## 5969 Fernbank Road

TIA Strategy Report, Revision 2


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TIA Strategy Report

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## Strategy Report

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The screening form was submitted in conjunction with the Scoping Report for review and confirmation of the need for a Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA). The Trip Generation, Location, and Safety triggers were met based on the unit count, proposed new driveway on a "Spine" cycling route, and proximity to the Fernbank/Shea roundabout. The following Strategy Report will provide the demand rationalization, development design, boundary street design and intersection design. The Screening Form and Correspondence are provided in Appendix A.

## 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

### 2.1. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development is located in Stittsville. The subdivision is in Ward 6 and the site's local context is illustrated in Figure 1.

The development will include 357 units, consisting of 238 townhomes and 119 single family homes, and the estimated date of occupancy is 2020. The subdivision will have three accesses, two on Shea Road and one on Fernbank Road. for Stages 1 and 2. This development requires a plan of subdivision and zoning amendment as it is currently a Rural Countryside Zone. The site plan is illustrated in Figure 2.

Figure 1: Local Context



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## 3. EXISTING CONDITIONS

### 3.1. AREA ROAD NETWORK

Fernbank Road is an east-west arterial road, under the City of Ottawa's jurisdiction, that runs between Dwyer Hill Road and Eagleson Road. Fernbank Road has a two-lane undivided rural cross-section with paved shoulders. The posted speed limit is $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ east of Hartsmere Drive and $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ west of Hartsmere Drive.

Shea Road is a two-lane north-south collector road north of Fernbank (OP Schedule E). The posted speed limit is $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. Shea Road has a rural cross-section with paved shoulders north of Fernbank Road and gravel shoulders south of Fernbank Road. Shea Road was realigned east of its former alignment and a roundabout was added for traffic control at the intersection with Fernbank Road.

On Fernbank Road there are six private residential driveways on the south side of the roadway within 200 m west of the proposed site access.

On Shea Road there is one existing driveway within 200 m of the proposed site access which provides access to the Goulburn Recreation Complex.

### 3.2. PEDESTRIAN AND CYCLING NETWORK

Sidewalks are not provided within the immediate study area. The closest sidewalks are located near the residential area west of Shea Road, on Fernbank Road at Hartsmere Road. A major pathway connection terminates at the roundabout at the intersection of Fernbank and Shea Roads which originates at the Trans Canada Trail. The Ottawa Pedestrian Plan (2013) does not identify any extension to this pathway.

The City of Ottawa's 2013 Cycling Plan identifies Shea Road as a local route north of Fernbank Road and Fernbank Road is a Spine or City-Wide cycling route. Cycling facilities include paved shoulders provided from the Goulbourn Complex south on Shea Road to the roundabout with Fernbank Road.

### 3.3. TRANSIT NETWORK

OC Transpo Routes \#61 and \#262 run along Fernbank Road, Routes \#61 and \#62 run along Shea Road. No transit stops are located within the immediate study area. The closest transit stop on Fernbank is located at Liard Street and on Shea Road the Goulbourn Complex is the last stop. Figure 3 illustrates the current system map.

Figure 3: Area Transit Network


### 3.4. EXISTING STUDY AREA INTERSECTION

## Fernbank/Shea

The Fernbank/Shea intersection is a four-legged, single lane roundabout intersection. All approaches consist of a single approach lane. All movements are permitted at this location.


### 3.5. EXISTING INTERSECTION VOLUMES

The existing peak hour traffic volumes (illustrated in Figure 4 below) were collected by a subconsultant of Parsons in 2016. The resulting peak hour and full traffic volume counts are included as Appendix B.

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Figure 4: Existing Peak Hour Traffic Volumes


### 3.6. EXISTING ROAD SAFETY CONDITIONS

Collision history for the study area intersection (2015 to 2016, inclusive) was obtained from the City of Ottawa. As the roundabout at Fernbank Road and Shea Road was reconstructed in 2015, collisions prior to 2015 are not related to the current intersection design and are therefore irrelevant. Most collisions ( $81 \%$ or 17 collisions) involved only property damage, indicating low impact speeds, and $14 \%$ (or three collisions) involved personal injuries. The primary causes of collisions cited by police include: single vehicle (other) ( $43 \%$ or nine collisions), angle (19\% or four collisions), and sideswipe (14\% or three collisions each) type collisions.

A standard unit of measure for assessing collisions at an intersection is based on the number collisions per million entering vehicles (MEV). At the Fernbank/Shea roundabout intersection, reported collisions have historically take place at a rate of $0.40 / \mathrm{MEV}$.

It is noteworthy that within the five-years of recorded collision data there was one collision that involved a pedestrian (nonfatal injuries), none involving cyclists and five involving wild animals. The source collision data as provided by the City of Ottawa and related analysis is provided as Appendix C.

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## 4. PLANNED CONDITIONS

### 4.1. PLANNED STUDY AREA TRANSPORTATION NETWORK CHANGES

Fernbank Road is identified as a transit priority corridor with isolated measures (City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (TMP) 2013, Ultimate Network) and widening has been proposed in the Network Concept Map 10 (TMP). In addition, three Park-and-Rides are identified along Robert Grant Avenue from Fernbank Road to Abbott Street E in the 2031 Affordable Network and Network Concept plans.

Shea Road has been identified for resurfacing as part of the Planned Construction Program (2017-2021) as outlined on the City's website ${ }^{1}$.

### 4.2. OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

## 6015-6041 Fernbank Road

Tartan Land Consultants is proposing the construction of a residential subdivision comprised of 285 single-family detached homes and 296 semi-detached units located at the above address, directly west of the subject development. The Transportation Brief (prepared by Delcan) projected approximately 400 veh/h during the peak hours.

## 5897 Fernbank Road

Farmhouse Investment Inc. is proposing the construction of a retail development comprised of four single-storey buildings located at the above address, directly east of the subject development. The Transportation Impact Study (prepared by Parsons) projected approximately 60 veh/h and 230 veh/h during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

## 5960 Fernbank Road

A commercial development consisting of a 40,000-sq. ft. grocery store, 19,250-sq. ft. retail building, and a 5,900-sq. ft. restaurant is being proposed at the above address, directly south of the subject development. The Transportation Impact Study (prepared by Parsons) projected approximately 160 veh/h and 400 veh/h during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

## 5970 Fernbank Road

Tartan Group of Companies is proposing the construction of a residential subdivision comprised of 329 single-family detached homes, 230 townhomes/semi-detached units and 172 apartments located at the above address, directly south of the subject development. The Transportation Impact Study (prepared by IBI Group) projected approximately 430 veh/h and 540 veh/h during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

## 5786 Fernbank Road

A subdivision development consisting of 126 single dwelling units, 63 private road townhouse units, three street townhouse units, and an elementary school are being proposed at the above address, located east of the subject development. The Transportation Brief (prepared by Novatech) projected approximately 175 veh/h during the peak hours. It is anticipated that this development will primarily be westbound and northbound, and will therefore, not have a significant impact the Study Area intersections.

## 5. TIME PERIODS

The weekday morning and afternoon peak hours are considered the appropriate time periods for operational analysis for this residential development.

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## 6. HORIZON YEARS

The expected build-out date for the proposed development is assumed to be 2020 . Depending on the growth rate of the study area, the horizon year 2025 will be assessed for 5 -years beyond site build out.

## 7. EXEMPTIONS REVIEW

Based on the foregoing analysis and review of the existing conditions in Step 2, the Scoping Report, it is recommended that, if required, any future work within the context of this TIA excludes the following modules and elements summarized in Table 1.

Table 1: Exemptions Review Summary

| Module | Element | Exemption Consideration |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4.1 Development <br> Design | 4.1.2 Circulation <br> and Access | Not required for applications involving plans of site plans |
| 4.2 Parking | All elements | Not required for applications involving plans of subdivision |
| 4.6 Neighbourhood <br> Traffic Management | All elements | The proposed development has direct access to the arterial road network |

## 8. DEVELOPMENT GENERATED TRAVEL DEMAND

### 8.1. TRIP GENERATION

Appropriate trip generation rates for the proposed development consisting of 263 townhomes and 138 single family homes was obtained from the City's 2009 TRANS Trip Generation - Residential Trip Rates. These rates are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2: 2009 TRANS Trip Generation Rates

| Land Use | ITE Land Use Code | Trip Rates |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AM Peak | PM Peak |
| Single-detached Dwellings | ITE 210 | $\mathrm{T}=0.70$ (du) | $\mathrm{T}=0.90$ (du) |
| Semi-detached/Townhomes | ITE 224 | $\mathrm{T}=0.54(\mathrm{du})$ | $\mathrm{T}=0.71$ (du) |
| ```Notes: \(\quad T=\) Average Vehicle Trip Ends \(d u=\) Dwelling units \(x=1000 \mathrm{ft}^{2}\) Gross Floor Area Specialty Retail AM Peak is assumed to be 50\% of the PM Peak``` |  |  |  |

Using the TRANS Trip Generation rates for the residential component of the site, the total amount of vehicle trips generated by the proposed development was projected. The results are summarized in Table 3.

Table 3: Projected Vehicle Trip Generation - TRANS Model

| Land Use | Area | AM Peak (Veh/h) |  |  | PM Peak (Veh/h) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | In | Out | Total | In | Out | Total |
| Single-detached Dwellings | 138 units | 28 | 69 | 97 | 76 | 48 | 124 |
| Semi-detached/Townhomes | 263 units | 41 | 101 | 142 | 115 | 72 | 187 |
| Total Vehicle Trips |  | 69 | 170 | 239 | 191 | 120 | 311 |

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As shown in Table 3, a total of approximately $240 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ and $310 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ are projected to travel to/from the proposed development during the weekday morning and afternoon commuter peak hours, respectively. Using the TRANS Auto Trips projected in Table 3 and the mode share percentages outline in Table 3.13 of the TRANS Trip Generation Study, the modal shares for the single-detached and semi-detached/townhomes land uses within the proposed development are summarized in Table 4 and Table 5, respectively. The total site trip generation is summarized in Table 6.

Table 4: TRANS Model Site Trip Generation - Single-detached Dwellings

| Travel Mode | Mode Share | AM Peak (Person Trips/h) |  |  | Mode Share | PM Peak (Person Trips/h) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | In | Out | Total |  | In | Out | Total |
| Auto Driver | 55\% | 28 | 69 | 97 | 64\% | 76 | 48 | 124 |
| Auto Passenger | 11\% | 5 | 14 | 19 | 11\% | 13 | 8 | 21 |
| Transit | 25\% | 12 | 32 | 44 | 19\% | 22 | 15 | 37 |
| Non-motorized | 9\% | 4 | 12 | 16 | 6\% | 7 | 5 | 12 |
| Total Person Trips | 100\% | 49 | 127 | 176 | 100\% | 118 | 76 | 194 |

Table 5: TRANS Model Site Trip Generation - Semi-detached/Townhomes

| Travel Mode | Mode Share | AM Peak (Person Trips/h) |  |  | Mode Share | PM Peak (Person Trips/h) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | In | Out | Total |  | In | Out | Total |
| Auto Driver | 55\% | 41 | 101 | 142 | 61\% | 115 | 72 | 187 |
| Auto Passenger | 10\% | 7 | 18 | 25 | 11\% | 20 | 13 | 33 |
| Transit | 27\% | 20 | 50 | 70 | 22\% | 42 | 26 | 68 |
| Non-motorized | 8\% | 6 | 15 | 21 | 6\% | 11 | 8 | 19 |
| Total Person Trips | 100\% | 74 | 184 | 258 | 100\% | 188 | 119 | 307 |

Table 6: TRANS Model Site Trip Generation - Total Site Generation

| Travel Mode |  | AM Peak (Person Trips/h) |  |  | PM Peak (Person Trips/h) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Out | Total | In | Out | Total |  |
| Auto Driver | 69 | 170 | 239 | 191 | 120 | 311 |  |
| Auto Passenger | 12 | 32 | 44 | 33 | 21 | 54 |  |
| Transit | 32 | 82 | 114 | 64 | 41 | 105 |  |
| Non-motorized | 10 | 27 | 37 | 18 | 13 | 31 |  |
| Total Person Trips | 123 | 311 | 434 | 306 | 195 | 501 |  |
| Total 'New' Auto Trips | 69 | 170 | 239 | 191 | 120 | 311 |  |

As shown in Table 6, based on the TRANS Trip Generation method, the proposed site is projected to generate approximately 435 to 500 person-trips per hour during the weekday commuter peak hours. The increase in two-way transit trips is estimated to be 105 to 115 persons per hour, and the increase in bike/walk trips is approximately 30 to 40 persons per hour.

### 8.1.1. MODE SHARES

Given the planned transportation network within the vicinity of the site does not provide any significant non-auto transportation improvements, there is no rationale that the future modal splits will be different than existing.

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### 8.2. TRIP DISTRIBUTION

Traffic distribution was based on the site's connectivity to the existing road network and our knowledge of the surrounding area. The resultant distribution is outlined as follows:

- $90 \%$ to/from the northeast; and
- $10 \%$ to/from the west.


### 8.3.TRIP ASSIGNMENT

Based on these distributions, total 'new' site-generated trips to/from the proposed development are assigned to study area intersections and are illustrated as Figure 5.

Figure 5: Total ‘New’ Site-Generated Traffic Volumes


## 9. BACKGROUND NETWORK TRAVEL DEMANDS

The following background traffic growth through the Fernbank/Stittsville Main intersection (summarized in Table 7) was calculated based on historical traffic count data (years 2006, 2008, 2009, and 2011) provided by the City of Ottawa. Detailed background traffic growth analysis is included as Appendix D.

Table 7: Fernbank/Stittsville Main Historical Background Growth (2006-2011)

| Time Period | Percent Annual Change |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | North Leg | South Leg | East Leg | West Leg | Overall |
| 8 hrs | $1.12 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ | $6.64 \%$ | $7.76 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 . 9 0 \%}$ |
| AM Peak | $1.00 \%$ | $0.77 \%$ | $12.07 \%$ | $7.26 \%$ | $3.84 \%$ |
| PM Peak | $1.04 \%$ | $1.59 \%$ | $21.46 \%$ | $12.07 \%$ | $6.65 \%$ |

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As shown in Table 7, the Fernbank/Stittsville Main intersection has experienced an approximate 3\% to 6\% annual increase in vehicle traffic within recent years (calculated as a weighted average). A 3\% per annum growth factor was applied to existing traffic volumes along Fernbank Road and Shea Road to obtain background traffic volumes for the 2020 built-out horizon year and 2025 (5-years beyond site build-out).

### 9.1. OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENT

The additional traffic associated with the surrounding developments mentioned above in Section 4.2 is shown below in Figure 6, Figure 7, Figure 8 and Figure 9. These trips will be included in the background traffic analysis (Section 10.1) and total projected traffic analysis (Section 15). The trips associated with the 5786 Fernbank Road development have not been included because it is anticipated that this development will primarily be westbound and northbound, and will therefore, not have a significant impact on the Study Area intersections. As a conservative estimate of the build-out of the area it has been assumed that all of the developments would occur by the 2020 horizon.

Figure 6: 5970 Fernbank Projected Turning Movements


Source: Austin Shih, IBI Group

Figure 8: 5960 Fernbank Projected Turning Movements


Figure 7: 5897 Fernbank Projected Turning Movements


Source: 5897 Fernbank Road Commercial Development TIS, Parsons
Figure 9: 6041 Fernbank Projected Turning Movements


Source: 6041 Fernbank Road Transportation Brief, Delcan

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### 9.2. FUTURE BACKGROUND TRAFFIC VOLUMES

A 3\% background growth rate and adding he background development traffic volumes have been added to the existing traffic volumes. The resultant 2020 and 2025 background traffic volumes are depicted as Figure 10 and Figure 11, respectively.


Figure 11: 2025 Background Traffic Volumes


## 10. DEMAND RATIONALIZATION

### 10.1. DESCRIPTION OF CAPACITY ISSUES

### 10.1.1. 2020 FUTURE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS

The 2020 background peak hour traffic volumes (illustrated in Figure 10) have been generated from the existing turning movement counts and the application of the growth rates discussed in Section 9. The background operations are summarized in Table 8 and the detailed SIDRA worksheets are provided in Appendix E.

Table 8: 2020 Background Traffic Operations

| Intersection | Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critical Movement |  |  |  | Intersection ‘as a whole' |  |
|  | LoS | max. v/c or <br> avg. delay (s) | Movement | Delay (s) | LoS |  |
| Fernbank/Shea (Roundabout) | $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{E})$ | $36.3(41.2)$ | $\mathrm{EB}(\mathrm{WB})$ | $23.8(28.1)$ | C (D) |  |

Note: Analysis of signalized intersections assumes a PHF of 0.95 and a saturation flow rate of 1800 veh $/ \mathrm{h} /$ lane.

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The roundabout intersection of Fernbank Road and Shea Road, with the addition of the background developments, is projected to operate poorly. The projected background growth accounts for a large amount of development, that would have to be constructed at a rapid pace in order for this level of delay to occur. This intersection should be monitored as developments are constructed to determine when upgrades are required. The Transportation Master Plan 2031 Network Concept shows Fernbank Road as a Widened Arterial; however, this upgrade is not included in the 2031 Affordable Network. This upgrade has not been analyzed as part of this study.

### 10.1.2. 2025 FUTURE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS

The 2025 background peak hour traffic volumes (illustrated in Figure 11) have been generated from the existing turning movement counts and the application of the growth rates discussed in Section 9. The background operations are summarized in Table 9 and the detailed SIDRA worksheets are provided in Appendix E.

Table 9: 2025 Background Traffic Operations

| Intersection | Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critical Movement |  |  |  | Intersection 'as a whole' |  |  |
|  | LoS | max. v/c or <br> avg. delay (s) | Movement | Delay (s) | LoS |  |  |
| Fernbank/Shea (Roundabout) | F(F) | $52.8(61.0)$ | EB(WB) | $33.0(38.2)$ | D(E) |  |  |
| Note: Analysis of signalized intersections assumes a PHF of 0.95 and a saturation flow rate of 1800 veh/h/lane. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Similar to the 2020 future background conditions, the roundabout intersection of Fernbank Road and Shea Road, with the addition of the background developments, is projected to operate poorly. The projected background growth accounts for a large amount of development, that would have to be constructed at a rapid pace in order for this level of delay to occur. This intersection should be monitored as developments are constructed to determine when upgrades are required. The Transportation Master Plan 2031 Network Concept shows Fernbank Road as a Widened Arterial; however, this upgrade is not included in the 2031 Affordable Network. This upgrade has not been analyzed as part of this study.

## 11. DEVELOPMENT DESIGN

### 11.1. DESIGN FOR SUSTAINABLE MODES

Vehicle and Bicycle Parking
Off-road driveways are proposed for each residential unit. Bicycle parking will be available in each residential unit.

## Transit Amenities

Transit service within the vicinity of the site are OC Transpo Routes \#61 and \#262 along Fernbank Road and the \#61 and \#62 along Shea Road. No transit stops are located within the immediate study area. The closest transit stop on Fernbank is located at Liard Street and on Shea Road the Goulbourn Complex is the last stop.

## Pedestrian Routes and Facilities

The Fernbank CDP outlines the integration of sidewalks along both sides of arterials and collector roadways within the Fernbank Community. Sidewalks will also be provided along one or both sides of local streets.

### 11.2. NEW STREETS NETWORK

The proposed new roadways will be designated as a collector roadway (Street 1) and a local roadway (Street 4). Collector and local roadways should have less than $300 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ and $100 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ during the peak hours, respectively. Given the

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distribution of the development traffic, the projected amount of traffic is less than 100 veh/h during peak hours, which is appropriate for a local roadway.

## 12. BOUNDARY STREET DESIGN

The boundary streets for the development are Fernbank Road, Shea Road and Street 1. At this time, there has not been any complete street concepts prepared for the boundary streets. The existing roadway's geometry consists of the following features:

- Fernbank Road:
- 1 vehicle travel lane in each direction;
- Paved shoulders; and,
- More than 3,000 vehicles per day along Fernbank Road.
- Shea Road:
- 1 vehicle travel lane in each direction;
- Paved shoulders; and,
- More than 3,000 vehicles per day along Shea Road.
- Street 1 (assumed):
- 1 vehicle travel lane in each direction; and,
- Less than 3,000 vehicles per day along Street 1.

The multi-modal level of service analysis for the subject road segments adjacent to the site is summarized in Table 8 with detail analysis provided in Appendix F.

Table 10: MMLOS - Boundary Street Segments

| Road Segment |  | Level of Service |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Pedestrian |  | Bicycle (BLoS) |  | Transit (TLoS) |  |
|  |  | Target | BLoS | Target | TLoS | Target |
| Fernbank Road | F | A | F | C | - | - |
| Shea Road | F | A | F | B | D | D |
| Street 1 | - | A | - | B | - | - |

Given the development's location to the Stittsville BRT Station, the target levels of service for pedestrians and cyclists are high ('A' to 'C'). As shown Table 8, the transit level of service is met with regards to the isolated transit measures planned for Shea Road.

With regard to pedestrians, the high traffic volumes and absent facilities result in low level of service for pedestrians. Providing a 2 m boulevard between and 2 m sidewalk would improve the level of service at most to a PLoS ' D ' on both Fernbank Road and Shea Road as both roadways are signed at $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and experience greater than 3,000 vehicles per day. As this area is developed, pedestrian facilities should be considered along these roadways and future collector roadways.

With regard to cyclists, there are currently no dedicated cycling facilities along boundary street and as such, cyclists share the roadway with vehicles. Providing dedicated bicycle lanes would improve the level of service to BLoS 'C', meeting the target for Fernbank Road. However, as Shea Road is classified as a local route and collector roadway, physically separated bike facilities are required to meet the target BLoS.

With regard to Street 1 proposed through the subdivision, it is recommended that a minimum sidewalk width of 1.8 m with minimum boulevard width of 2 m be considered to achieve a PLoS 'A'. Providing a 1.8 m curbside bike lane on Street 1

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would achieve a BLoS ' $A$ ', exceeding the target level of service. However, it is understood that the existing multi-use pathway on Cope Drive will continue on Street 1, on the north side of the roadway.

Based on the MMLoS Guidelines, the elements suggested within the guidelines to achieve the targets are identified above. These elements are not a recommendation of elements to be implemented but are only provided as a reference to the extent of modifications required to reach MMLoS targets.

## 13. ACCESS INTERSECTION DESIGN

### 13.1. LOCATION AND DESIGN OF ACCESS

## Fernbank Road Access

Vehicle access for the development is proposed via Fernbank Road, with a new driveway connection approximately 525 m west of the Fernbank/Shea intersection.

## Shea Road Access

A total of two vehicle accesses for the development are proposed via Shea Road, with a new driveway connection recommended on Shea Road. The new intersections would be located approximately 515 m and 800 m north of the Fernbank/Shea intersection.

### 13.2. INTERSECTION CONTROL

## Fernbank/Street 1

The MTO Traffic Signal Warrant procedure has been undertaken using the projected traffic volumes, shown in Figure 13 2025 Projected Traffic Volumes. Using the projected volumes, it was found that traffic control signals were not found to be warranted by 2025. However, it was noted that the warrant was close to being met, all sections were at least $76 \%$ met. Additionally, this location has been identified for signalization as part of the Development Charges By-law. To determine if this intersection should be considered for signalization, a sensitivity analysis has been conducted. Two additional scenarios have been considered.

The first scenario involves the north-south volumes across Fernbank Road through the subject intersection. For the purposes of the operational analysis a nominal volume is assigned to these movements, in this case 10 vehicles per hour(vph). This volume was adjusted to 40 vph in each peak hour. With this small adjustment to the traffic assumptions, and the traffic volumes, the traffic signal was found to be warranted.

The second scenario considers a redistribution of the traffic associated with the adjacent development. The Traffic Brief for 6041 Fernbank Road assumes that most of the traffic will use the Shea Road at Street 1 intersection. This scenario examined how much of the traffic would have to be redirected from the Shea Road access to the Fernbank Access, before the traffic control signal would be met. It was found that if $50 \%$ of the traffic generated by 6041 Fernbank Road, that was previously using the Shea Road access, instead used the Fernbank Road access, traffic control signals at the Fernbank Road Access would be warranted.

The sensitivity analysis showed that there are several scenarios under which traffic control signals would be warranted. Traffic projections are based on historical data and approximate the future traffic conditions. The Synchro analysis presented in Section 16, show that the northbound and southbound approaches of the Fernbank access will experience high delays in the 2025 horizon. As the intersection is projected to operate poorly during the 2025 horizon, and the sensitivity analysis has shown that small variations in the traffic projections would trigger the signal warrant, the signalized intersection is needed at the Fernbank Road access. Appendix G contains the traffic warrants for the 2025 horizon volumes and the sensitivity tests.

## PARSONS

Due to the proximity of the intersection to the adjacent roundabout at Fernbank and Shea, and the fact that a signal has been determined to be needed (based on the sensitivity analysis), the City of Ottawa's Roundabout Screening Tool has been applied to determine if a roundabout may be suitable at the subject intersection. It was found that a roundabout could be suitable at the subject intersection. Additionally, there is an adjacent intersection (Fernbank Road at Shea Road) that is controlled by a roundabout, which would lead to this being a more suitable location for a roundabout.

The signal warrants and the roundabout screening tool have been included in Appendix G.
Shea/Street 1
Based on the projected vehicle volumes, STOP control on the minor approach (site) only is recommended.

Shea/Street 4
Based on the projected vehicle volumes, STOP control on the minor approach (site) only is recommended.

### 13.3. INTERSECTION DESIGN

## Fernbank/Street 1

Fernbank at Street 1 is proposed as an unsignalized intersection with STOP control provided on Street 1. The proposed cross-section of the north and southbound approaches on Street 1 is a single shared lane. The proposed cross section of the east and westbound approaches on Fernbank Road is a single left-turn lane and a shared through-right turn lane.

Based on the projected volumes, the westbound left-turn lane is warranted for the horizon year 2020 however the eastbound left-turn lane is not warranted until five years after site build-out in 2025. To ensure proper sightlines and efficient construction, both the east and westbound left-turn lanes are recommended to be constructed for the horizon year 2020. See Appendix $G$ for the left-turn lane warrant and storage length calculations for this intersection.

Storage length of auxiliary lanes are determined using Geometric Design Guide for Canadian Roads, Chapter 9 Intersections (TAC 2017).
The minimum storage can be determined using equation 9.14.

$$
S=\frac{N L}{30}
$$

Where:
S = Storage length (m)
$\mathrm{N}=$ Design volume of turning vehicles ( $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{h}$ )
$\mathrm{L}=$ Length ( m ) occupied by each vehicle
Using the largest anticipated projected volumes (PM peak, 2025 Future Total) for the eastbound left-turn at Fernbank Road and Street 1 , the calculated minimum storage length is approximately 10 m ; however, the minimum safety storage requirement for this design is 15 m (Section 9.17.2.2). Additionally, this auxiliary left-turn lane will require an appropriate taper length; which, can be calculated using Table 9.17.1

## Shea/Street 1

Shea Road at Street 1 is proposed as a stop-controlled t-intersection on the minor leg (Street 1). The proposed crosssection of each approach is a single shared lane.

## Shea/Street 4

Shea Road at Street 4 is proposed as a stop-controlled t-intersection on the minor leg (Street 4). The proposed crosssection of each approach is a single shared lane.

## PARSONS

## 14. TRANSIT

Total "new" two-way transit trips are approximately 97 (28 in, 69 out) and 83 (50 in, 33 out) persons/h in the AM and PM peaks, respectively. During the AM peak, this represents approximately $51-125 \%$ of a single bus ( 55 passengers), approximately $37-92 \%$ of an articulated bus ( 75 passengers), and approximately $31-77 \%$ of a double decker bus ( 90 passengers).

Based on the projected new transit trips, articulated and double decker buses would the most appropriate buses to service the proposed residential development. Furthermore, new transit stops should be implemented along Shea Road south of Abbott Street E and on Fernbank Road east of Liard Street as there are no existing stops adjacent to the development.

## 15. INTERSECTION DESIGN

### 15.1. TOTAL PROJECTED 2020 CONDITIONS

The total projected 2020 traffic volumes were derived by superimposing the site-generated traffic volumes and 5970 Fernbank generated traffic volumes on background 2020 traffic volumes (as per the Forecasting Report). The resulting total projected 2020 traffic volumes are illustrated in Figure 12. Table 11 provides a summary of the total projected 2020 operations at the study area intersections The Synchro and SIDRA model output of total projected 2020 conditions is provided within Appendix H .

Figure 12: 2020 Projected Traffic Volumes


Table 11: Total Projected 2020 Performance at Study Area Intersections

| Intersection | Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critical Movement |  |  | Intersection 'as a whole' |  |
|  | LoS | max. v/c or avg. delay (s) | Movement | Delay (s) | LoS |
| Roundabout |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fernbank/Shea | $F(F)$ | 55.0(67.1) | EB(WB) | 33.6(41.3) | D(E) |
| Stop-Controlled on Minor Street |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fernbank/Street 1 | F(F) | 113.8(123.7) | SB(SB) | 18.9(12.8) | C(B) |
| Shea/Street 1 | E(D) | 46.6(33.9) | EB(EB) | 9.8(4.1) | A(A) |
| Shea/Street 4 | C(C) | 15.2(15.6) | EB(EB) | 1.0(0.9) | A(A) |

With the addition of traffic from the full build-out of the proposed site, the overall intersection LOS for the Roundabout at Fernbank Road and Shea Road, similar to the 2020 future background operational analysis, will continue to operate 'as a whole' with a poor LOS 'E' during the PM peak hour.

The intersection of Fernbank Road at Street 1 is projected to operate with a reasonable LOS during both peak hours. However, the critical southbound movement is projected to operate with very high delays, and LOS ' $F$ '. Mitigation measures for these deficiencies will be further explored in Section 15.2, below.

Both of the proposed Shea Road accesses area projected to operate at an overall LOS ' $A$ '.

### 15.2. TOTAL PROJECTED 2025 CONDITIONS

The total projected 2025 traffic volumes were derived by superimposing the site-generated traffic volumes and 5970 Fernbank generated traffic volumes on background 2025 traffic volumes (as per the Forecasting Report). The resulting total projected 2025 traffic volumes are illustrated in Figure 13. Table 12 provides a summary of the total projected 2025 operations at the study area intersections. The SYNCHRO model output of total projected 2025 conditions is provided within Appendix H .

## PARSONS

Figure 13: 2025 Projected Traffic Volumes


Table 12: Total Projected 2025 Performance at Study Area Intersections

| Intersection | Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critical Movement |  |  | Intersection 'as a whole' |  |
|  | LoS | max. v/c or avg. delay (s) | Movement | Delay (s) | LoS |
| Roundabout |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fernbank/Shea | $F(F)$ | 79.7(95.9) | WB(EB) | 46.4(54.6) | $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{F})$ |
| Stop-Controlled on Minor Street |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fernbank/Street 1 | $F(F)$ | 223.1(195.5) | SB(SB) | 30.9(17.3) | D(C) |
| Shea/Street 1 | $F(E)$ | 70.1(41.8) | EB(EB) | 13.5(4.7) | B(A) |
| Shea/Street 4 | $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C})$ | 16.8(16.9) | EB(EB) | 1.0(0.9) | A(A) |

The intersection of Shea Road at Fernbank Road is projected to continue to operate poorly with the addition of the site traffic. This is primarily caused by the high levels of background growth in and surrounding the Study Area.

The intersection of Fernbank Road and Street 1 is projected to continue to operate with high delays. As discussed in Section 13.2, an MTO Signal Warrant procedure and sensitivity analysis has been undertaken to examine the need for signals at the subject intersection. Based on the sensitivity analysis, it has been determined that signals could become warranted at the Street 1 intersection with Fernbank Road. Table 13 below summarizes the operational analysis with the inclusion of a traffic control signal and the warranted left turn lanes (eastbound and westbound).

Table 13: Total Projected 2025 Performance at Study Area Intersections

| Intersection | Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critical Movement |  |  | Intersection 'as a whole' |  |  |
|  | LoS | max. v/c or avg. delay (s) | Movement | Delay (s) | LoS | v/c |
| Signalized |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fernbank/Street 1 | D(C) | 0.81(0.76) | EBT(WBT) | 14.9(11.7) | B(B) | 0.67(0.63) |
| Note: Analysis of signalized intersections assumes a PHF of 0.95 and a saturation flow rate of $1800 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h} / \mathrm{lane}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

As shown Table 13, the performance of the Fernbank/Street 1 improves significantly when the intersection is signalized. The intersection performance increases from a ' $F$ ' to ' $B$ ' with regard to the intersection 'as a whole' and from a ' $F$ ' to a ' $D$ ' with regard to critical movements.

As shown in Section 13.2 a roundabout should be considered at the intersection of Fernbank Road and Street 1. Table 14 summarizes the operational analysis with a roundabout control at the intersection of Fernbank Road and Street 1.

Table 14: Total Projected 2025 Performance at Study Area Intersections

| Intersection | Weekday AM Peak (PM Peak) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critical Movement |  |  | Intersection 'as a whole' |  |
|  | LoS | max. v/c or avg. delay (s) | Movement | Delay (s) | LoS |
| Roundabout |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fernbank/Street 1 | C(C) | 18.0(21.2) | WBT(EBT) | 13.8(16.1) | B(C) |

As shown in Table 14, a roundabout controlled intersection at Fernbank Road and Street 1 is projected to operate well, with an overall LOS 'C' during the PM peak hour.

## 16. CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results summarized herein the following conclusions are offered:

## Proposed Site

- The development will include 401 units, consisting of 263 townhomes, and 138 single family homes;
- The proposed development will consist of one phase, with an estimated date of occupancy in 2020;
- The proposed development is projected to generate 'new' two-way vehicle volumes of approximately 240 and 210 trips during the weekday morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively; and,
- The accesses to the development will include a proposed new connection to Fernbank Road and two new connections to Shea Road.


## Background Conditions

- Due to the large amount of background development, as well as the conservative $3 \%$ background growth rate, the roundabout at the intersection of Fernbank Road and Shea Road is projected to operate with poor LOS and high delays on the eastbound and westbound through movements.


## Projected Conditions

- The Fernbank/Shea intersection is projected to operate similarly to the background conditions. No improvements are recommended at this intersection as a result of the site generated traffic.


## PARSONS

- The Shea/Street 1 and Shea/Street 4 intersections are projected to operate at a level of service 'B' or better during peak periods.
- The unsignalized Fernbank/Street 1 intersection is projected to experience increasing delays on the southbound approach, with a level of service 'E' during the 2020 horizon and a level of service ' $F$ ' during the 2025 horizon. A signal or a roundabout is recommended at this intersection to improve performance and decrease delays to the southbound movement. An RMA will be required for the design and construction of this intersection.
- At the Fernbank/Street 1 intersection, west and eastbound left-turn turn lanes will be warranted in the 2020 horizon year.
- While this study has considered traffic control signals or a roundabout at the intersection of Street 1 and Fernbank Road, the MTO Signal Warrant has not been met by the projected traffic. Therefore, an eastbound left turn lane should be provided for access to 5969 Fernbank Road. The functional design will show the extent and type of roadway modifications required to accommodate the eastbound left turn lane. This study has determined that a 15 m storage length, plus appropriate taper length should be provided.


## Site Plan

- Cycling facilities will be required along the collector roads within the development, and along the boundary roads of Fernbank Road and Shea Road. These facilities may be on-street facilities but will need separation from on-street parking.
- Pedestrian facilities will include a single sidewalk along local roads, and two sidewalks on collector roads. A minimum boulevard width of 2 m is required to reach MMLoS targets.
- To provide appropriate transit service, additional transit stops are required on Fernbank Road and Shea Road adjacent to the development. Adding additional articulated and double-decker buses will ensure that new transit trips can be accommodated.

Based on the foregoing conclusions, the proposed development is recommended to proceed form a transportation perspective.

Prepared By:


Rani Nahas, E.I.T
Transportation Analyst


7 August 2018

City of Ottawa
Development Review Services
110 Laurier Avenue West
Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

## Attention: Rosanna Baggs

Dear Rosanna:

## Re: 5969 Fernbank Road Transportation Impact Assessment - Addendum \#1

This Addendum has been prepared to address the comments received from the City of Ottawa, dated July 6th, 2018, with corresponding responses from Parsons.

### 1.1. TRAFFIC SIGNALS

Comment 1: Before excavating please call Ont1CALL (1-800-400-2255) for underground locates.

Response 1: Noted, proponent to be informed.
Comment 2: No comments with initial TIS for this circulation. Traffic Signal Design \& Specification reserves the right to make future comments based on subsequent submissions.

Response 2: Noted.

Comment 3: Future considerations:

- If there are any future proposed changes in the existing roadway geometry that require signalizing of an intersection or changing an existing signalized intersection, the City of Ottawa Traffic Operations Unit is required to complete a traffic signal plant design.
- If the proposed traffic signals are warranted/approved for installation and RMA approved please forward an approved geometric detail design drawing (dwg digital format in NAD 83 coordinates) including base mapping, existing and new underground utilities, and approved pavement markings drawing for detail traffic plant design lay out. Please send all digital (CADD) design files to Peter.Grajcar@ottawa.ca 613-580-2424 extension 23035.

Response 3: Noted, proponent to be informed.

### 1.2. STREET LIGHTING

Comment 4: No Comments to this TIA for this circulation. Street Lighting Asset Management Group reserves the right to make comments based on subsequent submissions. Please ensure the Street Lighting group receives the proposed site plan as there is street lighting plant within the ROW

Response 4: Noted, proponent to be informed.

## PARSONS

### 1.3. OC TRANSPO

Comment 5: No comments. Be advised that there is a possibility of implementing transit service through this project in the future.

Response 5: Noted, proponent to be informed.

### 1.4. TRAFFIC ENGINEERING

Comment 6: Minimum left-turn storage length is traditionally 37.5 m plus appropriate taper.

Response 6: Noted, proponent to be informed.

### 1.5. TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING SERVICES

Comment 7: As per the recommendation in the TIA, a separated bicycle facility is required along Shea Road to reach the BLOS target. The cycling facility should connect to the existing bike lanes to the north towards Abbott Street and pathway to the south at the roundabout.

Response 7: Noted, proponent to be informed. In the CDP bike lanes are recommended for Shea Road. Given the planned 24 m ROW, a cross-section will need to be developed to balance the road width, cycling facilities, pedestrian facilities, and boulevard requirements such as trees and utilities.

Comment 8: Provide cycling facility on Street 1 as recommended in the TIA to reach the bicycle level of service target. Fernbank Road and Street 1 are identified as a spine route in the ultimate cycling network.

Response 8: Noted, proponent to be informed. As per response 7, a ROW will have to be developed to accommodate the stated ROW elements.

Comment 9: Street 1 is a continuation of Cope Drive and we recommend the approved cross section east of Robert Grant Road.

Response 9: Noted. The approved cross-section is a 26 m and Street 1 is a 24 m ROW. Therefore, the cross-section will not be continuous west of Shea Road.

Comment 10: Provide pedestrian facilities as recommended in the TIA to improve the pedestrian level of service along the frontage of Shea Road and Street 1.

Response 10: Noted, proponent to be informed. As per response 7, a ROW will have to be developed to accommodate the stated ROW elements.

Comment 11: Confirm proposed pedestrian and cycling facilities recommendations with the City prior to submitting functional design plans (as described in 2017 TIA Guidelines).

Response 11: Noted, proponent to be informed.
Comment 12: There are more than 3,000 vehicles per day along Shea Road currently which exceeds the recommended threshold of 2,500 vehicles a day for a collector road. The development volume will be adding to the existing volumes. Provide measures to mitigate the traffic impact on this collector road.

## PARSONS

Response 12: TAC outlines the typical daily traffic volumes for rural collectors and urban collectors as up to 5,000 vehicles and 8,000 vehicles per day, respectively (Tables 2.6 .4 and 2.6.5). It is unclear why the TIA Guidelines threshold for collector roadways is 2,500 vehicles per day - half of the typical traffic experienced on a collector roadway. Furthermore, as the existing daily traffic is already above the City's limit outlined in the TIA, it should already be flagged to undergo the area traffic management process.

Within the Fernbank CDP, the progression of the road network has not been addressed, but a relevant statement concerning transit may provide some guidance on this issue. The excerpt from Section 7.6 is as follows:
"During the initial development of Phase 1, when development is limited to along the North/South Arterial and in the southeast section of the community, transit service will be provided along the arterial and collector roadways as they are phased into the development. Until a more continuous collector roadway is developed, an interim route may provide linkages within Kanata that may not be maintained in the ultimate route network." ${ }^{1}$

Our interpretation of this statement is that while the Fernbank community is developing, the transit network may need to use alternate routes that are not envisioned in the ultimate plan. While not carried over to the road network, this philosophy is directly applicable to the build-out of the collector road network. At this point in time, Shea Road is being used as the main north-south collector roadway. As the surrounding development is built, traffic will be more evenly distributed and as such, Shea Road may ultimately experience lower average daily traffic volumes.

Comment 13: MMLOS is required for intersections.
Response 13: As stated in the Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLoS) Guidelines, Section 1.3: "Only signalized intersections are considered for the intersection LOS measures." The study area intersections for this TIA include the roundabout Fernbank/Shea intersection and unsignalized Shea/Street 1, Shea/Street 4, and Fernbank/Street 1 intersections (signal warrants not met by build-out year for site accesses). With the RMA for the Fernbank/Street 1 intersection being completed by IBI Group, it is recommended that the City monitor this intersection as the area is built out for further control (e.g. a roundabout) at this location.

Comment 14: Clarify the MTO warrant sheets in Appendix G for Fernbank/Street 1 intersection. The preference is to provide a roundabout rather than a traffic signal. Confirm funding for the new intersection requirements with Ann Selfe.

Response 14: The warrants used in Appendix G for the Fernbank/Street 1 in are based on methodology outlined in the OTM Book 12, Justification 7 - Projected Volumes.

Regarding funding for the new intersection requirements, Tartan Land has agreed to construct the intersection in relation to the 5970 Fernbank Road Development. See attached email for reference.

Comment 15: The proposed road works will require an RMA report to be completed by the development at 5970 Fernbank Road.

Response 15: Noted, proponent to be informed.
Comment 16: Remove the error on the street labelling in Table 7.
Response 16: The corrected table is below.

[^1]
## PARSONS

Table 1: Fernbank/Stittsville Main Historical Background Growth (2006-2011)

| Time Period | Percent Annual Change |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | North Leg | South Leg | East Leg | West Leg | Overall |
| 8 hrs | $1.12 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ | $6.64 \%$ | $7.76 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 . 9 0 \%}$ |
| AM Peak | $1.00 \%$ | $0.77 \%$ | $12.07 \%$ | $7.26 \%$ | $\mathbf{3 . 8 4 \%}$ |
| PM Peak | $1.04 \%$ | $1.59 \%$ | $21.46 \%$ | $12.07 \%$ | $\mathbf{6 . 6 5 \%}$ |

### 1.6. TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING SERVICES

Comment 17: Section 13.3 - the first sentence states that Fernbank at Street 1 is proposed as a fully signalized intersection, this statement should be revised as section 13.2 notes that based on standard conditions they are not warranted.

Response 17: The corrected text is provided below.

## Fernbank/Street 1

Fernbank at Street 1 is proposed as an unsignalized intersection with STOP control provided on Street 1. The proposed cross-section of the north and southbound approaches on Street 1 is a single shared lane. The proposed cross section of the east and westbound approaches on Fernbank Road is a single left-turn lane and a shared through-right turn lane.

Sincerely,


Rani Nahas, EIT Traffic Analyst


Andrew Harte, P. Eng. Transportation Engineer

Appendix A
Screening Form

City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines
TIA Screening Form

| TIA Screening Form <br> Results of Screening | Project Number | 5969 Fernbank Road |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Development Satisfies the Trip Generation Trigger | Yes/No |  |
| Development Satisfies the Location Trigger | Yes |  |
| Development Satisfies the Safety Trigger | Yes |  |

## Module 1.1 - Description of Proposed Development

Municipal Address

5969 Fernbank Road

| Description of location | GOULBOURN CON 10 PT LOT 25;RP 4R7467 PART 2 PT PART 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Land Use | Residential |
| Development Size | 119 Single Detached Homes / 238 Semi-detached \& Townhouse |
| Number of Accesses and Locations | Three; Two on Shea Road and one on Fernbank Road (Shared with |
| Development Phasing | adjacent landowner) |
| Buildout Year | N/A |
| Sketch Plan / Site Plan | Assumed 2020 |


| Module 1.2 - Trip Generation Trigger |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Land Use Type | Single-Family Homes | Townhomes or Apartments |
| Development Size | 119 | 238 |
| Trip Generation Trigger Met? | Yes | Yes |

## Module 1.3-Location Triggers

Development Proposes a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Yes Transit, or Spine Bicycle Networks (See Sheet 3)
Development is in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transitoriented Development (TOD) zone. (See Sheet 3)
Location Trigger Met?

## Module 1.4 - Safety Triggers

| Posted Speed Limit on any boundary road | $<80$ | $\mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Horizontal / Vertical Curvature on a boundary street limits |  |  |
| sight lines at a proposed driveway | No | Yes |
| A proposed driveway is within the area of influence of an |  |  |
| adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of |  |  |
| intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of |  |  |
| intersection in urban/ suburban conditions) or within auxiliary |  |  |
| lanes of an intersection; |  |  |
| A proposed driveway makes use of an existing median break <br> that serves an existing site <br> There is a documented history of traffic operations or safety <br> concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the <br> development <br> The development includes a drive-thru facility <br> Safety Trigger Met? | No | No |

TIA Plan Reports
On 14 June 2017, the Council of the City of Ottawa adopted new Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Guidelines. In adopting the guidelines, Council established a requirement for those preparing and delivering transportation impact assessments and reports to sign a letter of certification.

Individuals submitting TIA reports will be responsible for all aspects of development-related transportation assessment and reporting, and undertaking such work, in accordance and compliance with the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, the Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines.

By submitting the attached TIA report (and any associated documents) and signing this document, the individual acknowledges that $\mathrm{s} /$ he meets the four criteria listed below.

## CERTIFICATION

1. I have reviewed and have a sound understanding of the objectives, needs and requirements of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan, Transportation Master Plan and the Transportation Impact Assessment (2017) Guidelines;
2. I have a sound knowledge of industry standard practice with respect to the preparation of transportation impact assessment reports, including multi modal level of service review;
3. I have substantial experience (more than 5 years) in undertaking and delivering transportation impact studies (analysis, reporting and geometric design) with strong background knowledge in transportation planning, engineering or traffic operations; and
4. I am either a licensed ${ }^{1}$ or registered ${ }^{2}$ professional in good standing, whose field of expertise [check $\sqrt{ }$ appropriate field(s)] is either transportation engineering $\sqrt{ }$ or transportation planning $\square$.

1,2 License of registration body that oversees the profession is required to have a code of conduct and ethics guidelines that will ensure appropriate conduct and representation for transportation planning and/or transportation engineering works.

Dated at $\qquad$ this $\qquad$ day of _May $\qquad$ , 2018. (City)

Name: $\qquad$
(Please Print)
Professional Title: $\qquad$ Professional Engineer


Signature of Individual certifier that $\mathrm{s} /$ he meets the above four criteria


| Office Contact Information (Please Print) |
| :--- |
| Address: 625 Cochrane Drive, Suite 500 |
| City / Postal Code: L3R 9R9 |
| Telephone / Extension: 1647.457 .5866 |
| E-Mail Address: Mark.Crockford@Parsons.com |

## Appendix B

Traffic Data

## Fernbank Road and Shea Road (Roundabout)

## Stittsville, ON

## Survey Date: Tuesday, 22 March 2016

Weather: Cloudy/Partly Cloudy Survey Duration: 8 Hrs. Survey Hours: 0700-1000, 1130-1330 \& 1500-1800

Start Time:

AADT Factor:
1.0

|  | Fernbank Road |  |  |  |  | Fernbank Road |  |  |  |  |  | Shea Road |  |  |  |  | Shea Road |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Eastbound |  |  |  |  | Westbound |  |  |  |  |  | Northbound |  |  |  |  | Southbound |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Time Period | LT | ST | RT | UT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E/B } \\ & \text { Tot } \end{aligned}$ | LT | ST | RT | UT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { W/B } \\ & \text { Tot } \end{aligned}$ | Street Total | LT | ST | RT | UT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N/B } \\ & \text { Tot } \end{aligned}$ | LT | ST | RT | UT | $\begin{aligned} & S / B \\ & \text { Tot } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Street } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ | Grand Total |
| 0700-0800 | 130 | 308 | 33 | 1 | 472 | 23 | 61 | 44 | 0 | 128 | 600 | 7 | 91 | 33 | 0 | 131 | 59 | 72 | 39 | 0 | 170 | 301 | 901 |
| 0800-0900 | 103 | 265 | 20 | 0 | 388 | 15 | 104 | 51 | 1 | 171 | 559 | 5 | 81 | 39 | 0 | 125 | 69 | 59 | 75 | 0 | 203 | 328 | 887 |
| 0900-1000 | 50 | 226 | 13 | 0 | 289 | 11 | 94 | 52 | 0 | 157 | 446 | 6 | 58 | 40 | 0 | 104 | 39 | 33 | 36 | 0 | 108 | 212 | 658 |
| 1130-1230 | 25 | 109 | 2 | 0 | 136 | 33 | 96 | 40 | 0 | 169 | 305 | 11 | 41 | 27 | 0 | 79 | 47 | 35 | 43 | 0 | 125 | 204 | 509 |
| 1230-1330 | 27 | 128 | 8 | 0 | 163 | 15 | 117 | 49 | 0 | 181 | 344 | 5 | 39 | 13 | 0 | 57 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 1 | 100 | 157 | 501 |
| 1500-1600 | 45 | 130 | 12 | 0 | 187 | 37 | 247 | 72 | 0 | 356 | 543 | 14 | 53 | 27 | 0 | 94 | 49 | 69 | 68 | 0 | 186 | 280 | 823 |
| 1600-1700 | 55 | 156 | 14 | 0 | 225 | 32 | 306 | 116 | 1 | 455 | 680 | 15 | 91 | 28 | 0 | 134 | 39 | 86 | 74 | 0 | 199 | 333 | 1013 |
| 1700-1800 | 51 | 158 | 5 | 0 | 214 | 35 | 289 | 94 | 0 | 418 | 632 | 23 | 90 | 22 | 0 | 135 | 59 | 80 | 86 | 0 | 225 | 360 | 992 |
| Totals | 486 | 1480 | 107 | 1 | 2074 | 201 | 1314 | 518 | 2 | 2035 | 4109 | 86 | 544 | 229 | 0 | 859 | 391 | 467 | 457 | 1 | 1316 | 2175 | 6284 |

Equivalent 12 \& 24-hour Vehicle Volumes Including the Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) Factor Applicable to the Day and Month of the Turning Movement Count
$\Rightarrow$ Expansion factors are applied exclusively to standard 8 -hour turning movement counts

| Equivalent 12-hour vehicle volumes. These volumes are calculated by multiplying the 8-hour totals by the 8 $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow} 12$ expansion factor of 1.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equ. 12 Hr | 676 | 2057 | 149 | 1 | 2883 | 279 | 1826 | 720 | 3 | 2829 | 5712 | 120 | 756 | 318 | 0 | 1194 | 543 | 649 | 635 | 1 | 1829 | 3023 | 8735 |
| Average daily 12-hour vehicle volumes. These volumes are calculated by multiplying the equivalent 12 -hour totals by the AADT factor of: 1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AADT 12-hr | 676 | 2057 | 149 | 1 | 2883 | 279 | 1826 | 720 | 3 | 2829 | 5712 | 120 | 756 | 318 | 0 | 1194 | 543 | 649 | 635 | 1 | 1829 | 3023 | 8735 |
| 24-Hour AADT. These volumes are calculated by multiplying the average daily 12 -hour vehicle volumes by the $12 \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \mathbf{2 4}$ expansion factor of 1.31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AADT 24 Hr | 885 | 2695 | 195 | 2 | 3777 | 366 | 2393 | 943 | 4 | 3706 | 7482 | 157 | 991 | 417 | 0 | 1564 | 712 | 850 | 832 | 2 | 2396 | 3960 | 11443 |
| AM Peak Hour Factor $\Rightarrow 0.81$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AM Peak Hr | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | S.TOT | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | S.TOT | G.TOT |
| 0715-0815 | 183 | 326 | 32 | 0 | 541 | 25 | 77 | 57 | 1 | 160 | 701 | 5 | 106 | 40 | 0 | 151 | 72 | 82 | 73 | 0 | 227 | 378 | 1079 |
| PM Peak Hour Factor $\Rightarrow 0.96$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PM Peak Hr | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | S.TOT | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | LT | ST | RT | UT | TOT | S.TOT | G.TOT |
| 1630-1730 | 57 | 151 | 6 | 0 | 214 | 36 | 313 | 92 | 0 | 441 | 655 | 20 | 101 | 26 | 0 | 147 | 39 | 84 | 90 | 0 | 213 | 360 | 1015 |

## Comments

Schools in session. This intersection is a roundabout.

## Notes:

1. Includes all vehicle types except bicycles and electric scooters.
2. Expansion factors are not applied to turning movement counts if they are less than 8 -hours in duration.
3. When expansion and AADT factors are applied, the results will differ slightly due to rounding.

## Disclaimer:

[^2]Turning Movement Count Summary, AM and PM Peak Hour Automobiles, Taxis, Light Trucks, Vans, SUV's, Flow Diagrams Motorcycles, Heavy Trucks, Buses, and School Buses

## Fernbank Road and Shea Road (Roundabout)

## Stittsville, ON



## Appendix C

City of Ottawa Collision Data

| Classification of Accident | Rear End | Turning Movement | Sideswipe | Angle | Approaching | Single Vehicle (other) | Single vehicle (Unattended vehicle) | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P.D. only | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 17 |
| Non-fatal injury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Non reportable | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 21 |

$81 \%$
$14 \%$
$5 \%$
$100 \%$

FERNBANK RD, LI ARD ST to SHEA RD
FERNBANK RD, LI ARD ST to SHEA RD

| Years | Total \# <br> Collisions | 24 Hr AADT <br> Veh Volume | Days | Collisions/MEV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2012-2013$ | 3 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 730 | n/a |


| Classification of Accident | Rear End | Turning Movement | Sideswipe | Angle | Approaching | Single Vehicle (other) | Single vehicle (Unattended vehicle) | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P.D. only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Non-fatal injury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non reportable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 0\% |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 100\% | 0\% | 0\% |  |

100\%
$0 \%$
$0 \%$
$100 \%$

SHEA RD, ABBOTT ST to FERNBANK RD


| Classification of Accident | Rear End | Turning Movement | Sideswipe | Angle | Approaching | Single Vehicle (other) | Single vehicle (Unattended vehicle) | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P.D. only | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Non-fatal injury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Non reportable | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 13 |

FERNBANK RD/ SHEA RD
FERNBANK RD/ SHEA RD

| Years | Total \# <br> Collisions | 24 Hr AADT <br> Veh Volume | Days | Collisions/MEV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2014-2016$ | 5 | 11,443 | 1095 | $\mathbf{0 . 4 0}$ |


| Classification of Accident | Rear End | Turning Movement | Sideswipe | Angle | Approaching | Single Vehicle (other) | Single vehicle (Unattended vehicle) | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P.D. only | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Non-fatal injury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Non reportable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | 20\% | 0\% | 0\% | 60\% | 0\% | 20\% | 0\% | 0\% |  |

## Appendix D

Background Traffic Growth

## Fernbank/ Stittsville Main

8 hrs

| Year | Date | North Leg |  | South Leg |  | East Leg |  | West Leg |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SB | NB | NB | SB | WB | EB | EB | WB |  |
| 2006 | Tuesday 2 May | 2184 | 2262 | 1991 | 1995 | 662 | 543 | 521 | 558 | 10716 |
| 2008 | Wednesday 9 July | 1651 | 1850 | 1524 | 1614 | 1146 | 824 | 675 | 808 | 10092 |
| 2009 | Tuesday 12 May | 1929 | 2027 | 1747 | 1878 | 754 | 658 | 679 | 546 | 10218 |
| 2011 | Tuesday 21 June | 2316 | 2278 | 2012 | 2067 | 908 | 942 | 852 | 801 | 12176 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Fernbank/ Stittsville Main
AM Peak

| Year | Date | North Leg |  | South Leg |  | East Leg |  | West Leg |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SB | NB | NB | SB | WB | EB | EB | WB |  |
| 2006 | Tuesday 2 May | 277 | 307 | 313 | 259 | 60 | 100 | 81 | 65 | 1462 |
| 2008 | Wednesday 9 July | 166 | 257 | 238 | 149 | 104 | 124 | 123 | 101 | 1262 |
| 2009 | Tuesday 12 May | 293 | 295 | 287 | 263 | 66 | 174 | 140 | 54 | 1572 |
| 2011 | Tuesday 21 June | 271 | 308 | 316 | 244 | 83 | 207 | 171 | 52 | 1652 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Fernbank/ Stittsville Main
PM Peak

| Year | Date | North Leg |  | South Leg |  | East Leg |  | West Leg |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SB | NB | NB | SB | WB | EB | EB | WB |  |
| 2006 | Tuesday 2 May | 357 | 349 | 304 | 322 | 10 | 72 | 64 | 92 | 1570 |
| 2008 | Wednesday 9 July | 378 | 379 | 313 | 343 | 266 | 128 | 74 | 181 | 2062 |
| 2009 | Tuesday 12 May | 293 | 304 | 253 | 264 | 155 | 91 | 65 | 107 | 1532 |
| 2011 | Tuesday 21 June | 403 | 373 | 311 | 394 | 239 | 128 | 121 | 179 | 2148 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| North Leg | Year | Counts |  |  |  | \% Change |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | NB | SB | NB+SB | INT | NB | SB | NB+SB | INT |
|  | 2006 | 349 | 357 | 706 | 1570 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2008 | 379 | 378 | 757 | 2062 | 8.6\% | 5.9\% | 7.2\% | 31.3\% |
|  | 2009 | 304 | 293 | 597 | 1532 | -19.8\% | -22.5\% | -21.1\% | -25.7\% |
|  | 2011 | 373 | 403 | 776 | 2148 | 22.7\% | 37.5\% | 30.0\% | 40.2\% |
| Regression Estimate | 2006 | 347 | 344 | 69 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regression Estimate | 2011 | 356 | 372 | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Annual Change | 0.49\% |  | 1.57\% 1.04\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| West Leg | Year | Counts |  |  |  | \% Change |  |  |  |
|  |  | EB | WB | EB+WB | INT | EB | WB | $\begin{gathered} \text { EB+WB } \\ \hline \\ 63.5 \% \\ -32.5 \% \\ 74.4 \% \end{gathered}$ | INT |
|  | 2006 | 64 | 92 | 156 | 1570 | $\begin{gathered} 15.6 \% \\ -12.2 \% \\ 86.2 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 96.7 \% \\ -40.9 \% \\ 67.3 \% \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 31.3 \% \\ -25.7 \% \\ 40.2 \% \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 2008 | 74 | 181 | 255 | 2062 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2009 | 65 | 107 | 172 | 1532 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2011 | 121 | 179 | 300 | 2148 |  |  |  |  |
| Regression Estimate | $\begin{aligned} & 2006 \\ & 2011 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 54 \\ 108 \end{array}$ |  | 160 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regression Estimate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Annual Change |  | 14.58\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| East Leg | Year | Counts |  |  |  | \% Change |  |  |  |
|  |  | EB | WB | EB+WB | INT | EB | WB | EB+WB | INT |
|  | 2006 | 72 | 10 | 82 | 1570 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2008 | 128 | 266 | 394 | 2062 | 77.8\% | 2560.0\% | 380.5\% | 31.3\% |
|  | 2009 | 91 | 155 | 246 | 1532 | -28.9\% | -41.7\% | -37.6\% | -25.7\% |
|  | 2011 | 128 | 239 | 367 | 2148 | 40.7\% | 54.2\% | 49.2\% | 40.2\% |
| Regression Estimate | 2006 |  |  | 149 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regression Estimate | 2011 |  |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Annual Change | 9.50\% |  | 31.42\% 21.46\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Leg | Year | Counts |  |  |  | \% Change |  |  |  |
|  |  | NB | SB | NB+SB | INT | NB | SB | NB+SB | INT |
|  | 2006 | 304 | 322 | 626 | 1570 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2008 | 313 | 343 | 656 | 2062 | 3.0\% | 6.5\% | 4.8\% | 31.3\% |
|  | 2009 | 253 | 264 | 517 | 1532 | -19.2\% | -23.0\% | -21.2\% | -25.7\% |
|  | 2011 | 311 | 394 | 705 | 2148 | 22.9\% | 49.2\% | 36.4\% | 40.2\% |
| Regression Estimate | 2006 | 298 | 304 | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regression Estimate | 2011 | 293 | 358 | 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Annual Change | -0.33\% |  | 3.33\% | 1.59\% |  |  |  |  |  |

## Appendix E

SIDRA Background Traffic Analysis

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: FB2020AM

## AM Peak Period <br> Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dem Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | Queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Shea South Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.511 | 18.1 | LOS C | 2.3 | 18.0 | 0.73 | 0.81 | 45.0 |
| 8 | T1 | 150 | 3.0 | 0.511 | 18.1 | LOS C | 2.3 | 18.0 | 0.73 | 0.81 | 45.0 |
| 18 | R2 | 83 | 3.0 | 0.511 | 18.1 | LOS C | 2.3 | 18.0 | 0.73 | 0.81 | 44.0 |
| Appr |  | 238 | 3.0 | 0.511 | 18.1 | LOS C | 2.3 | 18.0 | 0.73 | 0.81 | 44.6 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 60 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 9.6 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.7 | 0.55 | 0.54 | 49.5 |
| 6 | T1 | 145 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 9.6 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.7 | 0.55 | 0.54 | 49.4 |
| 16 | R2 | 57 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 9.6 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.7 | 0.55 | 0.54 | 48.3 |
| Appr |  | 262 | 3.0 | 0.363 | 9.6 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.7 | 0.55 | 0.54 | 49.2 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 81 | 3.0 | 0.325 | 7.6 | LOS A | 1.4 | 10.9 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 50.6 |
| 4 | T1 | 106 | 3.0 | 0.325 | 7.6 | LOS A | 1.4 | 10.9 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 50.6 |
| 14 | R2 | 100 | 3.0 | 0.325 | 7.6 | LOS A | 1.4 | 10.9 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 49.3 |
| Appr |  | 287 | 3.0 | 0.325 | 7.6 | LOS A | 1.4 | 10.9 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 50.1 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 251 | 3.0 | 0.919 | 36.3 | LOS E | 17.1 | 133.3 | 1.00 | 1.17 | 36.5 |
| 2 | T1 | 499 | 3.0 | 0.919 | 36.3 | LOS E | 17.1 | 133.3 | 1.00 | 1.17 | 36.5 |
| 12 | R2 | 32 | 3.0 | 0.919 | 36.3 | LOS E | 17.1 | 133.3 | 1.00 | 1.17 | 35.8 |
| Approach |  | 782 | 3.0 | 0.919 | 36.3 | LOS E | 17.1 | 133.3 | 1.00 | 1.17 | 36.4 |
| All V |  | 1569 | 3.0 | 0.919 | 23.8 | LOS C | 17.1 | 133.3 | 0.78 | 0.85 | 41.4 |

Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010).
Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ratio (degree of saturation) per movement LOS F will result if $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements ( $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: FB2020PM

## PM Peak Period <br> Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | Queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| South: Shea South Leg er er |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 20 | 3.0 | 0.406 | 11.3 | LOS B | 1.8 | 13.9 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 48.9 |
| 8 | T1 | 154 | 3.0 | 0.406 | 11.3 | LOS B | 1.8 | 13.9 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 48.8 |
| 18 | R2 | 91 | 3.0 | 0.406 | 11.3 | LOS B | 1.8 | 13.9 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 47.7 |
| Appro |  | 265 | 3.0 | 0.406 | 11.3 | LOS B | 1.8 | 13.9 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 48.4 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 135 | 3.0 | 0.941 | 41.2 | LOS E | 18.2 | 142.1 | 1.00 | 1.33 | 35.0 |
| 6 | T1 | 533 | 3.0 | 0.941 | 41.2 | LOS E | 18.2 | 142.1 | 1.00 | 1.33 | 35.0 |
| 16 | R2 | 92 | 3.0 | 0.941 | 41.2 | LOS E | 18.2 | 142.1 | 1.00 | 1.33 | 34.4 |
| Appr |  | 760 | 3.0 | 0.941 | 41.2 | LOS E | 18.2 | 142.1 | 1.00 | 1.33 | 34.9 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 93 | 3.0 | 0.772 | 29.6 | LOS D | 5.7 | 44.2 | 0.84 | 1.04 | 39.1 |
| 4 | T1 | 145 | 3.0 | 0.772 | 29.6 | LOS D | 5.7 | 44.2 | 0.84 | 1.04 | 39.1 |
| 14 | R2 | 179 | 3.0 | 0.772 | 29.6 | LOS D | 5.7 | 44.2 | 0.84 | 1.04 | 38.3 |
| Appro |  | 417 | 3.0 | 0.772 | 29.6 | LOS D | 5.7 | 44.2 | 0.84 | 1.04 | 38.8 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 123 | 3.0 | 0.558 | 13.5 | LOS B | 3.3 | 25.7 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 46.9 |
| 2 | T1 | 288 | 3.0 | 0.558 | 13.5 | LOS B | 3.3 | 25.7 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 46.9 |
| 12 | R2 | 6 | 3.0 | 0.558 | 13.5 | LOS B | 3.3 | 25.7 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 45.8 |
| Approach |  | 417 | 3.0 | 0.558 | 13.5 | LOS B | 3.3 | 25.7 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 46.9 |
| All Vehicles |  | 1859 | 3.0 | 0.941 | 28.1 | LOS D | 18.2 | 142.1 | 0.83 | 1.02 | 39.6 |

Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010).
Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ratio (degree of saturation) per movement LOS $F$ will result if $v / c>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection). Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010). Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: FB2025AM
AM Peak Hour
Fernbank/Shea Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | Queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| South: Shea South Leg er er |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.581 | 21.8 | LOS C | 2.8 | 21.8 | 0.77 | 0.88 | 43.1 |
| 8 | T1 | 168 | 3.0 | 0.581 | 21.8 | LOS C | 2.8 | 21.8 | 0.77 | 0.88 | 43.0 |
| 18 | R2 | 83 | 3.0 | 0.581 | 21.8 | LOS C | 2.8 | 21.8 | 0.77 | 0.88 | 42.1 |
| Appro |  | 256 | 3.0 | 0.581 | 21.8 | LOS C | 2.8 | 21.8 | 0.77 | 0.88 | 42.7 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 60 | 3.0 | 0.388 | 10.2 | LOS B | 1.7 | 13.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 49.2 |
| 6 | T1 | 158 | 3.0 | 0.388 | 10.2 | LOS B | 1.7 | 13.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 49.1 |
| 16 | R2 | 57 | 3.0 | 0.388 | 10.2 | LOS B | 1.7 | 13.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 47.9 |
| Appr |  | 275 | 3.0 | 0.388 | 10.2 | LOS B | 1.7 | 13.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 48.9 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 81 | 3.0 | 0.345 | 8.0 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.8 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 50.4 |
| 4 | T1 | 120 | 3.0 | 0.345 | 8.0 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.8 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 50.4 |
| 14 | R2 | 100 | 3.0 | 0.345 | 8.0 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.8 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 49.1 |
| Appro |  | 301 | 3.0 | 0.345 | 8.0 | LOS A | 1.5 | 11.8 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 50.0 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 251 | 3.0 | 0.998 | 52.8 | LOS F | 28.2 | 219.9 | 1.00 | 1.49 | 31.5 |
| 2 | T1 | 554 | 3.0 | 0.998 | 52.8 | LOS F | 28.2 | 219.9 | 1.00 | 1.49 | 31.5 |
| 12 | R2 | 32 | 3.0 | 0.998 | 52.8 | LOS F | 28.2 | 219.9 | 1.00 | 1.49 | 31.0 |
| Approach |  | 837 | 3.0 | 0.998 | 52.8 | LOS F | 28.2 | 219.9 | 1.00 | 1.49 | 31.4 |
| All Vehicles |  | 1669 | 3.0 | 0.998 | 33.0 | LOS D | 28.2 | 219.9 | 0.79 | 1.04 | 37.7 |

Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010).
Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ratio (degree of saturation) per movement LOS F will result if $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection). Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010). Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: FB2025PM
PM Peak Hour
Fernbank/Shea Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Mov } \\ \text { ID } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | Queue <br> Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Shea South Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 20 | 3.0 | 0.444 | 12.3 | LOS B | 2.1 | 16.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 48.3 |
| 8 | T1 | 171 | 3.0 | 0.444 | 12.3 | LOS B | 2.1 | 16.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 48.2 |
| 18 | R2 | 91 | 3.0 | 0.444 | 12.3 | LOS B | 2.1 | 16.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 47.0 |
| Appr |  | 282 | 3.0 | 0.444 | 12.3 | LOS B | 2.1 | 16.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 47.8 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 135 | 3.0 | 1.024 | 61.0 | LOS F | 31.0 | 241.5 | 1.00 | 1.76 | 29.6 |
| 6 | T1 | 586 | 3.0 | 1.024 | 61.0 | LOS F | 31.0 | 241.5 | 1.00 | 1.76 | 29.5 |
| 16 | R2 | 92 | 3.0 | 1.024 | 61.0 | LOS F | 31.0 | 241.5 | 1.00 | 1.76 | 29.1 |
| Appro |  | 813 | 3.0 | 1.024 | 61.0 | LOS F | 31.0 | 241.5 | 1.00 | 1.76 | 29.5 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 93 | 3.0 | 0.828 | 36.2 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.14 | 36.6 |
| 4 | T1 | 159 | 3.0 | 0.828 | 36.2 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.14 | 36.5 |
| 14 | R2 | 179 | 3.0 | 0.828 | 36.2 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.14 | 35.9 |
| Appr |  | 431 | 3.0 | 0.828 | 36.2 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.14 | 36.3 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 123 | 3.0 | 0.600 | 14.9 | LOS B | 3.8 | 29.7 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 46.2 |
| 2 | T1 | 314 | 3.0 | 0.600 | 14.9 | LOS B | 3.8 | 29.7 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 46.1 |
| 12 | R2 | 6 | 3.0 | 0.600 | 14.9 | LOS B | 3.8 | 29.7 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 45.1 |
| Approach |  | 443 | 3.0 | 0.600 | 14.9 | LOS B | 3.8 | 29.7 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 46.1 |
| All Ve |  | 1969 | 3.0 | 1.024 | 38.2 | LOS E | 31.0 | 241.5 | 0.85 | 1.24 | 35.8 |

Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010).
Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ratio (degree of saturation) per movement LOS F will result if $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection). Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010). Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## Appendix F

MMLOS Analysis

Multi-Modal Level of Service - Segments Form


## Appendix G

Warrants





Fernbank/ Street 1 - (peak hour signal warrant, 2025 total projected volumes)

| Signal Warrant |  | Description |  | Minimum <br> Requirement for Two <br> Lane Roadways | Compliance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Restricted Flow Operating Speed Less Than 70 km/h | Sectional \% | Entire \% | Warrant |
|  | 1. <br> Minimum <br> Vehicular <br> Volume |  |  | (1) A | Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of on Average Day, and | 720 | 96\% | 83\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { 83\% } \\ \text { No } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | (4) | Vehicle Volume, Along Minor Streets for Each of the Same 8 Hours | 170 | 83\% |  |  |
|  | 2. Delay to Cross Traffic | (1) | Vehicle Volume, Along Major Street for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of an Average Day, and | 720 | 76\% | 76\% |  |  |
|  |  | (2) | Combined Vehicle and Pedestrian Volume Crossing the Major Street for Each of the Same 8 Hours | 75 | 76\% |  |  |  |
| Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | Vehi Lane | e Volume Warrants (1A), (2A) and (5B) for in one Direction Should Be $25 \%$ Higher Th | Roadways Having Two or an Values Given Above | More Moving | No |  |  |  |
| 2 For Definition of Crossing Volume Refer to Note 4 on the Signal Warrant Analysis Form B2.03.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 The Lowest Sectional Percentage Governs the Entire Warrant <br> 4 For "T" Intersections the Warrant Values for Minor Street Should be Increased by 50\% (Warrant 1B only) |  |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Warrant 1B only)

No


## SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS \#1

Fernbank/ Street 1 - (peak hour signal warrant, 2025 total projected volumes)

|  | Signal Warrant | Description |  | Minimum <br> Requirement for Two Lane Roadways | Compliance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Restricted Flow Operating Speed Less Than 70 km/h | Sectional \% | Entire \% | Warrant |
|  | 1. <br> Minimum <br> Vehicular Volume | (1) A | Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of on Average Day, and | 720 | 100\% | 100\% | $\begin{gathered} 100 \% \\ \text { Yes } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | (4) B | Vehicle Volume, Along Minor Streets for Each of the Same 8 Hours | 170 | 101\% |  |  |
|  | 2. Delay to Cross Traffic | (1) | Vehicle Volume, Along Major Street for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of an Average Day, and | 720 | 76\% | 76\% |  |
|  |  | (2) | Combined Vehicle and Pedestrian Volume Crossing the Major Street for Each of the Same 8 Hours | 75 | 96\% |  |  |
| Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | Vehic Lane | le Volume Warrants (1A), (2A) and (5B) for in one Direction Should Be $25 \%$ Higher Th | Roadways Having Two or an Values Given Above | More Moving | No |  |
| 2 For Definition of Crossing Volume Refer to Note 4 on the Signal Warrant Analysis Form B2.03.08 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 The Lowest Sectional Percentage Governs the Entire Warrant <br> 4 For "T" Intersections the Warrant Values for Minor Street Should be Increased by 50\% (Warrant 1B only) |  |  |  |  |  | No |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Warrant 1B only)

No


## SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS \#2

Fernbank/ Street 1 - (peak hour signal warrant, 2025 total projected volumes)
 (Warrant 1B only)

No


Fernbank/ Street 1-2020 Total Projected Volumes

| AWSC Warrant |  | Description |  | Minimum Requirement for a four-leg intersection | Compliance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sectional \% | Entire \% |  | Warrant |
|  | 1. Minimum Volume Criterion |  |  | A | Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of on Average Day, or | 200 | 279\% | 48\% | No |
|  |  | B | Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for the Heaviest Peak Hour, and | 350 | 211\% |  |  |
|  |  | C | Vehicle and pedestrian Volume, Along Minor Streets for Each of the Same 8 Hours, and | 80 | 144\% |  |  |
|  |  | D | The volume split between the major and minor streets | 65/35 | 48\% |  |  |
|  | 2. Minimum Collision Criterion | A | Vehicle Volume, Along Major Street for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of an Average Day, and | 9 | 0\% | 0\% |  |  |

Note: $\mathbf{0}$ preventable by AWSC collisions (i.e. right angle and turning movement collisions) were reported during a 3 year time period


Fernbank/ Street 1-2025 Total Projected Volumes

| AWSC Warrant |  | Description |  | Minimum Requirement for a four-leg intersection | Compliance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sectional \% | Entire \% |  | Warrant |
|  | 1. Minimum Volume Criterion |  |  | A | Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of on Average Day, or | 200 | 307\% | 43\% | No |
|  |  | B | Vehicle Volume, All Approaches for the Heaviest Peak Hour, and | 350 | 245\% |  |  |
|  |  | C | Vehicle and pedestrian Volume, Along Minor Streets for Each of the Same 8 Hours, and | 80 | 144\% |  |  |
|  |  | D | The volume split between the major and minor streets | 65/35 | 43\% |  |  |
|  | 2. Minimum Collision Criterion | A | Vehicle Volume, Along Major Street for Each of the Heaviest 8 Hours of an Average Day, and | 9 | 0\% | 0\% |  |  |

Note: $\mathbf{0}$ preventable by AWSC collisions (i.e. right angle and turning movement collisions) were reported during a 3 year time period


## City of Ottawa <br> Roundabout Initial Feasibility Screening Tool

The intent of this screening tool is to provide a relatively quick assessment of the feasibility of a roundabout at a particular intersection in comparison to other appropriate forms of traffic control or road modifications including all-way stop control, traffic signals, auxiliary lanes, etc. The intended outcome of this tool is to provide enough information to assist staff in deciding whether or not to proceed with an Intersection Control Study to investigate the feasibility of a roundabout in more detail.

1 Project Name:

2 Intersection:

3 Location and Description of Intersection:

Lane configuration, total or approach AADT, distance to nearby intersection(s), etc. Attach or sketch a diagram and include existing and/or horizon-year turning movements. If an existing intersection then indicate type of control.

4 What traditional modifications are proposed?
All-way stop control, traffic signals, auxiliary lanes, etc. Attach or sketch a diagram if necessary.

5 What size of roundabout is being considered?
Describe, and attach a Roundabout Traffic Flow Worksheet.

6 Why is a roundabout being considered?

5969 Fernbank Road Strategy Report

## Fernbank/Street 1

Located approximately 550 m west of the Fernbank/Shea roundabout intersection

A traffic signal is also being explored.


To reduce projected delays at the Fernbank/Street 1 intersection

7 Are there contra-indications for a roundabout?

If "Yes" is indicated for one or more of the contra-indications then a roundabout may be problematic at the subject intersection. That is not to say that a roundabout is not possible, just that there may be difficulties or high costs.

| No. | Contra-Indication | Outcome |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Is there insufficient property at the intersection (i.e. less <br> than 44 metres diameter if considering a single-lane <br> roundabout, and less than 60 metres if considering a <br> two-lane roundabout) or property constraints that would <br> require demolition of adjacent structures? | Yes $\square$ No |
| 2 | Are there any instances where stopping sight distance <br> (SSD) of a roundabout yield line may not be attainable <br> (i.e. the intersection is on a crest vertical curve)? | Yes $\square$ No |
| 3 | Is there an existing uncontrolled approach with a grade <br> in excess of 4 percent? | Yes $\square$ No |
| 4 | Is the intersection located within a coordinated signal <br> system? | Yes $\square$ No |
| 5 | Is there a closely-spaced traffic signal or railway <br> crossing that could not be controlled with a nearby <br> roundabout? | Yes $\square$ No |
| 6 | Are significant differences in directional flows or any <br> situations of sudden high demand expected? | Yes $\square$ No $\downarrow$ |
| 7 | Are there known visually-impaired pedestrians that <br> cross this intersection? | Yes $\square$ No |

8 Are there suitability factors for a roundabout?

If "Yes" is indicated for two or more of the suitability factors then a roundabout should be technically feasible at the subject intersection.

| No. | Suitability Factor | Outcome |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Does the intersection currently experience an average <br> collision frequency of more than 1.5 injury crashes per <br> year, or a collision rate in excess of linjury crash per 1 <br> million vehicles entering (MVE)? | Yes $\square$ No $\downarrow$ |
| 2 | Has there been a fatal crash at the intersection in the <br> last 10 years? | Yes $\square$ No $\downarrow$ |
| 3 | Are capacity problems currently being experienced, or <br> expected in the future? | Yes $\downarrow$ No $\square$ |
| 4 | Are traffic signats warranted, or expected to be <br> warranted in the future? | Yes $\downarrow$ No $\square$ |
| 5 | Does the intersection have more than 4 legs, or unusual <br> geometry? | Yes $\square$ No $\downarrow$ |
| 6 | Will planned modifications to the intersection require <br> that nearby structures be widened (i.e. to accommodate <br> left-turn lanes)? | Yes $\square$ No $\downarrow$ |
| 7 | Is the intersection located at a transition between rural <br> and urban environments (i.e. an urban boundary) such <br> that a roundabout could act as a means of speed <br> transition? | Yes $\downarrow$ No $\square$ |

9 Conclusions/recommendation whether to proceed with an Intersection Control Study:

A roundabout should technically be feasible due to the projected traffic issues and signal warrant. SIDRA analysis to be completed.

## Appendix H

Synchro and SIDRA Total Projected Traffic Analysis

Future 2020 AM
2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Future 2020 AM
3: Shea \& Street 1


Future 2020 AM
4: Street 4 \& Shea


Future 2020 PM
2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Future 2020 PM
3: Shea \& Street 1


Future 2020 PM
4: Street 4 \& Shea


## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

Site: 1 [FT2020AM]

## AM Peak Period <br> Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{array}{r} \text { lows } \\ \text { HV } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back <br> Vehicles <br> veh | f Queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Shea South Leg mill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.550 | 20.8 | LOS C | 2.5 | 19.7 | 0.77 | 0.86 | 43.6 |
| 8 | T1 | 150 | 3.0 | 0.550 | 20.8 | LOS C | 2.5 | 19.7 | 0.77 | 0.86 | 43.5 |
| 18 | R2 | 83 | 3.0 | 0.550 | 20.8 | LOS C | 2.5 | 19.7 | 0.77 | 0.86 | 42.6 |
| Appro |  | 238 | 3.0 | 0.550 | 20.8 | LOS C | 2.5 | 19.7 | 0.77 | 0.86 | 43.2 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 60 | 3.0 | 0.405 | 10.4 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 49.1 |
| 6 | T1 | 166 | 3.0 | 0.405 | 10.4 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 49.0 |
| 16 | R2 | 67 | 3.0 | 0.405 | 10.4 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 47.9 |
| Appro |  | 293 | 3.0 | 0.405 | 10.4 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.1 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 48.8 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 107 | 3.0 | 0.362 | 8.3 | LOS A | 1.6 | 12.6 | 0.44 | 0.35 | 50.0 |
| 4 | T1 | 106 | 3.0 | 0.362 | 8.3 | LOS A | 1.6 | 12.6 | 0.44 | 0.35 | 49.9 |
| 14 | R2 | 100 | 3.0 | 0.362 | 8.3 | LOS A | 1.6 | 12.6 | 0.44 | 0.35 | 48.7 |
| Appro |  | 313 | 3.0 | 0.362 | 8.3 | LOS A | 1.6 | 12.6 | 0.44 | 0.35 | 49.6 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 251 | 3.0 | 1.006 | 55.0 | LOS F | 30.0 | 234.0 | 1.00 | 1.56 | 30.9 |
| 2 | T1 | 550 | 3.0 | 1.006 | 55.0 | LOS F | 30.0 | 234.0 | 1.00 | 1.56 | 30.9 |
| 12 | R2 | 32 | 3.0 | 1.006 | 55.0 | LOS F | 30.0 | 234.0 | 1.00 | 1.56 | 30.4 |
| Approach |  | 833 | 3.0 | 1.006 | 55.0 | LOS F | 30.0 | 234.0 | 1.00 | 1.56 | 30.9 |
| All Ve | cles | 1677 | 3.0 | 1.006 | 33.6 | LOS D | 30.0 | 234.0 | 0.79 | 1.07 | 37.4 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.
LOS F will result if $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

## Site: 1 [FT2020PM]

## PM Peak Period

Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{array}{r} \text { =lows } \\ \text { HV } \\ \% \end{array}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Shea South Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 20 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 12.3 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 48.3 |
| 8 | T1 | 154 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 12.3 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 48.2 |
| 18 | R2 | 91 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 12.3 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 47.1 |
| Appr |  | 265 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 12.3 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.0 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 47.8 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 135 | 3.0 | 1.047 | 67.1 | LOS F | 36.2 | 281.8 | 1.00 | 1.88 | 28.2 |
| 6 | T1 | 590 | 3.0 | 1.047 | 67.1 | LOS F | 36.2 | 281.8 | 1.00 | 1.88 | 28.2 |
| 16 | R2 | 121 | 3.0 | 1.047 | 67.1 | LOS F | 36.2 | 281.8 | 1.00 | 1.88 | 27.8 |
| Appr |  | 846 | 3.0 | 1.047 | 67.1 | LOS F | 36.2 | 281.8 | 1.00 | 1.88 | 28.1 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 111 | 3.0 | 0.826 | 35.6 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.13 | 36.7 |
| 4 | T1 | 145 | 3.0 | 0.826 | 35.6 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.13 | 36.7 |
| 14 | R2 | 179 | 3.0 | 0.826 | 35.6 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.13 | 36.0 |
| Appr |  | 435 | 3.0 | 0.826 | 35.6 | LOS E | 6.8 | 53.0 | 0.88 | 1.13 | 36.4 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 123 | 3.0 | 0.614 | 15.4 | LOS C | 4.0 | 31.3 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 45.9 |
| 2 | T1 | 324 | 3.0 | 0.614 | 15.4 | LOS C | 4.0 | 31.3 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 45.9 |
| 12 | R2 | 6 | 3.0 | 0.614 | 15.4 | LOS C | 4.0 | 31.3 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 44.8 |
| Approach |  | 453 | 3.0 | 0.614 | 15.4 | LOS C | 4.0 | 31.3 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 45.9 |
| All Vehicles |  | 1999 | 3.0 | 1.047 | 41.3 | LOS E | 36.2 | 281.8 | 0.86 | 1.30 | 34.8 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.
LOS $F$ will result if $v / c>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies. Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Future 2025 AM - Unsignalized
2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Future 2025 AM - Unsignalized
3: Shea \& Street 1


Future 2025 AM - Unsignalized
4: Street 4 \& Shea


Future 2025 PM - Unsignalized
2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Future 2025 PM - Unsignalized
3: Shea \& Street 1


Future 2025 PM - Unsignalized
4: Street 4 \& Shea


## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

## Site: 1 [FT2025AM]

## AM Peak Hour <br> Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Mov } \\ \text { ID } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | f Queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Shea South Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 5 | 3.0 | 0.586 | 22.2 | LOS C | 2.8 | 22.0 | 0.78 | 0.88 | 42.9 |
| 8 | T1 | 168 | 3.0 | 0.586 | 22.2 | LOS C | 2.8 | 22.0 | 0.78 | 0.88 | 42.8 |
| 18 | R2 | 83 | 3.0 | 0.586 | 22.2 | LOS C | 2.8 | 22.0 | 0.78 | 0.88 | 41.9 |
| Appro |  | 256 | 3.0 | 0.586 | 22.2 | LOS C | 2.8 | 22.0 | 0.78 | 0.88 | 42.6 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 60 | 3.0 | 0.423 | 10.7 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.1 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 48.9 |
| 6 | T1 | 179 | 3.0 | 0.423 | 10.7 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.1 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 48.9 |
| 16 | R2 | 67 | 3.0 | 0.423 | 10.7 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.1 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 47.7 |
| Appro |  | 306 | 3.0 | 0.423 | 10.7 | LOS B | 1.9 | 15.1 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 48.6 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 107 | 3.0 | 0.383 | 8.7 | LOS A | 1.7 | 13.5 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 49.8 |
| 4 | T1 | 120 | 3.0 | 0.383 | 8.7 | LOS A | 1.7 | 13.5 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 49.7 |
| 14 | R2 | 100 | 3.0 | 0.383 | 8.7 | LOS A | 1.7 | 13.5 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 48.5 |
| Appro |  | 327 | 3.0 | 0.383 | 8.7 | LOS A | 1.7 | 13.5 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 49.3 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 251 | 3.0 | 1.088 | 79.7 | LOS F | 45.3 | 353.3 | 1.00 | 2.15 | 25.7 |
| 2 | T1 | 605 | 3.0 | 1.088 | 79.7 | LOS F | 45.3 | 353.3 | 1.00 | 2.15 | 25.7 |
| 12 | R2 | 32 | 3.0 | 1.088 | 79.7 | LOS F | 45.3 | 353.3 | 1.00 | 2.15 | 25.4 |
| Approach |  | 888 | 3.0 | 1.088 | 79.7 | LOS F | 45.3 | 353.3 | 1.00 | 2.15 | 25.7 |
| All Vehicles |  | 1777 | 3.0 | 1.088 | 46.4 | LOS E | 45.3 | 353.3 | 0.80 | 1.37 | 33.2 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.
LOS F will result if $v / c>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies. Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

## Site: 1 [FT2025PM]

## PM Peak Hour

Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Demand Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Deg. <br> Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | queue <br> Distance | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Shea South Leg min mill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 20 | 3.0 | 0.469 | 13.5 | LOS B | 2.2 | 17.2 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 47.5 |
| 8 | T1 | 171 | 3.0 | 0.469 | 13.5 | LOS B | 2.2 | 17.2 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 47.5 |
| 18 | R2 | 91 | 3.0 | 0.469 | 13.5 | LOS B | 2.2 | 17.2 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 46.4 |
| Appro |  | 282 | 3.0 | 0.469 | 13.5 | LOS B | 2.2 | 17.2 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 47.1 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 135 | 3.0 | 1.132 | 95.9 | LOS F | 53.4 | 416.3 | 1.00 | 2.54 | 23.2 |
| 6 | T1 | 643 | 3.0 | 1.132 | 95.9 | LOS F | 53.4 | 416.3 | 1.00 | 2.54 | 23.2 |
| 16 | R2 | 121 | 3.0 | 1.132 | 95.9 | LOS F | 53.4 | 416.3 | 1.00 | 2.54 | 22.9 |
| Appro |  | 899 | 3.0 | 1.132 | 95.9 | LOS F | 53.4 | 416.3 | 1.00 | 2.54 | 23.1 |
| North: Shea North Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 111 | 3.0 | 0.848 | 38.2 | LOS E | 7.5 | 58.1 | 0.89 | 1.18 | 35.9 |
| 4 | T1 | 159 | 3.0 | 0.848 | 38.2 | LOS E | 7.5 | 58.1 | 0.89 | 1.18 | 35.8 |
| 14 | R2 | 179 | 3.0 | 0.848 | 38.2 | LOSE | 7.5 | 58.1 | 0.89 | 1.18 | 35.2 |
| Appro |  | 449 | 3.0 | 0.848 | 38.2 | LOS E | 7.5 | 58.1 | 0.89 | 1.18 | 35.6 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 123 | 3.0 | 0.652 | 16.9 | LOS C | 4.6 | 35.8 | 0.72 | 0.80 | 45.2 |
| 2 | T1 | 350 | 3.0 | 0.652 | 16.9 | LOS C | 4.6 | 35.8 | 0.72 | 0.80 | 45.1 |
| 12 | R2 | 6 | 3.0 | 0.652 | 16.9 | LOS C | 4.6 | 35.8 | 0.72 | 0.80 | 44.1 |
| Approach |  | 479 | 3.0 | 0.652 | 16.9 | LOS C | 4.6 | 35.8 | 0.72 | 0.80 | 45.1 |
| All Ve | cles | 2109 | 3.0 | 1.132 | 54.6 | LOS F | 53.4 | 416.3 | 0.87 | 1.61 | 31.0 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.
LOS F will result if v/c > 1 irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies. Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Future 2025 AM - Signalized
2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Future 2025 AM - Signalized
2: Fernbank \& Street 1


Splits and Phases: 2: Fernbank \& Street 1


## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

## Site: [Fernbank/Street 1 AM]

AM Peak Hour
Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov } \\ & \text { ID } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema <br> Tota veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | f Queue <br> Distance | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Street 1 l 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 43 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 15.0 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.0 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 46.2 |
| 8 | T1 | 10 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 15.0 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.0 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 46.1 |
| 18 | R2 | 156 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 15.0 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.0 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 45.1 |
| Appr |  | 209 | 3.0 | 0.429 | 15.0 | LOS B | 1.8 | 14.0 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 45.4 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 44 | 3.0 | 0.271 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.2 | 9.1 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 52.1 |
| 6 | T1 | 202 | 3.0 | 0.271 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.2 | 9.1 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 52.1 |
| 16 | R2 | 31 | 3.0 | 0.271 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.2 | 9.1 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 50.7 |
| Appr |  | 277 | 3.0 | 0.271 | 6.2 | LOS A | 1.2 | 9.1 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 51.9 |
| North: Street 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 90 | 3.0 | 0.176 | 6.2 | LOS A | 0.6 | 5.0 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 50.4 |
| 4 | T1 | 10 | 3.0 | 0.176 | 6.2 | LOS A | 0.6 | 5.0 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 50.4 |
| 14 | R2 | 43 | 3.0 | 0.176 | 6.2 | LOS A | 0.6 | 5.0 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 49.1 |
| Appro |  | 143 | 3.0 | 0.176 | 6.2 | LOS A | 0.6 | 5.0 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 50.0 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 14 | 3.0 | 0.751 | 18.0 | LOS C | 7.6 | 58.9 | 0.67 | 0.51 | 45.1 |
| 2 | T1 | 684 | 3.0 | 0.751 | 18.0 | LOS C | 7.6 | 58.9 | 0.67 | 0.51 | 45.1 |
| 12 | R2 | 12 | 3.0 | 0.751 | 18.0 | LOS C | 7.6 | 58.9 | 0.67 | 0.51 | 44.1 |
| Approach |  | 710 | 3.0 | 0.751 | 18.0 | LOS C | 7.6 | 58.9 | 0.67 | 0.51 | 45.0 |
| All Ve | cles | 1339 | 3.0 | 0.751 | 13.8 | LOS B | 7.6 | 58.9 | 0.55 | 0.44 | 46.9 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.
LOS $F$ will result if $v / c>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

## MOVEMENT SUMMARY

## Site: 1 [Fernbank/Street 1 PM]

## PM Peak Hour

Roundabout

| Movement Performance - Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Mov } \\ \text { ID } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OD } \\ & \text { Mov } \end{aligned}$ | Dema Total veh/h | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lows } \\ & \text { HV } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | Deg. Satn v/c | Average Delay sec | Level of Service | 95\% Back Vehicles veh | of Queue Distance m | Prop. Queued | Effective Stop Rate per veh | Average Speed km/h |
| South: Street 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | L2 | 25 | 3.0 | 0.174 | 6.9 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.8 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 51.4 |
| 8 | T1 | 10 | 3.0 | 0.174 | 6.9 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.8 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 51.3 |
| 18 | R2 | 90 | 3.0 | 0.174 | 6.9 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.8 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 50.0 |
| Appro |  | 125 | 3.0 | 0.174 | 6.9 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.8 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 50.4 |
| East: Fernbank East Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | L2 | 162 | 3.0 | 0.815 | 21.2 | LOS C | 9.8 | 76.1 | 0.66 | 0.39 | 43.0 |
| 6 | T1 | 564 | 3.0 | 0.815 | 21.2 | LOS C | 9.8 | 76.1 | 0.66 | 0.39 | 43.0 |
| 16 | R2 | 97 | 3.0 | 0.815 | 21.2 | LOS C | 9.8 | 76.1 | 0.66 | 0.39 | 42.1 |
| Appro |  | 823 | 3.0 | 0.815 | 21.2 | LOS C | 9.8 | 76.1 | 0.66 | 0.39 | 42.9 |
| North: Street 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | L2 | 58 | 3.0 | 0.188 | 9.7 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.9 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 48.3 |
| 4 | T1 | 10 | 3.0 | 0.188 | 9.7 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.9 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 48.2 |
| 14 | R2 | 27 | 3.0 | 0.188 | 9.7 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.9 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 47.1 |
| Appro |  | 95 | 3.0 | 0.188 | 9.7 | LOS A | 0.6 | 4.9 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 47.9 |
| West: Fernbank West Leg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | L2 | 46 | 3.0 | 0.459 | 9.9 | LOS A | 2.3 | 17.7 | 0.49 | 0.40 | 49.7 |
| 2 | T1 | 307 | 3.0 | 0.459 | 9.9 | LOS A | 2.3 | 17.7 | 0.49 | 0.40 | 49.6 |
| 12 | R2 | 44 | 3.0 | 0.459 | 9.9 | LOS A | 2.3 | 17.7 | 0.49 | 0.40 | 48.4 |
| Approach |  | 397 | 3.0 | 0.459 | 9.9 | LOS A | 2.3 | 17.7 | 0.49 | 0.40 | 49.5 |
| All Vehicles |  | 1440 | 3.0 | 0.815 | 16.1 | LOS C | 9.8 | 76.1 | 0.60 | 0.41 | 45.4 |

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay \& v/c (HCM 2010). Site LOS Method is specified in the Parameter Settings dialog (Site tab). Roundabout LOS Method: Same as Sign Control.
Vehicle movement LOS values are based on average delay and v/c ratio (degree of saturation) per movement.
LOS $F$ will result if $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}>1$ irrespective of movement delay value (does not apply for approaches and intersection).
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all movements (v/c not used as specified in HCM 2010).
Roundabout Capacity Model: US HCM 2010.
HCM Delay Formula option is used. Control Delay does not include Geometric Delay since Exclude Geometric Delay option applies. Gap-Acceptance Capacity: Traditional M1.
HV (\%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.


[^0]:    1 https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/construction-and-infrastructure-projects/planned-construction

[^1]:    1 Section 7.6, https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/community-plans-and-design-guidelines/community-plans-and-studies/community-design-plans/fernbank-community-design-plan\#7-6-interim-transit-service; Accessed 11-Jul-2018

[^2]:    
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