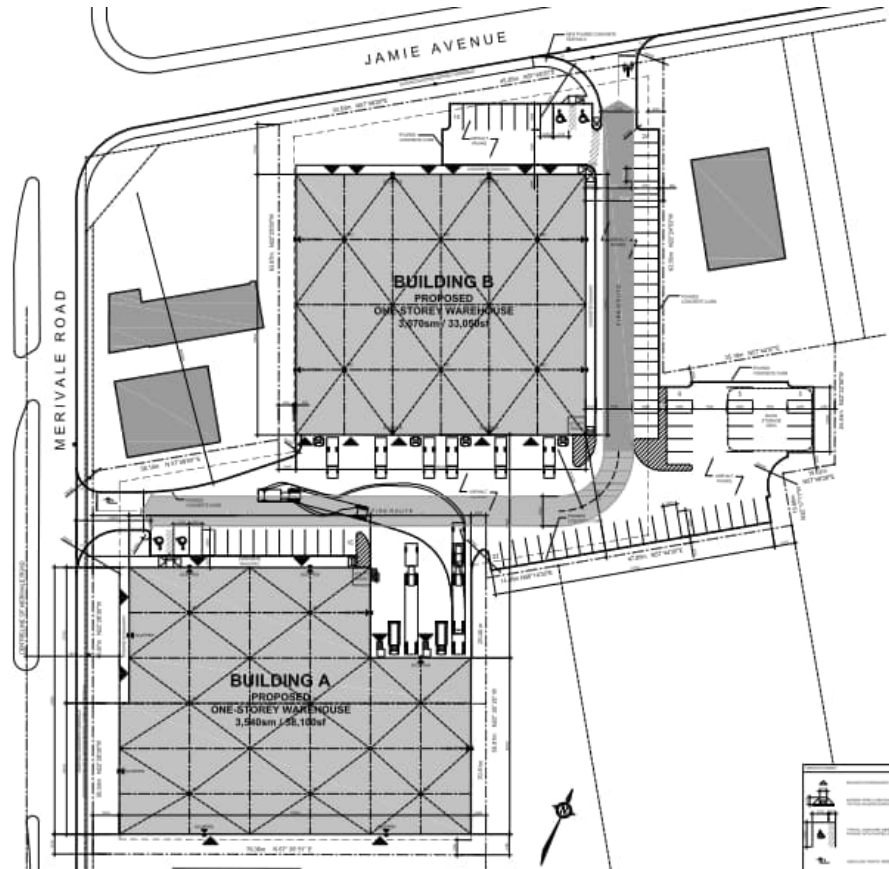# SERVICING & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT WAREHOUSE DEVELOPMENT – 1881-1883 MERIVALE ROAD

Project No.: CCO-23-1150

City File No.: D07-12-23-0018

Prepared for:

Z.V. Holdings Corporation
1801 Woodward Drive
Ottawa, ON. K2C 0P9

Prepared by:

McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd.
115 Walgreen Road
Carp, ON K0A 1L0

August 18, 2023

MCINTOSH PERRY

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MCINTOSH PERRY

1.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Purpose

McIntosh Perry (MP) has been retained by Z.V. Holdings Corporation to prepare this Servicing and Stormwater Management Report in support of the Site Plan Control process for the proposed warehouse buildings, located at 1881-1883 Merivale Road within the City of Ottawa (City File No. D07-12-23-0018).

The main purpose of this report is to present a servicing design for the development in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines provided by the City of Ottawa (City), the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA), and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). This report will address the water, sanitary and storm sewer servicing for the development, ensuring that existing and available services will adequately service the proposed development.

This report should be read in conjunction with the following drawings:

- CCO-23-1150, C101 – Site Grading, Drainage & Sediment and Erosion Control Plan, and

- CCO-23-1150, C102 – Site Servicing Plan,

- CCO-23-1150, PRE – Pre-Development Drainage Area Plan (*Appendix E*)

- CCO-23-1150, POST – Post-Development Drainage Area Plan (*Appendix F*)

1.2 Site Description

Figure 1: Site Map

The subject property, herein referred to as the site, is located at 1881 Merivale Road within the Knoxdale Merivale ward in the City of Ottawa. It is described as Lots 2 & 3, Registered Plan 564563, part of Lot 28 concession A (RF), part of Clarke Road & Pedley street, Registered Plan 382, part of Lots 76, 77, 82, 93, 94, 96 & 97 lots 78, 79, 80, & 81, Registered Plan 382, Part of Lot 2, Registered Plan 45762. The land in question covers approximately *1.40 ha* and is located south of the Merviale Road and Jamie Avenue intersection. The site is zoned for general industrial use (IG). See Site Location Plan in *Appendix A* for more details.

1.3   Proposed Development and Statistics

The proposed development consists of two warehouse buildings. Proposed Building A and proposed Building B will be *3,540 m²* and *3,070 m²* in ground floor area, respectively. Parking and drive aisles will be provided throughout the site along with accesses from Merivale Road and Jamie Avenue. See *Appendix B* for further details.

1.4   Existing Conditions and Infrastructures

The existing site is currently developed with an existing parking lot/storage area to the northeast of the property. There is an existing commercial building at the southwest of the property that is serviced via a well and private septic system. Storm servicing for the site is provided via municipal catch basins within Merivale Road and Jamie Avenue.

Sewer and watermain mapping collected from the City of Ottawa indicate that the following services exist across the property frontages within the adjacent municipal rights-of-way(s):

- Merivale Road
  - 406 mm diameter cast iron watermain;
  - 450 mm diameter concrete sanitary sewer tributary to the South Ottawa Collector, and a;
  - 450 mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Rideau River approximately 2.8 km downstream.

- Jamie Avenue
  - 305 mm diameter ductile iron watermain;
  - 250 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer tributary to the South Ottawa Collector, and a;
  - 450 & 675mm diameter concrete storm sewer tributary to the Nepean Creek and ultimately the Ottawa River.

1.5   Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the City of Ottawa site plan control approval process. Site plan control requires the City to review, provided concurrence and approve the engineering design package. Permits to construct can be requested once the City has issued a site plan agreement.

It is not anticipated that an Environmental Compliance Approval (*ECA*) through the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (*MECP*) will be required for the storm water management system because the properties are proposed to be amalgamated into a single parcel of land and are not within a combined sewer shed.

2.0   BACKROUND STUDIES

As-built drawings of existing services, provided by the City of Ottawa Information centre, within the vicinity of the proposed site were reviewed in order to identify infrastructure available to service the proposed development.

A topographic survey of the site was completed by Fairhall Moffat & Woodland Ltd (Job No. AC21300) and dated October 26, 2022.

The Site Plan (SP-A01) was prepared by Mcrobie Architects and Interior Designers and dated August 04, 2023 (*Site Plan*).

A geotechnical investigation prepared by Arcadis Canada Inc and dated January 29th, 2023.

2.1   Applicable Guidelines and Standards

City of Ottawa:

♦   Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, SDG002, October 2012. (*Ottawa Sewer Guidelines*)

- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2014-01 City of Ottawa, February 2014*. (ISTB-2014-01)*
- Technical Bulletin PIEDTB-2016-01 City of Ottawa, September 2016. *(PIEDTB-2016-01)*
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01 City of Ottawa, January 2018*. (ISTB-2018-01)*
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-03 City of Ottawa, March 2018. *(ISTB-2018-03)*
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-01 City of Ottawa, January 2019. *(ISTB-2019-01)*
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2019-02 City of Ottawa, February 2019. *(ISTB-2019-02)*

♦   Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution City of Ottawa, July 2010. (*Ottawa Water Guidelines*)

- Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2 City of Ottawa, December 15, 2010. *(ISD-2010-2)*
- Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02 City of Ottawa, May 2014. (ISDTB-2014-02)
- Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 City of Ottawa, March 2018. *(ISTB-2018-02)*

Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks:

♦   Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, Ministry of the Environment, March 2003. *(MECP Stormwater Design Manual)*

♦   Design Guidelines for Sewage Works, Ministry of the Environment, 2008. (*MECP Sewer Design Guidelines*)

Other:

♦   Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, Fire Underwriters Survey, 2020. (*FUS Guidelines*)

3.0   PRE-CONSULTATION SUMMARY

A pre-consultation meeting was conducted on June 1, 2022, regarding the proposed site. Specific design parameters to be incorporated within this design include the following:

- o   Pre-development and post-development flows shall be calculated using a maximum time of concentration (Tc) of 10 minutes.

- o   Control 5 through 100-year post-development flows to the 5-year flows with a maximum combined C value of 0.50 or calculated existing value, whichever is less.

- o   The RVCA is to be consulted for site specific quality control measures.

The notes from the City of Ottawa can be found in *Appendix B*.

4.0   WATERMAIN

4.1   Existing Watermain

The site is located within the 2W2C pressure zone, as per the Water Distribution System Mapping included in *Appendix C*. There is an existing 406 mm diameter cast iron watermain within Merivale Road and a 305 mm diameter ductile iron watermain within Jamie Avenue. There are three public hydrants located on Merivale Road, one public hydrant located on Jamie Avenue and one public hydrant located on Bentley Avenue available to provide fire flow to the development.

4.2   Proposed Watermain

A new 150mm diameter watermain is proposed to service the site extending from the existing 300mm diameter watermain within Jamie Avenue. 150mm diameter services will extend from the proposed watermain to service Building A and Building B. Refer to plan *C102* for a detailed servicing layout.

A new private hydrant is proposed within the along Jamie Avenue which will be available to provide fire flow for the development. The 150mm diameter hydrant lead will extend from the proposed 150mm diameter watermain. Refer to plan *C102* for a detailed servicing layout.

The Fire Underwriters Survey 2020 (FUS) method was utilized to determine the required fire flow for the site. The 'C' factor (type of construction) for the FUS calculation was determined to be 1.0 (ordinary type construction). The total floor area ('A' value) for the FUS calculation was determined to be *3,540 m^2* and *3,070 m^2* for Building A and Building B, respectively. The results of the calculations yielded a required fire flow of *7,000 L/min*. The detailed calculations for the FUS and can be found in *Appendix C*.

The water demands for the proposed building have been calculated to adhere to the *Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution* manual and can be found in *Appendix C*. The results have been summarized below. In accordance with Section 4.3.1 of the guidelines, service areas with a basic day demand greater than 50 m^3/day require a dual connection to the municipal system. The basic day demand for the development is estimated to be *49.0 m^3/day*, therefore a dual connection is not required.

Table 1: Water Demands

Site Area	1.40 ha
Industrial - Light	35,000 L/ha/day
Average Day Demand (L/s)	0.57
Maximum Daily Demand (L/s)	0.85
Peak Hourly Demand (L/s)	1.53
FUS Fire Flow Requirement (L/s)	116.67

The City provided the estimated water pressures at both for the average day scenario, peak hour scenario and the max day plus fire flow scenario for the demands indicated by the correspondence in *Appendix C*. The resulting pressures for the boundary conditions results are shown in *Table 2*, below.

Table 2: Boundary Condition Results

Scenario	Proposed Demands (L/s)	Connection 1 HGL (m H_2O)*/kPa
Average Day Demand	0.57	45.5 / 446.4
Maximum Daily + Fire Flow Demand	117.52	40.4 / 410.1
Peak Hourly Demand	1.53	37.6 / 368.9
Adjusted for an estimated ground elevation of 87.3m above the connection point.		

The normal operating pressure range is anticipated to be 369 kPa to 446 kPa and will not be less than 275 kPa (40 psi) or exceed 689 kPa (100 psi). The proposed watermains will meet the minimum required 20 psi (140 kPa) from the *Ottawa Water Guidelines* at the ground level under maximum day demand and fire flow conditions. A pressure reducing valve is not anticipated to be required since the pressures do not exceed 552 kPa (80 psi) in the average day scenario.

To confirm the adequacy of fire flow to protect the proposed development, public fire hydrants within 150 m of the proposed building were reviewed per City of Ottawa *ISTB 2018-02* Appendix I Table 1. Based on City guidelines (*ISTB-2018-02*), the existing hydrants can provide adequate fire coverage to the proposed development. The results are summarized below.

Table 3: Fire Protection Confirmation

Building	Fire Flow Demand (L/min.)	Fire Hydrant(s) within 75m*	Fire Hydrant(s) within 150m*	Combined Fire Flow (L/min.)
Building A	7,000 (FUS)	2	3	22,800
Building B	7,000 (FUS)	2	2	19,000

Fire hydrants within 75 metres contribute 5,700 L/min to fire flow and fire hydrants within 150 meters contribute 3,800 L/min to fire flow, respectively, per ISTB-2018-02.

4.3   Water Model Results

A water model was completed using the EPANet modelling software and the boundary condition results provided and noted above. The results determined that the proposed 150 mm watermain can adequately service the proposed development and provide sufficient fire flow. The model determined pressures during average day, maximum day plus fire flow, and peak hour demands. The model results identify the estimated pressures at the building finished floors and at fire hydrants during fire flow conditions. For the purposes of determining pressures during the fire flow scenario, a demand of 116.66.00 L/s (7,000 L/min) was assumed at the proposed private hydrant (*H1*).

Table 4: Water Pressure at Junctions

Junction	Average Day (kPa)	Max. Day + Fire Flow (kPa)	Peak Hourly (kPa)
J1	468.05	354.91	468.05
J2	464.81	351.67	464.72
BLDA	464.81	351.67	464.72
BLDB	460.70	347.56	460.50
H1	442.66	219.61	442.66

The normal operating pressure range is anticipated to be 442 kPa to 468 kPa and will not be less than 275 kPa (40 psi) or exceed 689 kPa (100 psi). The proposed watermain will meet the minimum required 20 psi (140 kPa) at the ground level under maximum day demand and fire flow conditions.

5.0   SANITARY DESIGN

5.1   Existing Sanitary Sewer

There is a 450 mm diameter concrete sanitary sewer within Merivale Road. There is an existing 250 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer within Jamie Avenue. Sanitary flow from the sewers is tributary to the South Ottawa Collector Sewer per the City of Ottawa Trunk Sewer Map figure available in *Appendix 'D'*.

5.2   Proposed Sanitary Sewer

A new 200 mm diameter service is proposed to be connected to the existing 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Jamie Avenue at the existing sanitary manhole (MHSA18556). 135 mm diameter service laterals are proposed to service Building A and Building B, extending from the proposed 200 mm diameter sewer. It is anticipated that monitoring would occur at MH1C. Refer to drawing *C102* for a detailed servicing layout.

The proposed development consists of two warehouse buildings. The peak design flows for the proposed buildings were calculated using criteria from the *Ottawa Sewer Guidelines* and are summarized in *Table 5,* below. Based on the unit occupancy statistics provided by the architect, the proposed site development will generate a flow of *4.30 L/s*. See *Appendix 'D'* of this report for more details.

Table 5: Sanitary Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value
Site Area	1.40 ha
Industrial Demand (Light)	35,000 L/gross ha/d
Industrial Peaking Factor	6.30
Extraneous Flow Allowance	0.33 L/s/ha

Table 6 below, summarizes the estimated wastewater flow from the proposed development. Refer to *Appendix 'D' for* detailed calculations.

Table 6: Summary of Estimated Sanitary Flow

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	0.07
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	3.64
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	4.03

The proposed sanitary network has been designed to attain a minimum full flow target velocity (cleansing velocity) of 0.6 m/s and a full flow velocity of not more than 3.0 m/s. The capacity of the proposed 200 mm sanitary sewer with a slope of 0.32% is 8.99 L/s. The capacity of the proposed 135 mm diameter sanitary services sloping at 1.00% is 12.00 L/s. Refer to the sanitary sewer design calculations available in *Appendix 'D'*.

Due to the complexity of the downstream network, the City will need to advise of any downstream constraints.

6.0   STORM SEWER DESIGN

6.1   Existing Storm Sewers

The site is located within the Lower Rideau Sub Watershed. There is an existing 450mm diameter concrete storm sewer within Merivale Road and a 450-675mm diameter concrete storm sewer within Jamie Avenue. Both storm sewers are ultimately tributary to the Rideau River.

6.2   Proposed Storm Sewers

A new 525mm diameter storm sewer is proposed to be extended from the existing 675 mm diameter storm sewer within Jamie Avenue (at storm maintenance structure MHST18383). The 525 mm diameter storm sewer is proposed to be a dry pipe to allow for foundation drainage to be conveyed to the existing 675 mm diameter sewer without attenuation.

Runoff from the parking lot areas and drive aisles will be collected by existing and proposed catch basins. Surface runoff will be attenuated by ICDs on the outlets of CB1, CB3 and CB4 before discharging to the proposed 525 mm diameter storm sewer.

Runoff from the loading area fronting Building A will be collected by a trench drain and conveyed without attenuation via the internal mechanical system towards the 525 mm diameter storm sewer.

Runoff collected from the roofs of Building A and Building B will be collected and attenuated by eight and six roof drains, respectively. Roof drainage will then discharge to the proposed 525mm storm sewer.

The City has informed McIntosh Perry that there is a potential for surcharge from the existing storm sewer within Jamie Avenue, therefore, MH3 is to be fitted with a Tideflex backwater valve (or approved equivalent). It is also anticipated that stormwater flows will be monitored via MH3.

See drawing *C102* for a detailed servicing layout and *CCO-23-1150 - POST* included in *Appendix 'F'* of this report for more details. The Stormwater Management design for the subject property will be outlined in *Section 7.0* of this report.

7.0 PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

7.1 Design Criteria and Methodology

Stormwater management for the proposed site will be maintained through two methods. The first will store and control runoff collected on the roof of the proposed buildings. Building A and Building B will use eight- and six-Watts Accutrol Weirs (fully closed), respectively, to control the release rate of the roof drainage. The second will control stormwater via an underground sewer system(s) and will collect runoff from the at-grade areas within the site. The flow will be directed to the proposed 525 mm diameter sewer where it will ultimately discharge to the existing 675 mm diameter sewer within Jamie Avenue.

The following design criteria has been employed in developing the stormwater management design for the site as directed by the RVCA and City:

Quality Control

- Quality controls are not required for the development due to the distance to the outlet.

Quantity Control

- o Post-development 5/100-year flows to respective Jamie Avenue and Merivale Road rights-of-way and be restricted to match the 5-year pre-development flow with a maximum C value of 0.50.

7.2 Runoff Calculations

Runoff calculations presented in this report are derived using the Rational Method, given as:

$$Q = 2.78CIA \text{ (L/s)}$$

Where: C   = Runoff coefficient
          I   = Rainfall intensity in mm/hr (City of Ottawa IDF curves)
          A   = Drainage area in hectares

It is recognized that the Rational Method tends to overestimate runoff rates. As a result, the conservative calculation of runoff ensures that any SWM facility sized using this method is expected to function as intended.

The following coefficients were used to develop an average C for each area:

Roofs/Concrete/Asphalt	0.90
Gravel	0.70
Undeveloped and Grass	0.20

As per the *City of Ottawa - Sewer Design Guidelines*, the 5-year balanced 'C' value must be increased by 25% for a 100-year storm event to a maximum of 1.0.

As per the pre-consultation meeting with the City of Ottawa the time of concentration (Tc) used for pre-development shall be determined using a calculated Tc of no less than 10 minutes and post-development flows shall be calculated using a Tc of 10 minutes.

7.3   Pre-Development Drainage

It has been assumed that the site contains no stormwater management controls for flow attenuation. The estimated pre-development peak flows for the 5, and 100-year events are summarized below in *Table 7*. See CCO-23-1150 - *PRE* in *Appendix E* and *Appendix G* for calculations.

Table 7: Pre-Development Runoff Summary

Drainage Area	C 2/5-Year	C 100-Year	Area (ha)	Q (L/s)	
				5-Year	100-Year
A1*	0.51	0.63	0.49	66.78	142.46
A2**	0.24	0.30	0.91	58.20	122.07
Total			1.40	124.99	264.53

Area Fronting Jamie Avenue
**Area Fronting Merivale Road

7.4   Post-Development Drainage

The proposed site drainage limits are demonstrated on the Post-Development Drainage Area Plan. See CCO-23-1150 - *POST* in *Appendix 'F'* of this report for more details. A summary of the Post-Development Runoff Calculations can be found below.

Table 8: Post-Development Runoff Summary

Drainage Area	Area (ha)	5-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	100-Year Peak Flow (L/s)	100-Year Storage Requirement (m³)	100-Year Storage Available (m³)
B1	0.35	2.52	2.52	237.61	238.95
B2	0.31	1.89	1.89	213.93	218.74
B3	0.19	18.67	20.14	43.83	60.14
B4	0.20	22.22	22.81	66.29	100.59
B5	0.06				
B6	0.12	2.00	2.10	29.09	31.66
B7	0.03	5.49	10.63	-	-
B9	0.004	2.53	4.82	-	-
Total Tributary to Jamie	1.27	55.33	64.92	596.44	650.08
B8	0.13	10.53	21.50	-	-
Total Tributary to Merivale	0.13	10.53	21.50	-	-

Post-development drainage tributary to Jamie Avenue will be restricted to a maximum release rate of *64.92 L/s* based on a calculated 5-year pre-development release rate requirement of *66.78 L/s.*

Post-development drainage tributary to Merivale Road will reach a maximum of *21.50 L/s* based on a calculated 5-year pre-development release rate requirement of *58.20 L/s.*

To meet the stormwater objectives the development will contain a combination of flow attenuation with rooftop controls, surface and subsurface storage.

Runoff for area B1 will be stored on the roof of the proposed Building A and restricted using eight (8) fully closed Watts Accutrol roof drains (or approved equivalent) to a maximum release rate of *2.52 L/s* and will provide up to *238.95 m³* of surface storage.

Runoff for area B2 will be stored on the roof of the proposed Building B and restricted using six (6) fully closed Watts Accutrol roof drains (or approved equivalent) to a maximum release rate of *1.89 L/s* and will provide up to *218.74 m³* of surface storage.

Runoff for area B3 will be restricted before discharging to the proposed 525 mm diameter storm sewer. The flow will be controlled within a catch basin structure (CB1) installed with a 105 mm plug

style ICD. Drainage will be restricted to a maximum release rate of *20.22 L/s* and will provide up to *60.14 m³* of storage via surface storage and a Triton storage tank (or approved equivalent) stormwater chamber system. Detailed tank drawings are available in *Appendix G*. Please note, no surface ponding is proposed during the 2-year storm scenario.

Runoff for areas B4 and B5 will be restricted before discharging to the proposed 525 mm diameter storm sewer. The flow will be controlled within a catch basin structure (CB3) installed with a 91 mm plug style ICD. Drainage will be restricted to a maximum release rate of *22.81 L/s* and will provide up to *100.59 m³* of storage via surface storage and a Triton storage tank (or approved equivalent) stormwater chamber system. Detailed tank drawings are available in *Appendix G*. Please note, no surface ponding is proposed during the 2-year storm scenario.

Runoff for area B6 will be restricted before discharging to the proposed 525 mm diameter storm sewer. The flow will be controlled within a catch basin structure (CB4) installed with a Tempest LMF45 ICD (or approved equivalent). Drainage will be restricted to a maximum release rate of *2.10 L/s* and will provide up to *31.90 m³* of storage via surface storage. Refer to Ipex Tempest ICD sizing charts and detailed calculations located in *Appendix G*. Please note, no surface ponding is proposed during the 2-year storm scenario.

Runoff for area B7 will be directed to the Jamie Avenue ROW overland without attenuation and will be compensated for in areas with attenuation. Existing storm collection infrastructure on Jamie Avenue will collect the uncontrolled drainage.

Runoff for area B8 will be directed to the Merivale Road ROW overland without attenuation and will be compensated for in areas with attenuation. Existing storm collection infrastructure on Merivale Road will collect the uncontrolled drainage.

Runoff for area B9 will be collected by a trench drain structure (TD1) and conveyed to the proposed 525 mm diameter storm sewer without attenuation.

8.0   EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

8.1   Temporary Measures

Before construction begins, temporary silt fence, straw bale or rock flow check dams will be installed at all natural runoff outlets from the property. It is crucial that these controls be maintained throughout construction and inspection of sediment and erosion control will be facilitated by the Contractor or Contract Administration staff throughout the construction period.

Silt fences will be installed where shown on the final engineering plans, specifically along the downstream property limits. The Contractor, at their discretion or at the instruction of the City, Conservation Authority or the Contract Administrator shall increase the quantity of sediment and erosion controls on-site to ensure that the site is operating as intended and no additional sediment finds its way off site. The rock flow, straw bale & silt fence check dams and barriers shall be inspected weekly and after rainfall events. Care shall be taken to properly remove sediment from the fences and check dams as required. Fibre roll barriers are to be installed at all existing curb inlet catchbasins and filter fabric is to be placed under the grates of all existing catchbasins and manholes along the frontage of the site and any new structures immediately upon installation. The measures for the existing/proposed structures is to be removed only after all areas have been paved. Care shall be taken at the removal stage to ensure that any silt that has accumulated is properly handled and disposed of. Removal of silt fences without prior removal of the sediments shall not be permitted.

Although not anticipated, work through winter months shall be closely monitored for erosion along sloped areas. Should erosion be noted, the Contractor shall be alerted and shall take all necessary steps to rectify the situation. Should the Contractor's efforts fail at remediating the eroded areas, the Contractor shall contact the City and/or Conservation Authority to review the site conditions and determine the appropriate course of action. As the ground begins to thaw, the Contractor shall place silt fencing at all required locations as soon as ground conditions warrant. Please see the *Site Grading, Drainage and Sediment & Erosion Control Plan* for additional details regarding the temporary measures to be installed and their appropriate OPSD references.

8.2   Permanent Measures

It is expected that the Contractor will promptly ensure that all disturbed areas receive topsoil and seed/sod and that grass be established as soon as possible. Any areas of excess fill shall be removed or levelled as soon as possible and must be located a sufficient distance from any watercourse to ensure that no sediment is washed out into the watercourse. As the vegetation growth within the site provides a key component to the control of sediment for the site, it must be properly maintained once established. Once the construction is complete, it will be up to the landowner to maintain the vegetation and ensure that the vegetation is not overgrown or impeded by foreign objects.

9.0   SUMMARY

- Two new warehouse buildings are proposed at 1881-1883 Merivale Road.
- A new 150 mm diameter watermain is proposed to service the site with a connection to the 305 mm diameter watermain within Jamie Avenue.
- A new 200 mm diameter sanitary sewer is proposed to service the site with a connection to the 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Jamie Avenue.
- The proposed storm sewer system, ranging in diameter from 200 mm to 525mm, will service the site. The storm service will discharge stormwater into the 675 mm sewer within Jamie Avenue via a proposed 525 mm diameter storm sewer.
- Storage for the 5- through 100-year storm events will be provided via rooftop storage, the parking lot areas above the proposed storm structures and via surface storage.
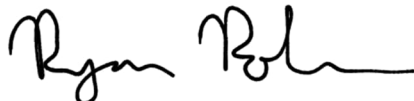
10.0 RECOMMENDATION

Based on the information presented in this report, we recommend that City of Ottawa approve this Servicing and Stormwater Management Report in support of the proposed warehouse buildings at 1881-1883 Merivale Road.

This report is respectfully being submitted for approval.

Regards,

McIntosh Perry Consulting Engineers Ltd.

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James J.D. Hewson, P.Eng.
Project Engineer, Land Development
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McINTOSH PERRY

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11.0 STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

This report was produced for the exclusive use of Z.V. Holdings Corporation. The purpose of the report is to assess the existing stormwater management system and provide recommendations and designs for the post-construction scenario that are in compliance with the guidelines and standards from the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, City of Ottawa and local approval agencies. McIntosh Perry reviewed the site information and background documents listed in Section 2.0 of this report. While the previous data was reviewed by McIntosh Perry and site visits were performed, no field verification/measures of any information were conducted.

Any use of this review by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, without a reliance report is the responsibility of such third parties. McIntosh Perry accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions or actions made based on this review.

The findings, conclusions and/or recommendations of this report are only valid as of the date of this report. No assurance is made regarding any changes in conditions subsequent to this date. If additional information is discovered or becomes available at a future date, McIntosh Perry should be requested to re-evaluate the conclusions presented in this report, and provide amendments, if required.

APPENDIX A
KEY PLAN

MᴄINTOSH PERRY
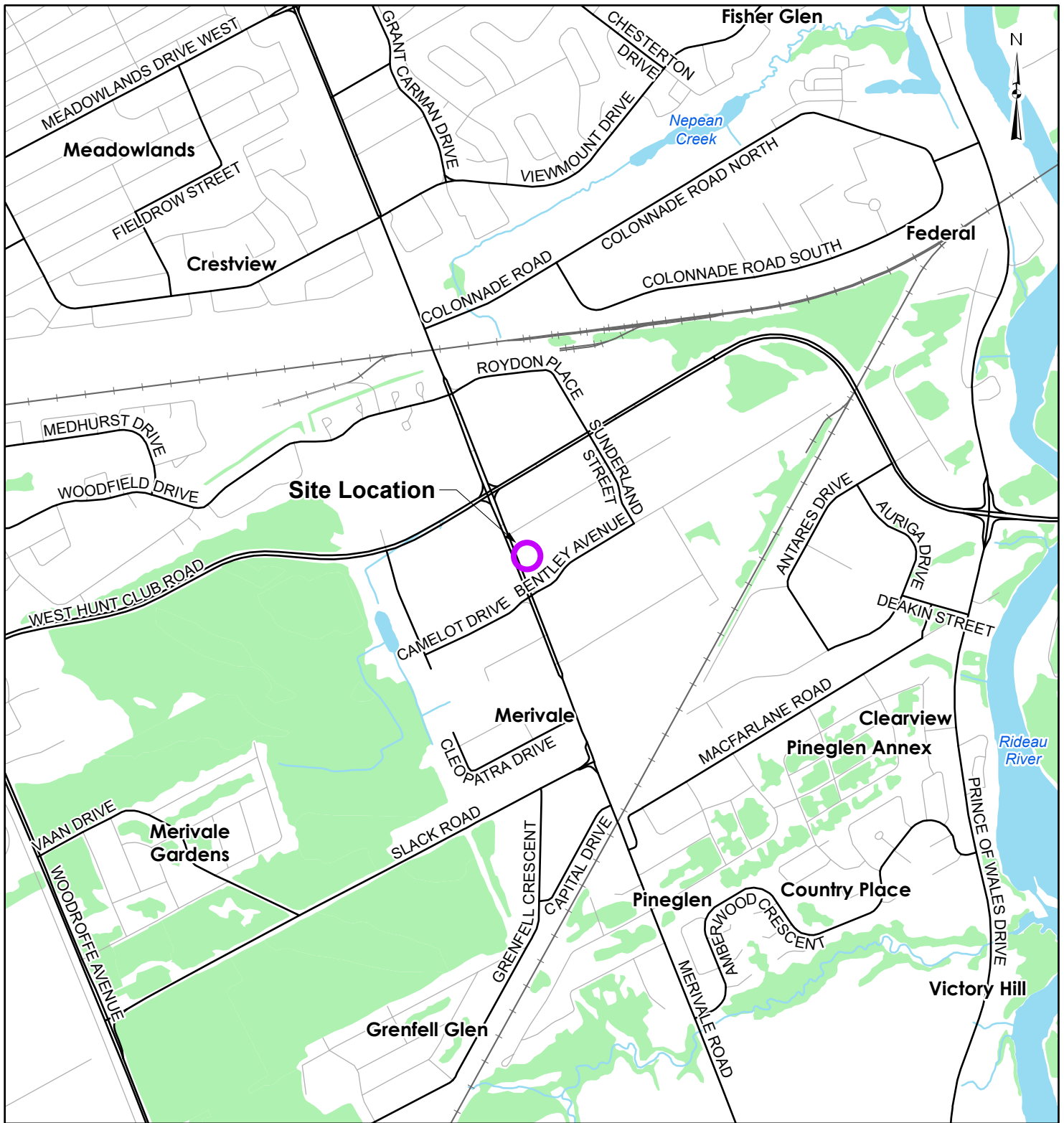
LEGEND

○ Site Location
— Local Road
— Major Road
—+— Railroad
〜 Watercourse
⬮ Waterbody
▬ Wooded Area

REFERENCE

GIS data provided by the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development, Mines, Natural Resources and Forestry, 2022.

500 250 0 500

Scale 1:20,000   Metres

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MᴄINTOSH PERRY

Pre-Application Consultation Meeting Minutes

Property Address: 1881-1883 Merivale Road
Location: Virtual – Microsoft Teams
Meeting Date: June 1, 2022

Attendees: Colette Gorni – Planner (File Lead), City of Ottawa
Jessica Valic – Project Manager (Infrastructure), City of Ottawa
Mark Richardson, Planner (Forester), City of Ottawa
Patrick McMahon – Project Manager (Transportation), City of Ottawa
Matthew Ippersiel – Planner (Urban Design), City of Ottawa
Louise Cerveny – Planner (Parks), City of Ottawa
Steven Payne – Co-op Student, City of Ottawa
Peter Hume – Applicant
David Young – Owner, Arnon Development Corporation Ltd.

Regrets: Sami Rehman – Planner (Environment), City of Ottawa
Eric Lalande – Planner, RVCA

Applicant Comments

1. The subject site includes the following properties: 1881 and 1883 Merivale Road, and 6 and 12 Jamie Avenue.

2. The proposal consists of two, one-storey warehouse buildings with a total combined GFA of 6,610m^2. Building A has a GFA of 3,540m^2, is located on the southern portion of the site, and has frontage along Merivale Road. Building B has a GFA of 3,070m^2, is located on the northern portion of the site, and has frontage on Jamie Avenue.

3. A total of 90 vehicle parking spaces are proposed on site and are located throughout the site. Parking is to be shared by the two buildings.

4. Loading spaces have been strategically located so that they are not visible from Merivale Road.

5. The site will be accessed from two accesses, located on Merivale Road and Jamie Avenue, respectively.

Planning

1. Ensure that all measurements required to confirm zoning conformance are included on the plans.

2. Provide more information on how waste management is being handled on site. If being stored outside, please refer to Section 110(3) of the Zoning By-law.

3. Provide more information on how snow storage will be handled on site. If being stored on site, please ensure that snow storage areas are shown on the site plan.

4. Ensure that all addresses forming the subject site are identified on the application form, plans, reports, etc. in the formal submission.

5. A Site Plan Control – Complex application is required to permit the proposed development. More information on the process, timelines, fees, forms, etc. can be found here.

Feel free to contact Colette Gorni, Planner (File Lead), at Colette.Gorni@ottawa.ca for follow-up questions.

Transportation

1. Follow Traffic Impact Assessment Guidelines

   a. Start this process as soon as possible.

   b. The application will not be deemed complete until the submission of the draft step 1-4. Collaboration and communication between development proponents and City staff are required at the end of every step of the TIA process.

   c. No Noise Impact Study is required with a warehouse land use. However, this development is within the 25 NEF/NEP line for aircraft noise making this a good candidate for air conditioning should an office use be pursued.

2. Clear throat requirement as per TAC appear to be 15m on Merivale Road for Light Industrial developments of less than 10,000m2.

3. On site plan:

   a. Show all details of the roads abutting the site up to and including the opposite curb; include such items as pavement markings, accesses and/or sidewalks.

   b. Turning templates will be required for all accesses showing the largest vehicle to access the site; required for internal movements and at all access (entering and exiting and going in both directions).

   c. Show all curb radii measurements; ensure that curb radii for any non-truck access are reduced as much as possible.

   d. Show lane/aisle widths.

   e. Sidewalk is (not) to be continuous across access as per City Specification 7.1.

4. Merivale Road has a protected right-of-way of 37.5m. Ensure that this is shown on the plan.

5. Upgrade the sidewalk to concrete along Merivale frontage and extend along Jamie frontage.

6. 1 bicycle parking space per 2,000 m2 is required for warehouse uses.

7. Ensure that previous accesses no longer in use are removed and sidewalks reinstated.

8. A bus stop exists on Merivale near an existing access, relocation may be required.

Feel free to reach out to Patrick McMahon, Transportation Project Manager, at Patrick.McMahon@ottawa.ca.

Urban Design

1. Efforts to locate the loading bays and the majority of parking away from the public realm are appreciated.

2. Articulate the facades facing the public realm as much as possible to provide visual interest. Blank walls should be avoided, particularly facing Merivale and glazing is required.

3. As tenants are secured and the floorplans of the buildings are refined, please aim to locate retail, offices, break rooms or other active uses at the front of the buildings and have them coupled with glazing to help animate the facade.

4. Main entrances should be prominently expressed and visible from the streets. Consider accentuating the north-west corner of Building A with additional glazing and/or architectural expression to highlight the entrances in this location make them more legible and welcoming.

5. Consider opportunities for outdoor seating areas (such as picnic tables) for employee use on the property. Accompany these areas with trees for shade where possible.

6. A generous landscaping treatment including a row of trees is strongly encouraged along the Merivale frontage.

7. An Urban Design Brief is required as a part of your submission. This may be combined with your Planning Rationale report (if required). Please refer to the attached Urban Design Brief Terms of Reference to inform the content of the brief.

8. This application is not subject to review by the Urban Design Review Panel.

Feel free to contact Matthew Ippersiel, Urban Design Planner, at Matthew.Ippersiel@ottawa.ca for follow-up questions.

Engineering

Infrastructure – Water
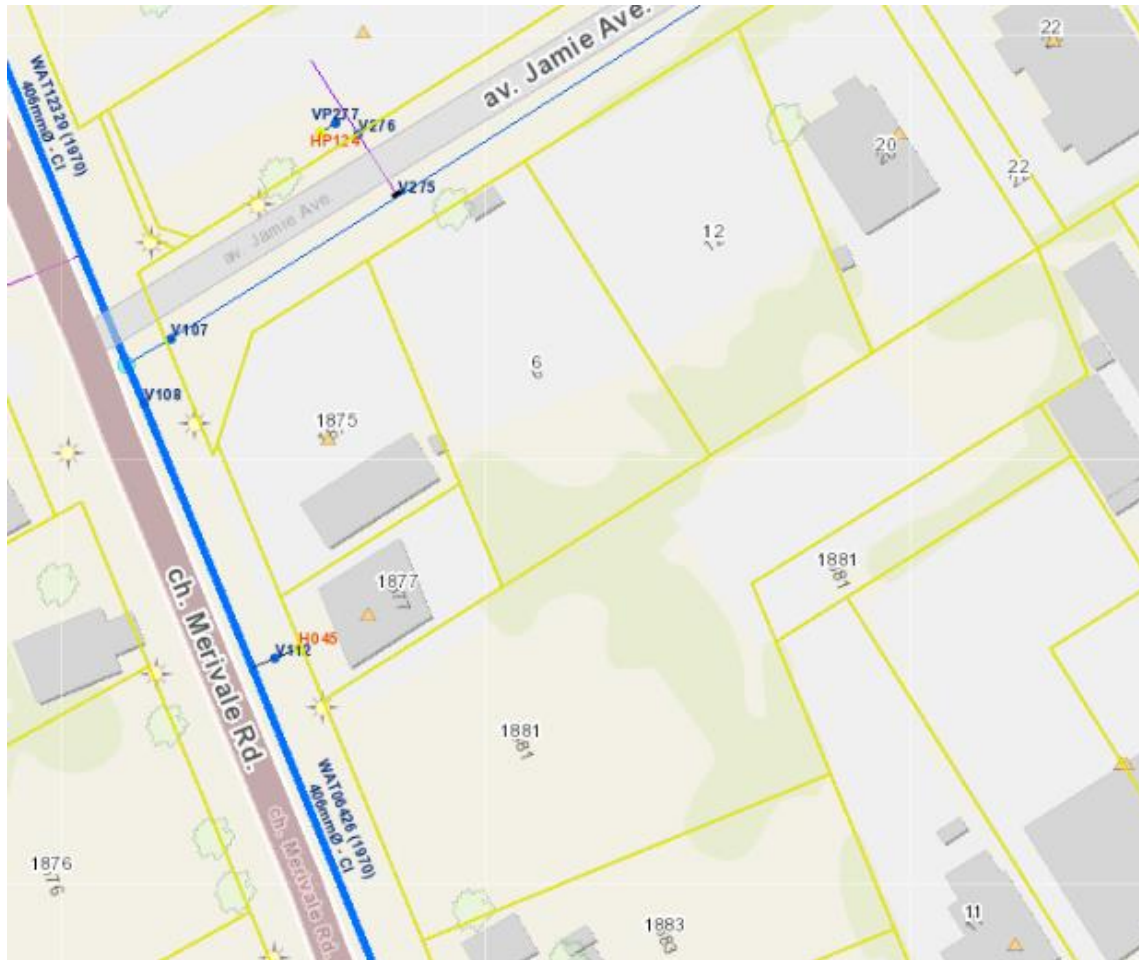
1. Available Watermains – Jamie Ave: 305mm DI (1976); Merivale Rd: 406mm CI (1970)

    a. Backbone watermain on Merivale Rd fronts property. Connection to this main is not permitted as there is a local main available on Jamie Ave

    b. Per WDG 4.3.1, where basic demand is greater than 50 m3/day, there shall be a minimum of two water services, separated by an isolation valve, to avoid creation of vulnerable service area

    c. Per WDG 4.4.7.2, District Meter Area (DMA) Chamber is required for services greater than 150mm in diameter

    d. Assess hydrant capacity to ensure Required Fire Flow can be achieved and include hydrant coverage map/analysis in servicing report

    e. Demonstrate that adequate pressure is available throughout the distribution network on site through hydraulic watermain analysis

2. Boundary Conditions: Request prior to first submission. Contact assigned City Infrastructure Project Manager with the following information:

   a. Location of service(s)

   b. Type of development and Required Fire Flow

   c. Average Daily Demand (l/s)

   d. Maximum Hourly Demand (l/s)

   e. Maximum Daily Demand (l/s)

   *Note that requests for boundary conditions can take up to three weeks to process internally.

Infrastructure – Sanitary

3. Available Sanitary: Jamie Ave: 250mm PVC (1980); Merivale Rd: 450mm CONC (1966)

   a. As per the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, Section 4.4.4.7, a monitoring maintenance hole is required just inside the property line for all non-

residential and multi-residential building connections from a private sewer to a public sewer. See Sewer Use By-Law 2003-514(14).

b. Connection to the local main on Jamie Ave is preferred to limit road cuts on arterial roads (Merivale)

c. For rigid mains, where service lateral connection is greater than 50% of the diameter of the main sewer, a maintenance hole will be required at the connection

Infrastructure – Storm

4. Available Storm: Jamie Ave: 450mm CONC (1981); Merivale Rd: 450mm CONC

a. Connection to the local main on Jamie Ave is preferred to limit road cuts on arterial roads (Merivale)

b. As per the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, a monitoring maintenance hole is required just inside the property line for all non-residential and multi-residential building connections from a private sewer to a public sewer.

Stormwater Management

5. Quantity Control:

   a. Control the 100-yr event to the 5-year event

   b. Runoff coefficient (c)=0.5 or C=pre-development, whichever is less

   c. Time of concentration (Tc): Calculated or minimum of Tc=10min

   d. As per Technical Bulletin ISTB-2016-01, there shall be no surface ponding on private parking areas during the 2-year storm rainfall event. Depending on the SWM strategy proposed, underground storage may be required

   e. If underground/inline stormwater storage is proposed, an average release rate equal to 50% of the determined peak allowable rate must be used. Otherwise, disregard the underground/inline storage as available storage or provide modeling to support the proposed design. The reasoning for this restriction is that the discharge rate at full storage is not representative of the discharge rate for more frequent storm events. Halving the discharge rate compensates for the inaccuracies of the modified rational method when underground storage is used.

   f. MECP ECA may be required for this development (Industrial Zoning). ECA will either be via Transfer of Review or Direct Submission. This can be determined at the time of Site Plan Application.

   g. MECP ECA may be required for drainage crossing property lines if these parcels will not be merged on title. This can be determined at the time of Site Plan Application.

   h. Comment on the need for MECP ECA approval within the Servicing/Stormwater Management Report.

   i. Provide both pre and post development stormwater management plans, showing individual drainage areas and their respective coefficients.

   j. Show overland flow route and limits of any proposed ponding on grading and SWM Plans.

   k. If roof storage is proposed, please provide a roof drainage plan showing the 5 and 100-year storm ponding levels. Include the roof drain type, opening settings, ponding depth, and flow rate.

   l. Roof drains to be connected downstream of any incorporated ICD within the SWM system.

    m. Where service lateral connection is greater than 50% of the diameter of the main sewer, a maintenance hole will be required at the connection.

6. Quality Control

    a. Please consult with the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) regarding water quality control restrictions for the subject site. Include correspondence in report.

Phase I and II ESA

7. Phase I ESA is a requirement; Phase II ESA requirement will be dependent on the result of the Phase I ESA.

8. Phase I ESA must include Ecolog ERIS Report.

9. Phase I ESAs and Phase II ESAs must conform to clause 4.8.4 of the Official Plan that requires that development applications conform to Ontario Regulation 153/04.

10. Phase I/II ESA to comment on the need for a Record of Site Condition for property development.

Geotechnical Investigation

11. Required for entire development area

12. Retaining walls greater than 1.0m must be designed by a Professional Engineer. Submit Engineered drawings for any retaining walls greater than 1.0 meters with application.

Exterior Lighting

13. If exterior light fixtures are proposed, provide a plan showing the location of all exterior fixtures and include a table providing fixture details (make, model, mounting heights). All external light fixtures must meet the criteria for full cut-off classification as recognized by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA or IES), resulting in minimal light spillage onto adjacent properties (as a guideline, 0.5 fc is normally the maximum allowable spillage). Provide certification from a relevant Professional Engineer.

Other

14. Connect to mains on Jamie Ave. Group services in common trench to minimize number of roadcuts.

15. The Servicing Study Guidelines for Development Applications are available at the following address: https://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/information-developers/development-application-review-process/development-application-submission/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans#servicing-study-guidelines-development-applications

16. Servicing and site works shall be in accordance with the following documents:

a. Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (October 2012) (including subsequent Technical Bulletins)

b. Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution (2010) (including subsequent Technical Bulletins)

c. Geotechnical Investigation and Reporting Guidelines for Development Applications in the City of Ottawa (2007)

d. Ottawa Standard Tender Documents (latest version)

17. Record drawings and utility plans are also available for purchase from the City (Contact the City's Information Centre by email at InformationCentre@ottawa.ca or by phone at (613) 580-2424 x.44455).

18. Any proposed work in utility easements requires written consent of easement owner.

19. All submitted report and plan pdf documents to be flattened and unsecured to allow for editing.

20. All documents prepared by Engineers shall be signed and dated on the seal.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me directly at Jessica.Valic@ottawa.ca.

Parks

1. Pursuant to Section 3 and Section 10 Parkland Dedication By-law 2009-05, as amended, cash-in-lieu (CIL) of parkland shall be paid at the time of Site Plan Control approval. Parks will collect cash-in-lieu of parkland at a rate of 2% of the value of area of the site to be developed.

2. The land valuation shall be determined as of the day before Site Plan Control approval and shall be at the cost of the Owner.

3. Parks and Facilities Planning is currently undertaking a legislated review for the replacement of the Parkland Dedication By-law, with the new by-law to be considered by City Council in early July 2022. To ensure you are aware of parkland dedication requirements for your proposed development, we encourage you to familiarize yourself with the existing Parkland Dedication By-law and to sign up for project notifications on the Engage Ottawa project page or by emailing the project lead at Kersten.Nitsche@ottawa.ca

Feel free to contact Louise Cerveny, Parks Planner, at Louise.Cerveny@ottawa.ca for follow-up questions.

<u>Forestry</u>

TCR requirements:

1. A Tree Conservation Report (TCR) must be supplied for review along with the suite of other plans/reports required by the City.

    a. an approved TCR is a requirement of Site Plan approval.

    b. The TCR may be combined with the LP provided all information is supplied.

2. Any removal of privately-owned trees 10cm or larger in diameter, or city-owned trees of any diameter requires a tree permit issued under the Tree Protection Bylaw (Bylaw 2020 – 340); the permit will be based on an approved TCR and made available at or near plan approval.

3. The Planning Forester from Planning and Growth Management as well as foresters from Forestry Services will review the submitted TCR.

    a. If tree removal is required, both municipal and privately-owned trees will be addressed in a single permit issued through the Planning Forester.

    b. Compensation may be required for city owned trees – if so, it will need to be paid prior to the release of the tree permit.

4. The TCR must list all trees on site, as well as off-site trees if the CRZ extends into the developed area, by species, diameter and health condition.

5. Please identify trees by ownership – private onsite, private on adjoining site, city owned, co-owned (trees on a property line).

6. If trees are to be removed, the TCR must clearly show where they are, and document the reason they cannot be retained.

7. All retained trees must be shown, and all retained trees within the area impacted by the development process must be protected as per City guidelines available at Tree Protection Specification or by searching Ottawa.ca.

    a. The location of tree protection fencing must be shown on the plan.

    b. Show the critical root zone of the retained trees.

    c. If excavation will occur within the critical root zone, please show the limits of excavation.

8. The City encourages the retention of healthy trees; if possible, please seek opportunities for retention of trees that will contribute to the design/function of the site.

For more information on the process or help with tree retention options, contact Mark Richardson mark.richardson@ottawa.ca or on City of Ottawa

Landscape Plan Tree Planting Requirements:

9. Minimum Setbacks

    a. Maintain 1.5m from sidewalk or MUP/cycle track or water service laterals.

    b. Maintain 2.5m from curb

    c. Coniferous species require a minimum 4.5m setback from curb, sidewalk or MUP/cycle track/pathway.

    d. Maintain 7.5m between large growing trees, and 4m between small growing trees. Park or open space planting should consider 10m spacing, except where otherwise approved in naturalization / afforestation areas. Adhere to Ottawa Hydro's planting guidelines (species and setbacks) when planting around overhead primary conductors.

10. Tree specifications

    a. Minimum stock size: 50mm tree caliper for deciduous, 200cm height for coniferous.

    b. Maximize the use of large deciduous species wherever possible to maximize future canopy coverage

    c. Tree planting on city property shall be in accordance with the City of Ottawa's Tree Planting Specification; and include watering and warranty as described in the specification (can be provided by Forestry Services).

    d. Plant native trees whenever possible

    e. No root barriers, dead-man anchor systems, or planters are permitted.

    f. No tree stakes unless necessary (and only 1 on the prevailing winds side of the tree)

11. Hard surface planting

    a. Curb style planter is highly recommended

    b. No grates are to be used and if guards are required, City of Ottawa standard (which can be provided) shall be used.

    c. Trees are to be planted at grade

12. Soil Volume

    a. Please document on the LP that adequate soil volumes can be met:

Tree Type/Size	Single Tree Soil Volume (m3)	Multiple Tree Soil Volume (m3/tree)
Ornamental	15	9
Columnar	15	9
Small	20	12
Medium	25	15
Large	30	18
Conifer	25	15

*Please note that these soil volumes are not applicable in cases with Sensitive Marine Clay.

13. Sensitive Marine Clay

    a. Please follow the City's 2017 Tree Planting in Sensitive Marine Clay guidelines

14. Tree Canopy Cover

    a. The landscape plan shall show how the proposed tree planting will replace and increase canopy cover on the site over time, to support the City's 40% urban forest canopy cover target.

    b. At a site level, efforts shall be made to provide as much canopy cover as possible, through tree planting and tree retention, with an aim of 40% canopy cover at 40 years, as appropriate.

    c. Indicate on the plan the projected future canopy cover at 40 years for the site.

For additional information on the landscape plan tree planting requirements, please contact tracy.smith@Ottawa.ca.

City Surveyor

1. The determination of property boundaries, minimum setbacks and other regulatory constraints are a critical component of development. An Ontario Land Surveyor (O.L.S.) needs to be consulted at the outset of a project to ensure properties are properly defined and can be used as the geospatial framework for the development.

2. Topographic details may also be required for a project and should be either carried out by the O.L.S. that has provided the Legal Survey or done in consultation with the O.L.S. to ensure that the project is integrated to the appropriate control network.

Questions regarding the above requirements can be directed to the City's Surveyor, Bill Harper, at Bill.Harper@ottawa.ca

Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA)

The RVCA has no objections and the following comment:

1. Enhanced Water quality protection is demonstrated either through on-site controls or confirmation of water quality being achieved through downstream municipal infrastructure. Please include in the SWM report how water quality is being achieved.

Other

1. Plans are to be standard A1 size (594 mm x 841 mm) sheets, utilizing an appropriate Metric scale (1:200, 1:250, 1:300, 1:400 or 1:500).

2. All PDF submitted documents are to be unlocked and flattened.

3. You are encouraged to contact the Ward Councillor, Councillor Keith Egli, at Keith.Egli@ottawa.ca about the proposal.

TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN OF
LOTS 2 AND 3
REGISTERED PLAN 564563
PART OF LOT 28 CONCESSION A (RF)
PART OF CLARKE ROAD &
PEDLEY STREET (AS CLOSE BY INST NP51189)
REGISTERED PLAN 382
PART OF LOTS 76, 77, 82, 93, 94,
95, 96 & 97
LOTS 78, 79, 80 & 81
REGISTERED PLAN 382
PART OF LOT 2
REGISTERED PLAN 459792
CITY OF OTTAWA

SCALE 1 : 250

0   5   10   20   25 metres
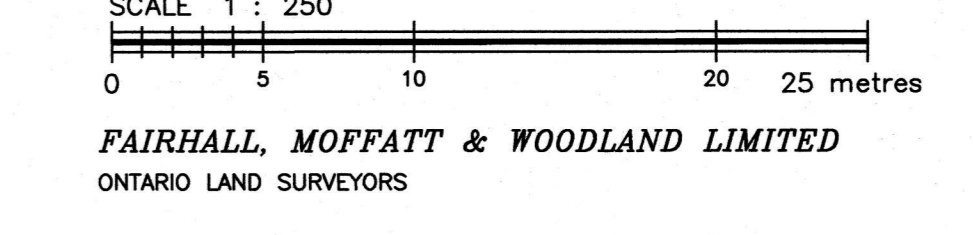
FAIRHALL, MOFFATT & WOODLAND LIMITED
ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS
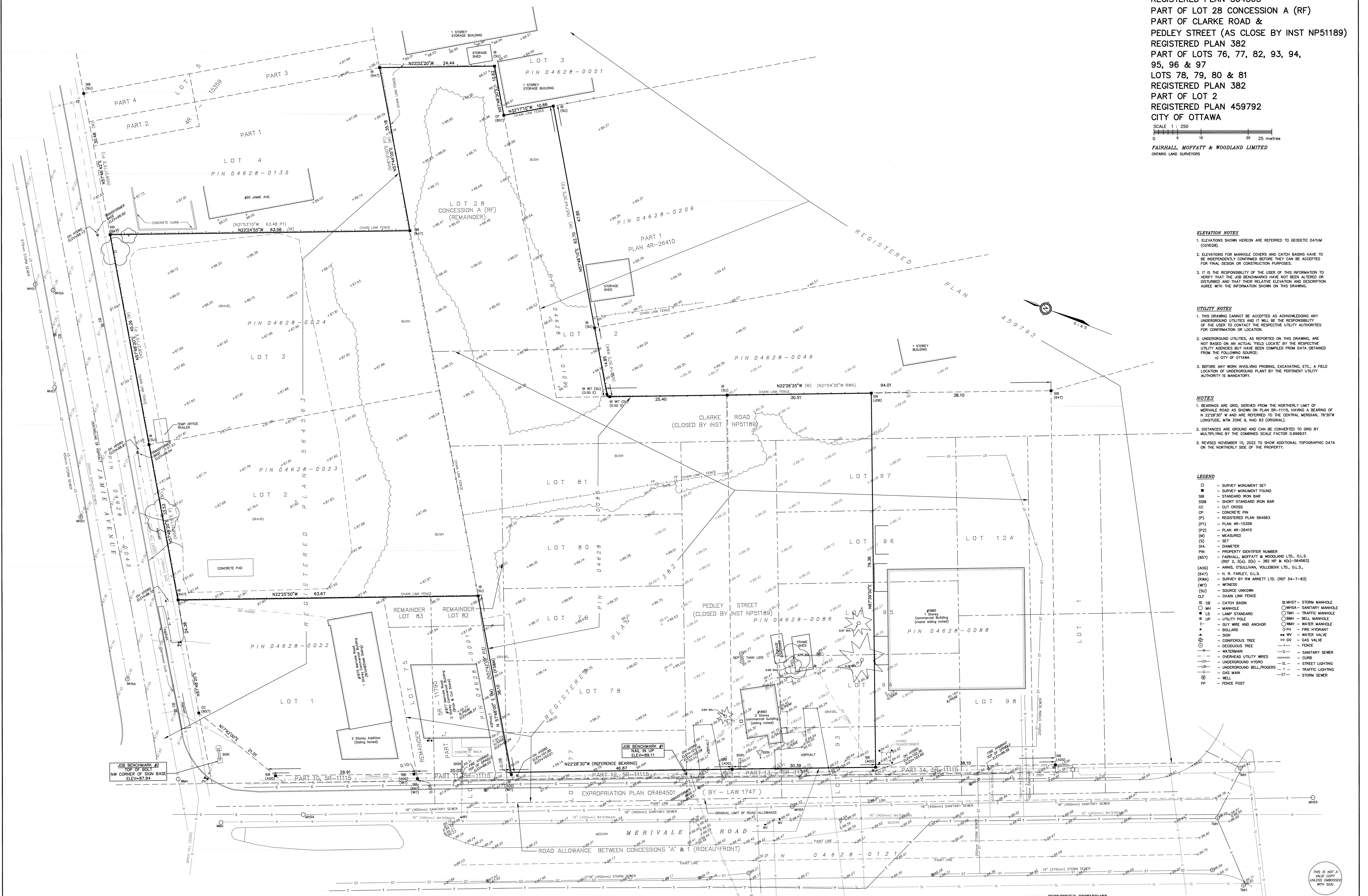
ELEVATION NOTES

1. ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERRED TO GEODETIC DATUM (CGVD28).

2. ELEVATIONS FOR MANHOLE COVERS AND CATCH BASINS HAVE TO BE INDEPENDENTLY CONFIRMED BEFORE THEY CAN BE ACCEPTED FOR FINAL DESIGN OR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES.

3. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER OF THIS INFORMATION TO VERIFY THAT THE JOB BENCHMARKS HAVE NOT BEEN ALTERED OR DISTURBED AND THAT THE RELATIVE ELEVATION AND DESCRIPTION AGREE WITH THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.

UTILITY NOTES

1. THIS DRAWING CANNOT BE ACCEPTED AS ACKNOWLEDGING ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO CONTACT THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY AUTHORITIES FOR CONFIRMATION OR LOCATION.

2. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, AS REPORTED ON THIS DRAWING, ARE NOT BASED ON AN ACTUAL FIELD LOCATE BY THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY AGENCIES BUT HAVE BEEN COMPILED FROM DATA OBTAINED FROM THE FOLLOWING SOURCE:
   a) CITY OF OTTAWA

3. BEFORE ANY WORK INVOLVING PROBING, EXCAVATING, ETC., A FIELD LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND PLANT BY THE PERTINENT UTILITY AUTHORITY IS MANDATORY.

NOTES

1. BEARINGS ARE GRID, DERIVED FROM THE NORTHERLY LIMIT OF MERIVALE ROAD AS SHOWN ON PLAN 5R-11115, HAVING A BEARING OF N 22°28'30" W AND ARE REFERRED TO THE CENTRAL MERIDIAN, 76°30'W LONGITUDE, WTM ZONE 9, NAD 83 (ORIGINAL).

2. DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR 0.999937.

3. REVISED NOVEMBER 15, 2022 TO SHOW ADDITIONAL TOPOGRAPHIC DATA ON THE NORTHERLY SIDE OF THE PROPERTY.

LEGEND

□ — SURVEY MONUMENT SET
■ — SURVEY MONUMENT FOUND
SIB — STANDARD IRON BAR
SSIB — SHORT STANDARD IRON BAR
CC — CUT CROSS
CP — CONCRETE PIN
(P) — REGISTERED PLAN 564563
(P1) — PLAN 4R-15359
(P2) — PLAN 4R-26410
(M) — MEASURED
(S) — SET
DIA. — DIAMETER
PIN — PROPERTY IDENTIFIER NUMBER
(857) — FAIRHALL, MOFFATT & WOODLAND LTD., O.L.S. (REF 2, 2(a), 2(b) — 382 NP & 4(a)-564563)
(647) — H. R. FARLEY, O.L.S.
(AOG) — ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN, VOLLEBEKK LTD., O.L.S.
(RWA) — SURVEY BY RW ARNETT LTD. (REF 54-7-83)
(SU) — SOURCE UNKOWN
(WIT) — WITNESS
CLF — CHAIN LINK FENCE
⊞ CB — CATCH BASIN
◉ MH — MANHOLE
LS — LAMP STANDARD
UP — UTILITY POLE
● — BOLLARD
⊢ — GUY WIRE AND ANCHOR
⊕ — SIGN
♣ — CONIFEROUS TREE
✿ — DECIDUOUS TREE
—W— — WATERMAIN
—UH— — OVERHEAD UTILITY WIRES
—UB— — UNDERGROUND BELL/ROGERS
—G— — GAS MAIN
⊙ — WELL
FP — FENCE POST
▣ MHST — STORM MANHOLE
○ MHSA — SANITARY MANHOLE
○ TMH — TRAFFIC MANHOLE
○ BMH — BELL MANHOLE
○ WMH — WATER MANHOLE
○ FH — FIRE HYDRANT
⋈ WV — WATER VALVE
⋈ GV — GAS VALVE
—— — FENCE
—S— — SANITARY SEWER
—SL— — CURB
—SL— — STREET LIGHTING
—T— — TRAFFIC LIGHTING
—ST— — STORM SEWER

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

I CERTIFY THAT:

1. THIS SURVEY AND PLAN ARE CORRECT AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SURVEYS ACT, THE SURVEYORS ACT, THE LAND TITLES ACT AND THE REGULATIONS MADE UNDER THEM.

2. THE SURVEY WAS COMPLETED ON OCTOBER 26, 2022.

JOHN K. GUTRI
ONTARIO LAND SURVEYOR

Fairhall Moffatt & Woodland LIMITED
ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS
Surveying and Land Information Services

JOB No. AC21300
E365796, N5022030
REFERENCE No. 4(a) - 382 NP

JAMIE AVENUE

NEW ASPHALT SIDEWALK TO
MATCH EXISTING SECTION
IMMEDIATELY WEST

POURED CONCRETE
WALKWAY

EXTEND EXISTING 2.0m ASPHALT SIDEWALK

45.26m N57°48'20"E

33.53m N57°48'20"E

MIN. 3m BUILDING SETBACK

10

POURED
CONCRETE CURB

ASPHALT
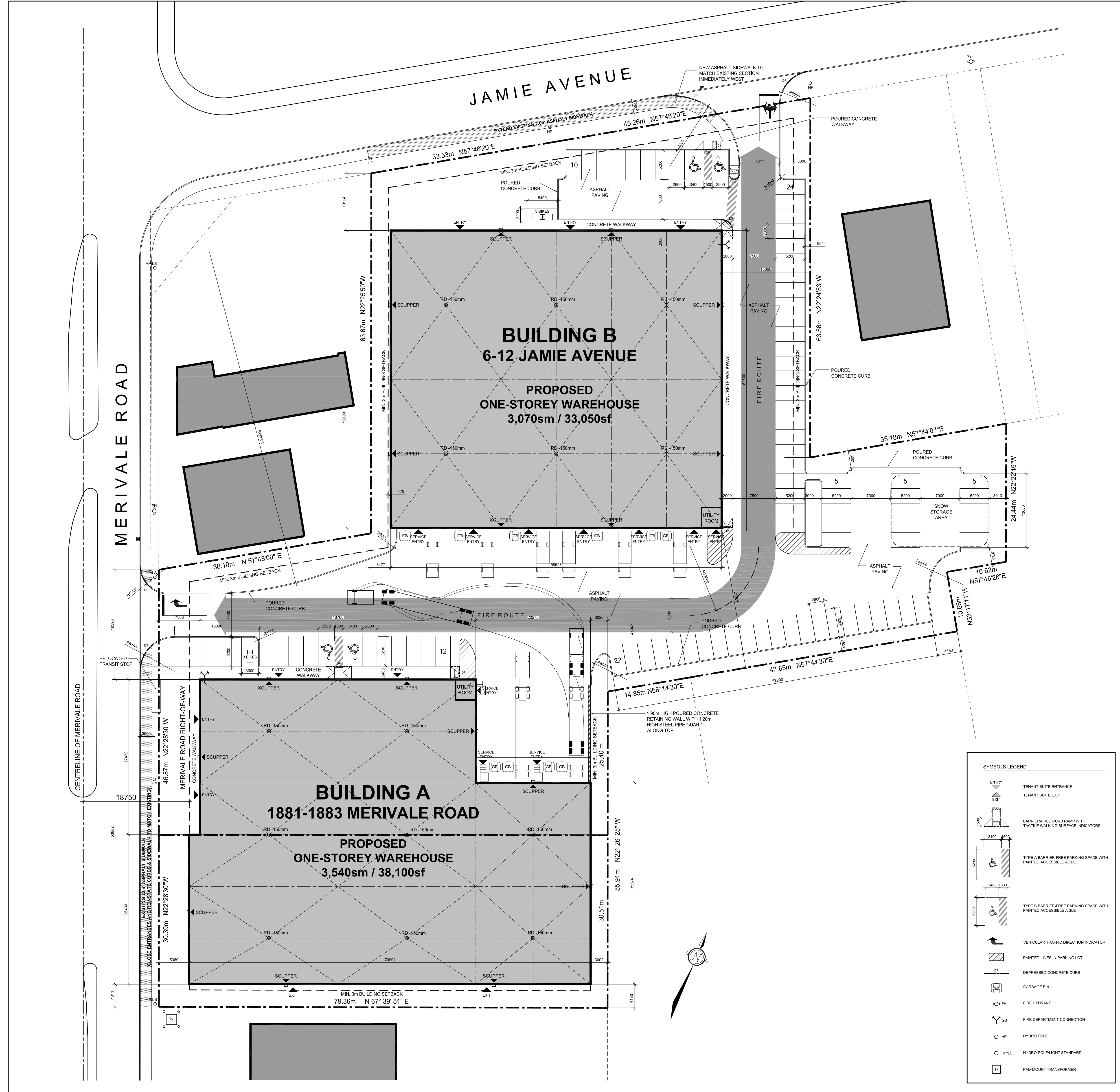PAVING

3 BIKES

CONCRETE WALKWAY

ENTRY   ENTRY   ENTRY

SCUPPER   SCUPPER

24

POURED CONCRETE
WALKWAY

BUILDING B
6-12 JAMIE AVENUE

PROPOSED
ONE-STOREY WAREHOUSE
3,070sm / 33,050sf

ASPHALT
PAVING

FIRE ROUTE

POURED CONCRETE
CURB

MERIVALE ROAD

RD -150mm   RD -150mm   RD -150mm

SCUPPER   SCUPPER

35.18m N57°44'07"E

POURED
CONCRETE CURB

SNOW
STORAGE
AREA

SCUPPER   SCUPPER

UTILITY
ROOM

SERVICE   SERVICE   SERVICE   SERVICE   SERVICE   SERVICE
ENTRY   ENTRY   ENTRY   ENTRY   ENTRY   ENTRY

10.62m N57°48'28"E

ASPHALT
PAVING

FIRE ROUTE

POURED
CONCRETE CURB

ASPHALT
PAVING

RELOCATED
TRANSIT STOP

3 BIKES

12

ENTRY   CONCRETE
WALKWAY

UTILITY
ROOM   SERVICE
ENTRY

47.85m N57°44'30"E

14.85m N58°14'30"E

22

CENTRELINE OF MERIVALE ROAD

MERIVALE ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY

18750

ENTRY   CONCRETE
WALKWAY

SCUPPER   SCUPPER

1.90m HIGH POURED CONCRETE
RETAINING WALL WITH 1.20m
HIGH STEEL PIPE GUARD
ALONG TOP

SERVICE   SERVICE
ENTRY   ENTRY

BUILDING A
1881-1883 MERIVALE ROAD

PROPOSED
ONE-STOREY WAREHOUSE
3,540sm / 38,100sf

RD -180mm   RD -150mm

RD -180mm   RD -150mm

SCUPPER

SCUPPER

EXISTING 2.0m ASPHALT SIDEWALK
(CLOSE ENTRANCES AND REINSTATE CURBS & SIDEWALK TO MATCH EXISTING)

79.36m N 67° 39' 51" E

MIN. 3m BUILDING SETBACK

EXIT   EXIT

SYMBOLS LEGEND

ENTRY	TENANT SUITE ENTRANCE
EXIT	TENANT SUITE EXIT
	BARRIER-FREE CURB RAMP WITH TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATORS
	TYPE A BARRIER-FREE PARKING SPACE WITH PAINTED ACCESSIBLE AISLE
	TYPE B BARRIER-FREE PARKING SPACE WITH PAINTED ACCESSIBLE AISLE
	VEHICULAR TRAFFIC DIRECTION INDICATOR
	PAINTED LINES IN PARKING LOT
DF	DEPRESSED CONCRETE CURB
	GARBAGE BIN
FH	FIRE HYDRANT
GB	FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION
HP	HYDRO POLE
HP/LS	HYDRO POLE/LIGHT STANDARD
Tx	PAD-MOUNT TRANSFORMER

SITE INFORMATION

SITE AREA: 13,999 m²

BUILDING DATA

AREA CALCULATIONS:

Gross Floor Area:
Building A: 3,540sm (38,100sf)
Building B: 3,070sm (33,050sf)
Total: 6,610sm (71,150sf)

ZONING

DESIGNATION: IG - GENERAL INDUSTRIAL ZONE

PERMITTED NON RESIDENTIAL USES SECTION 199:

- Light Industrial Uses
- Medical Facility
- Office
- Parking Garage
- Parking Lot
- Research and Development Centre
- Service and Repair Shop
- Storage Yard
- Technology Industry
- Training Centre
- Warehouse

NOTE: Accessory display and sales areas within the same
building must not exceed 25% of the gross floor area.

Uses Permitted up to 300sm each without exceeding 2,999sm
total:

- Animal care establishment
- Automotive dealership or rental establishment
- Automotive service station gas bar or car wash
- Bank or bank machine
- Bar
- Convenience store
- Instructional facility
- Payday loan establishment
- Personal services business
- Post office
- Recreational and athletic facility
- Restaurant

FSI - TABLE 199:
Maximum Permitted: 2.0 (28,226sm / 303,820sf)
Provided: 0.5 (6,610sm / 71,150sf)

SETBACKS - TABLE 199:
Front & Corner Yard: 3.0m
Interior Side Yard: 3.0m
Rear Side Yard: 3.0m

BUILDING HEIGHT - TABLE 199:
Maximum Permitted: 22.0m
Provided: 9.6m

MINIMUM WIDTH OF LANDSCAPED AREA TABLE 199:
Abutting a Street: 3.0m
Abutting a Residential Zone: 3.0m
All Other Cases: No minimum

PARKING Section 101
MINIMUM REQUIRED: 53
(WAREHOUSE .8/100sm OF GFA)
PROVIDED: 83 (INCL. 4 BARR-FREE)

ARNON

North
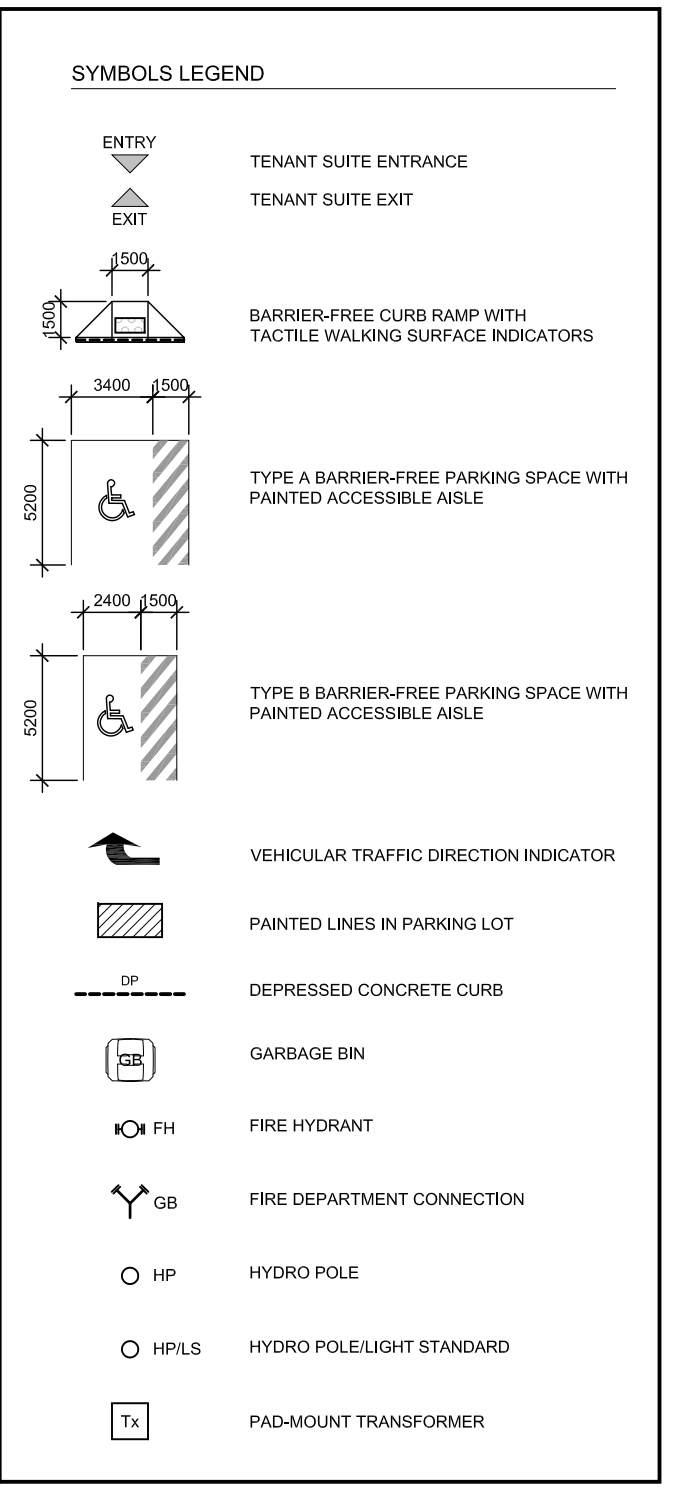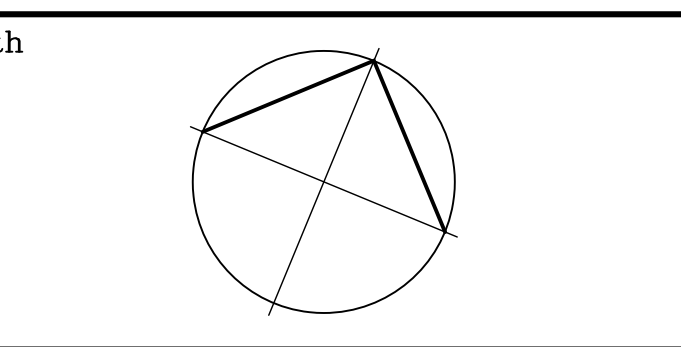
Revisions

No.	By	Description	Date
01	NH	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	2022/09/09
02	NH	REV. FOR COORDINATION	2022/10/06
03	NH	REV. FOR COORDINATION	2022/12/08
04	NH	REV. FOR COORDINATION	2023/01/27
05	NH	ISSUED FOR SPA	2023/02/15
06	NH	REVISED FOR SPA	2023/05/09
08	NH	REVISED FOR SPA	2023/05/16
07	NH	REVISED FOR SPA	2023/05/30
08	NH	REVISED FOR SPA	2023/08/04

Project

**MERIVALE ROAD
INDUSTRIAL
DEVELOPMENT**

1881-1883 MERIVALE ROAD
6-12 JAMIE AVENUE

Drawing

SITE PLAN

Scale   Stamp
AS NOTED

Drawn
JAS

Checked

DAVID S. McROBIE
LICENCE
2880

Project No.   Drawing No.
19-120

Date   **SP-A01**
SEPT. 2022

PLAN NO.

28 X 40 — PLOT ISO B1

APPENDIX C
WATERMAIN CALCULATIONS

MCINTOSH PERRY

McINTOSH PERRY

CCO-23-1150 - 1881 Merivale - Water Demands

Project:	1881 Merivale
Project No.:	CCO-23-1150
Designed By:	RRR
Checked By:	AJG
Date:	August 16, 2023
Site Area:	1.40 gross ha

Residential	NUMBER OF UNITS		UNIT RATE	
Single Family		homes	3.4	persons/unit
Semi-detached		homes	2.7	persons/unit
Townhouse		homes	2.7	persons/unit
Bachelor Apartment		units	1.4	persons/unit
1 Bedroom Apartment		units	1.4	persons/unit
2 Bedroom Apartment		units	2.1	persons/unit
3 Bedroom Apartment		units	3.1	persons/unit
Average Apartment		units	1.8	persons/unit

Total Population   0 persons

Commercial		m2
Industrial - Light	13998	m2
Industrial - Heavy		m2

AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND

DEMAND TYPE	AMOUNT	UNITS
Residential	280	L/c/d
Industrial - Light	35,000	L/gross ha/d
Industrial - Heavy	55,000	L/gross ha/d
Shopping Centres	2,500	L/(1000m² /d
Hospital	900	L/(bed/day)
Schools	70	L/(Student/d)
Trailer Park with no Hook-Ups	340	L/(space/d)
Trailer Park with Hook-Ups	800	L/(space/d)
Campgrounds	225	L/(campsite/d)
Mobile Home Parks	1,000	L/(Space/d)
Motels	150	L/(bed-space/d)
Hotels	225	L/(bed-space/d)
Tourist Commercial	28,000	L/gross ha/d
Other Commercial	28,000	L/gross ha/d
AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND	Residential	0.00	L/s
	Commercial/Industrial/ Institutional	0.57	L/s

McINTOSH PERRY

MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND

DEMAND TYPE	AMOUNT		UNITS
Residential	9.5	x avg. day	L/c/d
Industrial	1.5	x avg. day	L/gross ha/d
Commercial	1.5	x avg. day	L/gross ha/d
Institutional	1.5	x avg. day	L/gross ha/d
MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND	Residential	0.00	L/s
	Commercial/Industrial/ Institutional	0.85	L/s

MAXIMUM HOUR DEMAND

DEMAND TYPE	AMOUNT		UNITS
Residential	14.3	x avg. day	L/c/d
Industrial	1.8	x max. day	L/gross ha/d
Commercial	1.8	x max. day	L/gross ha/d
Institutional	1.8	x max. day	L/gross ha/d
MAXIMUM HOUR DEMAND	Residential	0.00	L/s
	Commercial/Industrial/ Institutional	1.53	L/s

WATER DEMAND DESIGN FLOWS PER UNIT COUNT
CITY OF OTTAWA - WATER DISTRIBUTION GUIDELINES, JULY 2010

AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND	0.57	L/s
MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND	0.85	L/s
MAXIMUM HOUR DEMAND	1.53	L/s

_____

115 Walgreen Road, R.R.3. Carp, ON K0A 1L0 | T. 613-836-2184 | F. 613-836-3742
info@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

CCO-23-1150 - 1881 Merivale - Fire Underwriters Survey Building A

Project:	1881 Merivale
Project No.:	CCO-23-1150
Designed By:	RRR
Checked By:	AJG
Date:	August 16, 2023

From the Fire Underwriters Survey (2020)

From Part II – Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flow Copyright I.S.O.:
City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 Applied Where Applicable

A. BASE REQUIREMENT (Rounded to the nearest 1000 L/min)

F = 220 x C x √A Where:
F = Required fire flow in liters per minute
C = Coefficient related to the type of construction.
A = The total floor area in square meters (including all storey's, but excluding basements at least 50 percent below grade) in the building being considered.

Construction Type Ordinary Construction

C	1	A	3,540.0 m^2	
Total Floor Area (per the 2020 FUS Page 20 - Total Effective Area)			3,540.0 m^2	*Unprotected Vertical Openings*

Calculated Fire Flow	13,089.5 L/min
	13,000.0 L/min

B. REDUCTION FOR OCCUPANCY TYPE (No Rounding)

From Page 24 of the Fire Underwriters Survey:
Combustible   0%

Fire Flow	13,000.0 L/min

C. REDUCTION FOR SPRINKLER TYPE (No Rounding)

Fully Supervised Sprinklered   -50%

Reduction	-6,500.0 L/min

D. INCREASE FOR EXPOSURE (No Rounding)

	Separation Distance (m)	Cons.of Exposed Wall	Length Exposed Adjacent Wall (m)	Height (Stories)	Length-Height Factor	
Exposure 1	20.1 to 30	Ordinary - Mass Timber (Protected)	60	1	60.0	0%
Exposure 2	20.1 to 30	Ordinary - Mass Timber (Unprotected)	30	2	60.0	2%
Exposure 3	3.1 to 10	Ordinary - Mass Timber (Protected)	28	1	28.0	4%
Exposure 4	Over 30 m	Wood frame	20	1	20.0	0%
					% Increase*	6%

Increase*	780.0 L/min

E. Total Fire Flow (Rounded to the Nearest 1000 L/min)

Fire Flow	7,280.0 L/min
Fire Flow Required**	7,000.0 L/min

*In accordance with Part II, Section 4, the Increase for separation distance is not to exceed 75%

**In accordance with Section 4 the Fire flow is not to exceed 45,000 L/min or be less than 2,000 L/min

McINTOSH PERRY

CCO-23-1150 - 1881 Merivale - Fire Underwriters Survey Building B

Project:	1881 Merivale
Project No.:	CCO-23-1150
Designed By:	RRR
Checked By:	AJG
Date:	August 16, 2023

From the Fire Underwriters Survey (2020)

From Part II – Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flow Copyright I.S.O.:
City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02 Applied Where Applicable

A. BASE REQUIREMENT (Rounded to the nearest 1000 L/min)

$F = 220 \times C \times \sqrt{A}$ Where:

F = Required fire flow in liters per minute

C = Coefficient related to the type of construction.

A = The total floor area in square meters (including all storey's, but excluding basements at least 50 percent below grade) in the building being considered.

Construction Type **Ordinary Construction**

C	1	A	3,070.0 m²

Total Floor Area (per the 2020 FUS Page 20 - Total Effective Area)   3,070.0 m²   *Unprotected Vertical Openings*

Calculated Fire Flow	12,189.7 L/min
	12,000.0 L/min

B. REDUCTION FOR OCCUPANCY TYPE (No Rounding)

From Page 24 of the Fire Underwriters Survey:

Combustible   0%

Fire Flow	12,000.0 L/min

C. REDUCTION FOR SPRINKLER TYPE (No Rounding)

Fully Supervised Sprinklered   -50%

Reduction	-6,000.0 L/min

D. INCREASE FOR EXPOSURE (No Rounding)

	Separation Distance (m)	Cons.of Exposed Wall	Length Exposed Adjacent Wall (m)	Height (Stories)	Length-Height Factor	
Exposure 1	Over 30 m	Fire Resistive - Non Combustible (Unprotected Openings)	90	1	90.0	0%
Exposure 2	20.1 to 30	Ordinary - Mass Timber (Unprotected)	23	2	46.0	2%
Exposure 3	20.1 to 30	Ordinary - Mass Timber (Unprotected)	50	1	50.0	2%
Exposure 4	10.1 to 20	Ordinary - Mass Timber (Unprotected)	10	1	10.0	5%
					% Increase*	9%

Increase*	1,080.0 L/min

E. Total Fire Flow (Rounded to the Nearest 1000 L/min)

Fire Flow	7,080.0 L/min
Fire Flow Required**	7,000.0 L/min

*In accordance with Part II, Section 4, the Increase for separation distance is not to exceed 75%

**In accordance with Section 4 the Fire flow is not to exceed 45,000 L/min or be less than 2,000 L/min

McINTOSH PERRY

CCO-23-1150 - 1881 Merivale - Boundary Condition Unit Conversion

Project:	1881 Merivale
Project No.:	CCO-23-1150
Designed By:	RRR
Checked By:	AJG
Date:	August 16, 2023

Boundary Conditions Unit Conversion

Jamie Ave

Scenario	Height (m)	Elevation (m)	m H$_2$O	PSI	kPa
Avg. DD	132.8	87.3	45.5	64.7	446.4
Fire Flow (116.67L/s)	127.7	87.3	40.4	57.5	396.3
Peak Hour	124.9	87.3	37.6	53.5	368.9

CCO-23-1150 - 1881 Merivale - Model Output

Project:	1881 Merivale
Project No.:	CCO-21-2955
Designed By:	RRR
Checked By:	R.D.F.
Date:	August 16, 2023

MODEL INPUTS

Flow Units	L/s
Headloss Formula	H-W
Specific Gravity	1.0
Accuracy	0.001
Demand Multiplier	1.0
Maximum Fire Flow (L/s)	116.7

MODEL LOSSES

Standard Tee - Flow through run	0.6
Standard Tee - Flow through branch	1.8
45 Degree Elbow	0.4
Long Radius Elbow	0.6
Short Radius Elbow	0.9
Gate valve, fully open	0.2
Swing check valve, fully open	2.5

MODEL RESULTS

Junctions	Average Daily Demand (kPa)	Maximum Daily Demand + Fire Flow (kPa)	Peak Hourly Demand (kPa)
J1	468.05	354.91	468.05
J2	464.81	351.67	464.72
BLDA	464.81	351.67	464.72
BLDB	460.70	347.56	460.50
H1	442.66	219.61	442.66

Junctions	Average Daily Demand (m)	Maximum Daily Demand + Fire Flow (m)	Peak Hourly Demand (m)
J1	47.74	36.20	47.74
J2	47.41	35.87	47.40
BLDA	47.41	35.87	47.40
BLDB	46.99	35.45	46.97
H1	45.15	22.40	45.15

EPANET WATER MODEL
AVERAGE DAY SCENARIO

McINTOSH PERRY

AVERGAE DAY SCENARIO
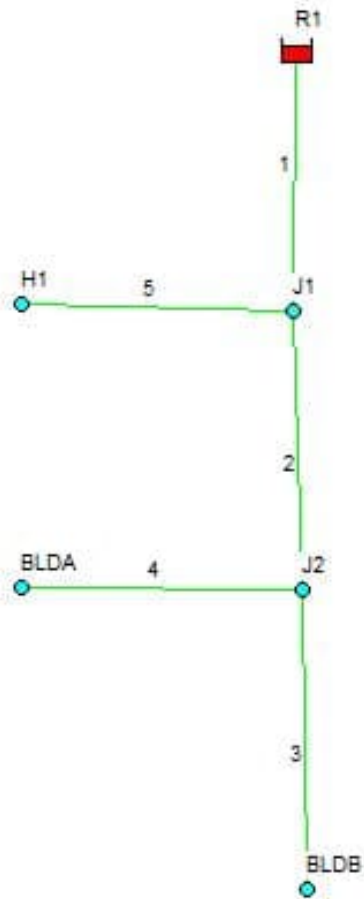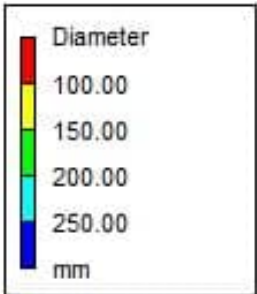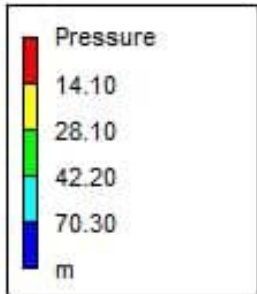
Pressure
14.10
28.10
42.20
70.30
m

Diameter
100.00
150.00
200.00
250.00
mm

R1

1

H1   5   J1

2

BLDA   4   J2

3

BLDB

AVG DAY = 0.57 L/s

PEAK HOUR = 1.53 L/s

MAX DAY + FIRE FLOW = 117.51 L/s

```
******************************************************************
*                        E P A N E T                            *
*                 Hydraulic and Water Quality                   *
*                 Analysis for Pipe Networks                    *
*                       Version 2.2                             *
******************************************************************
```

Input File: CCO-23-1150.net

Link - Node Table:

```
------------------------------------------------------------------
Link         Start          End              Length  Diameter
ID           Node           Node                  m        mm
------------------------------------------------------------------
1            R1             J1                13.84       150
2            J1             J2                 67.3       150
3            J2             BLDB               68.8       150
4            J2             BLDA                1.9       150
5            J1             H1                  4.9       150
```

Node Results:

```
------------------------------------------------------------------
Node          Demand      Head   Pressure   Quality
ID              LPS         m          m
------------------------------------------------------------------
J1             0.00     132.80     47.74      0.00
J2             0.00     132.80     47.41      0.00
BLDA           0.00     132.80     47.41      0.00
BLDB           0.57     132.80     46.99      0.00
H1             0.00     132.80     45.15      0.00
R1            -0.57     132.80      0.00      0.00 Reservoir
```

Link Results:

```
------------------------------------------------------------------
Link          Flow  VelocityUnit Headloss    Status
ID             LPS      m/s       m/km
------------------------------------------------------------------
1             0.57     0.03       0.03        Open
2             0.57     0.03       0.02        Open
3             0.57     0.03       0.02        Open
4             0.00     0.00       0.00        Open
5             0.00     0.00       0.00        Open
```

EPANET WATER MODEL
MAX DAY + FIRE FLOW SCENARIO

McINTOSH PERRY

MAX DAILY & FIRE FLOW SCENARIO
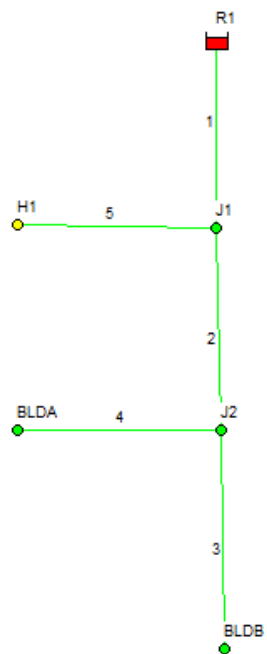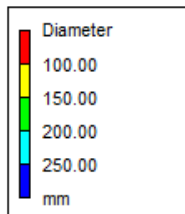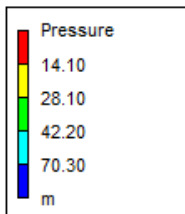
Pressure
14.10
28.10
42.20
70.30
m

Diameter
100.00
150.00
200.00
250.00
mm

R1

1

H1   5   J1

2

BLDA   4   J2

3

BLDB

AVG DAY = 0.57 L/s

PEAK HOUR = 1.53 L/s

MAX DAY + FIRE FLOW = 117.51 L/s

```
*****************************************************************
*                      E P A N E T                            *
*              Hydraulic and Water Quality                    *
*              Analysis for Pipe Networks                     *
*                      Version 2.2                            *
*****************************************************************
```

Input File: CCO-23-1150_FIRE FLOW.net

Link - Node Table:

Link ID	Start Node	End Node	Length m	Diameter mm
1	R1	J1	13.84	150
2	J1	J2	67.3	150
3	J2	BLDB	68.8	150
4	J2	BLDA	1.9	150
5	J1	H1	4.9	150

Node Results:

Node ID	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Quality	
J1	0.00	121.26	36.20	0.00	
J2	0.00	121.26	35.87	0.00	
BLDA	0.00	121.26	35.87	0.00	
BLDB	0.85	121.26	35.45	0.00	
H1	116.66	110.05	22.40	0.00	
R1	-117.51	132.80	0.00	0.00	Reservoir

Link Results:

Link ID	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Unit Headloss m/km	Status
1	117.51	6.65	833.71	Open
2	0.85	0.05	0.04	Open
3	0.85	0.05	0.04	Open
4	0.00	0.00	0.00	Open
5	116.66	6.60	2288.97	Open

EPANET WATER MODEL
PEAK HOUR SCENARIO

McINTOSH PERRY

PEAK HOUR SCENARIO

Pressure
14.10
28.10
42.20
70.30
m

Diameter
100.00
150.00
200.00
250.00
mm

R1

1

H1   5   J1

2

BLDA   4   J2

3

BLDB

AVG DAY = 0.57 L/s

PEAK HOUR = 1.53 L/s

MAX DAY + FIRE FLOW = 117.51 L/s

```
**********************************************************************
*                          E P A N E T                             *
*                   Hydraulic and Water Quality                    *
*                   Analysis for Pipe Networks                     *
*                         Version 2.2                              *
**********************************************************************
```

Input File: CCO-23-1150_PEAKHOUR.net

Link - Node Table:

```
-------------------------------------------------------------------
Link          Start          End              Length  Diameter
ID            Node           Node                  m        mm
-------------------------------------------------------------------
1             R1             J1                13.84       150
2             J1             J2                67.3        150
3             J2             BLDB              68.8        150
4             J2             BLDA               1.9        150
5             J1             H1                 4.9        150
```
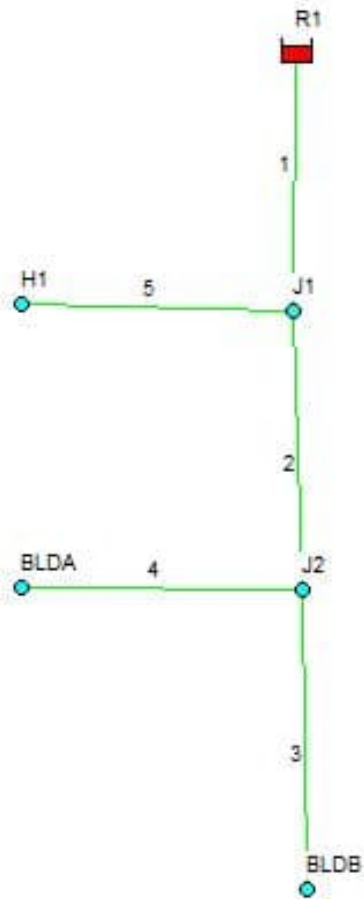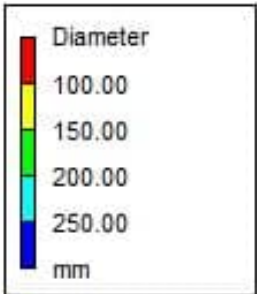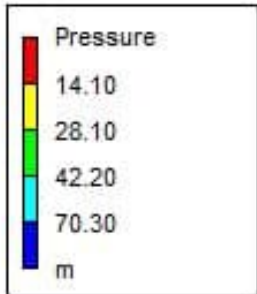
Node Results:

```
-------------------------------------------------------------------
Node          Demand      Head   Pressure   Quality
ID               LPS         m          m
-------------------------------------------------------------------
J1              0.00    132.80      47.74    0.00
J2              0.00    132.79      47.40    0.00
BLDA            0.00    132.79      47.40    0.00
BLDB            1.53    132.78      46.97    0.00
H1              0.00    132.80      45.15    0.00
R1             -1.53    132.80       0.00    0.00  Reservoir
```

Link Results:

```
-------------------------------------------------------------------
Link          Flow   VelocityUnit Headloss    Status
ID             LPS      m/s        m/km
-------------------------------------------------------------------
1             1.53     0.09        0.19       Open
2             1.53     0.09        0.12       Open
3             1.53     0.09        0.12       Open
4             0.00     0.00        0.00       Open
5             0.00     0.00        0.00       Open
```

From:	Armstrong, Justin <justin.armstrong@ottawa.ca>
Sent:	June 6, 2023 11:46 AM
To:	Ryan Robineau; Robert Freel
Subject:	RE: Application D07-12-23-0018, 1881 & 1883 Merivale Road - 1st Review Comments
Attachments:	1881-1883 Merivale Road May 2023.pdf

Hi Ryan,

Thanks for the follow-up. See results below. See attached for BC location map.

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 1881-1883 Merivale Road (zone 2W2C) assumed to be a dual connection to the 305 mm watermain on Jamie Avenue (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL: 124.9 m

Maximum HGL: 132.8 m

Max Day + Fire Flow (116.67 L/s): 127.7 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Thanks,
Justin

From: Ryan Robineau <r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com>
Sent: June 6, 2023 9:02 AM
To: Armstrong, Justin <justin.armstrong@ottawa.ca>; Robert Freel <r.freel@mcintoshperry.com>
Subject: RE: Application D07-12-23-0018, 1881 & 1883 Merivale Road - 1st Review Comments

CAUTION: This email originated from an External Sender. Please do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the source.

ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.
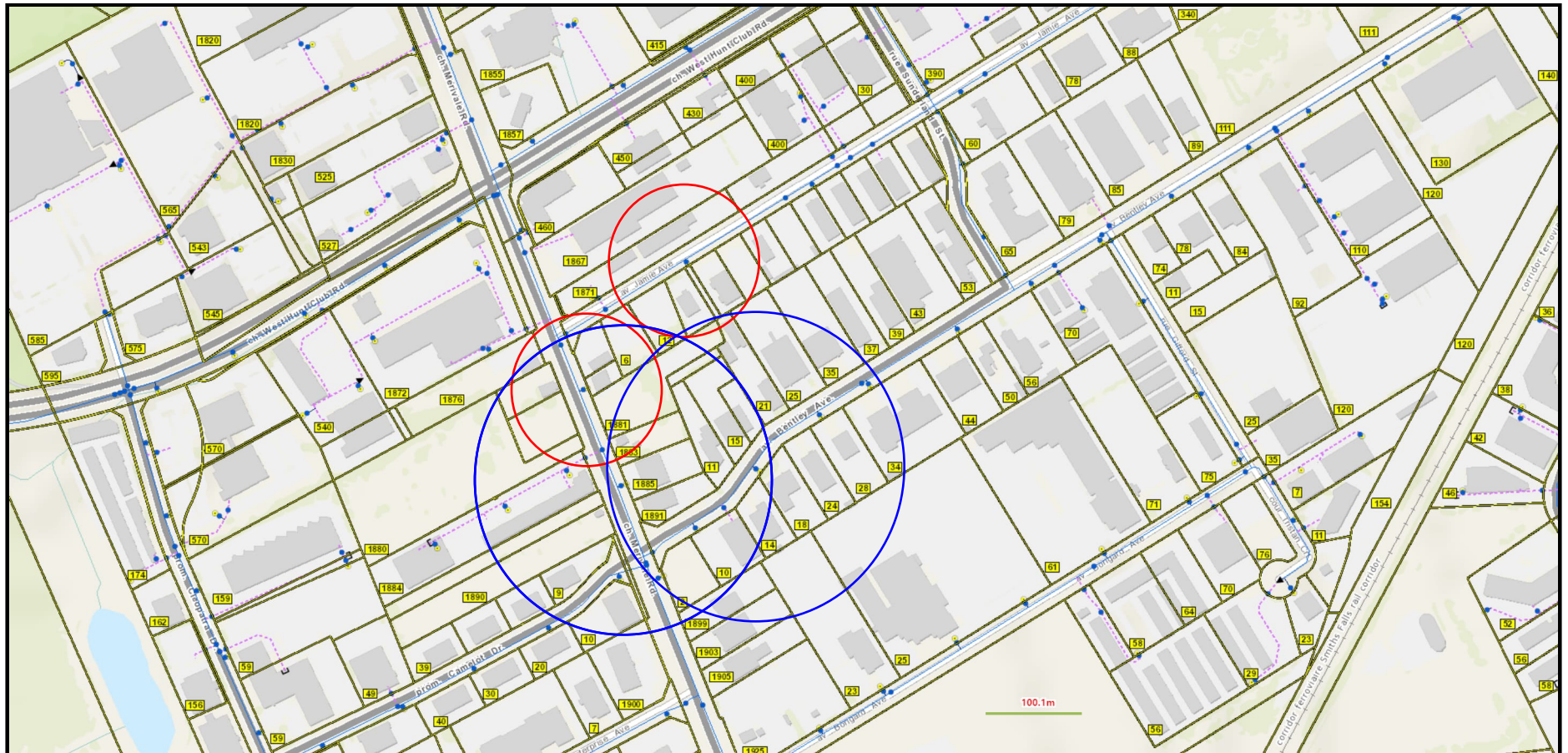
Good morning Justin,

I hope all is well with you.

1881-1883 Building A Hydrant Coverage Figure
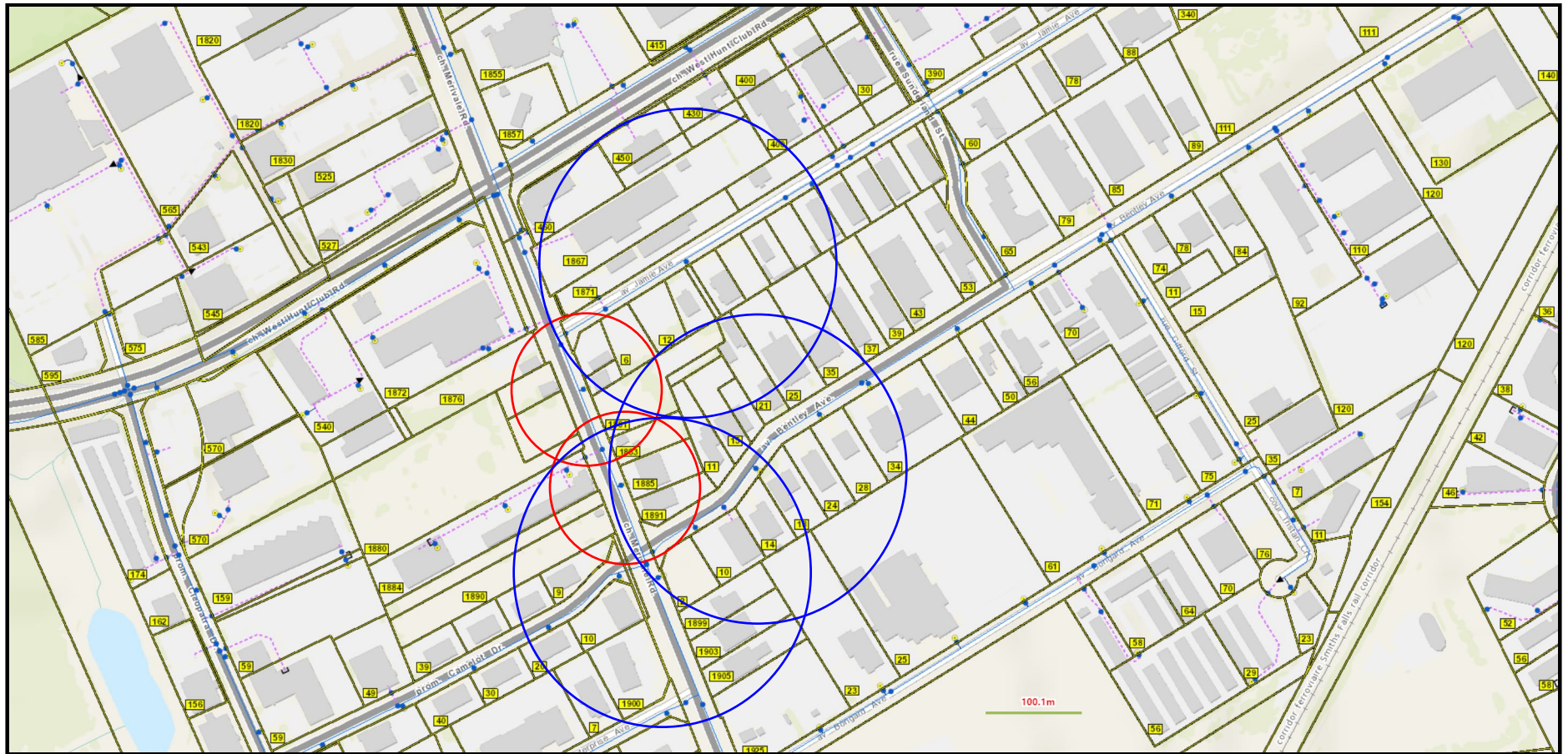
Hydrants Within 75m: 2

Hydrants Within150m: 3

1881-1883 Building B Hydrant Coverage Figure

Hydrants Within 75m: 2

Hydrants Within150m: 2

ENERGY MINES & RESOURCES P.S.

1881 Merivale Road

2W2C

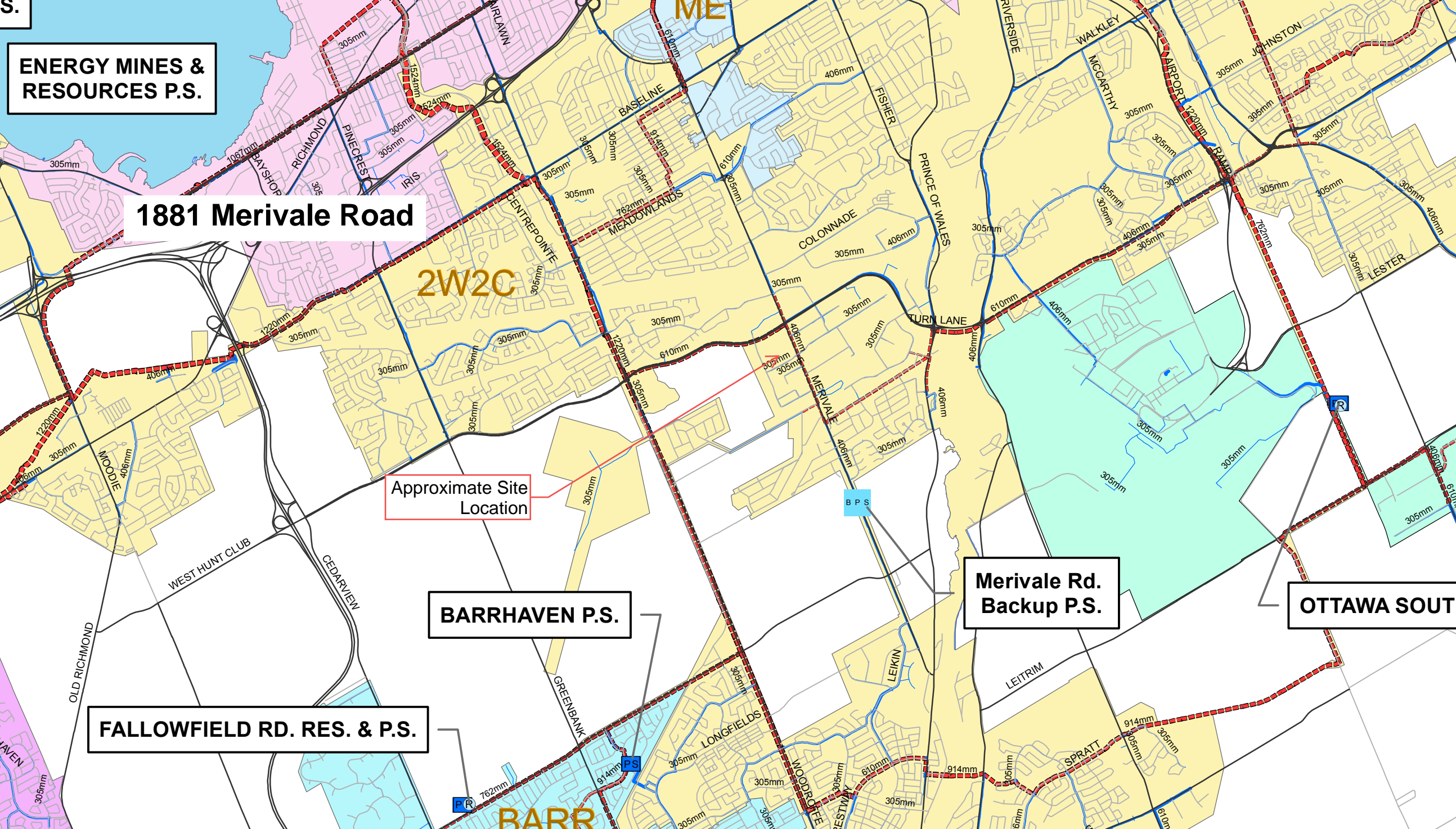Approximate Site Location

BARRHAVEN P.S.

Merivale Rd. Backup P.S.

OTTAWA SOUT

FALLOWFIELD RD. RES. & P.S.

BARR

APPENDIX D
SANITARY CALCULATIONS

M c INTOSH PERRY

MCINTOSH PERRY

CCO-23-1150 - 1881 Merivale - Sanitary Demands

Project:	1881 Merivale		
Project No.:	CCO-23-1150		
Designed By:	R.R.R.		
Checked By:	A.J.G.		
Date:	January 18, 2023		

Site Area	1.40	Gross ha	
Duplex	0	2.30	Persons per unit
Apartment	0	1.80	Persons per unit

Total Population	0	Persons
Commercial Area	0.00	m^2
Amenity Space	0.00	m^2

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Institutional/Commercial Peaking Factor	1.5	*Check technical bulleting (Either use 1.0 or 1.5)
Residential Peaking Factor	3.80	*Using Harmon Formula = 1+(14/(4+P^0.5))*0.8
		where P = population in thousands, Harmon's Correction Factor = 0.8
Mannings coefficient (n)	0.013	
Demand (per capita)	280	L/day
Infiltration allowance	0.33	L/s/Ha

EXTRANEOUS FLOW ALLOWANCES

Infiltration / Inflow	Flow (L/s)
Dry	0.07
Wet	0.39
Total	0.46

AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND

DEMAND TYPE	AMOUNT	UNITS	POPULATION / AREA	Flow (L/s)
Residential	280	L/c/d	0	0.00
Industrial - Light**	35,000	L/gross ha/d	1.40	0.57
Industrial - Heavy**	55,000	L/gross ha/d		0
Commercial / Amenity	2,800	L/(1000m² /d)	0.00	0.00
Hospital	900	L/(bed/day)		0
Schools	70	L/(Student/d)		0
Trailer Parks no Hook-Ups	340	L/(space/d)		0
Trailer Park with Hook-Ups	800	L/(space/d)		0
Campgrounds	225	L/(campsite/d)		0
Mobile Home Parks	1,000	L/(Space/d)		0
Motels	150	L/(bed-space/d)		0
Hotels	225	L/(bed-space/d)		0
Office	75	L/7.0m^2/d		0
Tourist Commercial	28,000	L/gross ha/d		0
Other Commercial	28,000	L/gross ha/d		0

MCINTOSH PERRY

AVERAGE RESIDENTIAL FLOW	0.00	L/s
PEAK RESIDENTIAL FLOW	0.00	L/s
AVERAGE ICI FLOW	0.00	L/s
PEAK INSTITUTIONAL/COMMERCIAL FLOW	0.00	L/s
PEAK INDUSTRIAL FLOW	3.57	L/s
TOTAL PEAK ICI FLOW	3.57	L/s

TOTAL SANITARY DEMAND

TOTAL ESTIMATED AVERAGE DRY WEATHER FLOW	0.07	L/s
TOTAL ESTIMATED PEAK DRY WEATHER FLOW	3.64	L/s
TOTAL ESTIMATED PEAK WET WEATHER FLOW	4.03	L/s

** PEAK INDUSTRIAL FLOW PER CITY OF OTTAWA SEWER DESIGN GUIDELINES APPENDIX 4B

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET
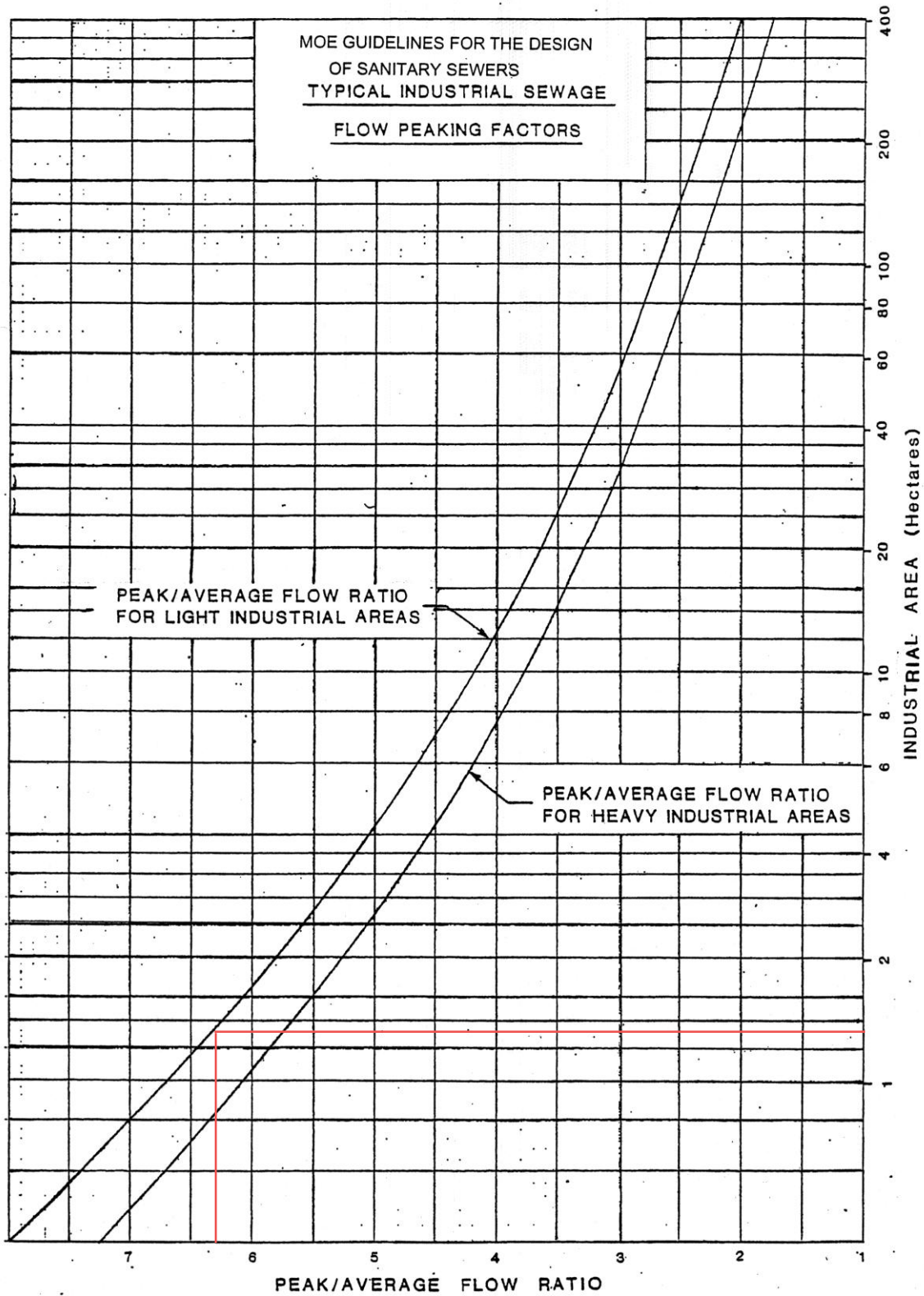
PROJECT: CCO-23-1150
LOCATION: 1881-1883 Merivale

McINTOSH PERRY

LOCATION				RESIDENTIAL									ICI AREAS							INFILTRATION ALLOWANCE			FLOW	SEWER DATA						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
STREET	AREA ID	FROM MH	TO MH	SF	SD	TH	APT	AREA (ha)	POP IND	POP CUM	PEAK FACTOR	PEAK FLOW (L/s)	INST IND	INST CUM	COM IND	COM CUM	IND IND	IND CUM	PEAK FLOW (L/s)	IND	CUM	FLOW (L/s)	DESIGN FLOW (L/s)	CAPACITY (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	DIA (mm)	SLOPE (%)	VELOCITY (full) (m/s)	AVAIL L/s	AVAIL %
Jamie Avenue		BLDG	MH1A					0.00	0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00		0.00		0.00	1.40	1.40	3.57	1.40	1.40	0.46	4.03	12.00	6.61	135	1.00	0.81	7.96	66.37
		MH1A	MH1B					0.00	0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00						1.40	3.57	0.00	1.40	0.46	4.03	19.36	51.64	200	0.32	0.60	15.32	79.15
		MH1B	MH1C					0.00	0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00		0.00		0.00		1.40	3.57	0.00	1.40	0.46	4.03	19.36	82.99	200	0.32	0.60	15.32	79.15
		MH1C	MHSA18556					0.00	0.0	0.0	3.80	0.00		0.00		0.00		1.40	3.57	0.00	1.40	0.46	4.03	19.36	14.80	200	0.32	0.60	15.32	79.15

Design Parameters:

Residential			ICI Areas		Peak Factor
SF	3.4	p/p/u			
TH/SD	2.7	p/p/u	INST	28,000 L/Ha/day	1.5
APT	2.3	p/p/u	COM	28,000 L/Ha/day	1.5
Other	60	p/p/Ha	IND	35,000 L/Ha/day	6.3*

*Per City of Otttawa SDG Appendix 4B

Notes:
1. Mannings coefficient (n) = 0.013
2. Demand (per capita): 280 L/day
3. Infiltration allowance: 0.33 L/s/Ha
4. Residential Peaking Factor:
   Harmon Formula = $1+(14/(4+P^{0.5})*0.8)$
   where P = population in thousands

Designed: RRR
Checked: RDF
Project No.: CCO-23-1150

No.	Revision	Date
1.		

Sheet No: 1 of 1

APPENDIX 4-B   PEAKING FACTOR FOR INDUSTRIAL AREAS

MOE GUIDELINES FOR THE DESIGN
OF SANITARY SEWERS
TYPICAL INDUSTRIAL SEWAGE

FLOW PEAKING FACTORS

PEAK/AVERAGE FLOW RATIO
FOR LIGHT INDUSTRIAL AREAS

PEAK/AVERAGE FLOW RATIO
FOR HEAVY INDUSTRIAL AREAS

INDUSTRIAL AREA (Hectares)

PEAK/AVERAGE FLOW RATIO

1881 Merivale Road

ANATA

TOR

PRESTON ST. TRUNK

CAVE CREEK COLLECTOR

CLEGG ST. TRUNK

WOODROFFE AVE. COLLECTOR

MOONEY'S BAY COLLECTOR

PINECREST COLLECTOR

BASELINE RD. COLLECTOR

BORDEN SIDE RD. COLLECTOR

EAN COLLECTOR

GRAHAM CREEK COLLECTOR

VIEWMONT DR. TRUNK

LYNWOOD COLLECTOR

BORDEN FARM COLLECTOR

SOUTH OTTAWA COLLECTOR

GREEN

WOODROFFE DIVERSION SEWER

NEPEAN PULLBACK

AIRPORT PARKWAY TRUNK

RIVERSIDE DR. INTERCEPTOR

SITE LOCATION

SOUTH WOODROFFE TRUNK

NBANK R

COLLECTOR

ALBION RD. COLLECTOR

APPENDIX E
PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

MCINTOSH PERRY

GENERAL NOTES

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19. THIS PLAN MUST BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION COMPLETED BY BY ARCADIS, DATED JANUARY 29, 2023
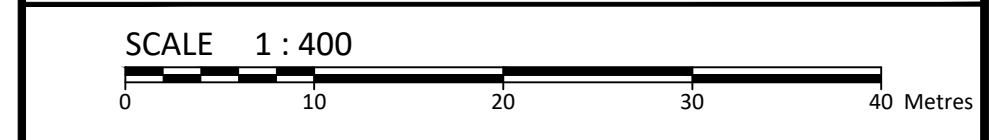

LOCATION PLAN

LEGEND

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
	PROPERTY LINE		CENTRELINE OF SWALE
DC	BARRIER CURB & CURB DEPRESSION		CENTRELINE OF DITCH
	PROPOSED HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT		SLOPING AT 3:1 UNLESS SPECIFIED
	PROPOSED CONCRETE WALKWAY	95.94 / 93.20	PROPOSED ELEVATION EXISTING ELEVATION
MH#	STORM MANHOLE	95.94	SWALE ELEVATION
CB / ICB / DI	CATCHBASIN, CURB INLET OR DITCH INLET	T/w100.50 / B/w90.50	TOP/BOTTOM WALL FACE ELEVATIONS
MH#A	SANITARY MANHOLE		EMERGENCY OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE
	PERFORATED PIPE		SILT FENCE BARRIER PER OPSD 219.110
	WATER VALVE/CHAMBER	O/H	BUILDING ENTRANCE OVERHEAD DOOR
	FIRE HYDRANT		REDUCER
	PROPOSED WALL		LOCATION OF TWSI PER ARCHITECTURAL
	SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE PER DETAIL		LOCATION OF SIAMESE CONNECTION
	ROADCUT AND REINSTATEMENT PER CITY R10	RD	LOCATION OF ROOF DRAIN
	SERVICE/WATERMAIN BEND	SC	LOCATION OF SCUPPER
1	SERVICE/SEWER CROSSING LOCATION		LOCATION OF PROPOSED ASPHALT SIDEWALK C/W BARRIER CURB PER SC1.1
M M	METER AND REMOTE WATER METER LOCATION		

3	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN CONTROL	AUG 18, 2023
2	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN CONTROL	JUNE 08, 2023
1	ISSUED FOR SITE PLAN CONTROL	FEB 13, 2023
No.	Revisions	Date

Check and verify all dimensions before proceeding with the work — Do not scale drawings

SCALE 1 : 400

0 10 20 30 40 Metres

MCINTOSH PERRY

115 Walgreen Road, RR3, Carp, ON K0A 1L0
Tel: 613-836-2184   Fax: 613-836-3742
www.mcintoshperry.com

Stamp:
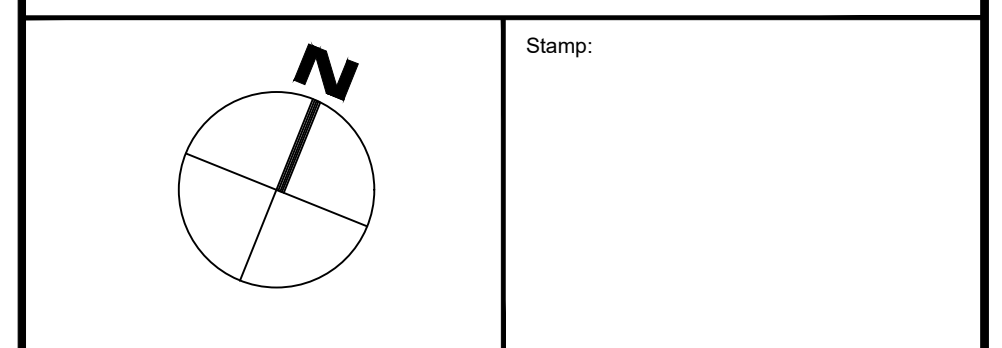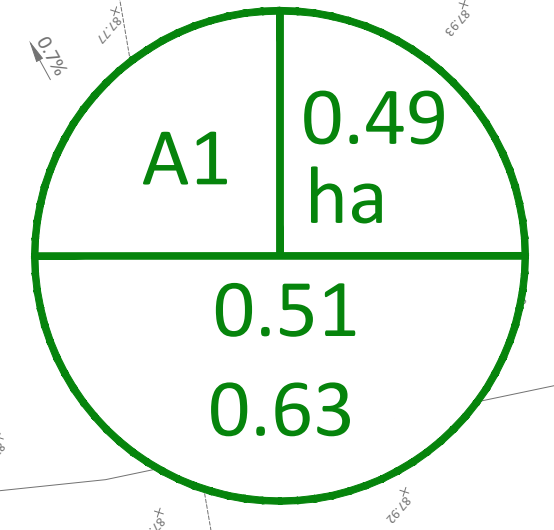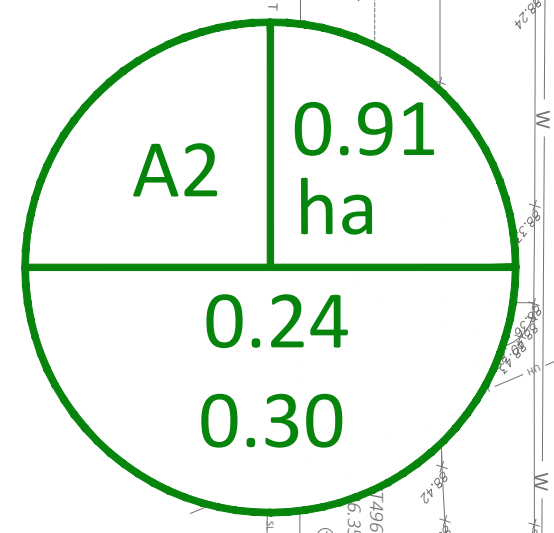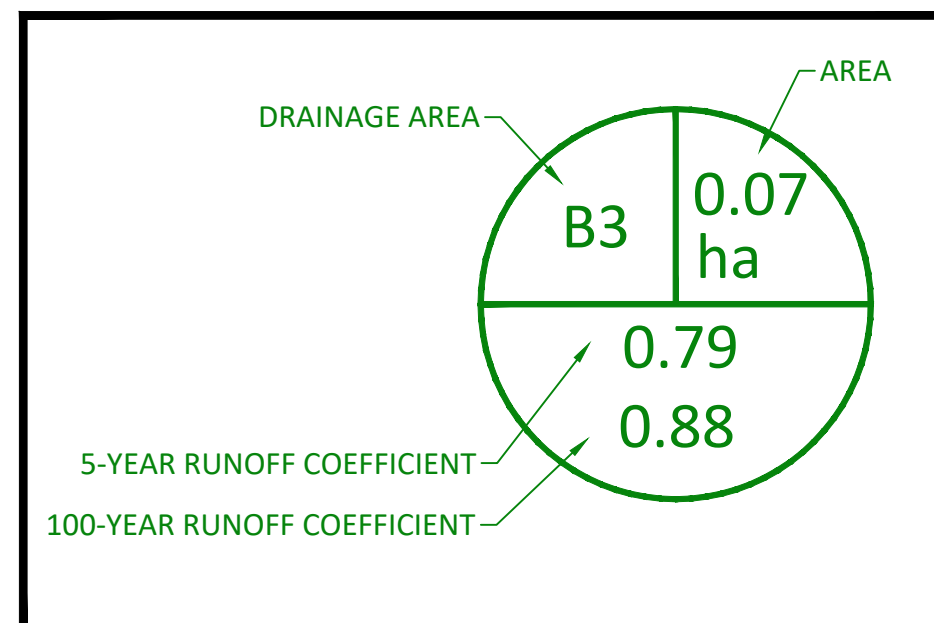
Client:

Z.V. HOLDINGS CORP.
1801 WOODWARD DRIVE
OTTAWA, ON K2C 0R3

Project:

WAREHOUSE DEVELOPMENT
1881 MERIVALE ROAD

OTTAWA   ON

Drawing Title:

PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

Scale: 1:400	Project Number:
Drawn By: R.R.R.	CCO-23-1150
Checked By: R.D.F.	Drawing Number:
Designed By: R.R.R.	PRE

D07-12-23-0018

#XXXXX

JAMIE AVENUE

MERIVALE ROAD

A1 — 0.49 ha / 0.51 / 0.63

A2 — 0.91 ha / 0.24 / 0.30

DRAINAGE AREA — B3 — 0.07 ha — AREA
5-YEAR RUNOFF COEFFICIENT — 0.79
100-YEAR RUNOFF COEFFICIENT — 0.88

APPENDIX F
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

GENERAL NOTES

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### LOCATION PLAN
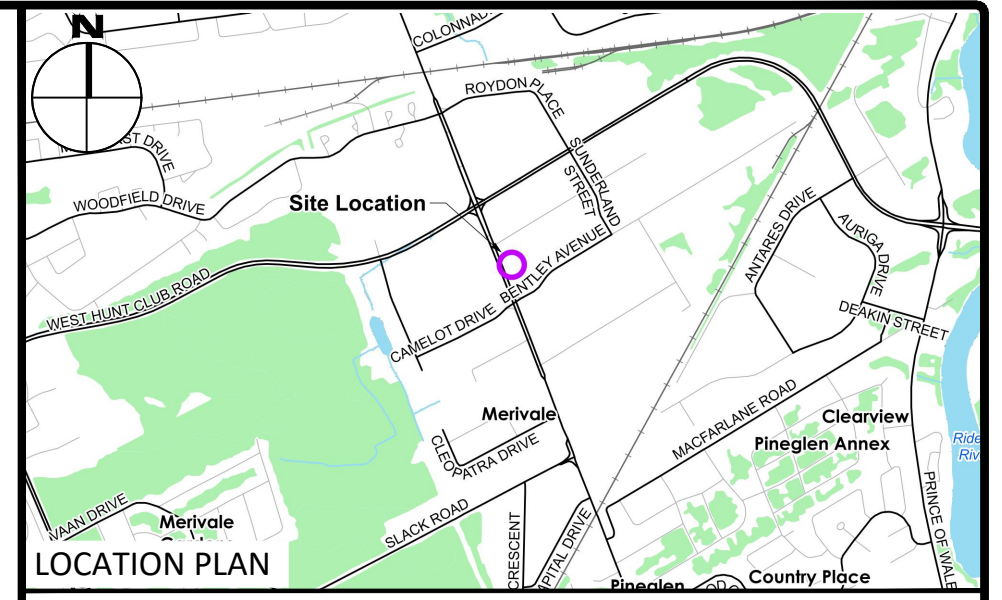
LEGEND

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No.	Revisions	Date

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SCALE 1 : 400
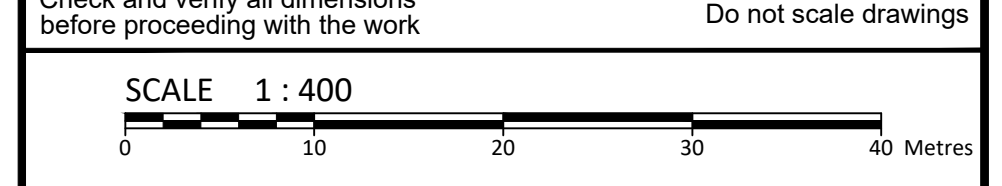
McINTOSH PERRY

115 Walgreen Road, RR3, Carp, ON K0A 1L0
Tel: 613-836-2184   Fax: 613-836-3742
www.mcintoshperry.com
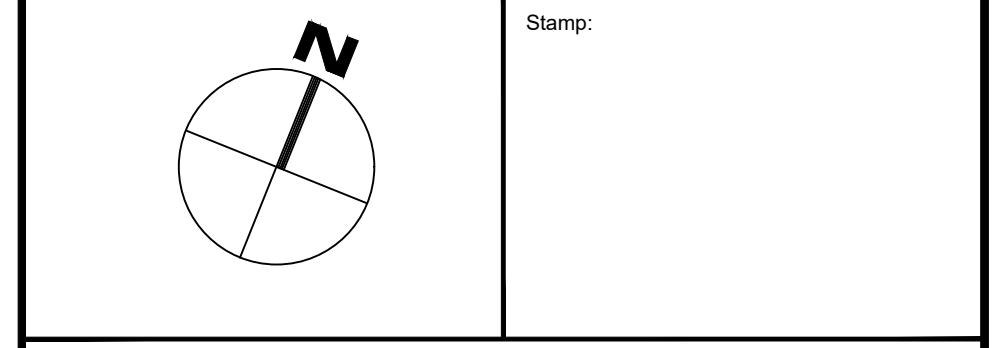
Client:
Z.V. HOLDINGS CORP.
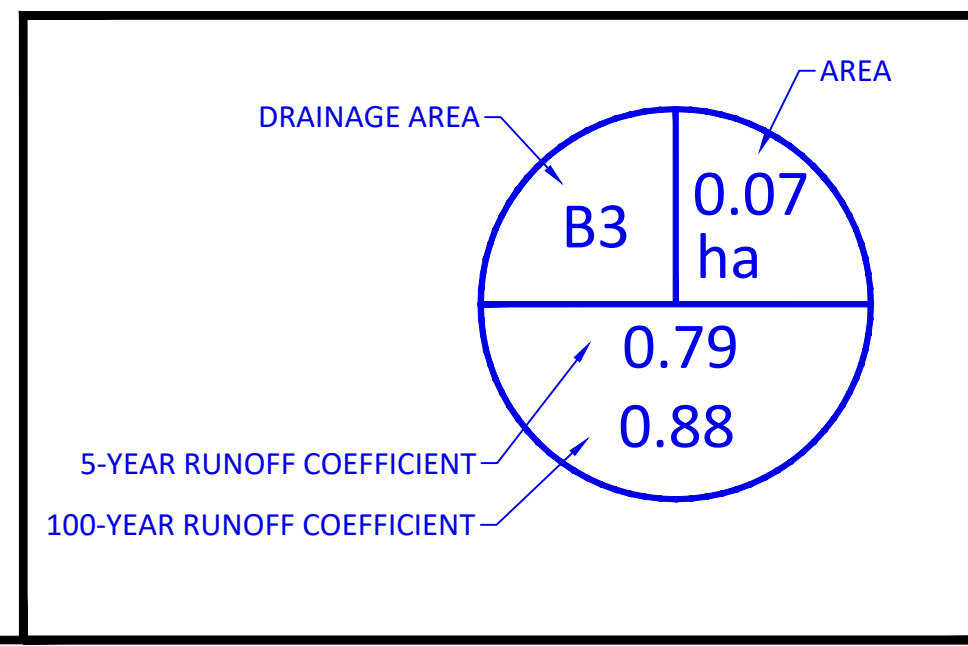1801 WOODWARD DRIVE
OTTAWA, ON K2C 0R3

Project:
WAREHOUSE DEVELOPMENT
1881 MERIVALE ROAD

OTTAWA   ON

Drawing Title:
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

Scale:	1:400	Project Number:	
Drawn By:	R.R.R.		CCO-23-1150
Checked By:	R.D.F.	Drawing Number:	
Designed By:	R.R.R.		POST

D07-12-23-0018

#XXXXX

TRITON S29-2 STORAGE CHAMBER
STORAGE VOL = 26.0m³
MIN CHAMBER COVER = 0.70m
TANK BOTTOM ELEV. = 86.11
C/W IMPERVIOUS BOTTOM

TRITON S29-1 STORAGE CHAMBER
STORAGE VOL = 32.0m³
MIN CHAMBER COVER = 0.70m
C/W IMPERVIOUS BOTTOM
TANK BOTTOM ELEV = 86.24

Legend key for drainage area bubbles:
- B3 — DRAINAGE AREA
- 0.07 ha — AREA
- 0.79 — 5-YEAR RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
- 0.88 — 100-YEAR RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

APPENDIX G
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS

MCINTOSH PERRY

McIntosh Perry

CO-23-1150 - 1881-1883 Merivale - SWM Calculations

C-Values	
Impervious	0.90
Gravel	0.70
Pervious	0.20

Pre-Development Runoff Coefficient

Drainage Area	Impervious Area (m^2)	Gravel (m^2)	Pervious Area (m^2)	Average C (5-year)	Average C (100-year)
A1	85	2,922	1,925	0.51	0.63
A2	441	128	8,492	0.24	0.30

Pre-Development Runoff Calculations

Drainage Area	Area (ha)	C 2/5-Year	C 100-Year	Tc (min)	Q (L/s)	
					5-Year	100-Year
A1*	0.49	0.51	0.63	12	66.78	142.46
A2**	0.91	0.24	0.30	10	58.20	122.07
Total	1.40				124.99	264.53

*Runoff From Lots Fronting Jamie Avenue

**Runoff From Lots Fronting Merivale Road

Post-Development Runoff Coefficient

Drainage Area	Impervious Area (m^2)	Gravel (m^2)	Pervious Area (m^2)	Average C (5-year)	Average C (100-year)
B1	3,540	0	0	0.90	1.00
B2	3,070	0	0	0.90	1.00
B3	1,819	0	78	0.87	0.97
B4	1,649	0	393	0.77	0.86
B5	565	0	39	0.86	0.95
B6	462	0	759	0.46	0.53
B7	181	0	133	0.60	0.68
B8	171	0	1,048	0.30	0.36
B9	97	0	0	0.90	1.00

MCINTOSH PERRY

Post-Development Runoff Calculations

Drainage Area	Area (ha)	C 2/5-Year	C 100-Year	Tc (min)	Q (L/s) 5-Year	Q (L/s) 100-Year
B1	0.35	0.90	1.00	10	92.28	175.72
B2	0.31	0.90	1.00	10	80.03	152.39
B3	0.19	0.87	0.97	10	47.87	91.26
B4	0.20	0.77	0.86	10	45.27	86.74
B5	0.06	0.86	0.95	10	14.95	28.53
B6	0.12	0.46	0.53	10	16.43	32.33
B7	0.03	0.60	0.68	10	5.49	10.63
B8	0.12	0.30	0.36	10	10.53	21.50
B9	0.01	0.90	1.00	10	2.53	4.82
Total	1.40				315.39	603.94

Required Restricted Flow

Drainage Area	Area (ha)	C 5-Year	Tc (min)	Q (L/s) 5-Year
A1*	0.49	0.50	12	66.78
A2**	0.91	0.24	10	58.20

*Post devleopment flows to Jamie Avenue not to exceed pre-development 5-year flow rate

**Post devleopment flows to Merivale Road not to exceed 5-year flow rate

Post-Development Restricted Runoff Calculations

Drainage Area	Unrestricted Flow 5-year	Unrestricted Flow 100-Year	Restricted Flow 5-Year	Restricted Flow 100-Year	Storage Required (m³) 5-Year	Storage Required (m³) 100-Year	Storage Provided (m³) 5-Year	Storage Provided (m³) 100-Year
B1	92.28	175.72	2.52	2.52	108.41	237.61	119.48	238.95
B2	80.03	152.39	1.89	1.89	98.09	213.93	103.61	218.74
B3	47.87	91.26	18.67	20.14	17.76	49.52	32.92	60.14
B4	45.27	86.74	22.22	22.81	23.49	66.29	51.14	100.59
B5	14.95	28.53						
B6	16.43	32.33	2.00	2.10	11.93	29.09	12.60	31.66
B7	5.49	10.63	5.49	10.63				
B9	2.53	4.82	2.53	4.82				
Total Tributary to Jamie	304.86	582.43	55.33	64.92	259.68	596.44	319.75	650.08
B8	10.53	21.50	10.53	21.50				
Total Tributary to Merivale	10.53	21.50	10.53	21.50				

MCINTOSH PERRY

Storage Requirements for Area B1

5-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B1	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m^3)
130	18.3	16.21	2.52	13.68	106.74
140	17.3	15.32	2.52	12.80	107.51
150	16.4	14.53	2.52	12.00	108.01
160	15.6	13.82	2.52	11.29	108.41
170	14.8	13.11	2.52	10.58	107.96

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	108	m^3

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B1	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m^3)
290	16.3	16.04	2.52	13.52	235.20
300	15.9	15.65	2.52	13.12	236.22
310	15.5	15.25	2.52	12.73	236.78
320	15.1	14.86	2.52	12.34	236.86
330	14.7	14.47	2.52	11.94	236.46
340	14.4	14.17	2.52	11.65	237.61
350	14.0	13.78	2.52	11.25	236.33
360	13.7	13.48	2.52	10.96	236.70
370	13.4	13.19	2.52	10.66	236.72
380	13.1	12.89	2.52	10.37	236.39

Maximum Storage Required 100-year =	238	m^3

5-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Roof Storage			
Location	Area*	Depth	Volume (m³)
Roof	2655.00	0.045	119.48

Storage Available (m³) =	119.48
Storage Required (m³) =	108.41

100-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Roof Storage			
Location	Area*	Depth	Volume (m³)
Roof	2655.00	0.090	238.95

Storage Available (m³) =	238.95
Storage Required (m³) =	237.61

*Area is 75% of the total roof area

McIntosh Perry

Roof Drain Flow (B1)

Roof Drains Summary		
Type of Control Device	Watts Drainage - Accutrol Weir	
Number of Roof Drains	8	
	5-Year	100-Year
Rooftop Storage (m³)	119.48	238.95
Storage Depth (m)	0.045	0.090
Flow (Per Roof Drain) (L/s)	0.32	0.32
Total Flow (L/s)	2.52	2.52

Flow Rate Vs. Build-Up (One Weir Fully Closed)	
Depth (mm)	Flow (L/s)
15	0.18
20	0.24
25	0.30
30	0.32
35	0.32
40	0.32
45	0.32
50	0.32
55	0.32

*Roof Drain model to be Accutrol Weirs, See attached sheets
*Roof Drain Flow information taken from Watts Drainage website

CALCULATING ROOF FLOW EXAMPLES

1 roof drain during a 5 year storm
elevation of water = 25mm
Flow leaving 1 roof drain = (1 x 0.30 L/s) = 0.30 L/s

1 roof drain during a 100 year storm
elevation of water = 50mm
Flow leaving 1 roof drain = (1 x 0.60 L/s) = 0.60 L/s

4 roof drains during a 5 year storm
elevation of water = 25mm
Flow leaving 4 roof drains = (4 x 0.30 L/s) = 1.20 L/s

4 roof drains during a 100 year storm
elevation of water = 50mm
Flow leaving 4 roof drains = (4 x 0.60 L/s) = 2.40 L/s

Roof Drain Flow		
Flow (l/s)	Storage Depth (mm)	Drains Flow (l/s)
0.18	15	1.44
0.24	20	1.92
0.30	25	2.40
0.32	30	2.52
0.32	35	2.52
0.32	40	2.52
0.32	45	2.52
0.32	50	2.52
0.32	55	2.52
0.32	60	2.52
0.32	65	2.52
0.32	70	2.52
0.32	75	2.52
0.32	80	2.52
0.32	85	2.52
0.32	90	2.52
0.32	95	2.52
0.32	100	2.52
0.32	105	2.52
0.32	110	2.52
0.32	115	2.52
0.32	120	2.52
0.32	125	2.52
0.32	130	2.52
0.32	135	2.52
0.32	140	2.52
0.32	145	2.52
0.32	150	2.52

Note: The flow leaving through a restricted roof drain is based on flow vs. head information

MCINTOSH PERRY

Storage Requirements for Area B2

5-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B2	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
200	13.0	9.99	1.89	8.09	97.11
210	12.6	9.68	1.89	7.79	98.09
220	12.1	9.29	1.89	7.40	97.70
230	11.7	8.99	1.89	7.09	97.90
240	11.3	8.68	1.89	6.79	97.73

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	98	m³

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B2	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
400	12.6	10.75	1.89	8.86	212.65
410	12.4	10.58	1.89	8.69	213.77
420	12.1	10.33	1.89	8.43	212.53
430	11.9	10.16	1.89	8.26	213.19
440	11.7	9.99	1.89	8.09	213.64
450	11.5	9.81	1.89	7.92	213.89
460	11.3	9.64	1.89	7.75	213.93
470	11.1	9.47	1.89	7.58	213.77
480	10.9	9.30	1.89	7.41	213.40
490	10.7	9.13	1.89	7.24	212.83

Maximum Storage Required 100-year =	214	m³

5-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Roof Storage			
Location	Area*	Depth	Volume (m³)
Roof	2302.50	0.045	103.61

Storage Available (m³) =	103.61
Storage Required (m³) =	98.09

100-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Roof Storage			
Location	Area*	Depth	Volume (m³)
Roof	2302.50	0.095	218.74

Storage Available (m³) =	218.74
Storage Required (m³) =	213.93

*Area is 75% of the total roof area

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

Roof Drain Flow (B2)

Roof Drains Summary		
Type of Control Device	Watts Drainage - Accutrol Weir	
Number of Roof Drains	6	
	5-Year	100-Year
Rooftop Storage (m^3)	103.61	218.74
Storage Depth (m)	0.045	0.095
Flow (Per Roof Drain) (L/s)	0.32	0.32
Total Flow (L/s)	1.89	1.89

Flow Rate Vs. Build-Up (One Weir Fully Closed)	
Depth (mm)	Flow (L/s)
15	0.18
20	0.24
25	0.30
30	0.32
35	0.32
40	0.32
45	0.32
50	0.32
55	0.32

*Roof Drain model to be Accutrol Weirs, See attached sheets
*Roof Drain Flow information taken from Watts Drainage website

CALCULATING ROOF FLOW EXAMPLES

1 roof drain during a 5 year storm
elevation of water = 25mm
Flow leaving 1 roof drain = (1 x 0.30 L/s) = 0.30 L/s

1 roof drain during a 100 year storm
elevation of water = 50mm
Flow leaving 1 roof drain = (1 x 0.60 L/s) = 0.60 L/s

4 roof drains during a 5 year storm
elevation of water = 25mm
Flow leaving 4 roof drains = (4 x 0.30 L/s) = 1.20 L/s

4 roof drains during a 100 year storm
elevation of water = 50mm
Flow leaving 4 roof drains = (4 x 0.60 L/s) = 2.40 L/s

Roof Drain Flow		
Flow (l/s)	Storage Depth (mm)	Drains Flow (l/s)
0.18	15	1.08
0.24	20	1.44
0.30	25	1.80
0.32	30	1.89
0.32	35	1.89
0.32	40	1.89
0.32	45	1.89
0.32	50	1.89
0.32	55	1.89
0.32	60	1.89
0.32	65	1.89
0.32	70	1.89
0.32	75	1.89
0.32	80	1.89
0.32	85	1.89
0.32	90	1.89
0.32	95	1.89
0.32	100	1.89
0.32	105	1.89
0.32	110	1.89
0.32	115	1.89
0.32	120	1.89
0.32	125	1.89
0.32	130	1.89
0.32	135	1.89
0.32	140	1.89
0.32	145	1.89
0.32	150	1.89

Note: The flow leaving through a restricted roof drain is based on flow vs. head information

McINTOSH PERRY

5-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B3	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
1	147.0	67.54	17.80	49.74	2.98
6	95.7	43.97	17.80	26.17	9.42
11	72.3	33.22	17.80	15.42	10.18
16	58.8	27.02	17.80	9.22	8.85
21	49.8	22.88	17.80	5.08	6.41

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	10	m³

5-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B3	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
1	203.5	93.50	18.67	74.82	4.49
6	131.6	60.46	18.67	41.79	15.04
11	99.2	45.58	18.67	26.90	17.76
16	80.5	36.99	18.67	18.31	17.58
21	68.1	31.29	18.67	12.62	15.90

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	18	m³

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B3	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
1	351.4	179.60	20.14	159.46	9.57
6	226.0	115.51	20.14	95.37	34.33
11	169.9	86.84	20.14	66.70	44.02
16	137.5	70.28	20.14	50.14	48.13
21	116.3	59.44	20.14	39.30	49.52
26	101.2	51.72	20.14	31.59	49.28
31	89.8	45.90	20.14	25.76	47.92
36	81.0	41.40	20.14	21.26	45.93
41	73.8	37.72	20.14	17.58	43.25
46	68.0	34.75	20.14	14.62	40.35

Maximum Storage Required 100-year =	50	m³

MCINTOSH PERRY

2-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Water Elev. (m) = 87.59
				Volume (m^3)
S29	N/A	86.21	N/A	32.0
CB1	87.60	86.19	N/A	0.0

Storage Available (m^3) = 32.0
Storage Required (m^3) = 10.2

5-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Water Elev. (m) = 87.68
				Volume (m^3)
S29	N/A	86.21	N/A	32.0
CB1	87.60	86.19	0.08	0.9

Storage Available (m^3) = 32.9	*
Storage Required (m^3) = 17.8	

100-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Water Elev. (m) = 87.84
				Volume (m^3)
S29	N/A	86.21	N/A	32.0
CB1	87.60	86.19	0.24	28.1

Storage Available (m^3) = 60.1	*
Storage Required (m^3) = 49.5	

*Available Storage calculated from AutoCAD

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

CO-23-1150 - 1881-1883 Merivale - SWM Calculations

For Orifice Flow, C=   0.60
For Weir Flow, C=   1.84

	Orifice 1	Orifice 2	Weir 1	Weir 2
invert elevation	86.65	X	X	X
center of crest elevation	86.70	X	X	X
orifice width / weir length	95 mm	X	X	X
weir height			X	X
orifice area (m²)	0.007	X	X	X

Elevation Discharge Table - Storm Routing

Elevation	Orifice 1		Orifice 2		Weir 1		Weir 2		Total	
	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	Q [L/s]	
87.59	0.89	0.018	x	x	x	x	x	x	17.80	2-Year
87.60	0.90	0.018	x	x	x	x	x	x	17.90	
87.61	0.91	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.00	
87.62	0.92	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.09	
87.63	0.93	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.19	
87.64	0.94	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.29	
87.65	0.95	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.39	
87.66	0.96	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.48	
87.67	0.97	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.58	
87.68	0.98	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.67	5-Year
87.69	0.99	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.77	
87.70	1.00	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.86	
87.71	1.01	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	18.96	
87.72	1.02	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.05	
87.73	1.03	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.14	
87.74	1.04	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.23	
87.75	1.05	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.33	
87.76	1.06	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.42	
87.77	1.07	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.51	
87.78	1.08	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.60	
87.79	1.09	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.69	
87.80	1.10	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.78	
87.81	1.11	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.87	
87.82	1.12	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	19.96	
87.83	1.13	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	20.05	
87.84	1.14	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	20.14	
87.85	1.15	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	20.22	100-Year
87.86	1.16	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	20.31	

Notes:
1. For Orifice Flow, User is to Input an Elevation Higher than Crown of Orifice.
2. Orifice Equation: $Q = cA(2gh)^{1/2}$
3. Weir Equation: $Q = CLH^{3/2}$
4. These Computations Do Not Account for Submergence Effects Within the Pond Riser.
5. H for orifice equations is depth of water above the centroide of the orifice.
6. H for weir equations is depth of water above the weir crest.

MCINTOSH PERRY

2-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B4	Runoff (L/s) B5	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
1	147.0	63.86	21.10	21.34	63.62	3.82
6	95.7	41.58	13.73	21.34	33.97	12.23
11	72.3	31.41	10.38	21.34	20.45	13.49
16	58.8	25.55	8.44	21.34	12.64	12.14
21	49.8	21.64	7.15	21.34	7.44	9.38

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	13	m³

5-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B4	Runoff (L/s) B5	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
10	104.2	45.27	14.95	22.22	38.00	22.80
15	83.6	36.32	12.00	22.22	26.10	23.49
20	70.3	30.54	10.09	22.22	18.41	22.09
25	60.9	26.46	8.74	22.22	12.98	19.47
30	53.9	23.42	7.74	22.22	8.93	16.08

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	23	m³

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B4	Runoff (L/s) B5	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
10	178.6	86.76	28.53	22.81	92.48	55.49
15	142.9	69.42	22.83	22.81	69.44	62.49
20	120.0	58.29	19.17	22.81	54.65	65.58
25	103.8	50.42	16.58	22.81	44.20	66.29
30	91.9	44.64	14.68	22.81	36.51	65.72
35	82.6	40.12	13.20	22.81	30.51	64.07
40	75.1	36.48	12.00	22.81	25.67	61.61
45	69.1	33.57	11.04	22.81	21.80	58.85
50	64.0	31.09	10.23	22.81	18.50	55.51
55	59.6	28.95	9.52	22.81	15.66	51.69

Maximum Storage Required 100-year =	66	m³

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

2-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

		Water Elev. (m) =		87.59
Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Volume (m^3)
CB2	87.60	86.00	N/A	0.0
CB3	87.60	86.12	N/A	0.0
S-29	N/A	86.18	N/A	26.0

Storage Available (m³) = 26.0   *
Storage Required (m³) = 13.5

5-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

		Water Elev. (m) =		87.72
Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Volume (m^3)
CB2	87.60	86.00	0.12	8.5
CB3	87.60	86.12	0.12	7.6
S-29	N/A	86.18	N/A	35.0

Storage Available (m³) = 51.1   *
Storage Required (m³) = 23.5

100-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

		Water Elev. (m) =		87.81
Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Volume (m^3)
CB2	87.60	86.00	0.21	40.2
CB3	87.60	86.12	0.21	34.4
S-29	N/A	86.18	N/A	26.0

Storage Available (m³) = 100.6   *
Storage Required (m³) = 66.3

*Available Storage calculated from AutoCAD

McINTOSH PERRY

CO-23-1150 - 1881-1883 Merivale - SWM Calculations

| For Orifice Flow, C= | 0.60 |
| For Weir Flow, C= | 1.84 |

	Orifice 1	Orifice 2	Weir 1	Weir 2
invert elevation	86.00	X	X	X
center of crest elevation	86.05	X	X	X
orifice width / weir length	91 mm	X	X	X
weir height			X	X
orifice area (m²)	0.006	X	x	X

Elevation Discharge Table - Storm Routing

Elevation	Orifice 1		Orifice 2		Weir 1		Weir 2		Total	
	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	H [m]	Q [m³/s]	Q [L/s]	
87.59	1.54	0.021	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.34	2-Year
87.60	1.55	0.021	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.41	
87.61	1.56	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.48	
87.62	1.57	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.55	
87.63	1.58	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.62	
87.64	1.59	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.68	
87.65	1.60	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.75	
87.66	1.61	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.82	
87.67	1.62	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.89	
87.68	1.63	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	21.95	
87.69	1.64	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.02	
87.70	1.65	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.09	
87.71	1.66	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.15	
87.72	1.67	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.22	5-Year
87.73	1.68	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.29	
87.74	1.69	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.35	
87.75	1.70	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.42	
87.76	1.71	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.49	
87.77	1.72	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.55	
87.78	1.73	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.62	
87.79	1.74	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.68	
87.80	1.75	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.75	
87.81	1.76	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.81	100-Year
87.82	1.77	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.88	
87.83	1.78	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	22.94	
87.84	1.79	0.02	x	x	x	x	x	x	23.00	

Notes:
1. For Orifice Flow, User is to Input an Elevation Higher than Crown of Orifice.
2. Orifice Equation: $Q = cA(2gh)^{1/2}$
3. Weir Equation: $Q = CLH^{3/2}$
4. These Computations Do Not Account for Submergence Effects Within the Pond Riser.
5. H for orifice equations is depth of water above the centroide of the orifice.
6. H for weir equations is depth of water above the weir crest.

MCINTOSH PERRY

2-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B6	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
20	51.4	8.11	1.95	6.16	7.39
25	44.5	7.02	1.95	5.07	7.60
30	39.5	6.23	1.95	4.28	7.70
35	35.5	5.60	1.95	3.65	7.66
40	32.4	5.11	1.95	3.16	7.58

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	8	m³

5-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B6	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
35	48.5	7.65	2.00	5.65	11.86
40	44.2	6.97	2.00	4.97	11.93
45	40.6	6.40	2.00	4.40	11.89
50	37.7	5.94	2.00	3.94	11.83
55	35.1	5.53	2.00	3.53	11.67

Maximum Storage Required 5-year =	12	m³

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Runoff (L/s) B6	Allowable Outflow (L/s)	Runoff to be Stored (L/s)	Storage Required (m³)
50	64.0	11.59	2.10	9.49	28.47
55	59.6	10.79	2.10	8.69	28.68
60	55.9	10.12	2.10	8.02	28.88
65	52.6	9.52	2.10	7.42	28.95
70	49.8	9.02	2.10	6.92	29.05
75	47.3	8.56	2.10	6.46	29.09
80	45.0	8.15	2.10	6.05	29.03
85	43.0	7.79	2.10	5.69	29.00
90	41.1	7.44	2.10	5.34	28.85
95	39.4	7.13	2.10	5.03	28.69

Maximum Storage Required 100-year =	29	m³

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2-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Water Elev. (m) = 87.57 Volume (m³)
LCB1	87.39	86.40	0.18	9.3
CB4	87.65	86.29	N/A	0.0

Storage Available (m³) = 9.3	*
Storage Required (m³) = 7.7	

5-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Water Elev. (m) = 87.59 Volume (m³)
LCB1	87.39	86.40	0.20	12.6
CB4	87.65	86.29	N/A	0.0

Storage Available (m³) = 12.6	*
Storage Required (m³) = 11.9	

100-Year Storm Event Storage Summary

Location	T/G	INV. (out)	Depth (m)	Water Elev. (m) = 87.67 Volume (m³)
LCB1	87.39	86.40	0.28	31.6
CB4	87.65	86.29	0.02	0.03

Storage Available (m³) = 31.7	*
Storage Required (m³) = 29.1	

*Available Storage calculated from AutoCAD

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100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Area Tributary To Swale (ha) B4	Average C (100-year)	Runoff (L/s) B4
10	178.6	0.02	0.25	2.20

Manning's Equation For Channels:

$$Q = \frac{k}{n} A \frac{A}{Pw}^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

Where

Q= Volumetric Flow Rate [m³/s]

k= Dimensionless Unit Conversion Factor [1 for Metric Units]

n= Manning Roughness Coefficient (Per Chow, 1959)

A= Cross sectional Flow Area [m²] (Smallest cross sectional area assumed)

Pw= Wetted Perimeter [m] (smallest wetted permiter assumed)

S= Stream Slope [dimensionless](smallest slope assuemd)

Inputs:

Swale Area ID	B4	
Channel Material	Grass	
Manning's n	0.025	
Area	0.14	m²
Wetted Perimeter	4.615	m
Slope	0.090	m/m

Swale Capacity

Q=	0.17	m³/s
Q=	169.29	L/s

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100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Area Tributary To Swale (ha) B6	Average C (100-year)	Runoff (L/s) B6
10	178.6	0.03	0.25	3.74

Manning's Equation For Channels:

$$Q = \frac{k}{n} A \frac{A}{Pw}^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

Where

Q= Volumetric Flow Rate [m^3/s]

k= Dimensionless Unit Conversion Factor [1 for Metric Units]

n= Manning Roughness Coefficient (Per Chow, 1959)

A= Cross sectional Flow Area [m^2] (Smallest cross sectional area assumed)

Pw= Wetted Perimeter [m] (smallest wetted permiter assumed)

S= Stream Slope [dimensionless] (smallest slope assuemd)

Inputs:

Swale Area ID   B6

Channel Material	Grass	
Manning's n	0.025	
Area	0.15	m^2
Wetted Perimeter	4.71	m
Slope	0.005	m/m

Swale Capacity

Q=	0.04	m^3/s
Q=	40.75	L/s

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100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Area Tributary To Swale (ha) B8	Average C (100-year)	Runoff (L/s) B8
10	178.6	0.01	0.25	1.45

Manning's Equation For Channels:

$$Q = \frac{k}{n} A \frac{A}{Pw}^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

Where

Q= Volumetric Flow Rate [m^3/s]

k= Dimensionless Unit Conversion Factor [1 for Metric Units]

n= Manning Roughness Coefficient (Per Chow, 1959)

A= Cross sectional Flow Area [m^2] (Smallest cross sectional area assumed)

Pw= Wetted Perimeter [m] (smallest wetted permiter assumed)

S= Stream Slope [dimensionless](smallest slope assuemd)

Inputs:

Swale Area ID	B8	
Channel Material	Grass	
Manning's n	0.025	
Area	0.22	m^2
Wetted Perimeter	7.29	m
Slope	0.005	m/m

Swale Capacity

Q=	0.06 m^3/s
Q=	60.32 L/s

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Area Tributary To Swale (ha) B8	Average C (100-year)	Runoff (L/s) B8
10	178.6	0.01	0.25	1.44

Manning's Equation For Channels:

$$Q = \frac{k}{n} \, A \, \frac{A}{Pw}^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

Where

Q= Volumetric Flow Rate [m^3/s]

k= Dimensionless Unit Conversion Factor [1 for Metric Units]

n= Manning Roughness Coefficient (Per Chow, 1959)

A= Cross sectional Flow Area [m^2] (Smallest cross sectional area assumed)

Pw= Wetted Perimeter [m] (smallest wetted permiter assumed)

S= Stream Slope [dimensionless](smallest slope assuemd)

Inputs:

Swale Area ID	B8	
Channel Material	Grass	
Manning's n	0.025	
Area	0.10	m^2
Wetted Perimeter	4.96	m
Slope	0.005	m/m

Swale Capacity

Q=	0.02	m^3/s
Q=	20.76	L/s

MᴄINTOSH PERRY

100-Year Storm Event

Tc (min)	I (mm/hr)	Area Tributary To Swale (ha) B8	Average C (100-year)	Runoff (L/s) B8
10	178.6	0.04	0.25	5.33

Manning's Equation For Channels:

$$Q = \frac{k}{n}\, A\, \frac{A}{Pw}^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

Where

Q= Volumetric Flow Rate [m^3/s]

k= Dimensionless Unit Conversion Factor [1 for Metric Units]

n= Manning Roughness Coefficient (Per Chow, 1959)

A= Cross sectional Flow Area [m^2] (Smallest cross sectional area assumed)

Pw= Wetted Perimeter [m] (smallest wetted permiter assumed)

S= Stream Slope [dimensionless](smallest slope assuemd)

Inputs:

Swale Area ID	B8	
Channel Material	Grass	
Manning's n	0.025	
Area	0.05	m^2
Wetted Perimeter	6.359	m
Slope	0.008	m/m

Swale Capacity

Q=	0.01	m^3/s
Q=	7.72	L/s

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Time of Concentration Pre-Development

Drainage Area ID	Sheet Flow Distance (m)	Slope of Land (%)	Tc (min) (5-Year)	Tc (min) (100-Year)
A1	29	0.70	12	9
*A2	27	3.60	9	9

*A TC of 10 Minutes can be used for drainage area A2

Tc= (3.26(1.1-c)L^0.5/S^0.33)

c =   Balanced Runoff Coefficient
L =   Length of drainage area
S =   Average slope of watershed

Parameters

Units: Metric

Storage Volume: 32 Cu m

Chamber Selection: S-29B

Header Row Position: Left

Fill Over Embedment Stone: 300 mm

Controlled By: width 8 m

Embedment Stone mm:
Over: 150 Under: 150 Porosity: 0.4

Min 150mm over and under

Double Stacked
Double Stacked?: No

Stone Between:

Note: After making an input change you must hit calculate to update the Field Diagram and Project Results.
* The image generation will not save if using MicroSoft Edge

Project Results
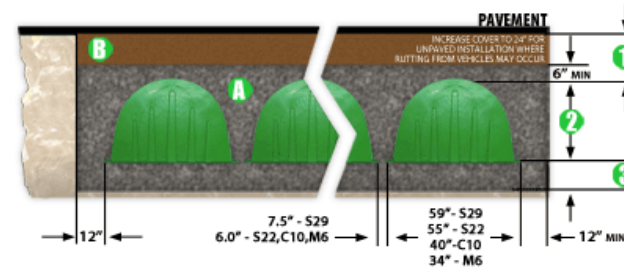
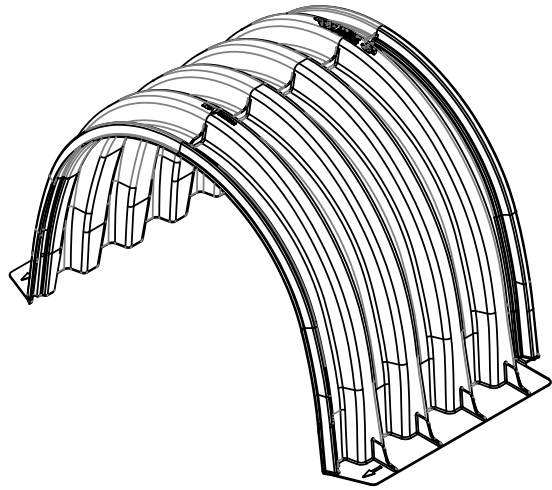|	
❶ Total Cover Over Chambers: 301 mm	
❷ Height Of Chamber: 947 mm	
❸ Embedment Stone Under Chambers: 151 mm	
Ⓐ Volume of Embedment Stone Required: 37 Cu. m	
Ⓑ Volume of Fill Material Required: 14 Cu. m	
Total Storage Provided: 34 Cu. m	
Type Of Chambers: S-29B	
# Of Chambers Required: 23	
# Of End Caps Required: 10	
Required Bed Size: 45 Sq. m	
Volume of Excavation: 56 Cu. m	
* Area of Filter Fabric: 79 Sq. m	
# of Chambers Long: 4	
# of rows: 4	
Actual Trench Length: 6.16 m	
Actual Trench Width: 7.27 m	

* Filter Fabric quantity for Fabric on Top and Sides of System Only, does not include overlap
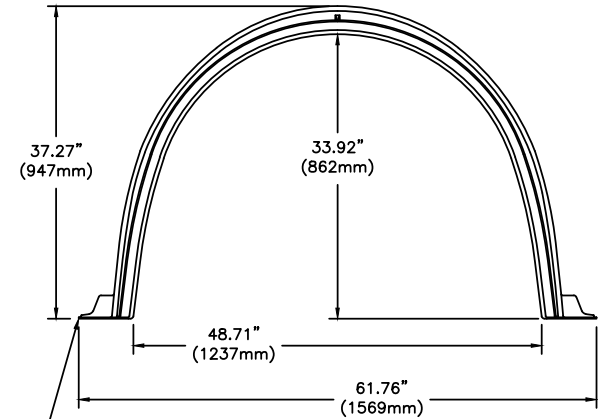
S-29-B CHAMBER SPECS

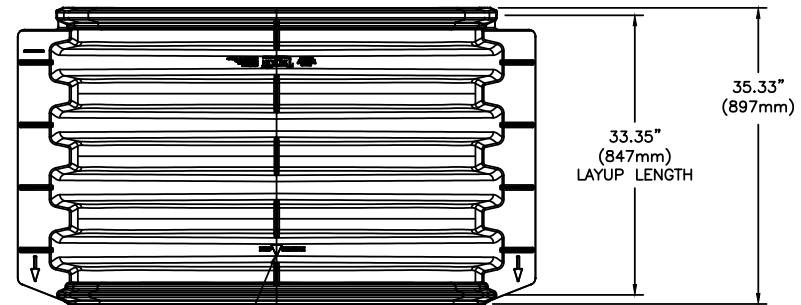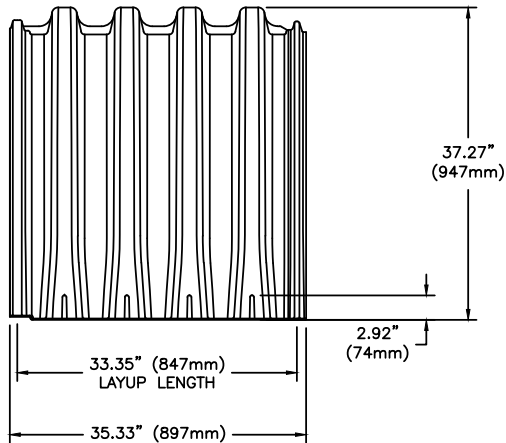| NOMINAL DIMENSIONS (LAYUP LENGTH X WIDTH X HEIGHT)	33.35" x 61.76" x 37.27" [847mm x 1569mm x 947mm]
BARE CHAMBER STORAGE	27.80 ft³ [0.787 m³]
*MIN INSTALLED STORAGE	42.52 ft³ [1.204 m³]
CHAMBER WEIGHT	34 lbs [15.42 kg]
STORAGE PER LINEAR UNIT WITHOUT STONE	10.0 ft³/ft [0.929 m³/m]
STORAGE PER LINEAR UNIT WITH STONE	15.3 ft³/ft [1.421 m³/m]

*ASSUMING A MIN OF 6" (152mm) STONE ABOVE AND BELOW AND 5" (127mm) BETWEEN ROWS WITH 40% STONE POROSITY (DOES NOT INCLUDE 12" (305mm) PERIMETER STONE VOLUME)

NOTE: S-29-B CHAMBER DETAILS TESTED AND RATED TO EXCEED HS-25 LOAD CONDITIONS WITH 18" (457mm) OF COVER AND NO PAVEMENT.

EACH S29-B CHAMBER HAS A TOTAL FLANGE SURFACE CONTACT AREA OF 294 IN² (1896 CM²) OR 147 IN² (948 CM²) PER FLANGE

37.27" (947mm)

33.92" (862mm)

48.71" (1237mm)

61.76" (1569mm)

PART THICKNESS 0.118" – 0.177" [3.0mm – 4.5mm]

37.27" (947mm)

2.92" (74mm)

33.35" (847mm) LAYUP LENGTH

35.33" (897mm)

35.33" (897mm)

33.35" (847mm) LAYUP LENGTH

CHAMBERS TO BE INSTALLED IN THIS DIRECTION. FOLLOW DIRECTION ARROW ON THE PART.

U.S. GREEN BUILDING COUNCIL MEMBER

TRITON STORMWATER SOLUTIONS

GREEN GHG CO2 Neutral

7600 EAST GRAND RIVER, STE.195
BRIGHTON, MI 48114
PHONE: (810) 222-7652 ● FAX: (810) 222-1769
WWW.TRITONSWS.COM

S-29-B CHAMBER DETAIL

TRITON - STANDARD DETAILS

REVISED:
01-24-23 JWM

Parameters

Units: Metric

Storage Volume: 26 Cu m

Chamber Selection: S-29B

Header Row Position: Left

Fill Over Embedment Stone: 300 mm

Controlled By: length 15 m

Embedment Stone mm:
Over: 150 Under: 150 Porosity: 0.4

Min 150mm over and under

Double Stacked
Double Stacked?: No

Stone Between:

Note: After making an input change you must hit calculate to update the Field Diagram and Project Results.
* The image generation will not save if using MicroSoft Edge

Project Results
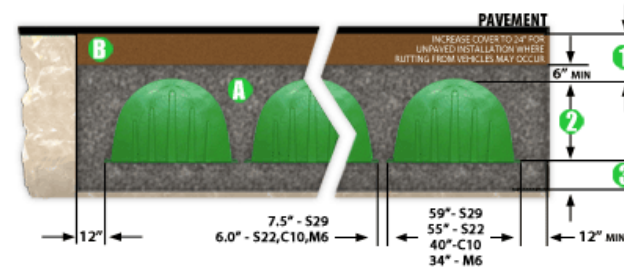
1 Total Cover Over Chambers: 301 mm

2 Height Of Chamber: 947 mm

3 Embedment Stone Under Chambers: 151 mm

A Volume of Embedment Stone Required: 46 Cu. m

B Volume of Fill Material Required: 18 Cu. m

Total Storage Provided: 44 Cu. m

Type Of Chambers: S-29B

Of Chambers Required: 31

Of End Caps Required: 6

Required Bed Size: 57 Sq. m

Volume of Excavation: 71 Cu. m

* Area of Filter Fabric: 103 Sq. m

# of Chambers Long: 14

# of rows: 2

Actual Trench Length: 14.63 m

Actual Trench Width: 3.88 m

* Filter Fabric quantity for Fabric on Top and Sides of System Only, does not include overlap

S-29-B CHAMBER SPECS	
NOMINAL DIMENSIONS (LAYUP LENGTH X WIDTH X HEIGHT)	33.35" x 61.76" x 37.27" [847mm x 1569mm x 947mm]
BARE CHAMBER STORAGE	27.80 ft³ [0.787 m³]
*MIN INSTALLED STORAGE	42.52 ft³ [1.204 m³]
CHAMBER WEIGHT	34 lbs [15.42 kg]
STORAGE PER LINEAR UNIT WITHOUT STONE	10.0 ft³/ft [0.929 m³/m]
STORAGE PER LINEAR UNIT WITH STONE	15.3 ft³/ft [1.421 m³/m]

*ASSUMING A MIN OF 6" (152mm) STONE ABOVE AND BELOW AND 5" (127mm) BETWEEN ROWS WITH 40% STONE POROSITY (DOES NOT INCLUDE 12" (305mm) PERIMETER STONE VOLUME)

NOTE: S-29-B CHAMBER DETAILS TESTED AND RATED TO EXCEED HS-25 LOAD CONDITIONS WITH 18" (457mm) OF COVER AND NO PAVEMENT.

EACH S29-B CHAMBER HAS A TOTAL FLANGE SURFACE CONTACT AREA OF 294 IN² (1896 CM²) OR 147 IN² (948 CM²) PER FLANGE

PART THICKNESS
0.118" − 0.177"
[3.0mm − 4.5mm]

37.27" (947mm)

33.92" (862mm)

48.71" (1237mm)

61.76" (1569mm)

37.27" (947mm)

2.92" (74mm)

33.35" (847mm) LAYUP LENGTH

35.33" (897mm)

35.33" (897mm)

33.35" (847mm) LAYUP LENGTH

CHAMBERS TO BE INSTALLED IN THIS DIRECTION. FOLLOW DIRECTION ARROW ON THE PART.

S-29-B CHAMBER DETAIL

TRITON - STANDARD DETAILS

REVISED:
01-24-23 JWM

ADJUSTABLE ACCUTROL (for Large Sump Roof Drains only)

For more flexibility in controlling flow with heads deeper than 2", Watts Drainage offers the Adjustable Accutrol. The Adjustable Accutrol Weir is designed with a single parabolic opening that can be covered to restrict flow above 2" of head to less than 5 gpm per inch, up to 6" of head. To adjust the flow rate for depths over 2" of head, set the slot in the adjustable upper cone according to the flow rate required. Refer to Table 1 below.
Note: Flow rates are directly proportional to the amount of weir opening that is exposed.

EXAMPLE:

For example, if the adjustable upper cone is set to cover 1/2 of the weir opening, flow rates above 2"of head will be restricted to 2-1/2 gpm per inch of head.

Therefore, at 3"of head, the flow rate through the Accutrol Weir that has 1/2 the slot exposed will be:
[5 gpm (per inch of head) x 2 inches of head] + 2-1/2 gpm (for the third inch of head) = 12-1/2 gpm.

Large Sump Accutrol

2-1/4"(57)
6-5/16" (160)
6" (152)
7/8"(22)
1-7/8"(48)
7-1/2"(191) DIA

Adjustable Upper Cone

Fixed Weir
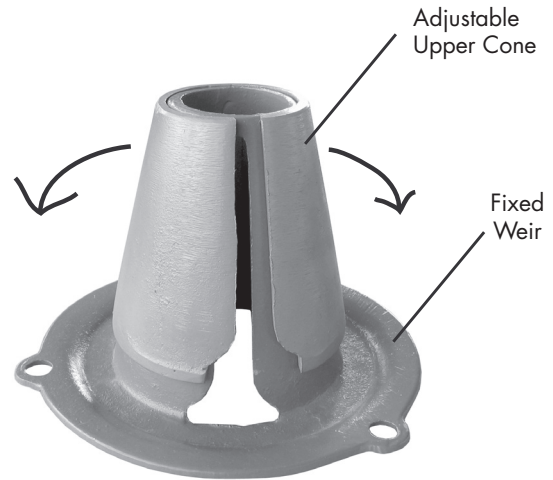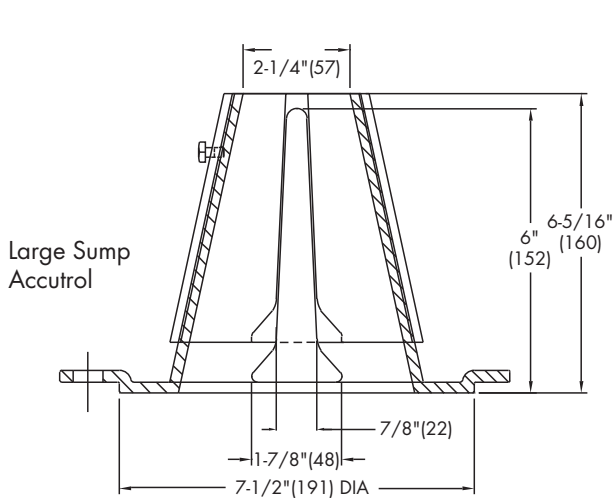
1/2 Weir Opening Exposed Shown Above

TABLE 1. Adjustable Accutrol Flow Rate Settings

Weir Opening Exposed	1"	2"	3"	4"	5"	6"
	Flow Rate (gallons per minute)					
Fully Exposed	5	10	15	20	25	30
3/4	5	10	13.75	17.5	21.25	25
1/2	5	10	12.5	15	17.5	20
1/4	5	10	11.25	12.5	13.75	15
Closed	5	5	5	5	5	5

WATTS®

A Watts Water Technologies Company

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AREA B6 - CB4 ICD SIZING

Chart 1: LMF 14 Preset Flow Curves

Tempest LMF45

Legend:
- 45
- 55
- 65
- 75
- 85
- 95
- 105
- 40
- 50
- 60
- 70
- 80
- 90
- 100
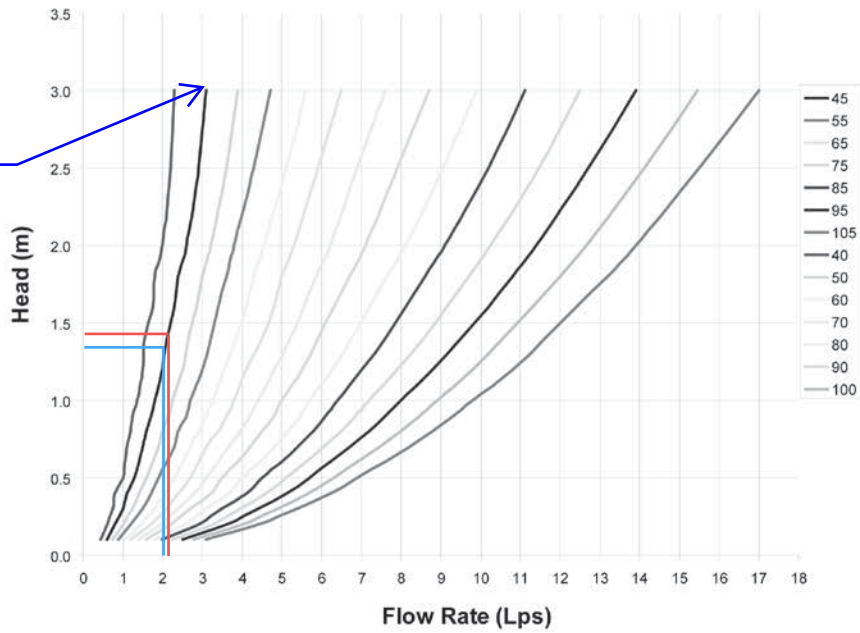
5-Year Storm
100-Year Storm

Head (m) vs Flow Rate (Lps)

Chart 2: LMF Flow vs. ICD Alternatives

Water Head (m) vs Water Flow Rate (Lps)

Legend:
- Tempest Vortex
- Competitor 1
- Competitor 2
- 4" Orifice

NOTE: Do not use or test the products in this manual with compressed air or other gases including air-over-water-boosters
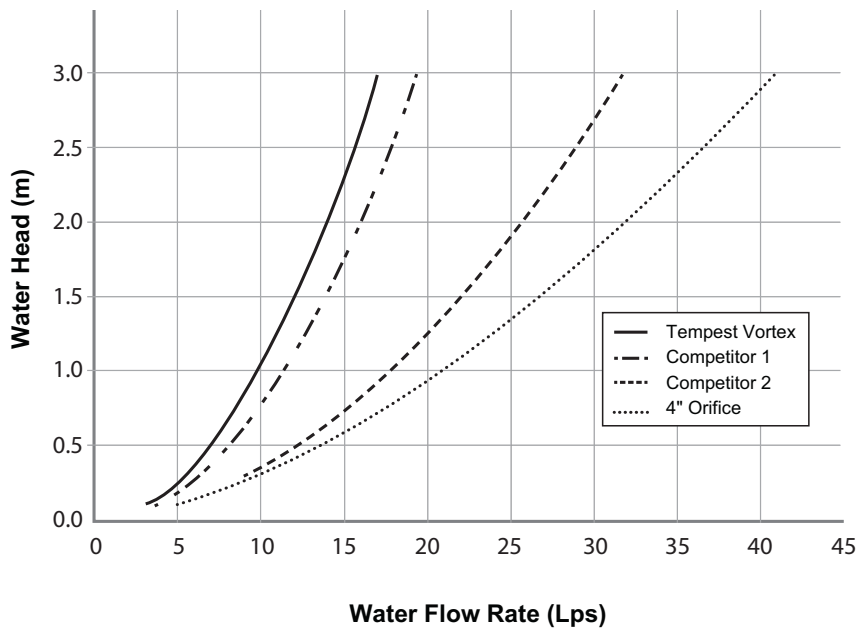
From:	Eric Lalande <eric.lalande@rvca.ca>
Sent:	October 18, 2022 10:52 AM
To:	Ryan Robineau
Cc:	Robert Freel; Alison Gosling
Subject:	RE: 1881-1883 Merivale Road RVCA Requirements

Hi Ryan,

Based on the plan circulated, the RVCA has no water quality control requirements on-site. It would appear that the both options provide some additional treatment via SWM facilities. Please confirm/include details if any as part of your Storm water design brief/report.

Thank you,

Eric Lalande, MCIP, RPP
Planner, RVCA
613-692-3571 x1137

From: Ryan Robineau <r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com>
Sent: Tuesday, October 18, 2022 9:02 AM
To: Eric Lalande <eric.lalande@rvca.ca>
Cc: Robert Freel <r.freel@mcintoshperry.com>; Alison Gosling <a.gosling@mcintoshperry.com>
Subject: 1881-1883 Merivale Road RVCA Requirements

Good morning Eric,

We wanted to touch base with you regarding a proposed development at 1881-1883 Merivale Road.

The development involves the construction of a two 1-storey warehouses with surface parking. Drainage will be collected and conveyed to either the 450mm dia storm sewer within Jamie Avenue or the 450mm dia storm sewer within Merivale Road. Water travels more than 2.0 km in both sewers to the Rideau River (Outlet ID #12048). It is anticipated that drainage will be collected by catch basins and roof drains.

We would like to know what SWM requirements the RVCA would have for the site.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Ryan Robineau, EIT
Civil Engineering Technologist
T. 613.714.6611
r.robineau@mcintoshperry.com | www.mcintoshperry.com

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Turning Possibilities Into Reality

APPENDIX H
CITY OF OTTAWA DESIGN CHECKLIST

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City of Ottawa

4. Development Servicing Study Checklist

The following section describes the checklist of the required content of servicing studies. It is expected that the proponent will address each one of the following items for the study to be deemed complete and ready for review by City of Ottawa Infrastructure Approvals staff.

The level of required detail in the Servicing Study will increase depending on the type of application. For example, for Official Plan amendments and re-zoning applications, the main issues will be to determine the capacity requirements for the proposed change in land use and confirm this against the existing capacity constraint, and to define the solutions, phasing of works and the financing of works to address the capacity constraint. For subdivisions and site plans, the above will be required with additional detailed information supporting the servicing within the development boundary.

4.1 General Content

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
☐ Date and revision number of the report.	On Cover
☐ Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Appendix A
☐ Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Site Servicing Plan (C102)
☐ Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	1.1 Purpose 1.2 Site Description 6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ Summary of pre-consultation meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Appendix B
☐ Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria.	1.1 Purpose 1.2 Site Description 6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	3.0 Pre-Consultation Summary

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☐ Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	N/A
☐ Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	Site Grading Plan (C101)
☐ Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	Site Grading Plan (C101)
☐ Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
☐ Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
☐ Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	Section 2.0 Background Studies, Standards and References
☐ All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: o Metric scale o North arrow (including construction North) o Key plan o Name and contact information of applicant and property owner o Property limits including bearings and dimensions o Existing and proposed structures and parking areas o Easements, road widening and rights-of-way o Adjacent street names	Site Grading Plan (C101)

4.2 Development Servicing Report: Water

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/A
☐ Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development	N/A
☐ Identification of system constraints	N/A
☐ Identify boundary conditions	Appendix C
☐ Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure	N/A
☐ Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Appendix C
☐ Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	N/A
☐ Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design	N/A
☐ Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/A
☐ Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	N/A
☐ Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range	Appendix C, Section 4.2

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Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	Site Servicing Plan (C101)
☐ Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A
☐ Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Appendix C
☐ Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A

4.3 Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	N/A
☐ Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A
☐ Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/A
☐ Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Section 5.2 Proposed Sanitary Sewer

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☐ Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	Section 5.3 Proposed Sanitary Design
☐ Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	N/A
☐ Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Section 5.2 Proposed Sanitary Sewer
☐ Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A
☐ Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
☐ Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A
☐ Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
☐ Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A

4.4 Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	N/A
☐ A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Pre & Post-Development Plans
☐ Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5-year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100-year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
☐ Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
☐ Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	N/A
☐ Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A
☐ Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5-year return period) and major events (1:100-year return period).	Appendix G

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☐ Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	Site Grading Plan
☐ Calculate pre-and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management Appendix G
☐ Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A
☐ Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
☐ Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A
☐ Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Section 6.0 Stormwater Sewer Design & Section 7.0 Proposed Stormwater Management
☐ 100-year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	Site Grading Plan (C101)
☐ Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/A

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☐ Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	Section 8.0 Sediment & Erosion Control
☐ Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
☐ Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	N/A
☐ Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
☐ Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
☐ Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A

4.6 Conclusion Checklist

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	Section 9.0 Summary Section 10.0 Recommendations
☐ Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	All are stamped
☐ All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario	All are stamped

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