



**Geotechnical Desktop Review:
The LeBreton Flats Plan of
Subdivision, Ottawa, Ontario**

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National Capital Commission

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Stantec) has been retained by National Capital Commission (NCC, the Client) to carry out a geotechnical desktop review for the LeBreton Flats Plan of Subdivision in Ottawa, Ontario. It is understood that a preliminary geotechnical report is required as part of the Plan of Subdivision application to the City of Ottawa.

The geotechnical review was completed to summarize the subsurface conditions at the site and to provide geotechnical recommendations and design parameters. This report presents a summary of the previous investigations at the site and geotechnical design recommendations. Limitations associated with this report and its contents are provided in the Statement of General Conditions included in Appendix A.

2.0 SITE AND PROJECT DESCRIPTIONS

The site is approximately 29 hectare, a largely undeveloped transit oriented brownfield site located at the western edge of the downtown core of Ottawa, within the National Capital Region. The NCC developed a Master Concept Plan (MCP) for LeBreton Flats (approved in April 2021). The MCP area is shown in figure 2.1, the Library Parcel area (665 Albert St., Parcels A9-10) is not included in the MCP. The study area generally bounded by:

- Albert Street and Slater Street to the south;
- Trillium Pathway to the west;
- Sir John A. Macdonald Parkway and Wellington Street to the north; and
- Booth Street, Lett Street, future Empress Avenue extension and the escarpment to the east.

The Confederation Light Rail Transit (LRT) corridor bisects the study area and two O-Train stations, Bayview and Pimisi O-Train, are located within LeBreton Flats. LeBreton Flats is a brownfield site from its industrial legacy, with a portion having been remediated in the mid-2000s.

Two aqueducts cross the site, a partially buried aqueduct (a heritage feature), and a second fully buried aqueduct located on the north side of the LRT corridor between Booth Street and Nepean Bay Inlet. The approximate location of the aqueducts is shown on Drawing No.1 in Appendix B.

The East Flats is an adjacent development east of Booth Street consisting of four to 14 storey residential buildings with a new high rise building currently under construction. To the south of Albert Street is an existing residential neighborhood.

Based on the framework in the MCP, the development will include residential space, office/hotel/loft space and retail space as well as a Park District and open space network comprising approximately 12.5 hectares (43 per cent) of the 29-hectare site. It will include low- to high-rise buildings of up to 45 storeys with underground parking areas, surface pathways and access streets and lanes. The aqueducts will be maintained as a landscaping feature.



The study area is situated in close proximity to major infrastructure. In addition to above-mentioned LRT lines and stations as well as northern covered aqueduct and southern open heritage aqueduct, the following are elements of note:

- Fleet Street Water Pumping Station
- High-Pressure Transmission Watermain
- Low-Pressure Transmission Watermain (within the Open Aqueduct)
- LeBreton Flats Sanitary Pumping Station
- West-Nepean Collector Sewer, Cave Creek Collector Sewer, and Interceptor Outfall Sewer
- Combined Sewage Storage Tunnel
- Miscellaneous Sanitary and Combined Sewer Regulators and Diversion Chambers (Booth-Lloyd and Preston-Lloyd Regulator)



Figure 2.1: LeBreton Flats MCP area

3.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The site was formerly occupied by residences and heavy industries, including a lumber and train yard until the early 1970's. The west portion of the site was formerly part of the Nepean Bay (part of the Ottawa River), which was used as a municipal landfill facility in the late 1950's to the early 1970's. The landfill raised the grade of this land to a level above the Ottawa River and enabled the construction of the Sir John A. Macdonald Parkway. The approximate footprint of the landfill is shown on Drawing No.1 in Appendix B. Most structure were removed from the site in the early 1970's.

A remediation program was conducted in the mid 2010's to remove the contaminated soil located in the central north portion of the site, west of Booth Street. The bedrock surface has been exposed and remains exposed at the time of writing.



The parcels situated south of the LRT alignment are slightly sloped down toward the northwest from Albert Street. The area is generally covered with grass with signs of construction activity and disturbance observed through the area. The west portion of the site, situated south of the Sir John A. Macdonald Parkway and north of the LRT alignment, are generally grass covered with some mature trees dispersed throughout the site.

3.1 SITE GEOLOGY

Based on available information including geological mapping from the Ontario Geological Survey (OGS), available geotechnical reports, historical boreholes, and Stantec's site specific experience, the stratigraphy at the site is generally expected to consist of highly variable fill and overburden native soils, underlain by bedrock.

The bedrock depth varies in different areas of the site and typically ranges from 0 m (existing ground surface) to about 18 m below ground surface. Based on available information obtained from the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) Surficial Materials and Terrain Features, in the areas to the east of the Nepean Bay to the Pimisi LRT station and to the east of Booth Street Paleozoic bedrock is expected at the ground surface. At the rest of the site, glacial deposits of till (a heterogenous mixture of material ranging from sandy silt to silty sand) on Paleozoic bedrock can be expected.

According to the OGS 1:250 000 scale map of the Bedrock Geology of Ontario, the bedrock at the site is anticipated to be limestone, dolostone, shale, arkose, or sandstone of the Ottawa Group, Simcoe Group, or Shadow Lake Formation. The bedrock geology map produced in Canadian Geology Society, paper 77-11, by Bélanger and Harrison suggests that the site is underlain by limestone and shows a fault (a splay of the regional Gloucester Fault) extending in the east-west direction in the north of the site. The regional Gloucester Fault has a NW-SE strike, extending from Gloucester northwest to Hull. The Gloucester Fault splay at the site area are shown in the following figure. Some of the variations in bedrock surface may be due to presence of these bedrock faulting.





Figure 3.1: The splays of the regional Gloucester Fault at the site area (Bélanger and Harrison, 1976)

A significant number of historical boreholes have been advanced throughout the site. The following studies and reports were reviewed as part of this desktop study:

- Data Gap and Remedial Options Analyses Report, Nepean Bay Sector, LeBreton Flats, Ottawa, ON (Geofirma, 2019)
- Geotechnical Desktop Review Report (Paterson Group, 2020)

3.2 SITE TOPOGRAPHY

Based on the recorded ground surface elevation at the previous borehole locations, ground surface elevation contours provided in Geofirma 2019 report for a western portion of the site (based on City of Ottawa 2006 LiDAR, Light Detection and Ranging, digital elevation survey flown in 2006), and publicly available ground surface (Google Earth) data, the ground surface elevation at the site varied between approximately elevations 52 m to 68 m.

Ground surface elevation contours of a portion of the site to the west of the Nepean Bay and between the Kichi Zibi Mikan (Sir John A. MacDonald Parkway) and the transitway as well as a portion of the site between the transitway and Albert Street and to the west of the access road for the parking lot in the area are provided in Geofirma 2019 report. Topographical relief of this area ranges from a low of about elevation 56 m in the southwest corner to a high of about elevation 67 m in the west part within the footprint of the former landfill. Ground slopes downward from the landfill mound to the southwest and east. Minor elevation highs are also apparent near the western end of this area, along the transitway (elevation 64 m) and in the center of this area, north of the transitway (elevation 63 m). Ground surface elevation of the east of this area ranges from a low of about elevation 53 m in the southeastern part to a high of about elevation 63 m in the center of the area. The central high ground surface is due to landfilling. From the landfill mound ground slopes downward to the north, south and east. South of the transitway, the ground surface slopes



gently from a high of about elevation 64 m at the western end to a low of about elevation 58 m along the parking lot access road.



Figure 3.2: Ground surface elevation contours for a portion of the site to the west of the Nepean Bay (Geofirma 2019 report)

4.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

4.1 GENERAL

Detailed descriptions of the subsurface soil and bedrock conditions are presented on the Borehole Records and Bedrock Core Log provided in Appendix C.

The stratigraphic boundaries on the borehole records are inferred from non-continuous sampling and, therefore, represent transitions between soil types rather than exact boundaries between geological units. The borehole records depict conditions encountered at the specific locations drilled. The subsurface soil and groundwater



conditions between boreholes and/or at locations away from the borehole locations will vary from those indicated on the borehole records.

It is noted that information provided in the following sections is intended to summarize the conditions encountered; however, the borehole records provided in Appendix C should be used as the primary source of the subsurface information for the site.

A summary of the subsurface conditions encountered in the boreholes is provided in the following sections. The site has been divided into 4 portions with generally similar subsurface conditions. The site divisions identified as the North Portion, East Portion, South Portion and West Portion are shown on the Borehole Location Plan provided in Appendix B.

4.2 OVERBURDEN

North Portion of Site

Generally, a slightly weathered limestone bedrock was encountered at ground surface at the borehole locations (MW13-1 to MW13-6, MW13-10 to MW13-15, and BH11-21). At other borehole locations, the bedrock was encountered at 2.7 m to 4.8 m depth (or elevations of 50.9 m to 52.4 m). The bedrock contains thin interbeds of dark shale and the rock quality generally increase to good to excellent with depth.

The overburden was removed from the land parcels where a remedial program was completed. A silty sand fill and gravel is overlying the bedrock surface at a small section, where Preston Street formerly extended to the Sir John A. Macdonald Parkway. The buried aqueduct runs from west to east at this portion of the site, the cover material consisted of a silty sand with gravel and cobbles fill material.

South Portion of Site

Boreholes located along Albert Street and south of the transitway alignment generally encountered a loose to compact silty sand fill layer containing gravel, cobbles, boulders, construction debris, such as brick, wood, slag, and ashes. The fill layer was generally underlain by a compact to very dense fluvial deposit of gravel, cobbles and boulders within a silty fine sand soil matrix. However, loose/very loose sand/silty sand was encountered at several boreholes.

A silty clay and clayey silt deposit was encountered underlying the fill material between the old Preston Street extension and former Broad Street. A thin deposit of peat was also encountered at some borehole locations.

Bedrock surface is variable in this portion of the site and bedrock was encountered at 3.5 m to 9.2 m depth (or between elevation 48.1 m and elevation 51.9 m) at borehole locations within this area. The bedrock surface appears to be deeper toward the east within this portion of site.

West Portion of Site

The former Nepean Bay landfill was located at the west portion of the site. A layer of silty sand and gravel fill with various amount of debris, including wood, brick and plastic was encounter at borehole locations in this portion of the site. The fill layer is up to 12 m thick in the central portion of the former landfill and could be as high as 19 m at landfill



mounds (Geofirma 2019). The approximate footprint of the former landfill is shown on Drawing No.1 in Appendix C. To the south of the transitway the fill layer is generally 1.5 m to 4.9 m thick.

The fill material was underlain by a variety of deposits. To the north of the transitway, a (0.1 m to 1.5 m thick) peat deposit was encountered at four boreholes (BHW-09, BHW-11, BHW-15, and MW01-7). A firm to stiff silty clay deposit was encountered underlying the fill material in borehole BH10-04 and BH11-17. A compact native grey fluvial deposit of sand, gravel, cobbles and boulders within a silt sand soil matrix was encountered underlying the fill material at the rest of boreholes. Loose/very loose sand/silty sand was encountered at several boreholes. Cobbles and boulders were encountered in some boreholes located south of the transitway (e.g. below 8.5 m at BH10-01, below 4.2 m at BH10-05, and below 3.2 m at BH11-09).

Bedrock, described as a highly weathered black shale, was encountered in some borehole locations in this portion of the site. The bedrock was encountered at 3.7 m to 15.4 m depth (or between elevation 45.0 m to elevation 50.8 m) at borehole locations to the north of the transitway within this portion of the site. To the south of the transitway, the bedrock was encountered at 5.6 m to 11.0 m depth (or between elevation 46.5 m and elevation 50.0 m). No bedrock coring was carried out in boreholes to the west of the City Center Avenue.

East Portion of Site

Generally, a silty sand fill layer overlying a compact native glacial till or bedrock was encountered at boreholes at the east portion of the site, to the east of Booth Street and North of Fleet Street. The bedrock was encountered at 2.2 m to 3.8 m depth (or between elevation 51.5 m to elevation 53.2 m) at the borehole locations within this portion.

At the block situated east of Booth Street and to the south of the open aqueduct, fill material overlain bedrock. Bedrock was cored at one borehole (MW13-8) at 4.9 m (or elevation of 51.0 m). Fill material (3.0 to 4.6 m thick) overlying till were encountered at boreholes located at the parcels situated between Slater Street and Albert Street.

4.3 BEDROCK

Bedrock was proven by rock coring at several boreholes at the site. Bedrock surface depth/elevation encountered along with the measured RQD values are presented in Appendix D. A summary of bedrock surface depth/elevation is presented in the following table. Based on the data provided in the table:

- the bedrock depth ranges from 0 m (existing ground surface) to about 16.6 m below ground surface.
- the bedrock surface was encountered between approximate elevations of 45.0 m and 59.4 m.

Depths/elevations of auger refusal (or split-spoon refusal) encountered at boreholes are also included in the table. Split-spoon driving refusal or auger refusal may be due to the presence of cobbles and boulders or due to the presence of bedrock.

The bedrock encountered in boreholes consisted slightly weathered to fresh, very poor to excellent quality (with Rock Quality Designation, RQD, of zero to 100%), of either limestone with interbedded shale or shale. The RQD reflects the degree of fracturing which is an expression of the cumulated length of the rock pieces longer than 100 mm. The bedrock is generally slightly weathered at and near surface and rock quality increases with depth. Results of two Unconfirmed Compressive Strength (UCS) tests on rock specimens are reported on the available record of



boreholes: 75.9 MPa (7.4 m depth, BH13-7) and 127.9 MPa (9.6 m depth, MW13-8). Based on these results, the limestone bedrock at the site could be classified as strong to very strong.

Table 4.1: Summary of the Encountered Bedrock Surface and Auger (or Split-Spoon) Refusal Depth/Elevation and Measured RQD Values

Location	-	Bedrock Surface Depth (m)	Bedrock Surface Elevation (m)
North Portion the Site	Minimum	0.0	50.2
	Maximum	5.5	55.1
	Average	1.3	53.0
South Portion of the Site	Minimum	3.1	48.1
	Maximum	10.1	53.9
	Average	5.3	51.4
East Portion of the Site	Minimum	2.2	51.0
	Maximum	10.0	59.4
	Average	4.8	55.6
West Portion of the Site	Minimum	1.6	45.0
	Maximum	16.6	59.4
	Average	7.7	49.6

4.4 GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS

Several monitoring wells were installed in boreholes previously advanced at the site. The groundwater levels measured in these monitoring and observed during drilling (inferred groundwater level) are provided in Appendix D and are summarized in the following table.

Table 4.2: Summary of Groundwater Levels

Location	-	Groundwater Depth (m)	Groundwater Elevation (m)
North Portion the Site	Minimum	1.1	49.2
	Maximum	6.7	52.3
	Average	3.7	51.4
East Portion of the Site	Minimum	2.1	51.4
	Maximum	5.0	59.6
	Average	3.5	52.9
West Portion of the Site	Minimum	1.7	52.1
	Maximum	9.8	54.1
	Average	5.6	53.1

Based on the data presented in the preceding table, the groundwater elevation range between 49.2 m to 59.6 m at the site. The groundwater was measured at depths between 1.1 m to 9.8 m.

It should be noted that fluctuations in the groundwater levels should be anticipated during and following periods of sustained precipitation and snowmelt as well as throughout the various seasons. As well, lower water levels would be expected during severe drought conditions.



Considering the vicinity of the site to the Ottawa River, the groundwater level at the site should be expected to be affected by the stage elevation of the river. Based on the data provided by Ottawa River Regulation Planning Board¹, the river water level at upstream and downstream of the site are as follows:

Table 4.3: Stage Elevation of the Ottawa River

Stage Elevation of the Ottawa River.	On 2024-01-03	Historic Low	Historic High
Lake Deschenes at Britannia (upstream of the site)	58.3 m	57.4 m - 58.1 m	60.7 m – 58.5 m
Gatineau/Hull (downstream of the site)	41.7 m	41.6 m - 40.9 m	41.6 m – 45.2 m

5.0 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This section provides preliminary engineering input related to the geotechnical design aspects of the proposed development based on our interpretation of the available subsurface information described herein and our understanding of the project requirements.

The discussion and recommendations presented in the following sections of this report are intended to provide the designers with preliminary information for planning and design purposes only. Contractors bidding on or undertaking the works should examine the factual results of the investigation, satisfy themselves as to the adequacy of the information for construction, and make their own interpretation of the data as it affects their proposed construction techniques, schedule, safety, and equipment capabilities.

The following geotechnical input is based on the information that was available at the time of writing this report. As not all details (e.g., final building configurations and site grades, structural loads etc.) related to the proposed development were available at the time of preparation of this report, all geotechnical comments and input provided herein should be reviewed and revised, as required, as the design progresses and once the final plans become available.

5.1 USING SITE DATA

This geotechnical desktop study is based on the existing/available record of 128 boreholes advanced at the site between 1992 and 2018. This study is preliminary, and the recommendations provided in this report are general in nature and are provided for planning purposes. Considering that this review report is intended for a Plan of Subdivision application, the existing information is deemed sufficient. The provided recommendations and comments should be confirmed prior to use for final design purposes by conducting a supplementary geotechnical investigation. The requirements for a supplementary geotechnical investigation are discussed in Section 7 of this report.

The available borehole data provide information on the depth/elevation and consistency/relative density of native deposits and existing fill layers. These data are sufficient to provide preliminary geotechnical resistance recommendations for shallow footings.

¹ <https://ottawariver.ca/conditions/>



The existing borehole data included bedrock coring data which provide information on bedrock surface depth/elevation, bedrock type, quality, and conditions that are applicable to current site conditions. These data are used in the design of shallow and deep foundation options.

The groundwater levels/depths measured in the monitoring well installed at the site or inferred groundwater levels at the time of the drilling are also provided on the existing record of boreholes. These data were compiled and the groundwater elevation ranges were determined for each portion of the site and are used in the development of the geotechnical model and foundation design. It should be noted that considering the vicinity of the site to the Ottawa River, the groundwater level at the site should be expected to be affected by the stage elevation of the river.

In summary, the existing borehole data at the site are sufficient to provide general geotechnical comments and recommendations. A geotechnical field investigation should be carried out for each of the properties after the development details such as building locations are determined. The investigation should include, boreholes, groundwater monitoring program and a laboratory testing program.

5.2 KEY GEOTECHNICAL ISSUES

Key geotechnical issues that require consideration for this project include the following:

- The bedrock was encountered at depths varying from 0 (at ground surface) to 16.6 m at borehole locations at the site.
- The subsurface at the site is consisted of either bedrock or fill and/or native soils overlying bedrock. The proposed buildings could be founded on conventional shallow footings placed on an approved competent native soil subgrade or sound bedrock bearing surface. Where higher geotechnical capacity is required, consideration could be given to deep foundation (caisson, steel pipe or h-pile on bedrock, or micropiles socketed into bedrock): The preferred foundation options for each portion of the site is provided in Table 5.2.
- The overburden at site includes topsoil, fill, occasionally peat deposit and native soils. Topsoil, peat deposit, and all fills mixed with topsoil and organic soils should be removed from the proposed building footprint and paved areas.
- The former Nepean Bay landfill was located at the west portion of the site. Based on the LeBreton Flats Master Concept plan, this portion of site will be redeveloped to a park Districts. As such, building construction is not expected within the former landfill area. Significant debris and waste (including concrete, ash, mortar, wood, wood chips/fragments, glass, brick, slag, asphalt, plastic, rubber, metal, coal, and construction debris of former roadways, buildings, and sidewalks) were found within the fill material across the site.
- As part of the site preparation works, fill material and loose/very loose native soils which is not suitable for founding foundation and construction of slab-on-grade, need to be removed from the building footprint. Alternatively, in-situ densification of soils at the site via shallow surface compaction or dynamic compaction could be considered. Dynamic compaction ground improvement techniques (such as Deep Dynamic Compaction or Rapid Impact Compaction) are effective for compacting fills as well as loose native sandy or relatively free-draining soils.
- Considering the presence of bedrock at ground surface and shallow depths, bedrock removal may be required to construct the proposed underground levels and utilities. Depending on the quantities of bedrock to be removed, hoe ramming (where only small need to be removed) or line drilling and controlled blasting (where large quantities of bedrock need to be removed) is recommended.
- The blasting operations should be planned and completed under the guidance of a professional engineer with experience in blasting operations. Critical infrastructure sensitive to vibrations is present within and near the site, such as the aqueducts, Fleet Street Water Pumping Station, City of Ottawa High-Pressure Transmission Watermain, City of Ottawa Low-Pressure Transmission Watermain and several large diameter sewers. Vibration monitoring will be required during construction.



- It should be anticipated that an underslab drainage system will be required to control groundwater, particularly during wet seasons, where basement/underground floors are proposed.
- It is recommended that a groundwater monitoring program be implemented to help assess variability in the groundwater levels at the site.
- The silty overburden soils at the site are typically expected to be highly frost susceptible. All foundations founded on frost-susceptible materials should be provided with a minimum of 1.8 m of earth cover or equivalent insulation for frost protection purposes. The bedrock at site could be considered non-frost susceptible provided that the weathered or loose bedrock are removed.
- The liquefaction assessment indicates that a 1.3 m to 1.6 m thick portion of native deposits at the site is considered susceptible to liquefaction at five borehole locations (BH10-1, BH10-2, BH11-18, BH11-19, and BH11-29). Earthquake-induced settlements in the order of 90 mm to 200 mm should be anticipated. For building structures supported on deep foundations, these settlements would apply only to non-pile supported elements, such as the basement floor slab. Shallow foundations are not recommended where soils are considered susceptible to liquefaction. To improve soil resistance against liquefaction consideration could be given to in-situ densification of soils at the site.
- Generally, where liquifiable soils are present, a Site Class F is applicable to the site. If in-situ densification of site soil is conducted, the seismic site class designation could be reviewed based on the results of the final verification testing of the in-situ densification.
- Where soils are not susceptible to liquefaction, the applicable seismic site class to each portion of site is as follows:
 - For the East and North Portions of Site: Where the footing will be placed on bedrock or if the underside of the footings are located within 3 m of the bedrock surface, Site Class 'B' is recommended. If there is more than 3 metres of softer materials present above the bedrock, the use of a Site Class 'C' designation is recommended.
 - For the South Portion of Site: Where the footing will be placed on bedrock or if the underside of the footings are located within 3 m of the bedrock surface, Site Class 'B' is recommended. If there is more than 3 metres of softer materials present above the bedrock, the use of a Site Class 'D' designation is recommended.
 - For the West Portion of Site, the use of a Site Class 'D' designation is recommended.
 - Geophysical testing could be carried out to measure the in-situ shear wave velocity of the subsurface soils and bedrock at the site to potentially improve the recommended Seismic Site Class.

The following sections incorporate the above-mentioned key geotechnical issues.

Based on a recent Methane Monitoring Report for the site (2023 Semi-Annual Nepean Bay Methane Monitoring Report, Former Nepean Bay Landfill, Ottawa, Ontario, NCC Property Asset Numbers 96030 and 96129, prepared by Geofirma, dated January 19, 2024), elevated methane concentrations (above the lower explosive limit, LEL) have been recorded on some monitoring well locations at the site since methane monitoring programs have begun in 1998. The detailed design will need to evaluate the risk of landfill gases presence at the site.

5.3 GEOTECHNICAL MODEL

Based on a compilation of all geotechnical data and testing carried out at the site as presented on the Borehole Records and geotechnical laboratory testing (grain size analyses, Atterberg limits, and moisture contents) carried out at the site. The soil parameters provided in the following table were estimated and were used for geotechnical design in the following section of the report.



Table 5.1: Soil and Bedrock Parameters

Soil/Rock Type	Design Parameters		
	Total Unit Weight, γ (kN/m ³)	Friction Angle, ϕ' (°)	Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (kPa)
Fill	19	30	-
Clay	19	-	50
Till (generally compact to very dense silty sand)	20	30	-
Limestone with interbedded shale or Shale Bedrock ⁽¹⁾	26	UCS = 70 MPa	

Notes:

¹ The bedrock depth ranges from 0 m (existing ground surface) to about 16.6 m below ground surface. The bedrock surface was encountered between approximate elevations of 45.0 m and 59.4 m.

² The groundwater level within the site was approximately 1.1 m to 9.8 m below the ground surface (or at approximate elevations of 49.2 m to 59.6 m).

5.4 SEISMIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

5.4.1 Liquefaction Potential

Loose/very loose sand/silty sand was encountered at several boreholes in southern and west portion of the site (generally south of the transitway between Booth Street and City Center Avenue). Generally, this material if saturated is prone to liquefaction.

The potential liquefaction of the site native soils under seismic loading conditions was assessed using the analysis methodology suggested by Idriss and Boulanger (2008)⁴. The evaluation was completed based on the SPT resistance values (SPT-N values with depth) from the boreholes and based on the following:

- A Site Adjusted PGA of 0.281g.
- An earthquake magnitude of 6.3.

The formulation by Idriss and Boulanger (2008)² compare the earthquake induced cyclic stress ratios (CSR) with the cyclic resistance ratios (CRR) of the soil based on the soil SPT-values. These formulations are discussed in detail in Idriss and Boulanger (2008) with an example illustrated on Page 118 (subsection 3.14).

The factor of Safety values were calculated based on the recorded SPT-N values within the native soils from the different boreholes. The assessment indicates that the native soils are considered susceptible to liquefaction (factor of safety against liquefaction of less than one) at the following depths and locations:

- From 4.3 m to 7.5 m at BH10-1
- From 4.0 m to 7.6 m at BH10-2
- From 4.3 m to 4.9 m, 5.5 m to 6.8 m, and 7.3 m to 8.5 m at BH11-18
- From 4.9 to 7.2 m at BH11-19
- From 1.7 m to 2.4 m and 3.0 m to 3.6 m at BH11-29

² Idriss, I.M. and Boulanger, R.W. (2008). "Soil Liquefaction During Earthquakes", Earthquake Engineering Research Institute, Monograph MNO-12, 2008



As a result of liquefaction, earthquake-induced settlements in the order of 90 mm to 200 mm should be anticipated. For building structures supported on deep foundations, these settlements would apply only to non-pile supported elements, such as the basement floor slab. Shallow foundations are not recommended where soils are considered susceptible to liquefaction (factor of safety against liquefaction of less than one) at the following depths and locations.

Moreover, thin layers of loose sand/silty sand was encountered at several boreholes (such as BH92-C1, BH10-17, BH10-20, MW3-23, BH10-05, BH11-06, BH11-14, BH11-15, BH11-17, BH11-18, BH11-20A, BH11-22, and BH11-28) which should be considered susceptible to liquefaction; however, since the thickness of liquifiable layer is 0.6 m to 0.8 m, the manifestation of liquefaction at surface is less likely and post-liquefaction settlement is expected to be limited.

It should be noted the above assessment was carried out only on native soils, existing loose to very loose sand or silty sand fill, if saturated, will be susceptible to liquefaction at the site.

5.4.1.1 Considerations For In-situ Densification

To improve soil resistance against liquefaction consideration could be given to in-situ densification of soils at the site. Dynamic compaction is a ground improvement technique that is effective for compacting fills as well as loose native soils. The main advantages offered by the process are its low cost, rapidity of execution, and applicability to a large variety of constructed fills and loose natural sandy or relatively free-draining soils. Caution should be applied with other soils.

Dynamic compaction requires a controlled application of dynamic stresses to the ground surface. Dynamic compaction can produce significant vibration outside the treatment area. The effect of this induced vibration on structures must be considered during design.

Deep dynamic compaction (DDC)

One method of dynamic compaction is Deep Dynamic Compaction (DDC) with drop weights, which involves using a crane to drop weights of between 5 to 30 tons, from heights of up to 30 m. DDC compacts to depths of as much as 8–10 m. This technique is best suited to large, open sites where few obstructions are present.

The vibrations caused by dynamic compaction can potentially be detrimental to existing structures. Therefore, it's crucial to conduct a thorough analysis and take necessary precautions when performing dynamic compaction near existing structures to mitigate potential damage. This might include monitoring vibration levels, adjusting the compaction process as needed, and implementing mitigation measures if necessary.

During its execution, the process should be continuously monitored to evaluate the degree of soil improvement being achieved and for other environmental considerations such as potential damage to nearby structures and annoyance to surrounding population from vibrations and noise. Earthworks carried out to level the site after each phase and to replace non-compactable materials with suitable soils are also part of the operation. Final verification testing to ensure that the specification requirements have been fulfilled must be performed upon completion of the treatment.

Rapid impact compaction (RIC)

Rapid impact compaction (RIC) follows the same principles as DDC but utilizes smaller equipment and a faster construction technique that results in compaction depths of up to 6 m. RIC involves the use of a hydraulic



hammer/weight, typically 7.5–12 tonnes, which is dropped from 0.3 to 2 m onto a 1.5–2.0 m diameter plate at a rate of about 40–60 blows per minute.

Like DDC, RIC can produce noise and vibration; however, generally at a higher frequency (lower damage criteria), resulting in a shorter distance propagation than that produced by DDC. An assessment of influence and a vibration study are prudent measures when employing dynamic methods such as DDC and RIC.

Vibration studies involve the identification of the typical zone of influence of a given technique and then, applying a factor of safety, identifying the various receptors, structures, or stakeholder property in the factored zone of influence and determining if further steps are needed, such as site- and structure-specific vibration monitoring during compaction work.

5.4.2 Seismic Site Class

The seismic Site Class value, as defined in Section 4.1.8.4 of the 2012 Ontario Building Code (OBC), contains a seismic analysis and design methodology which uses a seismic site response and site classification system defined by the shear stiffness of the upper 30 m of the ground below the foundation level. There are six site classes (from A to F), decreasing in stiffness from A (hard rock) to E (soft soil); Site Class F denotes problematic soils for which a site-specific evaluation is required.

Generally, where liquifiable soils are present, such as discussed in the previous section, a Site Class F is applicable to the site. Liquifiable soils (more than 0.8 m in thickness) were observed in five boreholes (BH10-1, BH10-2, BH11-18, BH11-19, and BH11-29), and the liquifiable thickness was up to 2.6 m. Considering that the thickness and extend of the liquifiable soil is limited, a site-specific response analysis is not necessary and a Site Class E could be considered in design. If in-situ densification of site soil is conducted, the seismic site class designation could be reviewed based on the results of the final verification testing of the in-situ densification.

The bedrock was encountered at depths varying from 0 (at ground surface) to 16.6 m at borehole locations at the site. Where the footing will be placed on bedrock or if the underside of the footings are located within 3 m of the bedrock surface (i.e. there is 3 metres or less of soil between the bedrock surface and the bottom of the footings), Site Class 'B' is recommended.

Geophysical testing (using the multi-channel analysis of surface waves (MASW) method) could be carried out to measure the in-situ shear wave velocity of the subsurface soils and bedrock at the site to potentially improve the recommended Seismic Site Class.

The seismic site class applicable to the North Portion, East Portion, South Portion and West Portion of the site is discussed in the following paragraphs.

North Portion of Site

Bedrock was generally encountered at ground surface or at 2.7 m to 4.8 m depth at borehole locations. Where the footing will be placed on bedrock or if the underside of the footings are located within 3 m of the bedrock surface (i.e. there is 3 metres or less of soil between the bedrock surface and the bottom of the footings), Site Class 'B' is recommended. If there is more than 3 metres of softer materials (not susceptible to liquefaction) present above the bedrock, the use of a Site Class 'C' designation is recommended.



South Portion of Site

Bedrock surface is variable in this portion of the site and appears to be deeper toward the east within this portion of site. Bedrock was encountered at 3.5 m to 9.2 m depth at borehole locations within this area. Native soil overlain the bedrock generally consisted of a compact to very dense fluvial deposit of gravel, cobbles and boulders within a silty fine sand soil matrix. However, loose/very loose sand/silty sand was encountered at several boreholes

Where the footing will be placed on bedrock or if the underside of the footings are located within 3 m of the bedrock surface (i.e. there is 3 metres or less of soil between the bedrock surface and the bottom of the footings), Site Class 'B' is recommended. If there is more than 3 metres of softer materials (not susceptible to liquefaction) present above the bedrock, the use of a Site Class 'D' designation is recommended.

West Portion of Site - South of the Transitway

To the south of the transitway, the bedrock was encountered at 5.6 m to 11.0 m depth. Considering that loose to compact silty sand and sand deposit was encountered at several borehole within this area of the site, the use of a Site Class 'D' designation is recommended.

A seismic site class cannot be specified for the area to the west of the City Center Avenue as bedrock surface depth was not confirmed by coring in boreholes advanced within this area.

West Portion of Site - South of the Transitway

The bedrock was encountered at 3.7 m to 15.4 m depth at borehole locations to the north of the transitway within this portion of the site. The use of a Site Class 'D' designation is recommended.

East Portion of Site

The bedrock was encountered at 2.2 m to 3.8 m depth at the borehole locations to the east of Booth Street and North of Fleet Street. At the block situated east of Booth Street and to the south of the open aqueduct, bedrock was cored at one borehole (MW13-8) at 4.9 m.

Where the footing will be placed on bedrock or if the underside of the footings are located within 3 m of the bedrock surface (i.e. there is 3 metres or less of soil between the bedrock surface and the bottom of the footings), Site Class 'B' is recommended. If there is more than 3 metres of softer materials (not susceptible to liquefaction) present above the bedrock, the use of a Site Class 'C' designation is recommended.

No borehole was located at the parcels situated between Slater Street and Albert Street. Consequently, a seismic site class cannot be specified for those parcels.

5.5 FROST PENETRATION

The frost penetration depth for foundation design at this site is 1.8 m. All foundations founded on frost-susceptible materials should be provided with a minimum of 1.8 meters of earth cover or equivalent insulation for frost protection purposes.



It is noted that the above frost penetration depth is applicable only to foundation design. Short period deeper frost penetrations, which would have little impacts on foundations, may occur. The typical soil cover for watermain construction is 2.4 m below ground surface in the City of Ottawa.

Exterior slabs-on-grade or slabs-on-grade within unheated areas will also be subject to the risk of heave and deformation/cracking due to frost. Consideration could be given to use rigid insulation to protect structures against frost action; however appropriate frost tapers would need to be incorporated at the ends of the insulation.

The bedrock at site could be considered non-frost susceptible provided that the weathered or loose bedrock are removed.

5.6 SITE PREPARATION

Buildings Footprint

Beneath all building and foundations, all existing surficial topsoil, vegetation, peat/organic material, fill material and/or other deleterious materials (e.g., any loose, wet, and/or otherwise disturbed native materials) should be removed.

Since a relative thick layer of fill materials was encountered at borehole locations in the west and south portions of the site, consideration could be given to conducting soil improvement (such as in-situ densification) to improve the site soils instead of mass fill removal and replacement. Verification tests should be carried to approve improved soil areas as subgrade.

The prepared subgrade soils will require inspection by geotechnical personnel prior to structural fill placement to verify all unsuitable material has been removed.

Beneath all buildings and foundations, site grades should then be raised, if needed, using Structural Fill consisting of Ontario Provincial Standard Specification (OPSS) Granular B Type I or II materials that are placed in lifts no thicker than 300 mm and compacted to at least 100% of the material's Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD). The final layer of fill should consist of OPSS Granular A materials with a minimum thickness of 300 mm beneath the floor slabs and 200 mm in other areas, excluding basement areas where a drainage system will be required.

Pavement Areas

Beneath pavement areas, all existing surficial topsoil, vegetation, peat/organic material, and other deleterious materials should be removed. Fill material, free of deleterious material, can be left in place and surface compacted to act as a subgrade for the proposed paved areas. However, where layers of fill material are thick (such as the south and west portions of the site) and surface compaction is not effective, consideration could be given to conducting soil improvement (such as in-situ densification) to improve the site soils instead of mass fill removal and replacement. Verification tests should be carried to approve improved soil areas as subgrade.

Beneath pavement and sidewalks, site grades should be raised using OPSS Select Subgrade Material (SSM) compacted in lifts not exceeding 300 mm to 95% of the material's Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD)



Engineered Fill Placement

The placement of all engineered fill materials should be monitored on a full-time basis by qualified and experienced geotechnical personnel under the supervision of a geotechnical engineer, with the authority to stop the placement of fill at any time when conditions are unacceptable.

All fill materials imported to the site must meet all applicable municipal, provincial, and federal guidelines and requirements associated with environmental characterization of the materials.

Imported fill materials should be tested and approved by a geotechnical engineering firm prior to delivery/use. Monitoring of fill placement and in situ compaction testing should be carried out to confirm that all fill is placed and compacted to the required degree.

5.6.1 Site Drainage and Subgrade Protection

The contractor should be responsible for protecting the subgrade soils from disturbance due to construction traffic. This may require that construction access routes are temporarily overbuilt (i.e., provided with increased granular fill) and/or geotextiles are provided between the granular fill and the subgrade surface.

The clayey/silty soils are susceptible to disturbance due to wet weather and/or construction traffic. Therefore, it is critical to control surface water run-off to prevent pounding of water and/or softening of the underlying soils. The prepared subgrade surface for the site should be shaped to prevent pounding of water. Preparation of subgrade should be scheduled such that the protective cover of overlying granular materials or concrete is placed as quickly as possible after subgrade approval by the geotechnical engineer.

The finished grades should provide surface drainage away from all structures. Within 2 m of structures, the exterior should be graded to slope away from the structure at a sufficient gradient. A gradient of 2% should be used wherever possible.

It should be noted that the surface drainage within the site should be collected and directed towards a storm water management system.

5.6.2 Grade Raise Restriction

A silty clay/clayey silt deposit was encountered at several boreholes, especially at the southern portion. The silty clay/clayey silt deposit was described to have a generally firm to stiff consistency and is 0.3 m 1.5 m. Considering the consistency and thickness of this deposit, the potential settlement of the silty clay/clayey silt deposit at this site due to the placement of the any site grade fill materials is not expected to be significant.

However, in-situ measurement of undrained shear strength of silty clay/clayey silt deposit using field vane test and laboratory testing (plasticity limits and consolidation testing) of silty clay/clayey silt samples are required to assess the compressibility of this deposit and calculation of the potential settlement of due to the placement of any site grade fill.

Large settlements may occur if site grade fills are placed where peat was encountered in boreholes (e.g. BHW-009 BHW-11, BHW-015, MW01-7, etc.)



5.7 FOUNDATION DESIGN

Considering the subsurface conditions encountered at the borehole locations, the foundation options are as follows:

- Shallow footings placed on an approved competent native soil subgrade or sound bedrock bearing surface.
- Deep foundations; The following deep foundation options could be considered.

Driven piles: applicability depend on the bedrock depth (for axially loaded piles, the minimum driven length is typically considered to be 5 m)

Micro-piles: applicable throughout

Caissons: applicable throughout

Considering the presence of relatively thick fill layers at some location at the site and high load expected for the multi-story building, shallow foundation may not be an option throughout the site. Deep foundation systems are considered technically feasible for the proposed development at this site. The buildings could be supported on deep foundations transferring the foundation loads through the fill layers, down to the bedrock surface.

Table 5.2: Preferred Foundation Options

Location	Preferred Foundation Options	
	Shallow Foundations	Deep Foundations
North Portion of Site	On Bedrock	Micro-piles or Caissons
South Portion of Site	On Competent Native Soils	Caissons or Micro-piles
West Portion of Site (north of the transitway)	-	Micro-piles or Caissons (where the bedrock surface is below 5 m depth)
West Portion of Site (south of the transitway)	On Competent Native Soils	Driven Piles or Caisson (where cobbles/boulders may be present in overburden)
East Portion of Site	On Bedrock or Competent Native Soils	Micro-piles or Caissons

5.7.1 Shallow Foundations

5.7.1.1 Geotechnical Bearing Resistances

Based on the subsurface conditions encountered at the boreholes previously advanced at the site, shallow foundations founded on competent native soil (compact to very dense silt sand/sand/till deposit or stiff silty clay/clayey silt), sound bedrock surface, or on structural fill constructed on these natural materials could be considered for buildings at the site; all existing fill materials, disturbed/unsuitable native soils, weathered bedrock will need to be removed as discussed in Section 5.6.

The geotechnical resistance calculations for shallow footings were carried out according to the Canadian Manual of Foundation Engineering, considering a non-inclined and non-eccentric load, for foundations buried at the frost penetration depth or deeper.

The values of the geotechnical bearing resistance (bearing capacity) at the Ultimate Limit States (ULS) and the Serviceability Limit States (SLS), presented in the following table, are recommended for the design of the



foundations founded on the compact to very dense till deposit, stiff silty clay/clayey silt, or on the sound bedrock surface. Alternatively, the building foundations could be founded on structural fill placed on the native soil or bedrock.

Table 5.3: Geotechnical Resistance for Shallow Footings on Competent Native Granular Soils

Footing Type and Width (m)	Minimum Footing Embedment Below Floor Slab Surface (m)	Factored Geotechnical Resistance at SLS (kPa)	Geotechnical Resistance at ULS (kPa)
Square Footings			
0.9 to 2.5	0.9	220	220
	1.8	250	430
Strip Footings			
0.6 to 1.5	0.9	160	160
	1.8	220	290

Table 5.4: Geotechnical Resistance for Shallow Footings on Competent Native Cohesive Soils

Footing Type and Width (m)	Minimum Footing Embedment Below Floor Slab Surface (m)	Factored Geotechnical Resistance at SLS (kPa)	Geotechnical Resistance at ULS (kPa)
Square Footings			
0.9 to 2.5	0.9	180	180
	1.8	180	200
Strip Footings			
0.6 to 1.5	0.9	160	160
	1.8	160	180

Foundations founded on the sound bedrock surface could be designed based on factored geotechnical resistance of 1,000 kPa at ULS conditions for square and strip footings ($0.6 \leq \text{footing width} \leq 5.0$). Rock settlement is considered negligible (less than 10 mm) and the total settlement should correspond to the elastic deformation of the rock mass and for this reason the SLS resistance is not applicable.

Both ULS and SLS factored bearing resistance are based on the unfactored strength properties of the soils. The ULS bearing resistance does not account for inclined or eccentric loading conditions. The ULS values include a resistance factor of 0.5. The geotechnical reaction at SLS typically corresponds to a maximum total settlement of 25 mm and a maximum differential settlement of 20 mm.

The geotechnical resistances in the above tables are provided for the range of footing widths and the minimum footing embedment depths (below the floor slab surface) listed in the above table. Additional input should be provided by the geotechnical engineer if the foundation sizes or embedment depths are outside of the ranges outlined above.

The native soils could be highly susceptible to disturbance by construction activity especially during wet or freezing weather. Care should be taken to preserve the integrity of the materials as bearing strata. It is essential that the founding level for the footings be inspected by the geotechnical engineer prior to placing concrete. If the concrete for the footings on the native soil cannot be placed immediately after excavation and inspection, it is recommended that a working mat of lean concrete be placed in the excavation to protect the integrity of the bearing stratum.



The unfactored horizontal resistance to sliding of the spread foundations may be calculated using the following unfactored coefficients of friction:

- 0.55 between Structural fill materials and cast-in-place concrete
- 0.40 between native (silty till or cohesive) soil and cast-in-place concrete

In accordance with Table 8.1 of the Canadian Foundation Engineering Manual 4th Edition (CFEM), a resistance factor (ϕ) against sliding of 0.8 should be applied to obtain the factored sliding resistance at ULS.

5.7.1.2 Soil-Bedrock Transition

It should be noted that where footings of a building may cross between subgrade types (i.e. between soil and bedrock), some differential settlement may occur. Such settlements should be accounted for through structural design. Therefore, it may be preferable to have all foundations extend to a bedrock subgrade or on the overburden, in order to avoid potential differential settlements.

Each foundation should be founded on one subgrade material only to limit the differential settlement. Given the variability of rock level, if this is not practical and part of the foundations would be on rock, soil-rock transitions will be required to limit the risk of excessive differential settlement. The transition consists of profiling the bedrock with a slope of 1V:5H and profiling the soils with a slope of 1V:3H, to reach a depth of 600 mm at their contact with the projected level of the foundations. The excavation must be filled with a structural granular material to promote the gradual development of settlements. This backfill should be composed of OPSS Granular A or B Type II materials placed in layers of 300 mm compacted to at least 100% of material's SPMDD. The width of the subexcavation should be at least the proposed footing width plus 0.5 m.

5.7.1.3 Foundation Wall Backfill

To avoid problems with frost adhesion and heaving, foundation walls in these areas should be backfilled with non-frost susceptible granular fill meeting the gradation requirements of OPSS Granular B Type I materials. The fill should be placed in maximum 300-millimetre thick lifts and should be compacted to at least 98 percent of the material's SPMDD using suitable vibratory compaction equipment.

In areas where hard surfacing (e.g., concrete slabs, sidewalks) surround the building, differential frost heaving will occur between the granular fill backfill zone and other areas. To reduce this differential heaving, a frost taper of the granular backfill is recommended. The frost taper should extend up from 1.2 meters below finished exterior grade (at the foundation wall) at a slope of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical, or flatter, to the surface level.

Exterior grades should be sloped away from the building to prevent ponding of water around the buildings.

5.7.2 Piled Foundations

Depth to bedrock is variable at the site. For axially loaded piles, the minimum driven length is typically considered to be 5 m. As such, driven piled foundations are considered suitable only for portion of the building area where bedrock surface is deeper than 5 m. Where the bedrock is shallower than 5 m or presence of cobble and/or boulder could create heavy driving resistances, impede pile driving, or damage the piles, drilled piles (socketed to bedrock) could be considered.



Suitable pile types for driving would be concrete filled steel pipe piles (driven closed-ended) or H-piles, with the piles end-bearing on bedrock. The piles should be driven to practical refusal within the very dense till or on the bedrock surface. The piles should attain refusal reaching the surface of the bedrock; however, some limited penetration of the piles into the weathered bedrock may occur. Considering the presence of cobbles and boulders in the native till deposit in the South and West portions of the site, some of piles may attain refusal on cobbles or boulders within the till deposit.

Where the quality of the bedrock near surface is poor and/or till (which potentially contains cobbles and/or boulders) is present, it is recommended that rock-points, such as the Titus rock injector points be included to protect the pile tips.

For piles attaining refusal at or slightly below the bedrock surface, settlement at the toe will be negligible and the total pile head settlement will correspond to the elastic deformation of the piles. The ultimate limit states (ULS) axial geotechnical resistance in compression of piles driven to refusal on bedrock (or slightly within) at this site should be considered to be the structural capacity of the pile. For piles driven to refusal within the till deposit, generally, the ULS axial geotechnical resistance in compression is considered to be 80% of the structural capacity of pile.

Due to stresses imposed by the pile driving methods and to avoid damaging the steel during driving, it is recommended that the ULS geotechnical resistance be limited to 140 N/mm² of the steel cross-sectional area of the piles. In the case where pipe piles are to be filled with concrete and the pile driving contractor proposes higher capacities to incorporate the structural benefits of the concrete, the contractor would be required to demonstrate that the piles have achieved the proposed higher capacities by field-testing.

Based on a limiting stress value of 140 N/mm² against steel cross-sectional area for piles driven to refusal on bedrock (or slightly within), the following ULS geotechnical resistances may be considered. For piles driven to refusal within the till deposit, generally, a lower limiting stress value of 112 N/mm² against steel cross-section is used to calculate the ULS geotechnical resistance.

Table 5.5: Geotechnical Resistance for Driven Pile at ULS

Pile Type	ULS geotechnical resistances (kN)	
	piles driven to refusal on bedrock (or slightly within)	piles driven to refusal within till
HP 310x110	1975	1580
Pipe 324 mm diameter, 11 mm thick wall	1530	1220

Note: The sacrificial thickness, if any, does not apply to the geotechnical resistance which will be provided by the bedrock.

The actual piles selected will depend on the pile load requirements and the pile cap configurations. The piles recommended to be spaced at least three diameters apart. Considering that the piles will be on bedrock surface, no group effects is required to be considered in assessment of geotechnical vertical resistance of piles.

For piles driven to bedrock, the geotechnical resistance at serviceability limit state (SLS) exceeds the ULS value and therefore is considered not to be applicable to the design.



The pile driving contractor should be required to submit the following information prior to mobilizing to the site.

- Outline of proposed pile driving equipment
- Pile driving refusal criteria to provide the ULS design value selected for the project

Pile caps/grade beams for unheated areas such as exterior structures should be provided with 1.8 m of soil cover.

10% of the driven piles should be subjected to dynamic pile testing to confirm that they are well seated on bedrock and that the pile driving strategy did damage the piles upon reaching bedrock. Dynamic testing should be carried out using a Pile Driving Analyser (PDA).

Downdrag due to potential soil liquefaction

The granular native soils underlie the site is sporadically considered potentially susceptible to liquefaction during a design seismic event. Based on the conducted liquefaction analyses, settlements associated with liquefaction could reach 90 mm to 200 mm. Therefore, drag loads should be incorporated in the design where liquefaction is expected.

The structural capacity of the pile would need to account for drag load imposed during a seismic event. The geotechnical capacity is not affected by the drag loads. Drags loads should be considered in detailed design of piles.

As discussed elsewhere in this report, clayey soil consolidation due to potential site grade raise at the site is not expected. Therefore, it has been assumed that drag loads due to soil consolidation settlements may not be considered in the design.

5.7.3 Micropile Foundation System

The elevation of the bedrock surface encountered at the site is highly variable. Therefore, the consideration could be given to using a micropile foundation system as an alternative to the piled foundation design.

The following conditions have been assumed in assessing the micropile capacities:

- Assumed Rock Unconfined Compressive Strength 70 MPa
- $f'_c = 30$ MPa for concrete
- Pile capacity calculated strictly based on the rock socket shaft resistance

For Ultimate Limit States (ULS) design, the unfactored bond strength at the grout/rock interface may be taken as 1,500 kPa. Using a resistance factor of 0.4, the factored ULS bond strength is 600 kPa. If higher factored resistance values are required, on-site testing of the micropiles should be carried out. Based on these values, the factored bearing resistances in the following table may be used for micropile design. As the uppermost 1 m of the bedrock mass is often more heavily fractured and less competent, the first metre of rock should not be included as part of the socket length.



Table 5.6: Micropile Axial Capacities

Pile Diameter (m)	Socket length in Competent Bedrock ⁽¹⁾ (m)	Factored Bearing Resistance at ULS ⁽²⁾ (kN) Socket Friction
0.150	1.00	285
	2.00	565
	3.00	850
0.175	1.00	330
	2.00	660
	3.00	990
0.200	1.00	375
	2.00	750
	3.00	1125
0.225	1.00	425
	2.00	850
	3.00	1275

Notes:

¹ Micropiles should be socketed into competent bedrock. The socket length in the table above represents the depth socketed into competent bedrock; for design purposes, it should be assumed that uppermost metre of the bedrock is not included in the socket length.

² The above geotechnical resistances at ULS include a resistance factor of 0.4 in compression.

³ Negligible axial deformation would occur and therefore, reactions at SLS are not expected to govern.

The following provides additional considerations that should be accounted for in the design and construction of the micropile foundation system:

- The micropiles should be designed and constructed in accordance with standard practices such as those identified in the US Department of Transportation – Federal Highway Administration Publication No. FHWA NHI-05-039 (Micropile Design and Construction Reference Manual).
- Micropiles intended as permanent structural elements should be provided with double corrosion protection.
- In order to limit the potential for differential foundation settlement, all foundations for a building should consist of either shallow foundations bearing on bedrock or micropile foundations socketed into bedrock (i.e. shallow foundations bearing on overburden materials should not be used). In this regard, micropile supported grade beams could be considered around the perimeter of the building.
- The resistance values provided above represent the geotechnical capacity of the micropiles; an assessment should be completed to confirm if the geotechnical or structural capacity of the micropiles will govern. Similarly, the structural design of micropiles should take into account other potential failure mechanisms (e.g. buckling).
- Full-time inspection should be carried out by qualified geotechnical personnel during micropile installation. Additionally, sufficient materials testing (e.g. grout compressive strength testing) should be completed to monitor conformance to the pertinent project specifications.
- Stantec’s geotechnical group should review the final drawings and specifications for this project prior to tendering/construction to ensure that the guidelines in this report have been adequately interpreted.

5.7.4 Rock Socketed Caissons

Rock socketed caissons may be considered for foundation design. Depending on the prevailing groundwater level at each building location at the time of construction, the use of a steel liner and the tremie technique would be required due to the presence of the highly permeable silty sand/till deposit.

Given the fracture nature of the bedrock at the site, the following should be considered.

- That the top 1.0 m of the rock socket is not to be included in the calculated capacity.



- That the rock socket length, within the calculated zone, be at least three (3) times the caisson diameter.
- A minimum caisson diameter of 0.9 m be considered.
- A factored geotechnical resistance at the concrete-rock shaft interface at ULS of 700 kPa, which includes a resistance factor of 0.4.
- Negligible axial deformation would occur at the concrete-rock shaft interface and therefore, reactions at SLS are not expected to govern.

Construction Inspection

It is anticipated that contractor would use flight augers to construct the caissons. The following should be anticipated.

- That caissons would need be to clean and dewatered to allow for inspection to ensure that all loose materials are removed and that the sidewalls are free of debris.
- That concrete should not be placed within a dewatered caisson since waterflow from the fractured bedrock would wash out the cement paste from the concrete.
- Where the caisson bottom will be below groundwater level, the caissons would need to be filled with water prior to concreting to allow for use of the tremie method where concrete is pumped underwater, from the bottom of the caisson, while displacing the overlying water.
- That full time inspection by a geotechnical engineer's representative would be required while constructing caissons, including placement of concrete by the tremie method.

5.8 EXCAVATIONS AND RETAINING WALLS

5.8.1 Temporary Excavations

5.8.1.1 Temporary Excavation in Overburden

All temporary excavations should be carried out in accordance with the Occupational Health and Safety Act and Regulations for Construction Projects. Shallow open cut excavations (extended to depths of 3 m or less below existing ground surface) could be conducted following the recommendation provided in this section. The potential for instability of excavations extending to greater depths should be reviewed by a geotechnical engineer.

Based on the boreholes advanced within the site, the overburden soils within upper 3 m of existing site grades could be generally classified as Type 3 soils, as defined by the Occupational Health and Safety Act and Regulations for Construction Projects. Provided that appropriate groundwater control is provided to maintain the water level below the base of the excavation, OHSA indicates that temporary excavations made within Type 3 soils should be developed with side slopes no steeper than 1H:1V.

Very loose or soft/very soft portions of the overburden soils should be classified as Type 4 soils. If infiltration of groundwater is encountered, soils should be considered Type 4. For Type 4 soils, OHSA requires that open cut excavations must be sloped no steeper than 3-horizontal to 1-vertical (3H:1V) from the bottom of the excavation.

Based on OHSA requirements, the soil must be classified as the type with highest classification of the types of soils present if an excavation contains more than one soil type (e.g. if both Type 3 and Type 4 soils are present within the excavation, the excavation must be sloped or supported in accordance with the requirements for Type 4 soils).



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Steeper side slopes would require shoring to meet the requirements of the OHSA. The stability of the wall of the excavation can also be affected by:

- Surcharge loads
- Stockpiles
- External loads (e.g. from adjacent buildings foundations)
- Groundwater seepage conditions

Regular inspections by qualified geotechnical engineering personnel must be conducted to confirm that conditions in the excavations are safe and consistent with the requirements of the OH&S Act. Care should be taken to direct surface water away from the open excavations.

Stockpiling of any materials adjacent to excavations should be avoided. Similarly, traffic should not be permitted in proximity to open excavations. For this purpose, it is recommended that all storage of materials and traffic be restricted from a 2 m wide strip around the excavations, measured from the crest of the excavation designed and constructed in accordance with the OH&S Act.

The base of excavations should not be exposed for extended periods of time.

If space is restricted such that the side slope cannot be safely cut back in accordance with the OH&S Act & Regulations, or if sloughing and cave-in are encountered in the excavations, or if the excavations are to remain open for a longer period, a trench box system can be used for shallow localized excavations (such as for service trenches), or a shoring system can be used for larger or deeper excavations to maintain safe working conditions. All shoring systems should be designed and approved by a qualified Professional Engineer.

The contractor is fully responsible for the selection of, and the detailed design and performance of the temporary shoring systems. In general, there are three shoring methods that are commonly used in local construction practice:

- soldier piles and timber lagging;
- driven sheet piles; and
- continuous concrete (e.g. secant pile) walls.

Soldier pile and lagging systems are suitable where the objective is to maintain an essentially vertical excavation wall and the movements above and behind the wall need only be sufficiently limited that relatively flexible features (such as roadways) will not be adversely affected. Where foundations or other deformation-sensitive facilities (such as site services) are present within the zone of influence of the shoring, the shoring system will need to be designed to limit deflections/deformations to tolerable levels. Interlocking steel sheet piling systems with pre-stressed tie backs are often used for these conditions. However, for excavations adjacent to aqueducts, the use of tie-back anchors should be limited due to potential conflicts with the aqueduct structures.

Cobbles, boulders, and/or construction debris were encountered in boreholes advanced at the south and west portions of the site. The presence of cobble, boulders, and /or construction debris could impede installation of sheet piles. Secant pile walls would be appropriate where difficulties may be encountered installing sheet piles, where heavily loaded foundations exist adjacent to the shoring, or where groundwater inflow needs to be controlled.



Underpinning of the existing foundations could also be required if the settlements due to shoring movements would be unacceptable and/or if the loads on the adjacent foundations are large.

Allowance should be made for excavation of cobbles, boulders, construction debris expected to be present both in fill and glacial till at the site, especially at the south and western portion of the site.

5.8.1.2 Temporary Excavation in Bedrock

Bedrock removal may be required for construction of underground structure or utility installation where bedrock is shallow. The bedrock surface was found to be variable and bedrock could also be encountered at shallow depths.

Where the bedrock is highly fractured, it may be possible to carry out the bedrock removal using mechanical methods (such as hydraulic excavators and hoe ramming with pneumatic rock breakers) particularly for shallow bedrock excavation. For deeper excavation or where the bedrock strength and measured RQD values are higher, it is expected that excavation of the majority of the bedrock will require drill and blast techniques or hoe ramming in conjunction with closely spaced line drilling.

Perimeter line drilling should be used to define the excavation limits. Loose rocks should be removed from the sidewalls during excavation.

For shallow localized excavations (such as for service trenches), relatively steep to near-vertical walls in the bedrock should stand unsupported for a short period. The rock walls should be inspected at the time of excavation so that the rock wall stability can be confirmed. Alternatively, work carried out in the excavation can be done within a fully braced, steel trench box for worker safety.

For deeper or larger excavation (such as for the below grade level excavations), the excavation side walls may need to be stabilized with a pattern of grouted rock bolts and dowels. Tieback anchors may also be required to stabilize unstable rock blocks.

Blasting

If blasting is considered, significant caution should be exercised in carrying out the blasting because of the near proximity of underground services and existing buildings. All blasting should therefore be controlled to limit the peak particle velocities at all adjacent structures and services such that blast induced damage will be avoided. This will require blast designs by a specialist in this field.

A pre-construction/blast survey should be carried out of all of the surrounding structures and utilities. Consideration should be given to monitoring selected existing interior and exterior cracks in the structures identified during the pre-blast survey for lateral or shear movements by means of pins, glass plate telltales and/or movement telltales.

The contractor should be required to submit a complete and detailed blasting design and monitoring proposal prepared by a blasting/vibrations specialist prior to commencing blasting. This would have to be reviewed and accepted in relation to the requirements of the blasting specifications. The contractor should be limited to only small controlled shots. The following frequency dependent peak vibration limits at the nearest structures and services are suggested for all bedrock removal.



Table 5.7: Peak Vibration Limits

Frequency Range (Hz)	Vibration Limits (mm/sec)
< 10	5
10 to 40	5 to 50 (sliding scale)
> 40	50

Note: For sensitive infrastructure, the vibration limit may need to be reduced to 2.5 mm/sec for all frequencies.

It is recommended that the monitoring of ground vibration intensities (peak ground vibrations and accelerations) from the blasting operations be carried out both in the ground adjacent to the closest structures or within the structures themselves on a continuous basis throughout the blasting process.

If practical, blasting should commence at the furthest points from the closest structure or service to assess the ground vibration attenuation characteristics and to confirm the anticipated ground vibration levels based on the contractor's blasting proposal.

Blasting should be carried out in accordance with the City of Ottawa's Special Provision F-1201 which provides the requirements for blast design and submissions, including pre-blast surveys. Vibration monitoring should be carried out by qualified personnel throughout all blasting operations.

5.8.2 Dewatering

Based on the existing water levels measurement at the site, the groundwater elevation at the site range between 49.2 m to 59.6 m corresponding to depths between 1.1 m to 9.8 m.

Considering the nature of overburden soils at the site (fill and native silty sand/till), groundwater inflows into small and shallow excavations of less than 3.0 m deep developed within the fill material and clay deposit could be handled by pumping from filtered sumps within the excavation areas.

More significant groundwater inflows should be expected for deeper or larger excavations, especially extending below the prevailing groundwater level at site at the time of excavation or penetrating layers containing cobbles and/or boulders. Therefore, more extensive dewatering systems could be required for such conditions requiring Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) permitting.

A hydrogeological study is being prepared by Stantec and will be provided in a separate report, which assesses the dewatering requirement and provides guidance for the PTTW application or EASR registration, if necessary. Comments on calculation of groundwater flow rate, recommended depth to lower the water table, and anticipated pumping rates are provided in the hydrogeological report. All the information regarding ground settlements from dewatering is provided in the hydrogeological report. This information should be considered by the contractor while selecting an appropriate groundwater control system.

5.8.3 Earth Pressures on Retaining Walls

Earth pressures will need to be considered in the design of the foundation and basement walls. Any retaining walls should be backfilled with non-frost susceptible granular fill meeting the gradation requirements of OPSS Granular B Type I materials.



The total active (P_A), passive (P_P), and at-rest (P_O) thrusts acting on the walls can be calculated using the following equations:

$$P_A = \frac{1}{2} K_a \gamma H^2$$

$$P_P = \frac{1}{2} K_p \gamma H^2$$

$$P_O = \frac{1}{2} K_o \gamma H^2$$

where;

H = height of the wall

γ = unit weight of the backfill soil

Values for K_a , K_p , K_o and γ for granular backfill material are provided in the table below. These values are based on the assumption that a horizontal back slope is present behind and adjacent to the wall system(s). The earth pressure coefficients need to be adjusted (i.e., increased) where sloping backfill will be present behind the walls.

At-rest earth pressures should be used in the design of walls that are restrained from movement. The thrust acts at a point one third up the height of the wall.

Table 5.8: Non-Seismic Lateral Earth Pressure Parameters (Horizontal Backfill)

Parameter	OPSS Granular B – Type I
Bulk Unit Weight, γ (kN/m ³)	22
Effective Friction Angle	32°
Coefficient of Earth Pressure at Rest (K_o)	0.47
Coefficient of Active Earth Pressure (K_a)	0.31
Coefficient of Passive Earth Pressure (K_p)	3.25

The total active and passive thrusts under earthquake conditions can be calculated using the following equations:

$$P_{AE} = \frac{1}{2} K_{AE} \gamma H^2$$

$$P_{PE} = \frac{1}{2} K_{PE} \gamma H^2$$

where;

K_{AE} = active earth pressure coefficient (combined static and seismic)

K_{PE} = passive earth pressure coefficient (combined static and seismic)

H = height of wall

γ = total unit weight

The recommended seismic earth pressure parameters (based on a seismic Site Class C) are provided in table below. The angle of friction between the soil and the wall has been assumed to be 0° to provide a conservative estimate.



Table 5.9: Seismic Earth Pressure Parameters (Horizontal Backfill)

Parameter	OPSS Granular B – Type I
Bulk Unit Weight, γ (kN/m ³)	22
Effective Friction Angle	32°
Site PGA (g)	0.281
K_{AE} (Non-Yielding Wall)	0.51
Height of Application of P_{AE} from base as a ratio of wall height, (H) – Non-Yielding Wall	0.440
Active Earth Pressure (K_{AE}) – Yielding Wall	0.40
Height of Application of P_{AE} from base as a ratio of wall height, (H) – Yielding Wall	0.393
Passive Earth Pressure, (K_{PE})	2.99
Height of Application of P_{PE} from base as a ratio of wall height, (H)	0.310

In order to use the coefficients of active and at-rest pressures for the granular materials presented in the tables above, the granular backfill must be provided within a wedge extending out from the base of the wall at 45 degrees (or smaller) to the horizontal. The coefficient of passive earth pressure applicable to wall design should be confirmed during detailed design when additional information on wall configuration and depths/founding elevations are determined.

5.9 PIPE BEDDING AND BACKFILL

OPSS Granular A materials should be placed below sewer and water pipes as bedding material. The bedding should have a minimum thickness of 150 mm or more to meet City of Ottawa standards. Where unavoidable disturbance to the subgrade surface does occur, it may be necessary to thicken the bedding layer or provide a sub-bedding layer of compacted Granular B Type II materials. Pipe backfill and cover materials should also consist of OPSS Granular A material. A minimum of 300 mm vertical and side cover should be provided. These materials should be compacted to at least 95% of the material's SPMDD in lifts no greater than 300 mm. Clear crushed stone backfill should not be permitted as pipe bedding materials.

Where the pipe trenches will be covered with hard-surfaced areas, the type of native material placed in the frost zone (i.e. between subgrade level and 1.8 meters depth or the top of the pipe cover materials) should match the soil exposed on the trench walls for frost heave compatibility.

Trench backfill should be placed in maximum 300 mm thick lifts and should be compacted to at least 98 percent of the material's standard Proctor maximum dry density using suitable compaction equipment.

If there is insufficient reusable material at the site, any bulk fill required to raise the site grades should consist of imported granular fill meeting the requirements of OPSS Select Subgrade Material (SSM).

All imported fill materials should be tested and approved by a geotechnical engineering firm prior to delivery to the site.



5.10 PAVEMENT DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

Provided that subgrade preparation below pavements will comply with the requirements outlined in Section 5.6 of this report, in the absence of traffic data, the pavement structure provided in the following table may be used for the design of the proposed new streets and parking areas. Where required, site grades below pavement structures are to be raised using imported soils meeting the requirements of OPSS Select Subgrade Material (SSM).

Table 5.10: Recommended Pavement Structure

Location	Asphalt Thickness	Base Thickness OPSS Granular A (mm)	Subbase Thickness Granular B Type II (mm)
Standard Duty Parking Areas	60 mm SP12.5 mm	150	300
Heavy Duty Parking Areas	40 mm SP12.5 mm 50 mm SP SP19.0 mm	150	400
Local Roads (no bus traffic)	50 mm SP 12.5 FC1 or FC2 50 mm SP 19	150	500
Local Roads (with bus traffic)	60 mm SP 12.5 FC1 or FC2 70 mm SP 19	150	600

Notes:

- The above pavement structure assumes that the subgrade will consist of either the surface compacted existing fill materials or compacted OPSS SSM material.
- The pavement subgrade must be proof rolled under the supervision of geotechnical personnel prior to subbase or engineered fill placement. Any soft areas identified during proof rolling may require subexcavation and replacement with additional Granular 'B'. Where required, site grades below pavement structures are to be raised using OPSS SSM fill.
- The finished subgrade surface and the pavement surface should be crowned and graded to direct runoff water away from the development and associated infrastructure.
- Perimeter drains and pavement subdrains connected to catch basins are recommended to promote drainage of the pavement structure. The subdrains should comprise 100 mm or 150 mm diameter perforated corrugated pipes with filter socks bedded in sand. The top of pipe should be below the lower limit of the granular subbase.
- Asphalt performance grade and PG 64-34 should be used for roadways with bus traffic. PG 58-34 should be specified where bus traffic is not anticipated.
- Based on the Ontario Provincial Standard Specification "Material Specification for Superpave and Stone Mastic Asphalt Mixtures" OPSS.MUNI 1151 (April 2018), the following Superpave Traffic Categories are suitable:
 - Traffic Category A for parking areas
 - Traffic Category B for local roads without bus traffic
 - Traffic Category D for local roads with bus traffic
- A tack coat is recommended between asphalt layers and along the edges of any cuts in asphalt.
- In the event that the asphalt layer is not placed at the same time as the granular sub-base/base and the base is left exposed for a period of time, the top layer of granular material should be re-shaped, surface compacted and replaced with a fresh layer of Granular A prior to the placement of the asphalt surface.
- Control of surface water is a critical factor in achieving good performance over the pavement structure life. In this regard, the elevations of the surface of the parking areas should be designed to promote adequate surface drainage.



Compaction Requirements:

- The finished sub-grade surface must be compacted to achieve a minimum of 95% of the materials SPMDD immediately prior to placement of the granular materials.
- All granular materials should be in accordance with the requirements of OPSS Specification. These materials should be compacted to at least 100% of the material's Standard Proctor maximum dry density (SPMDD) in lifts no greater than 300 mm.
- The compaction of the asphalt layers should be to at least 92.5% Maximum Theoretical Relative Density (MTRD) in accordance with OPSS 310.

6.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS AND CONSTRAINTS

6.1 UNDERFLOOR DRAINAGE

For buildings that include basement/underground level(s), both a perimeter drainage and an under-slab drainage system is recommended to be included in the design. The following is recommended for the underslab drainage system.

- Concrete floor
- Vapour barrier
- 50 mm of compacted OPSS Granular A, as a working surface
- 250 mm of 19 mm clearstone
- 100 mm perforated drains placed up to 6 m apart
- Filtering, non-woven geotextile between the clearstone and the native soil

The underfloor drainage system should be designed to accommodate the highwater levels associated with spring conditions. Unless seasonal water levels are taken, it should be assumed that the water level could be as high as 1 m below ground surface for brief periods of time.

6.2 REUSE OF ON-SITE MATERIALS

The surficial topsoil materials are geotechnically unsuitable for reuse in any application except for general landscaping purposes, however environmental impacts to the soil may restrict the reuse of the material.

The fill material is not considered to be suitable for reuse as engineered/structural fill below or adjacent to new foundations. These materials that are free of organic matter and other deleterious materials, may be considered suitable for reuse as trench backfill (outside of foundation areas) or as general site grade fill (i.e. materials used to raise the site grade to the design elevations outside building footprints).

The ability to compact these materials to required levels is dependent on the moisture content of the materials; thus, the amount of re-useable material will be dependent on the natural moisture content, weather conditions and the construction techniques at the time of excavation and placement. Any boulders or cobbles with dimensions greater than 150 mm should be removed from these materials prior to placement.



6.3 COLD WEATHER CONSTRUCTION

Placement of fill materials in cold weather requires a considerable increase in effort from that required in “better” weather conditions. Additional costs are typically incurred as a result, and general productivity can be expected to suffer. In addition to the prevailing weather conditions, the quantity of fill to be placed, the required lateral extent and thickness, the equipment used for placement and compaction, and the protection methods employed by the contractor, will all have an influence on the success of placing fill in adverse weather conditions.

Notwithstanding the comments provided in the previous sections of this report pertaining to backfilling and engineered fill, when construction is undertaken during periods of inclement weather or when freezing conditions exist, the placement of fill materials for any purpose should consider the comments provided below.

- Foundations/pile caps/slabs shall be constructed on non-frozen ground only; where non-frozen ground includes the material at surface and all underlying soils. The non-frozen nature of the ground must be confirmed by a geotechnical inspection within 1 hour of concrete placement.
- Following construction of foundations/pile caps/slabs, protection measures must be provided to prevent freezing of the foundation subgrade/bearing soils and for protection of the concrete during curing. The protective measures must also keep the subgrade soils beneath the foundations from freezing after the concrete has cured.
- Foundations/pile caps shall be backfilled with free-draining granular material and drainage shall be provided to prevent lifting of the foundations due to adfreeze during the construction period.
- Structural fill shall not be placed on frozen ground and the structural fill materials shall be free of snow and frozen material.
- Overnight frost penetration into the existing sub-grade or the structural fill must be prevented. Alternatively, the frozen fill must be completely removed prior to placing subsequent lifts. Breaking the frost in-situ is not considered acceptable.
- Moisture adjustment of the fill materials (i.e., adding water or allowing fill to dry) is not practical in freezing conditions. Therefore, obtaining the required compaction levels of 100 percent of the materials Standard Proctor maximum dry density for Structural Fill will not be practical if the fill materials are not supplied to the site near their optimum water content for compaction.
- Regular checks of the temperature of the fill should be made. The soil temperature should be greater than +2C to allow for compaction to the specified degree.
- Imported fill should not be stockpiled on site in such a condition where freezing of the material in the stockpile can develop. Direct import, placement, and compaction is recommended.
- Full-time inspection and testing services is required during earthworks in winter conditions.



7.0 SUPPLEMENTARY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

The recommendations provided in this report are general in nature and are provided for planning purposes. The provided recommendation and comments should be confirmed to use for final design purposes.

The following should be considered in a supplementary geotechnical investigation:

- The existing borehole data at the site was collected between 1992 and 2018. A new field investigation will provide current geotechnical conditions at the site.
- A supplementary site and project specific geotechnical investigation should be planned for each proposed development at the site once the details (e.g., final building configurations and site grades, structural loads etc.) related to the proposed development are available.
- It is recommended that a groundwater monitoring program be implemented to help assess variability in the groundwater levels at the site. A hydrological investigation is also recommended to assess the dewatering requirements.
- Geophysical testing could be carried out to measure the in-situ shear wave velocity of the subsurface soils and bedrock at the site to potentially improve the recommended Seismic Site Class.
- In-situ measurement of undrained shear strength of silty clay/clayey silt deposit using field vane test and laboratory testing (plasticity limits and consolidation testing) of silty clay/clayey silt samples are required to assess the compressibility of this deposit and calculation of the potential settlement of due to the placement of any site grade fill.
- The bedrock surface was found to be variable, and the bedrock depth ranges from 0 m (existing ground surface) to about 16.6 m below ground surface. Additional boreholes, including bedrock coring and bedrock testing, at each building location to establish the bedrock level at each development and refine the deep foundation recommendations.



8.0 CLOSURE

This report documents work that was performed in accordance with generally accepted professional standards at the time and location in which the services were provided. No other representations, warranties or guarantees are made concerning the accuracy or completeness of the data or conclusions contained within this report, including no assurance that this work has uncovered all potential liabilities associated with the identified property.

This report provides an evaluation of selected geotechnical conditions associated with the identified portion of the property that was assessed at the time the work was conducted and is based on information obtained by and/or provided to Stantec at that time. There are no assurances regarding the accuracy and completeness of this information. All information received from the client or third parties in the preparation of this report has been assumed by Stantec to be correct. Stantec assumes no responsibility for any deficiency or inaccuracy in information received from others.

Conclusions made within this report consist of Stantec's professional opinion as of the time of the writing of this report and are based solely on the scope of work described in the report, the limited data available and the results of the work. They are not a certification of the property's environmental condition. This report should not be construed as legal advice.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the client identified herein and any use by any third party is prohibited. Stantec assumes no responsibility for losses, damages, liabilities, or claims, howsoever arising, from third party use of this report.

Should additional information become available which differs significantly from our understanding of conditions presented in this report, Stantec requests that this information be brought to our attention so that we may reassess the conclusions provided herein.

Respectfully submitted,

STANTEC CONSULTING LTD.



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Senior Associate, Senior Geotechnical Engineer



Appendix A
January 13, 2025

APPENDIX A

A.1 STATEMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS



STATEMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

USE OF THIS REPORT: This professional work product (“hereinafter referred to as the Report”) has been prepared for the sole benefit of the Client in accordance with Stantec’s contract with the Client. While the Report may be provided by the Client to applicable authorities having jurisdiction and to other third parties in connection with the project, Stantec disclaims any legal duty based upon warranty, reliance, or any other theory to any third party, and will not be liable to such third party for any damages or losses of any kind that may result.

BASIS OF THIS REPORT: This Report relates solely to the site-specific project for which Stantec was retained and the stated purpose for which the Report was prepared. The information, opinions, conclusions and/or recommendations made in this Report are in accordance with Stantec’s present understanding of the site-specific project as described by the Client. The applicability of these is restricted to the site conditions encountered at the time the scope of work was conducted and do not take into account any subsequent changes. If the proposed site-specific project differs or is modified from what is described in this Report or if the site conditions are altered, this Report is no longer valid unless Stantec is requested by the Client to review and revise the Report to reflect the differing or modified project specifics and/or the altered site conditions. This Report is not to be used or relied on for any variation or extension of the project, or for any other project or purpose or site, and any unauthorized use or reliance is at the recipient’s own risk.

STANDARD OF CARE: Preparation of this Report, and all associated work, was carried out in accordance with the normally accepted standard of care in the state or province of execution for the specific professional service provided to the Client. No other warranty is made.

PROVIDED INFORMATION: Stantec has assumed all information received from the Client and third parties in the preparation of this Report to be correct. While Stantec has exercised a customary level of judgment or due diligence in the use of such information, Stantec assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any error or omission contained therein.

INTERPRETATION OF SITE CONDITIONS: Soil, rock, or other material descriptions, and statements regarding their condition, made in this Report are based on site conditions encountered by Stantec at the time of the scope of work and at the specific testing and/or sampling locations. Classifications and statements of condition have been made in accordance with normally accepted practices which are judgmental in nature; no specific description should be considered exact, but rather reflective of the anticipated material behaviour. Extrapolation of in-situ conditions can only be made to some limited extent beyond the sampling or test points. The extent depends on variability of the soil, rock and groundwater conditions as influenced by geological processes, construction activity, and site use.

VARYING OR UNEXPECTED CONDITIONS: Should any site or subsurface conditions be encountered that are different from those described in this Report or encountered at the test and/or sample locations, Stantec must be notified immediately to assess if the varying or unexpected conditions are substantial and if reassessments of the Report conclusions or recommendations are required. Stantec will not be responsible to any party for damages incurred as a result of failing to notify Stantec that differing site or subsurface conditions are present upon becoming aware of such conditions.

PLANNING, DESIGN, OR CONSTRUCTION: Development or design plans and specifications should be reviewed by Stantec geotechnical engineers, sufficiently ahead of initiating the next project stage (e.g., property acquisition, tender, construction, etc.), to confirm that this Report completely addresses the elaborated project specifics and that the contents of this Report have been properly interpreted. Specialty quality assurance services (e.g., field observations and testing) during construction are a necessary part of the evaluation of subsurface conditions and site work. Site work relating to the recommendations included in this Report should only be carried out in the presence of a qualified geotechnical engineer; Stantec cannot be responsible for site work carried out without being present.

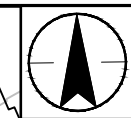
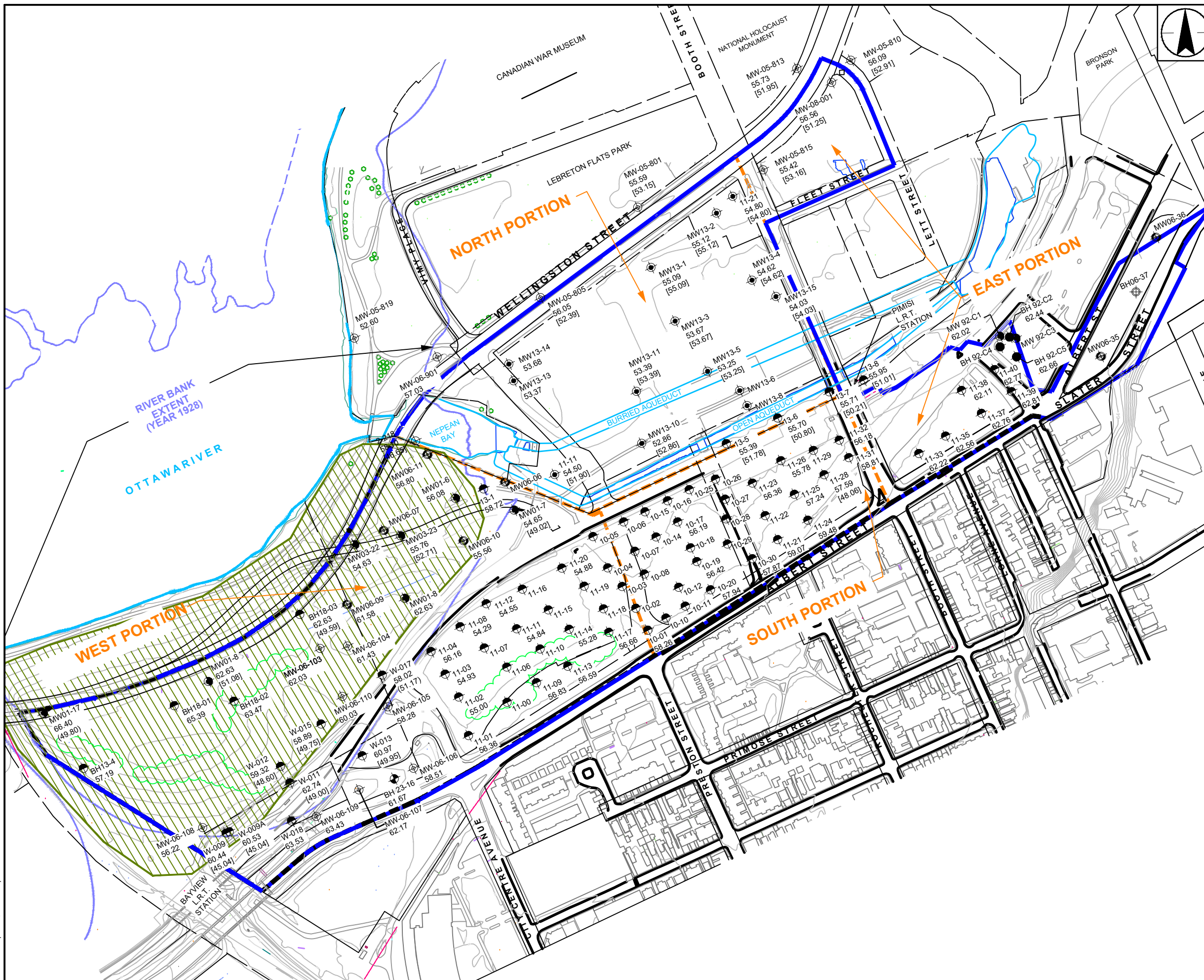
Appendix B
January 13, 2025

APPENDIX B

B.1 DRAWING NO. 1 – BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN



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 Printed: Apr 10, 2024 By: G. Briones



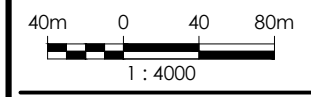
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LEGEND

- BOREHOLE LOCATION (PATERSON GROUP, 2016)
- BOREHOLE LOCATION (GOLDER, 2010-2013)
- BOREHOLE WITH MONITORING WELL LOCATION (GOLDER, 2010-2013)
- BOREHOLE LOCATION (JACQUES, WHITFORD LIMITED, 2001)
- BOREHOLE WITH MONITORING WELL LOCATION (JACQUES, WHITFORD LIMITED, 2001)
- BOREHOLE LOCATION (TROW, 2002)
- BOREHOLE WITH MONITORING WELL LOCATION (AQUA TERRA, 2005-2008)
- BOREHOLE LOCATION (INTERA, 2006)
- BOREHOLE WITH MONITORING WELL LOCATION (INTERA, 2006)
- FORMER LANDFILL (Ur-06)
- 55.76 GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION (m)
- [52.71] BEDROCK SURFACE ELEVATION (m)

NOTES

1. BASEPLAN TAKEN FROM A PDF COPY OF A DRAWING PREPARED BY PATERSON GROUP ENTITLED HISTORICAL TEST HOLE LOCATION PLAN, DATED 29/04/2020.



APRIL 2024
 Project No. 106401780

Client/Project	NATIONAL CAPITAL COMMISSION GEOTECHNICAL DESKTOP REVIEW LEBRETON FLATS PLAN OF SUBDIVISION, OTTAWA, ON
Drawing No.	1
Title	BOREHOLE LOCATION PLAN

Appendix C
January 13, 2025

APPENDIX C

C.1 BOREHOLE RECORDS



SYMBOLS AND TERMS USED ON BOREHOLE AND TEST PIT RECORDS

SOIL DESCRIPTION

Terminology describing common soil genesis:

<i>Rootmat</i>	- vegetation, roots and moss with organic matter and topsoil typically forming a mattress at the ground surface
<i>Topsoil</i>	- mixture of soil and humus capable of supporting vegetative growth
<i>Peat</i>	- mixture of visible and invisible fragments of decayed organic matter
<i>Till</i>	- unstratified glacial deposit which may range from clay to boulders
<i>Fill</i>	- material below the surface identified as placed by humans (excluding buried services)

Terminology describing soil structure:

<i>Desiccated</i>	- having visible signs of weathering by oxidization of clay minerals, shrinkage cracks, etc.
<i>Fissured</i>	- having cracks, and hence a blocky structure
<i>Varved</i>	- composed of regular alternating layers of silt and clay
<i>Stratified</i>	- composed of alternating successions of different soil types, e.g. silt and sand
<i>Layer</i>	- > 75 mm in thickness
<i>Seam</i>	- 2 mm to 75 mm in thickness
<i>Parting</i>	- < 2 mm in thickness

Terminology describing soil types:

The classification of soil types are made on the basis of grain size and plasticity in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) (ASTM D 2487 or D 2488) which excludes particles larger than 75 mm. For particles larger than 75 mm, and for defining percent clay fraction in hydrometer results, definitions proposed by Canadian Foundation Engineering Manual, 4th Edition are used. The USCS provides a group symbol (e.g. SM) and group name (e.g. silty sand) for identification.

Terminology describing cobbles, boulders, and non-matrix materials (organic matter or debris):

Terminology describing materials outside the USCS, (e.g. particles larger than 75 mm, visible organic matter, and construction debris) is based upon the proportion of these materials present:

<i>Trace, or occasional</i>	Less than 10%
<i>Some</i>	10-20%
<i>Frequent</i>	> 20%

Terminology describing compactness of cohesionless soils:

The standard terminology to describe cohesionless soils includes compactness (formerly "relative density"), as determined by the Standard Penetration Test (SPT) N-Value - also known as N-Index. The SPT N-Value is described further on page 3. A relationship between compactness condition and N-Value is shown in the following table.

Compactness Condition	SPT N-Value
<i>Very Loose</i>	<4
<i>Loose</i>	4-10
<i>Compact</i>	10-30
<i>Dense</i>	30-50
<i>Very Dense</i>	>50

Terminology describing consistency of cohesive soils:

The standard terminology to describe cohesive soils includes the consistency, which is based on undrained shear strength as measured by *in situ* vane tests, penetrometer tests, or unconfined compression tests. Consistency may be crudely estimated from SPT N-Value based on the correlation shown in the following table (Terzaghi and Peck, 1967). The correlation to SPT N-Value is used with caution as it is only very approximate.

Consistency	Undrained Shear Strength		Approximate SPT N-Value
	kips/sq.ft.	kPa	
<i>Very Soft</i>	<0.25	<12.5	<2
<i>Soft</i>	0.25 - 0.5	12.5 - 25	2-4
<i>Firm</i>	0.5 - 1.0	25 - 50	4-8
<i>Stiff</i>	1.0 - 2.0	50 - 100	8-15
<i>Very Stiff</i>	2.0 - 4.0	100 - 200	15-30
<i>Hard</i>	>4.0	>200	>30

ROCK DESCRIPTION

Except where specified below, terminology for describing rock is as defined by the International Society for Rock Mechanics (ISRM) 2007 publication "The Complete ISRM Suggested Methods for Rock Characterization, Testing and Monitoring: 1974-2006"

Terminology describing rock quality:

RQD	Rock Mass Quality
0-25	Very Poor Quality
25-50	Poor Quality
50-75	Fair Quality
75-90	Good Quality
90-100	Excellent Quality

Alternate (Colloquial) Rock Mass Quality	
Very Severely Fractured	Crushed
Severely Fractured	Shattered or Very Blocky
Fractured	Blocky
Moderately Jointed	Sound
Intact	Very Sound

RQD (Rock Quality Designation) denotes the percentage of intact and sound rock retrieved from a borehole of any orientation. All pieces of intact and sound rock core equal to or greater than 100 mm (4 in.) long are summed and divided by the total length of the core run. RQD is determined in accordance with ASTM D6032.

SCR (Solid Core Recovery) denotes the percentage of solid core (cylindrical) retrieved from a borehole of any orientation. All pieces of solid (cylindrical) core are summed and divided by the total length of the core run (It excludes all portions of core pieces that are not fully cylindrical as well as crushed or rubble zones).

Fracture Index (FI) is defined as the number of naturally occurring fractures within a given length of core. The Fracture Index is reported as a simple count of natural occurring fractures.

Terminology describing rock with respect to discontinuity and bedding spacing:

Spacing (mm)	Discontinuities	Bedding
>6000	Extremely Wide	-
2000-6000	Very Wide	Very Thick
600-2000	Wide	Thick
200-600	Moderate	Medium
60-200	Close	Thin
20-60	Very Close	Very Thin
<20	Extremely Close	Laminated
<6	-	Thinly Laminated

Terminology describing rock strength:

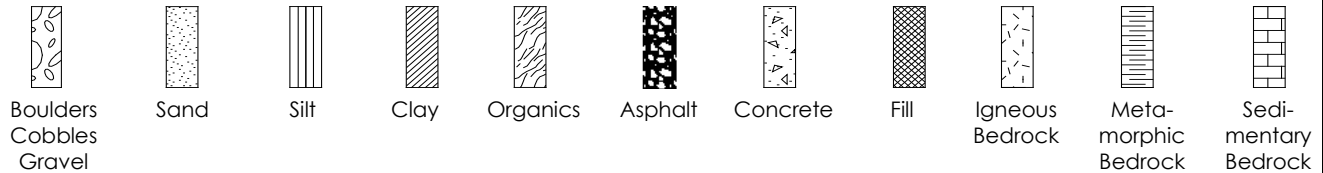
Strength Classification	Grade	Unconfined Compressive Strength (MPa)
Extremely Weak	R0	<1
Very Weak	R1	1 – 5
Weak	R2	5 – 25
Medium Strong	R3	25 – 50
Strong	R4	50 – 100
Very Strong	R5	100 – 250
Extremely Strong	R6	>250

Terminology describing rock weathering:

Term	Symbol	Description
Fresh	W1	No visible signs of rock weathering. Slight discoloration along major discontinuities
Slightly	W2	Discoloration indicates weathering of rock on discontinuity surfaces. All the rock material may be discolored.
Moderately	W3	Less than half the rock is decomposed and/or disintegrated into soil.
Highly	W4	More than half the rock is decomposed and/or disintegrated into soil.
Completely	W5	All the rock material is decomposed and/or disintegrated into soil. The original mass structure is still largely intact.
Residual Soil	W6	All the rock converted to soil. Structure and fabric destroyed.

STRATA PLOT

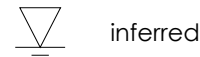
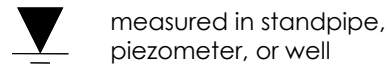
Strata plots symbolize the soil or bedrock description. They are combinations of the following basic symbols. The dimensions within the strata symbols are not indicative of the particle size, layer thickness, etc.



SAMPLE TYPE

SS	Split spoon sample (obtained by performing the Standard Penetration Test)
ST	Shelby tube or thin wall tube
DP	Direct-Push sample (small diameter tube sampler hydraulically advanced)
PS	Piston sample
BS	Bulk sample
HQ, NQ, BQ, etc.	Rock core samples obtained with the use of standard size diamond coring bits.

WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT



RECOVERY

For soil samples, the recovery is recorded as the length of the soil sample recovered. For rock core, recovery is defined as the total cumulative length of all core recovered in the core barrel divided by the length drilled and is recorded as a percentage on a per run basis.

N-VALUE

Numbers in this column are the field results of the Standard Penetration Test: the number of blows of a 140 pound (63.5 kg) hammer falling 30 inches (760 mm), required to drive a 2 inch (50.8 mm) O.D. split spoon sampler one foot (300 mm) into the soil. In accordance with ASTM D1586, the N-Value equals the sum of the number of blows (N) required to drive the sampler over the interval of 6 to 18 in. (150 to 450 mm). However, when a 24 in. (610 mm) sampler is used, the number of blows (N) required to drive the sampler over the interval of 12 to 24 in. (300 to 610 mm) may be reported if this value is lower. For split spoon samples where insufficient penetration was achieved and N-Values cannot be presented, the number of blows are reported over sampler penetration in millimetres (e.g. 50/75). Some design methods make use of N-values corrected for various factors such as overburden pressure, energy ratio, borehole diameter, etc. No corrections have been applied to the N-values presented on the log.

DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST (DCPT)

Dynamic cone penetration tests are performed using a standard 60 degree apex cone connected to 'A' size drill rods with the same standard fall height and weight as the Standard Penetration Test. The DCPT value is the number of blows of the hammer required to drive the cone one foot (300 mm) into the soil. The DCPT is used as a probe to assess soil variability.

OTHER TESTS

S	Sieve analysis
H	Hydrometer analysis
k	Laboratory permeability
γ	Unit weight
G_s	Specific gravity of soil particles
CD	Consolidated drained triaxial
CU	Consolidated undrained triaxial with pore pressure measurements
UU	Unconsolidated undrained triaxial
DS	Direct Shear
C	Consolidation
Q_u	Unconfined compression
I_p	Point Load Index (I_p on Borehole Record equals $I_p(50)$ in which the index is corrected to a reference diameter of 50 mm)

	Single packer permeability test; test interval from depth shown to bottom of borehole
	Double packer permeability test; test interval as indicated
	Falling head permeability test using casing
	Falling head permeability test using well point or piezometer

MONITOR WELL RECORD

92-C1

CLIENT National Capital Commission

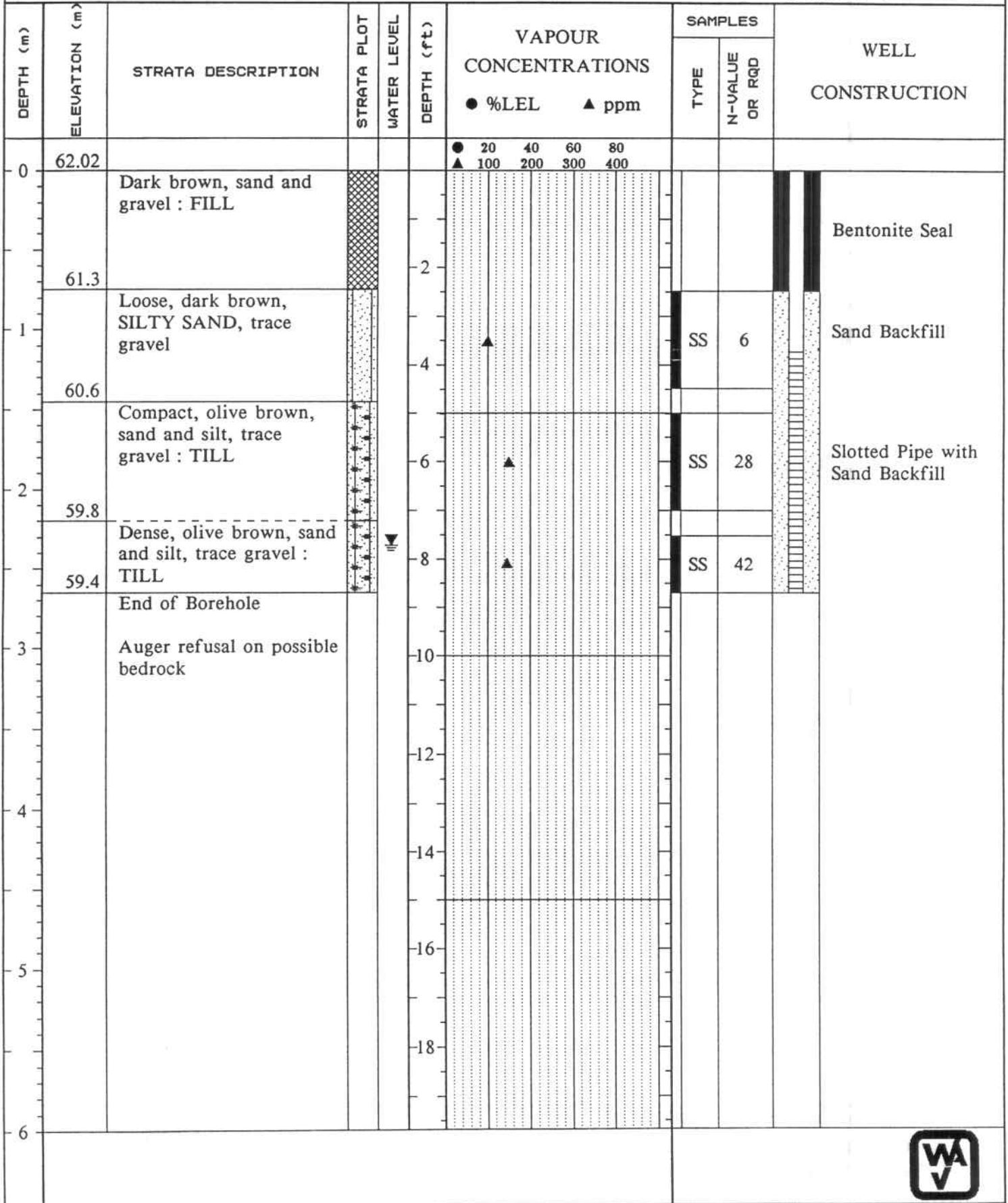
PROJECT No. 30203

LOCATION Site C - Lebreton Flats, Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic

DATES: BORING 92-02-01 WATER LEVEL 92-02-18

TPC ELEV. 61.99



BOREHOLE RECORD

92-C2

CLIENT National Capital Commission

PROJECT No. 30203

LOCATION Site C - Lebreton Flats, Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic

DATES: BORING 92-02-01 WATER LEVEL N.A.

TPC ELEV. N.A.

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES		WELL CONSTRUCTION
						● %LEL	▲ ppm	TYPE	N-VALUE OR RQD			
0	62.44	Dark brown, sand and gravel : FILL				● 20 40 60 80 ▲ 100 200 300 400					No Monitoring Well Installed	
	61.7	Compact, brownish orange, sand and gravel, trace silt : FILL						SS	20			
	61.0	Compact, dark brown, sand and gravel : FILL										
	60.8	Compact, grey, sand and silt, some gravel : TILL						SS	28			
	60.2	Very dense, grey, sand and silt, trace gravel : TILL						SS	62			
								SS	65			
								SS	83			
5	57.2	End of Borehole						SS	*			
6		* Split spoon refusal on possible bedrock										



MONITOR WELL RECORD

92-C3

CLIENT National Capital Commission

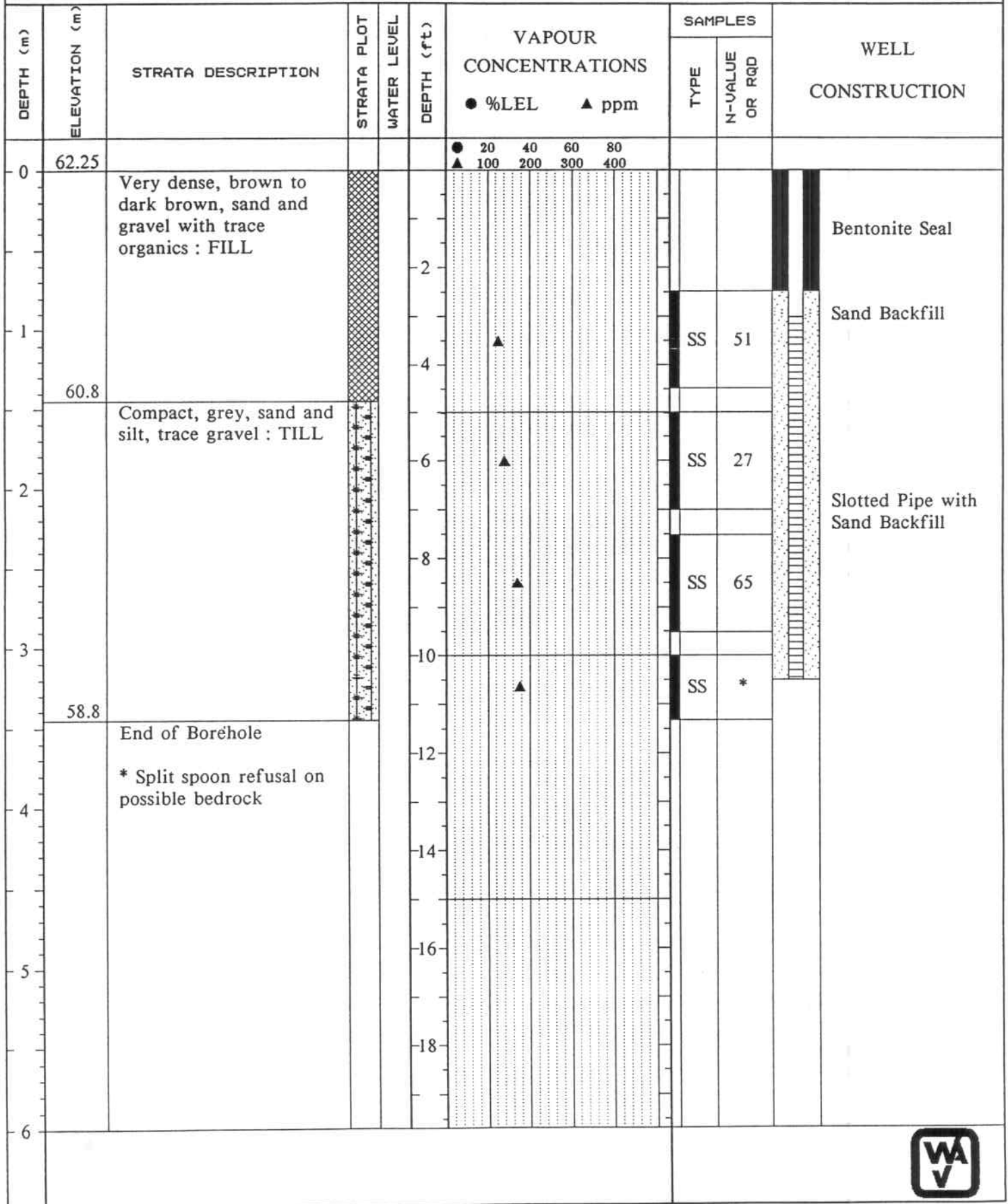
PROJECT No. 30203

LOCATION Site C - Lebreton Flats, Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic

DATES: BORING 92-02-01 WATER LEVEL 92-02-18 - Dry

TPC ELEV. 62.12



BOREHOLE RECORD

92-C4

CLIENT National Capital Commission
 LOCATION Site C - Lebreton Flats, Ottawa, Ontario
 DATES: BORING 92-02-01 WATER LEVEL N.A.

PROJECT No. 30203
 DATUM Geodetic
 TPC ELEV. N.A

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES		WELL CONSTRUCTION
						● %LEL	▲ ppm			TYPE	N-VALUE OR RQD	
0	62.00	Brown, sand and gravel, trace silt : FILL				● 20 ▲ 100	40 200	60 300	80 400			No Monitoring Well Installed
1	61.3	Compact, brown, sand and silt with some brick, wood and slag : FILL								SS	29	
2	60.6	Loose, light brown, sand and some cobbles with some black staining at 2 m below grade : FILL								SS	9	
3	59.8	Dense, grey, sand and silt, trace to some gravel : TILL								SS	52	
3										SS	49	
4	58.4	End of Borehole								SS	45	
4		Auger refusal on possible bedrock										
5												
6												



BOREHOLE RECORD

92-C5

CLIENT National Capital Commission

PROJECT No. 30203

LOCATION Site C - Lebreton Flats, Ottawa, Ontario

DATUM Geodetic

DATES: BORING 92-02-01 WATER LEVEL N.A.

TPC ELEV. N.A.

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES		WELL CONSTRUCTION	
						● %LEL	▲ ppm	TYPE	N-VALUE OR RQD				
0	62.66	Compact, brown to dark brown, sand and gravel, some brick : FILL			0	● 20	▲ 100	40	60	80			No Monitoring Well Installed
1	61.2	Compact to dense, light brown to grey, sand and silt, trace gravel : TILL			2								
					4	▲				SS	24		
					6	▲				SS	26		
					8	▲				SS	50		
3					10								
					12		▲						
					14		▲						
					16								
					18								
4	58.2	End of Borehole											
5		Auger refusal on possible bedrock											
6													



MONITORING WELL RECORD

MW01-10

CLIENT: Robinson Consultants Inc.
LOCATION: LeBreton Flats, ABC Lines, Ottawa, Ontario
DATES BORING: 2001-04-09 WATER LEVEL: 2001-04-18

PROJECT No: ONO11359 ORIGINATED BY: BC
DATUM: Geodetic COMPILED BY: SS
TPC ELEV: 60.283 CHECKED BY: EG

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES			WELL CONSTRUCTION
						● %LEL	▲ ppmv	TYPE	NUMBER	N-VALUE			
0	59.45					● 20 40 60 80 ▲ 100 200 300 400							
0	59.4	TOPSOIL. Loose, dark brown silty sand, trace clay: FILL			2	▲				AS	1	---	Protective Casing and Concrete Seal Bentonite Seal
1	58.2	Firm, grey brown silty clay, trace gravel, trace debris (brick): FILL			4	▲				SS	2	8	51 mm, #10. Slotted PVC Screen with Sandpack
2	57.2	Loose, grey black silty sand, trace gravel, trace debris (steel, wood waste): FILL			6	▲				SS	3	4	
3	56.1	Firm, grey black silty clay, trace debris (brick, glass): FILL			10		▲			SS	4	3	
4	54.9	Compact, grey black silty sand, trace debris (brick, wood waste): FILL.			12		▲			SS	5	8	
5					14	▲				SS	6	5	
6					16		▲			SS	7	3	
7					18		▲			SS	8	15	
8					20	▲				SS	9	8	
9	50.6 50.3	Compact, grey SAND, some gravel, trace silt Auger Refusal			22					SS	10	5	
10		Inferred Bedrock at 9.14 m			24		▲			SS	11	4	
					26	▲				SS	12	50/ 560 mm	
					28		▲						
					30								
					32								

LABORATORY ANALYSES: Sample MW01-10 SS10 submitted for laboratory analysis of
TPH (gas/diesel), VOCs, PAHs, PCBs, Chloride, Sulphate and Inorganic
Soil Decommissioning parameters

Groundwater Level



MONITORING WELL RECORD

MW01-17

CLIENT Robinson Consultants Inc.
LOCATION LeBreton Flats, ABC Lines, Ottawa, Ontario
DATES BORING 2001-08-15 WATER LEVEL 2001-08-23

PROJECT No ONO11359 ORIGINATED BY BC
DATUM Geodetic COMPILED BY SS
TPC ELEV 67.315 CHECKED BY EG

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES			WELL CONSTRUCTION
						● %LEL	▲ ppmv	TYPE	NUMBER	N-VALUE			
0	66.40					● 20 40 60 80 ▲ 100 200 300 400							
0	66.2	200 mm of TOPSOIL/ROOTMAT Compact to dense, brown sand with silt, trace gravel: FILL			2			GS	1	---		Protective Casing and Bentonite Seal Bentonite Seal	
1					4			SS	2	20		Backfill of Auger Cuttings	
2					6			SS	3	50/300			
3					8			SS	4	50/250			
4	62.6	Loose, brown sand, trace silt, trace gravel, debris (bricks): FILL			10			SS	5	17			
5					12			SS	6	5			
6	61.1	Firm, grey clay, some gravel: FILL			14			SS	7	5			
7					16			SS	8	4			
8	60.3	Compact, grey brown sand, some silt, trace gravel: FILL			18			SS	9	23			
9					20			SS	10	22			
10					22			SS	11	12		Bentonite Seal	
					24			SS	12	3		51 mm, #10, PVC Casing, with Sandpack	
					26			SS	13	26		51 mm, #10, Slotted PVC Screen with Sandpack	
					28								
					30								
					32								

LABORATORY ANALYSES

Sample MW 01-17 SS-10 submitted for laboratory analysis of VOC's
sample MW 01-17 SS-17 submitted for analysis of PAH's and sample
MW 01-17 SS-6 submitted for analysis of TPH (gas/diesel)

Groundwater Level



MONITORING WELL RECORD

MW01-17

CLIENT Robinson Consultants Inc.
LOCATION LeBreton Flats, ABC Lines, Ottawa, Ontario
DATES BORING 2001-08-15 WATER LEVEL 2001-08-23

PROJECT No ONO11359 ORIGINATED BY BC
DATUM Geodetic COMPILED BY SS
IPC ELEV 67.315 CHECKED BY FG

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES			WELL CONSTRUCTION
						● %LEL	▲ ppmv			TYPE	NUMBER	N-VALUE	
10	66.40					● 20 40 60 80 ▲ 100 200 300 400							
					34					SS	14	33	
11					36					SS	15	25	
					38					SS	16	31	
12	54.2	Stiff, grey brown silty clay, organics, debris (wood): FILL			40					SS	17	50	
					42					SS	18	22	
13	53.5	Compact, grey sand, some silt, trace clay, trace gravel, occasional rock fragments and debris : FILL.			44					SS	19	6	
					46					SS	20	50/430	
14					48					SS	21	35	
15	50.6	Dense, grey SILTY SAND, some gravel			50					SS	22	61	
16	49.8	End of Borehole			52								
17		Auger Refusal on Inferred Bedrock			54								
18		Installed Well			56								
					58								
					60								
					62								
					64								

LABORATORY ANALYSES
Groundwater Level

Sample MW 01-17 SS-10 submitted for laboratory analysis of VOC's.
sample MW 01-17 SS-17 submitted for analysis of PAHs, and sample
MW 01-17 SS-6 submitted for analysis of TPH (gas/diesel)



IWE GPJ T 17

Log of Borehole 2-218



- Auger Sample ☒
- SPT (N) Value ○ ○ ☒ Natural Moisture ✕
- Dynamic Cone Test — Plastic & Liquid Limit |
- Shelby Tube ● ● ■ Undrained Triaxial at 0
- Rock Core ☒ Overburden Pressure 15 ⊕ 5
- Field Vane Test + S % Strain at Failure 10
- Penetrometer ▲
- Water Level: Est.: ▽ Measured: ▽ Perched: ▽

Project Geotechnical Investigation Dwg. No. 19
Lebreton Flats Infrastructure and Rehabilitation Project
Ottawa, Ontario Project No. MA15510A
 Borehole Location Refer to Drawing No. 1

G W L	S Y M B O L	Soil Description	Geodetic Elev. m	D e p t h m	N Value				Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits % Dry Weight			Natural Unit Weight KN/m ³
					20	40	60	80	10	20	30	
		TOPSOIL ~ 75mm FILL Silty sand with some gravel, trace concrete and brick pieces, occasional cobbles and boulders, grey, wet (compact)	58.1	0								
		FILL Silty sand and gravel, occasional cobbles and boulders, some clay, moist, grey to dark grey (loose to compact)	55.1	3								
				4								
				5								
			52.7	6								
				7								
				8								
				9								
				10								

-Sand blow-up into augers from
8.2 to 7.2m depth

○ Bouncing

MONITORING WELL RECORD

MW03-22

CLIENT Robinson Consultants Inc. PROJECT No. ONO11359-4 ORIGINATED BY CM/EK
 LOCATION Lemieux Island Low Pressure Transmission Main, Ottawa, ON DATUM Geodetic COMPILED BY JF
 DATES: BORING 05-30-03 WATER LEVEL 06-26-03 TPC ELEV. 54.55 CHECKED BY CM

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES			WELL CONSTRUCTION
						● %LEL	▲ ppmv	TYPE	NUMBER	N-VALUE			
0	54.63					● 20 ▲ 100	40 200	60 300	80 400				
0	54.5	100 mm ASPHALT								GS	1	---	Protective Casing and Bentonite Seal
0	54.4	Granulars								SS	2	21	Bentonite Seal
1		Compact to loose, grey to brown sand and gravel, some brick, some wood: FILL				▲				SS	3	9	51 mm, Schedule 40, PVC Casing, with Sandpack
2						▲				SS	4	6	Protective Casing and Concrete Seal
3										SS	5	7	
4	51.0	Very loose, sandy gravel, trace organics, wood: FILL								SS	6	7	
4	50.4	Very loose to compact, grey clay, trace gravel, wood: FILL								SS	7	3	
5						▲				SS	8	2	
6	49.1	Compact to dense, grey silty sand, some clay: GLACIAL TILL				▲				SS	9	15	
6										SS	10	21	
7	47.4	End of Borehole								SS	11	25	Backfill of Auger Cuttings
7										SS	12	50/ 80mm	
8		Auger Refusal on Inferred Bedrock											
8		Monitoring Well Installed											
9													
10													

LABORATORY ANALYSES:

MW03-22 SS8 submitted for analysis of BTEX, TPH (g, d, ho), and VOCs. MW03-22 SS6 submitted for PAHs. MW03-22 SS2 submitted for analysis of general inorganics. Groundwater sample submitted for analysis of BTEX, TPH (g, d, ho), VOCs, PAHs and general inorganics.

Groundwater Level

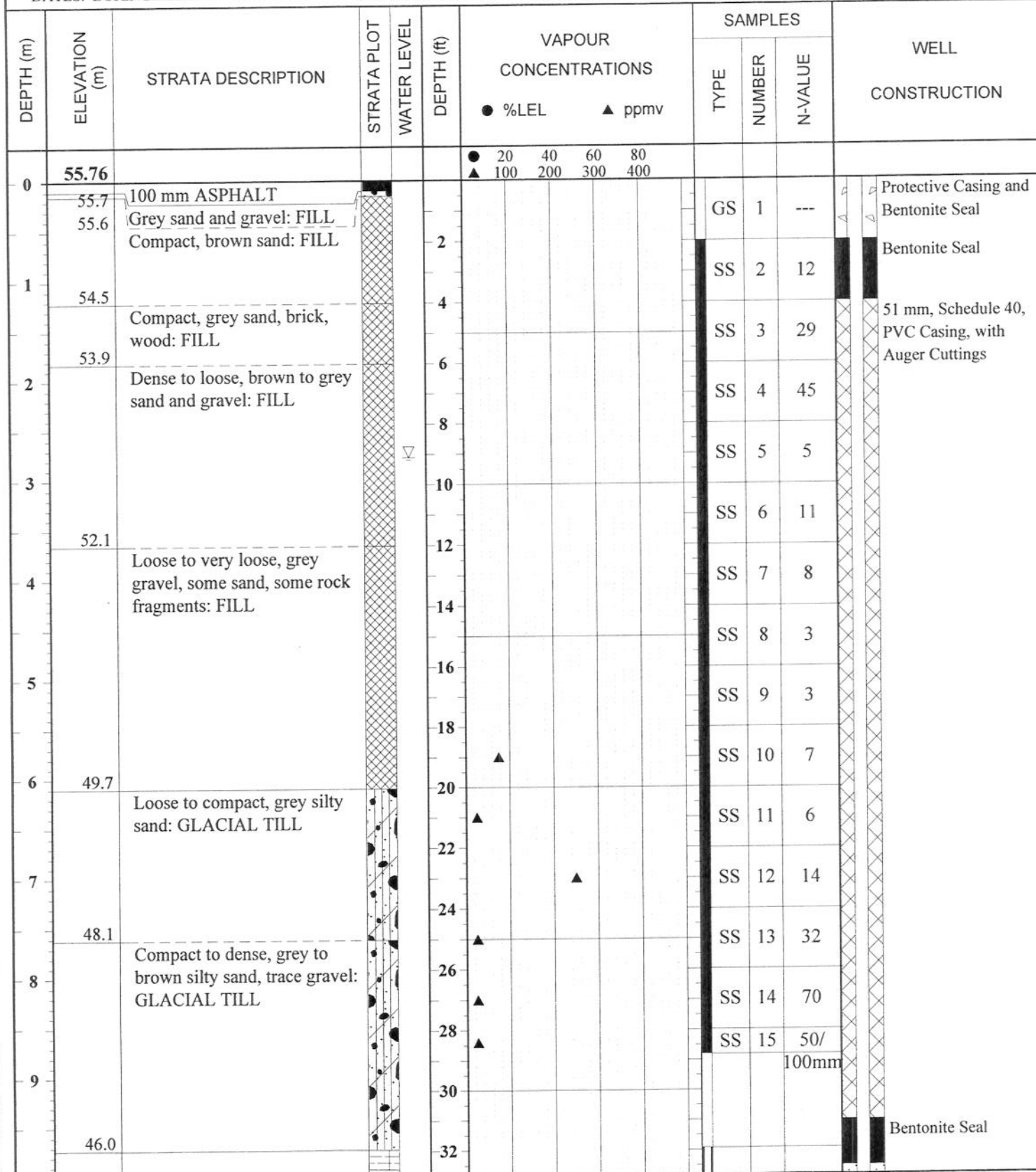
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MONITORING WELL RECORD

MW03-23

CLIENT Robinson Consultants Inc. PROJECT No. ONO11359-4 ORIGINATED BY CM/EK
 LOCATION Lemieux Island Low Pressure Transmission Main, Ottawa, ON DATUM Geodetic COMPILED BY JF
 DATES: BORING 05-30-03 WATER LEVEL 06-26-03 TPC ELEV. 55.669 CHECKED BY CM



LABORATORY ANALYSES: MW03-23 SS12 submitted for analysis of BTEX, TPH (g, d, ho), and VOCs. MW03-23 SS3 submitted for analysis of Regulation 347, PAHs and general inorganics. Groundwater sample submitted for analysis of BTEX, TPH (g, d, ho), VOCs, PAHs and general inorganics.

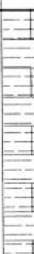



JWE 3-4-GP GDT

MONITORING WELL RECORD

MW03-23

CLIENT Robinson Consultants Inc. PROJECT No. ONO11359-4 ORIGINATED BY CM/EK
 LOCATION Lemieux Island Low Pressure Transmission Main, Ottawa, ON DATUM Geodetic COMPILED BY JF
 DATES: BORING 05-30-03 WATER LEVEL 06-26-03 TPC ELEV. 55.669 CHECKED BY CM

DEPTH (m)	ELEVATION (m)	STRATA DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	WATER LEVEL	DEPTH (ft)	VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS				SAMPLES			WELL CONSTRUCTION			
						● %LEL	▲ ppmv	TYPE	NUMBER	N-VALUE						
	55.76					● 20	40	60	80							
						▲ 100	200	300	400							
10		Poor to good, light grey limestone with occasional shale interbeds: BEDROCK			34						HQ	16	49 %	51 mm, Schedule 40, PVC Casing, with Sandpack 51 mm, Schedule 40, slot #10, PVC Screen with Sandpack		
11					36							HQ	17		80 %	
	44.0				38											
12		End of Borehole			40											
		Monitoring Well Installed			42											
								44								
								46								
								48								
								50								
								52								
								54								
								56								
								58								
								60								
								62								
								64								

JWEL 00034-GP 000000-GDT

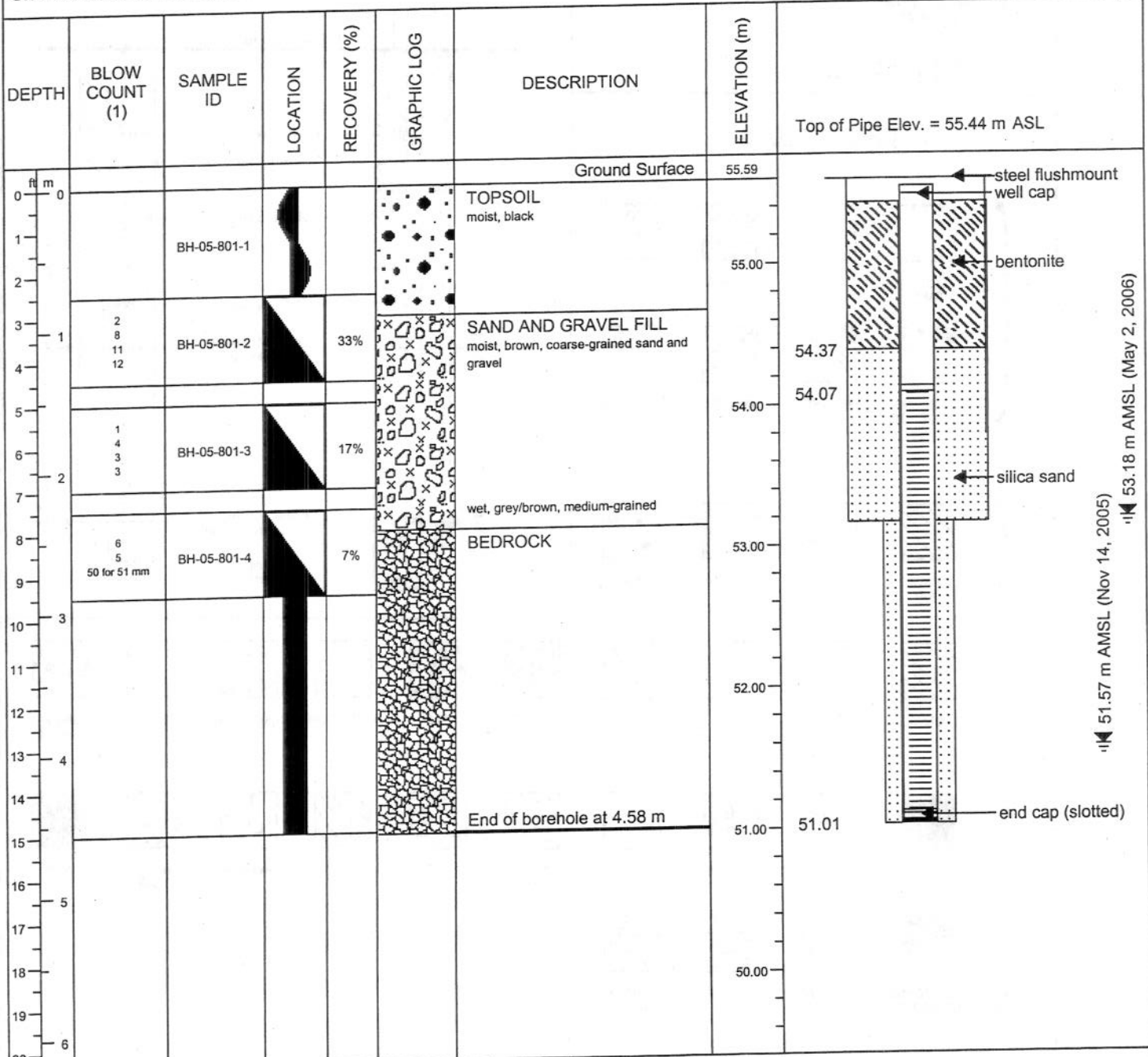
LABORATORY ANALYSES:
 Groundwater Level

MW03-23 SS12 submitted for analysis of BTEX, TPH (g, d, ho), and VOCs. MW03-23 SS3 submitted for analysis of Regulation 347, PAHs and general inorganics. Groundwater sample submitted for analysis of BTEX, TPH (g, d, ho), VOCs, PAHs and general inorganics.



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-05-801

Project No.: 97-142H **ATSI Supervisor:** S.Dingee **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling Ltd.
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** HSA/DTH **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck
Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm/102 mm **Well Casing:** PVC Schedule 40
Date Completed: November 2, 2005 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10
Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL **OVN:** Samples not screened



51.57 m AMSL (Nov 14, 2005) 53.18 m AMSL (May 2, 2006)

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 HSA = Hollow Stem Auger
 DTH = Down the hole Hammer
 The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.
 All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-05-805

Project No.: 97-142H

Client: National Capital Commission

Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa

Date Completed: November 2, 2005

Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL

ATSI Supervisor: S.Dingee

Drilling Method: HSA/DTH

Borehole Diameter: 204 mm/102mm

Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

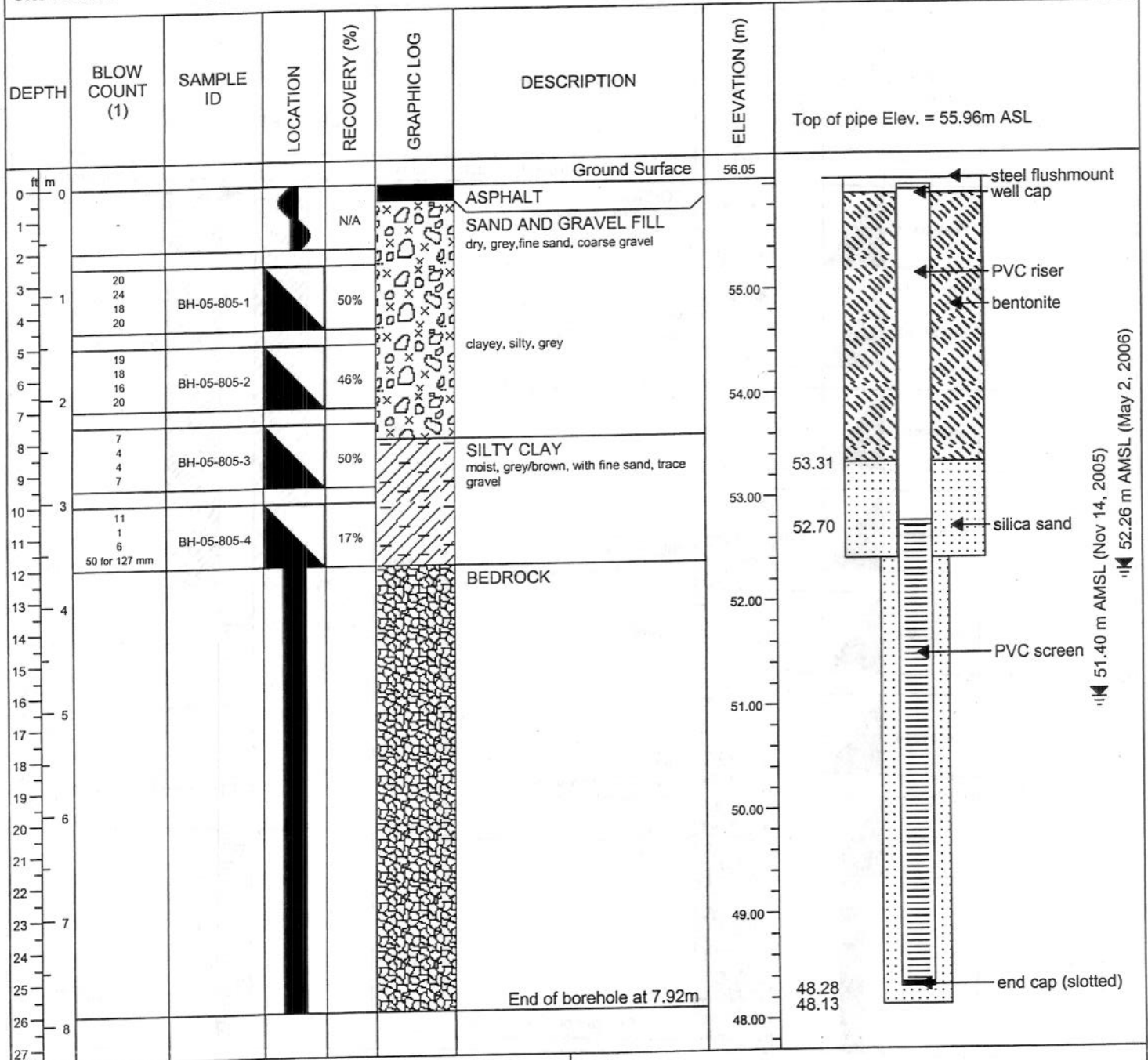
Drilling Company: Downing Drilling Ltd.

Drilling Equipment: CME 55 Truck

Well Casing: PVC Schedule 40

Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10

OVN: Samples not screened



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons

HSA = Hollow Stem Auger
DTH = Down the hole Hammer

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-05-810

Project No.: 97-142H

ATSI Supervisor: S.Dingee

Drilling Company: Downing Drilling Ltd.

Client: National Capital Commission

Drilling Method: HSA/DTH

Drilling Equipment: CME 45 Track

Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa

Borehole Diameter: 204 mm/102

Well Casing: PVC Schedule 40

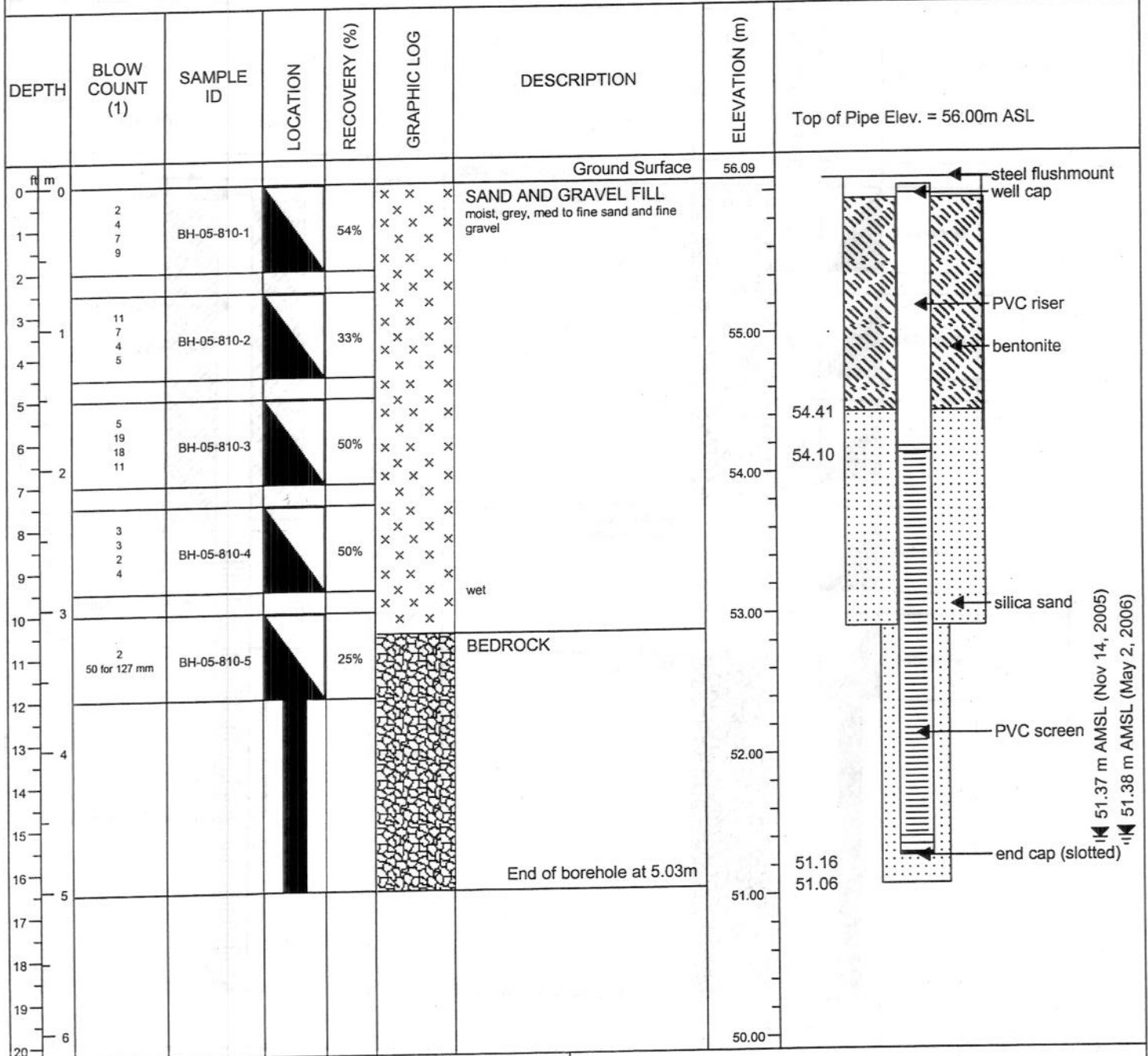
Date Completed: November 7, 2005

Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10

Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL

OVM: Samples not screened



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons

HSA = Hollow Stem Auger
DTH = Down the hole Hammer

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-05-813

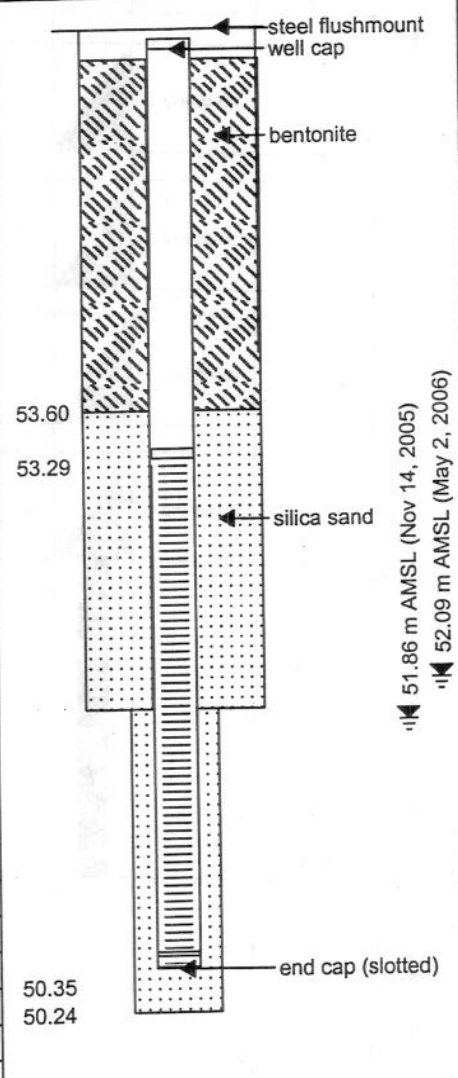
Project No.: 97-142H
Client: National Capital Commission
Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa
Date Completed: November 7, 2005
Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL

ATSI Supervisor: S.Dingee
Drilling Method: HSA/DTH
Borehole Diameter: 203 mm/102 mm
Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

Drilling Company: Downing Drilling Ltd.
Drilling Equipment: CME 45 Track
Well Casing: PVC Schedule 40
Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10
OVM: Samples not screened

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
0						Ground Surface	55.73
0.15	4	BH-05-813-1	[Diagram]	58%	[Graphic]	SILTY CLAY FILL moist, grey/brown silty clay with some sand	55.73
0.30	7					SAND AND GRAVEL FILL dry, grey, med. sand and fine gravel	55.00
0.45	18						
0.60	30						
1.05	4	BH-05-813-2	[Diagram]	33%	[Graphic]	moist, brown, fine to coarse gravel @ 0.76 m	54.00
1.20	10						
1.35	9						
1.50	11						
2.10	2	BH-05-813-3	[Diagram]	83%	[Graphic]	SAND FILL moist, brown, fine sand, some medium gravel	53.60
2.25	15						
2.40	17						
2.55	19						
3.15	8	BH-05-813-4	[Diagram]	100%	[Graphic]	no gravel	53.29
3.30	11						
3.45	9						
3.60	11						
4.20	5	BH-05-813-5	[Diagram]	67%	[Graphic]	SILTY SAND FILL moist, clayey, some gravel	52.00
4.35	6						
4.50	8						
4.65	8						
5.49						BEDROCK	51.00
							50.35
							50.24
							50.00

Top of Pipe Elev. = 55.60m ASL



51.86 m AMSL (Nov 14, 2005)
 52.09 m AMSL (May 2, 2006)

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons

HSA = Hollow Stem Auger
 DTH = Down the hole Hammer

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-05-815

Project No.: 97-142H

ATSI Supervisor: S.Dingee

Drilling Company: Downing Drilling Ltd.

Client: National Capital Commission

Drilling Method: HSA/DTH

Drilling Equipment: CME 45 Track

Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa

Borehole Diameter: 203 mm/102 mm

Well Casing: PVC Schedule 40

Date Completed: November 9, 2005

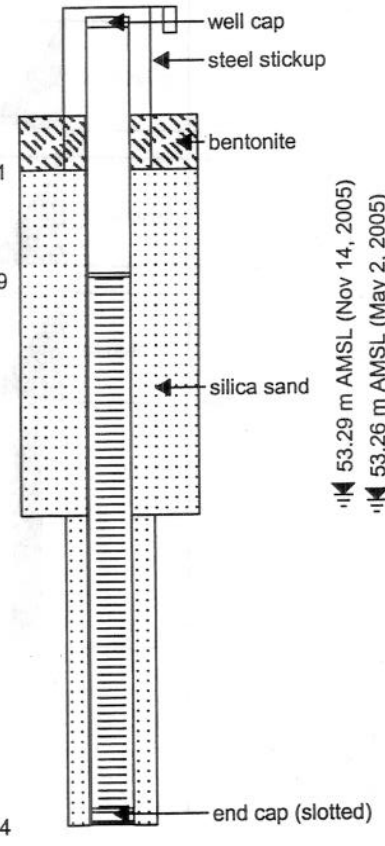
Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10

Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL

OVN: Samples not screened

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Top of Pipe Elev. = 56.12m ASL
-2						Ground Surface	55.42
0	2	BH-05-815-1	[Symbol]	67%	[Symbol]	SILTY SAND FILL moist, grey, clayey with fine gravel	55.11
1	4						55.00
2	6						
3	6	BH-05-815-2	[Symbol]	63%	[Symbol]		54.49
4	2						54.00
5	4						
6	7	BH-05-815-3	[Symbol]	75%	[Symbol]		
7	6						53.00
8	6						
9						BEDROCK	53.00
10							
11							
12							
13						End of borehole at 3.96 m	51.44
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							



53.29 m AMSL (Nov 14, 2005)
53.26 m AMSL (May 2, 2005)

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons

HSA = Hollow Stem Auger
DTH = Down the hole Hammer

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.



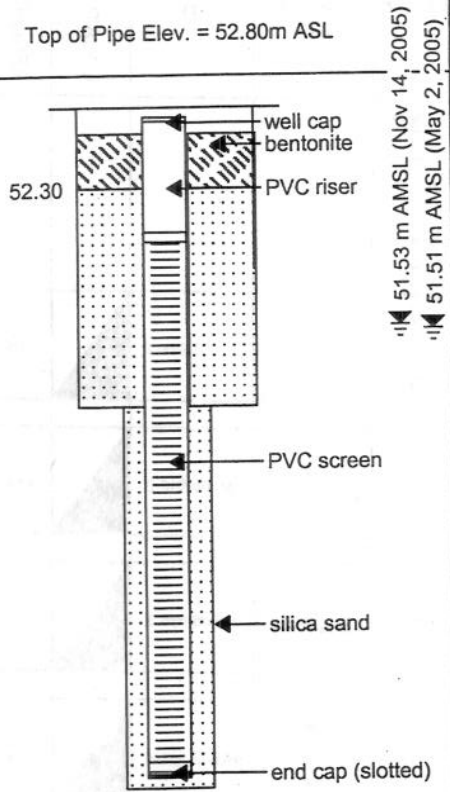
Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-05-819

Project No.: 97-142H
Client: National Capital Commission
Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa
Date Completed: November 8, 2005
Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL

ATSI Supervisor: S.Dingee
Drilling Method: HSA/DTH
Borehole Diameter: 204 mm/102mm
Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

Drilling Company: Downing Drilling Ltd.
Drilling Equipment: CME 45 Track
Well Casing: PVC Schedule 40
Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10
OVM: Samples not screened

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
						Ground Surface	52.60
0	7	BH-05-819-1	[Symbol]	71%	[Symbol]	TOPSOIL moist, dark brown	52.30
1	4					SILTY CLAY FILL moist, grey/brown, with sand	52.00
2	7					SAND FILL moist, brown, med. to fine	
3	12	BH-05-819-2	[Symbol]	25%	[Symbol]	SHALE AND GRAVEL moist, grey/black shale and grey, coarse gravel	
4	7						
5	12						
6	7				[Symbol]	BOULDER FILL wet, grey/brown, clay infill	51.00
7	6						
8							
9							
10							
11							
12						End of borehole at 3.66m	49.00
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							



51.53 m AMSL (Nov 14, 2005)
51.51 m AMSL (May 2, 2005)

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons

HSA = Hollow Stem Auger
DTH = Down the hole Hammer

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-6/MW06-6

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 20, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: ADG/TLJ

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 54.96 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366010 E, 5030649 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> ft m </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 1 2 3 4 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 4 12 15 20 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 5 9 10 8 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 5 5 0 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 5 0 0 </div>		<p style="text-align: center;">GROUND SURFACE</p> <p>FILL Topsoil near surface, underlain by dark brown silty sand fill with trace gravel. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>Brown silt and sand fill with brick fragments and minor iron staining. Slightly moist, no odour.</p> <p>Brown silt and sand fill. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>9 cm of black slag fill with rock fragments at 2.1 mBGS. Moist, no odour.</p> <p>Dark brown silt and sand fill with trace gravel and roots. Wet, no odour.</p>	

BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-6/MW06-6

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 20, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

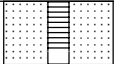
Supervisor: ADG/TLJ

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 54.96 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366010 E, 5030649 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
15							Borehole terminated at 4.6 mBGS.	
16							BOREHOLE TERMINATED	Depth of MW06-6 = 4.6 mBGS
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-7/MW06-7

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 20, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: ADG/TLJ

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 55.24 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365882 E, 5030604 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> ft m </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>GROUND SURFACE</p> </div>							<p>FILL Brown topsoil.</p> <p>Grey/brown silt and sand fill with trace gravel. Slightly moist, no odour.</p> <p>Brown silt and sand fill with black slag, brick and gravel. Slightly moist, no odour.</p> <p>Dark brown silt and sand fill. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>Dark brown silt and sand fill with black slag fragments. Wet, no odour.</p> <p>Grey and black sand with rock fragments.</p>	<p>Stick-up casing</p> <p>51 mm diameter PVC riser</p> <p>51 mm diameter PVC screen</p> <p>Water level @ 2.5 mBGS</p> <p>203 mm diameter borehole</p> <p>Native soil</p> <p>Bentonite</p> <p>Silica sand</p>
-4								
-3								
-2								
-1								
0			3					
1			5	0				
2			10					
3			12					
4								
5			4					
6			10	0				
7			9					
8			7					
9								
10			3					
11			7	10				
12			13					
13			9					
14			50	0				
15								
16			11					
17			18	0				
18			18					
19			50					
20								
21			7					
22			16	0				
23			23					
24			13					



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-7/MW06-7

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 20, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

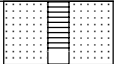
Supervisor: ADG/TLJ

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 55.24 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365882 E, 5030604 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
15							Borehole terminated at 4.6 mBGS.	
16							BOREHOLE TERMINATED	Depth of MW06-7 = 4.6 mBGS
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-9/MW06-9

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: ADG/SNG

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 61.58 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365843 E, 5030527N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
ft -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 m 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13						GROUND SURFACE		Stick-up Casing 51 mm diameter PVC Riser 203 mm diameter borehole Native Soil
			9 50	0			FILL Brown topsoil. Brown silty sand fill with organic material near surface. Dry, no odour.	
			7 21 15 11	0			Brown silty sand fill with some clay and trace gravel. Moist, no odour.	
			7 14 10 6	2			Dark brown sand and gravel fill. Dry, no odour.	
			5 7 10 10	0			Brown silty sand fill with trace gravel. Dry, no odour.	
			8 24 9 5	3			Grey silt fill with some clay. Moist, no odour.	
							Black sand fill with some silt and gravel. Wet, landfill odour.	



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-9/MW06-9

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: ADG/SNG

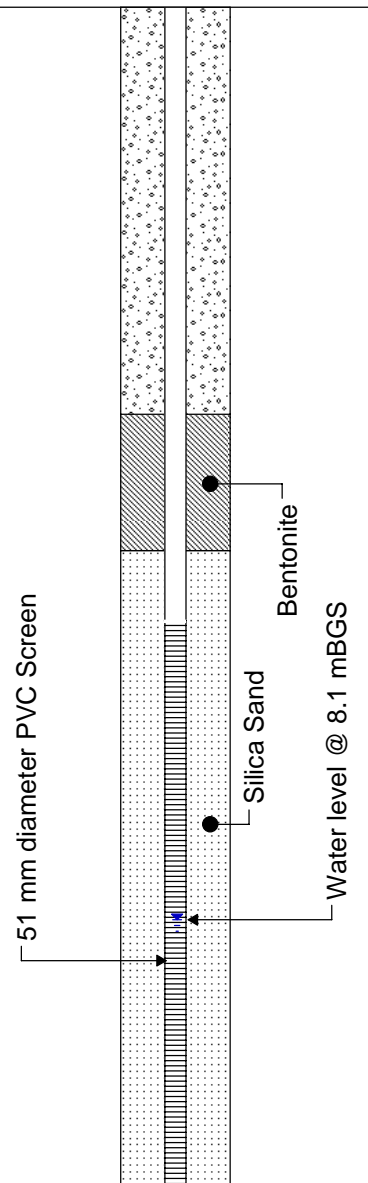
Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 61.58 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365843 E, 5030527N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
4			3	2				
14			4 3					
15			4	2			Silty sand fill with some clay and wood fragments. Wet, no odour.	
16			4					
17			50					
18			50				Boulder (no recovery)	
19								
20			46	4			Grey sand fill with some gravel. Slightly moist, landfill odour.	
21			20					
22			12					
23			50					
24			25	3				
25			32					
26		X	4	35			Minor brick fragments.	
27			8					
28			8					
29			15	25			Hydrocarbon odour.	
30			7					
			5					
			9					



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-9/MW06-9

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission


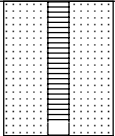
Supervisor: ADG/SNG

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 61.58 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365843 E, 5030527N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
31			2	50			Sandy fill with glass and paper debris. Wet, landfill odour. Borehole terminated at 9.8 mBGS.	
32			1					
33			1					
34			1					
35	10						BOREHOLE TERMINATED	Depth of MW06-9 = 9.8 mBGS
36	11							
37								
38								
39	12							
40								
41								
42								
43	13							
44								
45								
46	14							
47								



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-10/MW06-10

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: ADG

Site Location: LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 55.56 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365965 E, 5030592 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> ft m </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>GROUND SURFACE</p> </div>							<p>FILL Brown sandy topsoil underlain by brown silt and sand fill with trace gravel and brick fragments. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>Grey/brown silty sand fill with gravel and cobbles. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>Grey and black silty sand fill with gravel and wood debris. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>Grey/brown silty sand fill with trace wood debris. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>Sand fill with garbage, paper, and plastic. Dry, landfill odour.</p> <p>Brown/black silty sand fill with wood debris. Moist, landfill odour.</p>	
-4								
-3								
-2								
-1								
0			6					
1			22	0				
2			30					
3			38					
4								
5			19					
6			48	0				
7			41					
8			36					
9								
10			5					
11			5	0				
12			12					
13			7					
14								
15			3					
16			6					
17			3	20				
18			3					
19			7					
20								
21			8					
22			5	0				
23			8					
24			8					
25			22					



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-10/MW06-10

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

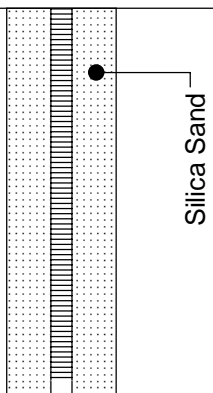
Supervisor: ADG

Site Location: LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 55.56 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365965 E, 5030592 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
15	5		23	0		●	Grey clay fill with trace silt and gravel. Wet.	 <p style="text-align: right;">Silica Sand</p>
16			11					
17			3					
18			1					
18			3			●	SAND Grey sand fill with silt seams. Wet, no odour.	<p>Depth of MW06-10 = 6.1 mBGS</p>
19			9	0				
20			14				Borehole terminated at 6.1mBGS.	
20			15					
21							BOREHOLE TERMINATED	
22								
23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-11/MW06-11

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: ADG

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 56.80 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365928 E, 5030683 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> ft m </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>-4</p> <p>-3</p> <p>-2</p> <p>-1</p> <p>0</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 1 2 3 4 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 7 11 50 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 16 14 22 27 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 1 5 5 10 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 6 9 6 10 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 4 4 21 19 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 20 50 </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> 0 0 0 0 </div>	<p style="text-align: center;">GROUND SURFACE</p> <p>FILL Brown sand fill with gravel and brick. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>FILL Brown sand fill with gravel and minor silt. 12 cm of rock fragments. Dry, no odour.</p> <p>FILL Brown sand and gravel fill. Dry, no odour.</p>	

BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-11/MW06-11

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-20

Date Completed: June 21, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission


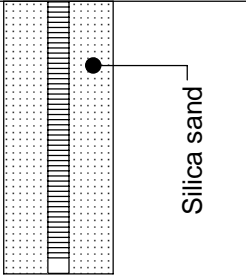
Supervisor: ADG

Site Location: Municipal Lands

Ground Surface Elevation: 56.80 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 365928 E, 5030683 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoon

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
15	5		1	0			Gravel fill with minor sand. Wet, no odour.	
16			9					
17			5					
18			50					
19								
20	6					BOREHOLE TERMINATED	Depth of MW06-11 = 5.6 mBGS	
21								
22								
23								
24								
25	7							
26								
27								
28								
29								
30	8							
31								
32								
32	9							



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH/MW06-35

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-23

Date Completed: August 2, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: TLJ

Site Location: Southern LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 62.608 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366650 E, 5030786 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoons

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
-4 ft -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 m							GROUND SURFACE	
0			2			0	FILL Brown topsoil underlain with brown silty sand fill. Dry, no odour.	
4			6					
6			6					
1			5			40	Brown silty sand fill with gravel and bricks. Dry, no odour.	
2			8					
3			5					
4			5					
5			1			30	Brown to grey silty sand fill with clay and gravel. Slightly wet, no odour.	
6			2					
7			4					
8			3					
2			5			20	Brown and grey silty sand fill with gravel. Dry, no odour.	
9			10					
10			9					
3			12			30	TILL Grey clayey silt till with gravel. Moist, no odour.	
11			4					
12			10					
13			9					
4			8			25	Grey clayey silt till with gravel. Dry, no odour. Fractured rock at 4.1 mBGS.	
14	X		2					
15			3					
16			10					
17			15					
18			4			20	Grey clayey silt till with gravel. Moist, no odour.	
19			8					



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH/MW06-35

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-23

Date Completed: August 2, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

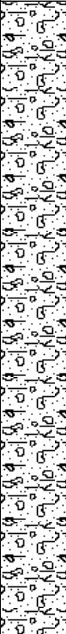
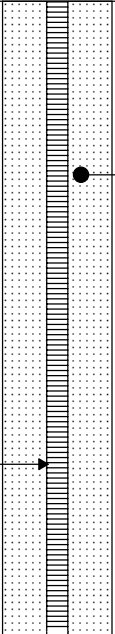
Supervisor: TLJ

Site Location: Southern LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 62.608 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366650 E, 5030786 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoons

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
5	█		50					
17								
18	█		50	20				
19								
20	█		15	5			Grey till with gravel. Dry, no odour.	
21	█		30					
22	█		50					
23	█		22	25			Grey sandy till with gravel. Dry, no odour.	
24			50					
25	█		50	--				
26	█							
27						Borehole terminated at 8.22 mBGS.		
28						BOREHOLE TERMINATED	Depth of MW06-35 = 8.22 mBGS	
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH/MW06-36

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-23

Date Completed: August 3, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: TLJ

Site Location: Southern LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 65.47 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366710 E, 5030912 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoons and air hammer

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
ft -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16								
m 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16								
			12 14 21 10	60			GROUND SURFACE	
			2 5 9 7	70			FILL Brown topsoil underlain by rock fragments and brown silty sand fill and gravel. Moist, no odour.	
			2 19 18 5	75			Brown and grey silty sand fill with gravel. Minor iron staining. Moist, no odour.	
		X	2 16 17	55			Brown to grey silty sand fill with gravel. Moist, no odour.	
			8 12 15 17	55			Brown and grey silty sand fill with gravel. Moist, no odour.	
			10 16 50	55			Grey silty sand fill with clay and gravel. Moist, no odour.	
			50	0			Rock fragments at 3.78 mBGS.	
			27 50	70			TILL Grey sandy clay till. Moist, no odour.	



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH/MW06-36

MOE Well ID: A029553

Project Number: 05-215-23

Date Completed: August 3, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission


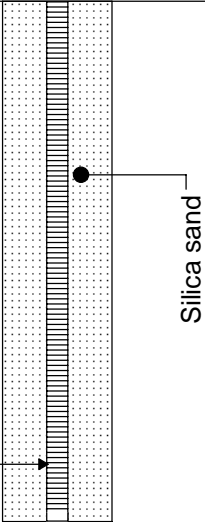
Supervisor: TLJ

Site Location: Southern LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 65.47 mASL

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366710 E, 5030912 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoons and air hammer

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
5 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	5 6 7		11 50 50	60 10 25			Borehole terminated at 7.62 mBGS. BOREHOLE TERMINATED	 <p style="text-align: center;">Depth of MW06-36 = 7.62 mBGS</p>



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-37

MOE Well ID: Not applicable

Project Number: 05-215-23

Date Completed: August 3, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission


Supervisor: TLJ

Site Location: Southern LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 63.47 mBGS

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366688 E, 5030854 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoons

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
ft -4 -3 -2 -1 0							GROUND SURFACE	No monitoring well installed
m 0			2	100		FILL Brown topsoil underlain by silty sand fill with black slag and ash. Minor iron staining. Moist, no odour.		
1	X	3						
2		3						
3			2	70			Charcoal and ash with brown silty sand fill. Moist, no odour.	
4		1						
5		3						
6			2	75			Dark brown silty sand fill with gravel. Trace clay and minor iron staining. Dry, no odour.	
7		4						
8		4						
9			5	75			Brown silty sand fill with gravel. Minor iron staining and ash, white and black sand. Moist, no odour.	
10		6						
11		8						
12			6	60			Brown and grey silty sand fill with gravel. Wet, no odour.	
13		8						
14		2						
15			3	50			Grey silty sand fill with gravel and trace clay. Wet, no odour.	
16		1						
		3						
			1	50		TILL Grey sandy silt till with gravel.		
		3						



BOREHOLE STRATIGRAPHIC AND INSTRUMENTATION LOG

Borehole Number: BH06-37

MOE Well ID: Not applicable

Project Number: 05-215-23

Date Completed: August 3, 2006

Client: National Capital Commission

Supervisor: TLJ

Site Location: Southern LeBreton Flats

Ground Surface Elevation: 63.47 mBGS

Coordinates: MTM NAD83 - 366688 E, 5030854 N

Drilling Method: Hollow stem auger with split spoons

DEPTH BGS	SAMPLES	LAB SAMPLE	BLOW COUNT	CGI (ppm)	PID (ppm)	LOG	STRATIGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	INSTALLATION
5			25 36					
17								
18			20 50	55				
19								
20			50	50				
21								
22								
23			36 50	50				
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34								
35								
36								

Rock fragments at 6.8 mBGS.

Borehole terminated at 7.2 mBGS on refusal.

BOREHOLE TERMINATED



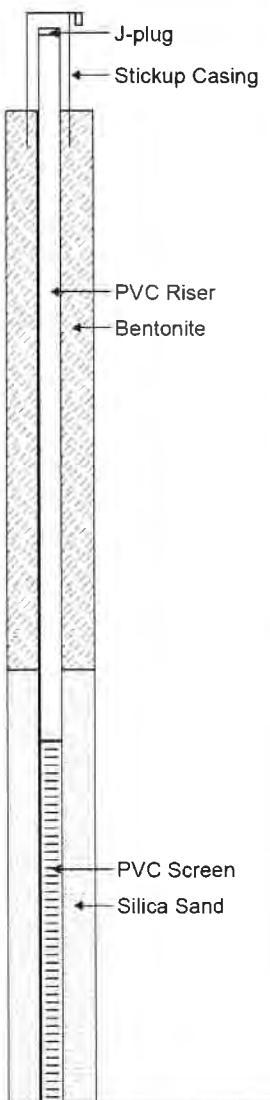


Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-103

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 19 & 20, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVM:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Ground Surface	62.03
0	6 9 12 15	BH-06-103-1	▲	<25	58%		TOPSOIL	62.00
1	4 8 30 34	BH-06-103-2	▲	45	71%		FILL Dry, brown, sand and gravel, with coal, brick fragments, shale and wood	61.00
2	7 18 14 14	BH-06-103-3	◆	30	33%		Petroleum odour from 1.5 to 2.9 mbgs	60.00
3	6 4 9 9	BH-06-103-4	◆	100	62%			59.00
4	1 3 7 17	BH-06-103-5	▲	<25	8%			58.00
5	12 10 11 13	BH-06-103-6	▲	80	58%		Dry, grey, silty clay, with gravel, coal, brick fragments and wood	57.00
6	4 5 6 8	BH-06-103-7	▲	90	71%			56.00
7	3 5 9 4	BH-06-103-8	▲	55	75%		Dry, grey, silty sand and gravel, with brick fragments and wood	55.00
8	20 20 7 4	BH-06-103-9	▲	40	50%		Dry, brown to grey, clay and clayey sand with gravel, coal and brick fragments	54.00
9	7 4 5 6	BH-06-103-10	▲	40	50%		Moist to wet, grey, silty sandy clay and gravel	
10	3 4 50 for 51 mm	BH-06-103-11	▲	<25	33%			

Elevation of top of PVC riser = 62.72 masl



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

 The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

 All elevations and locations are approximate

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

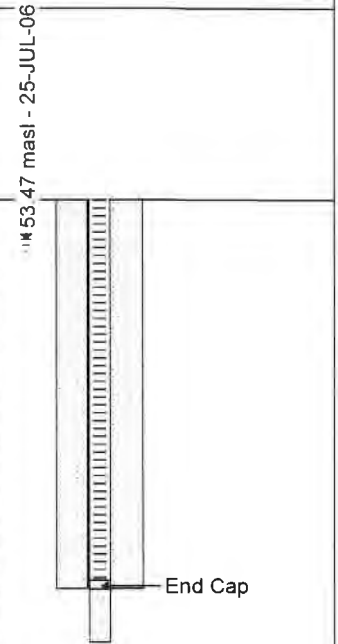
 ◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

 BH-06-103-3 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs, PHC Subfractions, PCBs
 BH-06-103-4 = Metals, PAHs

Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-103

Project No.: 06-830	ATSI Supervisor: M. Nash	Drilling Company: Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission	Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger	Drilling Equipment: CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON	Borehole Diameter: 203 mm	Well Casing: Stickup
Date Completed: July 19 & 20, 2006	Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm	Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl		OVM: Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
28	29	BH-06-103-12	◆	<25	8%			53.00
29	8							
30	10							
31	20							
31	38	BH-06-103-13	◆	200	71%		Mixed debris including wood, cloth, plastic, glass and newspaper	52.00
32	13							
33	18							
33	13	BH-06-103-14	◆	80	46%		Wet, wood, with some gravel and clay	51.00
34	11							
35	8							
36	9	BH-06-103-15	◆	<25	<4%			50.00
37	2							
38	3							
38	12	BH-06-103-16	◆	<25	92%		SAND Wet, grey to black, medium to coarse grained, with boulder fragments End of borehole at 11.86 mbgs	49.00
39	31							
40	50 for 127 mm							
41								
42								
43								
44								
45								
46								
47								
48								
49								
50								
51								
52								
53								
54								
55								
56								
57								



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

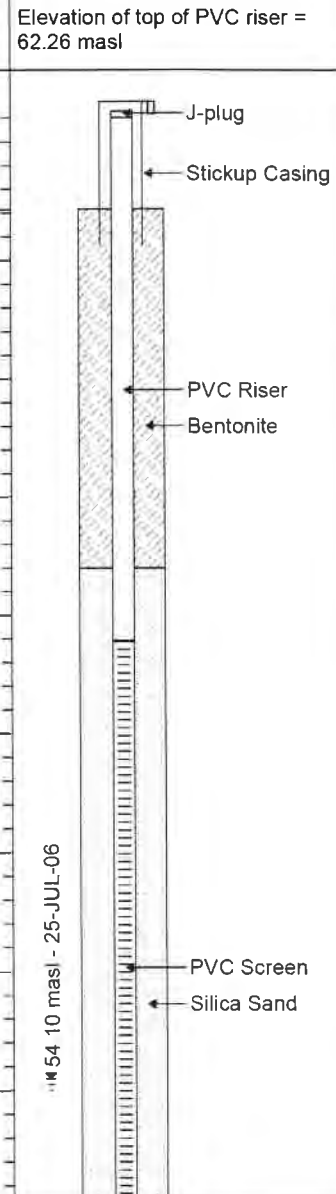
◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-104

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 19, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVM:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
-3 m								
-2 m								
-1 m								
0 m							Ground Surface	61.43
1 m	4 10 24 20	BH-06-104-1	▲	25	62%	[Pattern]	TOPSOIL	
2 m							FILL	61.00
3 m	16 19 24 32	BH-06-104-2	◆	75	62%	[Pattern]	Dry, dark brown, sand, with gravel and asphalt pieces	
4 m							Dry, light to dark brown, sand	60.00
5 m	9 13 16 19	BH-06-104-3	◆	80	96%	[Pattern]	Dry, dark brown, sand, with gravel and shale	
6 m								59.00
7 m	10 15 9 8	BH-06-104-4	◆	260	42%	[Pattern]	Dry, dark brown, silty sand, with shale, gravel and pebbles, trace coal	
8 m								58.00
9 m	7 7 5 2	BH-06-104-5	▲	50	8%	[Pattern]		
10 m								57.00
11 m	31 10 13 12	BH-06-104-6	▲	150	46%	[Pattern]	Dry, dark brown, sand, with dark grey clay and gravel	
12 m								56.00
13 m	44 50 for 51 mm	BH-06-104-7	▲		<4%	[Pattern]	Refusal on boulder	
14 m								55.00
15 m	1 2 2 1	BH-06-104-8	▲	100	8%	[Pattern]	FILL	
16 m							Moist, black to brown, clayey sand, with gravel, glass, slag and wood	54.00
17 m	1 2 1 3	BH-06-104-9	▲	130	<4%	[Pattern]	Gravel, concrete, brick fragments	
18 m								53.00
19 m	1 4 1 1	BH-06-104-10	◆	100	58%	[Pattern]	Wet, grey, clay, with gravel and mixed debris (cloth, glass, wood, paper, coal, plastic, concrete, newspaper)	
20 m								52.00
21 m	1 11 6 7	BH-06-104-11	▲	125	58%	[Pattern]		
22 m								51.00
23 m								50.00
24 m								49.00
25 m								48.00
26 m								47.00
27 m								46.00



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

 The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

 All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

 ◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

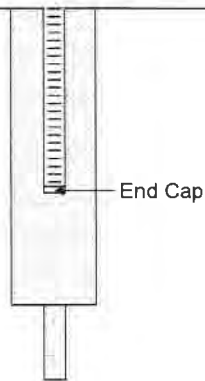
 BH-06-104-2 = Fraction Organic Carbon
 BH-06-104-3 = Metals, PAHs
 BH-06-104-4 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs
 BH-06-104-10 = Grain Size, pH
 BH-06-104-15 = Grain Size, pH



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-104

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 19, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVM:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)			
28	11	BH-06-104-12	[Symbol]	<25	<4%	[Pattern]		53.00			
29	5							7	5	9	
30	10										
31	4	BH-06-104-13	[Symbol]	110	29%	[Pattern]		52.00			
32	4							3	10		
33	6	BH-06-104-14	[Symbol]	30	4%	[Pattern]	Wet, gravel, brick fragments, newspaper	51.00			
34	5							12	18		
35	12										
36	9	BH-06-104-15	[Symbol]	85	83%	[Pattern]	SAND Wet, grey, medium to fine grained End of borehole at 11 28 mbgs	50.00			
37	12							6	3	11	
38											
39								49.00			
40								48.00			
41								47.00			
42								46.00			
43								45.00			
44											
45											
46											
47											
48											
49											
50											
51											
52											
53											
54											
55											
56											
57											



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

 The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

 All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

- BH-06-104-2 = Fraction Organic Carbon
- BH-06-104-3 = Metals, PAHs
- BH-06-104-4 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs
- BH-06-104-10 = Grain Size, pH
- BH-06-104-15 = Grain Size, pH

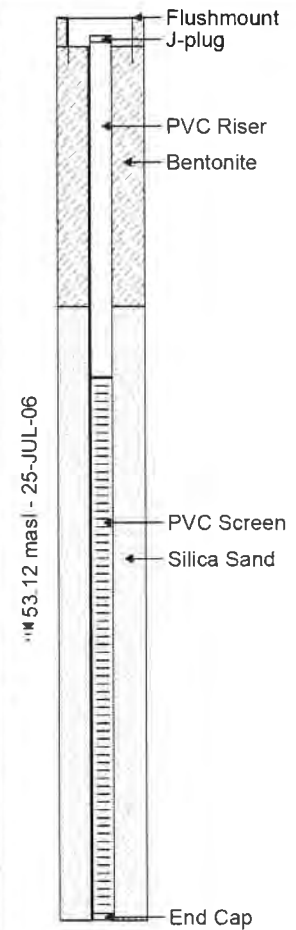


Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-105

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Flushmount
Date Completed: July 18, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVM:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Ground Surface	58.28
0	5	BH-06-105-1	[Symbol]	<25	75%	[Symbol]	TOPSOIL	58.28
1	10						FILL	
2	8	BH-06-105-2	[Symbol]	<25	25%	[Symbol]	Moist, brown, clayey silty sand, with gravel and trace coals	57.00
3	34						Dry, gravel	
4	39	BH-06-105-3	[Symbol]	<25	<4%	[Symbol]	Brick fragments from 2.3 to 2.9 mbgs	56.00
5	15							
6	50 for 152 mm	BH-06-105-4	[Symbol]	<25	12%	[Symbol]	Moist, black, sand, with gravel and brick fragments	55.00
7								
8	12	BH-06-105-5	[Symbol]	40	12%	[Symbol]	Moist, black, sand, with coal, ash, slag and iron ore	54.00
9	9							
10	3	BH-06-105-6	[Symbol]	90	54%	[Symbol]	Granular black and orange material with slag and coal	53.00
11	7							
12	11	BH-06-105-7A	[Symbol]	50	50%	[Symbol]	Wet, black to brown, sand, some silt and coal	52.00
13	5							
14	2	BH-06-105-7B	[Symbol]	<25	50%	[Symbol]	SAND	51.00
15	2							
16	2	BH-06-105-8	[Symbol]	25	42%	[Symbol]	Wet, grey, medium to coarse grained	50.00
17	2							
18	1	BH-06-105-9	[Symbol]	30	54%	[Symbol]	End of borehole at 7 62 mbgs	50.00
19	1							
20	11	BH-06-105-10	[Symbol]	30		[Symbol]		
21	13							
22	20							
23	14							
24	28							
25	27							
26	22							
27	14							
28								
29								
30								

Elevation of top of PVC riser = 58.28 masl



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

BH-06-105-6 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs, PAHs
 BH-06-105-7A = Metals



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-106

Project No.: 06-830

ATSI Supervisor: M. Nash

Drilling Company: Downing Drilling

Client: National Capital Commission

Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Drilling Equipment: CME 55 Truck Mount

Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON

Borehole Diameter: 203 mm

Well Casing: Stickup

Date Completed: July 18, 2006

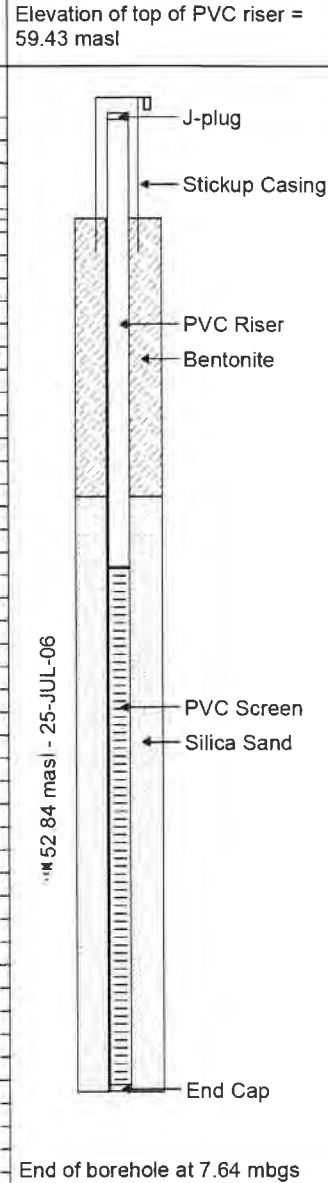
Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10

Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl

OVM: Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Ground Surface	58.51
0	8	BH-06-106-1	[Symbol]	<25	50%	[Pattern]	TOPSOIL	58.00
1	FILL							
2	Dry, brown, sand, with some coal and brick fragments							
3	15	BH-06-106-2	[Symbol]	<25	54%	[Pattern]	Dry, dark brown to black, clayey silty sand, with gravel, shale, coal, slag, ash, cinders and glass	57.00
4								
5								
6	3	BH-06-106-3	[Symbol]	60	38%	[Pattern]		56.00
7								
8								
9	1	BH-06-106-4	[Symbol]	40	42%	[Pattern]		55.00
10								
11								
12	3	BH-06-106-5	[Symbol]	30	58%	[Pattern]	Wet, black, coal, slag, wood and brick fragments	54.00
13								
14								
15	5	BH-06-106-6	[Symbol]	50	46%	[Pattern]	Moist, grey to dark brown/black, silty sand and gravel, with coal, ash, cinders and wood	53.00
16								
17								
18	10	BH-06-106-7	[Symbol]	-	0%	[Pattern]	No recovery	52.00
19								
20								
21	6	BH-06-106-8A	[Symbol]	110	75%	[Pattern]	FILL	51.00
22	10	BH-06-106-8B	[Symbol]	80	75%	[Pattern]	Moist, dark brown/black, silty sand and gravel, with wood	
23	14							
24	11	BH-06-106-9	[Symbol]	100	8%	[Pattern]	Wet, brown, sand, some gravel	51.00
25	50 for 127 mm							
26								
27	23	BH-06-106-10	[Symbol]	-	0%	[Pattern]	Wet, grey/brown, clayey sand and gravel, with wood	51.00
28	46							
29	50 for 152 mm							
30	50 for 25 mm	BH-06-106-11	[Symbol]	130	4%	[Pattern]	SAND	51.00
31							Wet, brown, medium to coarse grained	



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk

All elevations and locations are approximate

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling

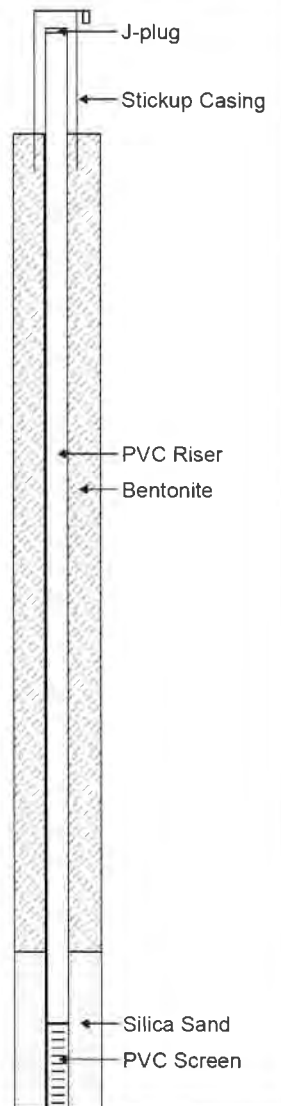
◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

BH-06-106-5 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs, Metals, PAHs

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** HSA / HQ Coring **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm / 96 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 18 & 19, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVM:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Ground Surface	62.17
0	11 16 12 11	BH-06-107-1	▲	<25	71%		TOPSOIL	62.00
1							FILL	
2							Dry to moist, dark brown, sand, with gravel, coal, ash, slag, shale and glass	
3	2 3 3	BH-06-107-2	▲	30	25%			61.00
4								
5								
6	1 1 1	BH-06-107-3	▲◆	125	17%			60.00
7								
8	3 6 8 6	BH-06-107-4	▲	80	4%		Asphalt pieces, asphalt paper and plastic	60.00
9								
10	3 3 2 4	BH-06-107-5	▲	110	17%		Moist, black, silty clayey sand, with gravel, coal, cinders, brick fragments, wood, glass, rubber, metal and plastic	59.00
11								
12								
13	2 1 1 3	BH-06-107-6	▲	80	62%			58.00
14								
15	2 2 2 5	BH-06-107-7	▲	90	25%			57.00
16								
17	2 4 4 5	BH-06-107-8	▲◆	130	46%			57.00
18								
19								
20								
21		BH-06-107-9	▲	75	4%	▨	Refusal on boulder	56.00
22								
23	23 20 11 50 for 25 mm	BH-06-107-10	▲	35	29%		FILL	55.00
24							Moist, black, clayey sand, with gravel, wood and cinders.	
25							Refusal on boulders	
26	10 23 40 50 for 102 mm	BH-06-107-11	▲	25	4%			54.00
27								

Elevation of top of PVC riser = 63.08 masl



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

BH-06-107-3 = Grain Size, pH
 BH-06-107-8 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs, Metals, PAHs

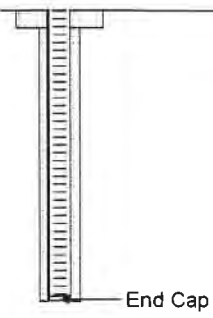


Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-107

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** HSA / HQ Coring **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm / 96 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 18 & 19, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVM:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
28								
29	9							
30								
31								
32								
33	10							
34								
35								
36							BOULDERS With seams of sand and gravel	
37								
38								
39								
40	12							
41								
42								
43	13							
44								
45								
46	14							
47								
48								
49	15							
50								
51								
52	16							
53								
54								
55	17							
56								
57								

52.92 masl - 25-JUL-06



End of borehole at 10.67 mbgs

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

 The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

 All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

 = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

 BH-06-107-3 = Grain Size, pH
 BH-06-107-8 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs, Metals, PAHs

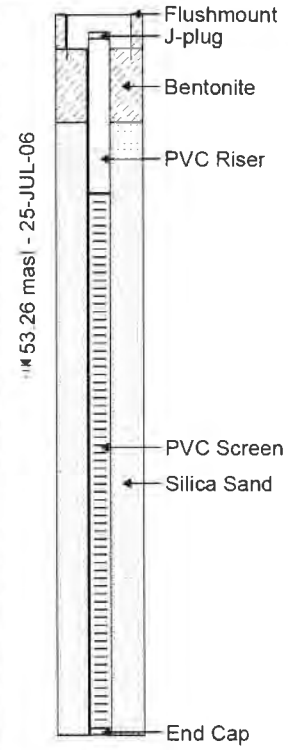


Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-108

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Flushmount
Date Completed: July 19, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVN:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)	
0							Ground Surface	56.22	
0	4	BH-06-108-1	[Symbol]	<25	67%	[Pattern]	TOPSOIL	56.22	
1	FILL								
2	Dry, brown to black, sand, with gravel and coal fragments								
3	1	BH-06-108-2	[Symbol]	<25	8%	[Pattern]	Moist, grey to black, clayey sand and gravel, with slag, glass, plastic, brick fragments and wood	55.00	
4	50 for 127 mm								
5	6	BH-06-108-3	[Symbol]	80	54%	[Pattern]		54.00	
6	9								
7	11								
8	6	BH-06-108-4	[Symbol]	180	8%	[Pattern]		53.00	
9	4								
10	4								
11	7	BH-06-108-5	[Symbol]	275	54%	[Pattern]	Moist, dark grey clay with glass	52.00	
12	4						Moist to wet, mixed refuse (newspaper, plastic, aluminum sheeting, glass, wood)		
13	3						Wet, grey, clay, refusal on boulder		
14	5	BH-06-108-6	[Symbol]	<25	4%	[Pattern]		51.00	
15	6								
16	6								
17	18	BH-06-108-7	[Symbol]	<25	75%	[Pattern]		50.00	
18	6								Wet, grey, sand, medium to coarse grained
19	3								
20	4	BH-06-108-8	[Symbol]	<25	46%	[Pattern]		49.00	
21	2								PEAT
22	3								With wood and sea shells
23	2						End of borehole at 6.10 mbgs	48.00	
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									

Elevation of top of PVC riser = 56.20 masl



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling

◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

BH-06-108-3 = Metals, PAHs
 BH-06-108-5 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs

MOE Well Tag A033435



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-109

Project No.: 06-830

ATSI Supervisor: M. Nash

Drilling Company: Downing Drilling

Client: National Capital Commission

Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger

Drilling Equipment: CME 55 Truck Mount

Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON

Borehole Diameter: 203 mm

Well Casing: Stickup

Date Completed: July 20 & 21, 2006

Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

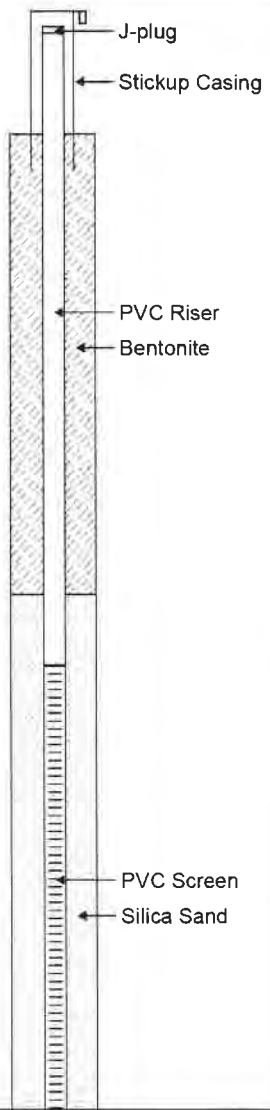
Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10

Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl

OMV: Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OMV (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Ground Surface	63.43
0	5	BH-06-109-1	[Symbol]	<25	62%	[Symbol]	TOPSOIL	63.00
1	FILL						63.00	
2	Dry, brown, sand, with gravel, coal, glass, brick fragments and wood						63.00	
3	1	BH-06-109-2	[Symbol]	50	29%	[Symbol]	Moist, dark grey, clayey sand, with coal, glass, brick fragments and creosote coated wood	62.00
4	2							62.00
5	3							62.00
6	1	BH-06-109-3	[Symbol]	25	29%	[Symbol]	Moist, brown to black, silty sand, with gravel, coal, glass and brick fragments	61.00
7	1							61.00
8	1							61.00
9	3	BH-06-109-4	[Symbol]	25	29%	[Symbol]	Moist, brown to black, silty sand, with gravel, coal, glass and brick fragments	61.00
10	5							61.00
11	4							61.00
12	2	BH-06-109-5	[Symbol]	180	21%	[Symbol]	Moist, brown to black, silty sand, with gravel, coal, glass and brick fragments	60.00
13	5							60.00
14	3							60.00
15	1	BH-06-109-6	[Symbol]	140	46%	[Symbol]	Moist, brown to black, silty sand, with gravel, coal, glass and brick fragments	59.00
16	2							59.00
17	2							59.00
18	3	BH-06-109-7	[Symbol]	-	-	[Symbol]	Undisturbed sample collected in shelly tube	58.00
19	1							58.00
20	1							58.00
21	4	BH-06-109-8	[Symbol]	<25	21%	[Symbol]	FILL	58.00
22	50 for 127 mm							58.00
23	Dry, black, silty clayey sand, with wood and glass							58.00
24	39	BH-06-109-9	[Symbol]	<25	17%	[Symbol]	5 cm wood, 5 cm boulder fragments	57.00
25	50 for 76 mm							57.00
26	2.5 cm brown/grey clayey sand and gravel with brick fragments, 2.5 cm of wood and boulder fragments							57.00
27	14	BH-06-109-10	[Symbol]	<25	8%	[Symbol]	2.5 cm brown/grey clayey sand and gravel with brick fragments, 2.5 cm of wood and boulder fragments	56.00
28	19							56.00
29	9							56.00
30	6	BH-06-109-11	[Symbol]	<25	92%	[Symbol]	Moist to wet, grey sand	56.00
31	9							56.00
32	8							56.00
33	11	BH-06-109-11	[Symbol]	<25	92%	[Symbol]	Moist to wet, grey sand	56.00
34	14							56.00

Elevation of top of PVC riser = 64.38 masl



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OMV) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

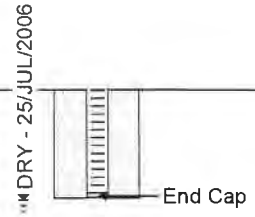
- ◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis
- BH-06-109-3 = PAHs
- BH-06-109-5 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs
- BH-06-109-7 = Bulk Soil Physical Properties
- BH-06-109-12 = Metals, PAHs



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: BH/MW-06-109

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 20 & 21, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OVN:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
28	5	BH-06-109-12		75	100%		Moist, dark brown to black, silty sand, with coal and brick fragments	55.00
29	18							50 for 102 mm
30	40	BH-06-109-13		<25	8%		Moist, brown, sand 2.5 cm wood, 2.5 cm boulder End of borehole at 9.20 mbgs	53.00
31	50 for 51 mm							52.00
32								51.00
33								50.00
34								49.00
35								48.00
36								47.00
37								46.00
38								
39								
40								
41								
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43								
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46								
47								
48								
49								
50								
51								
52								
53								
54								
55								
56								
57								



(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

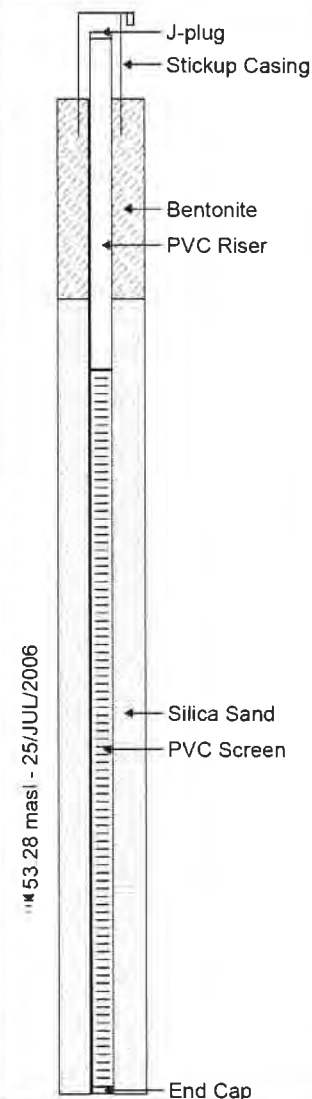
◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

BH-06-109-3 = PAHs
 BH-06-109-5 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs
 BH-06-109-7 = Bulk Soil Physical Properties
 BH-06-109-12 = Metals, PAHs

Project No.: 06-830 **ATSI Supervisor:** M. Nash **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** Hollow Stem Auger **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck Mount
Location: Nepean Bay, Ottawa, ON **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** Stickup
Date Completed: July 21, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40 Slot 10
Site Datum: Nail in tree on south side of Ottawa River Pkwy, Elevation = 62.621 masl **OMV:** Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OMV (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
							Ground Surface	60.03
0	6 7	BH-06-110-1		<25	46%		TOPSOIL	60.00
1	6 5						FILL Dry, brown silty sand, with coal, brick fragments and wood	
2		BH-06-110-2	◆				Undisturbed sample collected in shelly tube	59.00
3								
4								
5	3 4	BH-06-110-3		50	50%		FILL Dry to moist, brown sand, with coal and boulder fragments	58.00
6	11 12							
7								
8	3 5	BH-06-110-4		45	29%		Wet, grey clayey silty sand, with gravel, coal, wood and slag	57.00
9	50 for 102 mm							
10								
11	13 11	BH-06-110-5		180	54%			56.00
12	8 7							
13								
14	2 1	BH-06-110-6		175	42%			55.00
15	6 3							
16								
17	5 4	BH-06-110-7		50	4%			54.00
18	4 4							
19	3							
20	10 16	BH-06-110-8		150	67%			53.00
21	20							
22								
23	13 11	BH-06-110-9	◆	400	42%			52.00
24	7 6							
25								
26	8 8	BH-06-110-10		50	33%		Wet, black sand, with mixed refuse (wood, paper, glass and plastic)	
27	14 10							
28								
29	3	BH-06-110-11		75	4%		Wet, grey sand, with wood	
30	50 for 51 mm						End of borehole at 8.41 mbgs	

Elevation of top of PVC riser = 60.61 masl



53 28 masl - 25/JUL/2006

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OMV) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

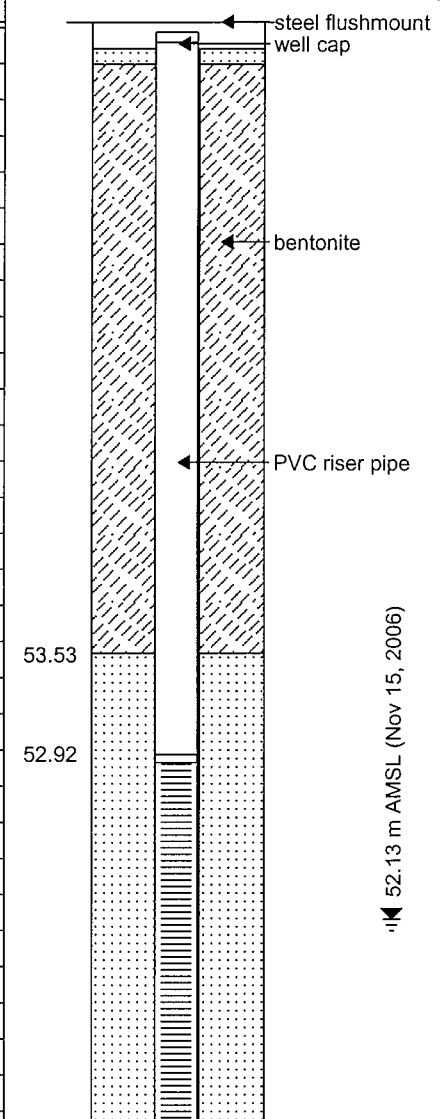
BH-06-110-2 = Bulk Soil Physical Properties
 BH-06-110-8 = Metals, PAHs
 BH-06-110-9 = VOCs, F1-F4 PHCs



Borehole/Monitoring Well ID: MW-06-901

Project No.: 97-142H **ATSI Supervisor:** Andrey Belokurov **Drilling Company:** Downing Drilling Ltd.
Client: National Capital Commission **Drilling Method:** HSA/Air Hammer **Drilling Equipment:** CME 55 Truck
Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa **Borehole Diameter:** 203 mm **Well Casing:** PVC Schedule 40
Date Completed: November 8, 2006 **Monitoring Well Diameter:** 51 mm **Well Screen:** PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10
Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035 m AMSL **OVM:** Gastech 1238ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVM (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)	
								57.03	Top of Pipe Elev. = 56.97 m ASL
0							Ground Surface	57.03	
0	2	BH-06-901-1		75	79%		TOPSOIL moist, black		
1	5	BH-06-901-2		25	62%		SAND AND GRAVEL (FILL) Dry, grey, compact to dense coarse-grained sand, gravel and some cobbles.		
2	7								
3	11								
4	10							56.00	
5	2	BH-06-901-3		25	88%				
6	9								
7	12								
8	22	BH-06-901-4		50	92%			55.00	
9	27								
10	25								
11	5	BH-06-901-5		75	88%		From 2.4 to 3.8 m bgs - moist, grey, dense gravel with some sand and silt		
12	19								
13	30								
14	34	BH-06-901-6		75	83%			54.00	
15	7								
16	11								
17	13	BH-06-901-7		75	67%		SILT (FILL) Moist, grey, grey/light green, stiff silt, some coarse grey sand.	53.00	
18	15								
19	4	BH-06-901-8		50	100%		SAND AND GRAVEL (FILL) Moist to very wet, grey/brown, compact, coarse gravel with sand and cobbles.	52.92	
20	4								
1	5	BH-06-901-9		5	67%			52.00	
2	9								
3	12								
4	10								
5	13	BH-06-901-10		50	29%		From 5.5 to 8.5 m bgs - Water	51.00	
6	4								
7	5								
8	7								
9	7								
10	11								
11	11								
12	15								
13	4								
14	4								
15	7								
16	11								
17	4								
18	4								
19	7								
20	7								



52.13 m AMSL (Nov 15, 2006)

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVM) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well recorded under MOE Well Tag A045175

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

Project No.: 97-142H

ATSI Supervisor: A. Scheepers

Drilling Company: Downing

Client: National Capital Commission

Drilling Method: HSA/Air Hammer

Drilling Equipment: CME 75 Truck

Location: LeBreton Flats, Ottawa

Borehole Diameter: 203 mm/96 mm

Well Casing: PVC Stickup

Date Completed: May 7, 2008

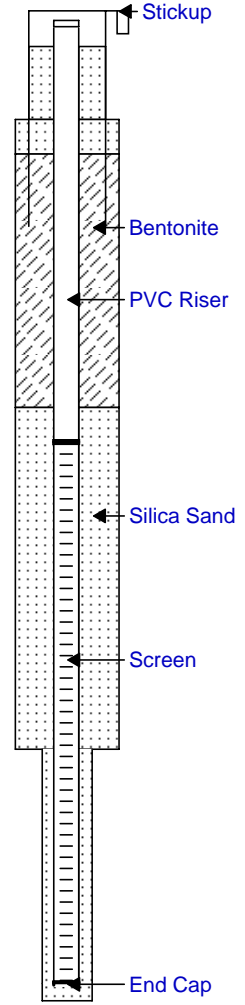
Monitoring Well Diameter: 51 mm

Well Screen: PVC Schedule 40, Slot 10

Site Datum: IB84 with geodetic elevation of 55.035m amsl

OVM: Gastech 1238 ME

DEPTH	BLOW COUNT (1)	SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	OVN (2)	RECOVERY (%)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION (m)
								Top of PVC Elev = 57.57 m amsl
ft m								
-4								
-3								
-2								
-1								
0							Ground Surface	56.56
1	6 8 9 10	BH-08-001-1	▲	25	58		SAND AND GRAVEL FILL Moist, brown, compact, medium	56.00
2								
3	10 5 2 2	BH-08-001-2	▲	25	46		dark brown	55.00
4								
5	7 8 6 12	BH-08-001-3	▲	50	67		wet	54.00
6								
7								
8	16 24 50 for 51 mm	BH-08-001-4	▲	25	86			53.00
9								
10	11 13 16 31	BH-08-001-5	▲	25	38			52.00
11								
12								
13	14 13 14 50 for 25mm	BH-08-001-6	▲	25	37			51.00
14								
15								
16	50 for 0 mm	BH-08-001-7	▲	25	NR		BEDROCK at 5.3 mbgs	49.00
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25							End of Borehole at 7.5 m bgs	
26								



51.58 m amsl - May 13, 2008

(1) Blow count per 0.15 m using conventional hammer and split spoons
 (2) Organic Vapour Meter (OVN) reading (ppmv unless noted)

The data represented in this borehole log requires interpretation by Aqua Terre personnel. Third parties using this log do so at their own risk.

All elevations and locations are approximate.

Monitoring well equipped with dedicated inertial foot valve and polyethylene tubing for sampling.

◆ = Sample submitted for laboratory analysis

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-01

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 17, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 Wp W Wi				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ 10 20 30 40					
0		Ground Surface		58.26													
		TOPSOIL		58.11													
		Compact brown to dark brown silty sand, some gravel, trace clay with brick and concrete (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	16										
1					2	50 DO	21										
					3	50 DO	21										
					4	50 DO	19										
		Very loose black sand, some gravel (FILL)		55.82													
		Loose grey brown silty clay, trace brick (FILL)		2.44													
3					55.52	5	50 DO	2									
		Loose to compact grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace clay		2.74													
					54.91	6	50 DO	15									
4	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)				3.35												
					54.91	7	50 DO	12									
		Compact brown fine SAND		54.91													
					52.16	8	50 DO	5									
5					6.10	9	50 DO	5									
		Compact grey fine SAND		52.16													
					6.71	10	50 DO	1									
6		Very dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace clay		51.55													
					6.71	11	50 DO	16									
					50.64	12	50 DO	13									
7		COBBLES and BOULDERS		7.62													
					49.75	13	50 DO	64									
8		COBBLES and BOULDERS		8.51													
					49.75	14	50 DO	50									
					8.51	15	NQ RC	DD									
9	Rotary Drill NW Casing	COBBLES and BOULDERS		8.51													
					8.51	16	NQ RC	DD									
10		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE			17	DD											

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ, HYDROGEO.GDT, 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-01

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 17, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] \oplus				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] \square				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp ——— W ——— WI					
10	Rotary Drill NW Casing		COBBLES and BOULDERS <i>(continued)</i>	17	NQ RC	DD											
				18	NQ RC	DD											
11	Rotary Drill NQ Core		Fresh grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale	47.26 11.00	19	NQ RC	DD	T.C.R. (%)	S.C.R. (%)	R.Q.D. (%)							
				46.37 11.89				100	86	94							
12			End of Borehole														
13																	
14																	
15																	
16																	
17																	
18																	
19																	
20																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-02

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 16, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] \oplus				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k , cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] \square				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
											Wp ----- W ----- WI					
0		Ground Surface		57.54												
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		57.39												
		Compact brown silty sand, some gravel, trace clay with cobbles and boulders (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	16									
1					2	50 DO	55									
					3	50 DO	8									
					4	50 DO	8									
2					5	50 DO	13									
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		54.80												
				2.74												
3		Compact brown silty clay and brown silty sand layers (FILL)		54.49	6	50 DO	22									
				3.05												
					7	50 DO	20									
4																
		PEAT		53.27	8	50 DO	8									
		Loose grey SILTY fine SAND, trace gravel		4.34												
5					9	50 DO	6									
					10	50 DO	4									
6					11	50 DO	1									
					12	50 DO	3									
		Loose rusty fine SAND, trace gravel		50.83												
		Loose grey SANDY SILT		50.68												
7		Loose to dense brown coarse SAND		50.53												
				7.01												
					13	50 DO	1									
8					14	50 DO	73									
		Very dense grey SANDY SILT, some gravel, trace clay		49.34												
				8.20												
					15	50 DO	65									
9		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		48.80												
				8.74												
10																

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 9, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³					
0		Ground Surface		57.06													
		Loose black silty clay with organic matter (FILL)		0.00	1	50 DO	13										
		Brick (FILL)		56.60													
		Compact brown sand, some gravel, trace clay with some brick and concrete (FILL)		56.45	2	50 DO	21										
1		Very dense to compact brown to dark grey sandy silt with cobbles and organic matter (FILL)		55.84	3	50 DO	70										
				1.22													
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		54.62	4	50 DO	14										
		Compact, brown, medium to coarse sand (FILL)		2.44	5	50 DO	15										
3		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		54.32	6	50 DO	13										
		Compact, brown, medium to coarse sand (FILL)		2.74	7	50 DO	14										
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		53.71	8	50 DO	18										
		Compact, brown, medium to coarse sand (FILL)		3.35	9	50 DO	18										
4		Compact grey sand and gravel (FILL)		53.40	10	50 DO	11										
		PEAT		3.66	11	50 DO	5										
		Compact grey SILTY CLAY		52.79	12	50 DO	16										
		Compact grey fine SAND		4.27													
5		Compact grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace clay		52.39													
				52.28													
		Loose to compact, brown, medium to coarse SAND		4.88													
6				51.73													
				5.33													
7				50.96													
				6.10													
8		End of Borehole		49.74													
				7.32													

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-04

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 8, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 ppm				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp W Wi					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		56.57													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		56.42													
		Dense grey brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	45										
		Compact black sandy silt, some gravel (FILL)		55.99													
1			Loose brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		55.35	2	50 DO	21									
			Loose to dense black sandy silt, some gravel (FILL)		1.22	3	50 DO	7									
			Compact, brown, medium to coarse sand, some gravel (FILL)		54.82	4	50 DO	47									
2			Stiff grey silty clay (FILL)		54.44	5	50 DO	13									
			Stiff grey silty clay (FILL)		2.13	6	50 DO	16									
3			PEAT		53.06	7	50 DO	5									
		Stiff grey SILTY CLAY		3.51	8	50 DO	5										
4		Compact grey SANDY SILT, some gravel		51.77	9	50 DO	13										
		Compact grey fine SAND		4.88	10	50 DO	17										
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		51.39													
				5.18													
6				51.08													
				5.49													
7				50.65													
				5.92													
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-05

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 10, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] ppm				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp W Wi 10 20 30 40					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	55.61														
		Compact to dense black silty sand, some gravel, trace brick with cobbles and boulders (FILL)	0.00	1	50 DO	25											
1				54.39													
		Dense grey brown sand, trace silt with cobbles and boulders (FILL)	1.22	2	50 DO	42											
				53.17													
2				2.44													
		Compact dark brown sandy silt, some gravel (FILL)	2.44	3	50 DO	36											
				52.59													
3				3.02													
		Loose black sandy silt, some gravel, trace wood (FILL)	3.02	4	50 DO	42											
				51.95													
4			3.66														
	Loose dark grey fine SAND, some gravel	3.66	5	50 DO	8												
			51.42														
5			4.19														
	COBBLES and BOULDERS	4.19	6	50 DO	6												
			50.00														
6			5.61														
	Rotary Drill NQ Core		5.61	8	NQ RC	DD	69	17	17								
			50.00	9	NQ RC	DD											
			50.00	10	NQ RC	DD											
7			48.90														
	End of Borehole	48.90	6.71	11	NQ RC	DD	100	32	9								
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-06

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 8, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³					
							20 40 60 80				10 20 30 40						
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	55.04														
		Grey sandy silt, some gravel, trace brick (FILL)	54.51	1	50 DO	52											
		Black silty sand (FILL)	0.61														
1		Loose to compact, brown, medium to coarse sand (FILL)		2	50 DO	13											
		Compact coarse grey crushed stone (FILL)	1.83														
2		Grey silty clay (FILL)	52.30	5	50 DO	76											
3		51.97	6	50 DO													
		3.07															
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal															
4																	
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-07

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 8, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp W Wi 10 20 30 40					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	55.38														
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)	0.05														
		Compact black sand, some gravel (FILL)	54.77		1	50 DO	23										
1		Loose to compact, brown, medium to coarse sand, some gravel (FILL)	0.61		2	50 DO	20										
					3	50 DO	12										
2					4	50 DO	7										
3					5	50 DO	22										
		PEAT	51.93	6	50 DO	17											
		Compact grey SILTY CLAY	51.82														
4		Dense grey GRAVEL	51.55	7	50 DO	50											
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal	3.83														
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-08

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 11, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] ppm				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
											Wp ----- W ----- WI 10 20 30 40					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		55.98												
		Loose brown fine sand, some silt, trace gravel, brick (FILL)		0.00	1	50 DO	8									
1		Compact brown silty fine sand, some gravel with cobbles and boulders (FILL)		55.37 0.61	2	50 DO	69									
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt, pieces of wood (FILL)		54.76 1.22	3	50 DO	27									
2					4	50 DO	47									
3		Firm grey brown SILTY CLAY, some sandy gravel, organic layer from 3.66 to 3.73 m depth		53.54 2.44	5	50 DO	6									
					6	50 DO	11									
4		Compact grey SANDY SILT, trace gravel		52.25 3.73	7	50 DO	9									
					8	50 DO	23									
5					9	50 DO	26									
		Dense grey SANDY SILT, some gravel, trace clay		50.49 5.49	10	50 DO	35									
6	Rotary Drill NW Casing	Boulders		50.16 5.82	11	NQ RC	DD									
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale		49.63 6.35	12	NQ RC	DD	T.C.R. (%)	100	S.C.R. (%)	23	R.Q.D. (%)	0			
7	Rotary Drill NO Core				13	NQ RC	DD	100		20		0				
8		End of Borehole		48.36 7.62												

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-09

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 9, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	6 12 18 24				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³					
							Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] ppm				WATER CONTENT PERCENT Wp ----- W ----- WI					
						20 40 60 80				10 20 30 40						
0		Ground Surface		56.97												
		Compact to dense grey brown sandy silt, some gravel, trace clay (FILL)		0.00	1	50 DO	9	⊕								
1					2	50 DO	11	⊕								
					3	50 DO	45	⊕								
2					4	50 DO	47	⊕								
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace clay (FILL)		54.68 2.29												
		Dense brown medium sand with cobbles (FILL)		54.33 2.64	5	50 DO	36	⊕								
3		Loose grey to black SILTY CLAY, trace gravel with organic matter		53.95 3.02	6	50 DO	9	⊕								
		Compact brown medium to coarse SAND		53.16 3.96	7	50 DO	15	⊕								
4		Compact to dense grey SANDY SILT, some gravel, trace clay			8	50 DO	20	⊕								
5					9	50 DO	89	⊕								
6					10	50 DO	39	⊕								
					11	50 DO	49	⊕								
7					12	50 DO	39	⊕								
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		49.83 7.14												
8																
9																
10																

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-10

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 18, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] ppm				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp W WI					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	57.82														
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)	0.05	1	50 DO	14											
		Compact grey brown silty sand, some gravel with brick (FILL)	56.60	2	50 DO	16											
1		Compact black sand, some gravel, with brick and ashes (FILL)	1.22	3	50 DO	23											
		Compact brown to dark brown SAND, some gravel, trace silt	55.99	4	50 DO	16											
2		Compact brown SAND and GRAVEL	54.77	6	50 DO	16											
		Dense brown coarse SAND	54.16	7	50 DO	50											
3		53.88															
4		3.94															
4		End of Borehole Auger Refusal															
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-11

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 18, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6	12	18	24	Wp	W			Wi	Wi
0		Ground Surface		57.86													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		0.08	1	50 DO	15										
		Compact brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)															
1				56.87	2	50 DO	38										
		Dense to loose brown and black sand, some gravel with brick, trace concrete and wood (FILL)		0.99													
					3	50 DO	57										
					4	50 DO	6										
2				55.42													
		Compact brown silty sand layers, some clay, trace gravel with cobbles and boulders (FILL)		2.44	5	50 DO	24										
					6	50 DO	28										
3				54.20													
		Very dense grey CLAYEY SILT, trace very fine sand with cobbles and boulders		3.66	7	50 DO	53										
4					8	50 DO	34										
					9	50 DO	80										
5					10	50 DO	74										
					11	50 DO	50										
6					12	50 DO	50										
					13	50 DO	79										
7				49.96													
		Fresh grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale		7.90	14	NQ RC DD	100	29	0								
					15	NQ RC DD	100	44	28								
8					16	NQ RC DD	100	50	36								
				48.36													
		End of Borehole		9.50													
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-14

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 12, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80				10 20 30 40					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	55.85														
		Dark brown sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)	0.10	1	50 DO	8											
		Compact dark brown sand, some gravel, trace silt and brick (FILL)			2	50 DO	26										
1			Compact, brown, medium to coarse sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)	54.63	3	50 DO	16										
				1.22	4	50 DO	17										
				52.50	5	50 DO	17										
			Compact light brown SANDY SILT	3.35	6	50 DO	12										
		Dense coarse SAND, some gravel	52.19	7	50 DO	50											
4	FD NM	Fresh LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale	51.86	8	NQ RC	DD	96	28	16								
			3.99	9	NQ RC	DD	100	96	96								
6		End of Borehole	49.85														
			6.00														

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-15

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 12, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES				Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT						
								6 12 18 24				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³						
								20 40 60 80				Wp W Wi						
				10 20 30 40														
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	55.34															
		Dark grey silty sand with organic matter (TOPSOIL)	55.14															
		Compact grey silty sand, some gravel, trace clay with cobbles (FILL)	0.20	1	50 DO	40												
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)	54.63															
1		Loose, brown, fine to medium sand, trace gravel (FILL)	0.81	2	50 DO	14												
			52.90															
		Compact dark brown to black silt, trace brick and paper (FILL)	2.44	3	50 DO	7												
			52.29															
		Loose coarse GRAVEL with dark brown to black silt	3.05	4	50 DO	6												
			51.96															
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal	3.38	5	50 DO	20												
			52.29															
			51.96															
			3.38	6	50 DO	9												

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-16

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 12, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80				10 20 30 40					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface	55.72														
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)	0.08	1	50 DO	22											
		Compact dark brown to brown sand, some gravel, trace silt with pieces of concrete (FILL)			2	50 DO	53										
1				54.50													
		Loose to compact brown fine sand (FILL)	1.22	3	50 DO	13											
					4	50 DO	4										
					5	50 DO	3										
2			52.70														
		Peat with sand and wood (FILL)	3.02	6	50 DO	2											
				7	50 DO	1											
3			51.73														
		Peat with sand and wood (FILL)	3.99	8	50 DO	2											
4			51.73														
		Fresh grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale	3.99	8	NQ RC	DD	100	91	83								
				9	NQ RC	DD	100	100	100								
5	Rotary Drill NQ Core		50.21														
		End of Borehole	5.51														
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-17

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 15, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRAATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 Wp ----- WI				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp ----- WI					
0		Ground Surface		56.19													
		Dark brown silty sand with organic material (TOPSOIL)		56.06													
		Loose to compact dark brown silty sand, some gravel with brick, cobbles and boulders (FILL)	[Cross-hatch pattern]	0.13	1	50 DO	13										
1				55.05	2	50 DO	9										
		Compact black sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)	[Cross-hatch pattern]	1.14													
		Loose to compact, brown, medium to coarse SAND, trace gravel with cobbles and boulders	[Dotted pattern]	54.67	3	50 DO	18										
2				1.52	4	50 DO	7										
				53.14	5	50 DO	20										
3		Compact coarse GRAVEL with dark brown silty sand	[Gravel pattern]	3.05	6	50 DO	18										
4				52.08	7	50 DO	23										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		4.11													
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-19

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 16, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60				80	
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		56.42													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		0.10	1	50 DO	14										
		Compact to very dense grey brown silty sand, some gravel with brick, concrete, and asphalt (FILL)			2	50 DO	50										
1					3	50 DO	10										
		Compact black sand, some gravel (FILL)		54.74													
		Compact brown silty sand, some gravel, trace black sand (FILL)		54.59	4	50 DO	18										
2		Dense grey brown silty clay, trace gravel (FILL)		53.98	5	50 DO	36										
		Dense black SANDY SILT with organic matter		53.45	6	50 DO	50										
3		Dense brown fine SAND, some silt		53.17													
4		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		3.25													
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-20

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 22, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6	12	18	24	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵			10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻³
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		57.94													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		0.08	1	50 DO	18										
		Compact dark brown silty sand and brick (FILL)		57.33													
		Compact sand, some gravel, trace concrete and brick (FILL)		0.61	2	50 DO	39										
1																	
2		Loose to compact brown SILTY SAND with cobbles and boulders		56.11	3	50 DO	16										
				1.83	4	50 DO	8										
3		Dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace clay		55.20	5	50 DO	30										
				2.74	6	50 DO	66										
4		Very dense grey CLAYEY SILT, some very fine sand, trace gravel		54.28	7	50 DO	97										
				3.66	8	50 DO	86										
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		52.86													
				5.08													
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-25

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 10, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL] ppm				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
												Wp ——— W ——— WI					
		Ground Surface		55.79													
		Dark brown silty sand with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		55.64													
		Dense grey brown to brown sand, some gravel, trace silt with cobbles and boulders, trace brick from 1.22 to 1.52 m depth (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	29	⊕									
1					2	50 DO	46										
		Loose brown fine to medium sand (FILL)		54.27	3	50 DO	15	⊕									
2				1.52	4	50 DO	3	⊕									
	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)			52.89	5	50 DO	4										
3		Wood (FILL)		2.90	6	50 DO	15										
				52.13	7	50 DO	53	⊕									
4		Very dense coarse GRAVEL with dark brown silt (FILL)		3.66													
				51.65													
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		4.14													
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-26

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 24, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRAATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
												Wp ----- W ----- WI					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		55.27													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		0.08	1	50 DO	20										
		Compact grey crushed stone, some sand (FILL)		54.81													
		Compact black sand, some gravel (FILL)		54.66													
		0.61															
1		Compact to dense grey crushed stone, some sand (FILL)				2	50 DO	27									
2	Relay Drill NQ Core	Compact, brown, medium to coarse sand, trace crushed stone (FILL)		53.44													
				1.83	4	50 DO	14										
		Loose grey brown silty sand, trace crushed stone (FILL)		52.83													
				2.44	5	50 DO	6										
3		Peat, trace wood (FILL)		52.22													
				3.05	6	50 DO	50										
		Highly weathered LIMESTONE BEDROCK		51.79													
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale		3.48													
4					7	NQ RC DD		100	59	27							
5					8	NQ RC DD		100	100	100							
5		End of Borehole		50.22													
				5.05													
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-28

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 22, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRAATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
												Wp ----- W ----- Wl					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		56.33													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		56.20													
		Compact brown coarse sand, some gravel (FILL)		0.13	1	50 DO	17										
1		Loose to compact black sand, some gravel, some glass, trace wood from 1.83 m depth (FILL)		55.42	2	50 DO	22										
				0.91	3	50 DO	10										
				53.89	4	50 DO	4										
2		Loose brown to grey brown SILTY CLAY		53.89	5	50 DO	9										
				2.44	6	50 DO	6										
3				7	50 DO												
			52.67	8	50 DO												
4	Dense brown SILTY SAND, some gravel with cobbles and boulders		52.67														
			3.66														
			52.09														
			4.24														
5	End of Borehole Auger Refusal																
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-29

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 22, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM] ppm				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								6 12 18 24 ppm				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp W WI					
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Ground Surface		56.80													
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		56.67													
		Compact brown silty clay, some sand, trace gravel (FILL)		0.13	1	50 DO	10										
		Compact brown silty sand, some gravel, trace concrete (FILL)		56.19													
1			Compact brown silty sand, some gravel, trace concrete (FILL)		0.61	2	50 DO	28									
			Very dense black sand, some gravel, trace brick (FILL)		55.58												
			Very dense black sand, some gravel, trace brick (FILL)		1.22	3	50 DO	55									
2		Compact brown coarse sand (FILL)		54.97													
		Compact grey brown silty clay (FILL)		54.67	4	50 DO	18										
3		Loose dark brown silty sand with organic matter (FILL)		54.21													
		Loose dark brown silty sand with organic matter (FILL)		2.59	5	50 DO	8										
		Hard grey CLAYEY SILT, some very fine sand		53.75													
		Hard grey CLAYEY SILT, some very fine sand		3.05	6	50 DO	28										
4				52.37													
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		4.43	7	50 DO	49										
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0044

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 10-30

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 25, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		Headspace Org. Vapour Conc. [PPM]				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	ppm				k, cm/s					
							Headspace Comb. Vapour Conc. [%LEL]				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							ppm				Wp ----- W ----- WI					
				20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³								
				10 20 30 40												
0		Ground Surface		57.87												
		Black sandy silt with organic matter (TOPSOIL)		57.72												
		Loose brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	6									
1					2	50 DO	4									
		Compact to dense light brown silty sand, some gravel, trace clay (FILL)		56.65	3	50 DO	17									
				1.22	4	50 DO	35									
2					5	50 DO	49									
		Dense to very dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace clay with cobbles and boulders		55.43	6	50 DO	49									
				2.44	7	50 DO	86									
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)				8	50 DO	92									
					9	50 DO	99									
					10	50 DO	50									
6	RD NW				11	NQ RC DD										
					12	NQ RC DD		100	100	100						
		Fresh grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK with interbedded shale		51.19	13	NQ RC DD		100	97	91						
				6.68												
7	Relay Drill NQ Core															
8																
		End of Borehole		49.62												
				8.25												
9																
10																

BOREHOLE 1011220044.GPJ HYDROGEO.GDT 7/27/10

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: D.G.

CHECKED: K.P.H.

PROJECT: 10-1122-0169

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-11

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: Mar. 4, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 63.5 kg; DROP, 760 mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 63.5 kg; DROP, 760 mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT						
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q -			U -	Wp
0	Power Auger 200mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		54.5														
		Compact black sand and gravel, some silt, trace clay, wood and ash (FILL)	[Cross-hatch pattern]	0.0												Cuttings	[Cross-hatch pattern]	
1					1	50 DO	29											
2					2	50 DO	14									MH		
					3	50 DO	>100											
3	Rotary Drill NQ Coring	Slightly weathered grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with interbedded shale	[Brick pattern]	51.9	C1	NQ RC	DD									Bentonite Seal		
		Fresh grey medium bedded LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with interbedded shale	[Brick pattern]	51.2	C2	NQ RC	DD										UC	
4				3.4														
5						C3	NQ RC	DD										
6		End of Borehole		48.6	C4	NQ RC	DD											
				5.9														

MIS-BHS 001_1011220169.GPJ_GAL-MIS.GDT_15/06/11 DATA INPUT:

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: DG

CHECKED: SR

PROJECT: 10-1122-0169

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 11-21

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan


DRILLING DATE: Mar. 1, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 55 Track

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	RUN No.	PENETRATION RATE (mm/min)	FLUSH	COLOUR % RETURN	FR/FX-FRACTURE F-FAULT			SM-SMOOTH			FL-FLEXURED			BC-BROKEN CORE			DIAMETRAL POINT LOAD INDEX (MPa)	NOTES WATER LEVELS INSTRUMENTATION
									CL-CLEAVAGE			R-ROUGH			UE-UNEVEN			MB-MECH. BREAK				
									SH-SHEAR			ST-STEPPED			W-WAVY			B-BEDDING				
									VN-VEIN			S-SLICKENSIDED			PL-PLANAR			C-CURVED				
RECOVERY		R.Q.D. %	FRACT. INDEX PER 0.3	DISCONTINUITY DATA				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY			DIP w.r.t. CORE AXIS											
TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %			TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION				10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴	0°	30°	60°									
0	P.A. (Hollow Stem)	BEDROCK SURFACE		54.8																		<div style="text-align: center;">Protective Monument</div> 
0.0		Slightly weathered LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with shale interbedding	[Brick Pattern]																			
1		C1																				
2	Rotary Drill NQ Coring	Fresh grey medium bedded LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with interbedded shale	[Brick Pattern]	53.3																		Silica Sand
1.5		C2																				
3																						38mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen
3.7																						W.L. in Screen at Elev. 52.12 m on March 7, 2011
4		End of Borehole		51.1																		W.L. in Screen at Elev. 52.44 m on April 19, 2011
3.7																						

MIS-RCK 001 1011220169 (ROCK) GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 15/06/11 DATA INPUT:

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: DG

CHECKED: SR

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-009

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030282 97 ;E 365715 99

BORING DATE: June 2-6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁹	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁷	
						SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT				
						nat V + O ● rem V ⊕ U ○				Wp ----- W ----- Wl				
						20 40 60 80				20 40 60 80				
0		GROUND SURFACE		60.44										MON WELL
		ASPHALTIC CONCRETE		59.88										Flush Mount Protective Casing set in Asphalt
		Gray sand and gravel (Crushed Stone FILL)		59.58										Silica Sand
		Compact brown medium sand, trace gravel and silt (FILL)		0.56										Bentonite Seal
1				59.21	1	SO DO								
		Loose to dense grey sand and gravel, some brown sand, with cobbles (Crushed Stone FILL)		1.22										
2					2	SO DO								
					3	SO DO								
					4	SO DO								
3					5	SO DO								
		Very loose to compact brown sandy silt, some clay, trace gravel, with wood fragments, occasional cobble and boulders with depth (FILL)		56.32										
4				4.12										
					6	SO DO								Bentonite Seal
5					7	SO DO								
					8	SO DO								
6					9	SO DO								
		Compact to dense black sandy silt, some wood, trace gravel, ash, glass and fabric, creosote odour (WASTE)		54.34										
7				5.10										
					10	SO DO								Silica Sand
					11	SO DO								32mm Diam PVC #10 Slot Screen
8					12	SO DO								
		Loose brown to grey fine to coarse sand, trace gravel, trace silt (FILL)		52.51										
				7.93										Silica Sand
9					11	SO DO								Bentonite Seal
					12	SO DO								
10					13	SO DO								Cave
														MH

QLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-009

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030282 97 ; E 365715.99

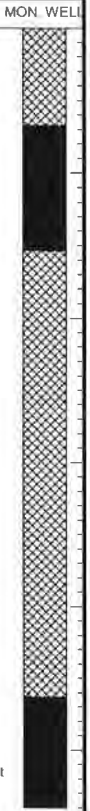
BORING DATE: June 2-6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻²		
--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---																
10	Power Auger	Loose brown to grey fine to coarse sand, trace gravel, trace silt (FILL)		50.07	13	50 DO										
		Loose dark brown silt, with organic matter, occasional grey fine sand seams (PEAT)		10.37												
		Dense brown SILTY SAND, some gravel		49.54	14	50 DO										
11	Rotary Drill NO Core	Dense to very dense grey SILTY SAND to SANDY SILT, some gravel, trace clay, with cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		10.90												
						15	NO RC	DD								
12																
							16	NO RC	DD							
13																
14																
15																
16		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE W-009		-45.04	18	NO RC	DD									



OURLT-SOIL 1011210222-1360.GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: W-009

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030282 97 ; E 365715 99

DRILLING DATE: June 2-6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 75

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV DEPTH (m)	RUN NO	FLUSH RETURN	RECOVERY			R Q D %	FRACT INDEX PER 0.25m	DISCONTINUITY DATA	HYDRALIC CONDUCTIVITY			WEATHERING INDEX				NOTES			
							TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %					DEPT WFT CORE ANS	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁶	W1	W2	W3		W4	W5	W6
							0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁶							
16	Rotary Drill NQ Core	BEDROCK SURFACE Fresh, interbedded sequence of shale and limestone, comprised of dark brownish black, moderately calcareous SHALE BEDROCK, with thinly to medium bedded, dark brownish grey, fine grained, medium strong micritic LIMESTONE BEDROCK LINDSAY FORMATION UNIT 3		45.04 15.40 43.52	1	100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	BD PL SM BD CU, R ₀										MON WELL Bentonite Seal Cave		
17		End of Drillhole		16.92																	W L in Screen at Elev 53.3m on Aug 2, 2011		
18																							
19																							
20																							
21																							
22																							
23																							
24																							
25																							

OLRT-ROCK 10/11210222-1500 GPJ GAL-MISS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JIM

DEPTH SCALE
1 : 50



LOGGED: RI
CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-009A

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030284 17 ; E 365718.48

BORING DATE: June 13, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT				
								Cu, kPa		rem V		Wp			WI	
0		GROUND SURFACE		60.53												
		See RECORD OF BOREHOLE W-009 for subsurface condition details		0.00												
1																
2																
3																
4	Power Auger 200mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)															
5																
6																
7		End of Borehole		53.67 6.86												
8																
9																
10																



OJRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ CAL-MIS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: CHM

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-011

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030336 81 .E 365783 53

BORING DATE: June 22-24, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴	
0		GROUND SURFACE		82.74										
		Topsoil (FILL) Grey to brown sand and gravel (Crushed Stone FILL)		81.06 80.06										
1				81.24	1	50 DO	10							
		Compact to dense dark brown fine to coarse sand, some silt, trace gravel (FILL)		1.30	2	50 DO	47							
2				60.61	3	50 DO	28							
		Compact dark brown silty sand, some gravel, trace organic matter, with brick fragments and pockets of silty clay (FILL)		2.13	4	50 DO	26							
3				59.84	5	50 DO	31							
		Compact dark brown to black sandy silt, some gravel, trace to some clay, trace brick, wood, ash and organic matter (FILL)		2.90	6	50 DO	46							
4				59.18	7	50 DO	29							
		Dense grey sand and gravel, trace silt, occasional cobble (FILL)		3.56	8	50 DO	18							
5				57.56	9	50 DO	11							
		Compact dark brown to black sandy silt, trace to some gravel, trace clay, with wood, brick, ash, organic matter, glass, plastic and pockets of silty clay (WASTE)		5.18	10	50 DO	21							
6				8.00	11	50 DO	27							
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, trace gravel and silt (WASTE)		8.23	12	50 DO	28							
7				83.59	13	50 DO	6							
		Compact dark brown silty sand to sandy silt, some gravel, trace clay, ash, brick, ceramics and organic matter (WASTE)		9.15										
8														
		Loose to compact dark brown to black sandy silt, some sand, trace paper, fabric, wood, metal and organic matter (WASTE)												
9														
10														

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DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

OLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-011

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030336 81 ;E 365783 53

BORING DATE: June 22-24, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m		HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸		10 ⁻⁶
		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE —											
10	Power Auger 200mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Loose to compact dark brown to black sandy silt, some sand, trace paper, fabric, wood, metal and organic matter (WASTE)			13	50 DO	6						
		Dark brown amorphous PEAT		51.92									
11		Very stiff grey SILTY CLAY, some organic matter		10.82 51.69	14	50 DO	13						
		Very dense grey brown fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt, trace clay and pieces of shale (GLACIAL TILL)		11.05 51.31									
12				11.43	15	50 DO	69						
					16	50 DO	53						
13		Highly weathered, black, very weak SHALE BEDROCK		49.78 12.96	17	50 DO	>86						
14	Sampler Refusal at 13.74m Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE W-011		49.00		50 DO	>50							

OLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: W-011

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030336 81 , E 365783 53

DRILLING DATE: June 22-24, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 55

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Downing

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV DEPTH (m)	RUN No	FLUSH RETURN	RECOVERY		R O D %	FRACT INDEX PER 0.25m	DISCONTINUITY DATA	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY K, cm/sec			WEATHERING INDEX				NOTES		
							TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %				10°	10°	10°	W1	W2	W3	W4		W5	W6
							RECOVERED	RECOVERED				10°	10°	10°	W1	W2	W3	W4		W5	W6
		BEDROCK SURFACE at 12.96m		49.00																	
14		Highly weathered, black, very weak SHALE BEDROCK		13.74	1	100															
		- No recovery from 13.74m to 14.26m		48.46																	
		Moderately weathered, laminated, black, weak SHALE BEDROCK		14.26	1	100															
		BILLINGS FORMATION		48.12																	
		- Broken core from 14.26m to 14.40m		14.62																	
15	Rotary Drill NQ Core	- Broken core from 14.55m to 14.62m																			
		Fresh, laminated, black, weak SHALE BEDROCK			2	100															
16		End of Drillhole		46.69																	
				16.05																	

QLRT-ROCK 10/11210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-012

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030354 08 .E 365772 87

BORING DATE: June 7-8, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁹	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁷	10 ⁻⁶	
0	Power Auger 200mm Diam (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		59.32										MON. WELL Flush Mount Protective Casing set in Sand Silica Sand Bentonite Seal Cave/Backfill Bentonite Seal Silica Sand 32mm Diam PVC #10 Slot Screen Silica Sand Bentonite Seal
		Dark brown sandy silt, trace to some gravel and organic matter (TOPSOIL)		0.00										
		Very loose to compact dark brown to black sandy silt to silty sand, trace to some gravel and clay, with silty clay pockets, brick, wood, ash, glass, organic matter, mortar, ceramics, paper and plastic (WASTE)		59.12										
1				0.20	1	DO	9							
2					2	DO	13							
3					3	DO	16							
4					4	DO	16							
5					5	DO	12							
6					6	DO	3							
7					7	DO	18							
8					8	DO	19							
9					9	DO	69							
10					10	DO	6							
		Dark brown to black wood, plastic and paper, some sand and gravel (WASTE)		53.22										
				6.10										
		Very dense grey fine to coarse SAND, trace gravel, trace to some silt		50.94										
				8.38										
		Very dense black GRAVELLY SAND, with shale fragments		49.72										
				9.60										

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DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

OJRT-SOIL 10/11210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MIS GDT - 10/18/11 JEM/JM

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-012

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030354 08 ; E 365772.87

BORING DATE: June 7-8, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻²	
		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE —												
10	Power Auger	Highly weathered, black, weak SHALE BEDROCK		49.11 10.21	13 50 DO	>50								
11		Sampler Refusal at 10.72m Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE W-012		10.72	50 DO	>50								
12														
13														
14														
15														
16														
17														
18														
19														
20														

W L in Screen at Elev 54.1m on Aug. 2, 2011

MON WELL

CLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-013

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030375 10 E 365845.61

BORING DATE: June 22-23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴	
0		GROUND SURFACE		60.97										
		ASPHALTIC CONCRETE		0.00										
		Dense to compact grey sand and gravel (Crushed Stone FILL)		0.12										
1					1	50 DO			39					
2					2	50 DO			17					
		Compact to dense brown sand and gravel, trace silt, with cobbles (Crushed Stone FILL)		58.84										
				2.13										
3					3	50 DO			15					
4					4	50 DO			15					
5					5	50 DO			35					
					6	50 DO			24					
		Loose to compact dark gray to black sandy silt, some clay and organic matter, trace gravel, with wood, glass and brick (WASTE)		55.79										
				5.18										
6					7	50 DO			13					
7					8	50 DO			6					
					9	50 DO			15					
					10	50 DO			11					
		Dark gray to black wood, organic matter plastic, glass, brick and paper, some silty sand (WASTE)		51.50										
				7.47										
8					11	50 DO			37					
					12	50 DO			100					
		Very dense grey brown fine to medium SAND, some gravel, with cobbles		52.28										
				9.69										
9					13	50 DO			100					
10					13	50 DO			100					

OLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300 GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

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DEPTH SCALE
1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC
CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-013

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030375 10 ; E 365845 61

BORING DATE: June 22-23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT				
								20	40	60	80	nat V	+	Q -		●
		--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---														
10	Power Auger	Very dense grey brown fine to medium SAND, some gravel, with cobbles		50.46	13	SO	100									
		Highly weathered, black, weak SHALE BEDROCK		10.51												
11				49.95	14	SO	100									
		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE W-013														
12																
13																
14																
15																
16																
17																
18																
19																
20																

W L in open hole at Elev. 52.8m upon completion of drilling

OVRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300 GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE
1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC
CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: W-013

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030375 10 E 365845 61

DRILLING DATE: June 22-23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 75

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Downing

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV DEPTH (m)	RUN No	FLUSH RETURN	RECOVERY		R Q D %	FRACT INDEX PER 0.25m	DISCONTINUITY DATA	DIP #11 CORE AXIS	TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY K, cm/sec	WEATHERING INDEX	NOTES					
							TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %									W1	W2	W3	W4	W5
							100	100									10	10	10	10	10
		BEDROCK SURFACE at 10 51m		49.96																	
		Slightly weathered, laminated, dark grey to black, weak SHALE BEDROCK, with thin cross-cutting veins of calcite		11.02	1	100							FR, PL Ro JN PL SM JN PL, SM								
		BILLINGS FORMATION - Broken core from 11 14m to 11 22m - Broken core from 11 59m to 11 68m																			
12	Rotary Drill NO Core	Fractured core from 12 15m to 13 52m			2	100 to 0							JN UN Ro BD, UN Ro								
13				47.45	3	0															
		End of Drillhole		13.52																	
14																W L in open hole at Elev 52.8m upon completion of drilling					
15																					
16																					
17																					
18																					
19																					
20																					
21																					

OLRT-ROCK 1011210222-1300 GPJ GAL-MISS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-015

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030400 13 ; E 365816 06

BORING DATE: June 13-14, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴	
0		GROUND SURFACE		58.89										
		Dark brown sandy silt, trace organic matter and gravel (TOPSOIL)		0.00										
		Grey brown sand and gravel, trace silt, with cobbles (Crushed Stone FILL)		0.08										
1		Loose to compact dark brown to black sandy silt, trace to some clay, trace gravel, with ash, wood, brick, organic matter, mortar, glass and plastic (WASTE)		58.08										
				0.81	1	50 DO								
					2	50 DO								
2														
					3	50 DO								
					4	50 DO								
3														
					5	50 DO								
4														
					6	50 DO								
5		Black wood and organic matter, with plastic, paper, glass, metal and sand (WASTE)		54.32										
				4.57	7	50 DO								
					8	50 DO								
6														
					9	50 DO								
7		Dark brown organic matter, trace silt (PEAT)		52.03										
		Compact to dense grey brown fine to medium SAND, some gravel and silt		6.91	9	50 DO								
					10	50 DO								
8														
					11	50 DO								
9		Highly weathered, black, weak SHALE BEDROCK		50.63										
				8.28										
10		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE W-015		49.75										

OLET-SOIL 1011210222-1300 GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: CHM

CHECKED: SD/HD

W.L. in open hole at Elev 52.8m upon completion of drilling

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: W-015

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030400 13 E 365816.06

DRILLING DATE: June 13-14, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 75

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV	RUN No.	FLUSH RETURN	RECOVERY			R.Q.D. %	FRACT INDEX PER 0.25m	DISCONTINUITY DATA	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY K, cm/sec			WEATHERING INDEX						NOTES			
							TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %	RECOVERED				TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION			T ₁₀	T ₅₀	T ₉₀	W1	W2	W3		W4	W5	W6
							0/100	0/100	0/100				1	2	3	10	10	10	1	2	3		4	5	6
		BEDROCK SURFACE at 8.26m		49.75																					
		Slightly weathered, laminated, dark grey, weak SHALE BEDROCK, with thin cross-cutting veins of calcite		9.14																					
10		BILLINGS FORMATION - Broken core from 9.14m to 9.18m			1	100																			
		- Broken core from 10.00m to 10.05m																							
		- Broken core from 10.18m to 10.34m																							
		- No recovery from 10.71m to 11.00m			2																				
11		- Broken core from 11.00m to 11.03m			2	100																			
		- Broken core from 11.08m to 11.11m																							
		- Broken core from 11.36m to 11.58m																							
		- Broken core from 11.68m to 11.70m																							
12		- Broken core from 11.85m to 11.91m			3	100																			
		- No recovery from 12.15m to 12.25m			3																				
		- Broken core from 12.21m to 12.28m																							
13		- Broken core from 12.85m to 12.94m			4	100																			
		- Broken core from 13.07m to 13.16m																							
		- Broken core from 13.58m to 13.95m																							
14		- Fracture (25°) from 14.25m to 14.90m			5	100																			
15		- No recovery from 14.93m to 15.12m			5																				
		End of Drillhole		43.56	5	100																			
16				15.33																					
17																									
18																									
19																									

W L in open hole at Elev 52.8m upon completion of drilling

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: CHM
CHECKED: SD/HD

DLRT-ROCK 1011210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-017

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030453 15 E 365880.77

BORING DATE: June 14, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		STRATA PLOT	SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	
		DESCRIPTION	ELEV DEPTH (m)		NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT				
								Cu, kPa		nat V rem V		+		-		Wp
0		GROUND SURFACE	58.02				20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁹	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻²		
0		ASPHALTIC CONCRETE	0.00												Flush Mount Protective Casing set in Asphalt	
0		Very dense grey sand and gravel, some cobbles (Crushed Stone FILL)	57.79													
0			0.23													
1					1	50 DO	54									
2					2	50 DO	>50								Bentonite Seal	
3					3	50 DO	>50									
3		Compact grey sand and gravel (Crushed Stone FILL)	54.97													
3			3.05		4	50 DO	16								Silica Sand	
4					5	50 DO	17									
5					6	50 DO	68								32mm Diam PVC #10 Slot Screen	
5		Compact dark grey brown sand, trace wood, organic matter, glass, metal and plastic fragments, with grey clayey silt pockets (WASTE)	52.69													
5			5.33		7	50 DO	26								Silica Sand	
6					8	50 DO	26								Cave	
7		End of Borehole Auger Refusal	51.17												W.L. in Screen at Elev 52.7m on Aug 2 2011	
7			6.85													

OLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HC

CHECKED: SD/HD

PROJECT: 10-1121-0222

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: W-018

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: N 5030296 52, E 365785 63

BORING DATE: October 28, 2010

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		STRATA PLOT	SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING
		DESCRIPTION	ELEV DEPTH (m)		NUMBER	TYPE	20	40	60	80	10 ³	10 ⁴	10 ⁵	10 ⁶	
0		GROUND SURFACE	63.53												
		Dark brown silty sand, some gravel and organic matter (TOPSOIL) 0.00m - 0.02m	0.02	1	50 DO	20									
		Compact brown and dark grey silty fine to coarse sand, some gravel (FILL)													
1		Loose brown to dark brown silty fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace clay, ash, brick and boulders (FILL)	62.70 0.83	2	50 DO	54									
2				3	50 DO	5									
		Loose to compact dark brown silty fine to coarse sand to sandy silt, some gravel, trace clay, brick, ash, wood, slag and mortar (FILL)	61.40 2.13	4	50 DO	27									
3				5	50 DO	5									
4	Power Auger 200mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)			6	50 DO	4									
5				7	50 DO	6									
6				8	50 DO	21									
7				9	50 DO	58									
		Very loose to dense brown silty sand to sandy silt, with gravel layers, cobbles and boulders (FILL)	57.43 6.10	10	50 DO	3									
8				11	50 DO	31									
9		End of Borehole	55.30 8.23												

DLRT-SOIL 1011210222-1300.GPJ CAL-MIS.GDT 10/18/11 JEM/JM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: HD

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-01

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT						
								20		40		60		80				10 ⁻⁶
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		56.36														
		TOPSOIL		0.00														
		Dark brown to black silty sand (FILL)		0.13														
		Compact fine to medium brown silty sand, some gravel, trace brick (FILL)		55.95	1	50	DO	22										
1					0.41													
					54.53	2	50	DO	51									
2		Gravel (FILL)		1.83														
		Dense medium to fine grey to brown sand, trace gravel and silt (FILL)		54.23	4	50	DO	41										
				2.13														
3		GRAVEL and COBBLES (GLACIAL TILL)		53.62	5	50	DO	>50										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		2.74														
				53.44														
				2.92														

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-02

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 24, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60		80			
		GROUND SURFACE		55.00													
0		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact black silty sand, trace ash and clay, occasional layers of medium brown sand and gravel (FILL)	[Pattern]	0.15	1	50 DO	12										
1		Compact medium to fine brown sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)	[Pattern]	53.96 1.04	2	50 DO	35										
		Coarse brown sand, some gravel, trace silt and brick, occasional layers of gravel (FILL)	[Pattern]	52.61 2.39	3	50 DO	17										
2			[Pattern]		4	50 DO	25										
			[Pattern]		5	50 DO	38										
3			[Pattern]		6	50 DO	59										
4		Compact to dense coarse grey sand, some gravel, trace silt, with cobbles and boulders (FILL)	[Pattern]	51.34 3.66	7	50 DO	24										
		COBBLES, BOULDERS, and GRAVEL (GLACIAL TILL)	[Pattern]	50.78 4.22	C1	NQ RC	DD										
5		Very dense grey coarse SAND, some silt, some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)	[Pattern]	49.82 5.18	C2	NQ RC	DD										
			[Pattern]		8	50 DO	>50										
6		COBBLES, BOULDERS, and GRAVEL	[Pattern]	49.23 5.77	C3	NQ RC	DD										
		Very dense grey coarse SAND and GRAVEL, trace cobbles	[Pattern]	48.90 6.10	9	50 DO	78										
7		End of Borehole		48.29 6.71													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 11-02

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

DRILLING DATE: November 24, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 850

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	RUN No.	FLUSH	COLOUR % RETURN	RECOVERY		R.Q.D. %	FRACT. INDEX PER 0.3 m	DISCONTINUITY DATA				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY			Diametral Point Load (MPa)	RMC -Q' AVG.	
								TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %			DIP w/ ZL CORE AXIS		K, cm/sec							
								FL	SH			B Angle	TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION	Ir	Ja	Ln	10 ⁰	10 ¹			10 ²
		BEDROCK SURFACE		50.78																	
		COBBLES, BOULDERS, and GRAVEL (GLACIAL TILL)		4.22	C1																
5	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Very dense grey coarse SAND, some silt, some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		49.82	C2																
				5.18																	
6		COBBLES, BOULDERS, and GRAVEL		49.23	C3																
		Very dense grey coarse SAND and GRAVEL, trace cobbles		5.77																	
				48.90																	
				6.10																	
7		End of Borehole		48.29																	
				6.71																	

MIS-RCK 004 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 28, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp ----- W ----- WI			
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		54.93													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		54.90													
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, ash, slag (FILL)		54.75	1	50 DO	10										
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, some gravel, some silt, brick (FILL)		54.32													
1		Compact to loose black silty sand, some gravel, ash, slag (FILL)		0.61													
				0.74	2	50 DO	14										
		Loose brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		53.58													
				1.35	3	50 DO	9										
2		Compact brown medium to coarse sand, some gravel, some fine sand, trace silt (FILL)		53.10													
				1.83	4	50 DO	11										
3	Loose dark brown SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace to some clay, organics		52.49														
	Dense to very dense grey brown to brown SILTY SAND, some gravel, with cobbles and boulders		2.51	5	50 DO	38											
				6	50 DO	33											
				7	50 DO	>50											
4																	
5		Very dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, cobbles, boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		50.36													
				4.57	8	50 DO	74										
6		End of Borehole Auger Refusal Possible Bedrock		49.24													
				5.69	10	50 DO	>50										

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-04

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 1, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp ----- W ----- WI	
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.16													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, trace brick, ash, slag, wood and glass (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	8										
1					2	50 DO	16										
					3	50 DO	10										
2		Loose dark brown to red coarse sand, some gravel, trace brick, ash, silt and slag (FILL)		54.33	4	50 DO	5										
				53.42	5	50 DO	3										
3		Loose medium to fine orange sand, trace slag and silt (FILL)		2.74													
				53.11													
		Very loose red coarse sand, trace silt (FILL)		3.05													
				52.81	6	50 DO	2										
		Very loose black crushed asphaltic concrete (FILL)		3.35													
4				52.20	7	50 DO	2										
		ORGANICS		3.96													
		Grey CLAY		4.11													
		Grey SILTY SAND, some gravel		4.27	8	50 DO	>50										
				51.59													
5		Compact to dense grey to brown coarse SAND and GRAVEL, trace silt		4.57													
					9	50 DO	49										
					10	50 DO	54										
6				49.96													
				6.20													
7		Very dense SAND and GRAVEL, some cobbles, trace boulders (GLACIAL TILL)															
					11	50 DO	112										
8					12	50 DO	>75										
9					13	50 DO	58										
					14	50 DO	27										
10		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		46.46													
				9.70													

MIS-BHS 001 11-11220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-05

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. + rem V. ⊕ ⊙		Q - U - ⊙		Wp			W
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.91													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Dark brown to black silty sand, some gravel, trace brick (FILL)		0.13													
		Compact brown medium to fine sand, some silt, some gravel (FILL)		0.30	1	50 DO	24										
		Dark brown to black silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		0.71													
		Loose to compact light brown fine sand, trace silt (FILL)		0.91	2	50 DO	15										
				56.20													
				56.00													
				54.81													
		Compact brown medium to fine SAND, trace silt, gravel		2.10	4	50 DO	24										
					5	50 DO	21										
					6	50 DO	>50										
				53.46													
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal Possible Boulder		3.45													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-06

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60				80	
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.79													
		Loose dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)	[diagonal lines]	0.00													
		Loose black silty sand, some gravel, ash, brick, clay (FILL)	[dots]	0.13	1	50 DO											
1		Loose brown fine to medium sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)	[cross-hatch]	54.03	2	50 DO											
		Loose black silty sand, some gravel, ash, organics (FILL)	[diagonal lines]	0.76													
		Loose black silty sand, some gravel, ash, organics (FILL)	[diagonal lines]	1.22													
		Loose brown SILTY SAND, some gravel	[cross-hatch]	53.57	3	50 DO											
2		Very dense brown fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt	[cross-hatch]	53.27													
		Very dense brown fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt	[cross-hatch]	1.52	4	50 DO											
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		52.66													
3				2.13													
4				52.33													
5				2.46													
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-07

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 25 & 28, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. rem V.	+ ⊕	- ⊖			Q - U
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.92													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		54.74													
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, ash, slag, organics (FILL)		0.18	1	50 DO	12										
1		Compact to loose brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace silt, occasional brown silt pockets (FILL)		54.01	2	50 DO	19										
				0.91													
				53.09	3	50 DO	6										
2		Loose dark brown silty sand, some gravel, trace to some clay, organics, wood, ash, with brown clayey silt layers (FILL)		1.83	4	50 DO	5										
				52.48													
		Loose dark grey silty clay to clayey silt, trace sand (FILL)		2.44													
				52.18	5	50 DO	8										
3		Loose to very dense brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		2.74													
				2.89													
		Very dense to dense grey to brown fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, trace to some silt, with brown medium to coarse sand, trace to some fine sand, trace silt layers, with cobbles and boulders			6	50 DO	94										
4	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)				7	50 DO	127										
						8	50 DO	41									
5						9	50 DO	50									
						10	50 DO	51									
						11	50 DO	43									
6						12	50 DO	63									
						13	50 DO	63									
7						14	50 DO	46									
						15	50 DO	>50									
8					46.38												
			Compact to dense brown medium to coarse SAND, some gravel, trace fine sand, trace silt		8.54												
9			End of Borehole Auger Refusal Possible Bedrock		45.95												
					8.97												
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-08

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 30, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp ----- W ----- WI	
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		54.29													
		Loose dark brown silty sand and sandy silt, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Loose dark brown to black silty sand, some gravel, brick (FILL)		0.13													
		Loose brown silty sand to sandy silt, trace to some gravel (FILL)		53.88	1	50 DO	8										
		Loose brown silty sand to sandy silt, trace to some gravel (FILL)		0.41													
		Loose brown silty sand to sandy silt, trace to some gravel (FILL)		53.68													
1		Compact brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace to some silt, occasional silty sand seam (FILL)		0.61	2	50 DO	17										
2																	
		Very loose black silty ORGANICS		51.85													
		Firm grey SILTY SAND, trace sand, trace gravel		2.44													
		Firm grey SILTY SAND, trace sand, trace gravel		2.59	5	50 DO	12										
		Compact to very dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, with cobbles and boulders		2.74													
3					6	50 DO	<100										
4																	
					7	50 DO	59										
					8	50 DO	<100										
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		49.77													
				4.52													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-09

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴			10 ⁻³
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		56.83													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Dark brown to black silty sand (FILL)		0.13													
		Compact dark brown silty sand (FILL)		0.30	1	50 DO	33										
		Loose black silty sand, trace brick and glass (FILL)		56.22													
				0.61													
1		Loose medium to fine brown sand, trace silt (FILL)		55.84	2	50 DO	12										
				0.99													
				54.95													
				1.88	4	50 DO	39										
2		Compact medium to fine brown to grey sand, some silt and gravel, trace brick (FILL)		54.95	3	50 DO	9										
				1.88													
3		Brown to grey SILTY SAND, trace gravel and clay		53.78	6	50 DO	>50										
				3.05													
				53.59													
		COBBLES and BOULDERS		3.24													
4		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		52.85	7	50 DO	>60										
				3.98													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-10

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+				Q - U	
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.76													
		Loose dark brown sandy silt, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		54.58													
		Loose black silty sand, some gravel, ash, slag (FILL)		0.18	1	50 DO	8										
1					2	50 DO	8										
		Very loose brown fine to medium sand, trace to some silt, some gravel, with black silty sand, organic layers (FILL)		53.59													
				1.17	3	50 DO	4										
2		Compact to very dense brown SILTY SAND, some gravel		52.93													
				1.83	4	50 DO	11										
					5	50 DO	41										
					6	50 DO	>50										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		51.33													
				3.43													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-11

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 24 & 25, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴			10 ⁻³
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.84													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, mortar, ash, slag (FILL)		0.08	1	50 DO	13										
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, trace gravel, trace silt, some coarse sand, occasional brown silt pocket, occasional black silty sand layer (FILL)		54.21	2	50 DO	6										
1		Compact brown fine to coarse sand, trace silt, trace to some gravel, occasional brown silt pocket (FILL)		0.63													
		Loose grey silty clay, trace gravel, trace sand, black staining, occasional grey silty sand layer (FILL)		53.90	3	50 DO	26										
		Loose dark brown to black silty ORGANICS		53.01	4	50 DO	8										
2		Loose grey brown SILTY CLAY and CLAYEY SILT, trace sand		1.83													
		Loose grey SILTY SAND, some gravel		52.25	5	50 DO	6										
3		Compact to very dense brown to grey fine to coarse SAND, trace to some gravel, trace to some silt		2.59													
		Compact to very dense brown medium to coarse SAND, some gravel, trace fine sand, trace silt, occasional fine to medium sand layer, with cobbles and boulders		2.74	6	50 DO	28										
		Very dense fine to coarse grey and brown SAND, some gravel, trace to some silt, with cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		2.82	7	50 DO	40										
4	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Very dense brown silty fine SAND, occasional grey silt seam (GLACIAL TILL)		51.79	8	50 DO	36										
		Very dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel, with cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		3.05	9	50 DO	36										
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		49.35	10	50 DO	21										
6				5.49	11	50 DO	53										
7				48.59	12	50 DO	100										
8				6.25	13	50 DO	>50										
9				47.98													
10				6.86													
				7.01													
				47.07													
				7.77													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-12

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 1, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp ----- W ----- Wl	
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.55													
		Loose dark silty sand to sandy silt, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Loose black silty sand to sandy silt, some gravel, ash, slag (FILL)		0.12	1	50 DO	8										
		Compact brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		53.94	2	50 DO	19										
1		Compact to loose brown fine to medium sand, trace to some silt, trace to some gravel (FILL)		53.33	3	50 DO	13										
2				1.22													
				51.96	4	50 DO	8										
		Very loose dark brown to black silty ORGANICS		2.59	5	50 DO	4										
		Very loose grey SILTY CLAY to CLAY SILT, trace sand		2.74													
		Very loose to compact grey SILTY SAND, some gravel		2.90	6	50 DO	24										
				50.28	7	50 DO	>50										
				4.27	8	50 DO	66										
		Very dense grey brown SILTY fine to course SAND, some gravel, occasional fine to coarse sand pockets (GLACIAL TILL)		49.37	9	50 DO	>50										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		5.18													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-13

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 22, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q -			U -
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.59													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Dark brown to black silty sand, trace gravel and brick (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	9										
1					2	50 DO	17										
		Loose to compact medium to fine brown sand, trace gravel and silt (FILL)		55.37	3	50 DO	4										
2				1.22	4	50 DO	14										
					5	50 DO	14										
					6	50 DO	46										
4		Dense coarse brown to black SAND and GRAVEL, trace cobbles and silt		52.93	7	50 DO	30										
				3.66	8	50 DO	33										
					9	50 DO	55										
					10	50 DO	50										
					11	50 DO	19										
7		Cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		49.63	12	50 DO	>80										
				6.96	13	50 DO	105										
8		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		48.61	14	50 DO	>50										
				7.98													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-14

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 22 & 23, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp ----- W ----- WI			
0		GROUND SURFACE		55.28													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, some gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Compact dark brown fine to medium sand, some gravel, asphalt pieces (FILL)		0.33	1	50 DO	26										
		Compact black to dark brown silty sand, some gravel, ash, coal (FILL)		0.74	2	50 DO	22										
1		Compact brown fine to medium sand, some silt (FILL)		1.22	3	50 DO	13										
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, ash (FILL)		1.62													
		Compact dark brown sandy silt, some clay, trace to some gravel, organics, occasional brown fine to medium sand, occasional grey brown clayey silt to silty clay layers (FILL)		1.83	4	50 DO	14										
		Very loose to dense grey brown fine to medium SAND, some silt, trace gravel		2.44	5	50 DO	2										
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Dense to compact to very dense brown medium to coarse SAND, some gravel, trace fine sand, trace silt		3.35	6	50 DO	33										
				51.93													
				53.45													
4				52.84													
				2.44													
				50.40													
				4.88	8	50 DO	85										
5		Very dense grey fine to coarse sand, some gravel, some silt, with cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		4.88	9	50 DO	102										
				49.77													
				5.51													
6		End of Borehole Auger Refusal															
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-15

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 24, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.	+ ⊕	- ⊙	Wp			W	WI
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.87													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		54.54	1	50 DO	10										
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, ash (FILL)		54.33													
1		Compact to very loose brown fine to medium sand, some coarse sand, trace to some gravel, trace to some silt, occasional brown silt pockets, occasional cobble (FILL)		53.55	2	50 DO	14										
		Very loose dark brown and black silty sand, trace gravel, trace clay, occasional grey silty clay to clayey silt layers (ORGANICS)		53.32	3	50 DO	4										
2					52.43	4	50 DO	4									
		Loose dark brown to black fine to medium SAND, some silt, some gravel, organics		52.44	5	50 DO	9										
3					51.82	6	50 DO	57									
		Very dense to compact grey to brown SILTY SAND, some gravel, occasional cobble and boulder, with fine to medium sand, some gravel, some silt layers		51.32	7	50 DO	14										
4					50.35	8	50 DO	>50									
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		4.52													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-16

SHEET 1 OF 1





LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 28 & 29, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp ----- W ----- WI			
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.61													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, trace ash, brick, occasional layers of fine to medium brown sand and gravel (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	12										
1				53.39	2	50 DO	22										
		Very loose black coarse sand, some ash, gravel, trace silt and brick (FILL)		1.22	3	50 DO	5										
2				52.78	4	50 DO	4										
		Very loose brown to grey coarse sand, trace silt and gravel (FILL)		1.83	5	50 DO	5										
3				51.26	6	50 DO	19										
		Compact medium to fine grey SAND, trace silt, trace gravel		3.35	7	50 DO	18										
4					8	50 DO	12										
5					9	50 DO	12										
6					10	50 DO	>50										
7		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		48.18 6.43													
8																	
9																	
10																	

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-17

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 21, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp ----- W ----- WI	
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.66													
		Compact dark grey crushed stone with organics (FILL)		0.00													
		Compact brown to dark brown silty sand, some gravel, trace clay, brick (FILL)		0.13	1	50 DO	17										
		Compact dark brown and black silty sand to sandy silt, some gravel, ash, brick (FILL)		0.61													
1		Compact brown sand, some silt, some gravel, with grey brown silty clay layers (FILL)		0.99	2	50 DO	22										
		Loose to very loose grey brown SILTY CLAY, trace to some sand, trace gravel, occasional sand pockets		1.68													
				54.98	3	50 DO	14										
2				53.46													
				3.20	6	50 DO	16										
		Very dense to loose brown SAND, trace to some silt, some gravel, occasional cobble and boulder, occasional coarse sand layers, occasional silty sand layers, occasional fine sand layers															
					7	50 DO	34										
					8	50 DO	46										
					9	50 DO	26										
					10	50 DO	4										
					11	50 DO	62										
					12	50 DO	27										
					13	50 DO	104										
8		Very dense grey SANDY SILT, some gravel, trace clay (GLACIAL TILL)		7.77	14	50 DO	>100										
				48.89													
				48.07	15	50 DO	>70										
9		End of Borehole Auger Refusal Possible Bedrock		8.59													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-18

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 22, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴			10 ⁻³
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.83													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Compact dark brown to brown fine to medium sand, some gravel, some silt, ash, brick, with occasional brown clayey silt layers, some sand, trace gravel (FILL)		0.13	1	50 DO	18										
1					2	50 DO	22										
		Compact to dense dark brown to black fine to medium sand, some gravel, some silt, brick, ash, organics, occasional grey brown silty clay layers (FILL)		55.69	3	50 DO	11										
2				1.14	4	50 DO	>50										
		Compact grey fine to medium sand, some gravel, some silt, brick (FILL)		54.39													
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, ash (FILL)		2.44													
		Compact brown fine to coarse sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		2.59													
3		Compact dark brown to black silty sand, some gravel, ash, coal (FILL)		53.93	5	50 DO	16										
		Compact grey brown SILTY CLAY to CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel, occasional fine to coarse sand layer		2.90													
		Loose brown sandy silt, some clay, trace to some gravel (FILL)		3.05													
		Loose black silty ORGANICS		53.48	6	50 DO	14										
4				3.35													
		Loose to dense brown fine to medium SAND, trace to some silt, trace gravel		52.61	7	50 DO	21										
		Dense to loose brown medium to coarse SAND, trace gravel, trace silt, trace fine sand		4.22													
		Very loose brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt		52.41													
5				4.42	8	50 DO	7										
		Very loose to compact brown medium to coarse SAND, trace fine sand, trace silt, occasional fine to medium sand layer		4.57													
				51.65	9	50 DO	30										
6				5.18													
				50.73													
7				6.10	10	50 DO	6										
				49.51													
				7.32	11	50 DO	4										
8					12	50 DO	19										
				48.29													
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		8.54	13	50 DO	1										
9					14	50 DO	11										
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp ----- W ----- WI	
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.03													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact brown silty sand, some gravel, trace slag (FILL)		0.13													
		Compact fine to medium brown sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		55.67	1	50 DO	11										
		Grey clay (FILL)		0.36													
		Compact grey gravel, some sand, trace silt, slag, and brick (FILL)		55.47													
1		Black silty sand, trace brick (FILL)		54.71	2	50 DO	29										
		Grey to brown fine to medium sand, trace silt (FILL)		1.32													
		Grey to black clay (FILL)		54.51													
		Compact brown coarse sand, some gravel and clay, trace silt and brick (FILL)		1.52	3	50 DO	52										
		Grey to black CLAY		54.25													
2		Grey to blue CLAY		1.78													
		Dark brown silty ORGANICS		54.05													
		Loose grey brown SAND and GRAVEL, trace silt		1.98	4	50 DO	20										
		Loose, coarse to medium brown SAND, some silt		53.29													
3		Loose medium to fine grey to brown SAND, trace silt		2.74	5	50 DO	5										
		Coarse grey to brown SAND, some gravel, with cobbles and boulders		51.92													
4		Cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		4.11	6	50 DO	4										
		Fresh, grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		4.27													
5				51.15													
				4.88	7	50 DO	4										
6				49.33													
				6.70	8	50 DO	27										
7				48.71													
				7.32													
8				48.49													
				7.54													
9				48.03													
				8.00													
10				46.50													
				9.53													

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-19

SHEET 2 OF 3

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 25 & December 15, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60		80			10 ⁻⁶
10	Relay Drill NQ Core	-- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE -- Fresh, grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK															
11					C3	NQ RC	DD										
12		End of Borehole															
13				44.17 11.86													
14																	
15																	
16																	
17																	
18																	
19																	
20																	

MIS-BHS 001_1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT_1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 11-19

SHEET 3 OF 3

LOCATION: See Site Plan

DRILLING DATE: November 25 & December 15, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 850

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	RUN No.	COLOUR FLUSH % RETURN	RECOVERY		R.Q.D. %	FRACT. INDEX PER 0.3 m	DISCONTINUITY DATA			HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY			Diametral Point Load (MPa)	RMC -Q' AVG.	
							TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %			B Angle	DIP w/ ZL CORE AXIS	Type and Surface Description	Ur	Ja	Ln			K, cm/sec
							80000000	80000000			80000000	80000000	80000000	80000000	80000000	80000000			80000000
8		BEDROCK SURFACE		48.03															
		Cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		8.00	C1														
9					C2														
		Fresh, grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		46.50 9.53	C3														
10	Relay Drill NO Core				C4														
11																			
12		End of Drillhole		44.17 11.86															
13																			
14																			
15																			
16																			
17																			
18																			

MIS-RCK 004 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-20

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: November 28, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+				Q - U	
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		54.88													
		TOPSOIL		54.70													
		Compact dark brown to black silty sand, some gravel, trace ash and brick (FILL)		0.18	1	50 DO	28										
1					2	50 DO	24										
					3	50 DO	>50										
2		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		53.30													
				1.58													
3																	
4																	
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-20A

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 1, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60		80			10 ⁻⁶
0		GROUND SURFACE		54.88													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact dark brown to black silty sand, some gravel, trace ash and brick (FILL)		54.70													
				0.18													
1				53.66													
		Compact to dense brown to grey fine to medium sand, trace silt, some gravel, concrete, asphalt (FILL)		1.22	1	50 DO	21										
2				52.75													
		Dense to loose dark brown with black silty sand, trace to some gravel, trace clay, ash, mica, organics, brick (FILL)		2.13	2	50 DO	35										
				51.83													
		Compact grey brown clayey silt to silty clay, trace to some sand, trace gravel, wood, sheen, odours (FILL)		3.05	3	50 DO	9										
				51.53													
		Compact black fine to medium sand, trace silt, trac egravel, black staining, odours, sheens (ORGANICS)		3.35	4	50 DO	10										
				51.22													
		Compact grey brown fine SAND, with fine to medium sand seams/layers, trace silt		3.66	5	50 DO	12										
				50.46													
		Compact grey CLAYEY SILT, some silt		4.42	6	50 DO	14										
		Compact grey brown medium to coarse SAND, trace fine sand		4.57													
				50.00													
		Loose to very dense grey to brown fine to medium SAND, trace to some coarse sand, trace silt		4.88	7	50 DO	7										
				48.55													
		Very dense grey fine to coarse SAND, some gravel, trace silt		6.33	8	50 DO	36										
				48.27													
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		6.61	9	50 DO	35										

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-21

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80 nat V. + Q - ● rem V. ⊕ U - ○				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³ Wp ———— W ———— WI					
0		GROUND SURFACE		59.07													
		Loose dark brown silty sand, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Compact dark brown silty sand, some gravel, brick, organics, ash (FILL)	XXXXX	58.71	1	50 DO											
				0.36	2	50 DO											
1					3	50 DO											
					4	50 DO											
		Compact to very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel	XXXXX	57.24	5	50 DO											
				1.83	6	50 DO											
2					7	50 DO											
					8	50 DO											
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)				9	50 DO											
					10	50 DO											
4		Very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)	XXXXX	55.11	11	50 DO											
				3.96	12	50 DO											
5					13	50 DO											
					14	50 DO											
6		Very dense grey SILTY SAND to SANDY SILT, trace to some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)	XXXXX	53.89	15	50 DO											
				5.18	16	50 DO											
7					17	50 DO											
					18	50 DO											
8					19	50 DO											
					20	50 DO											
9					21	50 DO											
					22	50 DO											
10		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		52.62													
				6.45													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-22

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 7, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT						
								20		40		60		80				10 ⁻⁶
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		57.34														
		Very loose dark brown silty sand, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00														
		Very loose grey brown silty sand to sandy silt, trace to some gravel, trace clay, bricks, organics (FILL)		0.13	1	50 DO	3											
1					2	50 DO	4											
					3	50 DO	4											
2			Loose grey brown silty clay, some sand, trace gravel (FILL)		55.51	4	50 DO	6										
					54.60	5	50 DO	7										
3			Loose dark brown to black silty ORGANICS		2.74													
			Loose to dense brown silty fine SAND, trace gravel, black staining (odours)		2.90	6	50 DO	48										
4			Dense to very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel, trace clay, black staining (odours), occasional black fine to medium sand layer		53.83	7	50 DO	>80										
					53.27													
5		Very dense grey brown silty sand to sandy silt, trace to some gravel, occasional fine to coarse sand layer (GLACIAL TILL)		4.07	8	50 DO	42											
					9	50 DO	170											
					10	50 DO	>130											
					11	50 DO	>160											
6		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		51.45														
				5.89														
7																		
8																		
9																		
10																		

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-23

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60				80	
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.36													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, trace silt, gravel, clay, brick, ash and mortar (FILL)	[Cross-hatch pattern]	0.15	1	50 DO	13										
1				2	50 DO	11											
				3	50 DO	15											
2	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Compact gravel layer (FILL)		54.23	4	50 DO	46										
		Compact light brown to grey fine to medium sand, some gravel, trace brick, ash and mortar (FILL)		2.13	5	50 DO	18										
3		Loose layers of brick, brown silty sand, mortar, ash, fine to medium dark brown sand, and concrete, construction debris (FILL)	[Cross-hatch pattern]	53.31	6	50 DO	6										
				3.05	7	50 DO	7										
4		Loose black silty sand, trace ash, slag, occasional layers of medium brown sand, gravel, brick, clay (FILL)		52.75	7	50 DO	7										
		Compact dark grey SILTY CLAY, trace gravel, trace brick	[Cross-hatch pattern]	3.61	8	50 DO	32										
				52.09	4.27												
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		51.46													
				4.90													
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-24

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 5 & 6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0		GROUND SURFACE		59.48													
		Very loose dark brown silty sand, trace clay, organics (TOPSOIL)		0.00													
		Very loose to very dense dark brown silty sand, trace clay, trace gravel, brick, concrete, mortar, ash, metal, slag, concrete slab, grey crushed stone (FILL)		0.10	1	50 DO	4										
1					2	50 DO	8										
					3	50 DO	4										
2				57.35	4	50 DO	53										
		Very dense to dense brown grey brown SILTY SAND, some gravel, ashes on top of layer		2.13	5	50 DO	34										
3				56.43	6	50 DO	43										
		Dense to very dense grey SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel, black staining (strong odours) (GLACIAL TILL)		3.05	7	50 DO	>70										
4					8	50 DO	175										
5	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)			54.60	9	50 DO	>150										
		Very dense grey SILTY SAND to SANDY SILT, trace to some gravel, odours (GLACIAL TILL)		4.88	10	50 DO	180										
6					11	50 DO	>150										
7					12	50 DO	>100										
					13	50 DO	>50										
8				51.86	14	50 DO	>100										
		Very dense grey SILTY SAND to SANDY SILT, trace to some gravel, slight odours (GLACIAL TILL)		7.62	15	50 DO	134										
9					16	50 DO	125										
					17	50 DO	>100										
10				49.37	18	50 DO	>50										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		10.11													
11																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 55



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-25

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 7, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60		80			10 ⁻⁶
0		GROUND SURFACE		57.24													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Loose to compact brown fine to medium sand, trace silt, gravel, ash, brick and mortar (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO											
1					2	50 DO											
		Compact grey clay (FILL)		55.72 1.52	3	50 DO											
		Compact dark brown to black silty sand (FILL)		1.68	4	50 DO											
2					54.80 2.44	5	50 DO										
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, trace gravel, trace concrete (FILL)		54.50 2.74	6	50 DO											
		Compact dark brown to black silty sand, some mica fragments (FILL)		53.89 3.35	7	50 DO											
3					8	50 DO											
		Compact to dense grey fine to medium SAND, some gravel, trace silt (GLACIAL TILL)		52.01 5.23	9	50 DO											
4					>50												
5					68												
6					>50												
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal															

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-26

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 6, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+		Q - U -			Wp
0		GROUND SURFACE		55.78													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Loose grey clay, some sand (FILL)		0.13													
				55.32	1	50 DO	9										
		Compact dark brown silty sand, some gravel, trace ash, brick and mortar, occasional layers of fine to coarse sand (FILL)		0.46													
1					2	50 DO	38										
					3	50 DO	25										
2					4	50 DO	14										
	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)			53.04	5	50 DO	8										
3		Very loose black silty sand, trace ash, brick, wood and gravel, occasional layers of fine sand (FILL)		2.74													
					6	50 DO	4										
4					7	50 DO	9										
				51.51													
		Very dense grey brown fine to medium SAND, some silt and gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		4.27													
					8	50 DO	110										
5		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		50.78	9	50 DO	>75										
				5.00													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-28

SHEET 1 OF 3

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 8, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁻⁴			10 ⁻³
0		GROUND SURFACE		57.59													
	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Very loose brown medium to fine sand (FILL)		0.00	1	50 DO	2										
		Compact black silty sand, some gravel, trace ash (FILL)		0.46	2	50 DO	17										
1		Loose to compact brown medium to fine SAND, some gravel, trace silt and brick		1.22	3	50 DO	13										
						4	50 DO	5									
2																	
			Very dense brown to grey fine to medium SAND, trace gravel and silt (GLACIAL TILL)		2.74	5	50 DO	70									
3						6	50 DO	>50									
						7	50 DO	112									
4						8	50 DO	119									
5						9	50 DO	>60									
						10	50 DO	108									
6					11	50 DO	>100										
					12	50 DO	>90										
7					13	50 DO	80										
		Compact grey SILTY CLAY, some sand, trace gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		7.62	14	50 DO	42										
8					13	50 DO	80										
					14	50 DO	42										
9	Rotary Drill NQ Core	Grey CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel, with cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		8.84	C1	NQ RC	DD										
		Fresh, medium bedded, grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with thin beds of black shale		9.53	C2	NQ RC	DD										
10		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE															

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-28

SHEET 2 OF 3

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 8, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE			SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60		80			10 ⁻⁶
10	Rotary Drill NQ Core	-- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE --															
		Fresh, medium bedded, grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with thin beds of black shale			C2	NO RC	DD										
11					C3	NO RC	DD										
12	End of Borehole Auger Refusal			45.90 11.69													
13																	
14																	
15																	
16																	
17																	
18																	
19																	
20																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 11-28

SHEET 3 OF 3

LOCATION: See Site Plan

DRILLING DATE: December 8, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 850

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Marathon Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	RUN No.	COLOUR FLUSH	RECOVERY			FRACT. INDEX PER 0.3 m	DISCONTINUITY DATA			HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY			Diametral Point Load (MPa)	RMC -Q' AVG.
							TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %	R.Q.D. %		TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION			K, cm/sec				
							88888888	88888888	88888888		B Angle	DIP w/ ZL CORE AXIS	Ur	Ja	Un	10 ⁰		
		BEDROCK SURFACE		48.75														
9		Grey CLAYEY SILT, some sand, trace gravel, with cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL)		8.84	C1													
		Fresh, medium bedded, grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK, with thin beds of black shale		48.06 9.53	C2													
10	Rotary Drill ING Core																	
11					C3													
		End of Drillhole		45.90 11.69														
12																		
13																		
14																		
15																		
16																		
17																		
18																		

MIS-RCK 004 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-29

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 5, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp ----- W ----- WI			
0		GROUND SURFACE		55.66													
		ORGANICS/TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, trace silt, gravel and ash (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	11										
1		Loose to compact dark brown to black silty sand, trace ash and gravel (FILL)		55.05 0.61	2	50 DO	11										
		Loose to very loose brown fine to medium SAND		53.98 1.68	3	50 DO	3										
2		Compact dark brown to black SILTY SAND, trace gravel and clay		53.37 2.29	4	50 DO	5										
		Loose dark brown SAND and GRAVEL		52.61 3.05	5	50 DO	14										
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Compact dark grey to grey SILTY SAND, trace gravel		52.05 3.61	6	50 DO	6										
		Loose dark brown SAND and GRAVEL		52.61 3.05	7	50 DO	28										
4		Compact dark grey to grey SILTY SAND, trace gravel		52.05 3.61	8	50 DO	49										
		Loose dark brown SAND and GRAVEL		52.61 3.05	9	50 DO	90										
5		Dense dark grey to grey SILTY SAND, trace gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		50.78 4.88	10	50 DO	42										
		Loose dark brown SAND and GRAVEL		52.61 3.05													
6		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		49.49 6.17													
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-31

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 2, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³					
		GROUND SURFACE		58.81													
		TOPSOIL		0.00 58.61													
		Compact fine to medium light brown sand, trace silt (FILL)		0.20	1	50 DO	12										
		Loose dark brown silty sand, trace gravel, ash and brick (FILL)		58.20	2	50 DO	7										
		Very loose construction debris made up of layers of brick, ash, slag, mortar, insulation, and wood (FILL)		57.64 1.17	3	50 DO	2										
		Compact light brown to grey fine to medium SAND, trace silt and gravel		56.37 2.44	4 5	50 DO	9 15										
		Dense to very dense grey brown fine to medium SAND, trace silt and gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		55.15 3.66	6 7	50 DO	42 75										
		Very dense grey fine to coarse SAND, some silt, trace gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		53.32 5.49	8 9 10	50 DO	65 84 97										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		52.18 6.63	11	50 DO	69										

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-32

SHEET 1 OF 1






LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 5, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp ----- W ----- Wl			
0		GROUND SURFACE		56.18													
		TOPSOIL		0.00													
		Loose brown silty sand, some gravel (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	8										
1		Loose to compact brown fine to medium sand, some gravel, trace brick, mortar and slag (FILL)		0.61	2	50 DO	9										
					3	50 DO	20										
					4	50 DO	4										
2																	
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Loose brown to black fine to medium silty sand, occasional wood, brick, mortar, ceramic, trace clay (FILL)		2.44	5	50 DO	4										
		Compact grey SANDY SILT, trace gravel and clay		3.35	6	50 DO	8										
					7	50 DO	42										
					8	50 DO	34										
5		Dense grey SANDY SILT, trace gravel and clay (GLACIAL TILL)		4.88	9	50 DO	>50										
					10	50 DO	63										
6		End of Borehole		5.97													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM



PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-33

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 8, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.22													
		Dense dark grey crushed stone (Gravel lot BASE)		0.08	1	50 DO	46										
		Dense brown fine to medium sand, some coarse sand, some gravel, trace silt (Gravel lot SUBBASE)		61.69													
				0.53	2	50 DO	9										
1		Loose to very dense dark brown silty sand, trace to some gravel, brick, wood, organics, concrete, occasional grey silty clay layer (FILL)			3	50 DO	60										
					4	50 DO	12										
2					5	50 DO	56										
					6	50 DO	23										
3		Compact to very dense brown to grey brown SILTY SAND to SANDY SILT, trace to some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		59.32													
				2.90	7	50 DO	48										
					8	50 DO	74										
4					9	50 DO	49										
					10	50 DO	55										
5					11	50 DO	>89										
					12	50 DO	>100										
6					13	50 DO	>100										
					14	50 DO	>100										
7					15	50 DO	>111										
					16	50 DO	>105										
8		Very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel, occasional grey silt seam, occasional fine to medium sand seam (GLACIAL TILL)		54.60													
				7.62	17	50 DO	>50										
					18	50 DO	>100										
9					19	50 DO	>50										
					20	50 DO	>110										
10		End of Borehole Split Spoon Refusal		52.26													
				9.96													

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 55



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-35

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 12, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20		40		60				80	
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.56													
		Dense grey sand and gravel (Gravel lot BASE)		0.00													
		Compact brown medium to fine sand, trace gravel (Gravel lot SUBBASE)		0.31	1	50 DO											
				61.65	2	50 DO											
1		Compact dark brown to black silty sand, trace gravel, ash, wood, brick, mortar (FILL)		0.91													
				60.88	3	50 DO											
		Compact brown fine to medium sand, trace gravel (FILL)		1.68	4	50 DO											
2				60.43	5	50 DO											
		Dense to very dense light brown to brown SILTY SAND, occasional gravel and medium sand layers, trace gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		2.13	6	50 DO											
				58.16	7	50 DO											
3																	
					8	50 DO											
4		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		4.40		>50											
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-37

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 12, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp ----- W ----- WI	
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.76													
		Compact sand and gravel (Gravel lot BASE)		0.00													
		Compact brown medium to fine sand, trace gravel (Gravel lot SUBBASE)		62.46	1	50 DO	29										
				0.30													
1		Loose dark brown to black silty sand, trace gravel, occasional layers of ash, gravel, sandy mortar, glass, construction debris (FILL)		61.85	2	50 DO	20										
				0.91													
					3	50 DO	6										
2		Compact brown medium to fine sand, trace gravel (FILL)		60.63	4	50 DO	34										
				2.13													
		Dense to very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, some gravel, trace cobbles (GLACIAL TILL)		60.32	5	50 DO	73										
				2.44													
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)				6	50 DO	>75										
					7	50 DO	>65										
4					8	50 DO	>75										
					9	50 DO	40										
5					10	50 DO	>50										
6																	
7			End of Borehole Auger Refusal		56.23												
					6.53												
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-38

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 19, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION				
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT							
								Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+				Q - U -		Wp	
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.11															
	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Compact to dense brown sand and gravel (Gravel lot BASE)		0.00	1	50 DO	35												
		Loose to compact brown medium to fine sand, some gravel (Gravel lot SUBBASE)		0.10															
1									2	50 DO	8								
		Compact to very dense grey brown sand, some gravel, trace silt (FILL)		60.89					3	50 DO	15								
				1.22					4	50 DO	52								
2									5	50 DO	61								
		Very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, some gravel, medium brown sand seams (GLACIAL TILL)		59.67					6	50 DO	112								
3				7	50 DO	148													
4				57.94															
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		4.17															
5																			
6																			
7																			
8																			
9																			
10																			

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: JDR

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-39

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 15, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³					
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.81													
		Compact sand and gravel (Gravel lot BASE)		0.00													
		Compact brown to red sandy silt, trace gravel (FILL)		0.15	1	50 DO	15										
1		Compact to dense light brown fine to medium sand, trace gravel, silt, and mortar (FILL)		61.90	2	50 DO	20										
				0.91	3	50 DO	40										
2		Dense sandy gravel to brown fine to medium sand and gravel (FILL)		60.68	4	50 DO	120										
				2.13	5	50 DO	67										
					6	50 DO	99										
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Compact to very dense grey SILTY SAND, some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		59.15	7	50 DO	34										
					3.66	8	50 DO	27									
4						9	50 DO	33									
						10	50 DO	>50									
						11	50 DO	>100									
						12	50 DO	>100									
6			End of Borehole Auger Refusal		56.46												
					6.35												
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: BM/JD

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1122-0199

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 11-40

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: December 16, 2011

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.3m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.77													
		Compact red to fine brown sand, some gravel (Gravel lot BASE)		62.39	1	50 DO	13										
		Compact fine to medium brown sand, some gravel, red brick (FILL)		62.39													
1				0.38	2	50 DO	19										
		Compact light brown fine to medium sand, trace gravel, silt, red brick (FILL)		61.55	3	50 DO	15										
2				1.22	4	50 DO	25										
					5	50 DO	51										
3	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Very dense grey brown SAND, some gravel, trace silt (GLACIAL TILL)		59.78	6	50 DO	59										
				2.99	7	50 DO	100										
4		Very dense grey brown SILTY SAND, some gravel (GLACIAL TILL)		59.11	8	50 DO	>50										
				3.66	9	50 DO	>100										
5					10	50 DO	187										
6					11	50 DO	>50										
		End of Borehole Auger Refusal		56.52													
7				6.25													
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111220199.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 1/28/13 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: JD

CHECKED: JW

PROJECT: 11-1121-0229

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 13-1

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 8, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		58.72 0.00												MON. WELL	
1		(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, crushed, inferred presence of cobbles and/or boulders; grey, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact			1	SS	28										Silica Sand
2		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; grey brown; non-cohesive, moist, compact		57.35 1.37		2	SS	12									
3					3	SS	30										Native Backfill and Bentonite Mix
4		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly, inferred presence of cobbles and/or boulders; grey brown, (GLACIAL TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense to very dense		55.67 3.05		4	SS	55									MH
5					5	SS	>50										MH
6				6	SS	>50										Bentonite Seal	
7																Silica Sand	
8																32 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen	
8		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE 13-1		50.75		C1											
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111210229-1000.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/07/13 PLG

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: MJK

PROJECT: 11-1121-0229

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 13-5

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 13, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴			10 ⁻²
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		55.39												
		(SM) SILTY SAND, trace gravel; brown, (TOPSOIL); non-cohesive, moist		0.00												
		(SP/GP) SILTY SAND and GRAVEL, crushed; grey, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense to loose		0.15	1	SS	12									
1						2	SS	54							M	
2						3	SS	13								
3				52.49												
		(SM) SILTY SAND, fine; grey brown, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, very loose		2.90												
		(OL) ORGANIC SILT; dark brown; non-cohesive, moist, very loose		52.19												
				3.20	5	SS	3							OC = 24.0%		
		LIMESTONE		51.86												
		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE 13-5		3.53												

MIS-BHS 001 1111210229-1000.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/07/13 PLG

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: MJK

PROJECT: 11-1121-0229

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 13-6

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 14, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		55.70													
		ASPHALTIC CONCRETE		0.00													
		(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, crushed; grey, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact to dense		0.08	1	SS	20										
1					2	SS	45										
		(Cl) SILTY CLAY; grey brown, (FILL); cohesive, moist, very stiff		54.33													
		(SM) SILTY SAND and GRAVEL; grey brown, contains orange brick fragments, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, loose to compact		1.37													
2				1.52	3	SS	9										
				4	SS	9											
3				5	SS	14											
		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; grey brown, (FILL); non-cohesive, wet, compact		52.04													
4			3.66	6	SS	20											
		(OL) ORGANIC SILT, dark brown; non-cohesive, most, loose		51.05													
5		LIMESTONE		4.65													
		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE 13-6		4.80													
				7	SS	>50											

MIS-BHS 001 1111210229-1000.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/07/13 PLG

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: MJK

PROJECT: 11-1121-0229

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 13-7

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 11, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa		nat V. + rem V. ⊕ ⊙		10 ⁻⁸ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻²		Wp			W
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		55.71 0.00												
		(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, crushed; grey, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact				1	GRAB									
1						2	SS	32								
						3	SS	20								
2					53.58 2.13											
		(SM) SILTY SAND; grey brown, contains fly ash and orange brick fragments, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, loose to compact				4	SS	10								
3						5	SS	7								
4				52.05 3.66												
		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel, inferred presence of cobbles and/or boulders; brown, (GLACIAL TILL); non-cohesive, moist to wet, compact			6	SS	20									
					7	SS	>50									
5																
6				50.21												
		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE 13-7														
7																
8																
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1111210229-1000.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/12/13 PLG

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: MJK

PROJECT: 11-1121-0229

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 13-7

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

DRILLING DATE: March 11, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: ---

DRILL RIG: CME 75

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Downing Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	RUN No.	COLOUR % RETURN	RECOVERY			FRACT. INDEX PER 0.3 m	DISCONTINUITY DATA			ROCK STRENGTH INDEX			WEATHERING INDEX				Q AVG.					
							FLUSH	TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %		R.Q.D. %	B Angle	DIP w/CL CORE AXIS	TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION	Ur	Ja	Jn	R1	R2	R3		R4	W1	W2	W3	W4
		BEDROCK SURFACE		50.21																						
6	Rotary Drill NQ Core	Fresh thinly to medium bedded grey fine to coarse grained non-porous strong nodular LIMESTONE, with black shale partings and interlaminaes	[Symbolic Log: Bricks]	5.50	1	100																				
		- Broken core from 6.13 m to 6.18 m																								
		- Broken core from 6.34 m to 6.39 m																								
7		- Broken core from 6.78 m to 6.84 m																								
8																										
9																										
10																										
11		- Mud seam and vertical fracture from 10.98 m to 11.23 m																								
		End of Drillhole		44.48																						
				11.23																						

UCS = 75.9 MPa

MIS-RCK 004 1111210229-1000.GPJ GAL-MISS.GDT 06/07/13 PLG

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: MJK

PROJECT: 11-1121-0229

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 13-8

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 5, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴			10 ⁻²
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		55.95													
		ASPHALTIC CONCRETE		0.00													
		(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, crushed; grey, (BASE); non-cohesive		0.20													
		(SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL; brown, (FILL); non-cohesive		0.38													
		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel, inferred presence of cobbles and/or boulders; grey, contains asphalt fragments, (FILL); non-cohesive, moist, compact		0.76	1	SS	>50										
1																	
2																	
3																	
		(C) SILTY CLAY; grey brown; cohesive, moist, stiff to very stiff		52.75	4	SS	7										
				3.20													
4		(SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly, inferred presence of cobbles and/or boulders; grey, (GLACIAL TILL); non-cohesive, moist, dense to very dense		52.14	5	SS	32										
				3.81													
5					6	SS	33										
				51.01													
5		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE 13-8															
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1111210229-1000.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/07/13 PLG

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: HEC

CHECKED: MJK

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-01

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 28, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT						
							20		40		60		80			10 ⁻⁶	
0	Power Auger (Hollow Stem) 200 mm Diam.	GROUND SURFACE		55.09													
			Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)																
2																	
3																	
4																	
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	
		End of Drillhole		46.91 8.18													

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-02

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 28, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+		- ●			Wp
0	Power Auger (Hollow Stem) 200 mm Diam.	GROUND SURFACE		55.12												
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)															
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8		End of Drillhole		47.37 7.75												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI
CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-03

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 28, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							20 40 60 80		nat V. + Q - ● rem V. ⊕ U - ○		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp ----- W ----- WI			
0	Flower Auger 200 mm Diam. (Follow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		53.67												
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)															
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8		End of Drillhole		46.02 7.65												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-04

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 27, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		54.62												
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)															
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8				46.49												
		End of Drillhole		8.13												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-05

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 27, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+ \ominus		Q - U			Wp
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		53.25												
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)															
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
		End of Drillhole		45.12 8.13												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-06

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 27, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+		Q - U			Wp
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		52.13												
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)														Bentonite Seal	
2															Silica Sand	
3																
4															51 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen	
5															Silica Sand	
6															Bentonite Seal	
7																
8		End of Drillhole		44.08												
				8.05												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-08

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: March 28, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		51.82												
		Brown fine to medium sand (Placed FILL)		0.00												
	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)	Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		51.52												
				0.30												
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8		End of Drillhole		43.77												
				8.05												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-10

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: August 15, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.		+		Q - U			Wp
0		GROUND SURFACE		52.86												
0	Powel Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00											Concrete	
1																
2																
3																
4	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)															
5																
6																
7																
8																
8		End of Drillhole		44.73 8.13												
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-11

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: August 14, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. rem V.	+ ⊕	- ⊙	Wp			W	Wi
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		53.39													
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00											Concrete		
1																	
2																	
3																	
4	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)																
5																	
6																	
7																	
8		End of Drillhole		45.36 8.03													
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-12

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: August 14, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V. + rem V. ⊕ - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³				Wp	
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		53.64													
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00											Concrete		
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)																
2																	
3																	
4																	
5																	
6																	
7																	
8		End of Drillhole		45.74 7.90											Bentonite Seal Silica Sand 51 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen		
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-13

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: August 14, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							Cu, kPa		nat V. + rem V. ⊕ - ⊙		10 ⁻⁶ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻³		Wp			W
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		53.37												
		Brown fine to medium sand (FILL)		0.00											Concrete	
1														Bentonite Seal		
2														Silica Sand		
3		End of Borehole		51.03										51 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen		
				2.34												
4																
5																
6																
7																
8																
9																
10																

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-14

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: August 14, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa		WATER CONTENT PERCENT		WATER CONTENT PERCENT			
								20	40	60	80	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁵		
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		53.68											
		Brown fine to medium sand (FILL)		0.00											Concrete
1														Bentonite Seal	
2														Silica Sand	
				51.24										51 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen	
		End of Borehole		2.44											
3															
4															
5															
6															
7															
8															
9															
10															

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 12-1122-0198/8000/8100

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: MW 13-15

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE: August 14, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB. TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	SHEAR STRENGTH Cu, kPa				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							20	40	60	80	nat V. +	rem V. ⊕	Q - ●			U - ○
0	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Halfw Stem)	GROUND SURFACE		54.03												
		Grey LIMESTONE BEDROCK		0.00												
1	Air Rotary Drill 100 mm Diam. (DHH)															
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																
7																
8		End of Drillhole		46.02 8.01												
9																
10																

Bentonite Seal

Silica Sand

51 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen

MIS-BHS 001 1211220198-8000-8100.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 06/10/14 JEM

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: RI

CHECKED: KPH

PROJECT: 13-1125-0103

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 13-4

SHEET 1 OF 1

LOCATION: See Site Plan

BORING DATE December 12, 2013

DATUM: Geodetic

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		DYNAMIC PENETRATION RESISTANCE, BLOWS/0.3m				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	SHEAR STRENGTH				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
								Cu, kPa		nat V.	+ Q -	rem V	U -			Wp	W
0		GROUND SURFACE		57.19 0.00			20	40	60	80	10 ⁻²	10 ⁻³	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻⁵			
1	Power Auger 200 mm Diam. (Hollow Stem)															Bentonite Seal	
2																Silica Sand	
3		End of Borehole		54.14 3.05													50 mm Diam. PVC #10 Slot Screen
4		Note: Elevation of top of pipe: 58.13 masl															
5																	
6																	
7																	
8																	
9																	
10																	

MIS-BHS 001 1311250103.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 8/12/14 JM

DEPTH SCALE
1 : 50



LOGGED: JD
CHECKED: *AKH*

DATUM Ground surface elevations provided by Stantec Geomatics Limited.

FILE NO. **PG3272**

REMARKS

HOLE NO. **BH23-16**

BORINGS BY CME-55 Low Clearance Drill

DATE March 18, 2016

SOIL DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	SAMPLE				DEPTH (m)	ELEV. (m)	Pen. Resist. Blows/0.3m ● 50 mm Dia. Cone				Monitoring Well Construction
		TYPE	NUMBER	% RECOVERY	N VALUE or RQD			20	40	60	80	
GROUND SURFACE												
FILL: Crushed stone with silty sand	0.60	AU	1			0	61.67					
FILL: Black topsoil with organic matter, sand and gravel	1.37	SS	2	50	6	1	60.67					
FILL: Brown silty sand, some clay and gravel		SS	3	54	4	2	59.67					
		SS	4	17	4	3	58.67					
		SS	5	25	4	4	57.67					
		SS	6	33	5	5	56.67					
		SS	7	71	15	6	55.67					
		SS	8	42	24	7	54.67					
		SS	9	58	32	8	53.67					
		SS	10	58	22	9	52.67					
		SS	11	50	10	10	51.67					
FILL: Black rail bed material, some coal	9.60	SS	12	42	26	11	50.67					
		SS	13	75	16	12	49.67					
FILL: Brown silty sand with gravel, some coal and rail bed material	11.23	SS	14	86	86	13	48.67					
		SS	15	71	24	14	47.67					
GLACIAL TILL: Compact to very dense, grey silty sand with gravel, cobbles and boulders		SS	16	75	11	15	46.67					
		SS	17	83	61	16	45.67					
		SS	18	77	93	17	44.67					
		SS	19	95	72	18	43.67					
End of Borehole	14.33					19	42.67					

20 40 60 80 100
Shear Strength (kPa)
▲ Undisturbed △ Remoulded

PROJECT: 18100285

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 18-01

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030415 3 ; E 365618 8

BORING DATE: July 21-22, 2018

DATUM: CGVD28

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		HEADSPACE ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [PPM]				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV. DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	ND = Not Detected				WATER CONTENT PERCENT				
						20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁹ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻²					
						20 40 60 80				Wp ———— W ———— WI					
0		GROUND SURFACE		65.39											
		FILL/TOPSOIL - SILTY SAND, trace gravel, brown; non-cohesive, moist.		0.00											
		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel to gravelly; brown, contains brick, asphalt and organic matter (rootlets); non-cohesive, moist, compact (15% debris)		0.15	1	SS	20	6							
				63.87											
		FILL - (CI/CL) SILTY CLAY, trace sand, trace gravel; grey to grey brown, contains asphalt; cohesive, w>PL, firm to stiff (5% debris)		1.52	2	SS	6	6							
				60.82											
		FILL - (SP/GP) SAND and GRAVEL, some silt to silty; dark brown, contains asphalt, cobbles and boulders; non-cohesive, moist (20% debris)		4.57	4	SS	>50	6							
				60.06											
		FILL - SILTY SAND and GRAVEL; brown to black, contains asphalt, cobbles and boulders; non-cohesive, moist (20% debris)		5.33											
				59.29											
		FILL - (SC/ML) CLAYEY SILTY SAND to sandy CLAYEY SILT, some gravel; grey, contains cobbles and wood; non-cohesive, w~PL, compact (5% debris)		6.10	5	SS	17	6							
				57.77											
		FILL - (CI/CL) SILTY CLAY, trace to some sand; grey, contains wood; cohesive, w>PL, stiff (5% debris)		7.62	6	SS	6	6							
				57.31											
		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel, grey to black, contains brick, asphalt, wood and glass; non-cohesive, wet, compact (30-60% debris)		8.08											
					7	SS	23	6							

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

MIS-BHS 001 18100285 GPFJ GAL-MIS GDT 8/24/18 ZS

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: SS

CHECKED: WC

PROJECT: 18100285

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 18-01

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030415 3 ; E 365618 8

BORING DATE: July 21-22, 2018

DATUM: CGVD28

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		HEADSPACE ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	ND = Not Detected				k, cm/s					
						HEADSPACE COMBUSTIBLE VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [%LEL] ND = Not Detected				WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
						20 40 60 80				10 ⁻³ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻²					
						20 40 60 80				Wp ----- W ----- WI					
						BLOWS/0.30m									
10		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE —													
		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel; grey to black, contains brick, asphalt, wood and glass; non-cohesive, wet, compact (30-60% debris)													
				54.49	8	SS	>50	B							
			(0-5% debris)	10.90											
11		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, medium to coarse, trace gravel; black, contains asphalt and wood; non-cohesive, wet, compact (20% debris)													
					9	SS	22	B							
12															
					10	SS	23	B	ND						
13															
				50.15											
				15.24	11	SS	50	B	ND						
15		FILL - (CI) SILTY CLAY, trace sand; grey, contains wood; cohesive, w>PL (No debris)													
				48.63											
				16.78											
17		(SM/GM) gravelly SILTY SAND, grey, contains cobbles and boulders (GLACIAL TILL); non-cohesive, wet													
				48.17	12	SS	>50	B	ND						
				17.22											
		End of Borehole													
18															
19															
20															

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: SS

CHECKED: WC

MIS-BHS 001 18100285.GPJ GAL MIS GDT 8/24/18 ZS

PROJECT: 18100285

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 18-02

SHEET 1 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030424 4 ; E 365719 8

BORING DATE: June 11, 2018

DATUM: CGVD28

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		HEADSPACE ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [PPM]		HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER TYPE	BLOWS/30m	ND = Not Detected	20 40 60 80	10 ⁻³ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻²	Wp	W		
0		GROUND SURFACE		63.47									
		FILL/TOPSOIL - (ML) sandy SILT, trace gravel; brown; moist		0.00									
		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; brown, contains brick; non-cohesive, moist, compact (No debris)		63.17 0.30	1	SS	22	ND					
1				62.25 1.22	2	SS	16	ND					
		FILL - (CL) SILTY CLAY, some sand, some gravel; grey, contains brick; cohesive, w~PL (5% debris)		61.82 1.65									
2		FILL - (GP) sandy GRAVEL; brown, contains asphalt and brick; non-cohesive, moist, compact (5% debris)		61.34 2.13	3	SS	17	ND					
		FILL - (CL/ML) SILTY CLAY to sandy CLAYEY SILT; brown, contains brick and wood; cohesive, w>PL, stiff to very stiff (10-20% debris)			4	SS	24	ND					
3					5	SS	24	ND					
4					6	SS	8	ND					
5	Rotary Drill HW Casing	FILL - (SM) GRAVEL and SILTY SAND; brown, contains brick; non-cohesive (5% debris)		58.90 4.57	7	SS	>50	ND					
6		FILL - (CL) SILTY CLAY and GRAVEL, some sand, brown, contains brick; cohesive, moist, compact (5% debris)		58.14 5.33	8	SS	13	ND					
7		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; grey brown, contains brick, wood and asphalt; non-cohesive, moist, compact (15% debris)		57.37 6.10	9	SS	19	ND					
8		FILL - (CL) sandy SILTY CLAY; grey brown, contains brick and wood; cohesive, w>PL (5% debris)		56.61 6.86	10	SS	32	ND					
9		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; grey, contains brick, asphalt, wood and plastic (garbage); non-cohesive, moist, dense to compact (15-20% debris)		55.85 7.62	11	SS	45	ND					
10		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel; brown, contains brick, asphalt, wood and mortar; non-cohesive, moist to wet, compact (50% debris)		54.33 9.14	13	SS	12	ND					
					14	SS	19						

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

MIS-BHS 001 18100285 GFJ_GAL-MIS GDT_8/24/18 ZS

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: SS

CHECKED: WC

PROJECT: 18100285

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 18-02

SHEET 2 OF 2

LOCATION: N 5030424 4 ;E 365719 8

BORING DATE: June 11, 2018

DATUM: CGVD28

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		HEADSPACE ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION	
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER TYPE	ND = Not Detected 20 40 60 80				10 ⁻⁸ 10 ⁻⁵ 10 ⁻⁴ 10 ⁻²						
						HEADSPACE COMBUSTIBLE VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [%LEL] ND = Not Detected 20 40 60 80				WATER CONTENT PERCENT Wp ———— W ———— WI 20 40 60 80						
10	Rotary Drill HW Casing	--- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE ---														
		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel; brown, contains brick, asphalt, wood and mortar; non-cohesive, moist to wet, compact (50% debris)	[Cross-hatched]	52.80	14	SS	19	ND								
11		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, trace to some gravel; grey brown, contains brick, asphalt, wood, glass, ceramic and aluminum; non-cohesive, wet, compact (70% debris)	[Cross-hatched]	10.67	15	SS	18	ND								
12			[Cross-hatched]		16	SS	22	ND								
			[Cross-hatched]		17	SS	11									
13		FILL - (CL) SILTY CLAY, some sand; grey, contains brick and plastic (garbage); cohesive, w>PL, very stiff (20% debris)	[Cross-hatched]	50.52 12.95 50.31	18	SS	>50	ND								
		FILL - COBBLES and BOULDERS (ROCK FILL) (No debris)	[Cross-hatched]	13.16	19	RC	DD									
14			[Cross-hatched]		20	RC	DD									
15			[Cross-hatched]													
		End of Borehole	[Cross-hatched]	48.10 15.37												

MIS-BHS 001_18100285.GPJ_GAL_MIS.GDT_8/24/18_ZS



DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES		HEADSPACE ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [PPM]				HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION		
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	ELEV DEPTH (m)	NUMBER	TYPE	ND = Not Detected				k, cm/s						
							HEADSPACE COMBUSTIBLE VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [%LEL] ND = Not Detected				WATER CONTENT PERCENT						
						20	40	60	80	10 ³	10 ⁵	10 ⁴	10 ²	Wp ——— W ——— WI			
						20	40	60	80	20	40	60	80				
0		GROUND SURFACE		62.63													
		FILL/TOPSOIL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; dark brown, moist		0.00 62.43													
		FILL - (SM) SILTY SAND, some gravel; grey brown, contains brick; non-cohesive, moist (0-5% debris)		0.20	1	SS	25										
				61.87													
		FILL - (SP) SAND; light brown, non-cohesive, moist, dense (No debris)		0.76	2	SS	39										
1				61.11													
		FILL - (GP) sandy GRAVEL; brown, contains cobbles; non-cohesive, moist, very dense to compact		1.52	3	SS	>10										
2																	
					4	SS	51										
3																	
					5	SS	14										
4																	
					6	SS	25										
5																	
	Rotary Drill HW casing			57.45													
		FILL - COBBLES and BOULDERS, some sand and gravel; grey (ROCK FILL) (No debris)		5.18	8	SS	>50										
6					9	RC	DD										
7																	
					10	RC	DD										
8																	
					11	RC	DD										
9																	
					12	RC	DD										
10																	

Bentonite Seal

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

MIS-BHS 001 18100285 GPJ GAL-MIS GDT 8/24/18 ZS

PROJECT: 18100285

RECORD OF BOREHOLE: 18-03

SHEET 2 OF 3

LOCATION: N 5030518 9 ; E 365789 7

BORING DATE: June 6-7, 2018

DATUM: CGVD28

SAMPLER HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

PENETRATION TEST HAMMER, 64kg; DROP, 760mm

DEPTH SCALE METRES	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE		SAMPLES			HEADSPACE ORGANIC VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY, k, cm/s				ADDITIONAL LAB TESTING	PIEZOMETER OR STANDPIPE INSTALLATION
		DESCRIPTION	STRATA PLOT	NUMBER	TYPE	BLOWS/0.30m	ND = Not Detected	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁻²		
			ELEV. DEPTH (m)				HEADSPACE COMBUSTIBLE VAPOUR CONCENTRATIONS [%LEL] ND = Not Detected	WATER CONTENT PERCENT					
							20 40 60 80	Wp	W	WI	20 40 60 80		
10	Rotary Drill HW Casing	— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE — FILL - COBBLES and BOULDERS, some sand and gravel; grey (ROCK FILL) (No debris)		12	RC	DD	ND						Bentonite Seal
11				13	RC	DD							Silica Sand
12				50.19 12.44									
13		FILL - (SM) gravelly SILTY SAND, dark brown to black, contains wood; non-cohesive, wet, dense (5% debris)		14	SS	310	ND						Silica Sand
13		Borehole continued on RECORD OF DRILLHOLE 18-03		49.59 13.04									Bentonite Seal

MIS-BHS 001 18 100285.GPJ GAL-MIS.GDT 8/24/18_ZS

DEPTH SCALE

1 : 50



LOGGED: SS

CHECKED: WC

PROJECT: 18100285

RECORD OF DRILLHOLE: 18-03

SHEET 3 OF 3

LOCATION: N 5030518 9 E 365789 7

DRILLING DATE: June 6-7, 2018

DATUM: CGVD28

INCLINATION: -90° AZIMUTH: --

DRILL RIG: CME Track

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Downing Drilling

DEPTH SCALE METRES	DRILLING RECORD	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	ELEV DEPTH (m)	RUN No	COLOUR % RETURN	RECOVERY			FRACT INDEX PER 0.25 m	DISCONTINUITY DATA	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY			Diameter (mm)	PAC	AVG	
							FLUSH	TOTAL CORE %	SOLID CORE %			R Q D %	TYPE AND SURFACE DESCRIPTION	K, cm/sec				Indet (MPa)
							0.0	0.0	0.0			0.0		10 ⁻⁸				10 ⁻⁹
		BEDROCK SURFACE		49.59														
		Fresh, thinly to medium bedded, grey, fine to medium grained, non-porous, medium strong LIMESTONE, with thin to thick laminations of black shale		13.04	1	70												
		VERUIAM FORMATION																
14					2	70												
15																		
16	Rotary Drill HQ3 Core				3	70												
17																		
18					4	0												
19					5	0												
		End of Drillhole		43.42														
		Note(s): 1 Falling head packer test results and slug test results are shown on the log above		19.21														
20																		
21																		
22																		
23																		

Bentonite Seal

Silica Sand

32 mm Diam PVC #10 Slot Screen 'A'

Silica Sand

Bentonite Seal

WL in Screen 'A' at Elev 52.77 m on June 26, 2018

WL in Screen 'B' at Elev 52.97 m on June 29, 2018

MIS-RCK 004 18100285 GPJ GAL-MISS GDT 8/24/18 ZS

DEPTH SCALE
1 : 50



LOGGED: SS
CHECKED: WC

APPENDIX D

D.1 TABLE D.1: SUMMARY OF THE ENCOUNTERED BEDROCK SURFACE AND AUGER (OR SPLIT-SPOON) REFUSAL DEPTH/ELEVATION AND MEASURED RQD VALUES

D.2 TABLE D.2: SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER LEVELS



Table D.1: Summary of Encountered Bedrock Surface Depth/Elevation, the Measured RQD Values, and Encountered Depths/Elevations of Auger (or Split-Spoon) Refusal at Boreholes

Borehole No.	Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Depth (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Elevation (m)	Comment
MW-05-805	56.05	3.65	52.4	Bedrock was proven by rock coring
MW-05-801	55.59	2.39	53.2	Bedrock was proven by rock coring
MW-05-810	56.09	3.19	52.9	Bedrock was proven by rock coring
MW-05-813	55.73	3.83	51.9	Bedrock was proven by rock coring
MW-05-815	55.42	2.22	53.2	Bedrock was proven by rock coring
MW-08-001	56.56	5.1	51.46	Bedrock was proven by rock coring
BH10-06	55.04	3.07	51.97	Auger refusal
BH10-07	55.38	3.83	51.55	Auger refusal
BH10-08	55.98	6.35	49.63	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 0)
BH10-09	56.97	7.14	49.83	Auger refusal
BH10-10	57.82	3.94	53.88	Auger refusal
BH10-11	57.86	7.9	49.96	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 0, 28%, and 36%)
BH10-14	55.85	3.99	51.86	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 16% and 96%)
BH10-15	55.34	3.38	51.96	Auger refusal
BH10-16	55.72	3.99	51.73	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 83% and 100%)
BH10-17	56.19	4.11	52.08	Auger refusal
BH10-19	56.42	3.25	53.17	Auger refusal
BH10-20	57.94	5.08	52.86	Auger refusal
BH10-25	55.79	4.14	51.65	Auger refusal
BH10-26	55.27	3.48	51.79	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 27% and 100%)
BH10-28	56.33	4.24	52.09	Auger refusal
BH10-29	56.8	4.43	52.37	Auger refusal
BH10-30	57.87	6.68	51.19	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 100% and 91%)
BH11-11	54.5	2.7	51.9	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale
BH11-21	54.8	0	54.8	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 30%, 80%, and 90%)
BHW-009	60.44	15.4	45.04	Interbedded sequence of shale and limestone bedrock (RQD of 90%)

Borehole No.	Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Depth (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Elevation (m)	Comment
BHW-11	62.74	13.74	49	Shale bedrock (RQD of 0%, 30%, and 100%)
BHW-012	59.32	10.72	48.6	Shale bedrock (RQD of 90%)
BHW-013	60.97	10.51	50.46	Shale bedrock (RQD of 70%, 30%, and 0)
BHW-015	58.89	9.14	49.75	Shale bedrock (RQD of 20%, 0, 30%, 20%, 0, 80%, 40%, 0, and 100%)
BHW-017	58.02	6.85	51.17	Auger refusal
BHW-018	63.53	n/a	n/a	n/a
MW92-C3	62.25	3.5	58.75	Split spoon refusal on possible bedrock
MW01-7	54.65	5.45	49.2	Severely fractured limestone Bedrock (RQD of 0 and 36%)
MW01-8	62.63	11.55	51.1	Auger refusal on inferred bedrock
MW01-10	59.45	9.14	50.3	Auger refusal on inferred bedrock
MW01-17	66.4	16.6	49.8	Auger refusal on inferred bedrock
MW03-22	54.63	7.23	47.4	Auger refusal on inferred bedrock
MW03-23	55.76	9.7	46	Limestone with occasional shale interbeds bedrock (RQD of 49% and 80%)
BH06-37	63.47	7.2	56.3	Auger refusal
BH10-01	58.26	11	47.26	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 94%)
BH10-02	57.54	8.74	48.8	Auger refusal
BH10-04	56.57	5.92	50.65	Auger refusal
BH10-05	55.61	5.61	50	Limestone bedrock with interbedded shale (RQD of 9%)
BH11-01	56.36	2.92	53.44	Auger refusal
BH11-03	54.93	5.69	49.24	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH11-04	56.16	9.7	46.46	Auger refusal
BH11-05	56.91	3.45	53.46	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH11-06	54.79	2.46	52.33	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH11-07	54.92	8.97	45.95	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH11-08	54.29	4.52	49.77	Auger refusal
BH11-09	56.83	3.98	52.85	Auger refusal
BH11-10	54.76	3.43	51.33	Auger refusal
BH11-11	54.84	7.77	47.07	Auger refusal
BH11-12	54.55	5.18	49.37	Auger refusal

Borehole No.	Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Depth (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Elevation (m)	Comment
BH11-13	56.59	7.98	48.61	Auger refusal
BH11-14	55.28	5.51	49.77	Auger refusal
BH11-15	54.87	4.52	50.35	Auger refusal
BH11-16	54.61	6.43	48.18	Auger refusal
BH11-17	56.66	8.59	48.07	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH11-18	56.83	8.54	48.29	Auger refusal
BH11-19	56.03	9.53	46.5	Limestone bedrock (RQD of 70% and 80%)
BH11-20	54.88	1.58	53.3	Auger refusal
BH11-20A	54.88	6.61	48.27	Auger refusal
BH11-21	59.07	6.45	52.62	Auger refusal
BH11-22	57.34	5.89	51.45	Auger refusal
BH11-23	56.36	4.9	51.46	Auger refusal
BH11-24	59.48	10.11	49.37	Auger refusal
BH11-25	57.24	5.23	52.01	Auger refusal
BH11-26	55.78	5	50.78	Auger refusal
BH11-28	57.59	9.53	48.06	Limestone bedrock
BH11-29	55.66	6.17	49.49	Auger refusal
BH11-31	58.81	6.63	52.18	Auger refusal
BH13-1	58.72	3.65	50.75	Coring
BH13-5	55.39	3.53	51.86	Limestone bedrock
MW13-1	55.09	0	55.09	Limestone bedrock
MW13-2	55.12	0	55.12	Limestone bedrock
MW13-3	53.67	0	53.67	Limestone bedrock
MW13-4	54.62	0	54.62	Limestone bedrock
MW13-5	53.25	0	53.25	Limestone bedrock
MW13-6	52.13	0	52.13	Limestone bedrock
MW13-6	55.7	4.8	50.9	Limestone bedrock
BH13-7	55.71	5.5	50.21	Limestone bedrock (RQD of 90%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 0, and 60%)
MW13-8	51.82	0.3	51.52	Limestone bedrock
MW13-10	52.86	0	52.86	Limestone bedrock
MW13-11	53.39	0	53.39	Limestone bedrock
MW13-12	53.64	0	53.64	Limestone bedrock
MW13-15	54.03	0	54.03	Limestone bedrock
MW18-3	62.63	13.04	49.59	Limestone bedrock (RQD of 70%, 65%, 90%, 95%, and 85%)

Borehole No.	Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Depth (m)	Approximate Bedrock Surface Elevation (m)	Comment
BH92-C1	62.02	2.6	59.42	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH92-C2	62.44	4.9	57.54	Split spoon refusal on possible bedrock
BH92-C4	62	3.6	58.4	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH92-C5	62.66	4.46	58.2	Auger refusal on possible bedrock
BH11-33	62.22	9.96	52.26	Split Spoon Refusal
BH11-35	62.56	4.4	58.16	Auger refusal
BH11-37	62.76	6.53	56.23	Auger refusal
BH11-38	62.11	4.17	57.94	Auger refusal
BH11-39	62.81	6.35	56.46	Auger refusal
BH11-40	62.77	6.25	56.52	Auger refusal
MW13-8	55.95	4.94	51.01	Limestone bedrock (RQD of 90% and 95%)

Note: bedrock surface depth/elevation confirmed by coring are shown with bold font.

Table D.2: Summary of Groundwater Levels

Borehole No.	Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Groundwater Depth (m)	Approximate Groundwater Elevation (m)	Date of Measurement
MW-05-805	56.1	4.7	51.4	Measured on Nov 14, 2005
		3.8	52.3	Measured on May 2, 2006
MW92-C1	62.0	2.4	59.6	Measured on Feb 18, 1992
MW-05-801	55.6	4.0	51.6	Measured on Nov 14, 2005
		2.4	53.2	Measured on May 2, 2006
MW-05-810	56.1	4.7	51.4	Measured on Nov 14, 2005
		4.7	51.4	Measured on May 2, 2006
MW-05-813	55.7	3.9	51.9	Measured on Nov 14, 2005
		3.6	52.1	Measured on May 2, 2006
MW-05-815	55.4	2.1	53.3	Measured on Nov 14, 2005
		2.2	53.3	Measured on May 2, 2006
MW-05-819	52.6	1.1	51.5	Measured on Nov 14, 2005
		1.1	51.5	Measured on May 2, 2006
MW06-6	55.0	2.1	52.9	N. A / installed on June 20, 2006
MW06-7	55.2	2.5	52.7	N. A / installed on June 20, 2006
MW06-9	61.6	8.1	53.5	N. A / installed on June 21, 2006
MW06-10	55.6	2.8	52.8	N. A / installed on June 21, 2006
MW06-11	56.8	4.0	52.8	N. A / installed on June 21, 2006
BH/MW06-05	62.6	1.6	61.0	N. A / installed on August 2, 2006

Borehole No.	Approximate Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Groundwater Depth (m)	Approximate Groundwater Elevation (m)	Date of Measurement
BH/MW06-06	65.5	1.9	63.6	N. A / installed on August 3, 2006
MW-06-103	62.0	8.6	53.5	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-104	61.4	7.3	54.1	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-105	58.3	5.2	53.1	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-106	59.4	6.6	52.8	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-107	62.2	9.3	52.9	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-108	56.2	3.0	53.3	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-109	63.4	dry	dry	Dry on July 25, 2006
MW-06-110	60.0	6.8	53.3	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-06-901	57.0	4.9	52.1	Measured on July 25, 2006
MW-08-001	56.6	5.0	51.6	Measured on May 13, 2008
BHW-009	60.4	7.1	53.3	Measured on August 2, 2011
BHW-012	59.3	7.1	54.1	Measured on August 2, 2011
MW92-C3	62.3	< 3.5	<58.8	Dry on Feb 18, 1992
MW01-6	56.1	3.2	52.9	Measured on April 18, 2001
MW01-7	54.7	1.7	53.0	Measured on April 18, 2001
MW01-8	62.6	9.4	53.2	Measured on April 18, 2001
MW03-22	54.6	1.7	52.9	Inferred at the time of drilling (May 30, 2003)
MW03-23	55.8	2.7	53.1	Inferred at the time of drilling (May 30, 2003)
BHW-013	61.0	8.2	52.8	Inferred at the time of drilling (June 23, 2011)
BHW-015	58.9	6.1	52.8	Inferred at the time of drilling (June 14, 2011)
BHW-017	58.0	5.3	52.7	Inferred at the time of drilling (June 14, 2011)
MW13-1	58.7	6.6	52.1	Inferred at the time of drilling (March 8, 2013)
MW13-6	55.7	3.9	51.8	Inferred at the time of drilling (March 14, 2013)
MW13-8	56.0	6.7	49.2	Measured on March 25, 2013
MW18-3	62.6	9.8	52.9	Measured on June 29, 2018