

The Effort Trust Company

1015 - 1045 Dairy Drive

Design Brief

October 4 2024

1015 – 1045 Dairy Drive

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1 Introduction

1.1 Scope

Arcadis has been retained by TSL Dairy Inc. c/o The Effort Trust Company to prepare the necessary engineering plans, specifications and documents to support the proposed Site Plan Application for the subject lands in accordance with the policies set out by the Planning and Development Branch of the City of Ottawa. This Brief will present a detailed grading and servicing scheme to support the development of the property and will include sections on-site grading, water supply, wastewater management, minor and major stormwater management, and erosion and sediment control.

1.2 Subject Site

The Self Storage Facility is located northeast of the Dairy Drive and Old Montreal Road intersection. The proposed Self Storage Facility development is approximately 2.51 hectares in size and is bounded by Diary Drive to the west, Old Montreal Road to the south, a private property zoned light industrial to the east, and a commercial dairy production facility to the north.

Please refer to Figure 1, below, for more information regarding the site location.



Figure 1 Subject Site Location

Due to the site's natural topography, with the existing grade sloping from south to north, the proposed concept aims to seamlessly integrate the two large buildings and two smaller buildings into the natural slope by utilizing a multistorey approach for the larger southerly building. The south building's facades will be maintained at an accessible grade to permit entry into the upper and lower levels of the building at the building's north and south limits.

The primary vehicular and pedestrian access to the site is located off Old Montreal Road, and provides unimpeded access to the site office. A second, gated, vehicular access is provided off Dairy Drive.

The Self Storage Facility project will consist of the construction of 2 metal storage buildings and 2 industrial condominium buildings. One of the self-storage buildings will include a small rental and administration office. The site will also contain vehicular access routes, dedicated parking space and landscaping areas. A site plan of the proposed development is included in **Appendix A**.

1.3 **Previous Studies**

Design of this project has been undertaken in accordance with the following reports:

- Stormwater Design Plan Cardinal Creek Business Park Township of Cumberland prepared by Paul Wisner & Associates Inc., July 1992
- Greater Cardinal Creek Subwatershed Management Plan City of Ottawa prepared by Aecom, August 2014

An engineering pre-consultation with the City of Ottawa was held in February, 2023 regarding the proposed development. Notes from this meeting is included in **Appendix A**.

1.4 Geotechnical Considerations

Paterson Group Inc. was retained to prepare a geotechnical investigation for the site. The objectives of the investigation were to prepare a report to:

- Determine the subsoil and groundwater conditions at the site by means of test pits and boreholes
- To provide geotechnical recommendations pertaining to the design of the proposed development including construction considerations

The geotechnical investigation report PG6498-1 Dated September 15, 2023 confirmed that the site consists of topsoil underlain by a layer of fill, over a deep deposit of silty clay. Based on the undrained shear strength testing results, a varying permissible grade raise plan was created which has 5 different sections with individual permissible grade raise elevations which are referenced to a geodetic datum. The permissible elevations are between 64.5 on the south end of the site, to 60.5 at the north end of the site. The maximum and minimum deltas for grade raise is between 0.0m and 2.75m based on borehole elevations.

The report contains recommendations which include but are not limited to the following:

- Fill used for grading beneath the proposed development to meet OPSS Granular 'A' or Granular 'B' Type II
 placed in lifts no greater than 300 mm compacted to 98% SPMDD
- Pavement Structures as identified below

Table 1-1 Pavement Structure – Car Only Parking Areas

Local Road – Parking Areas	Thickness
12.5 Asphaltic Concrete	50 mm
OPSS Granular A Base	150 mm
OPSS Granular B Type II Subbase	300 mm

Table 1-2 Pavement Structure – Access Lanes, Fire Routes and Heavy Truck Parking Areas

Local Road	Thickness
12.5 Asphaltic Concrete	40 mm
19.0 Asphaltic Concrete	50 mm
OPSS Granular A Base	150 mm
OPSS Granular B Type II Subbase	450 mm

The report contains recommendations which include but are not limited to the following:

- Pipe bedding and cover: The pipe bedding for water and pipes placed on a relatively dry, undisturbed subgrade surface should consist of at least 150 mm of OPSS Granular A material. Where the bedding is located upon silty clay the thickness of the bedding material should be increased to a minimum of 300 mm of OPSS Granular A. The bedding layer should extend to the spring line of the pipe. Cover material, from the spring line to at least 300 mm above the obvert of the pipe should consist of OPSS Granular A or Granular B Type II. The bedding and cover materials should be placed in maximum 300 mm thick lifts compacted to a minimum of 95% of the material's SPMDD.
- The excavation side slopes above the groundwater level extending to a maximum depth of 3 m should be cut back at 1H:1V or flatter. The flatter slope is required for excavation below groundwater level

2 Water Supply

2.1 Existing Conditions

As previously noted, the 2.51 ha Self Storage Facility site is surrounded by Diary Drive to the west, Old Montreal Road to the south, a private gravel driveway to the east, and a commercial diary supplier to the north. The subject site is flanked on both streets by existing watermains. An existing PVC 406 mm diameter watermain is located within the Dairy Drive right of way and the Old Montreal Road right of way. Both watermains fall within the City of Ottawa's pressure district Pressure Zone 1E which will provide the water supply to the site.

2.2 Design Criteria

2.2.1 Water Demands

Water demands have been calculated for the full development. This site consists two self storage buildings that house a single office with an area of 121 m2 and two utility closets, and two industrial condominium buildings. Siamese connections will be provided for all buildings. Consumption rates are taken from Tables 4.1 and 4.2 at the Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution and are summarized as follows:

•	Commercial Shopping Center	2500 l/1000m²/day
•	Other Commercial	28,000 l/gross ha/day
•	ICI Average Day Demand	28,000 l/gross ha/day
•	ICI peak Daily Demand	42,000 l/gross ha/day
•	ICI Peak Hour Demand	75,600 l/gross ha/day

A watermain demand calculation sheet is included in **Appendix B** and the total water demands are summarized as follows:

•	Average Day	0.83 l/s
•	Maximum Day	1.25 l/s
•	Peak Hour	2.24 l/s

2.2.2 System Pressure

The Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution (WDG001), July 2010, City of Ottawa, Clause 4.2.2 states that the preferred practice for design of a new distribution system is to have normal operating pressures range between 345 kPa (50 psi) and 480 kPa (80 psi) under maximum daily flow conditions. Other pressure criteria identified in Clause 4.2.2 of the guidelines are as follows:

Minimum Pressure	Minimum system pressure under peak hour demand conditions shall not be less than 276 kPa (40 psi)
Fire Flow	During the period of maximum day demand, the system pressure shall not be less than 140 kPa (20 psi) during a fire flow event.

Maximum Pressure In accordance with the Ontario Building/Plumbing Code, the maximum pressure should not exceed 552 kPa (80 psi). Pressure reduction controls will be required for buildings where it is not possible/feasible to maintain the system pressure below 552 kPa.

2.2.3 Fire Flow Rates

The Self Storage Facility site plan contains 2 storage buildings and two industrial condominium buildings, all with automatic sprinkler systems. All buildings will fall under OBC Section 3.10, F-2 or F3 occupancy and combustibility. The sprinkler system will be designed and installed in accordance with NFPA-13 requirements. The sprinkler system will be supplied from the city water connection and the demand will be calculated using the hazard classification plus the appropriate inside/outside hose allowances.

Calculations using the Fire Underwriting Survey (FUS version 2020) were conducted to determine the fire flow requirement for the site. Results of the analysis provides a maximum fire flow rate of 12,000 l/min or 200.0 l/s is required which is used in the hydraulic analysis. A copy of the FUS calculations is included in **Appendix B**.

2.2.4 Boundary Conditions

The City of Ottawa has provided the hydraulic boundary conditions at Dairy Drive. A copy of the boundary conditions is included in **Appendix B** and summarized as follows:

Criteria	Hydraulic Head - Dairy Drive	Pressure
Max HGL (Basic Day)	114.1 m	74.4 psi
Peak Hour	109.4 m	67.7 psi
Max Day + Fireflow (12,000 L/m)	102.1 m	57.3 psi

Table 2-1 Hydraulic Boundary Conditions

Ground elevation: 61.7 m

2.2.5 Hydraulic Model

A computer model for the subject site has been developed using the InfoWater program by Innovyze. The model includes the existing watermain and boundary condition at Dairy Drive.

2.3 Proposed Water Plan

2.3.1 Proposed Water Plan

A 200 mm watermain is proposed with a double connection to the existing 406mm watermain at the North site entrance on Dairy Drive. The 200mm watermain is looped with a parallel run back out to Dairy Drive, and three private hydrants are provided.

Each building is provided with a 150mm un-metered fire service and a 50mm metered water service. To provide service to a janitorial closet and the mechanical room, where an automatic trap seal primer for the floor drain is required in facilities with combustion heating equipment.

Refer to the general plan of services Drawing C-001 for detailed watermain layout for the subject site.

2.3.2 Hydraulic Analysis

The hydraulic model was run under basic day conditions to determine the maximum pressure for the site. The minimum pressure for the site is determined in the peak hour analysis using the provided boundary condition. Results of the analysis for the site are summarized in Section 2.3.2 and the water model schematic and model results are included in **Appendix B**.

2.3.3 Modeling Results

The hydraulic model was run under basic day, maximum day with fire flows and under peak hour conditions. Results of the hydraulic model are included in **Appendix B** and summarized as follows:

•	Basic Day (Max HGL) Pressure Range	531.12 kPa to 540.91 kPa
•	Peak Hour (Min HGL) Pressure Range	485.06 kPa to 494.86 kPa
•	Max Day Pressure Range	413.52 kPa to 423.32 kPa

A comparison of the results and design criteria is summarized as follows:

Maximum Pressure	No nodes in basic day scenario exceed 552 kPa (80 psi), therefore no pressure reducing
	control is required for the buildings in this development.

Minimum Pressure All nodes in the model exceed the minimum value of 276 kPa (40 psi).

Fire Flow The required fire flow will be provided through a combination of a preposed new private hydrant and the surrounding public hydrants. There are 3 existing public hydrants around the site, 2 located on Dairy Drive and 1 on Old Montreal Road. All 3 hydrants are rated Class AA, which can provide 1500 GPM (5678 L/min) and above flow rate. Two new private fire hydrants are proposed, one from the proposed watermain on site, and one connecting to the Dairy Drive ROW watermain. The new hydrants are located within 45m of the doors, and Siamese connections. According to Table 18.5.4.3 Maximum Fire Flow Hydrant Capacity - Ottawa Design Guidelines, a total of 5678 L/min + 5678 L/min + 3785 L/min = 15141 L/min fire flow can be provided, which is larger than required fire flow 12000 L/min. Therefore, the existing public can provide sufficient fire flow for the site.

3 Wastewater Disposal

3.1 Existing Conditions

There is an existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer along Dairy Drive, which flows north and west along Dairy Drive and connects to Trim Road. This sewer has been designed to provide wastewater service to the subject development site.

3.2 Design Criteria

The sanitary sewers for the subject site will be based on the City of Ottawa design criteria. It should be noted that the sanitary sewer design for this study incorporates the latest City of Ottawa design parameters identified in Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01. Some of the key criteria will include the following:

•	Average commercial flow	= 28,000 l/s/ha
•	Peak ICI flow factor	= 1.5 if ICI area is > 20% total area
		1.0 if ICI area is ≤ 20% total area
•	Inflow and Infiltration Rate	= 0.33 l/s/ha
•	Minimum Full Flow Velocity	= 0.60 m/s
•	Maximum Full Flow Velocity	= 3.0 m/s
•	Minimum Pipe Size	= 250 mm diameter (for ICI lands per OSDG)

3.3 Recommended Wastewater Plan

The on-site sanitary system will consist of 250mm PVC sewer installed at normal depth and slope and will provide 150mm service connections to all buildings. The sewers have been designed using the criteria noted above in section 3.2 and outlet via a connection to the sanitary sewer within the Diary Drive right of way to the west of the site.

A copy of the sanitary sewer design sheet can be found in **Appendix C.** Please refer to the General Plan of Services **Drawing C-001** for further details.

4 Site Stormwater Management

4.1 Existing Conditions

The existing undeveloped subject lands currently drains north away from Old Montreal Road to the northwest corner of the development lands and into the Dairy processing plant. There is an existing 375mm diameter storm sewer along Dairy Drive, and to the south of the site an 825mm diameter storm sewer along Old Montreal Road. The Dairy Drive storm sewer eventually increases to a 1200mm diameter storm and has been designed to capture restricted minor system flows from the subject development.

4.2 Design Criteria

The stormwater system was designed following the principles of dual drainage, making accommodations for both major and minor flow. The on-site minor system design criteria identified below is consistent with the current City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines

Some of the key criteria include the following:

•	Design Storm	1:5year return (Ottawa)
•	Rational Method Sewer Sizing	
•	Initial Time of Concentration	10 minutes
•	Runoff Coefficients	
	 Landscaped Areas 	C = 0.30
	 Asphalt/Concrete 	C = 0.90
	– Roof	C = 0.90
•	Pipe Velocities	0.80 m/s to 6.0 m/s
•	Minimum Pipe Size	250 mm diameter
		(200 mm CB Leads)

4.3 Proposed Minor System

Where possible, the minor system storm sewers for the subject site will be sized based on the rational method and the City of Ottawa 5-year event. Minor storm flow to the downstream storm sewer network will be controlled by Inlet Control Devices (ICDs) to limit flow and prevent sewer surcharging downstream (see section 4.4 for Stormwater Management Criteria and Design).

The system concept includes 3 primary stormwater management areas. A small area along Old Montreal Road, an even smaller area along Dairy Drive and a larger area comprising of the remainder of the site.

A small area along Old Montreal Road, at the southern limits of the subject lands, is conveyed by surface routing to multiple catch basins located upstream of a control structure. Flows exceeding the control structures' release rate will surcharge the storm sewer system, and ponding will occur in designated ponding areas. The control structure outlet, located in the drive aisle west of the proposed buildings, is free-flowing to Dairy Drive and can receive drainage from the foundations of the 4 proposed buildings.

The remainder of the site area is conveyed north, through the drive aisles to underground storage (UGS) tanks located in the landscaped area along the north property line. The outlet from the UGS is controlled upstream of the free-flowing connection to Dairy Drive. Parallel storm sewers are required in the drive aisle to ensure that the small area controlled at the southern limits and foundation drains remains free flowing.

The building roof drains are to connect to the minor storm sewer system, and discharge into the controlled UGS system.

As directed by the client, Rooftop storage cannot be utilized on this site.

Services are provided to each building for foundation drains. Its connections are to the free-flowing in the drive aisle.

The existing storm sewer on Dairy Drive is a 375mm storm sewer. The maximum pipe size for sewers downstream of control structures is set to match the outlet condition. A 5-year sewer size for the full development flows would require a 750 mm diameter sewer. It is not practical to connect such a large sewer to the smaller diameter of the existing sewer on Dairy Drive. Therefore, the outletting sewers downstream of control structures have been sized to convey the fixed flow based on the SWM release rate. These flows are provided in the Storm Sewer Design sheet.

The controlled sewers, which are intended to convey the roof drainage to the UGS, have been designed to provide a 5-year level of service.

A detailed storm sewer design sheet and the associated storm sewer drainage area plan is included in **Appendix D**. The General Plan of Services, depicting all on-site storm sewers can be found in **Appendix A**.

4.4 Stormwater Management

The subject site will be limited to a release rate established using the criteria described in section 4.2 and the Stormwater Design Plan – Cardinal Creek Business Park – Township of Cumberland prepared by Paul Wisner & Associates Inc., July 1992. This will be achieved by implementing inlet control devices (ICDs) at strategic control locations.

The CCPB Stormwater Design Plan identifies development plots as requiring a post-development 5-year flow control to 26.4L/s/Ha. The report identifies a typical on-site storage requirement of approximately 250m3/Ha. It also notes that flows exceeding the 5-year controlled release are to discharge to the City ROW (Dairy Drive).

Flows generated that are in excess of the site's allowable release rate will be stored on-site in strategic UGS tanks and gradually released into the minor system so as not to exceed the site's allocation.

The maximum surface retention depth located within the accessible developed areas will be limited to 300mm during a 5-year event. Overland flow routes will be provided in the grading to permit emergency overland flow towards the City's ROW as described in the CCPB Stormwater Design Plan.

At certain locations within the site, the opportunity to capture and/or store runoff is limited due to grading constraints and site plan geometry. These locations are generally located at the site's perimeter, where it is necessary to tie into public ROWs and adjacent properties or in areas where ponding stormwater is undesirable. These "uncontrolled" areas – 0.015 hectares in total, have a C value of 0.25 and increased by 25% during 100-year events (as per City SDG).

The site grading and ponding have been designed to control water generated during the 1:5-year event per the CCPB Stormwater Management Report, with no overflow leaving the site. Refer to the SWM calculations in **Appendix D**.

4.5 Inlet Control

The allowable 5-year post-development release rate for the 2.51 Ha site can be calculated as follows:

 Qallowable
 = 26.4 L/s/Ha as per CCPB SWM Report

 Area
 = 2.51 Ha

 = 66.26 L/s

As noted in Section 4.4, a small, landscaped area along the west property line will drain offsite uncontrolled.

Based on a 100-year event, the flow from the 0.015 Ha uncontrolled area can be determined as:

Quncontrolled	= 2.78 x C x i _{100yr} x A where:		
C	= Average runoff coefficient of uncontrolled area = 0.25 x 1.25		
İ _{100yr}	= Intensity of 100-year storm event (mm/hr)		
	= 1735.688 x (T_c + 6.014)^{0.820} = 178.56 mm/hr; where T_c = 10 minutes		
Α	= Uncontrolled Area = 0.011 Ha		

Therefore, the uncontrolled release rate can be determined as:

 $Q_{uncontrolled} = 2.78 \times 1.25C \times i_{100yr} \times A$ = 2.78 × 1.25 × 0.020 × 178.56 × 0.011 = 1.71 L/s

The maximum allowable release rate from the remainder of the site can then be determined as:

Qmax allowable = Qrestricted - Quncontrolled = 66.26 L/s - 1.71 L/s = 64.56 L/s

Based on the flow allowance at the various inlet locations, a combination of various sizes of inlet control devices (ICDs) were chosen in the design. The design of the inlet control devices is unique to each drainage area and is determined based on various factors, including hydraulic head and allowable release rate. The inlet control devices were sized according to the manufacturer's design charts. The restrictions will cause the on-site catchbasins and manholes to surcharge to facilitate use of the UGS, surface ponding in parking, landscaped and dry pond areas. Ponding locations and elevations are summarized on the Ponding Plan **Drawing C-600**, and included in **Appendix D**.

4.6 **On-Site Detention**

The site was designed to limit runoff to the allowable release rate up to the 5-year post-development storm event. Flows exceeding the maximum allowable release rate will be contained on-site via underground and surface storage at strategic locations. Orifices are proposed in manholes to control runoff from the site. The modified rational method was used to determine the resulting storage volumes during a 2-year, 5-year and 100-year storm event. Available surface ponding volumes at each inlet were determined using CAD surface volume tools. As per the Ottawa SDG, when underground storage is considered available storage, the ICD release rate is to be reduced by 50% to account for the head loss during the initial part of the rainfall event while the underground portion of the storage fills with runoff.

Major flow up to the 100-year storm is contained on-site and is gradually released to the minor system, aside from the small uncontrolled areas, major flow does not leave the site via overland flow.

The site's stormwater management has ensured that surface ponding will not occur during the 2-year storm event except in the landscaped area.

Stormwater management and on-site underground storage volume calculations, and manufacturers spec sheets are included in **Appendix D**.

A summary of the ICD type for each drainage area and corresponding storage details is provided in Table 4.1 below.

Table 4-1	Post-Developi	ment Storage	Summary	Table

Post – Development Flows							
Location	ICD Type	Drainage Area (Ha)	Restricted / Uncontrolled Flow (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)	Stor	rage Provided	(m³)
			5 - Year	5 - Year	Surface	UGS	Total
Uncontrolled	Flow						
UN	N/A	0.011		N/A	N/A	N/A	
Controlled Storm Sewer System							
CBMH8	IPEX LMF	0.160	6	36.79		48.23	48.23
MH14	IPEX LMF	0.247	6	22.53	154.29	N/A	154.29
MH23	IPEX MHF	2.020	46.50	541.21		563.91	563.91
CBMH9	IPEX LMF	0.068	6	1.19		1.72	1.72
Total Restricted Release Rate							

Post – Development Flows							
		2.495	64.50	601.72	154.29	613.86	768.15

4.7 100-Year Overflow

A cursory review of the 100-year event, and overflow depth has been performed using the modified rational method. The calculations are included in the modified rational stormwater management sheets **Appendix D**.

A summary of the require storage volumes, and overflow balances is provided below.

Table 4-2 Post-Development 100yr Storage Summary Table

Drainage Area	ICD Restricted Flow (L/s)	100 Year Storage Required (m³)	Total Storage Provided (m3)	Upsteam Overflow (m³)	100 – Year Overflow (m³)
MH23	46.5	1203.36	563.91		639.45
CBMH8	6	83.80	48.23	639.45	675.02
MH4	6.0	64.76	154.59	0	0
CBMH9	6.0	4.90	1.72	3.18	3.18

The overland flow from the area tributary to MH23 is directed to the area upsteam of CBMH8. The overflow overtops the curb and retaining wall during infrequent events. The overflow volume from MH23 is 675.02m3 at peak. Based on a peak Tc of 220 minutes, the volume can be reverse calculated to **48.44 L/s**. A channel depth conveyance calculation has been provided to determine the overflow depth of **0.04m** above static ponding elevation.

The overland flow from the area tributary to CBMH8 is directed to Dairy Drive. The volume of overflow from CBMH8, inclusive of upstream contribution is 675.02m3 at peak. Based on a peak Tc of 130 minutes, this volume can be reverse calculated to **86.54L/s**. A swale along the north property line retaining wall has been provided for 100year conveyance, which is proposed to outlet to the Dairy Drive ROW. A channel depth conveyance calculation has been provided to determine the overflow depth of **0.19m** above static ponding elevation.

The overland flow from the area tributary to CBMH9 is directed to Dairy Drive. The volume of overflow from CBMH8 is 3.18m3 at peak. Based on a peak Tc of 15 minutes, this volume can be reverse calculated to **3.53 L/s**. CBMH8 is located adjacent to the West property line and outlets to the Dairy Drive ROW. A channel depth conveyance calculation has been provided to determine the overflow depth of **0.01m** above static ponding elevation.

The 100-year flow from areas upstream of MH14 are contained onsite, with no overland flow offsite or to other areas.

The City has requested that Arcadis review the 100-year pre-development flow versus the total restricted flow + 100-year overflow. The 100-year predevelopment flow can be calculated as;

Q100 predev	= 2.78 x C x i _{100yr} x A where:
С	= Average runoff coefficient of uncontrolled area = 0.25 x 1.25
İ _{100yr}	= Intensity of 100-year storm event (mm/hr)
	= 1735.688 x (T_c + 6.014)^{0.820} = 119.95 mm/hr; where T_c = 20 minutes
Α	= Uncontrolled Area = 2.510 Ha

Therefore, the 100year pre-development flow can be determined as:

Q_{100 predev} = 2.78 x 1.25C x i_{100yr} x A = 2.78 x 1.25 x 0.25 x 178.56 x 2.51 = 261.56 L/s

The sum of the uncontrolled flow (1.71 L/s), the restricted flow (64.50 L/s), and the 100-year overflow (86.54 L/s & 3.53L/s) is **156.28 L/s**. This is less than the pre-development 100-year flow.

4.8 100-Year + 20% Stress Test

A cursory review of the 100-year event + 20% has been performed using the modified rational method. The Peak flow from each area during a 100-year event has been increased by 20%. The calculations have been included in **Appendix D.**

A summary of the require storage volumes, and overflow balances is provided below.

Table 4-3 Post-Development 100yr+20% Stress Test Storage Summary Table

Drainage Area	ICD Restricted Flow (L/s)	100 Year + 20% Storage Required (m³)	Total Storage Provided	Upsteam Overflow (m³)	100 – Year Overflow (m³)
MH23	46.50	1505.41	563.91		941.50
CBMH8	6.00	105.24	48.23	941.50	998.51
MH4	6.00	82.03	154.59		0
СВМН9	6.00	6.42	1.72		4.70

The overland flow from the area tributary to MH23 is directed to the area upsteam of CBMH8. The overflow overtops the curb and retaining wall during infrequent events. The 100yr +20% overflow volume from MH23 is 941.50m3 at peak. Based on a peak Tc of 220 minutes, the volume can be reverse calculated to **71.33 L/s**. A channel depth conveyance calculation has been provided to determine the overflow depth of **0.05m** above static ponding elevation.

The overland flow from the area tributary to CBMH8 is directed to Dairy Drive. The volume of overflow from CBMH8, inclusive of upstream contribution is 998.51m3 at peak. Based on a peak Tc of 130 minutes, this volume can be reverse calculated to **128.01L/s**. A swale along the north property line retaining wall has been provided for 100year

conveyance, which is proposed to outlet to the Dairy Drive ROW. A channel depth conveyance calculation has been provided to determine the overflow depth of **0.22m** above static ponding elevation.

The overland flow from the area tributary to CBMH9 is directed to Dairy Drive. The volume of overflow from CBMH9 is 4.70m3 at peak. Based on a peak Tc of 15 minutes, this volume can be reverse calculated to **5.22 L/s**. CBMH8 is located adjacent to the West property line and outlets the 100+20% event to the Dairy Drive ROW. A channel depth conveyance calculation has been provided to determine the overflow depth of **0.01m** above static ponding elevation.

The 100year+20% flow from areas upstream of MH4 are contained onsite, with no overland flow offsite.

4.9 Under Ground Storage

Due to the site's constraints and the stormwater management plan, underground storage was deemed the best option to contain the 5-year storm event on site. The table below summarizes underground storage, and additional information about the underground storage structures is found in **Appendix D**.

Storage Name	Structure Type	Storage Provided (m³)
MH23	Stormtech MC-7200 or approved equivalent	563.91
CBMH8	Stormtech MC-7200 or approved equivalent Plus the storage pipe and structures	48.23
CBMH9	СВМН	1.72

Table 4-3 Underground Storage Summary Table

4.10 Quality Control

According to Cardinal Creek Business Park—Stormwater Management Report, a water quality pond has been provided for the business park outlet. As noted in section 7.1 of the report, it provides a TSS removal of about 85%, exceeding the MECP-enhanced level of treatment.

No additional quality control measures are required for the subject development.

5 Grading and Roads

5.1 Site Grading

The existing grades within portions of the proposed development lands vary significantly due to the existing topography of the site. The grading plan will require the balancing of various requirements including but not limited to geotechnical constraints, minimum/maximum slopes, overland routing of stormwater, all to ensure the site is graded in accordance with municipal and accessibility standards.

Refer to the grading plan provided in Appendix E.

A retaining wall exceeding 2.0m in height is anticipated along the south-eastern property lines. A retaining wall approximately 2.5m height is anticipated along Dairy Drive. Both of these walls will require a detailed design by a structural engineer prior to municipal approval. In order to meet the stringent stormwater management criteria, every effort was made to reduce uncontrolled discharge from the site. In landscape areas where typical 2-7% grading cannot be met, 3:1 maximum terracing has been utilized to tie the proposed grading into existing.

5.2 Road Network

No public roads are proposed through the site. A minimum 9.0m wide drive aisle has been provided, as shown on the Site Plan in **Appendix A.** An internal Fire route has been shown where fire truck access is required, as determined by the site architect.

There are 100 parking stalls provided on the site, of which 3 are barrier-free.

Pedestrian access facilities are provided in the unsecured area of the site nearest to Old Montreal Road and provide access to the site office.

A bicycle parking facility has been proposed adjacent to each building entrance.

Earthbin (or similar approved type) garbage facilities have been provided throughout.

Noise attenuation features and indoor noise clause provisions will not be required for commercial use lands for road noise generated by the adjacent roads.

Stationary noise investigation is to be provided by Gradient Wind for commercial rooftop mechanical equipment.

6 Source Controls

6.1 General

Since an end of pipe treatment facility is already provided for the development lands, stormwater site management for the subject lands will focus on site level or source control management of runoff. Such controls or mitigative measures are proposed for this development not only for final development but also during construction and build out. Some of these measures are:

- Flat site grading where possible
- Vegetation planting
- Groundwater recharge in landscaped areas

6.2 Lot Grading

Where possible, all of the proposed blocks within the development will make use of gentle surface slopes on hard surfaces such as asphalt and concrete. In accordance with local municipal standards, all grading will be between 0.5 and 5.0 percent for hard surfaces and 2.0 and 7.0 percent for all landscaped areas. Significant grade changes will be accomplished through the use of terracing (3:1 max slope), ramps and/or retaining walls. All street and parking lot catchbasins shall be equipped with 3.0m subdrains on opposite sides of a curbside catchbasin running parallel to the curb, and with 3.0m subdrains extending out from all 4 sides of parking lot catchbasins.

6.3 Vegetation

As with most site plans, the developer will be required to complete a vegetation and planting program. Vegetation throughout the development including planting along roadsides and within the individual blocks provides opportunities to re-create lost vegetation.

6.4 Groundwater Recharge

Groundwater recharge targets have not been identified for this site. Perforated sub-drain systems will be implemented at capture locations in all vegetated areas. This will promote increased infiltration during low flow events before water is collected by the storm sewer system.

7 Conveyance Controls

7.1 Generals

Besides source controls, the development also proposes to use several conveyance control measures to improve runoff quality. These will include:

- Vegetated swales
- Catchbasin sumps and manhole sumps

7.2 Catchbasins and Maintenance Hole Sumps

All catchbasins within the development, either rear yard or street, will be constructed with minimum 600 mm deep sumps. These sumps trap pollutants, sand, grit and debris which can be mechanically removed prior to being flushed into the minor pipe system. Both rear yard and street catchbasins will be to OPSD 705.02. All storm sewer maintenance holes serving local sewers less than 900 mm diameter shall be constructed with a 300 mm sump as per City standards.

8 Sediment and Erosion Control Plan

8.1 General

During construction, existing stream and conveyance systems can be exposed to significant sediment loadings. Although construction is only a temporary situation, it is proposed to possibly introduce a number of mitigative construction techniques to reduce unnecessary construction sediment loadings. These may include:

- Until the local storm sewer is constructed, groundwater in construction trenches shall be pumped into a filter mechanism prior to release to the environment
- Vegetated swale sediment capture filter socks will remain on open surface structures such as maintenance holes and catchbasins until these structures are commissioned and put into use
- Silt fence on the site perimeter will be installed

8.2 Trench Dewatering

Any trench dewatering using pumps will be discharged into a filter trap made up of geotextile filters and straw bales similar in design to the OPSD 219.240 Dewatering Trap. These will be constructed in a bowl shape with the fabric forming the bottom and the straw bales forming the sides. Any pumped groundwater will be filtered prior to release to the existing surface runoff. The contractor will inspect and maintain the filters as needed, including sediment removal and disposal and material replacement as needed. It should be noted that that the contractor will be responsible for the design and management of the trap(s).

8.3 Seepage Barriers

www.arcadis.com

In order to further reduce sediment loading to the stormwater management facility, seepage barriers will be installed on any surface water courses at appropriate locations that may become evident during construction. These barriers will be Light Duty Straw Bale Barriers per OPSD 219.100 and Heavy-Duty Silt Fence Barriers per OPSD 219.130; locations are shown on the Sediment and Erosion Control Plan included in **Appendix E**. They are typically made of layers of straw bales or geotextile fabric staked in place. All seepage barriers will be inspected and maintained as needed.

8.4 Surface Structure Filters

All catchbasins, and to a lesser degree, manholes, convey surface water to sewers. Until streets are asphalted and curbed, all catchbasins and manholes will be constructed with sediment capture inserts or equivalent located between the structure frame and cover. These will stay in place and be maintained during construction and build until it is appropriate to remove same.

https://arcadiso365.sharepoint.com/sites/Projects3/142817/Internal Documents/6.0 Technical/6.04 Civil/03 Reports/Submission #3/CTR Dairy Drive Design Brief 2024-10-04.doc

9 Conclusion

This report has illustrated that the proposed Dairy Drive Self Storage development can be serviced via existing municipal services. The water network will be extended to provide necessary service. All sanitary and storm sewer designs for this development will be completed in conformance with City of Ottawa standards while acknowledging downstream constraints. By limiting flow into the minor storm sewer system as per the applicable local stormwater management criteria and allowing for excess surface storage on-site, all stormwater management requirements will be met. Adherence to the Sediment and Erosion Control Plan during construction will minimize harmful impacts on surface water.

Based on the information provided within this report, the plans prepared for the subject development can be serviced to meet City of Ottawa requirements.



Demetrius Yannoulopoulos, P. Eng. Director – Office Lead

Prhy

Ryan Magladry, C.E.T Associate – Manager, Land Engineering

Arthur Beresniewicz, E.I.T. Engineering Intern



Site Plan Site Servicing Plan 142817-C-001 AOV Legal Plan – 2022-05-13 Pre-Consultation City Comments



LEGEND:	
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	PROPERTY LINE
	DEMOLITION OF EXISTING FEATURE
	FIRE ROUTE
	REQUIRED LANDSCAPED AREA SETBACK
	REQUIRED YARD SETBACK
	NEW CONTINUOUS CONCRETE CURBING.
	CURB CUT C/W DEPRESSED CURB
0	BOLLARDS
	NEW BUILDING FOOTPRINT
· * * * * * *	NEW LANDSCAPING
	NO PARKING, PAINTED LINES.
	DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC
▼	MAIN BUILDING ENTRANCE / EXITS
\bigtriangledown	SECONDARY BUILDING ENTRANCE / EXITS
	TYPICAL PARKING STALL
G	BARRIER-FREE PARKING STALL (4.4m x 5.8m)
	ACCESSIBLE PARKING SIGN

		REQUIREMENTS	PROPOSED (based on newly proposed property line)	MUI
	ZONING DESIGNATION	"IL-4 H21"	"IL-4 H21"	
	MIN LOT AREA	2,000m²	25,476 m²	
	MIN LOT WIDTH	N/A	N/A	
	MAX LOT COVERAGE	65%	45%	
	BUILDING AREA (BLDG FOOTPRINT)	N/A	11,522 m²	-
	GROSS FLOOR AREA	N/A	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	
	BUILDING USES	AS PERMITTED BY IL-4 H21	SELF STORAGE FACILITY	
	MINIMUM YARD REQUIREMENTS	FRONT YARD = 7.5 m; CORNER SIDE YARD = 7.5 m INTERIOR SIDE YARD = 7.5 m REAR YARD = 7.5 m	FRONT YARD (S) = 7.5m INTERIOR SIDE YARD (W) = 7.5m CORNER SIDE YARD (E) = 10.2m REAR YARD (N) = 7.5m	
	MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT	WITHIN 20m OF A RESIDENTIAL ZONE= 11m IN ALL OTHER CASES = 18m	4 STOREYS (REFER TO ELEVATIONS)	
	LANDSCAPING	PROPERTY LINE ABUTTING A RESIDENTIAL OR INSTITUTIONAL ZONE, 3m; MAY BE REDUCED TO ONE METRE IF A 1.4 METRE HIGH OPAQUE SCREEN IS PROVIDED ABUTTING A STREET, 3m IN ALL OTHER CASES, NO MINIMUM	MINIMUM 3m LANDSCAPING BUFFER ALONG DAIRY DRIVE AND OLD MONTREAL ROAD	
		WAREHOUSE BLDG A & B 0.8 SPACES PER 100 SQUARE METRES FOR THE FIRST 5,000 SQUARE METRES OF GROSS FLOOR AREA;	BLDG A & B REQUIRED: $(5,000m^2/100m^2)*0.8 = 40$ $((27,314m^2-5000m^2)/100m^2)*0.4 = 89$ Total = 129	
N OF	PARKING	0.4 SPACES PER 100 SQUARE METRES ABOVE 5,000 SQUARE METRES OF GROSS FLOOR AREA.	BLDG C & D REQUIRED: (1,474m ² /100m ²)*0.8 = 14 Total = 14	
		LIGHT INDUSTRIAL BLDG C & D 0.8 SPACES PER 100 SQUARE METRES FOR THE FIRST 5,000 SQUARE METRES OF GROSS FLOOR AREA;	TOTAL: 143 PARKING SPACES REQUIRED PROPOSED: 89 PARKING SPACES	
	BARRIER FREE PARKING	100–199 PARKING SPACES 2 SPACES REQUIRED	3 BF SPACE PROVIDED	
	BICYCLE PARKING	1 PER 2000 m^2 28.788/2000 = 14 REQUIRED	18 PROVIDED	T

NO DRAWING DIVISION SHALL BE VIEWED INDEPENDENTLY. CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUB CONTRACTORS TO REVIEW AND BE FAMILIAR WITH ENTIRE DRAWING SET.						
Revisions						
No.:	For:		Date:			
2	PHASE 2 PRE-CON SUBMISSIC REVISED FOR PHASE PRE-CON SUBMISSIC	N 3 N	06/13/2024 02/15/2024			
To: (Version)	For:		Date:			
NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK AND VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND CONTRACTOR SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ARCHITECT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH WORK. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS. CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS SHALL USE THIS DRAWING IN CONJUNCTION WITH OTHER DISCIPLINARY ENGINEER DRAWINGS AND TENANT FIT-UP DRAWINGS. THIS DRAWING SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSE UNTIL ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION BY DESIGN PROFESSIONAL UNDER ISSUE COLUMN. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ARE THE COPYRIGHT OF THE CONSULTANTS AND SHALL NOT BE USED OR REPRODUCED WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION BY THE CONSULTANTS. ALL DRAWINGS ARE TO BE REVIEWED AS A FULL PACKAGE SET. Seal: North Arrow:						
Architect:						
548 L T. 90 Client/Dev	IPPER JAMES ST. F	TAMILTON, ON F. 905.3	. L9C 2Y4 83.5700			
TSL - DAIRY LP 50 KING STREET EAST, HAMILTON, ONTARIO L8N 1 A6						
Project:						
PROPOSED SELF-STORAGE BUILDINGS 1015-1045 DAIRY DRIVE, OTTAWA, ON.						
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SITE PLAN						
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Drawing N		Shee	t Version:			
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PART OF LOT 29 CONCESSION 1 (OLD SURVEY) Geographic Township of Cumberland CITY OF OTTAWA

Prepared by Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebekk Ltd.

Scale 1:500

DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048.

MAY 13 2022 E.H. Herweyer O.L.S.

Notes & Legend

D	enotes	
) MH-ST		Maintenance Hole (Sanitary)
) w∺-s	аn,	Maintenance Hole (Storm Sewer)
⊖ vc	30.	Valve Chamber (Watermain)
O LS		Light Standard
□ св	н .	Catch Basin
וס		Ditch Inlet
CSP		Corrugated Steel Pipe
CCP		Concrete Pipe
PO-W		Wooden Pole
20-С		Concrete Pole
AN		Anchor
	u .	Fire Hydrant
B) w∨		Water Valve
nv.	ar o	Invert
۲\G	.0.	Top of Grate
۲\P		Top of Pipe
0 TB-T	u –	Traffic Terminal Box
□ ТВ-С		Cable Terminal Box
Э нн	п.	Handhole
X		
X	"	Coniferous Tree
Δs	н	Sign
LF	я.	Chain Link Fence
°&W	ų	Post and Wire Fence
🗣 вн		Borehole
2	н	Diameter
+ 65.00	н	Location of Elevations
+ 65.00	н	Top of Concrete Curb Elevation
C/L		Centreline
P		Edge of Pavement
G	u	Edge of Gravel
27L		Centreline
		Property Line
MH-T		Maintenance Hole (Traffic)

AREAS

O MH-S 64.9

Part 1 Plan 4R-25378 = 1.300 Hectares Part 2 Plan 4R-25378 = 1.214 Hectares TOTAL SITE AREA = 2.514 Hectares

BOUNDARY INFORMATION COMPILED FROM PLAN 4R-23578 AND OFFICE RECORDS.

ELEVATION NOTES

- 1. Elevations shown are referred to geodetic datum.
- 2. It is the responsibility of the user of this information to verify that the job benchmark has not been altered or disturbed and that it's relative elevation and description agrees with the information shown on this drawing.

UTILITY NOTES

- This drawing cannot be accepted as acknowledging all of the utilities and it will be the responsibility of the user to contact the respective utility authorities for confirmation.
- 2. Only visible surface utilities were located.
- 3. A field location of underground plant by the pertinent utility authority is mandatory before any work involving breaking ground, probing, excavating etc.



From:	Murshid, Shoma <shoma.murshid@ottawa.ca></shoma.murshid@ottawa.ca>		
Sent:	Monday, February 27, 2023 4:12 PM		
Го:	James Webb		
Cc:	Elsby, Cam; Rehman, Sami; Giampa, Mike; Murray, Hayley; Moise,		
	Christopher; 'Alex Shafran'; Demetrius Yannoulopoulos;		
	'christopher.gordon@cghtransportation.com';		
	'andrew.harte@cghtransportation.com';		
	'shafranspencer31@gmail.com'		
Subject:	1015 to 1045 Dairy Drive - Site Plan Control Pre-Consultation Follow-up		
Attachments:	1015 Dairy Drive.Pre-Application Consultation Form.Jan 20.2023.pdf;		
	Peoposed site plan and floor plan for 1015 Dairy Dr, Orleans, ON.pdf; Dairy,		
	1015-1045 Design Brief.pdf; 1015-1045 Dairy Drive Pre-con Meeting		
	Checklist.docx		
Subject: Attachments:	'andrew.harte@cghtransportation.com'; 'sam@searchitect.com'; 'shafranspencer31@gmail.com' 1015 to 1045 Dairy Drive - Site Plan Control Pre-Consultation Follow-up 1015 Dairy Drive.Pre-Application Consultation Form.Jan 20.2023.pdf; Peoposed site plan and floor plan for 1015 Dairy Dr, Orleans, ON.pdf; Dairy 1015-1045_Design Brief.pdf; 1015-1045 Dairy Drive Pre-con Meeting Checklist.docx		

Importance: High

Good morning James,

Thank you for meeting with us on February 21, 2023 to discuss a self-storage unit business at the northeast corner of Dairy Drive and Old Montreal Road. This use is permitted within the IL4 H(21) zone for the subject lands as it is classified under warehouse use definition. This is for nine storage buildings that will provide an alternative to a fully enclosed storage building for self-storage. The combined floor area for the buildings is 12,913 square metres. Building A includes administration offices. A total of two access points are proposed.

I offer the **following planning notes and comments** for your consideration when preparing a final formal submission for the site plan control:

- Please consider the provision of shade/canopy trees along the street frontages and consider any setbacks to existing hydro wires.
- Please bring the main building as close as possible to the street to provide a more pedestrian friendly public realm, after considering the soil volumes and setbacks required for the potential street trees.
- We recommend the portions of the site that are visible from the City's public realm are well considered for quality of materials, facade treatments, and generally being a positive contribution to the surrounding community.
- We recommend the hard surfacing on the site be reduced as much as possible to reduce the urban heat island effect and to promote natural stormwater management and filtration.
- We recommend the hard surfaces internal to the site include additional green edges and landscaping with strategic landscaping for screening around the edges of the site to improve the image of the proposed fencing to the public realm.
- Ensure this proposal takes into account the new Official Plan.
- Please do not forget to design and identify locations of temporary (and/or permanent) snow storage, garbage/green-bin/recyclable pick-up, emergency and

protective service turn-arounds (in other words, demonstrate truck turning movements) on your submission documents.

• At time of site plan approval, cash in lieu of parkland will apply.

Site Plan Control, Required Plans/Studies and Fees for Submission:

This proposal triggers Application for "New Development, Complex" site plan control. This site plan control category has a submission fee requirement that is (planning fee component) \$49,964.88 + the Initial Design Review and Inspection Fee, based on the value of Infrastructure and Landscaping (sliding scale between \$1,000 to \$10K) plus an Initial Conservation Authority Fee of \$1,065.00.

Plans and reports required at the time of site plan control submission (PDFs only) shall be: Site Plan Design Brief (scoped) **Planning Rationale** Elevations Floor Plans Grading & Drainage Plan **Erosion & Sediment Control Plan** Site Servicing Study Stormwater Management Report Site Servicing Plan Geotechnical Report including a slope stability analysis EIS (can be combine with TCR) Landscape Plan (can alternatively be combined with TCR) Legal Survey Plan Topographical Plan of Survey Plan with a published Bench Mark Noise Study TIA Synchro Files Environmental Site Assessment(s)

Urban Design Review Comments

from Christopher Moise OAA MRAIC Architect | Urban Designer <u>christopher.moise@ottawa.ca</u>

- This proposal does not run along or does not meet the threshold in one of the City's Design Priority Areas and need not attend the City's UDRP. Staff will be responsible for evaluating the proposal and providing design direction.
- We appreciate the drawings submitted for discussion and have the following comments/questions regarding the proposal:

- **Visibility to public realm**: We recommend the portions of the site that are visible from the City's public realm are well considered for quality of materials, facade treatments, and generally being a positive contribution to the surrounding community.
- **Reduction in hard surfaces**: We recommend the hard surfacing on the site be reduced as much as possible to reduce heat island effect.
- Additional landscaping especially for screening: We recommend the hard surfaces internal to the site include additional green edges and landscaping and strategic landscaping for screening around the edges of the site to improve the image of the proposed fencing to the public realm.
- A scoped Design Brief is a required submittal for all Site Plan/Re-zoning applications and can be combined with the Planning Rationale. Please see the Design Brief's Terms of Reference that has been attached.
 - Note. The Design Brief submittal should have a section which addresses these pre-consultation comments.

This is an exciting project in an area full of potential. We look forward to helping you achieve its goals with the highest level of design resolution. We are happy to assist and answer any questions regarding the above. Good luck.

Engineering Review Comments:

from Cam Elsby, EIT Cam.Elsby@ottawa.ca | (613) 580-2424, ext. 21443

Please note the following information regarding the engineering design for the above noted site:

Water:

Frontage charges apply (\$190.00 per metre)

Accessible Water Main: direct access to 403mm PVC municipal watermain on Dairy Drive.

Submission documents must include:

- Boundary Conditions civil consultant to request boundary conditions from the City's assigned Project Manager, Development Review. Water boundary conditions request must include the location of the service and the expected loads required by the proposed development. Please provide all the following information:
 - Location of service (show on a plan or map)
 - Type of development
 - Average daily demand: ____ l/s.
 - Maximum daily demand: ____l/s.

- Maximum hourly daily demand: ____ l/s.
- Required fire flow and completed FUS Design Declaration if applicable
- Supporting Calculations for all demands listed above and required fire flow as per Ontario Building Code or Fire Underwriter Surveys (See technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03.
- Watermain system analysis demonstrating adequate pressure as per section 4.2.2 of the Water Distribution Guidelines.
- Demonstrate adequate hydrant coverage for fire protection. Please review Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, Appendix I table 1 – maximum flow to be considered from a given hydrant
- > Any proposed emergency route (to be satisfactory to Fire Services)

Sanitary Sewers:

Accessible Sanitary Sewer: direct access to 250mm PVC municipal sanitary sewer on Dairy Drive. Is a monitoring maintenance hole required on private property?

- Provide an analysis to demonstrate that there is adequate residual capacity in the receiving and downstream wastewater system to accommodate the proposed development.
- Please apply the wastewater design flow parameters in Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2018-01.

Storm Sewers:

Accessible Storm Sewer: direct access to 375mm PVC municipal storm sewer on Dairy Drive. Is a monitoring maintenance hole required on private property? **Storm Water Management:**

🛛 yes 🗆 no

⊠ yes □ no

- > Quality Control:
 - Conservation Authority to provide quality control requirements. Please reach out to the Conservation Authority prior to submission and include correspondence in the Stormwater Management Report
- > Quantity Control:
 - Control 5-year post-development flow to 26.4 L/s/ha as per Cardinal Creek Business Park Stormwater Design Plan, dated July 1992 using on-site detention storage as required.

- Must also conform to criteria outlined in the Greater Cardinal Creek Subwatershed Management Plan, dated August 2014.
- MECP ECA requirements

An MECP Environmental Compliance Approval would be required (Municipal/Private Sewage Works) due to shared services between sites, unless the sites were to be merged. Please contact Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, Ottawa District Office to arrange a pre-submission consultation.

Additional Notes:

- No Capital Work Project that would impact the application has been identified at this time
- > No road moratorium that would impact the application has been identified
- Any easement identified should be shown on all plans
- For any proposed exterior light fixtures, please provide certification from a licensed professional engineer confirming lighting has been designed only using fixtures that meet the criteria for full cut-off classification as recognized by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America and result in minimal light spillage onto adjacent properties (maximum allowable spillage is 0.5 fc). Additionally, include in the submission the location of the fixtures, fixture type (make, model, part number and mounting height
- Sensitive Marine Clay (SMC) is widely found across Ottawa- geotechnical reports should include Atterberg Limits, consolidation testing, sensitivity values, and vane

Refer to following list of required supporting plans and studies required for the infrastructure component of your submission

For information on preparing required studies and plans refer to: <u>http://ottawa.ca/en/development-application-review-process-0/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans</u>

Servicing and site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution (2010)
- Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (2007)
- City of Ottawa Slope Stability Guidelines for Development Applications (revised 2012)
- City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (January, 2016)
- City of Ottawa Park and Pathway Development Manual (2012)
- City of Ottawa Accessibility Design Standards (2012)
- Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (latest version)

Record drawings and utility plans are also available for purchase from the City (Contact the City's Information Centre by email at <u>InformationCentre@ottawa.ca</u> or by phone at (613) 580-2424 x.44455

Transportation Engineering Comments:

from Mike Giampa, P.Eng., Senior Transportation Engineer mike.giampa@ottawa.ca

A TIA is warranted- proceed to scoping.

The application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the draft step 2-4, including the functional draft RMA package (if applicable) and/or monitoring report (if applicable).

Although a full review of the TIA Strategy report (Step 4) is not required prior to an application, it is strongly recommended. Synchro files are required at Step 4.

ROW protection on Old Montreal Road is 37.5 metres. ROW protection on Dairy Drive is 20 metres.

A Stationary Noise Impact Study is required (residential within 100m). Ensure that the clear throat requirements meet TAC guidelines (arterial access)

On site plan:

Show all details of the roads abutting the site up to and including the opposite curb; include such items as pavement markings, accesses and/or sidewalks.
Turning templates are required for all accesses showing the largest vehicle to access the site; required for internal movements and at all access (entering and exiting and going in both directions).

Show all curb radii measurements; ensure that all curb radii are reduced as much as possible

Show lane/aisle widths.

Environmental Policy Comments:

From Sami Rehman Environmental Planner | Planificateur environnemental 613.580.2424 ext./poste 13364 | <u>Sami.Rehman@ottawa.ca</u>

Please accept this message as a summary of my comments at the pre-development consultation for a site plan control application at 1015 & 1045 Dairy Dr., held on 21 Feb 2023.

The proposal would require a detailed Environmental Impact Study (EIS) because the subject property is part of, and adjacent to the natural heritage features overlay and an Urban Natural Feature (UNF). See Official Plan Schedule C11-C & C12). The EIS needs to address:

-extent of and impacts on natural heritage feature & UNF

-potential significant habitat for threatened or endangered species

-appropriate setbacks from watercourse, see OP Section 4.9.3

-adjacent to steep slopes,

-adjacent to Cardinal Creek,

-Review and draw recommendations from Greater Cardinal Creek Subwatershed Mgmt Study (2014)

-Recommendations to plant native trees/shrubs and contribute to urban canopy

For further guidance, please the EIS guidelines: Environmental Impact Statement Guidelines (ottawa.ca)

I would recommend that the applicant discuss their proposal with the RVCA to discuss if any permits are required under their regulations.

I also noticed that the subject property has many trees growing on it that appear to be greater than 10 cm in diameter. I would recommend a Tree Conservation Report but will leave it to the Forestry Planner's recommendations. If the EIS is required, it can be combined with the EIS to avoid duplications.

Forestry Unit's Comments:

From Hayley Murray Planning Forester (T), <613.580.2424 ext. | poste 24616 | Murray.Hayley@ottawa.ca

ottawa.ca/urbanforest / ottawa.ca/treebylaw

Here are my comments as well as the TCR/LP requirements to pass along.

Project Comments:

- A TCR is required for this application.
- Adjacent and boundary (co-owned) trees should be retained. Removal of one of these trees would require written permission from the landowner.
- Establishing/maintaining a treed buffer between properties is a priority to reach canopy cover targets, provide a visual and noise barrier, and for wildlife habitat.

TCR requirements

- 1. The TCR must list all trees on site, as well as off-site trees if the CRZ extends into the developed area, by species, diameter and health condition
 - a. please identify trees by ownership private onsite, private on adjoining site, city owned, boundary (trees on a property line)
- 2. If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they cannot be retained
- 3. All retained trees must be shown, and all retained trees within the area impacted by the development process must be protected as per City guidelines available at <u>Tree Protection</u> <u>Specification</u> or by searching Ottawa.ca
- 4. The location of tree protection fencing must be shown on the plan
- 5. The City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the site.
- 6. For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Hayley Murray <u>hayley.murray@ottawa.ca</u> or on <u>City of Ottawa</u>

LP tree planting requirements

Minimum Setbacks

- Maintain 1.5m from sidewalk or MUP/cycle track or water service laterals.
- Maintain 2.5m from curb
- Coniferous species require a minimum 4.5m setback from curb, sidewalk or MUP/cycle track/pathway.
- Maintain 7.5m between large growing trees, and 4m between small growing trees. Park or open space planting should consider 10m spacing, except where otherwise approved in naturalization / afforestation areas. Adhere to Ottawa Hydro's planting guidelines (species and setbacks) when planting around overhead primary conductors.

Tree specifications

- Minimum stock size: 50mm tree caliper for deciduous, 200cm height for coniferous.
- Maximize the use of large deciduous species wherever possible to maximize future canopy coverage

- Tree planting on city property shall be in accordance with the City of Ottawa's Tree Planting Specification; and include watering and warranty as described in the specification (can be provided by Forestry Services).
- Plant native trees whenever possible
- No root barriers, dead-man anchor systems, or planters are permitted.
- No tree stakes unless necessary (and only 1 on the prevailing winds side of the tree)

Hard surface planting

- Curb style planter is highly recommended
- No grates are to be used and if guards are required, City of Ottawa standard (which can be provided) shall be used.
- Trees are to be planted at grade

Soil Volume

uU	deament on the Er that deequate son volumes can be met.				
	Tree Type/Size	Single Tree Soil Volume (m3)	Multiple Tree Soil Volume (m3/tree)		
	Ornamental	15	9		
	Columnar	15	9		
	Small	20	12		
	Medium	25	15		
	Large	30	18		
	Conifer	25	15		

• Please document on the LP that adequate soil volumes can be met:

• Please follow the City's 2017 Tree Planting in Sensitive Marine Clay guidelines

Tree Canopy

• The landscape plan shall show how the proposed tree planting will replace and increase canopy cover on the site over time, to support the City's 40% urban forest canopy cover target.

At a site level, efforts shall be made to provide as much canopy cover as possible, through tree planting and tree retention, with an aim of 40% canopy cover at 40 years, as appropriate. Indicate on the plan the projected future canopy cover at 40 years for the site.

Committee of Adjustment – Minor Variances:

To review whether the reduction in parking spaces will be supported by the Committee of Adjustment Planner, please contact <u>Cass.Sclauzero@ottawa.ca</u> to pre-consult. Please do not forget to cc me, should you require any other variances from the Zoning By-law.

Addressing:

In order to seek information and/or the process to change the address(es), please contact <u>addressingandsigns@ottawa.ca</u>.

Closing Comments:

Minimum Drawing and File Requirements- All Plans

Plans are to be submitted on standard **A1 size** (594mm x 841mm) sheets, utilizing an appropriate Metric scale (1:200, 1:250, 1:300, 1:400, or 1:500).

With all submitted hard copies provide individual PDF of the DWGs and for reports please provide one PDF file of the reports. **All PDF documents are to be unlocked and flattened.**

Please keep in mind that this pre-consultation follow-up and its requirements are subject to change. If you are to make a submission for the current proposal before April 2023, the current regime of reviewing development applications and the notes from this follow-up will remain current and valid. However when the new phased pre-consultation procedures are passed by the City of Ottawa Council, sometime as of April 2023, if you have not yet submitted the identified applications, you will then be subject to a new phased pre-consultation process, prior to a formal development review submission, as per the new Bill 109 timelines.

If you find any competing objectives and need my advice or have any further questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Hope this information helps you plan accordingly.

Best wishes,

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Shoma Shoma Murshid, MCIP, RPP (she/ her/ elle) File Lead, Planner II Responsable de dossier, urbaniste II City of Ottawa/ Ville d'Ottawa Development Review (Suburban Services, East)/ Examen des projets d'aménagement (Services suburbains Est) Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department / Direction générale de la planification, des biens immobiliers et du développement économique 110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor, Ottawa ON K1P 1J1/ 110, avenue Laurier Ouest, 4^e étage, Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1 Mail Code/ Code de courrier : 01-14 Tel/ Tél: (613) 580-4224 ext. 15430 Fax/ Téléc. : (613) 580-4751 e-mail/ courriel : shoma.murshid@ottawa.ca www.ottawa.ca This e-mail originates from the City of Ottawa e-mail system. Any distribution, use or copying of this e-mail or the information it contains by other than the intended recipient(s) is unauthorized. Thank you.

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August 22, 2024

James Webb WEBB Planning Consultants Via email: jwebb@webbplanning.com

Subject: Phase 2 Pre-Consultation: Meeting Feedback Proposed Site Plan Control Application – 1015/1045 Dairy Drive

Please find below information regarding next steps as well as consolidated comments from the above-noted pre-consultation meeting held on August 8, 2024.

Pre-Consultation Preliminary Assessment

1 🗆	2 🗆	3	4 🗆	5 🗆

One (1) indicates that considerable major revisions are required while five (5) suggests that the proposal appears to meet the City's key land use policies and guidelines. This assessment is purely advisory and does not consider technical aspects of the proposal or in any way guarantee application approval.

Next Steps

- A review of the proposal and materials submitted for the above-noted preconsultation has been undertaken. As of June 6, 2024, planning preconsultations are no longer mandatory as per the Province of Ontario's Bill 185. If the applicant chooses to proceed with further pre-consultation, please complete a Phase 3 Pre-consultation Application Form and submit it together with the necessary studies and/or plans to <u>planningcirculations@ottawa.ca</u>.
- 2. In your subsequent pre-consultation submission, please ensure that all comments or issues detailed herein are addressed. A detailed cover letter stating how each issue has been addressed must be included with the submission materials. Please coordinate the numbering of your responses within the cover letter with the comment number(s) herein.
- 3. Please note, if your development proposal changes significantly in scope, design, or density before the Phase 3 pre-consultation, it is recommended that you complete the Phase 2 pre-consultation process.

Submission Requirements and Fees

1. Fees related to planning applications can be found <u>here</u>.



- 2. The attached **Study and Plan Identification List** outlines the information and material that has been identified as either required (R) or advised (A) as part of a future complete application submission.
 - a. The required plans and studies must meet the City's Terms of Reference (ToR) and/or Guidelines, as available on <u>Ottawa.ca</u>. These ToR and Guidelines outline the specific requirements that must be met for each plan or study to be deemed adequate.
- 3. <u>All</u> of the below comments or issues should be addressed to ensure the effectiveness of the application submission review.

<u>Planning</u>

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

- □ **Site Plan**, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- □ **Building A Elevations**, dwg A400, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- □ **Building B Elevations**, dwg A401, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.

Comments:

- 1. The applicant has previously completed a Phase 2 pre-application consultation on October 4, 2023 and a Phase 3 pre-application review on March 7, 2024 for a proposed storage facility containing two buildings with a combined 26,998 m² of gross floor area. Since the Phase 3 review, the applicant has proposed a major revision to the plans. In addition to the two buildings for the self-storage facility at a combined 27,314 m² of gross floor area, there are two additional buildings proposed for fourteen units of an industrial condominium at a combined 1,474 m² gross floor area.
 - a. The Official Plan policies and Zoning By-law provisions discussed in previous pre-consultations are still applicable.
 - b. Staff have no concerns with the proposed light industrial land uses on the site given these uses are permitted by the current Zone. The Zoning Information table on the site plan lists that the land use does not conform; this row should be updated.
- 2. Since the time of the previous pre-application consultation, a possible retrogressive landslide risk has been flagged for the property (see Engineering Comment 13 below). While the City will review other required plans and studies for the proposed development if the applicant chooses to move ahead with an



application submission prior to the City adopting a methodology for reviewing a retrogressive landslide risk analysis study, the applicant must understand the risk of potential significant design changes to be required due to the eventual conclusions from the retrogressive landslide hazard risk assessment. Staff can move forward with the review of the other documentation for the site plan application, but once these reports and plans are deemed satisfactory the application will be placed on hold. This hold will remain in place until such time as the retrogressive landslide report to be submitted meets the City's Technical Bulletins and any site changes (if required) are updated on all submitted documents.

3. As the applicant is aware, a variance will need to be approved by the Committee of Adjustment for a reduction in parking on the site. The parking study and planning rationale will need to justify a reduction from required 143 parking spaces to the proposed 93 parking spaces given the additional light industrial land uses.

Given the complexity added by the potential retrogressive landslide risk, staff advise waiting to apply to the Committee of Adjustment until the retrogressive landslide risk has been evaluated by the City. The minor variance process can be coordinated to occur concurrently with the site plan control approval process. As discussed in previous meetings, the site plan application cannot be approved with the reduction in parking without a minor variance approved by the Committee.

- 4. The application submission will require an updated **Zoning Confirmation Report**.
 - a. Please ensure that all deficiencies identified by Building Code Services below are addressed on aisle width, loading spaces, and refuse screening.
- 5. Please ensure that all plans reference both 1015 and 1045 Dairy Drive. This comment was provided on the last submission, and some of the engineering plans still only reference 1015.
- 6. Staff appreciate the locations of the accessible vehicle parking spaces. The plan should also show an accessible parking sign at the front of each space. A depressed curb should also be included for the space west of Building C like the other two accessible parking spaces included on the plan (see Figure 1 below).





Figure 1: Image clip from the site plan highlighting the AODA parking space west of Building C that requires a depressed curb and signage.

Please contact Jerrica Gilbert, Planner II, for follow-up questions related to application procedures and planning policies.

Building Code Services

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

□ **Site Plan**, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.

Deficiencies:

- 7. The minimum required parking spaces for the proposed uses is 141. Only 93 parking spaces are proposed.
- 8. The Minimum Required Aisle Width for a parking angle 71 90 is 6.7m. The proposed aisle is 6.0m



Figure 2: Image clip from the Site Plan showing where the minimum aisle width is shown to be less than the required 6.7m.



- 9. The minimum length in metres of the required oversize loading space is 13m, the length of the proposed loading parking spaces is approximately 12.20m.
- 10. All outdoor refuse collection and refuse loading areas contained within or accessed via a parking lot must be: c) screened from view by an opaque screen with a minimum height of 2.0 metres, (d) where an in-ground refuse container is provided, the screening requirement of Section (3)(c) above may be achieved with soft landscaping.

Comments:

- 11. The proposed construction is partially located within the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority Regulated limit. A permit from the RVCA is required.
- 12. Where four or more bicycle parking spaces are provided in a common parking area, each bicycle parking space must contain a parking rack that is securely anchored to the ground and attached to a heavy base such as concrete.

Please contact Dina Belarbi, Zoning Plans Examiner, for more information.

Urban Design

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

- □ **Site Plan**, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- □ **Building A Elevations**, dwg A400, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- □ **Building B Elevations**, dwg A401, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- □ Landscape Plan, dwg L.1, prepared by James B. Lennox & Associates Inc., dated 02/06/2024, revision 2 dated 07/15/2024.
- □ Landscape Plan, dwg L.2, prepared by James B. Lennox & Associates Inc., dated 02/06/2024, revision 2 dated 07/15/2024.

Comments:

13. No additional design comments.

Please contact Christopher Moise, Planner II, for follow-up questions.



Engineering

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

- General Plan of Services, C-001, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- □ **Notes Details CB Data Table**, C-010, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- Grading Plan, C-200, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- Sanitary Drainage Area Plan, C-400, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- Storm Drainage Area Plan, C-500, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- □ **Ponding Plan**, C-600, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- □ **Erosion and Sediment Control Plan**, C-900, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- □ **Site Plan**, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- Design Brief, prepared by Arcadis, dated June 27, 2024.
- Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Paterson Group, dated June 10, 2024.

Comments:

Retrogressive Landslide Hazard Risk:

14. There are currently no methodologies at the Provincial level to effectively deal with new developments along slopes where retrogressive landslide hazards might exist. As you may be aware, the City has retained a consultant to assist in consulting with subject matter experts from various fields of practice and jurisdictions, with the goal of deriving interim guidance documents to identify and deal with landslide hazard risk.

Landslides Hazard Risk Assessments had historically been reviewed based on an interim technical guidance document produced by the RVCA for landslide



hazard risk assessments. The RVCA's interim guidance is based on an approach from Western Canada (Frasier Valley and Town of Canmore); however, there exist other approaches, including those from Quebec and Norway, among others. The City needs to review all the state-of-the-art approaches and produce Cityspecific guidance documents. Ultimately, it is the City that is responsible for responding to and addressing landslide hazard risk; therefore, the City must ensure that the approach used to evaluate risk is appropriate.

As a result, the City is putting all applications with retrogressive landslide risk on hold until such time as Technical Bulletin 1 is available in early fall to confirm and/or rule out whether the onsite clay is sensitive enough to sustain a retrogressive landslide. In accordance with Technical Bulletin 1, if the clay is not shown to have potential for landslide hazard risk, further study will not be required. If landslide hazard risk is possible, based on the sensitivity of the clay alone, the applicant will be required to wait for Technical Bulletin 2, which is expected by year-end. Technical Bulletin 2 will provide interim methodologies and approaches to either the project as proposed or to the portion of the site available for development. Eventually, the City's slope stability guidelines will be updated to reflect the City's new approach for addressing landslide hazard risk.

Please note that the City will review other required plans and studies for the proposed development during this time, provided that the applicant understands the risk of potential significant design changes to be required as a result of the eventual conclusions from the retrogressive landslide hazard risk assessment. If the applicant wishes to proceed with review of other plans/studies during this time, an acknowledgement in writing must be provided stating that the applicant is aware of the risk of proceeding with further review while the design may be subject to change from the result of the retrogressive landslide hazard assessment conclusions. If the acknowledgement in writing is not provided with application submission, the application would be deemed incomplete and remain on hold until Technical Bulletin 1 is released in early fall.

Water:

- 15. Frontage charges do not apply.
- 16. Location of Accessible Water Main: 403mm PVC municipal watermain on Dairy Drive.
- 17. Submission documents must include:
 - a. Boundary Conditions civil consultant to request boundary conditions from the City's assigned Project Manager, Development Review. Water boundary conditions request must include the location of the service and the expected loads required by the proposed development. Please provide all the following information:
 - I. Location of service (show on a plan or map).



- II. Type of development.
- III. Average daily demand: ____ l/s.
- IV. Maximum daily demand: ____l/s.
- V. Maximum hourly daily demand: _____ l/s.
- VI. Required fire flow and completed FUS Design Declaration (if applicable).
- VII. Supporting Calculations for all demands listed above and required fire flow as per Ontario Building Code or Fire Underwriter Surveys (See technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03)
- b. Watermain system analysis demonstrating adequate pressure as per Section 4.2.2 of the Water Distribution Guidelines.
- c. Demonstrate adequate hydrant coverage for fire protection. Please review Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02, Appendix I Table 1 maximum flow to be considered from a given hydrant.
- d. Any proposed emergency route (to be satisfactory to Fire Services).
- e. Service areas with a basic demand greater than 50 m3/day shall be connected with a minimum of two water services, separated by an isolation valve, to avoid creation of vulnerable service area.
- f. A District Metering Area Chamber (DMA) is required for services 150mm or greater in diameter.

Sanitary Sewers:

- 18. Location of Accessible Sanitary Sewer: 250mm PVC municipal sanitary sewer on Dairy Drive.
- 19. A monitoring maintenance hole shall be required just inside the property line for all non-residential and multi residential building connections from a private sewer to a public sewer. See the Sewer Use By-law for details.
- 20. Please apply the wastewater design flow parameters in Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2018-01.
- 21. For laterals connecting to main with 50% pipe diameter or over, provide a manhole.
- 22. Provide the proposed peak wet weather sanitary flow rate, along with supporting calculations, to our Asset Management team for analysis to demonstrate that there is adequate residual capacity in the receiving and downstream wastewater



system to accommodate the proposed development. This information can be provided in an email to the Project Manager, and we will circulate internally.

Storm Sewers:

- 23. Location of Accessible Storm Sewer: direct access to 375mm PVC municipal storm sewer on Dairy Drive.
- 24. A monitoring maintenance hole shall be required just inside the property line for all non-residential and multi residential building connections from a private sewer to a public sewer. See the Sewer Use By-law for details.
- 25. For laterals connecting to main with 50% pipe diameter or over, provide a manhole.

Stormwater Management:

26. Quality Control:

a. Suspended Solids: Provide Enhanced level of protection (80%) for suspended solids removal. Demonstrate ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) protocol if OGS units are used.

27. Quantity Control:

- a. Control 5-year post-development flow to 26.4 L/s/ha as per Cardinal Creek Business Park Stormwater Design Plan, dated July 1992 using on-site detention storage as required. Any post-development flow in excess of the 5-year storm event must be directed towards the Right-of-Way.
- b. Must also conform to criteria outlined in the Greater Cardinal Creek Subwatershed Management Plan, dated August 2014.
- 28. Ponding Notes
 - a. Permissible ponding of 350mm for the 100-year storm event. No spilling to adjacent sites.
 - b. Beyond the 100-year ponding elevation, all drainage must be spilled to the Right-of-Way.
 - c. 100-year spill elevation must be 300mm lower than any building opening or ramp.
 - d. Demonstrate that the stress test spill elevation (100-year +20% event) does not spill onto any permanent structures.

29. MECP ECA Requirements:



- a. An MECP Environmental Compliance Approval would be required (Municipal/Private Sewage Works) due to shared services between sites, unless the sites were to be merged. Please contact Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, Ottawa District Office to arrange a presubmission consultation.
- 30. Additional Notes:
 - a. No Capital Work Project that would impact the application has been identified at this time.
 - b. No road moratorium that would impact the application has been identified.
 - c. Any easement identified should be shown on all plans.
- 31. For any proposed exterior light fixtures, please provide certification from a licensed professional engineer confirming lighting has been designed only using fixtures that meet the criteria for full cut-off classification as recognized by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America and result in minimal light spillage onto adjacent properties (maximum allowable spillage is 0.5 fc). Additionally, include in the submission the location of the fixtures, fixture type (make, model, part number and mounting height.
- 32. Sensitive Marine Clay (SMC) is widely found across Ottawa geotechnical reports should include Atterberg Limits, consolidation testing, sensitivity values, and vane shear testing.
- 33. A remediation plan must be detailed and executed as outlined in any recommendations identified in the most recent Phase II ESA conducted for the subject site.
- 34. No work can be done within the limits of hazard lands as identified in the slope stability analysis and EIS for the subject site, including but not limited to walkways, structures, stormwater management units (including OGS), etc.
- 35. For ease of reference, please see the following list of required supporting plans and studies required for the infrastructure component of your Site Plan Control Approval application:
 - a. Servicing & Stormwater Management Report, including:
 - I. Demonstrated servicing capacity for all of water, sanitary and storm.
 - II. Pre-development and post-development drainage area plans for both sanitary and storm.



- III. Ponding Plan
- b. Geotechnical Investigation
- c. Environmental Site Assessment(s)
- d. Grading & Drainage Plan
- e. Servicing Plan
- f. Erosion & Sediment Control Plan
- 36. The following comments are with respect to the submitted plans and studies after a preliminary review. While not comprehensive due to time constraints with this phase of review, these comments are meant to guide the required plans and studies towards timely approval. Note that further comments may be identified in subsequent phases of review. The preliminary comments are as follows:
- 37. Erosion & Sediment Control Plan:
 - a. Please specify heavy-duty silt fence barriers for entire site due to surrounding sensitive uses.
 - b. Please show mud mats at all proposed site entrances during construction.
- 38. Grading & Drainage Plan:
 - a. Please provide TOW/BOW elevations in a minimum of 3 locations for each proposed retaining wall (BOW elevations are missing). Provide a 0.3 m setback from the property line.
 - b. Grades in excess of 7% will require terracing at a maximum of 3:1 slope. Please remove the slopes greater than 7% in the terraced area.
 - c. Please clearly provide the location of all roof downspouts on the plan. Note that roof runoff must be directed towards a suitable outlet, and downspouts closer than 1.5m to a property line must be equipped with a splash pad.
 - d. Please show the TOF and USF elevations on the plan, and ensure sufficient cover from surrounding surface elevations.
 - e. Please show all emergency overland flows and ensure they are directed towards the Right-of-Way.
 - f. Note that sheet draining over retaining walls is not permitted (between buildings B and D); please revise to provide a suitable outlet for drainage in all areas where sheet drainage over retaining walls is proposed.



- g. Please demonstrate a minimum 0.15m swale depth using adjacent elevations. Swales with less 1.5% slope require a perforated subdrain.
- h. Please ensure all slopes on-site maintain a minimum to 1% positive slope.

39. Ponding Plan:

- a. Please show on the plan all ponding areas for the 100-year storm event.
- b. Please note that the extent of the 100-year ponding shouldn't encroach on the Right of Way.
- c. Please note that there shall be no encroachment to any structure for the 100 year +20% storm stress test ponding elevation.

40. Servicing Plan:

- a. Please show the storm and sanitary manholes in the Right-of-Way, and ensure that reported manhole inverts match City as-built drawings as per GeoOttawa.
- b. Please ensure that flow is not constricted from larger to smaller sewer sizes where an ICD is not provided.
- c. Please note that since there are three proposed road cuts on Dairy Drive, an asphalt overlay agreement is required.
- d. Please add a note that water services are to be connected to City mains as per standard W11.1.
- e. Please show the proposed hydrant connecting directly from the main rather than from the private water service, while maintaining the hydrant on private property.

Please contact Cam Elsby, Infrastructure Project Manager, for follow-up questions related to engineering.

<u>Noise</u>

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

□ **Stationary Noise Assessment**, #23-098, prepared by Gradient Wind Engineering Inc., dated January 22, 2024.

Comments:

41.No comments.

Please contact Mike Giampa, Transportation Project Manager, for follow-up questions related to Noise Assessment Requirements.



<u>Transportation</u> List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

□ **Traffic Impact Assessment – Step 1 Screening Report, Step 2 Scoping Report**, prepared by CGH Transportation, dated June 2024.

Comments:

- 42. A second Dairy Drive access should be used to replace the Montreal Road private approach.
- 43. Right-of-way protection (Montreal Road/Dairy Drive).
 - a. See <u>Schedule C16 of the Official Plan</u>.

Any requests for exceptions to ROW protection requirements must be discussed with Transportation Planning and concurrence provided by Transportation Planning management.

44. The Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) process is currently underway. A TIA Strategy report with Synchro files is required at submission.

Please contact Mike Giampa, Transportation Project Manager, for follow-up questions.

Environment

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

- □ **Environmental Impact Study**, prepared by Kilgour & Associates Ltd., dated June 7, 2024.
- □ **Site Plan**, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- □ Landscape Plan, dwg L.1, prepared by James B. Lennox & Associates Inc., dated 02/06/2024, revision 2 dated 07/15/2024.
- □ Landscape Plan, dwg L.2, prepared by James B. Lennox & Associates Inc., dated 02/06/2024, revision 2 dated 07/15/2024.
- Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Paterson Group, dated June 10, 2024.

Comments:

45. Previous concerns regarding the interpretation of City policies with regard to watercourse setbacks (Comment #21 from the Feedback letter for PC2024-0054, dated March 7, 2024) have been resolved in the latest Environmental Impact Study (EIS) submission. Section 5.1 of the now accurately describes the



setback policies and the relationship between the Official Plan and the Greater Cardinal Creek Subwatershed Management Plan.

46. Previous comments regarding the interpretation of the "stable top of slope," as required in the watercourse setback policies, have been partially, but not fully addressed. The stable top of slope has been identified in geotechnical studies, per the revised Geotechnical report: "Further, as requested by City of Ottawa staff, a 'Top of Stable Slope' line has been added to Drawing PG6498-3 – Slope Setback Plan. This line is indicative of the stable slope allowance of up to 5 m plus the toe erosion allowance of 2 m".

While the stable top of slope has been accurately portrayed in the Geotechnical Report, it is not represented in the EIS. The stable top of slope setback is a critical component of the watercourse setbacks, which the EIS is designed to address. **A revised EIS must be submitted** that includes the correct stable top of slope setbacks as shown in Drawing PG6498-3.

- 47. The provided landscape plans now show a strip of vegetation along the eastern edge of the site between the development and Cardinal Creek. This addition satisfies the conditions of the EIS and the concerns previously expressed in Comment #23 from the Feedback letter for PC2024-0054.
- 48. Section 6.0 of the EIS now provides direction for the implementation of the City's Bird Safe Design Guidelines. This addition resolves the concerns raised in Comment #24 from the Feedback letter for PC2024-0054.
- 49. The EIS now includes the correct interpretation of the watercourse setback policies in section 4.1.1 of the report. Comment #25 from the Feedback letter for PC2024-0054 is resolved.
- 50. As requested, section 7.1 of the EIS now includes ESC inspections daily and after a precipitation event. Comment #26 from the Feedback letter for PC2024-0054 is resolved.
- 51. Section 7.2 of the EIS has been updated to show the correct timing window for breeding bird season and a 2-day validity period for inspections. Comments #27, #28, and #29 from the Feedback letter for PC2024-0054 are resolved.
- 52. With the exception of a revised EIS to demonstrate the stable top of slope (as noted above), all previous concerns and comments have been resolved to the City's satisfaction.

Please contact Mark Elliott, Environmental Planner, for follow-up questions related to environmental policy.



Forestry List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

- Site Plan, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.
- Environmental Impact Study, prepared by Kilgour & Associates Ltd., dated June 7, 2024.
- □ **Tree Conservation Report**, prepared by Kilgour & Associates Ltd., dated June 7, 2024.
- □ **Landscape Plan**, dwg L.1, prepared by James B. Lennox & Associates Inc., dated 02/06/2024, revision 2 dated 07/15/2024.
- □ Landscape Plan, dwg L.2, prepared by James B. Lennox & Associates Inc., dated 02/06/2024, revision 2 dated 07/15/2024.
- Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Paterson Group, dated June 10, 2024.
- □ **General Plan of Services**, C-001, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.
- Grading Plan, C-200, prepared by Arcadis Professional Services (Canada) Inc., dated 2024-02-14, revision 2 dated 2024-06-27.

Deficiencies:

Tree Conservation Report (Reference Schedule E of the Tree Protection By-law)

- 53. Incorporate tree ownership of all existing trees into the inventory tables. Removal of an adjacent or boundary owned tree would not be permitted without written consent from the adjacent landowner.
- 54. Include the green and orange dashed lines shown in Figure 3 in the legend. Natural elements and relevant setbacks must be identified.
- 55. The map in the Tree Conservation Report (TCR) does not incorporate elements of other plans accurately (i.e. the grading plan). The retaining walls and terracing are not shown on the TCR as required. There appear to be conflicts between adjacently owned trees and the proposed retaining walls. Revise the TCR and civil plans to address this detail. Provide a suitable retention solution for adjacently owned and boundary trees. Show the tree protection fencing on the grading plan.
- 56. The TCR appears to be missing adjacently owned trees from the inventory in proximity to the proposed retaining wall. Please address. Photo included below for reference.





Figure 3: Aerial photo with markings showing the proposed development and the trees identified both on and adjacent to the site.

- 57. Describe mitigation measures that will be used to promote the long-term survival of retained trees.
- 58. Tree protection fencing locations for the retained trees is not shown.

Landscape Plan (Review the Landscape Plan Terms of Reference)

- 59. Retained trees identified in the TCR must be shown on the Landscape Plan (LP).
- 60. Show the extent of the snow storage area on the LP. It appears to conflict with the rooting area for proposed plants on the eastern property boundary.
- 61. The legend does not align with the plan. For example, the green line identifying tree planting setbacks appears to be red.
- 62. The Geotechnical Report was updated, June 10,2024, revision 4. The LP references revision 1 (April 05, 2023).
- 63. Please provide the tree size classes (e.g. stature, small, medium or large) in the proposed plant list and provide a source. An American hornbeam, for example, is not supported as being a large canopy species as presented. Trees in Canada by John Laird Farrar identifies this species as a very small tree, up to 8m in height.

Civil Plan



64. Show the location of tree protection fencing on the northern property edge.

Comments:

- 65. The scale of the site makes it difficult to see detail on Figure 3 provided in the TCR. It is recommended that an additional map be added to the TCR focusing on the tree protection area. This addition will allow the viewer to clearly see the location of tree protection fencing and any mitigation measure notes, beyond tree protection fencing.
- 66. In the TCR, it is unclear why Table 2 and Appendix A have different tree counts. If Table 2 summarizes all trees requiring removal, make this clear and include ownership as a column.
- 67. The EIS requires a row of trees be planted along the eastern property boundary. Provide enough space in this area to fit large canopy trees rather than the BP, AA, and RT currently shown. The EIS states freeman maple is an ideal tree for the required planting strip. This species has not been incorporated within the plan. Consider conifers in the mix. Can the width of the truck route surrounding building A be reduced to the minimum requirement to provide better space for the infrastructure and trees proposed in this area? Please work with your Geotechnical team to confirm whether the tree planting setbacks apply when there are meters of separation from the building by asphalt.
- 68. A retaining wall was redesigned to not conflict with the watercourse setback. Explain why this change cannot be done along the entire eastern boundary?
- 69. Tree planting is restricted on this site due to development and parking proposed. The City is working towards a 40% canopy cover target. Increase tree cover on the site. Review section 4.1.4 of the Official Plan (policy 11), requiring the incorporation of tree planting within surface parking lots.
- 70. What is the purpose of the painted line, no parking areas? Can these areas be used to plant trees instead? This change would help the application better align with section 4.1.4 of the Official Plan.
- 71. Can the foundations of any of the buildings proposed be designed to reduce the setback requirements associated with residential foundations the Sensitive Marine Clay Soil Guidelines (2017) are based on? There is open planting space between the proposed one-storey industrial condominiums and Dairy Drive.
- 72. Being adjacent to a natural heritage feature, native species must be prioritized on the site. Honey locust varieties are more appropriate in more urbanized landscapes. Please remove the thornless honey locust from the site and incorporate locally native species.



73. The canopy cover calculation in the LP will need to be updated to account for the existing trees on the northern property boundary if jointly owned.

Please contact Hayley Murray, Planning Forester, for follow-up questions related to existing trees and proposed trees.

Parkland

List of Studies and Plans Reviewed:

□ **Site Plan**, Proposed Self-Storage Buildings, dwg A101, prepared by Sam Esposto Architect, Inc., dated 02/14/ 2024, revision 2 dated 06/13/2024.

Comments:

- 74. As currently proposed, the application will be required to make a Cash-in-Lieu of Parkland payment in accordance with the active parkland dedication rate in force at that time, as well as the fee for appraisal services. The value of the land will be determined in accordance with the Planning Act, as of the day before the day the building permit is issued in respect of the development or redevelopment or, where more than one building permit is required for the development or redevelopment or redevelopment, as of the day before the day the first permit is issued.
 - a. The value of the land shall be determined by market appraisal approved by the City, and appraisals submitted to or obtained by the City for the purposes of this by-law shall be considered valid for a maximum period of one year from the date the appraisal was completed, or such lesser time as may be specified in the appraisal.

Please contact Jessica Button, Parks Planner, for follow-up questions related to parks.

Conservation Authority

Comments:

- 75. The subject lands are located within RVCA's Regulated Area due to a valley corridor associated with the Cardinal Creek and the presence of sensitive marine clays/landslide risks. Any site alteration or development would require a permit pursuant to Section 28.1 of the <u>Conservation Authorities Act</u>. Further details regarding the permit process can be provided to the proponent as they advance through the planning process.
- 76. RVCA's focus is on ensuring the proposed development is appropriately setback from the erosion hazard associated with the adjacent valley and that the landslide hazard risk that exists due to the presence of sensitive marine clays and steep slopes is assessed.



- 77. As part of the current pre-consultation phase, the proponent submitted a landslide hazard assessment and geotechnical report including a slope stability analysis. A cursory review of the documents has been done by RVCA. Staff can confirm they meet the quality standards for review by the RVCA. A fulsome review of the methodology and results of the reports will be undertaken by RVCA's technical reviewers as a part of any future Planning Act application process.
- 78. Additionally, RVCA will also provide a fulsome review of the stormwater management details and civil engineer drawings to confirm our regulatory interests related to flooding and erosion control have been adequately addressed as a part of the future Planning Act application process.

Please contact Stephen Bohan, Rideau Valley Conservation Authority, for follow-up questions related to RVCA's permits and processes.

We look forward to further discussing your project with you.

Should there be any questions, please do not hesitate to contact myself or the contact identified for the above areas / disciplines.

Yours Truly, Jerrica Gilbert, Planner II

Encl. Supplementary Development Information, Study and Plan Identification List, Site Plan Checklist – City of Ottawa Accessible Design Standards, High Performance Development Standard Handout

c.c. Cam Elsby, PM (Infrastructure Approvals) Rafic Fadel, Engineering Intern (Infrastructure Approvals) Kris Haynes, Senior Engineer (Infrastructure Approvals) Mark Elliott, PL (Environmental) Katie Turk, PL (DR) Mike Giampa, PM (Transportation) Hayley Murray, PL (Forestry) Christopher Moise, PL (Urban Design) Jessica Button, Planner (Parks)



SUPPLEMENTARY DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

The following details have been compiled to provide additional information on matters for consideration throughout the application approval and development process. Please note, this document is updated from time to time and should be reviewed for each project proposed to be undertaken.

<u>General</u>

- Refer to <u>Planning application submission information and materials</u> and <u>fees</u> for further information on preparing for application submission. Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process.
- Additional information is available related to <u>building permits</u>, <u>development charges</u>, and <u>the Accessibility Design Standards</u>.
- You may obtain background drawings by contacting <u>geoinformation@ottawa.ca</u>.
- Plans are to be standard A1 size (594 mm x 841 mm) or Arch D size (609.6 mm x 914.4 mm) sheets, dimensioned in metric and utilizing an appropriate Metric scale (1:200, 1:250, 1:300, 1:400 or 1:500).
- All PDF submitted documents are to be unlocked, flattened and not saved as a portfolio file.
- Where private roads are proposed:
 - Submit a Private Roadway Street Naming application to Building Code Services Branch for any internal private road network.
 - Applications are available at all Client Service Centres and the private roadway approval process takes three months.

Servicing and Site Works

Servicing and site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution (2010)
- Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (2007)
- City of Ottawa Slope Stability Guidelines for Development Applications (revised 2012)
- City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (January, 2016)
- City of Ottawa Park and Pathway Development Manual (2012)
- City of Ottawa Accessibility Design Standards (2012)
- Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (latest version)



• Ontario Provincial Standards for Roads & Public Works (2013)

Exterior Site Lighting

Where proposed, requires certification by an acceptable professional engineer, licensed in the Province of Ontario, which states that the exterior site lighting has been designed to meet the following criteria:

- It uses only fixtures that meet the criteria for Full Cut-Off (Sharp cut-off) classification, as recognized by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA or IES), and
- It results in minimal light spillage onto adjacent properties. As a guideline, 0.5 foot-candle is normally the maximum allowable spillage.

The location of the fixtures, fixture type (make, model, part number and the mounting height) must be shown on one of the approved plans.

City Surveyor Direction

- The determination of property boundaries, minimum setbacks and other regulatory constraints are a critical component of development. An Ontario Land Surveyor (O.L.S.) needs to be consulted at the outset of a project to ensure properties are properly defined and can be used as the geospatial framework for the development.
- Topographic details may also be required for a project and should be either carried out by the O.L.S. that has provided the Legal Survey or done in consultation with the O.L.S. to ensure that the project is integrated to the appropriate control network.

Questions regarding the above requirements can be directed to the City's Surveyor, Andre Roy, at <u>Andre.Roy1@ottawa.ca</u>.

Waste Management

- New multi-unit residential development, defined as containing six (6) or more units, intending to receive City waste collection services will be required, as of June 1, 2022, to participate in the City's Green Bin program in accordance with Council's approval of the multi-residential waste diversion strategy. The development must include adequate facilities for the proper storage of allocated garbage, recycling, and green bin containers and such facilities built in accordance with the approved site design. Questions regarding this change and requirements can be directed to Andre.Laplante@ottawa.ca.
- For sites containing:
 - One or more buildings with a total GFA greater than 2000 square metres;
 - Retail shopping complexes with a total GFA greater than 10,000 square metres;
 - Sites containing office buildings with total GFA greater than 10,000 square metres;
 - Hotels and motels with more than 75 units;
 - Hospitals (human);
 - o Educational institutions with more than 350 students; or
 - Manufacturing establishments working more than 16,000 person-hours in a month



A Waste Reduction Workplan Summary is required for the construction project as required by O.Reg. 102/94, being "Waste Audits and Waste Reduction Work Plans" made under the Environmental Protection Act, RSO 1990, c E.19, as amended.

Fire Routes

• Fire routes are required to be designated by By-law for Fire Services to establish them as a legal fire route. Where a development proposes to establish a fire route, an Application for Fire Route Designation is to be made. Questions regarding the designation of fire routes and required process can be directed to <u>fireroutes@ottawa.ca</u>.

Dewatering Activities

 Project contractors and/or your engineers are required to contact the Sewer Use Program to arrange for the proper agreements or approvals to allow for the discharge of water from construction dewatering activities to the City's sanitary or storm sewer system. Please contact the Sewer Use Duty Officer at 613-580-2424 ext. 23326 and/or <u>suppue@ottawa.ca</u>.

Backflow Prevention Devices for Premise Isolation

 Buildings or facilities installing a backflow preventer for premise isolation of the drinking water system must register with the City's Backflow Prevention Program where a moderate or severe hazard may be caused in accordance with CSA B64.10 "Selection and Installation of Backflow Preventers". Please contact the Backflow Prevention Program at 613-580-2424 ext. 22299 or <u>backflow@ottawa.ca</u> to submit a Premise Isolation Survey.

Energy Considerations

- Are you considering harvesting thermal energy from the wastewater infrastructure or harvesting geothermal energy?
 - Additional information can be found on the City <u>website</u> or by contacting <u>Melissa</u> <u>Jort-Conway</u>.

Flood Plain Mapping and Climate Change

 An interactive map, for informational purposes only, showing the results of on-going flood plain mapping work completed by the Conservation Authorities in partnership with the City is now available. This mapping may be used to identify known riverine flood hazards for a property or area. The map and additional related information can be found on <u>Ottawa.ca</u>.

<u>Blasting</u>

- Where blasting may take place:
 - Blasting activities will be required to conform to the City's Standard S.P. No. F-1201 entitled Use of Explosives, as amended.
 - To avoid future delays in process, including the Municipal Consent process for shoring, ensure communication with necessary entities, including utilities, is undertaken early.



Blasting and pile driving activities in the vicinity of Enbridge Gas Distribution and Storage (GDS) facilities require prior approval by GDS. The Blasting and Pile Driving Form, referenced in Enbridge's <u>Third Party Requirements in the Vicinity of Natural Gas Facilities</u> <u>Standard</u>, must be provided to <u>mark-ups@enbridge.com</u> by the Owner of the proposed work for all blasting and pile driving operations. In addition, a licensed blasting consultant's stamped validation report must be submitted to GDS for review if blasting is to occur within thirty (30) metres of GDS facilities. The request must be submitted a minimum of four weeks prior to the beginning of work to allow sufficient time for review.

Archaeological

- Archaeological Resources
 - Should potential archaeological resources be encountered during excavation activities, all Work in the area must stop immediately and the Owner shall contact a provincially licensed archaeologist.
 - If during the process of development deeply buried/undetected archaeological remains are uncovered, the Owner shall immediately notify the Archaeology Section of the Ontario Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport.
 - In the event that human remains are encountered during construction, the Owner shall immediately contact the police, the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport and the Registrar of Cemeteries, Cemeteries Regulation Unit, Ministry of Consumer and Business Services, Consumer Protection Branch.

<u>Trees</u>

• The City's Tree Protection Bylaw, being By-Law No. 2020-340, as amended, requires that any trees to be removed shall be removed in accordance with an approved Tree Permit and Tree Conservation Report and that all retained trees will be protected in accordance with an approved Tree Conservation Report.

Limiting Distance and Parks

• A Limiting Distance Agreement may be required by Building Code Services before building permit(s) can be issued with respect to the proximity of the building to a park block. The City will consider entering into a Limiting Distance Agreement with the Owner with such Agreement to be confirmed through the City's Reality Initiatives & Development Branch. A Limiting Distance Agreement is at the expense of the Owner.

Development Constructability

How a development is constructed, its constructability, is being looked at earlier in the development review process to raise awareness of potential impacts to the City's right of way and facilitate earlier issue resolution with stakeholders. Where a construction management plan is required as part of the site plan or subdivision application approval, conditions will be included that set out the specific parameters to be addressed for the specific project. However, please note the following construction and traffic management requirements and considerations in the development of your project.



- Open Lane (includes all vehicular lanes, transit lanes and cycling lanes) Requirements
 - Unless specified in the site-specific conditions to be provided by City of Ottawa Traffic Management at the time of approval, the following requirements must be adhered to and accommodated as part of any proposed encroachments and construction management plan. The standard requirements outlined in this section shall further apply to cycling facilities and Transit.
 - All lanes are to function uninterrupted at all times.
 - No interruption or blockage of traffic is permitted.
 - No loading or unloading from an open lane is permitted.
 - All vehicular travel lanes are to be a minimum of 3.5 metres in width.
 - All cycling lanes are to be a minimum of 1.5 metres.

• Pedestrian Requirements

- Unless specified in the site-specific conditions provided by City of Ottawa Traffic Management at the time of approval, the contractor is required to maintain a minimum width of 1.5 metres for a pedestrian facility on one side of the corridor at all times; even in instances where a pedestrian facility was not present prior to construction.
- The facility shall include a free and unobstructed hard surface acceptable for the use of all pedestrians including those with accessibility challenges and shall maintain access to all buildings and street crossings.
- The facility must always be maintained in a clean condition and in a good state of repair to the satisfaction of the City.
- Any change of level which is over 13 millimetres in height is to be provided with a smooth non-tripping transition.
- Any temporary barriers or fencing shall include a cane detectable boundary protection with edge or barrier at least 75 millimetres high above the ground surface.
- If works overhead are required, a 2.1 metre minimum clear headroom must be provided.
- If overhead protection is required above the pedestrian facility, it is to be offset a minimum of 600 millimetres from any travel lane.

• Transit Requirements

- Travel lanes accommodating OC Transpo must be a minimum of 3.5 metres in width and have a minimum 4.5 metre vertical clearance at all times.
- Should access to a bus stop be impacted, the developer will be required to email <u>TOPConstructionandDetours@ottawa.ca</u> a minimum of 20 working days prior to work commencing to coordinate any site-specific conditions as part of the work. This includes temporary relocation of transit stops, removal of bus shelters or stops and transit detour routes.
- The contractor may be required to relocate and provide a suitable alternative to OC Transpo's bus stop to the satisfaction of OC Transpo



- The Contractor shall provide OC Transpo with a minimum of ten (10) working days' notice to coordinate temporary relocation of bus stops. When a bus stop and/or shelter must be temporarily relocated, the contractor may be required to provide stop infrastructure (i.e. bench, bus and/or shelter pads), to the satisfaction of OC Transpo.
- All temporary stop locations including infrastructure are to be fully accessible in accordance with City of Ottawa <u>Accessibility Design Standards</u> and to the satisfaction of the OC Transpo.
- Temporary bus stops are to be constructed and ready for use prior to the start of any works that would impact the regular bus stop location(s).
- Public Consultation
 - May include, but not be limited to, proponent lead public meeting(s), letter notification(s) and information dissemination via print, electronic means or social media, to impacted properties above and beyond the notification requirements specified in the Road Activity By-law.

• General Considerations for all Applications

- A comprehensive construction management plan should include and consider the following:
 - The proposed stages of construction and the anticipated durations of each stage and any impact to existing travel lanes, pedestrian facilities, cycling facilities and/or transit facilities. Any proposed encroachment should be identified and dimensioned on the site plan for review of feasibility.
 - The proposed constructability methods being used as part of the proposed development (ie: fly forming, Peri forming etc.) and any additional traffic impacts/interruptions anticipated with proposed methods. If a crane is being placed on site, the location should be identified, and show the overhead impacts of the crane.
 - Consideration that any tie-backs and/or shoring within the City of Ottawa Right of Way are subject to Municipal Consent in advance of commencement of the project. Approval for encroachments is not guaranteed if impacts to transportation facilities cannot be addressed to the City's satisfaction.
 - Identify any truck hauling routes to and from the proposed development site and any proposed accesses. Designated heavy truck routes are to be followed at all times, however, if a deviation is required from the existing heavy truck route network, then a structural review may be required as part of an <u>Over-dimensional Vehicle Project Permit</u>.
 - Identify the location of any site trailers and the location. Note, if placing a site trailer above any walk-through scaffolding or on the second floor (or above), an engineering drawing must be submitted to building code services for review. More information can be found on the <u>Building Permit</u> <u>Approval process</u>.
 - Identify equipment and/or materials storage locations as required. Storage is not permitted on the road or the roadway shoulders or boulevards, unless



the storage areas are identified in the traffic control plan and appropriate traffic control devices protect the equipment or materials.

 Any work as part of the development that requires a road cut, road closure or encroachment will be subject to the <u>Road Activity By-law</u> and potential site-specific conditions identified at site plan or subdivision approval which will be noted on the subsequent Permit(s). Information about <u>construction in the right-of-way</u> including applying for permits and associated fees can be found on the City's website.



1. Accessible Parking Spaces

The terms Type A and Type B Parking Spaces have the same meaning as within O. Reg 191/11 This section applies to:

1) Parking garages and related structures

- 2) Surface parking
- 3) On-street parking

Standard Ref.	Requirements	Compliance	Comments
3.1.1.	Provision: 1 Type A accessible parking space must be provided where there are 12 or fewer spaces (see Table 3 for a complete list)	Y N N/A	
3.1.2	Provision: 4% of the total number of parking spaces should be accessible	Y N N/A	
3.1.2	Provision: if the total number of spaces is greater than 1001, provide 11 accessible parking spaces plus an addition 1% of the total number of spaces	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Access Aisle: minimum of 1.5 m (see Figure 25)	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Location: a maximum of 30 m from nearest accessible entrance	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Surface: firm, stable and slip resistant	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Running slope: maximum of 1:50 (2%)	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Cross slope: maximum of 1:50 (2%)	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Type A spaces: Length 5.2 m Width 3.4 m Type B spaces Length: 5.2 m	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Width: 2.4 m Overhead clearance: minimum of 2.1 m	Y N N/A	
3.1.3	Access Aisle: minimum of 1.5 m. Must be clearly marked and adjacent to accessible parking space	Y N N/A	
3.1.4.1	Vertical Signage: Width: 0.3 m Height: 0.6 m (minimums)	Y N N/A	

Note – this Checklist must be read in conjunction with the City of Ottawa's Accessible Design Standards Document, 2015. All figures referenced in this document can be found in the City's Accessible Design Standards document.



	Mounted: 1.5 m to 2.0 m high at centre		
	Marked with International Symbol of Accessibility (see Figure 25)		
3.1.4.2	 Pavement Markings Marked with the International Symbol of Accessibility 15.25 m wide by 15.25 m deep Locate near the back of the space for 90 degree or angled parking spaces Locate in the centre for parallel parking spaces (see Figure 27) 	Y N N/A	



2. Passenger Loading Zone				
Standard Ref.	Requirements	Compliance	Comments	
3.2.1	Location: maximum of 30 m from nearest accessible entrance	Y N N/A		
3.2.1	Side Access Aisle Length: 7.4 m Width: 2.4 m (minimums) (see Figure 28)	Y N N/A		
3.2.1	Vertical Clearance: 3.6 m	Y N N/A		
3.2.1	Path of Travel: minimum of 1.8 m wide to nearest accessible entrance	Y N N/A		
3.2.1.1	Vertical Signage Width: 0.3 m by 0.6 m Mount: 1.5 m to 2.0 m high at centre (see Figure 29)	Y N N/A		



a Exterior Dethe of Troyal			This section applies to:		
3. Exterior Paths of Travel			1)	Pedestrian routes that serve facility entrances Pedestrian routes that serve	
Where stairs Exterior rout	s are located on an accessible te or walkway, an alternative oute is to be provided immediately			as a connection between a site boundary and entrance into the site	
adjacent to	the stairs		3) 4)	Public Rights-of-Way Ramps and Curb Ramps	
Standard Ref.	Requirements	Compliance	Comments		
3.3.1	Surface: firm, stable and slip resistant	Y N N/A			
3.3.1	Lighting: Provide in accordance with Section 5.7 (Lighting)	Y N N/A			
3.3.2	Path of travel: minimum 1.8 m wide	Y N N/A			
3.3.3.1	Running Slope: 1:20 (5%) (maximum)	Y N N/A			
3.3.3.2	Cross Slope: 1:20 (2%) (maximum) where surface is concrete or asphalt. 1:10 (10%) in all other cases.	Y N N/A			
3.3.1	Rest Area: If width is less than 1.8 m, provided every 30 m along path of travel. Rest area to be 1.8 m by 1.8 m (minimums)	Y N N/A			
3.3.4	Guards: Provide when change in level is more than 0.6 m	Y N N/A			
2.1.4	Gratings or Openings: 13 mm (maximum) wide in direction of travel. Longest side, if rectangular, must be perpendicular with the direction of travel	Y N N/A			



4. Curb Ramps

A curb ramp provides a transition where there is a change in level between exterior path of travel and adjacent vehicular route

- This section applies to:
 - 1) Pedestrian crossings at intersections
 - 2) Parking spaces, passenger loading zones and related access aisles
 - 3) Any other exterior route where there is a grade change.

Standard Ref.	Requirements	Compliance	Comments
3.4.1	Surface: firm, stable and slip resistant	Y N N/A	
3.4.2	Clear width: 1.5 m (minimum), exclusive of flares	Y N N/A	
3.4.3	Running Slope: 1:12 (8.33%) (maximum)	Y N N/A	
3.4.3	Cross Slope: 1:50 (2%) (maximum) (see Figure 33b)	Y N N/A	
3.4.6	Tactile Surface Walking Indicators (TWSI): minimum depth of 610mm, at 150 mm to 200 mm from edge of curb (see 33b)	Y N N/A	
3.4.2.2	Flared Side: 1m wide; slope 1:15 to 1:10.	Y N N/A	


5. Ramps

Ramps are provided when the slope of a path of travel exceeds a gradient of 1:20 (5%) Refer to the Ontario Building Code for all applied requirements for ramps.

For all ramp standards, see Figure 3

Standard Ref.	Requirements	Compliance	Comments
2.2.1.1	Running Slope: 1:15 (6.67%)	Y N N/A	
2.2.1.2	Cross-Slope: 1:50 (2%)	Y N N/A	
2.2.1	Surface: firm, stable and slip- resistant	Y N N/A	
2.2.1	Clear Width: 1.1 m (minimum)	Y N N/A	
2.2.1.4	Colour Contrasting Strip: to be provided at slope changes. 50 mm wide colour-contrasted and slip resistant strip equal to the width of the ramp	Y N N/A	
2.2.1	Lighting: provide in accordance with Section 5.7 (Lighting)	Y N N/A	
2.2.2	Length: 9 m, or less, or provide landing	Y N N/A	
2.2.2	Landing: to be provided at top, bottom or intermediate level, or where there is directional change. (see Figure 5)	Y N N/A	
2.2.3.1	Handrail: 865 to 965 mm high on both sides.	Y N N/A	
	Clear width : 1.1 m between handrails (see Figure 8)		

Site Plan Checklist – City of Ottawa Accessible Design Standards



6. Stairs

This section applies to stairs provided for exterior or interior environments

Refer to the Ontario Building Code for all applied requirements for stairs.

For all stair standards, see Figure 10

Standard Ref.	Requirements	Compliance	Comments
2.3	Stairs: where provided, an alternative accessible route is to be provided immediately adjacent, and may include a ramp or other accessible means of negotiating grade change	Y N N/A	Note which alternative to stairs is provided.
2.3.1	Surface: firm, stable and slip- resistant	Y N N/A	
2.3.1.1	Tread: 280 mm to 355 mm deep	Y N N/A	
2.3.1.1	Riser: 125 mm to 180 mm high	Y N N/A	
2.3.1	Open Riser: not permitted	Y N N/A	
2.3.1.2	Nosing Projection: 38 mm (maximum) (see Figure 10)	Y N N/A	
2.3.1.2	Nosing Strip: 50 mm deep, colour contrasted, at leading edge of tread and extending the full length of the tread	Y N N/A	
2.3.1.3	Tactile Surface Walking Indicators (TWSI): minimum of 610 mm deep, one tread back (see Figure 11)	Y N N/A	
2.3.1	Lighting: to be provided in accordance with Section 5.7	Y N N/A	
2.3.2.2	Handrail: 865 mm to 965 mm high on both sides. (see Figure 12)	Y N N/A	

Site Plan Checklist – City of Ottawa Accessible Design Standards



7. Building Entrance			This section does not apply	
Standard Ref	Requirements	Compliance	Comments	
4.1.1	Provision: at least one (1) accessible entrance 50% of the total number of building entrances (see Figure 36)	Y N N/A		
4.1.1	Provision: 50% of the total number of building entrances must be accessible (see Figure 36)	Y N N/A		
4.1.1	Provision: 30 m or less from nearest accessible parking space, or passenger loading or drop off zones	Y N N/A		

Site Plan Checklist – City of Ottawa Accessible Design Standards



8. Benches and Seats

This section applies to 1) Rest areas and accessible routes 2) Outdoor public use eating areas 3) Waiting areas

Standard Ref	Requirements	Compliance	Comments
2.10.1	Seat height between 450 mm and 500 mm above finished floor (see Figure 23)	Y N N/A	
2.10.1	Seat depth between 330 mm and 510 mm	Y N N/A	
2.10.1	Back support extending 320 mm (minimum) above seat surface	Y N N/A	
2.10.1	Provide at least one (1) armrest at a height between 220 mm and 300 mm from the seat for additional support	Y N N/A	



General Project Description

General Project Description	
Project Name	
Contact	
Site Plan Control Application Subtype	
Proposed Total Gross Floor Area (m2)	
Total number residential units	
Building Use	
Total number residential units	

This document is for illustrative purposes only to provide projects context of the information that will be required to be submitted on the HPDS Checklist

1.1 Energy Use

Is the project a Complex Site Plan?	
(if no energy requirements are not required)	

	EUI	TEDI	GHGI	
Residential Building	147	62	19	Energy
Office Building	142	42	19	thresholds
Retail Building	132	52	12	become
Energy Intensity Required* (area weighted average in a mixed use building)				mandatory June 1, 2023.
Energy Intensity of Proposed Building				
OR				
	Required	Proposed	_	
Proposed Building Energy Use				

Froposed Building Energy Ose		
Reference Building Energy Use		
Percent Improvement	25%	0
OR		
Commitment to pursue certification program	•	
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report		

1.2 Site Plan Accessibility

Are the main entrances equally accessible to all		
users?	-	
Brief Description of how accessibility is achieve on		
the site		
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report		

Accessible Grate Design

	Maximum grate		Number of grates	
Grates located on path of travel	13mm diameter			
Grates located away from path of travel	20x20mm or 10x40			Alternately grates may be screened
Has the requirement been met and identified on the				-
plan?		-		
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report				



1.3 Fresh Air Intake		
Is the project located within:		
150 metres of a road with an average of 50,000]
vehicles or more per day	•	
100 metres of road with an average of 15,000		1
vehicles or more per day	•	
100 metres of idling areas (this includes onsite idling		1
areas)	•	
If answered yes to any of the above provide a brief		
description of how the site will protect outdoor		
amenity and fresh air intakes from these sources of		
air pollution.		
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report		

1.4 Tree Planting

	Required	Proposed
Total site area (m ²)		
Total Soil Volume (m3)	0	
Total number of planting areas		
(minimum of 30m ³ soil)		
Total number of trees planted		

Requirement to come in effect with the release of tree planting guidelines.

Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report

1.5	Plant Species	Required (m ²)	Proposed (m ²)	Proposed %
	Total landscaped site area			
	Landscaped site area planted with drought-tolerant	0		
	plants (minimum 50%)	0		
	Total number of plants			
	Total number of native plants and % of total plants	0		
	planted (minimum 50%)	0		

Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report

1.6 Exterior Lighting

All exterior lighting fixtures Dark Sky compliant	•	
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report		

1.7 Bird Safe Design

Required (m ²)	Proposed (m ²)	Proposed %
0		
with:		
	Required (m ²)	Required (m ²) Proposed (m ²) 0 0

Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report



1.8 Sustainable Roofing

Does the project have a flat roof over 500 m2? If no project is not subject to cool roof requirement Y/N

	Required (m ²)	Proposed (m ²)	Proposed %
Available Roof Space			
Available Roof Space provided as Green Roof			
Available Roof Space provided as Reflective Roof			
Available Roof Space designated Solar Ready If reflective roof path is chosen and roof area is over 2,500m2, Minimum 1,000m2 of solar ready area must be provided	1000		
Available Roof Space provided as Solar Panels			
Available Roof Space provided as Accessible Green Roof			
This is counted at 120% of area provided			
Available Roof Space provided as Food growing space This includes entire garden area included pathways and adjacent terraces			
Metric requirement met?			
(50% green, 90% white, or a combination of strategies amounting to 75%)	yes/no		
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report			

1.9 Cool Landscape and Paving

Industrial work yards or similar areas that limit the available options for shading or reflective surfaces may be excluded from the hard surface area calculation.

Projects must meet one of the following

	Required by Zoning (m2)	Proposed (m ²)	Proposed exceeding minimum %
Total non roof soft landscape area (minimum 20%)			

OR

	Required (m ²)	Proposed (m ²)	Proposed %
Total non-roof hardscape area			
Total non-roof hardscape area treated for Urban			
Heat Island (minimum 50%)			
Area of non-roof hardscape treated with:			
a) high-albedo surface material			
b) open-grid pavement			
c) shade from tree canopy			
d) shade from high-albedo structures			
e) shade from energy generation structures			
f) At grade parking lot area with more than 1 tree per			
5 parking spaces			
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report			



1.10. Common Area Waste Storage

	Required	Proposed	
Total Waste Storage Area			
Garbage			
Recycling Paper			
Recycling Plastic Metal Glass			
Compost			
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report			
Construction Waste Management Plan Provided		•	
Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report			

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1.11 Electric Vehicle Parking

		None Required	Proposed		
	Number of Resident Parking Spaces				
	Number of Visitor Parking Spaces				
	Number of Commercial Parking Spaces				
	Number of EV Ready Parking Spaces				
	Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report				
1.12	Bike Access and Storage				
		Required by Zoning	Proposed		
	Number of Resident Bike Parking Spaces				
	Number of Visitor Bike Parking Spaces				
	Number of Commercial Bike Parking Spaces				
			_		
	Does the bike parking plan meet accessibility, safety				
	and proximity requirements?				
	Reference to Drawing, Plans, or Report				

What is the High Performance Development Standard?

The High Performance Development Standard (HPDS) is a collection of mandatory and voluntary standards or "metrics" that raise the performance of new building projects to achieve "sustainable and resilient design" objectives. The HPDS consists of three tiers of performance. The standards, also known as 'metrics' in Tier 1 are mandatory. Tiers 2 and 3 contain higher level voluntary standards.

What is the purpose of the HPDS?

Buildings are a major source of greenhouse gas emissions in Ottawa. Designing new buildings to be energy efficient from the outset will help reduce greenhouse gas emissions and save on costly retrofits in the future. The HPDS will also help build resiliency to our changing climate through tree canopy, ecology and urban heat island mitigation strategies. "Sustainable and resilient design is defined as "Principles in site and building design to protect against the depletion of critical resources like energy, water, land, and raw materials, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, prevent environmental degradation throughout its life cycle, and create built environments that are liveable and comfortable while being safe and resilient to the impacts of a changing climate" (see new Official Plan, Section 13).

Collectively, the metrics aim to advance the climate change mitigation and adaption priorities of the Climate Change Master Plan, Energy Evolution and the Climate Resiliency Strategy as well as the City's objectives related to public health, ecology and accessibility.

Category	Energy	Health	Ecology	Resiliency	Waste	Transportation
<u>Site Plan</u> <u>Tier 1</u>	• Energy Efficiency	 Accessibility Fresh Air Intake Location 	 Tree Planting Plant Species Exterior Lighting Bird Safe Design 	 Sustainable Roofing Cool Landscape and Paving 	• Common Area Waste Storage	 Electric Vehicle Charging Bike Parking
Plan of Subdivision Tier 1	Community Energy Plan	N/A	Tree Planting Plant Species	 Community Energy Plan 	N/A	N/A

Tier 1 Metrics

What is the difference between a standard and other planning tools?

- A standard is a set of specific measures to which a proponent must implement to the fullest extent.
- Whereas a guideline is suggestive and general in nature, a standard is prescriptive and mandatory.
- Whereas the Zoning By-law sets out a separate process to review nonconformity through the Committee of Adjustment, relief from a standard is subject to the review and approval by the Department based on justification provided by the applicant through the development approval process.



guidelines or bylaws the HPDS will reference these

Timing of requirements coming into effect



Frequently Asked Questions

1. When will the HPDS be fully implemented?

The HPDS is being rolled out in a phased approach as follows:

- Tier 1 (mandatory) building energy efficiency metrics will not apply until June 1, 2023 (i.e. Energy Modeling Reports will be "Report-Only" see FAQ below)
- Tier 1 metrics will apply to applications for extension and revision of plan of subdivision effective June 1, 2023

- Tier 1 requirements for bike and electric vehicle parking will be proposed as part of the new Zoning By-law (post Official Plan adoption)
- The mandatory metrics are expected to be updated in 2025 and will come into effect in 2026.

2. What about ongoing applications?

We encourage projects, including those that have already been through pre-consultation or submitted an application, to comply with the HPDS. The HPDS will not apply to projects that have been through pre-consultation where the HPDS was not introduced OR are submitting an application prior to the new Official Plan receiving provincial approval. The HPDS will apply to applications for an extension or revision of draft plan approval (Plan of Subdivision) that are submitted on or after June 1, 2023.

3. How will the HPDS impact the Development Review process?

	Site Plan applications	Plan of Subdivision applications
Pre-application Consultation	The HPDS will be flagged during the pre- application consultation for awareness. For Complex Site Plan applications, it is recommended that applicants engage an energy consultant at the same time as the building architectural drawings are being developed.	The HPDS will be flagged during the pre-application consultation for awareness. A new requirement is that a completed Community Energy Plan be submitted as a condition of draft approval. As indicated in the Terms of Reference, a letter is required at application submission which outlines the energy commitments and proposed energy strategy as well as confirmation of an established working group (as applicable).
Application Submission:	A completed HPDS Checklist is required at submission.	 A completed HPDS Checklist is required at submission. Where a complete Community Energy Plan Report or Brief is not complete at time of application submission, projects are permitted to provide a letter which identifies the following project elements: project partners, joint working group and key stakeholders qualified professional completing the Community Energy Plan proposed Community Energy Plan compliance pathway, prescriptive or a complete plan;

The HPDS will impact the development review process steps as follows:

		intended target level of performance for the
		community
Issue Resolution:	The File Lead will identify issues of non- conformity to the HPDS as part of the circulation comments. Following circulation, all resubmission packages shall include an updated HPDS Checklist. For Complex Site Plan applications, the resubmission package shall also include a draft Energy Modeling Report (EMR), which is to be sent for review by a third-party consultant	The File Lead will identify issues of non-conformity to the HPDS as part of the circulation comments. Following circulation, all resubmission packages shall include an updated HPDS Checklist.
Approval / Post-approval:	The final EMR is submitted once the	A completed Community Energy Plan is to be
	Delegated Authority Report (DAR) is	submitted as a condition of draft approval. The
	prepared. The DAR will include conditions	Delegated Authority Report (DAR) will include
	pertaining to the HPDS.	conditions pertaining to the HPDS.

4. What is the timing on incentives for Tier 2 projects?

There are currently no financial or process related incentives available to be implemented. Staff have been directed to investigate incentive options and report back to Council in 2023.

5. What does "Report Only" mean for Energy Modeling Reports submitted before June 1, 2023?

The term "Report Only" describes an interim period until June 1, 2023 when Tier 1 energy targets must be met. The "Report Only" period will help staff and industry become more familiar with energy modeling reports and how energy efficiency is to be reviewed during the approval process. It is also for industry to gain a better understanding of the types measures projects can apply to achieve energy targets.

6. Are deviations from the mandatory metrics permitted?

The expectation is for projects to demonstrate full compliance with the HPDS metrics. Where full compliance cannot be achieved, documentation will be required that provides sufficient justification why a deviation from the HPDS is necessary. Permission to deviate from the HPDS shall be subject to the review and approval of the GM, Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department. Example: A project has several separate roof spaces and is treating most of podium roof area which nearly meets the sustainable roofing requirement of the HPDS but to become in full compliance would have to treat the entire other roof area, resulting in significant cost.

High Performance Development Standard – Pre-application Consultation Handout

7. Will the City provide training to the community on the HPDS?

Yes. More details are to be provided on training in Q3 2022. Until that time, specific questions should be directed to: https://www.heitawa.ca



Watermain Boundary Conditions Water Demand Calculations FUS Calculations Water Model Results

Boundary Conditions 1015 - 1045 Dairy Drive – June 2024 Update

Provided Information

Scopario	Demand		
Scenario	L/min	L/s	
Average Daily Demand	50	0.83	
Maximum Daily Demand	75	1.25	
Peak Hour	134	2.24	
Fire Flow Demand #1	12,000	200.00	

Location



Results

Connection 1 – Dairy North

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	114.1	74.4
Peak Hour	109.4	67.7
Max Day plus Fire Flow	102.1	57.3
¹ Ground Elevation =	61.7	m

Connection 2 – Dairy South

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	114.1	71.2
Peak Hour	109.4	64.5
Max Day plus Fire Flow	102.1	54.1
¹ Ground Elevation =	64.0	m

<u>Notes</u>

1. The Ottawa Water Distribution Design Guideline (OWDG) – Technical Bulletin ISTB-2021-03 Section 4.3.1 specifies number of connections required as follows:

Industrial, commercial, institutional service areas with a basic day demand greater than 50 m³/day (0.58 L/s) and residential areas serving 50 or more dwellings shall be connected with a minimum of two watermains, **separated by an isolation valve**, to avoid the creation of a vulnerable service area. Individual residential facilities with a basic day demand greater than 50 m³/day shall be connected with a minimum of two water services, separated by an isolation valve, to avoid the creation of a vulnerable service area.

2. Any connection to a watermain 400 mm or larger should be approved by Drinking Water Services as per the Water Design Guidelines Section 2.4.

Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.



WATERMAIN DEMAND CALCULATION SHEET

1015 Dairy Drive | Effort Trust 142817-6.0 | Rev #0 | 2024-06-05 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

	RESIDENTIAL				NON-RESIDENTIAL (ICI)		AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND (I/s)		MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND (I/s)		MAXIMUM HOURLY DEMAND (I/s)		1				
NODE	SINGLE	3 bedroom	2 bedroom														FIRE
	FAMILY			POPULATION	INDUST.	COMM.	INSTIT.	RESIDENTIAL	ICI	TOTAL	RESIDENTIAL	ICI	TOTAL	RESIDENTIAL	ICI	TOTAL	DEMAND
	UNITS	UNITS	UNITS		(ha)	(ha)	(ha)										(l/min)
BUILDING A						1.29			0.37	0.37		0.56	0.56		1.01	1.01	12,000
BUILDING B						1.44			0.42	0.42		0.62	0.62		1.12	1.12	9,000
BUILDING C					0.09				0.03	0.03		0.04	0.04		0.07	0.07	3,000
BUILDING D					0.06				0.02	0.02		0.02	0.02		0.04	0.04	4,000
TOTAL					0	2.72				0.83			1.25			2.24	12,000

			ASSUMPT	TIONS			
POPULATION DENSITY		WATER DEMAND RATES		PEAKING FAC	CTORS		FIRE DEMANDS
Single Family	3.4 persons/unit	Industrial	35,000 L/gross ha/day	Maximum Daily	ly		Single Family 10,000 l/min (166.7 l/s)
					Industrial	1.5 x avg. day	
3 Bedroom Units	2.7 persons/unit				Commercial	1.5 x avg. day	Semi Detached &
		Shopping Centres	2,500 L/1000 m2/day	Maximum Hou	urly		Townhouse 10,000 l/min (166.7 l/s)
2 Bedroom Units	1.8 persons/unit				Industrial	1.8 x max. day	
					Commercial	1.8 x max. day	Medium Density 15,000 l/min (250 l/s)

ARCADIS

500-333 Preston Street

Ottawa, Ontario K1S 5N4 Canada

arcadis.com

FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY

1015 Dairy Drive | Effort Trust 142817-6.0 | Rev #0 | 2024-06-05 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

STEP	Contents	Description		Adjustment Fac	ctor	Res	ult
	Building A	1st Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	6439	m2
1	(2-storey)	25% of 2nd Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	1609.8	m2
	Total Effective Floor Area	(Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor are	ea X 3)			8049	m2
		Type V Wood Frame	1.5	Turpell			
2	Turne of Construction	Type III Ordinary Construction	1.0	i ype ii Nanaambuatibla	0.0		
2	Type of Construction	Type II Noncombustible Construction	0.8		0.8		
		Type I Fire Resistive Construction	0.6	Construction			
3	Required Fire Flow	RFF = $220C\sqrt{A}$, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min				16000	L/min
		Noncombustible Contents	-25%				
		Limited Conbustible Contents	-15%	Combustible 52			
	Occupancy and Contents	Combustible Contents	0%		0%	0	L/min
4		Free Burning Contents	15%	Storage Rooms			
		Rapid Burning Contents	25%				
	Fire Flow					16000	L/min
		Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13	-30%	Yes	-30%	-4800	L/min
	Automatic Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for both the system	1004	No			
5	Protection	and Fire Department Hose Lines	-10%	INO			
		Fully Supervised System	-10%	No			
	Total Sprinkler Adjustment					-4800	L/min
	Exposure Adjustment	Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charg					
		Separation (m)	18	Both Subject and Exposed			
	North	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	36	Buildings have automatic	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%			
		Separation (m)	>30	Soperation larger			
	South	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	0	than 30 m	0%	0	L/min
6		Construction Type	Type II	than 50 m			
0		Separation (m)	25				
	East	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	73	Forest	2%	320	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II				
		Separation (m)	>30	Soporation larger			
	West	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	0	then 20 m	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	than 30 m			
	Fire Flow		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			11520	L/min
7	Total Required Fire Flow	Rounded to Nearest 1000 L/min				12000	L/min
R	-	-				200	1/0

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FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY

1015 Dairy Drive | Effort Trust 142817-6.0 | Rev #0 | 2024-06-05 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

Building B 1st Floor Area Height 3.0m 1 3609 m2 1 25% of 2nd Floor Area Height 3.0m 1 902.25 m2 Total Effective Floor Area (Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor area X.3) 5414 m2 2 Type of Construction Type VWood Frame 1.5 Type II Noncombustible 0.8 3 Required Fire Flow RFF = 220C/A rounded to nearest 1000 L/min 0.6 Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/mi 4 Occupancy and Contents .15% Trype II Resistive Construction 0.6 Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/mi 4 Occupancy and Contents .25% .15% Combustible Contents .15% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/mi 5 Fire Flow Matomatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 .30% Yes .3000 L/mi 5 Protection and Fire Department Hose Lines .10% No 0% .3900 L/mi 5 Protection and Fire Department Hose Li	STEP	Contents	Description		Adjustment Fac	tor	Res	ult	
1 (4-storey) 25% of 2nd Floor Area 26% of 3rd Floor Area 7ype II Ordinary Construction 7ype II Ordinary Construction 7ype II Ordinary Construction 7ype II Noncombustible Construction 7ype II Fire Resistive Construction 7ype IFire Resistive Construction 7ype II Construction 7ype II Construction 7ype II 7ype		Building B	1st Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	3609	m2	
Image: Total Effective Floor Area 25% of 3rd Floor Area Height 3.0m 1 902.25 m2 Total Effective Floor Area (Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor area X.3) Type 10 Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor area X.3) Type 11 Noncombustible 0.8 Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor area X.3) Type 11 Noncombustible 0.8 Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor area X.3) Type 11 Noncombustible 0.8 Construction 0.8 Constructi	4	(4-storey)	25% of 2nd Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	902.25	m2	
Total Effective Floor Area (Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor area X.3) 5414 m2 2 Type of Construction Type UN coord Frame 15 Type II Noncombustible Construction 0.8 Construction 0.8 0.8 Construction 0.8 0.8 Construction 0.8 Construction 0.8 0.8 Construction Construction Construction Construction Construction C			25% of 3rd Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	902.25	m2	
2 Type of Construction Type II Ordinary Construction 1.0 Type II Noncombustible Construction 1.0 Type II Noncombustible Construction Noncombustible 0.8 Construction 3 Required Fire Flow RFF = 220C /A, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min 13000 L/mi 4 Occupancy and Contents -25% Limited Conbustible Contents -25% Combustible Contents Combustible - F2 Storage Rooms 0% 0 L/mi 5 Fire Flow Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -3900 L/mi 5 Protection Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines -10% No 0% -3900 L/mi 6 Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/mi 6 South Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure separation larger than 0% 0 L/mi 6 East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Permanent structure separation is larger 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage separation is larger 0% 0 L/mi <td></td> <td>Total Effective Floor Area</td> <td>(Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor are</td> <td>ea X 3)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5414</td> <td>m2</td>		Total Effective Floor Area	(Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor are	ea X 3)			5414	m2	
2 Type of Construction Type II Ordinary Construction 1.0 Noncombustible 0.8 3 Required Fire Flow RFF = 220Cx/A, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min Social Construction 13000 L/mi 4 Occupancy and Contents One onbustible Contents -25% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/mi 4 Occupancy and Contents Combustible Contents -15% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/mi 6 Fire Flow Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -3000 L/mi 5 Protection Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -3900 L/mi 6 Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/mi 7 Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage Separation (m) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>Type V Wood Frame</td> <td>1.5</td> <td>Tupoll</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			Type V Wood Frame	1.5	Tupoll				
2 Type II Noncombustible Construction 0.8 Noncombustible Construction 0.6 3 Required Fire Flow RFF = 220C, A, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min 13000 L/m 4 Occupancy and Contents -25% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/m 6 Fire Flow Free Burning Contents -15% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/m 7 Fire Flow Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m 6 Automatic Sprinkler Standard Water Supply for both the system -10% No 0% -3900 L/m 7 Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustment Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/m 8 Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure separation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi 6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 separation is larger dome 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi 7 Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) </td <td>2</td> <td>Turne of Construction</td> <td>Type III Ordinary Construction</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>Noncombustible</td> <td>00</td> <td></td> <td></td>	2	Turne of Construction	Type III Ordinary Construction	1.0	Noncombustible	00			
Type I Fire Resistive Construction 0.6 Construction 13000 L/m 3 Required Fire Flow RFF = 220C,/A, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min 13000 L/m 4 Occupancy and Contents -25% Limited Conbustible Contents -15% Combustible - F2 Storage Rooms 0% 0 L/mi 4 Occupancy and Contents 15% Free Burning Contents 15% Rapid Burning Contents 25% Combustible - F2 Storage Rooms 0% U/mi 5 Fire Flow 4utomatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -3000 L/mi 5 Protection Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines -10% No 0% -3900 L/mi 5 Protection Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/mi 6 Exposure Adjustment Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure separation starger than 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed Buildings have automatio 0% U/mi <tr< td=""><td>2</td><td>rype of Construction</td><td>Type II Noncombustible Construction</td><td>0.8</td><td></td><td>0.0</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	2	rype of Construction	Type II Noncombustible Construction	0.8		0.0			
3 Required Fire Flow RFF = 220C,/A, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min 13000 L/min 4 Noncombustible Contents -25% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/min 4 Occupancy and Contents 0% Free Burning Contents 0% Storage Rooms 0% 0 L/min 6 Fire Flow Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/min 5 Protection Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/min 5 Protection and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% - - - -3900 L/min 6 Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building - - - - -3900 L/min 6 Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure separation (m) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			Type I Fire Resistive Construction	0.6	Construction				
4 Noncombustible Contents -25% Combustible -F2 Storage Rooms 0% 0 L/m 6 Fire Flow Fire Burning Contents 15% Combustible Contents 0% -3000 L/m 7 Fire Flow Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m 7 Automatic Sprinkler Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% -3900 L/m 7 Total Sprinkler Adjustment Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/mi 8 Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure seperation is larger than O% 0% 0% L/mi 9 North Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 beth Subject and Exposed Building have automatic of Construction Type Dist Subject and Exposed Building have automatic of Construction Type 0% 0 L/mi 6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 beth Subject and Exposed Building have automatic of Construction Type 0% 0 L/mi 6 <td>3</td> <td>Required Fire Flow</td> <td>RFF = $220C\sqrt{A}$, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>13000</td> <td>L/min</td>	3	Required Fire Flow	RFF = $220C\sqrt{A}$, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min				13000	L/min	
4 Cocupancy and Contents Limited Conbustible Contents -15% Combustible - F2 0% 0 L/m 6 Free Burning Contents 15% Storage Rooms 0% 0 L/m 7 Fire Flow 15% 15% Storage Rooms 0% 0 L/m 7 Fire Flow 15% 15% 13000 L/m 7 Automatic Sprinkler Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines -10% No 0% 0 L/m 7 Fote Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/m 8 Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/m 9 Formanent Structure Construction Type Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure separation is larger than 0% 0% 0 L/m 6 Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed sprinklers, reduced to 0% 0% 0 L/m 6 East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 South Separation (m) 19 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Noncombustible Contents</td><td>-25%</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			Noncombustible Contents	-25%					
4 Occupancy and Contents Combustible Contents 0% Storage Rooms 0% Storage Rooms 0% L/m Free Burning Contents 15% Rapid Burning Contents 25% Storage Rooms 0% L/m Fire Flow 13000 L/m 13000 L/m Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m Protection Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines -10% No 0% - - Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -			Limited Conbustible Contents	-15%	Combustible - F2				
Free Burning Contents 15% Storage Hourins 13000 L/m Rapid Burning Contents 25% 13000 L/m Fire Flow Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m Automatic Sprinkler Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% - - - -3900 L/m Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building - - -3900 L/mi North Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 separation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi South Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi East Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage separation is larger 0% 0 L/mi Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage Separation (m) 12 separation is larger 0% <td< td=""><td>4</td><td>Occupancy and Contents</td><td>Combustible Contents</td><td>0%</td><td>Storage Rooms</td><td>0%</td><td>0</td><td>L/min</td></td<>	4	Occupancy and Contents	Combustible Contents	0%	Storage Rooms	0%	0	L/min	
Rapid Burning Contents 25% Fire Flow 13000 L/m Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m Protection Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0%	-		Free Burning Contents	15%	Storage nooms				
Fire Flow 13000 L/m Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m Protection Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% - <			Rapid Burning Contents	25%					
Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13 -30% Yes -30% -3900 L/m 5 Protection Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines -10% No 0% -3900 L/m 6 Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustment Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/mi 8 Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure separation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi 6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 separation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi 6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Both Subject and Exposed Buildings have automatic sprinklers, reduced to 0% 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage separation is larger 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage separation is larger 0% 0 L/mi 7 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage separation is larger 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m)		Fire Flow					13000	L/min	
Automatic Sprinkler Standard Water Supply for both the system and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% 5 Protection and Fire Department Hose Lines Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% 6 Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building			Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13	-30%	Yes	-30%	-3900	L/min	
5 Protection and Fire Department Hose Lines 10.70 No 0.70 Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% -3900 L/mi Total Sprinkler Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building -3900 L/mi North Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 separation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed Joint Subject and Exposed Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0 L/mi L/mi Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi Separation (m) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi <td co<="" td=""><td></td><td rowspan="2">Automatic Sprinkler Protection</td><td>Standard Water Supply for both the system</td><td>-10%</td><td>No</td><td>0%</td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td rowspan="2">Automatic Sprinkler Protection</td> <td>Standard Water Supply for both the system</td> <td>-10%</td> <td>No</td> <td>0%</td> <td></td> <td></td>		Automatic Sprinkler Protection	Standard Water Supply for both the system	-10%	No	0%		
Fully Supervised System -10% No 0% Total Sprinkler Adjustment Image: Separation (m) -3900 L/m Representation of the separation (m) 33 Permanent structure -3900 L/m North Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure 0% 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 separation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi Fast Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage Separation (m) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed L/mi <t< td=""><td>5</td><td>and Fire Department Hose Lines</td><td>1070</td><td></td><td>070</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	5	and Fire Department Hose Lines		1070		070			
Total Sprinkler Adjustment 3900 L/m Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building			Fully Supervised System	-10%	No	0%			
Exposure Adjustment Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charges for Subject Building North Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure seperation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi North Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 seperation is larger than 0% 0 L/mi South Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi Fast Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 19 Neighbouring garage 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II than 30m 0 L/mi 0 L/mi Separation (m) \$30 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/mi 0 L/mi Separation (m) \$30 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/mi 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II		Total Sprinkler Adjustment					-3900	L/min	
North Separation (m) 33 Permanent structure 0% 0 L/m 6 Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 seperation is larger than 0% 0 L/m 6 South Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/m 8 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/m 6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/m 8 Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Separation 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0 L/mi 8 Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Exposure Adjustment</td><td>Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charg</td><td>es for Subje</td><td>ect Building</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		Exposure Adjustment	Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charg	es for Subje	ect Building				
North Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 16 seperation is larger than 0% 0 L/m 6 Construction Type Type II 30m 30m 0 L/m 6 Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi 6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi 6 East Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi 7 Construction Type Type II than 30m 0 L/mi 8 Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 1 1			Separation (m)	33	Permanent structure				
6 Construction Type Type II 30m South Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/mi South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi East Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II Neighbouring garage 0 L/mi Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II than 30m 0 L/mi Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/mi		North	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	16	seperation is larger than	0%	0	L/min	
6 South Separation (m) 24 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi 6 East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi 6 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/mi East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II than 30m 0 L/mi Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/mi			Construction Type	Type II	30m				
6 South Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 37 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/m 6 Construction Type Type II Sprinklers, reduced to 0% 0 L/m 8 Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage 0% 0 L/m 8 Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II than 30m 0% 0 L/mi Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 0% 0 L/mi			Separation (m)	24	Both Subject and Exposed				
6 Construction Type Type II sprinklers, reduced to 0% East Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 12 seperation is larger 0% Construction Type Type II than 30m 0 Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed		South	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	37	Buildings have automatic	0%	0	L/min	
East Separation (m) 19 Neighbouring garage Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/mi Construction Type Type II than 30m 0 L/mi Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/mi	6		Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%				
East Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 12 seperation is larger 0% 0 L/m. Construction Type Type II than 30m than 30m 0 L/m. Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed 0 L/m.	Ŭ		Separation (m)	19	Neighbouring garage				
Construction Type Type II than 30m Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed		East	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	12	seperation is larger	0%	0	L/min	
Separation (m) >30 Both Subject and Exposed			Construction Type	Type II	than 30m				
			Separation (m)	>30	Both Subject and Exposed				
West Length X Height Factor (m.storeys) 0 Buildings have automatic 0% 0 L/mi		West	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	0	Buildings have automatic	0%	0	L/min	
Construction Type Type II sprinkers, reduced to 0%			Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%				
Fire Flow 9100 L/mi		Fire Flow					9100	L/min	
7 Total Required Fire Flow Rounded to Nearest 1000 L/min 9000 L/min	7	Total Required Fire Flow	Rounded to Nearest 1000 L/min				9000	L/min	

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FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY

1015 Dairy Drive | Effort Trust 142817-6.0 | Rev #0 | 2024-06-05 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

STEP	Contents	Description		Adjustment Fac	ctor	Res	ult
	Building A	1st Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	564	m2
1	(1-storey)						m2
	Total Effective Floor Area					564	m2
		Type V Wood Frame	1.5	Tupoll			
2	Turne of Construction	Type III Ordinary Construction	1.0	I ype II Noncombustible	0.0		
2	Type of Construction	Type II Noncombustible Construction	0.8		0.8		
		Type I Fire Resistive Construction	0.6	Construction			
3	Required Fire Flow	RFF = $220C_{V}$ A, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min				4000	L/min
		Noncombustible Contents	-25%				
		Limited Conbustible Contents	-15%				
4	Occupancy and Contents	Combustible Contents	0%	Combustible - F3	0%	0	L/min
4		Free Burning Contents	15%				
		Rapid Burning Contents	25%				
	Fire Flow					4000	L/min
		Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13	-30%	Yes	-30%	-1200	L/min
	Automatic Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for both the system	100/	Ne			
5	Protection	and Fire Department Hose Lines	-10%	INO			
		Fully Supervised System	-10%	No			
	Total Sprinkler Adjustment					-1200	L/min
	Exposure Adjustment	Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charge					
		Separation (m)	24	Both Subject and Exposed			
	North	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	36	Buildings have automatic	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%			
		Separation (m)	18	Both Subject and Exposed			
	South	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	36	Buildings have automatic	0%	0	L/min
c		Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%			
0		Separation (m)	>30	Concretion larger			
	East	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	95	Seperation larger	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	than 30 m			
		Separation (m)	26	Both Subject and Exposed			
	West	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	15	Buildings have automatic 0%		0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%			
	Fire Flow					2800	L/min
7	Total Required Fire Flow	Rounded to Nearest 1000 L/min				3000	L/min
		-				50	L/s

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FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY

1015 Dairy Drive | Effort Trust 142817-6.0 | Rev #0 | 2024-06-05 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

STEP	Contents	Description		Adjustment Fac	tor	Res	ult
	Building A	1st Floor Area		Height 3.0m	1	910	m2
1	(1-storey)						
	Total Effective Floor Area	(Storage space exceeding 3m in height, floor are	ea X 3)			910	m2
		Type V Wood Frame	1.5	Type II			
2	Type of Construction	Type III Ordinary Construction	1.0	Noncombustible	0.8		
2	rype or construction	Type II Noncombustible Construction	0.8	Construction	0.0		
		Type I Fire Resistive Construction	0.6	Construction			
3	Required Fire Flow	RFF = $220C\sqrt{A}$, rounded to nearest 1000 L/min				5000	L/min
		Noncombustible Contents	-25%				
		Limited Conbustible Contents	-15%				
4	Occupancy and Contents	Combustible Contents	0%	Combustible - F3	0%	0	L/min
4		Free Burning Contents	15%				
		Rapid Burning Contents	25%				
	Fire Flow					5000	L/min
		Automatic Sprinkler Conforming to NFPA 13	-30%	Yes	-30%	-1500	L/min
	Automatic Sprinkler	Standard Water Supply for both the system	100%	No			
5	Protection	and Fire Department Hose Lines	-1070	INO			
		Fully Supervised System	-10%	No			
	Total Sprinkler Adjustment					-1500	L/min
	Exposure Adjustment	Based on Table 6 Exposure Adjustement Charg					
		Separation (m)	>30	Soporationlargor			
	North	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	154	then 20 m	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	unan 30 m			
		Separation (m)	>30	Soporationlargor			
	South	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	0	then 20 m	0%	0	L/min
6		Construction Type	Type II	unan 50 m			
0		Separation (m)	21	Both Subject and Exposed			
	East	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	49	Buildings have automatic	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	sprinklers, reduced to 0%			
		Separation (m)	>30	Separation larger			
	West	Length X Height Factor (m.storeys)	0	then 20 m	0%	0	L/min
		Construction Type	Type II	than 30 m			
	Fire Flow					3500	L/min
7	Total Required Fire Flow	Rounded to Nearest 1000 L/min				4000	L/min
						67	L/s



	ID	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Head (m)	Pressure (kPa)
1	J10	0.02	59.40	114.10	536.02
2	J12	0.37	59.40	114.10	536.02
3	J14	0.00	58.90	114.10	540.91
4	J16	0.03	59.00	114.10	539.93
5	J18	0.42	59.05	114.10	539.44
6	J20	0.00	59.90	114.10	531.12

Diary Drive - Average Daily Demand Pipe Report

Flow Reversal Count	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
HL/1000 (m/k-m)	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Headloss (m)	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0
Velocity (m/s)	0.01	00.0	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Flow (L/s)	0.42	0.05	0.42	0.40	0.45	0.45	0.42
Roughness	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00
Diameter (mm)	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00
Length (m)	44.32	3.65	20.66	25.86	27.44	17.67	19.12
To Node	J12	J20	J10	J20	J14	J16	J18
From Node	RES9000	J12	RES9002	J10	J20	J14	J16
₽	P11	P13	P15	P17	P19	P21	P23
	-	2	с	4	5	9	2

Date: Wednesday, June 26, 2024, Time: 14:03:37, Page 1

Dairy Drive - Peak Hour

	ID	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Head (m)	Pressure (kPa)
1	J10	0.02	59.40	109.40	489.96
2	J12	0.56	59.40	109.40	489.96
3	J14	0.00	58.90	109.40	494.86
4	J16	0.04	59.00	109.40	493.88
5	J18	0.62	59.05	109.40	493.39
6	J20	0.00	59.90	109.40	485.06

Dairy Drive - Peak Hour Demand - Pipe Report

Flow Reversal Count	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Status	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open	Open
HL/1000 (m/k-m)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	00.0
Headloss (m)	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0
Velocity (m/s)	0.02	00.0	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Flow (L/s)	0.62	0.06	0.62	09.0	0.66	0.66	0.62
Roughness	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	110.00
Diameter (mm)	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00	204.00
Length (m)	44.32	3.65	20.66	25.86	27.44	17.67	19.12
To Node	J12	J20	J10	J20	J14	J16	J18
From Node	RES9000	J12	RES9002	J10	J20	J14	J16
₽	P11	P13	P15	P17	P19	P21	P23
	~	2	З	4	2	9	2

Date: Wednesday, June 26, 2024, Time: 14:06:31, Page 1

Dairy Drive - Fireflow Design

	ID	Total Demand (L/s)	Critical Node ID	Critical Node Pressure at Fire Demand (kPa)	Critical Node Head at Fire Demand (m)	Hydrant Available Flow (L/s)
1	J14	200.00	J14	340.05	93.60	388.82

Dairy Drive - Fireflow Design

	ID	Hydrant Pressure at Available Flow (kPa)	Hydrant Head at Available Flow (m)
1	J14	139.96	73.28

Dairy Drive - Fireflow Report

4	ID	Static Demand (L/s)	Static Pressure (kPa)	Static Head (m)	Fire-Flow Demand (L/s)	Residual Pressure (kPa)	Hydrant Available Flow (L/s)
1	J14	0.00	423.32	102.10	200.00	340.05	388.82

Dairy Drive - Fireflow Report

	ID	Hydrant Pressure at Available Flow (kPa)	Junctions with Pressure Violation	Node with the Lowest Pressure Violation	Lowest Pressure Violation (kPa)
1	J14	139.96	0		

Dairy Drive - Fireflow Report

	ID	Average Pressure Violation (kPa)
1	J14	

Date: Wednesday, June 26, 2024, Time: 14:12:08, Page 3

Dairy Drive - Max Day

	ID	Demand (L/s)	Elevation (m)	Head (m)	Pressure (kPa)
1	J10	0.07	59.40	102.10	418.42
2	J12	1.01	59.40	102.10	418.42
3	J14	0.00	58.90	102.10	423.32
4	J16	0.04	59.00	102.10	422.33
5	J18	1.12	59.05	102.10	421.84
6	J20	0.00	59.90	102.10	413.52



Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet Sanitary Drainage Area Plan 142817-C-400



								RESIDE	NTIAL			ICI AREAS									INFILT					TOTAL			PROPOSED SEWER DESIGN					
		AREA		UNI	T TYPES		AREA	POPU	LATION	RES	PEAK			ARE	EA (Ha)			ICI	PEAK	ARE	AREA (Ha) FLOV		FIXED FLOW (L/S)		FLOW	CAPACITY	LENGTH	DIA	SLOPE	VELOCITY	AVA	LABLE		
STREET AREA ID		FROM	то	w/ Units	ee.	TU/OD	1 Bed	2 Bed	w/o Units	IND	CUM	PEAK	FLOW	INSTIT	UTIONAL	COMM	IERCIAL	INDU	STRIAL	PEAK	FLOW	IND	CUM	(1./c)		CUM	(1/0)	(1./0)	(m)	(mm)	(9/)	(full)	CAP	ACITY
	МН	мн	MH (Ha)	J	11/30	APT	APT	(Ha)			FACTOR	(L/s)	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	FACTOR	(L/s)		COM	(L/S)		COW	(L/S)	(L/S)	(11)	(1111)	(/%)	(m/s)	L/s	(%)	
		BLDG C	MH5A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.09	0.1	1.50	0.05	0.09	0.1	0.03	0.00	0.0	0.08	59.26	14.45	200	3.00	1.828	59.18	99.86%
		BLDG B	MH5A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	1.44	1.4	0.00	0.0	1.50	0.70	1.44	1.4	0.48	0.00	0.0	1.18	34.22	7.51	200	1.00	1.055	33.04	96.57%
		MH5A	MH4A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	1.4	0.00	0.1	1.50	0.75	0.00	1.5	0.50	0.00	0.0	1.26	34.22	31.79	200	1.00	1.055	32.96	96.32%
		MH4A	MH3A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	1.4	0.00	0.1	1.50	0.75	0.00	1.5	0.50	0.00	0.0	1.26	24.19	33.76	200	0.50	0.746	22.94	94.79%
		MH3A	MH2A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	1.4	0.00	0.1	1.50	0.75	0.00	1.5	0.50	0.00	0.0	1.26	24.19	8.82	200	0.50	0.746	22.94	94.79%
		BLDG A	MH2A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	1.29	1.3	0.00	0.0	1.50	0.63	1.29	1.3	0.43	0.00	0.0	1.05	34.22	9.22	200	1.00	1.055	33.16	96.92%
		MH2A	MM3A	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	2.7	0.00	0.1	1.50	1.38	0.00	2.8	0.93	0.00	0.0	2.31	34.22	23.65	200	1.00	1.055	31.90	93.24%
		BLDG D	TEE	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.06	0.1	1.50	0.04	0.06	0.1	0.02	0.00	0.0	0.06	34.22	9.22	200	1.00	1.055	34.16	99.84%
	A-4	MM3A	TEE	0.00						0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	2.7	0.00	0.2	1.50	1.42	0.00	2.9	0.95	0.00	0.0	2.37	24.19	10.08	200	0.50	0.746	21.83	90.21%
																													0.00	250	0.00			
												-																						
Design Parameters:				Notes:								Designed:		AB			No.	Revision								Date								
				1. Mannings	s coefficient	(n) =		0.013														Dairy	Drive Servici	ng Brief - Sub	mission No.							2024-02-13		
Residential		ICI Areas		2. Demand	(per capita)	:	280) L/day	200	L/day							2					Dairy	Drive Servici	ng Brief - Sub	mission No. 2	2						2024-06-21		
SF 3.4 p/p/u				Infiltration	n allowance:	:	0.33	3 L/s/Ha				Checked:		RM/DY			3.					Dairy	Drive Servici	ng Brief - Sub	mission No.	3						2024-10-24		
TH/SD 2.7 p/p/u	INST 28,00) L/Ha/day		4. Residential Peaking Factor:																														
1 Bed 1.4 p/p/u	COM 28,00) L/Ha/day		Harmon Formula = 1+(14/(4+(P/1000)^0.5))0.8																														
2 Bed 2.1 p/p/u	IND 35,00	35,000 L/Ha/day MOE Chart where K = 0.8 Correction Factor						Dwg. Refe	rence:	142817-40	00					-																		
Other 60 p/p/Ha	1700) L/Ha/day		Commerci	ial and Insti	tutional Pea	ak Factors ba	ised on total	area,								F	File Referen	ce:						Date:							Sheet No:		
				1.5 if greater than 20%, otherwise 1.0												142817-6.04.04					2024-02-13							1 of 1						

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

1015 Dairy Drive - TSL Dairy Inc. City of Ottawa


Appendix D

Storm Sewer Design Sheet Cardinal Creek Park Business Plan – Stormwater Design Plan Release Rate Excerpt Cardinal Creek Park Business Plan – Stormwater Design Plan Quality Control Excerpt Storm Water Management Sheet Storm Drainage Area Plan 142817-C-500 Ponding Plan 142817-C-600 Storage Calculations Orifice Sizing Calculations Overflow Depth Calculations UGS 1 Details UGS 2 Details

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LOCATION AREA (Ha)													RATIO								EWER DATA										
STREET	AREA ID	FROM	то	C= 0.20	C= C= 0.25 0.40	C= C= 0.50 0.5	= C=	C= 5 0.69	C= 0.70	C= C= 0.76 0.90	IND 2.78AC	CUM 2.78AC	INLET (min)	TIME IN PIPE	TOTAL (min)	. i (2) (mm/hr)	i (5) (mm/hr)	i (10) (mm/hr)	i (100) 2yr PEAK (mm/hr) FLOW (L/s)	5yr PEAK 10yr PEAK 100yr PEA FLOW (L/s) FLOW (L/s) FLOW (L/s)	(FIXED	FLOW CUM	DESIGN FLOW (L/s)	CAPACITY (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	P DIA	IPE SIZE (m W	IM) SLOPE H (%)	VELOCITY (m/s)	(AVAIL (L/s)	CAP (2yr) (%)
Building A Roof	RD01	BA ROOF	МН8	_			_	-		0.64	3 1 61	1.61	10.00	0.03	10.03	76.81	104 19		123.56	167.62		0.00	167.62	182.93	3.00	375		1.00	1 605	15 31	8 37%
Ballangyttiool	CB11, CB12	MH8	MH9							0.23	3 0.58	2.19	10.03	0.49	10.52	76.69	104.03		168.08	228.01		0.00	228.01	238.49	61.74	375		1.70	2.092	10.48	4.40%
	CB13	MH9	MH13	3			_	_		0.074	4 0.19	2.38	10.52	0.13	10.65	74.85	101.51		177.92	241.28		0.00	241.28	297.43	14.33	450		1.00	1.812	56.16	18.88%
Building B Roof	RD02	BB ROOF	MH13	3						0.36	1 0.90	0.90	10.00	0.12	10.12	76.81	104.19		69.37	94.11		0.00	94.11	182.91	11.87	375		1.00	1.604	88.80	48.55%
Building C Roof	RD03	BC ROOF	MH13						-	0.056	3 0 14	0.14	10.00	0.10	10 10	76.81	104 19		10.84	14 70		0.00	14 70	182 92	10 10	375		1.00	1 604	168 21	91.96%
Building Official	11000									0.000	0.11	0.11	10.00	0.10	10.10		101110					0.00		102.02		010		1.00		100.21	
		MH13	MH14	•				-	-		0.00	3.42	10.65	0.38	11.03	74.38	100.86		254.47	345.05		0.00	345.05	364.28	50.32	450		1.50	2.219	19.23	5.28%
	CBMH5	CBMH5	CBMH	6 0.009						0.030	0.08	0.08	10.00	0.35	10.35	76.81	104.19		6.15	8.34		0.00	8.34	131.60	54.14	250		4.50	2.597	123.26	93.66%
	СВМН6	CBMH6	MH15	5 0.025				-		0.060	0.16	0.24	10.35	0.37	10.71	75.50	102.39		18.43	24.99		0.00	24.99	62.04	26.91	250		1.00	1.224	37.05	59.71%
	CB7, CB16	MH15	MH14	1						0.118	3 0.30	0.54	10.71	0.27	10.99	74.17	100.57		40.00	54.24		0.00	54.24	107.46	34.63	250		3.00	2.121	53.22	49.53%
Building D Roof	RD04	BD ROOF	CBMH	16						0.09	1 0.23	0.23	0.00	0.03	0.03	167.22	230.48		38.07	52.48		0.00	52.48	320.55	4.30	375		3.07	2.812	268.08	83.63%
	CR15	MU14	CRMU	16				_		0.20	1 0.50	1.46	11.02	0.05	11.09	72.05	00.04		226.07	442.04		0.00	442.04	522.40	0.02	450		2.00	3 250	01.45	17 1404
	СВ15	CBMH16	CBMH'	11						0.20	0.00	4.69	11.03	0.03	11.52	73.03	98.80		341.89	463.47		0.00	463.47	535.93	48.11	600		0.70	1.836	72.46	13.52%
		CB10	CBMH	11					_	0.12	3 0.31	0.31	10.00	0.12	10.12	76.81	10/ 19		23.64	32.06		0.00	32.06	11.81	10.35	200		1 71	1 382	12.74	28.44%
		CDIO	CDIVIT							0.12	5 0.51	0.51	10.00	0.12	10.12	70.01	104.13		23.04	32.00		0.00	52.00	44.01	10.55	200		1.71	1.502	12.74	20.4470
UGS Parking		MH20	CBMH	11				_			0.00	0.00	10.00	0.05	10.05	76.81	104.19		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	420.63	7.62	450		2.00	2.562	420.63	100.00%
		CBMH11	MH23	3							0.00	5.00	11.52	0.04	11.56	71.42	96.79		357.03	483.86		0.00	483.86	535.93	4.71	600		0.70	1.836	52.07	9.72%
		MH23	TEE	_				-			0.00	5.00	11.56	0.05	11.61	71.28	96.60		356.33	482.91	46.50	46.50	46.50	62.04	3.51	250		1.00	1.224	15.54	25.05%
	0.50												10.00																		
UGS Rear	CB8	MH21	СВМН	8 0.162							0.09	0.09	10.00	0.44	10.44	/6.81	104.19		6.92	9.38		0.00	9.38	84.40	30.23	300		0.70	1.15/	75.02	88.88%
		CBMH8	TEE								0.00	0.09	10.44	0.05	10.48	75.17	101.95		6.77	9.18	6.00	6.00	6.00	62.04	3.51	250		1.00	1.224	56.04	90.33%
	CB1	MH1	MH2	0.019							0.01	0.01	10.00	0.32	10.32	76.81	104.19		0.81	1.10		0.00	1.10	41.62	15.86	250		0.45	0.821	40.52	97.36%
	MH2	MH2	MH3					_		0.03	9 0.10	0.11	10.32	0.68	11.00	75.59	102.52		8.17	11.09		0.00	11.09	41.62	33.39	250		0.45	0.821	30.53	73.36%
		IVILIS	1011 14								0.00	0.11	11.00	0.14	11.14	73.17	33.13		7.91	10.75		0.00	10.75	107.43	10.59	2.50		3.00	2.121	90.73	90.02 /6
	POND	S POND CBMH4	CBMH MH4	4 0.091				_			0.05	0.05	10.00	0.16	10.16	76.81	104.19		3.89	5.27		0.00	5.27	142.67 142.68	18.26	300		2.00	1.955	137.40	96.30%
		0.00									0.00	0.00	10.10	0.10	10.00	10.21	100.00		0.00	0.20		0.00	0.20	112.00				2.00		101110	
ICD (South Area)	MH4	MH4	MH5	_						0.100	0.25	0.41	11.14	0.44	11.59	72.67	98.52		29.72	40.29	6.00	6.00	6.00	201.76	73.80	300		4.00	2.765	195.76	97.03%
Building A Foundation		BA FDN	MH5								0.00	0.00	10.00	0.22	10.22	76.81	104.19		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	34.22	13.75	200		1.00	1.055	34.22	100.00%
		MH5	MH6	_							0.00	0.41	11.59	0.26	11.85	71.20	96.49		29.12	39.46		6.00	39.46	182.91	24.90	375		1.00	1.604	143.45	78.43%
		MH6	MH7								0.00	0.41	11.85	0.12	11.97	70.37	95.35		28.78	38.99		6.00	38.99	182.91	11.31	375		1.00	1.604	143.92	78.68%
Building C Foundation		BC FDN	TEE								0.00	0.00	10.00	0.30	10.30	76.81	104.19		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	13.76	13.54	150		0.75	0.754	13.76	100.00%
		MU7	ML12	,							0.00	0.41	11.07	1 16	12 12	70.00	04.95		29.63	29.70		6.00	29 70	120.24	70.17	275		0.50	1 124	00.55	70.01%
		IVII 17	1011112	<u> </u>							0.00	0.41	11.97	1.10	13.13	70.00	94.00		20.03	30.79		0.00	30.79	129.34	79.17	575		0.50	1.134	90.55	70.0176
Building B Foundation		BB FDN	MH12	2		+					0.00	0.00	10.00	0.43	10.43	76.81	104.19		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	24.19	19.23	200		0.50	0.746	24.19	100.00%
ICD (North Area)		MH12	MH10)							0.00	5.50	13.13	0.13	13.26	66.57	90.14		366.00	495.56	0.00	58.50	58.50	212.53	14.99	375		1.35	1.864	154.03	72.47%
	СВМН9	CBMH9	MH17	7 0.068							0.04	0.04	10.04	0.05	10.09	76.66	103.99		2.90	3.93	6.00	6.00	6.00	39.76	3.50	200		1.35	1,226	33.76	84.91%
	0001110	0.0.1110									0.01	0.01	10.01	0.00	10.00	10.00	100.00		2.00		0.00	0.00			0.00	200				00.10	
Building D Foundation		BD FDN	MH10)		+ $+$					0.00	0.00	10.00	0.04	10.04	76.81	104.19		0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	15.91	2.00	150		1.00	0.872	15.91	100.00%
		MH10	MH17	7							0.00	5.50	13.26	0.09	13.36	66.20	89.63		363.95	492.76	0.00	64.50	64.50	212.51	10.51	375		1.35	1.864	148.01	69.65%
Connect to Existing		MH17	EX	0.37	0.00 0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00 2.13	0.00	5.54 TRUE	13.36	0.05	13.40	65.94	89.27		365.03	494.19	0.00	64.50	64.50	324.68	8.19	375		3.15	2.848	260.18	80.13%
				0.01	0.00 0.00				0.00	Site Area	= 2.50	- IIIIO L														0.0					
		+				+ $+$		+		Avg C	= 0.80				+		-				-								+		+
															1			1					l								1
Definitions:				Notes:	ninas coefficia	$\operatorname{ent}(\mathbf{n}) = 0.0$	13						Designed:		AB				No.	Dai	v Drive Servi	cing Brief - S	sion	1					Date 2023-09 1	1	
Q = Peak Flow in Litre	es per Second (L/s)			1. 1112	ininga coemcie		10												2	Dai	y Drive Servi	cing Brief - S	Submission No.	. 2					2024-06-20)	·
A = Area in Hectares ((Ha) millimeters por hour (r	nm/hr)											Checked:		RM/DY			3. Dairy Drive Servicing Brief - Submission No. 3						2024-10-03	2024-10-03						
[i = 732.951 / (TC+6	5.199)^0.810]	2 YEAR																													
[i = 998.071 / (TC+6	6.053)^0.814]	5 YEAR											Dwg. Refe	rence:	142817-5	00													01		
[i = 11/4.184 / (TC+ [i = 1735.688 / (TC+	+6.014)^0.816] +6.014)^0.820]	10 YEAR 100 YEAR																	File R 14281	eterence: 7-6.04.04			2024-0	e: 2-13					1 of 1		

STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET 1015 Dairy Drive - TSL Dairy Inc. City of Ottawa

2.2 Approvals Required

In accordance with the Stormwater Design Plan Requirements outlined by the MNR the following list outlines the approvals required for the CCBP:

- MOE approval for the storm sewer and stormwater management pond design. A "Certificate of Approval" is required from the MOE.
- Approval of the engineering drawings for the storm sewer outlet to the creek and the SWM pond is required from the MNR.
- Approval by the Township of Cumberland for all on-site controls and storm drainage works.

Note that due to the relatively small area to be diverted from the unnamed creek watershed, MNR has indicated that an approval for the diversion is not required.

3.0 STORM DRAINAGE

3.1 Proposed Drainage Scheme

The roadway through the business park (Ault Drive) is designed with a 'saw tooth' road profile. As illustrated in Figures 5, 6 and 7 the overall downward slope will be towards an overland flow ditch north of Ault Drive.

The proposed drainage scheme will reduce the 1 in 5 year post-development flow from all the lot areas to 26.4 L/s/ha using on-site detention storage. As presented in detail Appendix B, the on-site storage volume required during the 5 year event is about 250 m³/ha. During larger events, flows exceeding the 5 year control level will drain to Ault Drive and then to the overland flow ditch (overland flow from the Ault site C in drain directly to the ditch). Consequently, storm sewers for the CCBP are sized to convey the 5 year flow from the road right-of-way and from the lots based on the 26.4 L/s/ha control. This on-site detention storage concept is similar to that implemented in the 'Taylor Creek Business Park' located on the west side of Regional Road 57.

3.2 Need for Quantity Control

A hydrologic analysis has been conducted to determine the peak flows under three development scenarios: pre-development, CCBP developed and rural conditions upstream, and full development conditions (CCBP and upstream developed - Alternative C in Master Drainage Plan). Table 1 shows the results of the hydrologic analysis for the four storm distributions: 24 hour SCS, 3 hour Chicago, AES 12 hour, and the July 1, 1979

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As shown in Table 3, the erosion potential decreases under post-development conditions (CCBP and Alternative C). Slight increases occur under interim development conditions, but since these analyses correspond to discrete, infrequent events, the increase (about 1%) is not expected to have significant impacts on erosion in Cardinal Creek.

7.0 WATER QUALITY

The water quality assessment addresses the water quality concerns associated with the warm-water fishery in Cardinal Creek. In addition to the permanent controls with the proposed development in place, water quality protection must be provided during construction in accordance with good municipal practice for the control of erosion and sediment.

7.1 Water Quality Pond

As indicated in Section 6.0, the MNR's General Guidelines for Development related to urban stormwater stipulate that the first 10 mm of runoff from impervious areas must be detained for 72 hours. For the proposed CCBP, this corresponds to a storage volume of about 2500 m³. As discussed above, because of erosion concerns the proposed storage volume is doubled to 5000 m³. This storage corresponds to the runoff from about 20 mm event from the impervious areas in the CCBP.

Because of slope stability concerns it is proposed to provide an extended detention dry pond located on the east side of the CCBP. The location and configuration of the pond is illustrated in Figure 9. The pond site is within the table lands adjacent to the Cardinal Creek's valley slope. Setbacks have been established by Golder Associates based on slope stability concerns.

The outlet alignment has also been selected based on slope stability considerations as recommended by Golder Associates Ltd. Recommendations on erosion protection works at the outlet and in the overland flow ditch are provided by Golder Associates Ltd. More details describing the operation of the inlet and outlet structures are included in Appendix B.

The performance of the pond was evaluated assuming dynamic hydraulic conditions during storage. Details of the method are provided in appendix E. The results show that the TSS removal efficiency will be about 85%. Assuming a critical TSS concentration in the influent runoff of 300 mg/l¹ the effluent concentration will be about 45 mg/l.

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^{1 300} mg/l = 90th percentile median "event mean concentration" of all the urban sites monitored in the NURP study (ie. the median EMC was determined from all the events in each site and 90th percentile of all the sites was selected).



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Formulas and Descriptions

i_{2yr} = 1:2 year Intensity = 732.951 / (T_c+6.199)^{0.810} i_{5yr} = 1:5 year Intensity = 998.071 / (T_c+6.053)^{0.814} $i_{100yr} = 1:100$ year Intensity = 1735.688 / $(T_c + 6.014)^{0.820}$ T_c = Time of Concentration (min) $\begin{array}{l} C = A \text{ verage Runoff Contentiation (mm)} \\ C = A \text{ verage Runoff Coefficient} \\ A = A \text{ rea} (Ha) \\ R = \text{Restriction (L/s/ha)} \\ Q = Flow = 2.78 \text{CiA} (L/s) \end{array}$

Maximum Allowable Release Rate

Restricted Flowrate	(Q _{restricted} = 2.78*C*i _{5yr}	*A _{site} based on C=0.39, Tc=20min)	Restricted Flowrate (Q _{restricted} =	26.4 L/s/ha*A _{site} based o	n Cardinal Creek Business Park Restriction)
	C =	0.39	R =	26.4 L/s/ha	
	$T_c =$	20 min	A _{site} =	2.510 Ha	
	i _{5yr} =	70.25 mm/hr			
	A _{site} =	2.510 Ha			
	Q _{restricted} =	191.18 L/s	Q _{restricted} =	66.26 L/s	
Uncontrolled Releas	se (Q _{uncontrolled} = 2.78*1.	25*C*i 100yr *A uncontrolled)	100 Year Pre-Development Rest	ricted Flowrate (Q restricted	= 2.78*C*i _{100yr} *A _{site} based on C=0.39, Tc=20min)
	C =	0.25	C =	0.3125	
	$T_c =$	10 min	$T_c =$	20 min	
	i _{100yr} =	178.56 mm/hr	i _{100yr} =	119.95 mm/hr	
	A uncontrolled =	0.011 Ha	A _{site} =	2.510 Ha	
	Q uncontrolled =	1.71 L/s	Q _{restricted} =	261.56 L/s	

Maximum Allowable Release Rate (Q max allowable = Q restricted - Q uncontrolled) using Cardinal Creek Business Park

Q max allowable = 64.56 L/s

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

1015 Dairy Drive - TSL Dairy Inc. 126817-6.0 | Rev #3 | 2024-10-01 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

SWM Statist	ics of Modified S	ite Areas
Controlled	Area	ICD Flow
Parking	2.020	46.50
Perimeter	0.160	6.00
CBMH9	0.068	6.00
ЛН4	0.247	6.00
Sum	2.495	64.50
Uncontrolled	Area	Flow
JNC 01, 02	0.011	1.71
Sum	0.011	1.71
otal Sum	2.506	66.206
llowable		66.26
	_	TRUE

Parking Perimeter СВМН9 MH4 Sum

UNC 01, 02

Total Sum Allowable

Sum

Solution

MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD (100-Year, 5-Year & 2-Year Ponding)

Drainage Area Area (Ha)	Parking	CB12, CB11, MH9, R	2 D01, RD02, R etual (L/s)=	RD03, CBMH6, CE 46 50	BMH5, CB10, C	CB15, CB16, CB	7, RD04		Drainage Area	Parking]				Drainage Area Area (Ha)	Parking				
C =	1.00	Restricted Flow Q _{r for s}	wm.calc (L/s)=	23 25	50% reduction for	sub-surface storage			C =	0.90	Restricted Flow Q, (I	L/s)=	23 25		C =	0.90	Restricted Flow Q, ((L/s)=	23 25	
С	1.00	100-Year Pondi	ina	20.20		100-Y	ear +20% Por	nding	<u> </u>	0.00	5-Year Ponding	n	20.20		0	0.00	2-Year Pondin	a	20.20	
τ	1	Peak Flow	ing	1	Volume	100VRO	0n - 0r	Volume	T		Peak Flow	9	1 1	Volume	T	1	Peak Flow	9	I	Volume
' c Variable	i _{100yr}	$Q_{\mu} = 2.78 \times Ci_{\mu} Q_{\mu}$	Q,	$Q_p - Q_r$	100vr	20%	ab - ai	100+20	' c Variable	i _{5yr}	$Q_{\mu} = 2.78 \times Ci_{\mu} A$	Q,	$Q_p - Q_r$	5vr	Variable	i _{2yr}	$Q_{\mu} = 2.78 \times Ci_{A}$	Q,	$Q_p - Q_r$	2vr
(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m^3)
210	21.14	118.74	23.25	95.49	1203.16		1 -7	. ,	110	20.82	105.24	23.25	81.99	541.12	84	19.11	96.61	23.25	73.36	369.71
215	20.75	116.53	23.25	93.28	1203.33				112	20.53	103.78	23.25	80.53	541.19	85	18.94	95.75	23.25	72.50	369.73
220	20.37	114.41	23.25	91.16	1203.36	137.30	114.05	1505.41	114	20.26	102.37	23.25	79.12	541.21	86	18.78	94.90	23.25	71.65	369.74
225	20.01	112.38	23.25	89.13	1203.24				116	19.99	101.01	23.25	76.43	541.19	87	18.61	94.08	23.25	70.83	369.72
200	19.00	110.42	23.25	07.17	1202.99				10	19.12	33.00	20.20	70.43	J41.12	00	10.45	33.21	20.20	70.02	303.70
		Sto	rage (m ³)				100+20				Stor	rage (m ³)					Sto	rage (m ³)		
	Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance	Overflow	Required	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance
	0.00	1203.36	0.00	563.91	639.45	0.00	1505.41	941.50		0.00	541.21	0.00	563.91	0.00		0.00	369.74	1136.25	563.91	0.00
			convert to no	overflows to:	CBMH8	convert to now	with peak TC (L/S)	71.55					overflows to:	СВМН8					overflows to:	CBMH8
											-						_			
Drainage Area	Perimeter	СВМН8							Drainage Area	Perimeter					Drainage Area	Perimeter				
Area (Ha)	0.160	Restricted Flow ICD A	_{ictual} (L/s)=	6.00					Area (Ha)	0.160					Area (Ha)	0.160)			
C =	1.00	Restricted Flow Q _{r for s}	_{swm calc} (L/s)=	3.00	50% reduction for	sub-surface storage			C =	0.90	Restricted Flow Q _r (I	L/s)=	3.00		C =	0.90	Restricted Flow Q _r ((L/s)=	3.00	
	100-Year Ponding 100-Year +20% Ponding									5-Year Ponding	g				•	2-Year Pondin	g			
<i>T</i> _c	i _{100vr}	Peak Flow	Q,	$Q_{p}-Q_{r}$	Volume	100YRQ _p	Qp - Qr	Volume	<i>T</i> _c	i _{5vr}	Peak Flow	Q,	Q _p -Q _r	Volume	Τ _c	i _{2vr}	Peak Flow	Q,	Q,,-Q,	Volume
Variable		$Q_p = 2.78 \times CI_{100 \text{vr}} A$			100yr	20%		100+20	Variable	-y.	$Q_p = 2.78 \times CI_{5 \text{vr}} A$			5yr	Variable		$Q_p = 2.78 \times CI_{2vr} A$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2yr
(min)	(<i>mm/hour</i>)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(<i>m</i>)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(111)	(min)	(<i>mm/hour</i>)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(<i>m</i>)
120	32.89	14.03	3.00	11.03	83 79				66	30.69	12.37	3.00	9.57	36.78	51	20.04	11.23	3.00	8.07	24.00
130	30.90	13.74	3.00	10.74	83.80	16.49	13.49	105.24	68	30.02	12.02	3.00	9.02	36.79	52	27.26	10.91	3.00	7.91	24.69
135	30.00	13.34	3.00	10.34	83.78				70	29.37	11.76	3.00	8.76	36.78	53	26.88	10.76	3.00	7.76	24.68
140	29.15	12.97	3.00	9.97	83.72				72	28.76	11.51	3.00	8.51	36.77	54	26.52	10.62	3.00	7.62	24.68
		Sto	rage (m ³)				100+20				Stor	rage (m ³)					Sto	rage (m ³)		
	Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance	Overflow	Required	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance
	639.45	723.25	0.00	48.23	675.02	941.50	1046.74	998.51		0.00	36.79	0.00	48.23	0.00		0.00	24.69	90.00	48.23	0.00
			convert to flo	w with peak Tc (L/s)	86.54	convert to flow	with peak Tc (L/s)	128.01					overflowe to:	offaita					overflowe to:	offaita
				overnows to.	UISILE								overnows to.	UIISILE						onsite
		1001///0															-			
Drainage Area	СВМН9	CBMH9 Restricted Flow ICD	(1.(0)=	0.00					Drainage Area	СВМН9	-				Drainage Area	СВМН9	-			
Area (Ha)	0.068	Restricted Flow ICD A	(L/S)-	6.00					Area (Ha)	0.068	Postricted Flow O (I	/c)=	2.00		Area (Ha)	0.068	Bestricted Flow O	(L/c)-	2.00	
C -	0.31	100-Vear Pondi		3.00	50% reduction for	sub-surface storage	oar +20% Por	adina	C -	0.25	5-Vear Ponding	a	3.00		C –	0.20	2-Vear Pondin	L/3)-	3.00	
Τ.	Peak Flow Volume 100/Fear +20% Ponding							Volume	τ.		Peak Flow	9		Volume	Τ.	1	Peak Flow	9		Volume
Variable	i _{100yr}	$Q_{p} = 2.78 \times Ci_{100 \text{ yr}} A$	Q,	$Q_p - Q_r$	100yr	20%	-p	100+20	Variable	i _{5yr}	$Q_p = 2.78 \times Ci_{5 \times r} A$	Q,	$Q_p - Q_r$	5yr	Variable	i _{2yr}	$Q_n = 2.78 \times Ci_{2yr} A$	Q,	$Q_p - Q_r$	2yr
(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m ³)
5	242.70	14.34	3.00	11.34	3.40				4	152.51	7.21	3.00	4.21	1.01	3	121.46	5.74	3.00	2.74	0.49
10	178.56	10.55	3.00	7.55	4.53	-			6	131.57	6.22	3.00	3.22	1.16	4	111.72	5.28	3.00	2.28	0.55
15	142.89	8.44	3.00	5.44	4.90	10.13	7.13	6.42	8	116.11	5.49	3.00	2.49	1.19	5	103.57	4.89	3.00	1.89	0.57
20	103.85	6.13	3.00	4.09	4.90	l			10	94 70	4.92	3.00	1.92	1.15	7	90.64	4.57	3.00	1.57	0.56
			0.00	0.10						00		0.00			· · ·	1 00.00	1	0.00	0	0.01
		Sto	orage (m ³)				100+20				Stor	rage (m ³)					Sto	rage (m ³)		
	Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance	Overflow	Required	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance
	0.00	7.30	convert to flo	w with peak Tc (L/s)	3.53	convert to flow	with peak Tc (L/s)	5.22		0.00	1.13	0.00	1.12	0.00		0.00	0.07	00.20	1.72	0.00
	overflows to: offsite												overflows to:	offsite					overflows to:	offsite

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

1015 Dairy Drive -	TSL Dairy Inc.
126817-6.0 Rev #3	2024-10-01
Prepared By: AB C	Checked By: RM



Drainage Area	MH4	POND, MH2, MH4	4. CB1						Drainage Area	MH4					Drainage Area	MH4	1			
Area (Ha)	0.247	Restricted Flow ICD A	_{.ctual} (L/s)=	6.00					Area (Ha)	0.24	7				Area (Ha)	0.247				
C =	0.63	Restricted Flow Q _{r for s}	_{wm calc} (L/s)=	6.00	50% reduction for	sub-surface storage			C =	0.50) Restricted Flow Q _r (I	_/s)=	6.00		C =	0.50	Restricted Flow Q _r (I	_/s)=	6.00	l
		100-Year Pond	ing			100-Y	ear +20% Po	nding		5-Year Ponding 2-Year Ponding										
T _c	i	Peak Flow	0	0.0	Volume	100YRQ _p	Qp - Qr	Volume	T _c	i.	Peak Flow	0	0.0	Volume	T _c	i.	Peak Flow	0	0.0	Volume
Variable	* 100yr	Q _p =2.78xCi _{100yr} A	Q r	a p-a r	100yr	20%		100+20	Variable	' Syr	Q _p =2.78xCi _{5yr} A	αr	Q _p - Q _r	5yr	Variable	1 2yr	Q p =2.78xCi 2yr A	se r	α _p -α _r	2yr
(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(min)	(mm/hour)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)
50	63.95	27.45	6.00	21.45	64.34				26	59.35	20.37	6.00	14.37	22.42	20	52.03	17.86	6.00	11.86	14.24
55	59.62	25.59	6.00	19.59	64.64				28	56.49	19.40	6.00	13.40	22.50	21	50.48	17.33	6.00	11.33	14.28
60	55.89	23.99	6.00	17.99	64.76	28.79	22.79	82.03	30	53.93	18.51	6.00	12.51	22.53	22	49.02	16.83	6.00	10.83	14.30
65	52.65	22.59	6.00	16.59	64.72				32	51.61	17.72	6.00	11.72	22.50	23	47.66	16.36	6.00	10.36	14.30
70	49.79	21.37	6.00	15.37	64.54				34	49.50	17.00	6.00	11.00	22.43	24	46.37	15.92	6.00	9.92	14.29
		Sto	rage (m ³)				100+20				Stor	age (m ³)					Stor	rane (m ³)		
	Overflow Required Surface Sub-surface Balance Overflow Required B:						Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance		Overflow	Required	Surface	Sub-surface	Balance	
	0.00	64 76	154 59	0	0.00	0.00	82.03	0.00		0.00	22.53	154 59	0	0.00		0.00	14.30	138 94	0	0.00
	0.00	01.10	10 1.00	0	0.00	convert to flow	with neak Tc (L/s)	0.00		5.00	22.00	10 1.00	0	0.00		0.00	11.00	100.04	5	0.00
				- · ·		Sonvent to now	(L/3)	0.00												

overflows to: offsite

overflows to: offsite

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

1015 Dairy Drive -	TSL Dairy Inc.
126817-6.0 Rev #3	3 2024-10-01
Prepared By: AB 0	Checked By: RM

overflows to: offsite



PONDING LEGEND

PROPOSED DITCH C/W FLOW DIRECTION AND SLOPE SLOPE C/W FLOW DIRECTION MAJOR OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE PROPOSED SPOT GRADE PROPOSED SWALE GRADE PROPOSED SWALE HIGH POINT GRADE LOT CORNER GRADE C/W EXISTING GRADE FULL STATIC AND 100YR PONDING GRADE

TERRACING 3:1 MAXIMUM UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

IBI GROUP

ARCADIS IBI GROUP

500-333 Preston Street Ottawa, Ontario K1S 5N4 Canada **ibigroup.com**

UNDERGROUND STORAGE CALCULATIONS

1015 - 1045 Dairy Drive | The Effort Trust Company 142817-6.0 | Rev #1 | 2024-10-03 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

Pipe Storage	CBMH8					
From	То	Length	Diameter	X-sec Area	Volume	
CBMH8	UGS	30.23	300	0.071	2.14	
MH22	ECB	155.15	300	0.071	10.97	
				Total	13.10	
Structure Storag	e	СВМН8	1			
	Base	Тор	Height	Dia. / Width	X-sec Area	Volume
UGS Perimeter	55.900	57.68	1.78	N/A	N/A	35.13
					Total	35.13
Pipe Storage	СВМН9	TOTAL CBMH8		48.23]	
From	То	Length	Diameter	X-sec Area	Volume	
CBMH9	MH17	4.48	200	0.031	0.14	
				Total	0.14	
Structure Storag	е	СВМН9				
	Base	Тор	Height	Dia. / Width	X-sec Area	Volume
CBMH9	56.930	58.33	1.40	1200	1.131	1.58
					Total	1.58
		TOTAL CBMH9		1.72]	

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500-333 Preston Street Ottawa, Ontario K1S 5N4 Canada **ibigroup.com** ORIFICE SIZING 1015 - 1045 Dairy Drive | The Effort Trust Company 142817-6.0 | Rev #1 | 2024-10-02 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

Orifice coeffic	ients
Cv =	0.60

		-					Theo	oretical		Recommended
	Invert	Diameter	Centre ICD	Max. Pond Elevation	Hydraulic Slope	Target Flow	Orifice	Actual Flow	Orifice	Actual Flow
	(m)	(mm)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(l/s)	(m)	(I/s)	(m)	(I/s)
CBMH8	56.262	250	56.387	61.000	4.613	46.50	0.0900	46.24	0.090	46.24
						46.50				46.24

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OVERFLOW DEPTH CALCULATIONS

1015 - 1045 Dairy Drive | The Effort Trust Company 142817-6.0 | Rev #2 | 2024-10-04 Prepared By: AB | Checked By: RM

Overflow Area MH23										
New Flow Section Required 1:1	100 year	flow =	-	48.44	l/s	or	0.048 Cur	n/sec		
New Flow Section Required 1:1	100 year	+ 20%	∕₀ flow	71.33	l/s	or	0.071 Cu r	n/sec		
Overflow Slope					Overflow X-	Sectio	on		Overflow Cap	acity - Q
Length =	23.00	m	1	Side Slope 1 =	2.10	%			From Seelye n =	0.040 (Channels)
Up Stream Ground Elev =	61.20	m		Side Slope 2 =	2.60	%				
Down Stream Ground Elev =	57.98	m		Bottom Width =	0.00	m			100 Year Q =	0.051 Cu M/sec
Difference =	3.22	m			100 Ye	ar	100 Year + 20%	ó	100 Year Velocity =	0.70 M/s
Ditch Slope =	14.00	%		Water depth =	0.041	m	0.047 m			
				X-Sect. Area =	0.07	m ²	0.10 m ²		100 Y +20% Q =	0.073 Cu M/sec
				Wetted Per. =	3.53	m	4.05 m		100 Y + 20% Velocity =	0.77 M/s

Overflow Area CBMH8

New Flow Section Required 1:	100 year	flow =	-	86.54	l/s		or	0.087 C	u m/sec					
New Flow Section Required 1:	100 year	+ 20%	∕₀ flow	128.01	l/s		or	0.128 C	Cu m/sec					
Overflow Slope			Overflow X-Section						Overflow Capacity - Q					
Length =	16.00	m	Í	Side Slope 1 =		33.00	%			From Seelye n =	0.040 (Channels)			
Up Stream Ground Elev =	58.35	m	1	Side Slope 2 =		33.00	%							
Down Stream Ground Elev =	57.98	m	1	Bottom Width =		0.00	m			100 Year Q =	0.087 Cu M/sec			
Difference =	0.37	m	1			100 Year	r	100 Year + 2	20%	100 Year Velocity =	0.82 M/s			
Ditch Slope =	2.70	%	1	Water depth =		0.187	m	0.217	m					
			1	X-Sect. Area =		0.11	m ²	0.14	m²	100 Y +20% Q =	0.129 Cu M/sec			
				Wetted Per. =		1.19	m	1.38	m	100 Y + 20% Velocity =	0.90 M/s			

Overflow Area CBMH9

New Flow Section Required 1:1	00 year	flow =	-	3.53	l/s	or	0.004 Cu	m/sec		
New Flow Section Required 1:1	00 year	+ 20%	6 flow	5.22	l/s	or	0.005 Cu	m/sec		
Overflow Slope					Overflow X-	Sectio	n		Overflow Cap	acity - Q
Length =	1.33	m		Side Slope 1 =	15.00	%			From Seelye n =	0.040 (Channels)
Up Stream Ground Elev =	58.35	m		Side Slope 2 =	15.00	%				
Down Stream Ground Elev =	58.15	m		Bottom Width =	1.00	m			100 Year Q =	0.005 Cu M/sec
Difference =	0.20	m			100 Ye	ear	100 Year + 209	%	100 Year Velocity =	0.43 M/s
Ditch Slope =	15.04	%		Water depth =	0.010) m	0.011 m	1		
				X-Sect. Area =	0.01	m²	0.01 m ²	2	100 Y +20% Q =	0.005 Cu M/sec
				Wetted Per. =	1.13	3 m	1.15 m	1	100 Y + 20% Velocity =	0.46 M/s

Q = A*(1.0/n)*R^2/3*S^1/2

where:

A = cross sectional area in Sq. m

n = friction coefficient

R = hydraulic radius = A/wetted perimetre (wp) in m

PROJECT INFORMATION

ENGINEERED PRODUCT MANAGER	
ADS SALES REP	
PROJECT NO.	

DD - SUB 3 - PARKING OTTAWA, ON, CANADA

MC-7200 STORMTECH CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

- CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH MC-7200. 1
- 2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE ARCH-SHAPED AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE CERTIFIED TO CSA B184, "POLYMERIC SUB-SURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES", AND MEET 3 THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" CHAMBER CLASSIFICATION 60x101.
- CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORTS THAT WOULD 4. IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS. THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE 5. THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE CSA S6 CL-625 TRUCK AND THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED, TESTED AND ALLOWABLE LOAD CONFIGURATIONS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, 6 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". LOAD CONFIGURATIONS SHALL INCLUDE: 1) INSTANTANEOUS (<1 MIN) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK LIVE LOAD ON MINIMUM COVER 2) MAXIMUM PERMANENT (75-YR) COVER LOAD AND 3) ALLOWABLE COVER WITH PARKED (1-WEEK) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK.
- REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION: 7.
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING. CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 75 mm (3")
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418 SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 450 LBS/FT/%. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 23° C / 73° F), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.
- ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. UPON REQUEST BY THE SITE DESIGN 8 ENGINEER OR OWNER, THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE AS FOLLOWS:
 - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL BE SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
 - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY SECTIONS 3 AND 12.12 OF THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.
 - THE TEST DERIVED CREEP MODULUS AS SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 SHALL BE USED FOR PERMANENT DEAD LOAD DESIGN EXCEPT THAT IT SHALL BE THE 75-YEAR MODULUS USED FOR DESIGN.
- CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.
- MANIFOLD SIZE TO BE DETERMINED BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER. SEE TECH NOTE #6.32 FOR MANIFOLD SIZING GUIDANCE. DUE TO THE 10. ADAPTATION OF THIS CHAMBER SYSTEM TO SPECIFIC SITE AND DESIGN CONSTRAINTS, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CUT AND COUPLE ADDITIONAL PIPE TO STANDARD MANIFOLD COMPONENTS IN THE FIELD.
- ADS DOES NOT DESIGN OR PROVIDE MEMBRANE LINER SYSTEMS. TO MINIMIZE THE LEAKAGE POTENTIAL OF LINER SYSTEMS, THE MEMBRANE 11. LINER SYSTEM SHOULD BE DESIGNED BY A KNOWLEDGEABLE GEOTEXTILE PROFESSIONAL AND INSTALLED BY A QUALIFIED CONTRACTOR.

IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF MC-7200 CHAMBER SYSTEM

- STORMTECH MC-7200 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A 1 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
- STORMTECH MC-7200 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-7200 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE" 2.
- CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS. 3. STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS:
 - STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
 - BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE.
 - BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
- THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS. 4
- JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE. 5.
- 6. MAINTAIN MINIMUM - 230 mm (9") SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
- 7. INLET AND OUTLET MANIFOLDS MUST BE INSERTED A MINIMUM OF 300 mm (12") INTO CHAMBER END CAPS.
- EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE OR RECYCLED CONCRETE; AASHTO M43 #3, 357, 4, 8. 467. 5. 56. OR 57.
- STONE SHALL BE BROUGHT UP EVENLY AROUND CHAMBERS SO AS NOT TO DISTORT THE CHAMBER SHAPE. STONE DEPTHS SHOULD NEVER 9. DIFFER BY MORE THAN 300 mm (12") BETWEEN ADJACENT CHAMBER ROWS.
- STONE MUST BE PLACED ON THE TOP CENTER OF THE CHAMBER TO ANCHOR THE CHAMBERS IN PLACE AND PRESERVE ROW SPACING. 10
- THE CONTRACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIAL BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN 11 ENGINEER.
- 12. ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- STORMTECH MC-7200 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-7200 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". 1.
- THE USE OF EQUIPMENT OVER MC-7200 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED: 2.
 - NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS.
 - NO RUBBER TIRED LOADER, DUMP TRUCK, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-7200 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE"
 - WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH MC-7200 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- 3. FULL 900 mm (36") OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING.

USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY USING THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD. WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-800-821-6710 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

	PROPOSED LAYOUT	CONCEPTUAL ELEVATIONS:				
69			2 006	PART TYPE	ITEM ON	DESCRIPTION
8	STORMTECH MC 7200 END CAPS	MINIMI M ALLOWABLE GRADE (INPAVED WITH TRAFFIC).	2 515			
305	STONE ABOVE (mm)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED NO TRAFFIC)	2.313	PREFABRICATED END CAP	A	450 mm BOTTOM PARTIAL CUT END CAP, PART#: MC7200IEPP18
229	STONE BELOW (mm)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF RIGID CONCRETE PAVEMENT):	2.362	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
40	STONE VOID	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (BASE OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT):	2.362	PREFABRICATED END CAP	В	600 mm BOTTOM PARTIAL CUT END CAP, PART#: MC/2001EPP24
	INSTALLED SYSTEM VOLUME (m ³)	TOP OF STONE:	2.057	1		CONNECTIONS AND ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS
500.0	(PERIMETER STONE INCLUDED)	TOP OF MC-7200 CHAMBER:	1.753	FLAMP	C	INSTALL FLAMP ON 600 mm ACCESS PIPE / PART#: MCFLAMP
563.9	(COVER STONE INCLUDED)	600 mm ISOLATOR ROW PLUS INVERT:	0.286	MANIFOLD	D	450 mm x 450 mm BOTTOM MANIFOLD, ADS N-12
	(BASE STONE INCLUDED)	450 mm x 450 mm BOTTOM MANIFOLD INVERT:	0.279	CONCRETE STRUCTURE		(DESIGN BY ENGINEER / PROVIDED BY OTHERS)
431.8	SYSTEM AREA (m ²)	BOTTOM OF MC-7200 CHAMBER:	0.229	W/WEIR		
98.3	SYSTEM PERIMETER (m)	BOTTOM OF STONE:	0.000			

PLACE MINIMUM 5.334 m OF ADSPLUS125 WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OVER BEDDING STONE AND UNDERNEATH CHAMBER FEET FOR SCOUR PROTECTION AT ALL CHAMBER INLET ROWS

- BED LIMITS

 NOTES

 • THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER MUST REVIEW ELEVATIONS AND IF NECESSARY ADJUST GRADING TO ENSURE THE CHAMBER C

 • NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION: THIS LAYOUT IS FOR DIMENSIONAL PURPOSES ONLY TO PROVE CONCEPT & THE REQUIRED STORE

*INVERT A	BOVE BAS	E OF CHAMBER				-	
	INVERT*	MAX FLOW				JCTION	
B / TYP OF ALL 450 mm BOTTOM	50 mm		ŋ			/A DNSTRI	
B / TYP OF ALL 600 mm BOTTOM	57 mm		× KIN	ΔA	: AB	ED: N IG OR O	LICADLI
	50 mm		AF	CANA	AWN		
		467 L/s IN	3 - 1	ON, (DR		MEE -
			DD - SUB (OTTAWA, I	DATE: 09/24/2024	DESCRIPTION REPROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THIS DRAWING IS NOT INTENDED FOR RE THAT THE PRODUCTISI DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS OF	ואב ו האדו דוהב דוגטטטטרו (s) טבאוט ובט אויט אנג אססטטאיו בט טבי אוגס ו
-						W CHK EECORD ("EOR") OR OTHE	ו א טר ואב בטג וט בואטר
						DATE DR	MATE RESPONSIDILI
E D B C V H D C V H D C V			StormTech®		Cnamper system	1-800-821-6710 WWW.STORMTECH.COM <u>ADED TO ADS/STORMTECH UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE PROJEC</u> AWING PROR TO BIDDING AND/OR CONSTRUCTION IT IS THE UIT	גאנעוועפ דאוטא דט פודטוועפ אוזעטא געטאז ואטע ווידי איז דאר ארווא
			4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026 1-800-733-7473				TI HOUT THE EUR'S PRIOK APPROVAL. EUR SHALL REVIEW THIS UP WS. REGULATIONS. AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.
COVER REQUIREMENTS ARE MET RAGE VOLUME CAN BE ACHIEVEI			2	sн С	_{ЕЕТ}	∍ 5	<u> </u>

ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH MC-7200 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMP
D	FINAL FILL : FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPA
с	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 24" (600 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145 ¹ A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COI THE CHAMI 12" (300 mr WELL GR
В	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE OR RECYCLED CONCRETE⁵	AASHTO M431 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	
A	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE OR RECYCLED CONCRETE⁵	AASHTO M431 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	PLATE C

PLEASE NOTE:

THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE". 1.

STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 9" (230 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. 2

WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR 3. COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.

ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION 4

WHERE RECYCLED CONCRETE AGGREGATE IS USED IN LAYERS 'A' OR 'B' THE MATERIAL SHOULD ALSO MEET THE ACCEPTABILITY CRITERIA OUTLINED IN TECHNICAL NOTE 6.20 "RECYCLED CONCRETE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL".

NOTES:

- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" CHAMBER CLASSIFICATION 60x101 1.
- 2. MC-7200 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS"
- 3. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS. REFERENCE STORMTECH DESIGN MANUAL FOR BEARING CAPACITY GUIDANCE.
- 4. PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- 5. REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 3".
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 450 LBS/FT/%. THE ASC IS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.

PACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT

ARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED LLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.

MPACTIONS AFTER 24" (600 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER BERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN m) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR RADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS.

NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.

COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE.^{2,3}

**THIS CROSS SECTION DETAIL REPRESENTS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLATION.

4						DD - SUB	3 - PARKING
3		ПІСПАКИ, ОП 43020 1-800-733-7473	StormTach®				
sH						OTTAWA,	ON, CANADA
iee)F			Chamber System				
T							
5			1-800-821-6710 WWW.STORMTECH.COM	DATE DRW CH	K DESCRIPTION	PROJECT #:	CHECKED: N/A
	THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PRE WITHOUT THE EOR'S PRIOR AF LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PRC	PARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIL PROVAL. EOR SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAI DJECT REQUIREMENTS.	DED TO ADS/STORMTECH UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE PROJECT WING PRIOR TO BIDDING AND/OR CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIM	S ENGINEEŘ OF REČORD (* .TE RESPONSIBILITY OF TH	EOR") OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. TI E EOR TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPIC	HIS DRAWING IS NOT INTENDED FOR CTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS I	UŚE IN BIDDING OR CONSTRUCTION JEET ALL APPLICABLE

MC-7200 ISOLATOR ROW PLUS DETAIL

NTS

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR SEDIMENT

- A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)
 - A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN
 - REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED A.2.
 - USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL) A.3.
 - A.4.
 - A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2, IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
- B. ALL ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS
- B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW PLUS
- USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW PLUS THROUGH OUTLET PIPE B.2.
 - i) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
- IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3. B.3.
- CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS USING THE JETVAC PROCESS STEP 2)
 - A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED
 - APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN Β.
 - C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.
- STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

NOTES

- INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS 1. OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
- 2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY.

		3 - PARKING	ON, CANADA	DRAWN: AB	CHECKED: N/A	MEET ALL AFTUVADLE
✓ MC-7200 END CAP			OTTAWA, 0	DATE: 09/24/2024	PROJECT #:	וט ובם אות איר אססטטא ובת ער ישירא יי
N GEOTEXTILE BETWEEN					DESCRIPTION OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE.	בואטותב ו החיו ויחב האטעטטיושי שרי
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		Ctork®		Chamber System	1-800-821-6710 WWW.STORMTECH.COM WIDED TO ADSISTORMTECH UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE PROJECT BAWWING PROPERTY OF DIRECTION OF THE IN	המשוועה דמוטה דט בוושנוייני מושניטה לכוולו הלי וויוב כב ווויזי
	4640 TRUEMAN BLVD	HILLIARD, OH 43026 1-800-733-7473			IS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROV	וחטטדוה בטרא דראטאבר הטאבר הבעראי וווא איז מאני איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז איז אי
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		4	C)F	5	

NOTE: MANIFOLD STUB MUST BE LAID HORIZONTAL FOR A PROPER FIT IN END CAP OPENING.

12" (300 mm) MIN INSERTION -

MANIFOLD STUB

12" (300 mm)

MIN SEPARATION

MANIFOLD HEADER

PROJECT INFORMATION

ENGINEERED PRODUCT MANAGER	
ADS SALES REP	
PROJECT NO.	

DD - SUB 3 REAR OTTAWA, ON, CANADA

MC-7200 STORMTECH CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

- CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH MC-7200. 1
- 2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE ARCH-SHAPED AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE CERTIFIED TO CSA B184, "POLYMERIC SUB-SURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES", AND MEET 3 THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" CHAMBER CLASSIFICATION 60x101.
- CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORTS THAT WOULD 4. IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE 5. THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE CSA S6 CL-625 TRUCK AND THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED, TESTED AND ALLOWABLE LOAD CONFIGURATIONS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, 6 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". LOAD CONFIGURATIONS SHALL INCLUDE: 1) INSTANTANEOUS (<1 MIN) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK LIVE LOAD ON MINIMUM COVER 2) MAXIMUM PERMANENT (75-YR) COVER LOAD AND 3) ALLOWABLE COVER WITH PARKED (1-WEEK) AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK.
- REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION: 7.
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING. CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 75 mm (3")
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418 SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 450 LBS/FT/%. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 23° C / 73° F), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.
- ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. UPON REQUEST BY THE SITE DESIGN 8 ENGINEER OR OWNER, THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE AS FOLLOWS:
 - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL BE SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
 - THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY SECTIONS 3 AND 12.12 OF THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.
 - THE TEST DERIVED CREEP MODULUS AS SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 SHALL BE USED FOR PERMANENT DEAD LOAD DESIGN EXCEPT THAT IT SHALL BE THE 75-YEAR MODULUS USED FOR DESIGN.
- CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.
- MANIFOLD SIZE TO BE DETERMINED BY SITE DESIGN ENGINEER. SEE TECH NOTE #6.32 FOR MANIFOLD SIZING GUIDANCE. DUE TO THE 10. ADAPTATION OF THIS CHAMBER SYSTEM TO SPECIFIC SITE AND DESIGN CONSTRAINTS, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CUT AND COUPLE ADDITIONAL PIPE TO STANDARD MANIFOLD COMPONENTS IN THE FIELD.
- ADS DOES NOT DESIGN OR PROVIDE MEMBRANE LINER SYSTEMS. TO MINIMIZE THE LEAKAGE POTENTIAL OF LINER SYSTEMS, THE MEMBRANE 11. LINER SYSTEM SHOULD BE DESIGNED BY A KNOWLEDGEABLE GEOTEXTILE PROFESSIONAL AND INSTALLED BY A QUALIFIED CONTRACTOR.

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- STONE MUST BE PLACED ON THE TOP CENTER OF THE CHAMBER TO ANCHOR THE CHAMBERS IN PLACE AND PRESERVE ROW SPACING. 10
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 - WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH MC-7200 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- 3. FULL 900 mm (36") OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING.

USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY USING THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-800-821-6710 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

	PROPOSED LAYOUT	CONCEPTUAL ELEVATIONS:				
2	STORMTECH MC-7200 CHAMBERS	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF PAVEMENT/UNPAVED):	3.886	PART TYPE		DESCRIPTION
4	STORMTECH MC-7200 END CAPS	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED WITH TRAFFIC):	2.515			300 mm TOP PARTIAL CUT END CAP PART# MC7200IEPP12T / TV
305	STONE ABOVE (mm)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNPAVED NO TRAFFIC):	2.362	PREFABRICATED END CAP	A	
229	STONE BELOW (mm)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP OF RIGID CONCRETE PAVEMENT):	2.362			600 mm POTTOM DADTIAL CUT END CAD DADT# MC72001EDD24
40	STONE VOID	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (BASE OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT):	2.362	PREFABRICATED END CAP	В	2000 IIIII BOTTOM FARTIAL CUT END CAF, FART#. MC/2001EFF241
	INSTALLED SYSTEM VOLUME (m ³)	TOP OF STONE:	2.057			CONNECTIONS AND ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS
25 1	(PERIMETER STONE INCLUDED)	TOP OF MC-7200 CHAMBER:	1.753	PREFABRICATED END CAP		300 mm BOTTOM PARTIAL CUT END CAP, PART#: MC/2001EPP121
35.	(COVER STONE INCLUDED)	300 mm x 300 mm TOP MANIFOLD INVERT:	1.135		-	CONNECTIONS
	(BASE STONE INCLUDED)	600 mm ISOLATOR ROW PLUS INVERT:	0.286	FLAMP	D	INSTALL FLAMP ON 600 mm ACCESS PIPE / PART#: MCFLAMP
32.2	SYSTEM AREA (m ²)	300 mm BOTTOM CONNECTION INVERT:	0.268	MANIFOLD	E	300 mm x 300 mm TOP MANIFOLD, ADS N-12
22.7	SYSTEM PERIMETER (m)	BOTTOM OF MC-7200 CHAMBER:	0.229	PIPE CONNECTION	F	300 mm BOTTOM CONNECTION
		BOTTOM OF STONE:	0.000	CONCRETE STRUCTURE	G	(DESIGN BY ENGINEER / PROVIDED BY OTHERS)
				CONCRETE STRUCTURE	н	OCS (DESIGN BY ENGINEER / PROVIDED BY OTHERS)

ISOLATOR ROW PLUS (SEE DETAIL)

> PLACE MINIMUM 5.334 m OF ADSPLUS125 WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OVER BEDDING STONE AND UNDERNEATH CHAMBER FEET FOR SCOUR PROTECTION AT ALL CHAMBER INLET ROWS

- BED LIMITS

NOTES
THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER MUST REVIEW ELEVATIONS AND IF NECESSARY ADJUST GRADING TO ENSURE THE CHAMBER OF NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION: THIS LAYOUT IS FOR DIMENSIONAL PURPOSES ONLY TO PROVE CONCEPT & THE REQUIRED STOP

*INVERT AB	OVE BASI	E OF CHAMBER			NC
	INVERT*	MAX FLOW			RUCTIC
	907 mm		~	-	
B / TYP OF ALL 600 mm BOTTOM	57 mm		EAF	N: AB	KED: ING OR PLICAB
B / TYP OF ALL 300 mm BOTTOM	39 mm		3 RI	ZAWI	HECK N BIDDI ALL API
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COVER REQUIREMENTS ARE MET RAGE VOLUME CAN BE ACHIEVED	ON SITE.		2	OF	5

ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH MC-7200 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMP
D	FINAL FILL : FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPA
с	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 24" (600 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145 ¹ A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COI THE CHAMI 12" (300 mr WELL GR
В	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE OR RECYCLED CONCRETE⁵	AASHTO M431 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	
A	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE OR RECYCLED CONCRETE⁵	AASHTO M431 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	PLATE C

PLEASE NOTE:

THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE". 1.

STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 9" (230 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. 2

WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR 3. COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.

ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION

WHERE RECYCLED CONCRETE AGGREGATE IS USED IN LAYERS 'A' OR 'B' THE MATERIAL SHOULD ALSO MEET THE ACCEPTABILITY CRITERIA OUTLINED IN TECHNICAL NOTE 6.20 "RECYCLED CONCRETE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL".

NOTES:

- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" CHAMBER CLASSIFICATION 60x101 1.
- 2. MC-7200 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- 3. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS. REFERENCE STORMTECH DESIGN MANUAL FOR BEARING CAPACITY GUIDANCE.
- 4. PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- 5. REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
 - TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
 - TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 3".
 - TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 450 LBS/FT/%. THE ASC IS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.

PACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT

ARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED LLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.

MPACTIONS AFTER 24" (600 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER BERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN m) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR RADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS.

NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.

COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE.^{2,3}

**THIS CROSS SECTION DETAIL REPRESENTS MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLATION.

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T							
5			1-800-821-6710 WWW.STORMTECH.COM	DATE DRW CHK	DESCRIPTION	PROJECT #:	CHECKED: N/A
	THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PRI WITHOUT THE EOR'S PRIOR A LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PR	EPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIL PPROVAL. EOR SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAI OJECT REQUIREMENTS.	DED TO ADS/STORMTECH UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE PROJECT WING PRIOR TO BIDDING AND/OR CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIM.	S ENGINEER OF RECORD ("EO TE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE E	לי) OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. TH DR TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICI	HS DRAWING IS NOT INTENDED FOR L TED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS M	ISE IN BIDDING OR CONSTRUCTION EET ALL APPLICABLE

MC-7200 ISOLATOR ROW PLUS DETAIL

NTS

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR SEDIMENT

- A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)
 - A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN
 - REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED A.2.
 - USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL) A.3.
 - A.4.
 - A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2, IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
- B. ALL ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS
- B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW PLUS
- USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW PLUS THROUGH OUTLET PIPE B.2.
 - i) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
- IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3. B.3.
- CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS USING THE JETVAC PROCESS STEP 2)
 - A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED
 - APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN Β.
 - C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.
- STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

NOTES

- INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS 1. OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
- 2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY.

V GEOTEXTILE BETWEEN IS FABRIC WITHOUT SEAMS	I TRUEMAN BLVD DD - SUB 3 REAR	D-733-7473 StormTech® OTTAWA, ON, CANADA	Chamber System DATE: 09/25/2024 DRAWN: AB	1-800-821-6710 WWW.STORMTECH.COM DATE DRW CHK DESCRIPTION PROJECT #: CHECKED: N/A BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADSISTORATECH UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE THIS DRAWING IS NOT INTENDED FOR USE IN BIDDING OR CONSTRUCTION L. EOR SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO BIDDING AND/OR CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE EOR TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETALS MEET ALL APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS.
	4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026	1-800-733-7473		THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED WITHOUT THE EOR'S PRIOR APPROVAL. EOR SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWIN LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.
	4	sH C	IEET D F	5

NOTE: MANIFOLD STUB MUST BE LAID HORIZONTAL FOR A PROPER FIT IN END CAP OPENING.

12" (300 mm) MIN INSERTION -

MANIFOLD STUB

12" (300 mm)

MIN SEPARATION

MANIFOLD HEADER

Grading Plan 142817-C-200

Erosion and Sediment Control Plan 142817-C-900

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