

Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario

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Executive Summary

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by McCormick Park Developments Incorporated to complete a Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the property located at 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario hereinafter referred to as the 'Phase Two property'. The objective of the Phase Two ESA investigation was to assess the quality of the soil conditions within the area of potential environmental concern (APEC) identified in a Phase One ESA prepared by EXP.

EXP understands that the most recent use of the Phase Two property is residential, and that the proposed future use is also residential. Therefore, as per the amendments to Ontario Regulation 153/04 that came into effect on December 4, 2019, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is not required.

The Phase Two property has the municipal address of 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue and is located within a residential neighbourhood on the west side of Carruthers Avenue, approximately 40 m north of Armstrong Street. The Phase Two property is L-shape and has an area of 0.04 hectares.

The Phase Two property has the property identification numbers (PIN) 04094-0152 and PIN 04094-0339. The legal description of the Phase Two property is Part Lot 6 and 7 Plan 83 on CR574373 and Part 1 on Plan 4R33847; City of Ottawa.

Based on a review of historical aerial photographs, historical maps, and other records, it appears that the Phase Two property was first developed for residential use between 1902 and 1912. The existing residence at 266 Carruthers Avenue appears to have been present on the Phase Two property since it was first developed. The property at 268 Carruthers Avenue was vacant, as the former building was demolished in May 2022.

Topographically, the Phase Two property is relatively flat. The surrounding area has a slight slope down towards the north. Regional groundwater flow direction is inferred to be in a northerly direction towards the Ottawa River, approximately 1 km to the north. Based on previous investigations in the area, the groundwater flow direction on the Phase Two property is to the northwest. There are no areas of natural or scientific interest (ANSI) within the Phase One study area.

EXP prepared a report entitled *Phase One Environmental Site Assessment,* 266 Carruthers Avenue, *Ottawa, Ontario* dated June 7, 2022. Based on the results of the Phase One ESA, EXP identified one APEC.

Area of Potential Environmental Concern (APEC)	Location of APEC on Phase One Property	Potentially Contaminating Activity (PCA)	Location of PCA (On-Site or Off-Site)	Contaminants of Potential Concern	Media Potentially Impacted (Groundwater, Soil and/or Sediment)
APEC #1	Entire Phase Two property	PCA#30 – Imported Fill Material of Unknown Quality	On-Site	petroleum hydrocarbons (PHC), volatile organic compounds (VOC), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), metals	Soil

Table EX.1: Areas of Potential Environmental Concern

The scope of work for the Phase Two ESA was as follows:

- Drilling six boreholes on the subject property;
- Submitting soil samples for laboratory analysis PHC, VOC, PAH and metals;
- Comparing the results of the soil chemical analyses to applicable criteria, as set out by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP);



- Conducting an elevation survey of three boreholes; and,
- Preparing a report summarizing the results of the assessment activities.

Based on the Phase Two ESA results, the following summary is provided:

- The Phase Two ESA consisted of advancing a total of six (6) boreholes to investigate the quality of fill on the property which was identified in this Phase One and Two ESA. Two monitoring wells were installed on the Phase Two property. A worst-case sample of the fill material from four of the boreholes was submitted for laboratory analysis of PHCs, VOC, PAH, and/or metals. A groundwater sample was collected from MW-6 and submitted for laboratory analysis of PHC and VOC.
- A 75 mm to 350 mm layer of granular fill was observed at the ground surface of several boreholes. Soil at the Phase Two property prior to remediation generally consisted of sand and gravel fill material. The fill layer ranged in thickness from 0.4 to 1.6 m and was encountered in all boreholes. Limestone bedrock was present underlying the fill material. No native soil was present at the Phase Two property.
- Groundwater was encountered at depths ranging from 1.70 m in BH-1 to 3.10 m in BH-3 in August 2022. The
 groundwater flow direction could not be calculated since there were only two water levels available on the Phase
 Two property in August 2022.
- Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC, VOC, PH, and metals, from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel and one soil sample was submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC and BTEX from the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel. The concentrations of PHC and BTEX measured in the analysed soil samples were less than MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix B, with the exception of PHC F3 and F4 in the soil sample collected from BH-2 SS2 at a depth of 0.15 to 0.75 m and cadmium, lead, mercury and zinc in all three soil samples. Based on these results, the fill on the property is considered to be impacted.
- The concentrations of VOC and PHC in the analyzed groundwater sample were less than the 2011 MECP Table 7 SCS.

The Qualified Person can confirm that the Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment was conducted per the requirements of Ontario Regulation 153/04, as amended, and in accordance with generally accepted professional practices.

This executive summary is a brief synopsis of the report and should not be read in lieu of reading the report in its entirety.



1.0 Introduction

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by McCormick Park Developments Incorporated to complete a Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the property located at 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario hereinafter referred to as the 'Phase Two property'. The objective of the Phase Two ESA investigation was to assess the quality of the soil conditions within the areas of potential environmental concern (APEC) identified in a Phase One ESA prepared by EXP.

The most recent use of the property is residential, and the proposed future use is also residential. Therefore, as per Ontario Regulation 153/04, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is not required.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Phase Two ESA standard as defined by Ontario Regulation 153/04 (as amended), and in accordance with generally accepted professional practices. Subject to this standard of care, EXP makes no express or implied warranties regarding its services and no third-party beneficiaries are intended. Limitation of liability, scope of report and third-party reliance are outlined in Section 7 of this report.

Matthew Zammit, P. Eng. conducted the field assessment work and Mark McCalla, P. Geo, was the report author for this project and is a Qualified Person, as defined by Ontario Regulation 153/04. Leah Wells, P.Eng. reviewed the report.

1.1 Site Description

The Phase Two property has the municipal address of 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue. The Phase Two property is located within a residential neighbourhood on the west side of Carruthers Avenue, approximately 40 m north of Armstrong Street. The Phase Two property is L-shaped and has an area of 0.04 hectares. A Site Location Plan is provided as Figure 1 in Appendix B.

The Phase Two property has the property identification numbers (PIN) 04094-0152 and PIN 04094-0339. The legal description of the Phase Two property is Part Lot 6 and 7 Plan 83 on CR574373 and Part 1 on Plan 4R33847; City of Ottawa.

Topographically, the Phase Two property is relatively flat. The surrounding area has a slight slope down towards the north. Regional groundwater flow direction is inferred to be in a northerly direction towards the Ottawa River, found approximately 1 km to the north.

The approximate Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates for the Phase Two property centroid is NAD83, Zone 18T, 443058 m E, 5028006 m N. The UTM coordinates were based on an estimate derived using Google Earth[™]. The accuracy of the centroid is estimated to range from 5 to 50 m.

1.2 Property Ownership

The Site is owned by McCormick Park Developments Incorporated. Authorization to proceed with this investigation was provided by Mr. Joey Theberge on behalf of McCormick Park Developments Inc. Contact information for Mr. Theberge is P.O. Box 74155, Ottawa, ON, Ontario, KOA 1LO.

1.3 Current and Proposed Future Use

The Phase Two property is currently occupied by a two-storey residence with a full basement. A paved driveway and detached single-car garage are present on the property. The south part of the Phase Two property is vacant. The proposed future land use is residential.

1.4 Applicable Site Condition Standards

Analytical results obtained for soil and groundwater samples were compared to Site Condition Standards (SCS) established under subsection 169.4(1) of the Environmental Protection Act, and presented in the document entitled *Soil, Ground Water*



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and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act, 2011. This document provides tabulated background SCS (Table 1) applicable to environmentally sensitive sites and effects-based generic SCS (Tables 2 to 9) applicable to non-environmentally sensitive sites. The effects-based SCS (Tables 2 to 9) are protective of human health and the environment for different groundwater conditions (potable and non-potable), land use scenarios (residential, parkland, institutional, commercial, industrial, community and agricultural/other), soil texture (coarse or medium/fine) and restoration depth (full or stratified).

Table 1 to 9 SCS are summarized as follows:

- Table 1 applicable to sites where background concentrations must be met (full depth), such as sensitive sites where site-specific criteria have not been derived
- Table 2 applicable to sites with potable groundwater and full depth restoration
- Table 3 applicable to sites with non-potable groundwater and full depth restoration
- Table 4 applicable to sites with potable groundwater and stratified restoration
- Table 5 applicable to sites with non-potable groundwater and stratified restoration
- Table 6 applicable to sites with potable groundwater and shallow soils (bedrock encountered at depths of 2 metres or less across one-third or more of the site)
- Table 7 applicable to sites with non-potable groundwater and shallow soils (bedrock encountered at depths of 2 metres or less across one-third or more of the site)
- Table 8 applicable to sites with potable groundwater and that are within 30 m of a water body
- Table 9 applicable to sites with non-potable groundwater and that are within 30 m of a water body

Application of the generic or background SCS to a specific site is based on a consideration of site conditions related to soil pH, thickness and extent of overburden material, and proximity to an area of environmental sensitivity or of natural significance. For some chemical parameters, consideration is also given to soil textural classification with SCS having been derived for both coarse and medium-fine textured soil conditions.

For assessment purposes, EXP selected the 2011 Table 7 SCS in a potable groundwater condition for a residential property use. The selection of this category was based on the following factors:

- Bedrock is less than 2 metres below grade across the subject property;
- There are no surface water bodies within 30 metres of the subject property;
- The Phase Two property is not located within an area of natural significance, does not include nor is adjacent to an area of natural significance, and does not include land that is within 30 metres of an area of natural significance;
- Potable water for the Phase Two property is provided by the City of Ottawa through its water distribution system, and there are no potable water wells identified to be within 250 metres of the Phase Two property;
- The Phase Two property is not located in an area designated in a municipal official plan as a well-head protection area;
- The Phase Two property is planned for residential use; and
- It is the opinion of the Qualified Person who oversaw this work that the Phase Two property is not a sensitive site.



2.0 Background Information

2.1 Physical Setting

The Phase Two property has the municipal address of 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue and is located within a residential neighbourhood on the west side of Carruthers Avenue, approximately 40 m north of Armstrong Street. The Phase Two property is L-shaped and has an area of 0.04 hectares.

The Phase Two property has the property identification numbers (PIN) 04094-0152 and PIN 04094-0339. The legal description of the Phase Two property is Part Lot 6 and 7 Plan 83 on CR574373 and Part 1 on Plan 4R33847; City of Ottawa.

Based on a review of historical aerial photographs, historical maps, and other records, it appears that the Phase Two property was first developed for residential use between 1902 and 1912. The existing residence appears to have been present on the Phase Two property since it was first developed.

Topographically, the Phase Two property is relatively flat. The surrounding area has a slight slope down towards the north. Regional groundwater flow direction is inferred to be in a northerly direction towards the Ottawa River, approximately 1 km to the north. Based on previous investigations in the area, the groundwater flow direction on the Phase Two property is to the northwest. There are no areas of natural or scientific interest (ANSI) within the Phase Two study area.

In accordance with Section 41 of the Ontario Regulation 153/04 (as amended), the Phase Two property is not an environmentally sensitive area. In addition, the Phase Two property is not located within an area of natural significance and it does not include land that is within 30 metres of an area of natural significance.

The Phase Two property is a shallow soil property as defined in Section 43.1 of the regulation. It does not include all or part of a water body or is adjacent to a water body or include land that is within 30 metres of a water body.

Bedrock in the general area of the Phase Two property consists of limestone of the Ottawa Formation. Native surficial soil consists of sand and silt overlying shallow bedrock.

2.2 Past Investigations

EXP prepared a report entitled *Phase One Environmental Site Assessment, 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario* dated June 7, 2022. The following PCAs were identified in the Phase Two study area:

- PCA 1 179 Armstrong Street (30 m south) Commercial building had a UST on the north side of the building as per the 1956 FIP (PCA #28 – Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 2 1092 1096 Wellington Street (160 m southeast) Former gasoline service station with two fuel USTs (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- **PCA 3** 177 Armstrong Street (30 m south) Former furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- **PCA 4** 179 Armstrong Street (30 m south) Former furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 5 269 Carruthers Avenue (10 m south) Former furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- **PCA 6** 180 Armstrong Street (40 m south) Former automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- PCA 7 1 Grant Street (60 m south) Active automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);



- PCA 8 271 Carruthers Avenue (20 m southeast) Former automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- PCA 9 1119 Wellington Street (110 m southeast) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 10 1125 Wellington Street (120 m south) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 11 1097 Wellington Street (130 m southeast) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 12 1104 Wellington (130 m south) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 13 1141/1149 Wellington Street (115 m south) Former automotive service garage and service station (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 14 131 Armstrong Street (130 m east) Former automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- **PCA 15** 1175 Wellington Street (215 m southwest) Former gas station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 16 300 Parkdale Avenue (240 m west) Commercial printing operation (PCA #Other);
- PCA 17 1065 Wellington Street (240 m east) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 – Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 18 1067 Wellington Street (240 m east) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 – Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 19 380 Parkdale Avenue (220 m southwest) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 20 390 Parkdale Avenue (220 m southwest) Former gass station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 21 172 Carruthers Avenue (250 m north) Hydro One substation (PCA #55 Transformer Manufacturing, Processing and Use);
- PCA 22 103 Pinhey Street (170 m east) Former smelting and refining operation (PCA #35 Mining, Smelting and Refining);
- PCA 23 –1132 Wellington Street (210 m southeast) Former gas station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- **PCA 24** 1134 Wellington Street (210 m south) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 25 1124 Wellington Street (170 m southeast) Former gas station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks;
- PCA 26 1120 Wellington Street (125 southeast) Former Chinese laundry, former gas station (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment, PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 27 1112 Wellington Street (170 southeast) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);



- PCA 28 1091 Wellington Street (130 m southeast) Former Chinese laundry (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment).
- PCA 29 1069 Wellington Street (240 m east) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- **PCA 30** Phase Two property Fill material is present throughout the Phase One property (PCA #30 Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality); and,
- **PCA 31** Phase Two property Furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks).

Any PCAs located significantly distant (greater than 100 m) from the Phase Two property were considered to be too distant to be contributing to an APEC. **PCA 2**, and **PCA 9** through **PCA 29** were located greater than 100 m from the Phase Two property, and therefore not considered to result in an APEC.

Furthermore, based on previous subsurface investigation on adjacent properties to the south, the inferred groundwater flow direction at the Phase Two property is to the northwest. Therefore, the properties within the Phase One study area northwest of the Phase Two property were considered to be hydraulically down-gradient of the Phase Two property; and the properties to the north, east, and west of the Phase Two property were considered to be hydraulically cross-gradient to the Phase Two property.

Previous subsurface investigations on the south adjacent property in 2019 assessed soil and groundwater impacts associated with **PCA 1**, and **PCA 3** through **PCA 7**. No groundwater samples on the south adjacent property were impacted, including samples taken from adjacent to the Phase Two property line. Therefore, no potential groundwater contaminants from these PCAs have migrated onto the Phase Two property, and do not contribute to APECs.

The HLUI search identified a former repair garage at 271 Carruthers Avenue (**PCA 8**). A residence was constructed at 271 Carruthers Avenue prior to 1902 and was present until at leas 1956. In addition, the property is listed in the city directories as residential for all of the years reviewed. It is unlikely that this property ever operated as a repair garage.

The furnace oil AST (**PCA 31**), as well as the concrete floor beneath the AST, were observed to be in good condition. The current tenant has occupied the residence since 1969. The furnace oil AST has been replaced three times in this time frame, and not spills or leaks have been noted. Therefore, the presence of the AST does not result in an APEC.

Therefore, the only PCA which results in an APEC is **PCA 30**, the presence of fill of unknown quality at the Phase Two property.

Based on the results of the Phase One ESA, the following areas of potential environmental concern (APEC) were identified:

Area of Potential Environmental Concern (APEC)	Location of APEC on Phase One Property	Potentially Contaminating Activity (PCA)	Location of PCA (On-Site or Off-Site)	Contaminants of Potential Concern	Media Potentially Impacted (Groundwater, Soil and/or Sediment)
APEC #1	Entire Phase Two property	PCA#30 – Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality	On-Site	petroleum hydrocarbons (PHC), volatile organic compounds (VOC), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), metals	Soil

The location of the APEC is shown in Figure 3 in Appendix A.



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The Phase Two ESA was conducted per the requirements of Ontario Regulation 153/04, as amended, and in accordance with generally accepted professional practices.

3.0 Scope of the Investigation

3.1 Overview of Site Investigation

The purpose of the Phase Two ESA was to investigate the soil quality at the Phase Two property and to characterize conditions in the fill material related to the PCA described above within the APEC shown on Figure 3 in Appendix A.

3.2 Scope of Work

The scope of work for the Phase Two ESA was as follows:

- Drilling six boreholes on the subject property, completing two as monitoring wells;
- Submitting soil samples from the boreholes for laboratory analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOC), petroleum hydrocarbon (PHC) fractions F1 to F4, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), and inorganics;
- Collecting ground water samples from the monitoring wells and submitting the groundwater samples for laboratory analysis of VOC and PHC;
- Comparing the results of the soil and groundwater chemical analyses to applicable criteria, as set out by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP);
- Conducting an elevation survey of the boreholes; and,
- Preparing a report summarizing the results of the assessment activities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Phase Two ESA standard as defined by Ontario Regulation 153/04 (as amended), and in accordance with generally accepted professional practices. Subject to this standard of care, EXP makes no express or implied warranties regarding its services and no third-party beneficiaries are intended. Limitation of liability, scope of report and third-party reliance are outlined in Section 8 of this report.

3.3 Media Investigated

The Phase Two ESA included the investigation of soil on the Phase Two property. As there are no water bodies on the Phase Two property, no surface water or sediment sampling was required.

The contaminants of potential concern (COPC) identified in the Phase One ESA were identified as target parameters for this Phase Two ESA. The APEC and COPC identified in the Phase One ESA are outlined in Section 2.2.

3.4 Phase One Conceptual Site Model

Based on a review of historical aerial photographs, historical maps, and other records, it appears that the Phase Two property was first developed for residential use between 1902 and 1912. The existing residence appears to have been present on the Phase Two property since it was first developed.

The following on-site PCA were identified:

- PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks
- PCA #30 Imported Fill Material of Unknown Quality

The following off-site PCAs were identified:

- PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shops
- PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks



- PCA #35 Mining, Smelting and Refining
- PCA #37 Operation of Dry Cleaning Equipment (where chemicals are used)
- PCA #55 Transformer Manufacturing, Processing and Use

The Phase Two study area and PCA is provided as Figure 2 in Appendix A. The locations of the APEC that may be affected by the PCA are shown on Figure 4 in Appendix A.

The following APEC were identified:

• APEC #1 – Entire Phase Two property (PCA #30 – Imported Fill Material of Unknown Quality)

3.5 Deviations from Sampling and Analysis Plan

The field investigative and sampling program was carried out following the requirements of the Phase Two property, as described in Section 4. No significant deviations from the sampling and analysis plan (SAAP), as provided in Appendix C, were reported that affected the sampling and data quality objectives for the Phase Two property.

3.6 Impediments

No physical impediments were encountered during the field investigation. The entire Phase Two property was accessible at the time of the investigation.



4.0 Investigation Methodology

4.1 General

The site investigative activities consisted of the drilling of boreholes to facilitate the collection of soil samples for visual inspection, to record relevant geotechnical information and the installation of standpipes for hydrogeological property characterization.

4.2 Borehole Drilling

Prior to the commencement of drilling, the locations of underground public utilities including telephone, natural gas and electrical lines were marked at the subject property by public locating companies. A private utility locating contractor was also retained to clear the individual borehole locations.

On August 30, 2019, BH-5 and MW-6 were advanced at the Phase Two property by Marathon Drilling, a licensed well contractor, under the full-time supervision of EXP staff. A groundwater monitoring well was installed in MW-6. A truck mounted CME drill rig with split spoon samplers was used to collect the soil samples.

A post-remedial drilling investigation was conducted on the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel on May 11, 2022, by Strata Drilling Group (Strata). Strata advanced one borehole (MW22-1) on the Phase Two property, using a GM 100 track mount drill. The borehole was drilled to a depth of 6.3 m bgs. All soil was removed from the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel and the borehole was cored through bedrock.

On July 22, 2022, EXP oversaw drilling of three (3) boreholes (BH-1 to BH-3) on the Phase Two property as part of a Geotechnical Investigation using a CME-55 truck-mounted drill rig equipped with continuous flight hollow-stem auger and rock coring equipment. The borehole locations are shown on Figure 4 in Appendix C. The boreholes were advanced using a rotary drilling rig, and samples collected using a split spoon sampler at 1.2 m intervals. Sampling for environmental purposes was only conducted on the fill samples collected from the boreholes.

EXP staff continuously monitored the drilling activities to log the stratigraphy observed from the recovered samples, to record the depth of the samples, and to record total depths of borings. Field observations are documented on the borehole logs provided in Appendix D.

4.3 Soil: Sampling

Soil sampling was completed on the Phase Two property to address the identified APEC.

4.4 Field Screening Measurements

Soil samples were screened during the borehole advancement. Soil samples were placed in a sealed Ziploc plastic bag and allowed to reach ambient temperature prior to field screening with a combustible vapour meter calibrated to hexane gas prior to use. The field screening measurements were made by inserting the instrument's probe into the plastic bag while manipulating the sample to ensure volatilization of the soil gases. These 'headspace' readings provide a real-time indication of the relative concentration of combustible vapours encountered in the subsurface during drilling and are used to aid in the assessment of the vertical and horizontal extent of potential impacts and the selection of soil samples for analysis.

Readings of organic vapour concentrations in the soil samples collected during the drilling investigation were recorded using an RKI Eagle 2 with a special photo-ionization detector (PID) sensor, where there was sufficient recovery. This instrument is designed to detect and measure concentrations of combustible gas in the atmosphere in 0.02 parts per million by volume (ppmv) increments from 0 ppmv to 50 ppmv and in 1 ppmv increments from 0 ppmv to 2,000 ppmv.



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Instrument calibration is conducted using standard gases comprised of known concentrations of isobutylene in air. Instrument calibration is conducted prior to each use. If the instrument readings are within $\pm 10\%$ of the standard gas value, then the instrument is deemed to be calibrated, however if the readings are greater than $\pm 10\%$ of the standard gas value then the instrument is re-calibrated prior to use.

The field screening measurements, in parts per million by volume (ppmv), are presented in the borehole logs provided in Appendix D. A worst-case soil sample and a blind duplicate soil sample were submitted for laboratory analysis of PHC, VOC, PAH, and metals.

4.7 Groundwater: Sampling

No groundwater APECs were identified on the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel and therefore, no groundwater samples were collected for laboratory analysis from that parcel.

A groundwater sample was collected from MW-6 in 2019 via a low flow sampling technique using a YSI 550 multi probe water quality meter. The YSI probe was calibrated using in-house reference standards. Prior to collecting the groundwater samples, water quality field parameters (turbidity, dissolved oxygen, conductivity, temperature, pH, and oxidation reduction potential) were monitored until stable readings were achieved to ensure that the samples collected were representative of actual groundwater conditions. These parameters are considered to be stable when three consecutive readings meet the following conditions:

- Turbidity: within 10% for values greater than 5 nephelometric turbidity units (NTU), or three values less than 5 NTU;
- Dissolved oxygen: within 10% for values greater than 0.5 mg/L, or three values less than 0.5 mg/L;
- Conductivity: within 3%;
- Temperature: ± 1°C;
- pH: ± 0.1 unit; and,
- Oxidation reduction potential: ±10 millivolts.

When stabilization occurs, equilibrium between groundwater within a monitor and the surrounding formation water is attained. As such, samples collected when stabilization occurs are considered to be representative of formation water.

The groundwater sampling during the completion of this Phase Two ESA was undertaken in general accordance with the SAAP presented in Appendix C. The groundwater samples were placed in clean coolers containing ice packs prior to and during transportation to the laboratory. The samples were transported to the laboratory within 24 hours of collection with a chain of custody. The groundwater sample was submitted for analysis of VOC and PHC.

4.8 Sediment: Sampling

As no water body was present at the Phase Two property, sediment sampling was not part of the Phase Two ESA.

4.9 Analytical Testing

Two contracted laboratories selected to perform chemical analysis on all soil samples, Bureau Veritas Laboratories (BV Labs) Caduceon Laboratories. Both laboratories are accredited under the Standards Council of Canada/Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025:1999- General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.



4.10 Residue Management

The drill cuttings from drilling activities were disposed of on the site. Fluids from cleaning drilling equipment were disposed of by the driller at their facility.

4.11 Elevation Surveying

An elevation survey was conducted to obtain vertical control of the borehole locations. The ground surface elevation of each borehole location was surveyed using high precision GPS meter relative to mean sea level.

4.12 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Measures

All soil samples were placed in coolers containing ice packs prior to and during transportation to the contract laboratory, BV Labs and Caduceon Laboratories. Both laboratories are accredited to the ISO/IEC 17025:2005 standard - *General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories*.

A QA/QC program was also implemented to ensure that the analytical results received are accurate and dependable. A QA/QC program is a system of documented checks that validate the reliability of the data. Quality Assurance is a system that ensures that quality control procedures are correctly performed and documented. Quality Control refers to the established procedures observed both in the field and in the laboratory, designed to ensure that the resulting end data meet intended quality objectives. The QA/QC program implemented by EXP incorporated the following components:

- Collecting and analysing field duplicate soil samples to ensure analytical precision;
- Using dedicated and/or disposable sampling equipment;
- Following proper decontamination protocols to minimize cross-contamination;
- Maintaining field notes and completing field forms to document field activities; and
- Using only laboratory-supplied sample containers and following prescribed sample protocols, including using proper preservation techniques, meeting sample hold times, and documenting sample transmission on chains of custody, to ensure the integrity of the samples is maintained.

The laboratory QA/QC program involved the systematic analysis of control standards for the purpose of optimizing the measuring system as well as establishing system precision and accuracy and included calibration standards, method blanks, reference standards, spiked samples, surrogates and duplicates.



5.0 Review and Evaluation

5.1 Geology

The detailed soil profiles encountered during this investigation are provided on the attached borehole logs (Appendix D). Boundaries of soil indicated on the log sheets are intended to reflect transition zones for the purpose of environmental assessment and should not be interpreted as exact planes of geological change.

The general stratigraphy at the Phase Two property, as observed in the boreholes, consisted of fill overlying grey limestone bedrock at depth of 0.4 m to 1.6 m bgs. A brief description of the soil stratigraphy at the Phase Two property, in order of depth, is summarized in the following sections.

Fill Material

Fill was observed in all boreholes beneath the pavement structure and consisted of sand and gravel to clayey silt mixed with topsoil inclusions, and cobbles. The fill extended to auger refusal depths in all three boreholes ranging from 0.5 m to 1.6 m. No indications of petroleum impact were identified in the fill. No debris was encountered in the fill material.

The grain size analyses showed that the native material was coarse grained. The results of the grain size analyses are found in Appendix A.

Refer to the geological cross sections in Figures 9 to 11 for an overview of the Phase Two property stratigraphy.

Native Material

No native soil was present on the Phase Two property.

Bedrock

Refusal to augers was met in all the boreholes at depths ranging between 0.4 m to 1.6 m depths (Elevation 63.6 m to 62.2 m). The presence of limestone bedrock was confirmed in BH-1 and BH-3.

5.2 Groundwater: Elevations and Flow Direction

Three standpipes were installed in the boreholes as part of the Geotechnical Investigation. Groundwater elevations and water levels were measured at the Phase Two property on August 30, 2022. Groundwater was encountered at depths ranging from 1.70 m in BH-1 to 3.10 m in BH-3. No petroleum sheens were observed in the monitoring wells during the sampling event.

A summary of the elevation survey and groundwater levels for each well are shown on Table 5.1.

Table 5.1: Groundwater Elevations

	Ground Surface	September 19, 2019		June 7	, 2022	August 3	30, 2022
Monitoring Well ID	Elevation (MASL)	Water Level (m bsg)	Water Level (MASL)	Water Level (m bsg)	Water Level (MASL)	Water Level (m bsg)	Water Level (MASL)
MW-6	64.76	5.65	58.43	-	-	-	-
MW22-1	65.00	-	-	7.57	57.43	-	-



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	Ground Surface	Septembe	er 19, 2019	June 7	, 2022	August	30, 2022
Monitoring Well ID	Elevation (MASL)	Water Level (m bsg)	Water Level (MASL)	Water Level (m bsg)	Water Level (MASL)	Water Level (m bsg)	Water Level (MASL)
BH-1	63.85	-	-	-	-	1.70	62.15
BH-3	64.02	-	-	-	-	3.10	60.92

Note: Elevations were referenced using a high precision GPS unit and a geodetic datum.

MASL – metres above sea level

Since there are two groundwater elevations in August 2022, a groundwater flow direction could not be calculated. The groundwater contour plan is provided as Figure 5 in Appendix A. EXP notes that groundwater flow direction and level can be influenced by utility trenches and other subsurface structures and may migrate in the bedding stone of nearby subsurface utility trenches.

5.3 Soil: Field Screening

Field screening involved using the combustible vapour meter to organic vapour concentrations, in ppmv, in the collected soil samples in order to assess the presence of soil gases which would imply VOC impact. The vapour readings obtained during the drilling activities are presented on the borehole logs in Appendix D. The boreholes vapour readings were all zero ppmv. No staining or odours were observed in any of the soil samples.

5.4 Soil: Quality

In accordance with the scope of work, chemical analyses were performed on selected soil samples recovered from the boreholes. The selection of representative "worst case" soil samples from each borehole was based on field visual or olfactory evidence of impacts and/or presence of potential water bearing zones. Summaries of the soil analytical results are found in Appendix D. Copies of the laboratory Certificates of Analysis for the tested soil samples are provided in Appendix F.

The MECP Table 7 SCS are applicable if soil pH is in the range of 5 to 11 for subsurface soil. One soil sample from 1.5 m to 2.9 m was submitted for pH analysis with results of 8.46. This pH value is within the acceptable range for the application of MECP Table 7 SCS.

PHC

Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC and BTEX from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel and one soil sample was submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC and BTEX from the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel. The concentrations of PHC and BTEX measured in the analysed soil samples were less than MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix E, with the exception of PHC F3 and F4 in the soil sample collected from BH-2 SS2 at a depth of 0.15 to 0.75 m. The BTEX and PHC results are shown on Figures 6 and 9 in Appendix A.

VOC

Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel for the chemical analysis of VOC. The concentrations of VOC measured in the analysed soil samples were less than MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix B. The VOC results are shown on Figures 6 and 10 in Appendix A.



Metals

Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel for the chemical analysis of metals. The concentrations of metals measured in the analysed soil samples were less than the MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 2 in Appendix B, with the exception of cadmium, lead, mercury and zinc in all three soil samples. The metals results are shown on Figures 7 and 10 in Appendix A.

PAH

Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel for the chemical analysis of PAH. The concentrations of PAH measured in the analysed soil samples were less than the MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 3 in Appendix B. The PAH results are shown on Figures 8 and 11 in Appendix A.

5.4 Groundwater: Quality

There were no exceedances of the MECP Table 7 SCS for any of the parameters analysed in groundwater. Analytical results are included in Table 5 in Appendix E.

5.7 Chemical Transformation and Contaminant Sources

A variety of physical, chemical and biochemical mechanisms affect the fate and transport of the potential COC in soil, the contribution of which is dependent on the soil conditions at the Phase Two property, as well as the chemical/physical properties of the COC. Relevant fate and transport mechanisms are natural attenuation mechanisms, including advection mixing, mechanical dispersion/molecular diffusion, phase partitions (i.e. sorption and volatilization), and possibly abiotic or biotic chemical reactions, which effectively reduce COC concentrations.

Prior to remediation, the majority of the soil on site was determined to be contaminated, as PHC fractions F3 and F4, and metals exceeded the applicable Table 7 SCS.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for the construction workers are incidental soil ingestion, soil particulate inhalation, soil dermal contact, ambient vapour inhalation, and vapour skin contact.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for the short-term outdoor workers (who are not exposed directly to subsurface soil and groundwater) are incidental surface soil ingestion, surface soil particulate inhalation, surface soil dermal contact, ambient air inhalation, and vapour skin contact.

The potential on-site exposure pathway for the property residents and visitors is indoor air inhalation.

A diagram identifying the release mechanisms, contaminant transport pathway, human receptors, exposure points and routes of exposure are shown on Figure 12 in Appendix A.

While the footprint of the building that is being planned will occupy most of the Phase Two property, there will be a landscaped area surrounding the building. Therefore, The Phase Two property is capable of supporting some ecological receptors. Relevant ecological receptors include terrestrial vegetation (bushes, grasses and weeds); soil invertebrates (earthworms, millipedes and beetles); birds (seagulls, pigeons, sparrows and robins); and small terrestrial mammals (moles, voles, and mice). Since all pre-remediation groundwater samples were within the Table 7 SCS, groundwater root uptake, groundwater dermal contact, and incidental ingestion of groundwater were not deemed to be potential exposure pathways for any of the potential on-site ecological receptors.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for terrestrial vegetation are root uptake of soil and stem and foliar uptake of vapours from soil.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for soil invertebrates are soil particulate inhalation, soil dermal contact, soil ingestion, and vapour inhalation, and plant and animal tissue ingestion.



The potential on-site exposure pathways for mammals and birds are soil particulate inhalation, soil dermal contact, soil ingestion, vapour inhalation, and plant and animal tissue ingestion.

A diagram identifying the release mechanisms, contaminant transport pathway, ecological receptors, exposure points and routes of exposure are shown on Figure 13 in Appendix A.

5.6.3 Evidence of Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid

Inspection of the soil cores retrieved from the boreholes did not indicate the presence of non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL), staining or sheen. Odours were not observed during soil sampling activities. NAPLs are not expected to be present at the Phase Two property.

5.6.4 Maximum Concentrations

The maximum groundwater concentrations are provided in Table 4 and 6 in Appendix E.

5.7 Sediment: Quality

As there were no water bodies on the Phase Two property, surface water and sediment sampling were not required.

5.8 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Results

Caduceon Laboratories' / BV Labs' QA/QC program consisted of the preparation and analysis of laboratory duplicate samples to assess precision and sample homogeneity, method blanks to assess analytical bias, spiked blanks and QC standards to evaluate analyte recovery, matrix spikes to evaluate matrix interferences and surrogate compound recoveries to evaluate extraction efficiency. The laboratory QA/QC results are presented in the Quality Assurance Report provided in the Certificates of Analysis. The QA/QC results are reported as percent recoveries for matrix spikes, spiked blanks and QC standards, relative percent difference for laboratory duplicates and analyte concentrations for method blanks.

A review of field activity documentation indicated that recommended sample volumes were collected from soil for each analytical test group into appropriate containers and preserved with proper chemical reagents in accordance with the protocols set out in the Protocol for Analytical Methods used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (MOE, 2011). Samples were preserved at the required temperatures in insulated coolers and met applicable holding time requirements, when relinquished to the receiving laboratory.

For QA/QC purposes, the analytical sample results are quantitatively evaluated by calculating the relative percent difference (RPD) between the samples and their duplicates. To accurately calculate a statistically valid RPD, the concentration of the analytes found in both the original and duplicate sample must be greater than five times the reporting detection limit (RDL).

The results of the RPD calculations are provided in Tables 7 to 9 in Appendix E. All of the RPD were either not calculable or within the applicable alert limits, with the exception of PHC F4. The PHC RPD indicates a heterogeneity in the two soil samples.

Certificates of Analysis (COA) were received from Caduceon reporting the results of all the chemical analyses performed on the submitted soil and groundwater. Copies of the COA are provided in Appendix F. A review of the Certificates of Analysis prepared by BV labs indicates that they were in compliance with the requirements set out under subsection 47(3) of Ontario Regulation 153/04 (as amended).

Review of the laboratory QA/QC results reported indicated that they were all within acceptable control limits or below applicable alert criteria for the sampled media and analytical test groups. Based on the assessment of the QA/QC, the analytical results reported by Caduceon labs are of acceptable quality and further data qualifications are not required.



5.9 Phase Two Conceptual Site Model

This section presents a Conceptual Site Model (CSM) providing a narrative, graphical and tabulated description integrating information related to the Phase Two property's geologic and hydrogeological conditions, areas of potential environmental concern/potential contaminating activities, the presence and distribution of contaminants of concern, contaminant fate and transport, and potential exposure pathways.

5.9.1 Introduction

EXP Services Inc. (EXP) was retained by McCormick Park Developments Incorporated to complete a Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the property located at 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario hereinafter referred to as the 'Phase Two property'. The objective of the Phase Two ESA investigation is to assess the quality of the soil conditions within the area of potential environmental concern (APEC) identified in a Phase One ESA prepared by EXP.

The most recent use of the property is residential, and the proposed future use is also residential. Therefore, as per Ontario Regulation 153/04, a Record of Site Condition (RSC) is not required.

5.9.2 Physical Site Description

The Phase Two property has the municipal address of 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue. The Phase Two property is located within a residential neighbourhood on the west side of Carruthers Avenue, approximately 40 m north of Armstrong Street. The Phase Two property is L-shaped and has an area of 0.04 hectares. A Site Location Plan is provided as Figure 1 in Appendix B.

The Phase Two property has the property identification numbers (PIN) 04094-0152 and PIN 04094-0339. The legal description of the Phase Two property is Part Lot 6 and 7 Plan 83 on CR574373 and Part 1 on Plan 4R33847; City of Ottawa.

Topographically, the Phase Two property is relatively flat. The surrounding area has a slight slope down towards the north. Regional groundwater flow direction is inferred to be in a northerly direction towards the Ottawa River, found approximately 1 km to the north.

Refer to Table 5.1 for the Site identification information.

	200 and 200 Commithers August Ottown Ontaria
Civic Address	266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario
Current Land Use	Residential
Proposed Future Land Use	Residential
Property Identification Number	04094-0152 and 04094-0339
UTM Coordinates	NAD83 Zone 18, 443058 m E, 5028006 m N
Site Area	0.04 hectares
Property Owner	McCormick Park Developments Incorporated

Table 5.1: Site Identification Details

Potable water is available from the City of Ottawa. There are no potable water wells within the Phase Two study area. There are no water bodies on the subject site. The Ottawa River is located approximately 1 km north of the Phase One property. The regional groundwater flow is inferred to be northerly, towards the river.



In accordance with Section 41 of the Ontario Regulation 153/04 (as amended), the Phase Two property is not an environmentally sensitive area. In addition, the Phase Two property is not located within an area of natural significance and it does not include land that is within 30 metres of an area of natural significance.

The Phase Two property is a shallow soil property as defined in Section 43.1 of the regulation. It does not include all or part of a water body or is adjacent to a water body or includes land that is within 30 metres of a water body.

5.9.3 Geological and Hydrogeological

Bedrock in the general area of the Phase Two property consists of limestone of the Ottawa Formation. Native surficial soil consists of sand and silt overlying shallow bedrock.

A 75 mm to 350 mm layer of granular fill was observed at the ground surface of several boreholes. Soil at the Phase Two property prior to remediation generally consisted of sand and gravel fill material. The fill layer ranged in thickness from 0.4 to 1.6 m and was encountered in all boreholes. Limestone bedrock was present underlying the fill material. No native soil was present at the Phase Two property.

Groundwater was encountered at depths ranging from 1.70 metres in BH-1 to 3.10 m in BH-3 in August 2022. The groundwater flow direction could not be calculated since there were only two water levels available on the Phase Two property in August 2022. The groundwater elevations are shown on Figure 5. Groundwater levels can also be influenced by seasonal changes, the presence of subsurface structures, or fill, however, as the water table is in the bedrock, it is unlikely that any of these factors will affect the groundwater flow direction at the Phase Two property.

A plan view showing the cross-section location is provided as Figure 5, while the Phase Two property geology is depicted in cross-sections on Figures 9 to 11.

A summary of factors that apply to the Phase Two property is provided in Table 5.2

Characteristic	Description
Minimum Depth to Bedrock	0.4 mbgs
Minimum Depth to Overburden Groundwater	1.70 mbgs (August 30, 2022)
Shallow Soil Property	Yes, bedrock is less than 2.0 mbgs
Proximity to water body or ANSI	900 m north
Soil pH	8.28
Soil Texture	Coarse
Current Property Use	Residential
Future Property Use	Residential
Proposed Future Building	Residential
Areas Containing Suspected Fill	Entire site

Table 5.2: Site Characteristics



5.9.4 Utilities

The Phase Two property is not currently serviced. However, surrounding properties are serviced by municipal sewer and water, and natural gas. Since the water table is within the bedrock, it is unlikely that any of these factors will affect the groundwater flow direction at the Phase Two property.

A multi-storey residential building with one basement level is planned for construction on the Phase Two property.

5.9.5 Potentially Contaminating Activities

The following on-site potentially contaminating activities (PCA) were identified:

- **PCA 1** 179 Armstrong Street (30 m south) Commercial building had a UST on the north side of the building as per the 1956 FIP (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 2 1092 1096 Wellington Street (160 m southeast) Former gasoline service station with two fuel USTs (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- **PCA 3** 177 Armstrong Street (30 m south) Former furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 4 179 Armstrong Street (30 m south) Former furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- **PCA 5** 269 Carruthers Avenue (10 m south) Former furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 6 180 Armstrong Street (40 m south) Former automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- PCA 7 1 Grant Street (60 m south) Active automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- PCA 8 271 Carruthers Avenue (20 m southeast) Former automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- PCA 9 1119 Wellington Street (110 m southeast) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 10 1125 Wellington Street (120 m south) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 11 1097 Wellington Street (130 m southeast) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 12 1104 Wellington (130 m south) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 13 1141/1149 Wellington Street (115 m south) Former automotive service garage and service station (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 14 131 Armstrong Street (130 m east) Former automotive service garage (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop);
- PCA 15 1175 Wellington Street (215 m southwest) Former gas station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 16 300 Parkdale Avenue (240 m west) Commercial printing operation (PCA #Other);



- PCA 17 1065 Wellington Street (240 m east) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 – Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 18 1067 Wellington Street (240 m east) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 – Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 19 380 Parkdale Avenue (220 m southwest) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 20 390 Parkdale Avenue (220 m southwest) Former gass station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 21 172 Carruthers Avenue (250 m north) Hydro One substation (PCA #55 Transformer Manufacturing, Processing and Use);
- PCA 22 103 Pinhey Street (170 m east) Former smelting and refining operation (PCA #35 Mining, Smelting and Refining);
- PCA 23 –1132 Wellington Street (210 m southeast) Former gas station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 24 1134 Wellington Street (210 m south) Former automotive service garage, former dry cleaner (PCA #10 Commercial Autobody Shop, PCA #37 – Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 25 1124 Wellington Street (170 m southeast) Former gas station (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks;
- **PCA 26** 1120 Wellington Street (125 southeast) Former Chinese laundry, former gas station (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment, PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Stored in Fixed Tanks);
- PCA 27 1112 Wellington Street (170 southeast) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 28 1091 Wellington Street (130 m southeast) Former Chinese laundry (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment).
- PCA 29 1069 Wellington Street (240 m east) Former dry cleaner (PCA #37 Operation of Dry-Cleaning Equipment);
- PCA 30 Phase Two property Fill material is present throughout the Phase One property (PCA #30 Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality); and,
- **PCA 31** Phase Two property Furnace oil AST in the basement (PCA #28 Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks).

Any PCAs located significantly distant (greater than 100 m) from the Phase Two property were considered to be too distant to be contributing to an APEC. **PCA 2**, and **PCA 9** through **PCA 29** were located greater than 100 m from the Phase Two property, and therefore not considered to result in an APEC.

Furthermore, based on previous subsurface investigation on adjacent properties to the south, the inferred groundwater flow direction at the Phase Two property is to the northwest. Therefore, the properties within the Phase One study area northwest of the Phase Two property were considered to be hydraulically down-gradient of the Phase Two property; and the properties to the north, east, and west of the Phase Two property were considered to be hydraulically cross-gradient to the Phase Two property.

Previous subsurface investigations on the south adjacent property in 2019 assessed soil and groundwater impacts associated with **PCA 1**, and **PCA 3** through **PCA 7**. No groundwater samples on the south adjacent property were impacted, including



samples taken from adjacent to the Phase Two property line. Therefore, no potential groundwater contaminants from these PCAs have migrated onto the Phase Two property, and do not contribute to APECs.

The HLUI search identified a former repair garage at 271 Carruthers Avenue (**PCA 8**). A residence was constructed at 271 Carruthers Avenue prior to 1902 and was present until at leas 1956. In addition, the property is listed in the city directories as residential for all of the years reviewed. It is unlikely that this property ever operated as a repair garage.

The furnace oil AST (**PCA 31**), as well as the concrete floor beneath the AST, were observed to be in good condition. The current tenant has occupied the residence since 1969. The furnace oil AST has been replaced three times in this time frame, and not spills or leaks have been noted. Therefore, the presence of the AST does not result in an APEC.

Therefore, the only PCA which results in an APEC is PCA 30, the presence of fill of unknown quality at the Phase Two property.

5.9.6 Areas of Potential Environmental Concern/Potential Contaminants of Concern

Ontario Regulation 153/04 defines an APEC as an area on a property where one or more contaminants are potentially present. Based on this Phase One ESA, the following APEC was identified:

Area of Potential Environmental Concern (APEC)	Location of APEC on Phase One Property	Potentially Contaminating Activity (PCA)	Location of PCA (On-Site or Off-Site)	Contaminants of Potential Concern	Media Potentially Impacted (Groundwater, Soil and/or Sediment)
APEC #1	Entire Phase Two property	PCA#30 – Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality	On-Site	petroleum hydrocarbons (PHC), volatile organic compounds (VOC), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), metals	Soil

5.9.7 Investigation

The Phase Two ESA was conducted to assess the soil quality at the Phase Two property.

Prior to the commencement of drilling, the locations of underground public utilities including telephone, natural gas and electrical lines were marked at the subject property by public locating companies. A private utility locating contractor was also retained to clear the individual borehole locations.

On August 30, 2019, BH-5 and MW-6 were advanced at the Phase Two property by Marathon Drilling, a licensed well contractor, under the full-time supervision of EXP staff. A groundwater monitoring well was installed in MW-6. A truck mounted CME drill rig with split spoon samplers was used to collect the soil samples.

A post-remedial drilling investigation was conducted on the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel on May 11, 2022, by Strata Drilling Group (Strata). Strata advanced one borehole (MW22-1) on the Phase Two property, using a GM 100 track mount drill. The borehole was drilled to a depth of 6.3 m bgs. All soil was removed from the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel and the borehole was cored through bedrock.

On July 22, 2022, EXP oversaw drilling of three (3) boreholes (BH-1 to BH-3) on the Phase Two property as part of a Geotechnical Investigation using a CME-55 truck-mounted drill rig equipped with continuous flight hollow-stem auger and rock coring equipment. The borehole locations are shown on Figure 4 in Appendix C. The boreholes were advanced using a rotary drilling rig, and samples collected using a split spoon sampler at 1.2 m intervals. Sampling for environmental purposes was only conducted on the fill samples collected from the boreholes.



No groundwater APECs were identified on the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel and therefore, no groundwater samples were collected for laboratory analysis from that parcel. A groundwater sample was collected from MW-6 on 268 Carruthers Avenue in 2019 via a low flow sampling

Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC, VOC, PAH, and metals from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel and one soil sample was submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC and BTEX from the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel.

The concentrations of PHC and BTEX measured in the analysed soil samples were less than MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix E, with the exception of PHC F3 and F4 in the soil sample collected from BH-2 SS2 at a depth of 0.15 to 0.75 m. The BTEX and PHC results are shown on Figures 6 and 9 in Appendix A.

The concentrations of VOC measured in the analysed soil samples were less than MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix B.

The concentrations of metals measured in the analysed soil samples were less than the MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 2 in Appendix B, with the exception of cadmium, lead, mercury and zinc in all three soil samples. The metals results are shown on Figures 7 and 10 in Appendix A.

The concentrations of PAH measured in the analysed soil samples were less than the MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 3 in Appendix B. The PAH results are shown on Figures 8 and 11 in Appendix A.

There were no exceedances of the MECP Table 7 SCS for any of the parameters analysed in groundwater. Analytical results are included in Table 5 in Appendix E.

5.9.8 Contaminants of Concern

Prior to remediation, all soil on site was determined to be contaminated. No contaminated groundwater was encountered. Contaminants that exceeded the applicable standards included:

Soil: PHC fractions F3 and F4, cadmium, lead, mercury and zinc.

Groundwater: No groundwater samples exceeded the Table 7 SCS.

5.9.9 Contaminant Fate and Transport

A variety of physical, chemical and biochemical mechanisms affect the fate and transport of the potential COC in soil, the contribution of which is dependent on the soil conditions at the Phase Two property, as well as the chemical/physical properties of the COC. Relevant fate and transport mechanisms are natural attenuation mechanisms, including advection mixing, mechanical dispersion/molecular diffusion, phase partitions (i.e. sorption and volatilization), and possibly abiotic or biotic chemical reactions, which effectively reduce COC concentrations.

Prior to remediation, the majority of the soil on site was determined to be contaminated, as PHC fractions F3 and F4, and metals exceeded the applicable Table 7 SCS.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for the construction workers are incidental soil ingestion, soil particulate inhalation, soil dermal contact, ambient vapour inhalation, and vapour skin contact.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for the short-term outdoor workers (who are not exposed directly to subsurface soil and groundwater) are incidental surface soil ingestion, surface soil particulate inhalation, surface soil dermal contact, ambient air inhalation, and vapour skin contact.

The potential on-site exposure pathway for the property residents and visitors is indoor air inhalation.

A diagram identifying the release mechanisms, contaminant transport pathway, human receptors, exposure points and routes of exposure are shown on Figure 12 in Appendix A.



McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

While the footprint of the building that is being planned will occupy most of the Phase Two property, there will be a landscaped area surrounding the building. Therefore, The Phase Two property is capable of supporting some ecological receptors. Relevant ecological receptors include terrestrial vegetation (bushes, grasses and weeds); soil invertebrates (earthworms, millipedes and beetles); birds (seagulls, pigeons, sparrows and robins); and small terrestrial mammals (moles, voles, and mice). Since all pre-remediation groundwater samples were within the Table 7 SCS, groundwater root uptake, groundwater dermal contact, and incidental ingestion of groundwater were not deemed to be potential exposure pathways for any of the potential on-site ecological receptors.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for terrestrial vegetation are root uptake of soil and stem and foliar uptake of vapours from soil.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for soil invertebrates are soil particulate inhalation, soil dermal contact, soil ingestion, and vapour inhalation, and plant and animal tissue ingestion.

The potential on-site exposure pathways for mammals and birds are soil particulate inhalation, soil dermal contact, soil ingestion, vapour inhalation, and plant and animal tissue ingestion.

A diagram identifying the release mechanisms, contaminant transport pathway, ecological receptors, exposure points and routes of exposure are shown on Figure 13 in Appendix A.



6.0 Conclusion

Based on the Phase Two ESA results, the following summary is provided:

- The Phase Two ESA consisted of advancing a total of six (6) boreholes to investigate the quality of fill on the property which was identified in this Phase One and Two ESA. Two monitoring wells were installed on the Phase Two property. A worst-case sample of the fill material from four of the boreholes was submitted for laboratory analysis of PHCs, VOC, PAH, and/or metals. A groundwater sample was collected from MW-6 and submitted for laboratory analysis of PHC and VOC.
- A 75 mm to 350 mm layer of granular fill was observed at the ground surface of several boreholes. Soil at the Phase Two property prior to remediation generally consisted of sand and gravel fill material. The fill layer ranged in thickness from 0.4 to 1.6 m and was encountered in all boreholes. Limestone bedrock was present underlying the fill material. No native soil was present at the Phase Two property.
- Groundwater was encountered at depths ranging from 1.70 m in BH-1 to 3.10 m in BH-3 in August 2022. The groundwater flow direction could not be calculated since there were only two water levels available on the Phase Two property in August 2022.
- Three (3) soil samples, plus one blind duplicate, were submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC, VOC, PH, and metals, from the 266 Carruthers Avenue parcel and one soil sample was submitted for the chemical analysis of PHC and BTEX from the 268 Carruthers Avenue parcel. The concentrations of PHC and BTEX measured in the analysed soil samples were less than MECP 2011 Table 7 SCS, as shown in Table 1 in Appendix B, with the exception of PHC F3 and F4 in the soil sample collected from BH-2 SS2 at a depth of 0.15 to 0.75 m and cadmium, lead, mercury and zinc in all three soil samples. Based on these results, the fill on the property is considered to be impacted.
- The concentrations of VOC and PHC in the analyzed groundwater sample were less than the 2011 MECP Table 7 SCS.

The Qualified Person can confirm that the Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment was conducted per the requirements of Ontario Regulation 153/04, as amended, and in accordance with generally accepted professional practices.



7.0 References

This study was conducted in accordance with the applicable Regulations, Guidelines, Policies, Standards, Protocols and Objectives. Specific reference is made to the following documents.

- ASTM International, D5299/D5299M-17, Standard Guide for Decommissioning of Groundwater Wells, Vadose Zone Monitoring Devices, Boreholes, and Other Devices for Environmental Activities, 2017.
- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, *Guidance Manual on Sampling, Analysis, and Data Management for Contaminated Sites,* 1993.
- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, A Protocol for the Derivation of Environmental and Human Health Soil Quality Guidelines, 2006.
- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, Canada Wide Standards for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil, 2008.
- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, <u>http://www.ccme.ca/en/resources/canadian environmental quality guidelines</u>, Accessed November 2018.
- EXP Services Inc., *Phase One Environmental Site Assessment, 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario, June 7, 2022.*
- Freeze and Cherry, Groundwater, Prentice Hall, 1979.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, *Guidance on Sampling and Analytical Methods for Use at Contaminated Sites in Ontario*, December 1996.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, *Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act*, April 15, 2011.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, *Guide for Completing Phase Two Environmental Site* Assessments under Ontario Regulation 153/04, June 2011.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, *Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act,* July 1, 2011.
- Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, Management of Excess Soil A Guide for Best Management Practices, January 2014.
- Ontario Regulation 153/04, made under the *Environmental Protection Act*, as amended.
- Ontario R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 347, made under the *Environmental Protection Act*, as amended.
- Ontario R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 903, made under the Water Resources Act, as amended.



8.0 General Limitations

Basis of Report

This report ("Report") is based on site conditions known or inferred by the investigation undertaken as of the date of the Report. Should changes occur which potentially impact the condition of the site the recommendations of EXP may require reevaluation. Where special concerns exist, or McCormick Park Developments Incorporated ("the Client") has special considerations or requirements, these should be disclosed to EXP to allow for additional or special investigations to be undertaken not otherwise within the scope of investigation conducted for the purpose of the Report.

Reliance on Information Provided

The evaluation and conclusions contained in the Report are based on conditions in evidence at the time of site inspections and information provided to EXP by the Client and others. The Report has been prepared for the specific site, development, building, design or building assessment objectives and purpose as communicated by the Client. EXP has relied in good faith upon such representations, information and instructions and accepts no responsibility for any deficiency, misstatement or inaccuracy contained in the Report as a result of any misstatements, omissions, misrepresentation or fraudulent acts of persons providing information. Unless specifically stated otherwise, the applicability and reliability of the findings, recommendations, suggestions or opinions expressed in the Report are only valid to the extent that there has been no material alteration to or variation from any of the information provided to EXP so that it can be reviewed and revisions to the conclusions and/or recommendations can be made, if warranted.

Standard of Care

The Report has been prepared in a manner consistent with the degree of care and skill exercised by engineering consultants currently practicing under similar circumstances and locale. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made. Unless specifically stated otherwise, the Report does not contain environmental consulting advice.

Complete Report

All documents, records, data and files, whether electronic or otherwise, generated as part of this assignment form part of the Report. This material includes, but is not limited to, the terms of reference given to EXP by the Client, communications between EXP and the Client, other reports, proposals or documents prepared by EXP for the Client in connection with the site described in the Report. In order to properly understand the suggestions, recommendations and opinions expressed in the Report, reference must be made to the Report in its entirety. EXP is not responsible for use by any party of portions of the Report.

Use of Report

The information and opinions expressed in the Report, or any document forming part of the Report, are for the sole benefit of the Client. No other party may use or rely upon the Report in whole or in part without the written consent of EXP. Any use of the Report, or any portion of the Report, by a third party are the sole responsibility of such third party. EXP is not responsible for damages suffered by any third party resulting from unauthorised use of the Report.

Report Format

Where EXP has submitted both electronic file and a hard copy of the Report, or any document forming part of the Report, only the signed and sealed hard copy shall be the original documents for record and working purposes. In the event of a dispute or discrepancy, the hard copy shall govern. Electronic files transmitted by EXP utilize specific software and hardware systems. EXP makes no representation about the compatibility of these files with the Client's current or future software and



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hardware systems. Regardless of format, the documents described herein are EXP's instruments of professional service and shall not be altered without the written consent of EXP.



McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

9.0 Signatures

We trust this report meets your current needs. If you have any questions pertaining to the investigation undertaken by EXP, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Mar mall-

Mark McCalla, P. Geo. Senior Geoscientist Earth and Environment

Leah Wells, P.Eng. Environmental Engineer Earth and Environment

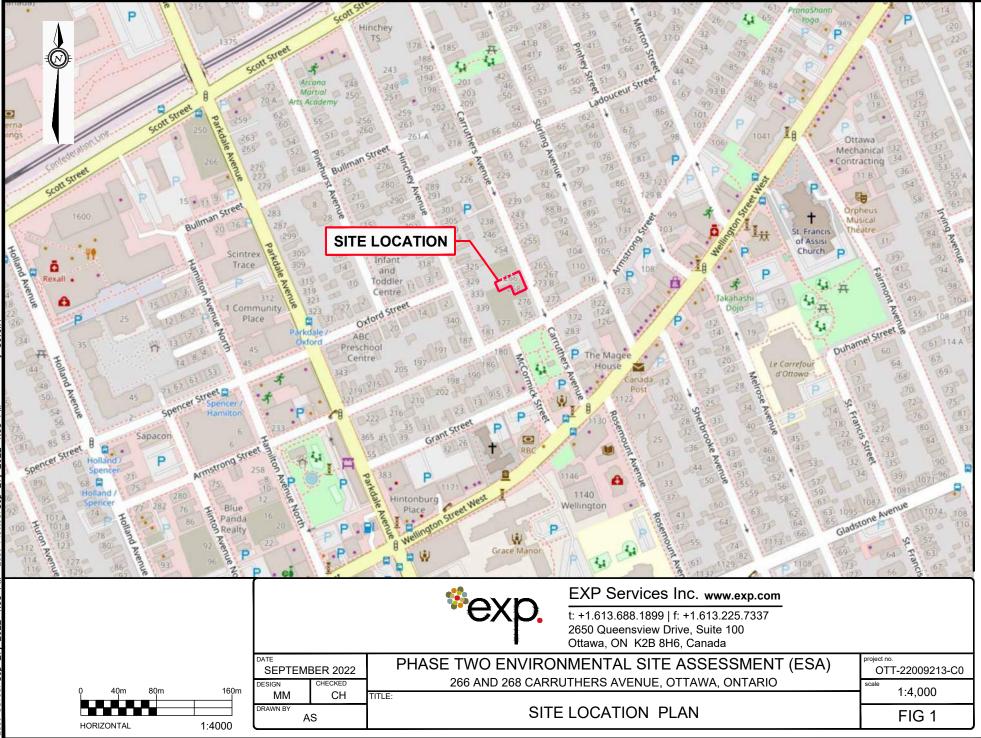


EXP Services Inc.

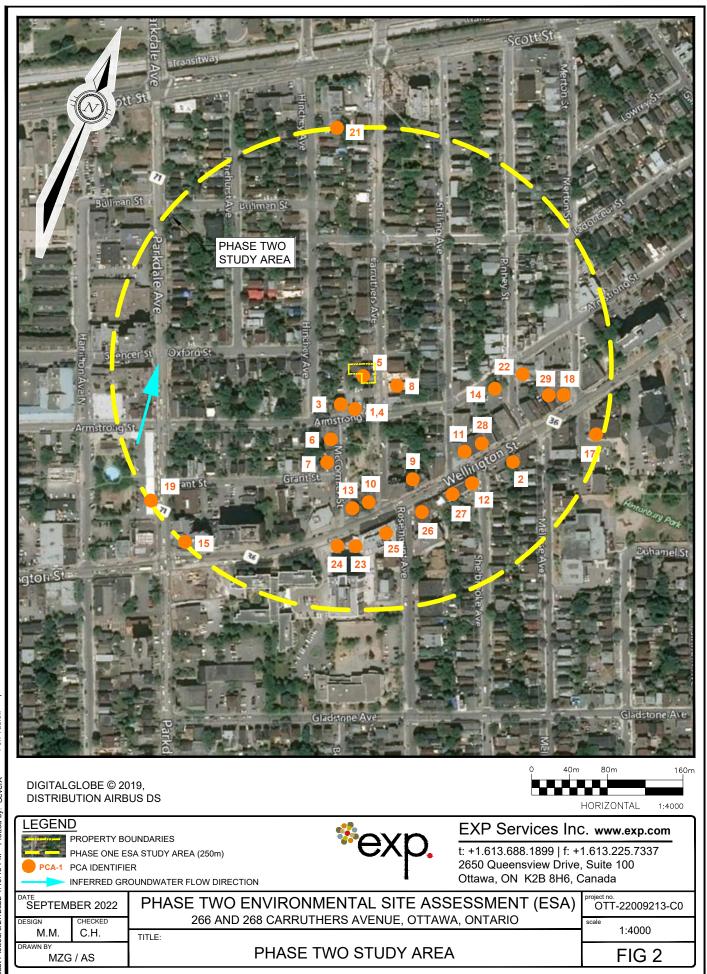
McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

Appendix A: Figures

*exp.

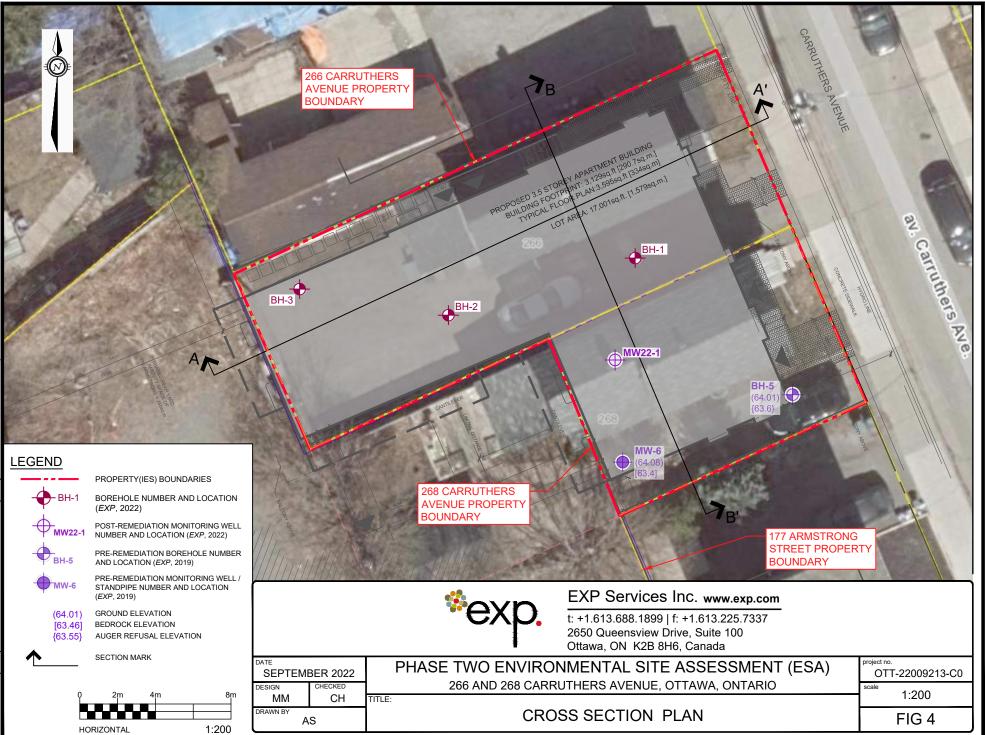


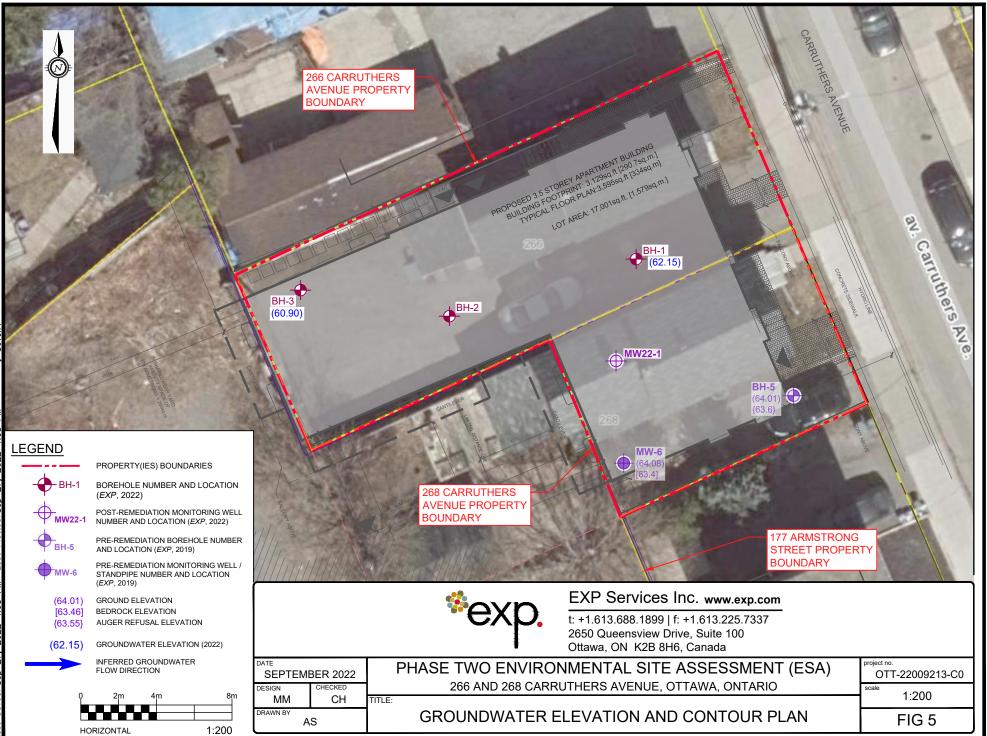
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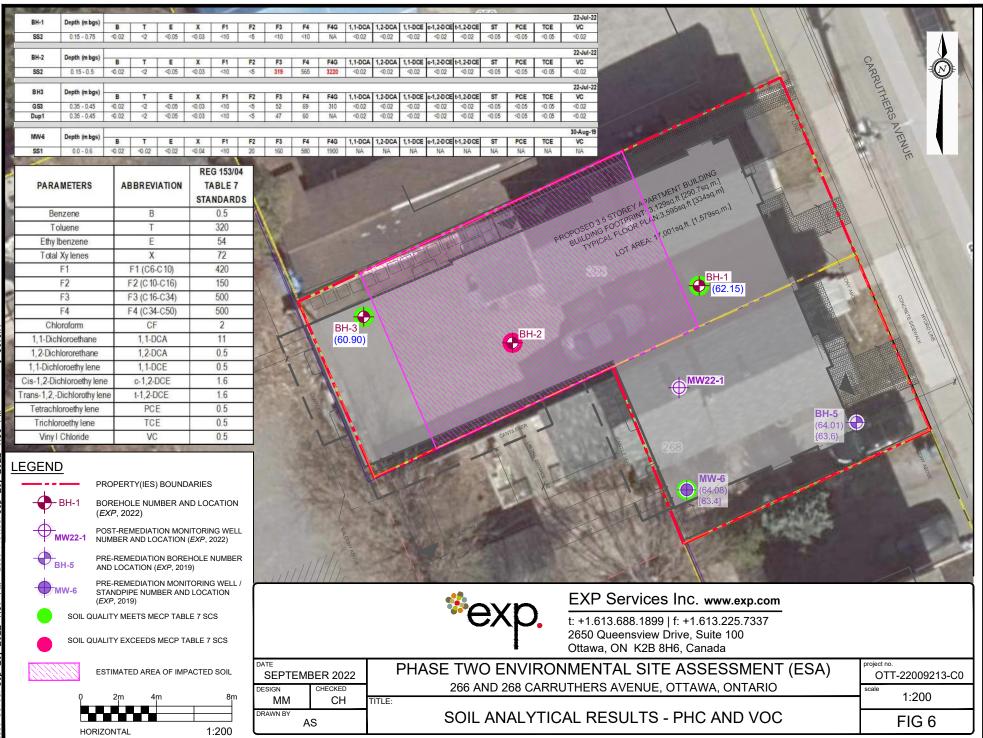


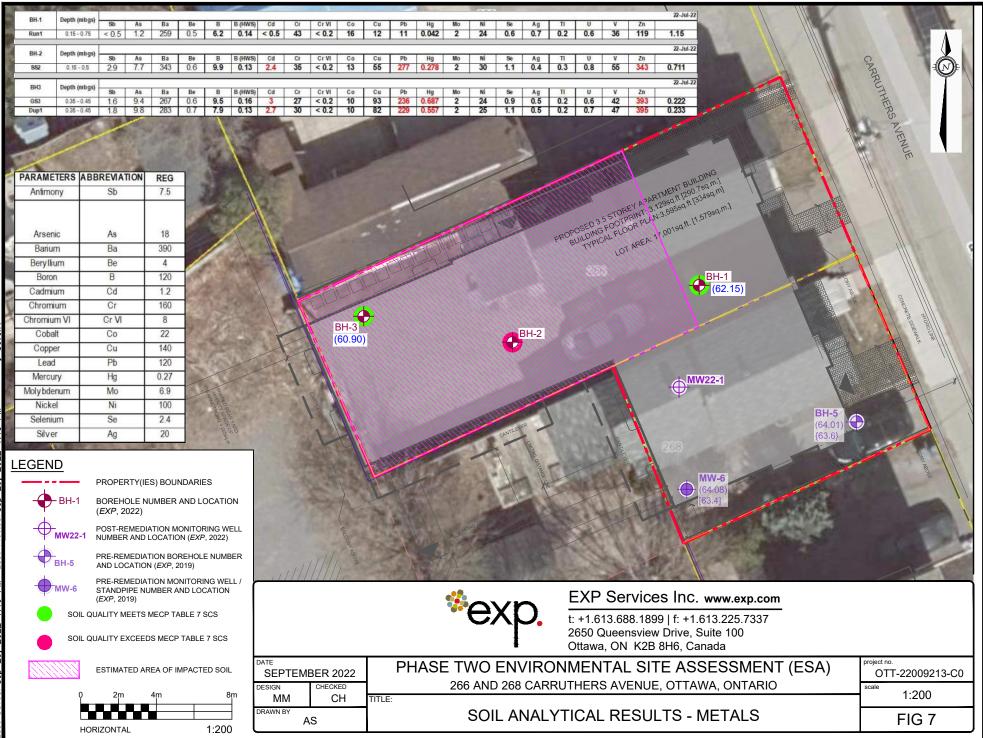
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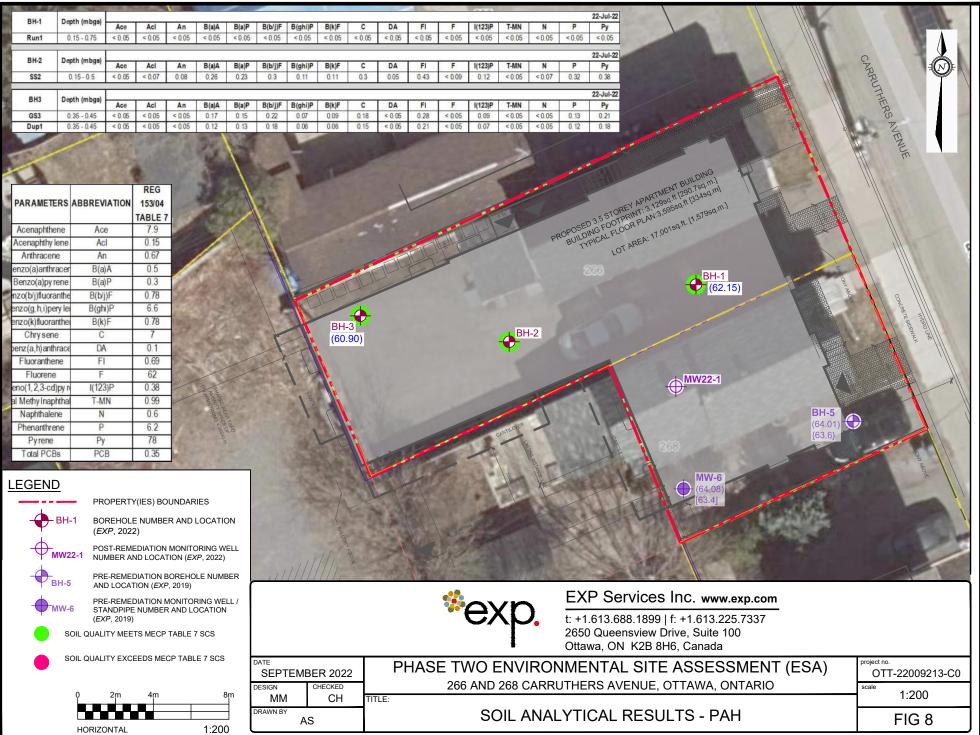












F1	F2	F3	F4	F4G	1,1-DCA	1,2-DCA	1,1-DCE	c-1,2-DCE	t-1,2-DCE	ST	PCE	TCE	VC		
<10	<5	52	69	310	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.02		
<10	\$	47	60	NA	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.02		
													30-Aug-19		
F1	F2	F3	F4	F4G	1,1-DCA	1,2-DCA	1,1-DCE	c-1,2-DCE	t-1,2-DCE	ST	PCE	TCE	VC		
<10	20	160	580	1900	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
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PARAMETERS	ABBREVIATION	REG 153/04 TABLE 7 STANDARDS
Benzene	В	0.5
Toluene	T	320
Ethy Ibenzene	E	54
Total Xy lenes	Х	72
F1	F1 (C6-C10)	420
F2	F2 (C10-C16)	150
F3	F3 (C16-C34)	500
F4	F4 (C34-C50)	500
Chloroform	CF	2
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,1-DCA	11
1,2-Dichlororethane	1,2-DCA	0.5
1,1-Dichloroethy lene	1,1-DCE	0.5
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethy lene	c-1,2-DCE	1.6
Trans-1,2,-Dichlorothylene	t-1, 2-DCE	1.6
Tetrachloroethy lene	PCE	0.5
Trichloroethy lene	TCE	0.5
Viny I Chloride	VC	0.5

ESTIMATED AREA OF IMPACTED SOIL

BH-1	Depth (mbgs)																		22-Jul-2
DH-1	Deput (mogs)	В	Т	E	X	F1	F2	F3	F4	F4G	1,1-DCA	1,2-DCA	1,1-DCE	c-1,2-DCE	t-1,2-DCE	ST	PCE	TCE	VC
SS2	0.15 - 0.75	<0.02	<2	<0.05	<0.03	<10	<5	<10	<10	NA	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.02
BH-2	Depth (mbgs)		е ца 1	H.		6 34 9		00											22-Jul-2
DI-Z	Debri (unde)	В	Т	E	X	F1	F2	F3	F4	F4G	1,1-DCA	1,2-DCA	1,1-DCE	c-1,2-DCE	t-1,2-DCE	ST	PCE	TCE	VC
SS2	0.15 - 0.5	<0.02	<2	<0.05	<0.03	<10	<5	319	565	3220	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.02
	- T	1			9A	i 4			S. 5	41.	38 E	2	20	93 B)	5	9 N		9 (A)	00.1.1.0
BH3	Depth (mbgs)																		22-Jul-2
	a ober fundes	В	Т	E	X	F1	F2	F3	F4	F4G	1,1-DCA	1,2-DCA	1,1-DCE	c-1,2-DCE	t-1,2-DCE	ST	PCE	TCE	VC
GS3	0.35 - 0.45	<0.02	<2	<0.05	<0.03	<10	<5	52	69	310	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.02
Dup1	0.35 - 0.45	<0.02	<2	<0.05	<0.03	<10	\$	47	60	NA	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.02
	Durith furth and																		30-Aug-1
MW-6	Depth (mbgs)	В	т	E	X	F1	F2	F3	F4	F4G	1,1-DCA	1,2-DCA	1,1-DCE	c-1,2-DCE	t-1,2-DCE	ST	PCE	TCE	VC
SS1	0.0 - 0.6	<0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.04	<10	20	160	580	1900	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

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								58 	58 —	
			BEDROCK					59	59 —	H H
			LIMESTONE				PROPERTY	60	60 —	PROPERTY
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					262	15///	BOUNDARY	62	62	BOUNDARY
				FILL				63	63—	
						/////	777	64	64 —	
ļ	ВН-3		N SUR	FACE	BH-1		ļ	65 -	65	ų.
								A' EAST	B NORTH	

PARAMETERS	ABBREVIATION	REG 153/04 TABLE 7 STANDARDS
Benzene	В	0.5
Toluene	T	320
Ethy Ibenzene	E	54
Total Xy lenes	Х	72
F1	F1 (C6-C10)	420
F2	F2 (C10-C16)	150
F3	F3 (C16-C34)	500
F4	F4 (C34-C50)	500
Chloroform	CF	2
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,1-DCA	11
1,2-Dichlororethane	1,2-DCA	0.5
1,1-Dichloroethy lene	1,1-DCE	0.5
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethy lene	c-1,2-DCE	1.6
Trans-1,2,-Dichlorothylene	t-1, 2-DCE	1.6
Tetrachloroethy lene	PCE	0.5
Trichloroethy lene	TCE	0.5
Viny I Chloride	VC	0.5

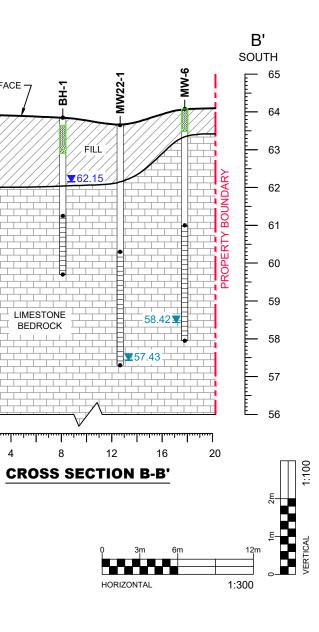
PROPERTY(IES) BOUNDARIES

GROUNDWATER LEVEL SEPTEMBER 19, 2019

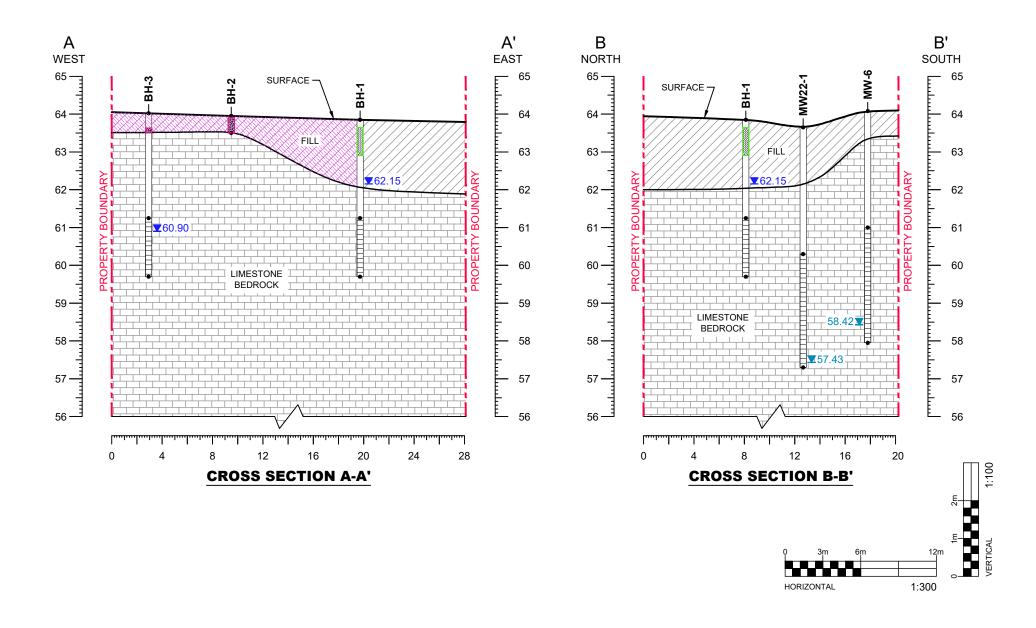
SOIL QUALITY MEETS MECP TABLE 7 SCS SOIL QUALITY EXCEEDS MECP TABLE 7 SCS

GROUNDWATER LEVEL (2022)

LEGEND



(P Services Inc. www.exp.com	
1.613.688.1899 f: +1.613.225.7337 50 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 awa, ON K2B 8H6, Canada	
ENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT (ESA)	project no. OTT-22009213-C0
ERS AVENUE, OTTAWA, ONTARIO	^{scale} HORZ. 1:300 / VERT. 1:100
CTION A-A' & B-B'	TIONZ. 1.3007 VENT. 1.100
SULTS - PHC AND VOC	FIG 9



ll.dv	PARAMETERS	ABBREVIATION	REG
Ļ	Antimony	Sb	7.5
13-C0_F everA	Arsenic	As	18
/: Se	Barium	Ba	390
50 170	Beryllium	Be	4
tteo tteo	Boron	В	120
ଅଟ	Cadmium	Cd	1.2
, ⁸ ≥	Chromium	Cr	160
ല ല	Chromium VI	Cr VI	8
has 1:3	Cobalt	Co	22
22 22	Copper	Cu	140
203	Lead	Pb	120
raw 29,	Mercury	Hg	0.27
ы Б	Molybdenum	Mo	6.9
: Se	Nickel	Ni	100
tior	Selenium	Se	2.4
Plot	Silver	Ag	20
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	C. C	-																						22-Jul-22
	BH-1	Depth (mbgs)	Sb	As	Ba	Be	В	B (HWS)	Cd	Cr	CrVI	Co	Cu	Pb	Hg	Mo	Ni	Se	Ag	TI	U	V	Zn	10.104000000
	Run1	0.15 - 0.75	< 0.5	1.2	259	0.5	6.2	0.14	< 0.5	43	< 0.2	16	12	11	0.042	2	24	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.6	36	119	1.15
				00. 												<i></i>								22-Jul-22
· ·	BH-2	Depth (mbgs)	Sb	As	Ba	Be	В	B (HWS)	Cd	Cr	CrVI	Co	Cu	Pb	Hg	Мо	Ni	Se	Ag	TI	U	٧	Zn	
	SS2	0.15 - 0.5	2.9	7.7	343	0.6	9.9	0.13	2.4	35	< 0.2	13	55	277	0.278	2	30	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.8	55	343	0.711
	BH3	Depth (mbgs)																						22-Jul-22
- 1	Bhs	Debru (unda)	Sb	As	Ba	Be	В	B (HWS)	Cd	Cr	CrVI	Co	Cu	Pb	Hg	Мо	Ni	Se	Ag	TI	U	V	Zn	
_	GS3	0.35 - 0.45	1.6	9.4	267	0.6	9.5	0.16	3	27	< 0.2	10	93	236	0.687	2	24	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.6	42	393	0.222
	Dup1	0.35 - 0.45	1.8	9.8	283	0.7	7.9	0.13	2.7	30	< 0.2	10	82	229	0.557	2	25	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.7	47	395	0.233

	EXP Services Inc. www.exp.com	
	t: +1.613.688.1899 f: +1.613.225.7337 2650 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6, Canada	
DATE SEPTEMBER 2022	PHASE TWO ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT (ESA)	project no. OTT-220092
DESIGN CHECKED	266 AND 268 CARRUTHERS AVENUE, OTTAWA, ONTARIO	HORZ. 1:300 / VEF
MM CH	TITLE: CROSS SECTION A-A' & B-B'	1012. 1.3007 VEI
DRAWN BY AS	ANALYTICAL RESULTS - METALS	FIG 10



ESTIMATED AREA OF IMPACTED SOIL

A WEST		A' EAST	B NORTH	
65		65 E	65	SURFACE 7
64		64	64	
63		- 63	63	
62	Y 60.90 Y 1	62 61		
61		≿ E	1 ≥	
60		PROPER 90	60 Lundhurt	
59 –		59	59	
58 -		58	58	BEDROCK
57 —		- 57	57 —	
56		56	56	
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	0 4 8 12 16 20 24 28 CROSS SECTION A-A'	3		0 4 8 CROSS S

DUA	Double (making)																	22-Jul-22
BH-1	Depth (mbgs)	Ace	Acl	An	B(a)A	B(a)P	B(b/j)F	B(ghi)P	B(k)F	C	DA	FI	F	I(123)P	T-MN	N	Р	Py
Run1	0.15 - 0.75	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
	1																	22-Jul-22
BH-2	Depth (mbgs)	Ace	Acl	An	B(a)A	B(a)P	B(b/j)F	B(ghi)P	B(k)F	C	DA	FI	F	I(123)P	T-MN	N	Р	Py
SS2	0.15 - 0.5	< 0.05	< 0.07	0.08	0.26	0.23	0.3	0.11	0.11	0.3	0.05	0.43	< 0.09	0.12	< 0.05	< 0.07	0.32	0.38
								A		10 O		11 L						
BH3	Depth (mbgs)																	22-Jul-22
DIIS	Debru (unda)	Ace	Acl	An	B(a)A	B(a)P	B(b/j)F	B(ghi)P	B(k)F	C	DA	FI	F	I(123)P	T-MN	N	Р	Py
GS3	0.35 - 0.45	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.17	0.15	0.22	0.07	0.09	0.18	< 0.05	0.28	< 0.05	0.09	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.13	0.21
Dup1	0.35 - 0.45	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.12	0.13	0,18	0.06	0.06	0.15	< 0.05	0.21	< 0.05	0.07	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.12	0.18

< 0.05	< 0.05	0.12	0.18				
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D	ATE SEPTE	MBER	2022	PHASE	TWO EN	VIRO	NMEN
D	ESIGN	CHEC			266 AND 26	8 CARR	UTHER
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PARAMETERS	ABBREVIATION	REG 153/04 TABLE 7
Acenaphthene	Ace	7.9
Acenaphthy lene	Acl	0.15
Anthracene	An	0.67
enzo(a)anthracer	B(a)A	0.5
Benzo(a)py rene	B(a)P	0.3
nzo(b/j)fluoranthe	B(b/j)F	0.78
enzo(g,h,i)pery le	B(ghi)P	6.6
enzo(k)fluoranthe	B(k)F	0.78
Chrysene	С	7
penz(a,h)anthrace	DA	0.1
Fluoranthene	FI	0.69
Fluorene	F	62
eno(1,2,3-cd)py n	I(123)P	0.38
al Methy Inaphtha	T-MN	0.99
Naphthalene	N	0.6
Phenanthrene	Р	6.2
Pyrene	Py	78
Total PCBs	PCB	0.35

GROUNDWATER LEVEL SEPTEMBER 19, 2019

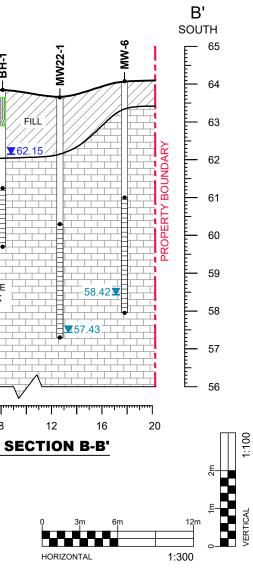
SOIL QUALITY MEETS MECP TABLE 7 SCS SOIL QUALITY EXCEEDS MECP TABLE 7 SCS

GROUNDWATER LEVEL (2022)

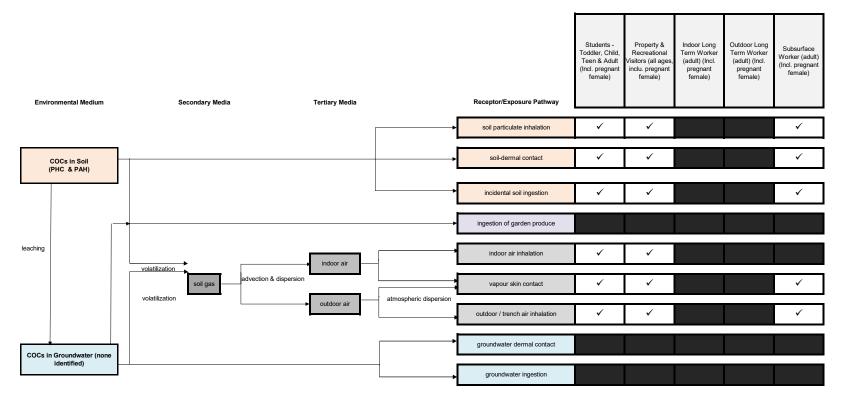
PROPERTY(IES) BOUNDARIES

zo(b/j)fluoranthe	B(b/j)F	0.78	
nzo(g,h,i)peryle	B(ghi)P	6.6	
nzo(k)fluoranthe	B(k)F	0.78	
Chrysene	C	7	-
enz(a,h)anthrace	DA	0.1	1
Fluoranthene	FI	0.69	1
Fluorene	F	62	5
no(1,2,3-cd)py n	I(123)P	0.38	1
Methy Inaphtha	T-MN	0.99	-
Naphthalene	N	0.6	
Phenanthrene	P	6.2	
Pyrene	Py	78	
Total PCBs	PCB	0.35	-

LEGEND

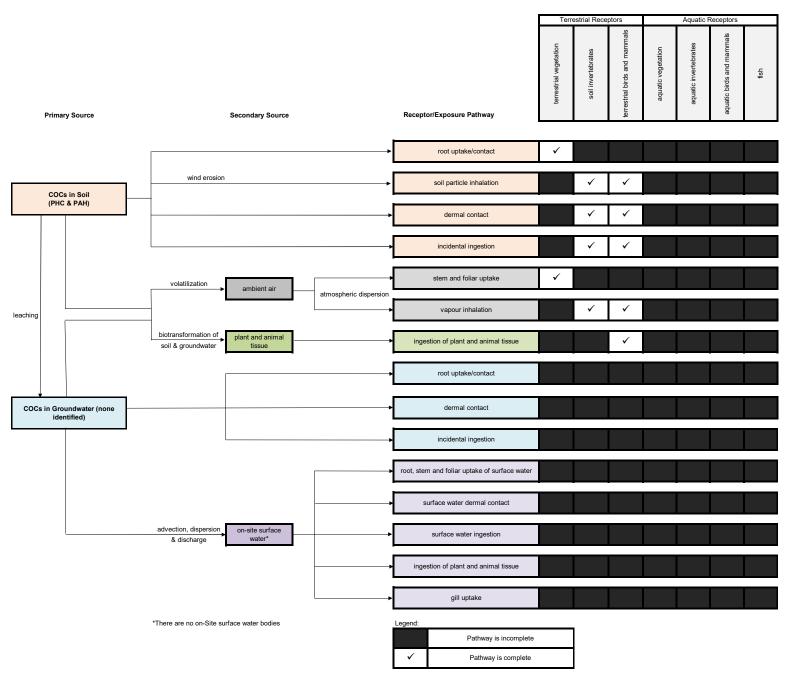


(P Services Inc. www.exp.com	
1.613.688.1899 f: +1.613.225.7337 0 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 awa, ON K2B 8H6, Canada	
ENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT (ESA)	project no. OTT-22009213-C0
ERS AVENUE, OTTAWA, ONTARIO	scale HORZ. 1:300 / VERT. 1:100
CTION A-A' & B-B'	HONZ. 1.3007 VERT. 1.100
AL RESULTS - PAH	FIG 11









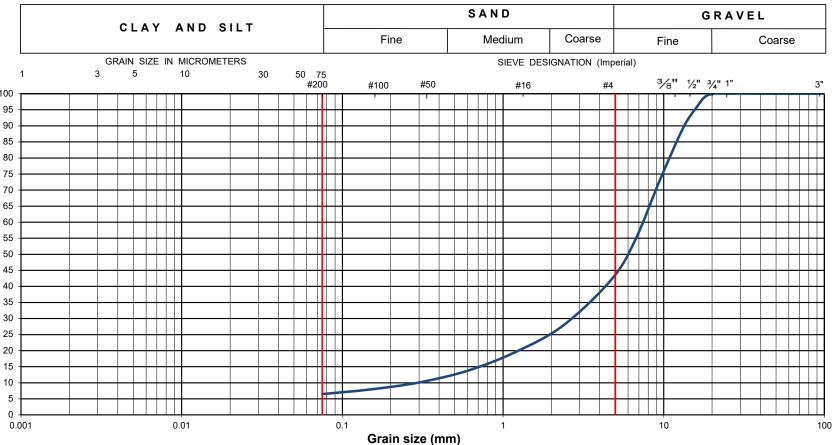


100-2650 Queensview Drive

Grain-Size Distribution Curve Method of Test For Sieve Analysis of Aggregate **ASTM C-136**

Ottawa, ON K2B 8H6

[%]e≻



Unified Soil Classification System

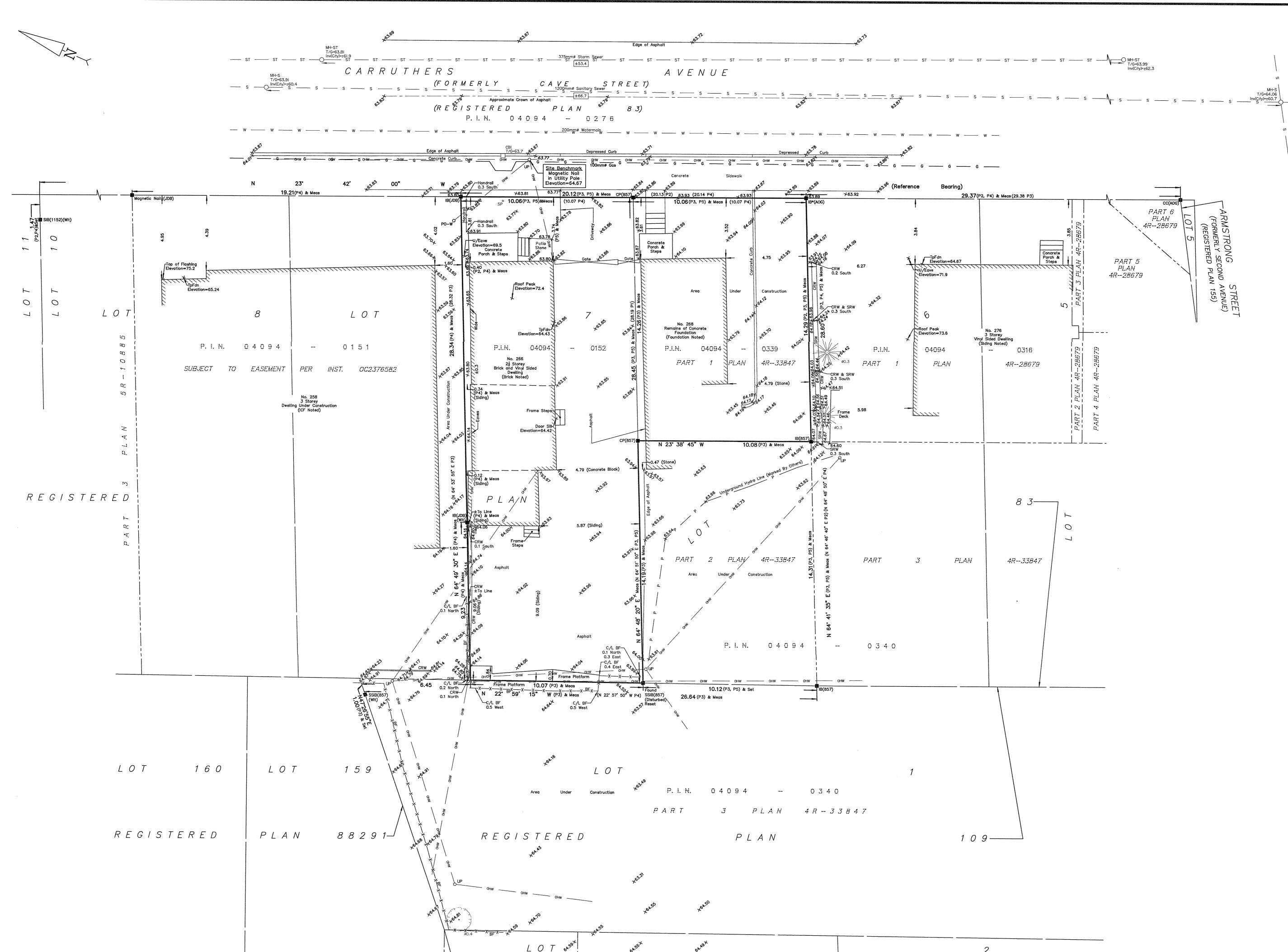
EXP Project No.:	OTT-22014692-A0	Project Name :	Project Name : Geotechnical Investig			tion - Proposed Building					
Client :	The Berge Homes	Project Location : 266-268 Carruth			ners Ave	Ottawa					
Date Sampled :	July 26, 2022	Borehole No:		BH1	Sample	: 0	SS1	Depth (m) :	0.025-0.150		
Sample Composition :		Gravel (%)	58	Sand (%)	35	Silt & Clay (%)		-Figure :	YYY		
Sample Description :	Poorly Graded Gravel with Silt and Sand (GP - GM)							XXX			

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McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

Appendix B: Survey Plan





365278, 5029544

2

TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN OF SURVEY OF

PART OF LOTS 6 & 7 **REGISTERED PLAN 83 CITY OF OTTAWA**

FARLEY, SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD. 2022

Scale 1: 100 2.5

10 metres

Metric Note

Distances on this plan are in metres and can be converted to feet by dividing by 0.3048.

Distance Note

Distances shown on this plan are ground distances and can be converted to grid distances by multiplying by the combined scale factor of 0.99994.

Bearing Note

Bearings are grid, referred to the westerly limit of Carruthers Avenue having a bearing of N 23° 42' 00" W as shown on Plan 4R-28679 and are referred to the

Central Meridian of MTM Zone 9 (76°30' West Longitude) Nad-83 (Original).

For bearing comparisons, a rotation of 0°53'25" counter-clockwise was applied to bearings on P3 & P5.

Elevation Notes

- Elevations shown are geodetic and are referred to Geodetic Datum CGVD-1928 :1978. (Monument No. 197534238) 2. It is the responsibility of the user of this information to verify that the job
- benchmark has not been altered or disturbed and that it's relative elevation and description agrees with the information shown on this drawing.

Utility Notes

- 1. This drawing cannot be accepted as acknowledging all of the utilities and it will be the responsibility of the user to contact the respective utility authorities for confirmation.
- 2. Only visible surface utilities were located.
- Underground utility data derived from City of Ottawa utility sheet reference: E-08-09 & E-08-13. 4. Sanitary and storm sewer grades and inverts were compiled from: City of
- Ottawa Public Utilities Registry. 5. A field location of underground plant by the pertinent utility authority is
- mandatory before any work involving breaking ground, probing, excavating etc.

Notes & Legend

	Denotes	
-0-	88	Survey Monument Planted
	11	Survey Monument Found
SIB	74	Standard Iron Bar
SSIB	11	Short Standard Iron Bar
IB	0	Iron Bar
IB*	n	Iron Bar (0.3m Long)
CC	n	Cut Cross
CP	11	Concrete Pin
(Wit)	13	Witness
Meas	81	Measured
(P1)	11	Registered Plan 83
(P2)	17	Plan 4R-28679
(P3)	ŧī	Plan 4R-33847
(P4)	11	Plan by (JDB) dated October 20, 2015 (Ref. No. 15-10-861-00)
(P5)	11	Plan by (857) dated October 7, 2020 (Ref. No. 18(a)-83)
O MH-ST	п	Maintenance Hole (Storm)
O MH-S	13	Maintenance Hole (Sanitary)
ST -	11	Underground Storm Sewer
S	11	Underground Sanitary Sewer
w -	11	Underground Water
P	11	Underground Hydro
G -	11	Underground Gas
O ^{UP} OHW	11	Overhead Wires
Сві	67 83	Utility Pole Catch Basin Inlet
o SP	£1 {1	Water Stand Post
∘ SP O POW	13	Wood Pole
Ø 10-1	F) 43	Diameter
ČLF	11	Chain Link Fence
BF	13	Board Fence
CRW	63	Concrete Retaining Wall
SRW	63	Stone Retaining Wall
Inv.	53	Invert
lnv(City) T/G	11	Invert from City of Ottawa Public Utilities Registry
U/Eave	FT 11	Top of Grate Underside of Eave
TpFdn	0	Top of Foundation
C/L	Π	Centreline
+ 65.00	f 1	Location of Elevations
+65.00	11	Top of Concrete Curb/Retaining Wall Elevation
0019002024/4-2420000000000	11	Property Line
\sim		
$\left\{\cdot\right\}$	13	Deciduous Tree - The Symbol shown denotes
Key		location and trunk diameter only. Size of its' root
		system/overhead canopy may be smaller/larger than
		the symbol size depicted on this plan.
X. /		
SE	11	Coniferous Tree - The Symbol shown denotes
The		location and trunk diameter only. Size of its' root
7 1		system/overhead canony may be smaller/larger than

location and trunk diameter only. Size of its' root system/overhead canopy may be smaller/larger than the symbol size depicted on this plan.

Site Area = 429.8 sq.m.

WARNING NO PERSON MAY COPY, REPRODUCE, DISTRIBUTE OR ALTER THIS PLAN IN WHOLE OR IN PART WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF FARLEY, SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD. © FARLEY, SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD., 2022.
 Surveyor's Certificate I certify that : This survey and plan are correct and in accordance with the Surveys Act, the Surveyors Act and the Regulations made under them. The survey was completed on the 18th day of April, 2022. April 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
This plan of survey relates to AOL5 Plan Submission Form Number V-25584.
FARLEY, SMITH & DENIS SURVEYING LTD
ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS CANADA LAND SURVEYORS
Unit 275, 30 COLONNADE ROAD, OTTAWA, ONTARIO K2E 7J6 TEL. (613) 727-8226 E-mail: fsdsurveys@bellnet.ca

J:\2022\152-22_266-268 Carruthers Av_topo\Final\152-22_266-268 Carruthers Ave_PtI6&7 RP83_T_F.dwg

FILE No.: 152-22

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McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

Appendix C: Sampling and Analysis Plan



McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-21019403-A0 July 5, 2022

1 Introduction

This appendix presents the Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAAP) that was developed in support of the Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) for the property located at 266 Carruthers Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario (hereinafter referred to as the 'site'). The SAAP presents the procedures and measures that will be undertaken during field investigative activities to characterize the site conditions and meet the data quality objectives of the Phase Two ESA.

The SAAP presents the sampling program proposed for the site, the recommended procedures and protocols for sampling and related field activities, the data quality objectives, and the quality assurance/ quality control measures that will be undertaken to provide for the collection of accurate, reproducible and representative data. These components are described in further detail below.

2 Field Sampling Program

The field sampling program was developed to provide for the collection of samples of the soil and groundwater for chemical analysis of petroleum hydrocarbons (PHC), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (collectively known as 'BTEX'), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), and metals. The soil sampling media is to consist of the overburden materials (depths up to 6.5 m of overburden beneath site). The soil sampling will be location-specific to assess for the potential presence of PHC, BTEX, PAH, and/or metals based on the identification of potential areas of potential environmental concern identified in a Phase One ESA completed by EXP in 2022. Vapour readings will also be taken in the field to determine samples to be submitted for laboratory analysis.

No groundwater sampling will be completed.

Vertical control of the boreholes will be obtained through the completion of an elevation survey with reference to a geodetic benchmark.

3 Field Methods

To meet the requirements of the field sampling program, the following field investigative methods will be undertaken:

- Borehole Drilling;
- Soil Sampling; and,
- Elevation Survey.

The field investigative methods will be performed following the procedures and protocols set out in EXP's standard operating procedures and are outlined below:

3.1 Borehole Drilling

Boreholes will be advanced at the site to facilitate the collection of soil samples for chemical analysis and geologic characterization; and, for the installation of groundwater monitoring wells. A total of 3 boreholes (BH22-1 to BH22-3) are proposed to be advanced at the site, up to a maximum overburden depth of approximately 2.5 m below grade, to provide for the collection of samples of the surficial and overburden materials beneath the site. The borehole locations will be selected to delineate the extent and magnitude of PCOC related impacts to the soil/fill.



McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-21019403-A0 July 5, 2022

Prior to borehole drilling, utility clearances will be obtained from public and private locators, as required. The borehole drilling program will be conducted by a licensed driller under the oversight of EXP field staff. All drilling equipment will be cleaned prior to the commencement of drilling at each borehole location.

3.2 Soil Sampling

Soil samples will be collected for chemical analysis and geologic property characterization. The soil samples will be collected using 5 cm diameter, 60 cm long, stainless steel split-spoon sampling devices advanced ahead of the direct push drilling equipment at continuous intervals. The split spoon sampling devices will be attached to drill rods and advanced into the soil by means of a standard penetrating hammer. Upon retrieval from the boreholes, the split-spoon samplers will be placed on a flat surface and disassembled by drilling personnel to provide access of the recovered cores. Geologic and sampling details of the recovered cores will be logged and the samples will be assessed for the potential presence of non-aqueous phase liquids. Samples for chemical analysis will be selected on the basis of visual and olfactory evidence of impacts and at specific intervals to define the lateral and vertical extent of known impacts.

Recommended volumes of soil samples selected for chemical analysis will be collected into pre-cleaned, laboratory supplied, analytical test group specific containers. The samples will be placed into clean insulated coolers chilled with ice for storage and transport. Samples intended for analysis of BTEX and PHC F1-F2 will be collected into 40 ml vials. The samples will be assigned unique identification numbers, and the date, time, location, and requested analyses for each sample will be documented in a bound field note book. The samples will be submitted to the contract laboratory within analytical test group holding times under Chain of Custody (COC) protocols. New disposable chemical resistant gloves will be used for each soil core to prevent sample cross-contamination.

3.3 Elevation Survey

An elevation survey will be conducted to obtain vertical control of all borehole locations. The ground surface elevation of each borehole location will be surveyed against a known geodetic benchmark, or if unavailable, against a suitable arbitrary benchmark. Elevations measured against using a high precision GPS unit and a benchmark with an assigned elevation will be recorded as meters above mean sea level (m AMSL). The elevation survey will be accurate to within ± 0.5 cm.

4 Field Quality Assurance/Quality Control Program

The objective of the field quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) program is to obtain soil samples and other field measurements that provide data of acceptable quality that meets the objectives of the Phase Two ESA. The objectives of the QA/QC program will be achieved through the implementation of procedures for the collection of unbiased (i.e. non-contaminated) samples, sample documentation and the collection of appropriate QC samples to provide a measure of sample reproducibility and accuracy. The field QA/QC measures will comprise:

- Decontamination Protocols;
- Equipment Calibration;
- Sample Preservation;
- Sample Documentation; and,
- Field Quality Control Samples.



Details on the field QA/QC measures are provided below.

4.1 Decontamination Protocols

Decontamination protocols will be followed during field sampling where non-dedicated sampling equipment is used to prevent sample cross contamination. The split spoon soil sampling device will be cleaned/decontaminated between sampling intervals in according with SOP requirements. All decontamination fluids will be collected and stored in sealed, labeled containers.

4.2 Equipment Calibration

All equipment requiring calibration will be calibrated in the field according to manufacturer's requirements using analytical grade reagents, or by the supplier prior to conducting field activities, and subsequently checked in the field. The calibration of all pre-calibrated instruments will be checked in the field using analytical grade reagents and re-calibrated as required. For multiple day sampling events, equipment calibration will be checked prior to the beginning of sampling activities. All calibration data will be documented in a bound hard cover notebook.

4.3 Sample Preservation

All samples will be preserved using appropriate analytical test group specific reagents, as required, and upon collection placed in pre-chilled insulated coolers packed with ice for storage and transport.

4.4 Sample Documentation

All samples will be assigned a unique identification number, which is to be recorded along with the date, time, project number, company name, location and requested analysis in a bound field notebook. All samples will be handled and transported following COC protocols.

4.5 Field Quality Control

Field quality controls samples will be collected to evaluate the accuracy and reproducibility of the field sampling procedures. For soil sampling, one (1) field duplicate is to be collected for every ten (10) samples submitted for chemical analysis. The field duplicate samples will be assessed by calculating the relative percent difference and comparing to the analytical test group specific acceptance criteria.



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McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

Appendix D: Borehole Logs



	Log of	Bc	Dr	rehole <u>BH</u>	-1	***	ב	xn
Project No						Figure No. 3		$\gamma \gamma$
Project:	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Re	esidentia	al C	Development	_ F	·		
Location:	266 Carruthers Avenue, City of Ottawa, C	Ontario				Page. <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>		
Date Drille	d: 'July 26, 2022		s	Split Spoon Sample		Combustible Vapour Reading		
Drill Type:	CME-55 Truck Mount Drill Rig			Auger Sample		Natural Moisture Content Atterberg Limits		×
Datum:	Estimated Elevation		C	Dynamic Cone Test		Undrained Triaxial at		⊕
Logged by	r: M.Z Checked by: I.T	-	s	Shelby Tube H Shear Strength by H /ane Test S		% Strain at Failure Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test		▲
G Y MB W BOL	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Elevation m	D e p t h	Standard Penetration Test N Valu 20 40 60 8 Shear Strength 50 100 150 20	i0 kPa	Combustible Vapour Reading (ppm) 250 500 750 Natural Moisture Content % Atterberg Limits (% Dry Weight) 20 40 60		Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
	SPHALT ~25 mm thick 63 RANULAR FILL ~ 125 mm 63 Tushed limestone, gravel with sand and t, grey, moist (compact) 63	3.85 3.8 3.7	0	18 20		×		GS1 SS2 18.7
	ose)		1 2	2				SS3

Sand and gravel to clayey silt, some topsoil inclusions or seams, cobbles, boulders, dark brown, moist, (compact loose)	to									
	1	2 O								SS3
LIMESTONE BEDROCK	62.3 1, the 62.15	n bouncir O	ng refusa				×			SS4
	_ 2									
										Run 25.8
	_ 3									
										Run 25.8
	- 4 59.7									
Borehole Terminated at 4.2 m Dept										
NOTES: 1. Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before	WATER L	EVEL RI	ECORD	S		CC	REDRIL	LING R	ECORD	

OGS	NOTES: 1.Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before	WATE	ER LEVEL RECO	RDS	CORE DRILLING RECORD					
BHL	use by others	Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)	Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %		
빙	2.A 19 mm diameter standpipe was installed as shown.	Upon Completion	Core Water	no cave	1	1.7 - 2.8	92	87		
핅	3. Field work supervised by an EXP representative.	July 29, 2022	3.1		2	2.8 - 4.2	100	100		
BOR	4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions	August 30, 2022	1.7							
PF PF	5.Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-22014692-A0									
ГŐ										

Log	of B	ore	nole	<u>BH-2</u>

Project No: OTT-22014692-A0

*ex	p.

r rojoot no.				Figure No. 4	
Project:	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed Residentia	al Development		• •	
Location:	266 Carruthers Avenue, City of Ottawa, Ontario			Page. <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>	
Date Drilled:	'July 26, 2022	Split Spoon Sample		Combustible Vapour Reading	
Drill Type:	CME-55 Truck Mount Drill Rig	Auger Sample SPT (N) Value	0	Natural Moisture Content X Atterberg Limits ————————————————————————————————————	
Datum:	Estimated Elevation	Dynamic Cone Test Shelby Tube	-	Undrained Triaxial at \oplus % Strain at Failure	
Logged by:	M.Z Checked by: I.T	Shear Strength by Vane Test	— + s	Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test	

G	S Y		Estimated	D e			ndard Pen				2	50 5	our Readi 00 7	ng (ppm) 50	SAMPLES	Natural Unit Wt.
G W L	S Y B O	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Elevation m	D e p t h	She	2 ear S	0 4 itrength	U 6		80 kPa	Nat Atterb	ural Moist erg Limits	ure Conte s (% Dry V	nt % Veight)	P	Unit Wt. kN/m ³
	L	ACDUALT . 25 mm thick	63.95	0		5	0 10	0 1	50 2	00	2	20	10 <u>6</u>			
	\bigotimes	∑ASPHALT ~25 mm thick /	63.9 63.8		÷÷		• • • • • • •				×				m	GS1
	\bigotimes	Crushed limestone, grey, moist (compact)	00.0	7	, ther	ו :: ו bou	uncing re	fusal						1:::::		
		FILL			1::	: : :	••••• • ••				×				ΧL	SS2
		Sand and gravel with topsoil, dark brown,	63.5											1::::/		
		Tmoist (compact)														
		Auger Refusal at 0.5 m Depth														
					111	::	::::	::::								
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.0GS	NOTES: 1.Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before	WAT	ER LEVEL RECO	RDS		CORE DF	RILLING RECOF	RD
BHL	use by others	Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)	Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
Щ	2. Borehole was backfilled upon completion	Upon Completion	dry	no cave				
BOREHO	3. Field work supervised by an EXP representative.							
	4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions							
LOG OF	5.Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-22014692-A0							

	Log o	f Bo	D	rehole	ЭE	3H-3	6			6	yn
Project No:	OTT-22014692-A0								-	C	$\mathcal{N}\mathcal{P}$
Project:	Geotechnical Investigation - Proposed	Residenti	ial	Development			Fi	igure No Page. 1	<u>5</u> of 1		1
Location:	266 Carruthers Avenue, City of Ottawa	, Ontario								_	
Date Drilled:	'July 26, 2022		-	Split Spoon Sample)			Combustible Vapou	r Reading		
Drill Type:	CME-55 Truck Mount Drill Rig			Auger Sample SPT (N) Value				Natural Moisture Co Atterberg Limits	ontent	⊢	× ⊸
Datum:	Estimated Elevation			Dynamic Cone Test Shelby Tube		_		Undrained Triaxial a % Strain at Failure	at		\oplus
Logged by:	M.Z Checked by: I.T			Shear Strength by Vane Test		+ s		Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test			
GWL OL	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Estimated Elevation m	D e p t h	20 40 Shear Strength) 60	9 <u>80</u>	(Pa	Combustible Vapou 250 500 Natural Moistur Atterberg Limits () 750 e Content %	A M P	Natural Unit Wt. kN/m ³
	HALT ~25 mm thick // NULAR FILL ~ 125 mm hed limestone, grey, moist (compact) /	64.02 64.0 63.9 2 63.6	0 2, th	en bouncing refuse		0 200		20 40	60		GS1 SS2 GS3
Sance brow	d and gravel with topsoil, cobbles, dark /n, moist (loose) STONE BEDROCK / (fair to good quality)	05.0									Run 1

	L			64.02	0		50	100	150	2	00	2	20	40	60		S	
	$\times\!\!\times\!\!\times$	∖ <u>ASPHALT</u> ~25 mm thick	Γ	64.0	ľ				: : : :	::	1 : : : :		1 : : :	: : :	::	:::::	m	GS1
	\longleftrightarrow	∖ GRANULAR FILL ~ 125 mm		63.9	2, th	nen boui	ncing refu	ısal	3163 1	:::			1111	: T : :	11 H		H	
	$\times\!\!\times\!\!\times$	\Crushed limestone, grey, moist (con	npact) /			1.1.1	2		111	:::		: : : X		: T : :	11 H		XI	SS2
	$\times\!\!\times\!\!\times$	FILL	· · · · · /	63.6						::::			1.5.5.5.	: : : :			m	GS3
	(XX)	Sand and gravel with topsoil, cobble	s dark [00.0						:::				::::			Ύ.	000
		brown, moist (loose)	5, Uair	-					÷ŀ÷÷	÷÷		: : : : :	<u> -:-:</u> -		÷÷†			
									÷144	÷.;.		14444 A	1.5.5.5.		÷.	÷÷÷÷		
		LIMESTONE BEDROCK				1.5.5.1.5			÷1.5÷.	į.;.		14444	1.3.3.3.	:	33.L			
		Grey (fair to good quality)							3. I.S.S.	:.:.			1.3.3.3.	: . : : :				Run 1
										:::								25.9
										: :								25.9
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						1222			2122	::::	11111	13633	111111	111	33 F	12 C 1 C 1	11	
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BH LOGS 266 CARRUTHERS 22014692.GPJ TROW ОТТАМА.GDT 8/31/22 - Z	DTES:			WATE	RI	EVEL F	RECORD)S] [00			GRE	CORD		
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핆	use by	/ others	Dat	te	,	Water		Hole C			Run	Dep	เก	%	Rec.	·	RC	2D %
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Level (m) Core water To (m) no cave <u>No.</u> 1 (m) 0.4 - 1.2 2.A 19 mm diameter standpipe was installed as shown. LOG OF BOREHOLE Upon Completion 90 77 July 29, 2022 2 1.2 - 2.7 97 48 3. Field work supervised by an EXP representative. 3.4 August 30, 2022 2.7 - 4.3 3.1 3 80 95 4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions 5.Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-22014692-A0

	Log of Bore	ehole MW	/22-′	1 1	* eyn
Project No:	OTT-22009213-B0			—	CAP.
Project:	Post Remediation Groundwater Sampling Program	n		Figure No. <u>1</u> Page. 1 of	1
Location:	177 Armstrong Street and 268 Carruthers Avenue	e, Ottawa, Ontario			<u> </u>
Date Drilled:	'May 11, 2022	Split Spoon Sample	\boxtimes	Combustible Vapour Reading	
Drill Type:	Geomachine Drill Rig	Auger Sample		Natural Moisture Content	×
Datum:	Geodetic Elevation	SPT (N) Value Dynamic Cone Test Shelby Tube		Atterberg Limits Undrained Triaxial at % Strain at Failure	₽€ ⊕
Logged by:	P.O. Checked by: M.M.	Shear Strength by Vane Test		Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test	A

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ninated at 6.31 m Depth	01.0	\vdash		1:	<u></u>		<u></u>	1							·····	+	
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EHO	NOTES: 1.Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before	WAT	ER LEVEL RECC	RDS		CORE DF	RILLING RECOF	RD
BORE	use by others	Date	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)	Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
OF BOREHOLE	2.A 37 mm diameter monitoring well was installed as shown.	25 days	6.2		1	13-26 26-41	94 100	19 58
ORE	3. Field work supervised by an EXP representative.					2.0 - 4.1	100	50
ЪВ	4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions							
LOG								

Log of Borehole	<u>BH 5</u>
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Project No: <u>OTT-00252997-B0</u>

r toject No.	011-00202091-00			Figure No. 7
Project:	Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment			° I
Location:	177 Armstrong Street and 268 Carruthers Aven	ue, Ottawa, Ontario		Page. <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>
Date Drilled:	'August 30, 2019	_ Split Spoon Sample	\boxtimes	Combustible Vapour Reading
Drill Type:	CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig	Auger Sample – SPT (N) Value		Natural Moisture Content X Atterberg Limits
Datum:	Geodetic Elevation	Dynamic Cone Test Shelby Tube		Undrained Triaxial at \oplus Strain at Failure
Logged by:	M.L. Checked by: I.T.	Shear Strength by Vane Test	+ s	Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

G W L	S Y B U L	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Geodel Elevatio	on p t h		Star 2 ear S 5	0 itreng	4		n Te: 60 150		/alue 80 200	kPa		25 Nati tterb	50	50	00 ure Co (% D	75	nt % eight)	- A	1.61/3
	X	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~25 mm GRANULAR FILL ~ 375 mm Crushed gravel with sand, grey, darr – Auger Refusal at 0.4 m Depth	64.01 63.9 63.6	0			•	<u>.</u>	for 50			200	, 								ľ	SS1
		– Auger Keiusai at 0.4 m Depti	' _	1																		
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T-00252997-B0.GPJ TROW OTTAWA.GDT 10/17/19		_	_																			
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B0.GPJ TR		-													· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						·····	
T-00252997-															· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
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1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	. Boreho	le data requires interpretation by EXP before others le backfilled upon completion of drilling. rork supervised by an EXP representative.	Elapsed Time Completion	L	Wat <u>_evel</u> Dry	(m)		ł	Hole C <u>To (</u> 0.2	m)	1		Run No.	[Dep (m)	th)		%	Rec).	R	QD %
		otes on Sample Descriptions be read with EXP Report OTT-00252997-B0																				

Log	of Bo	oreho	e	MW	6
<u> </u>			_		

*ex	0.

Project No:	OTT-00252997-B0			
Project:	Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment			Figure No. 8
Location:	177 Armstrong Street and 268 Carruthers Ave	nue, Ottawa, Ontario		Page. <u>1</u> of <u>1</u>
Date Drilled:	'August 30, 2019	Split Spoon Sample	\boxtimes	Combustible Vapour Reading
Drill Type:	CME-75 Truck Mounted Drill Rig	Auger Sample — SPT (N) Value	•	Natural Moisture Content X Atterberg Limits
Datum:	Geodetic Elevation	Dynamic Cone Test – Shelby Tube		Undrained Triaxial at \oplus Strain at Failure
Logged by:	M.L. Checked by: I.T.	Shear Strength by Vane Test	+ s	Shear Strength by Penetrometer Test

S		Geodetic	D		andard	Penetr	ation Te	est N Valu	e		oour Read	ing (ppm) '50	S A	Natural
G M W B L O	SOIL DESCRIPTION	Elevation	e p t	Shear	20 Strengt	40 h	60) 80) kPa		sture Conte ts (% Dry V			Unit Wt. kN/m ³
Ľ		m 64.08	h 0		50	100	15	0 20				60	E S	KIN/III
	ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ~35 mm GRANULAR FILL ~ 350 mm	64.0		0.000									\setminus	
$\sim 0^{\circ}$	_Crushed gravel, grey, damp, (loose)	63.7		8 0		÷				0 ∏::::::			Y	SS1
	- <u>FILL</u> -												Λ	
	Silty sand with gravel and cobbles, brown	63.4											/ \	
	And grey, moist			0.010										
	Aphanitic to fine grained, occasional		1				1.1.1.1							Run
	fractures, grey, (very poor to excellent								• • • • • •					
	quality)													
														Run
	Highly fractured with voids from 0.7 m to -2.5 m depths -		2											rtan
			2						• • • • • • •					
	Void from 1.5 m to 2.1 m depths													Run
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	Borehole Terminated at 6.1 m Depth													
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OTES:		WATER								00				

REHO	NOTES:	WAT	ER LEVEL RECC	RDS		CORE DR	ILLING RECOR	RD
BOR	1. Borehole data requires interpretation by EXP before use by others	Elapsed Time	Water Level (m)	Hole Open To (m)	Run No.	Depth (m)	% Rec.	RQD %
OLE	2. A 32 mm diameter monitoring well with screened section installed as shown.	20 Days	5.7		1	0.7 - 1.4	39	0
Ť					2	1.4 - 2.2	22	0
ORE	3. Field work supervised by an EXP representative.				3	2.2 - 2.5	100	0
Ë	4. See Notes on Sample Descriptions				4	2.5 - 3.3	100	92
0	5. Log to be read with EXP Report OTT-00252997-B0				5	3.3 - 4.9	100	95
õ					6	4.9 - 6.1	100	100

EXP Services Inc.

McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

Appendix E: Analytical Summary Tables



*exp.

TABLE 1SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS (µg/g)PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Parameter	MECP Table 7 ¹	MW-6 SS1	BH1 SS2	BH2 SS2	BH3 GS3	Dup1
Sample Date (d/m/y)	Desidential	30-Aug-19	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	Duplicate of
Sample Depth (mbsg)	Residential	0.0 - 0.6	0.15 - 0.75	0.15 - 0.5	0.35 - 0.45	BH3 GS3
BV Labs ID		KRR580	B22-23660-1	B22-23660-2	B22-23660-3	B22-23660-4
Date of Analysis		7-Sep-2019	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022
Maxxam Certificate of Analysis		B9O6633	B22-23660	B22-23660	B22-23660	B22-23660
Acetone	16	NA	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
	0.21		< 0.5		< 0.5	
Benzene Bromodichloromethane	13	< 0.02 NA	< 0.02	< 0.02 < 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02 < 0.02
Bromoform	0.27	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Bromomethane	0.27	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.05	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Chlorobenzene	2.4	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.03
Chloroform	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Dibromochloromethane	9.4	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	3.4	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	4.8	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.083	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Dichlorodifluoromethane	16	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	3.5	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	3.4	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.084	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene Trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Ethylbenzene	2	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Ethylene Dibromide	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Hexane	2.8	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Methylene Chloride	0.1	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	16	NA	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.7	NA	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether	0.75	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Styrene	0.7	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.058	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Tetrachloroethylene	0.28	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Toluene	2.3	< 0.02	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.38	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.05	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Trichloroethylene	0.061	NA	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	4	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Vinyl Chloride	0.02	NA	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total Xylenes	3.1	<0.04	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
PHC F ₁ (>C ₆ -C ₁₀)	55	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
PHC F ₂ (>C ₁₀ -C ₁₆)	98	20	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
PHC F ₃ (>C ₁₆ -C ₃₄)	300	160	< 10	319	52	47
PHC F ₄ (>C ₃₄ -C ₅₀)	2800	580	< 10	565	69	60
PHC F ₄ gravimetric	2800	1900	NA	3220	310	NA

NOTES:

MECP Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the EPA, April 2011, Table 7 Non-

Potable Residential SCS, coarse grained soil.

Not analyzed

Shaded/Bold Concentration exceeds MECP Table 7 Residential SCS.

NA

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TABLE 2SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS (μg/g)
METALS
266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Parameter	MECP	BH1 SS2	BH2 SS2	BH3 GS3	Dunt
Parameter	Table 7 ¹	BH1 552	вп2 552	вна 653	Dup1
Sample Date (d/m/y)	Residential	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	Duplicate of
Sample Depth (mbsg)	Residential	0.15 - 0.75	0.15 - 0.5	0.35 - 0.45	BH3 GS3
BV Labs ID		B22-23660-1	B22-23660-2	B22-23660-3	B22-23660-4
Date of Analysis		29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022
Maxxam Certificate of Analysis		B22-23660	B22-23660	B22-23660	B22-23660
Antimony	7.5	< 0.5	2.9	1.6	1.8
Arsenic	18	1.2	7.7	9.4	9.8
Barium	390	259	343	267	283
Beryllium	4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Boron	120	6.2	9.9	9.5	7.9
Boron (HWS)	1.5	0.14	0.13	0.16	0.13
Cadmium	1.2	< 0.5	2.4	3	2.7
Chromium	160	43	35	27	30
Chromium VI	8	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
Cobalt	22	16	13	10	10
Copper	140	12	55	93	82
Lead	120	11	277	236	229
Mercury	0.27	0.042	0.278	0.687	0.557
Molybdenum	6.9	2	2	2	2
Nickel	100	24	30	24	25
Selenium	2.4	0.6	1.1	0.9	1.1
Silver	20	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5
Thallium	1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
Uranium	23	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7
Vanadium	86	36	55	42	47
Zinc	340	119	343	393	395
Sodium Absorption Ratio	5	1.15	0.711	0.222	0.233

NOTES:

MECP Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the EPA, April 2011, Table 7 Non-Potable Residential SCS, coarse grained soil.

Shaded/ Bold Concentration exceeds MECP Table 7 Residential SCS.

Not analyzed

NA

1

TABLE 3SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS (µg/g)
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS
266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Parameter		BH1 SS2	BH2 SS2	BH3 GS3	Dup1
Sample Date (d/m/y)	Table 7 ¹	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	Duplicate of
	Residential	-	-	-	Duplicate of
Sample Depth (mbsg)		0.15 - 0.75	0.15 - 0.5	0.35 - 0.45	BH3 GS3
Lab ID		B22-23660-1	B22-23660-2	B22-23660-3	B22-23660-4
Date of Analysis		29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022	29-Jul-2022
Certificate of Analysis		B22-23660	B22-23660	B22-23660	B22-23660
Acenaphthene	7.9	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Acenaphthylene	0.15	< 0.05	< 0.07	< 0.05	< 0.05
Anthracene	0.67	< 0.05	0.08	< 0.05	< 0.05
Benzo[a]anthracene	0.5	< 0.05	0.26	0.17	0.12
Benzo[a]pyrene	0.3	< 0.05	0.23	0.15	0.13
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	0.78	< 0.05	0.3	0.22	0.18
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	6.6	< 0.05	0.11	0.07	0.06
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	0.78	< 0.05	0.11	0.09	0.06
Chrysene	7	< 0.05	0.3	0.18	0.15
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	0.1	< 0.05	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Fluoranthene	0.69	< 0.05	0.43	0.28	0.21
Fluorene	62	< 0.05	< 0.09	< 0.05	< 0.05
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	0.38	< 0.05	0.12	0.09	0.07
Methylnaphthalene, 2-(1-)	0.99	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05
Naphthalene	0.6	< 0.05	< 0.07	< 0.05	< 0.05
Phenanthrene	6.2	< 0.05	0.32	0.13	0.12
Pyrene	78	< 0.05	0.38	0.21	0.18

NOTES:

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MECP Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the EPA, April 2011, Table 7 Non-Potable Residential SCS, coarse grained soil.

Shaded/ Bold Concentration exceeds MECP Table 7 Residential SCS.

Page 1 of 2

Table 4 - Maximum Concentrations in Soil 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa OTT-22009213-C0

Parameter	Sample Location	Sample Depth (mbgs)	Sampling Date	Maximum Concentration	MECP Table 7
Petroleum Hydrocarbons					
F1 PHC (C6 - C10) - BTEX	All locations	0.0 - 0.6	22-Jul-22	<10	55
F2 PHC (C10-C16)	MW-6 SS1	0.0 - 0.6	30-Aug-19	20	98
F3 PHC (C16-C34)	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	319	300
F4 PHC (C34-C50)	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	3220	2800
Benzene	All locations	0.0 - 0.6	22-Jul-22	<0.02	0.21
Ethylbenzene	All locations	0.0 - 0.6	3-Sep-19	<0.05	2
Foluene	All locations	0.0 - 0.6	30-Aug-19	<0.2	2.3
Kylenes, total	MW-6 SS1	0.0 - 0.6	30-Aug-19	<0.04	3.1
olycylic Aromatic Hydrocarbon	IS				
Acenaphthene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	7.9
Acenaphthylene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.07	0.15
Anthracene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.08	0.67
Benzo(a)anthracene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.26	0.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.23	0.3
Benzo(b/j)fluoranthene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.30	0.78
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.11	6.6
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.11	0.78
Chrysene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.30	7
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.05	0.1
Iuoranthene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.43	0.69
Fluorene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.09	62
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.12	0.38
Methylnaphthalene, 2-(1-)	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.99
Naphthalene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.07	0.6
Phenanthrene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.32	6.2
Pyrene	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.38	78
norganic Parameters					
Antimony	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	2.9	7.5
Arsenic	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	9.8	18
Barium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	343	390
Beryllium	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	0.7	4
Boron	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	939	120
Boron (HWS)	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	0.16	2
Cadmium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	2.7	1.2
Chromium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	35	160
Chromium VI	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	<0.2	8
Cobalt	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	13	22
Copper	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	93	140
_ead	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	277	120
/ercury	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	0.687	0
Molybdenum	BH3 GS3 BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	2	6.9
Nickel	BH3 GS3 BH2 SS2	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	30	100
Selenium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	1.1	2.4
	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	0.5	20
Fhallium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.3	1
Jranium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.8	23
/anadium	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	55	86
Zinc	BH3 GS3	0.35 - 0.45	22-Jul-22	395	340
Sodium Absorption Ratio	BH2 SS2	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	0.711	5

All results are in ppm on dry weight basis

Non-detectable results are shown as "< (RDL)" where RDL represents the reporting detection limit.

Results were compared to Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Soil, Groundwater and Sediment Standards for use under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act, April 2011, Table 7 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards (SCS) in a Non-Potable Ground Water Condition for Residential/Parkland/Institutional property use and coarse textured soils.

Table 4 - Maximum Concentrations in Soil

266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa OTT-22009213-C0

Page	2	of	2

Parameter	Sample Location	Sample Depth (mbgs)	Sampling Date	Maximum Concentration	MECP Table 7
Volatile Organic Compounds	<u> </u>				
Acetone	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.5	16
Benzene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.21
Bromodichloromethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	13
Bromoform	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	5.4
Bromomethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.05
Carbon Tetrachloride	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.05
Chlorobenzene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	2.4
Chloroform	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	3.1
Dibromochloromethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	9.4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	3.4
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	4.8
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.083
Dichlorodifluoromethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	16
1,1-Dichloroethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	3.5
1,2-Dichloroethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.05
I,1-Dichloroethylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.05
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	3.4
Frans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.084
1,2-Dichloropropane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.05
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22		
Frans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	<0.020	0.05
Ethylbenzene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	2.1
Ethylene Dibromide	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.05
-Jexane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	2.8
Methylene Chloride	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.1
Vethyl Ethyl Ketone	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.5	16
Vethyl Isobutyl Ketone	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.5	1.7
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.75
Styrene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.7
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.058
1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.05
Tetrachloroethylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.28
Foluene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.2	2.3
I,1,1-Trichloroethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.38
I,1,2-Trichloroethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.05
Trichloroethylene	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.05	0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	4.0
/inyl Chloride	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	0.02
Total Xylenes	All locations	0.15 - 0.5	22-Jul-22	< 0.02	3.1

NOTES:

All results are in ppm on dry weight basis

Non-detectable results are shown as "< (RDL)" where RDL represents the reporting detection limit.

Results were compared to Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Soil, Groundwater and Sediment Standards for use under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act, April 2011, Table 7 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards (SCS) in a Non-Potable Ground Water Condition for Residential/Parkland/Institutional property use and coarse textured soils.

TABLE 5 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS (μg/L) VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS 177 Armstrong Street and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

177 Armstrong Stre	MECP			
Parameter	Table 7 ¹	MW-6	TRIP BLANK	
Sample Date (d/m/y)		19-Sep-19	19-Sep-19	
Screened Interval		3.1 - 6.1		
BV Labs ID		KVG982	KVG987	
Date of Analysis	1	25-Apr-2019	25-Apr-2019	
Maxxam Certificate of Analysis	1	B9Q3808	B9Q3808	
Acetone	100000	<10	<10	
Benzene	0.5	<0.20	<0.20	
Bromodichloromethane	67000	<0.50	50 < 0.50	
Bromoform	5	<1.0 <1.0		
Bromomethane	0.89	<0.50 <0.50		
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.2	<0.20 <0.20		
Chlorobenzene	140	<0.20 <0.20		
Chloroform	2	<0.20	<0.20	
Dibromochloromethane	65000	<0.50	<0.50	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	150	<0.50	< 0.50	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	7600	< 0.50	<0.50	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.5	<0.50	<0.50	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	3500	<1.0	<1.0	
1,1-Dichloroethane	11	<0.20	<0.20	
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	< 0.20	<0.20	
Cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1.6	< 0.50	< 0.50	
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1.6	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.58	< 0.20	<0.20	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene				
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	0.5	<0.50	<0.50	
Ethylbenzene	54	<0.20	<0.20	
Ethylene Dibromide	0.2	<0.20 <0.20		
Hexane	5	<1.0	<1.0	
Methylene Chloride	26	<2.0	<2.0	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	21000	<10 <10		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	5200	<5.0	<5.0	
Methyl-t-Butyl Ether	15	<0.50	<0.50	
Styrene	43	<0.50	<0.50	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.1	<0.50	<0.50	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5	<0.50	<0.50	
Tetrachloroethylene	0.5	<0.20	<0.20	
Toluene	320	<0.20	<0.20	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	23	<0.20	<0.20	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.5	<0.50	<0.50	
Trichloroethylene	0.5	<0.20	<0.20	
Trichlorofluoromethane	2000	<0.50	<0.50	
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	<0.20	<0.20	
Total Xylenes	72	<0.20	<0.20	
PHC F1	420	<25	NA	
PHC F2	150	<100	NA	
PHC F3	500	<200	NA	
PHC F4	500	<200	NA	

NOTES:

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MECP Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the EPA, April 2011, Table 7 Non-Potable Residential SCS, coarse grained soil.

Shaded Concentration exceeds MECP Table 7 Residential SCS.

mbsg Metres below surface grade

Table 6 - Maximum Concentrations in Groundwater 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Sample Location MW-6 MW-6 MW-6	Interval (mbgs) 3.1 - 6.1	Sampling Date	Maximum Concentration	MECP Table 7
MW-6 MW-6				
MW-6 MW-6	3.1 - 6.1		<u> </u>	
MW-6 MW-6		19-Sep-19	<25	420
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<100	150
	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<200	500
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<200	500
	-			
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<10	100000
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<0.20	0.5
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<0.50	67000
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<1.0	5
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<0.50	0.89
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<0.20	0.2
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<0.20	140
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	<0.20	2
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	< 0.50	65000
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1	19-Sep-19	< 0.50	150
MW-6			<0.50	7600
MW-6				0.5
MW-6		19-Sep-19		3500
		19-Sep-19		11
				0.5
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1			0.5
MW-6	3.1 - 6.1			1.6
MW-6			< 0.50	1.6
MW-6			<0.20	0.58
			< 0.5	0.5
			<0.20	54
			<0.20	0.2
			<1.0	5
				26
			<10	21000
MW-6			<5.0	5200
-				15
				43
				1.1
				0.5
				0.5
				320
				23
				0.5
				0.5
				2000
				0.5
				72
	MW-6 MW-6	MW-6 3.1 - 6.1 MW-6 3.1 - 6.1	MW-6 3.1 - 6.1 19-Sep-19 MW-6 3.1 -	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

NOTES:

All results are in ppb

Non-detectable results are shown as "< (RDL)" where RDL represents the reporting detection limit.

Results were compared to Ontario Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Soil, Groundwater and Sediment Standards for use under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act, April 2011, Table 7 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards (SCS) in a Non- Potable Ground Water Condition for all types of property use and coarse textured soils.

TABLE 7 RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCES PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS - SOIL 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Page 1 of 1

Parameter	Units	RDL	BH3 GS3	Dup1	RPD (%)	Alert Limit (%)
			22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22 22-Jul-22		
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	-	-				
PHC F ₁ (>C ₆ -C10)	ug/g	10	< 10	< 10	nc	60
PHC F ₂ (>C ₁₀ -C ₁₆)	ug/g	5	< 5	< 5	nc	60
PHC F ₃ (>C ₁₆ -C ₃₄)	ug/g	10	52	47	10	60
PHC F ₄ (>C ₃₄ -C ₅₀)	ug/g	10	3220	310	165	60
Volatiles	=	-	-			
Benzene	ug/g	0.020	<0.02	<0.02	nc	100
Ethylbenzene	ug/g	0.050	<0.05	<0.05	nc	100
Toluene	ug/g	0.200	<0.2	<0.2	nc	100
Total Xylenes	ug/g	0.030	<0.03	<0.03	nc	100

NOTES:

All results on dry weight basis; <RDL means not detected at reporting detection limit (RDL)

- means "not analysed"

nc means "not calculable" - one (or both) of the results are <5x RDL

Exceedances of alert limits are shown in bold

Alert Limit- since laboratory duplicate measures laboratory precision while field duplicates measures laboratory and field precision, the alert

limits for field duplicates are two times the laboratory RPD .



Page 1 of 1

TABLE 8 RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCES METALS - SOIL 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Parameter	Units	RDL	BH3 GS3	Dup1	RPD (%)	Alert Limit (%)	
			22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22			
Inorganic Parameters							
Antimony	ug/g	0.20	1.6	1.8	12	60	
Arsenic	ug/g	1.0	9.4	9.8	4	60	
Barium	ug/g	0.50	267	283.0	6	60	
Beryllium	ug/g	0.20	0.6	0.7	nc	60	
Boron	ug/g	5.0	9.5	7.9	nc	60	
Boron (HWS)	ug/g	1.0	0.2	0.1	21	60	
Cadmium	ug/g	0.10	3.0	2.7	11	60	
Chromium	ug/g	1.0	27.0	30.0	11	60	
Chromium VI	ug/g	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	nc	60	
Cobalt	ug/g	0.10	10.0	10.0	0	60	
Copper	ug/g	0.50	93.0	82.0	13	60	
Lead	ug/g	1.0	236.0	229.0	3	60	
Mercury	ug/g	0.1	0.7	0.6	21	60	
Molybdenum	ug/g	0.50	2.0	2.0	nc	60	
Nickel	ug/g	0.50	24.0	25.0	4	60	
Selenium	ug/g	0.50	0.9	1.1	nc	60	
Silver	ug/g	0.20	0.5	0.5	nc	60	
Thallium	ug/g	0.050	0.2	0.2	nc	60	
Uranium	ug/g	0.050	0.6	0.7	15	60	
Vanadium	ug/g	5.0	42.0	47.0	11	60	
Zinc	ug/g	5.0	393.0	395.0	1	60	

NOTES:

All results on dry weight basis; <RDL means not detected at reporting detection limit (RDL)

- means "not analysed"

nc means "not calculable" - one (or both) of the results are <5x RDL

Exceedances of alert limits are shown in bold

Alert Limit- since laboratory duplicate measures laboratory precision while field duplicates measures laboratory and field precision, the alert limits for field duplicates are two times the laboratory RPD.



TABLE 9 RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCES POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS - SOIL 266 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa

Page 1 of 1

Parameter	Units	RDL	BH3 GS3 Dup1		RPD (%)	Alert Limit (%)	
			22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	S						
Acenaphthene	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Acenaphthylene	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Anthracene	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/g	0.05	0.17	0.12	34	80	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/g	0.05	0.15	0.13	14	80	
Benzo(b/j)fluoranthene	ug/g	0.05	0.22	0.18	20	80	
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ug/g	0.05	0.07	0.06	15	80	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/g	0.05	0.09	0.06	40	80	
Chrysene	ug/g	0.05	0.18	0.15	18	80	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Fluoranthene	ug/g	0.05	0.28	0.21	29	80	
Fluorene	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/g	0.05	0.09	0.07	25	80	
Methylnaphthalene, 2-(1-)	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Naphthalene	ug/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	nc	80	
Phenanthrene	ug/g	0.05	0.13	0.12	8	80	
Pyrene	ug/g	0.05	0.21	0.18	15	80	

NOTES:

All results on dry weight basis; <RDL means not detected at reporting detection limit (RDL)

- means "not analysed"

nc means "not calculable" - one (or both) of the results are <5x RDL

Exceedances of alert limits are shown in $\underline{\textbf{bold}}$

Alert Limit- since laboratory duplicate measures laboratory precision while field duplicates measures laboratory and field precision, the alert limits for field duplicates are two times the laboratory RPD .



EXP Services Inc.

McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

Appendix F: Laboratory Certificates of Analysis





5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

CLIENT NAME: EXP SERVICES INC 2650 QUEENSVIEW DRIVE, UNIT 100 OTTAWA, ON K2B8H6 (613) 688-1899 **ATTENTION TO: Matthew Zammit** PROJECT: OTT-22014692-AO AGAT WORK ORDER: 22Z926394 SOIL ANALYSIS REVIEWED BY: Jacky Zhu, Spectroscopy Technician DATE REPORTED: Aug 05, 2022 **PAGES (INCLUDING COVER): 5** VERSION*: 1

Should you require any information regarding this analysis please contact your client services representative at (905) 712-5100

Notes		
Disclaimer:		

- All work conducted herein has been done using accepted standard protocols, and generally accepted practices and methods. AGAT test methods may incorporate modifications from the specified reference methods to improve performance.
- All samples will be disposed of within 30 days after receipt unless a Long Term Storage Agreement is signed and returned. Some specialty analysis may be exempt, please contact your Client Project Manager for details.
- AGAT's liability in connection with any delay, performance or non-performance of these services is only to the Client and does not extend to any other third party. Unless expressly agreed otherwise in writing, AGAT's liability is limited to the actual cost of the specific analysis or analyses included in the services.
- This Certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.
- The test results reported herewith relate only to the samples as received by the laboratory.
- Application of guidelines is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or non-infringement. AGAT assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions in the guidelines contained in this document.
- All reportable information as specified by ISO/IEC 17025:2017 is available from AGAT Laboratories upon request.

AGAT Laboratories (V1)

Nember of: Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta	
(APEGA)	
Western Enviro-Agricultural Laboratory Association (WEALA)	
Environmental Services Association of Alberta (ESAA)	

Page 1 of 5

AGAT Laboratories is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) and/or Standards Council of Canada (SCC) for specific tests listed on the scope of accreditation. AGAT Laboratories (Mississauga) is also accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) for specific drinking water tests. Accreditations are location and parameter specific. A complete listing of parameters for each location is available from www.cala.ca and/or www.scc.ca. The tests in this report may not necessarily be included in the scope of accreditation. Measurement Uncertainty is not taken into consideration when stating conformity with a specified requirement.



Certificate of Analysis

AGAT WORK ORDER: 22Z926394 PROJECT: OTT-22014692-AO

CLIENT NAME: EXP SERVICES INC

SAMPLING SITE:

ATTENTION TO: Matthew Zammit

SAMPLED BY:

(Soil) Inorganics Chemistry											
DATE RECEIVED: 2022-07-28					DATE REPORTED: 2022-08-04						
				BH1 Run 2							
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:				11'10"-12'3"							
	SAMPLE TYPE:			Rock							
		DATE	SAMPLED:	2022-07-26							
Parameter	Unit	G/S	RDL	4148500							
Chloride (2:1)	µg/g		2	78							
Sulphate (2:1)	µg/g		2	24							
pH (2:1)	pH Units		NA	8.28							
Resistivity (2:1) (Calculated)	ohm.cm		1	4370							

RDL - Reported Detection Limit; G / S - Guideline / Standard Comments:

4148500 EC, pH, Chloride and Sulphate were determined on the extract obtained from the 2:1 leaching procedure (2 parts DI water: 1 part soil). Resistivity is a calculated parameter. Analysis performed at AGAT Toronto (unless marked by *)



5835 COOPERS AVENUE

MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO

http://www.agatlabs.com

CANADA L4Z 1Y2

TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122



5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

Quality Assurance

CLIENT NAME: EXP SERVICES INC

PROJECT: OTT-22014692-AO

SAMPLING SITE:

AGAT WORK ORDER: 22Z926394

ATTENTION TO: Matthew Zammit

SAMPLED BY:

Soil Analysis

						-									
RPT Date:				DUPLICATE			REFERENCE MATERIAL		METHOD BLANK SPIKE		SPIKE	MATRIX SPIKE			
PARAMETER	Batch	Sample	Dup #1	Dup #2	RPD		Measured	Acceptable Limits		Recoverv	Acceptable Limits		Recoverv	Acceptable Limits	
		ld					Value	Lower	Upper	,		Upper			Upper
(Soil) Inorganics Chemistry															
Chloride (2:1)	4149226		3	3	NA	< 2	98%	70%	130%	102%	80%	120%	105%	70%	130%
Sulphate (2:1)	4149226		15	15	0.0%	< 2	101%	70%	130%	98%	80%	120%	104%	70%	130%
pH (2:1)	4140845		9.71	9.72	0.1%	NA	99%	80%	120%						

Comments: NA signifies Not Applicable.

pH duplicates QA acceptance criteria was met relative as stated in Table 5-15 of Analytical Protocol document.

Duplicate NA: results are under 5X the RDL and will not be calculated.

Certified By:



AGAT QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT (V1)

Page 3 of 5

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5835 COOPERS AVENUE MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO CANADA L4Z 1Y2 TEL (905)712-5100 FAX (905)712-5122 http://www.agatlabs.com

Method Summary

CLIENT NAME: EXP SERVICES INC

PROJECT: OTT-22014692-AO

AGAT WORK ORDER: 22Z926394

ATTENTION TO: Matthew Zammit

SAMPLING SITE:		SAMPLED BY:	
PARAMETER	AGAT S.O.P	LITERATURE REFERENCE	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUE
Soil Analysis	L.	·	
Chloride (2:1)	INOR-93-6004	modified from SM 4110 B	ION CHROMATOGRAPH
Sulphate (2:1)	INOR-93-6004	modified from SM 4110 B	ION CHROMATOGRAPH
рН (2:1)	INOR 93-6031	modified from EPA 9045D and MCKEAGUE 3.11	PH METER
Resistivity (2:1) (Calculated)	INOR-93-6036	McKeague 4.12, SM 2510 B,SSA #5 Part 3	CALCULATION

Chain of Custody Record If this is a Drinking Water sample, please u	Ph: use Drinking Water Chain of Custody Form (potabl	5835 Coopers Avenue Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1Y2 905,712,5100 Fax: 905,712,5122 webearth agatlabs.com e water consumed by humans)	Laboratory Use Only Work Order #: 272926394 Tomath Cooler Quantity: one bag-noise/packs Arrival Temperatures: 22,6 22.6 22.5
Report Information: Company:	Regulatory Requirements: (Please check all applicable boxes)	_	Custody Seal Intact: Yes, INO IN/A Notes: Bagger /ce
Contact: Address: <u>1650 Ducensview drive Suite 100</u> <u>0t1awa 01 K2B 84/G</u> Phone: <u>613-688-1899</u> Fax:		SanitaryStorm	Turnaround Time (TAT) Required: Regular TAT (Most Analysis) Rush TAT (Rush Surcharges Apply)
Phone: Reports to be sent to: 1. Email: 2. Email: 4.15-688-1817 Fax: Matthew. Zapa:+@cxp. Com 2. Email:	Agriculture Soil Texture (Check One) Coarse Fine Gradient Code Come	Objectives (PWQO)	3 Business 2 Business Next Business Days Days Day OR Date Required (Rush Surcharges May Apply):
Project Information: Project: 01T-72014G92-AD Site Location: 266 Carriethers St, 0144wa	Is this submission for a Record of Site Condition ? Yes No	Report Guideline on Certificate of Analysis Yes No	Please provide prior notification for rush TAT *TAT is exclusive of weekends and statutory holidays
Sampled By: AGAT ID #: PO: Please note: If quotation number is not provided, client will be billed full price for analysis,	Sample Matrix Legend B Biota	0. Reg 153	For 'Same Day' analysis, please contact your AGAT CPM 0. Reg 406 0. Reg 406 0. Reg 406
Invoice Information: Bill To Same: Yes in the second s	GWGround WaterOOilPPaintSSoilSDSedimentSWSurface Water	eld Filtered - Metals, Hg, t Inorganics CrVI, DHg, DHWSB -F4 PHCs -F4 Gif required DYes (Bs DAroclor	Landfill Disposal Characterization TCLP: Troup: DMM Disposal Characterization TCLP: Excess Soils SPLP Rainwater Leach SPLP: DMetals DV0Cs DSV0Cs Excess Soils Characterization Package pH, ICPMS Metals, BTEX, F1-F4 Sait - EC/SAR Sait - EC/SAR Sait - EC/SAR PH Sait - EC/SAR PH Sait - EC/SAR PH Sait - EC/SAR Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph
Sample Identification Sampled Sampled Containers N	ample Comments/ Matrix Special Instructions	 ≺ × ×	Landfill Dispose Landfill Dispose Excess Soils 5 SPLP: Interai Excess Soils 6 PH, ICPMS Me Sait - EC/SAR Sait - EC/SAR Ch Ion 14 Ch Ion
RH 1 Run 2 II'lo"-17'3" June 1 AM AM AM AM AM			
Samples Reliquished By (Print Name and Sizp.):	Samples Beekad Br (Drint Name and Sim)	IDate	
Sample's Relinquished By (Print Name and Sign): Sample's Relinquished By (Print Name and Sign): Sample's Relinquished By (Print Name and Sign): Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date	Samples Received By (Print Name and Sign): Samples Received By (Print Name and Sign): Samples Received By (Print Name and Sign):	Date	8 2022 ^{Time} 22200223 8 5501 Time Page of Time Nº: T114970

Operation: 10: DIV 78-1511.020

Pink Copy - Client | Yellow Copy - AGAT | White Copy- AGAT Data space 5 of 5 2026



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Final Report

REPORT No. B22-23660

C.O.C.: ---

Report To:

EXP Services Inc

2650 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 Ottawa ON K2B 8H6 Canada <u>Attention:</u> Chris Kimmerly

DATE RECEIVED: 26-Jul-22

DATE REPORTED: 03-Aug-22

SAMPLE MATRIX: Soil

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123 Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO .: 22009213-CO

P.O. NUMBER: WATERWORKS NO.

Parameter	Qty	Site Analyzed	Analyst Initials	Date Analyzed	Lab Method	Reference Method
% Moisture	4	Richmond Hill	FAL	28-Jul-22	A-% moisture RH	
SVOC	4	Kingston	law	29-Jul-22	C-NAB-S-001 (k)	EPA 8270
PHC(F2-F4)	4	Kingston	KPR	28-Jul-22	C-PHC-S-001 (k)	CWS Tier 1
PHC(F2-F4)	2	Kingston	SmT	02-Aug-22	C-PHC-S-001 (k)	CWS Tier 1
VOC's	4	Richmond Hill	FAL	27-Jul-22	C-VOC-02 (rh)	EPA 8260
PHC(F1)	4	Richmond Hill	FAL	27-Jul-22	C-VPHS-01 (rh)	CWS Tier 1
Chromium (VI)	4	Holly Lane	ST	27-Jul-22	D-CRVI-02 (o)	EPA7196A
Mercury	4	Holly Lane	PBK	29-Jul-22	D-HG-01 (o)	EPA 7471A
Boron - HWS	4	Holly Lane	AHM	29-Jul-22	D-HWE s	MOE3470
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	4	Holly Lane	AHM	29-Jul-22	D-ICP-01 SAR (o)	SM 3120
Metals - ICP-OES	4	Holly Lane	AHM	29-Jul-22	D-ICP-02 (o)	EPA 6010
Metals - ICP-MS	4	Holly Lane	TPR	29-Jul-22	D-ICPMS-01 (o)	EPA 6020

 μ g/g = micrograms per gram (parts per million) and is equal to mg/Kg

F1 C6-C10 hydrocarbons in μ g/g, (F1-btex if requested)

F2 C10-C16 hydrocarbons in μ g/g, (F2-napth if requested)

F3 C16-C34 hydrocarbons in μ g/g, (F3-pah if requested)

F4 C34-C50 hydrocarbons in µg/g

This method complies with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC and is validated for use in the laboratory.

Any deviations from the method are noted and reported for any particular sample.

nC6 and nC10 response factor is within 30% of response factor for toluene:

nC10,nC16 and nC34 response factors within 10% of each other: C50 response factors within 70% of nC10+nC16+nC34 average:

Linearity is within 15%:

R.L. = Reporting Limit

All results expressed on a dry weight basis.

Unless otherwise noted all chromatograms returned to baseline by the retention time of nC50.

Unless otherwise noted all extraction, analysis, QC requirements and limits for holding time were met. If analyzed for F4 and F4G they are not to be summed but the greater of the two numbers are to be used in application to the CWS PHC QC will be made available upon request.

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District

Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie
The analytical results reported herein refer to the samples as received. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior consent from
Caduceon Environmental Laboratories.

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Final Report

C.O.C.: ---

Report To:

EXP Services Inc 2650 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 Ottawa ON K2B 8H6 Canada <u>Attention:</u> Chris Kimmerly

DATE RECEIVED: 26-Jul-22

DATE REPORTED: 03-Aug-22

SAMPLE MATRIX: Soil

REPORT No. B22-23660

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories 2378 Holly Lane Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1

Tel: 613-526-0123 Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO .: 22009213-CO

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

	Client I.D.		BH1, Run 1	BH2, SS-2	BH3, GS-3	Dup1	O. Re	g. 153
	Sample I.I) .	B22-23660-1	B22-23660-2	B22-23660-3	B22-23660-4	Tbl. 1 - All	
	Date Collected		22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22		
Parameter	Units	R.L.						
Sodium Adsorption Ratio	units		1.15	0.711	0.222	0.233	2.4	
Antimony	µg/g	0.5	< 0.5	2.9	1.6	1.8	1.3	
Arsenic	µg/g	0.5	1.2	7.7	9.4	9.8	18	
Barium	µg/g	1	259	343	267	283	220	
Beryllium	µg/g	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	2.5	
Boron	µg/g	0.5	6.2	9.9	9.5	7.9	36	
Boron (HWS)	µg/g	0.02	0.14	0.13	0.16	0.13		
Cadmium	µg/g	0.5	< 0.5	2.4	3.0	2.7	1.2	
Chromium	µg/g	1	43	35	27	30	70	
Chromium (VI)	µg/g	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	0.66	
Cobalt	µg/g	1	16	13	10	10	21	
Copper	µg/g	1	12	55	93	82	92	
Lead	µg/g	5	11	277	236	229	120	
Mercury	µg/g	0.005	0.042	0.278	0.687	0.557	0.27	
Molybdenum	µg/g	1	2	2	2	2	2	
Nickel	µg/g	1	24	30	24	25	82	
Selenium	µg/g	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.5	
Silver	µg/g	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Thallium	µg/g	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	1	
Uranium	µg/g	0.1	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7	2.5	
Vanadium	µg/g	1	36	55	42	47	86	
Zinc	µg/g	3	119	343	393	395	290	
% moisture	%		24.6	11.5	19.7	22.1		
PHC F1 (C6-C10)	µg/g	10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	25	
PHC F2 (>C10-C16)	µg/g	5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	10	
PHC F3 (>C16-C34)	µg/g	10	< 10	319	52	47	240	
PHC F4 (>C34-C50)	µg/g	10	< 10	565 ¹	69 ¹	60	120	

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards

Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie

Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District



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SAMPLE MATRIX: Soil

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories 2378 Holly Lane

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JOB/PROJECT NO .: 22009213-CO

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

	Client I.D.		BH1, Run 1	BH2, SS-2	BH3, GS-3	Dup1	O. Re	g. 153
	Sample I.D).	B22-23660-1	B22-23660-2	B22-23660-3	B22-23660-4	Tbl. 1 - All	
	Date Collected		22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22		
Parameter	Units	R.L.						
Acenaphthene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.072	
Acenaphthylene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.07	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.093	
Anthracene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.08	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.16	
Benzo(a)anthracene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.26	0.17	0.12	0.36	
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.23	0.15	0.13	0.3	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.30	0.22	0.18	0.47	
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.41	0.31	0.24		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.11	0.07	0.06	0.68	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.11	0.09	0.06	0.48	
Chrysene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.30	0.18	0.15	2.8	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.1	
Fluoranthene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.43	0.28	0.21	0.56	
Fluorene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.09	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.12	
Indeno(1,2,3,-cd)pyrene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.12	0.09	0.07	0.23	
Methylnaphthalene,1-	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.59	
Methylnaphthalene,2-	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.59	
Methylnaphthalene 2-(1-)	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.59	
Naphthalene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.07	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.09	
Phenanthrene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.32	0.13	0.12	0.69	
Pyrene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	0.38	0.21	0.18	1	
Terphenyl-d14 (SS)	% rec.	10	92.0	77.0	84.0	78.0		
Acetone	µg/g	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	
Benzene	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.02	
Bromodichloromethane	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Bromoform	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Bromomethane	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Carbon Tetrachloride	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards

Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

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Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Final Report

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Report To:

EXP Services Inc 2650 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 Ottawa ON K2B 8H6 Canada <u>Attention:</u> Chris Kimmerly

DATE RECEIVED: 26-Jul-22

DATE REPORTED: 03-Aug-22

SAMPLE MATRIX: Soil

REPORT No. B22-23660

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories 2378 Holly Lane Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1

Tel: 613-526-0123 Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO .: 22009213-CO

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

	Client I.D.		BH1, Run 1	BH2, SS-2	BH3, GS-3	Dup1	O. Reg. 153	
	Sample I.D) .	B22-23660-1	B22-23660-2	B22-23660-3	B22-23660-4	Tbl. 1 - All	
	Date Colle	cted	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22	22-Jul-22		
Parameter	Units	R.L.						
Monochlorobenzene (Chlorobenzene)	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Chloroform	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dibromochloromethane	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichlorobenzene,1,2-	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Dichlorobenzene,1,3-	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Dichlorobenzene,1,4-	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Dichloroethane,1,1-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichloroethane,1,2-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichloroethylene,1,1-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichloroethene, cis-1,2-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichloroethene, trans-1,2-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichloropropane,1,2-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Dichloropropene, cis-1,3-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02		
Dichloropropene, trans- 1,3-	hð\ð	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02		
Dichloropropene 1,3- cis+trans	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Ethylbenzene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Dibromoethane,1,2- (Ethylene Dibromide)	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Hexane	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	µg/g	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	µg/g	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	
Methyl-t-butyl Ether	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

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John Spices

Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Final Report

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DATE RECEIVED: 26-Jul-22

DATE REPORTED: 03-Aug-22

SAMPLE MATRIX: Soil

REPORT No. B22-23660

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories 2378 Holly Lane Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123

Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO .: 22009213-CO

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

	Client I.D. Sample I.D. Date Collected		BH1, Run 1	BH2, SS-2 B22-23660-2 22-Jul-22	BH3, GS-3	Dup1 B22-23660-4 22-Jul-22	O. Reg. 153	
			B22-23660-1 22-Jul-22		B22-23660-3 22-Jul-22		Tbl. 1 - All	
Parameter	Units	R.L.						
Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Styrene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Tetrachloroethane,1,1,1,2-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Tetrachloroethane,1,1,2,2-	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Tetrachloroethylene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Toluene	µg/g	0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	0.2	
Trichloroethane,1,1,1-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Trichloroethane,1,1,2-	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.05	
Trichloroethylene	µg/g	0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	0.05	
Trichlorofluoromethane	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.25	
Vinyl Chloride	µg/g	0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	0.02	
Xylene, m,p-	µg/g	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03		
Xylene, o-	µg/g	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03		
Xylene, m,p,o-	µg/g	0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.05	
Dibromofluoromethane (SS)	% rec.		85.4	84.2	83.2	85.1		
Toluene-d8 (SS)	% rec.		97.8	98.1	99.2	98.0		
Bromofluorobenzene,4(SS)	% rec.		101	103	98.1	101		
PHC F4 (Gravimetric)	µg/g	50		3220 ²	310 ²		120	

1 Note: Chromat did not return to baseline F4G requ

2 Note: Sample silica cleaned

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

John Spices

Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District

R.L. = Reporting Limit Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Final Report

REPORT No. B22-23660

C.O.C.: ---

Report To:

EXP Services Inc

2650 Queensview Drive, Suite 100 Ottawa ON K2B 8H6 Canada <u>Attention:</u> Chris Kimmerly

DATE RECEIVED: 26-Jul-22

DATE REPORTED: 03-Aug-22

SAMPLE MATRIX: Soil

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123 Fax: 613-526-1244

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Summary of Exceedances

Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun					
BH1, Run 1	Found Value	Limit			
Barium (µg/g)	259	220			
Silver (µg/g)	0.7	0.5			
BH2, SS-2	Found Value	Limit			
Lead (µg/g)	277	120			
Zinc (µg/g)	343	290			
Barium (µg/g)	343	220			
Antimony (μg/g)	2.9	1.3			
Cadmium (µg/g)	2.4	1.2			
PHC F4 (Gravimetric) (µg/g)	3220	120			
PHC F4 (>C34-C50) (µg/g)	565	120			
PHC F3 (>C16-C34) (µg/g)	319	240			
Mercury (µg/g)	0.278	0.27			
BH3, GS-3	Found Value	Limit			
Barium (µg/g)	267	220			
Cadmium (µg/g)	3.0	1.2			
Copper (µg/g)	93	92			
Mercury (µg/g)	0.687	0.27			
Lead (µg/g)	236	120			
PHC F4 (Gravimetric) (µg/g)	310	120			
Antimony (µg/g)	1.6	1.3			
Zinc (μg/g)	393	290			
Dup1	Found Value	Limit			

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie



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Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun					
Dup1	Found Value	Limit			
Zinc (µg/g)	395	290			
Cadmium (µg/g)	2.7	1.2			
Lead (µg/g)	229	120			
Barium (µg/g)	283	220			
Antimony (µg/g)	1.8	1.3			
Mercury (µg/g)	0.557	0.27			

O. Reg. 153 - Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards Tbl. 1 - All - Table 1 - Res/Park/Institutional/Indus/Com/Commun

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Tahir Yapici Ph.D Lab Manager - Ottawa District

Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie
The analytical results reported herein refer to the samples as received. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior consent from
Caduceon Environmental Laboratories.

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EXP Services Inc.

McCormick Park Developments Inc. Phase Two Environmental Site Assessment 266 and 268 Carruthers Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario OTT-22009213-C0 October 3, 2022

