Mattamy Homes 4159 Obsidian (HMBS Phase 7) Urban Design Brief May 2025



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Fotenn Planning + Design ("Fotenn") has been retained by Mattamy Homes ("Mattamy") to prepare this Planning Rationale and Design Brief in support of Zoning By-law Amendment and Site Plan Control applications to facilitate the proposed development of the property municipally known as 4159 Obsidian Street (the "subject site") in the City of Ottawa. The intent of the Zoning By-law Amendment application is to establish a low-rise Planned Unit Development on the subject site.

We trust that the contents of this Urban Design Brief are satisfactory.

Sincerely,

Tanaklin

Nico Church, MCIP RPP Senior Planner

Mark Ouseley Planner

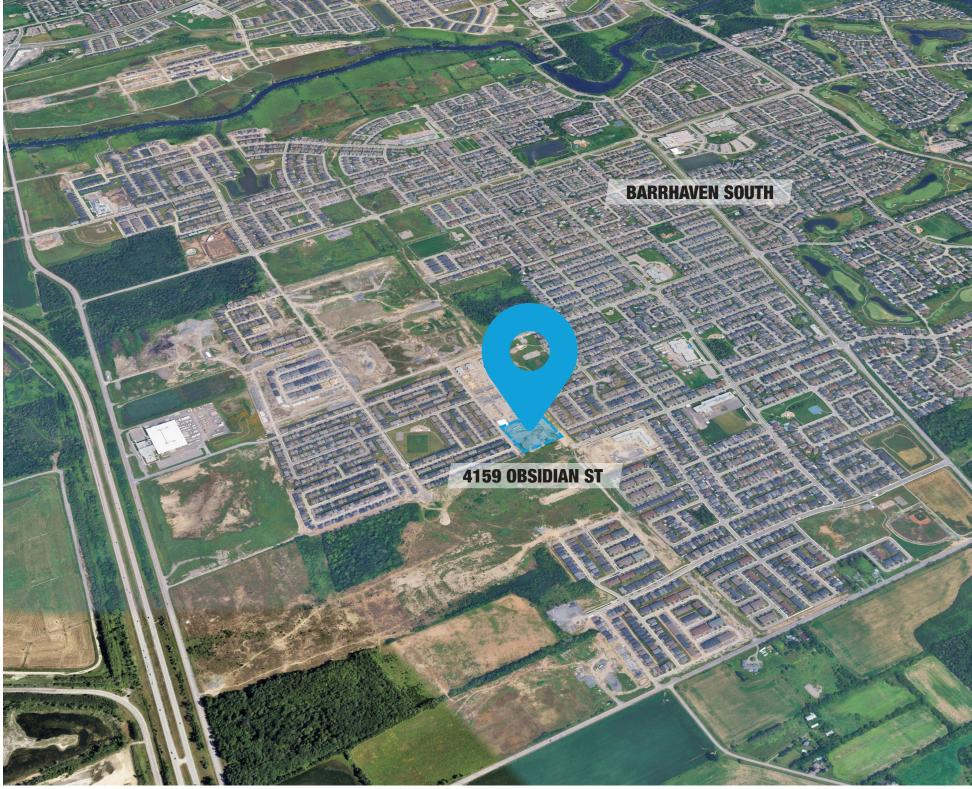
Tana Klein Urban Designer



SITE ANALYSIS



Surrounding Context



Perspective from Google Earth

May 2025

Surrounding Context - Urban Pattern

The urban pattern surrounding the site is primarily characterized by low-rise residential development, consisting of single-detached family homes and townhouses. The residential block pattern is interrupted by a generous amount of public parks and schools located in close proximity. Below is a breakdown of the immediate surrounding context:

- corridor.
- Elevation Park.

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/ North: Immediately north of the subject site is a three (3) storey, low-rise back-to-back stacked townhouse dwelling development by Mattamy. This development spans the distance between Dundonald Drive to the north and the subject site. These developments are characterized by townhouses arranged around the perimeter of the property with parking and drive aisles located internal to the property. Further north is Dundonald Drive which runs perpendicular to Obsidian Street. Abutting Dundonald Drive is Black Raven Park, just to the northeast of the subject site across the realigned Greenbank Road

East: Immediately abutting the subject site to the east is land allocated for the Greenbank Road Re-Alignment and Southwest Transitway Extension. Further east, Rye Grass Way runs parallel to the Greenbank Re-Alignment and abutting this street is a residential development featuring two (2)-storey single detached and townhouse dwellings. A future public elementary school is also located east of the subject site.

/ West: The subject site abuts Obsidian Street to the west. Epoch and Eminence Streets are perpendicular to Obsidian Street and feature two (2) storey detached and townhouse dwelling typologies. Further west is

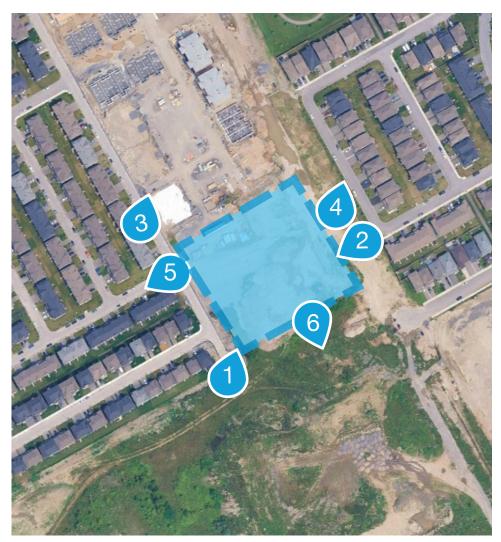
⁷ **South**: Immediately south of the subject site are vacant lands known municipally as 3882 Barnsdale Road. The lands are anticipated to accommodate a mix of uses, including a future westward of Kilbirnie Drive just under 30 metres to the south from the subject site, and a future Park and Ride further south (as envisioned by the Barrhaven South Urban Expansion Area Community Design Plan). Further south is a low-rise residential neighbourhood featuring low-rise detached and townhouse dwelling typologies. This neighbourhood is bounded by Barnsdale Road to the south, which is an arterial road.

Site Perspective Views



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Site Photos



Key Plan indicating location for photos. Aerial image source: Google Earth.

Subject Site

The subject site, municipally known as 4159 Obsidian Street, is located in Barrhaven South, in Ward 3 (Barrhaven West), and is bounded by a In Barrhaven South, in Ward 3 (Barrhaven West), and is bounded by a low-rise planned unit development consisting of back-to-back stacked townhouse dwellings to the north, Obsidian Street to the west, the Greenbank Re-Alignment corridor to the east and vacant land to the south. The subject site is a rectangular shaped lot with an area of 12,221 square metres, with approximately 117.8 metres of frontage abutting Obsidian Street and a depth of approximately 103.9 metres. The subject site represents Phase 7 of Mattamy's Half-Moon Bay South community. The site is currently an unimproved, vacant parcel of land with sloped grading. grading.











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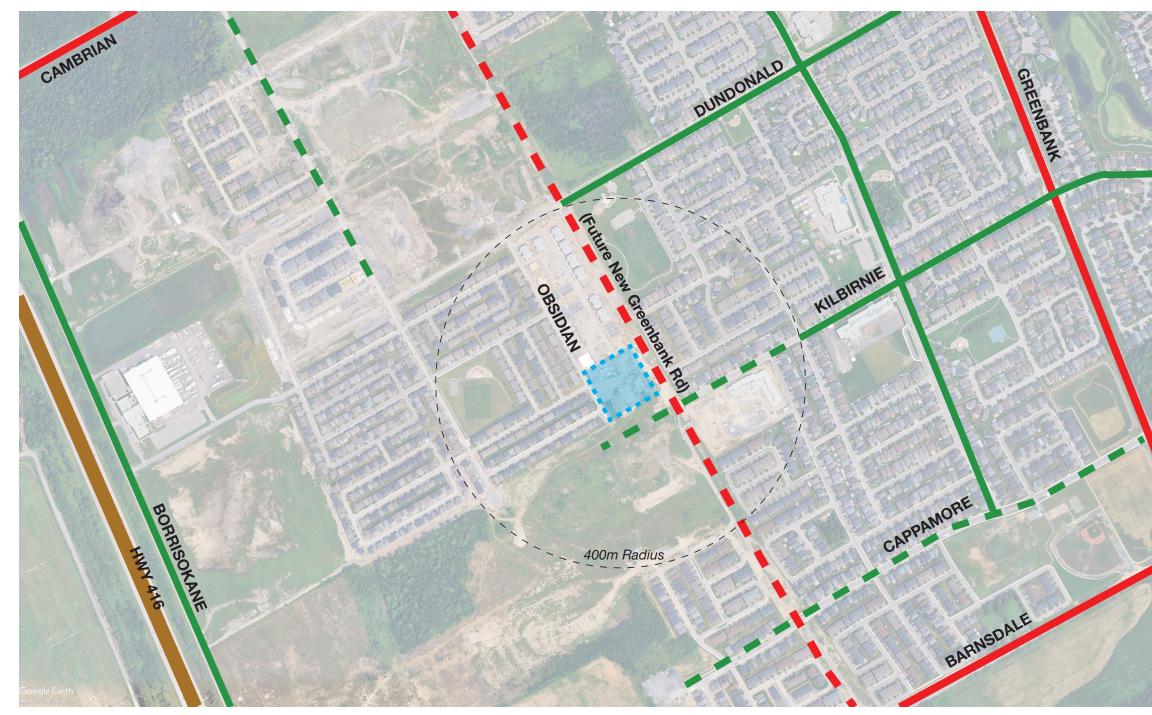
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Site Analysis



Existing and Planned street network (Based on Ottawa Official Plan - Schedule C4)

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Road Network

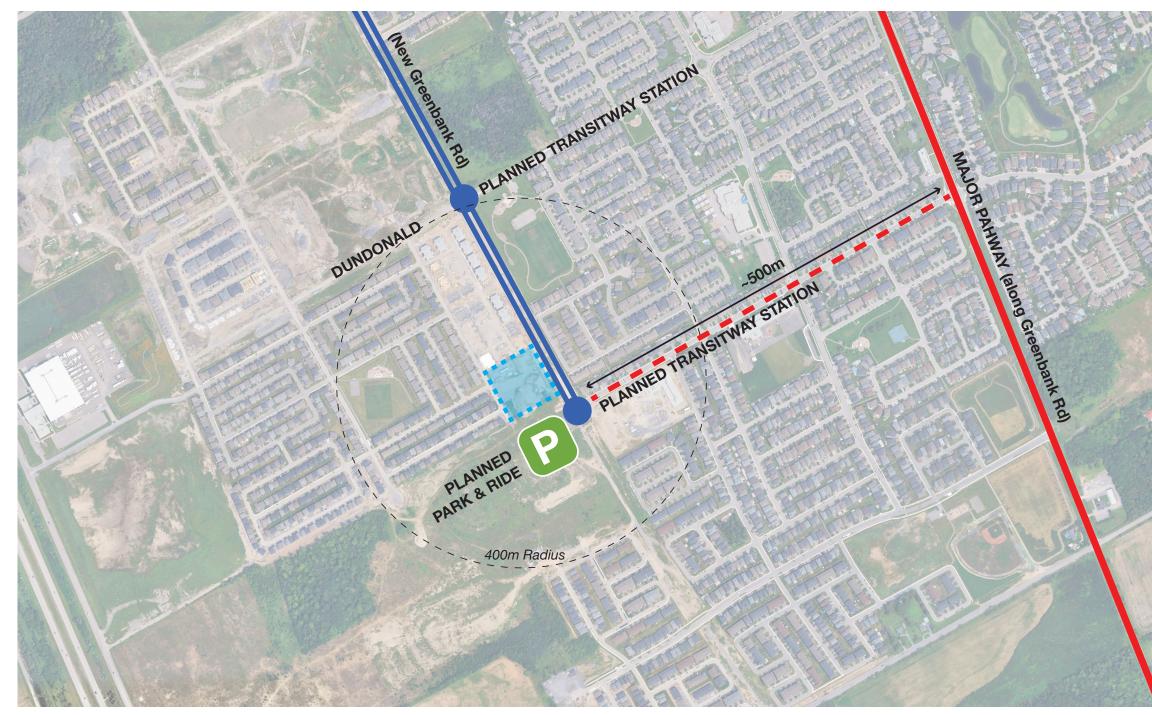
Obsidian Street is identified as a Local Road which is intended to provide access to properties and neighborhoods rather than serving as a major route for through traffic. Local Roads are found within residential neighbourhoods and are designed for lower speeds and shorter trips. Local Roads connect homes and other destinations to collector or arterial roads, which handle higher volumes of traffic.

The subject site is also located north of a proposed collector road which is anticipated to extend Kilbirnie Drive. Collector roads are ones that serve neighbourhood travel to and from major collector or arterial roads and usually provides direct access to adjacent lands. The subject site is also served by existing nearby collector roads, such as Dundonald Drive to the north and River Mist Road to the east.

The subject site abuts the proposed Greenbank Road Re-Alignment to the east, a proposed arterial route. The closest existing arterial roads are Cambrian Road to the north of the subject site, Barnsdale Road to the south and Greenbank Road to the east. Arterial Roads function as major infrastructure corridors, accommodating both vehicles, municipal infrastructure, and public transit.

- Subject Site
 Arterial Road Existing
 Arterial Road Future
 Collector Road Existing
 Collector Road Future
- Provincial Highway

Site Analysis



Transit Network and Active Transportation (Based on Ottawa Official Plan - Schedules C2 and C3)

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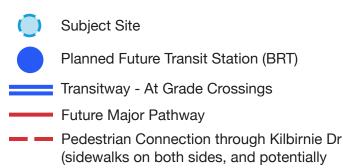
Transit Network

As per Schedule C2 - Transit Network of the Official Plan, the subject site is located less than 100 metres from a future Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) Transitway Station and Park-and-ride located at the intersection of the Greenbank Road Re-Alignment with Kilbirnie Drive. There is a second Transitway Station planned within 400m north of the site, at the intersection of Dundonald Drive and the Greenbank Road Re-Alignment.

Active Transportation

Schedule C3 – Active Transportation Network – Urban Major Pathways shows that an active transportation route is located east of the subject site along the existing Greenbank Road. The Greenbank Road major pathway leads north to additional major pathways along the north and south side of the Jock River.

The new Greenbank Realignment will add bike lanes in both directions on the new road and connect to existing active transportation networks in the area.



Site Analysis



Local Amenities Map

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Local Neighbourhood Amenities

The subject site is situated in a recent low-rise residential neighbourhood. The area is well contemplated by numerous parks and schools.

It is also adjacent to a planned Park & Ride/ BRT Station, easily connecting the site with other areas of interest in the city.

Barrhaven Town Centre, with plenty of retail options, is 4km away, an approximate 8min drive, or a 14min bycicle ride.



Barrhaven Town Centre. Source: https://www.nadg.com/property/barrhaven-town-centre



Regional Map from Google Earth

Planned Functions of Surrounding Area



City of Ottawa Comprehensive Zoning By-law (2008-250) Zoning Map

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The planned function of the surrounding area is guided by the Official Plan, the Barrhaven South Urban Expansion Area Community Design Plan and the City of Ottawa Comprehensive Zoning By-law (2008-250).

The Zoning By-law identifies the site with a maximum permitted building height of 14.5 metres. The maximum permitted height found in the Subject Site's immediate surroundings is 14.5 metres attained by the back-to-back townhouse dwelling typologies located to the north of the site. The remaining surroundings are characterized by R3YY zoning to the east and west which are occupied by townhouse and semi-detached dwellings that are two-storeys in height.

Development of the land to the immediate south of the lot has not been contemplated at this time. Lot depth indicate potential low-rise residential use. After the potential extension of Kilbirnie Drive, the next parcel to the south zoned as O1 will be developed into a park and ride for the BRT network which will take the form of surface parking.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND DESIGN RESEARCH



Development Overview



3.0 Development Overview

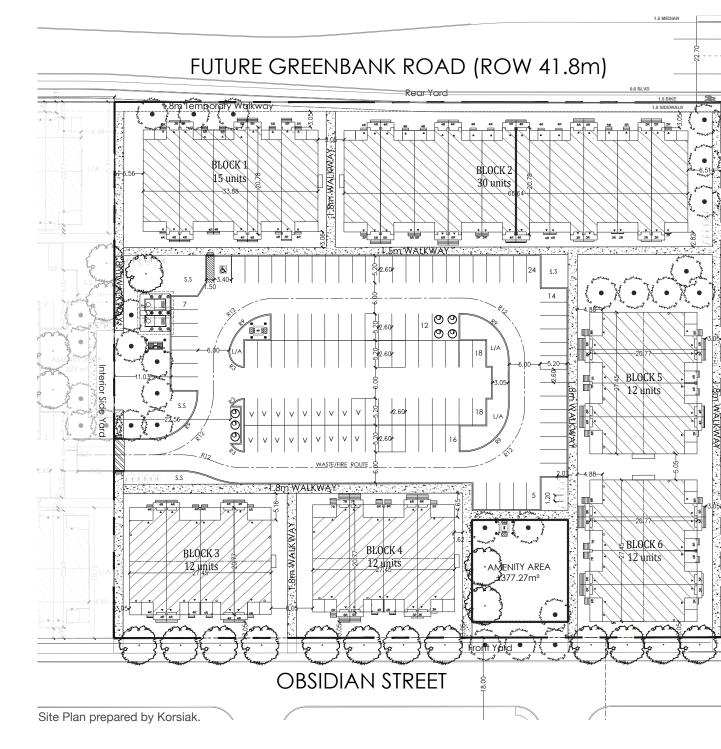
A total of 93 stacked back-to-back townhouse dwelling units are proposed, distributed across four blocks of 12 units, one block of 15 units, and one block of 30 units. The buildings are three storeys high, providing gentle density to the site with a height appropriate for the surrounding neighborhood.

The innovative stacked back-to-back townhouse design allows for windows on all four facades, maximizing natural light and ventilation for all units. Balconies, privacy decks, and entrances are located on both the front and rear elevations. The proposed exterior materials include asphalt shingles, vinyl siding, and accent siding colors to enhance visual interest.

The facade design of the stacked townhouse blocks is driven by principles of visual clarity, sustainable material selection, and thoughtful articulation. Vinyl siding is utilized as the primary cladding material to create a clean, contemporary aesthetic while addressing practical and environmental considerations. Vinyl siding was selected for its affordability, durability, and low maintenance requirements, making it an ideal solution for longterm housing resilience. Furthermore, the material is recyclable and contributes to a reduced carbon footprint compared to more resource-intensive facade systems, supporting the project's sustainability goals.

A two-tone palette-featuring a rich, dark base color contrasted with a lighter accent tone-breaks down the building mass and provides individual unit definition. These color transitions are applied strategically around recessed entrances and vertical projections, establishing a dynamic rhythm and reinforcing a strong architectural identity. Balconies and vertical elements further articulate the façade, introducing depth, shadow, and texture. These elements not only enhance the streetscape but also provide functional benefits such as private outdoor spaces and passive shading.

By combining sustainable materials with carefully considered articulation, the design achieves a cohesive, contemporary appearance that is environmentally responsible and contextually appropriate.





	TOTAL ±10,766.29	93	
		,	
SECTION	ZONE PROVISION - PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
187 (Table)	MIN. LOT AREA (m ²)	No minimum	12,217.33m ²
187 (Table)	MIN. LOT WIDTH (m)	No minimum	117.7m
187 (Table)	MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT (m)	14.5m	11.2m
187 (Table)	MIN. FRONT YARD SETBACK (m)	3.0m	3.05m
187 (Table)	MIN. CORNER SIDE YARD SETBACK (m)	3.0m	N/A
	MIN. INTERIOR SIDE YARD SETBACK (m) FOR A BUILDING HIGHER THAN 11m:		
(2800)	NORTH INTERIOR SIDE LOT LINE	7.5m	3.05m
187 (Table)	SOUTH INTERIOR SIDE LOT LINE	3.0m	3.05m
187 (Table)	MIN. REAR YARD SETBACK:		
	ALL OTHER CASES (m)	No minimum	3.05m
187 (Table)	MAX. FLOOR SPACE INDEX	2	0.9
187 (Table)	MIN. WIDTH OF LANDSCAPED AREA		
	ABUTTING A STREET (m)	3m	3.05m
	ABUTTING A RESIDENTIAL ZONE	3m	3.05m
101 (Table)	RESIDENT PARKING - 1.2 spaces/unit	112	96
102 (Table)	VISITOR PARKING - 0.2 spaces/unit	19	18
111A (Table)	MIN. BICYCLE PARKING- 0.5 spaces/unit	47	48
131(Table)(1)	MIN. WIDTH OF PRIVATE WAY/ PARKING AISLE (m)	6.0m	6.0m
131(Table)(2)	MIN. SETBACK FOR ANY WALL OF A RESIDENTIAL USE BUILDING TO A PRIVATE WAY (m)	1.8m	2.82m
131(Table)(4)	MIN. SEPARATION DISTANCE BETWEEN BUILDINGS	3.0m	5.05m

3115	STATISTICS	AND	DEV	ELOFMEN	NI DAIA

SITE AREA		12,217.33 m ² (1.22 h	a)
PAVED AREA		3,478.06 m ² (28%)	
LANDSCAPED AR	EA	4,093.32 m ² (34%)	
TOTAL BUILDING	COVERAGE	4,645.95 m ² (38%)	
TOTAL GROSS FLO	OOR AREA	±10,766.29 m ²	
TOTAL UNITS		93	
NET DENSITY (UPH)	85 UPH	
ZONE CATEGORY		GM(2800)H(14.5)	
		GROSS FLOOR AREA	
DWELLING BLOCK	DWELLING TYPE	<u>(m²)</u>	UNITS
BLOCK 1	15 UNIT B2B STACKED DWELLING	±1,725.47	15
BLOCK 2	30 UNIT B2B STACKED DWELLING	±3,468.54	30
BLOCK 3	12 UNIT B2B STACKED DWELLING	±1,393.07	12
BLOCK 4	12 UNIT B2B STACKED DWELLING	±1,393.07	12
BLOCK 5	12 UNIT B2B STACKED DWELLING	±1,393.07	12
BLOCK 6	12 UNIT B2B STACKED DWELLING	±1,393.07	12

SITE STATISTICS AND DEVELOPMENT DAT

PROPOSED

2.6m x 5.2m

4 m wide

0.6 m x 2.07

-3 0m

1.45m

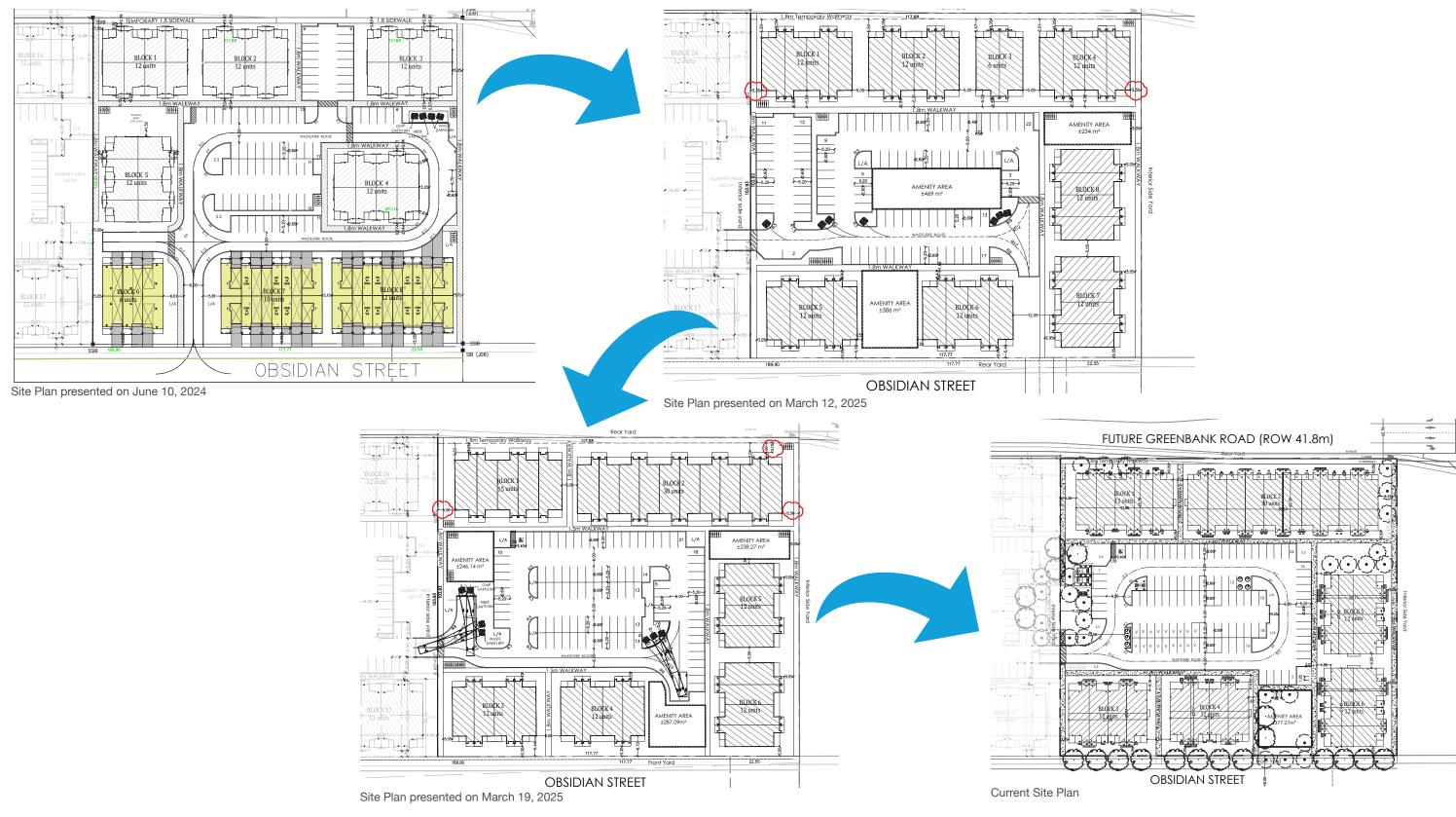
626m?

REQUIRED

to lot line

6m x 5.2m

Design Evolution



4159 Obsidian St Urban Design Brief

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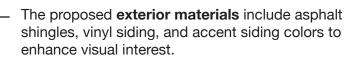
Architectural Rendering





Architectural Perspective of the proposed product. (Prepared by Deluxe Gallery.)





Windows on all four façades, maximizing natural light and ventilation for all units.

Clean, contemporary aesthetic façade, adresses practical and environmental aspects.

Sustainable materials: Vynil is recyclable contributting to a reduced carbon footprint

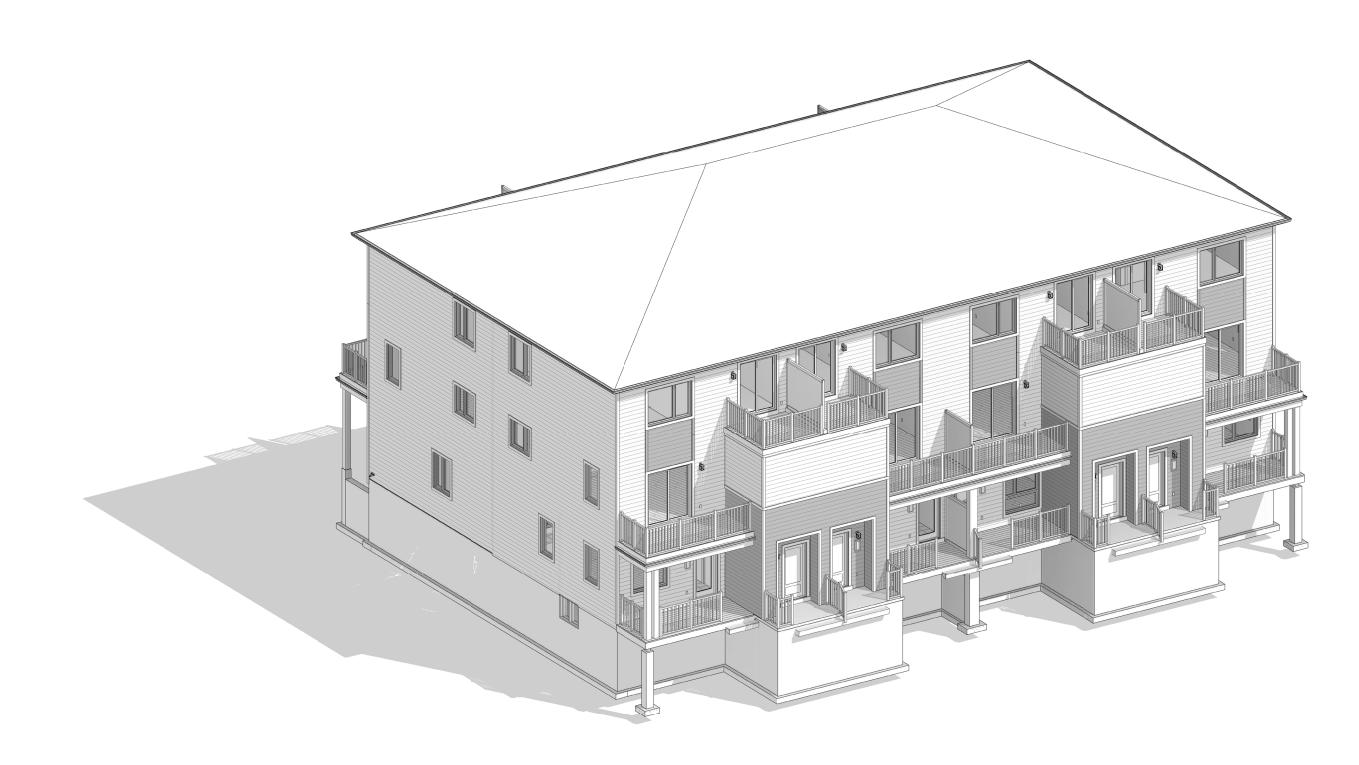
A two-tone palette-featuring a rich, dark base color contrasted with a lighter accent tonebreaks down the building mass and provides individual unit definition.

Balconies and vertical elements articulate the façade, introducing depth, shadow, and texture. These elements enhance the streetscape and also provide functional benefits such as private outdoor spaces and passive shading.

Balconies, privacy decks, and entrances are located on both the front and rear elevations.

Architectural Perspective





Architectural Perspective of the proposed product. (Prepared by Bim Studio + Organica Studio.)

May 2025



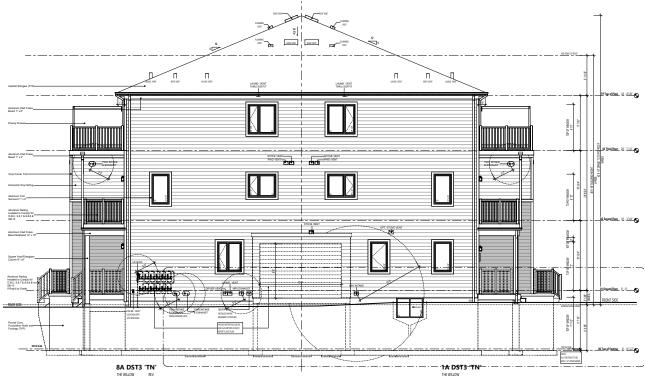


Architectural Elevations

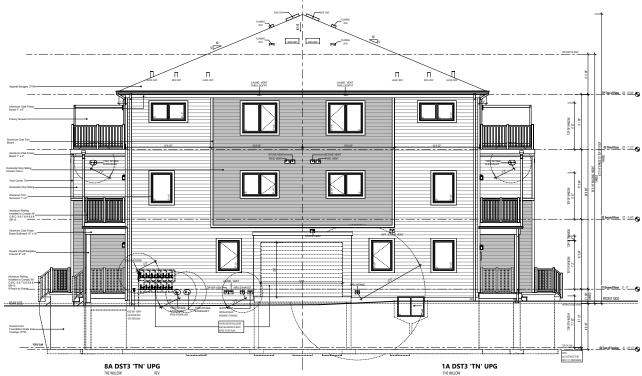


Front Elevation of a 12 unit back-to-back townhouse. (Prepared by Bim Studio + Organica Studio.)









Left Elevation (Upgrade) of a 12 unit back-to-back townhouse. (Prepared by Bim Studio + Organica Studio.)

4159 Obsidian St Urban Design Brief

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Organica STUDIO Studio + m STUDIO

Floor Plans and Sections





SECOND FLOOR

Floor Plans and Sections of a 12 unit back-to-back townhouse. (Prepared by Bim Studio + Organica Studio.)

PRIMARY BEDROOM

118-DST2



17

IP Top of Plate 22 - 3 5/3"

03 Third Floor 27 -7 1/2"

8A-DST3

02 Second Floor 107 - 3 3/4"

Gandfleer. II-V 🔤 00 Top of Facting 3: - 10 1/2"

TP Top of Plate 28 - 8 5/8"

03 Third Floor 27 - 7 1/2"

nd Floor . 17 - 1347 🔿

01 Ground Floor 0.0 00 Top of Facting -8 -10 1/2"

Massing Perspectives





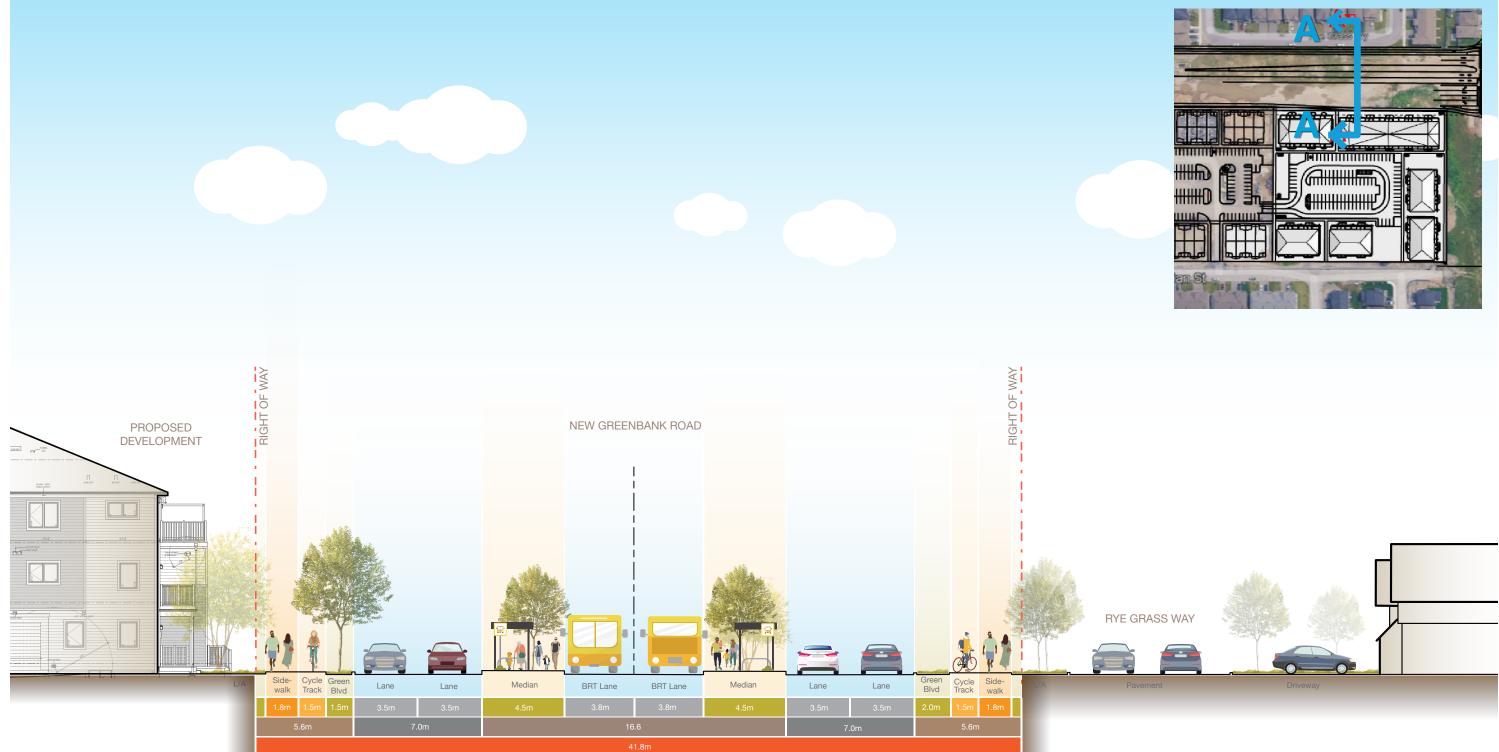
Massing Study showing proposed development within context. (Prepared by Korsiak + Fotenn.)

4159 Obsidian St Urban Design Brief

K RSIAK Urban Planning **FOTENN** Planning + Design

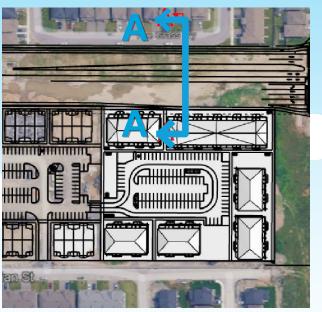
Cross Section AA





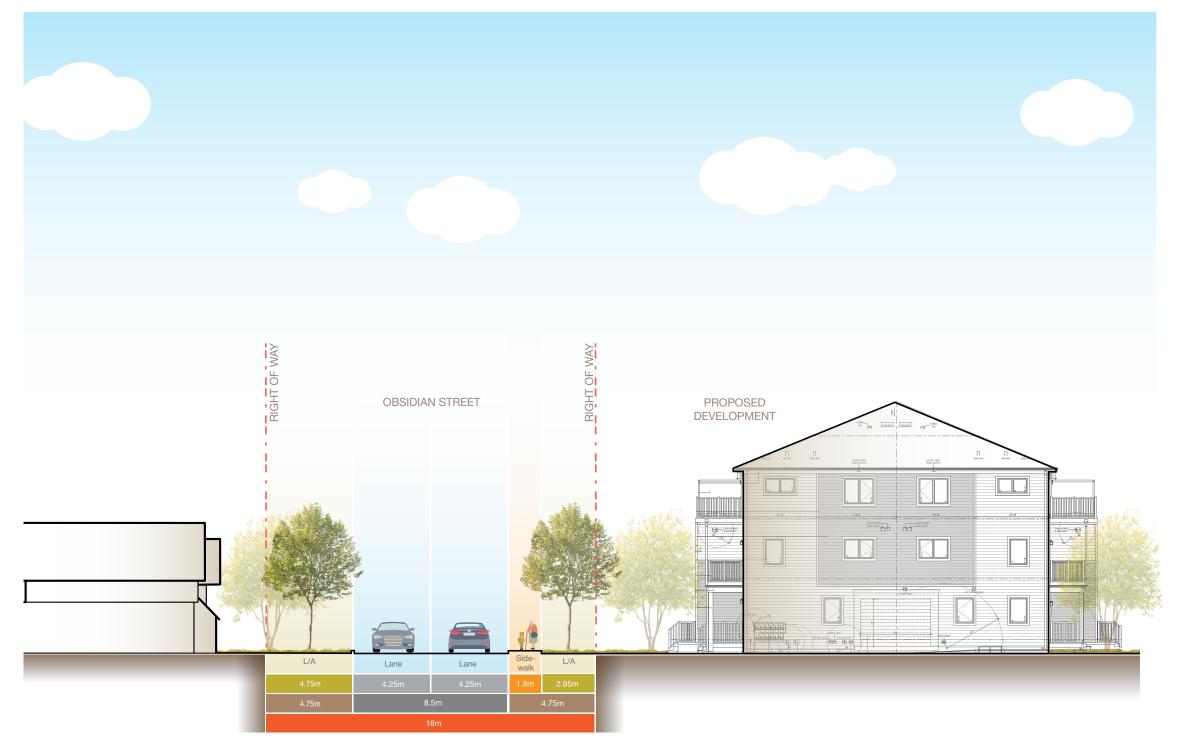
Cross Section across new Greenbank Road. (Prepared by Korsiak + Fotenn).

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Cross Section BB





Cross Section across Obsidian Street. (Prepared by Korsiak + Fotenn).

KORSIAK Urban FOTENN Planning + Design





DESIGN DIRECTIVES



Response to City's Design Policies

This document should not replace or replicate the Planning Ratioanle. A more extensive and detailed list of responses to specific policies and guidelines is provided on Section 4.0 of the Planning Rationale submitted along with this package. Below is a concise summary of how the propoesed development responds to City's design directives outlined in the following documents:

- / City of Ottawa Official Plan (2022)
- Barrhaven South Urban Expansion Area Community Design Plan (2018)
- Transit-Oriented Development Guidelines (2007)
- Urban Design Guidelines for Greenfield Neighbourhoods (2007)
- Building Better and Smarter Suburbs: Strategic Direction and Action Plan (2015)
- City of Ottawa Zoning By-law (2008-250) /

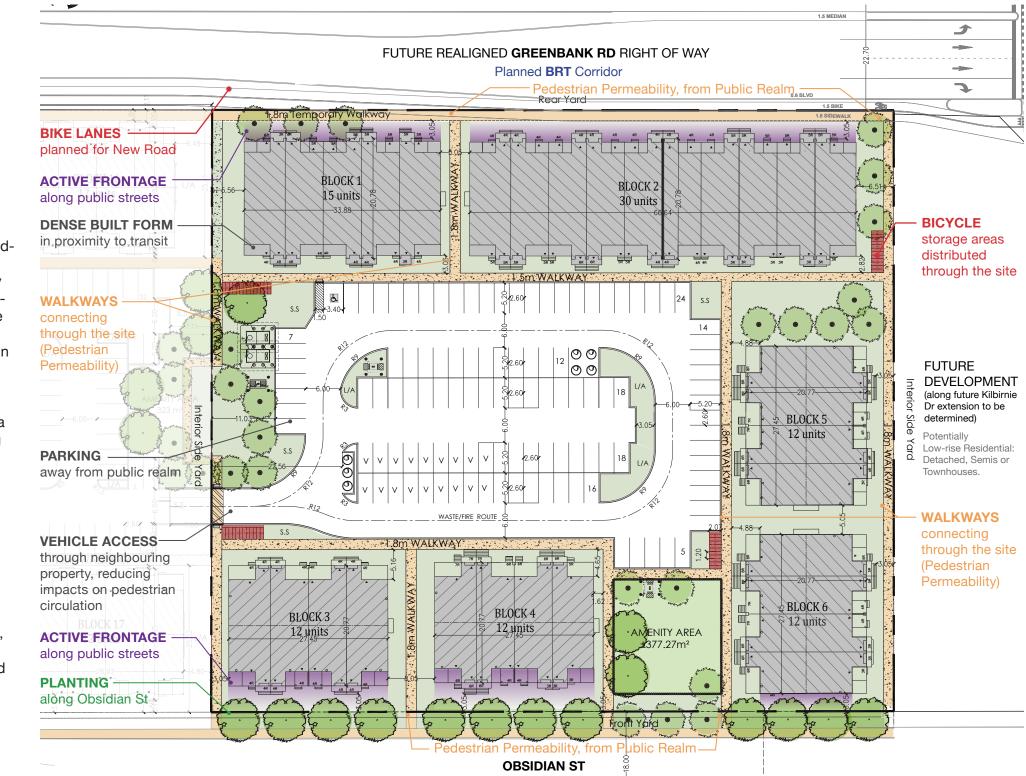
The proposed development increases the supply and mix of housing options in the Barrhaven South area, by offering low-rise neighbourhoodappropriate missing middle residential use, in a stacked back-to-back townhouse typology. It responds to market needs and local demand by providing an additional housing option in an efficient, dense and transitsupportive design, in a location with existing and planned infrastructure and public service facilities. By diversifying the range of housing arrangements, it supports a broader variety of ages and income levels in the area.

Although a greenfield development, the proposed development represents a positive evolution towards a more intensive use of the area through the creation of a 93-unit, PUD on a vacant lot, while respecting the existing character of the surrounding residential area.

The development supports sustainable transportation by providing a dense built form in proximity to a future public transit corridor and proposing pedestrian-friendly and bicycle-friendly design to encourage greater use of walking and bicycles for daily transport. The proposed development contributes with pedestrian connections to existing and future public rights-of-way, locating buildings in a way that dwellings have a convenient access to nearby public sidewalks.

Stacked townhouse front entrances face and are visible from the street. and add to the variety of housing densities and designs along the streetscape of Obsidian Street and realigned Greenbank Road. Stacked townhouse dwellings are placed in close proximity to abutting public streets to reinforce a strong street edge condition, with windows facing the street - contributting to a safer and more vibrant neighbourhood.

Projecting garages are avoided in this development. Vehicle parking is located internal to the site. Visitor and bicycle parking will also be provided in accordance with Zoning By-law requirements.



Illustrated Site Plan. (Prepared by Korsiak + Fotenn).

K RSIAK Urban FOTENN Planning + Design



Pre-Application Consultation Comments

A Pre-Application Consultation Meeting was held on November 22, 2024. As a result of this meeting, the following comments were received from the Urban Design team at the City of Ottawa. Responses to these comments are also provided below.

	Urban Design Comment	Response
3	Staff encourage the applicant to further explore ways of making a commercial component work on the site. Please discuss with Minto the viability of the adjacent parcel south of the site, this site if combined with the subject site would increase commercial street visibility and options for site layout.	A residential development plan has been selected for the site. The reasons for this selection are futher explained in the submitted Planning Rationale
4	More detailed comments will be provided when the applicant decides on a proposal to move forward with.	N/A
5	Whatever use is proposed along the future Greenbank realignment will require a greater building setback from the property line to accommodate trees.	To maximize site use efficiently, tree planting is a focus of other areas of this development rather than the space along the future Greenbank realignment. The accommodation of a temporary walkway limits the space for tree planting. However, there could be additional tree planting opportunities once new sidewalks are built as part of the realigned Greenbank corridor and the temporary walkway is removed.
6	Surface parking should be fully screened from street frontages.	The site design features back-to-back townhouses arranged on the perimeter of the property screening the surface parking from street frontages.
7	There should be sufficient setbacks along side property lines for tree planting. Generally increasing the amount of permeable surfaces should be sought.	Adequate setbacks are provided along the North, West and South property line for tree planting. Additionally, greenspace is featured in various locations on the site.





