



FORMAL CONSULTATION

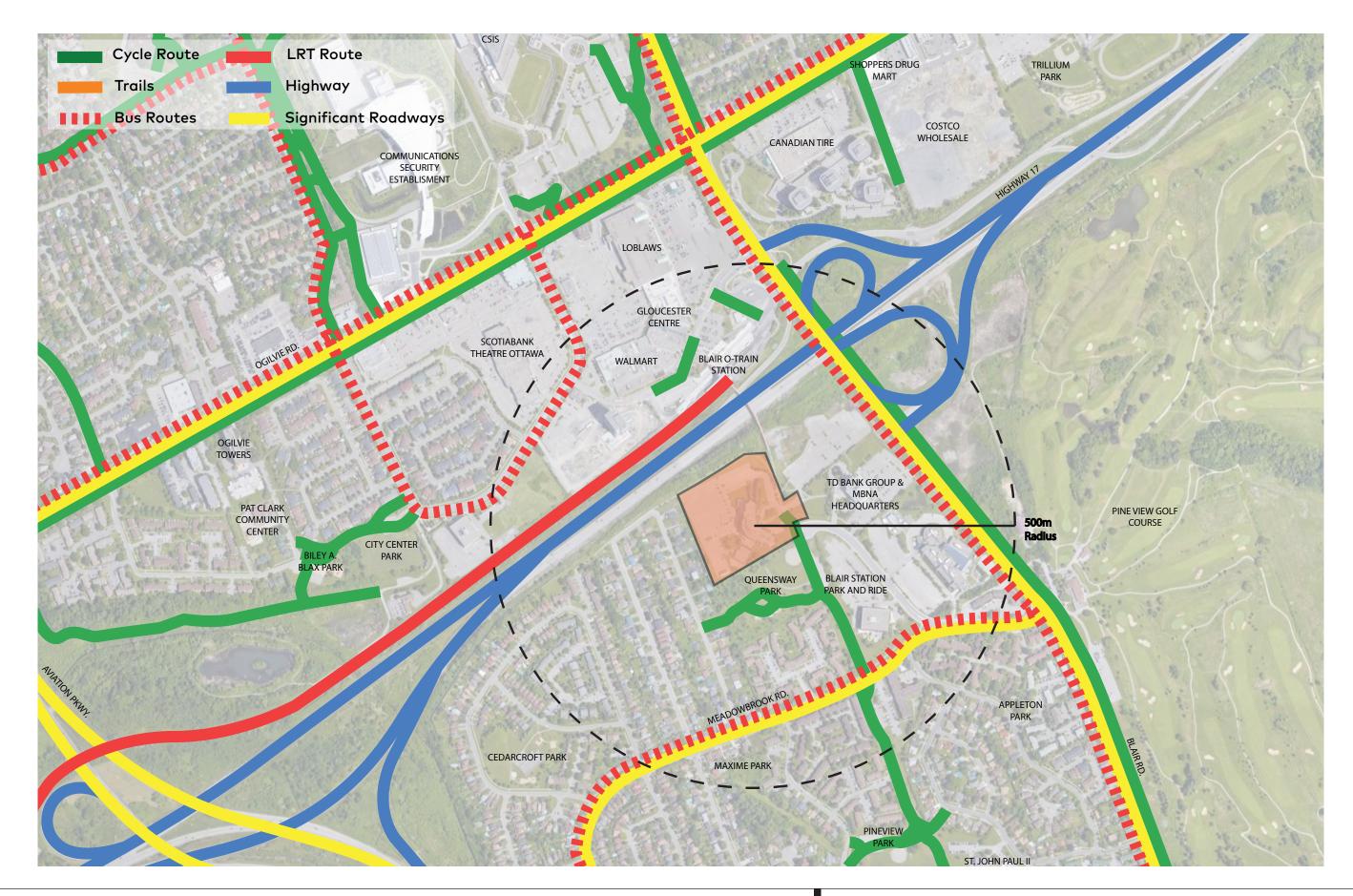
## 1600 JAMES NAISMITH DRIVE

Project # : 2164
June 2022



| ZONING TABLE   | TD1(2087) & TD2(2087)  |   |
|--|--|---|
| CITY OF OTTAWA ZONING BY-LAW<br>No. 2014-292   | REQUIRED   | PROPOSED / EXISTING   |
| MINIMUM LOT AREA   | NO MINIMUM   | 38, 022sq.m   |
| MINIMUM LOT WIDTH  | NO MINIMUM   | 192.6m  |
| MINIMUM FRONT YARD SETBACK<br>(JAMES NAISMITH)                                       | 3m (abutting a lot in a R zone) 2m (abutting RTC) 10m (parking garage not incorp.) 3m (res. use building) 0.5m (all other cases) | Existing: 43.9m   |
| MINIMUM INTERIOR SIDE<br>YARD SETBACK (NORTH AND<br>SOUTH LOT LINES)                 | NO MINIMUM   | Existing north: 67.5m<br>Existing south: 11.3m  |
| MINIMUM REAR YARD SETBACK<br>(WEST LOT LINE)   | 6m (abutting a lot in a R zone) 2m (abutting RTC) no min. (all other cases) 12m (more than 6 storeys)                            | Existing: 85.1m   |
| MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT  | TD1: 20 metres<br>TD2: 60 metres   | TD2 - Existing: 28.5m   |
| HYDRO SETBACK  | 6m   | Existing: 63m   |
| MAXIMUM FLOOR SPACE INDEX  | N/A  |   |
| MINIMUM DENSITY<br>196 (2)   | Lot greater than 0.125ha: 150<br>units/hectare or 250 if TD2<br>Lot 0.125ha in area or less: no min.                             | PHASE 2 (TD2): 92 units/ hect.<br>PHASE 1+3: 295 units/hect.  |
| VEHICLE PARKING REQUIREMENTS<br>(SCHEDULE 2B, TD ZONE, TABLE 103)<br>By-law 2016-336 | 21 for visitors<br>NO MINIMUM FOR RESIDENTIAL  | 128 spaces + 108 temporary<br>(4 ADA + 3 TEMP. ADA)<br>VISITOR: 21 spaces<br>RESIDENTIAL: 215 spaces<br>TOTAL: 236 SPACES |
| PARKING AREA AND SURROUNDING LANDSCAPING   | 30% MIN OF 3945.11sq.m (FRONT<br>YARD PARKING<br>= 1183.53sq.m   | 57.6% = 2272.45sq.m   |
| BICYCLE PARKING SPACES<br>(TABLE 111A)   | 0.5 space/unit = 109 SPACES  | 88 int. spaces + 24 ext. spaces (0.5 as per City's) + 40 stacked spaces + 9 existing (ratio: 0.74) TOTAL: 161 SPACES      |
| AMENITY AREA REQUIREMENTS<br>(TABLE 137)   | Apartment building, mid-high rise:<br>6sq.m per dwelling unit = 1308sq.m<br>50% Communal = 654sq.m                               | COMMUNAL: 1001 sq.m<br>PRIVATE: 487 sq.m<br>TOTAL = 1488 sq.m   |
| OUTDOOR COMMUNAL SPACE   | Lot greater than 1250 sq.m., 2% of total lot area to be provided as outdoor communal space - at grade = 760 sq.m.                | PHASE 1: 6536 sq.m.   |













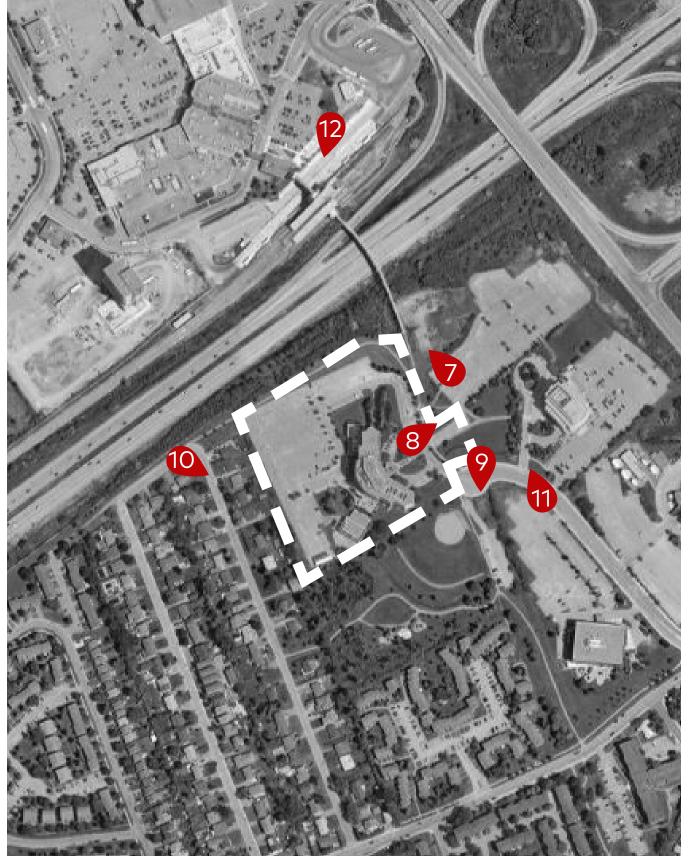
















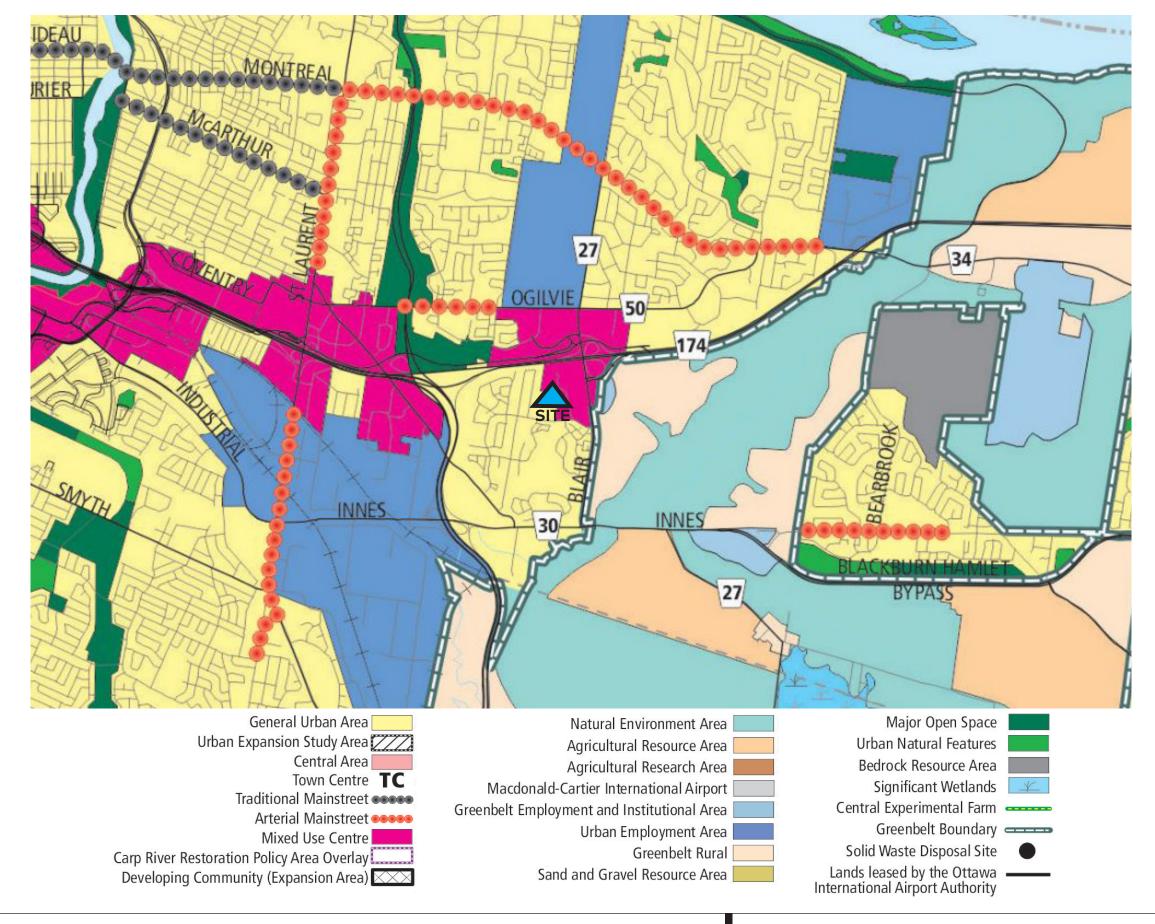




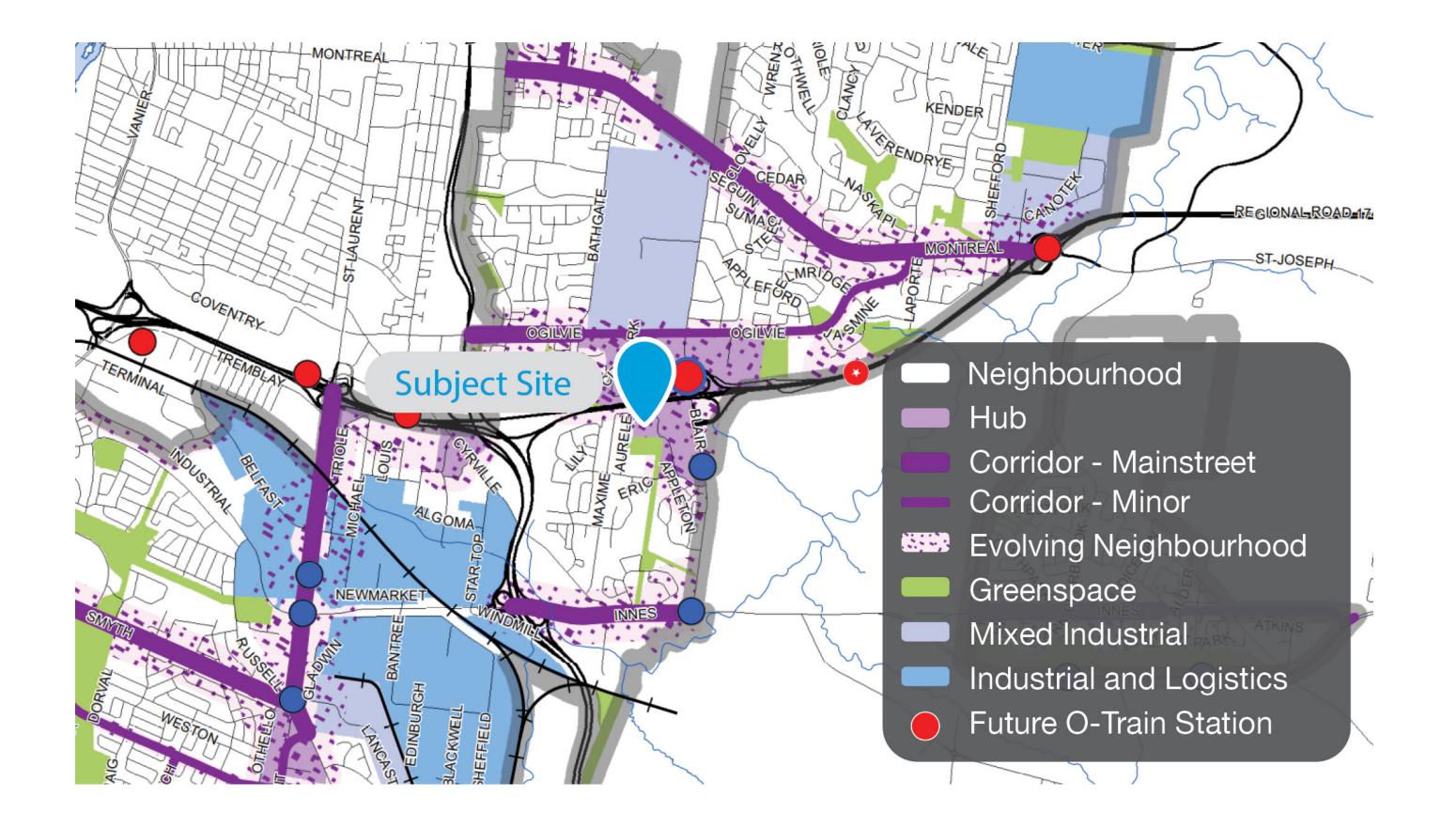










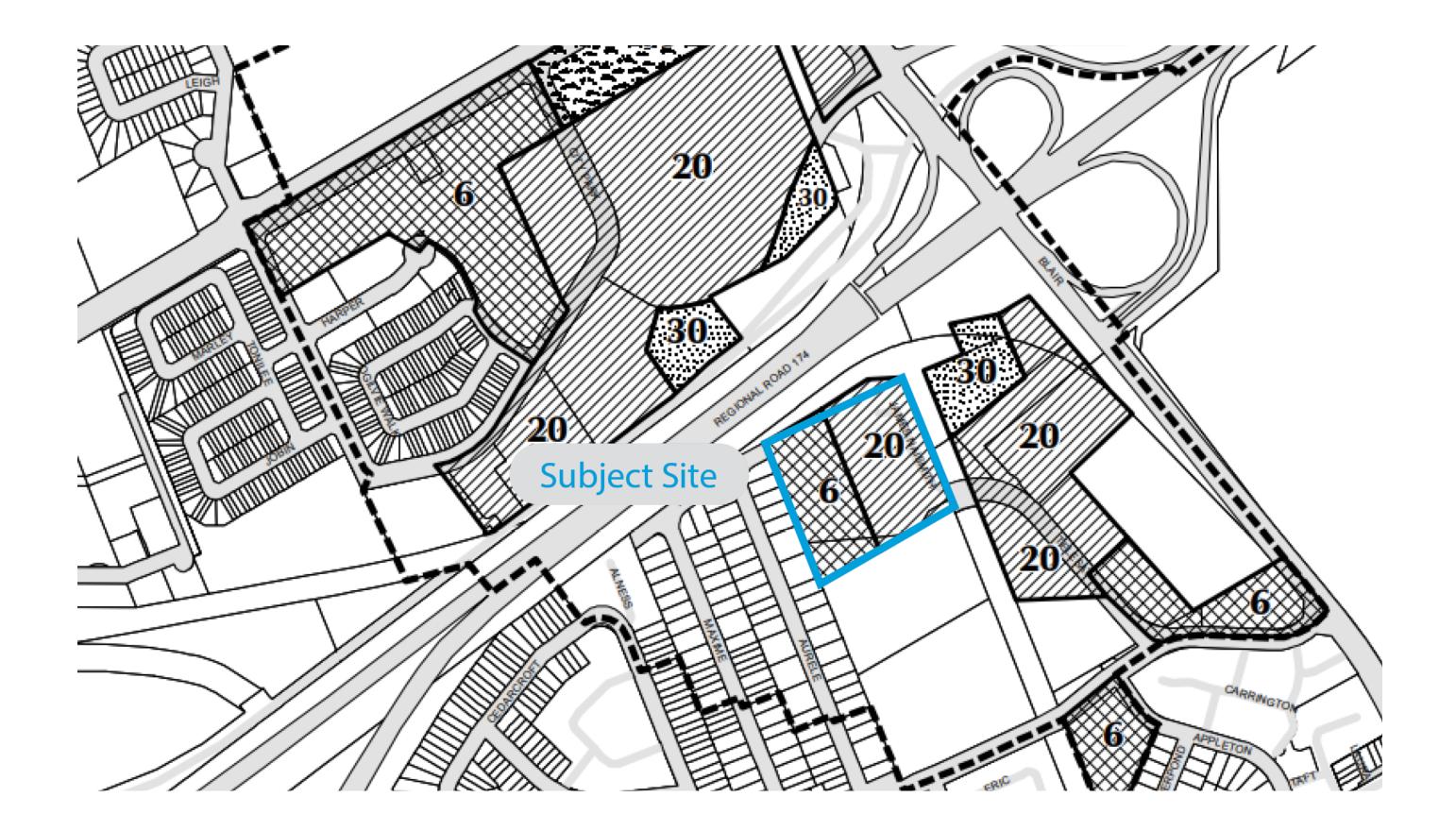




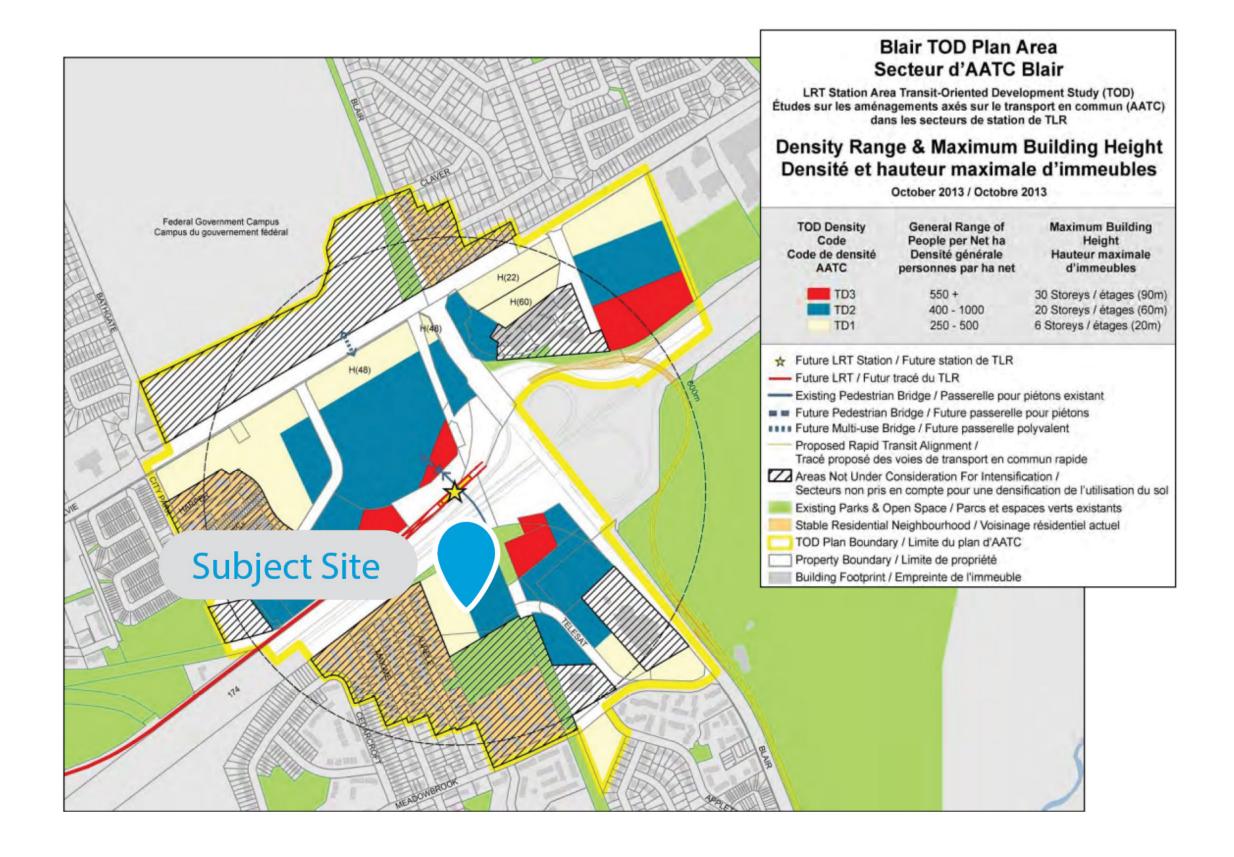
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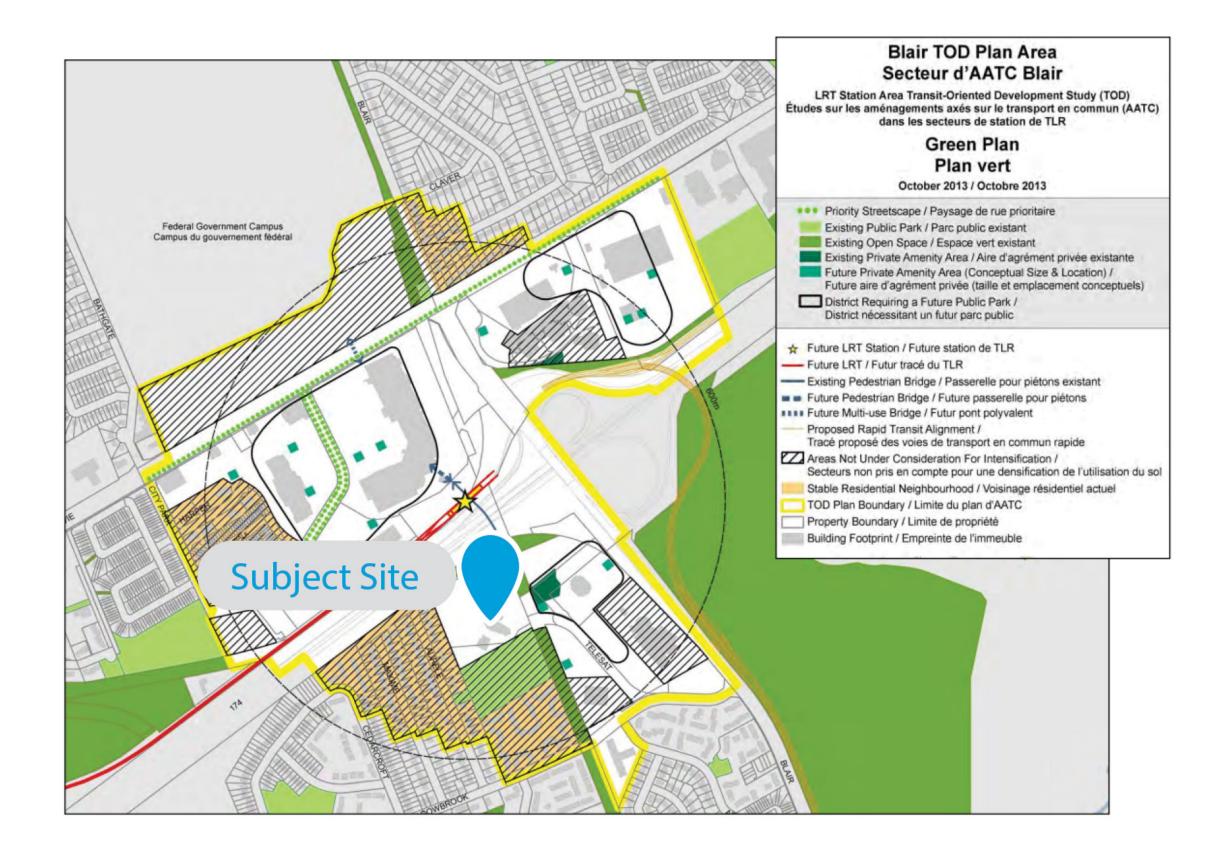










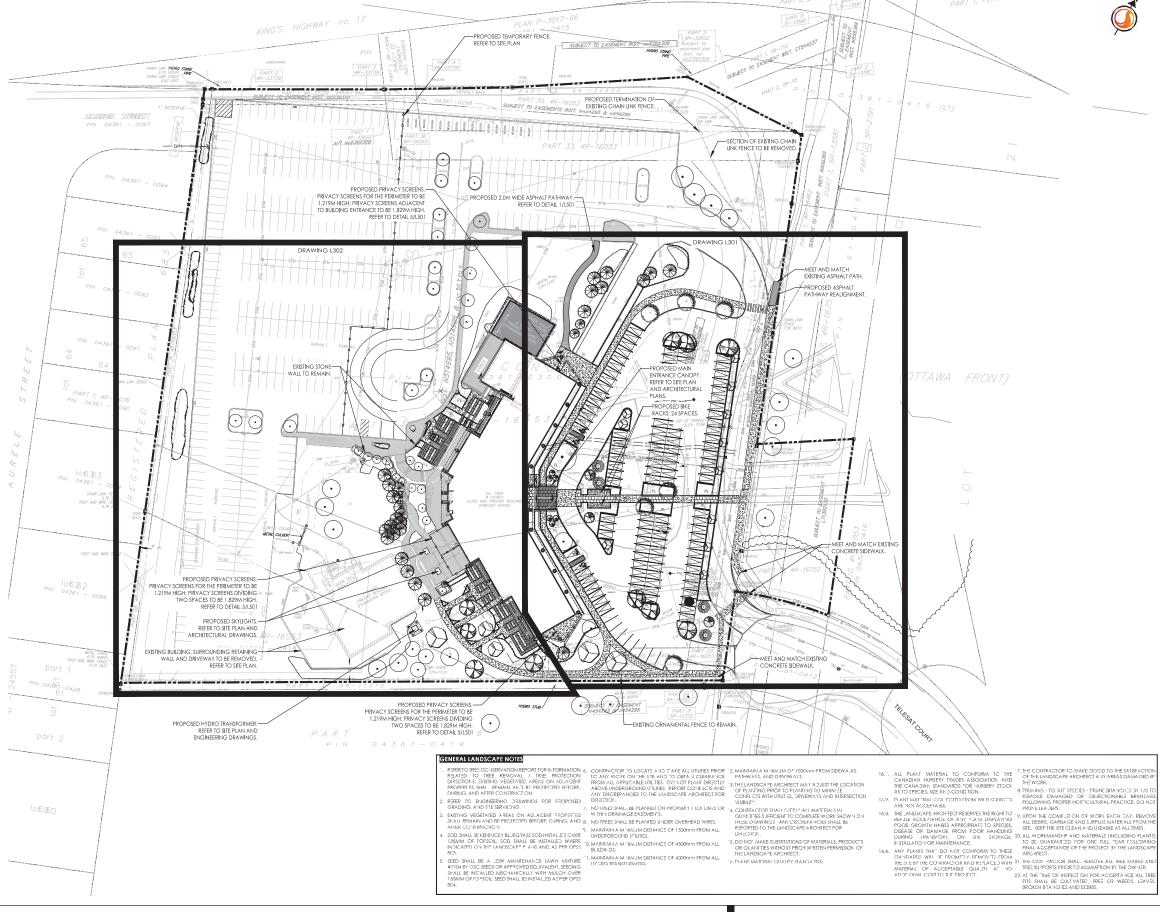






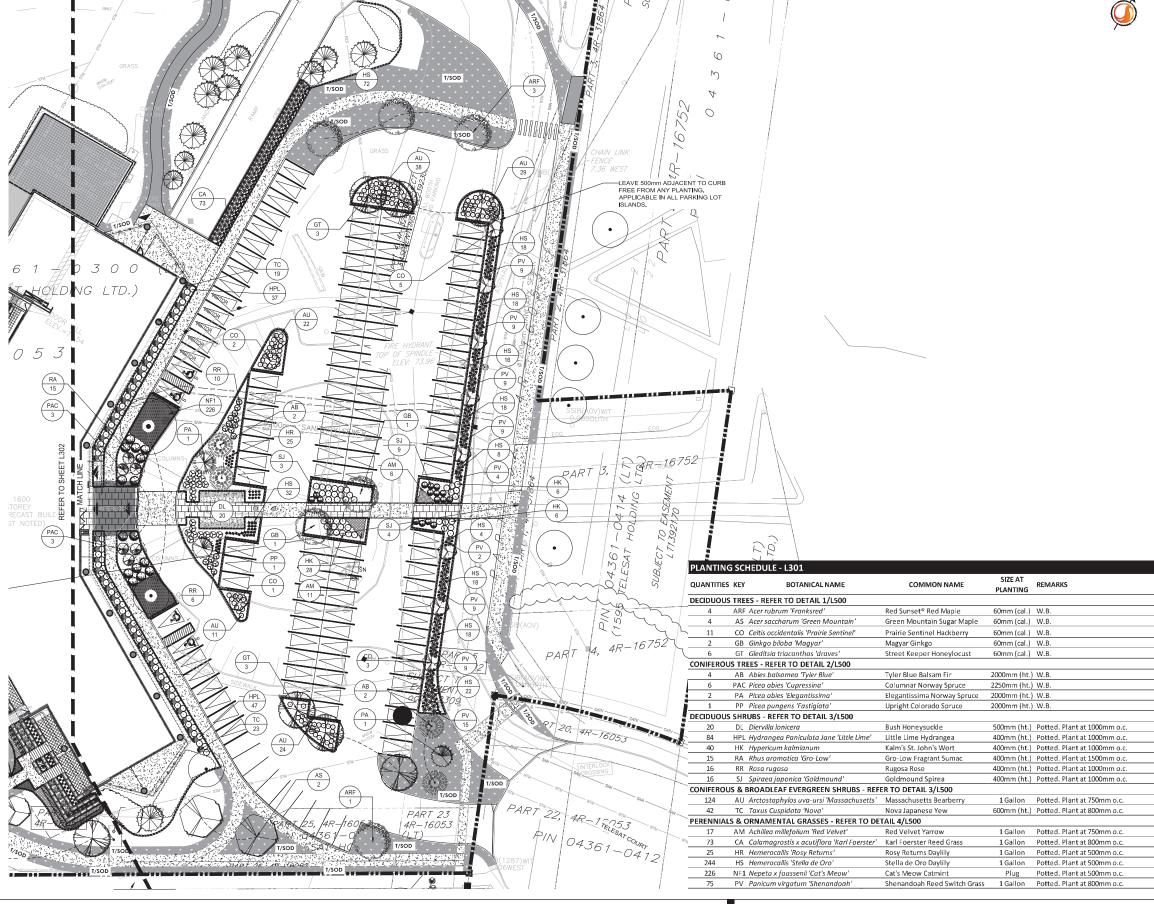


1600 James Naismith Dr. - 8 Storey Residential Building Conversion 2164 June 2022

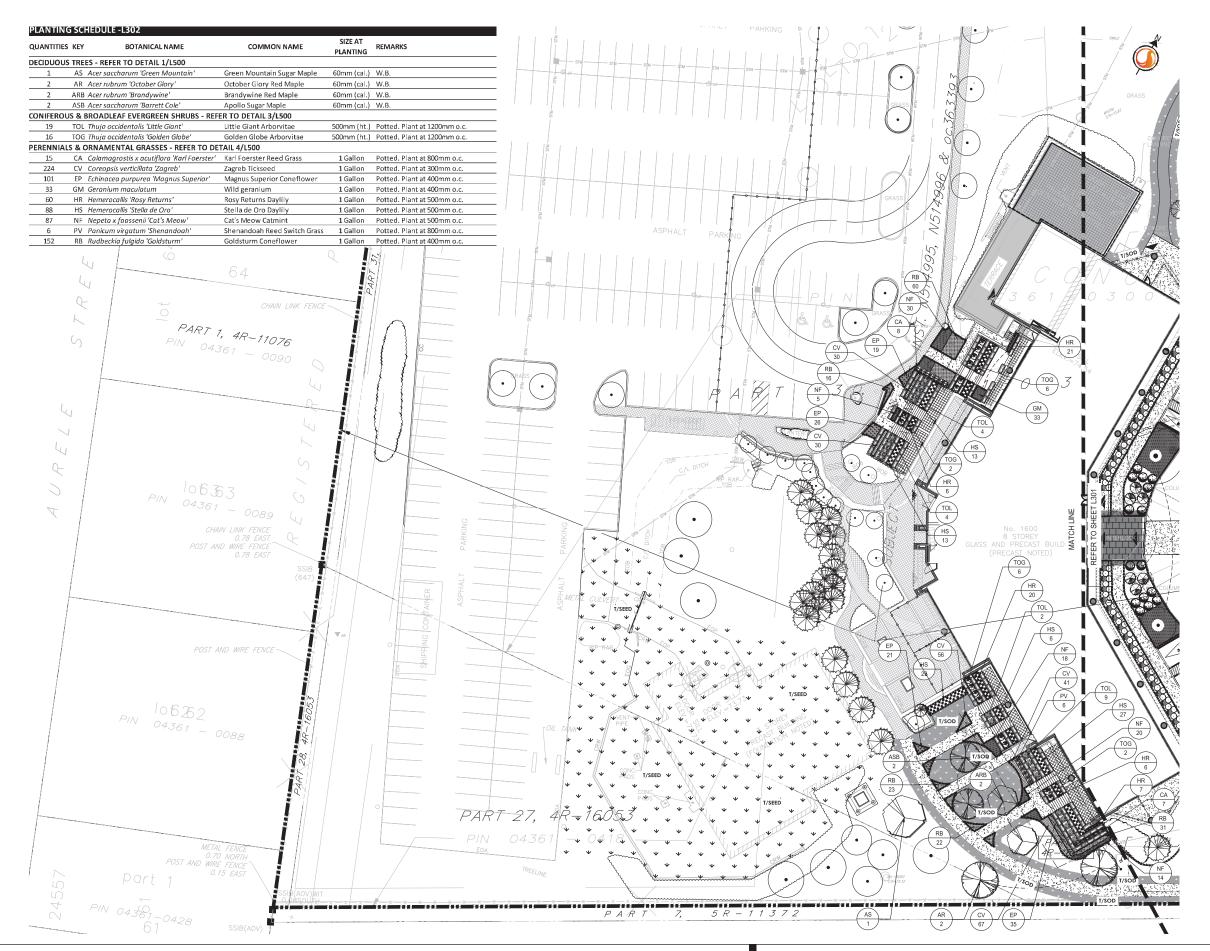




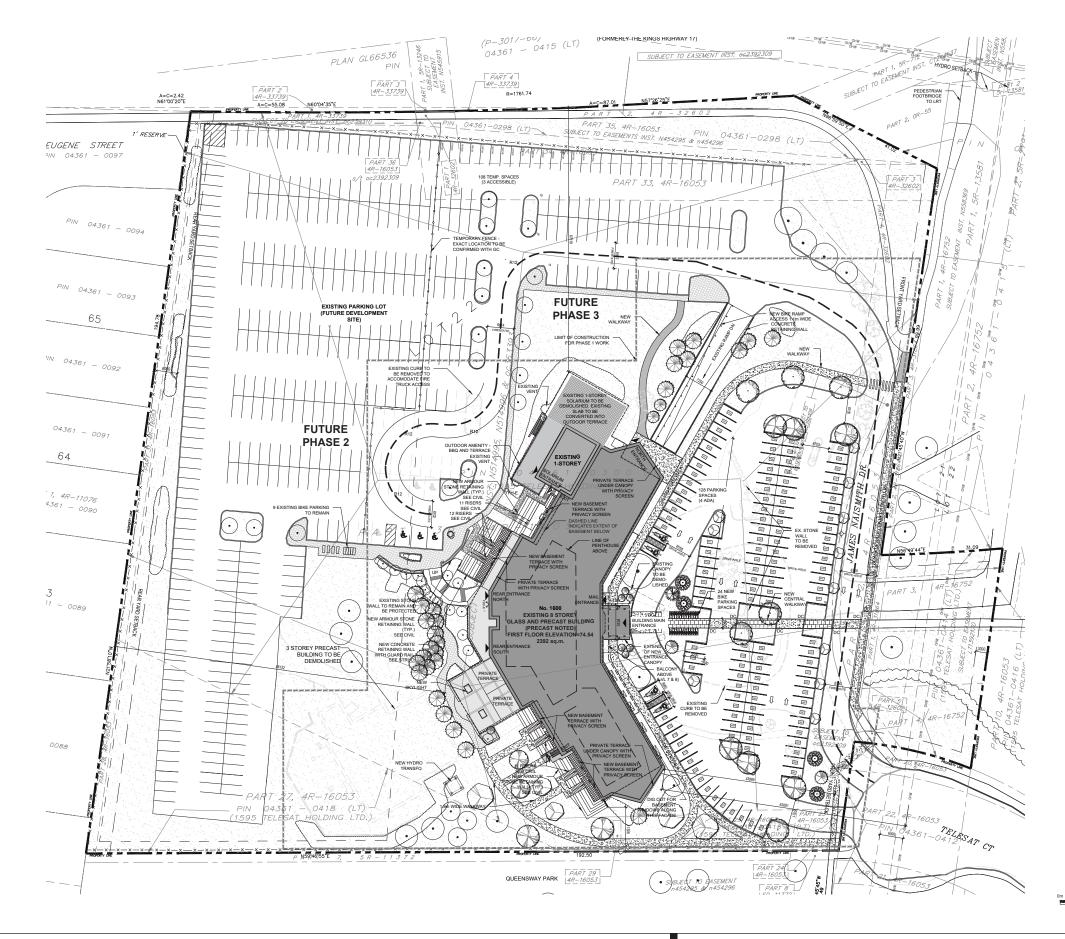




































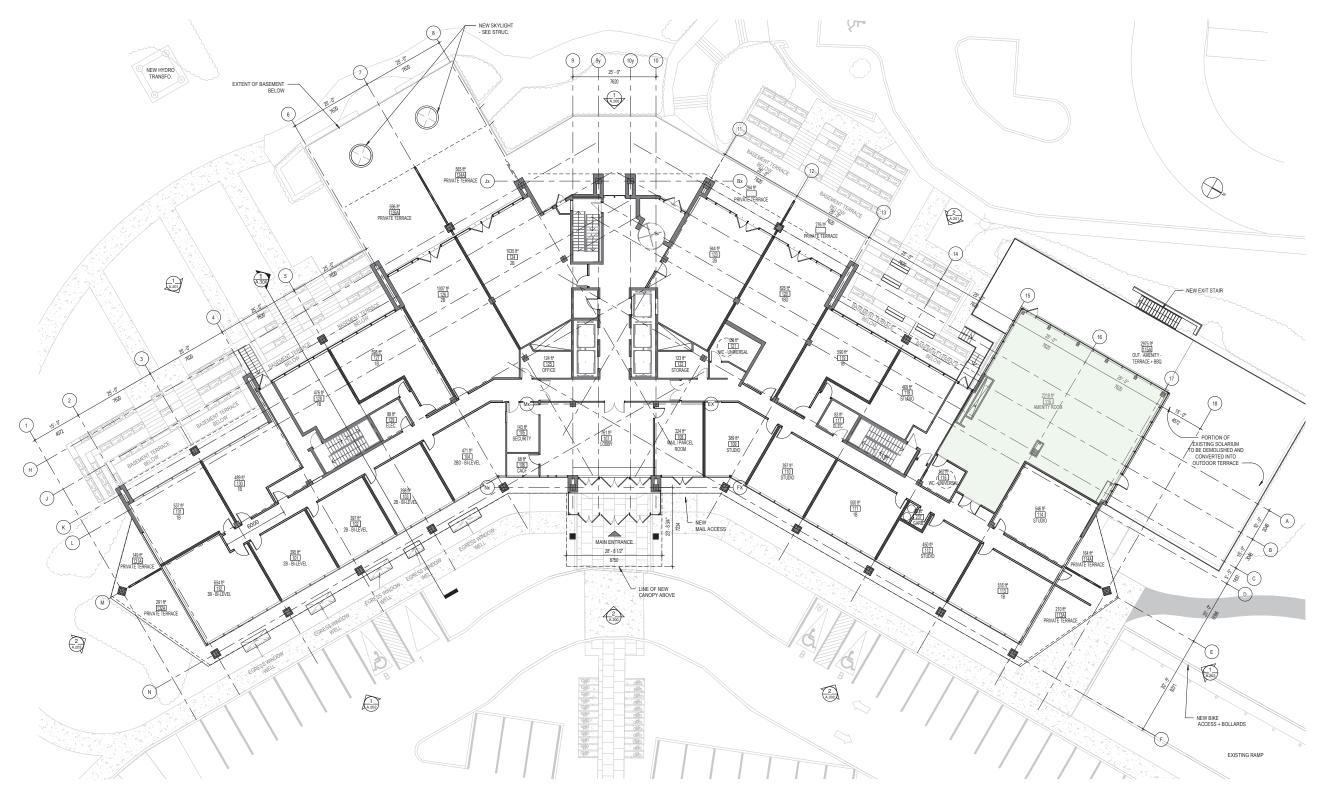




## **Basement Floor Plan**

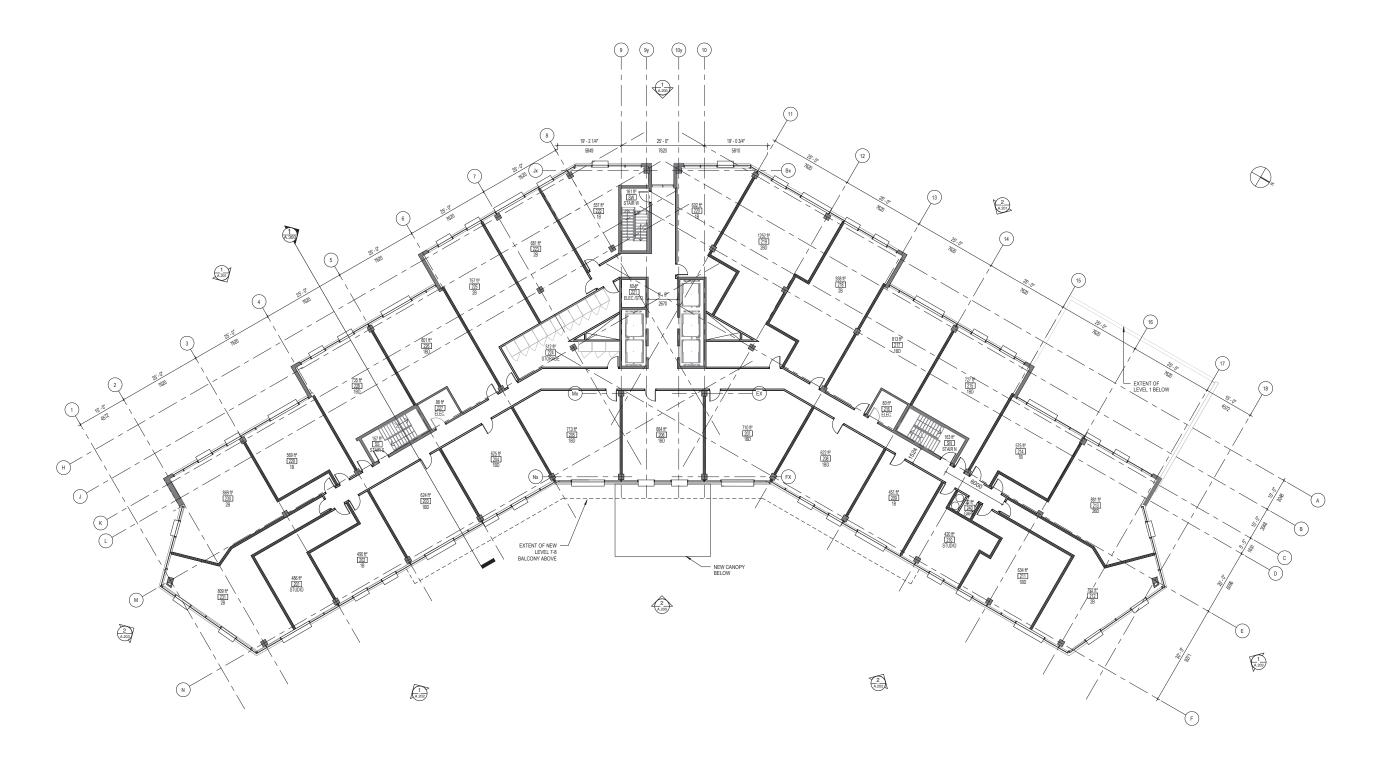






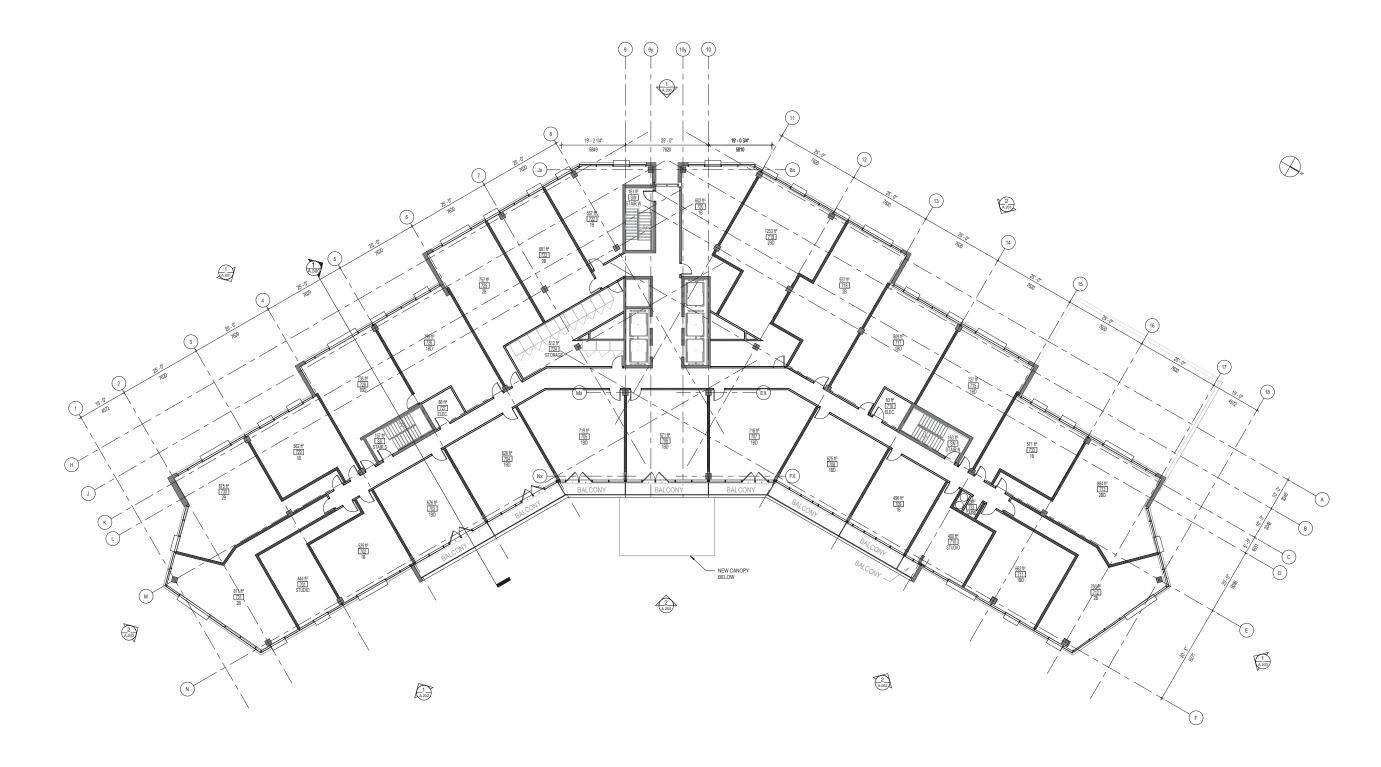






Level 2-6 Floor Plan

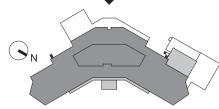




Level 7-8 Floor Plan









Panel

Colour: Charcoal

Colour: Light Grey





Panel

Colour: Charcoal

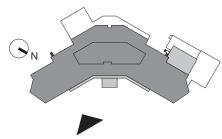


















Panel

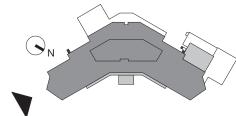
Panel

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Colour: Light Grey

Colour: Copper

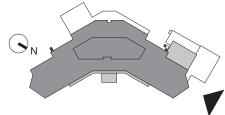




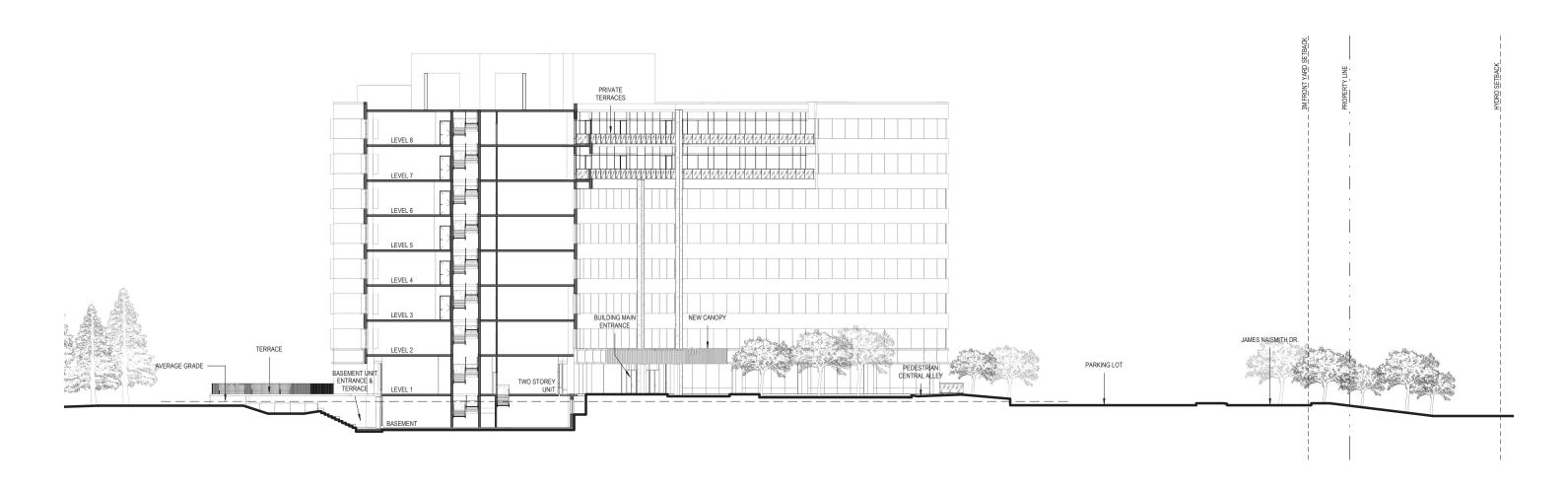


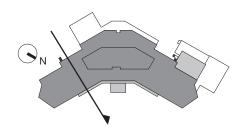
Colour: Charcoal













## **Sustainability Statement**

Sustainability is a priority for this project. The adaptive re-use through a building's conversion has the possibility to produce less greenhouse gasses, and the diversion of waste due to the amount of new materials and products will be significantly lower than what is required for new construction. One of the goals for this project is to keep, reuse and enhance as much as possible the elements that are already offered by the existing building and site. Other aspects that will be considered will be bird safe glazing when the existing glass is to be replaced.



## **Design Brief:**

The property located at 1600 James Naismith Drive is situated at the southwest corner of the Blair Road and the Queensway offramp. The site includes an 8-storey suburban office building, a generator support building, and a small security guard house. The full development of this site will take place over 3 phases. Phase 1 of this redevelopment includes the conversion of the existing office building (circa 1988) into a multi-residential rental apartment building. The generator building and the guard house are planned to be demolished within the present phase. The office building is eight stories in height with a single basement level and supporting mechanical penthouse. The building is "v-shape" with two wings that intersect a central core. Once renovated, the converted residential building will include 218 apartment units distributed from the basement level to the 8th floor. Units range from 389 sq.ft. to 1407 sq.ft with unit types varying from studio to 3-bedrooms.

Another main aspect of this project was to transform the existing suburban office building aesthetic - that includes suspended precast concrete panels and highly mirrored horizontal strip curtainwall - into a new visual residential expression. Another strategy included in the proposal is the inclusion of 8 basement units with direct access to the exterior grounds. Some excavation will be required to provide additional entry and terrace space for these units (See Landscape and Civil Plans). Individual entrances will be made of a solid-colored box frames to put the emphasize on this new residential typology and the direct connection with the exterior. These volumes will be completed by large window glazing to allow as much light as possible to enter the living spaces. Private exterior terraces at grade will also be provided to basement tenants. As per the plans, new landscaping that includes sloped armoured stone retaining walls and steps have been designed to help create these private unit spaces. Amenity spaces, such as a fitness center, cinema, golf simulator, kids' playground and dog area will be provided for tenants to enjoy and are located in the basement. Some of these spaces will have access to ample sunlight due to the existing large basement glazing part of the original building design. Two interior bike rooms, accessible by a new bike ramp, will also be available for a total of 108 spaces at this level.

The existing front surface parking lot area will be reshaped and enlarged to provide a total of 128 parking spaces. This area will be fully dedicated to Phase 1 of the over all development. An additional 108 parking spaces, including 16 for visitors, are also provided to the north and west side of the building. As future phases come into development, those spaces will be, relocated to accommodate future phase site designs.

A new large pedestrian walkway (2.4m wide) is proposed to cross the front parking area starting from the main entrance building to access the eastern parts of the site. This walkway will connect a re-aligned James Naismith roadway and sidewalk which will provide direct access to future phases and to the LRT path and pedestrian bridge. Exterior bike parking spaces, mostly for visitors, will also be provided along this new landscaped path.

This conversion project will also replace the suburban office building entrance canopy for a simpler modern residential entry overhang. This new key element will include a charcoal metal reclad gesture planned for the lower floor facades of the building. The adding of this new ground floor design aesthetic creates a more human scale to the exterior design. The canopy soffit will be clad in a warm "oak wood look" siding; again, to humanize the entrance experience.

Along this main entrance building facade, bi-level units are proposed to occupy the south wing and one-storey units to the north. Private terraces will be provided at both wing ends, and a new pedestrian connection will be added to reach the north parking area. At the north-west building corner, the larger portion of the existing solarium extension (dated 2005) will be maintained and renovated to create a multi-purpose amenity room; complemented with an outdoor terrace and BBQ space. On the same facade, some generous private terraces will be provided on the existing building ground floor extensions. All the building exterior spaces, public or private, will have access to the significant existing vegetation already part of the existing landscape design. Some areas will be enhanced with new greenery and privacy screens for units. The entire site's walkways will to be optimized and will include additional lighting to allow the tenants to enjoy the site at all periods of the day.

The design new design strategy is to keep almost all the existing precast concrete panels. In some areas of the 2 lower floors the existing "mirrored" curtainwall is to be replaced by new clear glass to create a better connection with the site's surrounding landscape and entrances. Operable windows will be integrated for additional occupant's comfort. On the building upper floors (2 to 8) the project will preserve most of the existing reflective glass curtain wall with some panels being removed to allow the inclusion of new operable window interventions. These new windows will be framed with a black exterior shadow box. The inside of the shadow box will be clad in an orange copper colour and creating a visual interest to the highly reflective existing facade. This intervention on the facades is a key element to the new residential building identity. It adds a touch of warmth, human scale, and a contemporary aesthetic to the existing suburban office building style. On the east side of the building, the 7th and 8th have an existing cantilevered glazed section that will be replaced with new exterior balconies for those specific apartment units. This building extension will be enhanced by the addition of a black metal frame to support the residential look of the building's new aesthetic.

