



Stormwater Management Report and Servicing Brief

Site 2 National Capital Business Park
1100 Last Mile Drive
Ottawa, ON

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September 02nd, 2022
Revised February 28th, 2023



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1 INTRODUCTION AND SITE DESCRIPTION

LRL Associates Ltd. was retained by Avenue 31 Capital Inc. to complete a Stormwater Management Analysis and Servicing Brief for the development of one (1) Industrial building with surface parking areas, landscaping and gravel outdoor storage within Site 2 of the National Capital Business Park, located at 1100 Last Mile Drive in Ottawa, ON.

The subject property is legally described as Part 14 and 15, Part of Lot 5, Concession C (Rideau Front) in the geographic township of Gloucester in the City of Ottawa. The subject lot is zoned IH (Heavy Industrial Zone). The total site area is approximately **6.11 Ha**.



Figure 1: Aerial View of Proposed Development

The proposed development includes a single industrial building with surface parking, vehicular maneuverability, loading docks and associated site features. The building is located central on the parcel, with car parking in front of the main entrances to fronting the North property line along Last Mile drive. To the rear of the building, there is outdoor surface space allocated to loading docks and trailer parking to provide optimum functionality to the end user of the proposed



industrial building. The building has a proposed floor area of approximately 18,823m². Refer to the Site Plan included in **Appendix Q** for more details.

This report has been prepared in consideration of the terms and conditions noted above and with the civil drawings prepared for the new development. Should there be any changes in the design features, which may relate to the stormwater and servicing considerations, LRL Associates Ltd. should be advised to review the report recommendations.

2 EXISTING SITE AND DRAINAGE DESCRIPTION

The subject site measures **6.11 ha** and currently consists of two separate parts in Lot 5, Concession 6 each. The site is currently vacant and landscaped. The site is generally flat with elevations ranging from 79.9m at the west corner of the site to 77.7m at the east corner of the site. The majority of the site drains to the southeast property line towards a storm pond located to the southeast of the site. The remainder of the site drains northeast towards an easement located along the northeast property line of the site, which ultimately conveys flows towards the southeast property line.

Sewer and watermain mapping, along with as-built information collected from the City of Ottawa indicate the following existing infrastructure located within the adjacent right-of-ways:

Last Mile Drive:

- 250mm PVC watermain
- 250mm PVC sanitary sewer located northwest of the site

There are no storm sewers located within Last Mile Drive as the cross section is a 20.m rural right-of-way cross section with roadside ditches. Additionally, there's a storm pond located to the southeast of the site. This is referenced to as the McEwan Creek Stormwater Management Facility.

3 SCOPE OF WORK

As per applicable guidelines, and consultation with the City of Ottawa and RVCA staff, the following items will be completed and conclusions will be considered during the detailed design of the site:

Water Supply

- Calculate the expected water supply demand at average and peak conditions.
- Calculate the required fire flow as per the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) method.
- Confirm the adequacy of water supply and pressure during peak flow and fire flow.
- Describe the proposed water distribution network and connection to the existing system.

Stormwater Management

- Calculate the allowable stormwater release rate.



- Calculate the anticipated post-development stormwater release rates.
- Demonstrate how the target quantity and quality objectives will be achieved.
- Incorporate low impact development measures and additional infiltration on site to reduce the impact that the flow from the development could have on erosion in the downstream McEwen Creek. This will also mitigate the impacts of the development on the water balance/infiltration in post development conditions.

Sanitary Discharge

- Describe the existing sanitary sewers available to receive wastewater from the building.
- Calculate peak flow rates from the development.
- Describe the proposed sanitary sewer system.
- Review impact of increased sanitary flow on the downstream sanitary sewer.

4 REGULATORY APPROVALS

The proposed development is subject to the Site Plan Control approval process within the City of Ottawa. Additionally, flow from the site ultimately drains to downstream watercourses regulated by the Rideau Valley conservation Authority.

An MECP Environmental Compliance Approval is expected to be required for installation of the proposed storm and sanitary sewers within the site. A Permit to Take Water is not anticipated to be required for pumping requirements for sewer installation. No other approval requirements from other regulatory agencies are anticipated.

5 SUPPORTING REPORTS AND STUDIES

The following reports were referenced during the design of the subject site:

- Functional Servicing Report for National Capital Business Park – 4120 & 4055 Russell Road, prepared by DSEL, dated March 2020.
- Servicing Design Brief for National Capital Business Park – Last Mile Drive, prepared by DSEL, dated March 2021.
- Green's Creek Watershed Integrated Fluvial Geomorphological and Hydrological Study, prepared by JTB Environmental Systems Inc. and J.F. Sabourin & Associates Inc., dated March 2009.
- Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Commercial/Industrial Complex, 4055 and 4120 Russell Road, prepared by Patterson Group, Dated January 2020.
- McEwen Creek Stormwater Management Facility Design Brief, Prepared by IBI Group, Dated November 2009.
- Hydrogeological Study, Proposed National Capital Business Park, Site 2, Prepared by Patterson Group, dated December 2022.



6 WATER SUPPLY AND FIRE PROTECTION

6.1 Existing Water Supply Services and Fire Hydrant Coverage

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa 2W2C water distribution network pressure zone. There is an existing 250 mm watermain within Last Mile Drive. Two stubs have been extended from the existing watermain into the subject site for connection. There are currently seven (7) existing fire hydrants within close proximity to the subject property. Refer to **Appendix C** for the location of fire hydrants.

6.2 Water Supply Servicing Design

It is proposed that one (1) industrial building will be constructed on this site. Two (2) water services will be provided to the building via the 250mm watermain stubs extended from the existing watermain located within Last Mile Drive. The two services (required as per City as per Technical bulletin ISTB-20-03) will enter central into the front of the building. Refer to *Site Servicing Plan C.401* in **Appendix P** for servicing layout and connection points.

Table 1 below summarizes the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines design parameters employed in the preparation of the water demand estimate.

Table 1: City of Ottawa Design Guidelines Design Parameters

| Parameter | Value |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Minimum Depth of Cover | 2.4m |
| Desired operating pressure during maximum daily flow | 345 kPa (50 psi) and 552 kPa (80 psi) |
| Minimum allowable pressure during peak hour flow | 275 kPa (40 psi) |
| Minimum allowable pressure during maximum daily + fire flow | 275 kPa (20 psi) |
| Average Day Demand | |
| Residential | 280 L/c/d |
| Industrial - Light | 35,000 L/gross ha/d |
| Industrial - Heavy | 55,000 L/gross ha/d |
| Maximum Daily Demand | |
| Residential | 2.5 x avg. day |
| Industrial | 1.5 x avg. day |
| Commercial | 1.5 x avg. day |
| Institutional | 1.5 x avg. day |
| Maximum Hour Demand | |
| Residential | 2.2 x max. day |
| Industrial | 1.8 x max. day |
| Commercial | 1.8 x max. day |
| Institutional | 1.8 x max. day |

The proposed gross area of the industrial building is approximately 18,763 m² with approximately 1,280m² of office space. Based on the *City of Ottawa Design Guidelines for Consumption Rates*, to the building use were considered industrial-light with a consumption rate of 35,000 L/gross ha/day and have assumed the consumption rate for the office spaces to be 75L/9.3m²/d.



The required water supply for the industrial building has been calculated using the following formula:

$$Q = (q \times A \times M)$$

Where,

q = average water consumption (L/gross ha/day for industrial space and 75L/9.3m²/d for office space)

A = area (ha for industrial space and m² for office space)

M = Peak factor

The following factors were used in calculations as per Table 4.2 in the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines;

- Maximum Daily Demand Industrial Factor = **1.5** x Avg Day
- Peak Hour Demand Industrial Factor = **1.8** x Max Day

Using the above-mentioned factors and design parameters listed in Table 1, total anticipated demands were calculated as follows:

- Average daily domestic water demand is **0.84** L/s,
- Maximum daily demand is **1.27** L/s, and
- Maximum hourly is **1.52** L/s.

Table 2 below summarizes anticipated demands. Refer to **Appendix C** for water demand calculations.

Table 2: Summary of Anticipated Demands

| Design Parameter | Anticipated Demands |
|---|---------------------|
| | (L/s) |
| Average Daily Demand | 0.84 |
| Max Day + Fire Flow (per FUS) | 1.27 + 233.3 |
| Peak Hour | 1.52 |
| <i>Water demand calculation per City of Ottawa Water Design guidelines. See Appendix C for details.</i> | |

The City of Ottawa was contacted to obtain boundary conditions associated with the estimated water demand. Correspondence has been included in **Appendix D** with the provided boundary conditions summarized in Table 3 on the following page.



Table 3: Summary of Anticipated Demands and Boundary Conditions at Road Connection

| Scenario | Anticipated Demand (L/s) | Boundary Conditions @ Last Mile Drive (North Connection) * (m H2O/psi) | Boundary Conditions @ Last Mile Drive (West Connection)* (m H2O/psi) |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Average Daily Demand | 0.84 | 130.7/76.76 | 130.7/76.69 |
| Peak Hour Demand | 1.52 | 123.8/66.94 | 123.8/66.87 |
| Max Day +Fire Flow | 232.85 | 108.4/45.03 | 107.7/43.97 |
| *Assumed ground elevation at connection points are 79.15 (North Connection) and 79.2 (West Connection) | | | |

Based on the information provided, it was concluded that the pressure in all design scenarios meet the required pressure ranges outlined in table 1 at the two connections.

The estimated fire flow for the proposed buildings was calculated in accordance with *ISTB-2018-02*. The following parameters were provided by the Architect, see **Appendix E** for collaborating correspondence and Fire Flow Calculations:

- Type of construction – Non-Combustible;
- Occupancy type –Combustible; and
- Sprinkler Protection – Automatic Sprinkler System.

The estimated fire flow demand was estimated to be **14,000 L/min**. There are seven (7) existing fire hydrants located in close proximity to the proposed building that are available to provide the required fire flow demands. Refer to **Appendix C** for fire flow calculations and fire hydrant locations. Table 4 below summarizes the aggregate fire flow of the contributing hydrants in close proximity to the proposed building based on Table 18.5.4.3 of *ISTB-2018-02*.

Table 4: Fire Protection Summary Table

| Fire Flow Demand (L/min) | Fire Hydrants(s) within 75m | Fire Hydrant(s) within 150m | Fire Hydrant(s) within 300m | Available Combined Fire Flow (L/min) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 14,000 | 1 | 4 | 2 | (1 x 5678) + (4x 3785) + (2 x 2839) = 26 496 |

The total available fire flow from the contributing hydrants is equal to **26,496 L/min**. This is sufficient to provide adequate fire flow for the proposed development. A certified fire protection system specialist will need to be employed to design the building’s fire suppression system and confirm the actual fire flow demand.

The proposed water supply design conforms to all relevant City Guidelines and Policies.



7 SANITARY SERVICE

7.1 Existing Sanitary Sewer Services

The subject property is tributary to the Green Creek Collector south trunk sewer. There is an existing 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer within Last Mile Drive.

7.2 Sanitary Sewer Servicing Design

The sanitary flows from the industrial building is proposed to connect to the existing manhole SAN MH201A which extends into the subject site along the north property line from the existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer within Last Mile Drive. Refer to LRL drawing C.401, included in **Appendix P**, for the proposed sanitary servicing.

The total post-development wet flow for the site was calculated to be **5.64 L/s**. The parameters used to calculate the anticipated flows for the industrial portions of the building were an Average Light Industrial Flow of 35,000 L/ha/day as per the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines, an infiltration allowance of 0.33 L/s/ha and an industrial peak factor of 7.0. The parameters used to calculate the anticipated flows for the office spaces within the buildings were as assumed flow rate for the office spaces of 75L/9.3m²/d, an infiltration allowance of 0.33 L/s/ha and a peak factor of 1.5.

Refer to **Appendix F** for further information on the calculated sanitary flows.

8 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

8.1 Existing Stormwater Infrastructure

The subject property is undeveloped currently with no existing infrastructure on site. Recently the roadway surrounding the site to the north and the west, Last Mile Drive, was constructed with a rural cross-section including gravel shoulders and roadside ditches. There is currently no storm sewers located within Last Mile Drive surrounding the site.

The site is a tributary to the McEwan Creek Watershed with all flow on site ultimately making it's way to McEwan Creek.

In pre-development conditions, drainage from the subject site is depicted by existing watersheds EWS-01 (2.095 ha) and EWS-02 (4.400 ha). The existing topography creates the divide as shown in the figure on the following page, defining two separate outlets; Outlet 1, conveying through NCBP Site 1 to the east, ultimately under Hunt Club Road, and Outlet 2, conveying into the McEwan Creek SWM Facility.



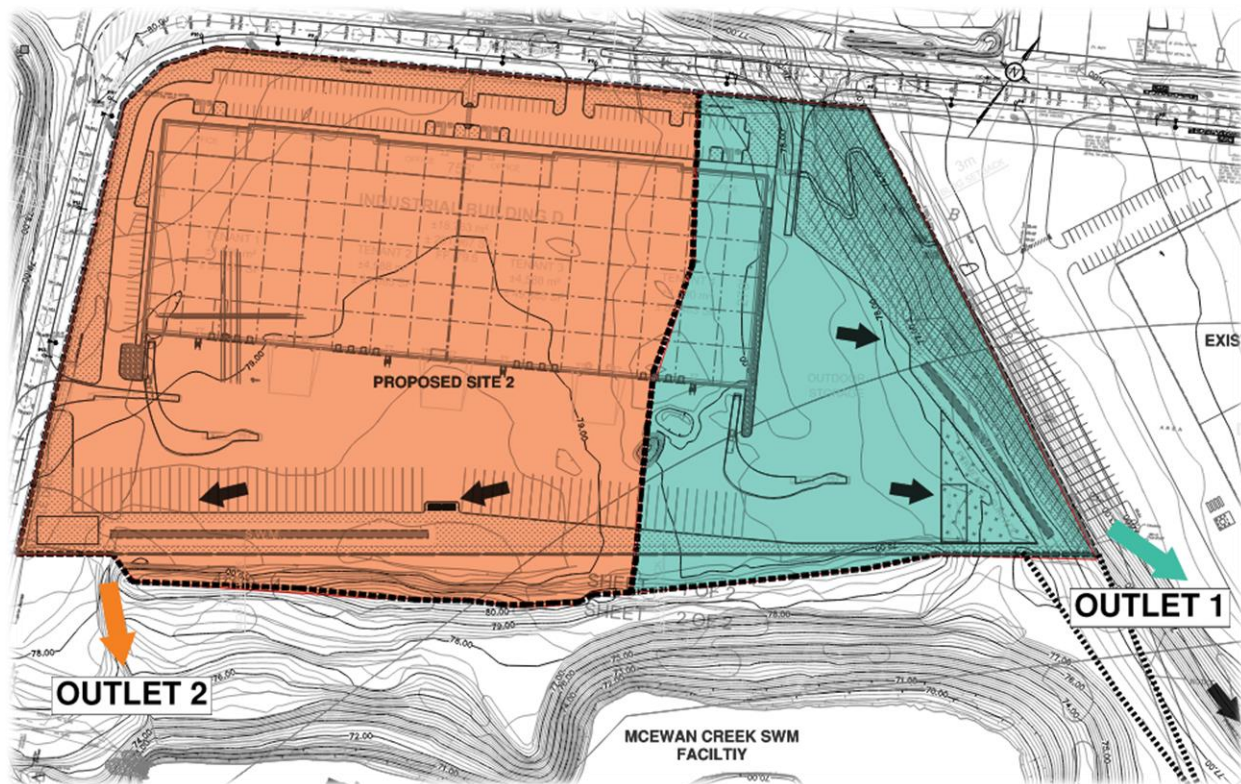


Figure 2: Pre Development Runoff Delineation

EWS-01 drains uncontrolled overland east towards neighboring parcel, Site 1 NCBP, and is conveyed via swales and a culvert under Hunt Club Road, ultimately reaching McEwan Creek. EWS-02 drains uncontrolled overland south towards McEwan Creek SWM Pond Facility with much of the drainage route being directed through an existing swale within the pond property. Refer to plan C701 included in **Appendix P** for pre-development drainage characteristics.

8.2 Design Criteria

The stormwater management criteria for this development is based on the pre-consultation with City of Ottawa officials, RVCA, the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines including City of Ottawa Stormwater Management Design Guidelines, 2012 (City Standards), as well as the Ministry of the Environment's Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, 2003 (SWMP Manual). **Appendix G** includes a figure summarizing the Stormwater Management Criteria for each outlet of the site.

8.2.1 Water Quality

The subject property lies within the Ottawa River East sub-watershed and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). It was determined that 'enhanced' treatment (80% TSS Removal) is required for stormwater runoff from the proposed development. Correspondence with RVCA is included in **Appendix A**.

For the portion of the subject site draining to McEwens Creek Stormwater Facility, a combined removal of 80% TSS is required, 70% achieved through the pond.



8.2.2 Water Quantity

Based on pre-consultation with the City, correspondence included in **Appendix A**, the following stormwater management requirements were identified for the subject site:

- Control post-development flows to pre-development flows.
- Attenuate all storms up to and including the City of Ottawa 100-year storm event on site.

8.2.3 Water Balance Mitigation and Downstream Erosion Control

Based on correspondence with the NCC and the RVCA, it was recommended that on site SWM controls be implemented to infiltrate 10mm of runoff by introducing a combination of best management practices and low impact design measures. This will result in an overall runoff volume reduction.

8.3 Stormwater Release Rate Method of Analysis

The Modified Rational Method has been used to calculate the runoff rate from the site to quantify the detention storage required for quantity control of the development. Refer to **Appendix J** and **Appendix K** for storage calculations.

8.4 Proposed Stormwater Management Design

The site has been analyzed and post-development watersheds have been allocated. To adhere to existing drainage characteristics, two outlets are proposed. The following sections detail the design for each outlet; Outlet 1 directed to NCBP Site 1 and Huntclub Road culvert, and Outlet 2, directed to McEwen SWM Pond Facility.

8.4.1 Outlet 1 – Site 1, Huntclub Road Culvert, McEwan Creek

The eastern part of the site has been analyzed and two (2) post-development watersheds which will drain to Outlet 1 have been allocated. It is proposed that these watersheds will adhere to the drainage characteristics and pre-development flow rate of existing watershed EWS-01.

During the detailed design of Site 1 of the NCBP issued in 2021 by DSEL, considerations were given to the runoff coming from this site by ensuring a swale along the border was designed to intercept the runoff prior to it entering into the developed site. The Stormwater management plan outlining this existing watershed has been included in **Appendix L** for reference. Table 5 below summarizes the 2-yr & 100-yr pre-development flows for EWS01 which would set the allowable release rates for outlet 1.

Table 5: Outlet 1 Pre-development flows, Allowable Post Development Release

| Drainage Area Name | 2-yr Flow (L/s) | 100-yr Flow (L/s) |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| EWS-01 | 64.02 | 147.75 |

As shown in Table 5, the allowable release rates for Outlet 1 were identified as **64.02 L/s** and **147.75 L/s** for the 2-yr and 100-yr flows respectively.



The post-development watersheds were allocated as follow;

Watershed WS-100 (0.551ha) consisting mainly of grass and a large sloped area of the site will flow uncontrolled east as per existing conditions. Runoff will surface drain towards the eastern property line into an existing swale located within Site 1. The swale will convey flows to Hunt Club road-side ditch and ultimately to the McEwan Creek.

Watershed WS-101 (0.803ha) consists of travel way and outdoor storage area with a small portion of landscaping on the south border of the site. This will drain overland, enter the retention area, with some characteristics of an enhanced grass swale before being controlled at the outlet and conveyed offsite to the swale along the border of Site 1.

The post development flows exceeding the allowable release rate for this outlet will be retained on site with storage provided in a grass depression area with 3:1 side slopes, and a flat bottom. This retention area will also provide the opportunity for infiltration to the underlying soils while providing the storage required during rainfall events. The depressed area has been sized to provide adequate detention for events greater than the 1:100year storm.

Refer to **Appendix H** for watershed area's and a summary of the weighted runoff coefficients.

To attenuate flows to the allowable release rates, it is calculated that a total of **65.74 m³** and **209.05 m³** of storage will be required in the 2-yr and 100-yr storm respectively. Captured flows will be restricted via a proposed orifice plate **230mm** diameter ICD located in DICB02 in the stormwater retention area. Refer to **Appendix J** for detailed stormwater calculations.

The required storage is proposed within the eastern retention area on site which is demonstrated on drawing "C601 – Stormwater Management Plan" of **Appendix P**.

8.4.1.1 Quality Control

To meet stormwater quality control identified by RVCA, a **Stormceptor EF06** Oil/Grit Separator is proposed to provide enhanced (80% TSS removal) treatment. Refer to C401 for location of OGS an **Appendix N** for sizing report and specs.

8.4.2 Outlet 2 – McEwan SWM Pond Facility

The western portion of the site has been analyzed and seven (7) post-development watersheds which will drain to Outlet 2 have been allocated. It is proposed that these watersheds will adhere to the drainage characteristics and pre-development flow rate of existing watershed EWS-02 also draining in the same direction in pre-development conditions. Table 6 below shows the 2-yr & 100-yr pre-development flows for EWS01 which would set the allowable release rates for Outlet 2.

Table 6:Outlet 2 Pre-development flows

| Drainage Area Name | 2-yr Flow (L/s) | 100-yr Flow (L/s) |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| EWS-02 | 68.81 | 156.96 |



As shown in Table 6, the allowable release rates for Outlet 2 were identified as **68.81 L/s** and **156.96L/s** for the 2-yr and 100-yr flows respectively.

The post-development watersheds were allocated as follows;

Watershed WS-200 (A + B) (0.036ha) consisting of grass will flow uncontrolled. Runoff will surface drain to Last Mile Drive.

Watershed WS-201 (0.0.296ha) consists of car parking, entrance into the site from Last Mile Drive as well and landscaped area. This is graded to drain into catch basin manholes and enter into the storm sewer network at the most upstream run.

Watershed 202 (0.287ha) consists mainly of paved parking area and a landscape buffer between the site and the Last Mile Drive Right-of-way. This also drains into catch basin manholes entering into a 300mm storm pipe.

Watershed 203 (0.178ha) consists mainly of paved parking lot and landscaped areas west of the building. Runoff in this watershed will be captured via catch basins and directed to the stormwater retention area conveyed in a 375mm storm pipe.

Watershed 204 (0.770ha) consists mainly of paved trailer parking area, and paved loading docks and landscaping around the west entrance to the site. Runoff in this watershed will drain into a catch basin, conveyed via a 375mm sewer into the retention area.

Watershed 205 (0.564ha) consists mainly of paved trailer parking area, and paved loading docks draining into a separate storm network with an inlet to the retention area on the east end.

Watershed 206 (0.460ha) consists mainly of paved trailer parking area, and paved loading docks draining into a catchbasin at the most upstream section of the network with an outlet into the retention area on the east end.

Watershed 207 (0.675ha) is landscaped area, the retention area and captures a portion of offsite land, draining directly overland into the retention.

Watershed 208 (1.875 ha) is the building envelope. Runoff will be captured via twenty-four (24) roof drains with controls. Captured flow will then be directed directly to a manhole located downstream of the on site retention.

In order to achieve the allowable post-development stormwater release rate, the proposed watersheds will utilize surface storage in the stormwater retention area combined with rooftop storage for Watershed 208. The retention area will also provide the opportunity for groundwater infiltration in addition to the storage required during significant rainfall events.

Table 7 on the following page summarizes the release rates and storage volumes required to meet the allowable release rates identified in Table 6.



Table 7: Stormwater Release Rate & Storage Volume Summary

| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 2-year Release Rate (L/s) | 2-Year Required Storage (m ³) | 100-year Release Rate (L/s) | 100-Year Required Storage (m ³) | Total Available Storage (m ³) |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---|
| WS-200 (UNCONTROLLED) | 0.032 | 1.73 | 0.0 | 4.02 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| WS-201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207 (CONTROLLED) | 3.231 | 21.59 | 642.92 | 43.02 | 1499.63 | 2321.70 |
| WS-208 (ROOF CONTROLLED) | 1.876 | 45.36 | 303.40 | 45.36 | 914.08 | 950.45 |
| TOTAL | 5.139 | 68.68 | 946.33 | 92.40 | 2413.71 | 3272.15 |

To attenuate flows to the allowable release rates, it is calculated that a total of **743.09 m³** and **2413.71 m³** of storage will be required in the 2-yr and 100-yr storm respectively prior to releasing flow to the McEwen SWM Facility. The required storage is proposed to be met via a combination of building rooftop ponding and surface ponding in stormwater retention area. The maximum required storage and allowable release rates were divided as per the following;

- **914.08 m³** is required rooftop storage in WS-208 corresponding to a maximum restricted flow of **45.36 L/s** via roof drain controls;
- **1499.63 m³** is required surface storage in the remainder of the watersheds draining to this outlet, corresponding to maximum restricted flow of **43.02 L/s accomplished** via proposed orifice plate **124mm** diameter ICD located in DICB01 at the outlet of the storm retention area.

8.4.2.1 Rooftop Storage Analysis

The proposed building's rooftop was analysed and divided into individual ponding areas, each with a central roof drain. A total of twenty-four (24) roof drains, each of which is restricting the discharge rate to a maximum of 1.89 L/s, resulting in a total release rate from the roof of 45.36 L/s is proposed. Each of the roof drain flow control devices has been selected to provide a flow rate of 1.89 L/s at a maximum flow depth of 0.15 m. Proposed roof drains are to be WATTS RD-100-A roof drains with a fully exposed wier opening. See **Appendix M** for more information about the selected roof drain and flow restrictor.



The total available roof storage volume (m^3) has been calculated using the following formula:

$$V = \left(\frac{D_{Sl} * A_{Eff}}{3} \right)$$

Where:

V = available (provided) rooftop storage (m^3)

D_{Sl} = slope ponding depth (m)

A_{Eff} = effective roof area (m^2)

Based on the equation above, it was calculated that **950.45 m^3** of rooftop storage is available in the 100-year event. For additional details on the calculations for available area of rooftop storage, refer to **Appendix K**.

The 2-yr and 100-yr ponding extents can be found on drawing “C601 – Stormwater Management Plan” of **Appendix P**.

8.4.2.2 Quality Control

The site has been designed to provide additional TSS removal as a supplement to what the McEwen SWM Pond Facility achieves. A combination of best management practices and low impact development strategies will be implemented to treat the catchments which are mainly comprised of parking lot and vehicular circulating areas (WS-201, WS-202, WS-203, WS-204, WS-205, WS-206). These catchments correspond to an area of 2.56 ha, representing 50% of the total contributing flow to this outlet. The remainder of the contributing flow to outlet 2 comes from rooftop or greenspace surrounding the SWM retention area and the neighboring SWM city owned block; therefore, not requiring treatment as it would be considered clean runoff. Of the 2.56 ha of contributing sub catchments, approximately 2.20ha is comprised of impervious surface.

The LID Guidelines provide several recommendations for enhanced grass swales and bio-retention area that were taken into consideration when designing the stormwater retention area for this site, such as:

- 1) Pre-treatment is provided through sumps present in the catch basins capturing the flow before conveying through sewers into the retention swale.
- 2) Swale side slopes are maintained as flat as possible with maximum sloping of 3:1 to provide pre-treatment and maximize swale filtering surface.
- 3) Geometry of the retention swale provides a bottom width of 3.0m which prevents flows from concentrating once entering.
- 4) Flat longitudinal slopes are proposed along the grass swale to promote shallow flows, adequate water treatment and infiltration.
- 5) As per design guidelines, ratio of impervious drainage area to bio-retention treatment area was calculated to be 9.56:1. This is slightly higher than the recommended ratio based on the soil type, however is within range.
- 6) Landscaped with Sod to provide a vegetated base.



- 7) The Geotechnical Report as well as the Hydrogeological Study states that groundwater was not observed in the test pits, which were excavated to a maximum depth of 3.2 m bgs. Therefore, it is anticipated that sufficient clearance, exceeding 1.0m, will be achieved between bottom of LID measures and expected groundwater level as recommended per design guidelines.
- 8) Runoff conveyed through the retention area will be truncated as a result of outlet control which will increase infiltration into the ground prior to leaving the site.

These fundamental components integrated into the stormwater retention area which are similar to an enhanced grass swale will benefit the treatment of the flow leaving. As per the Credit Valley Conservation Authority LID design manual, the median pollutant mass removal rates of swales from available performance studies are 76% for total suspended solids. However, this number is not representative for the design conditions given that not all items outlined in the design guidance were integrated. Assuming that 40% would be removed from the design principles integrated, the on site BMP's with the McEwen Creek SWM Facility would provide a combined removal rate of 82%. The combined removal rate of the systems described above and the McEwen SWM pond in series was determined as follows;

$$\begin{aligned} R &= A+B-[(A \times B)/100] \\ &= 40+70-[(40 \times 70)/100] \\ &= 82\% \text{ TSS Removal} \end{aligned}$$

Where;

- R = Total TSS Removal Rate
- A = TSS Removal Rate of the First Upstream BMP (Assumed 40% From BMP/LID's)
- B = TSS Removal Rate of Second or Downstream BMP (70% from McEwen Creek SWMF)

By combining these various Low-Impact development (LID) approaches with the achievable 70% TSS removal from the McEwen SWM Pond Facility, it is believed that the targeted 80% TSS removal will be achieved. Refer to **Appendix O** for more details on LID measures.

8.4.3 Water Budget and Infiltration

To reduce impacts on erosion within the downstream McEwen Creek, this site design is intended to capture and retain (infiltrate or abstract) the first 10 mm of rainfall. This 10 mm target can be partially achieved by the default initial abstraction as a result of depression storage, with the additional retention being obtained through on site topsoil and planting, the two stormwater retention areas as well as a permeable surface on the east portion of the site, accepting overland sheet flow from watershed WS-101.

A summary of the calculations to determine the volume of storage required to retain the first 10mm of rainfall the site in it's entirety is summarized on the following page. The Sewer Design Guideline outlines depression storage values of 4.67 mm on all soft landscaped surfaces and a 1.57 mm on all hardscaped surfaces which have also been considered.



| | |
|---|---|
| Landscaped Area Runoff Volume | = 1.73x (10mm-4.67) x 10 m ³ /ha x mm =92.21 m ³ |
| Impervious Runoff Volume (Asphalt, Gravel, concrete) | =2.89x (10mm-1.57) x 10 m ³ /ha x mm =243.63 m ³ |
| Building Runoff/Rooftop | =1.876x (10mm-1.57) x 10 m ³ /ha x mm= =158.15 m ³ |
| Total | =493.99 m ³ |

Additional retention is obtained in the stormwater depressed areas at an elevation below the outlet control device. Availability for supplementary infiltration exists in landscaped areas for small retention depressions within the grading or amended topsoil.

In addition, the east portion of the site has been designed utilizing sheet flow, direction a large catchment directly over a permeable surface prior to out letting into the storm retention area at outlet 1 as can be seen on the sketch below.

By implementing a combination of LID principles within the stormwater design, it can be concluded that infiltrated will be promoted and there will be a reduction on potential volume of runoff.

9 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

During construction, erosion and sediment controls will be provided primarily via a sediment control fence to be erected along the perimeter of the site where runoff has the potential of leaving the site. Inlet sediment control devices are also to be provided in any catch basin and/or manholes in and around the site that may be impacted by the site construction once it progresses.⁴

Mud mat's are proposed at the entrance/exit to the subject property to mitigate tracking of additional sediments and soil from construction vehicles off site and onto Last Mile drive and surrounding roadways.

Construction and maintenance requirements for erosion and sediment controls are to comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specification OPSS 577. Refer to LRL Associates drawing C.101 for erosion and sediment control details.

10 CONCLUSION

This Stormwater Management and Servicing Report for the development proposed at Site 2 of the National Capital Business Park presents the rationale and details for the servicing requirements for the subject property.



In accordance with the report objectives, the servicing requirements for the development are summarized below:

Water Service

- The required fire flow was calculated to be **14,000 L/min** using the FUS method for the proposed building.
- There are seven (7) existing fire hydrants available to service the building. They will provide a combined fire flow of **26 496 L/min**.
- Two (2) water services will be provided to the building via the 250mm watermain stubs extended from the existing watermain located within Last Mile Drive.

Sanitary Service

- The total calculated wet wastewater flow from the proposed development is **5.64 L/s**.
- The proposed development will be serviced via a network of 200mm diameter SAN sewers which will connect to EX SAN MH201 and will discharge **5.64 L/s** to the existing downstream 250 mm dia. sanitary sewer within Last Mile Drive.

Stormwater Management

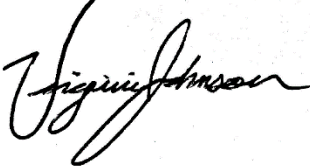
- The site has been analyzed and post-development watersheds have been allocated. To adhere to existing drainage characteristics, two outlets are proposed.
- **Outlet 1 to McEwan Creek;**
 - Flows are restricted to allowable release rates of **64.02 L/s** and **147.75 L/s** in the 2-yr and 100-yr storm events respectively.
 - Much of the watershed draining in this direction will be conveyed overland via sheet flow, prior to entering into a retention area and outtetting to the neighbouring developed Site, ultimately reaching McEwan's Creek.
 - Required Quality controls to be met via a proposed **OGS**.
- **Outlet 2 to McEwan SWM Pond Facility;**
 - Flows are restricted to allowable release rates of **68.81 L/s** and **156.96 L/s** in the 2-yr and 100-yr storm events respectively.
 - On-site storage is provided via surface ponding in the dedicated stormwater retention area and rooftop storage.
 - Required Quality controls are assumed to be provided through a combination of on-site LID and Best management practices before being treated to 70% TSS removal within the McEwan Creek SWM Pond Facility.



11 REPORT CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The report conclusions are applicable only to this specific project described in the preceding pages. Any changes, modifications or additions will require a subsequent review by LRL Associates Ltd. to ensure the compatibility with the recommendations contained in this document. If you have any questions or comments, please contact the undersigned.

Prepared by:
LRL Associates Ltd.



Virginia Johnson, P. Eng.
Civil Engineer



APPENDIX A
Pre-consultation / Correspondance



Amr Salem

From: Jennifer Murray <jmurray@ave31.com>
Sent: August 22, 2022 5:12 PM
To: Amr Salem; Harrison Werner; John Holland; Paul Hicks; Anthony Francis; James Lennox
Cc: Maxime Longtin; Virginia Johnson; Gavin MacDonald
Subject: FW: 4120 Russell Rd - site 2 - informal pre-consult recap
Attachments: russell, 4120_design brief.pdf; Pre-con Applicant's Study and Plan Identification List.pdf

Follow Up Flag: Follow up
Flag Status: Flagged

Please see attached the City pre-consultation notes for Site 2.

The focus is mainly on Stormwater, however there are also a few comments related to urban design, Planning Rationale & Design Brief and landscape design.

Talk to you all on Wednesday. We look forward to having this submission in ASAP., I know there was some delay with some tweaks to the Site Plan. I have the application ready to go in and will make an appointment for Friday this week to make the submission.

Jennifer

Jennifer Murray, P. Eng, MBA

Vice President, Land Development

Vice-présidente, Développement de terrains

Avenue 31 Capital Inc.

801-250 City Centre

Ottawa, ON

K1R 6K7

E jmurray@ave31.com

C 613-799-2422

From: Gervais, Melanie <Melanie.Gervais@ottawa.ca>
Sent: August 17, 2022 6:12 PM
To: Jennifer Murray <jmurray@ave31.com>
Subject: 4120 Russell Rd - site 2 - informal pre-consult recap

Hello Jennifer,

Please refer to the below and attached notes regarding the informal Pre-Application Consultation (pre-con) Meeting held on June 16th 2022 for the property at 4120 Russell Rd for a Site Plan Control application in order to allow the development of two warehouse buildings by Avenue 31. I have also attached the required Plans & Study List for application submission.

Below are staff's preliminary comments based on the information available at the time of pre-con meeting:

Planning

The Planning Rationale must review both the current Official Plan and the new Official Plan. If the new Official Plan has been approved by the Minister by the time you apply, you will only need to review the new Official Plan.

This site is outside of the MTO control area.

Site Plan Control – Complex Approval: **\$49,964.88** (plus engineering design review fee, plus \$1,065 Conservation Authority Fee)

https://app06.ottawa.ca/online_services/forms/ds/site_plan_control_en.pdf

Engineering (Jeff Shillington)

Water and Sanitary: no concerns as the infrastructure was installed as part of Last Mile Drive

Stormwater:

- The eastern pond should have water quality treatment, for example an OGS upstream of the pond before discharging into the McEwan Creek.
- The western outlet water quality will most likely be accommodated in the McEwen SWM Facility.
- Please indicate outlets ditch/swale route into the recipients.
- The proposed ponds have to have a vehicular access to the inlet and the outlet.
- It appears, that there is enough space between a building and the pond for a maintenance access since the parking lots could be occupied by cars. There is no space for the service road close to the eastern building only the parking lot.
- Safety of public should be addressed, which will depend on the pond depth and max ponding. We may consider a fence installation with a gate for city vehicles. Our practice is not to fence SWM facilities and therefore we would require more information to confirm this requirement.
- There maybe be a stagnant water in the pond and possible mosquito nuisance might be a problematic too. Complaints from nearby residents can be expected.

RVCA (Jamie Batchelor)

Please coordinate with the RVCA to obtain their comments. They've indicated that they want a meeting to discuss their requirement. It is to your benefit to incorporate their comments in your initial design in order to prevent significant delays/multiple resubmissions during the Site Plan review process.

Parkland (Phil Castro)

- We require parkland dedication.
- Parks and Facilities Planning is currently undertaking a legislated replacement of the Parkland Dedication By-law, with the new by-law to be considered by City Council on August 31, 2022. The by-law recommended for approval by Council increases the required parkland conveyance for mid-rise and high-rise residential development, and includes one-year transition policies for in-stream development and building permit applications or those that will be submitted and meet the requirements for completeness by September 1, 2022.
 - To ensure you are aware of parkland dedication requirements for your proposed development, we encourage you to familiarize yourself with the [staff report](#) and [recommended by-law](#) that were recommended for Council approval by [Planning](#)

[Committee on July 7, 2022](#). For any questions or information, please contact the project lead at Kersten.Nitsche@ottawa.ca.

Transportation (Wally Dubyk)

A Screening Form is to be submitted to determine if a transportation study is required. Consultants should fill in the form in Appendix 'B'. Click on the website: www.ottawa.ca/TIA

The consultant should review the sight distance to the access and any obstructions that may hinder the view of the driver.

The Owner acknowledges and agrees that all private accesses to Roads shall comply with the City's Private Approach By-Law being By-Law No. 2003-447 as amended <https://ottawa.ca/en/living-ottawa/laws-licences-and-permits/laws/law-z/private-approach-law-no-2003-447> or as approved through the Site Plan control process.

Signs related to the development site are to be placed in accordance with the applicable sign by-law <https://ottawa.ca/en/search?searchfield=sign+by+law>. (Permanent Signs on Private Property By-law No. 2016-326). (Temporary Signs on Private Property By-law No. 2004-239). (Signs on City Roads By-law No. 2003-520). An Encroachment Agreement will be required for any signage on the road allowance.

The Owner shall be required to enter into maintenance and liability agreement for all pavers, plant and landscaping material placed in the City right-of-way and the Owner shall assume all maintenance and replacement responsibilities in perpetuity.

Bicycle parking spaces are required as per Section 111 of the Ottawa Comprehensive Zoning By-law. Bicycle parking spaces should be located in safe, secure places near main entrances and preferably protected from the weather.

Urban Design (Christopher Moise)

- This proposal does not run along or does not meet the threshold in one of the City's Design Priority Areas and need not attend the City's UDRP. Staff will be responsible for evaluating the proposal and providing design direction;
- We appreciate the material presented and have the following comments/questions about the proposal:
 - Parking: Minimize quantity of vehicular parking between buildings and public right-of-way, provide in discreet locations and screened from view of the public right-of-way with landscaping. We recommend using minimum parking requirements for the office use to mitigate heat island effects;
 - Landscaping: Improve the landscaping treatment around the site and adjacent to the public right-of-way with enhanced plantings and trees;
 - Pedestrian connectivity: Consider safe and convenient access to buildings from parking locations;
- A scoped Design Brief is a required submittal for all Site Plan/Re-zoning applications and can be combined with the Planning Rationale. Please see the Design Brief Terms of Reference provided.
 - Note. The Design Brief submittal should have a section which addresses these pre-consultation comments;

Environmental (Matthew Hayley)

- Provide the 2020 EIS and 2021 up-date memo with the application as well as any supporting material from NCC process.
- Consider urban heat island effect, bird-safe design and tree canopy.
- Element like 35% mature canopy cover over parking lot, light grey roof, should be added to the Planning Rationale.

As we discussed, NCC approval process has likely addressed most of the City's environmental concerns.

City Surveyor

- The determination of property boundaries, minimum setbacks and other regulatory constraints are a critical component of development. An Ontario Land Surveyor (O.L.S.) needs to be consulted at the outset of a project to ensure properties are properly defined and can be used as the geospatial framework for the development.
- Topographic details may also be required for a project and should be either carried out by the O.L.S. that has provided the Legal Survey or done in consultation with the O.L.S. to ensure that the project is integrated to the appropriate control network.

Questions regarding the above requirements can be directed to the City's Surveyor, Bill Harper, at Bill.Harper@ottawa.ca

Other

- Plans are to be standard A1 size (594 mm x 841 mm) or Arch D size (609.6 mm x 914.4 mm) sheets, dimensioned in metric and utilizing an appropriate Metric scale (1:200, 1:250, 1:300, 1:400 or 1:500).
- All PDF submitted documents are to be unlocked and flattened.
- You are encouraged to contact the Ward Councillor, Councillor Diane Deans, at Diane.Deans@ottawa.ca about the proposal.

Please refer to the links to [Guide to preparing studies and plans](#) and [fees](#) for further information. Additional information is available related to [building permits](#), [development charges](#), and the [Accessibility Design Standards](#). Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process. You may obtain background drawings by contacting geoinformation@ottawa.ca.

These pre-con comments are valid for one year. If you submit a development application(s) after this time, you may be required to meet for another pre-consultation meeting and/or the submission requirements may change. You are as well encouraged to contact us for a follow-up meeting if the plan/concept will be further refined.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

Regards,

Mélanie Gervais MCIP, RPP
Planner III (A) / Urbaniste III (i)
Development Review - South /

*Examen des demandes d'aménagement - sud
Planning, Real Estate and Economic Development Department /
Direction générale de la planification, des biens immobiliers et du développement économique
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Mail Code: 01-14*

**Please note that I'm working from home during the COVID-19 pandemic.*

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Amr Salem

From: Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>
Sent: August 26, 2022 11:27 AM
To: Jennifer Murray; Claire Milloy; Amr Salem
Cc: Virginia Johnson; Maxime Longtin; Evelyn Liu; Shillington, Jeffrey; Gervais, Melanie; Evelyn Liu
Subject: RE: NCBP Site 2

Good Morning Jennifer,

Here are the RVCA comments compiled by RVCA technical staff Claire Milloy, and Evelyn Liu for the pre-con and based on the meeting with LRL.

The RVCA met virtually with LRL on August 17, 2022, to discuss the stormwater management plan for Site 2 (3rd Site Plan) at the NCBP. Based on that discussion and a simple review of the previously accepted stormwater management plan for Site 1, the RVCA provides the following preliminary comments and requests.

- The east side of Site 2 naturally drains to the adjacent property, Site 1. Following development, stormwater from the east side of Site 2 will be directed to Site 1 and an outlet that was already assessed and accepted as part of the Site 1 plan.
 - Based on information from page 148 (OGS sizing) of the Site 1 stormwater management report, the RVCA requests clarification about how the east part of Site 2 is accounted for in the Site 1 quality control.
 - Details and confirmation that the total drainage area for Sites 1 and 2 are accounted for in the OGS sizing is needed.
- The rest of the site will drain to the south, to two stormwater retention areas / dry ponds and on to an existing stormwater facility, the McEwen Pond.
 - The RVCA requests confirmation that the McEwen Pond was sized to accommodate the development on Site 2, such that post development peak flows will match pre-development peak flows. (control of post to pre)
- LRL indicated that the following LIDs were being incorporated into the Site 2 development design and that a treatment train approach was being considered
 - roof-top storage on both buildings
 - 2 SWM retention areas at the south part of the lot
 - gravel shoulders
 - filter strips
- The RVCA indicated that we support the use of green infrastructure, including LID, and that it is understood that this is a provincial standard to be met for all new parts of a municipal stormwater management system, unless specific constraints are identified. The RVCA also indicated that if there are no new outlets for which the RVCA would have to provide regulatory permission, the RVCA would only be providing advice to the City of Ottawa about their own stormwater management plan approvals, as per a MOA / MOU. The RVCA and LRL discussed the requirement to have discussion with the City of Ottawa to adopting green infrastructure standards at any given site.

When the RVCA reviews stormwater management reports in accordance with our MOA, we review it in the context of all related provincial and local stormwater standards, including (Section 10.0) of the 2021 hydrogeological and terrain analysis guidelines which includes a requirement for a water budget assessment to be undertaken.

- a water budget assessment to be undertaken as per (Section 10.0) of the 2021 hydrogeological and terrain analysis guidelines.
 - The RVCA noted that this should usually be done in advance of all stormwater management design, but that adoption of this practice in the region is on-going; that targets (storage, ET, infiltration, runoff reduction etc.) are set during the pre-development water budget analysis; and that the benefits of the chosen treatment train approach should be evaluated during the post-development water budget analysis.
- specific data to be collected and analysis to be completed as part of the 2021 Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Report – See sections 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, etc.

*links to these documents were sent to the development team in a separate email

It is noted here that the constraints to be identified are listed in the appendices of the provinces CLI ECA template.

Jamie Batchelor, MCIP, RPP
 Planner, ext. 1191
Jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca



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From: Jennifer Murray <jmurray@ave31.com>
Sent: Monday, August 22, 2022 7:10 PM
To: Claire Milloy <claire.milloy@rvca.ca>; Amr Salem <asalem@lrl.ca>
Cc: Virginia Johnson <vjohnson@lrl.ca>; Maxime Longtin <mlongtin@lrl.ca>; Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>; Evelyn Liu <evelyn.liu@rvca.ca>; Shillington, Jeffrey <jeff.shillington@ottawa.ca>; Gervais, Melanie <Melanie.Gervais@ottawa.ca>
Subject: RE: NCBP Site 2

We would appreciate receiving the pre-consultation comments from the RVCA for NCBP Site 2 if there are any specific comments.

We have received the notes from the City, but they did not include any input from RVCA.

I believe that the meeting took place with our Engineering Consultant to discuss the project.

I would appreciate any formal notes on the Stormwater requirements from the City with RVCA input. Or from the RVCA directly, assuming that the City agrees with the comments?

Jennifer Murray, P. Eng, MBA
Vice President, Land Development
Vice-présidente, Développement de terrains

Avenue 31 Capital Inc.

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C 613-799-2422

From: Claire Milloy <claire.milloy@rvca.ca>

Sent: August 17, 2022 1:56 PM

To: Amr Salem <asalem@lrl.ca>

Cc: Virginia Johnson <vjohnson@lrl.ca>; Maxime Longtin <mlongtin@lrl.ca>; Jennifer Murray <jmurray@ave31.com>;
Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>; Gavin MacDonald <gmacdonald@ave31.com>; Evelyn Liu
<evelyn.liu@rvca.ca>

Subject: RE: NCBP Site 2

Hello All,

Thanks for the discussion today.

As mentioned, here is the link to the City's guidance about LID in areas with hydrogeological constraints: [Low Impact Development Technical Guidance Report \(ottawa.ca\)](#)

I can also point to discussions about water budgets in several sections of the [CITY OF OTTAWA HYDROGEOLOGICAL AND TERRAIN ANALYSIS GUIDELINES](#), such as in Section 10.0.

Kind regards,

Claire Milloy, M.Sc., P.Geo.

Department of Engineering and Regulation

Rideau Valley Conservation Authority

-----Original Appointment-----

From: Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Sent: Friday, August 12, 2022 5:11 PM

To: Jamie Batchelor; Amr Salem; Evelyn Liu; Claire Milloy

Cc: Virginia Johnson; Maxime Longtin; Jennifer Murray; Gavin MacDonald

Subject: NCBP Site 2

When: Wednesday, August 17, 2022 1:00 PM-2:00 PM (UTC-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada).

Where: Microsoft Teams Meeting

Microsoft Teams meeting

Join on your computer or mobile app

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Meeting ID: 232 932 239 483

Passcode: nZPH4T

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APPENDIX B

Servicing Development Application Checklist



Servicing study guidelines for development applications

4. Development Servicing Study Checklist

The following section describes the checklist of the required content of servicing studies. It is expected that the proponent will address each one of the following items for the study to be deemed complete and ready for review by City of Ottawa Infrastructure Approvals staff.

The level of required detail in the Servicing Study will increase depending on the type of application. For example, for Official Plan amendments and re-zoning applications, the main issues will be to determine the capacity requirements for the proposed change in land use and confirm this against the existing capacity constraint, and to define the solutions, phasing of works and the financing of works to address the capacity constraint. For subdivisions and site plans, the above will be required with additional detailed information supporting the servicing within the development boundary.

4.1 General Content

- Executive Summary (for larger reports only).
- Date and revision number of the report.
- Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.
- Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.
- Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.
- Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.
- Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defensible design criteria.
- Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.
- Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.
- Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).
- Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.
- Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.
- Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.

- Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.

- All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information:
 - Metric scale

 - North arrow (including construction North)

 - Key plan

 - Name and contact information of applicant and property owner

 - Property limits including bearings and dimensions

 - Existing and proposed structures and parking areas

 - Easements, road widening and rights-of-way

 - Adjacent street names

4.2 Development Servicing Report: Water

- Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available
- Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development
- Identification of system constraints
- Identify boundary conditions
- Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure
- Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.
- Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.
- Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design
- Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves
- Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.
- Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range

- Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.
- Description of off-site required feeder mains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.
- Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.
- Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.

4.3 Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

- Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).
- Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.
- Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.
- Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.
- Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)
- Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.
- Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.
- Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).
- Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.
- Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.
- Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.
- Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.

4.4 Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

- Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)
- Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.
- A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.
- Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.
- Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.
- Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.
- Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.
- Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.
- Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.
- Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.
- Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).
- Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.
- Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.
- Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.
- Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.
- If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100 year return period storm event.
- Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses
- Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.
- Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.
- 100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.

- Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.
- Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.
- Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.
- Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

- Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.
- Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.
- Changes to Municipal Drains.
- Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)

4.6 Conclusion Checklist

- Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations
- Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.
- All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario

APPENDIX C
Water Supply Calculations





Water Supply Calculations

LRL File No. 220345
 Date November 11, 2022
 Prepared by Tamara Harb

Industrial Demand based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines-Water Distribution, 2010

| | Gross Area (m2) | Gross Area (ha) |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Industrial Space | 17158.5 | 1.72 |
| Office Space | 1604.5 | 0.16 |
| Total | 18763 | 1.88 |

Average Water Consumption Rates

Industrial Light 35,000 L/ha/d
 Office Use* 75/9.3 L/m2/d *Assumption as per Appdx 4A of Sewer Guidelines

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Average Day Demand | 72,994 L/d | 0.84 L/s |
| Maximum Day Factor | 1.5 | |
| Maximum Daily Demand | 109,491 L/d | 1.27 L/s |
| Peak Hour Factor | 1.8 | |
| Maximum Hour Demand | 131,390 L/d | 1.52 L/s |

Water Service Pipe Sizing

$$Q = VA$$

Where: V = velocity
 A = area of pipe
 Q = flow rate

Assuming a maximum velocity of 1.8m/s, the diameter of pipe is calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimum pipe diameter (d)} &= (4Q/\pi V)^{1/2} \\ &= 0.033 \quad \text{m} \\ &= 33 \quad \text{mm} \\ \\ \text{Proposed pipe diameter (d)} &= 50 \quad \text{mm} \\ &= 2 \quad \text{Inches} \end{aligned}$$

FIRE HYDRANTS LOCATIONS – 1100 LAST MILE DRIVE, INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

LEGEND

- Hydrants within 75m ○
- Hydrants within 150m ○
- Hydrants within 300m ○

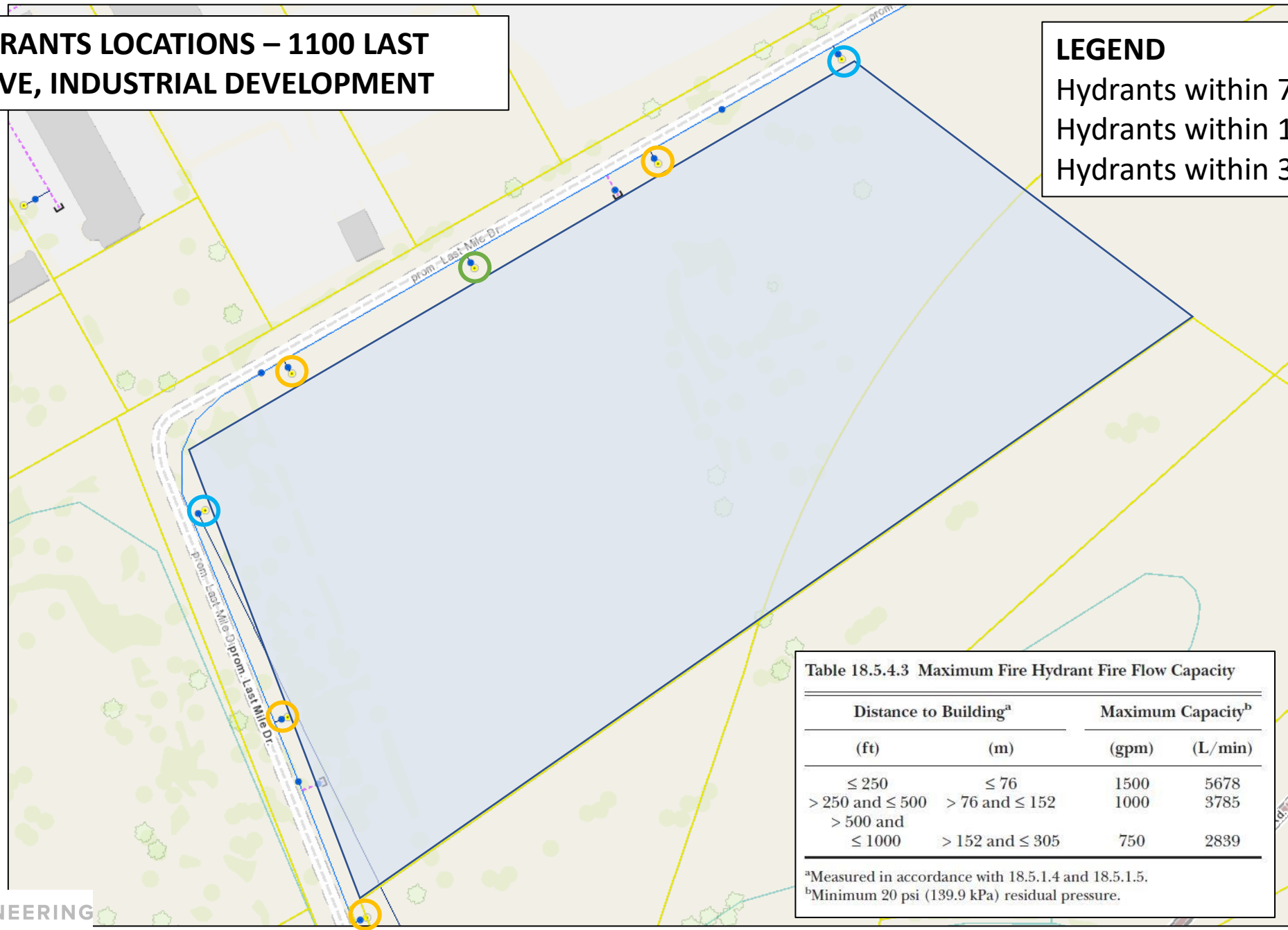


Table 18.5.4.3 Maximum Fire Hydrant Fire Flow Capacity

| Distance to Building ^a | | Maximum Capacity ^b | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| (ft) | (m) | (gpm) | (L/min) |
| ≤ 250 | ≤ 76 | 1500 | 5678 |
| > 250 and ≤ 500 | > 76 and ≤ 152 | 1000 | 3785 |
| > 500 and ≤ 1000 | > 152 and ≤ 305 | 750 | 2839 |

^aMeasured in accordance with 18.5.1.4 and 18.5.1.5.
^bMinimum 20 psi (139.9 kPa) residual pressure.

APPENDIX D
City of Ottawa Boundary Conditions



Virginia Johnson

From: Shillington, Jeffrey <jeff.shillington@ottawa.ca>
Sent: December 19, 2022 2:25 PM
To: Tamara Harb
Cc: Fawzi, Mohammed; Virginia Johnson
Subject: RE: LRL220345 - Site 2 National Capital Business Park - Boundary Conditions Request
Attachments: Site 2 National Capital Business Park December 2022.pdf

Hi Tamara,

Sorry for the delay. Please see below/attached.

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at Site 2 National Capital Business Park (zone 1E) assumed to be connected to the 254 mm watermain on Last Mile Road (see attached PDF for location).

Both Connections:

Min HGL: 123.8 m

Max HGL: 130.7 m

Max Day + Fire Flow (233.3 L/s): 108.4 m (Connection 1), 107.7 m (Connection 2)

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Please let me know if you require anything further.

Jeff Shillington, P.Eng.
Senior Project Manager, Development Review, South Branch
Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development
City of Ottawa
tel: 580-2424 x 16960
email: jeff.shillington@ottawa.ca

From: Tamara Harb <tharb@lrl.ca>
Sent: December 19, 2022 11:57 AM

To: Shillington, Jeffrey <jeff.shillington@ottawa.ca>
Cc: Fawzi, Mohammed <mohammed.fawzi@ottawa.ca>; Virginia Johnson <vjohanson@lrl.ca>
Subject: RE: LRL220345 - Site 2 National Capital Business Park - Boundary Conditions Request

CAUTION: This email originated from an External Sender. Please do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the source.

ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

Good morning Jeffrey,

I wanted to follow up on the email below requesting boundary conditions for our site. We submitted the request three weeks ago and we require this information to submit our project for this week.

Thank you,

TAMARA HARB, EIT, CPESC-IT
Civil Engineer in Training



LRL Engineering

5430 Canotek Road
Ottawa, Ontario K1J 9G2

T (613) 842 - 3434 or (877) 632-5664 ext.222

C (613) 915 - 0350

F (613) 842 - 4338

E tharb@lrl.ca

W www.lrl.ca

We care deeply, so let us know how we did by completing our [Customer Satisfaction Survey](#).

Nous nous soucions profondément de votre opinion, nous vous invitons donc à nous faire savoir si nous avons satisfait vos attentes en remplissant notre [sondage sur la satisfaction de la clientèle](#)



From: Tamara Harb

Sent: November 28, 2022 12:48 PM

To: jeff.shillington@ottawa.ca

Subject: LRL220345 - Site 2 National Capital Business Park - Boundary Conditions Request

Good afternoon Jeff,

I would like to request boundary conditions for the proposed development for Site 2 in the National Capital Business Park located at Russel Rd/ Hunt Club Rd. It is proposed that 1 building (industrial building with some office space) will be developed on this site. We are proposing a dual service connection to the municipal watermain in Last Mile Drive for the building (see image for connection points below). Please provide the boundary conditions for the two connections, using the following proposed development demands:

| | Demand (L/s) |
|--|--------------|
|--|--------------|

| | |
|----------------------|------------|
| Avg. Daily | 0.84 |
| Max Day + FUS | 1.27 + 233 |
| Peak Hour | 1.52 |



Also please find attached the site plan, water demand calculations and fire flow calculations.

Thank you,

TAMARA HARB, EIT, CPESC-IT
Civil Engineer in Training



LRL
ENGINEERING | INGÉNIERIE

LRL Engineering

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We care deeply, so let us know how we did by completing our [Customer Satisfaction Survey](#).

Nous nous soucions profondément de votre opinion, nous vous invitons donc à nous faire savoir si nous avons satisfait vos attentes en remplissant notre [sondage sur la satisfaction de la clientèle](#)



Given the current COVID-19 situation, please be aware that LRL has implemented alternative working conditions for our team.

Many of us have now transitioned to working from home; however, communication and workability remains one of our top priorities.

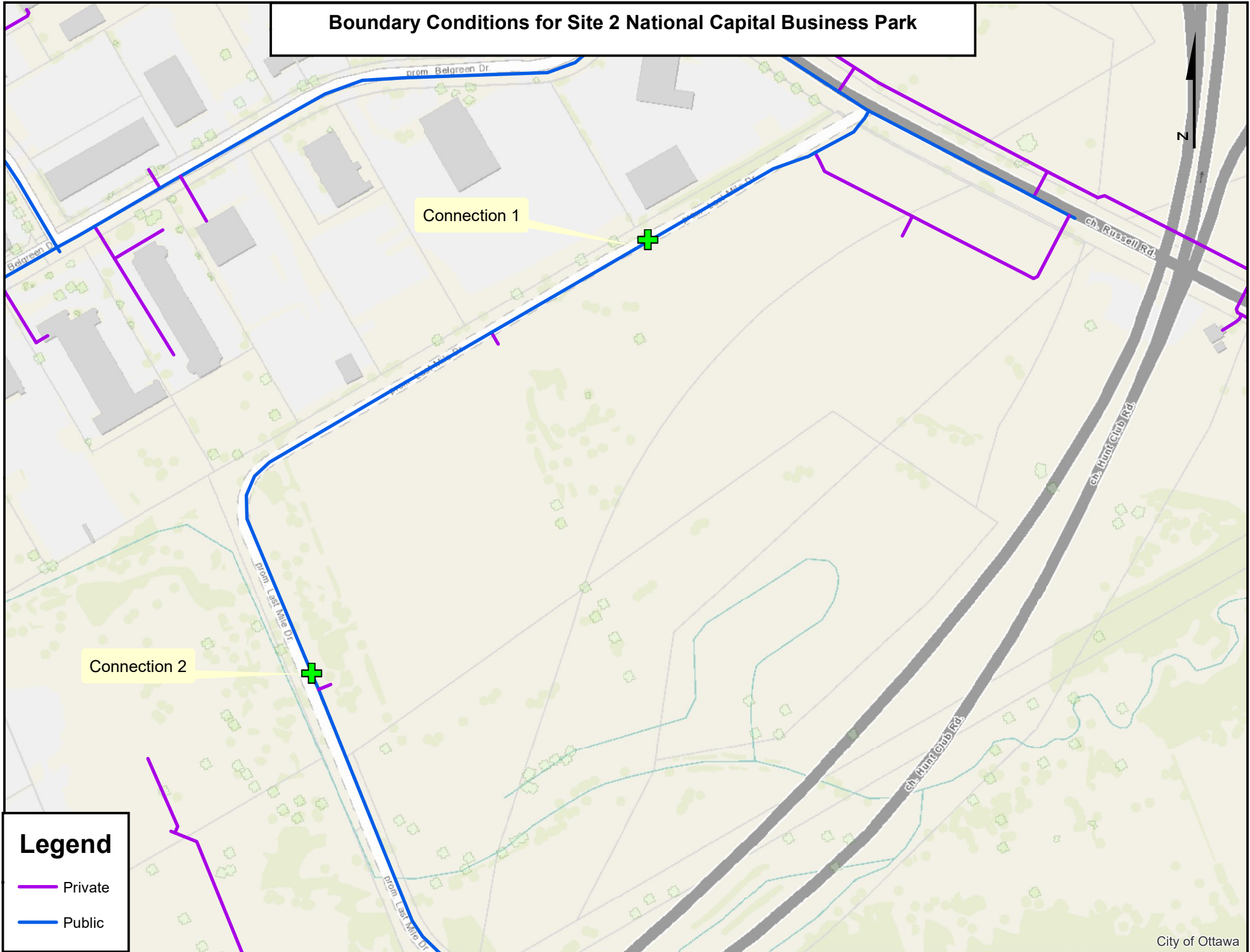
We will continue to be reachable by cell phone or by calling LRL at 613-842-3434 which will prompt you to enter the extension of the person you are trying to reach.

In addition, we will continue to have access to all e-mail correspondence and do our best to return all inquiries in a timely manner.

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Boundary Conditions for Site 2 National Capital Business Park



APPENDIX E

FUS Fire Flow Calculations





Fire Flow Calculations - Industrial Building D1

LRL File No. 220388
 Date November 11, 2022
 Method Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS)
 Prepared by Tamara Harb

| Step | Task | Term | Options | Multiplier | Choose: | Value | Unit | Fire Flow | |
|---|--|---|---|------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|-----------|--------|
| Structural Framing Material | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Choose frame used for building | Coefficient C related to the type of construction | Wood Frame | 1.5 | Non-combustible construction | 0.8 | | | |
| | | | Ordinary Construction | 1.0 | | | | | |
| | | | Non-combustible construction | 0.8 | | | | | |
| | | | Fire resistive construction <2 hrs | 0.7 | | | | | |
| | | | Fire resistive construction >2 hrs | 0.6 | | | | | |
| Floor Space Area (A) | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | Total area | | | 18,763 | m ² | | |
| 3 | Obtain fire flow before reductions | Required fire flow | Fire Flow = $220 \times C \times A^{0.5}$ | | | | | L/min | 24,108 |
| Reductions or surcharge due to factors affecting burning | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Choose combustibility of contents | Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge | Non-combustible | -25% | Combustible | 0% | L/min | 24,108 | |
| | | | Limited combustible | -15% | | | | | |
| | | | Combustible | 0% | | | | | |
| | | | Free burning | 15% | | | | | |
| | | | Rapid burning | 25% | | | | | |
| 5 | Choose reduction for sprinklers | Sprinkler reduction | Full automatic sprinklers | -30% | True | -30% | L/min | 14,465 | |
| | | | Water supply is standard for both the system and fire department hose lines | -10% | True | -10% | | | |
| | | | Fully supervised system | -10% | False | 0% | | | |
| 6 | Choose separation | Exposure distance between units | Northwest side | >30m | 0% | L/min | 14,465 | | |
| | | | Southwest side | >30m | 0% | | | | |
| | | | Northeast side | >30m | 0% | | | | |
| | | | Southeast side | >30m | 0% | | | | |
| Net required fire flow | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Obtain fire flow, duration, and volume | | | | | Minimum required fire flow rate (rounded to nearest 1000) | L/min | 14,000 | |
| | | | | | | Minimum required fire flow rate | L/s | 233.3 | |
| | | | | | | Required duration of fire flow | hr | 3 | |

Virginia Johnson

From: Harrison Werner <hwerner@waremalcomb.com>
Sent: December 20, 2022 2:57 PM
To: Virginia Johnson
Cc: John Holland
Subject: RE: 220345- NCBP Building D FUS Calculations

Hi Virginia,

I can confirm the building will be non-combustible construction, and it will be sprinklered. I can't comment on the contents of the building as this is just a shell and that would be up to the future tenants (though assuming it will be combustibile is probably the better conservative option).

Best,

Harrison Werner, NCARB, LEED AP BD+C
Senior Job Captain
hwerner@waremalcomb.com
P 905.760.1221 x2145



WARE MALCOMB

From: Virginia Johnson <vjohnson@lrl.ca>
Sent: December 20, 2022 2:50 PM
To: Harrison Werner <hwerner@waremalcomb.com>
Subject: 220345- NCBP Building D FUS Calculations

CAUTION: External Email Alert!

Hello Harrison,

Can you please confirm the following:

- Non combustibile structural framing material
- Combustibile contents
- Confirm building will be sprinklered

Thanks,

Virginia Johnson, P. Eng.

Partner



Civil Engineering Department Lead

LRL Engineering

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E vjohnson@lrl.ca

W www.lrl.ca



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APPENDIX F

Wastewater Collection Calculations





LRL File No. 220345
Project: Site 2 National Capital Business Park
Location: Russel Rd/ Hunt Club Rd, Ottawa ON
Date: December 22, 2022

Sanitary Design Parameters

Average Daily Flow = 280 L/p/day
 Commercial & Institutional Flow = 50000 L/ha/day
 Light Industrial Flow = 35000 L/ha/day
 Heavy Industrial Flow = 55000 L/ha/day
 Maximum Residential Peak Factor = 4.0
 Commercial & Institutional Peak Factor = 1.5

Correction Factor=0.8
 Industrial Peak Factor = as per Appendix 4-B = 7
 Extraneous Flow = 0.33L/s/gross ha

Pipe Design Parameters

Minimum Velocity = 0.60 m/s
 Manning's n = 0.013

| LOCATION | | RESIDENTIAL AREA AND POPULATION | | | | | | COMMERCIAL | | INDUSTRIAL | | | INSTITUTIONAL | | C+I+I | INFILTRATION | | | TOTAL FLOW (l/s) | PIPE | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--|------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| FROM | TO | POP. | AREA (Ha) | CUMMULATIVE | | PEAK FACT. | PEAK FLOW (l/s) | AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | AREA (Ha) | PEAK FACT. | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | PEAK FLOW (l/s) | TOTAL AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | INFILT. FLOW (l/s) | | LENGTH (m) | DIA. (mm) | SLOPE (%) | MATERIAL | CAP. (FULL) (l/s) | VEL. (FULL) (m/s) |
| Building D | SAN MH02 | | | | | | | 0.16 | 0.16 | 1.72 | 7.0 | 1.72 | | | 5.02 | 1.880 | 1.880 | 0.62 | 5.64 | 15.1 | 200 | 2.00% | PVC | 46.38 | 1.48 |
| SAN MH02 | SAN MH01 | | | | | | | 0.00 | 0.16 | 0.00 | 7.0 | 1.72 | | | 5.02 | 1.880 | 1.880 | 0.62 | 5.64 | 67.4 | 200 | 0.40% | PVC | 20.74 | 0.66 |
| SAN MH01 | EX SAN MH 201A | | | | | | | 0.00 | 0.16 | 0.00 | 7.0 | 1.72 | | | 5.02 | 1.880 | 1.880 | 0.62 | 5.64 | 13.2 | 200 | 1.10% | PVC | 34.40 | 1.09 |

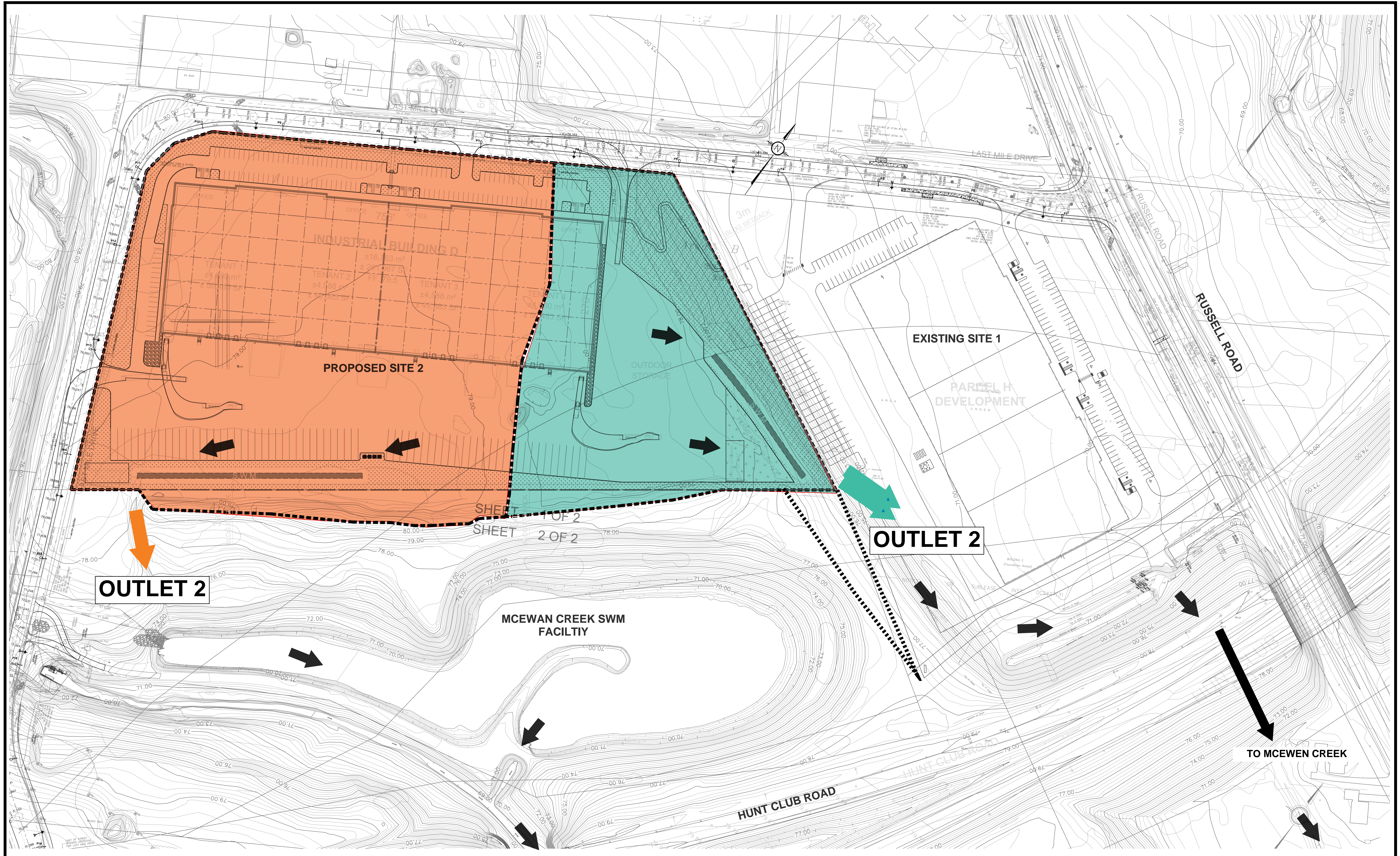
NOTES Existing inverts and slopes are estimated. They are to be confirmed on-site.

| | | | |
|-----------------|-------|------------|---|
| Designed: | T.H. | PROJECT: | Site 2 - National Capital Business Park |
| Checked: | V.J. | LOCATION: | Russel Rd/ Hunt Club Rd |
| Dwg. Reference: | C.401 | File Ref.: | 220345 |
| | | Date: | 2022-12-22 |
| | | Sheet No. | 1 of 1 |

APPENDIX G

Stormwater Management Design Criteria Summary





OUTLET 2

OUTLET 2

TO MCEWAN CREEK

APPENDIX H

Pre and Post Development Watersheds



LRL Associates Ltd.
Storm Watershed Summary



LRL File No. 220345
Project: Site 2
Location: NCBP Site 2
Date: February 14, 2023
Designed: Tamara Harb
Drawing Reference: C701/C702

Pre-Development Catchments

| WATERSHED | C = 0.2 | C = 0.80 | C = 0.90 | Total Area (m ²) | Total Area (ha) | Combined C |
|--------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| EWS-01 | 20952.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20952.4 | 2.095 | 0.20 |
| EWS-02 | 43996.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 43996.4 | 4.400 | 0.20 |
| TOTAL | 64948.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 64948.7 | 6.495 | 0.20 |

Post-Development Catchments

| WATERSHED | C = 0.20 | C = 0.80 | C = 0.90 | Total Area (m ²) | Total Area (ha) | Combined C | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| WS-100 (UN-CONTROLLED) | 5171.7 | 0.0 | 342.8 | 5514.5 | 0.551 | 0.24 | OUTLET 1 MCEWAN CREEK |
| WS-101 (CONTROLLED) | 1497.5 | 0.0 | 6533.4 | 8030.8 | 0.803 | 0.77 | |
| Total Outlet 1 McEwan Creek | 6669.2 | 0.0 | 6876.1 | 13545.3 | 1.355 | 0.56 | |
| WS-201 (CONTROLLED) | 791.5 | 0.0 | 2168.67 | 2960.2 | 0.296 | 0.71 | OUTLET 2 McEwan SWM Pond Facility |
| WS-202 (CONTROLLED) | 840.1 | 0.0 | 2025.88 | 2866.0 | 0.287 | 0.69 | |
| WS-203 (CONTROLLED) | 741.0 | 0.0 | 1037.3 | 1778.3 | 0.178 | 0.61 | |
| WS-204 (CONTROLLED) | 1146.7 | 0.0 | 6554.1 | 7700.8 | 0.770 | 0.80 | |
| WS-205 (CONTROLLED) | 51.3 | 0.0 | 5592.8 | 5644.1 | 0.564 | 0.89 | |
| WS-206 (CONTROLLED) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4604.6 | 4604.6 | 0.460 | 0.90 | |
| WS-207 (CONTROLLED) | 6754.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6754.7 | 0.675 | 0.20 | |
| WS-208 (ROOF - CONTROLLED) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18763.0 | 18763.0 | 1.876 | 0.90 | |
| WS-200 A,B,C (UNCONTROLLED) | 324.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 324.3 | 0.032 | 0.20 | |
| Total Outlet 2 McEwan SWM Pond | 10649.6 | 0.0 | 40746.4 | 51396.0 | 5.140 | 0.75 | |
| TOTAL | 17318.8 | 0.0 | 47622.5 | 64941.3 | 6.494 | 0.71 | |

APPENDIX I

Storm Sewer Sizing



LRL Associates Ltd.
Storm Design Sheet



LRL File No. 220345
Project: Site 2
Location: NCBP Site 2
Date: February 14, 2023
Designed: Tamara Harb
Drawing Reference: C.401

Storm Design Parameters

Rational Method $Q = 2.78CIA$

Q = Peak flow in litres per second (L/s)
A = Drainage area in hectares (ha)
C = Runoff coefficient
I = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr)

Runoff Coefficient (C)
Grass 0.20
Gravel 0.80
Asphalt / rooftop 0.90

Ottawa Macdonald-Cartier International Airport IDF curve
equation (2 year event, intensity in mm/hr)
 $I_2 = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$
Min. velocity = 0.80 m/s
Manning's "n" = 0.013

| LOCATION | | | AREA (ha) | | | FLOW | | | | | | STORM SEWER | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| CONTRIBUTING AREA(S) / WATERSHED(S) | From | To | C = 0.20 | C = 0.80 | C = 0.90 | Indiv. 2.78AC | Accum. 2.78AC | Time of Conc. (min.) | Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) | Peak Flow Q (L/s) | Controlled Flow Q (L/s) | Pipe Diameter (mm) | Type | Slope (%) | Length (m) | Capacity Full (L/s) | Velocity Full (m/s) | Time of Flow (min.) | Ratio (Q/Q _{FULL}) |
| OUTLET 1 - McEwan Creek | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WS101 | DICB02 (RA1) | OGS | 0.150 | 0.000 | 0.653 | 1.718 | 1.72 | 18.29 | 55.0 | 94.41 | 83.63 | 375 | PVC | 0.30% | 10.0 | 96.0 | 0.87 | 0.19 | 0.87 |
| WS101 | OGS | OUTLET TO MCEWAN CREEK | | | | | 1.72 | 18.48 | 54.6 | 93.82 | 83.63 | 375 | PVC | 0.30% | 9.6 | 96.0 | 0.87 | 0.18 | 0.87 |
| OUTLET 2 - McEwan Storm Pond Facility | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WS201 | STM CB01 | STM CBMH01 | 0.079 | 0.000 | 0.217 | 0.587 | 0.59 | 49.78 | 28.1 | 16.50 | | 250 | PVC | 0.43% | 84.7 | 39.1 | 0.80 | 1.77 | 0.42 |
| WS201 & WS202 | STM CBMH01 | STM MH01 | 0.084 | 0.000 | 0.203 | 0.554 | 1.14 | 51.55 | 27.4 | 31.27 | | 300 | PVC | 0.34% | 68.9 | 56.4 | 0.80 | 1.44 | 0.55 |
| WS201 & WS202 | STM MH01 | STM MH02 | | | | | 1.14 | 52.99 | 26.9 | 30.66 | | 300 | PVC | 0.34% | 14.8 | 56.4 | 0.80 | 0.31 | 0.54 |
| WS201 & WS202 | STM MH02 | STM CBMH02 | | | | | 1.14 | 53.30 | 26.8 | 30.53 | | 300 | PVC | 0.34% | 32.3 | 56.4 | 0.80 | 0.67 | 0.54 |
| WS201, WS202 & WS203 | STM CBMH02 | STM MH03 | 0.074 | 0.000 | 0.104 | 0.301 | 1.44 | 53.98 | 26.5 | 38.23 | | 375 | PVC | 0.25% | 76.6 | 87.7 | 0.79 | 1.61 | 0.44 |
| WS201, WS202, WS203 | STM MH03 | STM MH04 | | | | | 1.44 | 55.58 | 26.0 | 37.42 | | 375 | PVC | 0.25% | 41.0 | 87.7 | 0.79 | 0.86 | 0.43 |
| WS204 | STM CBMH02 | STM MH04 | 0.115 | 0.000 | 0.655 | 1.704 | 1.70 | 49.78 | 28.1 | 47.92 | | 375 | PVC | 0.25% | 32.4 | 87.7 | 0.79 | 0.68 | 0.55 |
| WS201, WS202, WS203, WS204 | STM MH04 | RETENTION AREA 2 | | | | | 3.14 | 56.44 | 25.7 | 80.75 | | 525 | PVC | 0.16% | 25.9 | 172.0 | 0.79 | 0.54 | 0.47 |
| WS206 | STM CB03 | STM CBMH03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.46 | 1.152 | 1.15 | 49.78 | 28.1 | 32.41 | | 300.00 | PVC | 0.34% | 76.36 | 56.4 | 0.80 | 1.60 | 0.57 |
| WS205 & WS206 | STM CBMH03 | RETENTION AREA 2 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.56 | 1.402 | 2.55 | 51.38 | 27.5 | 70.23 | | 375.00 | PVC | 0.36% | 23.36 | 105.2 | 0.95 | 0.41 | 0.67 |

LRL Associates Ltd.
Storm Design Sheet



LRL File No. 220345
Project: Site 2
Location: NCBP Site 2
Date: February 14, 2023
Designed: Tamara Harb
Drawing Reference: C.401

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|--------|-------|--------|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| WS-208 (ROOF - CONTROLLED) | ROOF | ST MH05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.88 | 4.695 | 4.69 | 49.78 | 28.1 | 132.06 | 45.36 | 300.00 | PVC | 0.40% | 77.90 | 61.2 | 0.87 | 1.50 | 0.74 |
| WS201, WS202, WS203, WS204, WS205, WS206, WS207 | DICB 02 (RA2) | STM MH05 | 0.68 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.376 | 6.07 | 49.78 | 28.1 | 170.87 | 43.02 | 300.00 | PVC | 0.34% | 7.26 | 56.4 | 0.80 | 0.15 | 0.76 |
| WS201, WS202, WS203, WS204, WS205, WS206, WS207, WS208 | STM MH05 | STM MH06 | | | | | 10.77 | 51.28 | 27.5 | 296.51 | 88.38 | 375.00 | PVC | 0.35% | 8.59 | 103.7 | 0.94 | 0.15 | 0.85 |
| WS201, WS202, WS203, WS204, WS205, WS206, WS207, WS208 | STM MH06 | OUTLET UPSTREAM OF MCEWAN STORM POND FACILITY | | | | | 10.77 | 51.43 | 27.5 | 295.87 | 88.38 | 450.00 | PVC | 0.20% | 55.00 | 127.5 | 0.80 | 1.14 | 0.69 |

APPENDIX J
Stormwater Management Calculations (Outlet 1)





LRL File No. 220345
 Project: Site 2
 Location: NCBP Site 2
 Date: February 14, 2023
 Designed: Tamara Harb
 Drawing Ref.: C601

Stormwater Management
 Design Sheet

OUTLET 1 - McEwan Creek
 2 YEAR PRE TO 2 YEAR POST STORM CALCULATIONS

Runoff Equation

Q = 2.78CIA (L/s)
 C = Runoff coefficient
 I = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr) = A / (Td + C)^B
 A = Area (ha)
 T_c = Time of concentration (min)

Pre-development Stormwater Management

$I_2 = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ a = 732.951 b = 0.81 C = 6.199

C = 0.20 max of 0.5 as per City of Ottawa
 I = 55.0 mm/hr
 T_c = 18 min (Time of concentration was determined through analysis of existing site topography and by using the airport method)
 Total Area = 2.095 ha

Allowable Release Rate = 64.02 L/s

Post-development Stormwater Management

| | Total Site Area = | 0.1964 | ha | ∑R= | 3.83 |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|----|-----|------|
| Controlled | WS-101 (CONTROLLED) | 0.803 | ha | R= | 0.77 |
| | Total Controlled = | 0.803 | ha | ∑R= | 0.77 |
| Un-controlled | WS-100 (UN-CONTROLLED) | 0.551 | ha | R= | 0.24 |
| | Total Un-Controlled = | 0.551 | ha | ∑R= | 0.24 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (Uncontrolled Catchment WS-100)

2 Year Storm Event:

$I_2 = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ a = 732.951 b = 0.81 C = 6.199

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 18 | 55.0 | 20.52 | 0.00 | 20.52 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (WS-102)

2 Year Storm Event: Allowable Release Rate (L/s) = 43.51

$I_2 = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ a = 732.951 b = 0.81 C = 6.199

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Storage Required | | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | | | |
| 10 | 76.8 | 131.94 | 58.41 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 15 | 61.8 | 106.11 | 64.36 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 20 | 52.0 | 89.38 | 65.74 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 25 | 45.2 | 77.59 | 64.49 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 30 | 40.0 | 68.79 | 61.54 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 35 | 36.1 | 61.95 | 57.43 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 40 | 32.9 | 56.46 | 52.46 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 45 | 30.2 | 51.95 | 46.84 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 50 | 28.0 | 48.17 | 40.72 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 60 | 24.6 | 42.19 | 27.32 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 70 | 21.9 | 37.64 | 12.78 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 90 | 18.1 | 31.17 | 0.00 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 110 | 15.6 | 26.75 | 0.00 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 130 | 13.7 | 23.52 | 0.00 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 150 | 12.3 | 21.05 | 0.00 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |
| 170 | 11.1 | 19.09 | 0.00 | 34.60 | 0.00 | 34.60 |

Total Storage Required = 65.74 m³
 Available Storage* = 106.44 m³
 2-Yr HWL = 76.89 m

refer to LRL Plan C.601
 *at a pond elevation of 76.89m
 actual available pond volume = 338.90 cu.m

| Summary of 2-Year Pre to 2-Year Post Release Rates and Storage Volumes to Outlet 1 - McEwan Creek | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 2-year Release Rate (L/s) | 2-Year Required Storage (m3) | 2 Available Storage (m3) |
| WS-100 (Uncontrolled) | 0.551 | 20.52 | 0 | 0 |
| WS-101 (CONTROLLED) | 0.803 | 34.60 | 65.74 | 106.44 |
| TOTAL | 1.355 | 55.12 | 65.74 | 106.44 |

Allowable Release Rate at Outlet 1 = 64.02L/s



LRL File No. 220345
 Project: Site 2
 Location: NCBP Site 2
 Date: February 14, 2023
 Designed: Tamara Harb
 Drawing Ref.: C601

Stormwater Management
 Design Sheet

OUTLET 1 - McEwan Creek
 100 YEAR PRE TO 100 YEAR POST STORM CALCULATIONS

Runoff Equation

Q = 2.78CIA (L/s)
 C = Runoff coefficient
 I = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr) = $A / (Td + C)^B$
 A = Area (ha)
 T_c = Time of concentration (min)

Pre-development Stormwater Management

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (Td + 6.014)^{0.820}$ a = 1735.688 b = 0.82 C = 6.014

C = 0.20 max of 0.5 as per City of Ottawa
 I = 126.8 mm/hr
 T_c = 18 min (Time of concentration was determined through analysis of existing site topography and by using the airport method)
 Total Area = 2.095 ha

Allowable Release Rate = 147.75 L/s

Post-development Stormwater Management

| | | | | ΣR= | ΣR ₂₄₅ | ΣR ₁₀₀ |
|---------------|------------------------|--------|----|-----|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Total Site Area = | 0.1964 | ha | | 3.83 | 1.00 |
| Controlled | WS-101 (CONTROLLED) | 0.803 | ha | R= | 0.77 | 0.96 |
| | Total Controlled = | 0.803 | ha | ΣR= | 0.77 | 0.96 |
| Un-controlled | WS-100 (UN-CONTROLLED) | 0.551 | ha | R= | 0.24 | 0.30 |
| | Total Un-Controlled = | 0.551 | ha | ΣR= | 0.24 | 0.30 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (Uncontrolled Catchment WS-100)

2 Year Storm Event:

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (Td + 6.014)^{0.820}$ a = 1735.688 b = 0.82 C = 6.014

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 18 | 126.8 | 59.18 | 0.00 | 59.18 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (WS-102)

2 Year Storm Event:

Allowable Release Rate (L/s) = 88.57

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (Td + 6.014)^{0.820}$ a = 1735.688 b = 0.82 C = 6.014

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Storage Required | | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | | | |
| 10 | 178.6 | 383.43 | 179.88 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 15 | 142.9 | 306.85 | 200.90 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 20 | 120.0 | 257.58 | 208.74 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 25 | 103.8 | 223.00 | 209.05 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 30 | 91.9 | 197.28 | 204.56 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 35 | 82.6 | 177.33 | 196.77 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 40 | 75.1 | 161.37 | 186.57 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 45 | 69.1 | 148.28 | 174.55 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 50 | 64.0 | 137.33 | 161.11 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 60 | 55.9 | 120.03 | 131.03 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 70 | 49.8 | 106.92 | 97.81 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 90 | 41.1 | 88.28 | 25.12 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 110 | 35.2 | 75.59 | 0.00 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 130 | 30.9 | 66.35 | 0.00 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 150 | 27.6 | 59.29 | 0.00 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |
| 170 | 25.0 | 53.71 | 0.00 | 83.63 | 0.00 | 83.63 |

Total Storage Required = 209.05 m³
 Available Storage = 338.90 m³
 100-Yr HWL = 77.35 m

refer to LRL Plan C.601

| Summary of 100-Year Pre to 100-Year Post Release Rates and Storage Volumes to Outlet 1 - McEwan Creek | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 2-year Release Rate (L/s) | 2-Year Required Storage (m3) | 2 Available Storage (m3) |
| WS-100 (Uncontrolled) | 0.551 | 59.18 | 0 | 0 |
| WS-101 (CONTROLLED) | 0.803 | 83.63 | 209.05 | 338.90 |
| TOTAL | 1.355 | 142.81 | 209.05 | 338.90 |

Allowable Release Rate at Outlet 1 = 147.75L/s

ORIFICE CALCULATIONS for Outlet 1 - McEwan Creek

2-YEAR

Product Orifice Plate

Invert Level = 76.68 masl.
HWL = 0.10 m head acting on centerline
HWL = 76.89 masl.
Orifice Dia. = 230 mm
Orifice Invert = 76.68 masl.
Orifice Area = 0.0415 m²
C = 0.61
Controlled Release = 34.60 L/s

ORIFICE CALCULATIONS for Outlet 1 - McEwan Creek

100-YEAR

Product Orifice Plate

Invert Level = 76.68 masl.
HWL = 0.56 m head acting on centerline
HWL = 76.89 masl.
Orifice Dia. = 230 mm
Orifice Invert = 76.68 masl.
Orifice Area = 0.0415 m²
C = 0.61
Controlled Release = 83.63 L/s

APPENDIX K
Stormwater Management Calculations (Outlet 2)





LRL File No. 220345
Project: Site 2
Location: NCBP Site 2
Date: February 14, 2023
Designed: Tamara Harb
Drawing Ref.: C601

Stormwater Management
 Design Sheet

OUTLET 2 - MCEWAN STORM POND FACILITY
 2 YEAR PRE TO 2 YEAR POST STORM CALCULATIONS

Runoff Equation

$Q = 2.78CIA$ (L/s)
 C = Runoff coefficient
 I = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr) = $A / (Td + C)^B$
 A = Area (ha)
 T_c = Time of concentration (min)

Pre-development Stormwater Management

$t_t = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ **a = 732.951** **b = 0.810** **C = 6.199**

C = 0.20 max of 0.5 as per City of Ottawa
 I = 28.1 mm/hr
 T_c = 50 min (Time of concentration was determined through analysis of existing site topography and by using the airport method)
 Total Area = 4.400 ha

Allowable Release Rate = 68.81 L/s

Post-development Stormwater Management

| | Total Site Area = | 5.1396 | ha | $\Sigma R =$ | 0.43 |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Controlled | WS-201 (CONTROLLED) | 0.2960 | ha | R = | 0.71 |
| | WS-202 (CONTROLLED) | 0.2866 | ha | R = | 0.69 |
| | WS-203 (CONTROLLED) | 0.178 | ha | R = | 0.61 |
| | WS-204 (CONTROLLED) | 0.770 | ha | R = | 0.80 |
| | WS-205 (CONTROLLED) | 0.564 | ha | R = | 0.89 |
| | WS-206 (CONTROLLED) | 0.460 | ha | R = | 0.90 |
| | WS-207 (CONTROLLED) | 0.675 | ha | R = | 0.20 |
| | WS-208 (ROOF - CONTROLLED) | 1.876 | ha | R = | 0.90 |
| | Total Controlled Minus Roof = | 3.231 | ha | $\Sigma R =$ | 0.68 |
| Un-controlled | WS-200 A,B,C (UNCONTROLLED) | 0.032 | ha | R = | 0.20 |
| | Total Un-Controlled = | 0.032 | ha | $\Sigma R =$ | 0.20 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (Uncontrolled Catchment WS-200)

2 Year Storm Event:

$t_t = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ **a = 732.951** **b = 0.810** **C = 6.199**

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 10 | 76.8 | 1.38 | 0.00 | 1.38 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (WS-201 -207)

2 Year Storm Event:

Allowable Release Rate (L/s) = 22.07

$t_t = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ **a = 732.951** **b = 0.810** **C = 6.199**

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Storage Required | | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | | | |
| 10 | 76.8 | 466.54 | 266.97 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 15 | 61.8 | 375.20 | 318.24 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 20 | 52.0 | 316.05 | 353.36 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 25 | 45.2 | 274.36 | 379.15 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 30 | 40.0 | 243.24 | 398.96 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 35 | 36.1 | 219.04 | 414.64 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 40 | 32.9 | 199.63 | 427.29 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 45 | 30.2 | 183.68 | 437.65 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 50 | 28.0 | 170.33 | 446.22 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 60 | 24.6 | 149.17 | 459.29 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 70 | 21.9 | 133.10 | 468.36 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 90 | 18.1 | 110.21 | 478.53 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 110 | 15.6 | 94.57 | 481.68 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 120 | 14.6 | 88.45 | 481.42 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 150 | 12.3 | 74.42 | 475.48 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |
| 170 | 11.1 | 67.50 | 468.29 | 21.59 | 0.00 | 21.59 |

Total Storage Required = 481.68 m³
Available Storage* = 644.92 m³
 2-Yr HWL = 77.05 m

refer to LRL Plan C.601
 *at a pond elevation of 77.05m
 actual available pond volume = 2321.7 cu.m

Post-development Stormwater Management (WS-208 (Building))

2 Year Storm Event:

$t_t = 732.95 / (Td + 6.199)^{0.81}$ **a = 732.951** **b = 0.810** **C = 6.199**

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Storage Required | | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | | | |



LRL File No. 220345
 Project: Site 2
 Location: NCBP Site 2
 Date: February 14, 2023
 Designed: Tamara Harb
 Drawing Ref.: C601

Stormwater Management
 Design Sheet

OUTLET 2 - MCEWAN STORM POND FACILITY
 2 YEAR PRE TO 2 YEAR POST STORM CALCULATIONS

| | | | | | | |
|-----|------|--------|--------|-------|------|-------|
| 10 | 76.8 | 360.56 | 189.12 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 15 | 61.8 | 289.97 | 220.15 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 20 | 52.0 | 244.26 | 238.68 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 25 | 45.2 | 212.04 | 250.01 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 30 | 40.0 | 187.98 | 256.72 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 35 | 36.1 | 169.28 | 260.23 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 40 | 32.9 | 154.28 | 261.41 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 45 | 30.2 | 141.96 | 260.82 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 50 | 28.0 | 131.64 | 258.84 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 60 | 24.6 | 115.29 | 251.73 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 70 | 21.9 | 102.87 | 241.54 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 80 | 19.8 | 93.09 | 229.11 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 90 | 18.1 | 85.17 | 214.98 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 100 | 16.7 | 78.62 | 199.53 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 110 | 15.6 | 73.09 | 183.01 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 120 | 14.6 | 68.36 | 165.61 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |



$$V = (l*w)*h/3 = Ah/3$$

Summary of Roof Storage

| | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------------|---|
| Maximum Required Roof Storage (100 Year) = | 261.41 | m ³ | |
| Watts Roof Drain Discharge = | 0.0126 | L/s/mm | |
| Proposed Head = | 150 | mm | *An Emergency overflow scupper is provided above this height. |
| Control Flow/Drain = | 1.89 | L/s | |
| Number of Roof Drains = | 24 | | |
| Total Flow from Roof Drain = | 45.36 | L/s | |
| Total Roof Surface = | 19009 | m ² | |
| Effective Roof Surface = | 19009 | m ² | 100 (% of total roof surface) |
| Available Roof Storage = | 950.45 | m³ | |

Roof Drain Model = Watts Roof Drain with Adjustable Flow Setting (Watts RD-100 Weir Opening = 1/2 exposed)

Total Storage Required = 261.41 m³ refer to LRL Plan C.601
Available Storage = 950.45 m³

Summary of 2-Year Pre to 2-Year Post Release Rates and Storage Volumes to Outlet 2 - McEwan SW Pond Facility

| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 2-year Release Rate (L/s) | 2-Year Required Storage (m ³) | Total Available Storage (m ³) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|---|
| WS-200 A,B,C (UNCONTROLLED) | 0.032 | 1.38 | 0 | 0 |
| WS-201 TO WS-207 (CONTROLLED) | 3.231 | 21.59 | 481.68 | 644.92 |
| WS-208 (ROOF-CONTROLLED) | 1.876 | 45.36 | 261.41 | 950.45 |
| TOTAL | 5.140 | 68.33 | 743.09 | 1595.37 |

Allowable Release Rate at Outlet 1 = 68.81L/s



LRL File No. 220345
Project: Site 2
Location: NCBP Site 2
Date: February 14, 2023
Designed: Tamara Harb
Drawing Ref.: C601

Stormwater Management
 Design Sheet

OUTLET 2 - MCEWAN STORM POND FACILITY
100 YEAR PRE TO 100 YEAR POST STORM CALCULATIONS

Runoff Equation

$Q = 2.78CIA \text{ (L/s)}$
 $C = \text{Runoff coefficient}$
 $I = \text{Rainfall intensity (mm/hr)} = A / (T_d + C)^B$
 $A = \text{Area (ha)}$
 $T_c = \text{Time of concentration (min)}$

Pre-development Stormwater Management

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (T_d + 6.014)^{0.820}$
 $a = 1735.688$
 $b = 0.820$
 $C = 6.014$

$C = 0.20$ max of 0.5 as per City of Ottawa
 $I = 64.2$ mm/hr
 $T_c = 50$ min (Time of concentration was determined through analysis of existing site topography and by using the airport method)
 Total Area = 4.400 ha

Allowable Release Rate = **156.95** L/s

Post-development Stormwater Management

| | | | | $\sum R_{24h}$ | $\sum R_{100}$ |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|----|-----------------|-----------------|
| Controlled | Total Site Area = | 5.1396 | ha | $\sum R = 0.43$ | $\sum R = 0.53$ |
| | WS-201 (CONTROLLED) | 0.2960 | ha | R = 0.71 | 0.89 |
| | WS-202 (CONTROLLED) | 0.2866 | ha | R = 0.69 | 0.87 |
| | WS-203 (CONTROLLED) | 0.178 | ha | R = 0.61 | 0.76 |
| | WS-204 (CONTROLLED) | 0.770 | ha | R = 0.80 | 0.99 |
| | WS-205 (CONTROLLED) | 0.564 | ha | R = 0.89 | 1.00 |
| | WS-206 (CONTROLLED) | 0.460 | ha | R = 0.90 | 1.00 |
| | WS-207 (CONTROLLED) | 0.675 | ha | R = 0.20 | 0.25 |
| | WS-208 (ROOF - CONTROLLED) | 1.876 | ha | R = 0.90 | 1.00 |
| Total Controlled Minus Roof = | | 3.231 | ha | $\sum R = 0.68$ | $\sum R = 0.85$ |
| Un-controlled | WS-200 A.B.C (UNCONTROLLED) | 0.032 | ha | R = 0.20 | 0.25 |
| | Total Un-Controlled = | 0.032 | ha | $\sum R = 0.20$ | $\sum R = 0.25$ |

Post-development Stormwater Management (Uncontrolled Catchment WS-200)

100 Year Storm Event:

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (T_d + 6.014)^{0.820}$
 $a = 1735.688$
 $b = 0.820$
 $C = 6.014$

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 10 | 178.6 | 4.02 | 0.00 | 4.02 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (WS-201-207)

100 Year Storm Event:

Allowable Release Rate (L/s) = **107.57**

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (T_d + 6.014)^{0.820}$
 $a = 1735.688$
 $b = 0.820$
 $C = 6.014$

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Storage Required | | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | | | |
| 10 | 178.6 | 1356.78 | 787.66 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 15 | 142.9 | 1084.98 | 937.77 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 20 | 120.0 | 910.77 | 1041.30 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 25 | 103.8 | 788.50 | 1118.22 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 30 | 91.9 | 697.55 | 1178.15 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 35 | 82.6 | 627.01 | 1226.38 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 40 | 75.1 | 570.57 | 1266.12 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 45 | 69.1 | 524.29 | 1299.44 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 50 | 64.0 | 485.60 | 1327.73 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 60 | 55.9 | 424.40 | 1372.98 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 70 | 49.8 | 378.05 | 1407.12 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 90 | 41.1 | 312.15 | 1453.31 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 110 | 35.2 | 267.29 | 1480.18 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 120 | 32.9 | 249.77 | 1488.58 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 150 | 27.6 | 209.65 | 1499.63 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |
| 170 | 25.0 | 189.90 | 1498.20 | 43.02 | 0.00 | 43.02 |

Total Storage Required = **1499.63** m³ refer to LRL Plan C.601
 Available Storage = **2321.70** m³
 100-Yr HWL = **78.35** m

Post-development Stormwater Management (WS-208 (Building))

100 Year Storm Event:

$I_{100} = 1735.688 / (T_d + 6.014)^{0.820}$
 $a = 1735.688$
 $b = 0.820$
 $C = 6.014$

| Storage Required |
|------------------|
|------------------|



LRL File No. 220345
 Project: Site 2
 Location: NCBP Site 2
 Date: February 14, 2023
 Designed: Tamara Harb
 Drawing Ref.: C601

Stormwater Management
 Design Sheet

OUTLET 2 - MCEWAN STORM POND FACILITY
100 YEAR PRE TO 100 YEAR POST STORM CALCULATIONS

| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 10 | 178.6 | 931.38 | 531.61 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 15 | 142.9 | 745.35 | 629.99 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 20 | 120.0 | 625.68 | 696.38 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 25 | 103.8 | 541.68 | 744.48 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 30 | 91.9 | 479.19 | 780.90 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 35 | 82.6 | 430.74 | 809.30 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 40 | 75.1 | 391.97 | 831.86 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 45 | 69.1 | 360.17 | 850.00 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 50 | 64.0 | 333.59 | 864.70 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 60 | 55.9 | 291.55 | 886.29 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 70 | 49.8 | 259.71 | 900.26 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 80 | 45.0 | 234.68 | 908.73 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 90 | 41.1 | 214.44 | 913.03 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 100 | 37.9 | 197.71 | 914.08 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 110 | 35.2 | 183.62 | 912.52 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |
| 120 | 32.9 | 171.58 | 908.81 | 45.36 | 0.00 | 45.36 |



$$V = (l*w)*h/3 = Ah/3$$

Summary of Roof Storage

| | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------------|---|
| Maximum Required Roof Storage (100 Year) = | 914.08 | m ³ | |
| Watts Roof Drain Discharge = | 0.0126 | L/s/mm | |
| Proposed Head = | 150 | mm | *An Emergency overflow scupper is provided above this height. |
| Control Flow/Drain = | 1.89 | L/s | |
| Number of Roof Drains = | 24 | | |
| Total Flow from Roof Drain = | 45.36 | L/s | |
| Total Roof Surface = | 19009 | m ² | |
| Effective Roof Surface = | 19009 | m ² | 100 (% of total roof surface) |
| Available Roof Storage = | 950.45 | m³ | |

Roof Drain Model = Watts Roof Drain with Adjustable Flow Setting (Watts RD-100 Weir Opening = 1/2 exposed)

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Total Storage Required = | 914.08 | m³ | refer to LRL Plan C.601 |
| Available Storage = | 950.45 | m³ | |

Summary of 100-Year Pre to 100-Year Post Release Rates and Storage Volumes to Outlet 2 - McEwan SW Pond Facility

| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 100-year Release Rate (L/s) | 100-Year Required Storage (m ³) | Total Available Storage (m ³) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| WS-200 A,B,C (UNCONTROLLED) | 0.032 | 4.02 | 0 | 0 |
| WS-201 TO WS-207 (CONTROLLED) | 3.231 | 43.02 | 1499.63 | 2321.70 |
| WS-208 (ROOF - CONTROLLED) | 1.876 | 45.36 | 914.08 | 950.45 |
| TOTAL | 5.140 | 92.40 | 2413.71 | 3272.15 |

Allowable Release Rate at Outlet 1 = 156.95L/s

ORIFICE CALCULATIONS for Outlet 2 to McEwan Storm Pond Facility

2-YEAR

Product Orifice Plate

Invert Level = 76.55 masl.
h = 0.44 m head acting on centerline
HWL = 77.05 masl.
Orifice Dia. = 124 mm
Orifice Invert = 76.55 masl.
Orifice Area = 0.0121 m²
C = 0.61
Controlled Release = 21.59 L/s

100-YEAR

ORIFICE CALCULATIONS for Outlet 2 to McEwan Storm Pond Facility

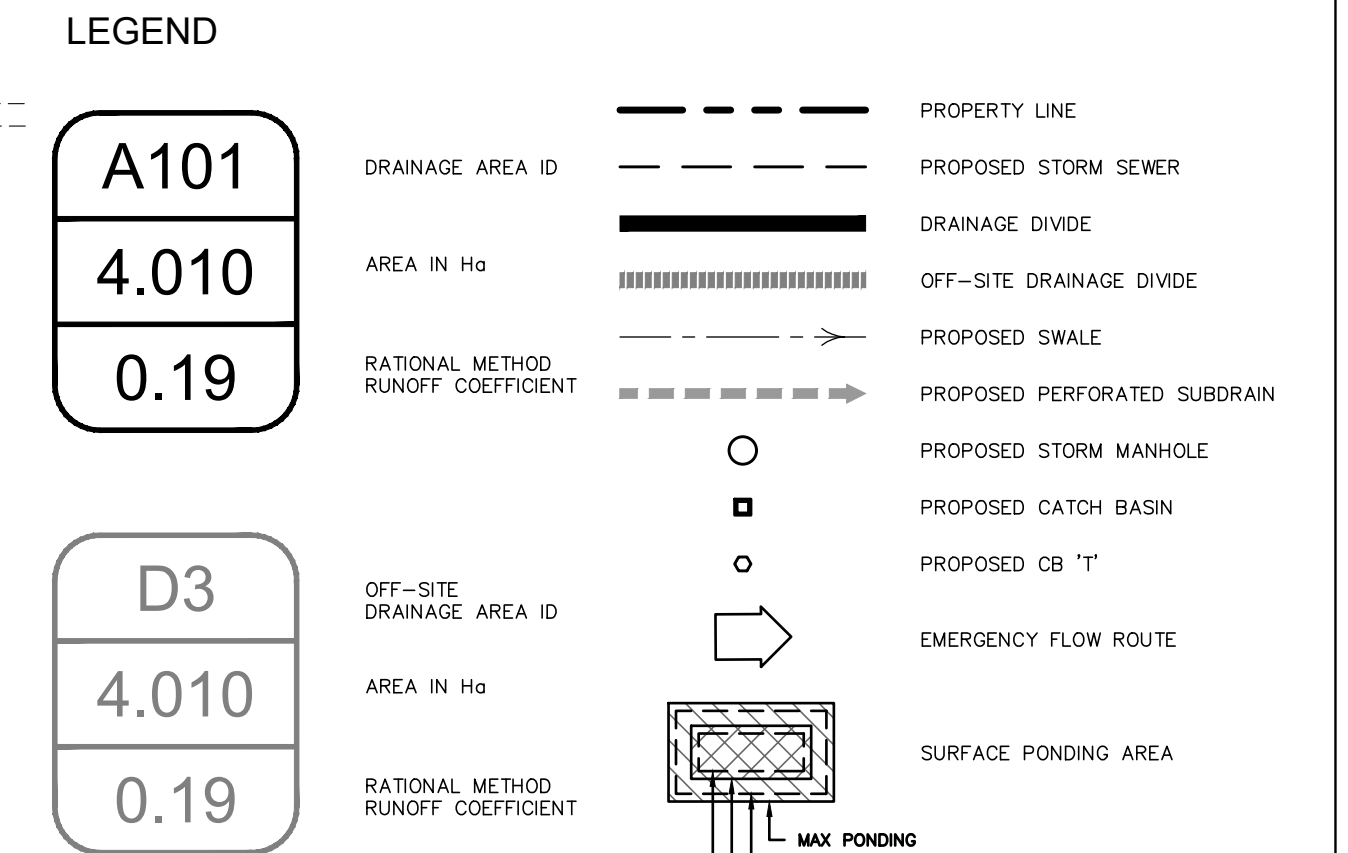
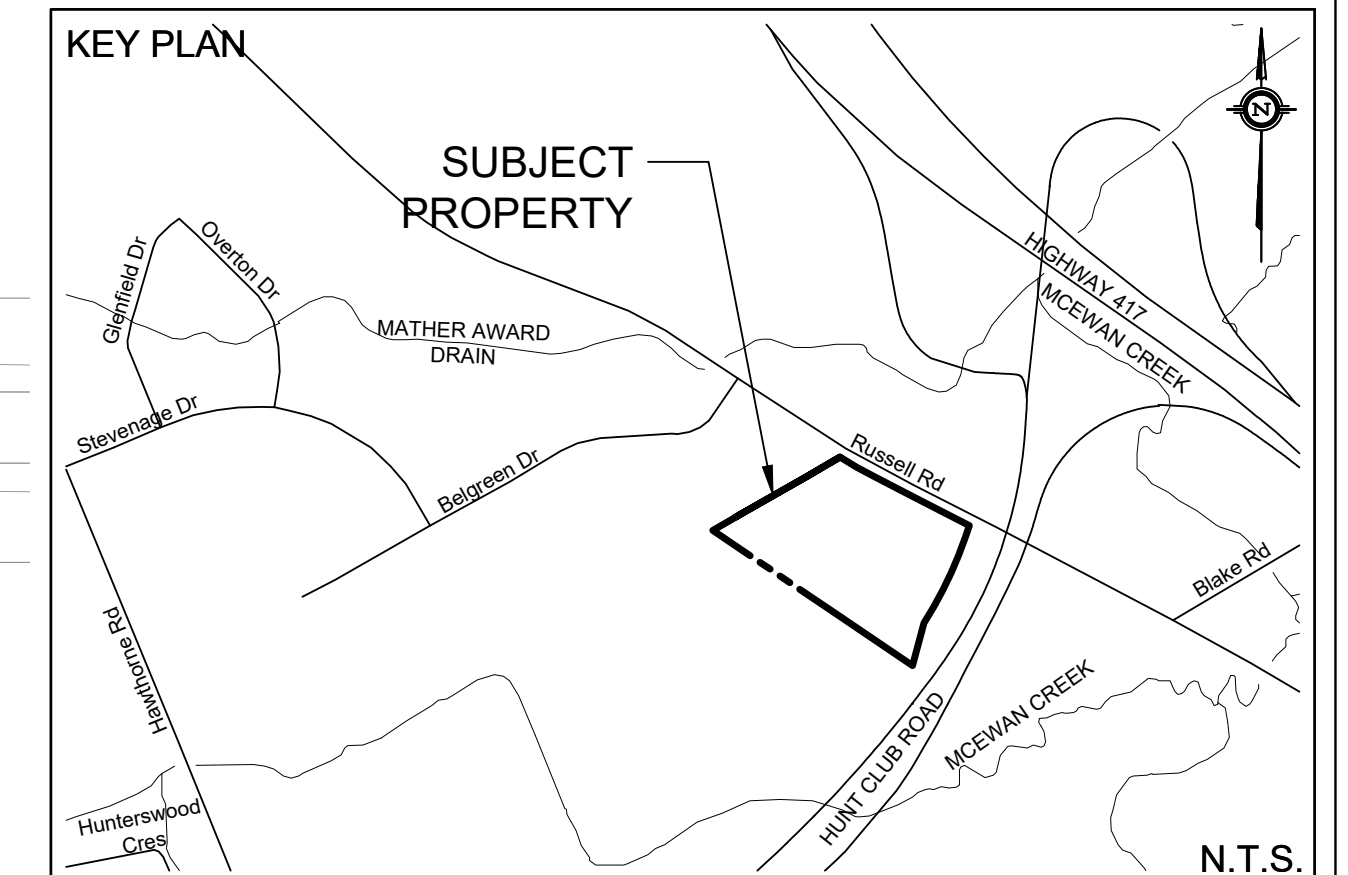
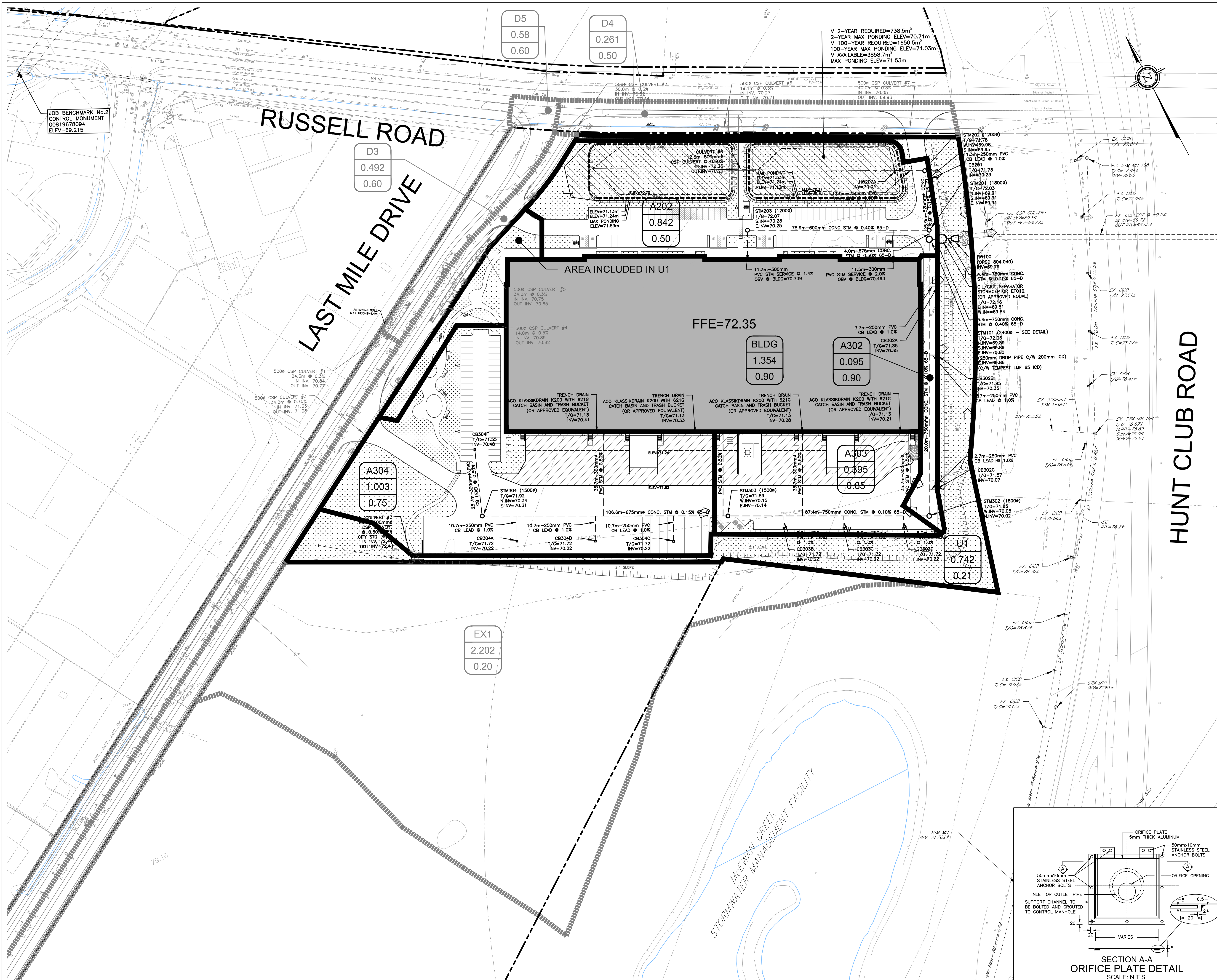
Product Orifice Plate

Invert Level = 76.55 masl.
h = 1.74 m head acting on centerline
HWL = 78.35 masl.
Orifice Dia. = 124 mm
Orifice Invert = 76.55 masl.
Orifice Area = 0.0121 m²
C = 0.61
Controlled Release = 43.02 L/s

*maximum before overflow, therefore anything lower would have less head, and release a smaller rate of flow.

APPENDIX L
Site 1 Approved Stormwater Management Plan





TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION
 TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN, VOLLBECK LTD.
 PROJ. NO. 17730-19
 DATED JUNE 18, 2020

SITE PLAN INFORMATION
 SITE PLAN PROVIDED BY WARE MALCOMB
 PROJ. NO. TOR20-0019-00
 RECEIVED AUGUST 27, 2021.

GEOTECHNICAL STUDY
 GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED BY PATERSON GROUP
 PROJ. NO. PG4854-1
 DATED AUGUST 13, 2020.

SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STUDY
 SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED BY DSEL
 DATED MARCH 2021

BENCHMARK
 JOB BENCHMARK No.1 CONTROL MONUMENT 001196203456
 ELEV=73.746
 JOB BENCHMARK No.2 CONTROL MONUMENT 00819678094
 ELEV=69.215

| No. | BY | YY.MM.DD | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 5 | B.N.C. | 21.09.03 | REVISED PER SITE PLAN |
| 4 | B.N.C. | 21.05.07 | ISSUED FOR TENDER |
| 3 | B.N.C. | 21.03.10 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL REVIEW |
| 2 | B.N.C. | 20.12.10 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL REVIEW |
| 1 | B.N.C. | 20.08.13 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL REVIEW |



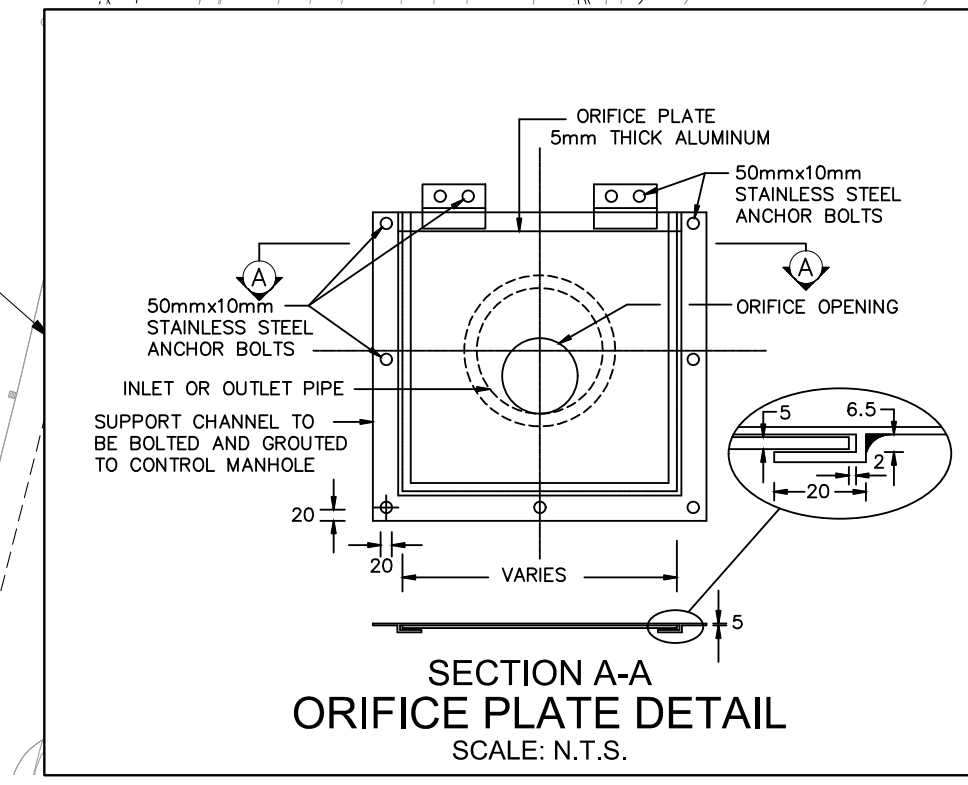
PROJECT No.19-1155

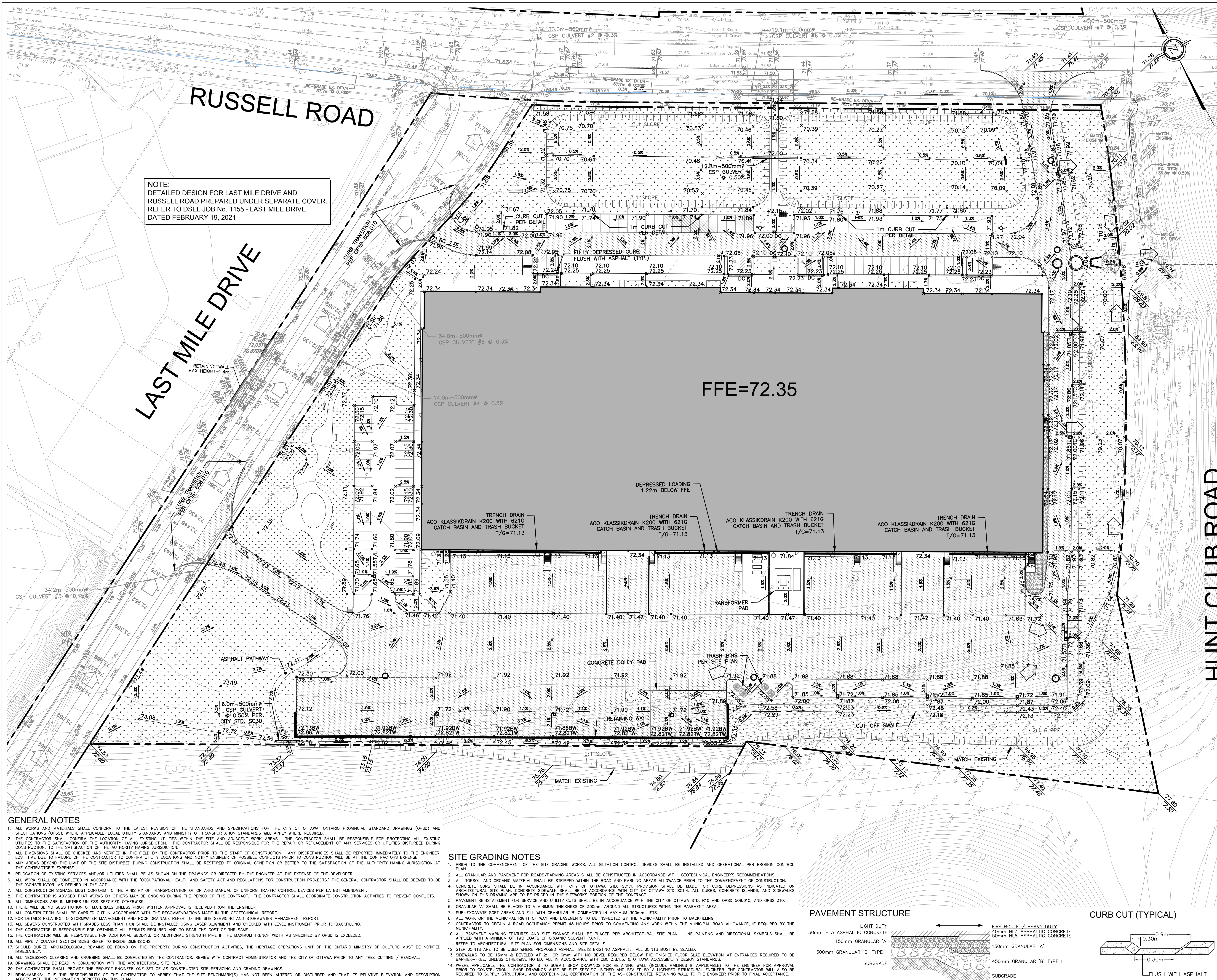
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
 4120 RUSSELL RD - SITE 1 © DSEL

NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK 222 Somerset W, Unit 401
 Ottawa, Ontario, K2P 2G3

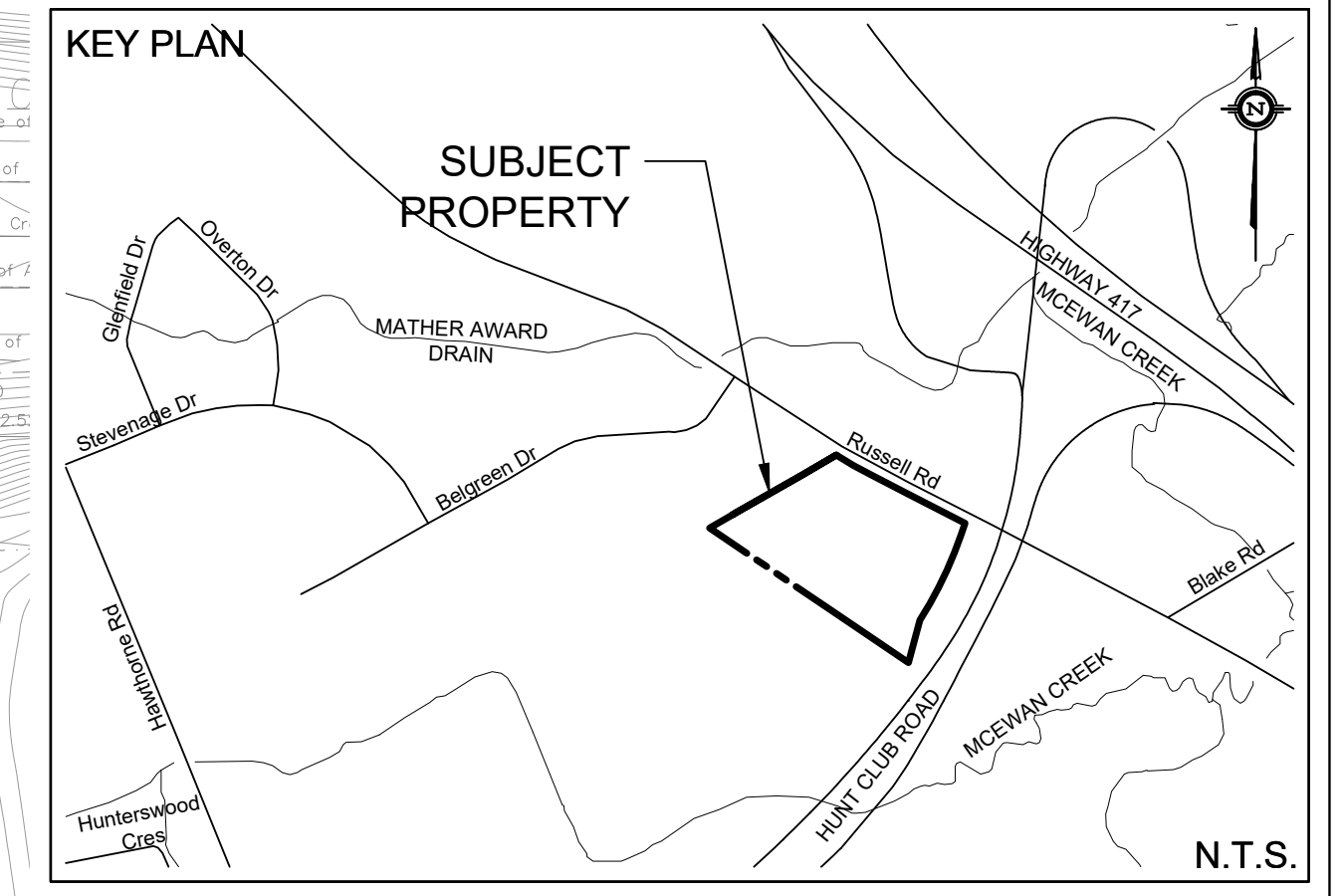
DSEL
 david schaeffer engineering ltd
 SMART SUBSIDIARIES™
 120 Iber Road Unit 103
 Stittsville, Ontario, K2S 1E9
 Tel. (613) 836-0856
 Fax. (613) 836-7183
 www.DSEL.ca

DESIGNED BY: B.N.C. CHECKED BY: A.D.F. DRAWING NO. SWM-1 SHEET NO. 1 of 1
 SCALE: 1:750 DATE: JULY 2020





NOTE:
 DETAILED DESIGN FOR LAST MILE DRIVE AND
 RUSSELL ROAD PREPARED UNDER SEPARATE COVER.
 REFER TO DSEL JOB No. 1155 - LAST MILE DRIVE
 DATED FEBRUARY 19, 2021



LEGEND

| | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | PROPERTY LINE | | PROPOSED HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT |
| | PROPOSED SWALE | | PROPOSED CONCRETE |
| | PROPOSED PERFORATED SUBDRAIN | | PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE |
| | EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION | | PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE |
| | PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION | | PROPOSED CATCH BASIN |
| | PROPOSED TOP OF CURB ELEVATION | | PROPOSED CB 'T' |
| | PROPOSED BOTTOM OF WALL ELEVATION | | PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT |
| | PROPOSED TOP OF WALL ELEVATION | | EMERGENCY FLOW ROUTE |
| | PROPOSED TOP OF LID ELEVATION | | SURFACE PONDING AREA |
| | EXISTING GRADE AND DIRECTION | | MAX PONDING |
| | PROPOSED GRADE AND DIRECTION | | 100-YR PONDING |
| | CENTERLINE OF ROAD GRADE | | INTERMEDIATE PONDING |
| | PROPOSED 3:1 TERRAZZO | | 2-YR PONDING |
| | PROPOSED/EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION | | |

TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION
 TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN, VOLLBECK LTD.
 PROJ. NO. 17730-19
 DATED JUNE 16, 2020

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 SITE PLAN PROVIDED BY WARE MALCOMB
 PROJ. NO. TOR20-0019-00
 RECEIVED AUGUST 27, 2021

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 GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED BY PATERSON GROUP
 PROJ. NO. PG4854-1
 DATED AUGUST 13, 2020.

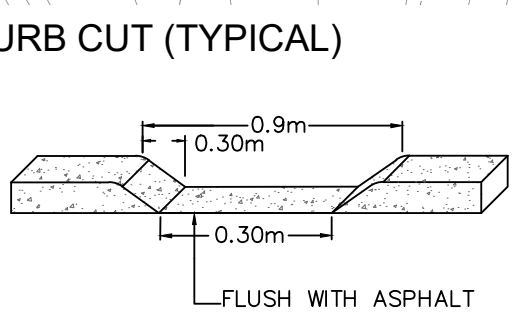
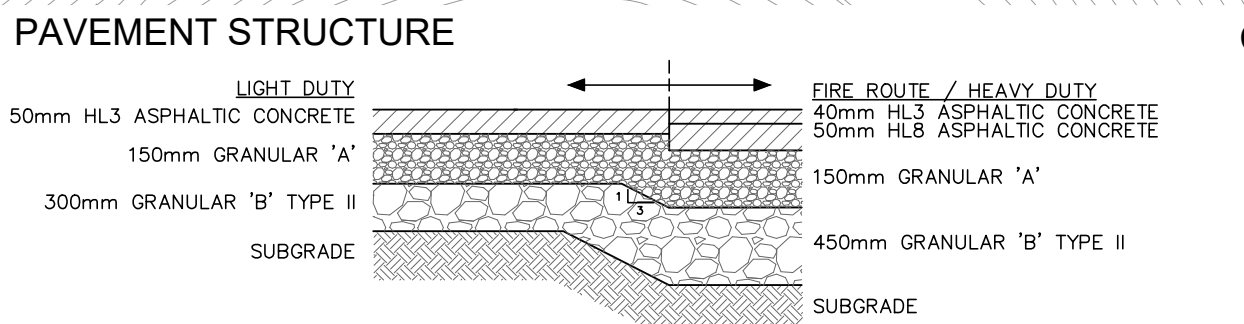
SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STUDY
 SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED BY DSEL
 PROJ. NO. 19-1155
 DATED MARCH 2021

BENCH MARK
 JOB BENCHMARK No.1 CONTROL MONUMENT 0011962U3456
 ELEV=73.746
 JOB BENCHMARK No.2 CONTROL MONUMENT 00819678094
 ELEV=69.215

| No. | BY | YY.MM.DD | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------|----------|-----------------------------|
| 5 | B.N.C. | 21.09.03 | REVISED PER SITE PLAN |
| 4 | B.N.C. | 21.05.07 | ISSUED FOR TENDER |
| 3 | B.N.C. | 21.03.10 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL REVIEW |
| 2 | B.N.C. | 20.12.10 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL REVIEW |
| 1 | B.N.C. | 20.08.13 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL REVIEW |

- GENERAL NOTES**
- ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST REVISION OF THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE CITY OF OTTAWA, ONTARIO PROVINCIAL STANDARD DRAWINGS (OPSD) AND SPECIFICATIONS (OPSS), WHERE APPLICABLE. LOCAL UTILITY STANDARDS AND MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS WILL APPLY WHERE REQUIRED.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM THE LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WITHIN THE SITE AND ADJACENT WORK AREAS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTING ALL EXISTING UTILITIES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF ANY SERVICES OR UTILITIES DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION, TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CHECKED AND VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER. LOST THE DUE TO FAILURE OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM UTILITY LOCATIONS AND NOTIFY ENGINEER OF POSSIBLE CONFLICTS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION WILL BE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
 - ANY AREAS BEYOND THE LIMIT OF THE SITE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL CONDITION OR BETTER TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
 - RELOCATION OF EXISTING SERVICES AND/OR UTILITIES SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AT THE EXPENSE OF THE DEVELOPER.
 - ALL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT AND REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE "CONTRACTOR" AS DEFINED IN THE ACT.
 - ALL CONSTRUCTION SIGNAGE MUST CONFORM TO THE MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION OF ONTARIO MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES PER LATEST AMENDMENT.
 - THE CONTRACTOR IS ADVISED THAT WORKS BY OTHERS MAY BE ONGOING DURING THE PERIOD OF THIS CONTRACT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO PREVENT CONFLICTS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.
 - THERE SHALL BE NO SUBSTITUTION OF MATERIALS UNLESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL IS RECEIVED FROM THE ENGINEER.
 - ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS MADE IN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT.
 - FOR DETAILS RELATING TO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND ROOF DRAINAGE REFER TO THE SITE SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT.
 - ALL SEWERS CONSTRUCTED WITH GRAPES LESS THAN 1.0R SHALL BE INSTALLED USING LAGER ALUMINIUM AND CHECKED WITH LEVEL INSTRUMENT PRIOR TO BACKFILLING.
 - THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL PERMITS REQUIRED AND TO BEAR THE COST OF THE SAME.
 - THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDITIONAL BEDDING, OR ADDITIONAL STRENGTH PIPE IF THE MAXIMUM TRENCH WIDTH AS SPECIFIED BY OPSD IS EXCEEDED.
 - ALL PIPE / CULVERT SECTION SIZES REFER TO INSIDE DIMENSIONS.
 - SHIELDED BURIED ARCHAEOLOGICAL REMAINS BE FOUND ON THE PROPERTY DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, THE HERITAGE OPERATIONS UNIT OF THE ONTARIO MINISTRY OF CULTURE MUST BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY.
 - ALL NECESSARY CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHALL BE COMPLETED BY THE CONTRACTOR, REVIEW WITH CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR AND THE CITY OF OTTAWA PRIOR TO ANY TREE CUTTING / REMOVAL.
 - DRAWINGS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE PROJECT ENGINEER ONE SET OF AS CONSTRUCTED SITE SERVICING AND GRADING DRAWINGS.
 - BENCHMARKS: IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THAT THE SITE BENCHMARK(S) HAS NOT BEEN ALTERED OR DISTURBED AND THAT ITS RELATIVE ELEVATION AND DESCRIPTION AGREES WITH THE INFORMATION SPECIFIED ON THIS PLAN.

- SITE GRADING NOTES**
- PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE SITE GRADING WORKS, ALL SILTATION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND OPERATIONAL PER EROSION CONTROL PLAN.
 - ALL GRANULAR AND PAVEMENT FOR ROADS/PARKING AREAS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
 - ALL TOPSOIL AND ORGANIC MATERIAL SHALL BE STRIPPED WITHIN THE ROAD AND PARKING AREAS ALLOWANCE PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.
 - CONCRETE CURB SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA STD. SC1.1. PROVISION SHALL BE MADE FOR CURB DEPRESSIONS AS INDICATED ON ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN. CONCRETE SIDEWALK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF OTTAWA STD. SC1.4. ALL CURBS, CONCRETE ISLANDS, AND SIDEWALKS SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE TO BE PRICED IN THE SITESWORKS PORTION OF THE CONTRACT.
 - PAVEMENT REINSTATEMENT FOR SERVICE AND UTILITY CUTS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF OTTAWA STD. R10 AND OPSD 509.010, AND OPSD 310.
 - GRANULAR 'X' SHALL BE PLACED TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 300mm AROUND ALL STRUCTURES WITHIN THE PAVEMENT AREA.
 - SUB-EXCAVATE SOFT AREAS AND FILL WITH GRANULAR 'B' COMPACTED IN MAXIMUM 300mm LIFTS.
 - ALL WORK ON THE MUNICIPAL RIGHT OF WAY AND EASEMENTS TO BE INSPECTED BY THE MUNICIPALITY PRIOR TO BACKFILLING.
 - CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN A ROAD OCCUPANCY PERMIT 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL ROAD ALLOWANCE, IF REQUIRED BY THE MUNICIPALITY.
 - ALL PAVEMENT MARKING FEATURES AND SITE SIGNAGE SHALL BE PLACED PER ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN. LINE PAINTING AND DIRECTIONAL SYMBOLS SHALL BE APPLIED WITH A MINIMUM OF TWO COATS OF ORGANIC SOLVENT PAINT.
 - REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN FOR DIMENSIONS AND SITE DETAILS.
 - STEP JOINTS ARE TO BE USED WHERE PROPOSED ASPHALT MEETS EXISTING ASPHALT. ALL JOINTS MUST BE SEALED.
 - SIDEWALKS TO BE 150mm & BEVELLED AT 2:1 OR 60mm WITH NO BEVEL REQUIRED BELOW THE FINISHED FLOOR SLAB ELEVATION AT ENTRANCES REQUIRED TO BE BARRIER-FREE, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH CBC 3.8.1.3 & OTTAWA ACCESSIBILITY DESIGN STANDARDS.
 - WHERE APPLICABLE, THE CONTRACTOR IS TO SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS FOR RETAINING WALL (INCLUDE RAILINGS IF APPLICABLE) TO THE ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. SHOP DRAWINGS MUST BE SITE SPECIFIC, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED STRUCTURAL ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR WILL ALSO BE REQUIRED TO SUPPLY STRUCTURAL AND GEOTECHNICAL CERTIFICATION OF THE AS-CONSTRUCTED RETAINING WALL TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.



PROJECT No.19-1155

REVIEWED BY

GRADING PLAN
 4120 RUSSELL RD - SITE 1 © DSEL

NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK 222 Somerset W, Unit 401
 Ottawa, Ontario, K2P 2G3

DSEL
 david schaeffer engineering ltd
 SMART SUBCONTRACTORS

DRAWN BY: G.G.G. CHECKED BY: A.D.F. DRAWING NO. SHEET NO.
 DESIGNED BY: B.N.C. CHECKED BY: A.D.F.
 SCALE: 1:500 DATE: JULY 2020 GP-1 2 of 4

APPENDIX M
Watts Roof Drain Specifications



ADJUSTABLE ACCUTROL (for Large Sump Roof Drains only)

For more flexibility in controlling flow with heads deeper than 2", Watts Drainage offers the Adjustable Accutrol. The Adjustable Accutrol Weir is designed with a single parabolic opening that can be covered to restrict flow above 2" of head to less than 5 gpm per inch, up to 6" of head. To adjust the flow rate for depths over 2" of head, set the slot in the adjustable upper cone according to the flow rate required. Refer to Table 1 below.

Note: Flow rates are directly proportional to the amount of weir opening that is exposed.

EXAMPLE:

For example, if the adjustable upper cone is set to cover 1/2 of the weir opening, flow rates above 2" of head will be restricted to 2-1/2 gpm per inch of head.

Therefore, at 3" of head, the flow rate through the Accutrol Weir that has 1/2 the slot exposed will be:
[5 gpm(per inch of head) x 2 inches of head] + 2-1/2 gpm(for the third inch of head) = 12-1/2 gpm.

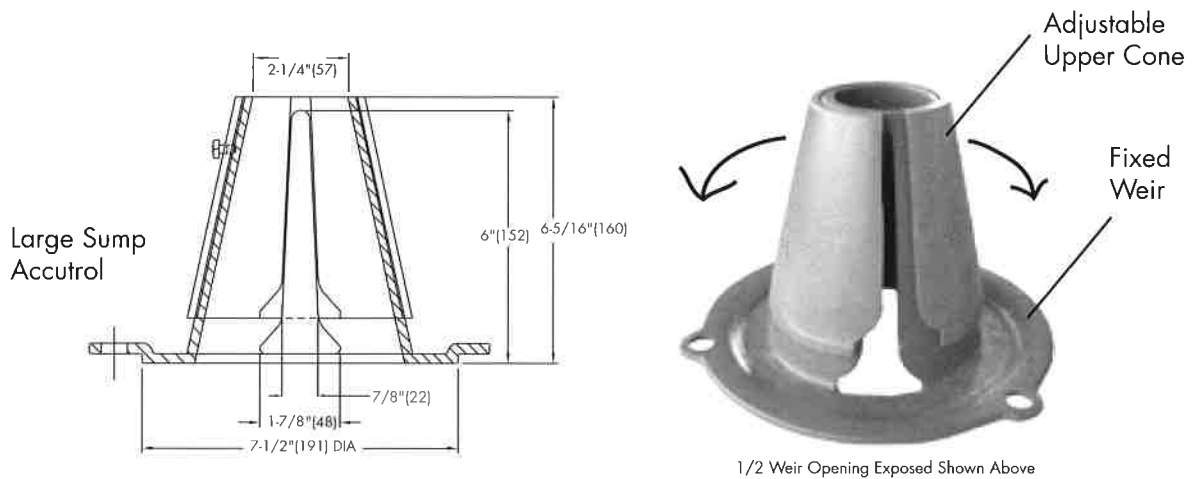


TABLE 1. Adjustable Accutrol Flow Rate Settings

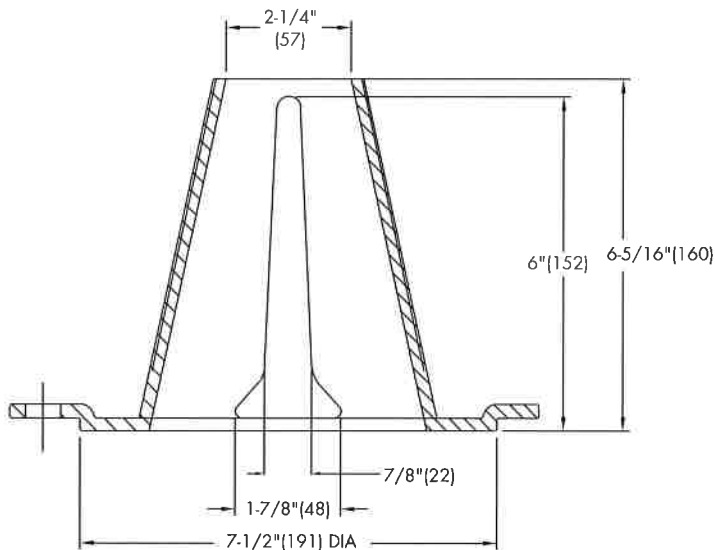
| Weir Opening Exposed | Head of Water | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|----|-------|------|-------|----|
| | 1" | 2" | 3" | 4" | 5" | 6" |
| | Flow Rate (gallons per minute) | | | | | |
| Fully Exposed | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| 3/4 | 5 | 10 | 13.75 | 17.5 | 21.25 | 25 |
| 1/2 | 5 | 10 | 12.5 | 15 | 17.5 | 20 |
| 1/4 | 5 | 10 | 11.25 | 12.5 | 13.75 | 15 |
| Closed | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |

Job Name _____ Model No. _____
 Job Location _____ Contractor _____
 Engineer _____ Representative _____

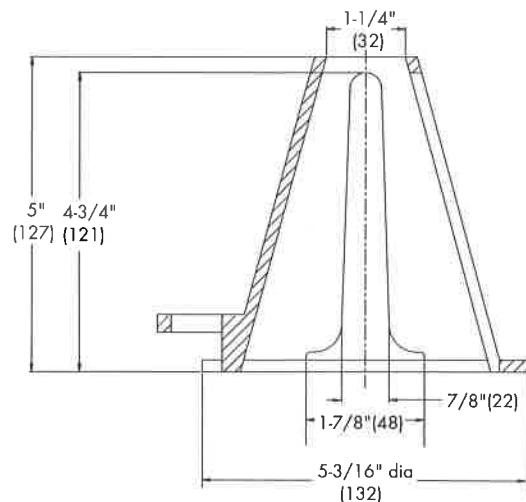
ACCUTROL WEIR FLOW CONTROL

SPECIFICATION: Watts Drainage Products epoxy coated cast iron Accutrol Weir is designed with parabolic openings which limit the flow of rain water off a roof. Each weir slot controls flow to 5 gpm per inch of head to a maximum of 30 gpm at 6" head (for large sump), 25 gpm at 5" head (for small sump). The Accutrol Weir is secured to the flashing clamp of the roof drain. The Accutrol Weir is available with 1 to 4 slots for the large sump drain and up to 3 slots for the small sump drain.

For Large Sump Roof Drains Specify the "-A" option and number of slots required. (ie. "RD-100-A2" for two slot weir)
For Small Sump Roof Drains Specify the "-A" option and number of slots required. (ie. "RD-200-A1" for one slot weir)



LARGE SUMP ACCUTROL WEIR



SMALL SUMP ACCUTROL WEIR

Job Name _____ Model No. _____

Job Location _____ Contractor _____

Engineer _____ Representative _____



Specification Drainage Products

WATTS Drainage reserves the right to modify or change product design or construction without prior notice and without incurring any obligation to make similar changes and modifications to products previously or subsequently sold. See your WATTS Drainage representative for any clarification. Dimensions are subject to manufacturing tolerances.



CANADA: 5435 North Service Road, Burlington, ON, L7L 5H7 TEL: 905-332-6718 TOLL-FREE: 1-888-208-8927 Website: www.wattscanada.ca

APPENDIX N
Outlet 1 Stormceptor OGS



Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

| STORMCEPTOR® | | ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SEDIMENT (TSS) LOAD REDUCTION | | 01/03/2023 |
|---|----------------|---|-------------------------------|------------|
| Province: | Ontario | Project Name: | 4120 Russell Rd. | |
| City: | Ottawa | Project Number: | 220345 | |
| Nearest Rainfall Station: | OTTAWA CDA RCS | Designer Name: | Brandon O'Leary | |
| Climate Station Id: | 6105978 | Designer Company: | Forterra | |
| Years of Rainfall Data: | 20 | Designer Email: | brandon.oleary@forterrabp.com | |
| Site Name: | OGS 1 | Designer Phone: | 905-630-0359 | |
| Drainage Area (ha): | 0.803 | EOR Name: | Amr Salem | |
| Runoff Coefficient 'c': | 0.77 | EOR Company: | LRL Associates Ltd. | |
| Particle Size Distribution: | Fine | EOR Email: | | |
| Target TSS Removal (%): | 80.0 | EOR Phone: | | |
| Required Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%): | 90.0 | | | |
| Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site? | Yes | | | |
| Upstream Flow Control? | No | | | |
| Peak Conveyance (maximum) Flow Rate (L/s): | | | | |

| Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction Sizing Summary | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Stormceptor Model | TSS Removal Provided (%) |
| EFO4 | 80 |
| EFO6 | 90 |
| EFO8 | 95 |
| EFO10 | 97 |
| EFO12 | 99 |

EF06 Selected to accommodate incoming pipe angle/pipe elevations

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Recommended Stormceptor EFO Model: | EFO4 |
| Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction (%): | 80 |
| Water Quality Runoff Volume Capture (%): | > 90 |



Stormceptor® **EF** Sizing Report

THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

► **Stormceptor® EF and Stormceptor® EFO** are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor® oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the **ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV)** protocol.

PERFORMANCE

► **Stormceptor® EF and EFO** remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patent-pending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including high-intensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

► The **Canadian ETV PSD** shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

| Particle Size (µm) | Percent Less Than | Particle Size Fraction (µm) | Percent |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| 1000 | 100 | 500-1000 | 5 |
| 500 | 95 | 250-500 | 5 |
| 250 | 90 | 150-250 | 15 |
| 150 | 75 | 100-150 | 15 |
| 100 | 60 | 75-100 | 10 |
| 75 | 50 | 50-75 | 5 |
| 50 | 45 | 20-50 | 10 |
| 20 | 35 | 8-20 | 15 |
| 8 | 20 | 5-8 | 10 |
| 5 | 10 | 2-5 | 5 |
| 2 | 5 | <2 | 5 |



Stormceptor®EF Sizing Report

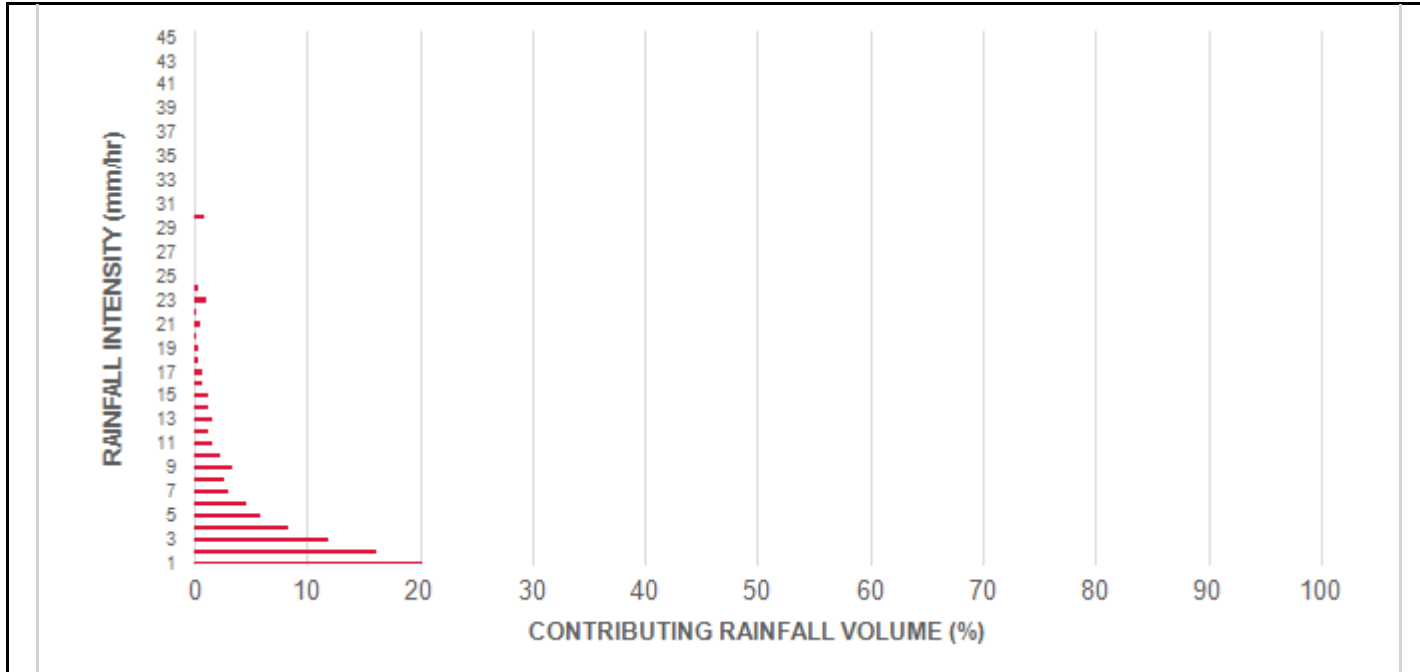
| Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr) | Percent Rainfall Volume (%) | Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%) | Flow Rate (L/s) | Flow Rate (L/min) | Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m ²) | Removal Efficiency (%) | Incremental Removal (%) | Cumulative Removal (%) |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 0.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 0.86 | 51.0 | 43.0 | 100 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| 1 | 20.3 | 29.0 | 1.71 | 103.0 | 86.0 | 98 | 20.0 | 28.6 |
| 2 | 16.2 | 45.2 | 3.42 | 205.0 | 171.0 | 87 | 14.1 | 42.7 |
| 3 | 12.0 | 57.2 | 5.14 | 308.0 | 257.0 | 81 | 9.7 | 52.4 |
| 4 | 8.4 | 65.6 | 6.85 | 411.0 | 342.0 | 77 | 6.5 | 58.9 |
| 5 | 5.9 | 71.6 | 8.56 | 514.0 | 428.0 | 73 | 4.3 | 63.2 |
| 6 | 4.6 | 76.2 | 10.27 | 616.0 | 514.0 | 69 | 3.2 | 66.4 |
| 7 | 3.1 | 79.3 | 11.99 | 719.0 | 599.0 | 65 | 2.0 | 68.4 |
| 8 | 2.7 | 82.0 | 13.70 | 822.0 | 685.0 | 64 | 1.8 | 70.2 |
| 9 | 3.3 | 85.3 | 15.41 | 925.0 | 771.0 | 63 | 2.1 | 72.3 |
| 10 | 2.3 | 87.6 | 17.12 | 1027.0 | 856.0 | 63 | 1.4 | 73.7 |
| 11 | 1.6 | 89.2 | 18.84 | 1130.0 | 942.0 | 62 | 1.0 | 74.7 |
| 12 | 1.3 | 90.5 | 20.55 | 1233.0 | 1027.0 | 61 | 0.8 | 75.5 |
| 13 | 1.7 | 92.2 | 22.26 | 1336.0 | 1113.0 | 59 | 1.0 | 76.5 |
| 14 | 1.2 | 93.5 | 23.97 | 1438.0 | 1199.0 | 57 | 0.7 | 77.2 |
| 15 | 1.2 | 94.6 | 25.69 | 1541.0 | 1284.0 | 55 | 0.6 | 77.8 |
| 16 | 0.7 | 95.3 | 27.40 | 1644.0 | 1370.0 | 53 | 0.4 | 78.2 |
| 17 | 0.7 | 96.1 | 29.11 | 1747.0 | 1456.0 | 51 | 0.4 | 78.6 |
| 18 | 0.4 | 96.5 | 30.82 | 1849.0 | 1541.0 | 48 | 0.2 | 78.8 |
| 19 | 0.4 | 96.9 | 32.54 | 1952.0 | 1627.0 | 45 | 0.2 | 79.0 |
| 20 | 0.2 | 97.1 | 34.25 | 2055.0 | 1712.0 | 43 | 0.1 | 79.0 |
| 21 | 0.5 | 97.5 | 35.96 | 2158.0 | 1798.0 | 41 | 0.2 | 79.2 |
| 22 | 0.2 | 97.8 | 37.67 | 2260.0 | 1884.0 | 39 | 0.1 | 79.3 |
| 23 | 1.0 | 98.8 | 39.39 | 2363.0 | 1969.0 | 37 | 0.4 | 79.7 |
| 24 | 0.3 | 99.1 | 41.10 | 2466.0 | 2055.0 | 36 | 0.1 | 79.8 |
| 25 | 0.0 | 99.1 | 42.81 | 2569.0 | 2141.0 | 34 | 0.0 | 79.8 |
| 30 | 0.9 | 100.0 | 51.37 | 3082.0 | 2569.0 | 29 | 0.3 | 80.1 |
| 35 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 59.94 | 3596.0 | 2997.0 | 25 | 0.0 | 80.1 |
| 40 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 68.50 | 4110.0 | 3425.0 | 22 | 0.0 | 80.1 |
| 45 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 77.06 | 4624.0 | 3853.0 | 19 | 0.0 | 80.1 |
| Estimated Net Annual Sediment (TSS) Load Reduction = | | | | | | | | 80 % |

Climate Station ID: 6105978 Years of Rainfall Data: 20

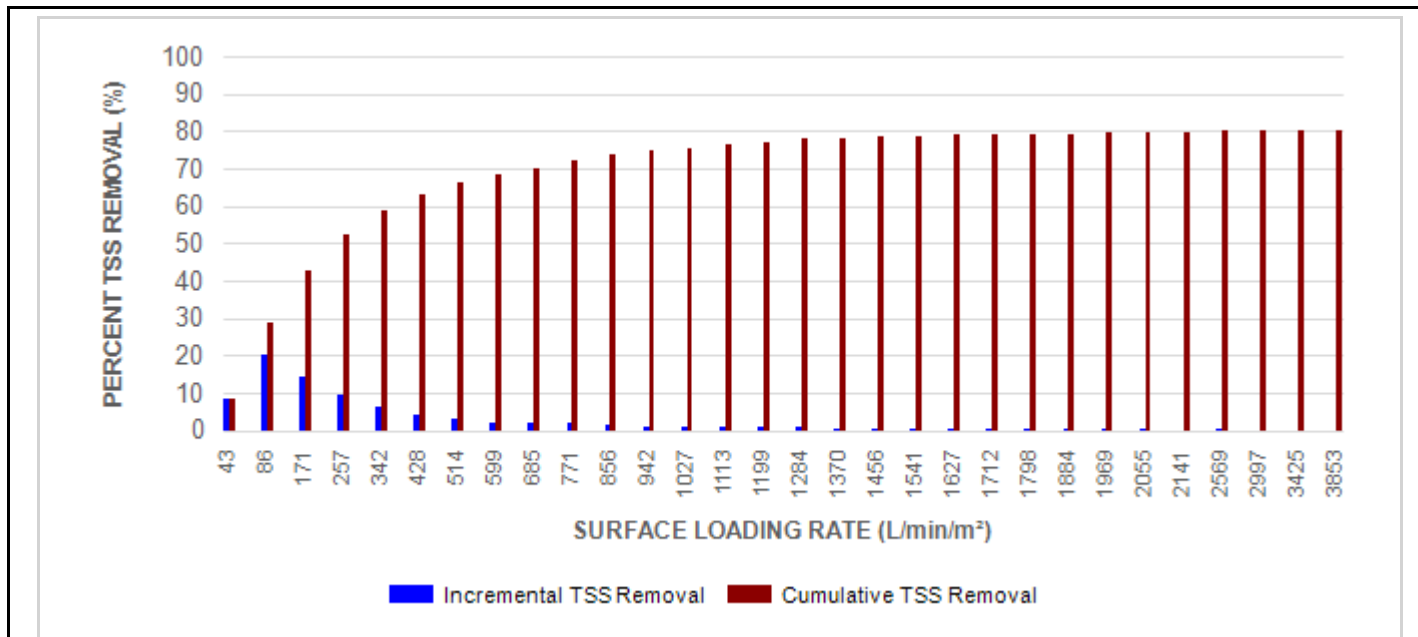


Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

RAINFALL DATA FROM OTTAWA CDA RCS RAINFALL STATION



INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL



Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance

| Stormceptor EF / EFO | Model Diameter | | Min Angle Inlet / Outlet Pipes | Max Inlet Pipe Diameter | | Max Outlet Pipe Diameter | | Peak Conveyance Flow Rate | |
|----------------------|----------------|------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|---------------------------|-------|
| | (m) | (ft) | | (mm) | (in) | (mm) | (in) | (L/s) | (cfs) |
| EF4 / EFO4 | 1.2 | 4 | 90 | 609 | 24 | 609 | 24 | 425 | 15 |
| EF6 / EFO6 | 1.8 | 6 | 90 | 914 | 36 | 914 | 36 | 990 | 35 |
| EF8 / EFO8 | 2.4 | 8 | 90 | 1219 | 48 | 1219 | 48 | 1700 | 60 |
| EF10 / EFO10 | 3.0 | 10 | 90 | 1828 | 72 | 1828 | 72 | 2830 | 100 |
| EF12 / EFO12 | 3.6 | 12 | 90 | 1828 | 72 | 1828 | 72 | 2830 | 100 |

SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

DESIGN FLEXIBILITY

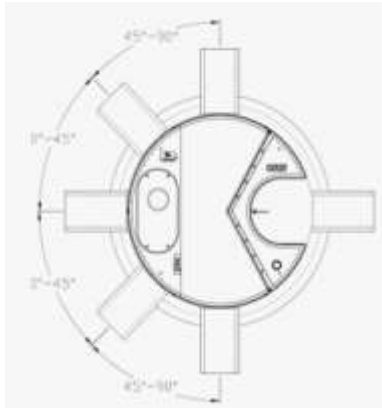
► Stormceptor® EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

► While Stormceptor® EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, Stormceptor® EFO has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid re-entrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.



Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report



INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

0° - 45° : The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

45° - 90° : The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

HEAD LOSS

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1.

For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

Pollutant Capacity

| Stormceptor EF / EFO | Model Diameter | | Depth (Outlet Pipe Invert to Sump Floor) | | Oil Volume | | Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth * | | Maximum Sediment Volume * | | Maximum Sediment Mass ** | |
|----------------------|----------------|------|--|------|------------|-------|--|------|---------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|
| | (m) | (ft) | (m) | (ft) | (L) | (Gal) | (mm) | (in) | (L) | (ft³) | (kg) | (lb) |
| EF4 / EFO4 | 1.2 | 4 | 1.52 | 5.0 | 265 | 70 | 203 | 8 | 1190 | 42 | 1904 | 5250 |
| EF6 / EFO6 | 1.8 | 6 | 1.93 | 6.3 | 610 | 160 | 305 | 12 | 3470 | 123 | 5552 | 15375 |
| EF8 / EFO8 | 2.4 | 8 | 2.59 | 8.5 | 1070 | 280 | 610 | 24 | 8780 | 310 | 14048 | 38750 |
| EF10 / EFO10 | 3.0 | 10 | 3.25 | 10.7 | 1670 | 440 | 610 | 24 | 17790 | 628 | 28464 | 78500 |
| EF12 / EFO12 | 3.6 | 12 | 3.89 | 12.8 | 2475 | 655 | 610 | 24 | 31220 | 1103 | 49952 | 137875 |

*Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity

** Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

| Feature | Benefit | Feature Appeals To |
|---|---|---|
| Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment and scour prevention technology | Superior, verified third-party performance | Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer |
| Third-party verified light liquid capture and retention for EFO version | Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot locations | Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, Site Owner |
| Functions as bend, junction or inlet structure | Design flexibility | Specifying & Design Engineer |
| Minimal drop between inlet and outlet | Site installation ease | Contractor |
| Large diameter outlet riser for inspection and maintenance | Easy maintenance access from grade | Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner |

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

For standard details, please visit <http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef>

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit <http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef>

STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR “OIL GRIT SEPARATOR” (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program’s **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**

1.3 SUBMITTALS

1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.

1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.

1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

| | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 2.1.1 | 4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units: | 1.19 m ³ sediment / 265 L oil |
| | 6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units: | 3.48 m ³ sediment / 609 L oil |
| | 8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units: | 8.78 m ³ sediment / 1,071 L oil |
| | 10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units: | 17.78 m ³ sediment / 1,673 L oil |
| | 12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units: | 31.23 m ³ sediment / 2,476 L oil |

Stormceptor® EF Sizing Report

PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN

3.1 GENERAL

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing of the OGS shall be determined by use of a minimum ten (10) years of local historical rainfall data provided by Environment Canada. Sizing shall also be determined by use of the sediment removal performance data derived from the ISO 14034 ETV third-party verified laboratory testing data from testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV protocol Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, as follows:

3.2.1 Sediment removal efficiency for a given surface loading rate and its associated flow rate shall be based on sediment removal efficiency demonstrated at the seven (7) tested surface loading rates specified in the protocol, ranging 40 L/min/m² to 1400 L/min/m², and as stated in the ISO 14034 ETV Verification Statement for the OGS device.

3.2.2 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates between 40 L/min/m² and 1400 L/min/m² shall be based on linear interpolation of data between consecutive tested surface loading rates.

3.2.3 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates less than the lowest tested surface loading rate of 40 L/min/m² shall be assumed to be identical to the sediment removal efficiency at 40 L/min/m². No extrapolation shall be allowed that results in a sediment removal efficiency that is greater than that demonstrated at 40 L/min/m².

3.2.4 Sediment removal efficiency for surface loading rates greater than the highest tested surface loading rate of 1400 L/min/m² shall assume zero sediment removal for the portion of flow that exceeds 1400 L/min/m², and shall be calculated using a simple proportioning formula, with 1400 L/min/m² in the numerator and the higher surface loading rate in the denominator, and multiplying the resulting fraction times the sediment removal efficiency at 1400 L/min/m².

The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in

Stormceptor[®] EF Sizing Report

accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**.

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m².

3.4 LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**, with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This re-entrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates.

3.4.1 For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m² to 2600 L/min/m²) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.

APPENDIX O

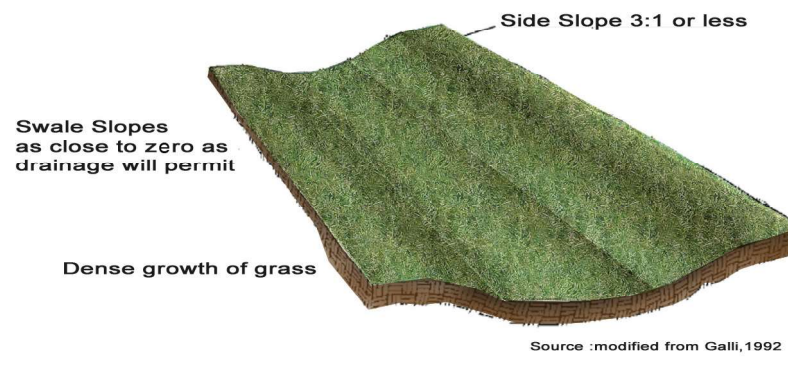
Low Impact Development Planning and Design Fact Sheets



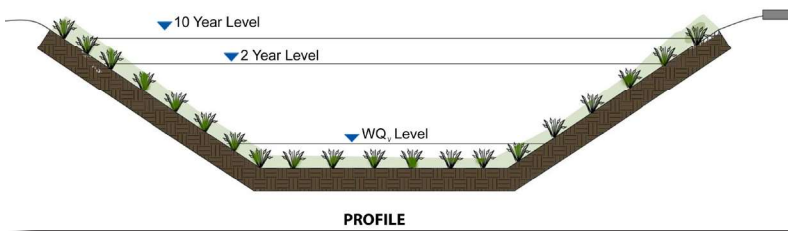
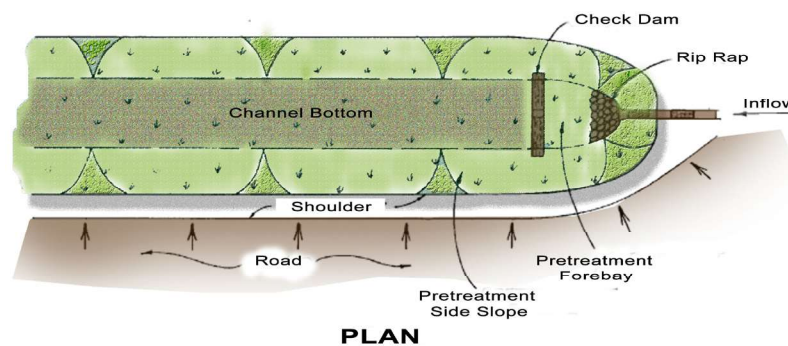
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Enhanced grass swales are vegetated open channels designed to convey, treat and attenuate stormwater runoff (also referred to as enhanced vegetated swales). Check dams and vegetation in the swale slows the water to allow sedimentation, filtration through the root zone and soil matrix, evapotranspiration, and infiltration into the underlying native soil. Simple grass channels or ditches have long been used for stormwater conveyance, particularly for roadway drainage. Enhanced grass swales incorporate design features such as modified geometry and check dams that improve the contaminant removal and runoff reduction functions of simple grass channel and roadside ditch designs.

Where development density, topography and depth to water table permit, enhanced grass swales are a preferred alternative to both curb and gutter and storm drains as a stormwater conveyance system. When incorporated into a site design, they can reduce impervious cover, accent the natural landscape, and provide aesthetic benefits.



PLAN VIEW OF A GRASS SWALE



PLAN AND PROFILE VIEWS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Generally, routine maintenance will be the same as for any other landscaped area; weeding, pruning, and litter removal. Grassed swales should be mown at least twice yearly to maintain grass height between 75 and 150 mm. The lightest possible mowing equipment should be used to prevent soil compaction. Routine roadside ditch maintenance practices such as scraping and re-grading should be avoided. Regular watering may be required during the first two years until vegetation is established. Routine inspection is very important to ensure that dense vegetation cover is maintained and inlets and pretreatment devices are free of debris.

ABILITY TO MEET SWM OBJECTIVES

| BMP | Water Balance Benefit | Water Quality Improvement | Stream Channel Erosion Control Benefit |
|----------------------|---|--|---|
| Enhanced Grass Swale | Partial - depends on soil infiltration rate | Yes, if design velocity is 0.5 m/s or less for a 4 hour, 25 mm Chicago storm | Partial - depends on soil infiltration rate |

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Component | Specification | Quantity |
|------------------|--|---|
| Check Dams | Constructed of a non-erosive material such as suitably sized aggregate, wood, gabions, riprap, or concrete. All check dams should be underlain with geotextile filter fabric. Wood used for check dams should consist of pressure treated logs or timbers, or water-resistant tree species such as cedar, hemlock, swamp oak or locust. | Spacing should be based on the longitudinal slope and desired ponding volume. |
| Gravel Diaphragm | Washed stone between 3 and 10 mm in diameter. | Minimum of 300 mm wide and 600 mm deep. |

CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

Grass swales should be clearly marked before site work begins to avoid disturbance during construction. No vehicular traffic, except that specifically used to construct the facility, should be allowed within the swale site. Any accumulation of sediment that does occur within the swale must be removed during the final stages of grading to achieve the design cross-section. Final grading and planting should not occur until the adjoining areas draining into the swale are stabilized. Flow should not be diverted into the swale until the banks are stabilized.

Preferably, the swale should be planted in the spring so that the vegetation can become established with minimal irrigation. Installation of erosion control matting or blanketing to stabilize soil during establishment of vegetation is highly recommended. If sod is used, it should be placed with staggered ends and secured by rolling the sod. This helps to prevent gullies.

For the first two years following construction the swale should be inspected at least quarterly and after every major storm event (> 25 mm). Subsequently, inspections should be conducted in the spring and fall of each year and after major storm events. Inspect for vegetation density (at least 80% coverage), damage by foot or vehicular traffic, accumulation of debris, trash and sediment, and structural damage to pretreatment devices.

Trash and debris should be removed from pretreatment devices and the surface of the swale at least twice annually. Other maintenance activities include weeding, replacing dead vegetation, repairing eroded areas, dethatching and aerating as needed. Remove accumulated sediment on the swale surface when dry and exceeding 25 mm depth.

SITE CONSIDERATIONS

Available Space
Grass swales usually consume about 5 to 15% of their contributing drainage area. A width of at least 2 metres is needed.

Site Topography
Site topography constrains the application of grass swales. Longitudinal slopes between 0.5 and 6% are allowable. This prevents ponding while providing residence time and preventing erosion. On slopes steeper than 3%, check dams should be used.

Drainage Area & Runoff Volume
The conveyance capacity should match the drainage area. Sheet flow to the grass swale is preferable. If drainage areas are greater than 2 hectares, high discharge through the swale may not allow for filtering and infiltration, and may create erosive conditions. Typical ratios of impervious drainage area to treatment facility area range from 5:1 to 10:1.

Soil
Grass swales can be applied on sites with any type of soils.

Pollution Hot Spot Runoff
To protect groundwater from possible contamination, source areas where land uses or human activities have the potential to generate highly contaminated runoff (e.g., vehicle fueling, servicing and demolition areas, outdoor storage and handling areas for hazardous materials and some heavy industry sites) should not be treated by grass swales.

Proximity to Underground Utilities
Utilities running parallel to the grass swale should be offset from the centerline of the swale. Underground utilities below the bottom of the swale are not a problem.

Water Table
The bottom of the swale should be separated from the seasonally high water table or top of bedrock elevation by at least one (1) metre.

Setback from Buildings
Should be located a minimum of four (4) metres from building foundations to prevent water damage.

DESIGN GUIDANCE

GEOMETRY AND SITE LAYOUT

- Shape:** Should be designed with a trapezoidal or parabolic cross section. Trapezoidal swales will generally evolve into parabolic swales over time, so the initial trapezoidal cross-section design should be checked for capacity and conveyance assuming it is a parabolic cross-section. Swale length between culverts should be 5 metres or greater.
- Bottom Width:** Should be designed with a bottom width between 0.75 and 3.0 metres. Should allow for shallow flows and adequate water quality treatment, while preventing flows from concentrating and creating gullies.
- Longitudinal Slope:** Slopes should be between 0.5% and 4%. Check dams should be incorporated on slopes greater than 3%.
- Length:** When used to convey and treat road runoff, the length simply parallels the road, and therefore should be equal to, or greater than the contributing roadway length.
- Flow Depth:** A maximum flow depth of 100 mm is recommended during a 4 hour, 25 mm Chicago storm event.
- Side Slopes:** Should be as flat as possible to aid in providing pretreatment for lateral incoming flows and to maximize the swale filtering surface. Steeper side slopes are likely to have erosion gullying from incoming lateral flows. A maximum slope of 2.5:1 (H:V) is recommended and a 4:1 slope is preferred where space permits.

PRE-TREATMENT

A pea gravel diaphragm located along the top of each bank can be used to provide pretreatment of any runoff entering the swale laterally along its length. Vegetated filter strips or mild side slopes (3:1) also provide pretreatment for any lateral sheet flow entering the swale. Sedimentation forebays at inlets to the swale are also a pretreatment option.

CONVEYANCE AND OVERFLOW

Grass swales must be designed for a maximum velocity of 0.5 m/s or less for the 4 hour 25 mm Chicago storm event. The swale should also convey the locally required design storm (usually the 10 year storm) at non-erosive velocities.

SOIL AMENDMENTS

If soils along the location of the swale are highly compacted, or of such low fertility that vegetation cannot become established, they should be tilled to a depth of 300 mm and amended with compost to achieve an organic content of 8 to 15% by weight or 30 to 40% by volume.

CVC/TRCA LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT
PLANNING AND DESIGN GUIDE - FACT SHEET

ENHANCED GRASS SWALES

Enhanced Grass Swales



Enhanced Grass Swales are vegetated open channels designed to convey, treat and attenuate stormwater runoff. Simple grass channels or ditches have long been used for stormwater conveyance, particularly for road drainage. Enhanced grass swales incorporate design features such as modified geometry and check dams that improve the contaminant removal and runoff reduction functions of simple grass channel and roadside ditch designs. Bioretention swales (i.e. bioswales, dry swales) incorporate filter media and possibly a perforated pipe underdrain to ensure they drain within the required drawdown time. Where development density, topography and depth to water table permit, swales are a preferable alternative to curb and gutter and storm drains as a stormwater conveyance system.

DESIGN

GEOMETRY AND SITE LAYOUT

Swales typically treat drainage areas of two hectares or less. Minimum planting soil or filter media bed footprint area is based on the design storm runoff volume and effective surface ponding depth behind check dams. Recommended impervious drainage area to pervious facility footprint area ratios (I:P ratios) range from 5:1 on low permeability soils, such as hydrologic soil group (HSG) C and D, to 20:1 on high permeability soils (HSG A & B). Cross-section shape may be parabolic or trapezoidal, but parabolic is preferable for aesthetics, maintenance and hydraulics.

INLETS

Distribute concentrated inflows between multiple inlets or facilities to reduce risk of failure. Configurations include overland sheet flow, concentrated overland flow and concentrated underground (i.e. pipe) flow.

PRE-TREATMENT

Pre-treatment captures sediment before it reaches the filter bed. It is typically necessary unless runoff sediment load is very low (e.g. roof drainage). Pre-treatment options include: level spreaders, stone filter inlets with geotextile fabric and catch basins with sump. See Specifications section for more information.

PLANTING SOIL / FILTER MEDIA

Planting soil or filter media should come pre-mixed from an approved vendor. See Specifications section for more details.

UNDERDRAIN

Underdrains are recommended for bioswales where native soil infiltration rate < 15 mm/h (hydraulic conductivity < 1×10^9 cm/s), and needed for non-infiltrating designs. They are comprised of a length of perforated pipe embedded near the top of the storage reservoir, with an overlying choker layer of medium-sized aggregate, and structures to provide inspection and maintenance access. Alternatively, the perforated pipe could be installed on the reservoir bottom and connected to an upright pipe assembly or riser. Another option is to include a flow restrictor (e.g. orifice cap or valve) on the underdrain outlet pipe, to optimize infiltration while meeting the required drainage time.

PERFORATED PIPE

Continuously perforated, smooth interior HDPE or PVC pipe with diameter ≥ 200 mm to reduce freezing risk and facilitate access by camera and cleaning equipment. Perforated pipe extends length of facility and solid pipe is used to connect to storm drain system.

ACCESS STRUCTURES

Used for inspection and flushing. May be a maintenance hole or vertical standpipe connected to the perforated pipe. Couplings used for standpipe connections should be 45° to facilitate pipe access by camera or cleaning equipment.

CONVEYANCE AND OVERFLOW

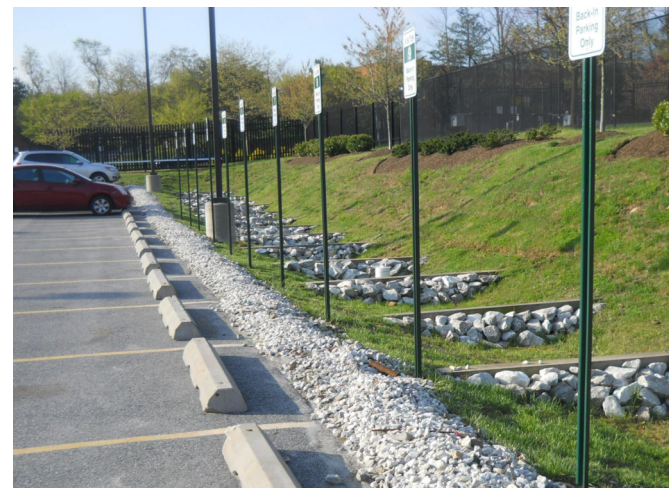
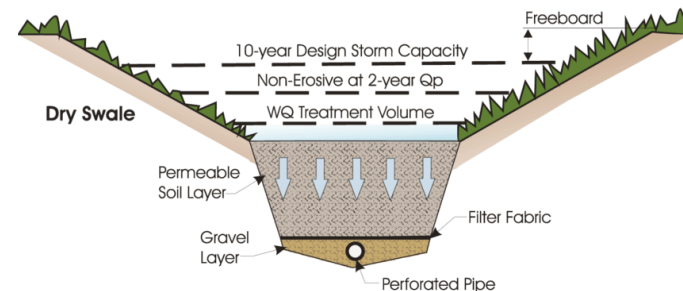
Swales can be designed to be inline or offline from the drainage system. Inline swales accept all flow from the drainage area and conveys large event flows through an overflow outlet. Overflow structures must be sized to safely convey large event flows out of the facility. Options include flat, dome or ditch inlet catch basins connected to a storm sewer.

MONITORING WELLS

A vertical standpipe consisting of an anchored 100 to 150 mm diameter pipe with perforations along the length within the reservoir, installed to the bottom of the facility, with a lockable cap. The well allows monitoring of inter-event drainage times.

PLANTS

Planting should be dense to help maintain surface infiltration and improve sediment settling and retention of dissolved contaminants. See Specifications section for more information.



| Swale Design | Ability to meet stormwater criteria | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Water balance | Water quality | Stream erosion control |
| Swale with no underdrain or full infiltration | Partial – based on storage volume and soil infiltration rate | Yes – size for water quality storage requirement and max. flow rate of 0.5 m/s | Partial – based on storage volume and soil infiltration rate |
| Swale with underdrain or partial infiltration | Partial – based on storage volume beneath the underdrain and soil infiltration rate | Yes – size for water quality storage requirement | Partial – based on storage volume, soil infiltration rate, and if flow restrictor is used |
| Swale with underdrain and impermeable liner or no infiltration | Partial – some volume reduction through evapo-transpiration | Yes – size for water quality storage requirement | Partial – based on available storage volume and if flow restrictor is used |

PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

Native Soil | Swales can be located over any soil type, but HSG A and B soils are best for achieving water balance objectives. Facilities should be located in portions of the site with the highest native soil infiltration rates. Where infiltration rates are less than 15 mm/hr (hydraulic conductivity less than 1×10^{-6} cm/s) an underdrain is recommended. Native soil infiltration rate at the proposed facility location and depth should be confirmed through in-situ measurements of hydraulic conductivity under field saturated conditions.

Wellhead Protection | Facilities receiving road or parking lot runoff should not be located within year 2 year time-of-travel wellhead protection areas (see local drinking water source protection plan).

Available Space | Reserve open space of about 5 to 20% of the size of the contributing drainage area.

Site Topography | Contributing slopes should be between 1 to 5%. Swale longitudinal slopes may range from 0.5 to 6%. On slopes steeper than 3%, check dams should be used.

Water Table | Maintaining a separation of 1 m between the elevations of the base of the practice and the seasonally high water table, or top of bedrock is recommended. Lesser or greater values may be considered based on groundwater mounding analysis. See STEP LID Planning and Design Guide wiki page, Groundwater, for further guidance and spreadsheet tool.

Pollution Hot Spot Runoff | To protect groundwater from possible contamination, runoff from pollution hot spots should not be treated by swales designed for infiltration. Facilities designed with an impermeable liner (filtration only) can be used to treat runoff from hot spots.

Proximity to Underground Utilities | Designers should consult local utility design guidance for the horizontal and vertical clearance between storm drains, ditches and surface water bodies.

Karst | Swales designed for infiltration are not suitable in areas of known or implied karst topography.

Setback from Buildings | Should be set back 4 m from building foundations.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Routine Maintenance | Routine maintenance consists of mowing, weeding, pruning and mulching vegetation, and checking and cleaning trash, debris and sediment from pre-treatment devices, inlets, check dams and outlets twice a year in the spring and/or late fall, or when pre-treatment device sump is half full. Use a hydro-vac truck to remove sediment from catchbasin and oil and grit separator sumps and check dams. Grassed swales should be mown at least twice yearly to maintain grass height between 75 and 150 mm. Watering may be required during the first two years until vegetation is established. Other maintenance activities include replacing dead vegetation and repairing eroded areas as needed. Remove accumulated sediment when it is dry and has reached a depth > 25 mm.

Inspection | Routine inspections should be done twice annually in the spring and late fall and after major storm events. Inspect for vegetation density (at least 80% coverage), damage by foot or vehicular traffic, channelization, accumulation of debris, trash and sediment and damage to pre-treatment devices.

Monitoring | Monitoring of storage reservoir water level during and after natural or simulated storm events using the monitoring well should be performed periodically to verify the facility drains within the required drainage time (typically 72 hours). Monitoring should be performed as part of inspections following construction or major rehabilitation prior to assumption, and every 15 years at a minimum, to track drainage performance over time and determine when replacement is needed.

CONSTRUCTION

Soil Disturbance and Compaction | Before site work begins, locations of swales should be clearly marked. Ideally, swale locations should remain outside the limit of disturbance until construction of the facility begins to prevent soil compaction by heavy equipment.

Erosion and Sediment Control | Swale locations should not be used as sediment basins during construction. To prevent sediment from clogging, erosion and sediment controls should remain in place and runoff should be diverted from the swale until the contributing drainage area is fully stabilized and vegetation cover is established.

The water component of the Sustainable Technologies Evaluation Program is a collaboration of:

Toronto and Region Conservation Authority,
Credit Valley Conservation, and
Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority

For more information:

Visit the online Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide for more information including links to all sources cited: wiki.sustainabletechnologies.ca.

LID Stormwater Inspection and Maintenance Guide (TRCA, 2016): sustainabletechnologies.ca.

LID Construction Guide (CVC, 2012): sustainabletechnologies.ca.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Material | Specification |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Site Layout | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhanced swales typically treat drainage areas of two hectares or less. Swale total width should be 2 metres or greater and bottom width between 0.75 and 3.0 metres. Swale length between check dams should be ≥ 5 m. Side slopes should be no steeper than 1:3 (33%) for mowing maintenance. Gentler slopes (e.g. 1:4 or 25%) are encouraged where runoff enters the swale as sheet flow. A maximum flow depth of 0.1 m is recommended during the design storm event. |
| Inlets | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For concentrated overland flow: (i) Catch basins or other inlet structures should be located at all sag points in the gutter grade and immediately upgrade of median breaks, crosswalks and street intersections. (ii) Inlet types include curb openings (modified curbs, spillways), side inlet catch basins, trench drains or other pre-fabricated inlet structures. (iii) Spillways aid in turning flow 30, 45 or 90 degrees into the practice. (iv) Incorporate concrete aprons at curb opening or spillway locations to increase inflow effectiveness. (v) If the inlet structure itself does not provide sedimentation or filtration pre-treatment, incorporate a pre-treatment feature at curb opening or spillway location to isolate sediment, trash and debris for ease of removal. (vi) Provide a 75 to 150 mm drop in elevation between the inlet invert and grass or mulch surface, pre-treatment feature or concrete apron. |
| Pre-Treatment | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level spreader: A shallow trench structure (with concrete, metal or wood lip), graded to be level and installed parallel to the pavement edge or flush curb. Recommended sizing: (i) 1.4 m of length for every $0.01 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ of inflow during the design storm event, (ii) width of 300 mm or 3 times inflow pipe diameter, (iii) depth of 200 mm or half the inflow pipe diameter. Used with overland sheet flow inlets. Geotextile and stone filter inlets: Square or rectangular curb openings located directly over the practice, filled with clean aggregate, covered with a layer of geotextile filter fabric and stone, graded level or gently sloped and installed at concentrated overland flow inlets (e.g. curb cuts). Elevation change of 75 to 100 mm from pavement to top of the stone cover. Stone cover may be 50 to 150 mm diameter crushed angular stone, river rock/beach stone or rip rap. Catch basin, manhole, or other inlet structure sumps in combination with a shield, baffle, trap, or filter insert device, or goss trap are used to pre-treat concentrated overland flow. They can be designed to retain both coarse and fine particulate sediments in the sump, and floatables (hydrocarbons, trash and debris). A variety of proprietary pre-treatment devices are available. Forebay: Constructed with 2:1 length to width ratio and sized to accommodate ponding volume of 25% of the surface ponding storage requirement. Used with concentrated overland flow inlets. |
| Planting Soil/ Filter Media | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Planting soil: (i) use for enhanced grass swales (ii) hydraulic conductivity, saturated (ASTM D2434) at 85% maximum dry density (ASTM D698) should be of 15 - 300 mm/h. Filter Media Blend A – Drainage rate priority: (i) Use when I:P ratio $\geq 15:1$, (ii) 3 parts sand to 1 part organic material or additives, (iii) Porosity of 0.4, (iv) hydraulic conductivity, saturated (ASTM D2434) at 85% maximum dry density (ASTM D698) should be of 75 - 300 mm/h. Filter Media Blend B – Water quality treatment priority: (i) Use when improved metals and phosphorus retention and/or more diverse planting options are desired, (ii) 3 parts sand to 2 parts topsoil to 1 part organic material or additives, (iii) porosity of 0.35, (iv) hydraulic conductivity, saturated (ASTM D2434) at 85% maximum dry density (ASTM D698) should be 25 to 300 mm/h. Sand: Should be coarse and have a fineness modulus index between 2.8 and 3.1 according to ASTM C33/C33M. Topsoil: Must contain at least 9%, and not greater than 36% clay-sized particles and have a sodium absorption ratio less than 15. Organic material: Should be material low in available phosphorus such as leaf and yard waste compost, untreated wood chips, shredded paper or coir. Organic matter (ASTM F1647) should make up 3 to 10% of the filter media by dry weight. Additives: Typically 5 to 10% by volume of the filter media blend (follow product manufacturer instructions where applicable). Particle-size distribution (ASTM D7928): <25% silt-and clay-sized particles combined (smaller than 0.05 mm); 3 to 12% clay-sized particles (0.002 mm or smaller). Other parameters: Phosphorus (Plant Available or Extractable) should be between 10 and 40 ppm, and cation exchange capacity (ASTM D7503) >10 meq/100 g. |
| Check Dams | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low head dams to slow concentrated flow and promote settling and infiltration. Dam height depends on depth of ponded water that will infiltrate in the required drainage time. May be constructed of any resilient and waterproof material including concrete, metal and stone (typically <150mm rip rap) and may have spillways incorporated into their profile to direct water to the centre of the swale. Should include stone cover on the down-gradient side for erosion control. Check dam spacing should be based on the slope and desired ponding volume. They should be spaced far enough apart to allow access for maintenance equipment (e.g., mowers). |
| Plants | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhanced grass swales may be planted with sod or seed. If using seed, stabilize swale with erosion control blanket. Bioswale planting plans should feature a mixture of deeply rooting perennials adapted to both wet and dry conditions and local climate. If using a native seed mix, include a cover crop of oats, winter wheat, or rye to stabilize the swale in the short term. Road salt tolerance should be considered if facility will receive pavement runoff. |

APPENDIX P
Civil Engineering Drawings



NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK SITE 2 - BUILDING D 1100 LAST MILE DRIVE OTTAWA, ON

REVISION 02



KEY PLAN (N.T.S.)

| DRAWING INDEX | |
|---|------|
| TITLE PAGE | |
| GENERAL NOTES PLAN | C001 |
| SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN | C101 |
| GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN | C301 |
| SERVICING PLAN | C401 |
| SERVICING PLAN - MCEWAN CREEK SWF DETAILS | C402 |
| STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN | C601 |
| PRE-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN | C701 |
| POST-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN | C702 |
| CONSTRUCTION DETAIL PLAN | C901 |



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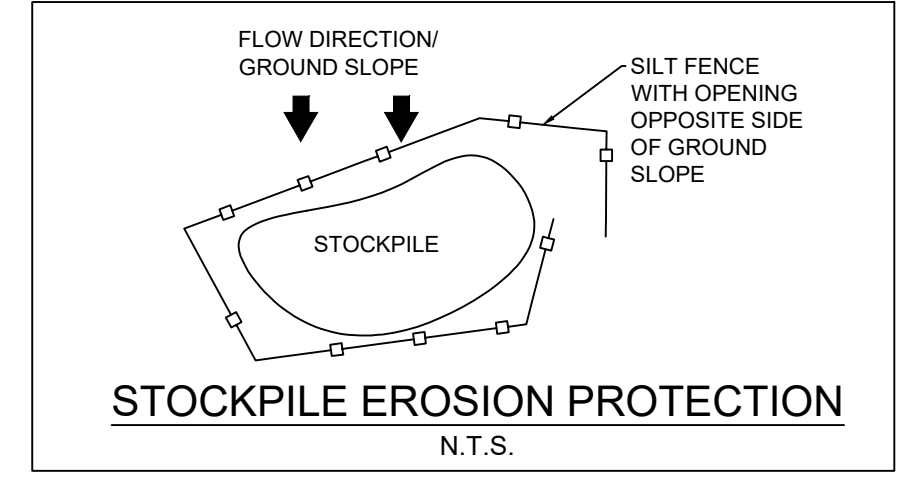
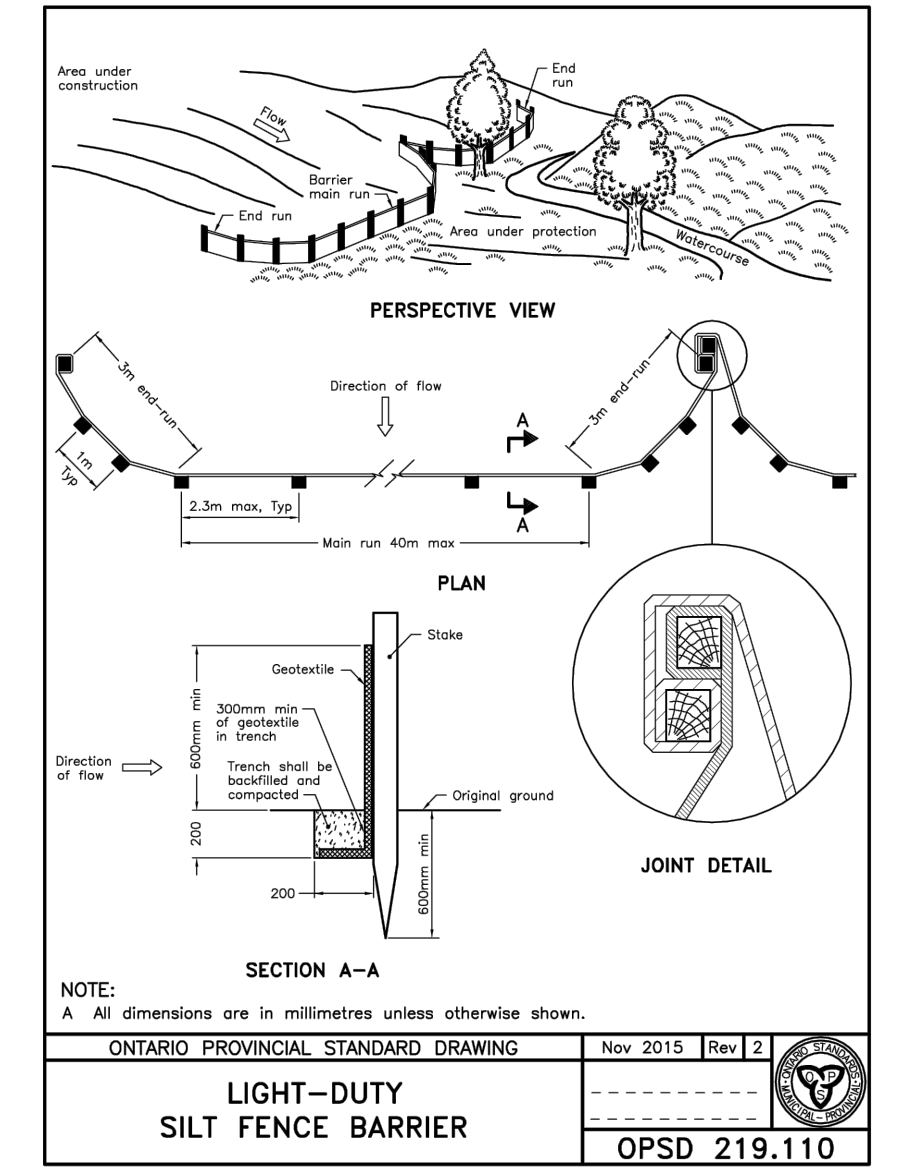
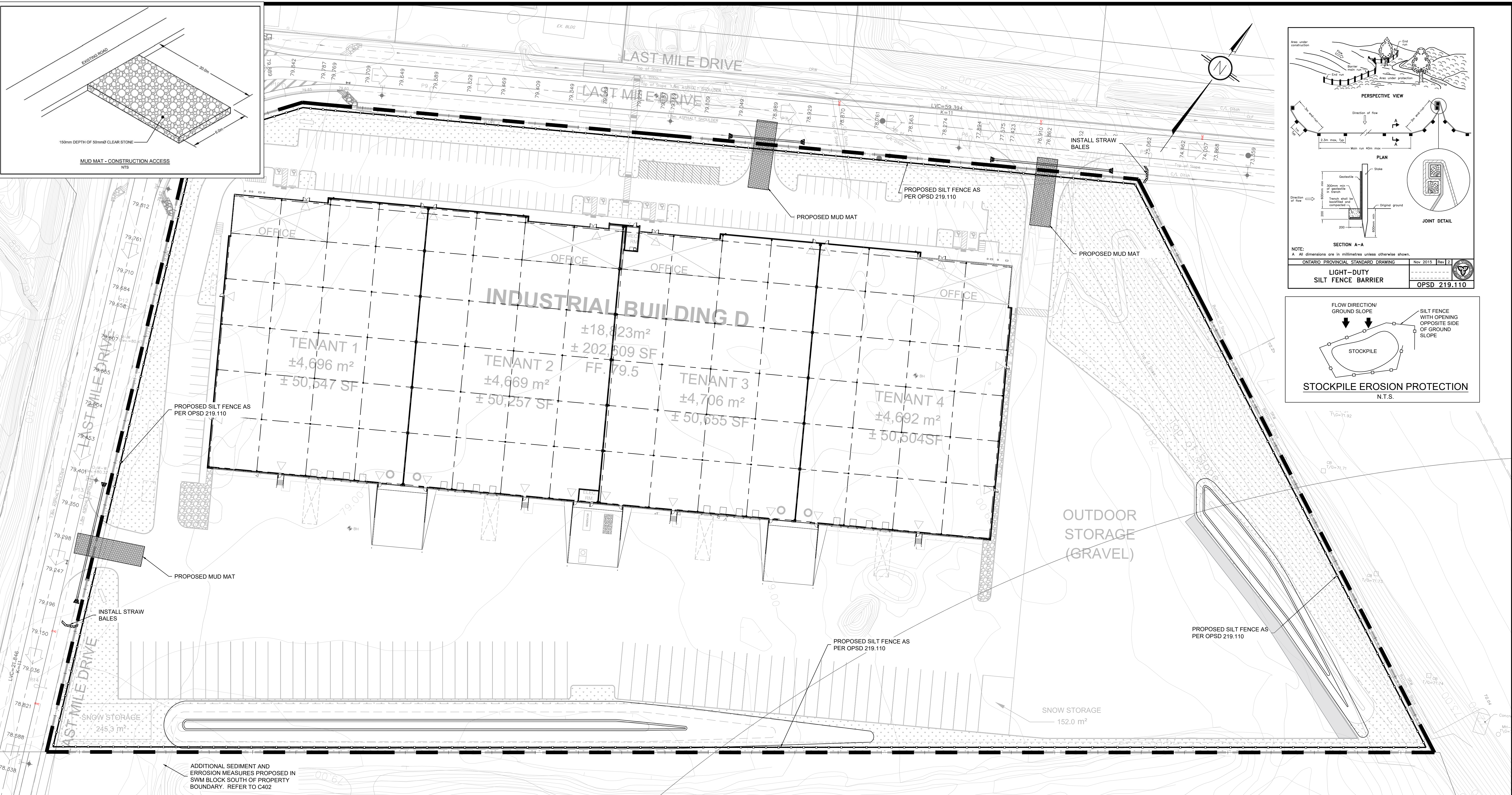
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NCBP - SITE 2 BUILDING D
1100 LAST MILE DRIVE, OTTAWA ON
REV.02 - REISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL APPROVAL - 28 FEBRUARY 2023
LRL PROJECT no: 220345



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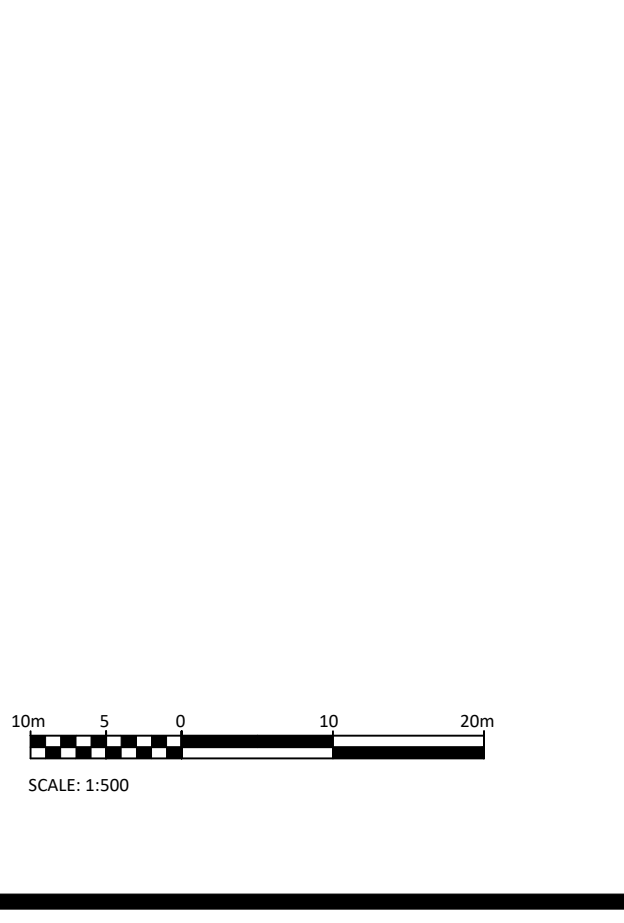
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| | PROPOSED DEPRESSED CURB | | PROPOSED SWALE ELEVATION |
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| | PROPOSED FENCE | | PROPOSED TOP OF CURB ELEVATION |
| | PROPOSED DOOR ENTRANCE/EXIT | | PROPOSED EXPOSED BOTTOM OF RETAINING WALL |
| | PROPOSED GRASS AREA (100mm TOP SOIL & SOD) | | PROPOSED TOP OF RETAINING WALL |
| | PROPOSED CONCRETE FEATURES/SLAB | | MATCH INTO EXISTING ELEVATION |
| | PROPOSED HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT | | EXISTING ELEVATION |
| | PROPOSED LIGHT DUTY ASPHALT | | PROPOSED OVERLAND MAJOR FLOW ROUTE |
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| 01 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL APPROVAL | A.S. | 31 AUG 2022 |

CLIENT: AVENUE 31 CAPITAL INC
881-250 City Centre, Ottawa, ON, K1R 6K7
613-799-2422

DESIGNED BY: T.H. DRAWN BY: T.H. APPROVED BY: V.J.

PROJECT: NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK
SITE 2 - BUILDING D
1100 LAST MILE DRIVE
OTTAWA, ON

DRAWING TITLE: EROSION SEDIMENT & CONTROL PLAN

PROJECT NO: 220345

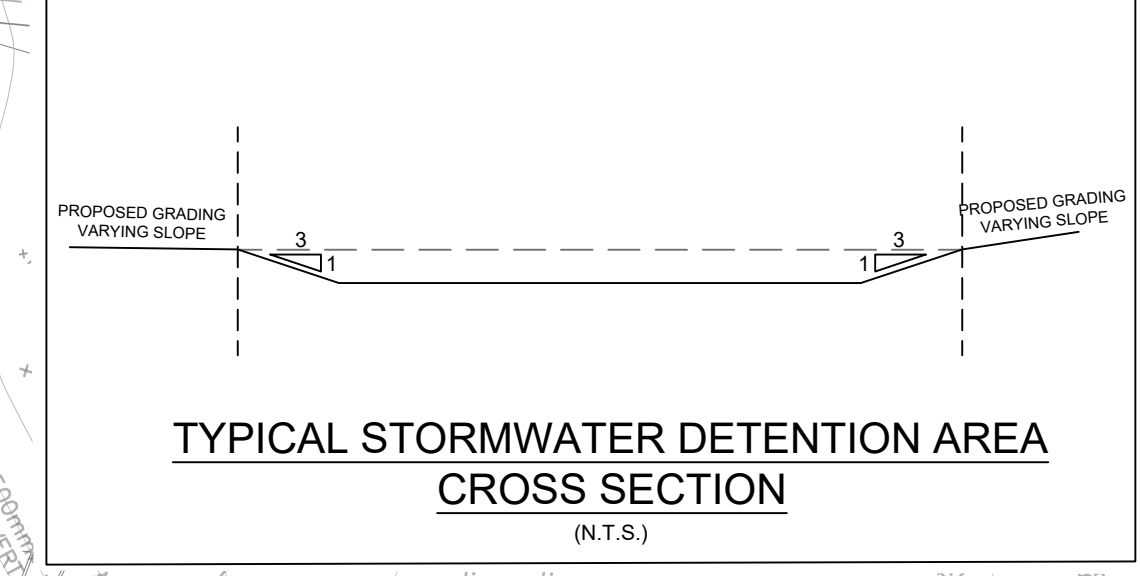
DATE: FEBRUARY, 2023

C101

PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

| COURSE | MATERIAL | THICKNESS (mm) | |
|------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | AUTOMOBILE PARKING | TRUCK ROUTE (HEAVY TRAFFIC) |
| SURFACE | HL 3 A/C (PG 58-28) | 50 | 40 |
| BINDER | HL 8 A/C (PG 58-28) | - | 50 |
| BASECOURSE | OPSS GRANULAR "A" | 150 | 150 |
| SUBBASE | OPSS GRANULAR "B" TYPE II | 300 | 450 |

NOTE: PAVEMENT DESIGN AS PER PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION PREPARED BY PATERSON GROUP, PG4854-1, DATED REV2 JANUARY 13, 2020. IN PREPARATION FOR PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AT THIS SITE, ANY SURFICIAL OR NEAR SURFACE SUBGRADE LEVEL, TOPSOIL AND ANY SOFT, WET OR DELETERIOUS MATERIALS SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE PROPOSED PAVED AREAS. THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE SHOULD BE INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY GEOTECHNICAL PERSONNEL AND ANY SOFT AREAS EVIDENT SHOULD BE SUBEXCAVATED AND REPLACED WITH SUITABLE EARTH BORROW APPROVED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. THE SUBGRADE SHOULD BE SHAPED AND CROWNED TO PROMOTE DRAINAGE OF THE SITE DRAINAGE STRUCTURES, FOLLOWING APPROVAL OF THE PREPARATION OF THE SUBGRADE. THE PAVEMENT GRANULARS MAY BE PLACED.



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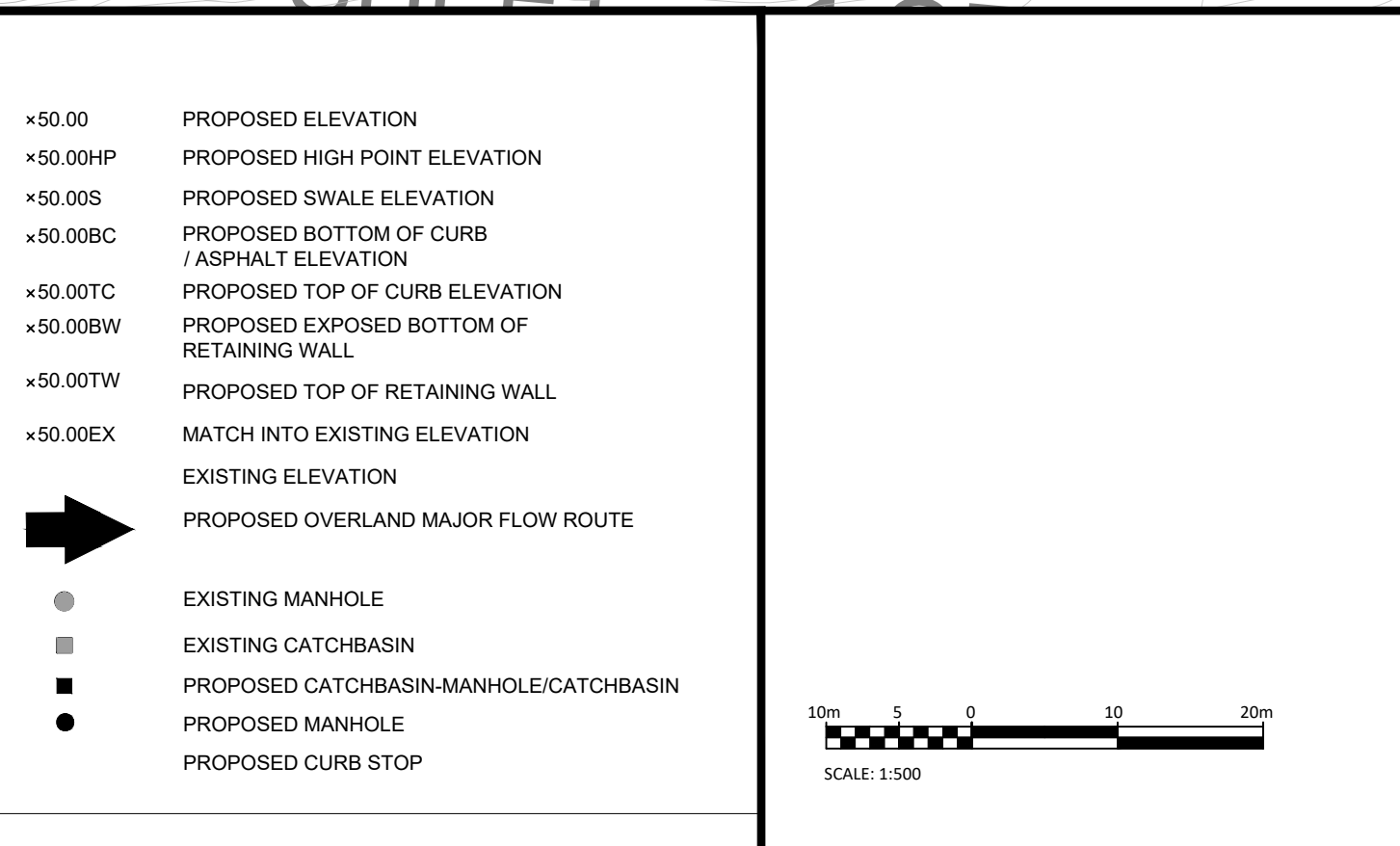
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LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
 V. JOHNSON
 100510576
 02-28-2023
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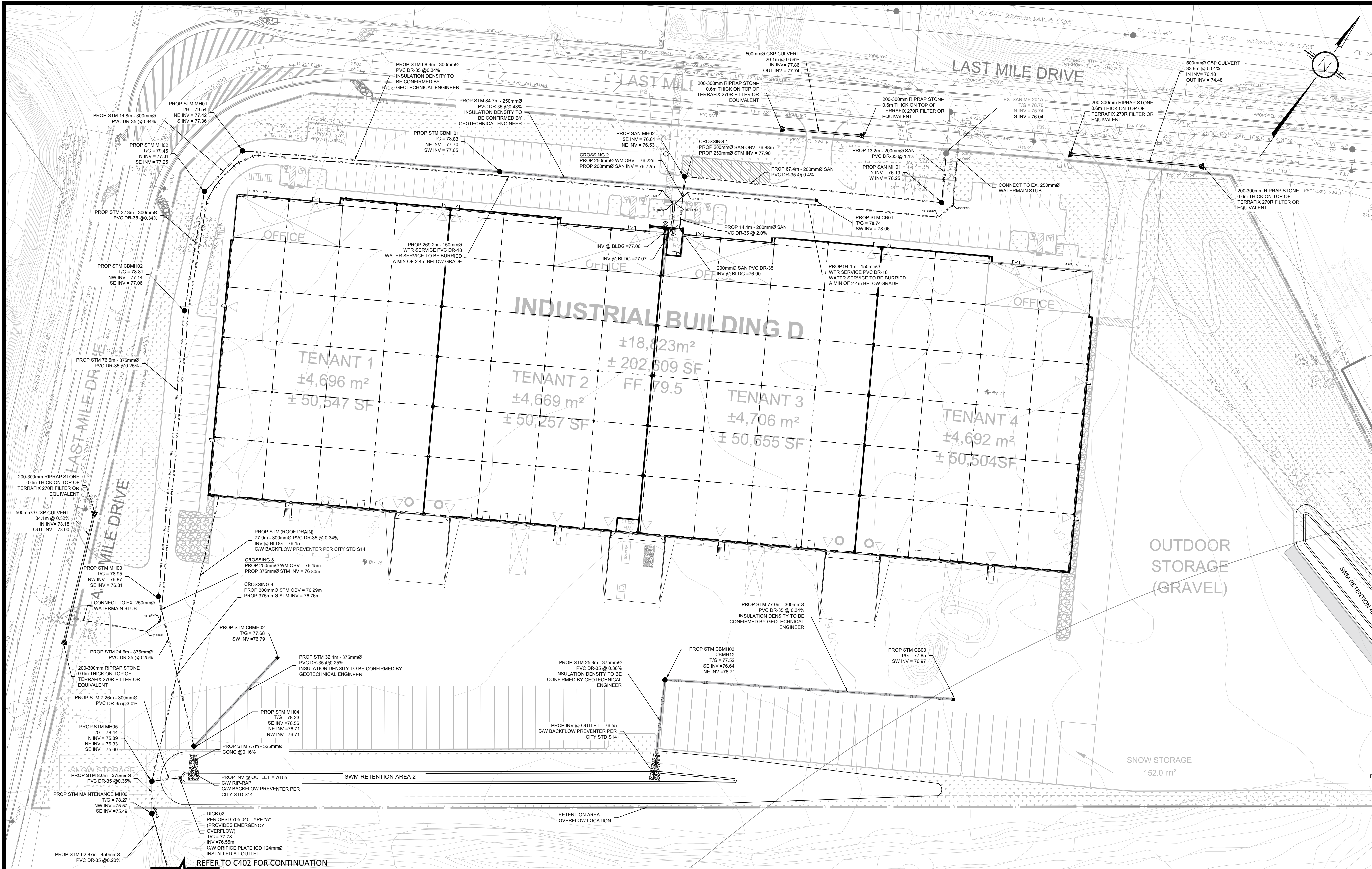
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 OTTAWA, ON

DRAWING TITLE: GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN

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C301



| Description | Chainage | Finish Grade | Obvert of Watermain | Cover (m) |
|---|----------|--------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Watermain Connection to West of last Mile Drive | | | | |
| WM | 0+000.0 | 79.22 | 76.82 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+017.1 | 78.80 | 76.40 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+021.7 | 78.79 | 76.39 | 2.40 |
| WM Crossing | 0+025.0 | 78.85 | 76.45 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+041.7 | 79.08 | 76.68 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+061.7 | 79.23 | 76.83 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+081.7 | 79.03 | 76.63 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+104.7 | 78.85 | 76.45 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+127.7 | 79.21 | 76.81 | 2.40 |
| 22.5 Bend | 0+137.8 | 79.41 | 77.01 | 2.40 |
| 22.5 Bend | 0+142.7 | 79.50 | 77.10 | 2.40 |
| 22.5 Bend | 0+150.3 | 79.55 | 77.15 | 2.40 |
| 22.5 Bend | 0+156.0 | 79.50 | 77.10 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+176.0 | 79.29 | 76.89 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+196.0 | 79.09 | 76.69 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+216.0 | 78.90 | 76.50 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+236.0 | 78.96 | 76.56 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+256.0 | 79.17 | 76.77 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+264.8 | 79.17 | 76.77 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+269.2 | 79.18 | 76.78 | 2.40 |
| WM @ Bldg | 0+275.7 | 79.47 | 77.07 | 2.40 |
| Watermain Connection to North of Last Mile Drive | | | | |
| WM | 0+000.0 | 79.49 | 77.09 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+012.5 | 79.14 | 76.74 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+017.6 | 79.12 | 76.72 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+037.6 | 78.96 | 76.56 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+057.6 | 78.84 | 76.44 | 2.40 |
| WM | 0+077.6 | 79.04 | 76.64 | 2.40 |
| 45 Bend | 0+084.8 | 79.11 | 76.71 | 2.40 |
| WM crossing | 0+086.5 | 79.13 | 76.73 | 2.91 |
| 45 Bend | 0+089.2 | 79.17 | 76.77 | 2.40 |
| WM @ Bldg | 0+095.7 | 79.46 | 77.06 | 2.40 |

*Watermain crossings below sewer as per City of Ottawa Standards W25

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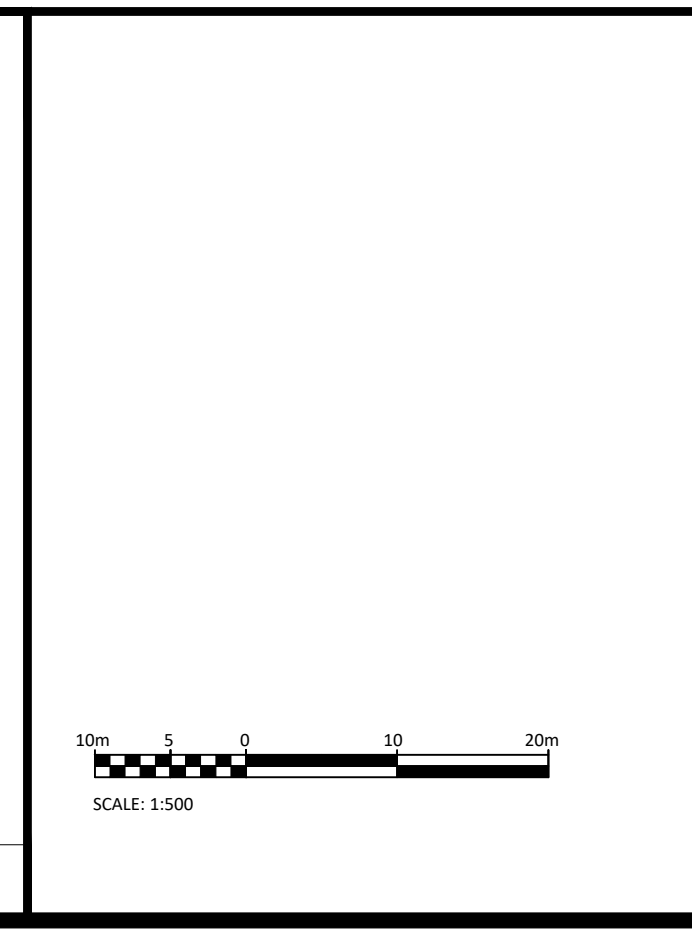
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| | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
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| | PROPOSED CURB | | PROPOSED STORM SEWER |
| | PROPOSED DEPRESSED CURB | | PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER |
| | PROPOSED TERRACING (3:1 MIN.) | | PROPOSED WATERMAIN |
| | PROPOSED FENCE | | EXISTING STORM SEWER |
| | PROPOSED DOOR ENTRANCE/EXIT | | EXISTING SANITARY SEWER |
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| | | | PROPOSED MANHOLE |
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| | | | PROPOSED PIPE INSULATION PER DETAIL ON C901 |



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5430 Carleton Road | Ottawa, ON, K1J 9G2
www.lrl.ca | (613) 842-3434

| No. | REVISIONS | BY | DATE |
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| 03 | REISSUED FOR SITE PLAN APPROVAL | T.H. | 23 DEC 2022 |
| 01 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL APPROVAL | A.S. | 31 AUG 2022 |

CLIENT: AVENUE 31 CAPITAL INC
801-250 Centre Ottawa, ON, K1R 9P7
613-799-2422

DESIGNED BY: T.H. DRAWN BY: T.H. APPROVED BY: V.J.

PROJECT: NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK
SITE 2 - BUILDING D
1100 LAST MILE DRIVE
OTTAWA, ON

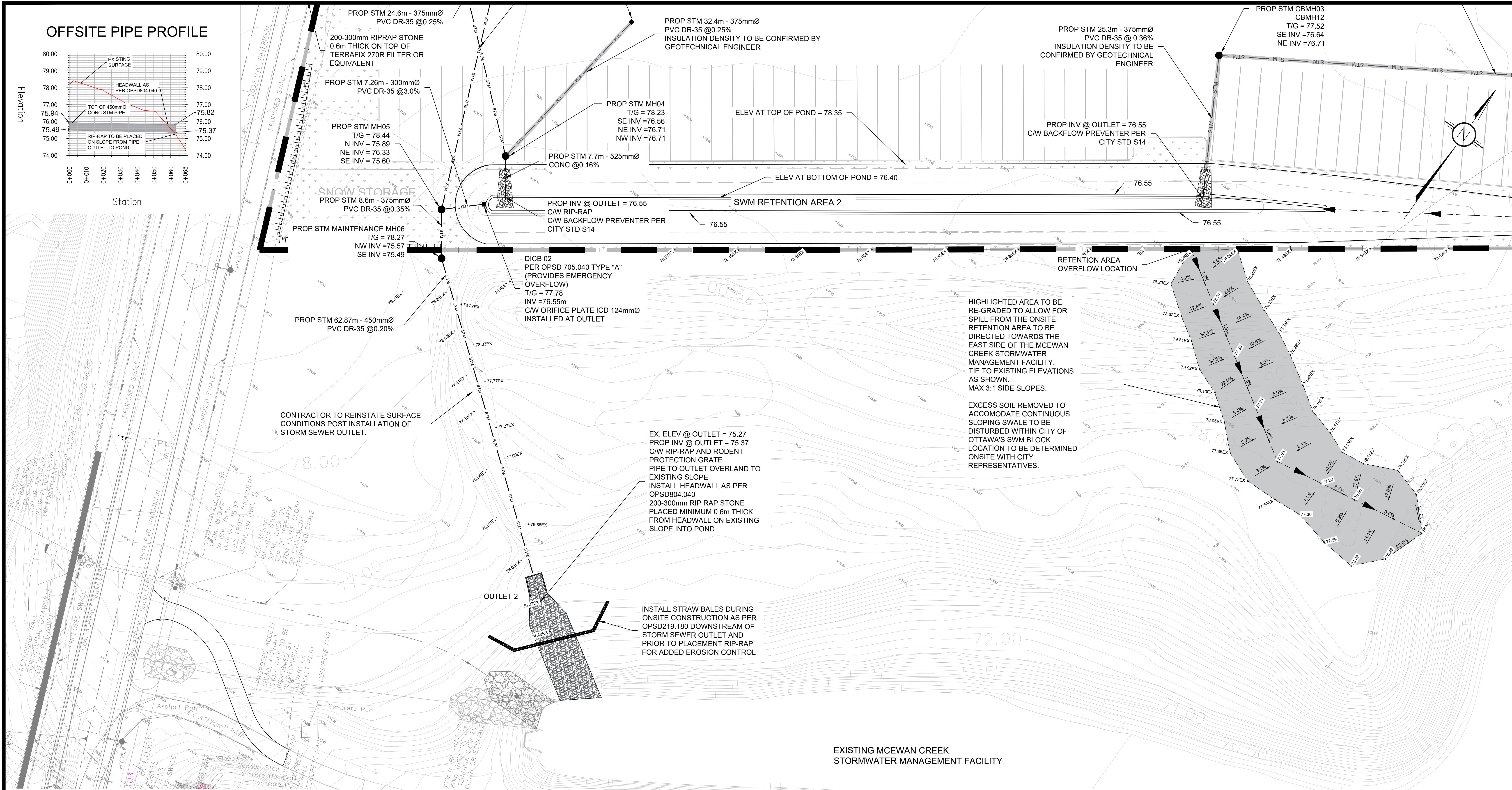
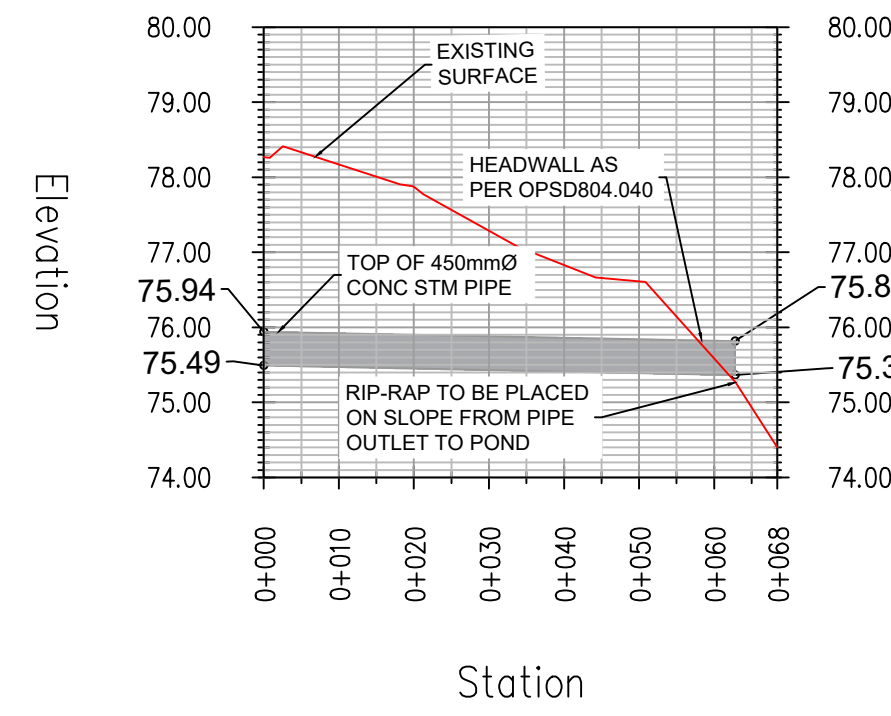
DRAWING TITLE: SITE SERVICING PLAN

PROJECT NO: 220345

DATE: FEBRUARY, 2023

C401

OFFSITE PIPE PROFILE



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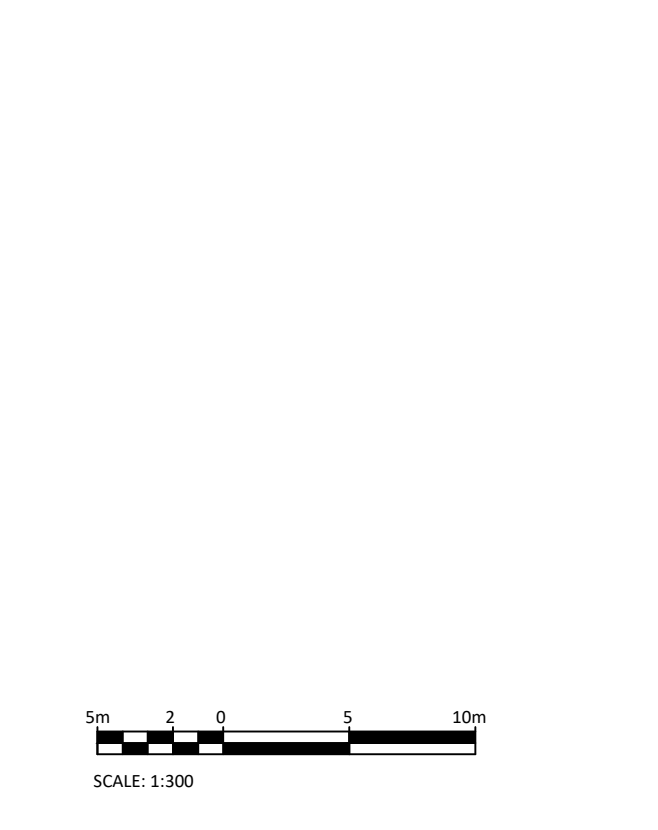
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C613-799-2422

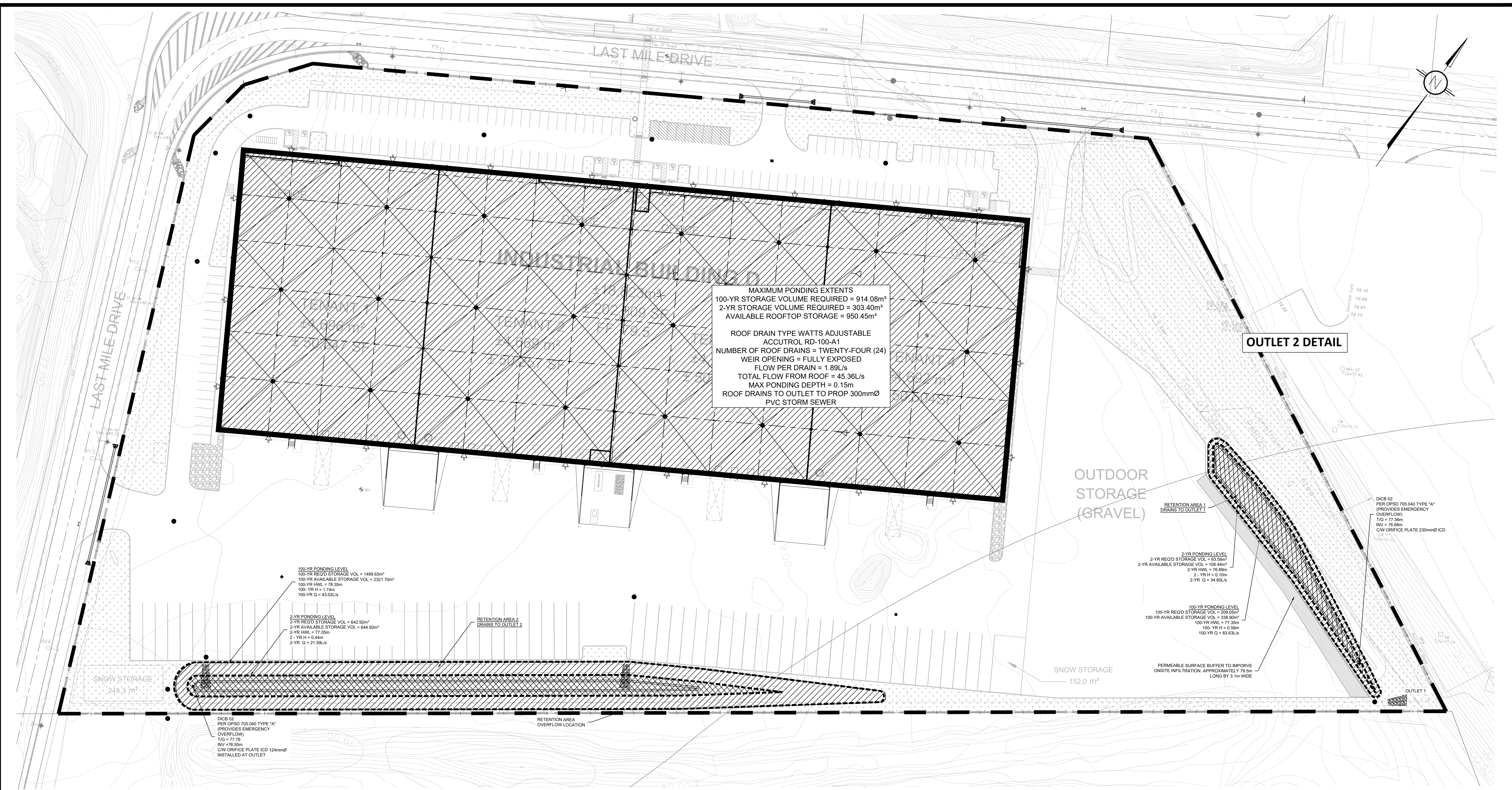
DESIGNED BY: T.H. DRAWN BY: T.H. APPROVED BY: V.J.

PROJECT
NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK
SITE 2 - BUILDING D
1100 LAST MILE DRIVE
OTTAWA, ON

DRAWING TITLE
SITE SERVICING PLAN
MCEWAN CREEK SWF DETAILS

PROJECT NO: 220345
DATE: FEBRUARY, 2023

C402



MAXIMUM PONDING EXTENTS
 100-YR STORAGE VOLUME REQUIRED = 914.08m³
 2-YR STORAGE VOLUME REQUIRED = 303.40m³
 AVAILABLE ROOFTOP STORAGE = 950.45m³

ROOF DRAIN TYPE WATTS ADJUSTABLE
 ACCUTROL RD-100-A1
 NUMBER OF ROOF DRAINS = TWENTY-FOUR (24)
 WEIR OPENING = FULLY EXPOSED
 FLOW PER DRAIN = 1.89L/s
 TOTAL FLOW FROM ROOF = 45.36L/s
 MAX PONDING DEPTH = 0.15m
 ROOF DRAINS TO OUTLET TO PROP 300mmØ
 PVC STORM SEWER

OUTLET 2 DETAIL

OUTDOOR STORAGE (GRAVEL)
 RETENTION AREA 1
 DRAINS TO OUTLET 1

2-YR PONDING LEVEL
 2-YR REQ'D STORAGE VOL = 83.52m³
 2-YR AVAILABLE STORAGE VOL = 106.44m³
 2-YR HWL = 76.89m
 2-YR H = 0.10m
 2-YR Q = 34.60L/s

100-YR PONDING LEVEL
 100-YR REQ'D STORAGE VOL = 209.05m³
 100-YR AVAILABLE STORAGE VOL = 338.90m³
 100-YR HWL = 77.35m
 100-YR H = 0.56m
 100-YR Q = 63.60L/s

PERMEABLE SURFACE BUFFER TO IMPROVE
 ONSITE INFILTRATION APPROXIMATELY 79.5m
 LONG BY 3.1m WIDE

DICB 02
 PER OPSD 705.040 TYPE "A"
 (PROVIDES EMERGENCY
 OVERFLOW)
 TIC = 77.35m
 INV = 76.68m
 CW ORIFICE PLATE 230mmØ ICD
 1/2"Ø=71.73

100-YR PONDING LEVEL
 100-YR REQ'D STORAGE VOL = 1499.63m³
 100-YR AVAILABLE STORAGE VOL = 2321.70m³
 100-YR HWL = 76.36m
 100-YR H = 1.74m
 100-YR Q = 43.02L/s

2-YR PONDING LEVEL
 2-YR REQ'D STORAGE VOL = 642.92m³
 2-YR AVAILABLE STORAGE VOL = 644.92m³
 2-YR HWL = 77.05m
 2-YR H = 0.44m
 2-YR Q = 21.58L/s

RETENTION AREA 2
DRAINS TO OUTLET 2

SNOW STORAGE
245.3 m²

DICB 02
 PER OPSD 705.040 TYPE "A"
 (PROVIDES EMERGENCY
 OVERFLOW)
 TIC = 77.73
 INV = 76.55m
 CW ORIFICE PLATE ICD 124mmØ
 INSTALLED AT OUTLET

RETENTION AREA
OVERFLOW LOCATION

USE AND INTERPRETATION OF DRAWINGS

REFER TO OUTLET DETAIL

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- PROPOSED LIGHT DUTY ASPHALT
- PROPOSED RIP RAP
- PROPOSED 100 YEAR HIGH WATER LEVEL
- STORM WATERSHED EXTENT
- WATERSHED NAME
- RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
- AREA IN HECTARES
- EXISTING MANHOLE
- EXISTING CATCHBASIN
- PROPOSED CATCHBASIN-MANHOLE/CATCHBASIN
- PROPOSED MANHOLE
- PROPOSED CURB STOP
- PROPOSED OVERLAND MAJOR FLOW ROUTE
- EXISTING OVERLAND MAJOR FLOW ROUTE
- ROOF SCUPPER

WS-XX
CONTROL
AREA
RUNOFF

SCALE: 1:500

NOT AUTHENTIC UNLESS SIGNED AND DATED

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PROJECT NO.: 220345
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SHEET 1 OF 2
SHEET 2 OF 2

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- WATERSHED NAME
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- ROOF SCUPPER

SCALE: 1:500

LRL
ENGINEERING | INGENIERIE
5430 Carleton Road | Ottawa, ON, K1J 9G2
www.lrl.ca | (613) 842-3434

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| No. | REVISIONS | BY | DATE |
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| 01 | ISSUED FOR MUNICIPAL APPROVAL | A.S. | 31 AUG 2022 |

CLIENT: AVENUE 31 CAPITAL INC
801-250 City Centre, Ottawa, ON, K1R 6K7
C 613-799-2422

DESIGNED BY: T.H. DRAWN BY: T.H. APPROVED BY: V.J.

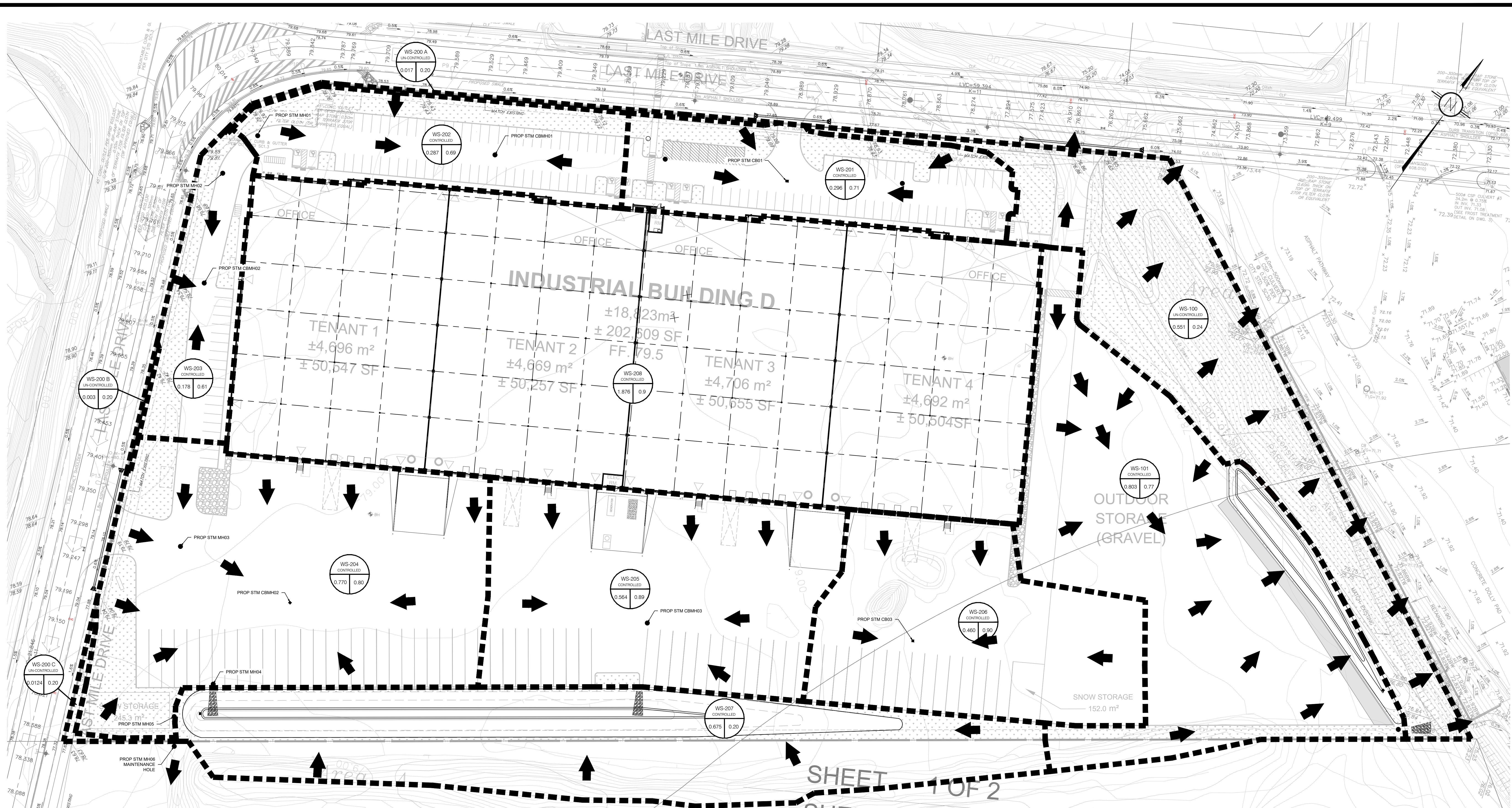
PROJECT: NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK
SITE 2 - BUILDING D
1100 LAST MILE DRIVE
OTTAWA, ON

DRAWING TITLE: PRE-DEVELOPMENT
WATERSHED PLAN

PROJECT NO.: 220345

DATE: FEBRUARY, 2023

C701



SHEET 1 OF 2

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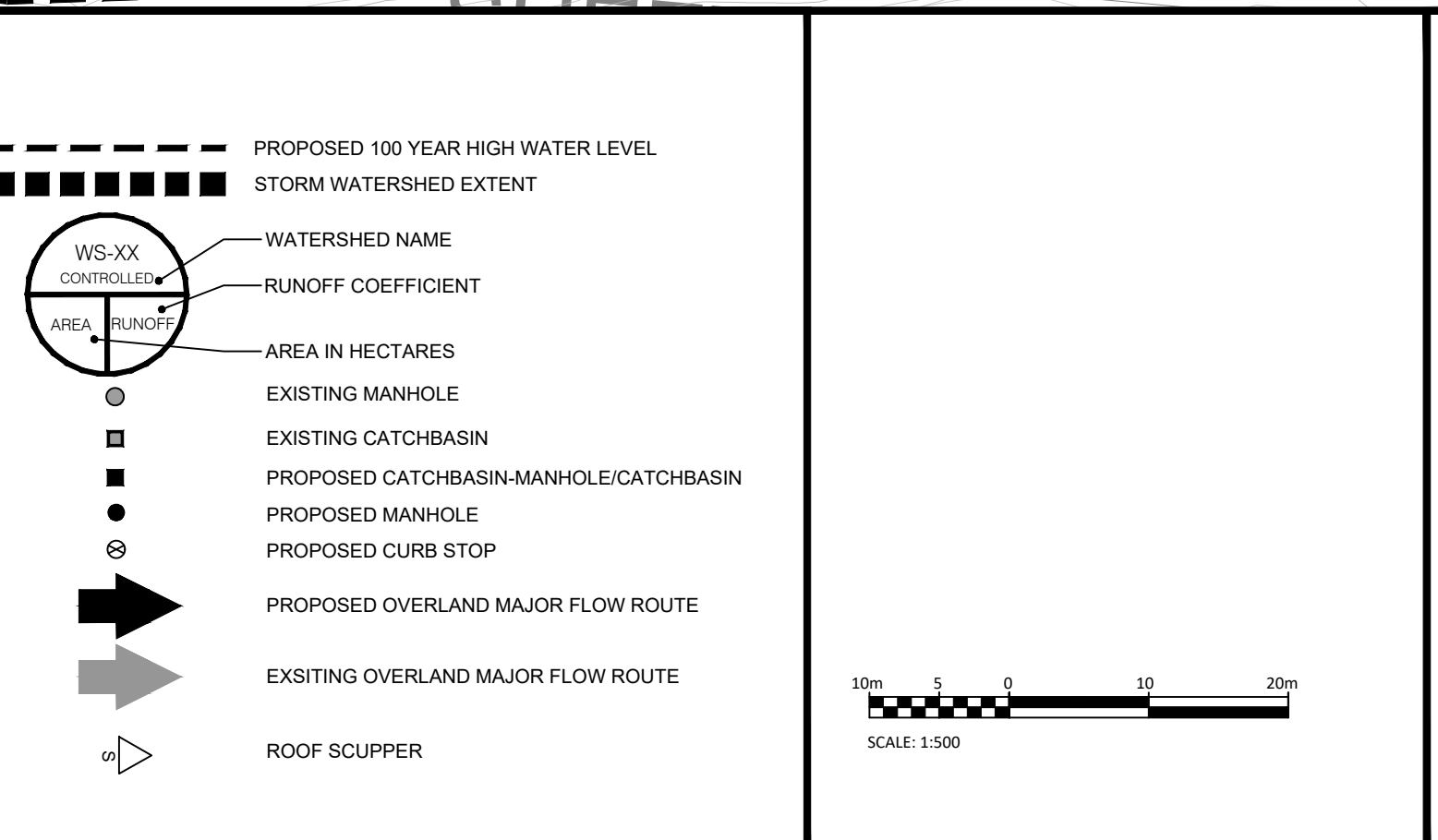
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| | | | ROOF SCUPPER |



LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

V. JOHNSON
100510576
02-28-2023
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

NOT AUTHENTIC UNLESS SIGNED AND DATED

LRL
ENGINEERING | INGENIERIE
5430 Canoeek Road | Ottawa, ON, K1J 9G2
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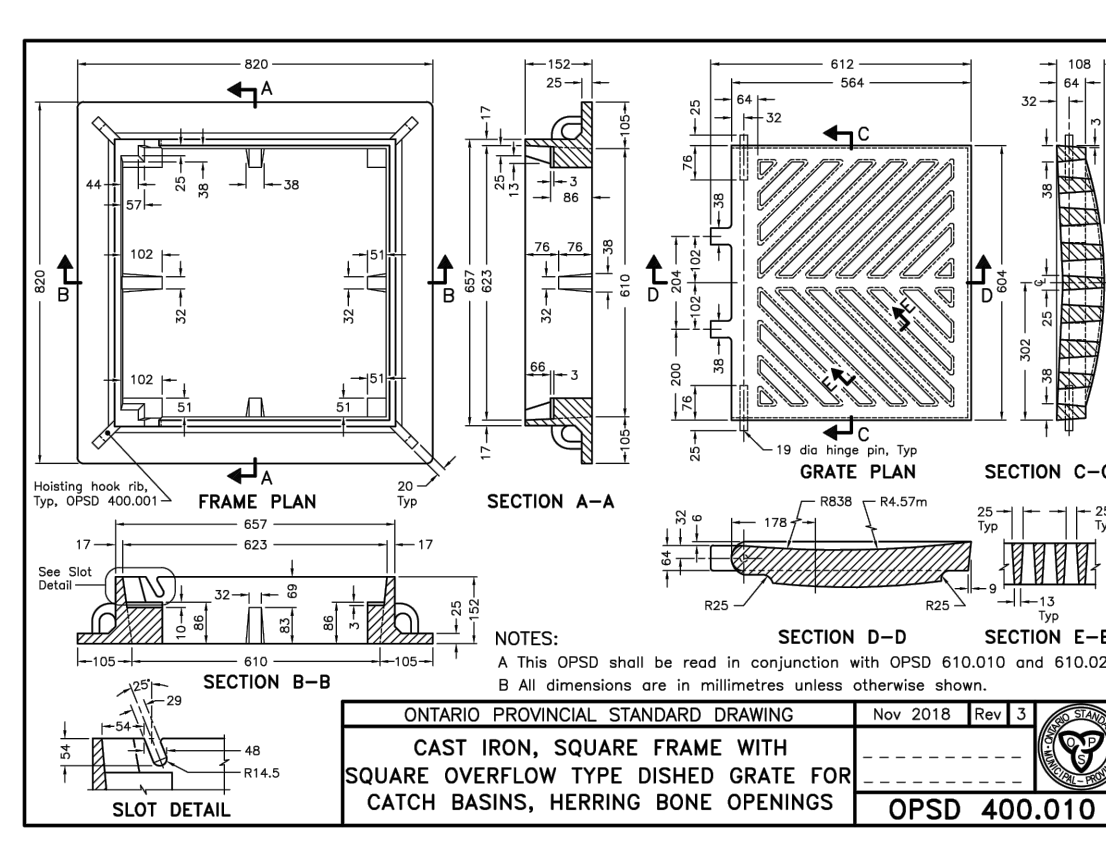
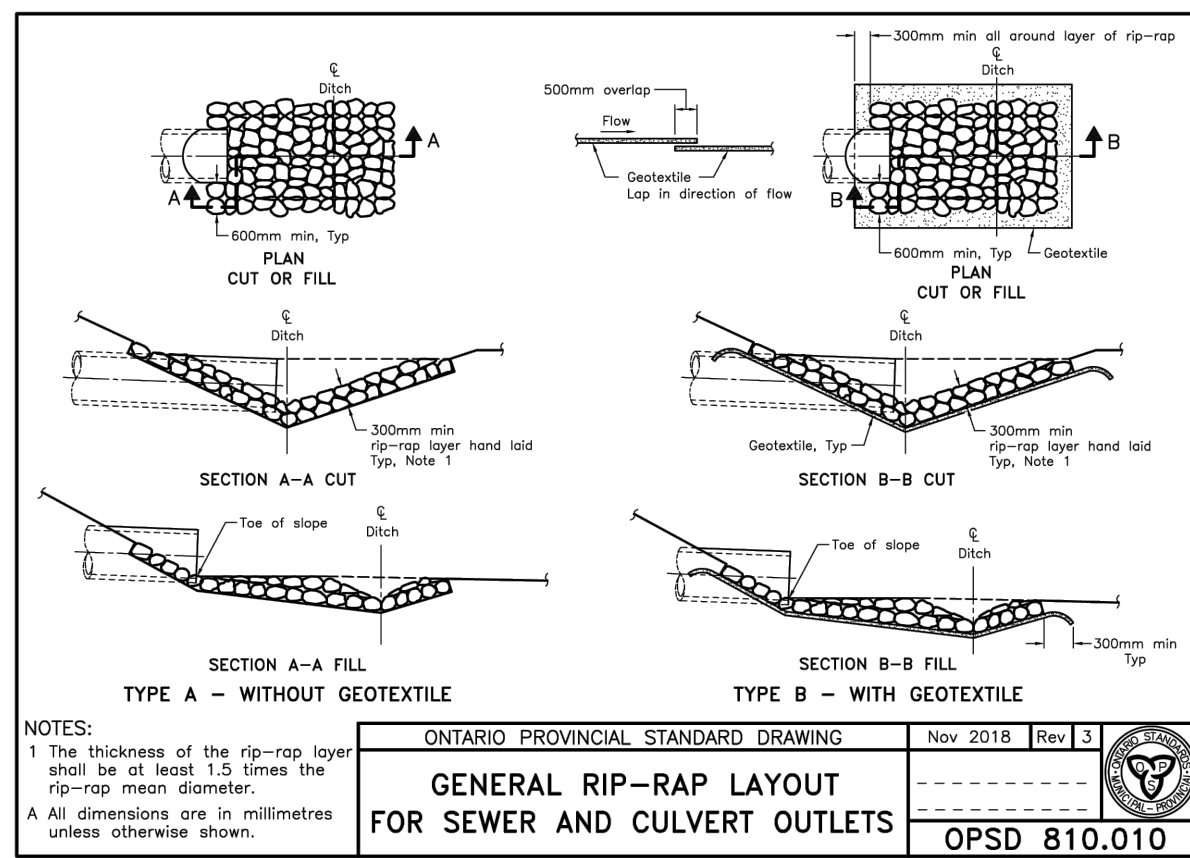
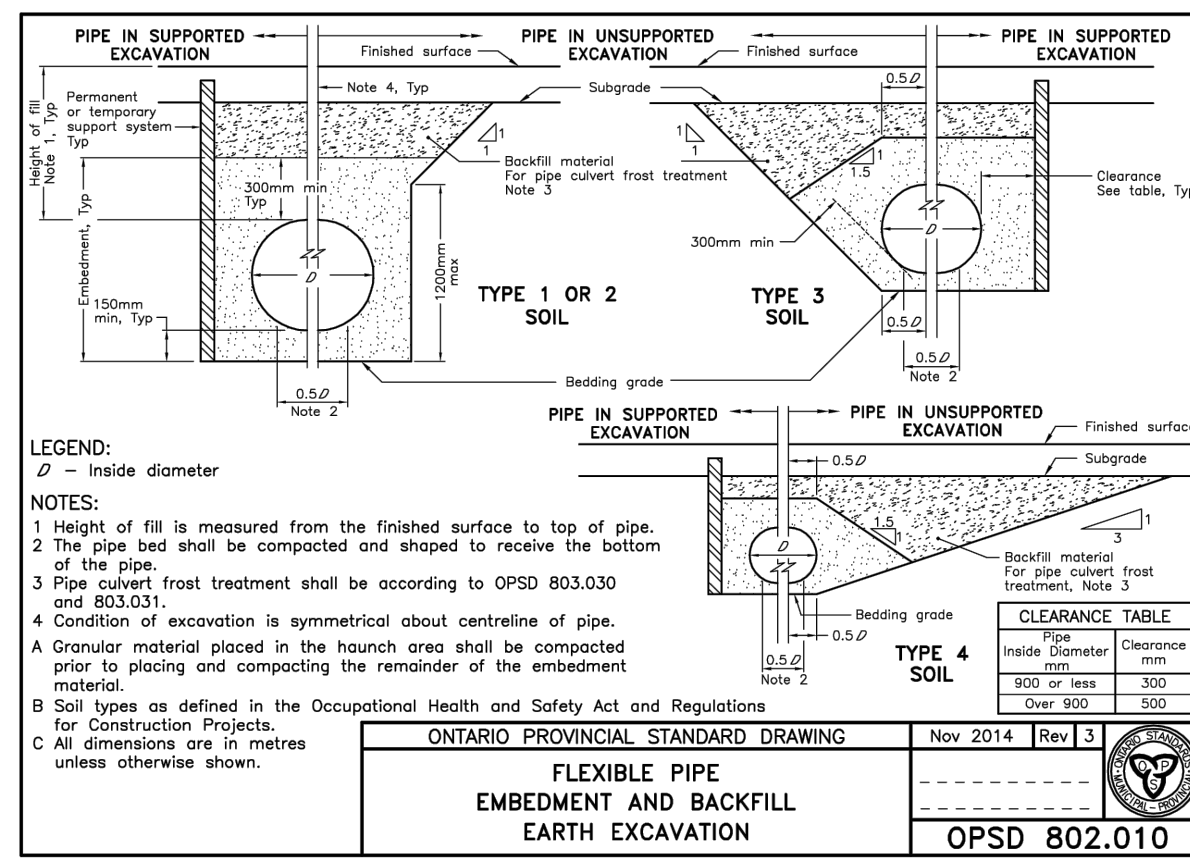
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PROJECT: NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK
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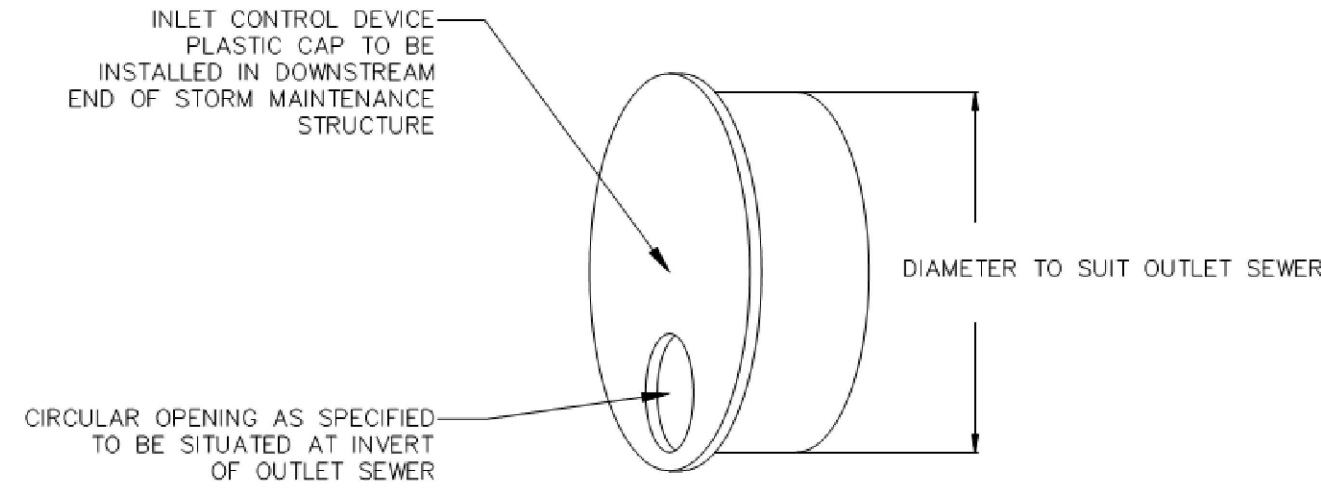
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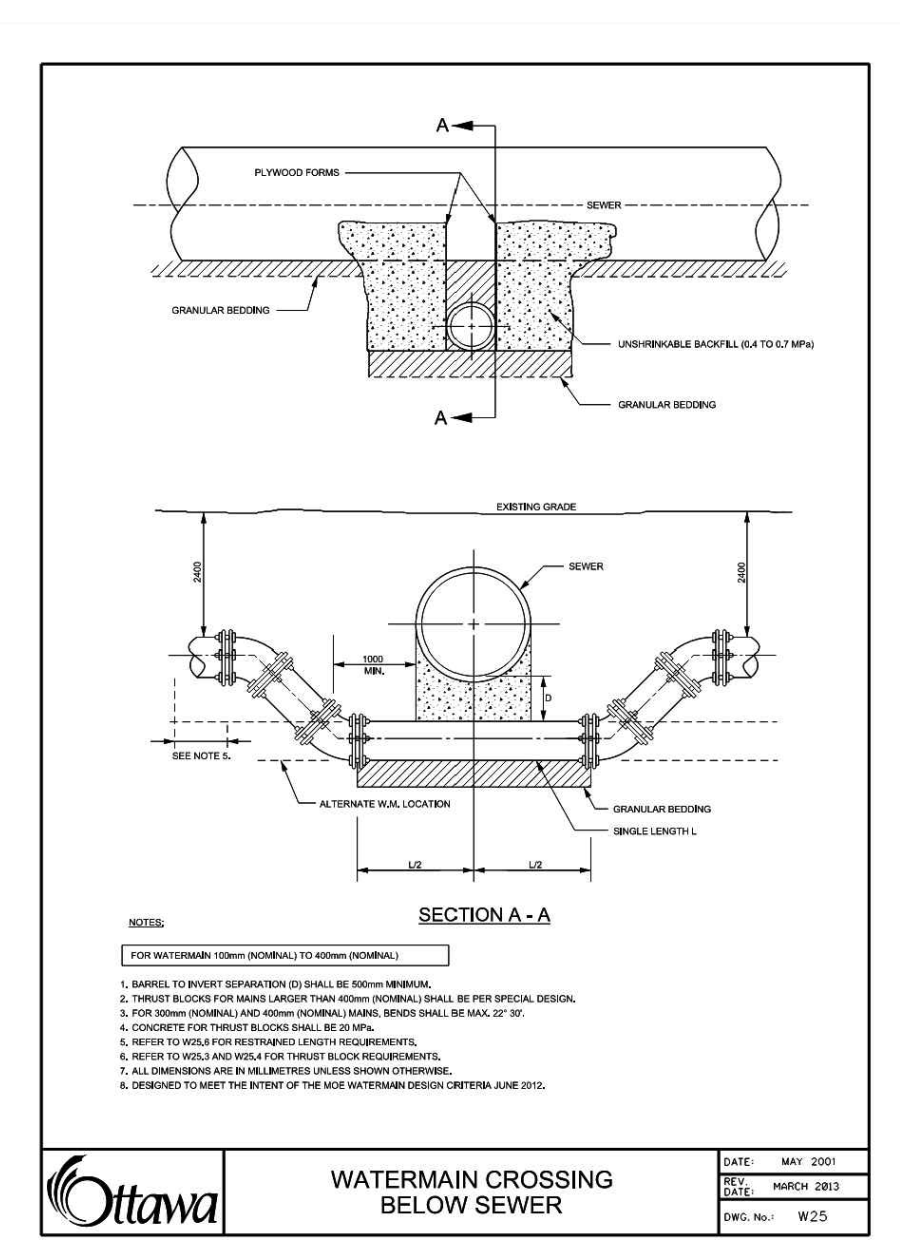
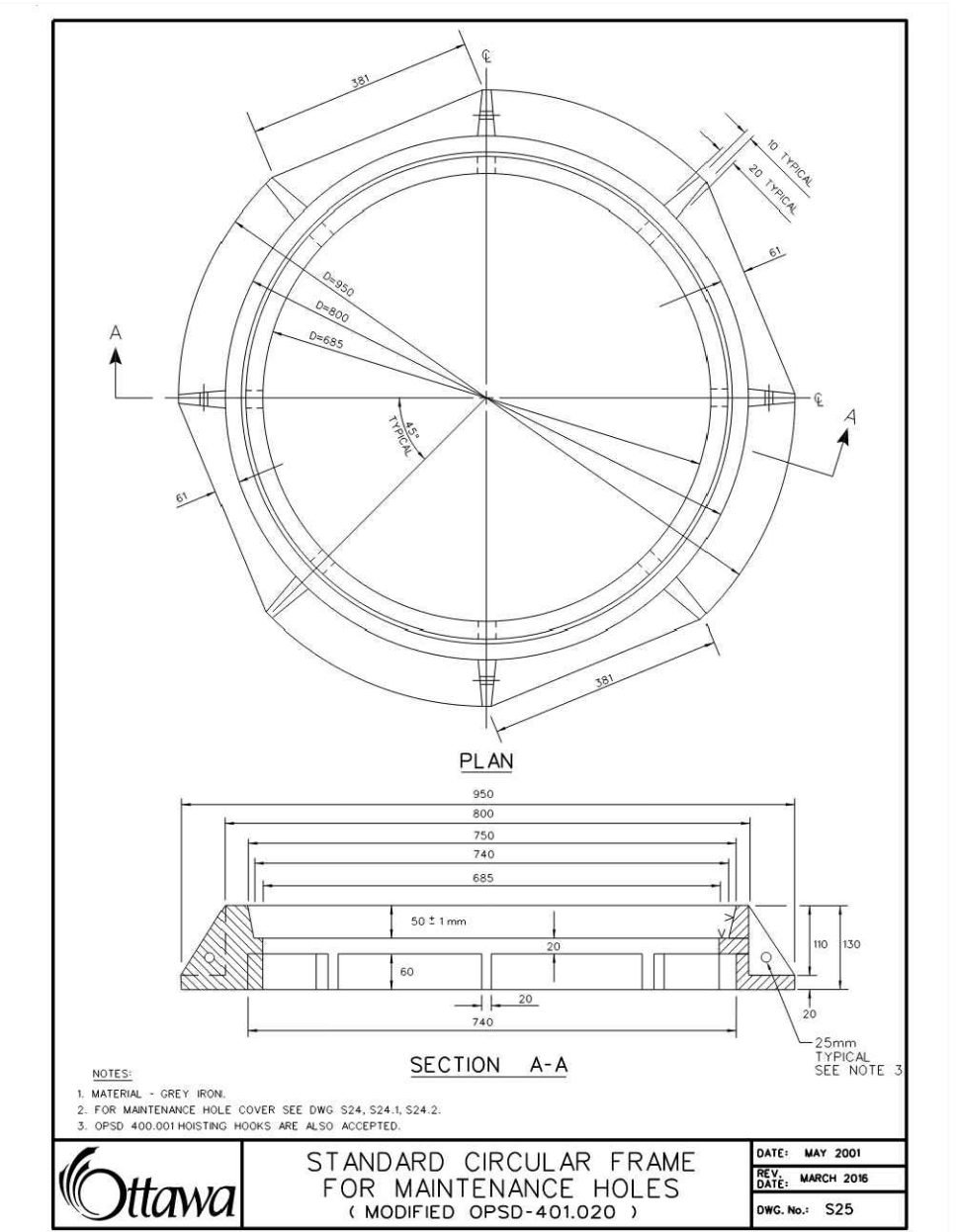
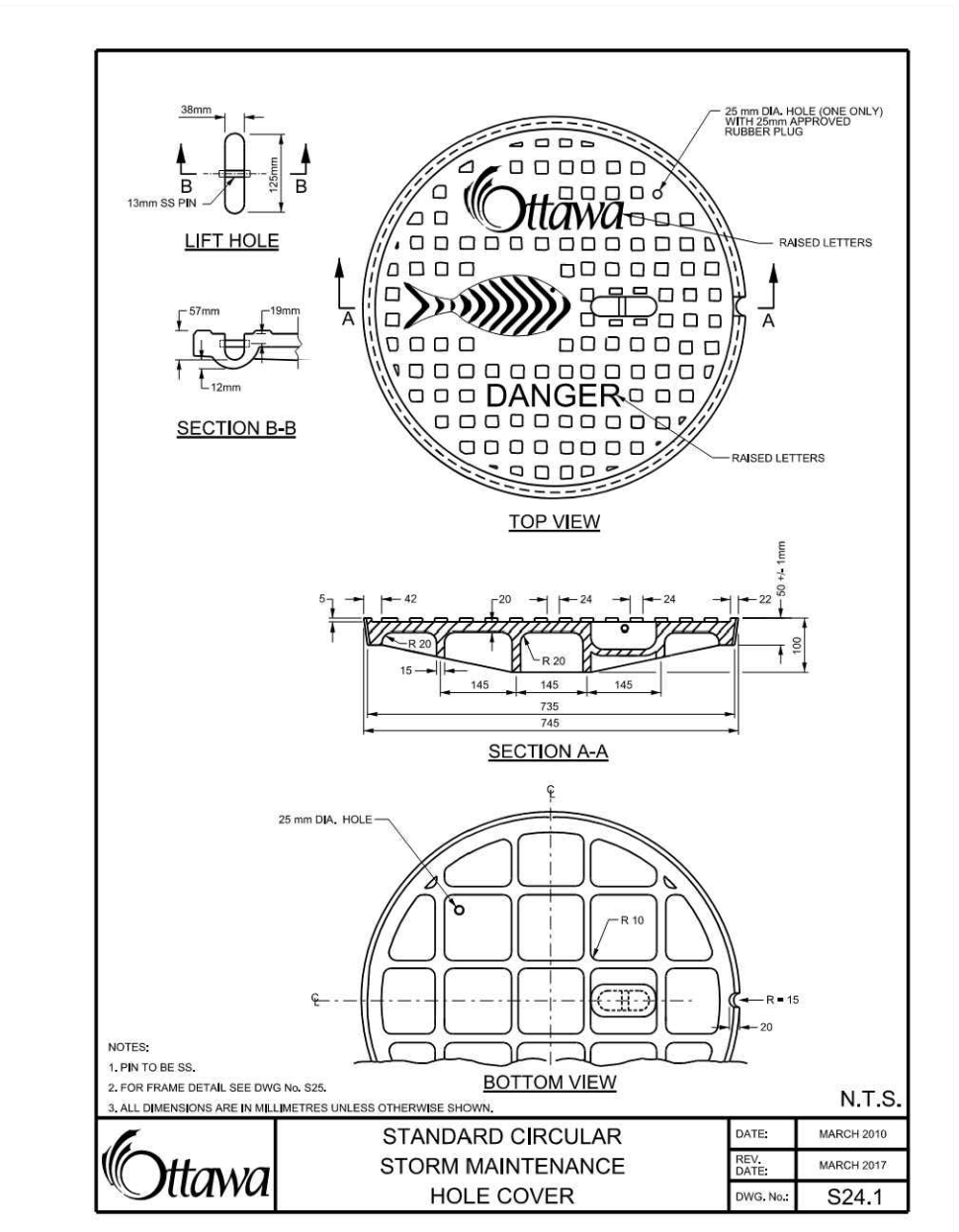
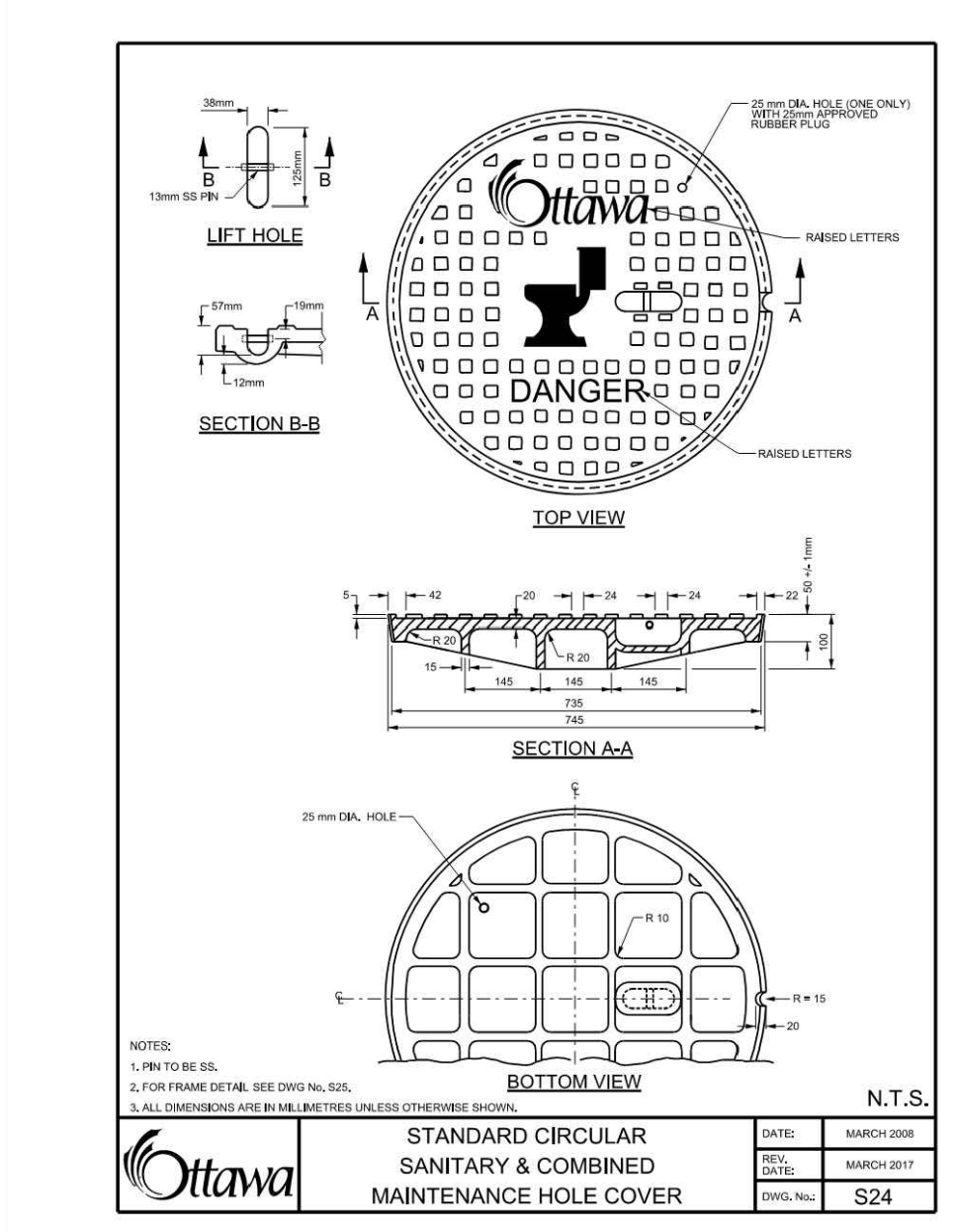
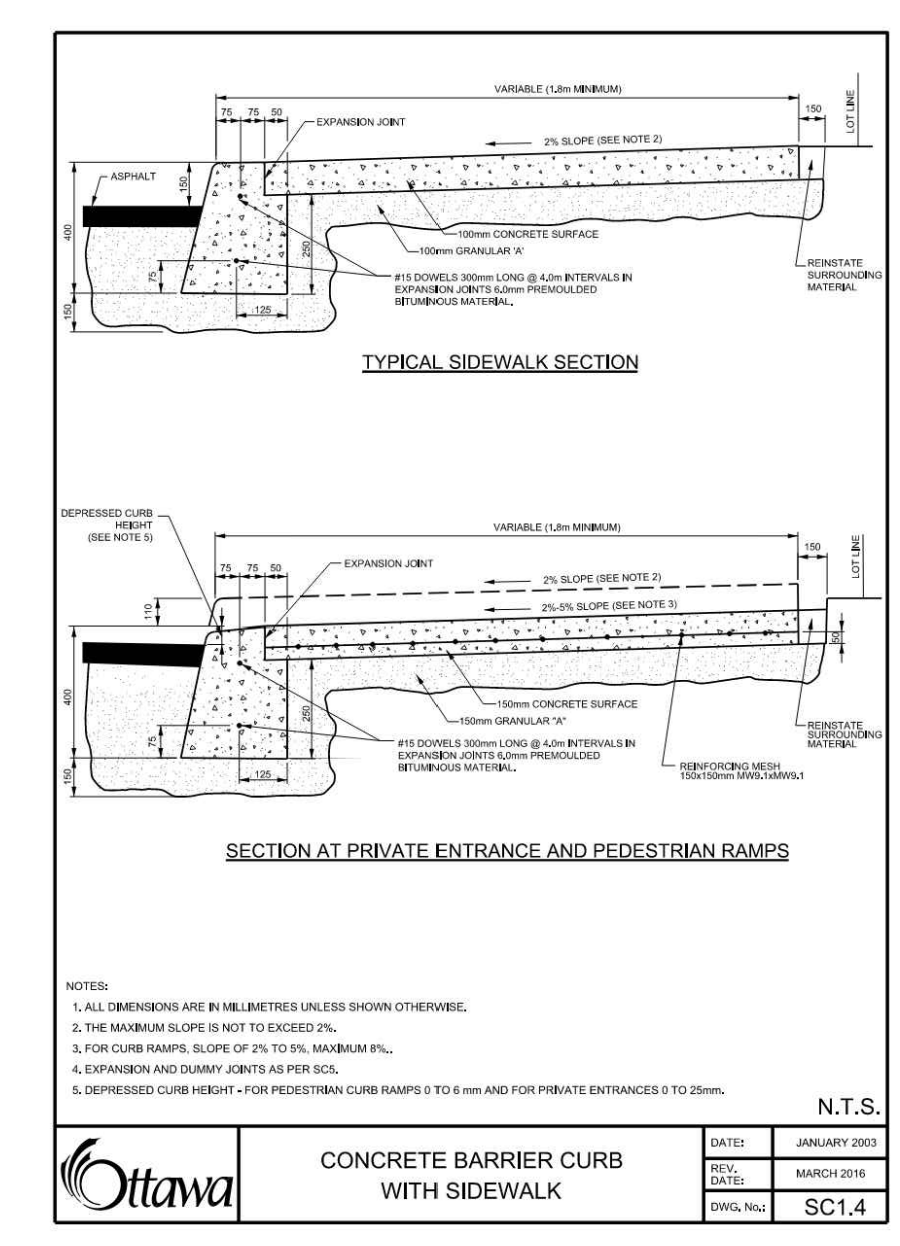
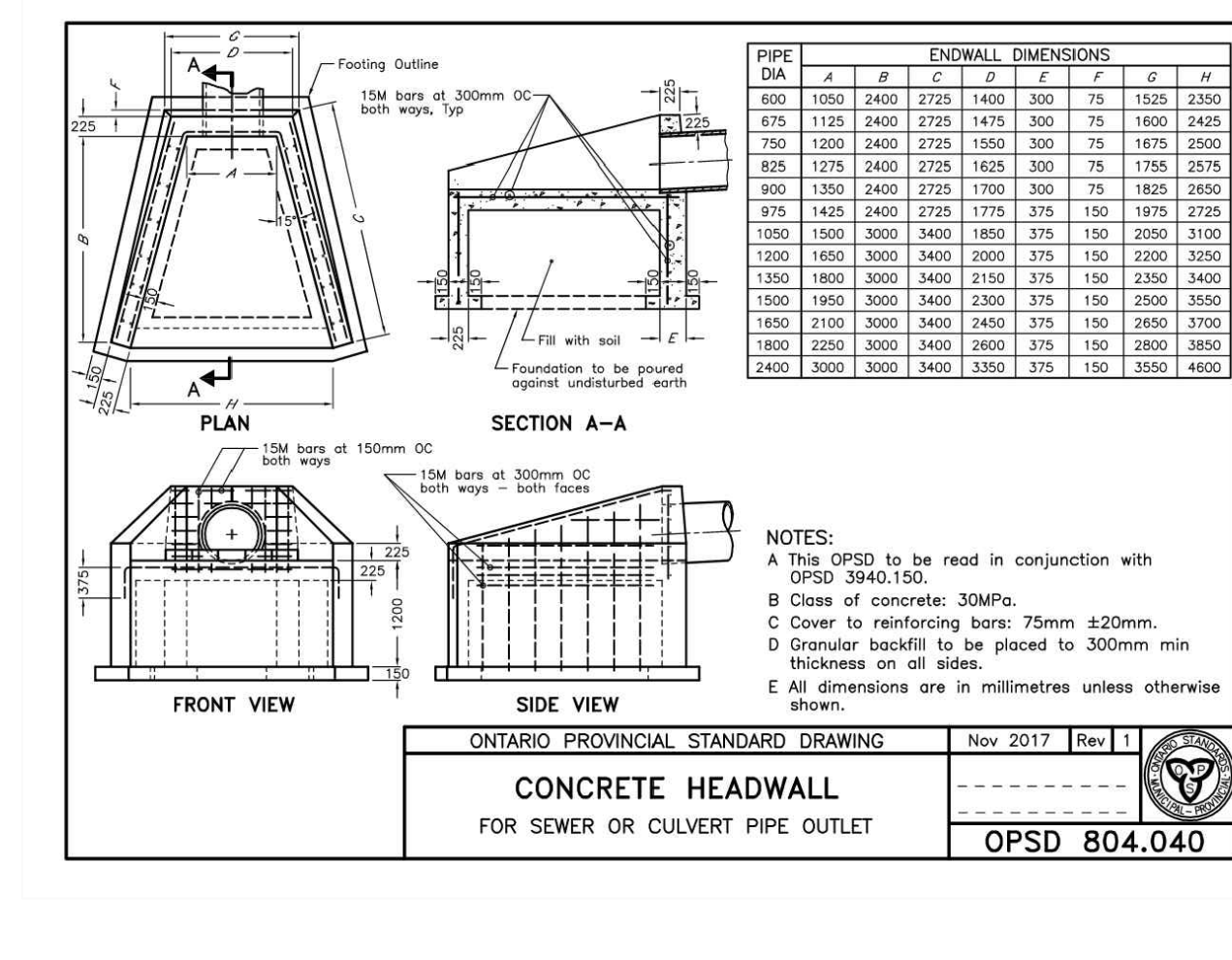
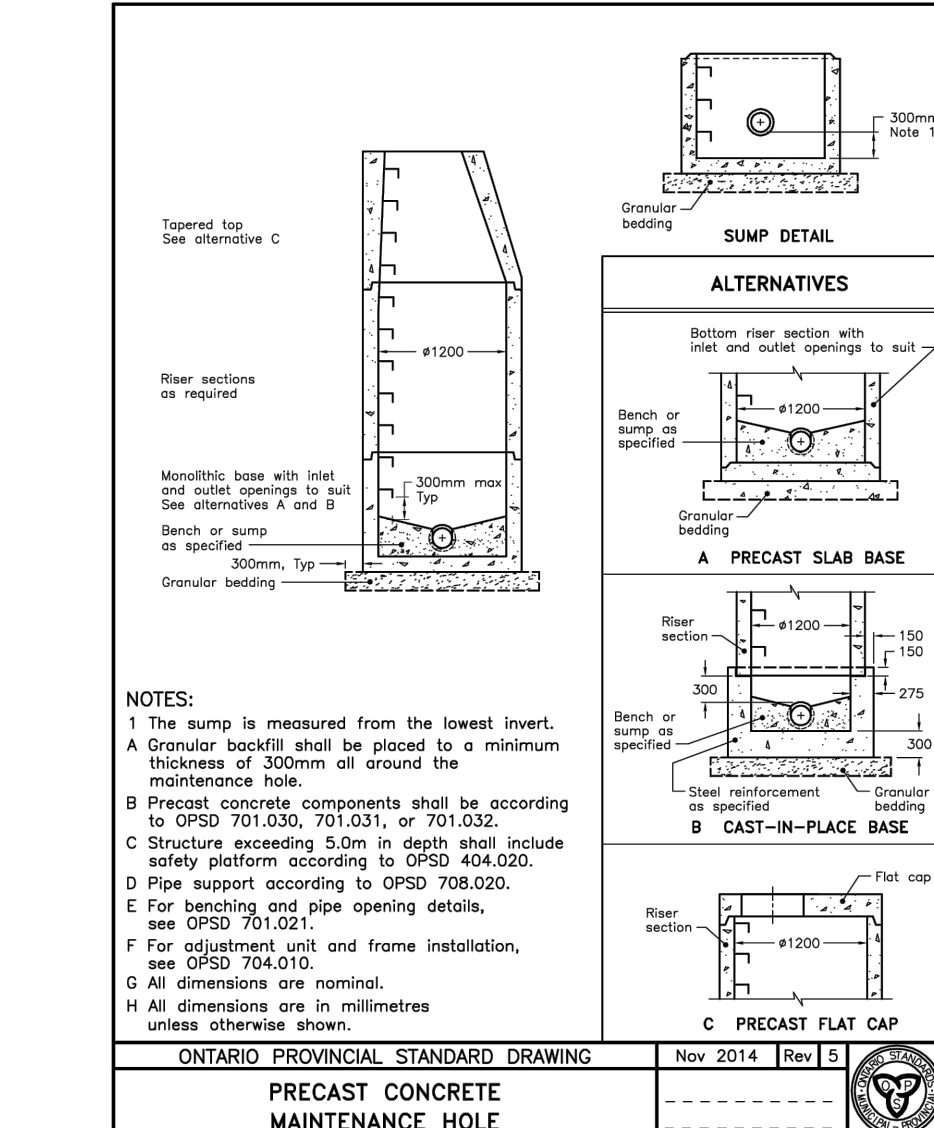
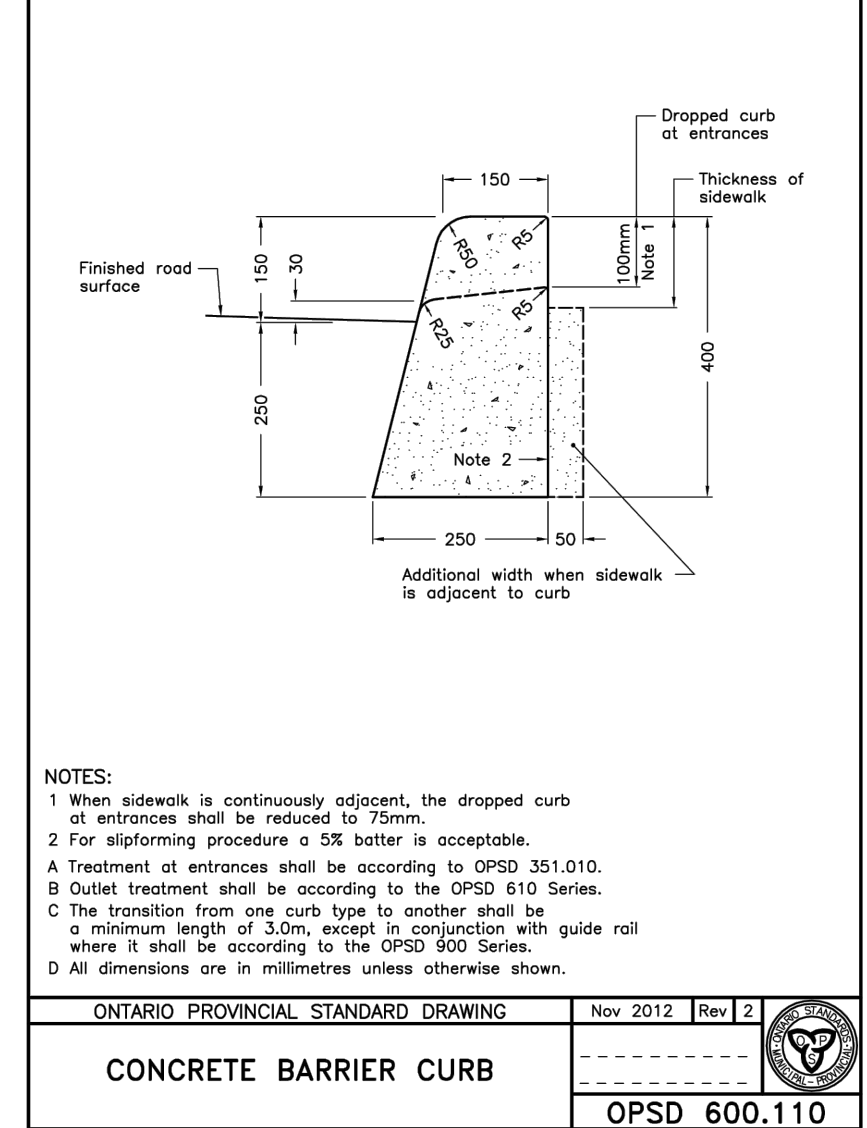
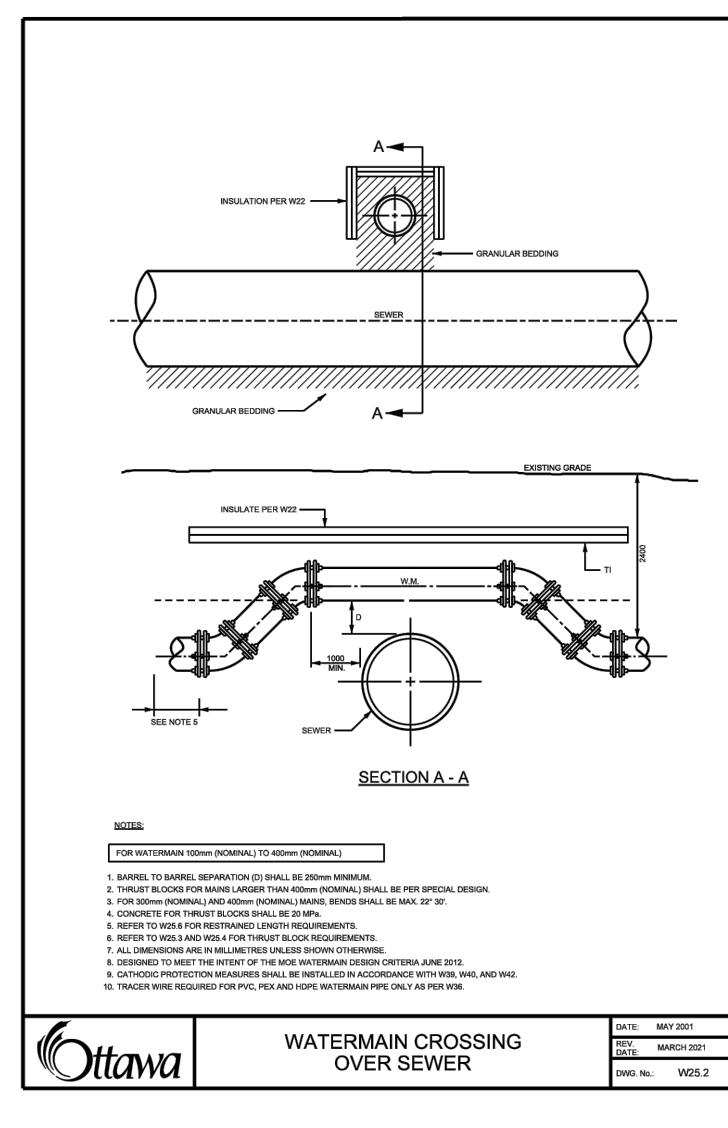
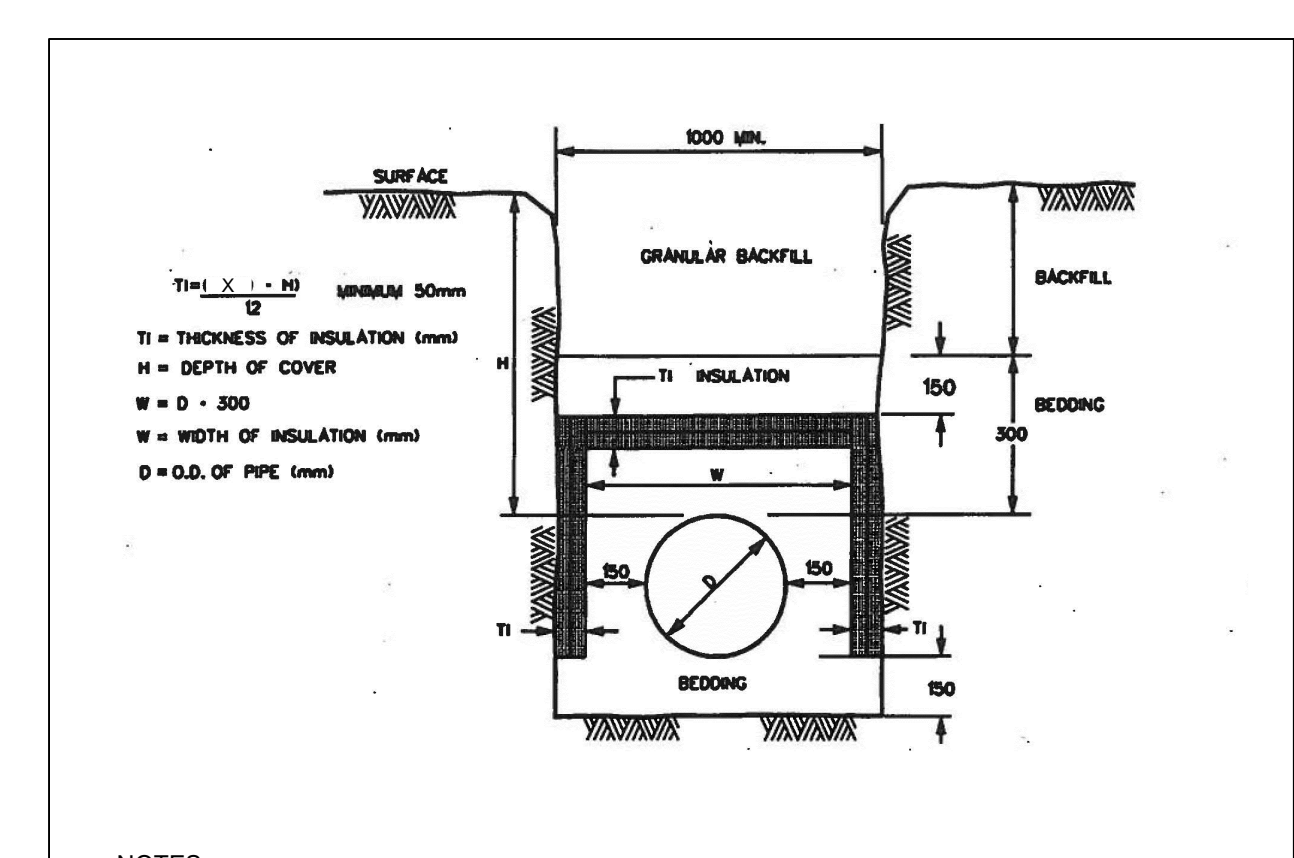
C702



INLET CONTROL DEVICE (ICD) DETAIL PLASTIC "PLUG" STYLE



NOT TO SCALE



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 801-250 City Centre, Ottawa, ON, K1R 6K7
 C 613-759-9222

DESIGNED BY: T.H. DRAWN BY: T.H. APPROVED BY: V.J.

PROJECT
 NATIONAL CAPITAL BUSINESS PARK
 SITE 2 - BUILDING D
 1100 LAST MILE DRIVE
 OTTAWA, ON

DRAWING TITLE
CONSTRUCTION DETAIL PLAN

PROJECT NO.
 220345

DATE
 FEBRUARY, 2023

C901

APPENDIX Q
Proposed Site Plan



WARE MALCOMB
 ARCHITECTURE CIVIL ENGINEERING
 PLANNING BRANDING
 INTERIORS BUILDING MEASUREMENT

1420 Blair Towers Place, Suite #104
 Gloucester, Ontario, Canada K1J 9L8
 P 343.833.2977

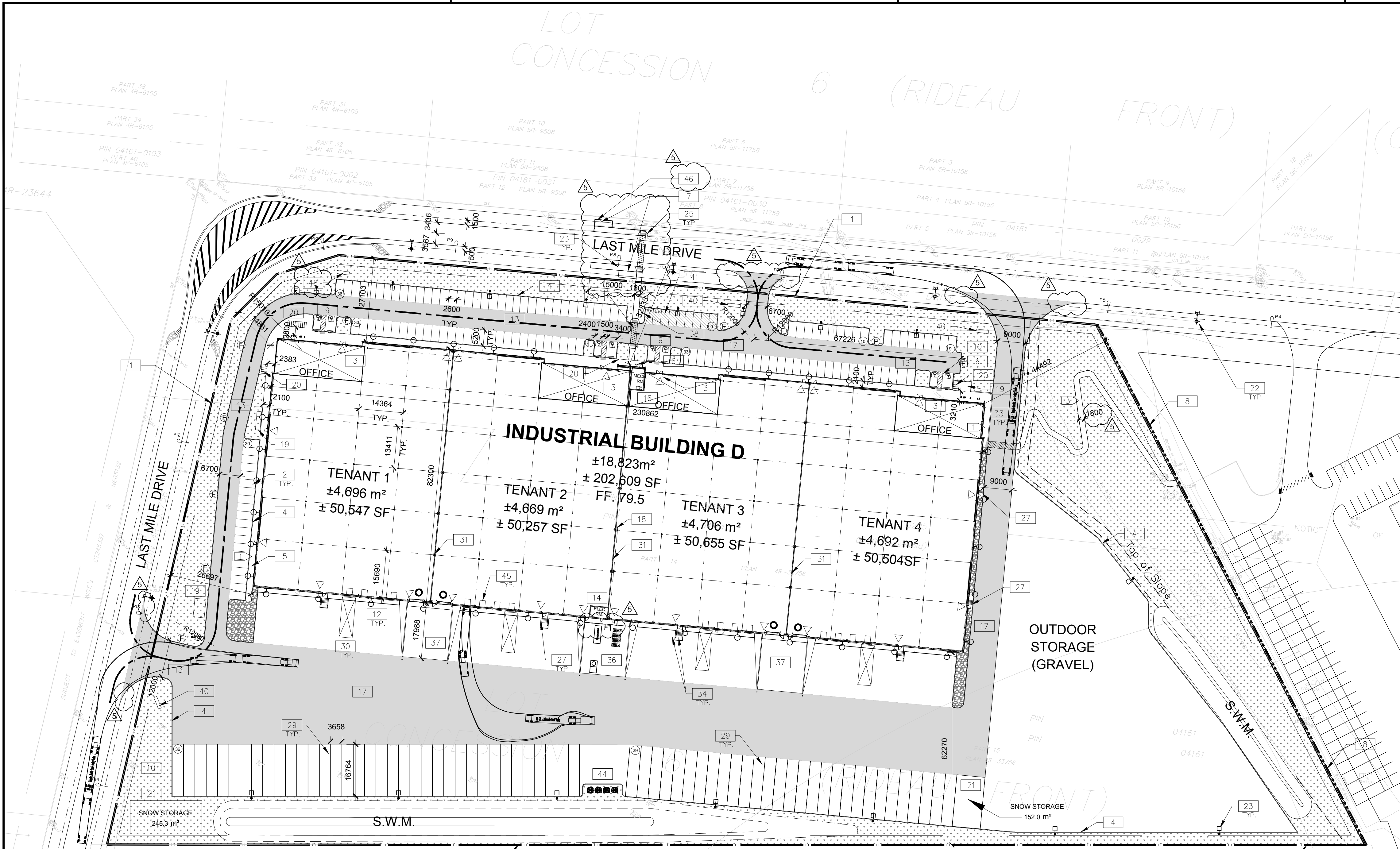


**NATIONAL CAPITAL
 BUSINESS PARK - SITE 2
 BUILDING D**

1100 LAST MILE DR.
 OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA K1G 3N2

CITY APPLICATION NUMBER D07-12-22-0125 PLAN #18839

| TOR21-0007-00 NATIONAL CAPITAL - BUILDING D | | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------|
| SITE STATISTICS | | |
| ZONING | IH | |
| GROSS SITE AREA | 61,147.00m ² | |
| Zone Permitted Use (OTTAWA ZONING BY-LAW NO. 2008-250) | | |
| Proposed Use | Warehouse | |
| Regulations (Part 11: Industrial Zones) | | |
| | Proposed | Required |
| Min. Front Yard Building Setback (m) | 27.1 m | 7.5 m |
| Min. Corner Side Yard Building Set back (m) | 14.8 m | 7.5 m |
| Min. Interior Side Yard Building Set back (m) | 44.4 m | 7.5 m |
| Min. Rear Yard Building Setback (m) | 62.3 m | 7.5 m |
| Min. Landscape Front Yard Setback (m) | > 3 m | 3 m |
| Min. Landscape Side Yard Setback (m) (Abuts an E Zone) | > 3 m | 3 m |
| Min. Landscape Rear Yard Setback (m) (Abuts an E Zone) | > 3 m | 3 m |
| Min. Corner Side Yard Setback | > 3 m | 3 m |
| Max. Floor Space Index | 0.30 | 2 |
| Max. Building Height | 11.4 m | 22 m |
| BUILDING FLOOR AREA | | |
| Building D | | |
| Warehouse Area | 17,543.00m ² | |
| Office Area | 1,280.00m ² | |
| TOTAL BUILDING GFA | 18,823.00m² | |
| PARKING REQUIREMENT | | |
| | PROPOSED | REQUIRED |
| Warehouse GFA @ 0.8 Spaces per 100m ² ; first 5000m ² | 150 | 96 |
| Warehouse GFA @ 0.4 Spaces per 100m ² ; above 5000m ² | 150 | 96 |
| Total No. of Parking Spaces | 150 | 96 |
| Barrier Free Parking Spaces | 8 | 6 |
| Parking Stall Dimensions | 2.6 m X 5.2 m | |
| Barrier Free Parking Stall Type A | 3.4m X 5.2m | |
| Barrier Free Parking Stall Type B | 2.4m X 5.2m | |
| Bicycle Parking Space Dimensions | 1.8m X 0.6m | |
| No. Of Bicycle Parking (Warehouse: 1 per 2000m ² , Office 1 per 250m ²) | 14 | 14 |
| Loading Space Dimensions | 3.5m X 9.0m | |
| Oversized Loading Space Dimensions | 4.3m X 13.0m | |
| No. Of Loading Spaces | 16 | 2 |
| No. Of Oversized Loading Spaces | 4 | 2 |
| Trailer Parking | 65 | |
| DOCK STATISTICS | | |
| DOCK-HIGH DOORS | Proposed | |
| OVER-HEAD DOORS | 16 | 4 |



NOTES

ALL PROJECT GLAZING TO INCLUDE WHITE CERAMIC FRITTING IN A 5mm DOT PATTERN, SPACED 50mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS IN COMPLIANCE WITH BIRD SAFE DESIGN GUIDELINES.

GARAGE ROOM LOCATION SUBJECT TO INTERIOR FIT UP PERMIT APPLICATION.

EXCESS SNOW TO BE REMOVED FROM SITE.

LIGHT-COLOURED ROOF MEMBRANE TO BE USED.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:
 PLAN OF SURVEY OF
 PART OF LOT 5
 CONCESSION 6 (Rideau Front)
 (GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF Gloucester)
 TOWN OF OTTAWA

SITE SURVEY INFORMATION:
 INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN WAS
 TAKEN FROM THE SURVEY PLAN
 PREPARED BY ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN,
 VOLLEBEKK Itd DATED 2022-06-08

SITE PLAN
 SCALE: 1:1000
 CONSTRUCTION NORTH TRUE NORTH

SITE PLAN NOTES

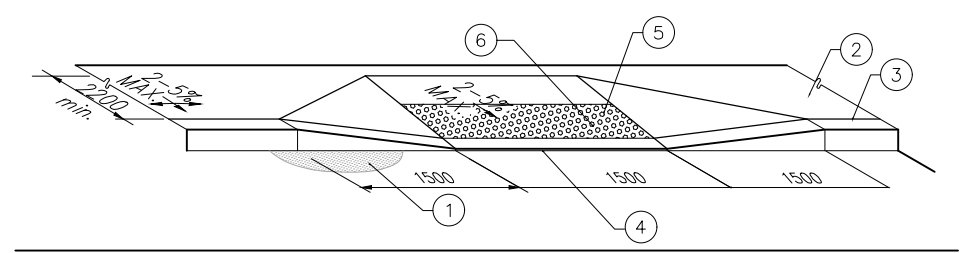
- PROPERTY LINE
- 2600x5200mm PARKING STALL, PAINTED PARKING STRIPING PER CITY OF OTTAWA ZONING BY-LAW NO. 2008-250
- PRINCIPLE ENTRY - TENANT FIT-UP SUBJECT TO INTERIOR ALTERATION PERMIT
- 150mm WIDE CURB TYPICAL
- SIDEWALK - SEE LANDSCAPE DWGS FOR CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
- FIRE DEPARTMENT/SIAMESE CONNECTION
- PROPOSED BUS STOP LOCATION
- PROJECT LIMIT LINE
- TYPICAL ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALLS, PAINTED PARKING STRIPING PER BY-LAW OTTAWA ZONING BY-LAW NO. 2008-250. EACH PAIR OF SHARED STALLS TO HAVE TYPE A: 3.4m X 5.2m AND TYPE B: 2.4m X 5.2m WITH 1.5m WIDE PAINTED BARRIER FREE AISLE AND SIGNAGE REFER TO ONTARIO INTEGRATED ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS.
- LANDSCAPE AREA - SEE LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS
- GUARDRAIL SET INTO RETAINING WALL. REFER TO CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR EXTENT AND DETAILS.
- 12.0mX3.5m TRUCK LOADING SPACE (TYP.)
- FIRE ACCESS ROUTE W/ 12.0m TURNING RADIUS (---)

- PROPOSED LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL RM
- GALVANIZED STEEL GUARDRAIL WITH HANDRAIL.
- PROPOSED LOCATION OF MECHANICAL RM
- SHADED AREA DENOTES HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT, TYPICAL FOR ALL AREAS REQUIRING FIRE OR TRACTOR TRUCK ACCESS.
- BUILDING EXPANSION JOINT
- EMPLOYEE AMENITY SPACE
- GALV. BICYCLE RACKS - SEE LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS
- SNOW STORAGE AREA
- EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT
- PROPOSED LIGHT POLE. REFER TO ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS
- FIRE ROUTE SIGNAGE PER CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS. REFER TO FIRE ROUTE BY-LAW NO. 2003-499 FOR SIGN REQUIREMENTS. SIGNS TO BE SPACED NO MORE THAN 25m APART
- TACTILE WALKING SURFACE INDICATOR STRIP
- CONCRETE PENINSULA - REFER TO CIVIL DRAWINGS
- EXTERIOR GALV. STEEL STAIRS W/ TUBE STEEL GUARDRAIL, ON CONC. PAD, TYP.
- EMPLOYMENT AMENITY SPACE - REFER TO LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS
- TRUCK TRAILER PARKING
- 13mX4.3m OVERSIZED TRUCK LOADING SPACE

- FUTURE TENANT DEMISING WALL. SUBJECT TO TENANT FIT UP
- CONCRETE APRON
- PAINTED LINES PEDESTRIAN CROSSING
- STEEL BOLLARD
- PROPOSED RETAINING WALL - REFER TO CIVIL DRAWINGS
- UTILITY PENINSULA INCLUDING PADMOUNT TRANSFORMER, GENERATOR, AND GAS STATIONS
- ASPHALT RAMP BOUNDED BY RETAINING WALLS WITH GUARDRAILS WHERE GRADE CHANGE IS MORE THAN 600mm - REFER TO CIVIL DWGS
- DIMENSION FROM FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION TO HYDRANT.
- RESERVED
- DIRECTIONAL SIGNAGE, 1829mm HIGH.
- EV PARKING STALLS (2 PROPOSED; 7 FUTURE)
- RESERVED
- ASPHALT PAD
- IN GROUND EARTH-BIN GARBAGE RECEPTACLES WITH VEGETATION SCREENING
- TRUCK LOADING DOCK (TYP.)
- PIPE FENCING WHERE ADJACENT SLOPE IS GREATER THAN 1:2
- STANDARD BARRIER CURB WITH CONC PAD UNDER STAIRS.
- POWERED PYLON SIGNAGE, 4267mm HIGH.

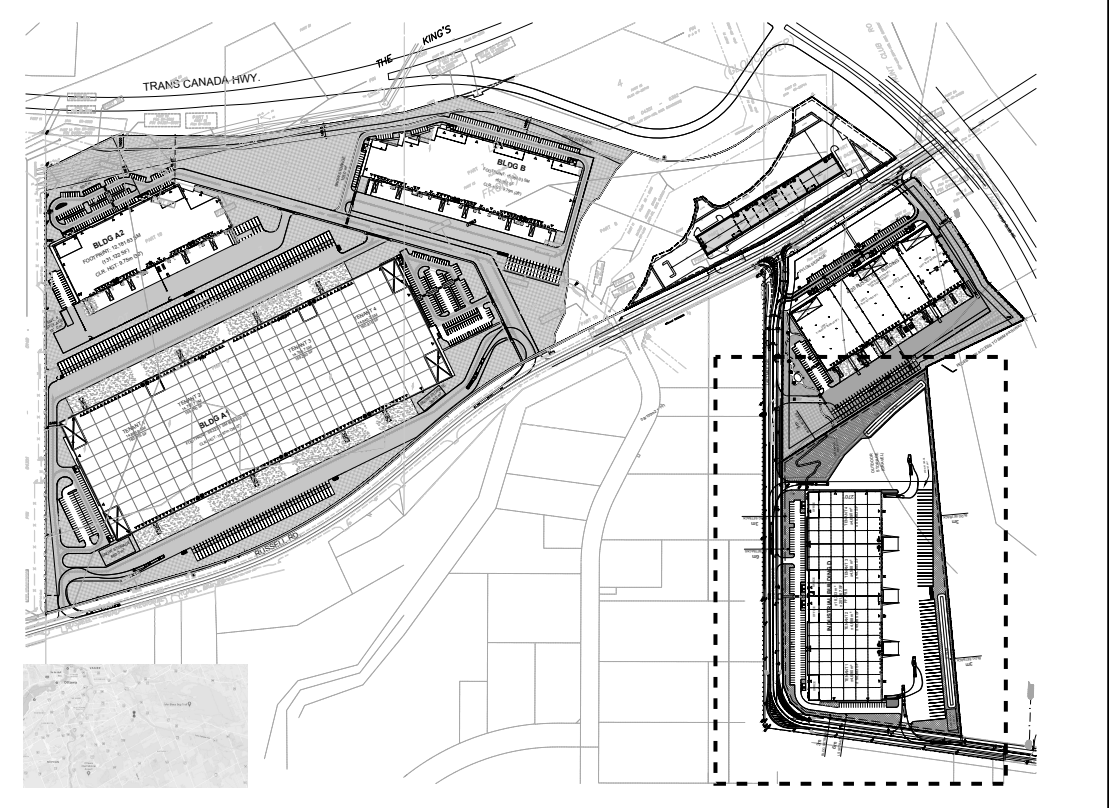
SITE LEGEND

- NEW HEAVY DUTY PAVEMENT (HATCHED)
- NEW LANDSCAPED AREA (HATCHED)
- NEW RIVER STONE AREA (HATCHED)
- PAINTED DIAGONAL LINES WHERE INDICATED
- FUTURE EV PARKING STALLS
- PROPERTY LINE
- SITE BOUNDARY LINE
- GAS METER LOCATION.
- FIRE DEPT CONNECTION (VERIFY LOCATION WITH CIVIL DRAWINGS)
- EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT (VERIFY LOCATION WITH CIVIL DRAWINGS)
- PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
- LIGHT POLE
- WALL MOUNTED LIGHT
- MH DENOTES MANHOLE
- PROPOSED CATCHBASIN
- TACTILE INDICATORS AT DEPRESSED CURB
- BICYCLE RACK (1800 x 600 PER BIKE)
- MAN DOOR
- DOCK HIGH TRUCK DOOR
- GRADE LEVEL TRUCK DOOR
- FIRE ROUTE SIGNS
- PYLON SIGNAGE
- CONCRETE SIDEWALK
- ASPHALT PATHWAY
- STONE DUST PATHWAY



- PAVEMENT
- ACCESSIBLE ROUTE OF PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL 2200mm MIN. (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON PLANS)
- TOP FACE OF CURB
- DEPRESSED CURB
- TRUNCATED DOMES WITH A HEIGHT OF 4.5-5.5mm, BASE DIAMETER OF 21-25mm. REGULAR SPACING PATTERN AT 55-65mm ON CENTRE
- A MINIMUM 600mm WIDE SECTION DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE SHALL BE PROVIDED WHEN FLAT TRAVEL SURFACE ADJONS A VEHICULAR WAY (0mm CURB FACE)

ACCESSIBLE CURB RAMP
 SCALE: N.T.S.



KEY PLAN
 SCALE: N.T.S.

| SITE PLAN | | REMARKS |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|
| DATE | 2023-12-23 | ISSUED FOR SPA |
| | 2023-02-17 | REVISED FOR SPA |

PAVPM: H. WERNER/J. HOLLAND
 DRAWN BY: [Blank]
 JOB NO.: TOR21-0035-02

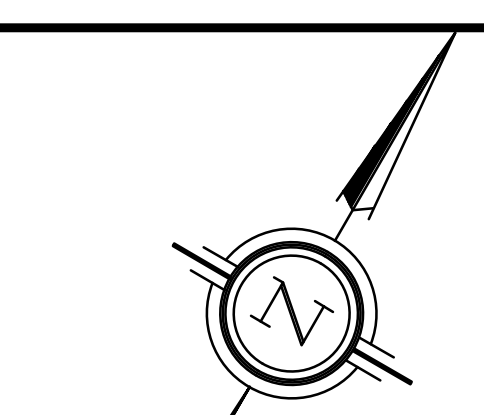
SHEET
A100

APPENDIX R

Legal Survey



LOT CONCESSION 6 (RIDEAU FRONT) (GLOUCESTER)



SKETCH SHOWING TOPOGRAPHICAL FEATURES ON No. 4055 and 4120 Russell Road CITY OF OTTAWA Prepared by Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebek Ltd. June 13, 2022

Scale 1:500
 DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048

NOTES:
 Boundary compiled from existing survey records.
 Topographical features illustrated within areas A and B were located on June 8, 2022.
 All other topographical features were located previously on March 11, 2022 and on October 20, 2020.

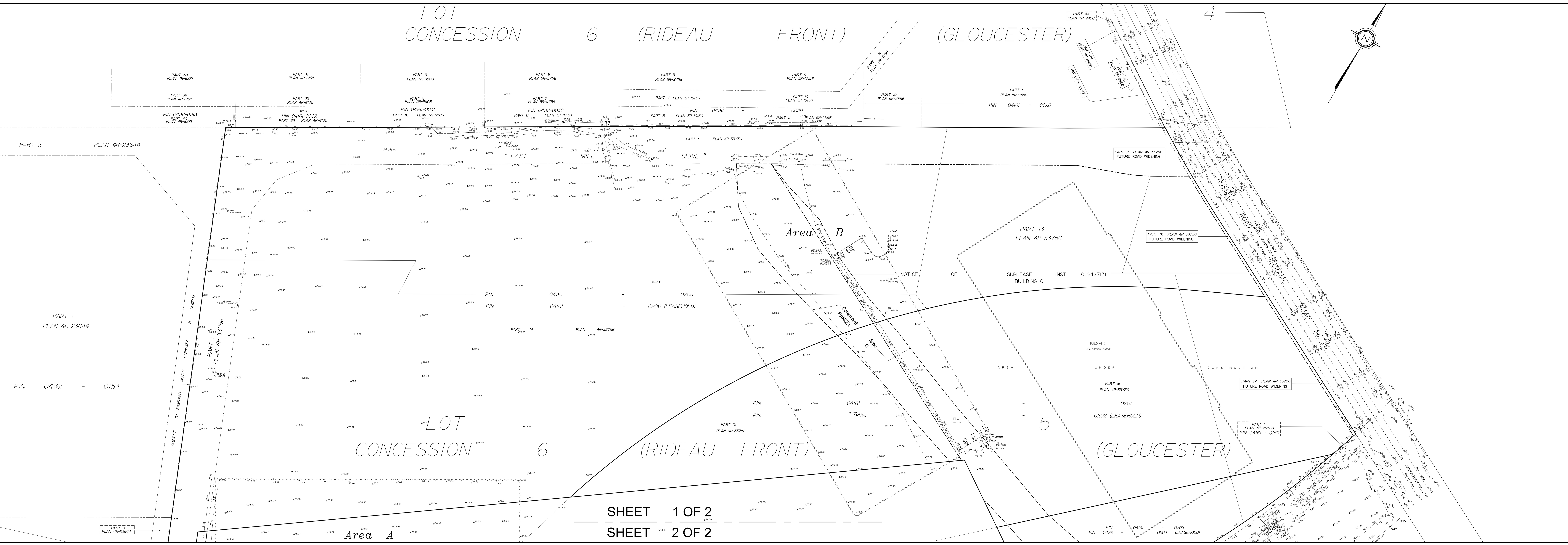
Notes & Legend

| | |
|---------|---|
| Denotes | |
| ○ M+H | Maintenance Hole (Storm Sewer) |
| ○ M+H | Maintenance Hole (Sanitary) |
| ○ M+H | Maintenance Hole (Bell) |
| ○ M+H | Maintenance Hole (Traffic) |
| ○ M+H | Maintenance Hole (Unidentified) |
| — SW — | Overhead Wires |
| ○ UP | Utility Pole |
| + AN | Anchor |
| ○ LS | Light Standard |
| □ CB | Catch Basin |
| □ CB | Catch Basin Inset |
| CSP | Corrugated Steel Pipe |
| CPP | Corrugated Plastic Pipe |
| ○ FV | Fire Hydrant |
| ○ WV | Water Valve |
| Inv. | Invert |
| T/G | Top of Gate |
| T/P | Top of Pipe |
| ○ B | Boleard |
| ○ S | Sign |
| CLF | Chain Link Fence |
| PSWF | Post and Wire Fence |
| ○ P+P | Wood Pole |
| ○ D | Diameter |
| ○ E | Location of Elevations |
| ○ C | Top of Curb Elevations |
| ○ S | Top of Slope |
| TOS | Top of Slope |
| BOS | Bottom of Slope |
| C/L | Centreline |
| --- | Property Line |
| --- | Limit of Notice of Sublease Inst. OC2427131 |
| --- | Limit of Constraint Area |
| □ HW | Handhole |
| ○ TB | Bell Terminal Box |
| ○ TB | Traffic Terminal Box |
| CSW | Concrete Retaining Wall |
| SPW | Stone Retaining Wall |
| ○ TP | Traffic Signal Post |
| ○ MW | Monitoring Well |

ELEVATION NOTES
 1. Elevations shown are geoidic and are referred to the GVD0228 geoidic datum and are referred to Control Monument 0011960204456 having an elevation of 73.746 metres and Control Monument 0081967904 having an elevation of 69.213 metres.
 2. It is the responsibility of the user of this information to verify that the job benchmark has not been altered or disturbed and that its relative elevation and description agrees with the information shown on this drawing.

UTILITY NOTES
 1. This drawing cannot be accepted as acknowledging all of the utilities and it will be the responsibility of the user to contact the respective utility authorities for confirmation.
 2. Only visible surface utilities were located.
 3. A field location of underground plant by the pertinent utility authority is mandatory before any work involving breaking ground, probing, excavating etc.

SHEET 1 OF 2



SHEET 1 OF 2
 SHEET 2 OF 2

SKETCH SHOWING TOPOGRAPHICAL FEATURES ON No. 4055 and 4120 Russell Road CITY OF OTTAWA Prepared by Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebek Ltd. June 13, 2022

Scale 1 : 500 Metric DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048

NOTES: Boundary compiled from existing survey records. Topographical features illustrated within areas A and B were located on June 8, 2022. All other topographical features were located previously on March 11, 2022 and on October 20, 2020.

Notes & Legend table with symbols for various features like Maintenance Holes, Overhead Wires, Utility Poles, etc.

ELEVATION NOTES 1. Elevations shown are geoidic and are referred to the CGVD08 geoidic datum and are referred to Control Monument 00116623456 having an elevation of 73.746 metres and Control Monument 0001807894 having an elevation of 62.215 metres. 2. It is the responsibility of the user of this information to verify that the job benchmark has not been altered or disturbed and that its relative elevation and description agree with the information shown on this drawing.

UTILITY NOTES 1. This drawing cannot be accepted as acknowledging all of the utilities and it will be the responsibility of the user to contact the respective utility authorities for confirmation. 2. Only visible surface utilities were located. 3. A field location of underground plant by the pertinent utility authority is mandatory before any work involving breaking ground, probing, excavating, etc.

