Minto Communities Inc.

Morgan's Creek Stage 2 (335 Sandhill Road)

Noise Control Feasibility Study



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Minto Communities Inc. (Minto) has retained the services of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited (JLR) to prepare a Noise Control Feasibility Study for their development known as Morgan's Creek Stage 2, located at 335 Sandhill Road in the Morgan's Grant-Shirley's Brook Area, within the City of Ottawa. The purpose of this study is to assess the potential environmental noise impact on the Development, due to vehicular traffic on Sandhill Road. This Noise Control Feasibility Study develops a strategy for subdivision development that minimizes the reliance upon noise barriers, ventilation requirements and air conditioning as a means of addressing roadway noise and instead examines land use, roadway layout and building orientation as a principal means to mitigate roadway noise. Land use and building orientation identified in this study will then be examined in detail as part of the Noise Control Detailed Design Study prepared for the subdivision application.

This report is prepared to satisfy the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) Environmental Noise Guidelines NPC-300 and the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (approved by City Council January 2016) and in particular Part 4 Section 3.1 Noise Control Feasibility Study Requirements.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Morgan's Creek Stage 2 development is situated on a ± 1.6 ha parcel of land that is bounded by an existing cemetery to the east, Sandhill Road and existing residential to the north, Shirley's Brook to the south, and future development land and existing residential to the west as shown on Figure 1 - Location Plan.

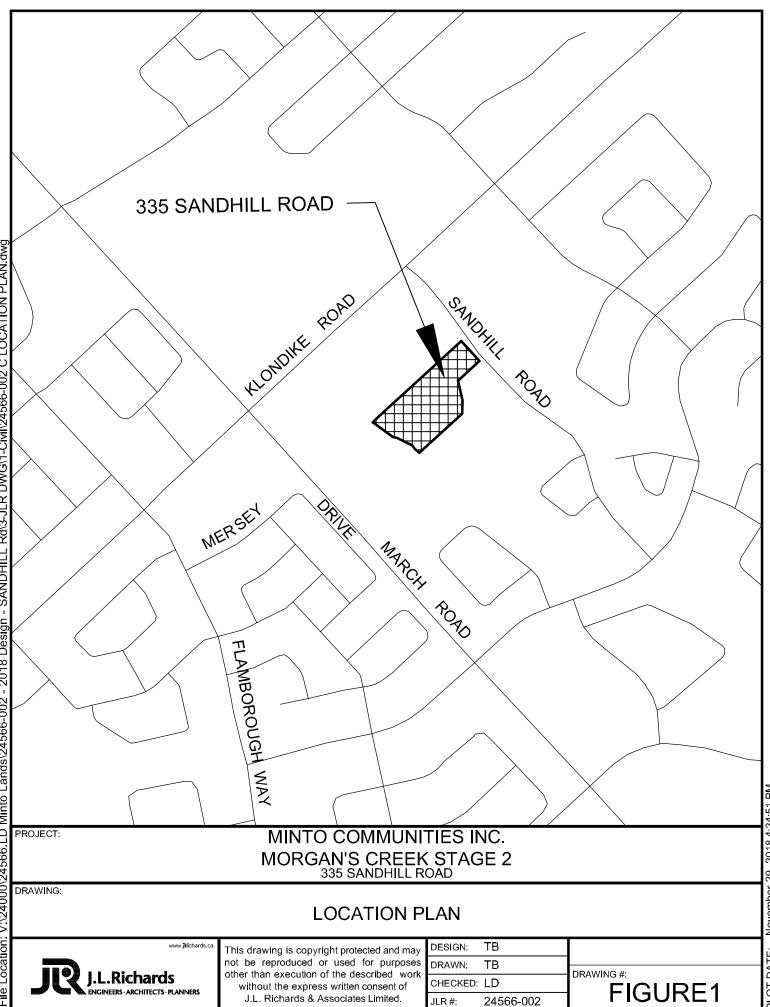
Minto's proposed Sandhill Road development consists of 14 Blocks that will accomodate 60 Executive Townhouse dwellings, as shown on the Draft Plan of Subdivision, provided in Appendix 'A'.

3.0 TRANSPORTATION NOISE SOURCE

The transportation noise sources include Sandhill Road. Drawing N1, provided in Appendix 'A', shows the location of the existing and proposed roadways in relation to the proposed development.

3.1 Transportation Sound Level Criteria

For the purpose of determining the predicted noise levels, and based on the sound level criteria established by the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG), the following will be used as the maximum acceptable sound levels (Leq) for residential development and other land uses, such as nursing homes, schools and daycare centres:



November 29, 2018 4 34 51 PM PLOT DATE

Receiver Location	<u>Criteria</u>	<u>Time Period</u>
Outdoor Living Area:	55 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs.)
Indoor Living/Dining Rooms (inside):	45 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs.)
General Office, Reception Area (inside):	50 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs.)
Sleeping Quarters (inside):	40 dBA	Nighttime (2300 - 0700 hrs.)

Outdoor Living Areas (OLA) are defined as that portion of the outdoor amenity area of a dwelling for the quiet enjoyment of the outdoor environment during the daytime period. Typically, the point of assessment in an OLA is 3.0 m from the building façade mid-point and 1.5 m above the ground within the designated OLA for each individual unit. OLAs commonly include backyards, balconies (with a minimum depth of 4 m as per NPC-300), common outdoor living areas, and passive recreational areas.

3.2 Transportation Noise Attenuation Requirements

When the sound levels are equal to or less than the specified criteria, per the City of Ottawa ENCG and/or MOE NPC-300, no noise attenuation (control) measures are required.

The following tables outline noise attenuation measures to achieve required dBA Leq for surface transportation noise, per the City of Ottawa ENCG.

	Secondary Mitigation Measures			
Primary Mitigation Measure (in order of preference)	Landscape Plantings and/or Non-acoustic Fence to Obscure Noise Source	Warning Clauses		
Distance setback with soft ground				
Insertion of Noise insensitive land uses	Recommended			
between the source and receiver receptor				
Orientation of buildings to provide		Warning Clauses necessary		
sheltered zones in rear yards		and to include:		
Shared outdoor amenity areas		- Reference to specific noise		
Earth berms (sound barriers)		mitigation measures in the		
Acoustic barriers (acoustic barriers)	Required	 development. Whether noise is expected to increase in the future. That there is a need to maintain mitigation. 		

Table 1: Outdoor Noise Control Measures for Surface Transportation Noise

	Secondary Mitigation Measures			
Primary Mitigation Measure (in order of preference)	Landscape Plantings and/or Non-acoustic Fence to Obscure Noise Source	Warning Clauses		
Distance setback with soft ground				
Insertion of Noise insensitive land uses between the source and receiver	Recommended	Not necessary		
receptor				
Orientation of buildings to provide sheltered zones or modified interior spaces and amenity areas		Warning Clauses necessary and to include: - Reference to specific noise		
Enhanced construction techniques and construction quality	Required	mitigation measures in the development.		
Earth berms (sound barriers)		- Whether noise is expected		
Indoor isolation – air conditioning and ventilation, enhanced dampening materials (indoor isolation)		 to increase in the future. That there is a need to maintain mitigation. 		

Table 2: Indoor Noise Control Measures for Surface Transportation Noise

The following tables outline the noise level limits per the MOE NPC-300 and City of Ottawa ENCG.

Table 3: Outdoor Living Area (OLA) Noise Limit for Surface Transportation

Time Period	Leq (16 hr) (dBA)
16 hr., 07:00 am - 23:00	55

Table 4: Indoor Noise Limit for Surface Transportation

Turne of Space	Time Period	Leq (dBA)	
Type of Space	Time Period	Road	Rail
Living/dining, den areas of residences, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, daycare centres, etc.	07:00-23:00	45	40
Living/dining, den areas of residences, hospitals, nursing homes, etc. (except schools or daycare centres)	23:00-07:00	45	40
Slooping quarters	07:00-23:00	45	40
Sleeping quarters	23:00-07:00	40	35

In addition to the implementation of noise attenuation features, if required, and depending on the severity of the noise problem, warning clauses may be recommended to advise the prospective purchasers/tenants of affected units of the potential environmental noise. These warning clauses should be included in the Site Plan and Subdivision Agreements, in the Offers of Purchase and Sale, and should be registered on Title. Warning clauses may be included for any development, irrespective of whether it is considered a noise sensitive land use.

Where site measures are required to mitigate noise levels, the City of Ottawa requires that notices be placed on Title informing potential buyers and/or tenants of the site conditions. Sample templates of the notices that could be registered on Title are included in Appendix 'B' as presented in the City of Ottawa ENCG.

Detailed wording for clauses should be provided as part of a detailed Noise Impact Study to be completed in support of the Subdivision Application. Clauses are to be worded to describe the mitigation measures and noise conditions applicable where MOE and City of Ottawa noise criteria are exceeded.

3.3 **Prediction of Noise Levels (Transportation)**

3.3.1 Road Traffic Data

The following traffic data was used to predict noise levels:

	Sandhill Road		
Total Traffic Volume (AADT)	8,000		
Day/Night Split (%)	92/8		
Medium Trucks (%)	7		
Heavy Trucks (%)	5		
Posted Speed (km/hr.)	40		
Road Gradient (%)	1		
Road Classification	2-Lane Urban Collector (2-UCU)		

Table 5: Road Traffic Data to Predict Noise Levels

Schedule 'E' and Annex 1 of the City of Ottawa Official Plan (May 2003) were utilized to determine the correct road classification and protected right-of-way. These road classifications were compared to Map 6 of the City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (Road Network – Urban). All findings were then compared to Table B1 (Part 4, Appendix 'B') of the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines in order to determine an appropriate AADT value.

3.3.2 Noise Level Calculations (Transportation)

Noise contours for the daytime periods were developed using the MOE Road Traffic Noise Computer program STAMSON, Version 5.03.

Distances were calculated from the centre of the roadway to even 5 dBA freefield noise levels ranging from 50 dBA to 70 dBA for each of the roadways. Table 6 below presents this information. Computer printouts are included in Appendix 'D'.

Drawing N1 identifies the contours for the calculations of the roadway freefield noise levels.

Roads	Contour (dBA)	OLA (Freefield) Distance (m) Daytime
	50	84.98
	55	42.47
2-UCU	60	21.22
(Sandhill Road) 40 km/hr.	62.5	15.00
	65	n/a
	70	n/a

Table 6: Predicted Freefield Noise Levels and Distances from Individual Noise Sources

3.4 Summary of Findings (Transportation)

Morgan's Creek Stage 2 outdoor living areas will not be impacted by roadway traffic noise.

Minto has designed a subdivision layout to include single loaded "window" streets to minimize the number of lots backing onto Sandhill Road. As a result of Minto's efforts to passively mitigate the transportation noise, barriers will not be required.

Freefield noise levels at the property lines are estimated to be approximately 62 dBA as presented on Drawing N1. Noise barriers and berms will not be required to mitigate outdoor living area noise levels.

Warning clauses similar to those presented in Appendix 'B' will be required to highlight the exceedance of MOE and City of Ottawa noise criteria and to identify mitigation measures integrated into the subdivision design. Warning clauses could be required until it can be demonstrated that the noise guideline criteria is not exceeded. It is recommended that specific wording be developed for each unit and/or block in the Noise Control Detailed Study prepared to support the subdivision application.

At the time this study was completed, a detailed grading plan was not available.

Based on the freefield noise contours, as presented on Drawing N1, no Blocks have the potential of requiring a noise barrier.

Based on the freefield noise contours, as presented on Drawing N1, Blocks 1 & 2 have the potential of requiring the Generic warning clause as provided in Appendix 'B'.

3.5 Summary of Findings (Building Component)

This study provides a high level building component analysis. It is recommended that details concerning building components, be confirmed in a Detailed Building Components Study prepared for building permits.

A Building Components Study is recommended if sound levels exceed the requirements of the MOE NPC-300, Section C7.1.3. JLR completed a preliminary analysis of a Minto Executive Townhome to determine if sufficient acoustical insulation is provided with a 'typical' building construction to mitigate interior noise levels to meet MOECC and City of Ottawa criteria. The Acoustical Insulation Factor (AIF) Method, as described in the Ministry of the Environment Ontario, Ontario Publication, Environmental Noise Assessment in Land Use Planning, (ENALUP) 1987 (Page 10-29), was used; to assess the building construction required to mitigate exterior noise to meet interior noise criteria. Exterior freefield noise levels at the plane of the windows were calculated individually for each unit type. A freefield noise level, of 62 dBA, was conservatively utilized to determine wall and window construction.

Minto provided floor plan and building elevation drawings, for the 'Venice' Executive Townhome. Floor and elevation drawings are included in Appendix 'D'. These units are considered representative units for a typical Minto development. The 'Venice' is an executive townhome which could be expected to be constructed on all of the Blocks. Using Minto's drawings JLR calculated the window areas, floor areas and wall areas for the each of the rooms within the each of the units. This data was then used to calculate either the window to floor area ratios or the wall to floor area ratios. Design tables provided in ENALUP were then utilized to identify either minimum window construction or wall construction requirements to mitigate the exterior noise levels. Table 9 in Appendix 'E' present the working calculations for the window and wall requirements necessary to acoustically insulate each of the principal rooms within each of the representative units. The following table presents a summary of the analysis with the minimum standard window and wall construction required per unit type.

Unit Type	Window Type Glass Thickness (Spacing) Glass Thickness (Spacing) Glass Thickness	Exterior Wall Type	Exterior Door Type	
Executive Townhome (i.e., Venice)	2(13)2 Double Pane	EW1	-	

Table 7: Minimum Window and Wall Construction Types

For this analysis, the sliding glass door identified on the plans is treated as a window. The acoustic insulation factor methodology does not account for sliding glass doors as a door type. It is noted that no additional doors are identified with a connection to the principal interior rooms such as the living room, bedroom or kitchen area.

A standard wall construction detail with a 38 x 89 mm framework complete with siding, sheathing, insulation and 12.7 mm gypsum board or equivalent EW1 (see below) exterior wall type will provide satisfactory acoustic insulation to achieve indoor noise requirements.

Exterior wall type construction notes:

- EW1 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing, wood or metal siding and fibre backer board.
- EW2 Standard wall construction (noted above), with rigid insulation (25-30 mm), wood or metal siding, and fibre backer board.
- EW3 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing, 28 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.
- EW4 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

Minto's standard exterior wall construction is 38 x 148 mm complete with 140 mm fibre insulation, siding, 19 mm sheathing, 12.7 mm gypsum board, and occasionally brick veneer on the exterior lower level wall.

It should be noted that other types of window and wall construction could be chosen to achieve the same minimum noise mitigation. These details will be established during the detailed building component study in consultation with Minto.

Tables A2 and A3 from Canada Mortgage and Housing's (CMHC) publication, Airport Noise, revised 1981 were used to convert AIF values to the more widely recognized Sound Transmission Class (STC) values. Appendix 'F' presents these CMHC tables.

AIF and equivalent STC values are presented on Table 8 for the town unit bedroom with the highest AIF requirement. It is recommended that at the time of building permit application that the AIF/STC be confirmed to suit the specific unit proposed for the Block.

		Wind	ows/Doors			Walls	
Type of Unit	AIF Required	Window/Floor Area Ratio	AIF Conversion Formula	STC	Wall/Floor Area Ratio	AIF Conversion Formula	STC
Town Unit	29	21%	STC + 1	28	128%	STC – 8	37

Table 8: AIF Value Conversion to STC Value

4.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Predicted noise levels are not expected to exceed the City of Ottawa ENCG and MOE criteria for the proposed units adjacent to Sandhill Road for the outdoor living areas. To ensure compliance with City guidelines, Minto has revised the subdivision plan to reduce the reliance of noise barriers as the primary noise mitigation tool. Building orientation and increased separation to the transportation noise source have been used to reduce noise levels for residential units in close proximity to a significant transportation noise source. As a result noise barriers will not be required to protect outdoor living areas.

It is recommended that the City of Ottawa accept the draft plan of subdivision submitted and include a condition for the proponent to complete a Noise Control Detailed Study as per the City of Ottawa ENCG 2016 for Morgan's Creek Stage 2 development.

It is further recommended that the following be addressed as part of the Noise Control Detailed Study:

- Noise levels should be assessed at the building façade of units nearest the transportation noise sources.
- If it is determined that the noise level at the façade of a building exceeds 60.49 dBA, then it is recommended that the Acoustical Insulation Factor (AIF) method be utilized to review building acoustic measures to be incorporated into the building construction. This method is described in the Ministry of the Environment of Ontario document, *Environmental Noise Assessment in Land Use Planning*, 1987 and 1999.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Minto Communities Inc., for the stated purpose, for the named facility. Its discussions and conclusions are summary in nature and cannot be properly used, interpreted or extended to other purposes without a detailed understanding and discussions with the client as to its mandated purpose, scope and limitations. This report was prepared for the sole benefit and use of Minto Communities and may not be used or relied on by any other party without the express written consent of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited.

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J.L. RICHARDS & ASSOCIATES LIMITED

Prepared by:

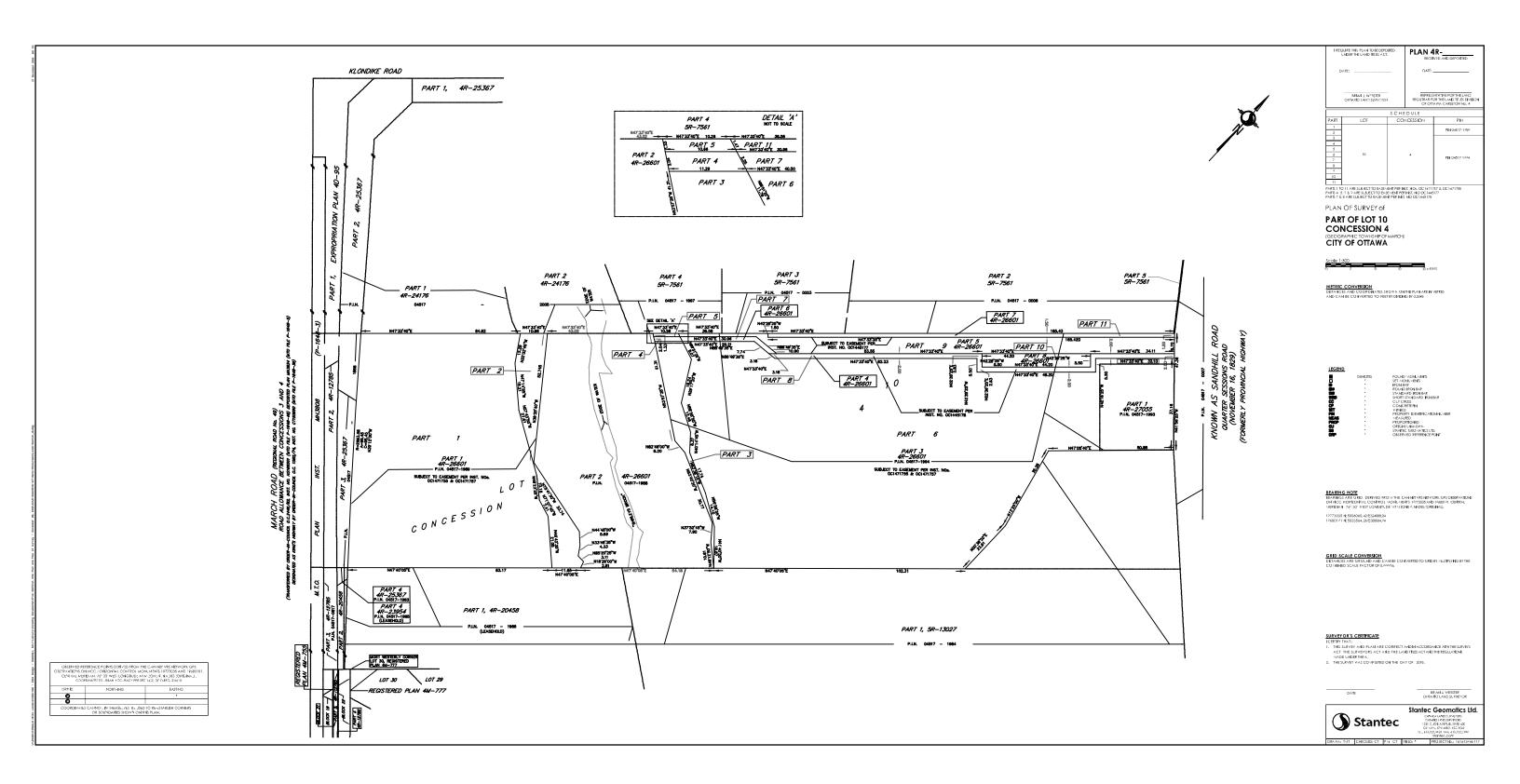
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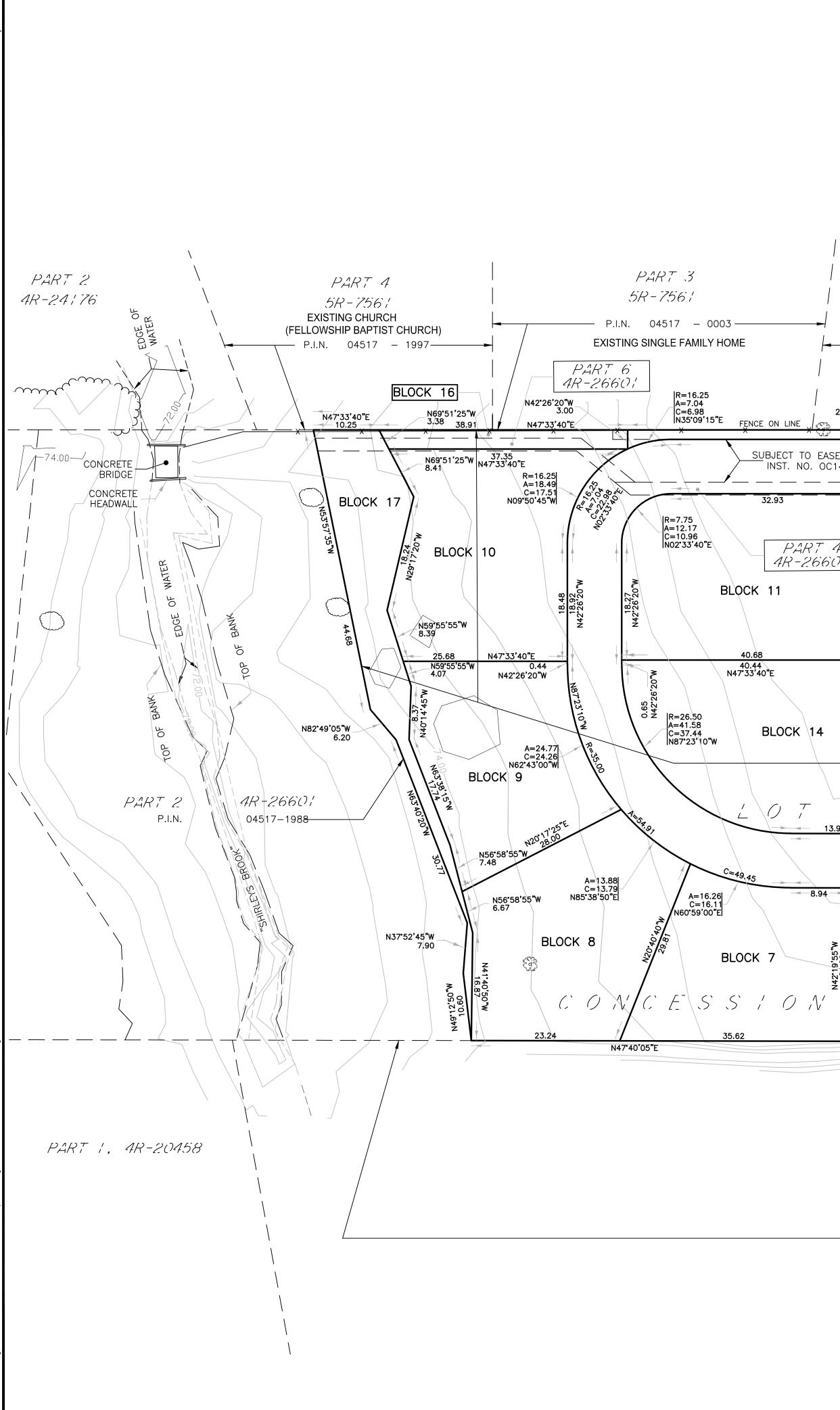
Thomas Blais, A.Sc.T. Senior GIS Technologist



Appendix A Plan of Survey

Plan of Survey Draft Plan of Subdivision Freefield Daytime Noise Contours (Roads) – N1



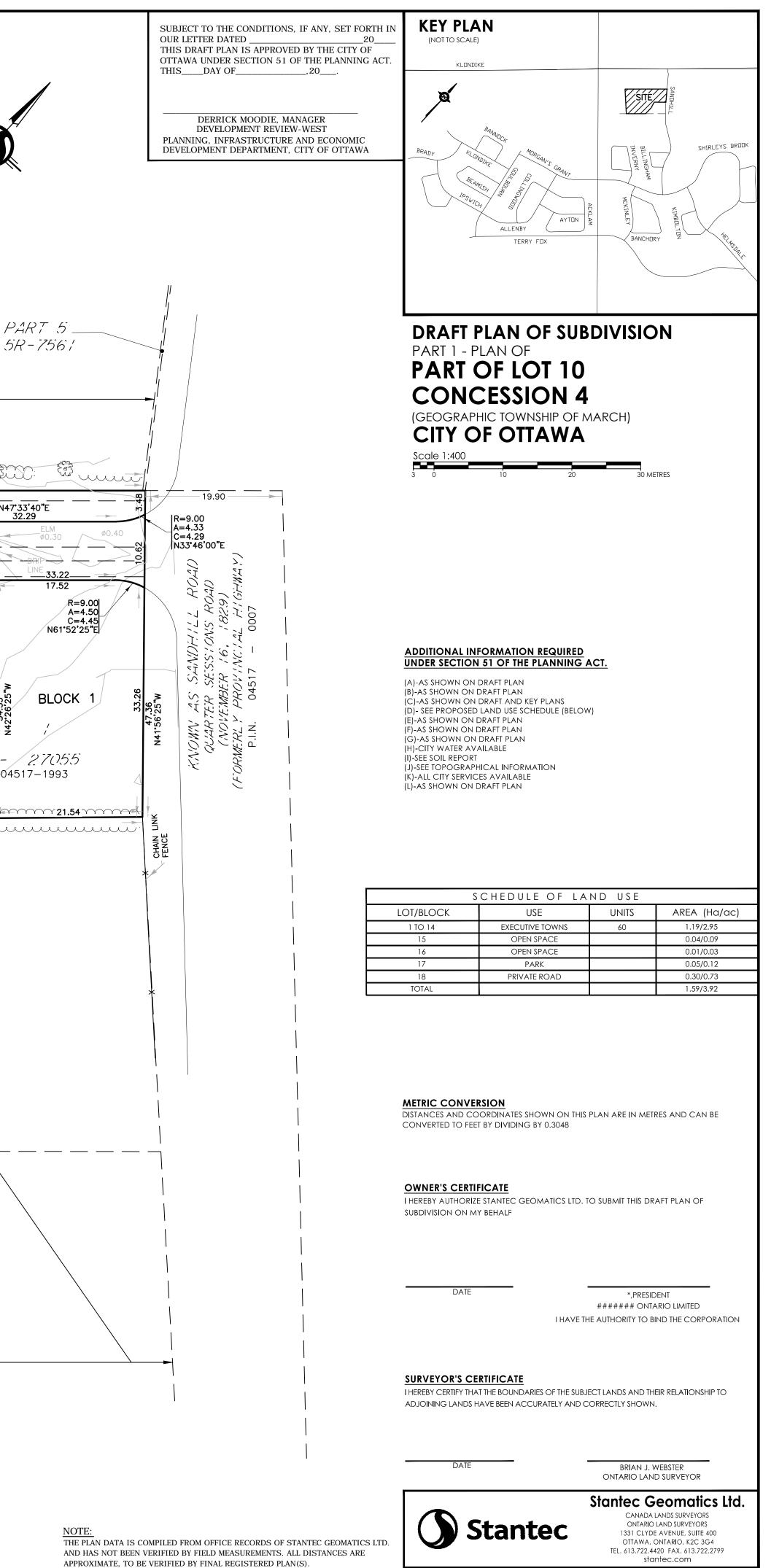


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PART 5 PART 2 5R - 756 / 5R - 756 / EXISTING SINGLE FAMILY HOME 04517 - 0006 P.I.N. R=9.00 A=2.46 R=9.00 A=2.46 C=2.45 N55*22'45"E R=17.50 A=4.78 C=4.76 N55'22'45"E C=2.45 PART 7 N55°22'45"E POST & WIRE FENCE-4R-2660 1000 N47:33'40"E 212.27 105.45 N47*****33'40**"**E BLOCK 15 N47'33'40"E 32.29 PART 5 R=7.75 A=12.17 C=10.96 N02*33'40"E PART SUBJECT TO EASEMENT PER_ N63.11'55"E 4R-26601 BLOCK 18 4R-2660¦ INST. NO. 0C1445177 BLOCK 18 _____N47*****33'40"E____ 65.82 N63.11'55"E 15.62 N47**'**33'35"E 32.93 32.89 N47.33'40"E-R=7.75 A=12.17 C=10.96 N87*26'25"W A=C=1.77 N57'33'55"E R=9.00 A=2.46 C=2.45 N55'22'45"E A=C=0.69 N49*****44'45"E PART 4 4R-2660¦ BLOCK 12 A=C=1.15 N38'11'10"W 34.53 26'25' BLOCK | 2 BLOCK 3 SUBJECT TO EASEMENT PER INST. NO. 0C1445178 A=4.24 C=4.23 N34*57'50"W PAR 40.55 40.79 N47'33'40"E A=3.17 C=3.14 N22°14'00"W 1 AR N67.52'00"E P.I.N. 04517-1993 A=4.81 C=4.79 N19'00'40"W BLOCK 13 28.20 2 BLOCK 14 PART 3 50.86 uuu 0.4× 4R-2660¦ `N47*****06'40"E´` - P.I.N. 04517-1994-SUBJECT TO EASEMENT __ ±2.0 WIDE CEDAR HEDGE PER INST. NOs. OC1471755 & ØC1471757 \bigcirc 7 BLOCK 4 13.94 34.27 N47**°**40'05"E R=7.75 A=7.87 C=7.54 N18*34'00"E A=3.48 C=3.47 N04*24'20"W BLOCK 18 CEMETERY N47°40'05"E 34.28 A=10.68 C=10.48 N20'32'30"E /25.33 A=2,36 C=2.35 N43*30'50"E ____±2.0 WIDE CEDAR HEDGE BLOCK 5 BLOCK 6 13.64 102.31 EXISTING CHURCH (ANGLICAN CHURCH OF CANADA)

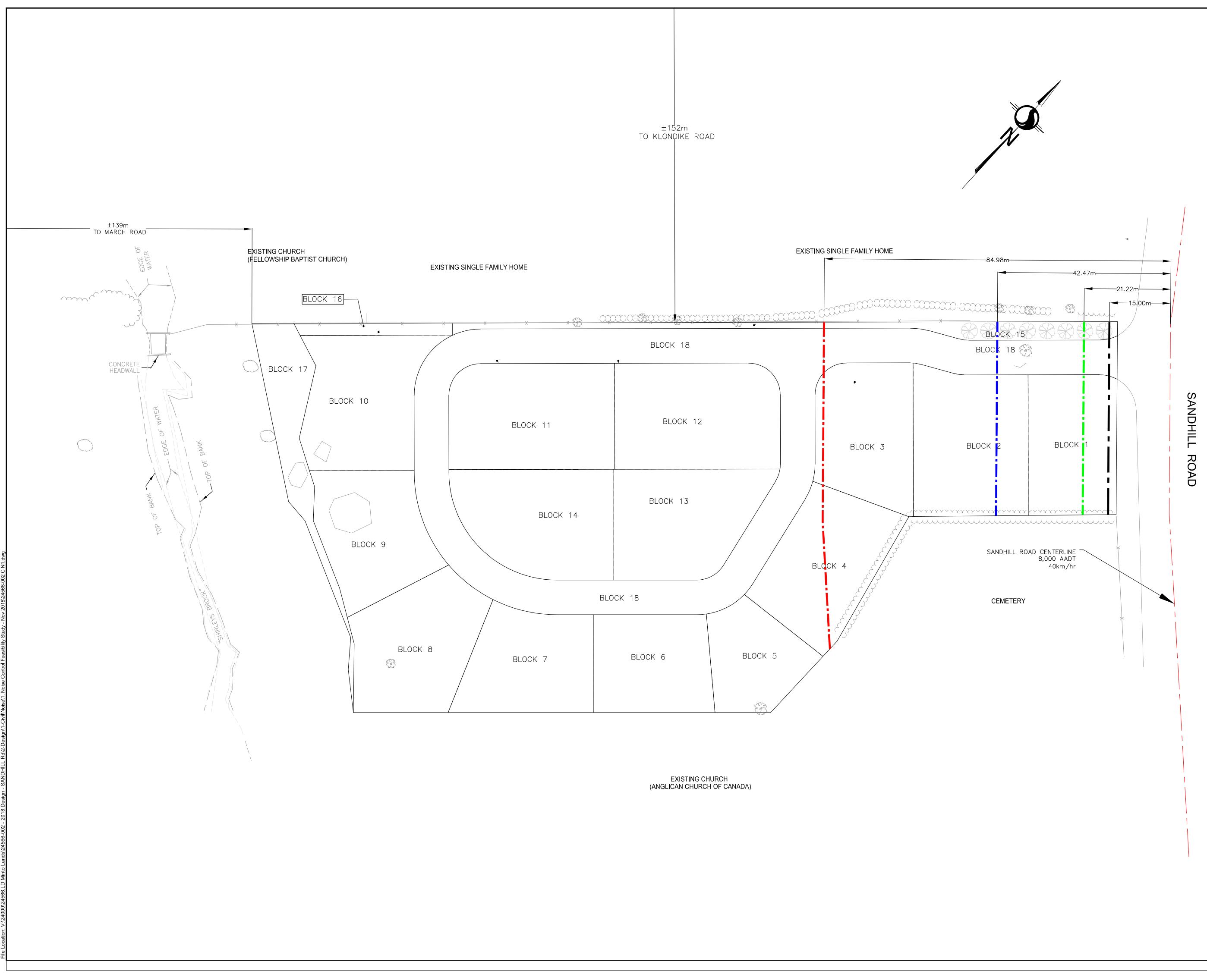
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Appendix B City of Ottawa Surface Transportation Sample Warning Clauses

City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines Sample Warning Clauses

Generic

Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road/rail/Light Rail/transitway traffic may occasionally interfere with some outdoor activities as the sound levels may exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this development has been designed so as to provide an outdoor amenity area that is within provincial guidelines. Measures for sound attenuation could include:

- A setback of buildings from the noise source and/or
- An acoustic barrier.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded it is important to maintain sound attenuation features.

The acoustic barrier shall be maintained and kept in good repair by the property owner. Any maintenance, repair or replacement is the responsibility of the owner and shall be with the same material or to the same standards, having the same colour, appearance and function of the original.

Additionally this development includes trees and shrubs to screen the source of noise from occupants.

Extensive mitigation of indoor and outdoor amenity area

Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features in the development and within the building units, sound levels due to increasing road/rail/Light Rail/transitway traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this development includes:

- multi-pane glass;
- double brick veneer;
- an earth berm; and
- an acoustic barrier.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.

The acoustic barrier shall be maintained and kept in good repair by the property owner. Any maintenance, repair or replacement is the responsibility of the owner and shall be with the same material or to the same standards, having the same colour, appearance and function of the original.

This dwelling unit has also been designed with the provision for adding central air conditioning at the occupant's discretion. Installation of central air conditioning will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment. Additionally this development includes trees and shrubs to screen the source of noise from occupants.

No Outdoor amenity area

Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road/rail/Light Rail/transitway traffic will interfere with outdoor activities as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this development includes:

- multi-pane glass;
- double brick veneer;
- high sound transmission class walls.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.

This dwelling unit has been supplied with a central air conditioning system and other measures which will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment

Appendix C Transportation Noise Source

Transportation Noise Source Predictions -Detailed Predicted Freefield Noise Level Calculations (Individual Noise Sources)

newfile.txt NORMAL REPORT Date: 09-11-2018 09:21:26 STAMSON 5.0 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: 2ucu50.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: 2-UCU (Sandhill Road) 55 dBA Road data, segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : Posted speed limit : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod 40 km/h 1 % Road gradient Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 8000 0.00 Number of Years of Growth Medium Truck % of Total Volume Heavy Truck % of Total Volume Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume 0.00 7.00 5.00 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) Angl e1 Angl e2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 dea 0 (No woodš.) Wood depth No of house rows 0 / 0 (Absorptive ground surface) Surface 1 Receiver source distance : 84.98 / 84.98 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 4.50 m (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography 1 0.00 Reference angle Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 m $ROAD (0.00 + 50.00 + 0.00) = 50.00 \, dBA$ Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.66 63.96 0.00 -12.50 -1.46 0.00 0.00 0.00 50.00 Segment Leq : 50.00 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 50.00 dBA Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (night) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 43.23 + 0.00) = 43.23 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.57 56.36 0.00 -11.83 -1.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 43.23 _____

newfile.txt

Segment Leq : 43.23 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 43.23 dBA Ŷ TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 50.00 (NIGHT): 43.23 Ŷ Ŷ STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 09-11-2018 09:20:24 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: 2ucu55.te Description: 2-UCU (Sandhill Road) 55 dBA Road data, segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) -----Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod * veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 40 km/h : Road gradient 1 % 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement : * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 8000 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume7.00Heavy Truck % of Total Volume5.00Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume92.00 Data for Segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) ------Angle1 Angle2 Wood depth : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg 0 / 0 (No woods.) No of house rows (Absorptive ground surface) Surface 1 Receiver source distance : 42.47 / 42.47 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 4.50 m Topography 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) 0.00 Reference angle : Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (day) -----Source height = 1.50 m $ROAD (0.00 + 55.00 + 0.00) = 55.00 \, dBA$ Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.66 63.96 0.00 -7.50 -1.46 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.00 _____

Segment Leq : 55.00 dBA

newfile.txt Total Leg AII Segments: 55.00 dBA Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 47.96 + 0.00) = 47.96 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.57 56.36 0.00 -7.10 -1.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 47.96 _____ -----Segment Leq : 47.96 dBA Total Leg AII Segments: 47.96 dBA f TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 55.00 (NIGHT): 47.96 Ŷ Ŷ STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 09-11-2018 09: 19: 27 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: 2ucu60.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: 2-UCU (Sandhill Road) 60 dBA Road data, segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 515/45 Heavy truck volume : 368/32 Posted speed limit : 40 km/h * veh/TimePeriod veh/TimePeriod * : 1 % Road gradient Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) : * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : Number of Years of Growth : 8000 0.00 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume Heavy Truck % of Total Volume Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume 7.00 5.00 : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Angle1 Angle2 Wood depth No of house rows 0 (No woods.) : 0 / 0 Surface (Absorptive ground surface) 1 21.22 / 21.22 m Receiver source distance : Receiver height : 1.50 / 4.50 m Topography 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) : Reference angle : 0.00

f

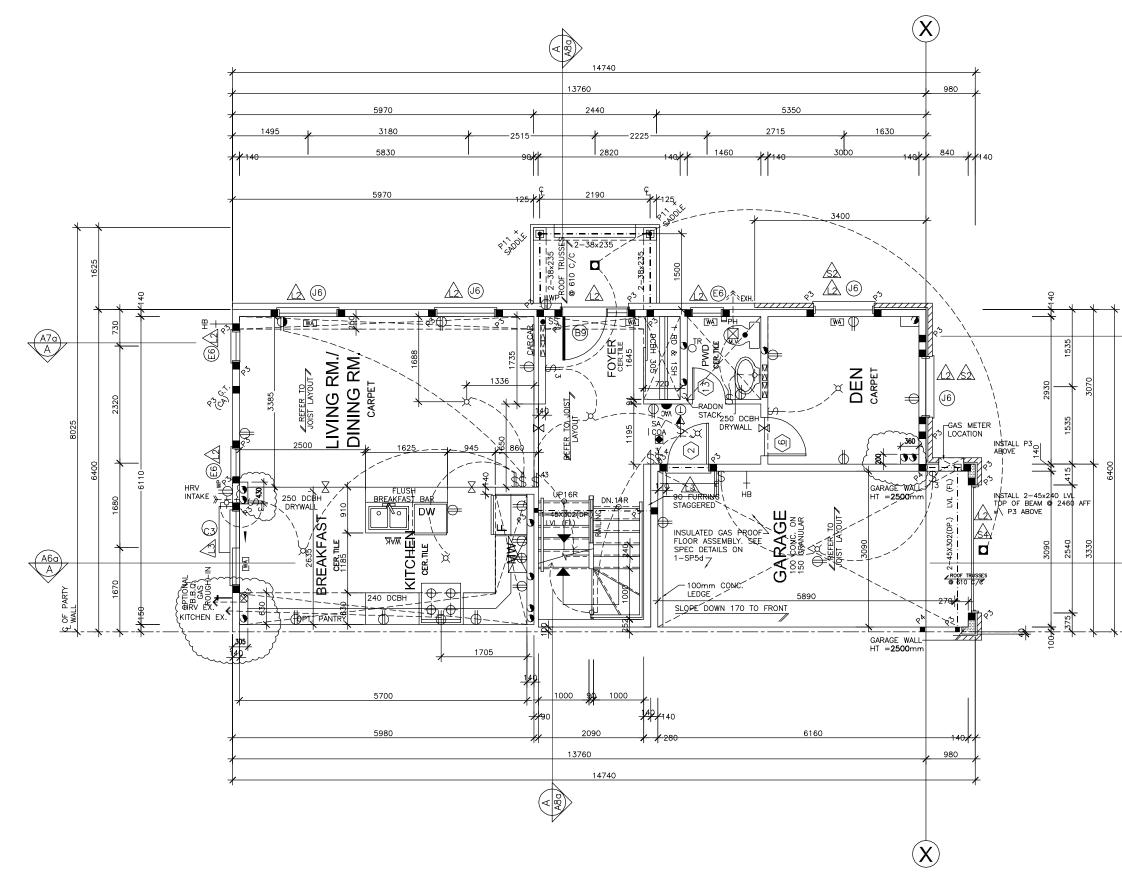
newfile.txt Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (day) -----Source height = 1.50 m $ROAD (0.00 + 60.00 + 0.00) = 60.00 \, dBA$ Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq _ _ _ _ _ -90 90 0.66 63.96 0.00 -2.50 -1.46 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.00 _____ Segment Leg : 60.00 dBA Total Leq AII Segments: 60.00 dBA Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (night) _____ Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 52.69 + 0.00) = 52.69 dBAAnglel Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.57 56.36 0.00 -2.37 -1.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.69 _____ Segment Leq : 52.69 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 52.69 dBA Ŷ TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 60.00 (NIGHT): 52.69 Ŷ Ŷ NORMAL REPORT STAMSON 5.0 Date: 09-11-2018 09:18:46 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: 2ucu62.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: 2-UCU (Sandhill Road) 62.5 dBA Road data, segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod * * Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod Posted speed limit : 40 km/h Road gradient 1 % 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement : * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 8000 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume 7.00 : Heavy Truck % of Total Volume Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 5.00 92.00 : Page 4

newfile.txt

Data for Segment # 1: sandhill rd (day/night) -----Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg 0 / 0 1 / 0 Wood depth (No woods.) No of house rows Surface : 1 (Abso Receiver source distance : 15.00 / 15.00 m Surface (Absorptive ground surface) Receiver height : 1.50 / 4.50 m 1 Topography : (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) : 0.00 Reference angle Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (day) -----Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 62.50 + 0.00) = 62.50 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq _ _ _ _ _ _ -90 90 0.66 63.96 0.00 0.00 -1.46 0.00 0.00 0.00 62.50 _____ Segment Leq : 62.50 dBA Total Leq AII Segments: 62.50 dBA Ŷ Results segment # 1: sandhill rd (night) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 55.06 + 0.00) = 55.06 dBAAnglel Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.57 56.36 0.00 0.00 -1.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.06 Segment Leq : 55.06 dBA Total Leq AII Segments: 55.06 dBA f TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.50 (NIGHT): 55.06

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Appendix D Building Elevation Drawings -The Venice - 2015



STRUCTURAL FRAMING SCHEDULE For Steel Framing Layout, Beam/Column/Plate Connection Details, see Structural Dwgs ST- * (Also Specs SP-1 & SP-4). STEEL LINTEL S1 - L 90x90x6 S2 - L 90x90x8 S3 - L 100x90x6 S4 - L 125x90x8 S5 - L 125x90x10 $S6 - L 200 \times 100 \times 12$ S7 – L 150x100x10 (L.L.V.) 200mm BEARING S8 - L 100x90x8 WOOD LINTEL L1 – 2–38×235 w/ 12.7 PLYWOOD SPACER L2 – 2–38×235 L3 – 3–38×235 L4 - 3-38x235 c/w 2-12.7 PLYWOOD SPACERS & 2 ROWS OF 90mm C.W.N. @ 200 c/c B/S - 3-38x286 c/w 2-12.7 PLYWOOD SPACERS L5 & 2 ROWS OF 90mm C.W.N. @ 200 c/c B/S - 2-45x240 M.L. L6 L7 - 3-45x240 M.L. L8 - 2-38x286 L9 - 3-38x286PROVIDE MINIMUM 'P2' POST BOTH ENDS OF LINTEL POSTS P1(8) - 75 Ø STEEL TELEPOST (8 Feet Max) P1(9) - 75 Ø STEEL TELEPOST (9 Feet Max) P2 - 2-38x89 or 2-38x140 P2 P3 P4 - 3-38x89 or 3-38x140 - 4-38x89 or 4-38x140 - 5-38x89 or 5-38x140 - 6-38x89 or 6-38x140 P5 P6 - HEAVY DUTY STEEL POST, CAPACITY = 55 KN P11 - ADJUSTABLE HSS, CAPACITY 100 KN P12 HSS 73 OD - HSS 73 O.D. X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT. HSS 89 OD - HSS 89 O.D. X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT. - HSS 76.2 X 76.2 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE HSS 76 TOP & BOTT. HSS 89 X 89 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE HSS 89 TOP & BOTT. - HSS 102 X 102 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE HSS 102 TOP & BOTT. FOOTINGS ALL CONC. FOOTINGS DESIGNED FOR AN ALLOWABLE SOIL CAP.= 100kpa

A6a A

A7a A

> GROUND FLOOR PLAN ELEVATION 'CA'

4.0							
10	ADDED DIMENSIONS FOR MECH. CHASES	FEB 19/16	ко				
9	9 CLARIFIED BEAM HT. AT GAS METER JAN 26/1						
8	GARAGE SLOPE REVISED	JAN 18/16	MC				
7	REVISED LVL @ GAS METRE	NOV 9/15	PS				
6	REVISED LVL @ GAS METRE	NOV 4/15	PS				
5	KITCHEN DCBH REVISED	OCT 01/15	MC				
4	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AUG 17/15	MC				
3	COORDINATED & ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT	6JULY2015	MG				
2	ISSUED PRELIMINARY WORKING TO CLIENT FOR 2ND REVIEW	14MAY2015	MG				
1	ISSUED PRELIMINARY WORKING TO CLIENT FOR REVIEW	07MAY2015	MG				
No	Revision	Date	Ву				
C\WHT0-CO-CONTENT\WHT0-LOOCS-MAGES\Whtto_logs_bbm_bottcontal_togine.jpg							
LI D A	TRCT'L FRM'G LEGEND: SEE DWG A3 EGEND: SEE DWG A4 FLOOR PLAN LI WG SP-1 DR/WIN LEGEND:SEE DWG DDT'L INFORMATION, ABBREV'S, SYN PECS. SP-*.SD-*.W-*	EGEND:SE SP-7* FOR	E				

Scale

1:75

A-2a

THE VENICE-2015-CA THE VENICE-2015-PA

(2015 STANDARD DRAWING)

ELEV.: 'CA' Acad Fie W:15/15-18 MINTO OTTAWAMODELS%2m PRODUCTWORKING DRAWINGS/2D-05.dwg

015-20ft Excutive Townhor

 (\mathbf{X}) A8d 14470 13760 710 , 565 **/ 1**40 4176 7484 2100 2941 330 مرابط 725 م 2714 4260 30v 1050 1265 J4) GIRDER TRUSS A7a A \oplus EXH. 1440 660 660 535 NUR BUR BEDROOM 3 CARPET ENS. 1 E3 WA ₽ N , LE E ĕ ₽ RUSS B. $\begin{pmatrix} \Sigma \\ \Phi \end{pmatrix}$ С 3400 BEDR(本 535 5 5070 MASTER BEDROOM 3616 (@) ¢3 LOW WALL DN.16R \triangleleft 1/190 MA 1 RD & 1SH **BEDROOM 2** € X $\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{v} \\ \mathbf{t} \end{pmatrix}$ W I C WA $\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{Z} \\ \mathbf{4} \end{pmatrix}$ 3545 G OF PARTY D D UN R 345 PAN PRE-ENGINEERED TRUSSES RAIN // @ 610 C/C 1 RD & 1SH 🛓 EX. DRYER PRE-FAB HOOKUP OPT. WASHER ON LEFT 6070 2090 #*90 1000 1000 4265 1740 2090 4010 40 710 13760 14470 \mathbf{X}

STRUCTURAL FRAMING SCHEDULE
For Steel Framing Layout, Beam/Column/Plate Connection Details, see Structural Dwgs ST- * (Also Specs SP-1 & SP-4).
STEEL LINTEL
S1 — L 90x90x6 S2 — L 90x90x8
$S3 - 1 100 \times 90 \times 6$
S4 – L 125x90x8 S5 – L 125x90x10
$56 - 1.200 \times 100 \times 12$
S7 – L 150x100x10 (L.L.V.) 200mm BEARING
S8 – L 100×90×8
WOOD LINTEL
L1 – 2–38x235 w/ 12.7 PLYWOOD SPACER L2 – 2–38x235
L3 – 3–38×235
L4 - 3-38x235 c/w 2-12.7 PLYWOOD SPACERS & 2 ROWS OF 90mm C.W.N. © 200 c/c B/S
L5 – 3–38x286 c/w 2–12.7 PLYWOOD SPACERS
& 2 ROWS OF 90mm C.W.N. @ 200 c/c B/S
L6 – 2–45x240 M.L. L7 – 3–45x240 M.L.
L8 – 2–38x286
L9 – 3–38×286
PROVIDE MINIMUM 'P2' POST BOTH ENDS OF LINTEL
POSTS
P1(8) — 75 ø STEEL TELEPOST (8 Feet Max) P1(9) — 75 ø STEEL TELEPOST (9 Feet Max)
$P2 = 2-38 \times 89$ or $2-38 \times 140$
P3 - 3-38x89 or 3-38x140
P4 - 4-38x89 or 4-38x140 P5 - 5-38x89 or 5-38x140
P6 - 6-38x89 or 6-38x140
P11 – HEAVY DUTY STEEL POST, CAPACITY = 55 KN P12 – ADJUSTABLE HSS, CAPACITY 100 KN
HSS 73 OD – HSS 73 O.D. X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT.
HSS 89 OD – HSS 89 O.D. X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT.
HSS 76 - HSS 76.2 X 76.2 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT.
HSS 89 - HSS 89 X 89 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT.
HSS 102 - HSS 102 X 102 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT.
FOOTINGS
ALL CONC. FOOTINGS DESIGNED FOR AN ALLOWABLE SOIL CAP.= 100kpa

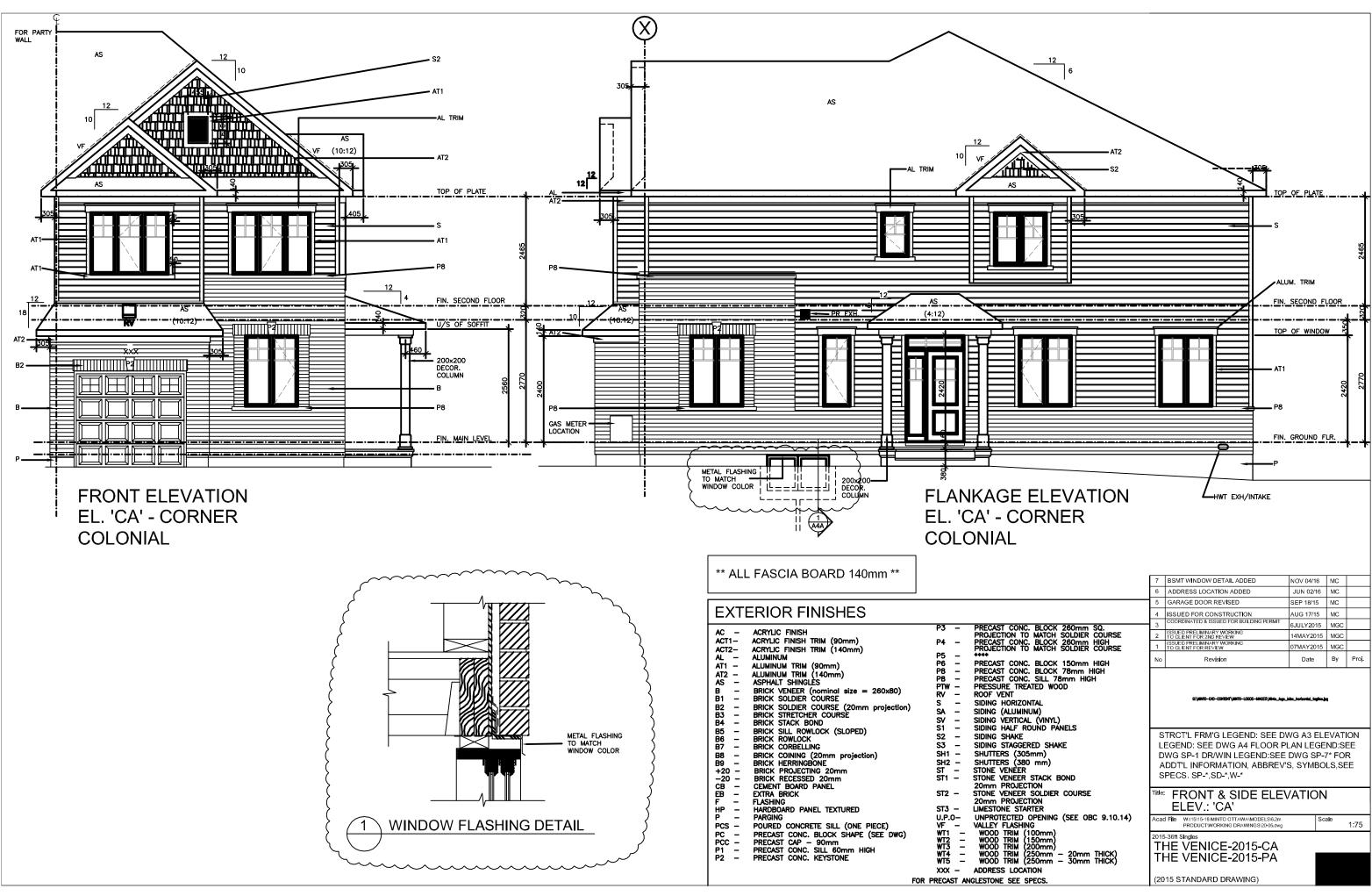


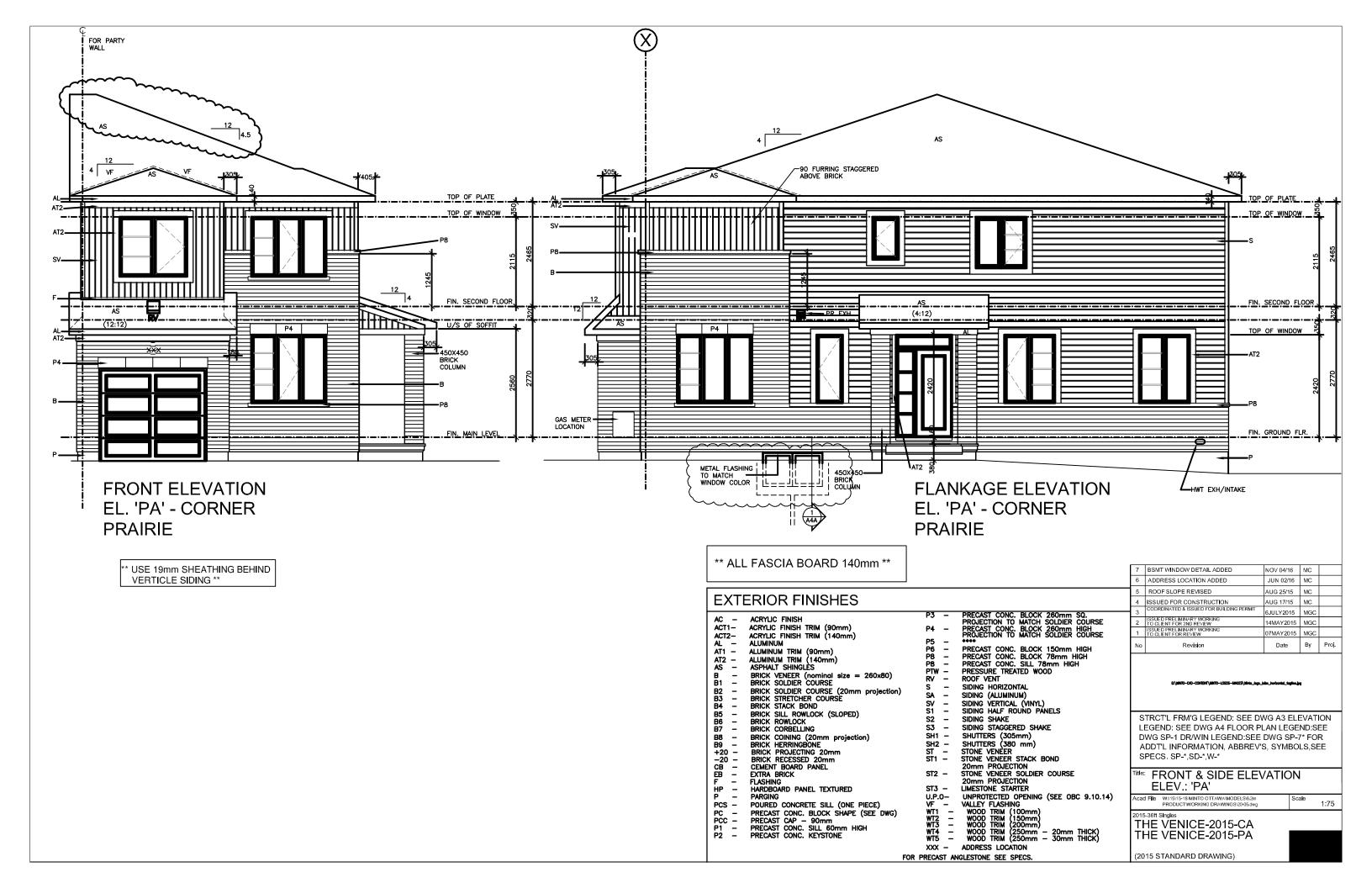
(A6a A

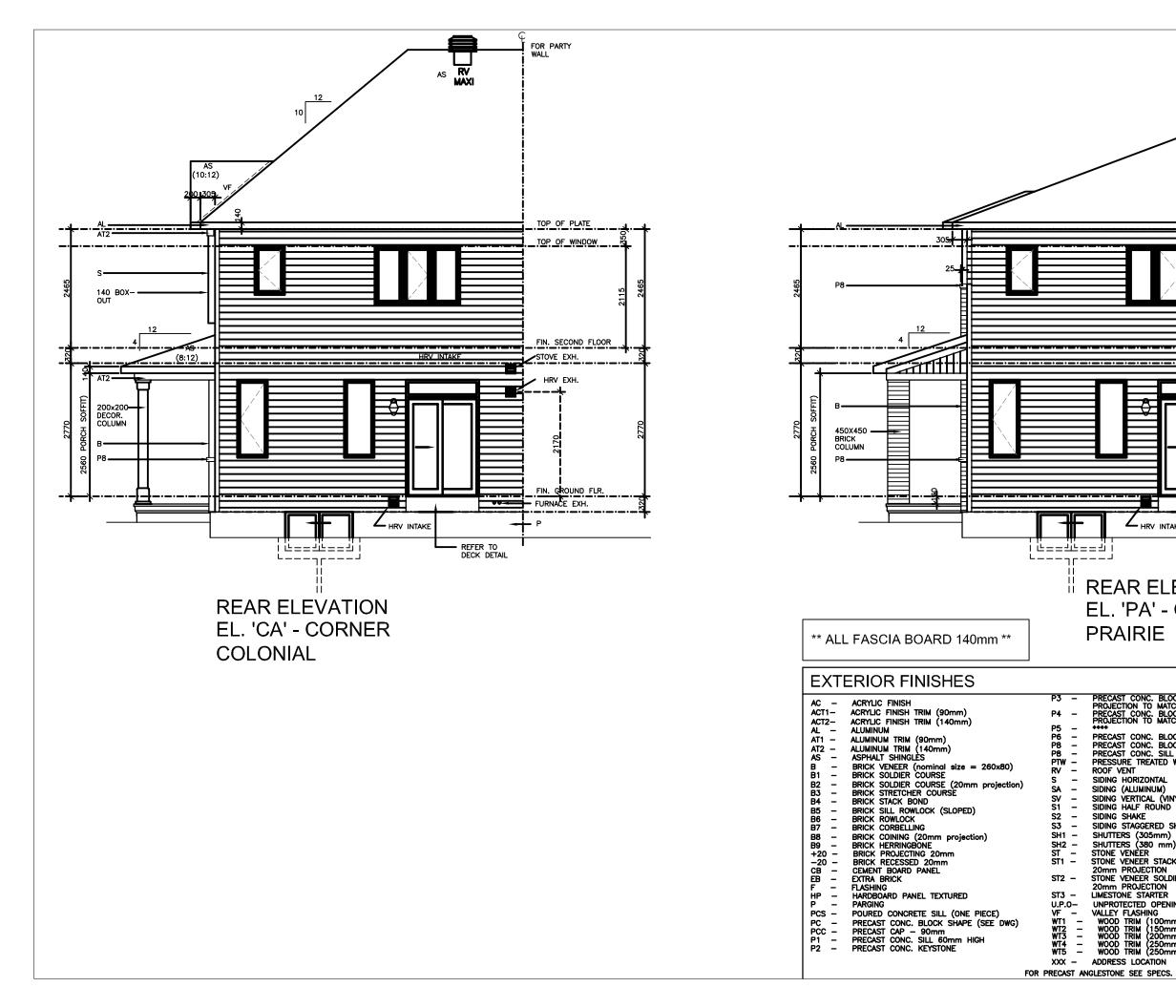
A7a A

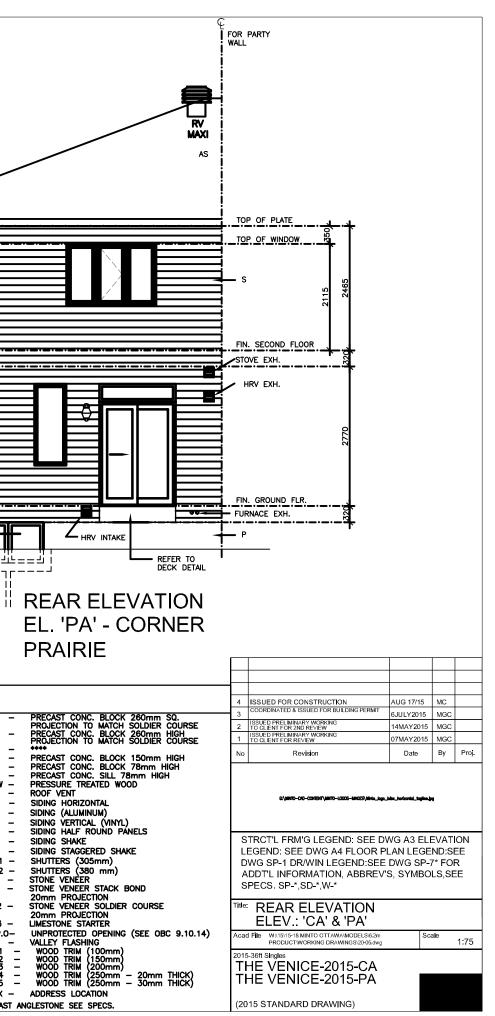
SECOND FLOOR PLAN ELEVATION 'CA'

9				
	REVISED LOW WALL DIMENSION	OCT 28/10	з ко	
8	REVISED W.I.C. DIMENSIONS	MAR 08/1	6 КО	
7	ROTATED WARM AIR IN W.I.C.	FEB 17/16	в ко	
6	LAUNDRY ROOM WALL FURRED	JAN 29/16	5 MC	
5	ROOMS RELABELLED	NOV 23/1	5 MC	
4	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	AUG 17/15	MC	
3	COORDINATED & ISSUED FOR BUILDING PERMIT	6JULY201	5 MGC	
2	ISSUED PRELIMINARY WORKING TO CLIENT FOR 2ND REVIEW	14MAY201	5 MGC	
1	ISSUED PRELIMINARY WORKING TO CLIENT FOR REVIEW	07MAY201	5 MGC	
No	Revision	Date	Ву	Proj.
s	TRCT'L FRM'G LEGEND: SEE D	NG A3 E	LEVATI	ON
LI D A	TRCT'L FRM'G LEGEND: SEE D\ EGEND: SEE DWG A4 FLOOR P WG SP-1 DR/WIN LEGEND:SEE DDT'L INFORMATION, ABBREV' PECS. SP-*,SD-*,W-*	LAN LEG DWG SF	END SE 7* FOF	EE R
LI D A S Title:	EGEND: SEE DWG A4 FLOOR P WG SP-1 DR/WIN LEGEND:SEE DDT'L INFORMATION, ABBREV' PECS. SP-*,SD-*,W-* SECOND FLOOR PL ELEV.: 'CA'	LAN LEG DWG SF S, SYMB AN	GEND:SE P-7* FOF OLS,SE	EE R
LI D A S	EGEND: SEE DWG A4 FLOOR P WG SP-1 DR/WIN LEGEND:SEE DDT'L INFORMATION, ABBREV' PECS. SP-*,SD-*,W-* SECOND FLOOR PL ELEV.: 'CA'	LAN LEG DWG SF S, SYMB AN	END SE 7* FOF	EE R
LI D A S Title: Acad	EGEND: SEE DWG A4 FLOOR P WG SP-1 DR/WIN LEGEND:SEE DDT'L INFORMATION, ABBREV' PECS. SP-*,SD-*,W-* SECOND FLOOR PL ELEV.: 'CA'	AN LEG DWG SF S, SYMB	GEND:SE P-7* FOF OLS,SE	EE R EE









Appendix E Building Component

Building Component Calculations -Room Calculations -Table 9: Building Component Template (Venice)

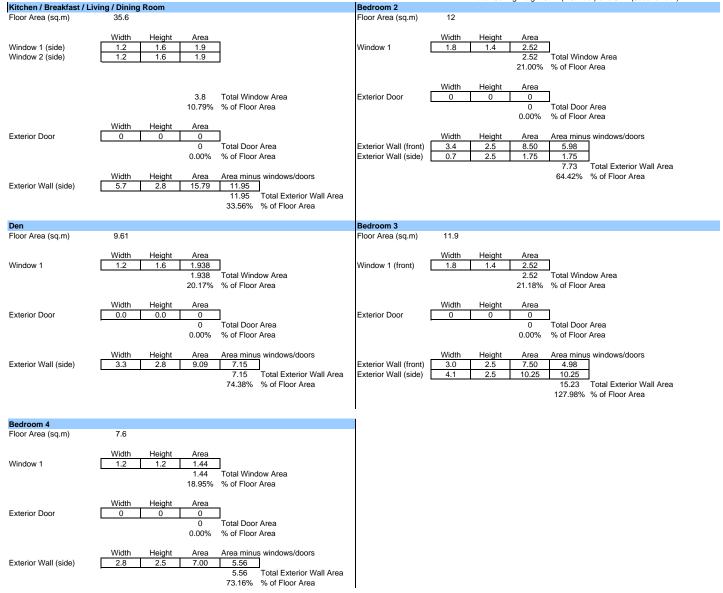


TABLE 9: BUILDING COMPONENT TEMPLATE

Architect: Location: Building Type: Block Number: Front Façade Noise Level (dBA)

Sandhill Road Subdivision **Executive Townhouse (Venice)**

JLR No: Prepared by: Checked by:

ROOM	# OF COMPONENTS		WINDOW AREA (M ²)		DOOR AREA (M ²)	D/RFA %	EXT. WALL AREA (M ²)	EW/RFA %	REQUIRED AIF*	WINDO	WC	EXT. I	DOOR	EXT.	WALL	CEILIN	G/ROOF
							•		•	Туре	AIF**	Туре	AIF***	Туре	AIF****	Туре	AIF****
Master Bedroom	2	17.3	2.2	12%	-	-	8.3	48%	27	2(6)2	30			EW1	34		
Bedroom 2	3	12.0	2.5	21%	-	-	7.7	64%	29	2(13)2	29	-	-	EW1	33	-	-
Kitchen / Breakfast / Living / Dining Room	2	35.6	3.8	11%	-	-	11.9	34%	22	2(6)2	31	-	-	EW1	36	-	-
Bedroom 3	3	11.9	2.5	21%	-	-	15.2	128%	29	2(13)2	29	-	-	EW1	30	-	-
Bedroom 4	2	7.6	1.4	19%	-	-	5.6	73%	27	2(6)2	28	-	-	EW1	32	-	-
Den	4	9.6	1.9	20%	-	-	7.1	74%	25	2(6)2	28	-	-	EW1	32	-	-

* Taken from Table 10.5: AIF required for Road and Rail Traffic Noise Cases

** Taken from Table 10.6: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of windows (example: 2(100)2 denotes 2 mm glass (100 mm space) 2 mm glass).

*** Taken from Table 10.9: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior doors

62

**** Taken from Table 10.7: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior walls

***** Taken from Table 10.8: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various ceiling-roof combinations (only for aircraft noise)

Exterior Door Details

All prime doors should be fully weatherstripped. Except as noted specifically below, doors shall not have inset glazing:

D1 denotes 44 mm hollow-core wood door (up to 20% of area glazed).

D2 denotes 44 mm glass-fibre reinforced plastic door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core (up to 20% area glazed).

D3 denotes 35 mm in solid slab wood door.

D4 denotes 44 mm steel door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core.

D5 denotes 44 mm solid slab door.

sd denotes storm door of wood or aluminum with openable glazed sections.

Exterior Wall Details

The common structure of walls EW1 to EW5 is composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, vapour barrier, and 38x89 mm studs with 50 mm (or thicker) mineral wool or glass fibre batts in the inter-stud cavities. EW1 denotes the above plus sheathing, plus wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 denotes the above plus rigid insulation (25-50mm), and wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 also denotes exterior wall described in EW1 with the addition of rigid insulation (25-50mm) between the sheathing and the external finish.

EW3 denotes simulated mansard with structure as the above plus sheathing, 38 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.

EW4 denotes the above plus sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

EW5 denotes the above plus sheathing, 25 mm air space, 100 mm brick veneer.

EW6 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 100 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW6 also denotes an exterior wall conforming to rainscreen design principles and composed of same gypsum board and rigid insulation with 100 mm concrete block, 25 mm air space, and 100 mm brick veneer. EW7 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 140 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW8 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 200 mm concrete.

R denotes the mounting of the interior gypsum board on resilient clips

24566-002 **Thomas Blais** Lee Jablonski

Appendix F

Canada Mortgage and Housing (CMHC) Table A2 and A3 -Approximate Conversion from STC to AIF for Windows and Doors -Approximate Conversion from STC to AIF for Exterior Walls and Ceiling-Roof System

Frequency (Hz)	Source Sound Pressure Level	A-weighted Source Sound Pressure Level
100	66.1	47
125	69.1	53
160	71.4	58
200	71.9	61
250	71.6	63
315	71.6	65
400	71.8	67
500	71.2	68
630	70.9	69
800	70.8	70
1000	70.0	70
1250	69.4	70
1600	69.0	70
2000	68.8	70
2500	68.7	70
3150	67.8	69
4000	67.0	68
5000	65.5	66

 Table A1: Standard source spectrum for calculating Acoustic Insulation Factor (AIF)

Note:	Values in the second and third columns of this table are	
	1/3-octave band sound pressure levels expressed in dB.	

Table A2: Approximate conversion from STC to AIF for windows and doors

Window (or door)	Acoustic
Area Expressed	Insulation
as Percentage of	Factor
Room Floor Area	(AIF)
80.0	STC-5
63.0	STC-4
50.0	STC-3
40.0	STC-2
32.0	STC-1
25.0	STC
20.0	STC+1
16.0	STC+2
12.5	STC+3
10.0	STC+4
8.0	STC+5
6.3	STC+6
5.0	STC+7
4.0	STC+8

Note: For area percentages not listed in the table, use the nearest listed value.

Examples: For a window whose area = 20% of the room floor area and STC = 32, the AIF is 32 + 1 = 33. For a window whose area = 60% of the room floor area and STC = 29, the AIF is 29 - 4 = 25.

Exterior Wall	Acoustic
Area Expressed	Insulation
as Percentage of	Factor
Room Floor Area	(AIF)
200.0	STC-10
160.0	STC-9
125.0	STC-8
100.0	STC-7
80.0	STC-6
63.0	STC-5
50.0	STC-4
40.0	STC-3
32.0	STC-2
25.0	STC-1
20.0	STC
16.0	STC+1
12.5	STC+2
10.0	STC+3
8.0	STC+4

Table A3: Approximate conversion from STC to AIF for exterior walls and ceiling-roof systems.

.

•	Jala			
Frequency (Hz)	A-weighted Source Sound Pressure Level (dB)	Sound Transmission Loss (dB)	A-weighted Indoor Sound Pressure Level (dB)	Energy Equivalent of Indoor SPL
	(A)	(B)	(C = A-B)	(D = 10 ^{c/10})
100	47	24	23	200
125	53	26	27	501
160	58	19	39	7 943
200	61	21	40	10 000
250	63	20	43	19 953
315	65	20	45	31 623
400	67	25	42	15 849
500	68	30	38	6 310
630	69	33	36	3 981
800	70	37	33	1 995
1000	70	39	31	1 259
1250	70	41	29	794
1600	70	43	27	501
2000	70	44	26	398
2500	70	45	25	316
3150	69	43	26	398
4000	68	37	31	1 259
5000	66	35	31	1 259
	S	um of values in	column D:	104 539=1

Figure A1: Worksheet for Calculating AIF from Transmission Loss Data

Note: For area percentages not listed in the table, use the nearest listed value.

Example: For a wall whose area = 120% of room floor area and STC = 48, the AIF is 48 - 8 = 40.

Note: For ceiling-roof systems, AIF = STC - 7.

Calculated indoor A-weighted sound level: $10 \log_{10} (E) = 50.2 = F$

AIF (component area = 80% of floor area): (77 - F) = 26.8 = G

Component Area as a Percentage of Room Floor Area	Acoustic Insulation Factor (AIF)
6.3	(G + 11) = 38
8.0	(G + 10) = 37
10.0	(G + 9) = 36
12.5	(G + 8) = 35
16.0	(G + 7) = 34
20.0	(G + 6) = 33
25.0	(G + 5) = 32
32.0	(G + 4) = 31
40.0	(G + 3) = 30
50.0	(G + 2) = 29
63.0	(G + 1) = 28
80.0	(G) = 27
100.0	(G - 1) = 26
125.0	(G - 2) = 25
160.0	(G - 3) = 24



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