – targeted indoor noise levels).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> CMHC, Road & Rail Noise: Effects on Housing



#### 5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### **5.1** Roadway Traffic Noise Levels

The results of the roadway traffic noise calculations are summarized in Table 3 below. A complete set of input and output data from all STAMSON 5.04 calculations are available in Appendix A.

TABLE 3: EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS DUE TO ROAD TRAFFIC

| Receptor<br>Number | Receptor<br>Height<br>Above Grade | Receptor Location                           |     | ON 5.04<br>vel (dBA) |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----|----------------------|
|                    | (m)                               |   | Day | Night                |
| 1                  | 27.6                              | Phase 1 - Podium - 9th Floor - North Façade | 50  | 42                   |
| 2                  | 27.6                              | Phase 1 - Podium - 9th Floor - East Façade  | 57  | 50                   |
| 3                  | 27.6                              | Phase 1 - Podium - 9th Floor - East Façade  | 64  | 57                   |
| 4                  | 27.6                              | Phase 1 - Podium - 9th Floor - South Façade | 69  | 61                   |
| 5                  | 27.6                              | Phase 1 - Podium - 9th Floor - West Façade  | 57  | 49                   |
| 6                  | 16                                | Phase 2 - Podium - 5th Floor - East Façade  | 53  | 46                   |
| 7                  | 74                                | Phase 1 - Tower - 25th Floor - North Façade | 53  | 45                   |
| 8                  | 74                                | Phase 1 - Tower - 25th Floor - East Façade  | 64  | 57                   |
| 9                  | 74                                | Phase 1 - Tower - 25th Floor - South Façade | 68  | 61                   |
| 10                 | 74                                | Phase 1 - Tower - 25th Floor - West Façade  | 64  | 57                   |
| 11                 | 68.2                              | Phase 2 - Tower - 23rd Floor - North Façade | 63  | 55                   |
| 12                 | 68.2                              | Phase 2 - Tower - 23rd Floor - South Façade | 57  | 50                   |
| 13                 | 68.2                              | Phase 2 - Tower - 23rd Floor - West Façade  | 60  | 52                   |
| 14                 | 7.3                               | Phase 1 - 2nd Floor Terrace                 | 60  | 52                   |
| 15                 | 30.5                              | Phase 1 - 10th Floor Terrace                | 48  | 40                   |
| 16                 | 18.9                              | Phase 2 - 6th Floor Terrace                 | 53  | 46                   |

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 48 and 69 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 40 and 61 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (69 dBA) occurs at the Phase 1 south façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Rideau Street.



#### **5.2** Noise Control Measures

The noise levels predicted due to roadway traffic exceed the criteria listed in Section 4.2 for building components. As discussed in Section 4.3, the anticipated STC requirements for windows have been estimated based on the overall noise reduction required for each intended use of space (STC = outdoor noise level – targeted indoor noise levels). As per city of Ottawa requirements, detailed STC calculations will be required to be completed prior to building permit application for each unit type. The STC requirements for the windows are summarized below for various units within the development (see Figure 7):

#### Bedroom Windows

- (i) Bedroom windows facing south on Phase 1 will require a minimum STC of 32
- (ii) All other bedroom windows are to satisfy Ontario Building Code (OBC 2012) requirements

#### Living Room Windows

- (i) Living room windows facing south on Phase 1 will require a minimum STC of 27
- (ii) All other living room windows are to satisfy Ontario Building Code (OBC 2012) requirements

#### Exterior Walls

(i) Exterior wall components facing south on Phase 1 will require a minimum STC of 45, which will be achieved with brick cladding or an acoustical equivalent according to NRC test data<sup>10</sup>

The STC requirements apply to windows, doors, spandrel panels and curtainwall elements. Exterior wall components on these façades are recommended to have a minimum STC of 45, where a window/wall system is used. A review of window supplier literature indicates that the specified STC ratings can be achieved by a variety of window systems having a combination of glass thickness and inter-pane spacing. We have specified an example window configuration, however several manufacturers and various combinations of window components, such as those proposed, will offer the necessary sound attenuation rating. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the specified window achieves the required STC. This can only be assured by using window configurations that have been certified by

National Research Council October 2000.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> J.S. Bradley and J.A. Birta. Laboratory Measurements of the Sound Insulation of Building Façade Elements, National Research Council October 2000



laboratory testing. The requirements for STC ratings assume that the remaining components of the building are constructed and installed according to the minimum standards of the Ontario Building Code. The specified STC requirements also apply to swinging and/or sliding patio doors.

Results of the calculations also indicate that Phase 1 will require central air conditioning, which will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. Phase 2 will require forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning. In addition to ventilation requirements, Warning Clauses will also be required in all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized in Section 6.

#### **5.3** Noise Barrier Calculation

Noise levels at the 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Terrace (Receptor 14) are expected to approach 60 dBA during the daytime period. If this area is to be used as an outdoor living area, noise control measures are required to reduce the L<sub>eq</sub> to 55 dBA. Further analysis investigated the noise mitigating impact of a minimum 1.1 m noise mitigating guardrail surrounding the terrace (see Figure 4). Results of the investigation proved that noise levels can be reduced to 55 dBA. Table 4 summarizes the results of the barrier investigation. Noise levels at other terraces were found to be less than 55 dBA and do not require mitigation.

**TABLE 4: RESULTS OF NOISE BARRIER INVESTIGATION** 

| Location                                | Reference<br>Receptor | Barrier<br>Height (m) | Daytime Leq Noise<br>Levels (dBA) |                    |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
|   |                       |                       | With<br>Barrier                   | Without<br>Barrier |
| Phase 1 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor Terrace | 14                    | 1.1                   | 60                                | 55                 |

#### 6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 48 and 69 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 40 and 61 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (69 dBA) occurs at the Phase 1 south façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Rideau Street. Building components with a higher Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating will be required where exterior noise levels exceed 65 dBA, as indicated in Figure 3.

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Results of the calculations also indicate that Phase 1 will require central air conditioning, which will allow

occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. The following Warning  $\,$ 

Clause<sup>11</sup> will also be required be placed on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized below:

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features in the

development and within the building units, sound levels due to increasing roadway traffic

may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants, as the sound

levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment and

Climate Change. To help address the need for sound attenuation, this development

includes:

• STC rated multi-pane glazing elements and spandrel panels

South façade bedroom/living room: STC 32/27

STC rated exterior walls

South façade: STC 45

This dwelling unit has also been designed with air conditioning. Air conditioning will allow

windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound

levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment and

Climate Change.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded, it is important to maintain

these sound attenuation features."

<sup>11</sup> City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016

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Phase 2 will require forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning, which will allow

occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. The following Warning  $\,$ 

Clause<sup>12</sup> will also be required be placed on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized below:

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features in the

development and within the building units, sound levels due to increasing roadway traffic

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level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded, it is important to maintain

these sound attenuation features."

Noise levels at the 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Terrace (Receptor 14) are expected to approach 60 dBA during the daytime

period. If this area is to be used as an outdoor living area, noise control measures are required to reduce

the Lea to 55 dBA. Further analysis investigated the noise mitigating impact of a minimum 1.1 m noise

mitigating guardrail surrounding the terrace (see Figure 4). Results of the investigation proved that noise

levels can be reduced to 55 dBA.

With regards to stationary noise impacts, a stationary noise study will be performed once mechanical

plans for the proposed building become available. This study would assess impacts of stationary noise

from rooftop mechanical units serving the proposed building on surrounding noise-sensitive areas. This

study will include recommendations for any noise control measures that may be necessary to ensure noise

levels fall below MECP and ENCG criteria.

<sup>12</sup> City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016

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This concludes our traffic noise assessment and report. If you have any questions or wish to discuss our findings, please advise us. In the interim, we thank you for the opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

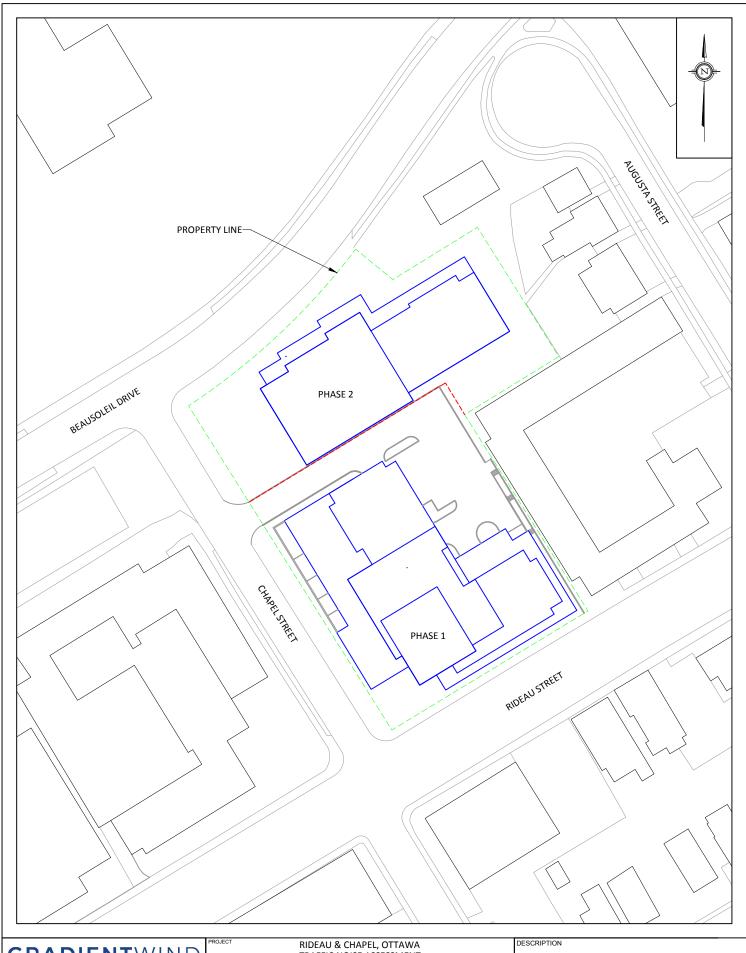
Gradient Wind Engineering Inc.

Michael Lafortune, C.E.T. Environmental Scientist

Gradient Wind File #19-010

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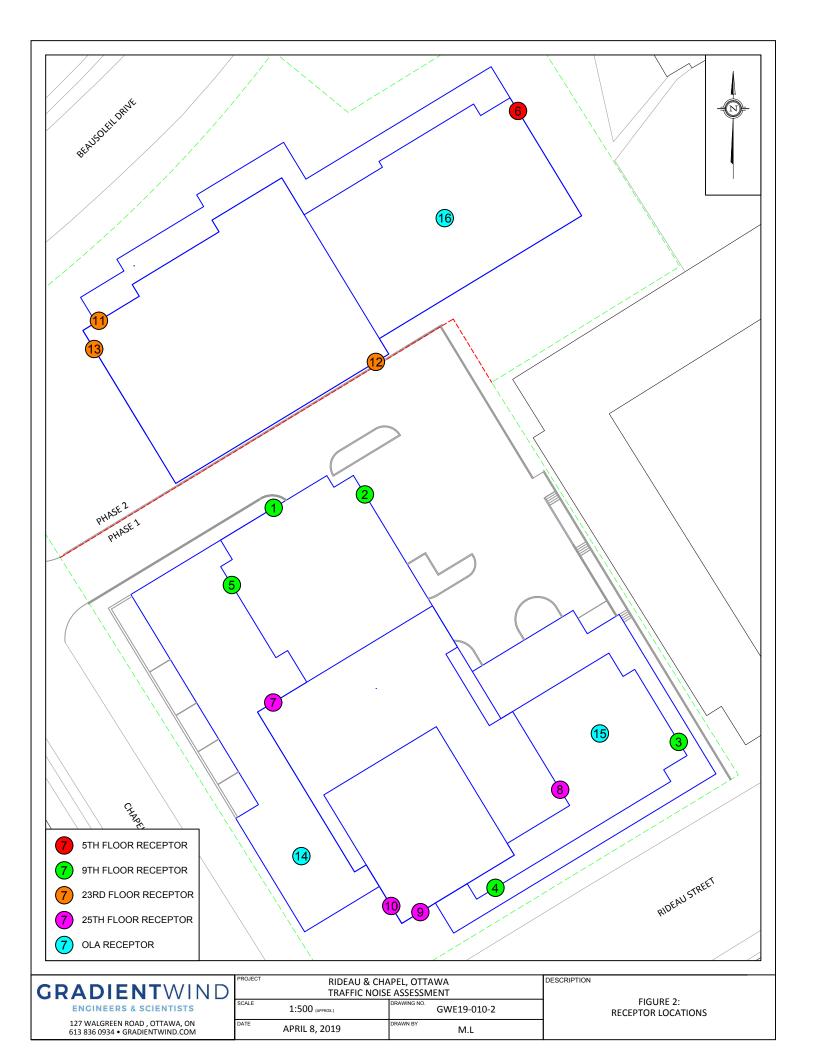
Joshua Foster, P.Eng. Principal



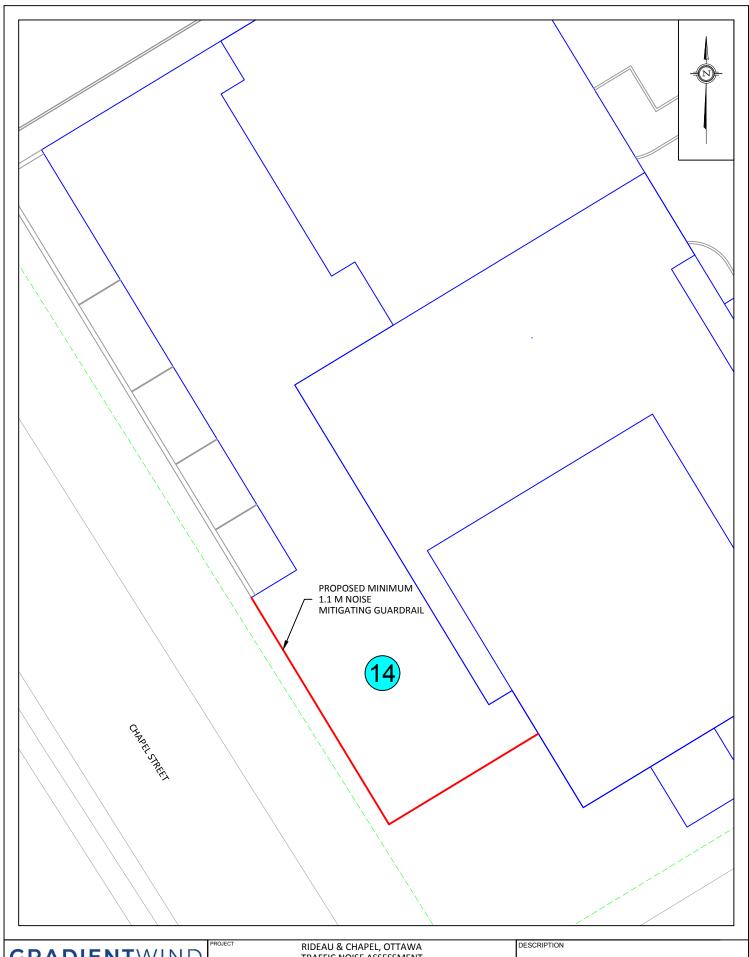
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FIGURE 1: SITE PLAN AND SURROUNDING CONTEXT







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| PROJECT RIDEAU & CHAPEL, OTTAWA TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT |                         |   |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| SCALE 1:250 (APPROX.)                                    | DRAWING NO. GWE19-010-4 |   |  |  |  |
| APRIL 8, 2019  | DRAWN BY M.L            | Ì |  |  |  |

FIGURE 4: NOISE BARRIER LOCATION



### **APPENDIX A**

STAMSON 5.04 - INPUT AND OUTPUT DATA



Date: 02-04-2019 14:06:55 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r1.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Beaul (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 8000 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Beaul (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_ Angle1 Angle2 : -67.00 deg 0.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflect: (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 51.00 / 51.00 m Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope
Barrier angle1 : -44.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 69.60 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier receiver distance: 9.00 / 9.00 m
Source elevation: 0.00 m
Receiver elevation: 0.00 m 



```
Road data, segment # 2: Beau2 (day/night)
 Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
       24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
                                                                          8000
       Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
       Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Beau2 (day/night)
 _____
Angle1 Angle2 : 22.00 deg 71.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                       (No woods.)
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground Receiver source distance : 47.00 / 47.00 m
Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; Barrier anglel : 22.00 deg Angle2 : 71.00 deg Barrier height : 69.60 m
Barrier receiver distance : 9.00 / 9.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
                                                                      (Reflective ground surface)
                                                     2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



Results segment # 1: Beau1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ ------

1.50 ! 27.60 ! 22.99 !

ROAD (49.71 + 32.52 + 0.00) = 49.79 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -67 -44 0.00 63.96 0.00 -5.31 -8.94 0.00 0.00 0.00 49.71 -44 0 0.00 63.96 0.00 -5.31 -6.12 0.00 0.00 -20.00 32.52

Segment Leg: 49.79 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beau2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

! Elevation of Source ! Receiver ! Barrier Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----1.50 ! 27.60 ! 22.60 ! 22.60

ROAD (0.00 + 33.34 + 0.00) = 33.34 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_

22 71 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.96 -5.65 0.00 0.00 -20.00 33.34

Segment Leq: 33.34 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 49.89 dBA



Results segment # 1: Beaul (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ ------

1.50 ! 27.60 ! 22.99 !

ROAD (42.11 + 24.93 + 0.00) = 42.19 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-67 -44 0.00 56.36 0.00 -5.31 -8.94 0.00 0.00 0.00 42.11

-44 0 0.00 56.36 0.00 -5.31 -6.12 0.00 0.00 -20.00 24.93

Segment Leg: 42.19 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beau2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

! Elevation of Source ! Receiver ! Barrier Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) \_\_\_\_\_

1.50 ! 27.60 ! 22.60 ! 22.60

ROAD (0.00 + 25.75 + 0.00) = 25.75 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 22 71 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.96 -5.65 0.00 0.00 -20.00 25.75 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 25.75 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 42.29 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 49.89

(NIGHT): 42.29



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:50 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r2.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Beau (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 8000 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Beau (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_ Angle1 Angle2 : 22.00 deg
Wood depth : 0
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 67.00 deg (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 56.00 / 56.00 m Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 mTopography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope;
Barrier anglel : 22.00 deg Angle2 : 67.00 deg
Barrier height : 69.60 m

Barrier receiver distance : 15.00 / 15.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) 



```
Road data, segment # 2: Rideau1 (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
       24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
      Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Rideaul (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg -26.00 deg

Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows : 0 / 0

Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                 (No woods.)
                                                                 (Reflective ground surface)
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground some series of the source distance is 68.00 / 68.00 m. Receiver height is 27.60 / 27.60 m. Topography is 2 (Flat/gentle slope; Barrier angle1 is -90.00 deg Angle2 : -26.00 deg Barrier height is 7.00 m.
                                                 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier receiver distance : 35.00 / 35.00 \text{ m}
Source elevation : 0.00 \text{ m} Receiver elevation : 0.00 \text{ m}
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



# GRADIENTWIND

#### **ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS**

```
Results segment # 1: Beau (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}
------
     1.50 ! 27.60 !
                             20.61 !
ROAD (0.00 + 32.21 + 0.00) = 32.21 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
 22 67 0.00 63.96 0.00 -5.72 -6.02 0.00 0.00 -20.00 32.21
Segment Leq: 32.21 dBA
Results segment # 2: Rideau1 (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
  1.50 ! 27.60 ! 14.16 ! 14.16
ROAD (0.00 + 57.42 + 0.00) = 57.42 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______

    -90
    -26
    0.00
    68.48
    0.00
    -6.56
    -4.49
    0.00
    0.00
    -0.09
    57.33*

    -90
    -26
    0.00
    68.48
    0.00
    -6.56
    -4.49
    0.00
    0.00
    0.00
    57.42
```

Segment Leq: 57.42 dBA

<sup>\*</sup> Bright Zone !



Results segment # 3: Rideau2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ -----1.50 ! 27.60 ! 14.16 !

ROAD (0.00 + 33.51 + 0.00) = 33.51 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-26 0 0.00 68.48 0.00 -6.56 -8.40 0.00 0.00 -20.00 33.51 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 33.51 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 57.45 dBA

Results segment # 1: Beau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----

1.50 ! 27.60 ! 20.61 ! 20.61

ROAD (0.00 + 24.62 + 0.00) = 24.62 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_

22 67 0.00 56.36 0.00 -5.72 -6.02 0.00 0.00 -20.00 24.62

Segment Leq: 24.62 dBA

# GRADIENTWIND

#### **ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS**

Results segment # 2: Rideau1 (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ ------1.50 ! 27.60 ! 14.16 ! ROAD (0.00 + 49.83 + 0.00) = 49.83 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 
 -90
 -26
 0.00
 60.88
 0.00
 -6.56
 -4.49
 0.00
 0.00
 -0.09
 49.73\*

 -90
 -26
 0.00
 60.88
 0.00
 -6.56
 -4.49
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 49.83
 \* Bright Zone ! Segment Leq: 49.83 dBA Results segment # 3: Rideau2 (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----1.50 ! 27.60 ! 14.16 ! ROAD (0.00 + 25.92 + 0.00) = 25.92 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -26 0 0.00 60.88 0.00 -6.56 -8.40 0.00 0.00 -20.00 25.92 Segment Leq: 25.92 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 49.86 dBA TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 57.45



(NIGHT): 49.86



Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:05 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r3.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflect: (No woods.)

2

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 19.00 / 19.00 m Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 m
Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00

(Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

# GRADIENTWIND

**ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS** 

Results segment # 1: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 64.44 + 0.00) = 64.44 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 0 0.00 68.48 0.00 -1.03 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 64.44 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 64.44 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 64.44 dBA

Results segment # 1: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 56.85 + 0.00) = 56.85 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 0 0.00 60.88 0.00 -1.03 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 56.85

Segment Leq : 56.85 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 56.85 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 64.44 (NIGHT): 56.85



Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:17 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r4.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \*
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

#### Data for Segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

2 (Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 15.00 / 15.00 m Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 m
Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00

(Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)



```
Road data, segment # 2: Chapel (day/night)
 Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
        24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
                                                                            8000
       Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
       Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Chapel (day/night)
 _____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg -20.00 deg

Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows : 0 / 0

Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                        (No woods.)
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground some seceiver source distance : 40.00 / 40.00 m

Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; Barrier anglel : -90.00 deg Angle2 : -43.00 deg

Barrier receiver distance : 26.00 m

Barrier receiver distance : 26.00 / 26.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m

Barrier elevation : 0.00 m

Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
                                                                       (Reflective ground surface)
                                                      2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



Results segment # 1: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 68.48 + 0.00) = 68.48 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.48 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 68.48 dBA

Results segment # 2: Chapel (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

-----1.50 ! 27.60 ! 10.63 !

ROAD (0.00 + 42.55 + 50.76) = 51.37 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

\_\_\_\_\_\_ -90 -43 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.26 -5.83 0.00 0.00 -11.31 42.55 -43 -20 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.26 -8.94 0.00 0.00 0.00 50.76

Segment Leg: 51.37 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 68.56 dBA

Results segment # 1: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.88 + 0.00) = 60.88 dBA

Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

Segment Leq: 60.88 dBA



Results segment # 2: Chapel (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 27.60 ! 10.63 !

ROAD (0.00 + 34.96 + 43.17) = 43.78 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 -43 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.26 -5.83 0.00 0.00 -11.31 34.96

-43 -20 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.26 -8.94 0.00 0.00 0.00 43.17

Segment Leg: 43.78 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 60.96 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.56

(NIGHT): 60.96



Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:23 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r5.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Beau (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Beau (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_

Angle1 Angle2 : -62.00 deg
Wood depth : 0
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 0.00 deg (No woods.)

2

Surface (Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 56.00 / 56.00 m Receiver height : 27.60 / 27.60 m

1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

Topography : 1 Reference angle : 0.00



```
Road data, segment # 2: Rideau1 (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
       24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
      Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Rideaul (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 48.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                 (No woods.)
                                                                 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance: 2 (Reflective ground Receiver height: 27.60 / 67.00 m

Topography: 27.60 m

Topography: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; Barrier angle1: 0.00 deg Angle2: 20.00 deg

Barrier height: 75.40 m

Barrier receiver distance: 16.00 / 16.00
                                                  2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```





Results segment # 1: Beau (day) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 53.61 + 0.00) = 53.61 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -62 0 0.00 63.96 0.00 -5.72 -4.63 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.61 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Segment Leq : 53.61 dBA Results segment # 2: Rideau1 (day) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----27.60 ! 21.37 ! ROAD (0.00 + 32.44 + 53.90) = 53.93 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_ 0 20 0.00 68.48 0.00 -6.50 -9.54 0.00 0.00 -20.00 32.44 20 48 0.00 68.48 0.00 -6.50 -8.08 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.90 Segment Leg: 53.93 dBA Results segment # 3: Rideau2 (day) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence ! Elevation of Source ! Receiver ! Barrier Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) ------1.50 ! 27.60 ! 8.12 ! 8.12 ROAD (0.00 + 36.21 + 0.00) = 36.21 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_ 48 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -6.50 -6.32 0.00 0.00 -19.45 36.21

Segment Leq : 36.21 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 56.82 dBA





Results segment # 1: Beau (night) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 46.01 + 0.00) = 46.01 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -62 0 0.00 56.36 0.00 -5.72 -4.63 0.00 0.00 0.00 46.01 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Segment Leq : 46.01 dBA Results segment # 2: Rideaul (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----27.60 ! 21.37 ! ROAD (0.00 + 24.84 + 46.30) = 46.33 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_ 0 20 0.00 60.88 0.00 -6.50 -9.54 0.00 0.00 -20.00 24.84 20 48 0.00 60.88 0.00 -6.50 -8.08 0.00 0.00 0.00 46.30 Segment Leg: 46.33 dBA Results segment # 3: Rideau2 (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 1.50 ! 27.60 ! 8.12 ! 8.12 ROAD (0.00 + 28.61 + 0.00) = 28.61 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_ 48 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -6.50 -6.32 0.00 0.00 -19.45 28.61 Segment Leq : 28.61 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 49.22 dBA

A21

(NIGHT): 49.22

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 56.82



Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:28 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r6.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Rideau (day/night) Car traffic volume : 13767/1197 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 1095/95 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 782/68 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 17005 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Rideau (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_ Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflect: (No woods.) 2 (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 105.00 / 105.00 m Receiver height : 16.00 / 16.00 mTopography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg Barrier height : 7.00 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier receiver distance : 91.00 / 91.00 mSource elevation : 0.00 m Receiver elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 2: Beausoleil (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \*
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)  $^{\star}$  Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Beausoleil (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_ Angle1 Angle2 : 23.00 deg 53.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective

(No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 35.00 / 35.00 m
Receiver height : 16.00 / 16.00 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
Reference angle : 0.00



Results segment # 1: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 16.00 ! 3.43 ! 3.43

ROAD (0.00 + 46.24 + 0.00) = 46.24 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 0 0.00 69.02 0.00 -8.45 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -11.32 46.24

Segment Leq : 46.24 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beausoleil (day)

-----

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 52.49 + 0.00) = 52.49 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

23 53 0.00 63.96 0.00 -3.68 -7.78 0.00 0.00 52.49

Segment Leq : 52.49 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 53.41 dBA

# GRADIENTWIND

**ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS** 

Results segment # 1: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \quad \mbox{(m)} \;\; ! \;\; \mbox{Height} \quad \mbox{(m)} \;\; ! \;\; \mbox{Barrier Top} \quad \mbox{(m)}$ -----

1.50 ! 16.00 ! 3.43 !

ROAD (0.00 + 38.64 + 0.00) = 38.64 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 0 0.00 61.43 0.00 -8.45 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -11.32 38.64 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 38.64 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beausoleil (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 44.90 + 0.00) = 44.90 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_

23 53 0.00 56.36 0.00 -3.68 -7.78 0.00 0.00 44.90

Segment Leq : 44.90 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 45.82 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 53.41

(NIGHT): 45.82



Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:34

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r7.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Beausoleil (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

STAMSON 5.0

NORMAL REPORT

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

#### Data for Segment # 1: Beausoleil (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_

Angle1 Angle2 : -54.00 deg 11.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 73.00 / 73.00 m Receiver height : 74.00 / 74.00 m
Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00

# GRADIENTWIND

**ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS** 

Results segment # 1: Beausoleil (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 52.66 + 0.00) = 52.66 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -54 11 0.00 63.96 0.00 -6.87 -4.42 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.66

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 52.66 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 52.66 dBA

Results segment # 1: Beausoleil (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 45.07 + 0.00) = 45.07 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -54 11 0.00 56.36 0.00 -6.87 -4.42 0.00 0.00 0.00 45.07

Segment Leq: 45.07 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 45.07 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 52.66 (NIGHT): 45.07



Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:39 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r8.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Rideau (day/night) Car traffic volume : 13767/1197 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 1095/95 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 782/68 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 17005 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Rideau (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_ (No woods.) 2 Surface (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 23.00 / 23.00 m Receiver height : 74.00 / 74.00 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 22.50 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier receiver distance: 9.00 / 9.00 m
Source elevation: 0.00 m
Receiver elevation: 0.00 m 

## GRADIENTWIND

## **ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS**

```
Results segment # 1: Rideau (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}
-----
     1.50 !
                74.00 !
                             45.63 !
ROAD (0.00 + 64.16 + 0.00) = 64.16 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
 -90 0 0.00 69.02 0.00 -1.86 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -0.06 64.10*
-90 0 0.00 69.02 0.00 -1.86 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 64.16
* Bright Zone !
Segment Leq: 64.16 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 64.16 dBA
Results segment # 1: Rideau (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
_____
     1.50 ! 74.00 !
                             45.63 !
ROAD (0.00 + 56.56 + 0.00) = 56.56 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  -90 0 0.00 61.43 0.00 -1.86 -3.01 0.00 0.00 -0.06 56.50*
-90 0 0.00 61.43 0.00 -1.86 -3.01 0.00 0.00 56.56*
* Bright Zone !
Segment Leq: 56.56 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 56.56 dBA
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 64.16
                        (NIGHT): 56.56
```





Date: 02-04-2019 14:08:45 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r9.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 13767/1197 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 1095/95 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 782/68 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 782/68 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 17005 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

2

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 17.00 / 17.00 m Receiver height : 74.00 / 74.00 m
Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00

# GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

Results segment # 1: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 68.48 + 0.00) = 68.48 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.00 69.02 0.00 -0.54 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.48

Segment Leq: 68.48 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 68.48 dBA

Results segment # 1: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Segment Leq : 60.88 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 60.88 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.48 (NIGHT): 60.88



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:00 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r10.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 13767/1197 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 1095/95 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 782/68 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 782/68 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 17005 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

## Data for Segment # 1: Rideau (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 84.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 21.00 / 21.00 m Receiver height : 74.00 / 74.00 m
Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 2: Beausoleil (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \*
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)  $^{\star}$  Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: Beausoleil (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_ Angle1 Angle2 : -36.00 deg -3.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 102.00 / 102.00 m Receiver height : 74.00 / 74.00 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
Reference angle : 0.00 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)



Results segment # 1: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 64.25 + 0.00) = 64.25 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 84 0.00 69.02 0.00 -1.46 -3.31 0.00 0.00 0.00 64.25 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 64.25 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beausoleil (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 48.26 + 0.00) = 48.26 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-36 -3 0.00 63.96 0.00 -8.33 -7.37 0.00 0.00 0.00 48.26 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leg: 48.26 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 64.36 dBA

Results segment # 1: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 56.65 + 0.00) = 56.65 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 84 0.00 61.43 0.00 -1.46 -3.31 0.00 0.00 0.00 56.65

Segment Leq: 56.65 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beausoleil (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 40.67 + 0.00) = 40.67 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-36 -3 0.00 56.36 0.00 -8.33 -7.37 0.00 0.00 0.00 40.67

Segment Leq : 40.67 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 56.76 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 64.36

(NIGHT): 56.76



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:05 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r11.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Beau1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*

Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Beaul (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_

Angle1 Angle2 : -81.00 deg 20.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

2

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 17.00 / 17.00 m Receiver height : 68.20 / 68.20 m

Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00



## Road data, segment # 2: Beau2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \*

Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \*
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

 $^{\star}$  Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

#### Data for Segment # 2: Beau2 (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_

Angle1 Angle2 : 41.00 deg 84.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 15.00 / 15.00 m
Receiver height : 68.20 / 68.20 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
Reference angle : 0.00

## GRADIENTWIND **ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS**

Results segment # 1: Beau1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.90 + 0.00) = 60.90 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -81 20 0.00 63.96 0.00 -0.54 -2.51 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.90

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 60.90 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beau2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 57.74 + 0.00) = 57.74 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

41 84 0.00 63.96 0.00 0.00 -6.22 0.00 0.00 0.00 57.74 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leg: 57.74 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 62.61 dBA

Results segment # 1: Beaul (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 53.31 + 0.00) = 53.31 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-81 20 0.00 56.36 0.00 -0.54 -2.51 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.31

Segment Leq: 53.31 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beau2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 50.14 + 0.00) = 50.14 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_

41 84 0.00 56.36 0.00 0.00 -6.22 0.00 0.00 0.00 50.14

Segment Leq : 50.14 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 55.02 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.61

(NIGHT): 55.02



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:09 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r12.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Rideau1 (day/night) Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 690/60
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 % veh/TimePeriod \* : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Rideaul (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -82.00 deg -9.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.) 2 Surface (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 83.00 / 83.00 m Receiver height : 68.20 / 68.20 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope;
Barrier angle1 : -82.00 deg Angle2 : -9.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier receiver distance : 68.00 / 68.00 mSource elevation : 0.00 m Receiver elevation : 0.00 mReceiver elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



```
Road data, segment # 2: Rideau2 (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
      24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
     Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Rideau2 (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -9.00 deg 8.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflect:
                                                             (No woods.)
                                                              (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 83.00 / 83.00 m
Receiver source distance: . 63.00 / 63.00 m

Receiver height: . 68.20 / 68.20 m

Topography: . 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1: . -9.00 deg Angle2: 8.00 deg

Barrier height: . 29.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



```
Road data, segment # 3: Rideau3 (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
      24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
     Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Rideau3 (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : 8.00 deg 50.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                            (No woods.)
                                                             (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 83.00 / 83.00 m
Receiver source distance: . 63.00 / 63.00 m

Receiver height: . 68.20 / 68.20 m

Topography: . 2 (Flat/gentle slope;

Barrier anglel: . 8.00 deg Angle2: 50.00 deg

Barrier height: . 75.40 m
                                             2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



Results segment # 1: Rideaul (day) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)-----1.50 ! 68.20 ! 13.55 ! ROAD (0.00 + 57.13 + 0.00) = 57.13 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -82 -9 0.00 68.48 0.00 -7.43 -3.92 0.00 0.00 0.00 57.13\* -82 -9 0.00 68.48 0.00 -7.43 -3.92 0.00 0.00 0.00 57.13 \* Bright Zone ! Segment Leq: 57.13 dBA Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (day) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----1.50 ! 68.20 ! 13.55 ! ROAD (0.00 + 30.80 + 0.00) = 30.80 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -9 8 0.00 68.48 0.00 -7.43 -10.25 0.00 0.00 -20.00 30.80

Segment Leq: 30.80 dBA

# GRADIENTWIND

## **ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS**

Results segment # 3: Rideau3 (day) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ --<del>-</del> 1.50 ! 68.20 ! 13.55 ! ROAD (0.00 + 34.73 + 0.00) = 34.73 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 8 50 0.00 68.48 0.00 -7.43 -6.32 0.00 0.00 -20.00 34.73 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Segment Leq : 34.73 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 57.16 dBA Results segment # 1: Rideau1 (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1.50 ! 68.20 ! 13.55 ! 13.55 ROAD (0.00 + 49.53 + 0.00) = 49.53 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_ 

 -82
 -9
 0.00
 60.88
 0.00
 -7.43
 -3.92
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 49.53\*

 -82
 -9
 0.00
 60.88
 0.00
 -7.43
 -3.92
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 49.53\*

 \* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq: 49.53 dBA



Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ -----

1.50 ! 68.20 ! 13.55 !

ROAD (0.00 + 23.21 + 0.00) = 23.21 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-9 8 0.00 60.88 0.00 -7.43 -10.25 0.00 0.00 -20.00 23.21

Segment Leq: 23.21 dBA

Results segment # 3: Rideau3 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50! 68.20! 13.55! 13.55

ROAD (0.00 + 27.13 + 0.00) = 27.13 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

8 50 0.00 60.88 0.00 -7.43 -6.32 0.00 0.00 -20.00 27.13 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 27.13 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 49.56 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 57.16 (NIGHT): 49.56



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:15 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r13.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description:

Road data, segment # 1: Beau (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*

Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

\* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: Beau (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_

Angle1 Angle2 : -80.00 deg
Wood depth : 0
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 0.00 deg (No woods.)

2

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m Receiver height : 68.20 / 68.20 m
Topography : 1 (Flat Reference angle : 0.00



## Road data, segment # 2: Rideau (day/night) Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \*

Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \*
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

 $^{\star}$  Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

#### Data for Segment # 2: Rideau (day/night) \_\_\_\_\_

Angle1 Angle2 : 7.00 deg 33.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 103.00 / 103.00 m Receiver height : 68.20 / 68.20 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
Reference angle : 0.00



Results segment # 1: Beau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 59.18 + 0.00) = 59.18 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-80 0 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.25 -3.52 0.00 0.00 0.00 59.18 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 59.18 dBA

Results segment # 2: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 51.71 + 0.00) = 51.71 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 7 33 0.00 68.48 0.00 -8.37 -8.40 0.00 0.00 0.00 51.71

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leg: 51.71 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 59.90 dBA

Results segment # 1: Beau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 51.59 + 0.00) = 51.59 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -80 0 0.00 56.36 0.00 -1.25 -3.52 0.00 0.00 0.00 51.59

Segment Leq: 51.59 dBA

Results segment # 2: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 44.11 + 0.00) = 44.11 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 33 0.00 60.88 0.00 -8.37 -8.40 0.00 0.00 0.00 44.11

Segment Leq : 44.11 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 52.30 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 59.90 (NIGHT): 52.30





Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:26 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r14.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Rideau1 (day/night) Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 690/60
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 % veh/TimePeriod \* : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Rideaul (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg -25.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 32.00 / 32.00 m Receiver source distance : 32.00 / 32.00 m

Receiver height : 7.30 / 7.30 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : -25.00 deg

Barrier height : 75.40 m

Barrier receiver distance : 14.00 / 14.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m

Barrier elevation : 0.00 m 





```
Road data, segment # 3: Chapel (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
       24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
                                                                      8000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
      Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Chapel (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg -57.00 deg

Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows : 0 / 0

Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                   (No woods.)
                                                                  (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m
Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m

Receiver height : 7.30 / 7.30 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : -57.00 deg

Barrier height : 5.80 m

Barrier receiver distance : 5.00 / 5.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



Results segment # 1: Rideaul (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----

7.30 ! 4.76 ! 1.50 !

ROAD (0.00 + 40.93 + 0.00) = 40.93 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 -25 0.00 68.48 0.00 -3.29 -4.42 0.00 0.00 -19.84 40.93 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 40.93 dBA

Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of

Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 1.50 ! 7.30 ! 5.67 !

ROAD (0.00 + 57.40 + 0.00) = 57.40 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-25 71 0.00 68.48 0.00 -3.29 -2.73 0.00 0.00 -5.06 57.40 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 57.40 dBA



Results segment # 3: Chapel (day) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----1.50 ! 7.30 ! 5.85 ! ROAD (0.00 + 55.34 + 0.00) = 55.34 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 -57 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.25 -7.37 0.00 0.00 -5.00 50.34\* -90 -57 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.25 -7.37 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.34 \* Bright Zone ! Segment Leq: 55.34 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 59.56 dBA Results segment # 1: Rideaul (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----1.50 ! 7.30 ! 4.76 ! ROAD (0.00 + 33.33 + 0.00) = 33.33 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 -25 0.00 60.88 0.00 -3.29 -4.42 0.00 0.00 -19.84 33.33 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 33.33 dBA

## GRADIENTWIND

## **ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS**

Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) \_\_\_\_\_ 7.30 ! 5.67 ! ROAD (0.00 + 49.81 + 0.00) = 49.81 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -25 71 0.00 60.88 0.00 -3.29 -2.73 0.00 0.00 -5.06 49.81 Segment Leq: 49.81 dBA Results segment # 3: Chapel (night) Source height = 1.50 mBarrier height for grazing incidence Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 1.50 ! 7.30 ! 5.85 ! ROAD (0.00 + 47.75 + 0.00) = 47.75 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_ 
 -90
 -57
 0.00
 56.36
 0.00
 -1.25
 -7.37
 0.00
 0.00
 -5.00
 42.75\*

 -90
 -57
 0.00
 56.36
 0.00
 -1.25
 -7.37
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 47.75
 \* Bright Zone ! Segment Leq: 47.75 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 51.97 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 59.56 (NIGHT): 51.97



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:32 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r14b.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Rideau1 (day/night) Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 690/60
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 % veh/TimePeriod \* : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Rideaul (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg -25.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 32.00 / 32.00 m Receiver source distance : 32.00 / 32.00 m

Receiver height : 7.30 / 7.30 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : -25.00 deg

Barrier height : 75.40 m

Barrier receiver distance : 14.00 / 14.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m

Barrier elevation : 0.00 m 





```
Road data, segment # 3: Chapel (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
       24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
                                                                      8000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
      Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Chapel (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg -57.00 deg

Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows : 0 / 0

Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                   (No woods.)
                                                                  (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m
Receiver source distance : 20.00 / 20.00 m

Receiver height : 7.30 / 7.30 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : -57.00 deg

Barrier height : 6.90 m

Barrier receiver distance : 5.00 / 5.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



Results segment # 1: Rideaul (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

-----

ROAD (0.00 + 40.93 + 0.00) = 40.93 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 -25 0.00 68.48 0.00 -3.29 -4.42 0.00 0.00 -19.84 40.93

Segment Leq: 40.93 dBA

Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 7.30 ! 5.67 ! 5.67

ROAD (0.00 + 53.98 + 0.00) = 53.98 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-25 71 0.00 68.48 0.00 -3.29 -2.73 0.00 0.00 -8.48 53.98

Segment Leq : 53.98 dBA



Results segment # 3: Chapel (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----

1.50 ! 7.30 ! 5.85 !

ROAD (0.00 + 48.76 + 0.00) = 48.76 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 -57 0.00 63.96 0.00 -1.25 -7.37 0.00 0.00 -6.58 48.76 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 48.76 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 55.28 dBA

Results segment # 1: Rideau1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) 

1.50 ! 7.30 ! 4.76 ! 4.76

ROAD (0.00 + 33.33 + 0.00) = 33.33 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_

-90 -25 0.00 60.88 0.00 -3.29 -4.42 0.00 0.00 -19.84 33.33

Segment Leq: 33.33 dBA

# GRADIENTWIND

**ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS** 

Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) \_\_\_\_\_

7.30 ! 5.67 !

ROAD (0.00 + 46.39 + 0.00) = 46.39 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-25 71 0.00 60.88 0.00 -3.29 -2.73 0.00 0.00 -8.48 46.39 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 46.39 dBA

Results segment # 3: Chapel (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 7.30 ! 5.85 !

ROAD (0.00 + 41.17 + 0.00) = 41.17 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 -57 0.00 56.36 0.00 -1.25 -7.37 0.00 0.00 -6.58 41.17 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 41.17 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 47.69 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 55.28

(NIGHT): 47.69



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:38 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r15.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Rideau1 (day/night) Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 690/60
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 % veh/TimePeriod \* : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Rideaul (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 54.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.) 2 Surface (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 25.00 / 25.00 m Receiver source distance : 25.00 / 25.00 m

Receiver height : 30.50 / 27.60 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope;

Barrier anglel : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 54.00 deg

Barrier height : 29.00 m

Barrier receiver distance : 10.00 / 10.00 m

Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Receiver elevation . ....

Barrier elevation : 0.00 m

Poference angle : 0.00



```
Road data, segment # 2: Rideau2 (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
      24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
      Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Rideau2 (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : 54.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                (No woods.)
                                                                (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance: 25.00 / 25.00 m

Receiver height: 30.50 / 27.60 m

Topography: 2 (Flat/gentle slope;
Barrier angle1: 54.00 deg Angle2: 90.00 deg

Barrier height: 75.40 m

Barrier receiver distance: 6.00 / 6.00 m
                                                2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



```
Results segment # 1: Rideau1 (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 !
              30.50 !
                         18.90 !
ROAD (0.00 + 47.42 + 0.00) = 47.42 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
 -90 54 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.22 -0.97 0.00 0.00 -17.87 47.42
Segment Leq: 47.42 dBA
Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
    1.50 ! 30.50 ! 23.54 !
ROAD (0.00 + 39.66 + 0.00) = 39.66 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  54 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.22 -6.99 0.00 0.00 -19.61 39.66
______
Segment Leq: 39.66 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 48.09 dBA
Results segment # 1: Rideaul (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
                               ! Elevation of
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
 1.50 ! 27.60 ! 17.16 ! 17.16
ROAD (0.00 + 39.08 + 0.00) = 39.08 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
 -90 54 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.22 -0.97 0.00 0.00 -18.62 39.08
```

Segment Leq: 39.08 dBA



Results segment # 2: Rideau2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 27.60 ! 21.33 !

ROAD (0.00 + 32.05 + 0.00) = 32.05 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

54 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.22 -6.99 0.00 0.00 -19.63 32.05

Segment Leq : 32.05 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 39.87 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 48.09

(NIGHT): 39.87



Date: 02-04-2019 14:07:44 STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r16.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: Road data, segment # 1: Beaul (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod \* Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \* Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod \*
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) \* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 8000 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: Beaul (day/night) -----Angle1 Angle2 : -79.00 deg -53.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective (No woods.) (Reflective ground surface) Receiver source distance : 30.00 / 30.00 m Receiver height : 18.90 / 18.90 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope;
Barrier angle1 : -79.00 deg Angle2 : -53.00 deg
Barrier height : 69.60 m 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Barrier receiver distance : 11.00 / 11.00 m Source elevation : 0.00 m Receiver elevation : 0.00 m 



```
Road data, segment # 2: Beau2 (day/night)
 Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 40 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
        24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
                                                                             8000
       Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
       Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: Beau2 (day/night)
 _____
Angle1 Angle2 : -32.00 deg 66.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective
                                                                         (No woods.)
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground Receiver source distance : 42.00 / 42.00 m
Receiver height : 18.90 / 18.90 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; Barrier anglel : -32.00 deg Angle2 : 66.00 deg Barrier height : 17.40 m
Barrier receiver distance : 11.00 / 11.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
                                                                         (Reflective ground surface)
                                                      2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



```
Road data, segment # 3: Rideau (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 50 km/h
Road gradient: 0 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
      24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
      Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
      Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 3: Rideau (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 7.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflect:
                                                                 (No woods.)
                                                                 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 94.00 / 94.00 m

Receiver height : 18.90 / 18.90 m

Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 7.00 deg

Barrier height : 17.40 m

Barrier receiver distance : 9.00 / 9.00
                                               2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Source elevation : 0.00 m

Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00
```



Results segment # 1: Beaul (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ ------

1.50 ! 18.90 ! 12.52 !

ROAD (0.00 + 32.54 + 0.00) = 32.54 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-79 -53 0.00 63.96 0.00 -3.01 -8.40 0.00 0.00 -20.00 32.54 \_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 32.54 dBA

Results segment # 2: Beau2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 18.90 ! 14.34 ! 14.34

ROAD (0.00 + 43.26 + 0.00) = 43.26 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-32 66 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.47 -2.64 0.00 0.00 -13.59 43.26 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 43.26 dBA



Results segment # 3: Rideau (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ -----

1.50 ! 18.90 ! 17.23 !

ROAD (0.00 + 52.77 + 0.00) = 52.77 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 7 0.00 68.48 0.00 -7.97 -2.69 0.00 0.00 -5.06 52.77 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq : 52.77 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 53.27 dBA

Results segment # 1: Beaul (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----

1.50 ! 18.90 ! 12.52 ! 12.52

ROAD (0.00 + 24.95 + 0.00) = 24.95 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq \_\_\_\_\_\_

-79 -53 0.00 56.36 0.00 -3.01 -8.40 0.00 0.00 -20.00 24.95

Segment Leq: 24.95 dBA

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Results segment # 2: Beau2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of  $\label{eq:height} \mbox{Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Height} \mbox{ (m) ! Barrier Top (m)}$ ------

1.50 ! 18.90 ! 14.34 !

ROAD (0.00 + 35.66 + 0.00) = 35.66 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-32 66 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.47 -2.64 0.00 0.00 -13.59 35.66

Segment Leq: 35.66 dBA

Results segment # 3: Rideau (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 18.90 ! 17.23 ! 17.23

ROAD (0.00 + 45.17 + 0.00) = 45.17 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

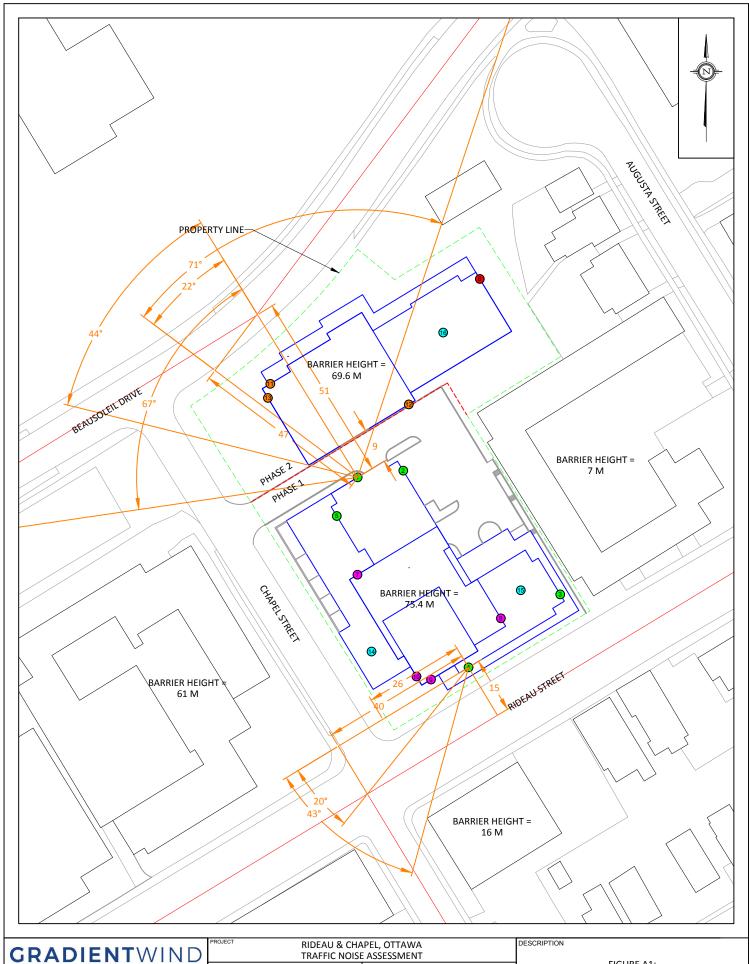
-90 7 0.00 60.88 0.00 -7.97 -2.69 0.00 0.00 -5.06 45.17 \_\_\_\_\_\_

Segment Leq: 45.17 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 45.67 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 53.27

(NIGHT): 45.67

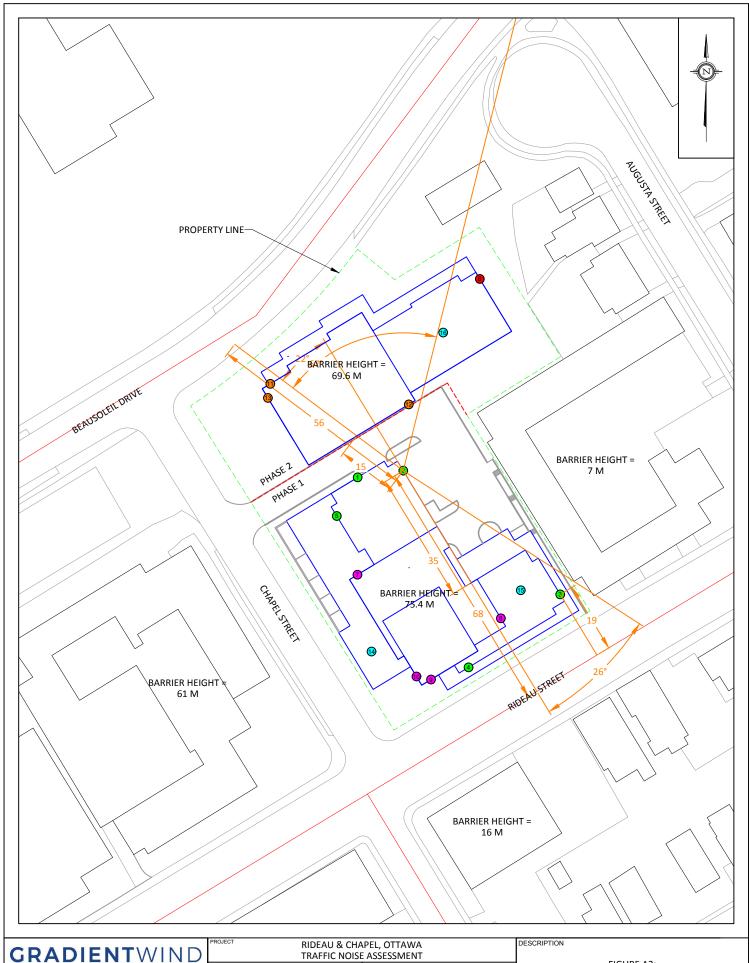


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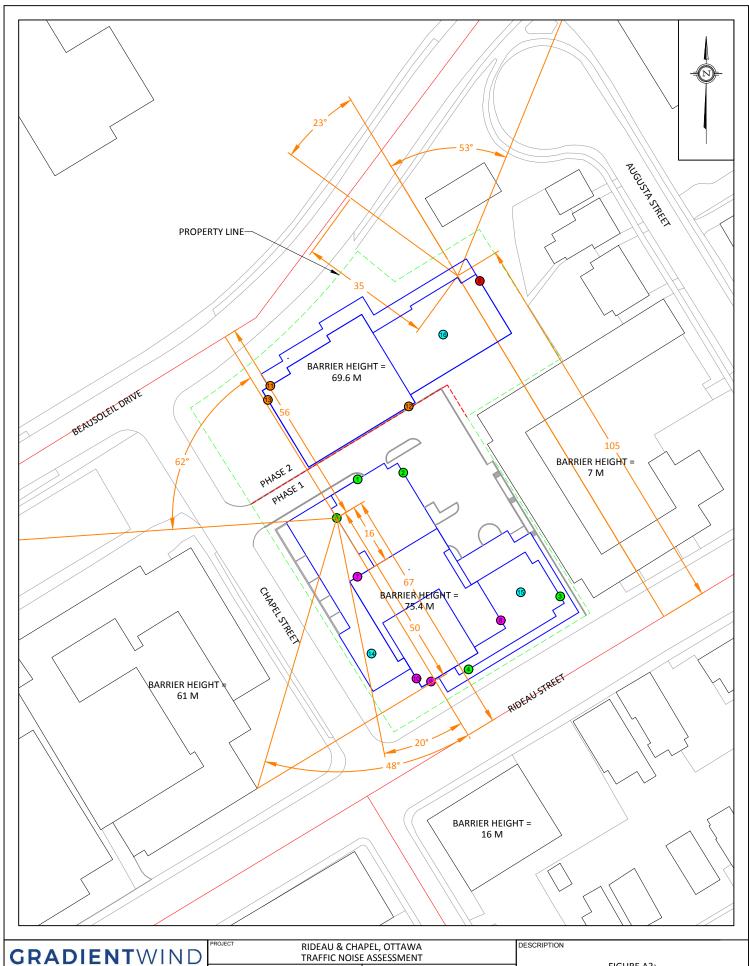
| TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT |       |                  |              |
|--------------------------|-------|------------------|--------------|
|                          | SCALE | 1:1000 (APPROX.) | GWE19-010-A1 |
|                          | DATE  | APRIL 8, 2019    | DRAWN BY M.L |

FIGURE A1: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 1,4



1:1000 (APPROX.) GWE19-010-A2 127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM APRIL 8, 2019 M.L

FIGURE A2: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 2,3

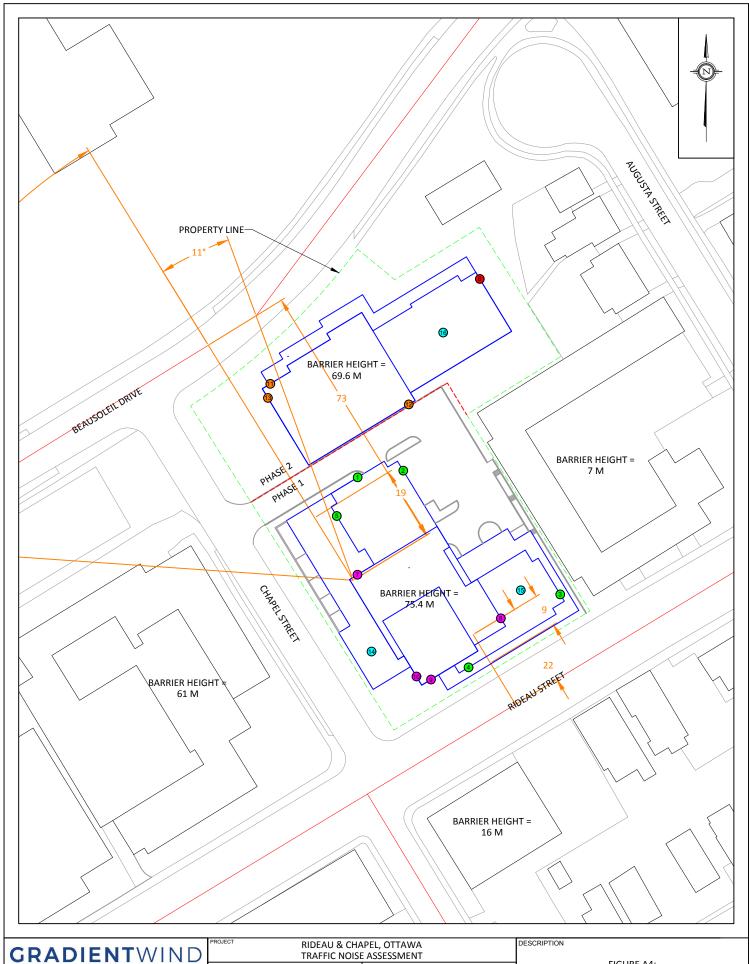


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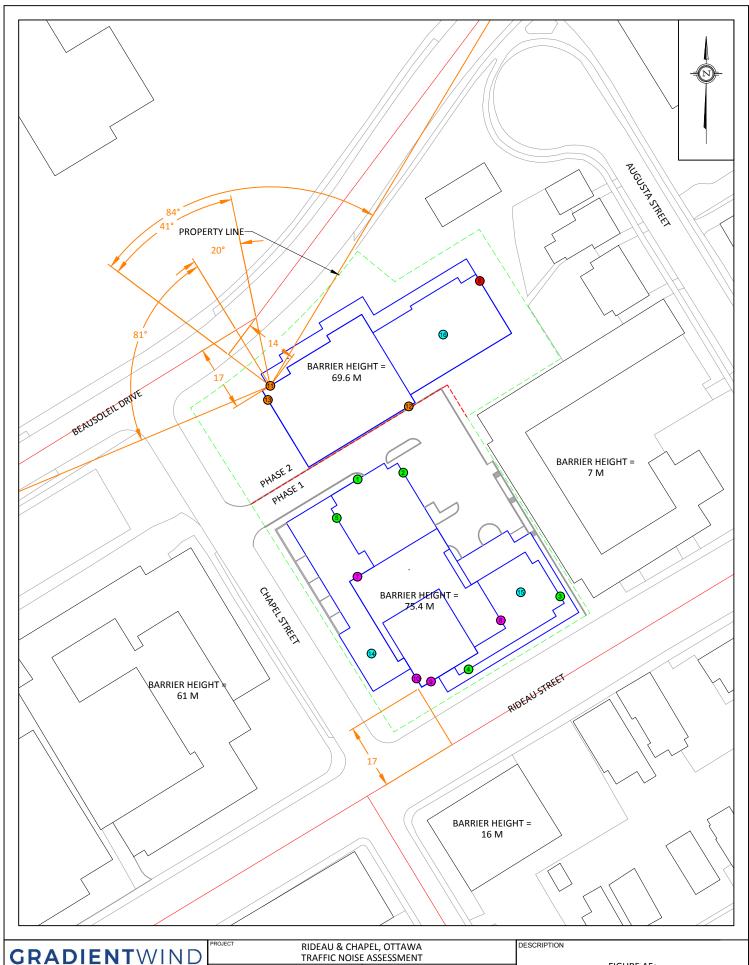
| TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| 1:1000 (APPROX.)         | GWE19-010-A3 |
| APRIL 8, 2019            | DRAWN BY M.L |

FIGURE A3: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 5,6



1:1000 (APPROX.) GWE19-010-A4 127 WALGREEN ROAD , OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM APRIL 8, 2019 M.L

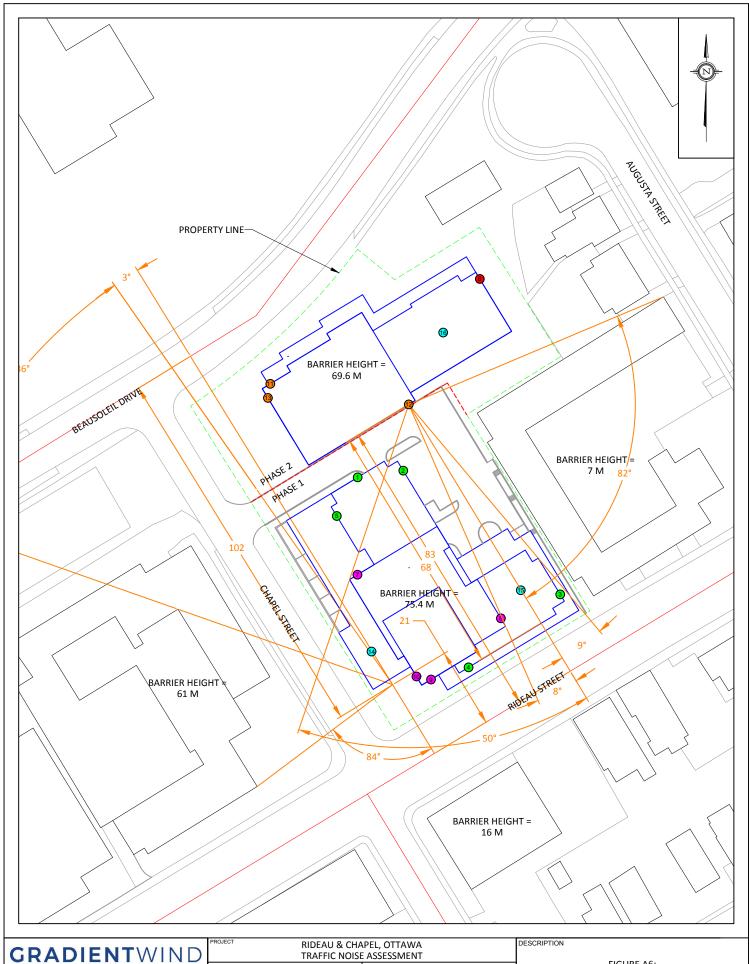
FIGURE A4: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 7,8



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FIGURE A5: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 9,11

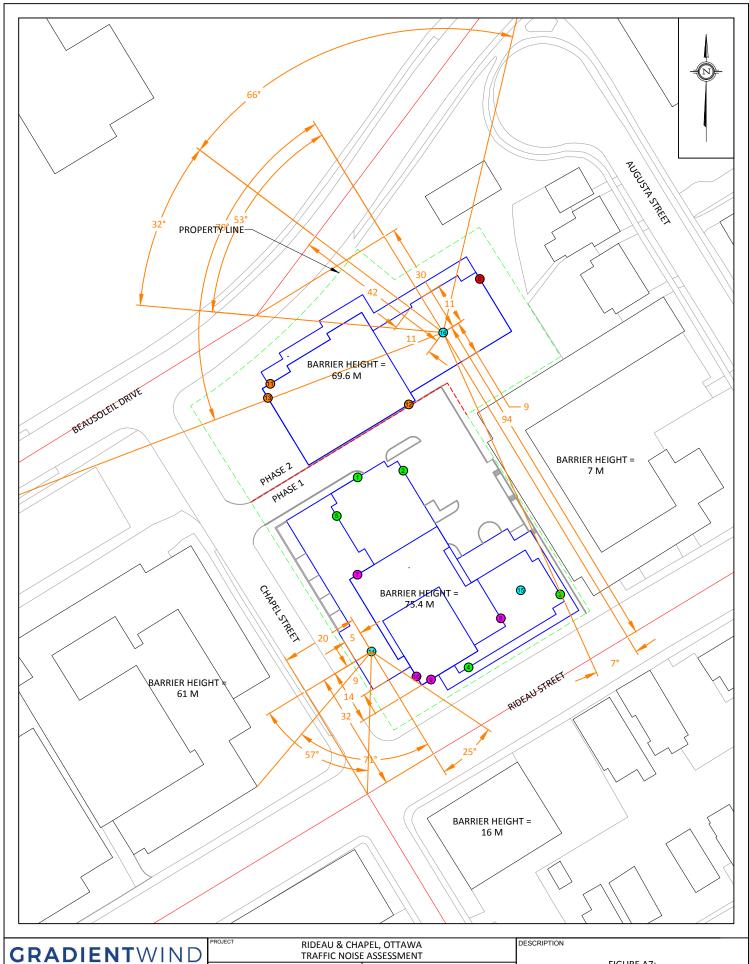


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|       | TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT |              |
|-------|--------------------------|--------------|
| SCALE | 1:1000 (APPROX.)         | GWE19-010-A6 |
| DATE  | APRIL 8, 2019            | DRAWN BY M.L |

FIGURE A6: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 10,12

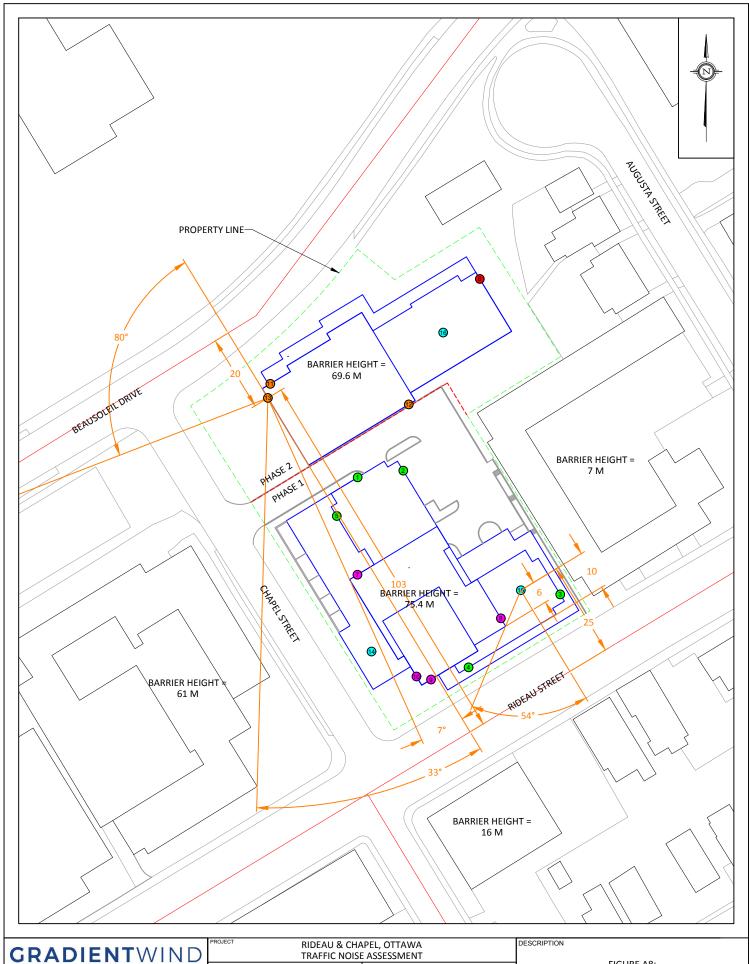


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| ) |       | TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT |              |
|---|-------|--------------------------|--------------|
|   | SCALE | 1:1000 (APPROX.)         | GWE19-010-A7 |
|   | DATE  | APRIL 8, 2019            | DRAWN BY M.L |

FIGURE A7: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 14,16



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| TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT |       |                  | E ASSESSMENT |
|--------------------------|-------|------------------|--------------|
|                          | SCALE | 1:1000 (APPROX.) | GWE19-010-A8 |
|                          | DATE  | APRIL 8, 2019    | DRAWN BY M.L |

FIGURE A8: STAMSON INPUT PARAMETERS - RECEPTOR 13,15