### **CEPEO**

### BARRHAVEN-SUD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT ASSESSMENT STRATEGY REPORT

MAY 25, 2022 DRAFT







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**CEPEO** 

STRATEGY REPORT DRAFT

PROJECT NO.: OUR REF. NO. 219-00014-01

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A SCREENING FORM

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### 1 SCREENING

This Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) has been prepared to support the Site Plan Control application for the development at located at the southwest corner of Kilbirnie Drive and Robin Easey Avenue (municipally addressed as 1045 Kilbirnie Drive in Ottawa. The TIA follows the City of Ottawa (the City) TIA Guidelines (2017) which potentially includes five steps:

- 1 Screening
- 2 Scoping
- 3 Forecasting
- 4 Analysis
- 5 TIA Submission

The Screening Step determines the need to continue with a Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Study. The development is assessed against three triggers: trip generation, location, and safety to identify the next step of the study. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, the Scoping Step must be completed. If none of the triggers are satisfied, the TIA is deemed complete. If one or more triggers are satisfied, specific TIA components are required to be carried out depending on the combination of triggers (**Table 1-1**) that have been satisfied.

The proposed development at 1045 Kilbirnie Drive satisfied the Trip Generation trigger indicating that, as part of Steps Two through Five of the TIA process, the Design Review and Network Impact components should be completed. For reference, the completed Screening Form is provided in **Appendix A**.

Table 1-1. Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) Screening Triggers

	TIA TRIGGERS SATISFIED				
Next Step of the TIA Process	Trip Generation	Location	Safety		
Design Review and Network Impact	Yes	No	No		

### 2 SCOPING

### 2.1 SCREENING FORM

The completed Screening Form is provided in **Appendix A**.

### 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The Conseil des écoles publiques de l'Est Ontario (CEPEO) is planning to construct a new elementary school located in the developing Quinn's Pint neighbourhood in Barrhaven-Sud, Ottawa. The proposed development site, located at 1045 Kilbirnie Drive, is currently vacant and undeveloped with a site area of approximately 2.43 ha (24.316 m²). Residential uses have been approved and developments are occurring on land to the north, south and east of the subject site, while land to the west is yet to be developed. The subject site is bounded by local roads Robin Easey Avenue and Kilbirnie Drive to the east and to the north respectively, and zoned as Minor Institutional Zone, Sub-zone A (I1A) and Residential Third Density Zone, Subzone YY (R3YY). As per the I1A zone, a school and a daycare are permitted uses.

The proposed development will include a building, with a Gross Floor Area (GFA) of approximately 5,455 m<sup>2</sup>, providing capacity for 800 students and consisting of one (1) library, one (1) gymnasium, one (1) multi-purpose room, 12 portable classrooms, and 20 classrooms among which five (5) classrooms will be for daycare use. The most up-to-date draft site plan (December 1, 2021) is attached as **Appendix B.** The proposed vehicle accesses include: a passenger vehicle access from Robin Easey Avenue to the 61-space surface parking lot, an access laneway off Kilbirnie Drive for delivery vehicles, and school bus laybys on the south side of Kilbirnie Drive and west side of Robin Easey Avenue. Forty-eight parking spaces will be provided for bicycles within the subject site. **Figure 2-1** illustrates the Study Area Context.

The development will be built as a single phase with an estimated date of completion in 2023.

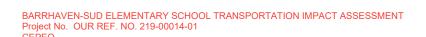




Figure 2-1. Site Area Context

### 2.3 EXISTING CONDITIONS

### 2.3.1 ROADWAYS

The existing roadways in proximity to the subject development site that will be considered in the TIA are all city-owned roadways and include those listed below. The road classifications for City of Ottawa roadways are defined in the City of Ottawa Official Plan, 2013, Volume 1, Section 7, Annex 1 Road Classifications and Rights-of-Way.

**Greenbank Road** is a north-south roadway classified as Arterial north of Barnsdale Road, with a posted speed limit of 60 km/h. North of Kilbirnie Drive, Greenbank has been constructed as an undivided two-lane urban arterial road, while south of Kilbirnie Drive, it remains with a rural arterial road cross-section with no sidewalk and paved shoulders on both sides.

**Kilbirnie Drive** in the close vicinity of the subject development site currently runs on an east-west alignment from west of Cedardown Private and terminates at Alex Polowin Avenue. It is designated as a Local Road per the City of

Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (2013), while the Barrhaven South Community Development Plan shows it is classified as a Collector Road. Kilbirnie Drive is an undivided roadway with a 22.0m road right-of-way featuring an urban collector road cross-section with monolithic sidewalks on both sides. Residential driveways front onto the roadway. The speed limit is unposted but assumed to be 50 km/h.

**Alex Polowin Avenue** is a Local Road with 18.0m right-of-way running on a north-south alignment with sidewalks on both sides.

**Robin Easey Avenue** is a Local Road with 18.0m right-of-way running along the east frontage of the subject development site on a north-south alignment. The subject development will have a driveway and a layby area on the west side of Robin Easey Avenue.

### 2.3.2 INTERSECTIONS

There are three existing intersections adjacent to the development site along Kilbirnie Drive as described in Table 2-1.

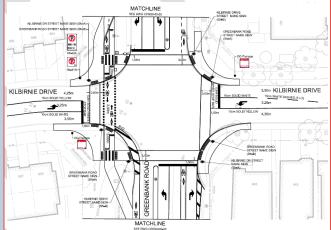
Table 2-1. Description of Study Area Intersections

### INTERSECTION (DESCRIPTION)

### Kilbirnie Drive and Greenbank Road 1

- Signalized intersection
- One left turn lane, one through lane and one right turn lane in the southbound and northbound directions
- One left-turn lane and one shared through/right-turn lane in both the eastbound and westbound directions
- Crosswalks on all approaches
- Bidirectional crossride on the west leg

### LANE CONFIGURATION



### Kilbirnie Drive and River Mist Road

- All-way stop controlled intersection
- Two-way traffic on all four approaches with no centre-line markings
- No crosswalk on any of the four approaches



### INTERSECTION (DESCRIPTION)

### LANE CONFIGURATION

### Kilbirnie Drive and Alex Polowin Avenue

- All-way stop controlled intersection
- Two-way traffic on all four approaches with no centre-line markings
- No crosswalk on any of the four approaches



1. Intersection modifications at Greenbank Road and Kilbirnie Drive started in November 2020 and completed in summer 2021 per the information from the City of Ottawa's website. The new intersection configuration illustrated above is from Appendix F, 2535 River Mist Road TIA (March 2021) prepared by Novatech. Google Streetview is yet to be updated.

### 2.3.3 DRIVEWAYS

Based on Google Streetview and Property Parcels layer from GeoOttawa, the existing and approved driveways within 200m from the subject development site include the following:

- Approximately 40 residential driveways fronting onto the north side of Kilbirnie Drive
- 17 residential driveways fronting onto the east side of Alex Polowin Avenue
- Approximately 31 residential driveways on both sides of Robin Easey Avenue

There are other residential driveways on the local roads (i.e. Galmoy Way, Teelin Circle) within a 200m vicinity of the development site. Those driveways are not anticipated to be directly affected by the proposed school development.

### 2.3.4 PEDESTRIAN AND CYCLING FACILITIES

Greenbank Road north of Kilbirnie Drive has a multi-use-pathway (MUP) on the west side and a boulevard sidewalk on the east side, except for a section of approximately 100m south of Dundonald Drive where there is no buffer between the travel lane and sidewalk. Collector roads in proximity of the subject development site, including Kilbirnie Drive and River Mist Road, have sidewalks on both sides. The local roads within 200m area from the subject site has either sidewalk on one side (i.e. Alex Polowin Avenue) or does not have a sidewalk.

Greenbank Road is identified as a Spine Cycling Route north of Barnsdale Road, and currently has an on-road curbside bike lane on the east side for northbound cyclists.

### 2.3.5 TRANSIT FACILITIES

OC Transpo Route 75 and Route 675 provides transit services along Kilbirnie Drive and River Mist Road.

- Route 75 is a Rapid Route running between Barrhaven Centre and Tunney's Pasture Station. Route 75 operates seven days a week with a 15-minute frequency during weekday peak hours and 30-minute frequency during weekday off-peak hours and on weekends.
- Route 675 is a school route traveling between Minto Recreation Complex in Barrhaven South and Bell High School. Route 675 only operates twice per weekday starting from the terminal stations in the morning and afternoon respectively. No service is provided by Route 675 on weekends.

Bus stops closest to the subject development sites are Bus Stop #2807 and Bus Stop #2808 located at the northwest and northeast corners of Kilbirnie Drive and River Mist Road intersection respectively. Bus Stop #2809 and Bus

Stop #2810 located at the intersection of Kilbirnie Drive and Breakstone Road are also with 400m walking distance from the development site.

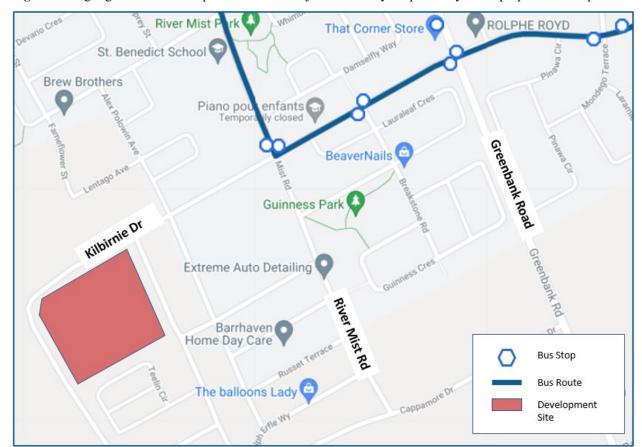


Figure 2-2 highlights the OC Transpo bus routes on adjacent roadways in proximity of the proposed development.

Figure 2-2: OC Transpo Bus Routes (Source: OC Transpo Network Map)

### 2.3.6 AREA TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT MEASURES

The subject development site is within a developing neighbourhood with limited existing traffic management measures implemented. The existing area traffic management measures identified adjacent to the proposed development site include:

- School Zone designation along the segment of River Mist Road in the vicinity of St. Benedict School
- Curb extension on the north, south and west approaches of the Kilbirnie Drive and River Mist Road intersection

### 2.3.7 PEAK HOUR TRAVEL DEMANDS

The TRANS Committee was established to co-ordinate transportation planning efforts among various planning agencies located within the National Capital Region. The proposed development is located in South Nepean, corresponding to the TRANS District 425. The complete TRANS O-D results (including a map of the district area) is provided in **Appendix** C. The most recent Origin-Destination (O-D) survey was completed by TRANS in the Fall of 2011. The TRANS trip data for South Nepean is summarized in **Table 2-2.** 

Table 2-2. Peak Hour Trips by Primary Travel Mode – TRANS District 425 South Nepean

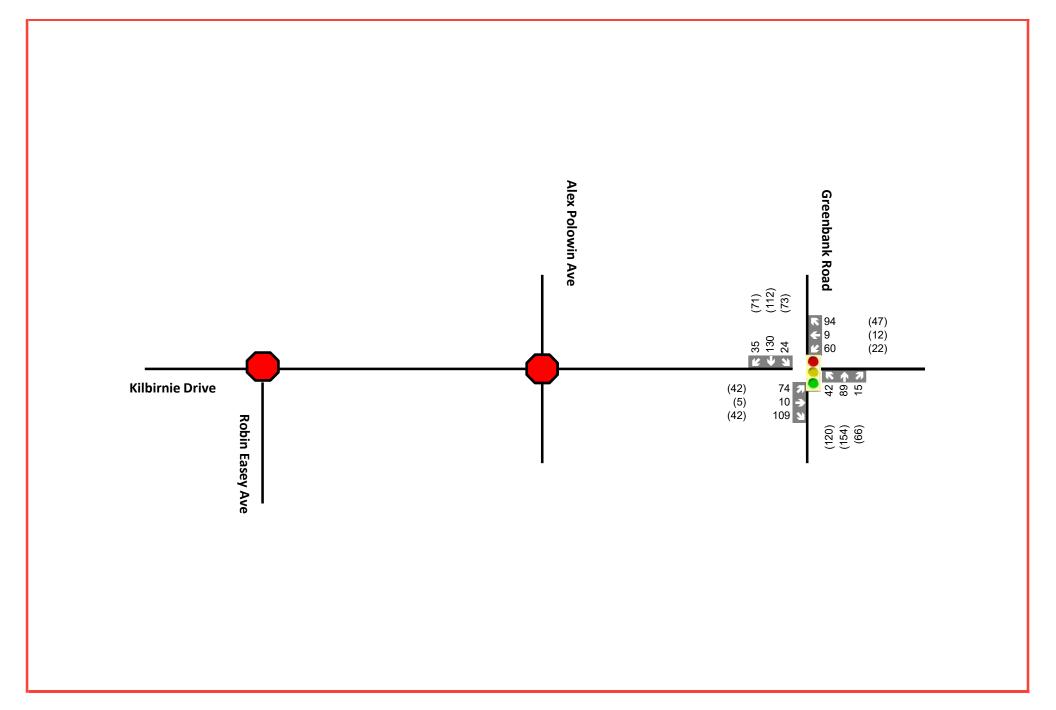
	AM PEAK PERIOD (6:30 A.M. – 8:59 A.M.)			PM PEAK PERIOD (3:30 P.M. – 5:59 P.M.)		
TRAVEL MODE	FROM DISTRICT	TO DISTRICT	WITHIN DISTRICT	FROM DISTRICT	TO DISTRICT	WITHIN DISTRICT
Auto-Driver	60%	71%	34%	72%	65%	46%
Auto-Passenger	19%	13%	19%	21%	11%	21%
Transit	27%	5%	4%	4%	24%	4%
Bicycle	0%	1%	2%	1%	0%	1%
Walk	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	20%
Other	4%	10%	24%	1%	2%	9%
Total Vehicles	24,140	6,120	17,260	8,130	23,580	18,420

Source: TRANS 2011 O-D Survey Report, District 425 - South Nepean

Based on the Trans 2011 O-D Survey, the majority of the population use personal vehicles as their main source of transport to and from the district. During both AM and PM peak hour periods, auto-driver and auto-passenger modes account for between 76% to 93% of the total vehicles that are travelling to and from the South Nepean district. The remaining 7% to 24% are split between transit, bicycle, walk, or other modes of transportation.

Within the district, travel modes are more diversified. People tend to less rely on auto modes for travelling and would choose other modes especially by walking and other modes.

The existing peak hour turning movement volumes at the Greenbank Road and Kilbirnie intersection are presented in Figure 2-3. The traffic counts were collected by the City of Ottawa on March 3, 2020; the AM and PM peak hours from this count at 7:45-8:45 AM and 4:45-5:45 PM.





Legend

Figure 2-3

### 2.3.8 FIVE-YEAR COLLISION HISTORY

The boundary road for the proposed development is Kilbirnie Drive between Greenbank Road and Robin Easey Avenue. The latest past five years (January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019) collision history available on the City of Ottawa Open Data website were reviewed, which provides yearly total collisions by location. Table 2-3 summarizes the five-year collision history on the boundary road.

More detailed five-year collision data will be required to identify if any collision pattern and/or safety concern exists. A more thorough collision review will be conducted upon the request from the City.

Table 2-3. Five-Year Collision History Summary (2015-2019)

Location		Pedestrian Collisions	Cyclist Collisions	Total Collisions by Year				
				2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Segment:	Kilbirnie Drive [Greenbank Road - Breakstone Road]	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Intersection:	Greenbank Road @ Kilbirnie Drive	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Five-year Total Collisions						9		

### 2.4 PLANNED CONDITIONS

### 2.4.1 CHANGES TO THE STUDY AREA TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

The City of Ottawa Official Plan, Transportation Master Plan (TMP) (2013), and Barrhaven South Community Design Plan were reviewed to identify potential future roadway upgrades in the vicinity of the subject development site

Greenbank Road will be widened to a four-lane cross-section between Cambrian Road and Jockvale Road to accommodate growth within South Nepean as identified in the City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (2013). South of Cambrian Road, Greenbank Road will be realigned to run north-south to the west of the subject development site. The Greenbank Realignment and Southwest Transitway Extension project is underway. Per the updated functional design released by the City in summer 2021, a new Park and Ride facility is planned to be located on the south side of Kilbirnie Avenue, west of the future realigned Greenbank Road. The new Greenbank Road alignment from St Joseph's High School to Barnsdale Road will have four lanes and two median bus rapid transit lanes with the bus lanes ending at the new Park and Ride facility. The construction is planned to start in 2030 or later based on budget availability.

**Kilbirnie Drive** will be extended westwards to connect to the realigned Greenbank Road as part of the Quinn's Pointe Phase 2 Subdivision.

There are no other major changes expected to the study area transportation network.

### 2.4.2 OTHER STUDY AREA DEVELOPMENTS

Two developments are noted in the City of Ottawa's Development Application Search tool developments that are likely to occur within the proposed horizon years of the subject development and could have direct influences on the study area are noted below:

- 989 Kilbirnie Drive (App# D07-12-20-0181): A Site Plan Control application for a two-storey elementary school and daycare with a GFA of 6,500 m2 and 121 parking spaces. The build-out horizon is anticipated to be in 2022. The supporting TIA (March 2021) was prepared by Novatech.
- 3718 Greenbank Road (App# D07-16-21-0024): A Zoning By-law Amendment and Plan of Subdivision application for residential development consisting of a mix of 228 stacked townhouse units. The anticipated full build-out and occupancy horizon is 2024. The supporting TIA (June 2021) was prepared by CGH Transportation Inc.
- 3960 Greenbank Road Quinn's Pointe Phase 2: A TIA dated October 2018 was prepared by Stantec in support of this application. Based on the TIA the development will contain 536 single detached houses, 493 townhouses, 100 apartment units, and two elementary schools with a combined 59,000ft2 GFA.

### 2.5 STUDY AREA AND TIME PERIOD

The limits for the Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) study area and study intersections are shown in **Figure 2-4**. The boundary roads Kilbirnie Drive and Robin Easey Avenue will be reviewed. Three intersections along Kilbirnie Drive at Robin Easey Avenue, Alex Polowin Avenue and Greenbank Road will be assessed.



Figure 2-4: Study Area

It is noted that the afternoon peak of elementary schools is usually earlier than the regular PM peak hour of the roadway network, therefore the impact of the school will be mainly reflected during the morning peak which generally aligns with the regular AM peak. The study time periods identified for the traffic analysis are weekday

AM and PM peak hours as these represent the time periods with the highest traffic volumes that would govern the design of study area roadways and intersections.

These periods will be consistent with the AM and PM peak hours identified in the latest turning movement counts that were collected at the Kilbirnie Drive and River Mist Road intersection on October 25, 2018, and at the Kilbirnie Drive and Greenbank Road intersection on March 3, 2020.

The peak periods will be checked against more recent turning movement counts if any is available from the City.

### 2.6 HORIZON YEARS

The proposed facility is expected to be completed in one phase with a target build-out year of 2023. In accordance with the City of Ottawa TIA Guidelines (2017), the following horizons will be considered for analysis.

- 2023, which represents the anticipated buildout horizon,
- 2028, which represents the buildout year plus five years.

### 2.7 EXEMPTIONS REVIEW

Based on the review of the development and network conditions, the following elements shown in **Table 2-4** qualify for an exemption from this Transportation Impact Assessment.

**Table 2-4. Exemptions Summary** 

MODULE	ELEMENT	EXEMPTIONS
DESIGN REVIEW CO	MPONENT	
4.1 Development	4.1.2 Circulation and Access	Not Exempted. This element is only required for site plans.
Design	4.1.3 New Street Networks	Exempted This element is only required for plans of subdivision.
	4.2.1 Parking Supply	Not Exempted. This element is required for site plans.
4.2 Parking	4.2.2 Spillover Parking	Exempted This element is only required for site plans where parking supply is 15% below unconstrained demand.
NETWORK IMPACT	COMPONENT	
4.5 Transportation Demand Management	All Elements	Not Exempted  Not required for site plans expected to have fewer than 60 employees and/or students on location at any given time.
4.6 Neighborhood Traffic Management  4.6.1 Adjacent Neighbourhoods		Not Exempted Required when the development relies on local or collector access and total volumes exceed ATM capacity threshold.
4.8 Network Concept		Exempted Required when proposed development generates more than 200 person-trips during the peak hour in excess of the equivalent volume permitted by established zoning.

Based on the above, the TIA report will include the following modules:

- Module 4.1: Development Design
- Module 4.2: Parking
- Module 4.3: Boundary Streets
- Module 4.4: Access Design
- Module 4.5: Transportation Demand Management
- Module 4.6: Neighbourhood Traffic Management
- Module 4.7: Transit
- Module 4.9: Intersection Design



### 3 FORECASTING

### 3.1 DEVELOPMENT GENERATED TRAFFIC

### 3.1.1 TRIP GENERATION

The proposed development consists of two primary trip generator land uses which are elementary school and daycare services. Trips generated by the elementary school and daycare service have been estimated based on the most up-to-date information provided by the school board. The elementary school is anticipated to provide capacity for 751 students, while the daycare service will provide capacity for 49 children. A total of 51 staff, including teachers, custodians, and office staff, are expected to work for the school and daycare. There is a plan for future addition to the school providing extra capacity for 200 students, but this addition was not included in this TIA study as it is not part of the current Site Plan Application and no timeline has been defined.

CEPEO has indicated that operation hours of the elementary school will be from 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM, and the daycare will operate between 6:00 AM to 5:00 PM. The start and end time of the school and daycare service generally align with the peak hours of the adjacent street traffic.

### SCHOOL PERSON TRIP GENERATION (STUDENTS)

Trip generation for the student population at the proposed school has been developed using first principles analysis based on information provided by CEPEO. The 2020 TRANS Trip Generation Manual does include mode share assumptions for elementary and high schools but recommends that mode shares be developed on a site-specific basis if additional information is available from the school or school board. Information from CEPEO indicates that approximately 85% of the student population is anticipated to arrive by school bus, with the remainder by other modes. These remaining trips have been split as 10% by auto and 5% by active transportation modes, recognizing a portion of the student population will be within walking distance of the school.

### SCHOOL PERSON TRIP GENERATION (STAFF)

Staff trip generation to the proposed school is based on the anticipated 51 staff. The Mode share for these trips has been based on the Employment Generator Mode Shares from the 2020 TRANS Trip Generation Manual for the South Nepean District.

### DAYCARE PERSON TRIP GENERATION

Daycare person Trip Generation is based on the capacity of 49 children provided by CEPEO. A 100% auto passenger mode share has been adopted for daycare children, assuming that all children will be dropped off by parents.

### TOTAL PERSON TRIP GENERATION AND MODE SHARE

Table 3-1 provides a summary of the person trip generation for all of the uses on the site.

Table 3-1: Proposed School Site Person Trip Generation and Mode Share

	AUTO DRIVER	AUTO PASSENGER	SCHOOL BUS	PUBLIC TRANSIT	WALKING & CYCLING	
		Mode Shares				
School Students	0%	10%	85%	0%	5%	
Staff	80%	10%	0%	5%	5%	
Daycare Children	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	
	Person Trips					
School Students	0	75	638	0	38	
Staff	41	5	0	3	3	
Daycare Children	0	49	0	0	0	
TOTAL PERSON TRIPS	41	129	638	3	41	

### **CONVERSION TO VEHICLE TRIPS**

The person trip generation above represents the student and staff trip generation in terms of arrivals to the school site in the morning and departures in the afternoon but do no reflect the vehicle volumes added to the surrounding road network. The conversion of the person trips to vehicle trips is based on the following:

- Auto passenger trips for student and daycare drop-offs represent one auto arrival and one auto departure from the site during the AM and PM peak hours. Vehicle trips were calculated from the auto passenger person trips assuming a vehicle occupancy of 1.2, reflecting some families who will drop off multiple children in one trip.
- Auto driver trips by staff represent one vehicle arrival in the morning and one departure in the afternoon. Staff auto trips have been calculated based on a vehicle occupancy of 1.0. No additional vehicle trips have been added to reflect staff auto passenger trips as it is anticipated these will be combined with staff auto driver arrivals (carpooling).
- School bus capacity ranges from 48-72 students based on 2-3 students per seat. School bus volumes have been estimated based on an average of 60 students per bus.

### PEAK HOUR DISTRIBUTION

The person trip generation above is based on total trips made by the students and staff to and from the site. CEPEO has indicated that operation hours of the elementary school will be from 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM, and the daycare will operate between 6:00 AM to 5:00 PM. It is anticipated that the school hours provided represent before and after care in addition to classes; most CEPEO schools in Ottawa operate with morning and afternoon bell times at approximately 8:30-9:00 AM and 3:00 PM. While school student arrivals will be concentrated just before and after the opening and closing bells, trips by staff, before and after care students and daycare children may be more distributed. Given the commuter peak hours of 7:45-8:45 AM and 4:45-5:45 PM from the provided traffic count, the

proportions of the site generated vehicle trips falling within the commuter peak hours have been estimated based on the following:

- 80% of auto trips arriving during the AM peak hour, reflecting a portion of the staff arrivals, before school care and daycare drop-offs that arrive earlier in the morning.
- 50% of auto trips departing the school during the PM peak hour, reflecting a wider distribution of parent pickup between the end of the school day and end of daycare and after school programs and a wider distribution in staff departure times at the end of the day.
- 100% of school bus arrivals during the AM peak hour, corresponding with a concentration in drop-offs just before the morning bell.
- 0% of bus departures during the PM peak hour, reflecting that bus departures will occur at the end of the school day before the commuter PM peak hour.

### DAYCARE DIVERTED TRIP ESTIMATION

In many cases, school and daycare drop-offs by parents will be planned as part of a parent's commute; these diverted trips will be reflected in the background traffic volumes on the road network but will divert to the school before continuing on their original path. The Trip Generation Manual 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition indicates an average diverted trip proportion of 56% specific to daycare centres; this proportion has been applied as diverted trips in the site generated traffic. The same handbook does not indicate a diverted trip proportion for the elementary school land use; to be conservative, this analysis is based on all auto trips generated by the school to be primary trips added to the road network.

### TOTAL VEHICLE TRIPS

The total peak hour vehicle trips generated by the proposed school are summarized in Table 3-2.

**Table 3-2: Total Site Vehicle Trip Generation** 

	AM PEA	K HOUR	PM PEAK HOUR		
	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	
Auto Trips	115	83	52	72	
School Buses	11	11	0	0	
Diverted Auto Trips (included in total above)	18	18	11	11	

### 3.1.2 TRIP DISTRIBUTION

The overall trip distribution of the site generated trips has been adopted from existing traffic patterns and the TIA for 989 Kilbirnie Drive prepared by Novatech. While the catchment of the proposed school was not provided, the prominence of students on school buses suggests that the catchment area will extend beyond the local neighbourhood, and thus trip distribution based on overall commuter patterns is an appropriate estimate. Based on the surrounding road network configuration and existing traffic patterns, the overall distribution has been assigned to the network as follows:

- Inbound / Outbound Trip Distribution (2023)
  - o 5% to/from Kilbirnie Drive to the west (when available 2028, via Robin Easey Avenue to/from the south in 2023).

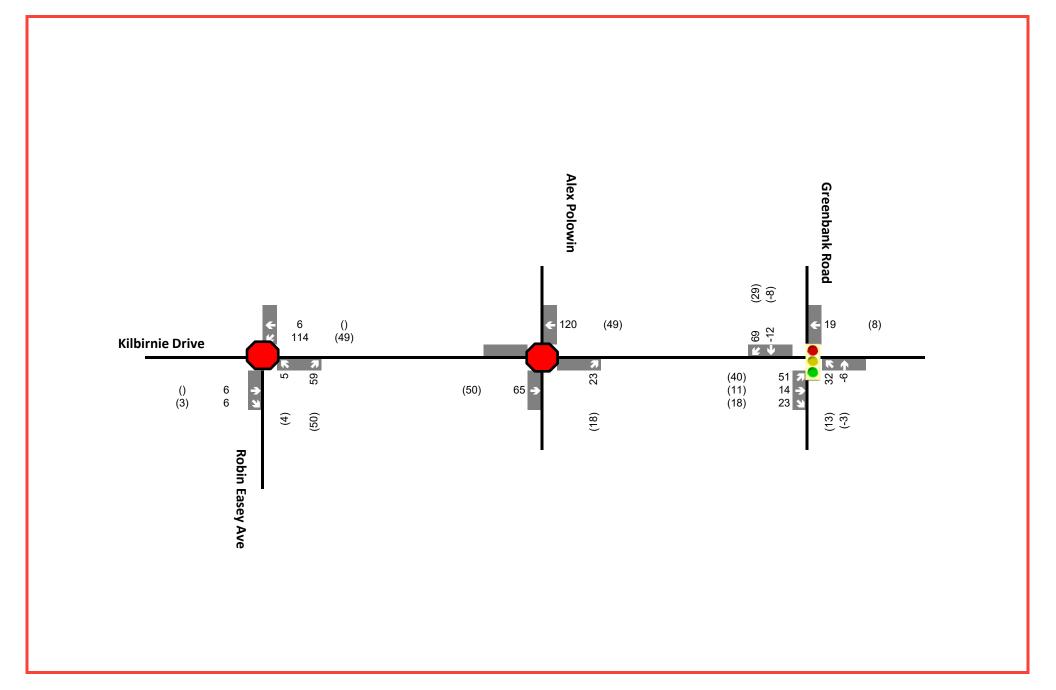
- o 15% to/from Kilbirnie Drive to the east
- o 25% to/from the south via Greenbank Road
- o 55% to/from the north via Greenbank Road

### Site Access Distribution

- O The proposed site plan includes school bus loading bays on both the west side of Robin Easey Avenue and south side of Kilbirnie Drive. School buses have been assigned to the network with 50% serving each of the bus bay areas. Southbound buses have been assigned to return to Kilbirnie Drive on departure by going around the block to Alex Polowin Avenue.
- O Student drop off by parents will be possible using the pickup and drop-off areas on Robin Easey Avenue and within the school parking lot. As school traffic may create difficulty in vehicles returning north to Kilbirnie Drive after pickup or drop-off, 25% of the outbound traffic has also been assigned to go around the block and return to Kilbirnie Drive via Alex Polowin Avenue.
- Diverted trips have been assumed to originate from existing traffic volumes along Greenbank Road.

Figure 3-1 shows the development generated trips assigned to the study intersections.







### 3.2 BACKGROUND NETWORK TRAFFIC

### 3.2.1 CHANGES TO THE BACKGROUND TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

Kilbirnie Drive will be extended westwards to eventually connect to the realigned Greenbank Road as part of the Quinn's Pointe Subdivision (3960 Greenbank Road). While the realigned Greenbank Road is not expected to be constructed within the timeframe examined by this study, there may be potential for a connection to additional residential development to the west as the community continues to grow. The background networks for this analysis have been adapted from the 989 Kilbirnie Drive TIA and are based the existing Kilbirnie cul-de-sac in place during the 2023 scenario and a connection to the west implemented by the 2028 scenario.

### 3.2.2 GENERAL BACKGROUND GROWTH RATES

A 2.0% annual growth in traffic on study area arterial road (Greenbank Road) was adopted to account for traffic generated by future development that is not currently within the development application process (Section 2.4.2). The 2.0% increase was consistent with growth assumption used in approved TIA studies prepared supporting the other area developments.

### 3.2.3 OTHER AREA DEVELOPMENTS

Other study area developments that would influence on the subject TIA were summarized in Section 2.4.2. The estimated traffic generated by those developments were detailed in the respective TIA report which also identified other developments anticipated to occur within the same horizon years; the estimated trips were added in the 2023 and 2028 background traffic volumes. Table 3-3 summarizes the other area developments that were accounted for in the background traffic volumes of each future study horizon. The relevant excerpts from the approved TIA are included in **Appendix D**.

### Table 3-3: Area Developments Built-out by 2023 and 2028

### 2023 BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

- Subdivision at 3960 Greenbank Road: Phase 1 and half of Phase 2
- Subdivision at 3718 Greenbank Road: full build-out
- Development at 989 Kilbirnie Drive: full build-out

### 2028 BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

- Subdivision at 3960 Greenbank Road: full build-out
- Subdivision at 3718 Greenbank Road: full build-out
- Subdivision at 3713 Borrisokane Road: full build-out
- Development at 989 Kilbirnie Drive: full buildout

### 3.3 DEMAND RATIONALIZATION

### 3.3.1 DESCRIPTION OF CAPACITY ISSUES

The projected 2023 and 2028 background traffic are shown in Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3. Total traffic volumes for the 2023 and 2028 planning horizons were estimated by:

- Applying a 2% background growth rate to the existing traffic volumes along Greenbank Road
- Adding trips generated by other area developments
- Adding trips generated by the proposed development

The 2023 and 2028 total traffic volumes are shown on Figure 3-4 and Figure 3-5.

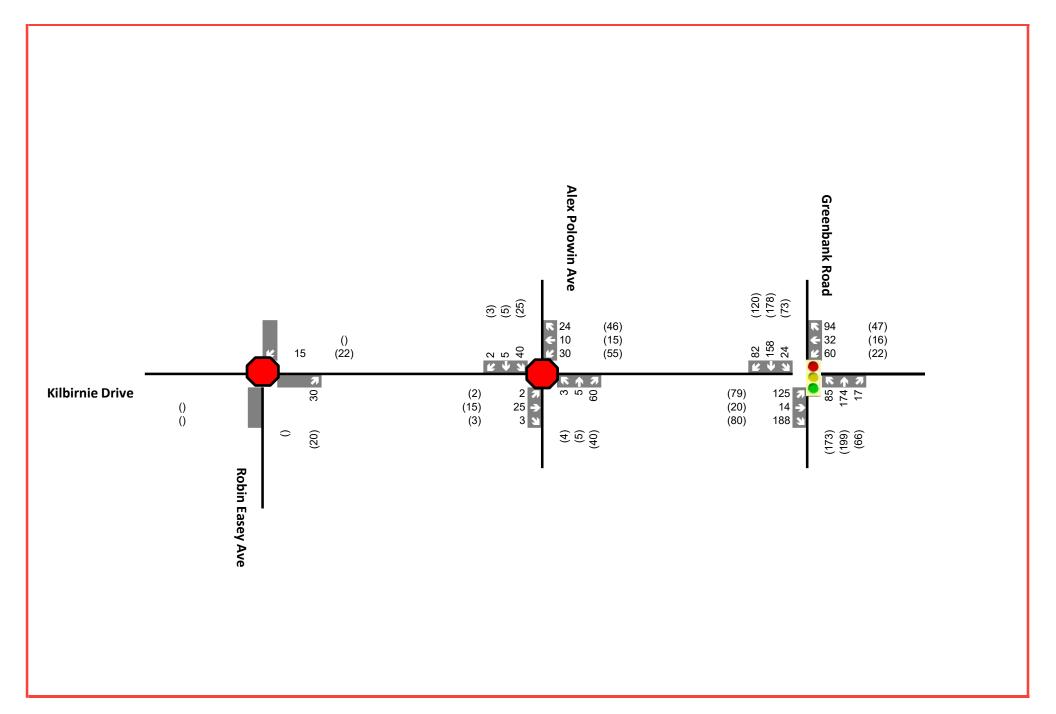
### 3.3.2 ADJUSTMENT TO DEVELOPMENT GENERATED TRAVEL DEMANDS

Adjustments to development generated demands have not been proposed since the trips generated by the proposed development are not expected to adversely impact the adjacent transportation network. A detailed assessment of intersection and roadway capacities by using Synchro (version 11) for 2023 and 2028 horizons will be carried out in Section 4 as part of upon the City's approval of the Forecasting Report.

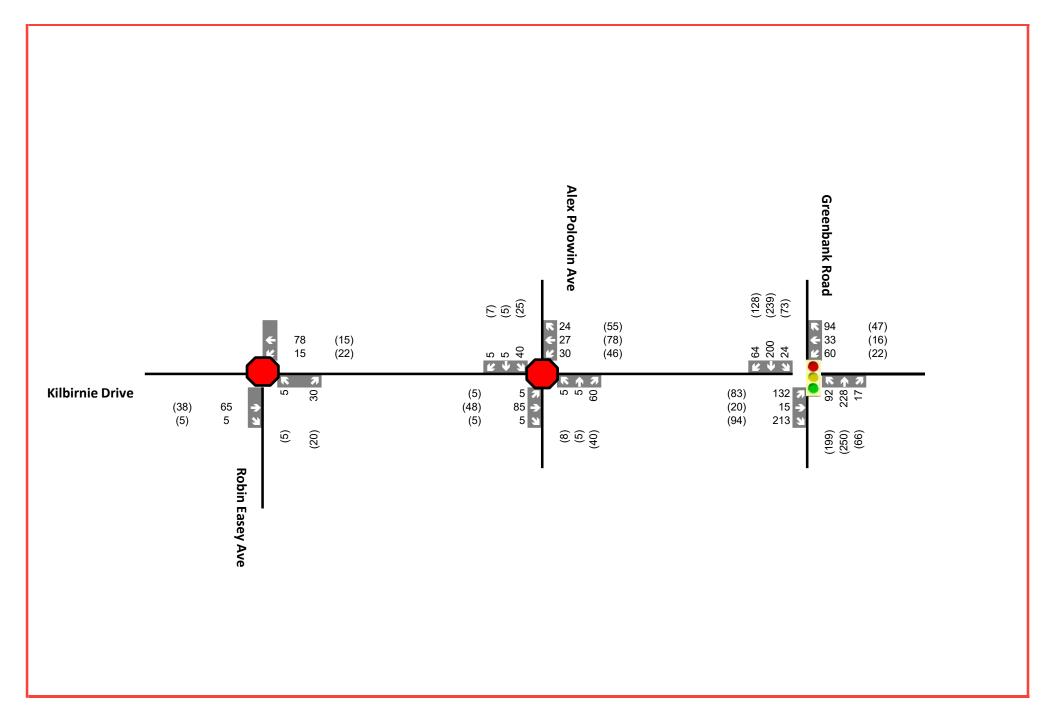
### 3.3.3 ADJUSTMENTS TO BACKGROUND NETWORK TRAVEL DEMANDS

Adjustments to background network demands have not been proposed since the traffic forecasting analysis indicates that the future transportation roadway network within the study area will have capacity to accommodate the addition of development generated traffic.

A detailed intersection capacity and operation assessment to identify if there would be any new over-capacity movement within the study area because of the proposed development will be completed and documented in the Strategy Report (Section 4).





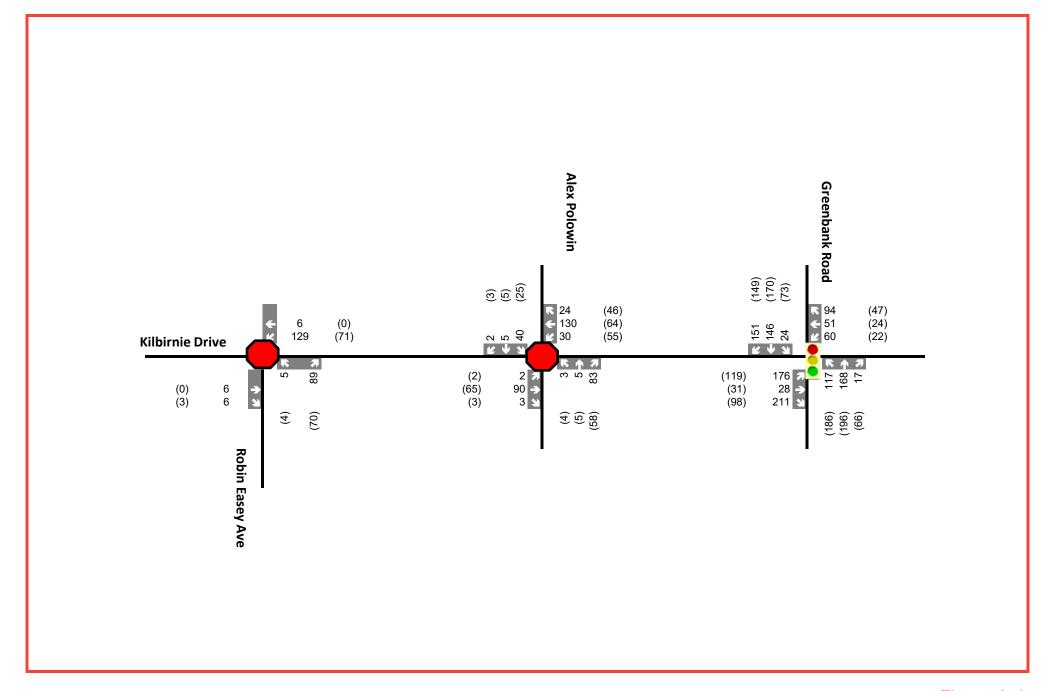




Legend

P.M. Peak Hour

Volumes

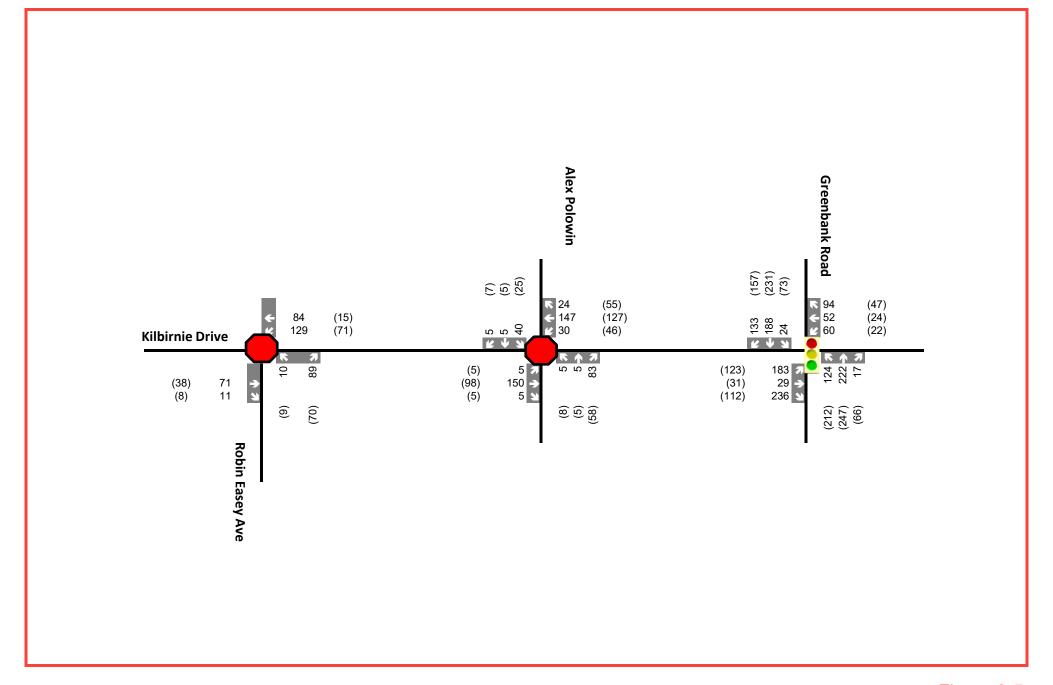




Legend

Figure 3-4

XX





### 4 STRATEGY

### 4.1 DEVELOPMENT DESIGN

### 4.1.1 DESIGN FOR SUSTAINABLE MODES

The City of Ottawa's TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist for Non-Residential Developments was completed to assess the opportunity to implement facilities that are supportive of sustainable modes, including cycling, walking and transit. The completed checklist is attached as **Appendix E**.

As indicated in the TDM checklist and shown on the site plan (**Appendix B**), the proposed site accommodates sustainable modes in the following ways:

- 48 dedicated bicycle parking spaces
- Walking distance between site and nearest transit stop is within 400m
- Provision of pedestrian walkways at the vehicle access on Robin Easey Avenue and crossing the drop-off area in the parking lot

It is assumed that upon completion that the intersection of Kilbirnie Drive / Robin Easey Avenue will be all-way stop controlled for pedestrian safety and that crosswalks will be provided at all legs.

### 4.1.2 CIRCULATION AND SITE ACCESS

The proposed school drop-off area, which is situated in the parking lot, is designed to operate with traffic circulation in a counter-clockwise direction. Unidirectional vehicle movements are indicated in the site plan at the east and north sides of the drop-off area and bidirectional vehicle movements are permitted on the west side of the drop-off area to access parking spaces. School staff and parents dropping off and picking up students will primarily utilize the site access and parking area.

Site circulation at the proposed access and drop-off area was assessed using AutoTURN 11 to confirm the suitability of the layout for a variety of design vehicles. The results are provided in Table 4-1 and the AutoTURN swept paths are provided in **Appendix F**.

**Table 4-1: Swept Path Assessment** 

## HSU (TAC 2017) Municipal Services / Waste Removal Circulation: An HSU design vehicle will not be able to maneuver to and from the waste containers located at the south-west corner of the drop-off area without conflicting with curbs upon reversing into the drop-off area. Parking spaces will not be impacted.

		<u> </u>
	Fire Truck	Access: The proposed access configuration on Robin Easey Avenue can accommodate the movements of a fire truck without impacting any built features but will require the vehicle to encroach on the opposing vehicle lane.
Aerial Fire (REDG Toronto 2017)		Circulation: A fire truck will not be able to maneuver around the drop-off area to access the rear school entrance across from the crosswalk without conflicting with curbs. Vehicle-curb conflict is identified at the north-east corner of the drop-off area. In addition, parking spaces will not be impacted.
2020 Blue Bird Vision (AutoTurn City-Transit)	School Bus	Access: The proposed access configuration on Robin Easey Avenue can accommodate the movements of a school bus without impacting any built features but will require the vehicle to encroach on the opposing vehicle lane.  Circulation: A school bus will not be able to maneuver around the drop-off area without conflicting with curbs. Vehicle-curb conflict is identified at the north-east corner of the drop-off area. In addition, parking spaces will not be impacted. School buses will be utilizing the laybys on the south side of Kilbirnie Drive and west side of Robin Easey Avenue, but in the event of additional school bus circulation measures in the future, a school bus will not be able to properly circulate around the drop-off area.

Despite the drop-area primarily being intended to be used by school staff and parents, the overall configuration should consider use by larger vehicles in the event of an emergency or should circulation patterns change in the future due to a potential school expansion and changes to the transportation network. To do so, it is recommended that the site plan be updated such that the radius of the interior curb at the northeast corner of the drop-off area be increased and that the size of the waste receptacle area be decreased to accommodate larger vehicles and their wide turning movements.

### 4.2 PARKING

### 4.2.1 PARKING SUPPLY

Based on the location of the proposed development, the minimum parking space requirements will be assessed in accordance with the Suburban Area (Area 'C') as part of Schedule 1A to the City of Ottawa's Zoning By-Law 2008-250. The Zoning By-Law requires that a school and daycare in Area 'C' provide a minimum parking space rate of 1.5 per classroom (includes portables) and 2 per 100 sq. m. of gross floor area, respectively. In addition, the Zoning By-Law requires that bicycle parking is provided for a school and daycare at a bicycle parking space rate of 1 per 100 sq. m. of gross floor area and 1 per 250 sq. m. of gross floor area, respectively.

The minimum parking space rates can be found in Section 101 of the Zoning By-Law and off-street motor vehicle parking must be provided for any land use at the rate set out in Table 101. Bicycle parking spaces rates and provisions can be found in Section 111 of the Zoning By-Law and bicycle parking must be provided for the land uses and at the rate set out in Table 111A.

The minimum parking supply requirements for this development compared with the proposed parking supply are highlighted in Table 4-2 below.

Table 4-2: Minimum Zoning By-Law Requirements for Parking and Proposed Development Parking Supply

	PARKING TYPE	LAND USE	SIZE	REQUIRED SPACES (ZONING BY-LAW)	PROVIDED SPACES (SITE PLAN)
Auto Parking		School	20 classrooms, 12 portables	48	61
	Ü	Daycare	327 GFA	3	
	Dissels Darkins	School	4,741 GFA	47	40
	Bicycle Parking	Daycare	327 GFA	1	48

Based on the provided number of auto and bicycle parking spaces for the proposed development, the auto parking supply exceeds the minimum requirements of the Zoning By-Law by 10 parking spaces and the bicycle parking supply meets the minimum requirements of the Zoning By-Law. It is noted that the parking rate used for the site plan slightly differs from the Zoning By-Law rate such that the minimum required parking spaces determined within the site plan exceeds that of the Zoning By-Law.

### 4.3 BOUNDARY STREETS DESIGN

### 4.3.1 MOBILITY

The City of Ottawa's Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) targets consider road classification, adjacent landuse designation, and special policy areas and are intended to evaluate how the proposed school users will be accommodated by the boundary streets bordering the site to the north and east.

### 4.3.1.1 KILBIRNIE DRIVE

The segment of Kilbirnie Drive within the study area is identified as a Local Road per the City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (2013) and a Collector Road per the Barrhaven South Community Development Plan. In addition, it is considered to have a General Urban Area land-use designation according to Schedule B – Urban Plan Policy of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan. However, it is noted that the roadway is located within 300m of a school (St. Benedict School, proposed elementary school located at 989 Kilbirnie Drive, and the proposed school itself) and the applicable MMLOS targets utilized reflect the policy area instead of the land use designation. The resulting MMLOS targets and segment scores for pedestrians, bicycles, and transit during the future background conditions (2023 build-out year) are included in Table 4-3 below and the detailed MMLOS spreadsheets are provided in **Appendix G**. It is to be noted that there is no target set for trucks and auto LOS is only reported for intersections and that the LOS targets for Collector and Local Roads are the same in this case.

Table 4-3: Segment MMLOS along Kilbirnie Drive between Robin Easey Avenue and Greenbank Road

SCENARIO	PLOS	BLOS	TLOS	TKLOS	VLOS
LOS Target	A	В	D	No target	Not reported for
Future Background (2023) LOS	В	В	Е	-	segments

The future background (2023) LOS is based on the existing conditions remaining in place along Kilbirnie Drive. The Bicycle Level of Service (BLOS) is the only target that is met, and the Pedestrian Level of Service (PLOS) and Transit Level of Service (TLOS) do not meet the City of Ottawa targets. This can be attributed to the following:

- No boulevard width to provide separation between pedestrian and vehicles, with operating speeds being between 30 km/h and 50 km/h.
- Transit route along Kilbirnie Drive between Greenbank Road and River Mist Road operates in mixed traffic and there is moderate driveway friction with the presence of residential driveways on both the north and south sides of Kilbirnie Drive.

Based on the Planning Rationale prepared by Fotenn Consultants in support of Plan of Subdivision and Zoning By-law Amendment applications for Phase 2 of Minto's Quinn's Pointe community in which the proposed school is located, the proposed street network is intended to be designed and integrated with the surrounding transportation network. Kilbirnie Drive is identified as a Collector Road in the Plan of Subdivision and aligns with the collector streets identified in the Community Design Plan. Figure 4-1 illustrates a proposed cross-section for collector streets within the community, specifically for the westward expansion of Kilbirnie Drive. The segment MMLOS for such a cross-section would improve the LOS results along Kilbirnie Drive for pedestrians and bicycles with the presence of a wide boulevard between vehicle lanes and sidewalks/multi-use paths, as well as a physically separated bikeway.

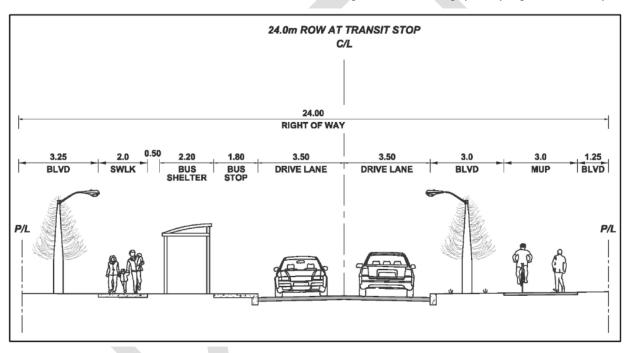


Figure 4-1: Proposed Cross-Section for 24m Collector Streets (Source: Quinn's Pointe- Phase 2 Plan of Subdivision + Zoning By-Law Amendment Planning Rationale (Fotenn Consultants, 2018))

If the existing road right-of-way is insufficient to improve or expand pedestrian/cycling facilities, pedestrian comfort and safety can be further supplemented with traffic calming measures such as reduced speed zones. Provided that the subdivision that the proposed school is in is a recent and ongoing development, road modifications will most likely not be considered for some time.

### 4.3.1.2 ROBIN EASEY AVENUE

The segment of Robin Easey Avenue within the study area is a Local Road and is considered to have a General Urban Area land-use designation according to Schedule B – Urban Plan Policy of the City of Ottawa's Official Plan. However, it is noted that the roadway is located within 300m of a school (proposed elementary school located at 989 Kilbirnie Drive and the proposed school itself) and the applicable MMLOS targets utilized reflect the policy area instead of the land use designation. The resulting MMLOS targets and segment scores for pedestrians and bicycles during the future background conditions (2023 build-out year) are included in Table 4-4 below and the detailed

MMLOS spreadsheets are provided in **Appendix G**. Due to the underdeveloped nature of Robin Easey Avenue at the time of this report, the road configuration was based on the site plan. It is to be noted that there is no evaluation for transit as no transit routes run along Robin Easey Avenue, there is no target set for trucks, and auto LOS is only reported for intersections.

Table 4-4: Segment MMLOS along Robin Easey Avenue between Kilbirnie Drive and Proposed School Access

SCENARIO	PLOS	BLOS	TLOS	TKLOS	VLOS
LOS Target	A	В	D	No target	Not reported for
Future Background (2023) LOS	В	В	-	-	segments

The BLOS is the only target that is met, and the PLOS is below the target by one grade level. This can be attributed to there being no boulevard width to provide separation between pedestrian and vehicles and operating speeds likely being between 30 km/h and 50 km/h.

### 4.3.2 ROAD SAFETY

### 4.3.2.1 KILBIRNIE DRIVE

Historical collision records for the study area were obtained from the City of Ottawa for the 5-years between January 2015 through December 2019. The TIA Guidelines indicate that patterns with six or more collisions should be identified. In this timeframe, there were three collisions along Kilbirnie Drive between Breakstone Road and Greenbank Road. Therefore, no collision reduction measures have been identified for this section of roadway.

### 4.3.2.2 ROBIN EASEY AVENUE

No collisions have been documented along Robin Easey Avenue between Kilbirnie Drive and the proposed site access due to the underdeveloped nature of the road. Therefore, no collision reduction measures have been identified for this section of roadway.

### 4.4 ACCESS INTERSECTIONS DESIGN

### 4.4.1 LOCATION AND DESIGN OF ACCESS

There is one access point proposed for this development and is indicated in the site plan (**Appendix B**). It is located off of Robin Easey Avenue at the south-east corner of the site. The three-legged access is proposed as a two-way, full movement access with stop-control on the side approach (access) and free-flow conditions for the north and south approaches along Robin Easey Avenue.

A design compliance check was carried out for the proposed school access for a variety of interrelated design elements for driveways following the Transportation Association of Canada's (TAC) Geometric Design Guidelines for Canadian Roads (2017). The design compliance check is summarized in Table 4-5.

**Table 4-5: Access Intersection Design Elements** 

DESIGN ELEMENTS	MINIMUM REQUIRED	ROBIN EASEY AVENUE ACCESS	
Access Type	-	Full Movement	
One-way vs. Two-way Operation	>750 veh/d or >100 peak hour trips = high volume two-way driveway	>100 peak hour trips Two-way	

DESIGN ELEMENTS	MINIMUM REQUIRED	ROBIN EASEY AVENUE ACCESS	
Entrance Width* (Two-way)	Residential: 2.0m-7.3m Commercial: 7.2m-12.0m Industrial: 9.0m-15.0m 6.0m for a parking lot (City of Ottawa Zoning By-law)	9.5m	
Right Turn Radius*	Residential: 3.0m-4.5m Commercial: 4.5m-12.0m Industrial: 9.0m-15.0m	6.0m	
Corner Clearance	15m for Local Roads	>15m	
Sight Distance (Intersections with Stop Control on Minor Road)	Case B1 – Left Turns from Minor Road = 105m Case B2 – Right Turns from Minor Road = 95m	No obstructions; be advised of retaining wall on either side of site access and parked vehicles on the west side of Robin Easey Avenue.	
Throat Length	N/A	Located on a local road 40m	
Angle of Intersection	At or near 90°	Access intersects Robin Easey Avenue at 90°	
Proximity to Adjacent Driveways	N/A	No private driveways along the west side of Robin Easey Avenue between Kilbirnie Road and the proposed school access	
Pedestrian + Cycling Crossing Considerations	Small curb return radii (must be suitable for design turning vehicle) with narrow driveway to minimize crossing distance	9.5m pedestrian crossing No cycling crossing	

<sup>\*</sup>Minimum requirements for institutional developments are not listed in TAC 2017.

Overall, the design elements for the site access on Robin Easey Avenue meet the minimum requirements of TAC 2017 to be considered as good design practice.

### 4.4.2 INTERSECTION CONTROL

Ontario Traffic Manual (OTM) Book 12 (2012) Justification 7 includes two warrants (1 and 2) for signalization with two evaluation criteria (A and B) for each:

- 1A total volume entering the intersection from all approaches.
- 1B total volume entering the intersection from the minor approaches only.
- 2A total volume entering the intersection from the main road only.
- 2B total volume crossing major road, calculated as the left turns from the minor approaches, pedestrian crossings, highest through volume from one of the minor approaches and 50% of the heavier left turn from the main road if it exceeds 120 vehicles/hr and the opposing traffic exceeds 720 veh/hr.

Signalization can be warranted based on Warrant 1 or 2, but only if both conditions A and B are 100% met.

Based on Section 3.1.1, the site is estimated to generate 115 and 83 auto vehicle trips in and out of access during the AM Peak Hour, respectively. During the PM Peak Hour, the site is estimated to generate 52 and 72 auto vehicle trips in and out of the access, respectively.

Provided that the school access is considered a T-intersection with one vehicle travel lane in both directions and that it is a future intersection, thresholds are raised for the consideration of traffic signals as a result of using average hourly volumes instead of eight-hour volumes as they are unavailable.

In accordance with OTM Book 12, the site generated volumes listed above are below the minimum requirements for a traffic signal based on Justification 7 – Projected Volumes, as shown in Table 4-6. Therefore, the projected site generated volumes indicate that signalization at the access intersection is not warranted since the volumes fall below the minimum requirements when considering the adjusted volume thresholds for all evaluation criteria.

Table 4-6: OTM Book 12 Signal Warrant Justification 7 - Proposed School

	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT				
JUSTIFICATION 7	$FLOW^1$	ADJ. FLOW <sup>2</sup>			
1A - All Approaches	480	1080			
1B - Minor Road	120	270			
2A - Major Road	480	1080			
2B - Crossing Major Road	50	115			

#### **Notes**

- x1.5 for Justification 7, based on a new intersection
- x1.5 for a T-intersection

The proposed school access will be located on a low-volume local road such that stop-control on the minor road (site access) is sufficient.

#### 4.4.3 INTERSECTION DESIGN

According to the City of Ottawa's MMLOS Guidelines (2015), only signalized intersections are evaluated against the LOS measures for intersections. As such, no formal evaluation has been applied to the proposed site access due to its unsignalized traffic control.

#### 4.5 TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT

#### 4.5.1 CONTEXT FOR TDM

The proposed elementary school is anticipated to have 751 students and the on-site daycare service will accommodate 49 children. In addition, a total of 51 staff, including teachers, custodians, and office staff, are expected to work for the school and daycare.

The development is not located within a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone and the majority of staff (80%) will be auto drivers and the majority of students (85%) will arrive and depart by school bus. Between all school users, approximately 15% are anticipated to be auto passengers, 5% to use active modes (walking and cycling), and less than 1% to take public transit.

The school board (CEPEO) has indicated that operation hours of the elementary school will be from 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM, and the daycare will operate between 6:00 AM to 5:00 PM. The start and end time of the school and daycare service generally align with the peak hours of the adjacent street traffic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Base Volume Thresholds are based on a 1-lane major road with free flow conditions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Adjusted Volume Thresholds are based on the following requirements in the OTM Warrant Methodology:

#### 4.5.2 NEED AND OPPORTUNITY

The existing road network has available capacity should the mode share targets not be met, as indicated in Section 4.9.2.

#### 4.5.3 TDM PROGRAM

The TDM Measures Checklist for non-residential developments was completed to allow and encourage travel by sustainable modes to and from the proposed development at the time of occupancy. The completed checklist is provided in **Appendix E**.

The following TDM measures are recommended for the proposed development:

- Display local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and key destinations at major entrances
- Display relevant transit schedules and route maps at entrances

#### 4.6 NEIGHBOURHOOD TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

#### 4.6.1 ADJACENT NEIGHBOURHOODS

The proposed school is located within a mixed-use community that is part of Quinn's Pointe – Phase 2 and the access routes to and from the proposed development contain local and collector roads. As per the City of Ottawa Area Traffic Management (ATM) guidelines, the thresholds for local roads and collector roads are a maximum of 1,000 vehicles per day or 120 vehicles during the peak hour and a maximum of 2,500 vehicles per day or 300 vehicles during the peak hour, respectively. The 2023 and 2028 total traffic volumes, as shown in Figure 3-4 and Figure 3-5, indicate that the addition of development-related traffic to these access roads (Kilbirnie Drive and Robin Easey Avenue) will be above their road classification threshold during the peak hour. However, the 2023 and 2028 future background volumes, as shown in Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3, indicate that these thresholds are exceeded for Kilbirnie Drive prior to adding development-generated trips.

Despite the road classification vehicle thresholds being exceeded, the Multi-Modal Level of Service Analysis (MMLOS) and intersection capacity analysis provided in Section 4.9.2 indicate that the Vehicle LOS target for the study area is met and that the study area intersections operate at a LOS of B or better. Based on this, the proposed school is expected to have a minimal impact on the access roads.

In conjunction with the TIA prepared for 989 Kilbirnie Drive by Novatech, no change to the existing road classification is required as Kilbirnie Drive is intended to serve as a collector road for Phase 2 of Quinn's Pointe Subdivision. Therefore, a Neighbourhood Traffic Management plan is not required.

#### 4.7 TRANSIT

Based on Section 3.1.1, the proposed school is anticipated to generate only 3 person trips from the 5% of staff expected to use public transit and the existing transit routes do not coincide with the boundary street segments bordering the proposed site. Therefore, transit service will not be impacted according to development-generated demand.

#### 4.8 REVIEW OF NETWORK CONCEPT

This module has been exempted based on Section 2.7.

#### 4.9 INTERSECTION DESIGN

#### 4.9.1 INTERSECTION CONTROL

Of the three study area intersections analyzed, the intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive is signalized and the intersections of Kilbirnie Drive / Alex Polowin Avenue and Kilbirnie Drive / Robin Easey Avenue are all-way stop-controlled. The detailed performance analysis provided in Section 4.8.2 below indicates that all three study area intersections and their associated vehicle movements operate at a LOS of B or better for both the AM and PM Peak Hours of all scenarios (i.e., existing, future background and future total). Due to the traffic operations at each intersection performing well below the capacity with the current intersection control, this suggests that there is no need to modify the intersection control to serve the future background and future total traffic demands.

#### 4.9.2 INTERSECTION DESIGN

#### 4.9.2.1 MULTI-MODAL LEVEL OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

A Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) analysis was carried out in accordance with the methodology outlined in the City of Ottawa's MMLOS Guidelines (2015). The Guidelines state that intersection LOS measures are to be evaluated at signalized intersections. Within the study area, Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive is the only intersection that is signalized. The MMLOS analysis evaluates the existing conditions (2020), future background (2023 and 2028) and future total (2023 and 2028) time horizon to provide a comparison between the baseline and future condition (beyond the development period).

The intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive was evaluated as an *Arterial within a General Urban Area* with the corresponding LOS targets taken from Exhibit 22 of the MMLOS Guidelines. The intersection MMLOS results are summarized in Table 4-7. It is noted that prior to its completed modification in 2021, the intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive previously was a two-way stop-controlled intersection.

As there are no additional/planned modifications to the intersection configuration of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive between the existing conditions and up to and including the 2028 future conditions, there is no change in PLOS, BLOS and TkLOS as they are primarily dependent on road infrastructure elements and additionally the signal timing plan for PLOS. TLOS and VLOS are based on average signal delay and volume to capacity ratio, respectively. Based on the anticipated traffic volumes between the existing conditions and up to and including the 2028 future conditions, there is no change in TLOS and VLOS.

Table 4-7: Summary of Intersection Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Analysis – Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive

SCENARIO	PLOS	BLOS	BLOS TLOS		VLOS
Target	C	C	D	E	D
Existing Conditions (2020)	D	E	С	E	A
Future Background (2023)	D	E	С	E	A
Future Background (2028)	D	E	С	E	A

Future Total (2023)	D	E	С	E	A
Future Total (2028)	D	E	С	E	A

The **Pedestrian Level of Service** (PLOS) target of 'C' was not met. The target could be met if the signal timing plan was altered such that the effective walk time is increased to more than 11 seconds. It is noted that the pedestrian volume is currently low at this intersection.

The **Bicycle Level of Service** (BLOS) target of 'C' was not met. The target could be met if cycling facilities such as a curb bike lane or multi-use path were provided on Greenbank Road and Kilbirnie Drive, like the multi-use path that is currently provided from the north approach.

The **Transit Level of Service** (TLOS) target of 'D' was met. The two transit routes (75 and 675) that utilize the intersection only travel eastbound and westbound along Kilbirnie Drive.

The **Truck Level of Service** (TkLOS) target of 'E' was met. Greenbank Road and Kilbirnie Drive are not designated City of Ottawa truck routes, so the LOS target is relatively low.

The Vehicle Level of Service (VLOS) target of 'D' was met.

#### 4.9.2.2 DETAILED PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

The existing and future conditions were analyzed based upon the weekday peak hour traffic volumes presented in Sections 2.3.7 and 3.3.3. The City of Ottawa's MMLOS Guidelines assigns the vehicle level of service (VLOS) based on ranges of volume to capacity ratio, as indicated in Table 4-8. The VLOS for the intersection of Greenbank Road and Kilbirnie Drive was evaluated using the volume to capacity ratio.

Table 4-8: City of Ottawa MMLOS Guidelines, LOS Criteria - Signalized Intersections

VLOS	VOLUME TO CAPACITY RATIO
A	0 - 0.60
В	0.61 - 0.70
C	0.71 - 0.80
D	0.80 - 0.90
E	0.91 - 1.00
F	> 1.00

For all-way stop control intersections, VLOS is based on control delay, as indicated in Table 4-9. The VLOS for the intersections of Kilbirnie Drive / Alex Polowin Avenue and Kilbirnie Drive / Robin Easey Avenue were evaluated using the control delay.

Table 4-9: Highway Capacity Manual 2010, LOS Criteria - All-Way Stop Control Intersections

VLOS	CONTROL DELAY (S)
A	0 - 10
В	> 10 – 15
С	> 15 – 25
D	> 25 – 35
E	> 35 – 50
F	> 50

The following tables present the results of the intersection capacity analysis. All intersections were analyzed using Synchro 11 following the analysis parameters in the TIA Guidelines. **Appendix H** contains the detailed Synchro analysis sheets.

#### **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

The existing conditions (2020) intersection operations analysis results are summarized in Table 4-10. The intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie within the study area and its respective vehicle movements currently operates with an acceptable VLOS (LOS A) that is well below capacity.

Table 4-10: Summary of Traffic Operations Analysis – Existing Conditions (2020)

		AM PEA	K HOUR		PM PEAK HOUR						
MOVEMENT	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)			
	Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive										
EBL	A	0.46	37.1	22.0	A	0.28	33.0	14.1			
EBTR	A	0.41	10.5	14.0	A	0.24	12.5	8.9			
WBL	A	0.38	34.3	18.5	A	0.14	29.2	8.6			
WBTR	A	0.38	10.7	13.1	A	0.29	14.0	10.7			
NBL	A	0.32	38.4	16.8	A	0.56	40.4	36.1			
NBT	A	0.10	10.8	20.7	A	0.16	13.0	35.6			
NBR	A	0.02	0.1	0.0	A	0.08	0.8	1.9			
SBL	A	0.20	36.9	11.6	A	0.42	38.8	24.5			
SBT	A	0.14	12.5	29.4	A	0.13	14.5	27.7			
SBR	A	0.05	0.1	0.0	A	0.09	1.4	3.0			
Intersection LOS		F	<b>A</b>		A						

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Movement LOS is based on Synchro V/C ratios and the LOS thresholds in Section 6.1 of the City of Ottawa's Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines for signalized intersections.
- 2. # volume for the 95th percentile exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
- 3. The overall intersection LOS is based on the V/C ratio from the HCM 2000 Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis report that is generated from Synchro.

#### **FUTURE BACKGROUND**

Compared to the existing conditions, the VLOS for the study area intersections and their respective vehicle movements remain unchanged during the 2023 future background condition. During the 2028 future background condition, the VLOS remains unchanged, except for the eastbound left movement at the intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive that drops from a VLOS A to a VLOS B. The 2023 and 2028 future background intersection operations analysis results are summarized in Table 4-11 and Table 4-12, respectively.

Table 4-11: Summary of Traffic Operations Analysis – Future Background (2023)

		AM PEA	K HOUR		PM PEAK HOUR					
MOVEMENT	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)		
	Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive									
EBL	A	0.60	41.0	31.8	A	0.43	36.1	21.1		
EBTR	A	0.49	9.4	17.2	A	0.37	13.1	13.7		
WBL	A	0.35	32.4	17.5	A	0.12	27.7	8.2		
WBTR	A	0.40	13.1	16.8	A	0.27	14.3	11.0		
NBL	A	0.47	40.3	25.3	A	0.60	39.5	#52.5		
NBT	A	0.17	11.5	32.5	A	0.20	14.2	40.4		
NBR	A	0.02	0.1	0.0	A	0.09	0.5	0.9		
SBL	A	0.19	36.7	10.6	A	0.42	39.5	22.6		
SBT	A	0.17	15.9	33.0	A	0.22	17.6	37.2		
SBR	A	0.12	1.7	3.6	A	0.19	4.1	9.9		
Intersection LOS		I	<b>\</b>			A	<b>A</b>			
		:	Kilbirnie Driv	ve / Alex Polo	win Avenue					
EBLTR	A	0.03	7.3	-	A	0.02	7.2	-		
WBLTR	A	0.07	7.4	-	A	0.13	7.6	-		
NBLTR	A	0.07	6.9	-	A	0.05	7.0	-		

SBLTR	A	0.06	7.6	-	A	0.04	7.5	-
Intersection LOS		F	A		Α			
	Kilbirnie Drive / Robin Easey Avenue							
EBTR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WBLT	A	0.02	7.3	-	A	0.03	7.3	-
NBLR	A	0.03	6.5	-	A	0.02	6.4	-
Intersection LOS	A						1	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Movement LOS is based on Synchro V/C ratios and the LOS thresholds in Section 6.1 of the City of Ottawa's Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines for signalized intersections.
- 2. # volume for the 95th percentile exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
- 3. The overall intersection LOS is based on the V/C ratio from the HCM 2000 Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis report that is generated from Synchro.

Table 4-12: Summary of Traffic Operations Analysis - Future Background (2028)

	AM PEAK HOUR				PM PEAK HOUR				
MOVEMENT	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	
	Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive								
EBL	В	0.62	41.6	33.5	A	0.45	36.4	22.1	
EBTR	A	0.52	9.4	18.3	A	0.39	12.6	14.5	
WBL	A	0.38	33.9	17.8	A	0.12	27.5	8.2	
WBTR	A	0.40	13.0	16.9	A	0.26	14.1	11.0	
NBL	A	0.49	40.6	26.9	A	0.58	37.0	#64.0	
NBT	A	0.23	12.1	43.9	A	0.26	14.8	52.5	
NBR	A	0.02	0.1	0.0	A	0.09	0.5	0.9	

SBL	A	0.19	36.7	10.6	A	0.42	39.5	22.6	
SBT	A	0.23	16.7	42.7	A	0.33	20.0	50.9	
SBR	A	0.09	0.3	0.6	A	0.21	4.8	11.4	
Intersection LOS		F	A			F	<b>A</b>		
	Kilbirnie Drive / Alex Polowin Avenue								
EBLTR	A	0.11	7.8	-	A	0.07	7.6	-	
WBLTR	A	0.09	7.6	-	A	0.20	8.1	-	
NBLTR	A	0.08	7.2	-	A	0.06	7.3	-	
SBLTR	A	0.06	7.8	-	A	0.05	7.7	-	
Intersection LOS		F			A				
			Kilbirnie Dri	ve / Robin Ea	sey Avenue				
EBTR	A	0.08	7.4	-	A	0.05	7.1	-	
WBLT	A	0.11	7.6	-	A	0.04	7.3	-	
NBLR	A	0.04	6.9	-	A	0.03	6.8	-	
Intersection LOS	n A				A				

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Movement LOS is based on Synchro V/C ratios and the LOS thresholds in Section 6.1 of the City of Ottawa's Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines for signalized intersections.
- 2. # volume for the 95th percentile exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
- 3. The overall intersection LOS is based on the V/C ratio from the HCM 2000 Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis report that is generated from Synchro.

#### **FUTURE TOTAL**

Compared to the 2023 future background condition, the VLOS for the study area intersections and their respective vehicle movements remain unchanged during the 2023 future total condition (inclusion of vehicle trips generated from the proposed school), except for the eastbound left movement at the intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive that drops from a VLOS A to a VLOS B. The eastbound left-turn storage lane length is sufficient to

accommodate vehicle queues. The 2023 future background intersection operations analysis results are summarized in Table 4-13.

Table 4-13: Summary of Traffic Operations Analysis – Future Total (2023)

		AM PEA	K HOUR			PM PEA	K HOUR		
MOVEMENT	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	
			Greenbank	Road / Kilbir	nie Drive				
EBL	В	0.70	42.9	42.2	A	0.57	39.5	30.1	
EBTR	A	0.50	8.9	19.5	A	0.41	13.0	16.7	
WBL	A	0.31	28.5	16.8	A	0.11	26.1	8.2	
WBTR	A	0.41	13.3	19.6	A	0.27	14.8	12.7	
NBL	A	0.59	44.7	#35.2	A	0.59	38.2	#57.9	
NBT	A	0.18	13.5	34.8	A	0.23	15.5	41.2	
NBR	A	0.03	0.1	0.0	A	0.10	0.5	0.9	
SBL	A	0.19	36.7	10.6	A	0.42	39.5	22.6	
SBT	A	0.19	18.3	31.9	A	0.25	20.0	36.8	
SBR	A	0.23	4.8	12.8	A	0.26	5.1	12.8	
Intersection LOS		A	1			P	A		
			Kilbirnie Driv	ve / Alex Polo	win Avenue				
EBLTR	A	0.12	8.0	-	A	0.08	7.7	-	
WBLTR	A	0.22	8.5	-	A	0.19	8.1	-	
NBLTR	A	0.10	7.6	-	A	0.07	7.3	-	
SBLTR	A	0.06	8.1	-	A	0.04	7.8	-	
Intersection LOS		A	<b>A</b>			A			

	Kilbirnie Drive / Robin Easey Avenue									
EBTR	A	0.01	7.0	-	A	0.00	6.6	-		
WBLT	A	0.16	8.2	-	A	0.08	7.7	-		
NBLR	A	0.10	7.1	-	A	0.07	6.8	-		
Intersection LOS		F	1			F	1			

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Movement LOS is based on Synchro V/C ratios and the LOS thresholds in Section 6.1 of the City of Ottawa's Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines for signalized intersections.
- 2. # volume for the 95th percentile exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
- 3. The overall intersection LOS is based on the V/C ratio from the HCM 2000 Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis report that is generated from Synchro.

Compared to the 2028 future background condition, the VLOS for the study area intersections and their respective vehicle movements remain unchanged during the 2028 future total condition (inclusion of vehicle trips generated from the proposed school), except for the northbound left movement at the intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive that drops from a VLOS A to a VLOS B. The northbound left-turn storage lane length is sufficient to accommodate vehicle queues. The 2028 future background intersection operations analysis results are summarized in Table 4-14.

Table 4-14: Summary of Traffic Operations Analysis – Future Total (2028)

MOVEMENT	AM PEAK HOUR			PM PEAK HOUR				
	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)	LOS	V/C	Delay (s)	95 <sup>th</sup> %ile Queue (m)
	Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive							
EBL	В	0.70	42.2	42.9	A	0.57	39.7	31.1
EBTR	A	0.53	8.6	20.1	A	0.43	12.4	17.4
WBL	A	0.33	28.7	16.7	A	0.11	26.0	8.2
WBTR	A	0.40	12.9	19.2	A	0.27	14.6	12.7
NBL	В	0.62	47.1	#43.5	A	0.58	36.1	#69.4
NBT	A	0.24	14.4	46.5	A	0.29	16.2	51.9
NBR	A	0.03	0.1	0.0	A	0.10	0.5	0.9

SBL	A	0.19	36.7	10.6	A	0.42	39.5	22.6
SBT	A	0.26	19.7	40.3	A	0.38	23.1	49.2
SBR	A	0.23	5.2	12.0	A	0.29	5.4	13.0
Intersection LOS			A		A			
	Kilbirnie Drive / Alex Polowin Avenue							
EBLTR	A	0.20	8.6	-	A	0.13	8.1	-
WBLTR	A	0.25	8.9	-	A	0.27	8.7	-
NBLTR	A	0.11	7.8	-	A	0.08	7.7	-
SBLTR	A	0.07	8.4	-	A	0.05	8.0	-
Intersection LOS					Α			
			Kilbirnie Dri	ve / Robin Ea	sey Avenue			
EBTR	A	0.10	7.8	-	A	0.05	7.3	-
WBLT	A	0.26	8.9	-	A	0.10	7.8	-
NBLR	A	0.11	7.6		A	0.08	7.0	-
Intersection LOS						F	A	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Movement LOS is based on Synchro V/C ratios and the LOS thresholds in Section 6.1 of the City of Ottawa's Multi-Modal Level of Service (MMLOS) Guidelines for signalized intersections.
- 2. # volume for the 95th percentile exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.
- 3. The overall intersection LOS is based on the V/C ratio from the HCM 2000 Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis report that is generated from Synchro.

### 4.10 SUMMARY OF IMPROVEMENTS INDICATED AND MODIFICATION OPTIONS

A summary of transportation improvements proposed as part of this Transportation Impact Assessment carried out and the proposed modifications are presented as follows:

#### 1. Development Design

- Sustainable modes have been accounted for on-site through the provision of internal sidewalks, bicycle parking, and direct connections and access to an existing adjacent transit stop.
- The site plan was assessed using AutoTurn 11 for various design vehicles (waste removal, fire truck and school bus) accessing and circulating around the site. The AutoTurn swept paths indicate that the site access on Robin Easey Avenue can accommodate the movements of these design vehicles entering and exiting the site without conflicting with built features but encroach on the opposing vehicle lane. The drop-off area, however, cannot accommodate the wide turning movements of these design vehicles when circulating around it without conflicting with the curb.
- Based on the site plan, it is recommended that the radius of the interior curb at the northeast corner of
  the drop-off area be increased and that the size of the waste receptacle area be decreased to
  accommodate larger vehicles.

#### 2. Parking

• The 61 auto parking and 48 bicycle parking spaces provided in the site plan meet the minimum requirements of the City of Ottawa's Zoning By-Law.

#### 3. Boundary Streets Design

• Kilbirnie Drive and Robin Easey Avenue do not meet the Pedestrian LOS target of A for a policy area of being within 300m of a school. Pedestrian comfort and safety can be further supplemented by traffic calming measures such as reduced speed zones.

#### 4. Access Intersections Design

- The site access on Robin Easey Avenue meets the requirements set out for driveways in TAC 2017 to be considered as part of good design practice.
- In accordance with OTM Book 12, the site generated volumes are below the minimum requirements for a traffic signal to be warranted based on Justification 7 Projected Volumes.
- Stop-control on the minor road (site access) is sufficient.

#### 5. Transportation Demand Management

- The existing road network has available capacity should the mode share targets not be met.
- The TDM measures recommended for the proposed development include displaying local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and transit schedules with route maps.

#### 6. Neighbourhood Traffic Management

• Despite the future traffic volumes along the access routes being above the thresholds for local and collector roads during the peak hour, the proposed school will have a minimal impact on the access roads since the traffic operations are well below the capacity (LOS B or better).

#### 7. Transit

• Transit service along Kilbirnie Drive (east of River Mist Road) will not be impacted according to the low development-generated demand estimated of school staff.

#### 8. Intersection Design

- Intersection of Greenbank Road / Kilbirnie Drive (signalized): No proposed modifications. Control type, configuration, and capacity are sufficient.
- Intersection of Kilbirnie Drive / Alex Polowin Avenue (stop-control): Control type, configuration, and capacity are sufficient.
- Intersection of Kilbirnie Drive / Robin Easey Avenue (stop-control): Control type, configuration, and capacity are sufficient.

Based on the results of this Transportation Impact Assessment, the transportation network surrounding the proposed elementary school by CEPEO located at 1045 Kilbirnie Drive can accommodate the development without adverse impacts to future traffic operations during the 2023 built-out year and 2028 planning horizon.



### **APPENDIX**

# A SCREENING FORM





#### City of Ottawa 2017 TIA Guidelines Screening Form

# 1. Description of Proposed Development Municipal Address Description of Location Land Use Classification Development Size (units) Development Size (m²) Number of Accesses and Locations Phase of Development Buildout Year

If available, please attach a sketch of the development or site plan to this form.

#### 2. Trip Generation Trigger

Considering the Development's Land Use type and Size (as filled out in the previous section), please refer to the Trip Generation Trigger checks below.

Land Use Type	Minimum Development Size
Single-family homes	40 units
Townhomes or apartments	90 units
Office	3,500 m <sup>2</sup>
Industrial	5,000 m <sup>2</sup>
Fast-food restaurant or coffee shop	100 m <sup>2</sup>
Destination retail	1,000 m <sup>2</sup>
Gas station or convenience market	75 m²

<sup>\*</sup> If the development has a land use type other than what is presented in the table above, estimates of person-trip generation may be made based on average trip generation characteristics represented in the current edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual.

If the proposed development size is greater than the sizes identified above, the Trip Generation Trigger is satisfied.

800 students and staff will trigger in excess of 60 person trips to the site.



#### **Transportation Impact Assessment Guidelines**

#### 3. Location Triggers

	Yes	No
Does the development propose a new driveway to a boundary street that is designated as part of the City's Transit Priority, Rapid Transit or Spine Bicycle Networks?		
Is the development in a Design Priority Area (DPA) or Transit-oriented Development (TOD) zone?*		

<sup>\*</sup>DPA and TOD are identified in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (DPA in Section 2.5.1 and Schedules A and B; TOD in Annex 6). See Chapter 4 for a list of City of Ottawa Planning and Engineering documents that support the completion of TIA).

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Location Trigger is satisfied.

#### 4. Safety Triggers

	Yes	No
Are posted speed limits on a boundary street are 80 km/hr or greater?		
Are there any horizontal/vertical curvatures on a boundary street limits sight lines at a proposed driveway?		
Is the proposed driveway within the area of influence of an adjacent traffic signal or roundabout (i.e. within 300 m of intersection in rural conditions, or within 150 m of intersection in urban/ suburban conditions)?		
Is the proposed driveway within auxiliary lanes of an intersection?		
Does the proposed driveway make use of an existing median break that serves an existing site?		
Is there is a documented history of traffic operations or safety concerns on the boundary streets within 500 m of the development?		
Does the development include a drive-thru facility?		

If any of the above questions were answered with 'Yes,' the Safety Trigger is satisfied.

#### 5. Summary

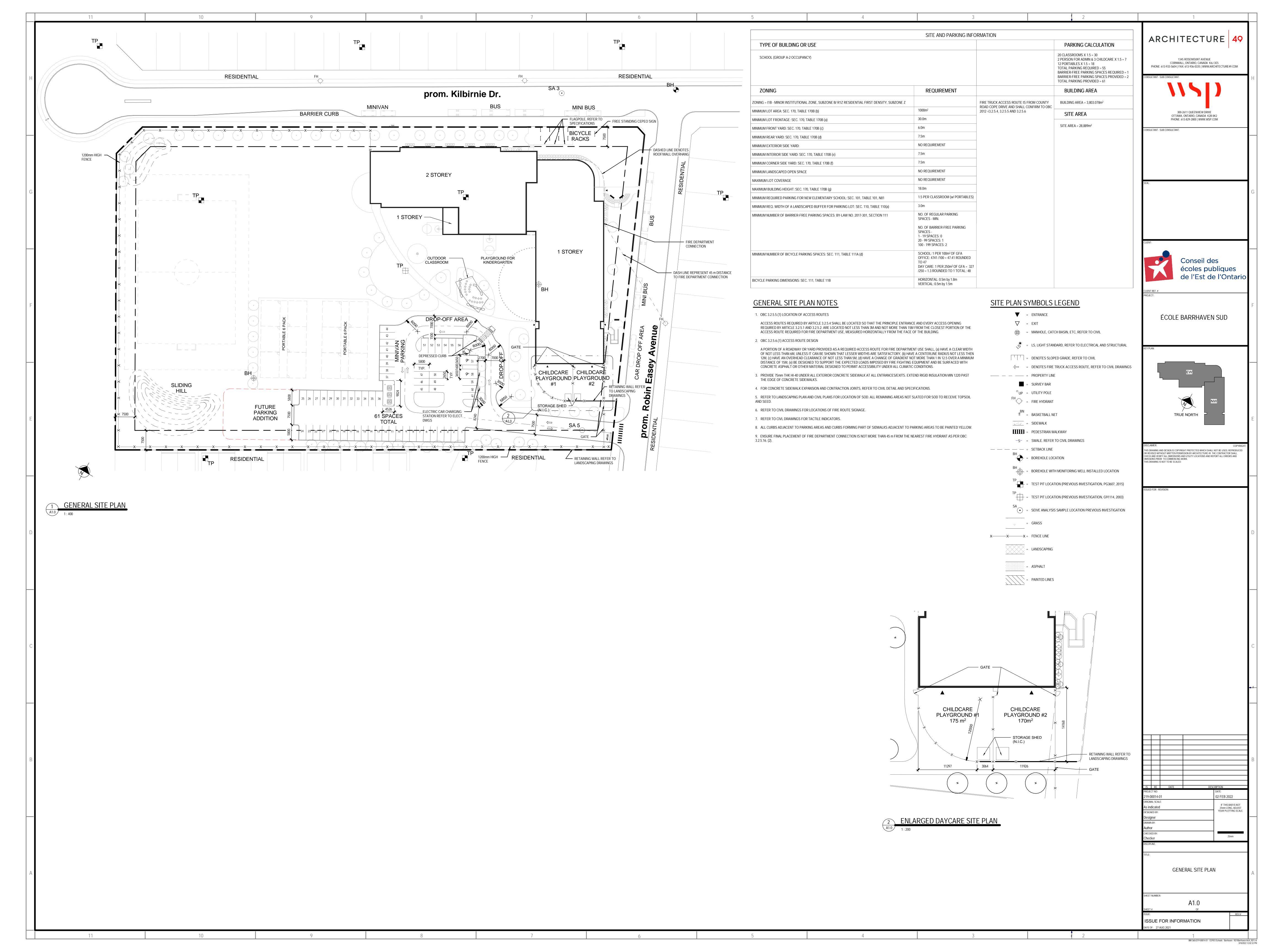
	Yes	No
Does the development satisfy the Trip Generation Trigger?		
Does the development satisfy the Location Trigger?		
Does the development satisfy the Safety Trigger?		

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If none of the triggers are satisfied, <u>the TIA Study is complete</u>. If one or more of the triggers is satisfied, <u>the TIA Study must continue into the next stage</u> (Screening and Scoping).

### **APPENDIX**

# B DRAFT SITE PLAN



# C TRANS O-D SURVEY



#### **South Nepean**

#### **Demographic Characteristics**

Population	72,750	Actively Trav	/elled	57,830
Employed Population	35,540	Number of \	ehicles/	44,130
Households	26,260	Area (km²)		54.8
Occupation				
Status (age 5+)		Male	Female	Total
Full Time Employed		17,630	14,730	32,350
Part Time Employed		620	2,570	3,190
Student		9,910	9,420	19,340
Retiree		3,420	4,200	7,620
Unemployed		720	500	1,220
Homemaker		180	2,390	2,570
Other		270	540	810
Total:		32,750	34,350	67,100
Traveller Characteristics		Male	Female	Total
Transit Pass Holders		5,590	6,100	11,700
Licensed Drivers		24,480	25,260	49,740
Telecommuters		60	310	370
Trips made by residents		88,180	97,380	185,550

tal:	32,750	34,350	67,100	0 975 15 3	A End Feb
eveller Characteristics	Male	Female	Total	7	K
ansit Pass Holders	5,590	6,100	11,700		
ensed Drivers	24,480	25,260	49,740	Household Size	
lecommuters	60	310	370	1 person	3,
				2 persons	7,
ps made by residents	88,180	97,380	185,550	3 persons	5,
			<u> </u>	4 persons	6,
				5+ persons	3.

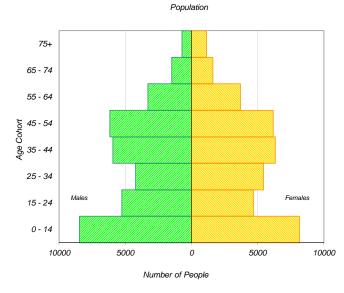
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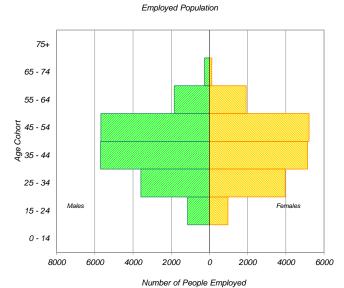
Household Size		
1 person	3,560	14%
2 persons	7,300	28%
3 persons	5,500	21%
4 persons	6,320	24%
5+ persons	3,590	14%
Total:	26,260	100%

Households by Vehicle Availability					
0 vehicles 810					
1 vehicle	9,500	36%			
2 vehicles	13,800	53%			
3 vehicles	1,730	7%			
4+ vehicles	410	2%			
Total:	26,260	100%			

Households by Dwelling Type					
	Single-detached	14,530	55%		
	Semi-detached	3,090	12%		
	Townhouse	7,770	30%		
	Apartment/Condo	870	3%		
	Total:	26.260	100%		

Selected Indicators	
Daily Trips per Person (age 5+)	2.77
Vehicles per Person	0.61
Number of Persons per Household	2.77
Daily Trips per Household	7.07
Vehicles per Household	1.68
Workers per Household	1.35
Population Density (Pop/km2)	1330



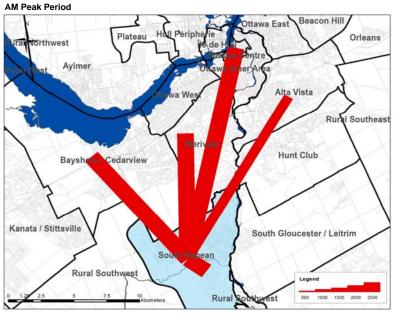


<sup>\*</sup> In 2005 data was only collected for household members aged  $11^{^{\star}}$  therefore these results cannot be compared to the 2011 data.



#### **Travel Patterns**

#### Top Five Destinations of Trips from South Nepean



;	Summary of Trips to and from South Nepean							
	AM Peak Period (6:30 - 8:59) Destinations of Origins of							
		Trips From		Trips To				
1	Districts	District	% Total	District	% Total			
(	Ottawa Centre	3,820	9%	30	0%			
	Ottawa Inner Area	2,270	5%	340	1%			
(	Ottawa East	630	2%	50	0%			
E	Beacon Hill	370	1%	50	0%			
/	Alta Vista	2,360	6%	460	2%			
ı	Hunt Club	920	2%	440	2%			
ı	Merivale	4,310	10%	790	3%			
(	Ottawa West	1,830	4%	160	1%			
E	Bayshore / Cedarview	3,230	8%	700	3%			
(	Orléans	330	1%	200	1%			
F	Rural East	20	0%	60	0%			
F	Rural Southeast	250	1%	580	2%			
9	South Gloucester / Leitrim	100	0%	310	1%			
9	South Nepean	17,260	42%	17,260	74%			
F	Rural Southwest	580	1%	970	4%			
ı	Kanata / Stittsvile	1,800	4%	690	3%			
F	Rural West	80	0%	30	0%			
î	le de Hull	840	2%	50	0%			
H	Hull Périphérie	260	1%	40	0%			
1	Plateau	0	0%	40	0%			
1	Aylmer	60	0%	40	0%			
F	Rural Northwest	40	0%	40	0%			
1	Pointe Gatineau	0	0%	0	0%			
(	Gatineau Est	0	0%	20	0%			
ı	Rural Northeast	10	0%	20	0%			
_	Buckingham / Masson-Angers	20	0%	0	0%			
(	Ontario Sub-Total:	40,160	97%	23,120	99%			
(	Québec Sub-Total:	1,230	3%	250	1%			
1	Total:	41,390	100%	23,370	100%			

#### **Trips by Trip Purpose**

24 Hours	From District	1	o District	Wi	thin District	
Work or related	25,640	41%	5,290	8%	4,680	6%
School	5,310	8%	1,430	2%	10,610	13%
Shopping	4,940	8%	4,220	7%	12,840	16%
Leisure	6,960	11%	4,020	6%	5,760	7%
Medical	1,720	3%	900	1%	840	1%
Pick-up / drive passenger	4,040	6%	3,920	6%	7,530	9%
Return Home	11,460	18%	40,960	65%	34,630	43%
Other	2,640	4%	2,090	3%	3,020	4%
Total:	62,710	100%	62,830	100%	79,910	100%
AM Peak (06:30 - 08:59)	From District	1	o District	Wi	thin District	
Work or related	18,160	75%	2,890	47%	2,120	12%
School	3,280	14%	1,170	19%	9,180	53%
Shopping	180	1%	70	1%	720	4%
Leisure	350	1%	230	4%	220	1%
Medical	400	2%	60	1%	100	1%
Pick-up / drive passenger	1,060	4%	770	13%	2,860	17%
Return Home	210	1%	640	10%	1,070	6%
Other	520	2%	290	5%	990	6%
Total:	24,160	100%	6,120	100%	17,260	100%
PM Peak (15:30 - 17:59)	From District	1	o District	Wi	thin District	
Work or related	410	5%	290	1%	410	2%
School	250	3%	0	0%	50	0%
Shopping	900	11%	1,090	5%	2,090	11%
Leisure	1,420	17%	790	3%	1,840	10%
Medical	190	2%	230	1%	90	0%
Pick-up / drive passenger	820	10%	1,700	7%	1,610	9%
Return Home	3,800	47%	18,990	81%	11,810	64%
Other	360	4%	490	2%	540	3%
Total:	8,150	100%	23,580	100%	18,440	100%
Peak Period (%)	Total:	9	% of 24 Hours	W	ithin Distric	ct (%)
24 Hours	205,450				39%	

47,540

50,170

23%

24%

36%

37%

#### **Trips by Primary Travel Mode**

24 Hours	From District		To District	Wit	thin District	:
Auto Driver	41,340	66%	41,280	66%	39,110	49%
Auto Passenger	9,400	15%	10,030	16%	15,320	19%
Transit	9,990	16%	9,520	15%	2,260	3%
Bicycle	310	0%	320	1%	960	1%
Walk	80	0%	170	0%	13,060	16%
Other	1,600	3%	1,520	2%	9,210	12%
Total:	62,720	100%	62,840	100%	79,920	100%
AM Peak (06:30 - 08:59)	From District		To District	Wit	thin District	:
Auto Driver	14,570	60%	4,360	71%	5,800	34%
Auto Passenger	1,930	8%	780	13%	3,210	19%
Transit	6,610	27%	330	5%	730	4%
Bicycle	80	0%	50	1%	320	2%
Walk	20	0%	10	0%	3,000	17%
Other	930	4%	590	10%	4,200	24%
Total:	24,140	100%	6,120	100%	17,260	100%
PM Peak (15:30 - 17:59)	From District		To District	Wit	thin District	:
Auto Driver	5,840	72%	14,640	62%	8,420	46%
Auto Passenger	1,730	21%	2,680	11%	3,930	21%
Transit	350	4%	5,770	24%	650	4%
Bicycle	80	1%	110	0%	150	1%
Walk	30	0%	0	0%	3,680	20%
Other	100	1%	380	2%	1,590	9%
Total:	8,130	100%	23,580	100%	18,420	100%
Avg Vehicle Occupancy	From District		To District	Wi	thin District	:
24 Hours	1.23		1.24		1.39	
AM Peak Period	1.13		1.18		1.55	
PM Peak Period	1.30		1.18		1.47	
Transit Modal Split	From District		To District	\A/i+	thin District	
24 Hours	16%		16%	771	4%	
AM Peak Period	29%		6%		4% 7%	
PM Peak Period	4%		25%		5%	
rivi reak ref100	470		23%		370	

AM Peak Period

PM Peak Period

# D RELATED TIA EXCERPTS

Figure 6: 2022 Background Traffic

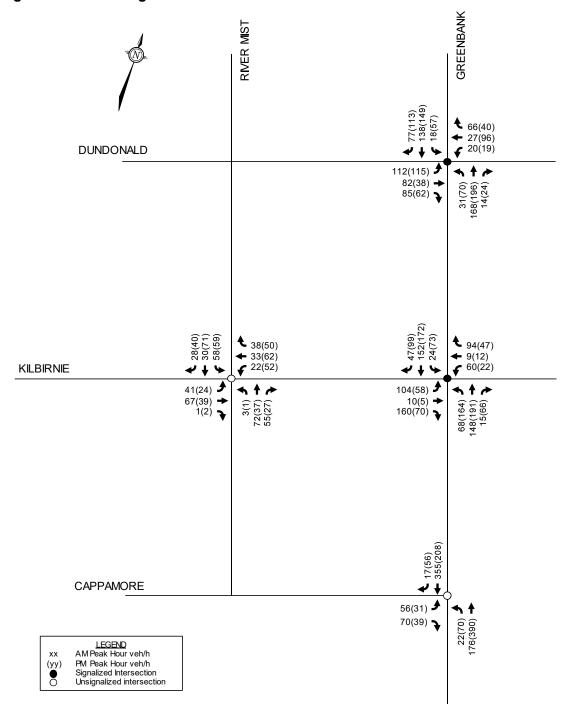


Figure 7: 2027 Background Traffic

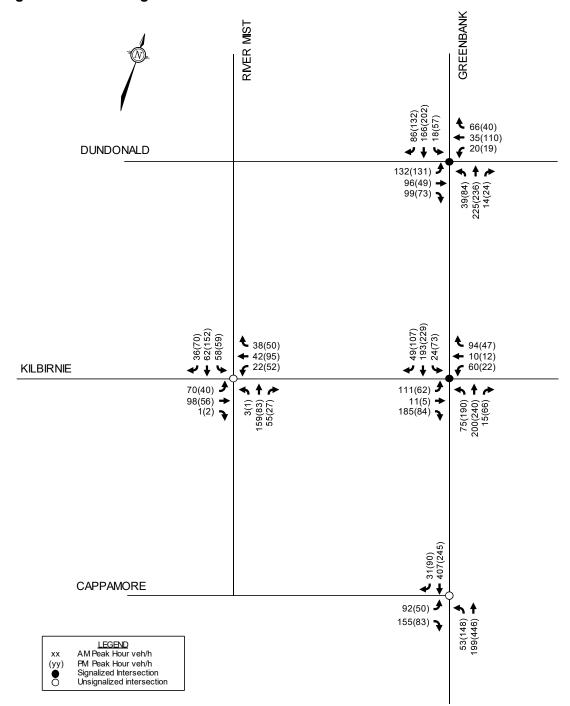


Figure 8: 2022 Total Traffic

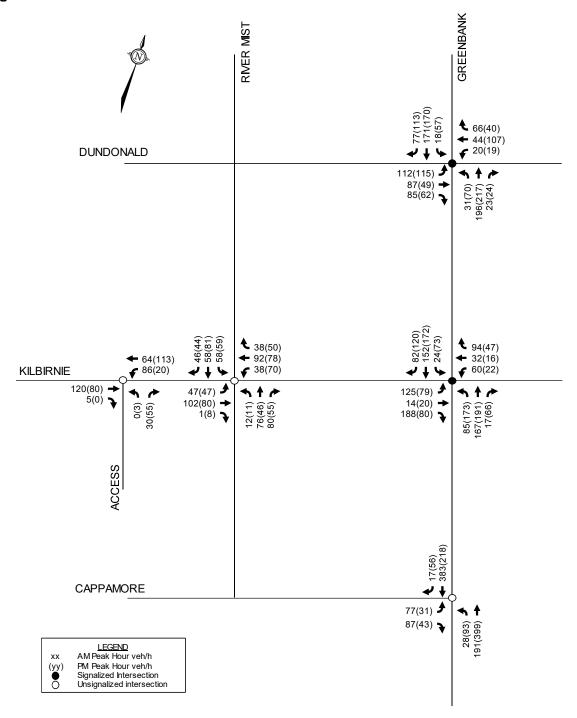
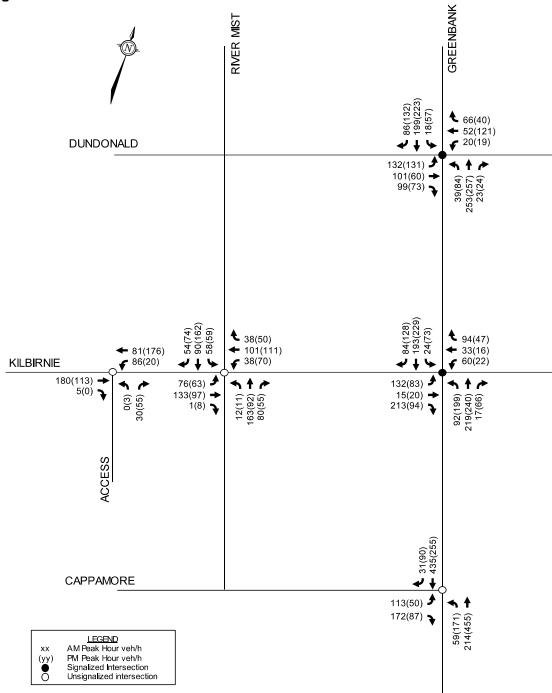


Figure 9: 2027 Total Traffic



### **APPENDIX**

# E TDM CHECKLISTS

### **TDM-Supportive Development Design and Infrastructure Checklist:**

Non-Residential Developments (office, institutional, retail or industrial)

Legend					
REQUIRED	The Official Plan or Zoning By-law provides related guidance that must be followed				
BASIC	The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users				
BETTER	The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance				

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures:  Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	1.	WALKING & CYCLING: ROUTES	
	1.1	Building location & access points	
BASIC	1.1.1	Locate building close to the street, and do not locate parking areas between the street and building entrances	
BASIC	1.1.2	Locate building entrances in order to minimize walking distances to sidewalks and transit stops/stations	
BASIC	1.1.3	Locate building doors and windows to ensure visibility of pedestrians from the building, for their security and comfort	
	1.2	Facilities for walking & cycling	_
REQUIRED	1.2.1	Provide convenient, direct access to stations or major stops along rapid transit routes within 600 metres; minimize walking distances from buildings to rapid transit; provide pedestrian-friendly, weather-protected (where possible) environment between rapid transit accesses and building entrances; ensure quality linkages from sidewalks through building entrances to integrated stops/stations (see Official Plan policy 4.3.3)	Bus Stops #2807 and #2808 are located within 400m of site.
REQUIRED	1.2.2	Provide safe, direct and attractive pedestrian access from public sidewalks to building entrances through such measures as: reducing distances between public sidewalks and major building entrances; providing walkways from public streets to major building entrances; within a site, providing walkways along the front of adjoining buildings, between adjacent buildings, and connecting areas where people may congregate, such as courtyards and transit stops; and providing weather protection through canopies, colonnades, and other design elements wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.12)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures:  Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
REQUIRED	1.2.3	Provide sidewalks of smooth, well-drained walking surfaces of contrasting materials or treatments to differentiate pedestrian areas from vehicle areas, and provide marked pedestrian crosswalks at intersection sidewalks (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.4	Make sidewalks and open space areas easily accessible through features such as gradual grade transition, depressed curbs at street corners and convenient access to extra-wide parking spaces and ramps (see Official Plan policy 4.3.10)	
REQUIRED	1.2.5	Include adequately spaced inter-block/street cycling and pedestrian connections to facilitate travel by active transportation. Provide links to the existing or planned network of public sidewalks, multi-use pathways and onroad cycle routes. Where public sidewalks and multi-use pathways intersect with roads, consider providing traffic control devices to give priority to cyclists and pedestrians (see Official Plan policy 4.3.11)	
BASIC	1.2.6	Provide safe, direct and attractive walking routes from building entrances to nearby transit stops	
BASIC	1.2.7	Ensure that walking routes to transit stops are secure, visible, lighted, shaded and wind-protected wherever possible	
BASIC	1.2.8	Design roads used for access or circulation by cyclists using a target operating speed of no more than 30 km/h, or provide a separated cycling facility	□ N/A
	1.3	Amenities for walking & cycling	
BASIC	1.3.1	Provide lighting, landscaping and benches along walking and cycling routes between building entrances and streets, sidewalks and trails	□ N/A
BASIC	1.3.2	Provide wayfinding signage for site access (where required, e.g. when multiple buildings or entrances exist) and egress (where warranted, such as when directions to reach transit stops/stations, trails or other common destinations are not obvious)	N/A

	TDM-s	upportive design & infrastructure measures:  Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	2.	WALKING & CYCLING: END-OF-TRIP FACILI	TIES
	2.1	Bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.1.1	Provide bicycle parking in highly visible and lighted areas, sheltered from the weather wherever possible (see Official Plan policy 4.3.6)	
REQUIRED	2.1.2	Provide the number of bicycle parking spaces specified for various land uses in different parts of Ottawa; provide convenient access to main entrances or well-used areas (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
REQUIRED	2.1.3	Ensure that bicycle parking spaces and access aisles meet minimum dimensions; that no more than 50% of spaces are vertical spaces; and that parking racks are securely anchored (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	
BASIC	2.1.4	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter cyclists (assuming the cycling mode share target is met), plus the expected peak number of customer/visitor cyclists	
BETTER	2.1.5	Provide bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter and customer/visitor cyclists, plus an additional buffer (e.g. 25 percent extra) to encourage other cyclists and ensure adequate capacity in peak cycling season	
	2.2	Secure bicycle parking	
REQUIRED	2.2.1	Where more than 50 bicycle parking spaces are provided for a single office building, locate at least 25% of spaces within a building/structure, a secure area (e.g. supervised parking lot or enclosure) or bicycle lockers (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	N/A
BETTER	2.2.2	Provide secure bicycle parking spaces equivalent to the expected number of commuter cyclists (assuming the cycling mode share target is met)	□ N/A
	2.3	Shower & change facilities	
BASIC	2.3.1	Provide shower and change facilities for the use of active commuters	
BETTER	2.3.2	In addition to shower and change facilities, provide dedicated lockers, grooming stations, drying racks and laundry facilities for the use of active commuters	
	2.4	Bicycle repair station	
BETTER	2.4.1	Provide a permanent bike repair station, with commonly used tools and an air pump, adjacent to the main bicycle parking area (or secure bicycle parking area, if provided)	

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures:  Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Customer amenities	
BASIC	3.1.1	Provide shelters, lighting and benches at any on-site transit stops	Nearest transit stop located off-site
BASIC	3.1.2	Where the site abuts an off-site transit stop and insufficient space exists for a transit shelter in the public right-of-way, protect land for a shelter and/or install a shelter	
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide a secure and comfortable interior waiting area by integrating any on-site transit stops into the building	□ N/A
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Pick-up & drop-off facilities	
BASIC	4.1.1	Provide a designated area for carpool drivers (plus taxis and ride-hailing services) to drop off or pick up passengers without using fire lanes or other no-stopping zones	
	4.2	Carpool parking	
BASIC	4.2.1	Provide signed parking spaces for carpools in a priority location close to a major building entrance, sufficient in number to accommodate the mode share target for carpools	N/A
BETTER	4.2.2	At large developments, provide spaces for carpools in a separate, access-controlled parking area to simplify enforcement	□ N/A
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Carshare parking spaces	
BETTER	5.1.1	Provide carshare parking spaces in permitted non-residential zones, occupying either required or provided parking spaces (see Zoning By-law Section 94)	□ N/A
	5.2	Bikeshare station location	
BETTER	5.2.1	Provide a designated bikeshare station area near a major building entrance, preferably lighted and sheltered with a direct walkway connection	N/A

	TDM-s	supportive design & infrastructure measures:  Non-residential developments	Check if completed & add descriptions, explanations or plan/drawing references
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Number of parking spaces	
REQUIRED	6.1.1	Do not provide more parking than permitted by zoning, nor less than required by zoning, unless a variance is being applied for	Parking meets zoning requirements
BASIC	6.1.2	Provide parking for long-term and short-term users that is consistent with mode share targets, considering the potential for visitors to use off-site public parking	N/A
BASIC	6.1.3	Where a site features more than one use, provide shared parking and reduce the cumulative number of parking spaces accordingly (see Zoning By-law Section 104)	N/A
BETTER	6.1.4	Reduce the minimum number of parking spaces required by zoning by one space for each 13 square metres of gross floor area provided as shower rooms, change rooms, locker rooms and other facilities for cyclists in conjunction with bicycle parking (see Zoning By-law Section 111)	N/A
	6.2	Separate long-term & short-term parking areas	
BETTER	6.2.1	Separate short-term and long-term parking areas using signage or physical barriers, to permit access controls and simplify enforcement (i.e. to discourage employees from parking in visitor spaces, and vice versa)	□ N/A
	7.	OTHER	
	7.1	On-site amenities to minimize off-site trips	
BETTER	7.1.1	Provide on-site amenities to minimize mid-day or mid-commute errands	□ N/A

#### **TDM Measures Checklist:**

Non-Residential Developments (office, institutional, retail or industrial)

### The measure is generally feasible and effective, and in most cases would benefit the development and its users The measure could maximize support for users of sustainable modes, and optimize development performance The measure is one of the most dependably effective tools to encourage the use of sustainable modes

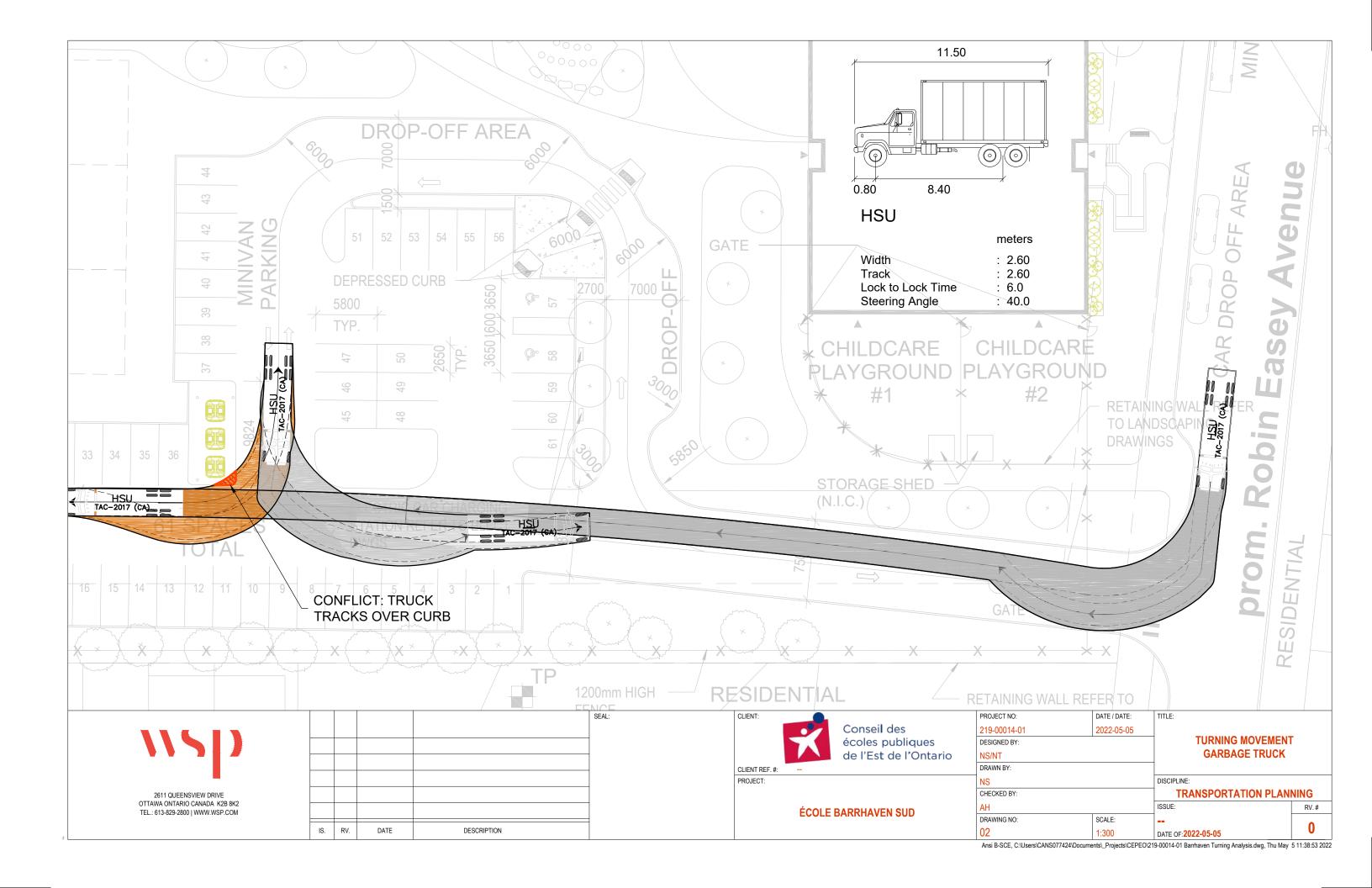
	TDM	measures: Non-residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
	1.	TDM PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	
	1.1	Program coordinator	
BASIC	★ 1.1.1	Designate an internal coordinator, or contract with an external coordinator	
	1.2	Travel surveys	
BETTER	1.2.1	Conduct periodic surveys to identify travel-related behaviours, attitudes, challenges and solutions, and to track progress	
	2.	WALKING AND CYCLING	
	2.1	Information on walking/cycling routes & destin	ations
BASIC	2.1.1	Display local area maps with walking/cycling access routes and key destinations at major entrances	
	2.2	Bicycle skills training	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	★ 2.2.1	Offer on-site cycling courses for commuters, or subsidize off-site courses	
	2.3	Valet bike parking	
		Visitor travel	
BETTER	2.3.1	Offer secure valet bike parking during public events when demand exceeds fixed supply (e.g. for festivals, concerts, games)	

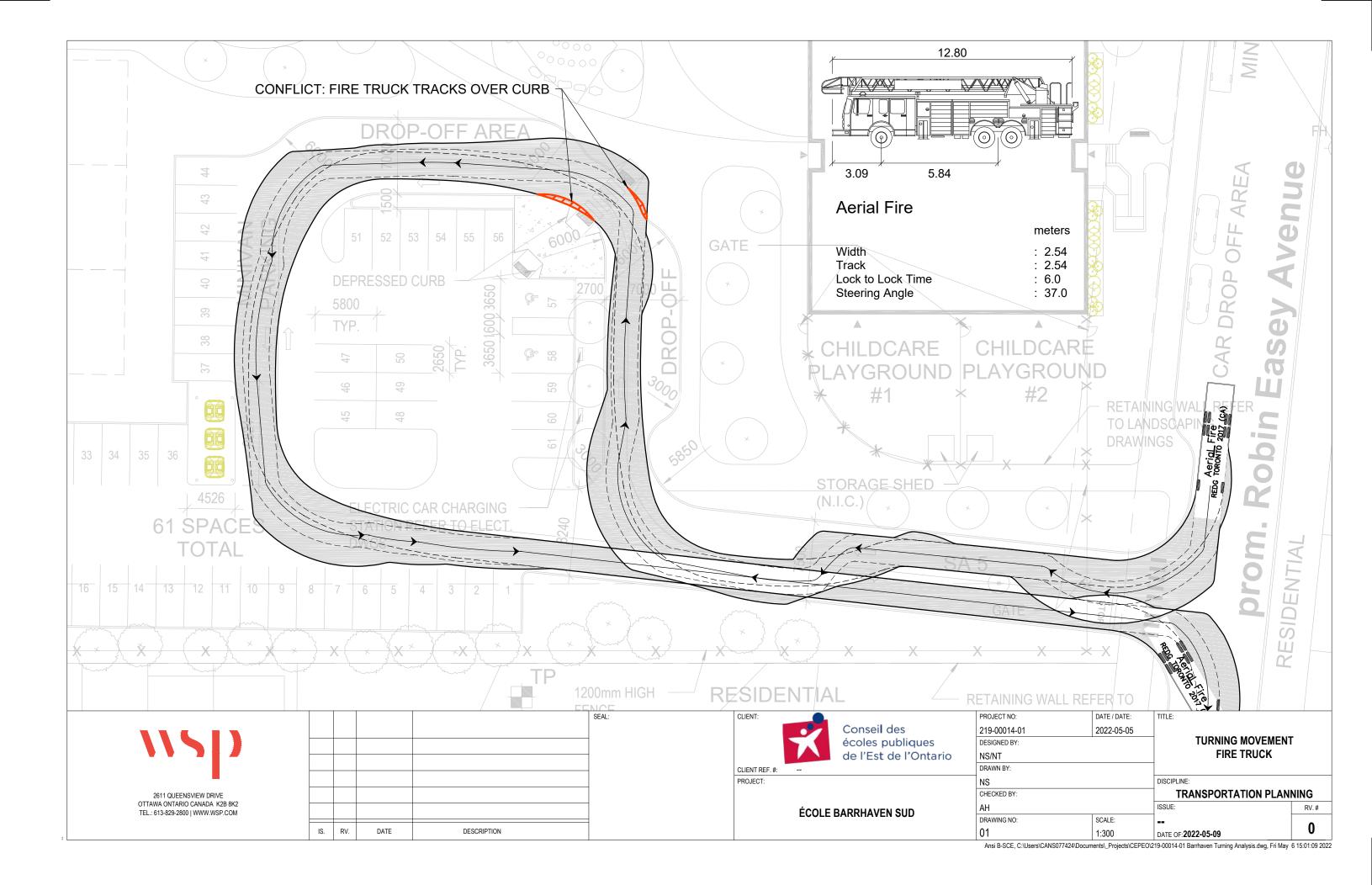
	TDM	measures: Non-residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
	3.	TRANSIT	
	3.1	Transit information	
BASIC	3.1.1	Display relevant transit schedules and route maps at entrances	
BASIC	3.1.2	Provide online links to OC Transpo and STO information	
BETTER	3.1.3	Provide real-time arrival information display at entrances	
	3.2	Transit fare incentives	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	3.2.1	Offer preloaded PRESTO cards to encourage commuters to use transit	
BETTER ★	3.2.2	Subsidize or reimburse monthly transit pass purchases by employees	
		Visitor travel	
BETTER	3.2.3	Arrange inclusion of same-day transit fare in price of tickets (e.g. for festivals, concerts, games)	
	3.3	Enhanced public transit service	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	3.3.1	Contract with OC Transpo to provide enhanced transit services (e.g. for shift changes, weekends)	
		Visitor travel	
BETTER	3.3.2	Contract with OC Transpo to provide enhanced transit services (e.g. for festivals, concerts, games)	
	3.4	Private transit service	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	3.4.1	Provide shuttle service when OC Transpo cannot offer sufficient quality or capacity to serve demand (e.g. for shift changes, weekends)	
		Visitor travel	
BETTER	3.4.2	Provide shuttle service when OC Transpo cannot offer sufficient quality or capacity to serve demand (e.g. for festivals, concerts, games)	

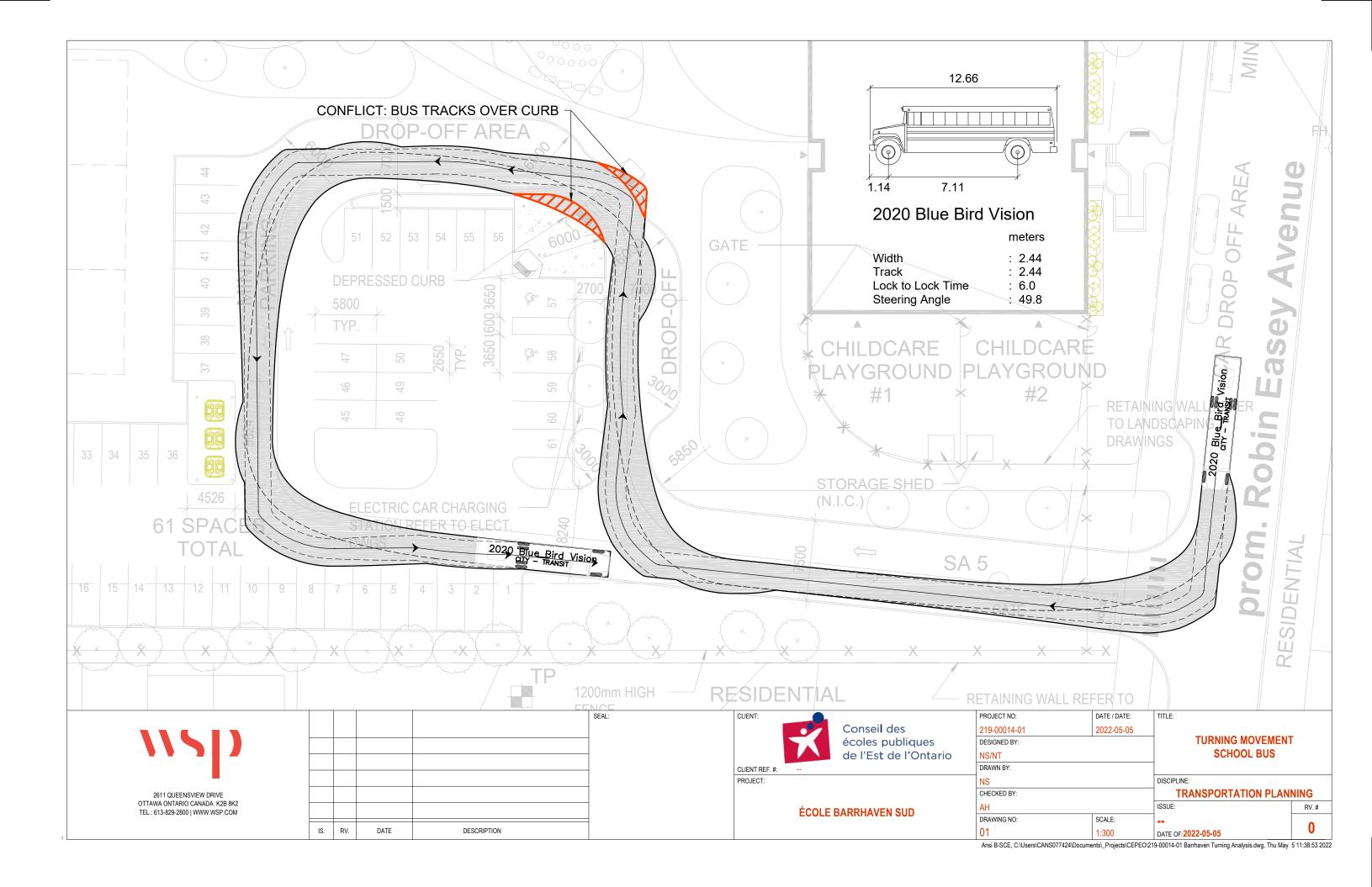
	TDM	measures: Non-residential developments	Check if proposed & add descriptions
	4.	RIDESHARING	
	4.1	Ridematching service	
	_	Commuter travel	
BASIC ★	4.1.1	Provide a dedicated ridematching portal at OttawaRideMatch.com	
	4.2	Carpool parking price incentives	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	4.2.1	Provide discounts on parking costs for registered carpools	
	4.3	Vanpool service	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	4.3.1	Provide a vanpooling service for long-distance commuters	
	5.	CARSHARING & BIKESHARING	
	5.1	Bikeshare stations & memberships	
BETTER	5.1.1	Contract with provider to install on-site bikeshare station for use by commuters and visitors	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	5.1.2	Provide employees with bikeshare memberships for local business travel	
	5.2	Carshare vehicles & memberships	
		Commuter travel	
BETTER	5.2.1	Contract with provider to install on-site carshare vehicles and promote their use by tenants	
BETTER	5.2.2	Provide employees with carshare memberships for local business travel	
	6.	PARKING	
	6.1	Priced parking	
;		Commuter travel	
BASIC *	6.1.1	Charge for long-term parking (daily, weekly, monthly)	
BASIC	6.1.2	Unbundle parking cost from lease rates at multi-tenant sites	
		Visitor travel	
BETTER	6.1.3	Charge for short-term parking (hourly)	

	TDM	measures: Non-residential developments		Check if proposed & add descriptions
	7.	TDM MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS		
	7.1	Multimodal travel information		
		Commuter travel		
BASIC *	7.1.1	Provide a multimodal travel option information package to new/relocating employees and students		
		Visitor travel	1	
BETTER ★	7.1.2	Include multimodal travel option information in invitations or advertising that attract visitors or customers (e.g. for festivals, concerts, games)		
	7.2	Personalized trip planning		
		Commuter travel		
BETTER ★	7.2.1	Offer personalized trip planning to new/relocating employees		
	7.3	Promotions		
		Commuter travel		
BETTER	7.3.1	Deliver promotions and incentives to maintain awareness, build understanding, and encourage trial of sustainable modes		
	8.	OTHER INCENTIVES & AMENITIES		
	8.1	Emergency ride home		
		Commuter travel		
BETTER ★	8.1.1	Provide emergency ride home service to non-driving commuters		
	8.2	Alternative work arrangements		
		Commuter travel		
BASIC ★	8.2.1	Encourage flexible work hours		
BETTER	8.2.2	Encourage compressed workweeks		
BETTER ★	8.2.3	Encourage telework		
	8.3	Local business travel options		
		Commuter travel		
BASIC *	8.3.1	Provide local business travel options that minimize the need for employees to bring a personal car to work		
	8.4	Commuter incentives		
		Commuter travel		
BETTER	8.4.1	Offer employees a taxable, mode-neutral commuting allowance		
	8.5	On-site amenities		
		Commuter travel		
BETTER	8.5.1	Provide on-site amenities/services to minimize mid-day or mid-commute errands		

# F AUTOTURN SWEPT PATHS







## **APPENDIX**

# G MMLOS SHEETS

## Multi-Modal Level of Service - Segments Form

Consultant Scenario Comments

WSP Canada Inc.
2023 Future Background AM/PM Date

Boundary Streets - Kilbirnie Drive

Project Date
219-00014-01
2022-05-16

SEGMENTS		Kilbirnie Dr.		o Alex Polowin Ave		e to River Mist Rd		l to Belleek Ln		Breakstone Rd		to Greenbank Rd	Section	Section
OESIMENTO		Tanbarano Br.	EB	WB	EB	WB	EB	WB	EB	WB	EB	WB	11	12
	Sidewalk Width Boulevard Width		≥ 2 m < 0.5	≥ 2 m < 0.5	≥ 2 m < 0.5	≥ 2 m < 0.5	≥ 2 m < 0.5	≥ 2 m < 0.5						
	Avg Daily Curb Lane Traffic Volume		≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000	≤ 3000		
Pedestrian	Operating Speed On-Street Parking		> 30 to 50 km/h yes	> 30 to 50 km/h	> 30 to 50 km/h yes	> 30 to 50 km/h no	> 30 to 50 km/h yes	> 30 to 50 km/h						
str	Exposure to Traffic PLoS	В	B	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	-	-
ge	Effective Sidewalk Width	1	2.0 m	2.0 m	2.0 m	2.0 m	2.0 m	2.0 m						
Pe	Pedestrian Volume		250 ped/hr	250 ped/hr	250 ped/hr	250 ped/hr	250 ped/hr	250 ped/hr						
	Crowding PLoS		В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	-	-
	Level of Service		В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	-	-
	Type of Cycling Facility		Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic						
	Number of Travel Lanes		≤ 2 (no centreline)	≤ 2 (no centreline)	≤ 2 (no centreline)	≤ 2 (no centreline)	≤ 2 (no centreline)	≤ 2 (no centreline)						
	Operating Speed		>40 to <50 km/h	>40 to <50 km/h	>40 to <50 km/h	>40 to <50 km/h	>40 to <50 km/h	>40 to <50 km/h						
	# of Lanes & Operating Speed LoS		В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	-	-
Bicycle	Bike Lane (+ Parking Lane) Width													
Š	Bike Lane Width LoS	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ğ	Bike Lane Blockages													
	Blockage LoS		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Median Refuge Width (no median = < 1.8 m)		< 1.8 m refuge	< 1.8 m refuge	< 1.8 m refuge	< 1.8 m refuge	< 1.8 m refuge	< 1.8 m refuge						
	No. of Lanes at Unsignalized Crossing		≤ 3 lanes	≤ 3 lanes	≤ 3 lanes	≤ 3 lanes	≤ 3 lanes	≤ 3 lanes						
	Sidestreet Operating Speed  Unsignalized Crossing - Lowest LoS		≤ 40 km/h <b>A</b>	≤ 40 km/h	≤ 40 km/h <b>A</b>	≤ 40 km/h	≤ 40 km/h <b>A</b>	≤ 40 km/h	≤ 40 km/h	≤ 40 km/h <b>A</b>	≤ 40 km/h <b>A</b>	≤ 40 km/h		
	Unsignalized Crossing - Lowest Los		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	-	-
	Level of Service		В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	-	•
=	Facility Type		Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic						
Sui	Friction or Ratio Transit:Posted Speed	E					Vt/Vp ≤ 0.6	Vt/Vp ≤ 0.6	Vt/Vp ≤ 0.6	Vt/Vp ≤ 0.6	Vt/Vp ≤ 0.6	Vt/Vp ≤ 0.6		
Transit	Level of Service		-	-	-	-	E	E	E	E	Е	Е	-	-
*	Truck Lane Width Travel Lanes per Direction													
Truck	Level of Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto	Level of Service						N	ot Applicable	)					

## Multi-Modal Level of Service - Segments Form

Consultant	WSP Canada Inc.	Project	219-00014-01
	2023 Future Background AM/PM	Date	2022-05-16
Comments	Boundary Streets - Robin Easey Avenue		

SEGMENTS		Dobino Forey Ave	Kilbirnie Dr to Prop	osed Site Access										
SEGMENTS		Robine Easey Ave.	NB	SB				1		·	1	1		
	Sidewalk Width Boulevard Width		≥ 2 m < 0.5	≥ 2 m < 0.5										
	Avg Daily Curb Lane Traffic Volume		≤ 3000	≤ 3000										
a	Operating Speed		> 30 to 50 km/h	> 30 to 50 km/h										
Ę	On-Street Parking	_	no	yes										
Pedestrian	Exposure to Traffic PLoS	В	В	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e d	Effective Sidewalk Width		2.0 m	2.0 m										
<u> </u>	Pedestrian Volume  Crowding PLoS		250 ped/hr <b>B</b>	250 ped/hr B	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
					-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Level of Service		В	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Type of Cycling Facility		Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic										
	Number of Travel Lanes		≤ 2 (no centreline)	≤ 2 (no centreline)										
	Operating Speed		>40 to <50 km/h	>40 to <50 km/h										
	# of Lanes & Operating Speed LoS		В	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bicycle	Bike Lane (+ Parking Lane) Width													
Š	Bike Lane Width LoS	В	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>ä</u>	Bike Lane Blockages													
	Blockage LoS			- 10 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Median Refuge Width (no median = < 1.8 m)  No. of Lanes at Unsignalized Crossing		< 1.8 m refuge ≤ 3 lanes	< 1.8 m refuge ≤ 3 lanes										
	Sidestreet Operating Speed		≤ 40 km/h	≤ 3 laries ≤ 40 km/h										
	Unsignalized Crossing - Lowest LoS		<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
	Level of Service		В	В		-	-	_	-	-	-			_
	Facility Type													
sit														
Transit	Friction or Ratio Transit:Posted Speed	-												
Ė	Level of Service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Truck Lane Width													
<del>2</del>	Travel Lanes per Direction													
Truck	Level of Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto	Level of Service						Not Ap	plicable						

### Multi-Modal Level of Service - Intersections Form

Consultant Scenario AM Peak Hour Date 2022-05-16

Comments Existing, Future Background and Future Total

To add intersections
Select columns LMNO, right-click and Copy;
Then select column P, right-click and Insert Copied Cells

	INTERSECTIONS	Greenb	ank Road / Kilbir	nie Drive (Existi	ng 2020)	Greenbank R	oad / Kilbirnie D	rive (Future Back	ground 2023)	Greenbank R	oad / Kilbirnie Dı	ive (Future Back	kground 2028)	Greenban	k Road / Kilbirni	e Drive (Future T	Total 2023)	Greenban	k Road / Kilbirni	e Drive (Future T	otal 2028)
	Crossing Side	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST																
	Lanes	4	4	3	3	4	4	3	3	4	4	3	3	4	4	3	3	4	4	3	3
	Median	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m
	Conflicting Left Turns	Permissive	Permissive	Protected	Protected																
	Conflicting Right Turns	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control	Permissive or yield control
	Right Turns on Red (RToR) ?	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed
	Ped Signal Leading Interval?	No	No	No	No																
ia n	Right Turn Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel
Str	Corner Radius	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m																
epec	Crosswalk Type	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings	Std transverse markings
_	PETSI Score	53	53	78	78	53	53	78	78	53	53	78	78	53	53	78	78	53	53	78	78
	Ped. Exposure to Traffic LoS	D	D	В	В	D	D	В	В	D	D	В	В	D	D	В	В	D	D	В	В
	Cycle Length	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
	Effective Walk Time	10	10	11	11	10	10	11	11	10	10	11	11	10	10	11	11	10	10	11	11
	Average Pedestrian Delay	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30
	Pedestrian Delay LoS	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
		D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	Level of Service		1	D			1	D			I	)			1	D			I	)	
	Approach From	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST																
	Bicycle Lane Arrangement on Approach	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic
	IF Dedicated Right Turn Lane, THEN Right Turn Configuration, ELSE   Configuration   Conf	Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane		
	Dedicated Right Turning Speed	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h
<u>o</u>	Cyclist Through Movement	Not Applicable	В																		
Š	Separated or Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic
흟	Left Turn Approach	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed
	Operating Speed	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h
	Left Turning Cyclist	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	A	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D
		Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D
	Level of Service			E			ļ.	E			1					E					
	Average Signal Delay			≤ 20 sec	≤ 20 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 10 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 10 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 10 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 10 sec
nsi.		-	-	С	С	-	-	С	В	-	-	С	В	-	-	С	В	-	-	С	В
Tra	Level of Service		(	С			(	С			(	;			(	С			(	3	
	Effective Corner Radius	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m
충	Number of Receiving Lanes on Departure from Intersection	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2		Е	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	Е	E	Е	E	E	E	Е	Е	E	Е	Е	Е
	Level of Service			E				E			- 1	<b>E</b>				E				<b>E</b>	
0	Volume to Capacity Ratio		0.0 -	0.60			0.0	- 0.60			0.0 -	0.60	<u> </u>		0.0	- 0.60			0.0 -	0.60	
Aut	Level of Service			A				A			,					A _				Α	

### Multi-Modal Level of Service - Intersections Form

Consultant Scenario PM Peak Hour Date 219-00014-01
Comments Existing, Future Background and Future Total

To add intersections
Select columns LMNO, right-click and Copy;
Then select column P, right-click and Insert Copied Cells

	INTERSECTIONS	Greenb	ank Road / Kilbi	rnie Drive (Existi	ng 2020)	Greenbank R	oad / Kilbirnie Dr	rive (Future Back	(ground 2023)	Greenbank R	oad / Kilbirnie Dr	ive (Future Back	karound 2028)	Greenbar	ık Road / Kilbirni	e Drive (Future 1	Total 2023)	Greenban	k Road / Kilbirni	e Drive (Future T	otal 2028)
	Crossing Side		SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST
	Lanes	4	4	3	3	4	4	2	3	4	4	2	3	4	4	2	3	4	4	3	3
	Median	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m	No Median - 2.4 m
	Weden	No wedian - 2.4 m	140 MCGIBIT - 2.4 III	140 Micdian - 2.4 III	140 Wicdian - 2.4 III	No Median - 2.4 m	140 McGiair - 2.4 III	No Wedian - 2.4 m		140 Miculaii - 2.4 III	140 MCGIBIT - 2.4 III	No wedian - 2.4 m	140 Micdian - 2.4 III	140 McGiaii - 2.4 III	140 Miculaii - 2.4 III	No Miculair - 2.4 III	No Micdian - 2.4 III	140 Miculair - 2.4 III	140 McGlair - 2.4 III	No Miculair - 2.4 III	No Miculair - 2.4 III
	Conflicting Left Turns	Permissive	Permissive	Protected	Protected	Permissive	Permissive	Protected	Protected	Permissive	Permissive	Protected	Protected	Permissive	Permissive	Protected	Protected	Permissive	Permissive	Protected	Protected
	Conflicting Dight Turns	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield	Permissive or yield
	Conflicting Right Turns	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control	control
	Right Turns on Red (RToR) ?	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed	RTOR allowed
		No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	Ped Signal Leading Interval?																				
į	Right Turn Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel	No Channel
<u>\$</u>	Corner Radius	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m	10-15m
e e	Crosswalk Type	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse	Std transverse
٣	DETCI Coore	markings 53	markings 53	markings 78	markings 78	markings 53	markings 53	markings 78	markings 78	markings 53	markings 53	markings 78	markings 78	markings 53	markings 53	markings 78	markings 78	markings 53	markings 53	markings 78	markings 78
	PETSI Score Ped. Exposure to Traffic LoS	53 D	53 D	78 B	/0 P	53 D	53 D	70 P	78 B	53	53 D	70 P	78 B	53 D	53 D	78 B	78 R	53 D	53 D	78 B	78 B
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	80	80	80 80	80 80	80	80	80	80 80	80	80	80 80	80	80	80	80	80 80	80	80	B 80	B 80
	Cycle Length  Effective Walk Time	10	80 10	80 11	80 11	10	80 10	80 11	80 11	80 10	80 10	80 11	80 11	10	80 10	80 11	80 11	80 10	80 10	80 11	80 11
		31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30	31	31	30	30
	Average Pedestrian Delay Pedestrian Delay LoS	D	D D	D	D D	D	D	D D	D	D	D D	D D	D D	D	D	D D	D D	D	D D	D D	D
	redestrian Delay Los									_							_	_			_
	L. daranta	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
	Level of Service		1	D				ס				)				ס				)	
	Approach From	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST	NORTH	SOUTH	EAST	WEST
	Bicycle Lane Arrangement on Approach	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Curb Bike Lane, Cycletrack or MUP	Pocket Bike Lane	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic
	IF Dedicated Right Turn Lane, THEN Right Turn Configuration, ELSE   Configuration   Conf	Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane			Not Applicable	≤ 50 m Introduced right turn lane		
	Dedicated Right Turning Speed	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	Not Applicable	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h	≤ 25 km/h
σ	Cyclist Through Movement	Not Applicable	В			Not Applicable	В			Not Applicable	В			Not Applicable	В			Not Applicable	В		
হ	Separated or Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic	Separated	Separated	Mixed Traffic	Mixed Traffic
Bicycl	Left Turn Approach	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed	2-stage, LT box	1 lane crossed	One lane crossed	One lane crossed
	Operating Speed	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	≥ 60 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h	> 40 to ≤ 50 km/h
	Left Turning Cyclist	Α	E	D	D	A	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	E	D	D
		Α	F	D	D	Α	F	D	D	Α	E	D	D	Α	F	D	D	Δ	E	D	D
	Level of Service																				
				E				E			E								E		
±	Average Signal Delay		•	≤ 20 sec	≤ 20 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 20 sec		•	≤ 20 sec	≤ 20 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 20 sec			≤ 20 sec	≤ 20 sec
us		-	-	С	С	-	-	С	С	-	-	С	С	-	-	С	С	-	-	С	С
흔	Level of Service			C			(	C.			(	•			(	?			(	•	
	50.00	10.15			10.15	10.15		<u> </u>	40.45	10 15			10 15	10.15			10 15	10. 15		<u> </u>	10.15
	Effective Corner Radius	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m	10 - 15 m
×	Number of Receiving Lanes on Departure from Intersection	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ĕ		Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	E	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е
-	Level of Service													_				_			_
				E												_					
<b>£</b>	Volume to Capacity Ratio		0.0	- 0.60			0.0 -	0.60			0.0 -	0.60			0.0 -	0.60			0.0 -	0.60	
AL	Level of Service			A				4			,	4			,	4			, l	4	

## **APPENDIX**

## H SYNCHRO RESULTS

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	f)		ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	ች	<b>↑</b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	74	10	109	60	9	94	42	89	15	24	130	35
Future Volume (vph)	74	10	109	60	9	94	42	89	15	24	130	35
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0
Storage Length (m)	40.0	070	0.0	40.0	0 70	0.0	120.0	070	70.0	120.0	0 70	70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0.0	1		0.0	1		1	120.0		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5		•	7.5		•	7.5		•	7.5		
Right Turn on Red	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50	103		50	103		60	103		60	103
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1	40.0	4	4	0.0	1	3	14.0	1	1	10.5	3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)	· ·		7	7			3					J
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	04 /0	0	0	0 /0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		U%			U70			0%			U%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	82	132	0	67	114	0	47	99	17	27	144	39
Lane Group Flow (vph)		NA	U	Perm	NA	U	Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	
Turn Type Protected Phases	Perm	4		reiiii	8		5	2	reiiii	1	6	Perm
Permitted Phases	4	4		8	O		5		2	ı	U	6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	4	4		0	0		5			ı	0	O
	E 0	5.0		F 0	5.0		F 0	5.0	E 0	E 0	5.0	F 0
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0 33.0	33.0		5.0 33.0	33.0		5.0 16.0	31.0	5.0 31.0	5.0 16.0	31.0	5.0 31.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s) Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	12.0	12.0		12.0	12.0		8.1	49.5	49.5	7.0	46.0	46.0
` ,	0.15	0.15		0.15	0.15		0.10	0.62	0.62	0.09	0.58	0.58
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.15	0.13		0.13	0.13		0.10	0.02	0.02	0.09	0.36	
v/c Ratio	37.1	10.5		34.3	10.7		38.4	10.8	0.02	36.9	12.5	0.05
Control Delay	0.0			0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.1
Queue Delay		0.0							0.0			0.0
Total Delay	37.1	10.5		34.3	10.7		38.4	10.8	0.1	36.9	12.5	0.1
LOS	D	B		С	B		D	17.C	Α	D	B	Α
Approach Delay		20.7			19.4			17.6			13.3	
Approach LOS	40.4	C		40.0	В		7.4	В	0.0	, ,	B	0.0
Queue Length 50th (m)	12.4	1.6		10.0	1.4		7.1	4.1	0.0	4.1	11.0	0.0

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	22.0	14.0		18.5	13.1		16.8	20.7	0.0	11.6	29.4	0.0
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	393	556		389	537		184	1030	740	187	1014	782
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.21	0.24		0.17	0.21		0.26	0.10	0.02	0.14	0.14	0.05

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.46

Intersection Signal Delay: 17.7 Intersection LOS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 50.1% ICU Level of Service A

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



2020 Existing Conditions AM

WSP Canada Inc.

Synchro 11 Report

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	ĵ.		ሻ	<b></b>	7	ች	<b></b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	42	5	42	22	12	47	120	154	66	73	112	71
Future Volume (vph)	42	5	42	22	12	47	120	154	66	73	112	71
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Storage Length (m)	40.0		0.0	40.0		0.0	120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0	1		0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5			7.5			7.5			7.5		
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50			50			60			60	
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	3				0.0	3	1		1	1		1
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)							•		•	•		*
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	2%	60%	8%	2%	59%	2%	2%	1%	0%	0%	1%	0%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)												
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)		0 70			0 70			0 70			0 70	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	47	53	0	24	65	0	133	171	73	81	124	79
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	1 01111	4		1 01111	8		5	2	1 01111	1	6	1 01111
Permitted Phases	4	'		8					2	•		6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	<u> </u>			U	U		U					J
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	10.5	10.5		10.5	10.5		11.4	47.6	47.6	9.1	41.6	41.6
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.13	0.13		0.13	0.13		0.14	0.60	0.60	0.11	0.52	0.52
v/c Ratio	0.18	0.24		0.14	0.29		0.56	0.16	0.08	0.42	0.13	0.09
Control Delay	33.0	12.5		29.2	14.0		40.4	13.0	0.08	38.8	14.5	1.4
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	33.0	12.5		29.2	14.0		40.4	13.0	0.8	38.8	14.5	1.4
LOS	33.0 C	12.5 B		29.2 C	14.0 B		40.4 D	13.0 B	0.0 A	30.0 D	14.5 B	1.4 A
	C	22.1		C	18.1		U	20.3	H	U	17.8	A
Approach LOS		22.1 C			10.1 B			20.3 C				
Approach LOS	7.4			2.6			20.0		0.0	10.0	В	0.0
Queue Length 50th (m)	7.1	0.9		3.6	1.9		20.0	12.8	0.0	12.3	9.8	0.0

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	14.1	8.9		8.6	10.7		36.1	35.6	1.9	24.5	27.7	3.0
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	414	483		420	486		250	1059	943	225	927	842
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.11	0.11		0.06	0.13		0.53	0.16	0.08	0.36	0.13	0.09

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.56

Intersection Signal Delay: 19.5 Intersection LOS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 50.1% ICU Level of Service A

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



2020 Existing Conditions PM

WSP Canada Inc.

Synchro 11 Report

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	1>		ሻ	<b>†</b>		ች	<b>†</b>	7	*	<b>†</b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	125	14	188	60	32	94	85	167	17	24	152	82
Future Volume (vph)	125	14	188	60	32	94	85	167	17	24	152	82
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0
Storage Length (m)	40.0	• 70	0.0	40.0	• , ,	0.0	120.0	0,0	70.0	120.0	• 70	70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0	1		0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5			7.5			7.5			7.5		
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50			50			60			60	
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1		4	4		1	3		1	1		3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)												
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)												
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)												
Lane Group Flow (vph)	125	202	0	60	126	0	85	167	17	24	152	82
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases		4			8		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	4			8					2			6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag							Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	14.2	14.2		14.2	14.2		9.9	47.4	47.4	6.9	39.5	39.5
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.18	0.18		0.18	0.18		0.12	0.59	0.59	0.09	0.49	0.49
v/c Ratio	0.60	0.49		0.35	0.40		0.47	0.17	0.02	0.19	0.17	0.12
Control Delay	41.0	9.4		32.4	13.1		40.3	11.5	0.1	36.7	15.9	1.7
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	41.0	9.4		32.4	13.1		40.3	11.5	0.1	36.7	15.9	1.7
LOS	D	Α		С	В		D	В	Α	D	В	Α
Approach Delay		21.5			19.3			19.9			13.3	
Approach LOS		С			В			В			В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	18.7	1.9		8.6	4.4		12.9	8.5	0.0	3.7	13.5	0.0

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	31.8	17.2		17.5	16.8		25.3	32.5	0.0	10.6	33.0	3.6
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	389	602		321	503		202	988	716	187	871	690
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.32	0.34		0.19	0.25		0.42	0.17	0.02	0.13	0.17	0.12

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60

Intersection Signal Delay: 18.7 Intersection LOS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 62.7% ICU Level of Service B

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	2	25	3	30	10	24	3	5	60	40	5	2
Future Volume (vph)	2	25	3	30	10	24	3	5	60	40	5	2
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	2	25	3	30	10	24	3	5	60	40	5	2
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	30	64	68	47								
Volume Left (vph)	2	30	3	40								
Volume Right (vph)	3	24	60	2								
Hadj (s)	-0.01	-0.10	-0.49	0.18								
Departure Headway (s)	4.2	4.1	3.7	4.3								
Degree Utilization, x	0.03	0.07	0.07	0.06								
Capacity (veh/h)	829	856	945	805								
Control Delay (s)	7.3	7.4	6.9	7.6								
Approach Delay (s)	7.3	7.4	6.9	7.6								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			7.3									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ition		26.6%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	1>			4	W	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	0	15	0	0	30
Future Volume (vph)	0	0	15	0	0	30
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	0	15	0	0	30
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	0	15	30			
Volume Left (vph)	0	15	0			
Volume Right (vph)	0	0	30			
Hadj (s)	0.00	0.23	-0.57			
Departure Headway (s)	4.0	4.2	3.4			
Degree Utilization, x	0.00	0.02	0.03			
Capacity (veh/h)	900	849	1060			
Control Delay (s)	7.0	7.3	6.5			
Approach Delay (s)	0.0	7.3	6.5			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			6.7			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		13.3%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	f)		ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	<b></b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	79	20	80	22	16	47	173	191	66	73	172	120
Future Volume (vph)	79	20	80	22	16	47	173	191	66	73	172	120
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0
Storage Length (m)	40.0	• 70	0.0	40.0	• , ,	0.0	120.0	• 70	70.0	120.0	0 / 0	70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0.0	1		0.0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5		· ·	7.5			7.5		•	7.5		*
Right Turn on Red			Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50	100		50			60	. 00		60	. 00
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1	10.0	4	4	0.0	1	3	11.0	1	1	10.0	3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)			-			'	U		•	•		J
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)		0 /0			0 /0			0 /0			0 /0	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	79	100	0	22	63	0	173	191	66	73	172	120
Turn Type	Perm	NA	U	Perm	NA	U	Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	Fellii	4		Fellil	8		5	2	Feiiii	1	6	Feiiii
Permitted Phases	4	4		8	O		5		2	1	U	6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	4	4		0	0		3		۷	ı	U	U
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
. ,	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Total Split (%) Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	30.0%	30.0%	3.7	30.0%	30.0%
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		Lead	Lag		Lead		
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Lag Yes	Yes	Lag Yes	Lag Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	11.8	11.8		11.7	11.7		15.8	46.2	46.2	9.2	36.1	36.1
( )	0.15	0.15		0.15	0.15		0.20	0.58	0.58	0.12	0.45	0.45
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.13	0.13		0.13	0.13		0.20	0.30		0.12	0.43	0.43
v/c Ratio Control Delay	36.1	13.1		27.7	14.3		39.5	14.2	0.09	39.5	17.6	4.1
•												
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	36.1	13.1		27.7	14.3		39.5	14.2	0.5	39.5	17.6	4.1
LOS Approach Delay	D	В		С	B		D	В	Α	D	17.6	Α
Approach LOS		23.3			17.7			22.2			17.6	
Approach LOS	44.0	C		2.0	В		04.0	C	0.0	44.4	B	0.0
Queue Length 50th (m)	11.9	2.9		3.2	2.3		24.8	15.5	0.0	11.1	17.1	0.0

### 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr

	ᄼ	-	•	•	•	•	•	<b>†</b>	~	-	Ţ	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	21.1	13.7		8.2	11.0		#52.5	40.4	0.9	22.6	37.2	9.9
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	412	515		400	472		288	963	701	201	797	643
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.19	0.19		0.06	0.13		0.60	0.20	0.09	0.36	0.22	0.19

### Intersection Summary

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.60

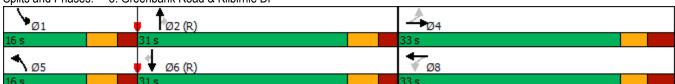
Intersection Signal Delay: 20.4 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 56.3% ICU Level of Service B

Analysis Period (min) 15

# 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	2	15	3	55	15	46	4	5	40	25	5	3
Future Volume (vph)	2	15	3	55	15	46	4	5	40	25	5	3
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	2	15	3	55	15	46	4	5	40	25	5	3
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	20	116	49	33								
Volume Left (vph)	2	55	4	25								
Volume Right (vph)	3	46	40	3								
Hadj (s)	-0.04	-0.11	-0.44	0.13								
Departure Headway (s)	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.4								
Degree Utilization, x	0.02	0.13	0.05	0.04								
Capacity (veh/h)	841	882	907	794								
Control Delay (s)	7.2	7.6	7.0	7.5								
Approach Delay (s)	7.2	7.6	7.0	7.5								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			7.4									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		29.0%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	/
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	ĵ.			4	N/	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	0	22	0	0	20
Future Volume (vph)	0	0	22	0	0	20
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	0	22	0	0	20
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	0	22	20			
Volume Left (vph)	0	22	0			
Volume Right (vph)	0	0	20			
Hadj (s)	0.00	0.23	-0.57			
Departure Headway (s)	4.0	4.2	3.4			
Degree Utilization, x	0.00	0.03	0.02			
Capacity (veh/h)	900	854	1053			
Control Delay (s)	7.0	7.3	6.4			
Approach Delay (s)	0.0	7.3	6.4			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			6.9			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliz	zation		13.3%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	•	†	<u> </u>	<b>\</b>	<del> </del>	<b>√</b>
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	1		*	<b>†</b>		ች	<b>†</b>	7	*	<b>†</b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	132	15	213	60	33	94	92	228	17	24	200	64
Future Volume (vph)	132	15	213	60	33	94	92	228	17	24	200	64
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)	5.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	5.0
Storage Length (m)	40.0	0 70	0.0	40.0	0 70	0.0	120.0	0 70	70.0	120.0	0 70	70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0.0	1		0.0	120.0		1	120.0		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5		· ·	7.5		· ·	7.5		•	7.5		•
Right Turn on Red	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50	100		50	100		60	100		60	100
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1	40.0	4	4	0.0	1	3	14.0	1	1	10.5	3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)	l l		7				3		1	1		J
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
. ,	0	0	0	0	04 /0	0	0	0 /0	0	0	0	0
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Parking (#/hr)		00/			0%			0%			0%	
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			U70			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	120	220	^	60	107	0	00	200	17	0.4	200	6.4
Lane Group Flow (vph)	132	228	0	60	127	0	92	228	17	24	200	64
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	4	4		0	8		5	2	0	1	6	C
Permitted Phases	4	4		8	0		_		2	1	_	6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	F 0	<b>5</b> 0		F 0	F 0		F 0	<b>5</b> 0	<b>5</b> 0	<b>5</b> 0	F 0	<b>5</b> 0
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3 0.0	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s) Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	0.0 6.6		0.0 6.6	0.0 6.6		0.0 6.1	0.0 6.1	0.0 6.1	0.0 6.1	0.0 6.1	0.0 6.1
( )	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0							
Lead/Lag							Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?	Nama	Mana		Mana	Nama		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	14.5	14.5		14.5	14.5		10.2	47.1	47.1	6.9	38.9	38.9
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.18	0.18		0.18	0.18		0.13	0.59	0.59	0.09	0.49	0.49
v/c Ratio	0.62	0.52		0.38	0.40		0.49	0.23	0.02	0.19	0.23	0.09
Control Delay	41.6	9.4		33.9	13.0		40.6	12.1	0.1	36.7	16.7	0.3
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	41.6	9.4		33.9	13.0		40.6	12.1	0.1	36.7	16.7	0.3
LOS	D	A		С	В		D	В	Α	D	В	Α
Approach Delay		21.2			19.7			19.3			14.7	
Approach LOS		С			В			В			В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	19.7	2.0		8.6	4.5		13.9	12.3	0.0	3.7	18.7	0.0

	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	•	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	-	<b>↓</b>	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	33.5	18.3		17.8	16.9		26.9	43.9	0.0	10.6	42.7	0.6
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	389	620		285	502		206	981	711	187	857	682
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.34	0.37		0.21	0.25		0.45	0.23	0.02	0.13	0.23	0.09

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

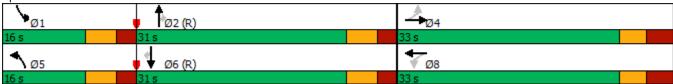
Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.62

Intersection Signal Delay: 18.8 Intersection LOS: B
Intersection Capacity Utilization 64.6% ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	5	85	5	30	27	24	5	5	60	40	5	5
Future Volume (vph)	5	85	5	30	27	24	5	5	60	40	5	5
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	5	85	5	30	27	24	5	5	60	40	5	5
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	95	81	70	50								
Volume Left (vph)	5	30	5	40								
Volume Right (vph)	5	24	60	5								
Hadj (s)	0.01	-0.07	-0.47	0.13								
Departure Headway (s)	4.3	4.2	3.9	4.5								
Degree Utilization, x	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.06								
Capacity (veh/h)	817	818	877	755								
Control Delay (s)	7.8	7.6	7.2	7.8								
Approach Delay (s)	7.8	7.6	7.2	7.8								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			7.6									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilizatio	n		27.7%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	-	•	•	•	•	~
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	- ↑			ર્ન	N/	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	65	5	15	78	5	30
Future Volume (vph)	65	5	15	78	5	30
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	65	5	15	78	5	30
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	70	93	35			
Volume Left (vph)	0	15	5			
Volume Right (vph)	5	0	30			
Hadj (s)	-0.01	0.07	-0.45			
Departure Headway (s)	4.1	4.1	3.8			
Degree Utilization, x	0.08	0.11	0.04			
Capacity (veh/h)	872	863	900			
Control Delay (s)	7.4	7.6	6.9			
Approach Delay (s)	7.4	7.6	6.9			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			7.4			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliz	zation		21.9%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	f)		ሻ	f)		ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	83	20	94	22	16	47	199	250	66	73	239	128
Future Volume (vph)	83	20	94	22	16	47	199	250	66	73	239	128
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0
Storage Length (m)	40.0	070	0.0	40.0	0 70	0.0	120.0	070	70.0	120.0	0 70	70.0
Storage Lanes	10.0		0.0	1		0.0	1		1	120.0		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5		•	7.5		•	7.5		•	7.5		
Right Turn on Red	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes	7.0		Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50	103		50	103		60	103		60	103
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1	40.0	4	4	0.0	1	3	14.0	1	1	10.5	3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)	l e		7	7			J					J
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Heavy Vehicles (%)					04 %	0	0		0	13%	270	0
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	U	U	U	0	U	U	U	U
Parking (#/hr)		00/			00/			00/			00/	
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)	00	444	0	00	00	^	400	050	00	70	000	400
Lane Group Flow (vph)	83	114	0	22	63	0	199	250	66	73	239	128
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	4	4		•	8		5	2	•	1	6	0
Permitted Phases	4	4		8			_	_	2			6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag							Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	12.0	12.0		11.9	11.9		18.7	46.1	46.1	9.2	33.0	33.0
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.15	0.15		0.15	0.15		0.23	0.58	0.58	0.12	0.41	0.41
v/c Ratio	0.45	0.39		0.12	0.26		0.58	0.26	0.09	0.42	0.33	0.21
Control Delay	36.4	12.6		27.5	14.1		37.0	14.8	0.5	39.5	20.0	4.8
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	36.4	12.6		27.5	14.1		37.0	14.8	0.5	39.5	20.0	4.8
LOS	D	В		С	В		D	В	Α	D	С	Α
Approach Delay		22.6			17.6			21.5			18.8	
Approach LOS		С			В			С			В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	12.5	2.9		3.2	2.3		27.9	21.4	0.0	11.1	26.4	0.0

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	22.1	14.5		8.2	11.0		#64.0	52.5	0.9	22.6	50.9	11.4
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	412	527		396	472		341	960	699	201	728	599
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.20	0.22		0.06	0.13		0.58	0.26	0.09	0.36	0.33	0.21

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.58

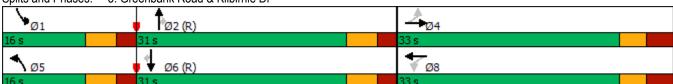
Intersection Signal Delay: 20.5 Intersection Capacity Utilization 58.0% ICU Level of Service B

Analysis Period (min) 15

# 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	5	48	5	46	78	55	8	5	40	25	5	7
Future Volume (vph)	5	48	5	46	78	55	8	5	40	25	5	7
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	5	48	5	46	78	55	8	5	40	25	5	7
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	58	179	53	37								
Volume Left (vph)	5	46	8	25								
Volume Right (vph)	5	55	40	7								
Hadj (s)	0.00	-0.10	-0.39	0.06								
Departure Headway (s)	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.5								
Degree Utilization, x	0.07	0.20	0.06	0.05								
Capacity (veh/h)	812	864	828	741								
Control Delay (s)	7.6	8.1	7.3	7.7								
Approach Delay (s)	7.6	8.1	7.3	7.7								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			7.8									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		31.1%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	<b>^</b>			4	W	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	38	5	22	15	5	20
Future Volume (vph)	38	5	22	15	5	20
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	38	5	22	15	5	20
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	43	37	25			
Volume Left (vph)	0	22	5			
Volume Right (vph)	5	0	20			
Hadj (s)	-0.04	0.15	-0.41			
Departure Headway (s)	3.9	4.1	3.7			
Degree Utilization, x	0.05	0.04	0.03			
Capacity (veh/h)	898	858	950			
Control Delay (s)	7.1	7.3	6.8			
Approach Delay (s)	7.1	7.3	6.8			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			7.1			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		18.8%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	ĥ		Ť	ĵ»		ሻ	<b></b>	7	ሻ	<b>†</b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	176	28	211	60	51	94	117	168	17	24	146	151
Future Volume (vph)	176	28	211	60	51	94	117	168	17	24	146	151
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Storage Length (m)	40.0		0.0	40.0		0.0	120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0	1		0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5			7.5			7.5			7.5		
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50			50			60			60	
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1		4	4		1	3		1	1		3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)												
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)												
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)												
Lane Group Flow (vph)	176	239	0	60	145	0	117	168	17	24	146	151
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases		4			8		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	4			8					2			6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase												
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag							Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	17.3	17.3		17.3	17.3		10.9	44.3	44.3	6.9	35.6	35.6
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.22	0.22		0.22	0.22		0.14	0.55	0.55	0.09	0.44	0.44
v/c Ratio	0.70	0.50		0.31	0.41		0.59	0.18	0.03	0.19	0.19	0.23
Control Delay	42.9	8.9		28.5	13.3		44.7	13.5	0.1	36.7	18.3	4.8
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	42.9	8.9		28.5	13.3		44.7	13.5	0.1	36.7	18.3	4.8
LOS	D	Α		С	В		D	В	Α	D	В	Α
Approach Delay		23.3			17.8			24.8			13.4	
Approach LOS		С			В			С			В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	26.1	3.6		8.1	6.7		17.5	10.0	0.0	3.7	14.9	0.0

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### 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	42.2	19.5		16.8	19.6		#35.2	34.8	0.0	10.6	31.9	12.8
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	382	612		292	490		209	922	676	187	785	646
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.46	0.39		0.21	0.30		0.56	0.18	0.03	0.13	0.19	0.23

### Intersection Summary

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.70

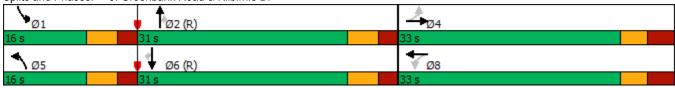
Intersection Signal Delay: 20.2 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 66.5% ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

# 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	2	90	3	30	130	24	3	5	83	40	5	2
Future Volume (vph)	2	90	3	30	130	24	3	5	83	40	5	2
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	2	90	3	30	130	24	3	5	83	40	5	2
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	95	184	91	47								
Volume Left (vph)	2	30	3	40								
Volume Right (vph)	3	24	83	2								
Hadj (s)	0.02	-0.01	-0.51	0.18								
Departure Headway (s)	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.8								
Degree Utilization, x	0.12	0.22	0.10	0.06								
Capacity (veh/h)	777	798	819	692								
Control Delay (s)	8.0	8.5	7.6	8.1								
Approach Delay (s)	8.0	8.5	7.6	8.1								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			8.2									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		33.3%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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	-	•	•	•	•	~
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	- ↑			4	¥	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	6	6	129	6	5	89
Future Volume (vph)	6	6	129	6	5	89
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	6	6	129	6	5	89
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	12	135	94			
Volume Left (vph)	0	129	5			
Volume Right (vph)	6	0	89			
Hadj (s)	-0.27	0.23	-0.52			
Departure Headway (s)	4.0	4.3	3.7			
Degree Utilization, x	0.01	0.16	0.10			
Capacity (veh/h)	876	813	927			
Control Delay (s)	7.0	8.2	7.1			
Approach Delay (s)	7.0	8.2	7.1			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			7.7			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliz	zation		27.3%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ች	<b>f</b>		ሻ	ĵ.		ሻ	<b></b>	7	*	<b></b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	119	31	98	22	24	47	186	196	66	73	170	149
Future Volume (vph)	119	31	98	22	24	47	186	196	66	73	170	149
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Storage Length (m)	40.0		0.0	40.0		0.0	120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0	1		0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5			7.5			7.5			7.5		
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50			50			60			60	
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1		4	4		1	3		1	1		3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)												•
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)	•											
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)		0,0			0,0			0,0			0,0	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	119	129	0	22	71	0	186	196	66	73	170	149
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases		4			8		5	2		1	6	
Permitted Phases	4			8	-			_	2	-	-	6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase					-			_	_	-	-	
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag							Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	13.6	13.6		13.6	13.6		17.2	40.7	40.7	9.2	30.4	30.4
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.17	0.17		0.17	0.17		0.22	0.51	0.51	0.12	0.38	0.38
v/c Ratio	0.57	0.41		0.11	0.27		0.59	0.23	0.10	0.42	0.25	0.26
Control Delay	39.5	13.0		26.1	14.8		38.2	15.5	0.5	39.5	20.0	5.1
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	39.5	13.0		26.1	14.8		38.2	15.5	0.5	39.5	20.0	5.1
LOS	D	В		C C	В		D	В	Α	D D	20.0 B	Α
Approach Delay		25.7			17.5			22.7	, (		18.0	
Approach LOS		23.7 C			17.3 B			C			В	
Queue Length 50th (m)	17.9	4.3		3.0	3.3		26.4	17.3	0.0	11.1	18.5	0.0
Queue Length Joth (III)	11.5	4.5		3.0	٥.٥		20.4	11.3	0.0	11.1	10.5	0.0

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	30.1	16.7		8.2	12.7		#57.9	41.2	0.9	22.6	36.8	12.8
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	409	522		390	460		314	849	633	201	670	572
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.29	0.25		0.06	0.15		0.59	0.23	0.10	0.36	0.25	0.26

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.59

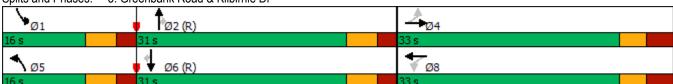
Intersection Signal Delay: 21.3 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 64.2% ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

# 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>↓</b>	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	2	65	3	55	64	46	4	5	58	25	5	3
Future Volume (vph)	2	65	3	55	64	46	4	5	58	25	5	3
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	2	65	3	55	64	46	4	5	58	25	5	3
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	70	165	67	33								
Volume Left (vph)	2	55	4	25								
Volume Right (vph)	3	46	58	3								
Hadj (s)	0.01	-0.07	-0.47	0.13								
Departure Headway (s)	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.6								
Degree Utilization, x	0.08	0.19	0.07	0.04								
Capacity (veh/h)	807	849	847	727								
Control Delay (s)	7.7	8.1	7.3	7.8								
Approach Delay (s)	7.7	8.1	7.3	7.8								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			7.8									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		31.7%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	/
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	<b>^</b>			4	N/	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	0	3	71	0	4	70
Future Volume (vph)	0	3	71	0	4	70
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	0	3	71	0	4	70
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	3	71	74			
Volume Left (vph)	0	71	4			
Volume Right (vph)	3	0	70			
Hadj (s)	-0.57	0.23	-0.52			
Departure Headway (s)	3.5	4.3	3.5			
Degree Utilization, x	0.00	0.08	0.07			
Capacity (veh/h)	983	824	984			
Control Delay (s)	6.6	7.7	6.8			
Approach Delay (s)	6.6	7.7	6.8			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			7.2			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliz	zation		22.3%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	+	•	•	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	-√
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	f)		ሻ	<b>†</b>	7	ሻ	<b></b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	183	29	236	60	52	94	124	222	17	24	188	133
Future Volume (vph)	183	29	236	60	52	94	124	222	17	24	188	133
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	0.0
Storage Length (m)	40.0	• 70	0.0	40.0	• , ,	0.0	120.0	• 70	70.0	120.0	0,70	70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0.0	1		0.0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5		· ·	7.5			7.5		•	7.5		*
Right Turn on Red	7.0		Yes			Yes	7.0		Yes			Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50	100		50			60	. 00		60	. 00
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1	10.0	4	4	0.0	1	3	11.0	1	1	10.0	3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)	•		-			'	U		•	•		J
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0470	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)		0 /0			0 /0			0 /0			0 /0	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	183	265	0	60	146	0	124	222	17	24	188	133
Turn Type	Perm	NA	U	Perm	NA	U	Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	Feiiii	4		Fellil	8		5	2	Feiiii	1	6	Feiiii
Permitted Phases	4	4		8	O		5		2	1	U	6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	4	4		0	0		3	Z	2	1	U	U
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
. ,	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Total Split (%)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	30.0%	30.0%	3.7	30.0%	30.0%
Yellow Time (s) All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
	0.0	0.0			0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Lost Time Adjust (s)	6.6			0.0				6.1			0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	0.0	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag							Lead	Lag Yes	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize? Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		Yes	C-Max	Yes C-Max	Yes	Yes C-Max	Yes C-Max
				18.0			None			None		
Act Effct Green (s)	18.0	18.0			18.0		11.0	43.6	43.6	6.9	32.2	32.2
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.22	0.22		0.22	0.22		0.14	0.54	0.54	0.09	0.40	0.40
v/c Ratio	0.70	0.53		0.33	0.40		0.62	0.24	0.03	0.19	0.26	0.23
Control Delay	42.2	8.6		28.7	12.9		47.1	14.4	0.1	36.7	19.7	5.2
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	42.2	8.6		28.7	12.9		47.1	14.4	0.1	36.7	19.7	5.2
LOS	D	Α		С	B		D	В	Α	D	45.2	Α
Approach Delay		22.4			17.5			24.9			15.3	
Approach LOS	07.4	C		2.4	В		40.0	C	0.0	^ 7	В	2.2
Queue Length 50th (m)	27.1	3.7		8.1	6.8		18.6	14.0	0.0	3.7	20.2	0.0

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### 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	42.9	20.1		16.7	19.2		#43.5	46.5	0.0	10.6	40.3	12.0
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	382	630		266	489		210	909	669	187	710	588
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.48	0.42		0.23	0.30		0.59	0.24	0.03	0.13	0.26	0.23

### Intersection Summary

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.70

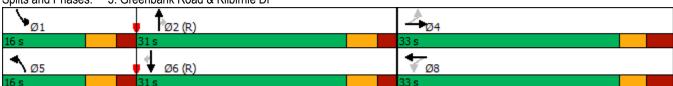
Intersection Signal Delay: 20.5 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 68.4% ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

# 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b>	ļ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	5	150	5	30	147	24	5	5	83	40	5	5
Future Volume (vph)	5	150	5	30	147	24	5	5	83	40	5	5
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	5	150	5	30	147	24	5	5	83	40	5	5
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	160	201	93	50								
Volume Left (vph)	5	30	5	40								
Volume Right (vph)	5	24	83	5								
Hadj (s)	0.02	-0.01	-0.49	0.13								
Departure Headway (s)	4.5	4.4	4.3	5.0								
Degree Utilization, x	0.20	0.25	0.11	0.07								
Capacity (veh/h)	770	778	767	660								
Control Delay (s)	8.6	8.9	7.8	8.4								
Approach Delay (s)	8.6	8.9	7.8	8.4								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			8.5									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilization	on		40.0%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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	-	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	~
Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	<b>^</b>			4	N/	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	71	11	129	84	10	89
Future Volume (vph)	71	11	129	84	10	89
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	71	11	129	84	10	89
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	82	213	99			
Volume Left (vph)	0	129	10			
Volume Right (vph)	11	0	89			
Hadj (s)	-0.05	0.16	-0.49			
Departure Headway (s)	4.3	4.4	4.1			
Degree Utilization, x	0.10	0.26	0.11			
Capacity (veh/h)	809	797	822			
Control Delay (s)	7.8	8.9	7.6			
Approach Delay (s)	7.8	8.9	7.6			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			8.3			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliz	zation		31.9%	IC	U Level c	f Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			

	۶	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	<b>†</b>	~	<b>/</b>	<b>+</b>	4
Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ች	<b>f</b>		ሻ	ĵ.		ሻ	<b></b>	7	*	<b></b>	7
Traffic Volume (vph)	123	31	112	22	24	47	212	247	66	73	231	157
Future Volume (vph)	123	31	112	22	24	47	212	247	66	73	231	157
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
Lane Width (m)	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Grade (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Storage Length (m)	40.0		0.0	40.0		0.0	120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Storage Lanes	1		0	1		0	1		1	1		1
Taper Length (m)	7.5			7.5			7.5			7.5		
Right Turn on Red			Yes			Yes			Yes			Yes
Link Speed (k/h)		50			50			60			60	
Link Distance (m)		604.0			83.3			244.0			281.7	
Travel Time (s)		43.5			6.0			14.6			16.9	
Confl. Peds. (#/hr)	1		4	4	0.0	1	3		1	1		3
Confl. Bikes (#/hr)	•		•	•		•			•	•		
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Growth Factor	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Heavy Vehicles (%)	3%	50%	1%	2%	64%	2%	17%	8%	34%	13%	2%	18%
Bus Blockages (#/hr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parking (#/hr)												
Mid-Block Traffic (%)		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Shared Lane Traffic (%)		070			0 70			0 70			0 70	
Lane Group Flow (vph)	123	143	0	22	71	0	212	247	66	73	231	157
Turn Type	Perm	NA		Perm	NA		Prot	NA	Perm	Prot	NA	Perm
Protected Phases	1 01111	4		i Viiii	8		5	2	1 01111	1	6	1 01111
Permitted Phases	4	•		8					2	•		6
Detector Phase	4	4		8	8		5	2	2	1	6	6
Switch Phase	<u> </u>			U	U		U					
Minimum Initial (s)	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Minimum Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (s)	33.0	33.0		33.0	33.0		16.0	31.0	31.0	16.0	31.0	31.0
Total Split (%)	41.3%	41.3%		41.3%	41.3%		20.0%	38.8%	38.8%	20.0%	38.8%	38.8%
Yellow Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
All-Red Time (s)	3.3	3.3		3.3	3.3		2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Lost Time Adjust (s)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Lost Time (s)	6.6	6.6		6.6	6.6		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Lead/Lag	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		Lead	Lag	Lag	Lead	Lag	Lag
Lead-Lag Optimize?							Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recall Mode	None	None		None	None		None	C-Max	C-Max	None	C-Max	C-Max
Act Effct Green (s)	13.8	13.8		13.8	13.8		20.1	40.5	40.5	9.2	27.3	27.3
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.17	0.17		0.17	0.17		0.25	0.51	0.51	0.12	0.34	0.34
v/c Ratio	0.17	0.43		0.17	0.17		0.58	0.29	0.10	0.42	0.38	0.29
Control Delay	39.7	12.4		26.0	14.6		36.1	16.2	0.10	39.5	23.1	5.4
Queue Delay	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Delay	39.7	12.4		26.0	14.6		36.1	16.2	0.5	39.5	23.1	5.4
LOS	39. <i>1</i>	12.4 B		20.0 C	14.0 B		30.1	10.2 B	0.5 A	39.5 D	23.1 C	3.4 A
	D	25.0		C	17.3		U	22.3	A	U	19.7	A
Approach LOS		25.0 C			17.3 B			22.3 C			19.7 B	
Approach LOS	10.4			2.0			20.4		0.0	11.1		0.0
Queue Length 50th (m)	18.4	4.3		3.0	3.3		29.4	22.8	0.0	11.1	27.6	0.0

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### 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr

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Lane Group	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Queue Length 95th (m)	31.1	17.4		8.2	12.7		#69.4	51.9	0.9	22.6	49.2	13.0
Internal Link Dist (m)		580.0			59.3			220.0			257.7	
Turn Bay Length (m)	40.0			40.0			120.0		70.0	120.0		70.0
Base Capacity (vph)	409	535		385	460		367	844	630	201	602	534
Starvation Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Spillback Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Storage Cap Reductn	0	0		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Reduced v/c Ratio	0.30	0.27		0.06	0.15		0.58	0.29	0.10	0.36	0.38	0.29

### Intersection Summary

Area Type: Other

Cycle Length: 80

Actuated Cycle Length: 80

Offset: 0 (0%), Referenced to phase 2:NBT and 6:SBT, Start of Green

Natural Cycle: 80

Control Type: Actuated-Coordinated

Maximum v/c Ratio: 0.58

Intersection Signal Delay: 21.6 Intersection LOS: C
Intersection Capacity Utilization 65.7% ICU Level of Service C

Analysis Period (min) 15

# 95th percentile volume exceeds capacity, queue may be longer.

Queue shown is maximum after two cycles.

Splits and Phases: 3: Greenbank Road & Kilbirnie Dr



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	•	<b>→</b>	•	•	<b>←</b>	•	4	†	<i>&gt;</i>	<b>&gt;</b>	ļ	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations		4			4			4			4	
Sign Control		Stop			Stop			Stop			Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	5	98	5	46	127	55	8	5	58	25	5	7
Future Volume (vph)	5	98	5	46	127	55	8	5	58	25	5	7
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	5	98	5	46	127	55	8	5	58	25	5	7
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1	SB 1								
Volume Total (vph)	108	228	71	37								
Volume Left (vph)	5	46	8	25								
Volume Right (vph)	5	55	58	7								
Hadj (s)	0.02	-0.07	-0.43	0.06								
Departure Headway (s)	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.8								
Degree Utilization, x	0.13	0.27	0.08	0.05								
Capacity (veh/h)	786	825	778	689								
Control Delay (s)	8.1	8.7	7.7	8.0								
Approach Delay (s)	8.1	8.7	7.7	8.0								
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α	Α								
Intersection Summary												
Delay			8.3									
Level of Service			Α									
Intersection Capacity Utilizatio	n		35.3%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

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Movement	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	NBL	NBR
Lane Configurations	- ↑			4	¥	
Sign Control	Stop			Stop	Stop	
Traffic Volume (vph)	38	8	71	15	9	70
Future Volume (vph)	38	8	71	15	9	70
Peak Hour Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Hourly flow rate (vph)	38	8	71	15	9	70
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	WB 1	NB 1			
Volume Total (vph)	46	86	79			
Volume Left (vph)	0	71	9			
Volume Right (vph)	8	0	70			
Hadj (s)	-0.07	0.20	-0.47			
Departure Headway (s)	4.1	4.3	3.7			
Degree Utilization, x	0.05	0.10	0.08			
Capacity (veh/h)	858	817	928			
Control Delay (s)	7.3	7.8	7.0			
Approach Delay (s)	7.3	7.8	7.0			
Approach LOS	Α	Α	Α			
Intersection Summary						
Delay			7.4			
Level of Service			Α			
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		23.4%	IC	U Level c	of Service
Analysis Period (min)			15			