JLR No.: 25205-100 February 6, 2020

Revision: 1

Prepared for:

J8Y 3R7

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NOISE CONTROL DETAILED STUDY 99 PARKDALE AVENUE



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Brigil, under the umbrella company 11034936 Canada Inc. (the Owner) retained the services of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited (JLR) to prepare a Noise Control Detailed Study for their condominium development known as 99 Parkdale Avenue, located in the Tunney's Pasture area, within the City of Ottawa (City). The purpose of this study is to assess the potential environmental noise impact on the development, due to vehicular traffic on Parkdale Avenue.

This study is prepared to satisfy the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) Environmental Noise Guidelines NPC-300 and the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) (approved by City Council January 2016) and in particular Part 4, Section 3.2 of the Phase 2 Noise Control Detailed Study Requirements.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed 99 Parkdale Avenue Condominium Development is situated on four (4) properties of approximately 0.14 ha. The current addresses of these properties are 99, 101, 105, and 107 Parkdale Avenue, respectively. The site is bounded by an existing condominium building to the east, a 28-storey condominium building (in-progress) to the south, Parkdale Avenue to the west and an existing 9-storey condominium building to the north, as shown on Figure 1 – Location Plan. The legal description of the 99 Parkdale Avenue Condominium Development is Lots 4, 5, and 6 East Parkdale Avenue (formerly Fifth Street) Registered Plan 41 City of Ottawa as indicated on the Site Plan provided in Appendix 'A'.

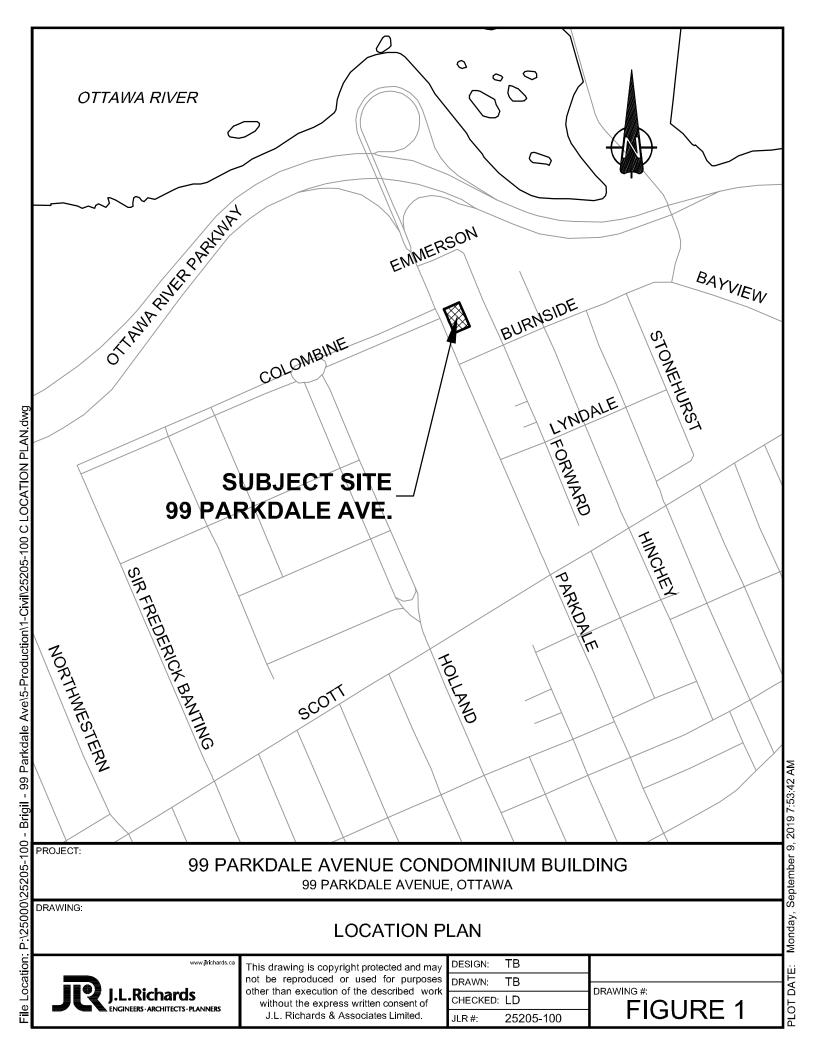
The 99 Parkdale Avenue Condominium Development will consist of 24 Studio units, 100 1-Bedroom units and 115 2-Bedroom units for a total of 239 residential units.

3.0 TRANSPORTATION NOISE SOURCE

The transportation noise sources include Parkdale Avenue. Drawing N1, in Appendix 'A', shows the location of the existing and proposed roadways in relation to the proposed development. Sir John A. MacDonald Parkway is not considered a transportation noise source for this study because it is more than 100 m away from the proposed development, as shown on Drawing N1. Burnside Avenue, Emmerson Avenue, Forward Avenue, and Colombine Driveway are considered local streets and therefore are not transportation noise sources.

3.1 Transportation Sound Level Criteria

For the purpose of determining the predicted noise levels, and based on the sound level criteria established by the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG), the following will be used as the maximum acceptable sound levels (Leq) for residential development and other land uses, such as nursing homes, schools and daycare centres:



Receiver Location	<u>Criteria</u>	Time Period
Outdoor Living Area:	55 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs.)
Indoor Living/Dining Rooms (inside):	45 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs.)
General Office, Reception Area (inside):	50 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs.)
Sleeping Quarters (inside):	40 dBA	Nighttime (2300 - 0700 hrs.)

Outdoor Living Areas (OLA) are defined as that portion of the outdoor amenity area of a dwelling for the quiet enjoyment of the outdoor environment during the daytime period. Typically, the point of assessment in an OLA is 3.0 m from the building façade mid-point and 1.5 m above the ground within the designated OLA for each individual unit. OLAs commonly include backyards, balconies (with a minimum depth of 4 m as per NPC-300), common outdoor living areas, and passive recreational areas.

3.2 Transportation Noise Attenuation Requirements

When the sound levels are equal to or less than the specified criteria, per the City of Ottawa ENCG and/or MOECC NPC-300, no noise attenuation (control) measures are required.

The following tables outline noise attenuation measures to achieve the required dBA Leq for surface transportation noise, per the City of Ottawa ENCG.

Table 1: Outdoor Noise Control Measures for Surface Transportation Noise

	Secondary Mitigation Measures			
Primary Mitigation Measure (in order of preference)	Landscape Plantings and/or Non-acoustic Fence to Obscure Noise Source	Warning Clauses		
Distance setback with soft ground				
Insertion of noise insensitive land uses	Recommended			
between the source and receiver receptor				
Orientation of buildings to provide		Warning Clauses necessary		
sheltered zones in rear yards		and to include:		
Shared outdoor amenity areas		- Reference to specific noise		
Earth berms (sound barriers)		mitigation measures in the		
Acoustic barriers (acoustic barriers)	Required	 development. Whether noise is expected to increase in the future. That there is a need to maintain mitigation. 		

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Table 2: Indoor Noise Control Measures for Surface Transportation Noise

	Secondary Mitigation Measures			
Primary Mitigation Measure (in order of preference)	Landscape Plantings and/or Non-acoustic Fence to Obscure Noise Source	Warning Clauses		
Distance setback with soft ground				
Insertion of noise insensitive land uses between the source and receiver	Recommended	Not necessary		
receptor				
Orientation of buildings to provide sheltered zones or modified interior spaces and amenity areas		Warning Clauses necessary and to include: - Reference to specific noise		
Enhanced construction techniques and construction quality	Required	mitigation measures in the development.		
Earth berms (sound barriers)		- Whether noise is expected		
Indoor isolation – air conditioning and ventilation, enhanced dampening materials (indoor isolation)		to increase in the future. - That there is a need to maintain mitigation.		

The following tables outline the noise level limits per the MOECC NPC-300 and City of Ottawa ENCG.

Table 3: Outdoor Living Area (OLA) Noise Limit for Surface Transportation

Time Period	Leq (16 hr) (dBA)
16 hr., 07:00 am - 23:00	55

Table 4: Indoor Noise Limit for Surface Transportation

Type of Space	Time Period	Leq (dBA)	
Type of Space	Time Period	Road	Rail
Living/dining, den areas of residences, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, daycare centres, etc.	07:00-23:00	45	40
Living/dining, den areas of residences, hospitals, nursing homes, etc. (except schools or daycare centres)	23:00-07:00	45	40
Slooping quarters	07:00-23:00	45	40
Sleeping quarters	23:00-07:00	40	35

In addition to the implementation of noise attenuation features, if required, and depending on the severity of the noise problem, warning clauses may be recommended to advise the prospective purchasers/tenants of affected units of the potential environmental noise. These warning clauses should be included in the Site Plan and Subdivision Agreements, in the Offers of Purchase and Sale, and should be registered on Title. Warning clauses may be included for any development, irrespective of whether it is considered a noise sensitive land use.

Where site measures are required to mitigate noise levels, the City of Ottawa requires that notices be placed on Title informing potential buyers and/or tenants of the site conditions.

3.3 Prediction of Noise Levels (Transportation)

3.3.1 Road Traffic Data

The following traffic data was used to predict noise levels:

Table 5: Road Traffic Data to Predict Noise Levels

	Parkdale Avenue
Total Traffic Volume (AADT)	15,000
Day/Night Split (%)	92/8
Medium Trucks (%)	7
Heavy Trucks (%)	5
Posted Speed (km/hr.)	50
Road Gradient (%)	1
Road Classification	2-Lane Urban Arterial (2-UAU)

Schedule 'E' and Annex 1 of the City of Ottawa Official Plan (May 2003) were utilized to determine the correct road classification and protected right-of-way. These road classifications were compared to Map 6 of the City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (Road Network – Urban). All findings were then compared to Table B1 (Part 4, Appendix 'B') of the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines in order to determine an appropriate AADT value.

3.3.2 Noise Level Calculations (Transportation)

The noise levels for the daytime and nighttime periods were calculated for a number of representative receivers described in Table 6 and shown on Drawing N1, using the MOECC Road Traffic Noise Computer program STAMSON, Version 5.03.

In addition, noise levels were calculated for both absorptive and reflective ground surfaces to determine the impact of each. Absorptive ground surfaces, such as greenspace, do not reflect noise and therefore moderate the noise impact. Reflective ground surfaces, such as hard surface parking lots, allow sound to reflect back to a receiver thereby amplifying the noise impact.

Computer printouts are included in Appendix 'B'.

Table 6: Predicted Freefield Noise Levels (Transportation)

Receiver No.	Receiver	Receiver Description and Location	Noise Levels (dBA)		
(File Name)	Height (m)	-	Daytime	Nighttime	
R1 (99P_R1)	9	Outdoor Living Area at 3 rd Floor (Amenity Area) fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 26.6 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	50.90	N/A	
R2 (99P_R2)	5.8	Plane of Window (west facade) 2 nd Storey fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 16.4 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	66.65	59.06	
R2 (99P_R2re)	5.8	Plane of Window (west facade) 2 nd Storey fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 16.4 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	68.09	60.50	
R2a (99P_R2a)	42.3	Plane of Window (west facade) 14 th Storey fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 16.4 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	68.09	60.50	
R2a (99P_R2ar)	42.3	Plane of Window (west facade) 14 th Storey fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 16.4 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	68.09	60.50	
R2b (QP3_R2b)	84.3	Plane of Window (west facade) 28 th Storey fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 16.4 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	68.09	60.50	
R3 (99P_R3)	5.8	Plane of Window (north facade) 2 nd Storey siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 26.9 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	57.10	49.50	
R3 (99P_R3re)	5.8	Plane of Window (north facade) 2 nd Storey siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 26.9 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	58.58	50.98	
R3a (99P_R3a)	42.3	Plane of Window (north facade) 14 th Storey siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 26.9 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	62.93	55.34	
R3b (99P_R3b)	84.3	Plane of Window (north facade) 28 th Storey siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 26.9 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	62.93	55.34	
R4 (99P_R4)	9.2	Plane of Window (south facade) 3 rd Floor siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 28.6 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	59.27	51.67	
R4 (99P_R4re)	9.2	Plane of Window (south facade) 3 rd Floor siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 28.6 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	60.83	53.24	
R4a (99P_R4a)	42.3	Plane of Window (south facade) 14 th Storey siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 28.6 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	60.83	53.24	
R4b (99P_R4b)	84.3	Plane of Window (south facade) 28 th Storey siding on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 28.6 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue.	60.83	53.24	

Receiver No.	Receiver	Receiver Description and Location	Noise Levels (dBA)		
(File Name) Height (m)		•	Daytime	Nighttime	
R5 (99P_R5)	86.6	Outdoor Living Area at Roof Top (Amenity Area) fronting on Parkdale Avenue at a distance of 19.5 m from the centerline of Parkdale Avenue. Reflective ground surface.	50.30	N/A	

3.4 Summary of Findings (Transportation)

Noise levels at representative receivers were calculated using absorptive and reflective ground surfaces to determine the noise level impact. Refer to Table 6 for a summary of predicted noise levels and Appendix 'B' for STAMSON printouts ranging from the 2nd to 28th storey. In general, regardless of the ground surface, noise levels increase as the sound reaches higher receivers, until it peaks at a maximum noise level. For 99 Parkdale, the reflective surface only affects the first 7 floors. At the ground floor a maximum difference of approximately 1.5 dBA higher is predicted with a reflective surface rather than an absorptive surface. This difference progressively reduces to 0 dBA. At the 8th floor and above the noise levels for an absorptive surface versus a reflective surface are predicted to be the same.

A summary of the minimum noise requirements and required Warning Clauses is shown on Table 7. The units will require notices to be registered on Title, advising the occupants of the environmental noise problems and/or of the noise attenuation measures being implemented.

Table 7: Minimum Required Control Features/Warning Clauses (Transportation)

Receiver Location	Noise Attenuation Barrier	Central Air Conditioning	Provision for Central Air Conditioning	Forced Air Heating	Warning Clauses	Detailed Building Components Study
Third Floor Amenity Area	No	-	-	-	-	-
West Façade (All Floors) (All units with west exposure, interior and corner)	No	Yes	-	Yes	С	Yes

Noise levels for the outdoor amenity area (R1) on the 3^{rd} level are expected to be 50.90 dBA during the daytime hours. This noise level meets the City's ENCG and MOECC criteria for outdoor noise. Noise barrier and warning clauses are not required.

3.5 Summary of Findings (Building Component)

JLR completed preliminary analysis of a typical residential unit to determine if sufficient acoustical insulation is provided with standard building construction to mitigate interior noise levels to MOECC and City of Ottawa criteria. The Acoustical Insulation Factor (AIF) Method, as described in the Ministry of the Environment Ontario, Ontario Publication, Environmental Noise Assessment in Land Use Planning (ENALUP) 1987 (Page 10-29), was used to assess the building construction required to mitigate exterior noise to meet interior noise criteria. Exterior freefield noise levels at the plane of the windows were calculated individually for each unit type. A Freefield noise level

of 68 dBA was conservatively utilized to determine wall and window construction for the west façade.

Brigil provided floor plan and building elevation drawings, for representative units within the 99 Parkdale Condominium Tower. Floor and elevation drawings are included in Appendix 'C'. Using Brigil's drawings, JLR calculated the window areas, floor areas and wall areas for the each of the rooms within one (1) interior unit and one (1) corner unit. This data was then used to calculate the window to floor area ratios and wall to floor area ratios. Design tables provided in ENALUP were then utilized to identify minimum window and wall AIF requirements to mitigate the plane of window noise levels. Tables 13 and 14 in Appendix 'D' present the working calculations for the window and wall requirements necessary to acoustically insulate each of the noise sensitive rooms within each of the representative units. Based on the ENALUP, the following table presents a summary of the analysis with the minimum standard window and wall construction required per unit type.

Window Type **Exterior** Glass Thickness (Spacing) Glass **Unit Type** Room Wall Type Thickness (Spacing) Glass Thickness 3(6)3(40)3 Bedroom Triple Pane Interior (West Façade) 2(13)2 Kitchen/Living Room Double Pane 3(6)3(80)6 EW3 Corner Bedroom Triple Pane (North/South-West 4(6)4 Façades) Kitchen/Living Room EW1 Double Pane

Table 8: Minimum Window and Wall Construction Types

For this analysis, sliding glass doors are treated as windows. The acoustic insulation factor methodology does not account for sliding glass doors as a door type. It is noted that no additional doors are identified with a connection to the noise sensitive interior rooms such as the living room, bedroom or kitchen area.

Exterior wall type construction notes:

- EW1 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing, wood or metal siding and fibre backer board.
- EW2 Standard wall construction (noted above), with rigid insulation (25-30 mm), wood or metal siding, and fibre backer board.
- EW3 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing, 28 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.
- EW4 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

Window and wall construction details, to achieve the minimum noise mitigation, will be established during the detailed building component study in consultation with Brigil.

Tables A2 and A3 from Canada Mortgage and Housing's (CMHC) publication, Airport Noise, revised 1981 were used to convert AIF values to the more widely recognized Sound Transmission Class (STC) values. Appendix 'E' presents these CMHC tables.

AIF and equivalent STC values are presented in Table 9 for the unit bedroom with the highest AIF requirement. It is recommended that at the time of building permit application that the AIF/STC be confirmed to suit the specific units.

Table 9: AIF Value Conversion to STC Value

		Windows				Walls			
Type of Unit	Room	AIF Required	Window/Floor Area Ratio	AIF Conversion Formula	STC	Wall/Floor Area Ratio	AIF Conversion Formula	STC	
Interior	Bedroom	30	94%	STC-6	36	0%	-	-	
(West Façade)	Kitchen/Living Room	25	43%	STC – 3	28	0%	-	-	
Corner	Bedroom	36	62%	STC – 4	40	106%	STC - 7	43	
(North/South – West Façades)	Kitchen/Living Room	28	38%	STC – 2	30	12%	STC – 7	37	

4.0 STATIONARY NOISE SOURCES

The sole stationary noise source for this study are the air handling units. The proposed mechanical room will be an enclosed room at the penthouse level of the 99 Parkdale Tower, above the 28th floor. Stationary noise analysis is not required for the air handling units since the enclosed mechanical room will mitigate any potential noise generated at the source. It is recommended that the mechanical room building components (windows and walls) match the building components required for the residential units.

5.0 OPINION OF PROBABLE COSTS (OPC) FOR MITIGATION MEASURES

Based on discussions with Brigil, the following table summarizes our opinion of probable costs for the mitigation measures identified in this report.

Table 10: Opinion of Probable Costs for Mitigation Measures

Item	Estimated Cost per square foot	Estimated Quantity	Estimated Sub-Total	
Window Wall (west façade)	\$80	18,750 sq.ft.	\$1,500,000	
Estimate	\$1,500,000			

It is noted that Central Air Conditioning will be provided for all units irrespective of noise mitigation requirements. In addition, the structural window requirements will determine assembly costs rather than the acoustic mitigation requirements.

6.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Predicted noise levels are not expected to exceed the City of Ottawa ENCG and MOECC criteria for daytime outdoor living areas for the 3rd Floor amenity area.

Predicted noise levels are expected to exceed the City of Ottawa ENCG and MOECC criteria at the west façade Plane of Window. Standard Building Component construction will not meet the minimum requirements to mitigate the exterior noise levels to meet the MOECC and City of Ottawa indoor noise criteria. It is recommended that a Detailed Building Component Study be completed for all units that have exposure to the west façade.

6.1 Outdoor Features

Outdoor noise control features are not required.

6.2 Indoor Features

6.2.1 Forced Air Heating System

Units on all floors without exposure to the west façade shall be fitted with a forced air heating system, and with the provision for the future installation of central air conditioning.

6.2.2 Central Air Conditioning System

Units on all floors with exposure to the west façade shall be fitted with central air conditioning.

6.3 Warning Clauses

6.3.1 Warning Clause Type B

Clause B is to be registered on Title for all units without exposure to the west façade.

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features within the building units, sound levels due to increasing road/transitway traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this dwelling unit includes:

- single/multi-pane glass windows;
- provision for central air conditioning.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.

This dwelling unit has also been designed with the provision for adding central air conditioning at the occupant's discretion. Installation of central air conditioning will

allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment."

6.3.2 Warning Clause Type C

Clause C is to be registered on Title for all units with exposure to the west façade.

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features within the building units, sound levels due to increasing road/transitway traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this dwelling unit includes:

- single/multi-pane glass windows;
- Central air conditioning.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded, it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.

This dwelling unit has been supplied with a central air conditioning system and other measures which will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment."

6.4 Site Plan Agreement and Notices on Title

It is recommended that the previous recommendations and Warning Clauses are included in the Site Plan Agreement and in the Offers of Purchase and Sale and/or lease of the affected units, and be registered on Title.

6.5 Building Permit Requirements

A report prepared and stamped by a Professional Engineer / Acoustical Consultant detailing building components (e.g. glazing/window, wall sections) to provide acoustical insulation to satisfy the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines for indoor noise levels is required prior to the issuance of a Building Permit for all units with exposure to the west façade.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Brigil Communities Inc., for the stated purpose, for the named facility. Its discussions and conclusions are summary in nature and cannot be properly used, interpreted or extended to other purposes without a detailed understanding and discussions with the client as to its mandated purpose, scope and limitations. This report was prepared for the sole benefit and use of Brigil Communities Inc. and may not be used or relied on by any other party without the express written consent of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited.

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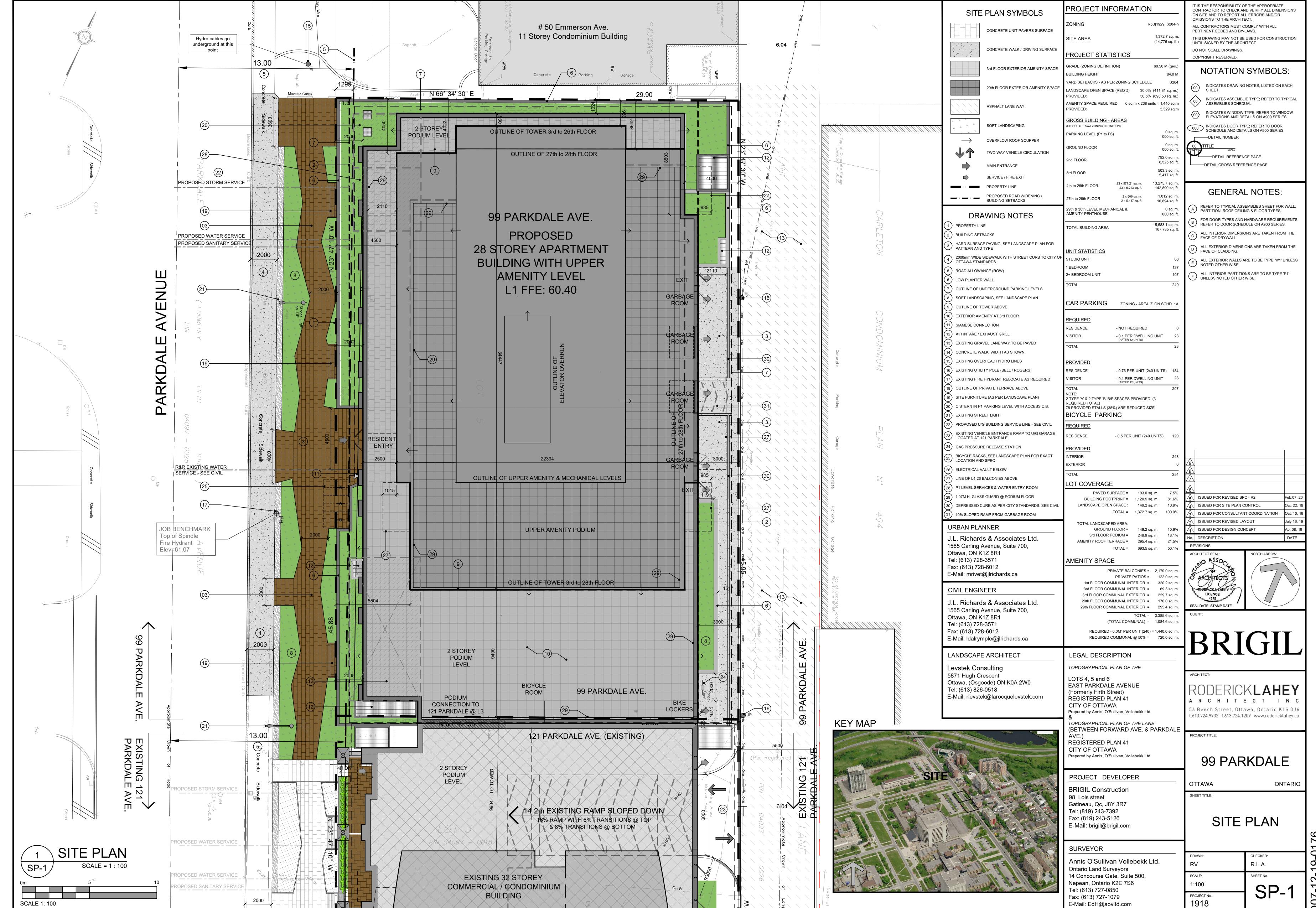
Reviewed by:

Lee Jablonski Beng Senior Civil Engineer

Appendix A

<u>Drawings</u>

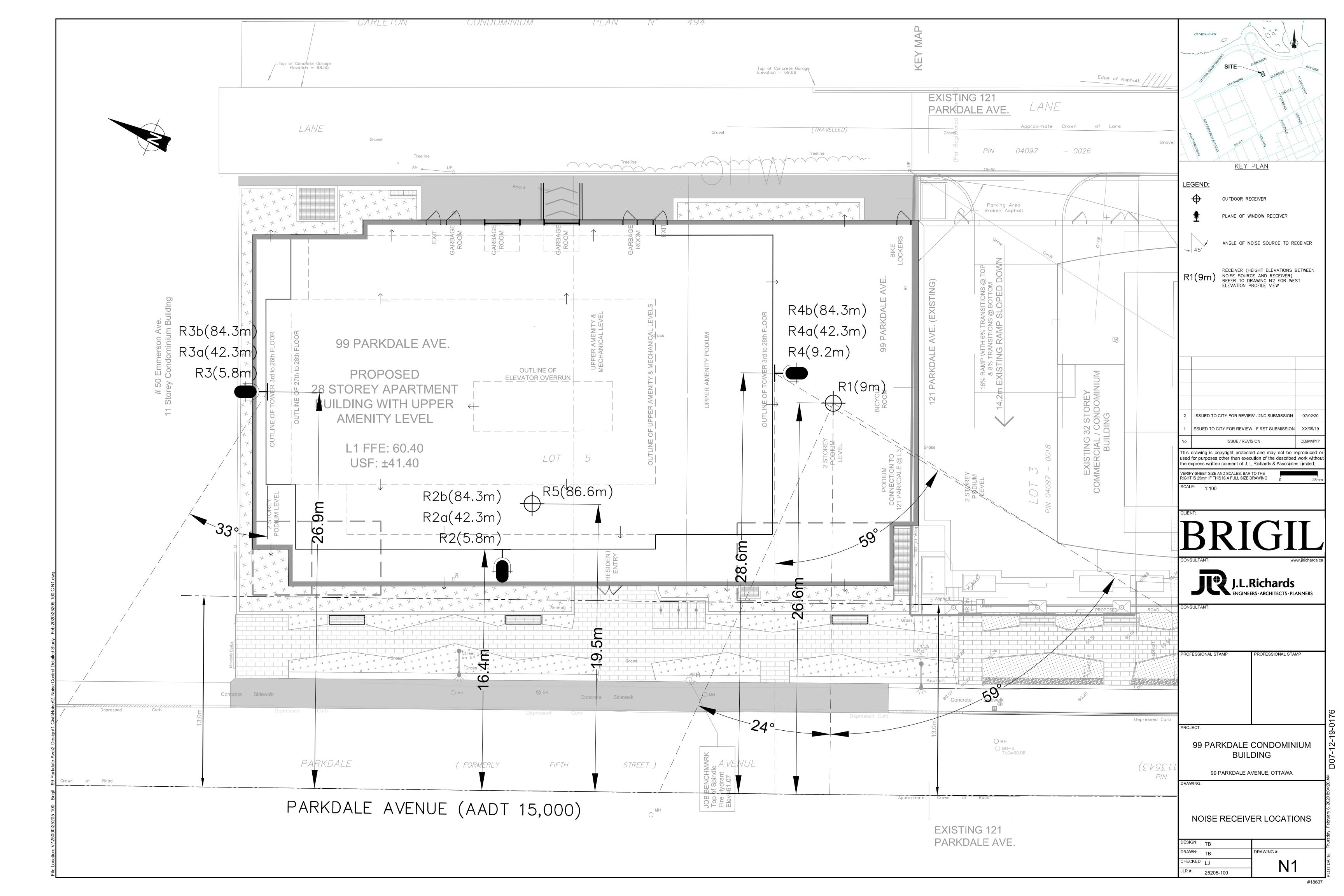
- Plan of Subdivision
- Concept Plan
- Grading Plan
- Noise Receiver Locations (Roads) – N1

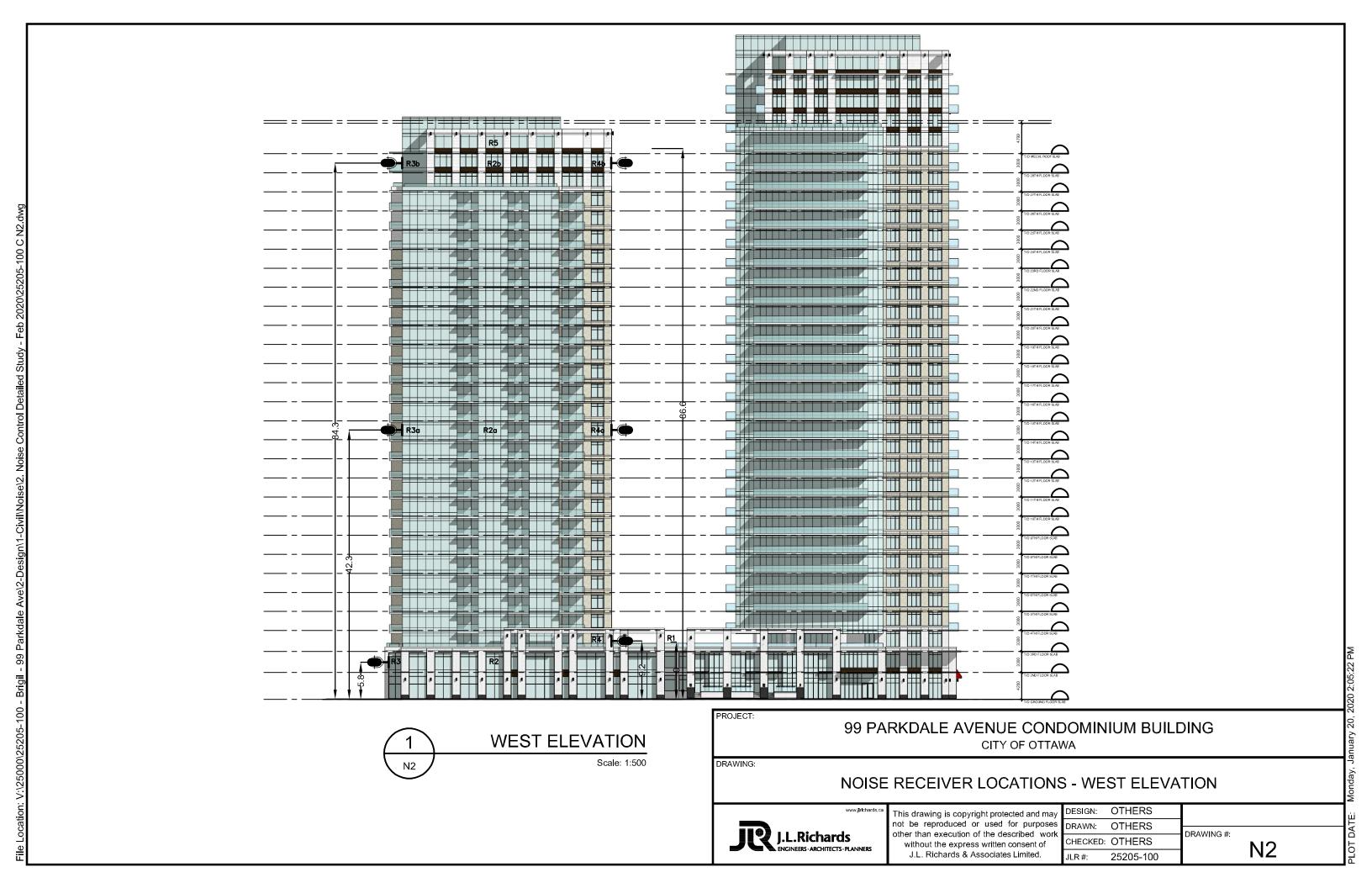


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Appendix B

<u>Transportation Noise Source</u> <u>Predictions</u>

- Detailed Predicted Noise Level Calculations STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-09-2019 08:48:12 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p r1.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: 99 Parkdale 3rd Floor amenity area ola r1

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 50 km/h Road gradient : 1 %

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -24.00 deg 59.00 deg No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface (No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 26.60 / 26.60 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 4.50 m

: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; : -24.00 deg Angle2 : 59.00 deg : 7.50 m Topography (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

Barrier angle1

Barrier height

Barrier receiver distance: 12.40 / 12.40 m

Source elevation : 60.10 m Receiver elevation : 67.50 m Barrier elevation : 60.10 m Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

```
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 1.50 ! 5.45 ! 65.55
ROAD (0.00 + 50.90 + 0.00) = 50.90 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
  -24 59 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.49 -3.36 0.00 0.00 -11.73 50.90
______
Segment Leq: 50.90 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 50.90 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
Source height = 1.50 m
Barrier height for grazing incidence
_____
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 4.50 ! 7.05 !
                                67.15
ROAD (0.00 + 49.49 + 0.00) = 49.49 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
------
  -24 59 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.49 -3.36 0.00 0.00 -5.55 49.49
Segment Leq: 49.49 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 49.49 dBA
TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 50.90
                 (NIGHT): 49.49
            NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-10-2019 09:06:14
STAMSON 5.0
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p r2.te
                     Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
```

```
Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 1 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
   24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
   Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
   Number of Years of Growth
                                : 0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive
Surface
                           1
                                  (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 16.40 / 16.40 m
Receiver height : 5.80 / 5.80 m
Tonography : 1 (Flat
                     : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
Reference angle
               : 0.00
Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)
______
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 66.65 + 0.00) = 66.65 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
  -90 90 0.53 68.48 0.00 -0.59 -1.23 0.00 0.00 0.00 66.65
______
Segment Leq: 66.65 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 66.65 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
```

Source height = 1.50 m ROAD (0.00 + 59.06 + 0.00) = 59.06 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq _____ -90 90 0.53 60.88 0.00 -0.59 -1.23 0.00 0.00 0.00 59.06 ______ Segment Leq: 59.06 dBA Total Leg All Segments: 59.06 dBA TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 66.65 (NIGHT): 59.06 NORMAL REPORT Date: 30-01-2020 12:58:27 STAMSON 5.0 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p_r2re.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: 99 Parkdale 2nd floor PoW r2 reflective

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night) _____

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 50 km/h

Road gradient : 1 %

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows :

Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 16.40 / 16.40 m Receiver height : 5.80 / 5.80 m

Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

0 / 0

Reference angle : 0.00

^

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 68.09 + 0.00) = 68.09 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.09

Segment Leq: 68.09 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 68.09 dBA

1

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.50 + 0.00) = 60.50 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.50

Segment Leq: 60.50 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 60.50 dBA

•

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.09

(NIGHT): 60.50

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-10-2019 09:09:25

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p r2a.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: 99 Parkdale 14th Floor Plane of Window r2a

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 50 km/h

Road gradient : 1 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 (No woods.)

0 / 0 1 Surface (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 16.40 / 16.40 m Receiver height : 42.30 / 42.30 m

Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day) -----

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 68.09 + 0.00) = 68.09 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______

-90 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.09 ______

Segment Leq: 68.09 dBA

```
Total Leq All Segments: 68.09 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
-----
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 60.50 + 0.00) = 60.50 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
  -90 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.50
______
Segment Leq: 60.50 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 60.50 dBA
TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.09
                     (NIGHT): 60.50
                NORMAL REPORT
STAMSON 5.0
                               Date: 30-01-2020 13:05:18
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p_r2ar.te
                          Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: 99 Parkdale 2nd floor PoW r2a reflective
Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 1 \% Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
   24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
   Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
   Number of Years of Growth
                                : 0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
```

```
Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
                     0 / 0
No of house rows :
Surface
                      2
                            (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 16.40 / 16.40 m
Receiver height : 42.30 / 42.30 m
                 : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 68.09 + 0.00) = 68.09 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
  -90 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.09
______
Segment Leq: 68.09 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 68.09 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
-----
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 60.50 + 0.00) = 60.50 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  -90 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.50
______
Segment Leq: 60.50 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 60.50 dBA
```

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.09

(NIGHT): 60.50

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-10-2019 09:10:22 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: 99p_r2b.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: 99 Parkdale 28th Floor Plane of Window r2b Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night) _____ Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 50 km/h 1 % Road gradient : : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road pavement * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night) -----Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface) Receiver source distance : 16.40 / 16.40 m Receiver height : 84.30 / 84.30 m : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: parkdale (day) -----Source height = 1.50 m ROAD (0.00 + 68.09 + 0.00) = 68.09 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______

-90 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 68.09

Segment Leq: 68.09 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 68.09 dBA

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.50 + 0.00) = 60.50 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______

-90 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -0.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.50 ______

Segment Leq: 60.50 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 60.50 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 68.09

(NIGHT): 60.50

NORMAL REPORT STAMSON 5.0 Date: 17-10-2019 09:11:50 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p r3.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: 99 Parkdale 2nd Floor Plane of Window r3

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 Posted speed limit : 50 km/h veh/TimePeriod *

Road gradient : 1 %

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 33.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows : 0 / 0

Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 26.90 / 26.90 m
Receiver height : 5.80 / 5.80 m

Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

Reference angle : 0.00

^

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 57.10 + 0.00) = 57.10 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 33 0.53 68.48 0.00 -3.88 -7.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 57.10

Segment Leq: 57.10 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 57.10 dBA

♠

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 49.50 + 0.00) = 49.50 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 33 0.53 60.88 0.00 -3.88 -7.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 49.50

Segment Leq: 49.50 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 49.50 dBA

1

```
TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 57.10
                        (NIGHT): 49.50
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 30-01-2020 13:12:41
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p r3re.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: 99 Parkdale 2nd floor PoW r3 reflective
Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 1 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 33.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 26.90 / 26.90 m
Receiver height : 5.80 / 5.80 m
                     : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 58.58 + 0.00) = 58.58 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
-----
     0 33 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.54 -7.37 0.00 0.00 0.00 58.58
```

Segment Leq: 58.58 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 58.58 dBA

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 50.98 + 0.00) = 50.98 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -----0 33 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.54 -7.37 0.00 0.00 0.00 50.98 ______

Segment Leq: 50.98 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 50.98 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 58.58 (NIGHT): 50.98

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-10-2019 09:13:39 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p_r3a.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: 99 Parkdale 14th Floor Plane of Window r3a

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night) -----

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 50 km/h

Road gradient : 1 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000

Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 0 (No woods.)

0 / 0 1 Surface (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 26.90 / 26.90 m Receiver height : 42.30 / 42.30 m

: 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography

Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day) ______

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 62.93 + 0.00) = 62.93 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______ 0 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.54 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 62.93

Segment Leq: 62.93 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 62.93 dBA

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night) ______

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 55.34 + 0.00) = 55.34 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.54 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.34 ______

Segment Leq: 55.34 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 55.34 dBA

```
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.93
                        (NIGHT): 55.34
                NORMAL REPORT
STAMSON 5.0
                                   Date: 17-10-2019 09:14:39
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p r3b.te
                              Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: 99 Parkdale 28th Floor Plane of Window r3b
Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
                  : 1 %: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
Road gradient :
Road pavement
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
    Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
    Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface : 1 (Absorptive
                                       (No woods.)
                                        (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 26.90 / 26.90 m
Receiver height : 84.30 / 84.30 m

Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)
-----
Source height = 1.50 m
```

ROAD (0.00 + 62.93 + 0.00) = 62.93 dBA

```
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
   0 90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.54 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 62.93
______
Segment Leq: 62.93 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 62.93 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
-----
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 55.34 + 0.00) = 55.34 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
   0 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.54 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.34
------
Segment Leq: 55.34 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 55.34 dBA
TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.93
                  (NIGHT): 55.34
♠
STAMSON 5.0
             NORMAL REPORT
                             Date: 17-10-2019 09:50:55
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p r4.te
                      Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: 99 Parkdale 3rd Floor Plane of Window r4
Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
-----
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
                 1 %
Road gradient :
```

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 59.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 28.60 / 28.60 m

Receiver height : 9.20 / 9.20 m
Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day) ______

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 59.27 + 0.00) = 59.27 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______ 0 59 0.43 68.48 0.00 -4.01 -5.20 0.00 0.00 0.00 59.27 ______

Segment Leq: 59.27 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 59.27 dBA

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night) -----

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 51.67 + 0.00) = 51.67 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______ 0 59 0.43 60.88 0.00 -4.01 -5.20 0.00 0.00 0.00 51.67 ______

Segment Leq: 51.67 dBA

```
Total Leq All Segments: 51.67 dBA
TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 59.27
                        (NIGHT): 51.67
                  NORMAL REPORT
STAMSON 5.0
                                      Date: 30-01-2020 13:02:42
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p_r4re.te
                             Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: 99 Parkdale 2nd floor PoW r4 reflective
Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60
                                veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient :
                       1 %
                 : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
Road pavement
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
   Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
   Number of Years of Growth
                                    : 0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg
                                     59.00 deg
Wood depth
                               0
                                       (No woods.)
No of house rows :
                               0 / 0
Surface
                               2
                                       (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 28.60 / 28.60 m
Receiver height : 9.20 / 9.20
                                       (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
                            1
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)
```

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.83 + 0.00) = 60.83 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 59 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.80 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.83

Segment Leq: 60.83 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 60.83 dBA

♠

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 53.24 + 0.00) = 53.24 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

0 59 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.80 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.24

Segment Leq: 53.24 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 53.24 dBA

♠

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 60.83

(NIGHT): 53.24

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-10-2019 09:16:54

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p_r4a.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: 99 Parkdale 14th Floor Plane of Window r4a

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *

Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *

Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 50 km/h

Road gradient : 1 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 59.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 28.60 / 28.60 m

Receiver height : 42.30 / 42.30 m

Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

Reference angle : 0.00

Results segment # 1: parkdale (day) _____

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.83 + 0.00) = 60.83 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______ 0 59 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.80 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.83

Segment Leq: 60.83 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 60.83 dBA

Results segment # 1: parkdale (night) -----

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 53.24 + 0.00) = 53.24 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -----0 59 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.80 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.24

Segment Leq : 53.24 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 53.24 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 60.83 (NIGHT): 53.24

1

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 17-10-2019 09:17:29

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: 99p r4b.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: 99 Parkdale 28th Floor Plane of Window r4b

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 50 km/h

Road gradient : 1 %

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 59.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorptive

0 , 1 ,

(Absorptive ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 28.60 / 28.60 m

Receiver height : 84.30 / 84.30 m

Topography : 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

Reference angle : 0.00

```
Results segment # 1: parkdale (day)
_____
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 60.83 + 0.00) = 60.83 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
      59 0.00 68.48 0.00 -2.80 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.83
Segment Leq: 60.83 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 60.83 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
Source height = 1.50 m
ROAD (0.00 + 53.24 + 0.00) = 53.24 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
      59 0.00 60.88 0.00 -2.80 -4.84 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.24
______
Segment Leq: 53.24 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 53.24 dBA
TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 60.83
                   (NIGHT): 53.24
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT
                               Date: 17-10-2019 09:02:09
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: 99p r5.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: 99 Parkdale Roof Top Amenity Area ola R5
```

Road data, segment # 1: parkdale (day/night)

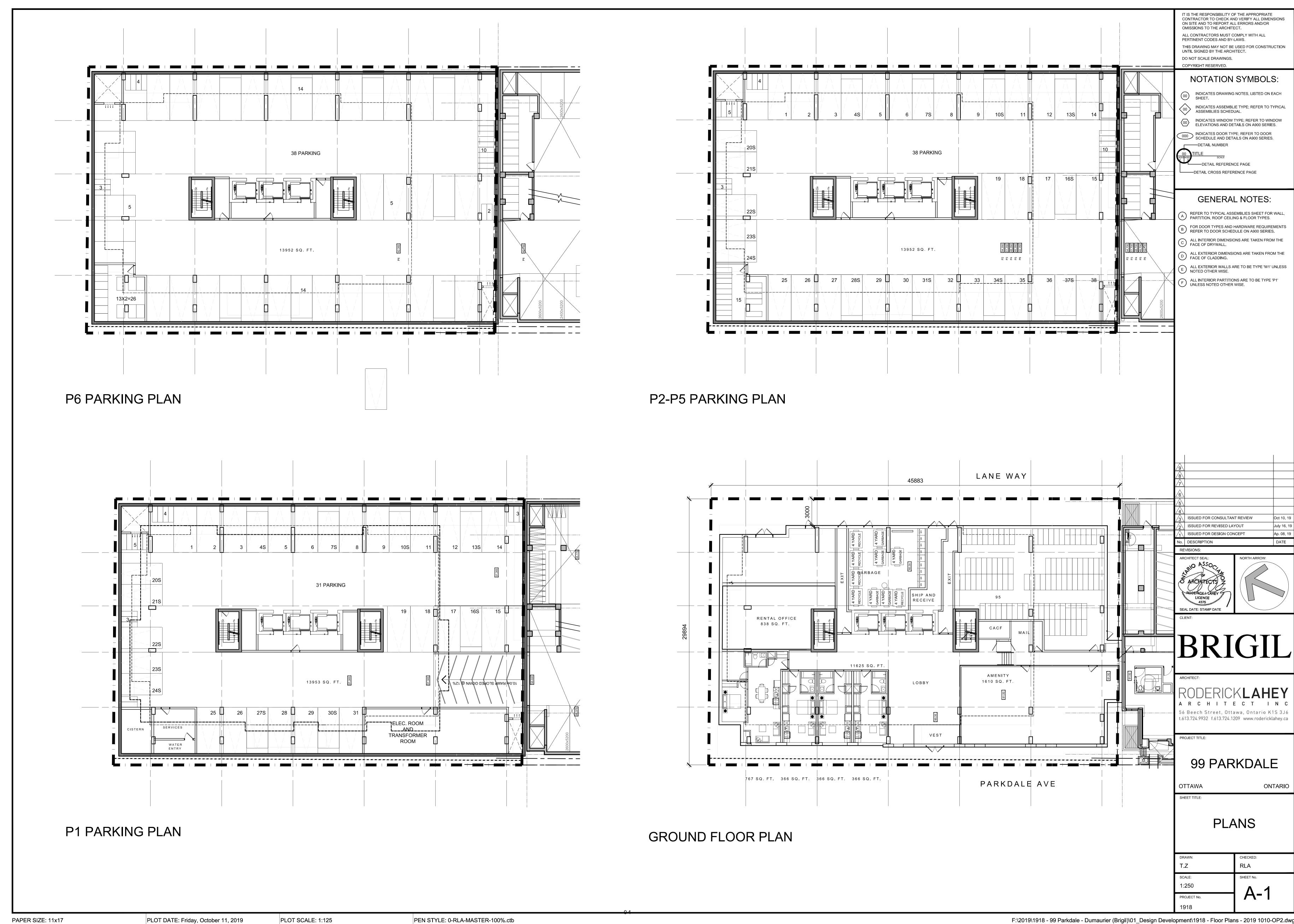
Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod * Medium truck volume: 966/84 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod * Posted speed limit : 50 km/h 1 %
1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) Road gradient : Road pavement : * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: parkdale (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods.) No of house rows : 0 / 0 Surface (Reflective ground surface) 2 Receiver source distance : 19.50 / 19.50 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 4.50 : 2 (Flat/gentle slope) : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg : 86.60 m (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Topography Barrier angle1 Barrier height Barrier receiver distance : 5.60 / 12.40 m Source elevation : 60.10 m Receiver elevation : 146.70 m Barrier elevation : 60.10 m : 0.00 Reference angle Results segment # 1: parkdale (day) _____ Source height = 1.50 m Barrier height for grazing incidence _____ Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m) -----1.50 ! 1.50 ! 63.23 ! 123.33 ROAD (0.00 + 50.30 + 0.00) = 50.30 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

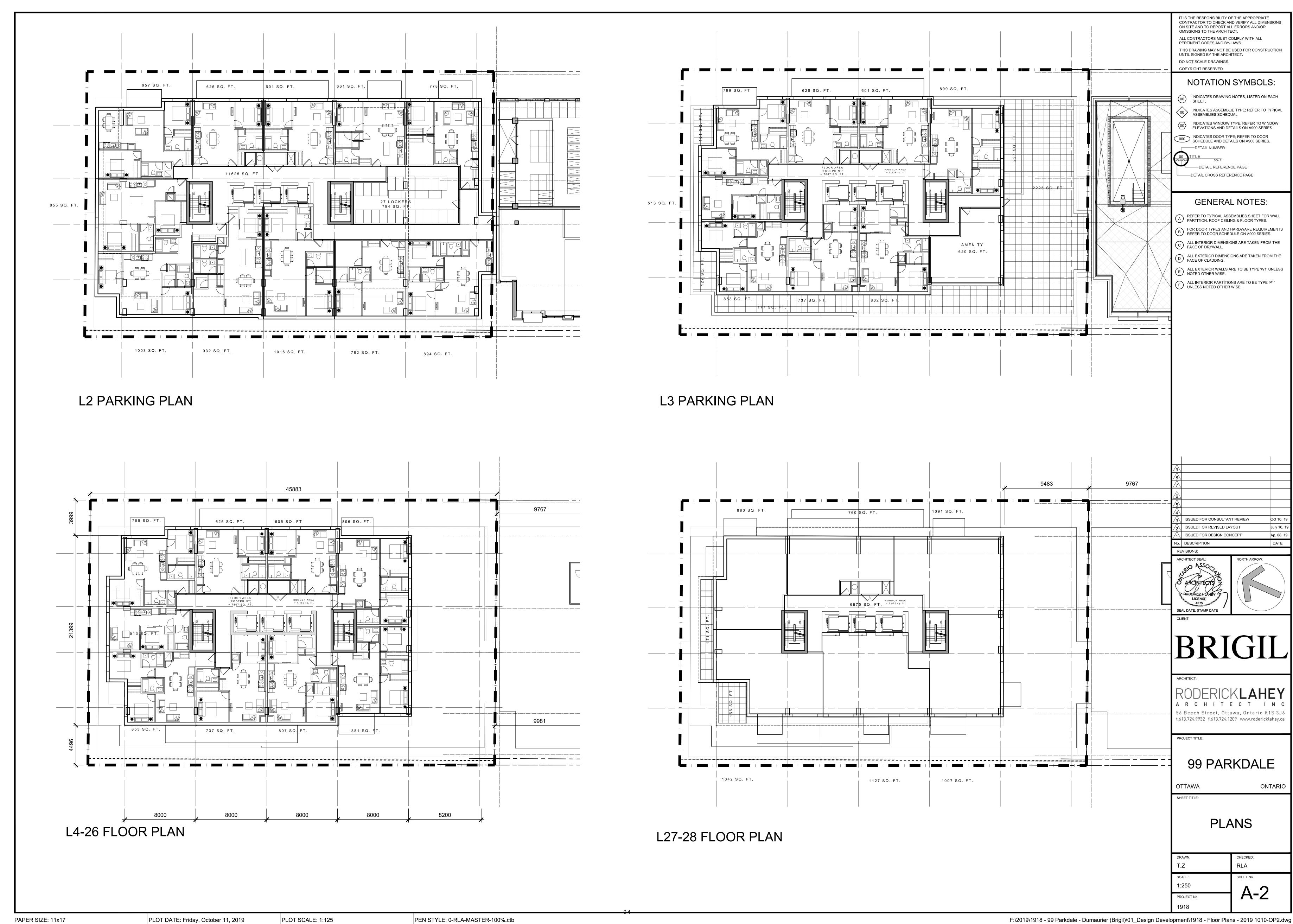
```
-90
    90 0.00 68.48 0.00 -1.14 0.00 0.00 0.00 -17.04 50.30
______
Segment Leq: 50.30 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 50.30 dBA
Results segment # 1: parkdale (night)
______
Source height = 1.50 m
Barrier height for grazing incidence
-----
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
    1.50 ! 4.50 ! 34.12 ! 94.22
ROAD (0.00 + 41.38 + 0.00) = 41.38 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
______
 -90 90 0.00 60.88 0.00 -1.14 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.36 41.38
______
Segment Leq: 41.38 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 41.38 dBA
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 50.30
               (NIGHT): 41.38
```

NOISE CONTROL DETAILED STUDY 99 PARKDALE AVENUE

Appendix C

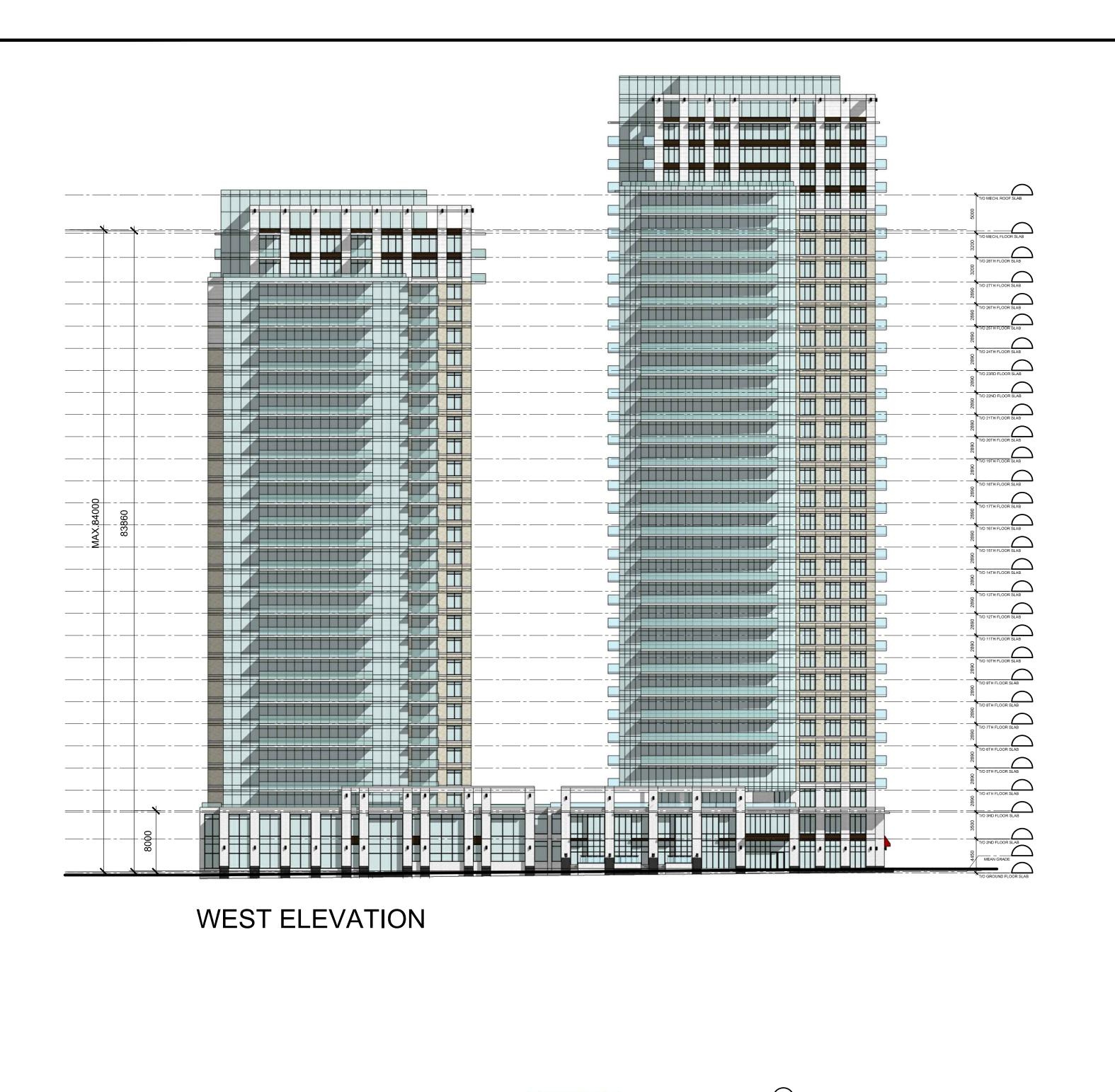
Floor Plans & Building Elevation Drawings - A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4

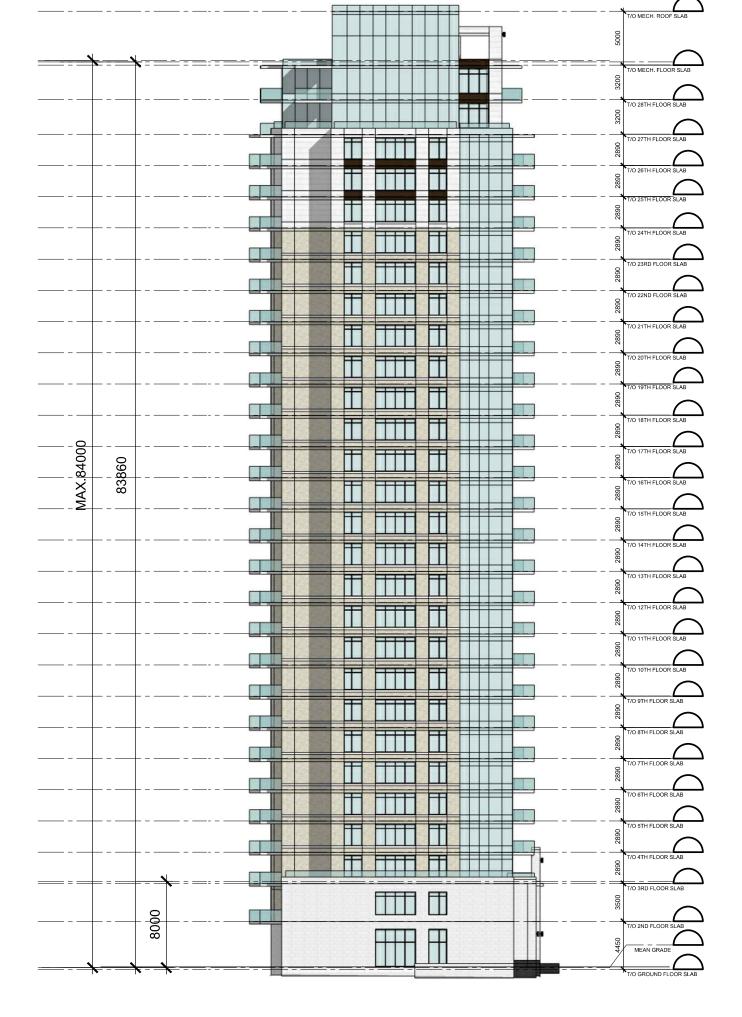




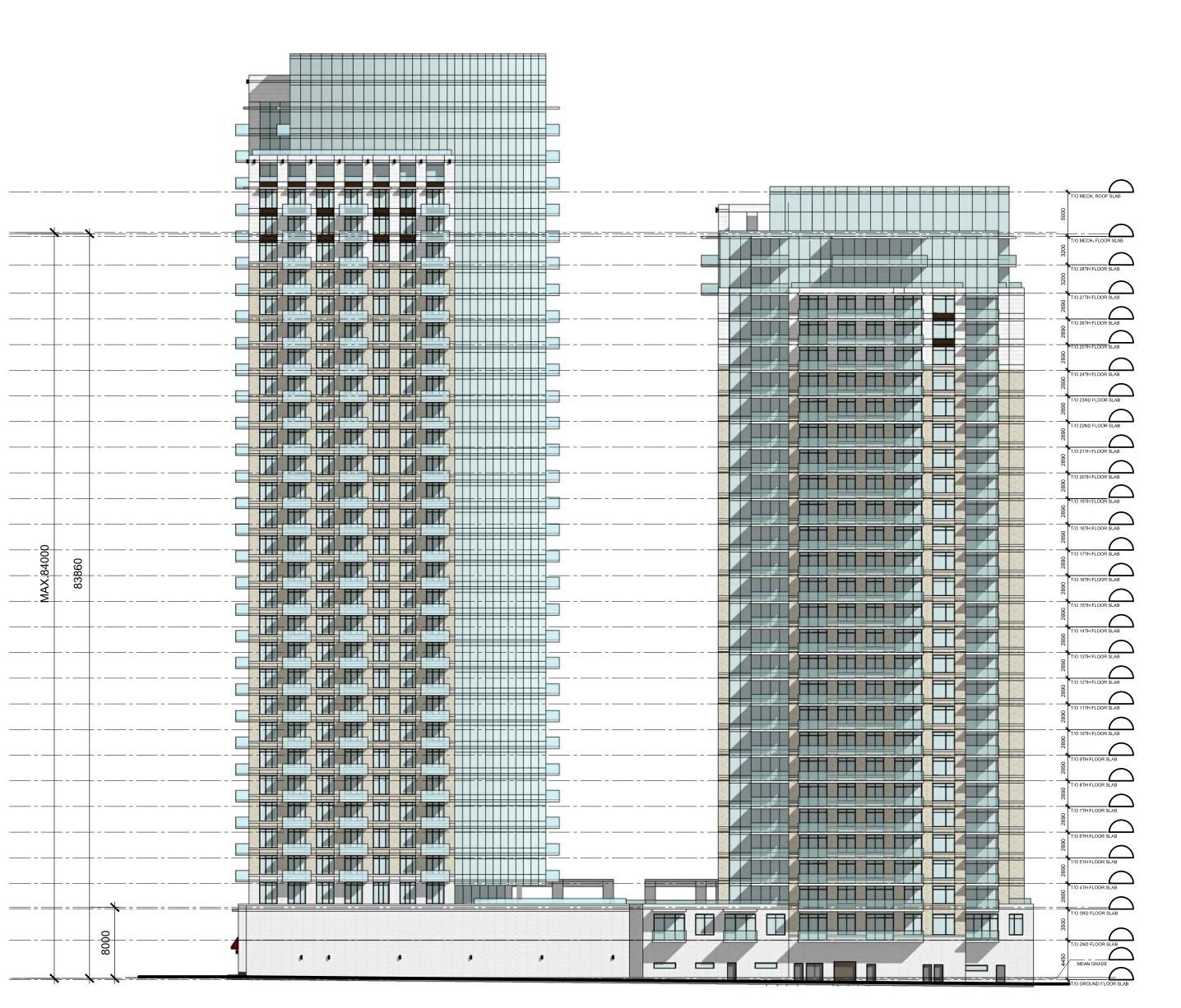
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F:\2019\1918 - 99 Parkdale - Dumaurier (Brigil)\01_Design Development\1918 - Floor Plans - 2019 1010-OP2.dwg









EAST ELEVATION

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPROPRIATE CONTRACTOR TO CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE AND TO REPORT ALL ERRORS AND/OR OMISSIONS TO THE ARCHITECT.

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NOTATION SYMBOLS:

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00 INDICATES DRAWING NOTES, LISTED ON EACH SHEET.

ASSEMBLIES SCHEDUAL. INDICATES WINDOW TYPE; REFER TO WINDOW ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS ON ASSOCIATION

ELEVATIONS AND DETAILS ON A900 SERIES. 000 INDICATES DOOR TYPE; REFER TO DOOR SCHEDULE AND DETAILS ON A900 SERIES.

DETAIL NUMBER

—DETAIL REFERENCE PAGE ——DETAIL CROSS REFERENCE PAGE

GENERAL NOTES:

A REFER TO TYPICAL ASSEMBLIES SHEET FOR WALL, PARTITION, ROOF CEILING & FLOOR TYPES.

FOR DOOR TYPES AND HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS B) REFER TO DOOR SCHEDULE ON A900 SERIES.

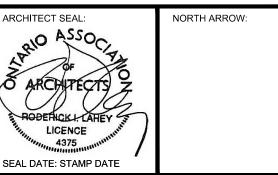
ALL INTERIOR DIMENSIONS ARE TAKEN FROM THE FACE OF DRYWALL.

D ALL EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS ARE TAKEN FROM THE FACE OF CLADDING.

ALL EXTERIOR WALLS ARE TO BE TYPE 'W1' UNLESS NOTED OTHER WISE.

F ALL INTERIOR PARTITIONS ARE TO BE TYPE 'P1' UNLESS NOTED OTHER WISE.

SSUED FOR CONSULTANT REVIEW



BRIGIL

PROJECT TITLE:

99 PARKDALE

1918

ONTARIO

ELEVATIONS

RLA 1:250

A-4 PROJECT No.

PAPER SIZE: 11x17

PLOT DATE: Friday, October 11, 2019

SOUTH ELEVATION

PLOT SCALE: 1:125

PEN STYLE: 0-RLA-MASTER-100%.ctb

NOISE CONTROL DETAILED STUDY 99 PARKDALE AVENUE

Appendix D

Building Component Calculations

- Room Calculations
- Table 11: Building Component Template (Interior Unit)
 - Table 12: Building Component
- Template (Corner Unit)

ROOM BY ROOM CALCULATIONS - INTERIOR UNIT

Kitchen / Living Room			Master Bedroom	
Floor Area (sq.m)	34.6		Floor Area (sq.m) 11.55	
Window 1 (front)	Width Height Area 4.5 3.3 14.9 14.85 42.929	Total Window Area % of Floor Area		Total Window Area % of Floor Area
Exterior Door	Width Height Area 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.00%	Total Door Area % of Floor Area	0.00%	Total Door Area % of Floor Area
Exterior Wall (rear) Exterior Wall (side)	Width Height Area 0.0 0.0 0.00 0.0 0.0 0.00	Area minus windows/doors 0.00 Total Exterior Wall Area 0.00% % of Floor Area	Exterior Wall (rear) Width Height Area 0.0 0.0 0.00	Area minus windows/doors 0.00 Total Exterior Wall Area 0.00% % of Floor Area

ROOM BY ROOM CALCULATIONS - CORNER UNIT

Kitchen / Living Area				Master Bedroom				
Floor Area (sq.m)	28			Floor Area (sq.m)	14.1			
Window 1 (Front/Patio door)		leight Area 3.0 10.5 10.50] Total Window Area	Window 1 (front) Window 2 (side)	Width 1.8 2.6	Height 2.0 2.0	Area 3.60 5.20	
	Width He	37.50% leight Area	% of Floor Area				8.80 62.41%	Total Window Area % of Floor Area
Exterior Door	0	0 0 0 0 0.00%	Total Door Area % of Floor Area	Exterior Door	0	0	0 0 0.00%	Total Door Area % of Floor Area
Exterior Wall (front)		leight Area 3.0 13.80	Area minus windows/doors 3.3 Total Exterior Wall Area 11.79% % of Floor Area	Exterior Wall (front) Exterior Wall (side)	Width 3.2 4.7	Height 3.0 3.0	Area 9.60 14.10	Area minus windows/doors 6.00 8.90 14.90 Total Exterior Wall Area 105.67% % of Floor Area

TABLE 11: BUILDING COMPONENT TEMPLATE

Location: 99 Parkdale Condominium Tower

Façade West

Unit Location: Interior Unit 2nd Floor

West Façade Noise Level (dBA) 68

Kitchen / Living Room

						_	_		_	_										
ROOM	# OF COMPONENTS	ROOM FLOOR AREA (M²)	WINDOW AREA (M ²)	W/RFA %	DOOR AREA (M²)		EXT. WALL AREA (M²)	EW/RFA %	REQUIRED AIF*	WI	NDOW		EX	T. DOOI	R	E	XT. WALI	_	CEILIN	IG/ROOF
										Туре	AIF**	STC	Type	AIF***	STC	Type	AIF****	STC	Type	AIF****
Master Bedroom	1	11.6	10.9	94%	-	-	0.0	0%	30	3(6)3(40)3	30	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

0%

25

2(13)2

0.0

JLR No:

Prepared by:

Checked by:

25205-100

Thomas Blais

Lee Jablonski

34.6

14.9

43%

Exterior Door Details

Architect:

All prime doors should be fully weatherstripped. Except as noted specifically below, doors shall not have inset glazing:

D1 denotes 44 mm hollow-core wood door (up to 20% of area glazed).

D2 denotes 44 mm glass-fibre reinforced plastic door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core (up to 20% area glazed).

D3 denotes 35 mm in solid slab wood door.

D4 denotes 44 mm steel door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core.

D5 denotes 44 mm solid slab door.

sd denotes storm door of wood or aluminum with openable glazed sections.

Exterior Wall Details

The common structure of walls EW1 to EW5 is composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, vapour barrier, and 38x89 mm studs with 50 mm (or thicker) mineral wool or glass fibre batts in the inter-stud cavities.

EW1 denotes the above plus sheathing, plus wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 denotes the above plus rigid insulation (25-50mm), and wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 also denotes exterior wall described in EW1 with the addition of rigid insulation (25-50mm) between the sheathing and the external finish.

EW3 denotes simulated mansard with structure as the above plus sheathing, 38 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.

EW4 denotes the above plus sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

EW5 denotes the above plus sheathing, 25 mm air space, 100 mm brick veneer.

EW6 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 100 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW6 also denotes an exterior wall conforming to rainscreen design principles and composed of same gypsum board and rigid insulation with 100 mm concrete block, 25 mm air space, and 100 mm brick veneer.

EW7 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 140 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW8 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 200 mm concrete.

R denotes the mounting of the interior gypsum board on resilient clips

^{*} Taken from Table 10.5: AIF required for Road and Rail Traffic Noise Cases

^{**} Taken from Table 10.6: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of windows (example: 2(100)2 denotes 2 mm glass (100 mm space) 2 mm glass).

^{***} Taken from Table 10.9: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior doors

^{****} Taken from Table 10.7: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior walls

^{*****} Taken from Table 10.8: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various ceiling-roof combinations (only for aircraft noise)

TABLE 12: BUILDING COMPONENT TEMPLATE

38%

10.5

Location: 99 Parkdale Condominium Tower

Façade W

Unit Location: Corner Unit 14th Floor

West Façade Noise Level (dBA) 6

Kitchen / Living Area

DOOM	# OF	ROOM FLOOR	WINDOW	W/RFA	DOOR AREA	D/RFA	EXT. WALL	EW/RFA	REQUIRED	10/10	JDOW/			EXT. DOOF			EXT. WALL		CEILIN	G/ROOF
ROOM	COMPONENTS	AREA (M ²)	AREA (M ²)	%	(M^2)	%	AREA (M ²)	%	AIF*	WINDOW				-X1. DOOI	`		-XI. WALL	-	CLILIIV	3/1001
										Туре	AIF**	STC	Type	AIF***	STC	Type	AIF****	STC	Туре	AIF****
Master Redroom	4	14 1	8.8	62%	_	_	14 9	106%	36	3(6)3(80)6	36	40	_	_	_	EW3	36	43		

12%

28

4(6)4

28

30

3.3

JLR No:

Prepared by:

Checked by:

25205-100

Thomas Blais

Lee Jablonski

EW1

37

28.0

Exterior Door Details

Architect:

All prime doors should be fully weatherstripped. Except as noted specifically below, doors shall not have inset glazing:

D1 denotes 44 mm hollow-core wood door (up to 20% of area glazed).

D2 denotes 44 mm glass-fibre reinforced plastic door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core (up to 20% area glazed).

D3 denotes 35 mm in solid slab wood door.

D4 denotes 44 mm steel door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core.

D5 denotes 44 mm solid slab door.

sd denotes storm door of wood or aluminum with openable glazed sections.

Exterior Wall Details

The common structure of walls EW1 to EW5 is composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, vapour barrier, and 38x89 mm studs with 50 mm (or thicker) mineral wool or glass fibre batts in the inter-stud cavities.

EW1 denotes the above plus sheathing, plus wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 denotes the above plus rigid insulation (25-50mm), and wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 also denotes exterior wall described in EW1 with the addition of rigid insulation (25-50mm) between the sheathing and the external finish.

EW3 denotes simulated mansard with structure as the above plus sheathing, 38 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.

EW4 denotes the above plus sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

EW5 denotes the above plus sheathing, 25 mm air space, 100 mm brick veneer.

EW6 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 100 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW6 also denotes an exterior wall conforming to rainscreen design principles and composed of same gypsum board and rigid insulation with 100 mm concrete block, 25 mm air space, and 100 mm brick veneer.

EW7 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 140 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW8 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 200 mm concrete.

R denotes the mounting of the interior gypsum board on resilient clips

^{*} Taken from Table 10.5: AIF required for Road and Rail Traffic Noise Cases

^{**} Taken from Table 10.6: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of windows (example: 2(100)2 denotes 2 mm glass (100 mm space) 2 mm glass).

^{***} Taken from Table 10.9: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior doors

^{****} Taken from Table 10.7: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior walls

^{*****} Taken from Table 10.8: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various ceiling-roof combinations (only for aircraft noise)

NOISE CONTROL DETAILED STUDY 99 PARKDALE AVENUE

Appendix E

Canada Mortgage and Housing (CMHC) Table A2 and A3

- Approximate Conversion from STC to AIF for Windows and Doors
- Approximate Conversion from STC to AIF for Exterior Walls and Ceiling-Roof System

Table A1: Standard source spectrum for calculating Acoustic Insulation Factor (AIF)

Frequency	Source Sound Pressure Level	A-weighted Source Sound
(Hz)		Pressure Level
100	66.1	47
125	69.1	53
160	71.4	58
200	71.9	61
250	71.6	63
315	71.6	65
400	71.8	67
500	71.2	68
630	70.9	69
800	70.8	70
1000	70.0	70
1250	69.4	70
1600	69.0	70
2000	68.8	70
2500	68.7	70
3150	67.8	69
4000	67.0	68
5000	65.5	66

Note: Values in the second and third columns of this table are $1/_3$ -octave band sound pressure levels expressed in dB.

Table A2: Approximate conversion from STC to AIF for windows and doors

Window (or door)	Acoustic
Area Expressed	Insulation
as Percentage of	Factor
Room Floor Area	(AIF)
80.0	STC-5
63.0	STC-4
50.0	STC-3
40.0	STC-2
32.0	STC-1
25.0	STC
20.0	STC+1
16.0	STC+2
12.5	STC+3
10.0	STC+4
8.0	STC+5
6.3	STC+6
5.0	STC+7
4.0	STC+8

Note: For area percentages not listed in the table, use the nearest listed value.

Examples: For a window whose area = 20% of the room floor area and STC = 32, the AIF is 32 + 1 = 33.

For a window whose area = 60% of the room floor area

and STC = 29, the AIF is 29 - 4 = 25.

Table A3: Approximate conversion from STC to AIF for exterior walls and ceiling-roof systems.

Exterior Wall	Acoustic
Area Expressed	Insulation
as Percentage of	Factor
Room Floor Area	(AIF)
200.0	STC-10
160.0	STC-9
125.0	STC-8
100.0	STC-7
80.0	STC-6
63.0	STC-5
50.0	STC-4
40.0	STC-3
32.0	STC-2
25.0	STC-1
20.0	STC
16.0	STC+1
12.5	STC+2
10.0	STC+3
8.0	STC+4

Note: For area percentages not listed in the table, use the nearest listed value.

Example: For a wall whose area = 120% of room floor area and STC = 48, the AIF is 48 - 8 = 40.

Note: For ceiling-roof systems, AIF = STC - 7.

Figure A1: Worksheet for Calculating AIF from Transmission Loss Data

Frequency (Hz)	A-weighted Source Sound Pressure Level (dB)	Sound Transmission Loss (dB)	A-weighted Indoor Sound Pressure Level (dB)	Energy Equivalent of Indoor SPL
<u> </u>	(A)	(B)	(C = A-B)	$(D = 10^{c/10})$
100	47	24	23	200
125	53	26	27	501
160	58	19	39	7 943
200	61	21	40	10 000
250	63	20	43	19 953
315	65	20	45	31 623
400	67	25	42	15 849
500	68	30	38	6 310
630	69	33	36	3 981
800	70	37	33	1 995
1000	70	39	31	1 259
1250	70	41	29	794
1600	70	43	27	501
2000	70	44	26	398
2500	70	45	25	316
3150	69	43	26	398
4000	68	37	31	1 259
5000	66	35	31	1 259
	S	um of values in	column D:	104 539=E

Calculated indoor A-weighted sound level: 10 log₁₀ (E) = 50.2 = F

AIF (component area = 80% of floor area): (77 - F) = 26.8 = G

Component Area	Acoustic
as a Percentage of	Insulation
Room Floor Area	Factor (AIF)
6.3	(G + 11) = 38
8.0	(G + 10) = 37
10.0	(G+ 9) = 36
12.5	(G + 8) = 35
16.0	(G + 7) = 34
20.0	(G + 6) = 33
25.0	(G + 5) = 32
32.0	(G + 4) = 31
40.0	(G + 3) = 30
50.0	(G+ 2) = 29
63.0	(G + 1) = 28
80.0	(G)=27
100.0	(G - 1) = 26
125.0	(G - 2) = 25
160.0	(G - 3) = 24



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