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UD18-028

**Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management** 



Project: 70 Richmond Road Devtrin (Island Park) Inc.

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FSR/SWM Report	May 13 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Issued for Site Plan Application

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### **Executive Summary**

Lithos Group Inc. (Lithos) was retained by Devtrin (Island Park) Inc. (the "Owner") to prepare a Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management (FSR-SWM) Report in support of a Site Plan Application for a proposed mixed-use development at 70 Richmond Road (K1Z 6V7), in the City of Ottawa (the "City"). The following is a summary of our conclusions:

#### **Storm Drainage**

The site stormwater discharge will be controlled to meet the half of the 5-year pre-development flow and will be discharging into the existing 525mm diameter storm sewer on Richmond Road. In order to attain the target flows and meet the City's requirements, quantity controls will be utilized and up to 61.45m³ of on-site storage will be required for the proposed development. The stormwater management (SWM) system will be designed to provide enhanced level (Level 1) protection as specified by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). Quality control will be provided for the project site for a minimum total suspended solids (TSS) removal of 80%.

#### **Sanitary Sewers**

The proposed development will be connected to the existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer on the south side of Richmond Road. The additional net discharge flow from the proposed development, is anticipated at approximately 2.41 L/s. Confirmation is anticipated by the City on whether the existing sanitary infrastructure along Richmond Road can support the proposed development.

#### **Water Supply**

Water supply for the site will be from the existing 200mm diameter watermain, on the east side of Island Park Drive and from the existing 300mm diameter watermain, on the south side of Richmond Road. It is anticipated that a total design flow of 93.72 L/s will be required to support the proposed development. Based on the boundary conditions received from the City it is revealed that the existing water infrastructure can support the existing development.

#### **Site Grading**

The proposed grades will improve the existing drainage conditions to meet the City's/Regional requirements. Grades will be maintained along the property line whether feasible and emergency overland flow will be driven to the adjacent right-of-way's (ROW).

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#### 1.0 Introduction

Lithos Group Inc. (Lithos) was retained by Devtrin (Island Park) Inc. (the "Owner") to prepare a Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management (FSR-SWM) Report in support of a Site Plan Application for a proposed mixed-use development at 70 Richmond Road (K1Z 6V7), in the City of Ottawa (the "City").

The purpose of this report is to provide site-specific information for the City's review with respect to infrastructure required to support the proposed development. More specifically, the report will present details on storm drainage, sanitary discharge and water supply.

We contacted the City's engineering department to obtain existing information in preparation of this report. The following documents were available for our review:

- As built plans for the underground services bounding the property, located at the intersection between Richmond Road and Island Park Drive (Drawing No. 055042-12, 055042-18);
- Utilities Plan in CAD format;
- Phase II Environmental Site Assessment prepared by Paterson Group, dated July 14, 2021;
- Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Paterson Group, dated May 10,2022;
- Site Plan and Site Statistics prepared by HOBIN, dated May 13, 2022; and,
- Topographical Survey prepared by Stantec Geomatics Ltd., dated July, 2021.

# 2.0 Site Description

The existing site is approximately 0.159 hectares of residential and commercial-use land, located on the south corner of the intersection between Richmond Road and Island Park Drive, in the City of Ottawa. It is currently occupied by an abandoned single-storey commercial heritage building, a two-storey residential building and an outdoor parking area. The site is bound by a residential building to the south-east, Island Park Drive to the north-east, Richmond Road to the north-west and by a commercial development to the south-west. Refer to Figures 1 and 2 following this report, site photographs in Appendix A and to the topographic survey in Appendix B.

# 3.0 Site Proposal

The proposed development will be comprised by a 10-storey mixed-use commercial/residential building and seven (7) townhouses, which will be facilitated by two (2) levels of underground parking. The existing single-storey commercial heritage building will be relocated at the north corner of the site. The proposed development will have a total of 88 residential units and ground floor retail units with a Gross Floor Area (GFA) of 209.96 m<sup>2</sup>.

The total development will include approximately 9,122.1 m<sup>2</sup> of Gross Floor Area (GFA). Please refer to **Appendix B** for proposed site plan and building site statistics.

## 4.0 Terms of Reference and Methodology

#### 4.1. Terms of Reference

The following references and technical guidelines were consulted in the present study:

- City of Ottawa Servicing Study Guidelines, online edition;
- City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, (2012);
- City of Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution, (2010);
- Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Park (MECP) Guidelines for the Design of Water Systems (2008);
- MECP Guidelines for the Design of Sanitary Sewage Systems (2008);
- MECP Stormwater Planning and Design Manual (2003); and,
- Ontario Building Code (2010).

#### 4.2. Methodology: Stormwater Drainage and Management

This report provides a detailed Stormwater Management (SWM) review of the pre-development and post-development conditions and comments on opportunities to reduce peak flows, as per the City of Ottawa guidelines.

The stormwater management criteria for this development are based on the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, as well as the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) 2003 Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (SWMPD). The following design criteria will be reviewed:

- Post-development peak flow for the 100-year storm event from the site should be controlled to the half of the 5-year target flow. A 20-minute time of concentration and a 10 min inlet time derived from City of Ottawa IDF curves, were considered for connection to a dedicated storm sewer;
- For connection to a dedicated storm sewer, when the imperviousness of the existing property is greater than 50%, the maximum value of the runoff coefficient, "c", used in calculating the predevelopment peak runoff rate is limited to 0.50; and,
- A safe overland flow will be provided for all flows in excess of the 100-year storm event.

### 4.3. Methodology: Sanitary Discharge

The sanitary sewage discharge from the site will be determined using sanitary sewer design sheets that incorporate the land use and building statistics as supplied by the design team. The calculated values provide peak sanitary flow discharge that considers infiltration.

The estimated sanitary discharge flows from the proposed site will be calculated based on the criteria shown in **Table 4.1** below (Sections 4 and 6 of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines).

Table 4.1 – Sanitary Flows

Design Parameter	Value
Residential Units (Average Apartment)	Bachelor Unit =1.4 people/unit  1 Bedroom Unit=1.4 people/unit  2 Bedroom Unit=2.1 people/unit  3 Bedroom Unit=3.1 people/unit
Average Daily Residential Flow	280 L/person/day
Residential Peak Factor	PF = 1 + (14/(4+(P/1000) <sup>1/2</sup> )
Commercial Floor Space	50000 L/ha/day
Commercial Peaking Factor	1.5 if commercial contribution >20%, otherwise 1.0
Infiltration and Inflow Allowance	0.28 L/s/ha
Sanitary sewers are to be sized employing the Manning's Equation	$Q = \frac{1}{n} A R^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$
Minimum Manning's 'n'	0.013
Minimum Depth of Cover	1.5 m from crown of sewer to grade
Minimum Full Flowing Velocity	0.6 m/s
Maximum Full Flowing Velocity	3.0 m/s

#### 4.4. Methodology: Water Usage

The fire flow requirements were estimated using the method prescribed by the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS). This method is based on the fire protected building floors, the type and combustibility of the structural frame and the separation distances with adjoining building units.

Section 4.3.22 of the City Design guidelines for water distribution provides guidance for determining the method for estimating Fire Demand. As indicated, the requirements for levels of fire protection on private property are covered in the Ontario Building Code. Section 7.2.11 of the OBC addresses the installation of water service pipes and fire service mains. Part 3 of the OBC outlines the requirement for Fire Protection, Occupant Safety, and Accessibility; and subsection A-3.2.5.7 provides the provisions for firefighting. Based on trained personnel responding to the emergency, and water supply being delivered through a municipal, the required minimum provision for water supply flow rates shall not be less than 2,700L/min or greater than 9,000L/min (OBC Section A.3.2.5.7, Table 2).

The domestic water usage was calculated based on the City's design criteria (OBC Table 8.2.1.3.B) outlined in **Table 4.2.** 

Table 4.2 – Water Usage

Design Parameter	Value
Average Residential Day Demand	350 L/person/day
Maximum Residential Day Demand	2.5 x Average Day Demand
Maximum Residential Hour Demand	2.2 x Max Day Demand
Average Commercial Day Demand	2.5 L/m²/d
Maximum Commercial Day Demand	1.5 x Average Day Demand
Maximum Commercial Hour Demand	1.8 x Max Day Demand
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.4 m from top of watermain to finished grade
During Peak Hour Demand desired operating pressure is within	350kPa and 480KPa
Minimum pressure during normal operating conditions (average day to maximum hour demand)	275kPa
During normal operating conditions, pressure must not exceed	552kPa
Minimum pressure during fire flow plus maximum day demand	140kPa

# 5.0 Stormwater Management and Drainage

#### **5.1.** Existing Conditions

The existing site is approximately 0.159 hectares and is currently occupied by an abandoned single-storey commercial building, a two-storey residential building and an outdoor parking area.

According to available records, there are three (3) existing storm sewers abutting the subject property. More specifically there are:

- A 525 mm diameter storm sewer, located at the south side of Richmond Road running west;
- A 525 mm diameter storm sewer, located at the east side of Island Park Drive running northeast; and,
- A 450 mm diameter storm sewer, located at the south-west side of the property along the easement area.

The existing site is primarily covered by building, thus, there is no significant infiltration onsite. Although the existing run-off coefficient is estimated at 0.76, the City of Ottawa Guidelines require target flow calculations, based on a run-off coefficient of 0.50. The input parameters, summarized in **Table 5.1** below, are illustrated in the pre-development drainage area plan in **Figure DAP-1** in **Appendix C**.

Table 5.1 – Pre-development Input Parameters

Drainage Area	Drainage Area Drainage Area (ha)		Design "C"	Tc (min.)
A1 Pre	0.159	0.76	0.50	20

Peak flows calculated for the existing conditions are shown in **Table 5.2** below. Detailed calculations can be found in **Appendix C**.

**Table 5.2 – Target Peak Flows** 

Catalamant	Pea	k Flow Rational Method (	L/s)
Catchment	2-year	5-year	100-year
A1 Pre	11.5	15.5	26.5

Further to our consultation with the City, half of the calculated target flow has to be used to estimate the required post-development storage volume. Hence, post-development flows towards Richmond Road will need to be controlled to the target flow of 7.8L/s (15.5 /2 L/s).

### **5.2.** Proposed Conditions

In order to meet the City's Stormwater Management criteria, the development flow rate is to be controlled to the half of the five (5)-year pre-development conditions, as established in Section 5.1. Overland flow from the site will be directed towards the adjacent right-of-ways.

The site consists of two (2) internal drainage areas:

- 1. A1 Post Storm runoff from the rooftop/terraces/hardscaped/landscaped areas, controlled into the underground storage tank; and
- 2. A2 Post Uncontrolled storm runoff from the site, towards the adjacent right-of-way (Richmond Road).

The post-development drainage areas and runoff coefficients are indicated on Figure DAP-2, located in Appendix C and summarized in Table 5.3 below.

**Table 5.3 - Post-development Input Parameters** 

Drainage Area	Drainage Area (ha)	"C"	Tc (min.)
A1 Post (Rooftop/Terraces/Hardscaped/Landscaped Areas)	0.152	1.00*	10
A2 Post (Uncontrolled Site Area)	0.007	0.88*	10

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;C" value for the 100-year storm event is increased by 25%, with a maximum of 1.0 per City's Sewer Design Guidelines.

#### **5.3.** Quantity Controls

Using the City's intensity-duration-frequency (IDF) data, modified rational method calculations were undertaken to determine the maximum storage required during each storm event. Results for the 2, 5 and 100-year storm events are provided in **Table 5.4**. The detailed post-development quantity control calculations are provided in **Appendix C.** 

Table 5.4 – Post-development Quantity Control as per City Requirements

Storm Event	Total Uncontrolled Flow (L/s)	Target Site Release Rate (L/s)	Required Storage Tank Volume (m³)	Total Controlled Release Rate of the Tank (L/s)
2-year	1.0		15.03	
5-year	1.4	6.6	23.80	6.6
100-year	2.3		61.45	

As shown in **Table 5.4**, in order to control post-development flows to the half of the 5-year predevelopment conditions, a target flow of 6.6 L/s is to be satisfied. The required on-site storage is 61.45 m<sup>3</sup> for the 100-year storm event and is accommodated by the use of one (1) suspended underground storage tank, located at P1 level.

#### 5.3.1. Underground Storage Tank

An underground storage tank is proposed to meet the quantity control requirements, set forth by the City's WWFMG Guidelines. Controlled stormwater flow from the rooftop, terraces, landscaped and hardscaped area (**Drainage Area A1 Post**) will be gravity driven into the proposed main underground storage tank located at P1 level (refer to engineering drawing **SS-01**, submitted separately).

The 100-year storm yielded an underground storage tank capable to store up to 61.45m³, controlled by a 104mm Vortex Valve Flow Regulator CEV 250, with a maximum release rate of 6.6 L/s, achieved and will be ultimately directed through gravity towards the City's existing storm sewer network. Detailed sizing calculations for the Vortex Flow Regulator are provided in **Appendix C**.

In addition, the proposed main storage tank will have a footprint area of 86.80m² and an active storage depth of 0.71m above the invert of the outlet pipe. Refer to Figure 3, included in Appendix C, for the maximum tank design requirements. A maximum control stormwater release rate from the main storage tank of 6.6L/s, along with the uncontrolled release rate of 2.3L/s (Drainage Area A2 Post), results to a post-development total release rate of 8.9L/s, for the 100-year event. For over 100-year storm events, the storm tank will also include a perforated access hatch and in case of emergency will overflow towards the adjacent right-of-way (ROW). Consequently, the proposed SWM plan retains enough runoff volume, to reduce the post-development peak flows for each storm event to the extent possible and approach the required target flow.

#### 5.4. Quality Controls

Stormwater treatment must meet Enhanced Protection criteria as defined by the MECP 2003 SWMPD Manual, including the removal of at least 80% total suspended solids (TSS). Stormwater discharged from the site area will not be polluted by car waste (**Drainage Area A1** and **A2 Post**). Therefore, it is considered "clean" and will be directly driven into the underground storage tank. The detailed quality control calculations can be found in **Appendix C**. A summary of the site quality control is included in **Table 5.5** below.

Drainage Area	Drainage Area (ha)	Overall TSS Removal	Additional Quality Control Required
Rooftop/Terraces/ Hardscaped/Landscaped Areas	0.152	80%	Inherent
Total	0.152	80%	

Table 5.5 - Site TSS Removal

#### 5.5. Proposed Storm Connection

The proposed development will connect to the existing 525mm diameter storm sewer on Richmond Road via a proposed 150 mm diameter storm sewer service connection with a minimum grade of 2.00% (or equivalent pipe design). Refer to engineering drawing "SS-01" (submitted separately) for more details.

The post-development 100-year storm flow has been designed to match the half of the five (5)-year predevelopment storm flow. Therefore, the proposed development will not adversely affect flow conditions downstream and the existing infrastructure on Richmond Road will be adequate to service this development. Flows above the 100-year event will be conveyed within pipes and overland to the adjacent municipal right-of-way (ROW). Refer to engineering drawing "SG-01" (submitted separately) for overland flow in excess of the 100-year storm event.

### 6.0 Sanitary Drainage System

#### 6.1. Existing Sanitary Drainage System

The site is currently occupied by an abandoned single-storey commercial building, a residential two-storey building and an outdoor parking area. According to available records, there are three (3) existing sanitary sewers abutting the subject property. More specifically there are:

- A 250 mm diameter sanitary sewer on the south side of Richmond Road, flowing west;
- A 200 mm diameter sanitary sewer on the east side of Island Park Drive, which becomes 250mm, flowing north; and,
- A 200 mm diameter sanitary sewer along the easement located west of the property, flowing north.

#### **6.2.** Existing Sanitary Flows

The sanitary flow generated by the proposed development at 70 Richmond Road was compared to the existing flow in order to quantify the net increase in the sanitary sewer. Using the design criteria outlined in **Table 4.1** and the existing site information, the sanitary flow from the existing development is estimated at 0.09 L/s. Detailed calculations are included in **Appendix D**.

### **6.3.** Proposed Sanitary Flows

According to the proposed development's site statistics, as well as the design criteria outlined in **Section 4.3**, the sanitary flow from the new building is calculated at 2.50 L/s (0.04 L/s infiltration flow, 2.11L/s sanitary flow and 0.35L/s groundwater flow), towards the City's infrastructure.

Following the above, there is an increase in the sanitary flow of approximately 2.41 L/s within the City's sewer network. Detailed calculations can be found in **Appendix D**.

The proposed development will increase the sanitary flows into the downstream network; however, confirmation on whether there is adequate capacity to the City's infrastructure to accommodate the additional sanitary flow under both dry and wet weather conditions, is anticipated by the City.

#### 6.4. Proposed Sanitary Connection

The proposed development will connect to the existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer on Richmond Road, via a 150 mm diameter lateral sanitary connection with a minimum grade of 2.00% (or equivalent pipe design). Refer to engineering drawing "SS-01" (submitted separately), for the proposed sanitary connection.

# 7.0 Water Supply System

#### 7.1. Existing System

The existing water supply system consists of a 300 mm diameter watermain on the north side of Richmond Road, a 200 mm diameter watermain on the east side of Island Park Drive and a 150 mm diameter watermain along the easement, located at the west side of the property.

#### 7.2. Water Supply Requirements

The estimated water consumption was calculated based on the occupancy rates shown on **Table 4.2** in **Section 4.4**, according to the City of Ottawa Guidelines. Based on the proposed use, it is anticipated that an average domestic water consumption of 0.66 L/s (56,350 L/day) (Average Commercial Water Demand + Average Residential Water Demand= 0.01 L/s + 0.65 L/s = 0.66 L/s), a maximum daily consumption of 1.64 L/s (141,696 L/day) and a peak hourly demand of 3.60 L/s (12,960 L/hour) will be required to service the proposed development with domestic water.

The fire flow requirements were estimated using the method prescribed by the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) be undertaken to assess the minimum requirement for fire suppression. The fire flow calculations are normally conducted for the greater storey and for the other two immediately adjoining storeys.

**Table 7.1** illustrates the input parameters used for the FUS calculations. According to our calculations, a minimum fire suppression flow of approximately 92.08 L/s (1460 USGPM) will be required. Refer to detailed calculations found in **Appendix E.** 

	Frame used	Combustibility	Presence		Separation	Distance	
Parameter	for Building of Contents	of Sprinklers	North- West	South- West	North- East	South- East	
Value according to FUS options	Fire- Resistive Construction	Limited Combustible Occupancy	Yes	30.1m to 45m	3.1m to 10m	30.1m to 45m	0m to 3.0m
Surcharge/reduction from base flow	0.6	15%	30%	5%	20%	5%	25%

**Table 7.1 – Fire Flow Input Parameters** 

In summary, the required design flow is the sum of 'the minimum fire suppression flow' and 'maximum daily demand' (92.08 + 1.64 = 93.72L/s, 1,486 USGPM).

**Table 7.2** summarizes the anticipated water demand for the proposed development based on the City of Ottawa Guidelines – Water Distribution.

Design Parameter	Anticipated Demand¹ (L/s)				
Average Day Demand	0.66				
Max Day + Fire Flow	1.64 + 92.08 = 93.72				
Max Hour Demand	3.60				
Water demand calculations per City of Ottawa Guidelines. See Appendix E for detailed calculations.					

Table 7.2 - Water Demand

Boundary conditions from the City has been obtained (Refer to email correspondence in Appendix B).

#### 7.3. Water Analysis Results

Upon completion of the detailed calculations in order to determine the anticipated domestic water consumption and the required minimum fire flow for the proposed development, the calculation results were provided to the City of Ottawa. As a result, the above noted values were used to generate the municipal watermain network boundary conditions.

**Table 7.3** below summarizes the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa for the existing municipal watermain network along Richmond Road and Island Park Drive.

Table 7.3 – Boundary Conditions Provided by the City

Municipal Watermain Boundary Condition	Richmond Road Connection	Island Park Drive Connection		
Minimum HGL	108.3	108.3		
Maximum HGL	114.9	114.9		
Max Day + Fire Flow	109.8	108.9		

**Table 7.4** operating conditions and compares the anticipated operating pressures at the watermains to the normal operating pressures outlined in the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.

Table 7.4 – Watermain Analysis Results

Watermain Connections	Design Parameter	Anticipated Demand (L/s)	Approximate Design Operating Pressures (psi) / Relative Head (m)	Normal Municipal Operating Pressures (psi)
	Average Demand	0.66	68 psi	F0 70 msi
	Average Demand	0.66	(47.7m)	50-70 psi
a) Island Park Drive b) Richmond Road	Peak Hour Demand  Max Day + Fire Flow Demand	3.60	58 psi	40-70 psi
		3.00	(41.1m)	40-70 psi
			<b>a)</b> 61 psi	
		93.72	(42.6m)	20 psi (min)
		93.72	<b>b)</b> 59 psi	20 μει (ΠΠΠ)
			(41.7m)	

The design operating pressures shown in **Table 7.4**, are within the normal municipal operating pressures, per the City's requirements. Therefore, the municipal water network will be able to support the proposed development.

#### 7.4. Proposed Watermain Connections

The proposed development will be serviced by two (2) 150 mm diameter service connections, one (1) will be connected to the existing 200 mm diameter watermain located on the east side of Island Park Drive and one (1) will be connected to the existing 300mm diameter watermain located on the south side of Richmond Road. According to City standards the watermain connections will be insulated. For details refer to engineering drawing "SS-01" (submitted separately).

#### 8.0 Groundwater Conditions

According to the Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Paterson Group, dated May 10, 2022, the groundwater depths range from 2.23 m to 5.13 m below the ground surface. In addition, the proposed development will be serviced by two (2) underground parking levels and the lowest basement slab depth will be approximately 6.6m from the ground surface (lowest basement slab elevation at 60.60 masl).

The results of groundwater sampling on site, reveal that groundwater quality limits according to the City's by-laws are not within the acceptable range. According to the Letter provided by Paterson Group, dated February 22, 2022, the groundwater remediation program will result in one of four (4) scenarios.

In general, during long-term conditions, according to scenarios 1 and 2, the groundwater should be "clean" by the time it will be discharged from the proposed building into the municipal infrastructure, via a sump pump. Therefore, no treatment should be necessary. In case treatment is required upon remediation process (scenarios 3 and 4), a treatment facility will need to be installed. For details refer to the Letter provided by Paterson Group, dated February 22, 2022, found in **Appendix B**.

More specifically, according to Scenario 1, groundwater quality is in compliance with the City's limits for both sanitary and storm sewer networks, therefore, groundwater could be discharged either into sanitary or storm municipal infrastructure without treatment. According to Scenario 2, groundwater quality limits as per the City's by-laws are met only for discharging into the sanitary municipal sewer network. Consequently, groundwater flow could be discharged into the City's sanitary sewer network, without being treated. In addition, according to Scenario 3, the City's groundwater limits are not met for discharging neither to the storm or the sanitary infrastructure and treatment is required for both options. According to Scenario 4, groundwater quality will be in compliance with the City's limits for discharging into the municipal sanitary network upon treatment. For details refer to the Letter provided by Paterson Group, dated February 22, 2022, found in Appendix B. Eventually, the peak groundwater flow from the proposed development will be discharged under all four (4) scenarios into the City's sanitary network. Please refer to "Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet — Scenario 1", design sheet 1 of 4, "Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet — Scenario 2", design sheet 2 of 4, "Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet — Scenario 4" design sheet 4 of 4, found in Appendix D, for more details.

#### 8.1. Long-Term Dewatering

The proposed development will be serviced by two (2) underground parking levels and the lowest basement slab depth will be approximately 6.6m from the ground surface (lowest basement slab elevation at 60.60 masl), thus a permanent groundwater discharge into the City's infrastructure will be required. According to the Geotechnical Investigation, prepared by Paterson Group, dated May 10, 2022, found in **Appendix B**, the long-term discharge flow rate is anticipated between 25,000 and 30,000 L/day. Taken into account the worst-case scenario, 30,000 L/day, a groundwater peak flow rate of 0.35L/sec will be discharged into the 250mm diameter existing sanitary sewer along Richmond Road.

#### 8.2. Short-Term Dewatering

On a short-term basis periodic management of surface water associated with precipitation events may be required. According to the Geotechnical Investigation prepared by Paterson Group, dated May 10, 2022, found in **Appendix B**, a discharge flow rate between 50,000L/day to 400,000 L/day is anticipated, which translates to approximately 0.58 L/s up to 4.63 L/s. During construction, groundwater will be hauled-off through a truck.

#### 9.0 Erosion and Sediment Control

Soil erosion occurs naturally and is a function of soil type and climate topography. The extent of erosion losses is exaggerated during construction where vegetation has been removed and the top layer of soil becomes agitated.

Prior to topsoil stripping, earthworks or underground construction, erosion and sediment controls will be implemented and will be maintained throughout construction.

Silt fence will be installed around the perimeter of the site and will be cleaned and maintained throughout construction.

Catch basins will have filter fabric installed under the grate during construction, to protect from silt entering the storm sewer system.

A mud mat will also be installed at the construction access, in order to prevent mud tracking onto adjacent roads.

Erosion and sediment controls must be in place during construction. The following recommendations to the contractor will be included in contract documents.

- Limit extend of exposed soils at any given time.
- Re-vegetate exposed areas as soon as possible.
- Minimize the area to be cleared and grubbed.
- Protect exposed slopes with plastic or synthetic mulches.
- Install silt fence to prevent sediment from entering existing ditches.
- No refueling or cleaning of equipment near existing watercourses.
- Provide sediment traps and basins during dewatering.
- Install filter cloth between catch basins and frames.
- Plan construction at proper time to avoid flooding.

Establish material stockpiles away from watercourses, so that barriers and filters may be installed.

The contractor will, at every rainfall, complete inspections and guarantee proper performance. The inspection is to include:

- Verification that water is not following under silt barriers.
- Clean and change filter cloth at catch basins.

### 10.0 Site Grading

#### **10.1.** Existing Grades

The existing site is approximately 0.159 hectares of residential and commercial-use land, located on the south corner of the intersection between Richmond Road and Island Park Drive, in the City of Ottawa. It is currently occupied by an abandoned single-storey commercial heritage building, a two-storey residential building and an outdoor parking area.

The site drains into the existing stormwater system inside the property and overland towards the adjacent right of ways (ROW).

#### 10.2. Proposed Grades

The proposed grades will improve the existing drainage conditions to meet the City's/Regional requirements. Grades will be maintained along the property line wherever feasible and emergency overland flow will be directed towards Richmond Road. Existing drainage patterns on adjacent properties will not be altered and stormwater runoff from the subject development will not affect the adjacent properties.

#### 11.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on our investigations, we conclude the following:

#### **Storm Drainage**

The site stormwater discharge will be controlled to meet the half of the 5-year pre-development flow and will be discharging into the existing 525mm diameter storm sewer on Richmond Road. In order to attain the target flows and meet the City's requirements, quantity controls will be utilized and up to 61.45m³ of on-site storage will be required for the proposed development. The stormwater management (SWM) system will be designed to provide enhanced level (Level 1) protection as specified by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). Quality control will be provided for the project site for a minimum total suspended solids (TSS) removal of 80%.

#### **Sanitary Sewers**

The proposed development will be connected to the existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer on the south side of Richmond Road. The additional net discharge flow from the proposed development, is anticipated at approximately 2.41 L/s. Confirmation is anticipated by the City on whether the existing sanitary infrastructure along Richmond Road can support the proposed development.

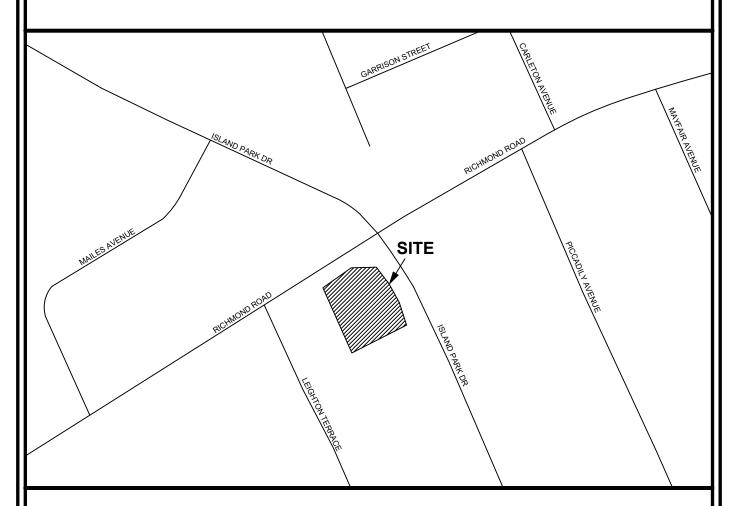
#### **Water Supply**

Water supply for the site will be from the existing 200mm diameter watermain, on the east side of Island Park Drive and from the existing 300mm diameter watermain, on the south side of Richmond Road. It is anticipated that a total design flow of 93.72 L/s will be required to support the proposed development. Based on the boundary conditions received from the City it is revealed that the existing water infrastructure can support the existing development.

#### **Site Grading**

The proposed grades will improve the existing drainage conditions to meet the City's/Regional requirements. Grades will be maintained along the property line whether feasible and emergency overland flow will be driven to the adjacent right-of-way's (ROW).







#### LOCATION PLAN

MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT 70 RICHMOND ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO

(454)———————————————————————————————————	DATE:	MAY 2022	PROJECT No:	UD18-028
150 Bermondsey Road, Toronto, Ontario M4A 1Y1	SCALE:	N.T.S.	FIGURE No:	FIG 1







# AERIAL PLAN MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT 70 RICHMOND ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO

<del>0</del>	DATE:	MAY 2022	PROJECT No:	UD18-028
150 Bermondsey Road, Toronto, Ontario M4A 1Y1	SCALE:	N.T.S.	FIGURE No:	FIG 2

# **Appendix A**

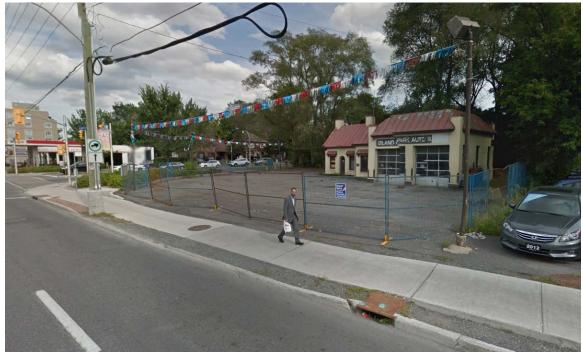
# **Site Photographs**



East Corner of Property



North Corner of Property



West Corner of Property

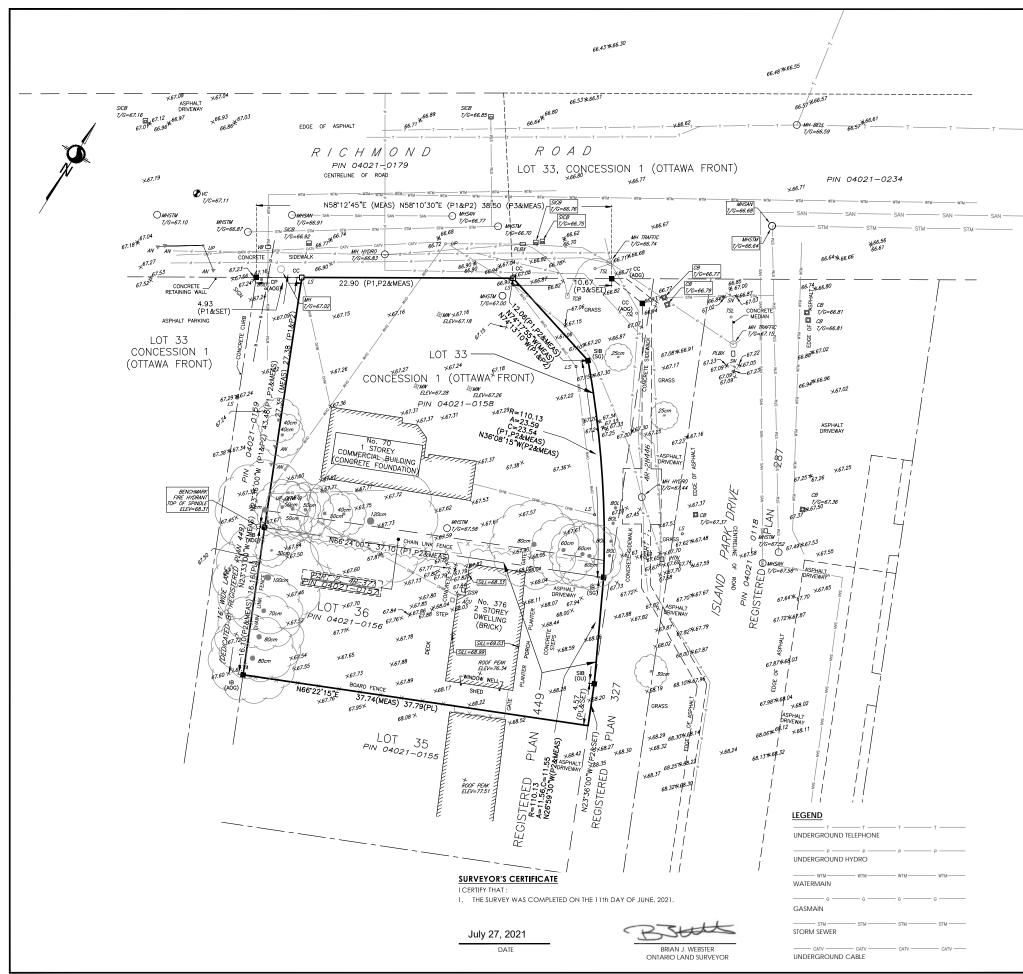




North-East Side of Property

# **Appendix B**

# **Background Information**





Stantec Geomatics Ltd. 400-1331 Clyde Avenue Ottawa ON Tel. 613.722.4420 www.stantec.com

TOPOGRAPHIC SKETCH OF

# PART OF LOT 33 **CONCESSION 3 (OTTAWA FRONT)**

(GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN)

# **LOT 36 REGISTERED PLAN 449 CITY OF OTTAWA**



Copyright 2021 Stantec Geomatics Ltd. The reproduction, alteration or use of this REPORT in whole or in part without the express permission of Stantec Geomatics Ltd. is STRICTLY PROHIBITED.

METRIC CONVERSION DISTANCES AND COORDINATES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048.

#### GRID SCALE CONVERSION

DISTANCES ARE GROUND AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY THE COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999933.

#### **BEARING NOTE**

BEARINGS ARE REFERRED TO THE \* LIMIT OF \*, AS SHOWN ON PLAN \*, HAVING A BEARING OF XX°XX'XX".

ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE GEODETIC (CGVD-1928:1978) AND ARE DERIVED FROM THE CAN-NET VRS NETWORK MONUMENT: OTTAWA ELEVATION = 95.230.

UTILITY NOTE

LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND SERVICES ARE APPROXIMATE AND PER THE
CITY OF OTTAWA SHEETS, AND MUST BE VERIFIED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

#### LEGEND

IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII		DENOTES	FOUND MONUMENTS SET MONUMENTS IRON BAR ROUND IRON BAR ROUND IRON BAR STANDARD IRON BAR SHORT STANDARD IRON BAR CUT CROSS CONCRETE PIN WITNESS PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER MEASURED PROPORTIONED ORIGIN UNKNOWN STANTEC GEOMATICS LTD. REGISTERED PLAN 449 PLAN BY WAS DATED DEC. 13, 1996 PLAN BY WAS DATED DEC. 13, 1996 PLAN BY WAY DATED FEB. 10, 2016 PLAN 4R-28446
	ACU AN BOL CB SICB GSR HITN HYD LS MH MHB MHH MHST MHST MHT MW TCB TSL UP VB VC WV		AIR CONDITIONING UNIT ANCHOR BOLLARD CATCH BASIN SIDE INLET CB GAS SERVICE REGULATOR HYDRO TRANSFORMER FIRE HYDRANT LIGHT STANDARD MAINTENANCE HOLE UNIDENTIFIED MAINTENANCE HOLE HYDRO MAINTENANCE HOLE SANITARY MAINTENANCE HOLE SANITARY MAINTENANCE HOLE STORM MAINTENANCE HOLE STORM MAINTENANCE HOLE STORM MAINTENANCE HOLE TRAFFIC MONITORING WELL PULL BOX SIGN TRAFFIC CONTROL BOX TRAFFIC SIGNAL LIGHT UTILITY POLE VALVE BOX VALVE CHAMBER WATER VALVE TREE DECIDIOUS

DRAWN: NJ CHECKED: BW PM: BW FIELD: CK/AW PROJECT No.: 161614226-111



1	BUILDIN	NG AREA SUMM	ARY			
	SITE ARE	ĒΑ		17,093	SQ.FT.	
	BUILDIN	G FOOTPRINT		12,180	SQ.FT.	71% COVERAGE
	NUMBE	r of storeys abo	OVE GRADE	9	STOREYS	
	TOTAL C	GROSS AREA		98,190	SQ.FT.	(**EXCLUDES BELOW GRADE AREA)
	TOTAL	NET/LEASEABLE AR	EA			
			RESIDENTIAL	77,500	SQ.FT.	
			COM/RET	2,260	SQ.FT.	
	TOTAL (	GFA (AS PER CITY	DEF.)	-	SQ.FT.	
2		JMMARY				
	TOTAL U	JNITS	88	QTY.	RATIO %	
		STUDIO		3	3%	
		1 BEDROOM		30	34%	
		1 BEDROOM + D	DEN	7	8%	
		2 BEDROOM		24	27%	
		2 BEDROOM + D		17	19%	
		TOWNHOUSE (2	BED + DEN)	7	8%	
	AVERAG	GE UNIT SIZE		881	SQ.FT.	
3	PARKIN	IG REQUIREMEN	TS (ZBL) total units -12			
	RES	TOTAL PARKING	REQUIRED (ZBL)	38	SPACES	*Rate = 88 - 12 X 0.5 = 38
		TOTAL PARKING	PROVIDED	63	SPACES	*Rate = 0.85
		PARKING RATE F	PROVIDED	0.83	/UNIT	
	VIS	TOTAL VISITOR P	ARKING REQUIRED (ZBL)	8	SPACES	*Rate = 88 - 12 X 0.1 = 7.6
		TOTAL VISITOR P	ROVIDED	8	SPACES	*Rate = 0.1
		PARKING RATE F	PROVIDED	0.1	/UNIT	
	TOTAL P	ARKING REQUIRE	D (ZBL)	46	SPACES	* 38 + 8 = 46 spaces
	TOTAL P	ARKING PROVIDE	D	71	SPACES	* 63 + 8 = 71 spaces
4	TOTAL	AMENITY SPACE	REQUIRED (ZBL)			
		TOTAL AMENITY	SPACE REQUIRED	5,683	SQ.FT.	*88 x 6 sqm = 5,683 sqft
		TOTAL SHARED /	AMENITY SPACE REQUIRED	2,842	SQ.FT.	5,683 / 2 = 2841.5 sqft
	SHARED	AMENITY SPACE	PROVIDED:	3,985	SQ.FT.	
		GROUND FLOO	r res lobby lounge	270	SQ.FT.	
		ROOFTOP INDO	OR AMENITY	1,630	SQ.FT.	
		ROOFTOP OUTD	OOR AMENITY	2,085	SQ.FT.	
	PRIVATE	AMENITY SPACE	PROVIDED (BALCONIES):	2,841	SQ.FT.	
	TOTAL	AMENITY SPACE	PROVIDED	6,826	SQ.FT.	
5	BICYCI	LE PARKING REQ	UIREMENTS (ZBL)			
		TOTAL BIKE PAR	(ING SPACES REQUIRED	88	STALLS	
			RATE/UNIT	1	/UNITS	
		TOTAL BIKE PARI	(ing spaces provided	88	STALLS	

		GROSS		EFF.	NET			CITY GFA	UNITS/FL ACTUAL
	P2	15,720	SQ.FT.			SQ.FT.		SQ.FT.	
	P1	15,720	SQ.FT.			SQ.FT.		SQ.FT.	
	LEVEL 1	12,180	SQ.FT.	46%	5,655	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	7
	MEZ	5,510		n/a	5,655		MEZ		
				19%	2,260		COM/RET		
	LEVEL 2	10,960	SQ.FT.	85%	9,350	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	12
	LEVEL 3	11,100	SQ.FT.	85%	9,390	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	12
	LEVEL 4	11,100	SQ.FT.	85%	9,390	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	12
	LEVEL 5	11,100	SQ.FT.	85%	9,390	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	12
	LEVEL 6	9,585	SQ.FT.	88%	8,420	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	10
	LEVEL 7	9,395	SQ.FT.	87%	8,220	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	10
	LEVEL 8	7,450	SQ.FT.	87%	6,485	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	7
	LEVEL 9	6,480	SQ.FT.	86%	5,545	SQ.FT.	RES	SQ.FT.	6
	LEVEL 10/ROOF	3,330	SQ.FT.	n/a			INTERIOR		
DTAL		98,190	SQ.FT.					- SQ.FT.	88

77,500 SQ.FT. TOTAL NET RESIDENTIAL 2,260 SQ.FT. TOTAL NET COM/RETAIL





70 RICHMOND RD

**BUILDING STATS** 

Issued for SPA / May 13, 2022

TOTA PROJECT GFA TOTAL GFA = 98,190 ft<sup>2</sup> RETAIL =  $2,260 \text{ ft}^2$ NET RES =  $77,500 \text{ ft}^2$ TOTAL UNITS = 88

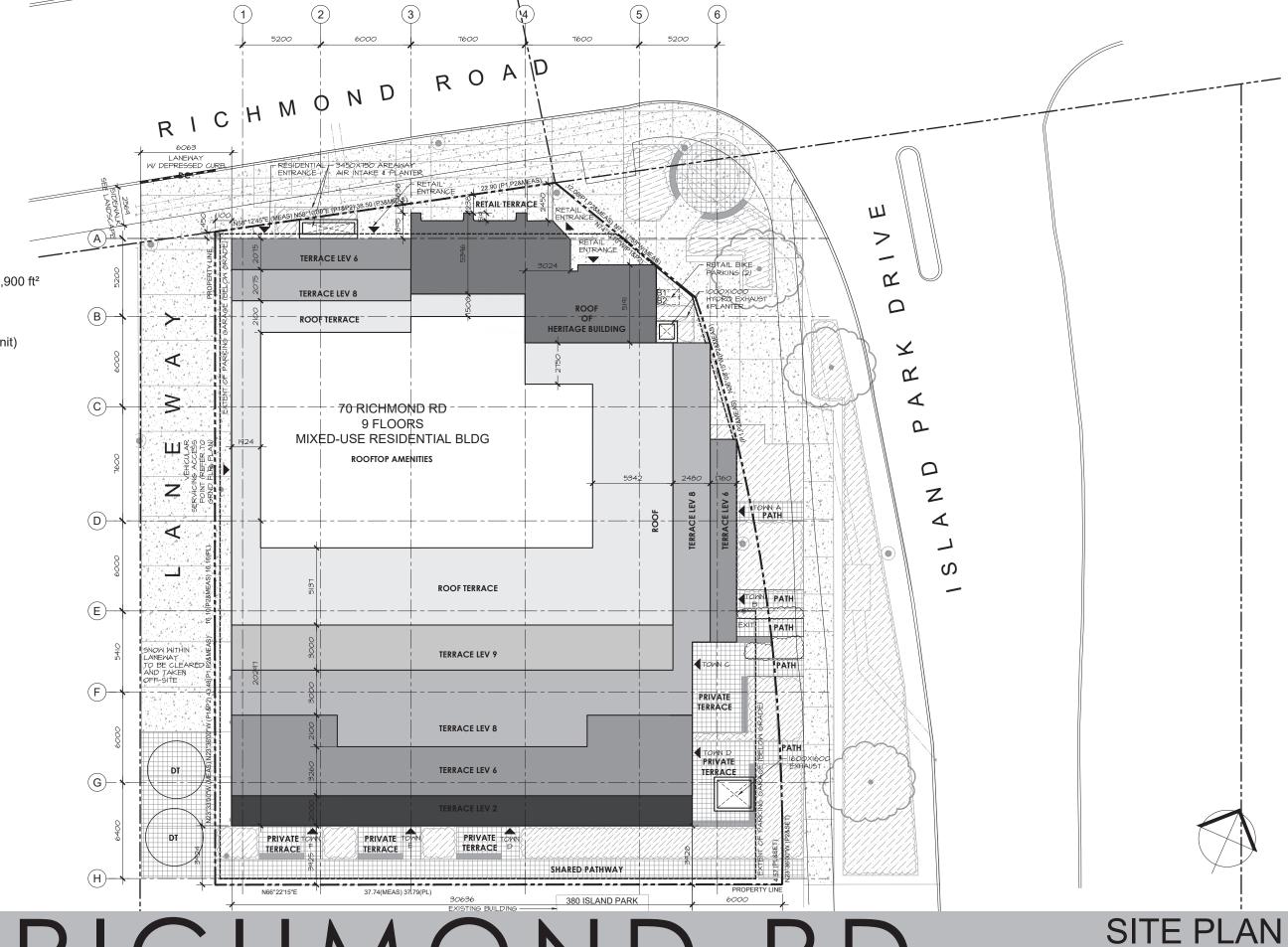
PARKING PROVIDED RES = 63 VIS = 8TOTAL PARKING = 71 SPACES

TOTAL BIKE PARKING = 88 TOTAL LOCKERS = 95

# **AMENITY PROVIDED:**

INDOOR AMENITIES (Lobby Lounge 270 ft $^2$  + Roof Amenity 1,630 ft $^2$ ) = 1,900 ft $^2$ OUTDOOR AMENITIES = 2,085 ft<sup>2</sup> TOTAL AMENITIES: 3,985 ft<sup>2</sup>

MIN AMENITY REQUIRED = 64.58 ft²/ Unit (6m²/ Unit) TOTAL AMENITY REQ'D =  $5,683 \text{ ft}^2 (528 \text{ m}^2)$ PRIVATE AMENITY (50%) = 2,842 ft<sup>2</sup> (264m<sup>2</sup>) COMMON AMENITY (50%) = 2,842 ft<sup>2</sup> (264m<sup>2</sup>)

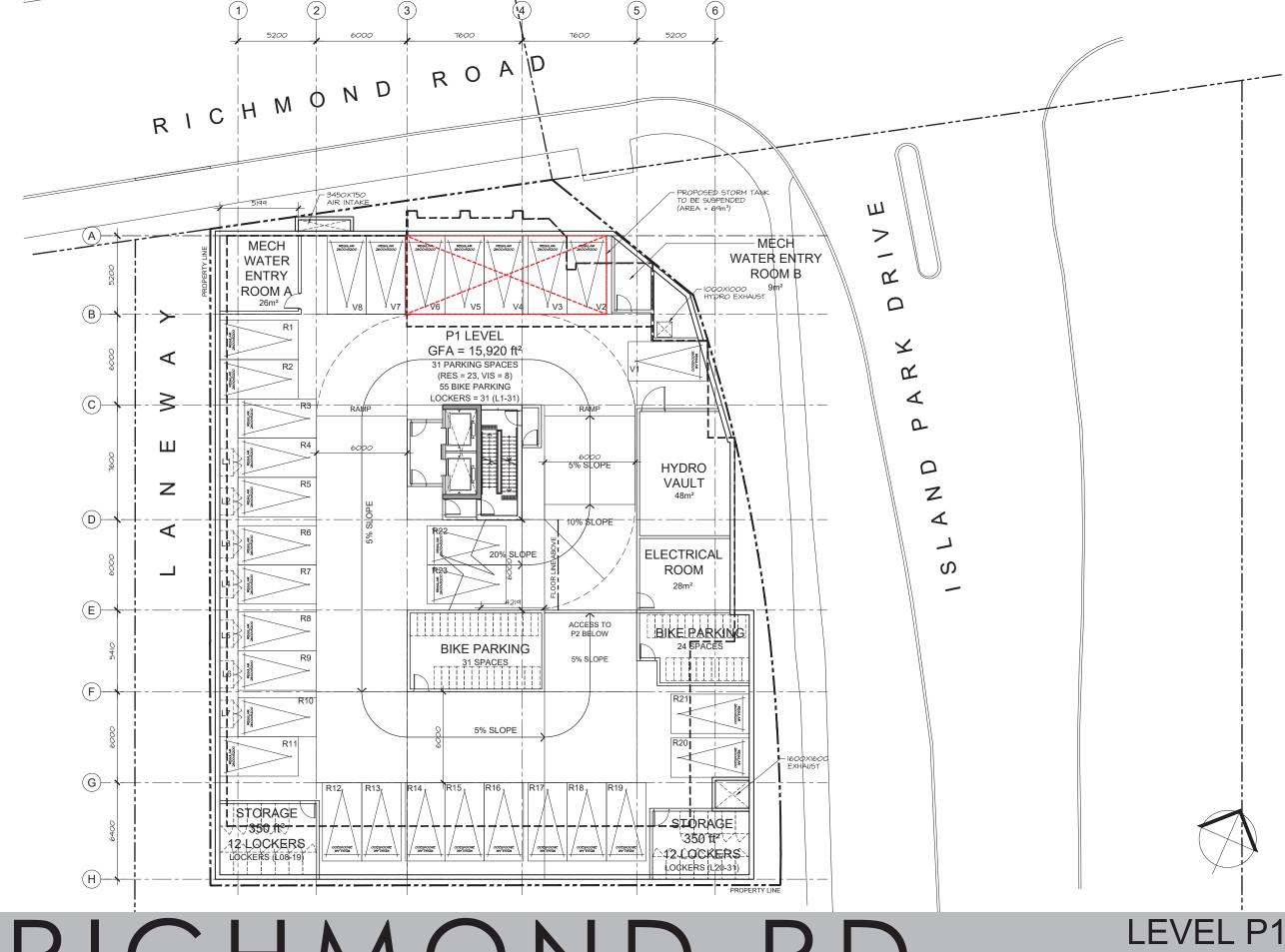




SCALE 1:250 Issued for SPA / May 13, 2022

LEVEL P1 GFA = 15,721 ft<sup>2</sup> RES = 23 VIS = 8TOTAL = 31 PARKING SPACES

BIKE PARKING = 55 LOCKERS = 31



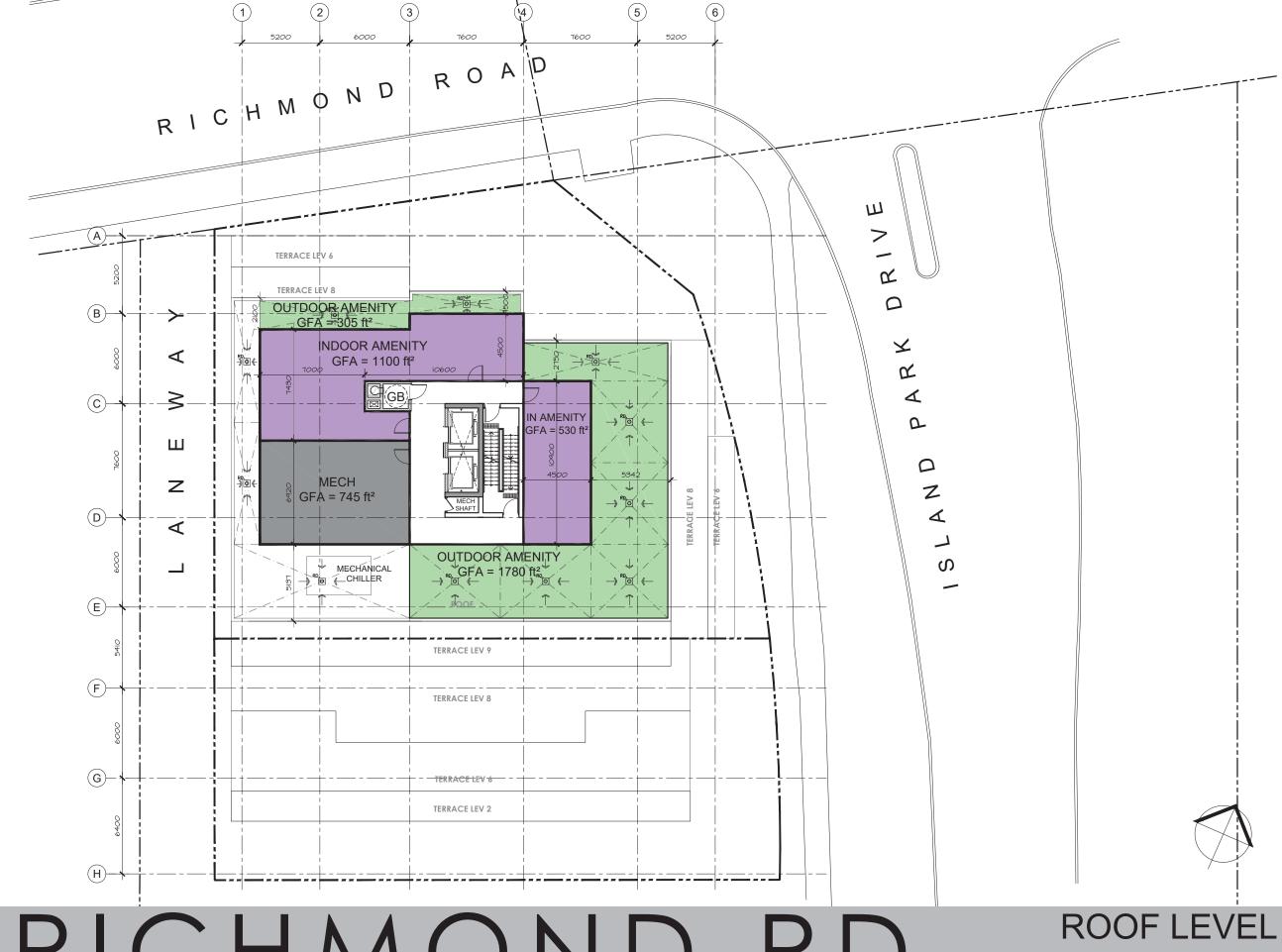


SCALE 1:250 Issued for SPA / May 13, 2022

MAIN ROOF LEVEL GFA = 3,330 ft<sup>2</sup>

 $\frac{\text{ROOF AMENITY BREAKDOWN:}}{\text{INDOOR AMENITIES (1100+530)} = 1630 \text{ ft}^2}$  OUTDOOR AMENITIES (1780 + 305) = 2,085 ft<sup>2</sup>

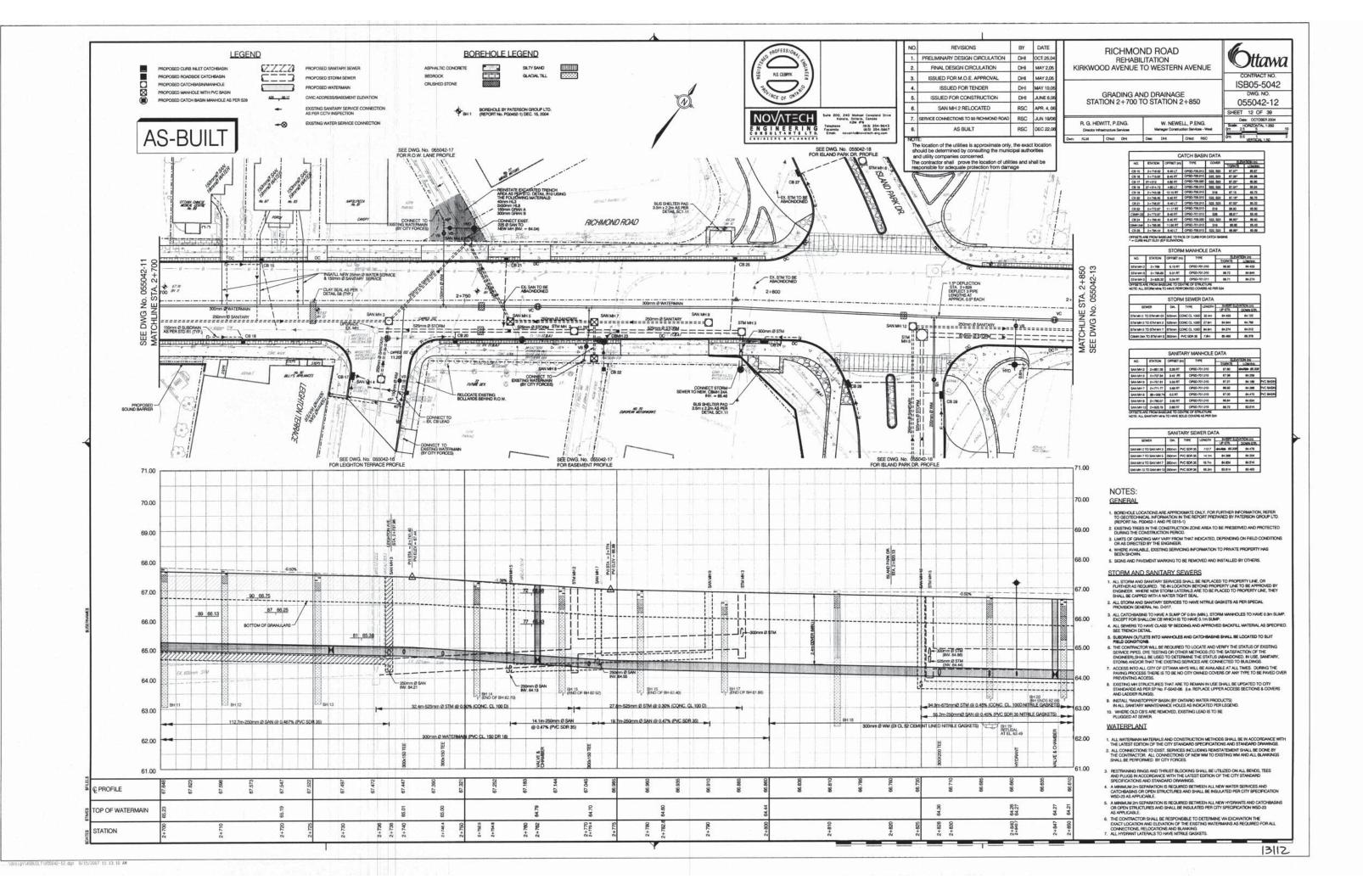
TOTAL ROOF AMENITIES: 3,715 ft<sup>2</sup>

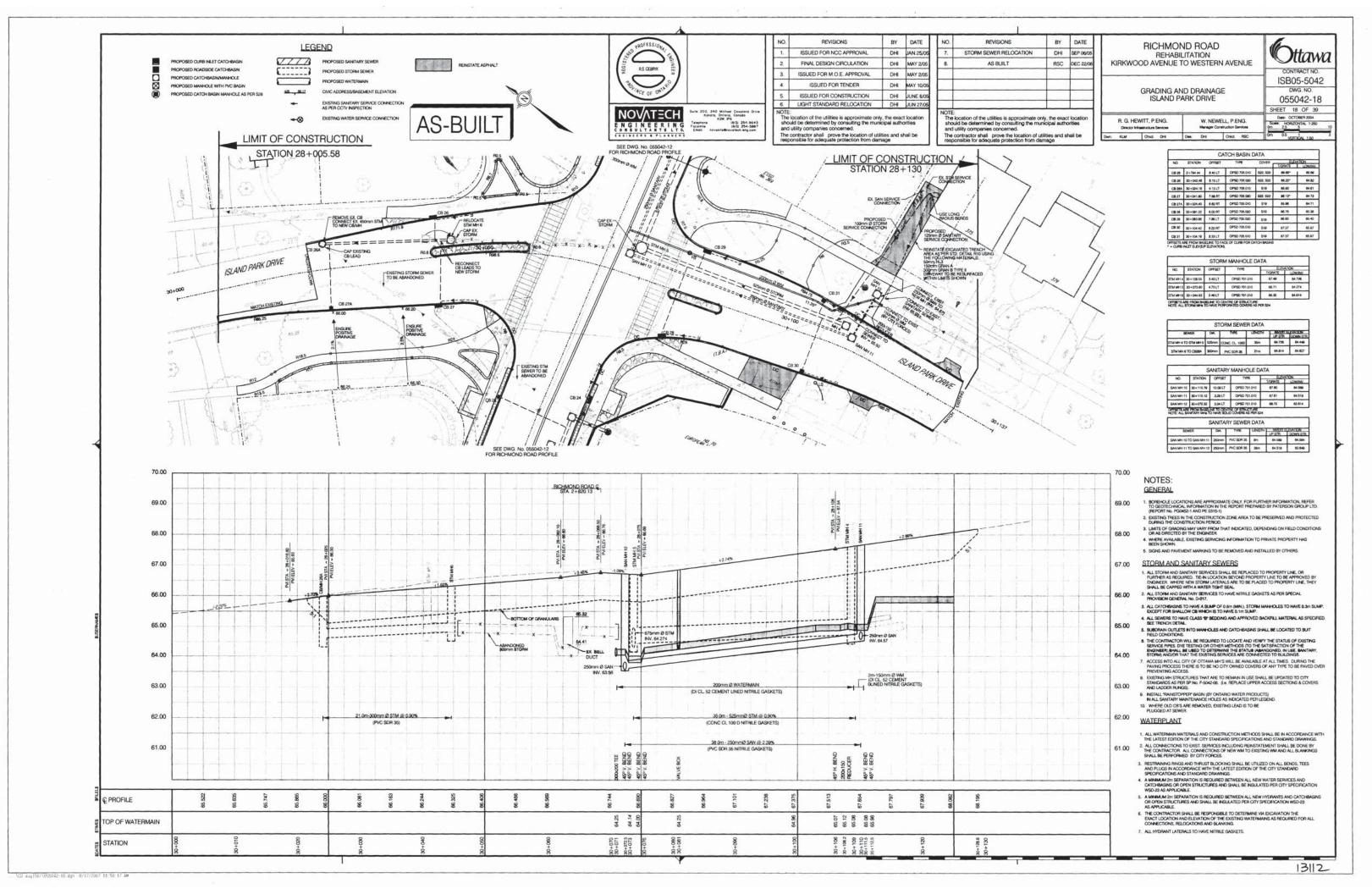




70 RICHMOND RD

SCALE 1:250 Issued for SPA / May 13, 2022







From: Wu, John < <u>John.Wu@ottawa.ca</u>>

**Sent:** August 9, 2021 10:33 AM **To:** matinas@lithosgroup.ca

Subject: RE: 70 Richmond Road - Boundary conditions

# \*\*\*\*The following information may be passed on to the consultant, but do NOT forward this e-mail directly.\*\*\*\*

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 70 Richmond Road (zone 1W) assumed connected to the 305 mm watermain on Richmond Road and the 203 mm on Island Park Drive (see attached PDF for location).

#### Connection 1:

Minimum HGL: 108.3m Maximum HGL: 114.9m

MaxDay + FireFlow (92.08 L/s): 109.8m

Connection 2:

Minimum HGL: 108.3m Maximum HGL: 114.9 m

MaxDay + FireFlow (92.08 L/s): 108.9m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

#### John

From: matinas@lithosgroup.ca < matinas@lithosgroup.ca >

Sent: August 4, 2021 10:44 AM
To: Wu, John < John. Wu@ottawa.ca >
Cc: anastasial@lithosgroup.ca

Subject: RE: 70 Richmond Road - Boundary conditions

CAUTION: This email originated from an External Sender. Please do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the source.

ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

Geotechnical Engineering

**Environmental Engineering** 

Hydrogeology

Geological Engineering

**Materials Testing** 

**Building Science** 

# patersongroup

# Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment

70 Richmond Road & 376 Island Park Drive Ottawa, Ontario

# **Prepared For**

Devtrin (Island Park) Inc.

# Paterson Group Inc.

Consulting Engineers 154 Colonnade Road South Ottawa (Nepean), Ontario Canada K2E 7J5

Tel: (613) 226-7381 Fax: (613) 226-6344 www.patersongroup.ca July 14, 2021

Report: PE4525-2R

Ottawa, Ontario



### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### Assessment

A Phase II ESA was conducted for the property addressed 70 Richmond Road and 376 Island Park Drive, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario. The purpose of the Phase II ESA is to address the areas of environmental concern (APECs) that were identified on the Phase II Property during the Phase I ESA.

The Phase II ESA consisted of drilling three (3) boreholes on the Phase II Property, all of which were instrumented with groundwater monitoring wells installed in the bedrock.

The soil profile generally consisted of an asphaltic concrete structure, underlain by fill material consisting of reworked silty sand and crushed stone (gravel), followed by native silty sand-gravel (modified till), underlain by limestone bedrock. The boreholes were terminated in bedrock, which was encountered at depths of 5.51 to 6.15 mbgs. Soil samples were obtained from the boreholes and screened based on visual observation and sample intervals (depths).

Based on the screening results in combination with sample depth and location, soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) and petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>4</sub>). Based on these recent analytical results, PHCs (F1-F4) concentrations in the upper/shallower samples were in excess of the MECP Table 3 Residential Standards.

Groundwater samples were recovered and analyzed for BTEX, PHCs and/or VOCs. No free-phase product was observed on the groundwater surface at any of the monitoring well locations during the groundwater sampling events. All groundwater results comply with the MECP Table 3 Standards, with the exception of hexane and xylenes in MW3.

#### Recommendations

As noted in this report, the Phase II Property will be redeveloped for residential land use and as such, the subject property will require a Record of Site Condition (RSC).

### Soil

Based on the 2012 to 2021 analytical result, the fill material and underlying native soil on the northeastern portion of the Phase II Property is impacted with VOCs, PHCs, BTEX and/or PAHs in excess of the Table 3 Residential Standards.



To obtain an RSC, the impacted soil material will need to be removed. The excavation of the soil from the property should be monitored and confirmed by Paterson. Soil/fill in excess of Table 3, will need to be removed and disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Testing of the fill and underlying native soil will be required in conjunction with the excavation program to segregate clean soil from impacted soil and for final confirmatory purposes, prior to an RSC submission.

## Groundwater

Remediation of the groundwater using a licenced hauling company pumping from the excavation may be a viable option, depending upon the groundwater level at the time of the remediation, however, if a significant volume of water is anticipated, a pump and treat system would likely be more economical. Depending upon the methodology selected, post remediation groundwater monitoring will be required for up to 12 months prior to filing an RSC.

## **Monitoring Wells**

It is our recommendation that the monitoring wells installed on the subject site should remain viable for future monitoring. If they are not going to be used in the future, they should be abandoned according to Ontario Regulation 903. The wells will be registered with the MECP under this regulation.

July 14, 2021 Page iv



## 4.10 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Measures

A summary of quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) measures, including sampling containers, preservation, labelling, handling, and custody, equipment cleaning procedures, and field quality control measurements is provided in the Sampling and Analysis Plan in Appendix 1.

## 5.0 REVIEW AND EVALUATION

## 5.1 Geology

The soil profile encountered consisted of a layer of asphaltic concrete underlain by a layer of granular fill underlain by native glacial till. The fill consisted of silty sand gravel. The fill depth ranged from 2.1 to 2.2 m below ground surface. The specific details of the soil profile at each test hole location are presented on the attached Soil Profile and Test Data Sheets provided in Appendix 1.

## 5.2 Groundwater Elevations, Flow Direction, and Hydraulic Gradient

Groundwater levels were measured during the groundwater sampling event on August 26, 2020 and June 21, 2021, using an electronic water level meter. Groundwater levels are summarized below in Table 5.

TABLE 5: Groundwater Level Measurements				
Borehole Location	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Water Level Depth (m below grade)	Water Level Elevation (m ASL)	Date of Measurement
BH7-20	67.43	5.13	62.30	August 26, 2020
BH8-20	67.27	4.17	63.10	August 26, 2020
BH9-20	67.20	4.37	62.83	August 26, 2020
MW1	~67.68	4.14	~63.54	June 21, 2021
MW3	~67.17	3.90	~63.27	June 21, 2021

Based on the groundwater elevations measured during the February 2012 and August 2020 sampling event, a groundwater contour plan was completed. The groundwater contour mapping is shown on Drawing PE4525-3R – Groundwater Contour Plan. Based on the contour mapping, groundwater flow beneath the Phase II Property is in a north-easterly direction. A horizontal hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.03 m/m was calculated.

July 14, 2021 Page 12



The concentrations of hexane and xylenes in groundwater sample MW3-GW are in excess of the MECP Table 3 standards.

Analytical results of BTEX, PHCs and VOCs in the groundwater with respect to borehole locations are shown on Drawing PE4525-5R - Analytical Testing Plan – Groundwater.

The maximum concentrations identified in groundwater from the current data only are presented in Table 10.

TABLE 10: Maximum Concentrations – Groundwater			
Parameter	Maximum Concentration (μg/L)	Groundwater Sample	Screened Interval (m BGS)
Benzene	3.8	MW3-GW1	2.91-4.41
Chlorobenzene	2.7	MW3-GW1	2.91-4.41
Ethylbenzene	1030	MW3-GW1	2.91-4.41
Hexane	<u>89.5</u>	MW3-GW1	2.91-4.41
Toluene	52.3	MW3-GW1	2.91-4.41
Xylenes	<u>5210</u>	MW3-GW1	2.91-4.41

No other parameter concentrations in groundwater were detected above the laboratory method detection limits.

## 5.7 Quality Assurance and Quality Control Results

All samples submitted as part of the July 27 and August 26, 2020 sampling events were handled in accordance with the Analytical Protocol with respect to preservation method, storage requirement, and container type.

As per the sampling and analysis plan, a duplicate soil sample (DUP) was obtained from BH8-20-AU1 and analyzed for BTEX and PHCs. Test results for the duplicate soil sample and RPD calculations are provided below in Table 11.

TABLE 11: QA/QC Results – Soil (BTEX and PHCs)				
Parameter	BH8-20-AU1	DUP	RPD (%)	QA/QC Results
Ethylbenzene	0.14	0.09	43	Outside the acceptable range
Xylenes, total	0.52	0.50	4	Within the acceptable range
PHC F <sub>2</sub>	17	15	13	Within the acceptable range
PHC F <sub>3</sub>	377	936	85	Outside the acceptable range
PHC F <sub>4</sub>	1180	2370	67	Outside the acceptable range
PHC F <sub>4</sub> (gravimetric)	4660	3540	27	Outside the acceptable range





The majority of the RPD results are outside the acceptable range, with the exception of a couple of parameters. It is not uncommon that very small or very high concentrations or values will yield higher RPD values, and as such, the RPD value is not an accurate measure in these cases. Additionally, both the original and duplicate sample contain parameter concentrations in excess of the MECP Table 3 standards, which therefore does not have a material effect on our conclusions.

A duplicated groundwater sample was obtained from the monitoring well installed in MW1 and analyzed for VOCs. The results are provided below in Table 12:



## 6.0 CONCLUSIONS

## **Assessment**

A Phase II ESA was conducted for the property addressed 70 Richmond Road and 376 Island Park Drive, in the City of Ottawa, Ontario. The purpose of the Phase II ESA is to address the areas of environmental concern (APECs) that were identified on the Phase II Property during the Phase I ESA.

The Phase II ESA consisted of drilling three (3) boreholes on the Phase II Property, all of which were instrumented with groundwater monitoring wells installed in the bedrock.

The soil profile generally consisted of an asphaltic concrete structure, underlain by fill material consisting of reworked silty sand and crushed stone (gravel), followed by native silty sand-gravel (modified till), underlain by limestone bedrock. The boreholes were terminated in bedrock, which was encountered at depths of 5.51 to 6.15 mbgs. Soil samples were obtained from the boreholes and screened based on visual observation and sample intervals (depths).

Based on the screening results in combination with sample depth and location, soil samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) and petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs, F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>4</sub>). Based on these recent analytical results, PHCs (F1-F4) concentrations in the upper/shallower samples were in excess of the MECP Table 3 Residential Standards.

Groundwater samples were recovered and analyzed for BTEX, PHCs and/or VOCs. No free-phase product was observed on the groundwater surface at any of the monitoring well locations during the groundwater sampling events. All groundwater results comply with the MECP Table 3 Standards, with the exception of hexane and xylenes in MW3.

## Recommendations

As noted in this report, the Phase II Property will be redeveloped for residential land use and as such, the subject property will require a Record of Site Condition (RSC).



### Soil

Based on the 2012 to 2021 analytical result, the fill material and underlying native soil on the northeastern portion of the Phase II Property is impacted with VOCs, PHCs, BTEX and/or PAHs in excess of the Table 3 Residential Standards.

To obtain an RSC, the impacted soil material will need to be removed. The excavation of the soil from the property should be monitored and confirmed by Paterson. Soil/fill in excess of Table 3, will need to be removed and disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Testing of the fill and underlying native soil will be required in conjunction with the excavation program to segregate clean soil from impacted soil and for final confirmatory purposes, prior to an RSC submission.

## Groundwater

Remediation of the groundwater using a licenced hauling company pumping from the excavation may be a viable option, depending upon the groundwater level at the time of the remediation, however, if a significant volume of water is anticipated, a pump and treat system would likely be more economical. Depending upon the methodology selected, post remediation groundwater monitoring will be required for up to 12 months prior to filing an RSC.

Based on the recent groundwater test results, it is recommended that additional groundwater testing be completed before site remediation/redevelopment commences.

## **Monitoring Wells**

It is our recommendation that the monitoring wells installed on the subject site should remain viable for future monitoring. If they are not going to be used in the future, they should be abandoned according to Ontario Regulation 903. The wells will be registered with the MECP under this regulation.



## 7.0 STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS

This Phase II - Environmental Site Assessment report has been prepared in general accordance with O.Reg. 153/04, as amended, and meets the requirements of CSA Z769-00. The conclusions presented herein are based on information gathered from a limited sampling and testing program. The test results represent conditions at specific test locations at the time of the field program.

The client should be aware that any information pertaining to soils and all test hole logs are furnished as a matter of general information only and test hole descriptions or logs are not to be interpreted as descriptive of conditions at locations other than those of the test holes themselves.

Should any conditions be encountered at the subject site and/or historical information that differ from our findings, we request that we be notified immediately in order to allow for a reassessment.

This report was prepared for the sole use of Devtrin (Island Park) Inc. Notification from Devtrin (Island Park) Inc. and Paterson Group will be required to release this report to any other party.

Paterson Group Inc.

N. Gullin

Nick Sullivan, B.Sc.

Mark D'Arcy, P.Eng, QPESA

# M.S. D'ARCY BOUNTAGE OF ONTAGE

### **Report Distribution:**

- Devtrin (Island Park) Inc.
- Paterson Group Inc.

Geotechnical Engineering

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Hydrogeology

Geological Engineering

**Materials Testing** 

**Building Science** 

Noise and Vibration Studies

## **Paterson Group Inc.**

Consulting Engineers 154 Colonnade Road South Ottawa (Nepean), Ontario Canada K2E 7J5

Tel: (613) 226-7381 Fax: (613) 226-6344 www.patersongroup.ca

# patersongroup

## **Geotechnical Investigation**

Proposed Multi-Storey Building 70 Richmond Road Ottawa, Ontario

## **Prepared For**

Devtrin (Island Park) Inc.

May 10, 2022

Report PG5501-1 Revision 4

70 Richmond Road - Ottawa



## 4.3 Groundwater

Groundwater levels were measured on April 13, 2022 in several of the current and previous test holes. In addition, groundwater measurements were completed during the previous investigations on June 22, 2012 and August 26, 2020. Table 1 provides a summary of the groundwater level measurements completed during the current and previous investigations.

Table 1 - M	Table 1 - Measured Groundwater Levels			
Test Hole	Ground	Wate	er Level	_
Number	Surface Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Elevation (m)	Date
BH 2-12	67.12	2.38	64.74	April 13, 2022
BH 3-12	67.32	2.23	65.09	April 13, 2022
BH 8-20	67.27	3.85	63.42	April 13, 2022
BH 9-20	67.20	2.73	64.47	April 13, 2022
BH 1-22	68.19	2.64	65.55	April 13, 2022
BH 2-22	67.90	2.67	65.23	April 13, 2022
BH 7-20	67.34	5.13	62.21	August 26, 2020
BH 8-20	67.27	4.17	63.10	August 26, 2020
BH 9-20	67.20	4.37	62.83	August 26, 2020
BH 1-12	67.49	2.60	64.89	June 22, 2012
BH 2-12	67.12	2.50	64.62	June 22, 2012
BH 3-12	67.32	2.57	64.75	June 22, 2012
BH 4-12	67.85	2.67	65.18	June 22, 2012
BH 5-12	67.80	2.66	65.14	June 22, 2012

Groundwater levels are subject to seasonal fluctuations and therefore levels could differ at the time of construction.

May 10, 2022 Page 5

70 Richmond Road - Ottawa

## 6.0 Design and Construction Precautions

## 6.1 Foundation Drainage and Backfill

## **Foundation Drainage**

It is understood that the building foundation walls will be placed in close proximity to all the boundaries. It is expected that insufficient room will be available for exterior backfill along these walls and, therefore, the foundation wall will be poured against a drainage system placed against the shoring face. It is anticipated that the maximum groundwater in-flow during the spring thaw and rain events will range between 25,000 and 30,000 L/day with the partially tanked groundwater suppression and foundation drainage system. Refer to Figure 2 – Groundwater Suppression and Foundation Drainage System, for specific details of the foundation drainage recommendations attached to the current memorandum.

To manage and control groundwater infiltration to the building's storm sump pump(s) over the long term, the following foundation drainage and water suppression system is recommended to be installed on the exterior perimeter and surface of the building's foundation walls using the following methodology:

- Throughout the building excavation and bedrock removal process, the vertical bedrock should be hoe-rammed and grinded to provide a smooth and flat substrate surface approved for the placement of the waterproofing membrane. Shotcrete and/or lean concrete anchored into the bedrock with steel dowels and/or rock anchors may be required to fill in cavities and smooth out angular features and voids. This process and the requirement for shotcrete and/or lean concrete should be periodically reviewed by Paterson personnel during the excavation program.
- A waterproofing membrane will be required to lessen the effect of water infiltration for the lower underground parking level between the underside of footing elevation and up to the top of slab of the first level of underground parking. The waterproofing membrane should consist of a 150 miL granular bentonite surface laminated to 20 miL thick HDPE membrane. The membrane should be installed in horizontal lifts and in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications in a shingle fashion with the HDPE side facing the applicator/the building to an adequately prepared substrate surface.

Report: PG5501-1 Revision 4

May 10, 2022 Page 17

70 Richmond Road - Ottawa

## 6.5 Groundwater Control

## **Groundwater Control for Building Construction**

Due to existing groundwater level and inferred depths of the proposed footings, it is anticipated that groundwater infiltration into the excavations should be low to moderate and controllable using open sumps. Pumping from open sumps should be sufficient to control the groundwater influx through the sides of shallow excavations.

## **Permit to Take Water**

A temporary Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) permit to take water (PTTW) may be required for this project if more than 400,000 L/day of ground and/or surface water is to be pumped during the construction phase. A minimum 4 to 5 months should be allowed for completion of the PTTW application package and issuance of the permit by the MECP.

For typical ground or surface water volumes being pumped during the construction phase, typically between 50,000 to 400,000 L/day, it is required to register on the Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR). A minimum of two to four weeks should be allotted for completion of the EASR registration and the Water Taking and Discharge Plan to be prepared by a Qualified Person as stipulated under O.Reg. 63/16. If a project qualifies for a PTTW based upon anticipated conditions, and EASR will not be allowed as a temporary dewatering measure while awaiting the MECP review of the PTTW application.

## **Long-term Groundwater Control**

Our recommendations for the proposed building's long-term groundwater control are presented in Subsection 6.1. Any groundwater encountered along the building's perimeter or sub-slab drainage system will be directed to the proposed building's cistern/sump pit. Provided the proposed groundwater infiltration control system is properly implemented and approved by the geotechnical consultant at the time of construction, it is expected that groundwater flow will be low (i.e.- less than 50,000 L/day) with peak periods noted after rain events. A more accurate estimate can be provided at the time of construction, once groundwater infiltration levels are observed. It is anticipated that the groundwater flow will be controllable using conventional open sumps.

Report: PG5501-1 Revision 4

May 10, 2022 Page 23



## 8.0 Statement of Limitations

The recommendations provided in this report are in accordance with our present understanding of the project. We request permission to review our recommendations when the grading plan, drawings and specifications are completed.

A geotechnical investigation is a limited sampling of a site. The recommendations are based on information gathered at the specific test locations and can only be extrapolated to an undefined limited area around the test locations. Should any conditions at the site be encountered which differ from those at the test locations, Paterson requests notification immediately in order to permit reassessment of the recommendations.

The present report applies only to the project described in this document. Use of this report for purposes other than those described herein or by person(s) other than Devtrin (Island Park) Inc., or their agent(s) is not authorized without review by Paterson Group for the applicability of our recommendations to the altered use of the report.

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Paterson Group Inc.

Maha K. Saleh, M.A.Sc., P.Eng.

David J. Gilbert, P.Eng.

## **Report Distribution:**

Devtrin (Island Park) Inc.

Paterson Group

# patersongroup

**Consulting Engineers** 

February 22, 2022 File: PE4525-LET.03 154 Colonnade Road South Ottawa, Ontario Canada, K2E 7J5 Tel: (613) 226-7381 Fax: (613) 226-6344

## **Devtrin (Island Park) Inc.**

77 Bloor Street West, Suite 1601 Toronto, Ontario M5S 1M2 Geotechnical Engineering Environmental Engineering Hydrogeology Geological Engineering Materials Testing Building Science

Attention: Mr. Aly Premji

www.patersongroup.ca

Subject: Response to City Comments

City File No. D01-01-20-0018 & D02-02-20-0102) 70 Richmond Road and 376 Island Park Drive

**Record of Site Condition** 

Ottawa, Ontario

Dear Sir,

This letter provides additional information, as requested by the City of Ottawa, for the proposed groundwater treatment methodologies and the Record of Site Condition filing for 70 Richmond Road and 376 Island Park Drive, which is referred to as the Phase II Property.

## **Background**

The Phase II ESA identifed Hexane, PHCs and BTEX concentrations in the overburden groundwater at locations MW-1, MW-3 and MW-4 in excess of the MECP Table 3 Standards. The groundwater impacts are expected to be confined to the northeastern portion of the Phase II Property. The groundwater in the underlying bedrock is in compliance with the selected MECP standards.

The analytical test results and descriptive plans are available as part of the Phase II ESA, available under a separate cover.

Mr. Aly Premji Page 2

File: PE4525-LET.03

### **Groundwater Treatment**

Based on the location and nature of the overburden containing the impacted groundwater, the following remedial action(s) will be undertaken during the redevelopment of the site:

Excavate the impacted zone beyond the bottom of the impacted well screen and to
the proposed founding elevation of the building.
Collect impacted groundwater from within the excavation for off-site disposal at a
licensed groundwater treatment facility.
Continue off-site treatment of impacted groundwater until the groundwater is in
compliance with the MECP Table 3 Standards.
Monitor the groundwater quality throughout the excavation program until the
groundwater is in compliance with the MECP Table 3 Standards and/or the Sanitary
Sewer Discharge Criteria.

The groundwater remediation program will result in one of 4 scenarios.

- The groundwater remediation will result in groundwater in compliance with the MECP
  Table 3 Standards (and subsequently the Sanitary Sewer Discharge Criteria). At this
  time, post-remediation groundwater monitoring wells will be installed at the base of
  the excavation to satisfy the Generic Record of Site Condition (RSC) requirements, if
  deemed necessary, given that the underlying bedrock is clean.
- 2. The groundwater remediation will result in groundwater in compliance with the Sanitary Sewer Discharge Criteria, but not the MECP Table 3 Standards. At this time the groundwater infiltrating into the site can be discharged to the sanitary sewer system. At this time a risk assessment (RA) based RSC will be completed.
- 3. The groundwater remediation does not result in groundwater which complies with the Sanitary Sewer Discharge Criteria or with the MECP Table 3 Standards. At this time, a groundwater treatment system will be required for the property. The treatment system will be required to collect the groundwater from the site during and post-construction, until such a time that the groundwater is observed to meet the applicable discharge criteria. As part of this groundwater remediation program a RA based RSC would be required for the property.
- 4. An alternative option would be to treat impacted groundwater on site for disposal to the sanitary sewer system once the treated water has met the sanitary sewer discharge criteria. At this time a risk assessment (RA) based RSC will be completed. The goal of the site remediation program is to file a Generic RSC for the property.

Mr. Aly Premji

Page 3

File: PE4525-LET.03

We trust that this submission satisfies your current requirements. Should you have any questions please contact the undersigned.

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## Paterson Group Inc.

Mandy Witteman, B.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Mark D'Arcy, P.Eng., QPESA

## **4.1** General Content

X	Executive S	Summary (for larger reports only).	
	Comments:	Page iii	
×	Date and r	evision number of the report.	
	Comments:	Page i	
X		nap and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of development.	
	Comments:	Figure 1 and Figure 3 in Appendix F	
×	Plan show	ing the site and location of all existing services.	
	Comments:	Figure 3 in Appendix F	
x	reference to	ent statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and o applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to vidual developments must adhere.	
	Comments:	Appendix B	
	Summary	of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	
	Comments:	N/A	
	Servicing S case where	and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the e it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and defendable design criteria.	
	Comments:	N/A. Reference to the City's guidelines are included in Section 4.0 pg. 2	
X	Statement	of objectives and servicing criteria.	
	Comments:	Section 4.2 (Stormwater Criteria), Section 4.3 (Sanitary Sewer Criteria), Section 4.4 (Water Usage Criteria)	
X	Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.		
	Comments:	Section 5.1 (ex. storm sewers), Section 6.1 (ex. sanitary sewers), Section 7.1 (ex. water system)	

	ural Heritage Studies, if available).
Comments:	N/A
developme manageme neighbouri	vel master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the ent. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwate nt and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to groperties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading pede existing major system flow paths.
Comments:	N/A during Zoning Application
	on of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services ells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address appacts.
Comments:	N/A
Proposed p	phasing of the development, if applicable.
Comments:	N/A
Reference t	to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.
Comments:	N/A
All prelimi	nary and formal site plan submissions should have the following n:
Key pla  Name a  Propert  Existing  Easeme	arrow (including construction North)
Comments:	Existing and proposed structures and parking areas are included in topo survey and architectural dwgs. Name and owner info. can be found in zba cover letter.

## Development Servicing Report: Water 4.2

	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	
	Comments:	Not available
×	Availabilit	y of public infrastructure to service proposed development
	Comments:	Section 5.2.1
×	Identificati	on of system constraints
	Comments:	N/A
×	Identify bo	undary conditions
	Comments:	Boundary conditions can be foun in Appendix B
×	Confirmati	on of adequate domestic supply and pressure
	Comments:	Based on the boundary conditions received from the city, the existing water infrastructure along Island Park Drive, will support the proposed development at 70
X	calculated	on of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire ations throughout the development.
	Comments:	Section 7.2 and Appendix E
		check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.
	Comments:	N/A
		of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm or all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design
	Comments:	N/A
	Address re	liability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves
	Comments:	N/A
	Check on t	he necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.
	Comments:	N/A

X	delivering that the ex	to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows pected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions after within the required pressure range
	Comments:	Appendix E
X	proposed of appurtenai	n of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and nees (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) special metering provisions.
	Comments:	Appendix E and Figure-3 at Appendix F
	Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and of water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementations.	
	Comments:	N/A
X	Confirmati Guidelines	ion that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design s.
	Comments:	Section 4.4
		of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, d building locations for reference.
	Comments:	Appendix B

## 4.3 Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

×	deviate fro relatively r	of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not m the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for infrastructure).		
	Comments:	Section 4.3		
	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.			
	Comments:	N/A		
	higher than	ion of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are in the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater inditions, and age and condition of sewers.		
	Comments:	N/A		
X		n of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from levelopment.		
	Comments:	Section 6.1		
×	upgrades r	ilable capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)		
	Comments:	Upon receipt of the City of Ottawa available capacity of the existing sanitary infrastructure.		
		on and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary tations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement		
	Comments:	N/A		
	Special con	asiderations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.		
	Comments:	N/A		

## **4.4** Development Servicing Report: Stormwater

	-	of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)
	Comments:	N/A
X	Analysis of	available capacity in existing public infrastructure.
	Comments:	Section 5.3
X		showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, ainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.
	Comments:	DAP1 and 2 in Appendix C
X	pre-develor (dependent objectives a hydrologic	ntity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pment level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event to on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account cumulative effects.
	Comments:	Section 5.2.2
		lity control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based itivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.
	Comments:	N/A during Zoning Application Stage
X		of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and swith references and supporting information.
	Comments:	Section 5.4
	Set-back fro	om private sewage disposal systems.
	Comments:	N/A
	Watercours	se and hazard lands setbacks.
	Comments:	N/A
		ore-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the on Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.
	Comments:	N/A

	Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if app study exists.	
	Comments:	N/A
X		quirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for its (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).
	Comments:	Appendix C
	watercours	on of watercourses within the proposed development and how ses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed ent with applicable approvals.
	Comments:	N/A
×	existing sit	ore and post development peak flow rates including a description of e conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in to existing conditions.
	Comments:	Section 5.2 and Appendix C
	Any propo	sed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.
	Comments:	N/A
x		minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater ers, and stormwater management facilities.
	Comments:	Section 5.3 and Figure 3 in Appendix F
X	adequate c	control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has apacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year od storm event.
	Comments:	Section 5.2 and Figure 3 in Appendix F
×	Identificati	on of potential impacts to receiving watercourses
	Comments:	Section 5.4 and Figure 3 in Appendix F
X	Identificati	on of municipal drains and related approval requirements.
	Comments:	Section 5.4 and Figure 3 in Appendix F

X	Description developme	ns of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the ent.
	Comments:	Section 5.4 and Figure 3 in Appendix F
	100 year flooding fo	ood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from or establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.
	Comments:	N/A
	Inclusion o	of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.
	Comments:	N/A
x	-	n of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.
	Comments:	Section 8.0
	from the a delineate f	ion of floodplains - proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information ppropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to loodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if mation is not available or if information does not match current.
	Comments:	N/A
	Identificati	on of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.
	Comments:	N/A

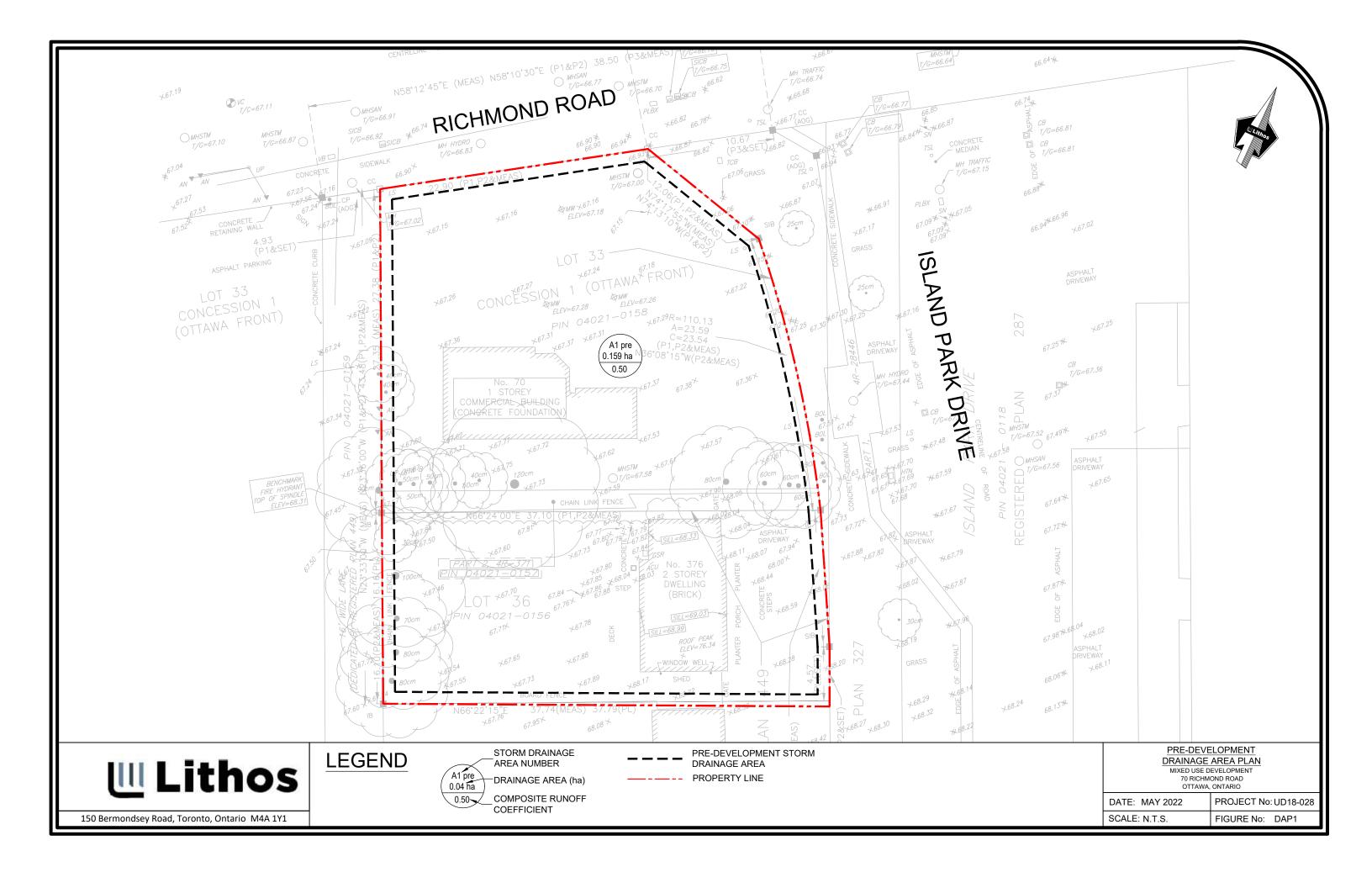
## 4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

	floodplain, watercours Act. The Co Rivers Imp place, appr	on Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a se, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and provement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in roval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except dams as defined in the Act.
	Comments:	N/A
	Application Act.	n for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources
	Comments:	N/A
	Changes to	Municipal Drains.
	Comments:	N/A
		nits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and nt Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)
	Comments:	N/A
4.6	Conc	lusion Checklist
X	Clearly sta	ted conclusions and recommendations
	Comments:	Section 9.0
	information	received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and n on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the ereviewing agency.
	Comments:	N/A
X	All draft ar	nd final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer in Ontario
	Comments:	Signed and stamped by Ontario engineer

# **Appendix C**

# **Storm Analysis**





**Pre-Development Flow Calculation** 

70 Richmond Road File No. UD18-028

City of Ottawa Date: May 2022

Prepared By: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.E., M.A.Sc. Reviewed By: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

	Area	Actual "C"	Design "C"	Tc
	(ha)			(min.)
A1 pre	0.159	0.76	0.50	20

## Rational Method Calculation

Event 2 yr

IDF Data Set City of Ottawa

a = 732.95 b = 6.199 c = 0.810

Area Number	Α	С	AC	Tc	I	Q	Q
	(ha)			(min.)	(mm/h)	(m³/s)	(L/s)
A1 pre	0.159	0.50	80.0	20	52.0	0.011	11.5

Event 5 yr

IDF Data Set City of Ottawa

a = 998.07 b = 6.053 c = 0.814

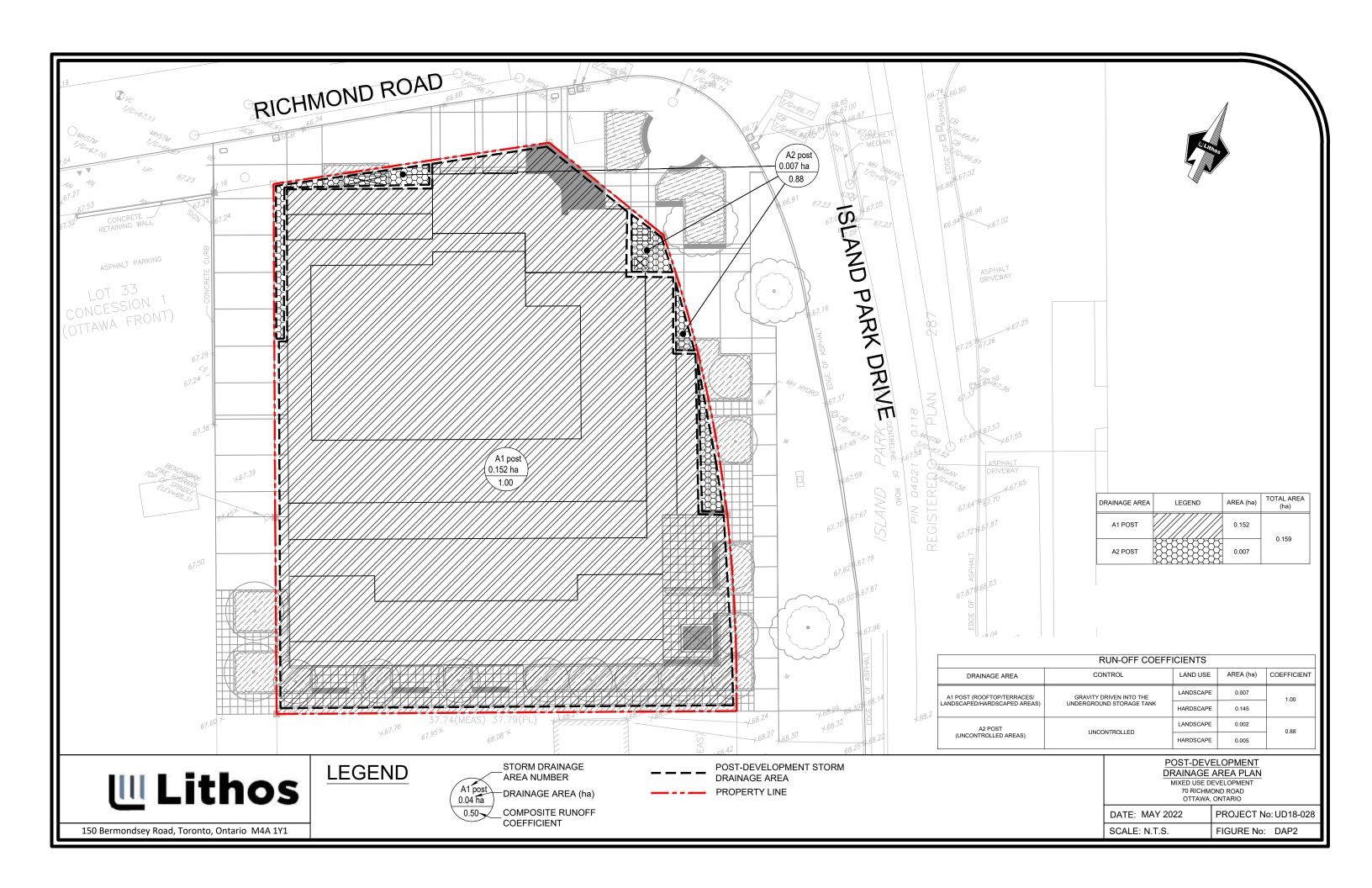
Area Number	Α	A C AC Tc		I	Q	Q	
	(ha)			(min.)	(mm/h)	(m³/s)	(L/s)
A1 pre	0.159	0.50	80.0	20	70.3	0.016	15.5

Event 100 yr

IDF Data Set City of Ottawa

a = 1735.69 b = 6.014 c = 0.820

Area Number	Α	С	AC	Tc	I	Q	Q
	(ha)			(min.)	(mm/h)	(m³/s)	(L/s)
A1 pre	0.159	0.50	0.08	20	120.0	0.026	26.5





## **Modified Rational Method - Two Year Storm**

70 Richmond Road File No. UD18-028

Date:May 2022

City of Ottawa File No. UD18-028

Prepared By: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.E., M.A.Sc.

Reviewed By: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

		Drainage Area A1	Post		Drainage Area A2 Post		Total Site					
		Rootop/Terraces/Hardscap	ped/Landsca	oed Areas -	Uncontrolled Site Area		Total Site = A1					
		Controlled in Undergroun						e-Development Sit	te Release Rate=	<b>15.5</b> L/s		
			Area(A1) =	<b>0.152</b> ha	Area (A2)	= <b>0.007</b> ha						
			"C" =	0.87	"C"	= 0.71	Uncontrolled Flow = 1.0 L					
			AC1 =	0.13	AC3	= 0.00		Target Sit	te Release Rate=	<b>7.3</b> L/s		
			Tc=	<b>10.0</b> min	Tc	= <b>10.0</b> min						
		Time	Increment =	<b>5.0</b> min	Time Increment	= <b>5.0</b> min	Design Controlle	ed Release Rate (V	ortex Valve CEV 250) =	<b>6.6</b> L/s		
		Max Rel	ease Rate =	<b>28.2</b> L/s	Max. Release Rate	= <b>1.0</b> L/s	,	Total Site Release	Rate Achieved =	<b>7.6</b> L/s		
2-Year Desi		Tallandama Amaa (Ad)		•	Tributana Ana (AO)	С	_			_		
a=	732.95	Tributary Area (A1)	ha	С	Tributary Area (A2) ha				rage Tank Size =	15.03 m <sup>3</sup>		
b=	6.199	Landscape Area	0.007	0.25	Landscape Area 0.002	0.25		Storage Tank	footpring Area =	<b>86.80</b> m <sup>2</sup>		
c=	0.810	Hardscape Area	0.145	0.90	Hardscape Area 0.005	0.90	4					
1=	a / (T <sub>C</sub> + b) <sup>c</sup>	Total	0.152	0.87	Total 0.007	0.71	<del>  _</del>	^	1 6 1	10		
1 Time	2 Rainfall	3 Storm		4 Runoff	5 Storm	6 Runoff	7 Total Storm	8 Released	9 Storage	10 Storage		
Time	Intensity	Runoff (A1 Post)		Volume (A1 Post)	Runoff (A2 Post)	Volume (A2 Post)	Runoff Volume	Volume	Volume	Depth of Tan		
				. ,		` ′	3\	,3\	43\			
(min)	(mm/hr)	(m³/s)		(m³)	(m³/s)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)	(m)		
10.0 15.0	76.8 61.8	0.0282 0.0227		16.94 20.43	0.001 0.001	0.61 0.73	16.94 20.43	3.96 5.94	13.0 14.5	0.15 0.17		
20.0	52.0	0.0191		22.95	0.001	0.82	22.95	7.92	15.0	0.17		
25.0	45.2	0.0166		24.90	0.001	0.89	24.90	9.90	15.0	0.17		
30.0	40.0	0.0147		26.49	0.001	0.95	26.49	11.88	14.6	0.17		
35.0	36.1	0.0133		27.83	0.000	1.00	27.83	13.86	14.0	0.16		
40.0	32.9	0.0121		28.99	0.000	1.04	28.99	15.84	13.1	0.15		
45.0	30.2	0.0111		30.01	0.000	1.07	30.01	17.82	12.2	0.14		
50.0	28.0	0.0103		30.92	0.000	1.11	30.92	19.80	11.1	0.13		
55.0	26.2	0.0096		31.74	0.000	1.14	31.74	21.78	10.0	0.11		
60.0	24.6	0.0090		32.49	0.000	1.16	32.49	23.76	8.7	0.10		
65.0	23.2	0.0085		33.19	0.000	1.19	33.19	25.74	7.4	0.09		
70.0	21.9	0.0081		33.83	0.000	1.21	33.83	27.72	6.1	0.07		
75.0	20.8	0.0076		34.42	0.000	1.23	34.42	29.70	4.7	0.05		
80.0	19.8	0.0073		34.98	0.000	1.25	34.98	31.68	3.3	0.04		
85.0	18.9	0.0070		35.51	0.000	1.27	35.51	33.66	1.9	0.02		
90.0 95.0	18.1	0.0067		36.01	0.000 0.000	1.29	36.01	35.64	0.4	0.00		
95.0 100.0	17.4 16.7	0.0064 0.0062		36.48 36.93	0.000	1.30 1.32	36.48 36.93	37.62 39.60	0.0 0.0	0.00 0.00		
100.0	16.7	0.0059		37.36	0.000	1.34	37.36	41.58	0.0	0.00		
110.0	15.6	0.0057		37.77	0.000	1.35	37.77	43.56	0.0	0.00		
115.0	15.0	0.0055		38.16	0.000	1.36	38.16	45.54	0.0	0.00		
120.0	14.6	0.0054		38.54	0.000	1.38	38.54	47.52	0.0	0.00		
125.0	14.1	0.0052		38.90	0.000	1.39	38.90	49.50	0.0	0.00		
130.0	13.7	0.0050		39.25	0.000	1.40	39.25	51.48	0.0	0.00		
	13.3	0.0049		39.58	0.000	1.42	39.58	53.46	0.0	0.00		
135.0	40.0	0.0048		39.91	0.000	1.43	39.91	55.44	0.0	0.00		
135.0 140.0	12.9					1 4 4 4	40.00	F7 40		0.00		
135.0 140.0 145.0	12.6	0.0046		40.22	0.000	1.44	40.22	57.42	0.0	0.00		
135.0 140.0 145.0 150.0	12.6 12.3	0.0045		40.53	0.000	1.45	40.53	59.40	0.0	0.00		
135.0 140.0 145.0	12.6											



## **Modified Rational Method - Five Year Storm**

70 Richmond Road File No. UD18-028

Date:May 2022

City of Ottawa File No. UD18-028

Prepared By: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.E., M.A.Sc.

Reviewed By: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

					, .			Troviowed By: 7 the	iotadia 12anopot	3104, 1 .E11g., W.		
		Drainage Area A1	Post		Drainage Area A2 P	ost		Total Site				
		Rootop/Terraces/Hardscap	ped/Landsca	ped Areas -	Uncontrolled Site Area			Total Site = A1				
		Controlled in Undergroun		F					e-Development Si	te Release Rate=	15.5	L/s
			Area(A1) =		Area (A2) = 0.007 ha							
			"C" =	0.87		"C" =	0.71			controlled Flow =	7.1	L/s
			AC1 =			AC2=	0.00		Target Site Release Rate=			L/s
		Time	Tc =		Tc = 10.0 min Time Increment = 5.0 min			Design Controlle	ed Release Rate (V	/ortex Valve CEV 250) =	6.6	L/s
									Total Sita Balanca	,		1 /2
5-Year Desi	ign Storm	Max Rei	ease Rate =	<b>38.3</b> L/s	Max. Relea	ase Rate =	<b>1.4</b> L/s		Total Site Release	Rate Achieved =	8.0	L/s
a=	998.07	Tributary Area (A1)	ha	С	Tributary Area (A2)	ha	С		Max. Sto	orage Tank Size =	23.80	$m^3$
b=	6.053	Landscape Area	0.007	0.25	Landscape Area	0.002	0.25			footpring Area =	86.80	m <sup>2</sup>
c=	0.814	Hardscape Area	0.145	0.90	Hardscape Area	0.005	0.90			2	33.00	111
I =		Total	0.152	0.87	Total	0.007	0.71					
1	2	3		4	5		6	7	8	9		10
Time	Rainfall	Storm		Runoff	Storm		Runoff	Total Storm	Released	Storage	St	torage
	Intensity	Runoff (A1 Post)		Volume (A1 Post)	Runoff (A2 Post)	Volume (A2 Post)	Runoff Volume	Volume	Volume	Depth of Tank		
(min)	(mm/hr)	(m³/s)		(m³)	(m³/s)		(m <sup>3</sup> )	(m³)	(m <sup>3</sup> )	(m³)		(m)
10.0	104.2	0.0383		22.98	0.001		0.82	22.98	3.96	19.0		0.22
15.0	83.6	0.0307		27.64	0.001		0.99	27.64	5.94	21.7		0.25
20.0	70.3	0.0258		30.98	0.001		1.11	30.98	7.92	23.1		0.27
25.0	60.9	0.0224		33.57	0.001		1.20	33.57	9.90	23.7		0.27
30.0	53.9	0.0198		35.68	0.001		1.28	35.68	11.88	23.8		0.27
35.0	48.5	0.0178		37.45	0.001		1.34	37.45	13.86	23.6		0.27
40.0	44.2	0.0162		38.98	0.001		1.39	38.98	15.84	23.1		0.27
45.0	40.6	0.0149		40.32	0.001 1.44			40.32	17.82	22.5		0.26
50.0	37.7	0.0138		41.52	0.000		1.48	41.52 19.80 21.7				0.25
55.0	35.1	0.0129		42.60	0.000		1.52	42.60 21.78 20.8				0.24
60.0	32.9	0.0121		43.59	0.000	1.56	43.59 23.76 19.8				0.23	
65.0	31.0	0.0114		44.50	0.000		1.59	44.50	25.74	18.8		0.22
70.0	29.4	0.0108		45.34	0.000		1.62	45.34	27.72	17.6		0.20
75.0	27.9	0.0103		46.13	0.000		1.65	46.13	29.70	16.4		0.19
80.0	26.6	0.0098		46.86	0.000		1.68	46.86	31.68	15.2		0.17
85.0	25.4	0.0093		47.55	0.000		1.70	47.55	33.66	13.9		0.16
90.0	24.3	0.0089		48.21	0.000		1.72	48.21	35.64	12.6		0.14
95.0	23.3	0.0086		48.83	0.000		1.75	48.83	37.62	11.2		0.13
100.0	22.4	0.0082		49.41	0.000		1.77	49.41	39.60	9.8		0.11
1050	21.6	0.0079		49.97	0.000		1.79 1.81	49.97	41.58	8.4		0.10
		20.8 0.0077 50.51					ואו	50.51	43.56	7.0		0.08
110.0	20.8				0.000				AE EA			ስ ስፍ
110.0 115.0	20.8 20.1	0.0074		51.02	0.000		1.82	51.02	45.54 47.52	5.5		0.06
110.0 115.0 120.0	20.8 20.1 19.5	0.0074 0.0072		51.02 51.52	0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84	51.02 51.52	47.52	4.0		0.05
110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069		51.02 51.52 51.99	0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86	51.02 51.52 51.99	47.52 49.50	4.0 2.5		0.05 0.03
115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9 18.3	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069 0.0067		51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86 1.88	51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45	47.52 49.50 51.48	4.0 2.5 1.0		0.05 0.03 0.01
110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9 18.3 17.8	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069 0.0067 0.0065		51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86 1.88 1.89	51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89	47.52 49.50 51.48 53.46	4.0 2.5 1.0 0.0		0.05 0.03 0.01 0.00
110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0 140.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9 18.3 17.8 17.3	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069 0.0067 0.0065 0.0063		51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86 1.88 1.89 1.91	51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31	47.52 49.50 51.48 53.46 55.44	4.0 2.5 1.0 0.0 0.0		0.05 0.03 0.01 0.00 0.00
110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0 140.0 145.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9 18.3 17.8 17.3	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069 0.0067 0.0065 0.0063 0.0062		51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31 53.73	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86 1.88 1.89 1.91	51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31 53.73	47.52 49.50 51.48 53.46 55.44 57.42	4.0 2.5 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		0.05 0.03 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00
110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0 140.0 145.0 150.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9 18.3 17.8 17.3 16.8	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069 0.0067 0.0065 0.0063 0.0062 0.0060		51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31 53.73 54.12	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86 1.88 1.89 1.91 1.92	51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31 53.73 54.12	47.52 49.50 51.48 53.46 55.44 57.42 59.40	4.0 2.5 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		0.05 0.03 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
110.0 115.0 120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0 140.0 145.0	20.8 20.1 19.5 18.9 18.3 17.8 17.3	0.0074 0.0072 0.0069 0.0067 0.0065 0.0063 0.0062		51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31 53.73	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		1.82 1.84 1.86 1.88 1.89 1.91	51.02 51.52 51.99 52.45 52.89 53.31 53.73	47.52 49.50 51.48 53.46 55.44 57.42	4.0 2.5 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		0.05 0.03 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00



## **Modified Rational Method - Hundred Year Storm**

70 Richmond Road File No. UD18-028

Date:May 2022

City of Ottawa File No. UD18-028

Prepared By: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.E., M.A.Sc.

Reviewed By: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

		Duning and Aug Ad	Daat			Dueinene Anne A	D = = 4			Total Cita					
		Drainage Area A1	Post			Drainage Area A2 Post				Total Site					
		Rootop/Terraces/Hardscap	ped/Landscap	ped Areas	- Controlled	Uncontrolled Site Area				Total Site = A1					
C value for the	100 year storm	in Undergroun Tank								5-yr Pr	re-Development Si	te Release Rate=	<b>15.5</b> L/s		
	sed by 25%, with		Area(A1) =	0.152	ha	Area (A2) = <b>0.007</b> ha									
	f 1.0 per City's		` '		IIa				IIa		Un	controlled Flow =	0.0 1/0		
	n Guidelines		"C" * =	1.00			"C"* =	0.88			Un	controlled Flow =	<b>2.3</b> L/s		
00.10. D00.g	, <b>G</b> a.ag		AC1 =	0.15			AC2=	0.01			Target Si	te Release Rate=	<b>6.6</b> L/s		
			Tc=	10.0	min		Tc=	10.0	min						
										Design Controlle	ed Release Rate (\	ortex Valve CEV	0.0		
		Time	Increment =	5.0	min	Time Ir	crement =	5.0	min			250) =	<b>6.6</b> L/s		
		May Rel	ease Rate =	75.5	l /e	Max. Relea	aca Pata -	2.3	L/s	,	Total Site Release	Rate Achieved =	<b>8.9</b> L/s		
400 V D	! Ot	iviax Rei	ease Rate -	75.5	L/S	Max. Relea	ase Rale -	2.3	L/S		Total Site Nelease	Nate Acilieveu –	<b>0.9</b> L/S		
100-Year De	esign Storm							ı	_	4					
a=	1735.69	Tributary Area (A1)	ha	С	C 100	Tributary Area (A2)	ha	С	C 100		<b>61.45</b> m <sup>3</sup>				
b=	6.014	Landscape Area	0.007	0.25	0.31	Landscape Area	0.002	0.25	0.31		orage Tank Size =				
c=		Hardscape Area	0.145	0.90	1.13	Hardscape Area	0.005	0.90	1.13	1	Storage Tank	footpring Area =	<b>86.80</b> m <sup>2</sup>		
ι =	$a / (T_C + b)^c$	Total	0.143	0.90	1.09	Total	0.003	0.90	0.88	†					
1	2	3	0.102	0.07	4	5	0.007	0.7 1	6	7	8	9	10		
Time	∠ Rainfall	Storm		R	unoff	Storm		R	unoff	Total Storm	o Released	Storage	Storage		
111110	Ruman									Total Otolili	Reicuseu	Otorage	Otorage		
	Intensity	Runoff			olume	Runoff			olume	Runoff Volume	Volume	Volume	Depth of Tan		
		(A1 Post)		(A <sup>2</sup>	1 Post)	(A2 Post)		(A:	2 Post)			10.0	<b></b>		
(min)	(mm/hr)	(m <sup>3</sup> /s)			(m³)	(m³/s)			(m³)	(m <sup>3</sup> )	(m <sup>3</sup> )	(m <sup>3</sup> )	(m)		
10.0	178.6	0.0755			15.32	0.002			1.20	45.32	3.96	41.4	0.48		
15.0	142.9	0.0604			54.40	0.002			2.11	54.40	5.94	48.5	0.56		
20.0	120.0	0.0507			80.89	0.002			2.37	60.89	7.92	53.0	0.61		
25.0	103.8	0.0439		6	35.90	0.002			2.56	65.90	9.90	56.0	0.65		
30.0	91.9	0.0389			89.95	0.002			2.72	69.95	11.88	58.1	0.67		
35.0	82.6	0.0349			73.36	0.001			2.85	73.36	13.86	59.5	0.69		
40.0	75.1	0.0318			76.29	0.001			2.96	76.29	15.84	60.5	0.70		
45.0	69.1	0.0292			78.87	0.001			3.06	78.87	17.82	61.0	0.70		
50.0	64.0	0.0271			31.16	0.001			3.15	81.16	19.80	61.4	0.71		
55.0	59.6	0.0252			33.23	0.001			3.23	83.23	21.78 23.76	61.5	0.71		
60.0	55.9	0.0236			35.12	0.001			3.31	85.12	61.4	0.71			
65.0 70.0	52.6	0.0223 0.0211			36.86 38.46	0.001 0.001			3.37 3.44	86.86 88.46	25.74	61.1	0.70 0.70		
70.0 75.0	49.8 47.3	0.0211			39.96	0.001				88.46 89.96	27.72 29.70	60.7 60.3	0.70		
80.0	45.0	0.0200			91.36	0.001 3.49 0.001 3.55				91.36	31.68	59.7	0.69		
85.0	43.0	0.0182			92.67	0.001 3.55 0.001 3.60				92.67	33.66	59.0	0.68		
90.0	41.1	0.0174			93.91	0.001		3.65		93.91	35.64	58.3	0.67		
95.0	39.4	0.0167			95.09	0.001		3.69		95.09	37.62	57.5	0.66		
100.0	37.9	0.0160			96.20	0.001			3.74	96.20	39.60	56.6	0.65		
105.0	36.5	0.0154		ç	97.27	0.001			3.78	97.27	41.58	55.7	0.64		
110.0	35.2	0.0149			98.28	0.001			3.82	98.28	43.56	54.7	0.63		
115.0	34.0	0.0144			99.26	0.001			3.86	99.26	45.54	53.7	0.62		
120.0	32.9	0.0139			00.19	0.001			3.89	100.19	47.52	52.7	0.61		
125.0	31.9	0.0135			01.09	0.001			3.93	101.09	49.50	51.6	0.59		
130.0	30.9	0.0131			01.95	0.001			3.96	101.95	51.48	50.5	0.58		
	30.0	0.0127			02.79	0.000			3.99	102.79	53.46	49.3	0.57		
135.0						0.000			4.02 4.05	103.59 104.37	55.44 57.42	48.1 46.9	0.55 0.54		
140.0	45.0 28.4 0.0120 104.37				0.000 4.05			104.37	0.54						
140.0 145.0	28.4														
140.0 145.0 150.0	28.4 27.6	0.0117		1	05.12	0.000			4.08	105.12	59.40	45.7	0.53		
140.0 145.0	28.4			1 1											

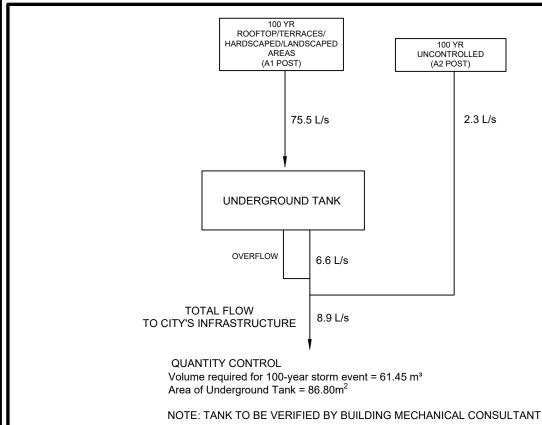


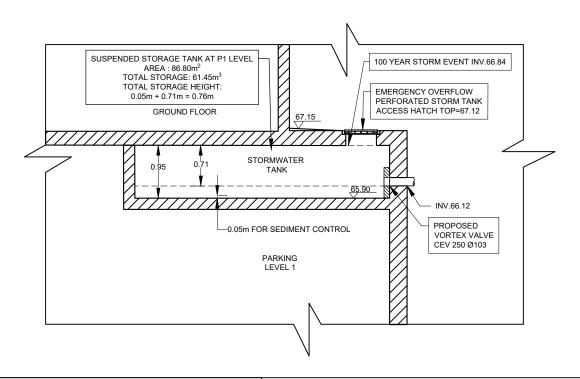
## **Water Quality Calculations**

70 Richmond Road File No. UD18-028 Date:May 2022

Surface	Method	Effective TSS Removal	Area (ha)	% Area of Controlled Site	Overall TSS Removal
Rooftop/Terraces/ Hardscaped/ Landscaped Areas	Inherent	80%	0.152	100%	80%
Total			0.152	100%	80%

Note: Uncontrolled water does not account in the above calculations







150 Bermondsey Road, Toronto, Ontario M4A 1Y1

## FLOW SCHEMATIC MIXED USE DEVELOPMENT 70 RICHMOND ROAD OTTAWA, ONTARIO

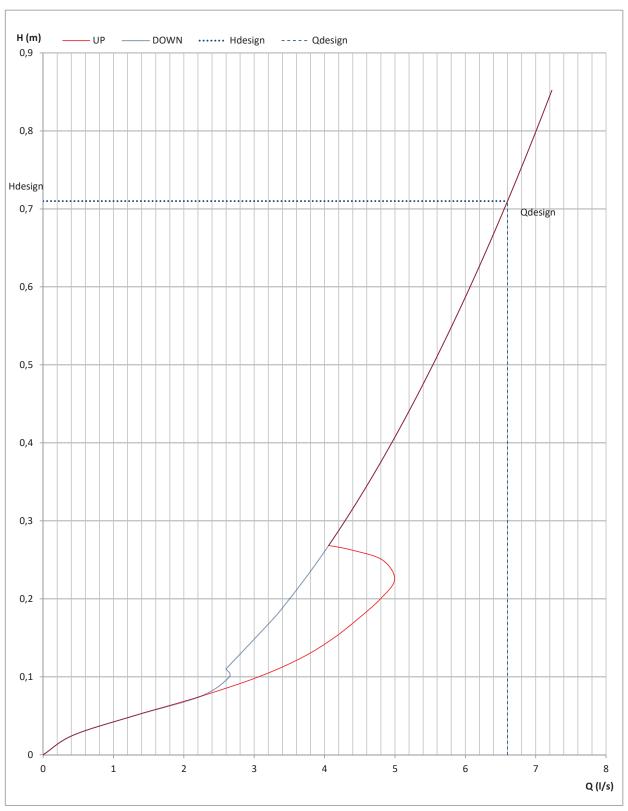
DATE:	MAY 2022	PROJECT No:	UD18-028
SCALE:	N.T.S.	FIGURE No:	FIG 3



**Ref: 24936.2.1**Date: 09-05-2022 **Design**: Q=6,6l/s

H=0,71m

## CEV 250 ø104





55 Albert Street, Suite #200 Markham, ON, Canada Tel 905-948-0000

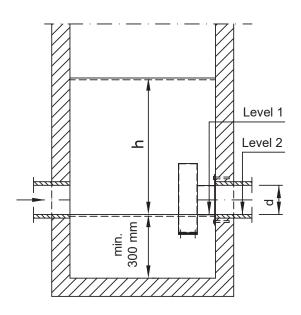


Date 09.05.2022 Ref. No. 24936.2.1 Type CEV 250 160 P Q = 6.6 I/s at h = 0.71 m

Projekt: 70 Richmond Road, Ottawa

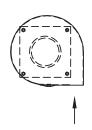
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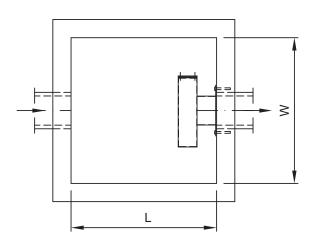
This drawing with specifications remains our property and should not be utilised or handed over to any third party without our consent.



When ordering please state the information as follows:

1) Ref. No. : 24936.2.1 2) d : min. ø 115 mm 3) L : min. 2xD mm 4) W : min. 1.5xD mm





## Installation

The flow regulator is provided with a mounting plate. The mounting plate must be fastened to the wall of the chamber covering the outlet opening by means of drilled or embedded bolts/threaded rods of acid-resistant steel. Please note that level 1 and level 2 must be equal.

Tightening between plate and wall of chamber is made with waterresistant silicone, rubber sealing or the like.

# **Appendix D**

# **Sanitary Data Analysis**



## **SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET- SCENARIO 1**

# 70 Richmond Road CITY OF OTTAWA

SECTION AREA (ha.)	Single Fam. Dwell @ 3.4 ppu	Townhouse	NUMBER Studio	R OF UNITS 1 Bed.				T	RESIDENTIAL					INFILTRATION		SEWER DESIGN					
	Fam. Dwell		Studio	ı beu.		3 Bed.	TOTAL	AVERAGE	HARMON PEAKING	RES. PEAK FLOW	COMMERCIAL	AVERAGE	COMM. PEAK FLOW	TOTAL ACCUM.	INFILT.	TOTAL DESIGN	PIPE LENGTH	PIPE DIA.	SLOPE	FULL FLOW CAPACITY	% of DESIGN
(ha.) 1	@ 3.4 ppu		Julio	Apts.	2 Bed. Apts.	Apts.	RESIDENTIAL POPULATION		FACTOR	FLOW	AREA	COMMERCIAL @ 50000 L/ha/day	FLOW	AREA	@ 0.28 L/s/ha.	FLOW	LENGTH	DIA.	SLOPE	n = 0.013	CAPACITY
1		@ 2.7	@ 1.4 ppu	@ 1.4 ppu	@ 2.1 ppu	@ 3.1 ppu	(persons)	(L/s)		(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(L/sec)	(%)
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
0.159	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.01	4.00	0.04	0.0105	0.006	0.01	0.159	0.04	0.09					
0.159	0	7	3	37	41	0	161	0.52	4.00	2.09	0.021	0.01	0.02	0.159	0.04	2.15	8.5	150	1.0%	15.23	14.12%
																0.35					
Average Daily Flow Commercial - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day Average Daily Flow Institutional - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day Infit					Infitration Al Infitration Al	llowance ( llowance (	Wet Weath Total I/I) - 0	er) - 0.28 Litro .33 Litres / s	es / s / gro / gross ha	ss ha						2.50 2.41					
o te n	.159 280 al - 50 al - 50 - 35,00	.159 0 e - 280 Litres / ca al - 50,000 Litres al - 50,000 Litres - 35,000 Litres / g 0.159 Ha	0 7 2 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha 35,000 Litres / gross ha / 0	a - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day 0.159 Ha	159 0 7 3 37  e - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day 0.159 Ha	al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day log - 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0.33 Litres / s / gross ha - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in the 0.159 Ha	Infitration Allowance (Dry Weather) - 0.05 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands 0.159 Ha	159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021  2 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day 0.159 Ha  Infitration Allowance (Dry Weather) - 0.05 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands	2 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day 0.159 Ha  Infitration Allowance (Dry Weather) - 0.05 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands	2-280 Litres / capita / day	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159  2 - 280 Litres / capita / day	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04  2 - 280 Litres / capita / day	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04 2.15 0.35  9 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day 9 2.41  1.159 November 2 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04 2.15 0.35  Total Flow Total Net Flow 2.50 1.000 Litres / gross ha / day 1.000 Litres / gr	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04 2.15 8.5 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.35 0.	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04 2.15 8.5 150 0.35  8 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day 335,000 Litres / gross ha / day 9 Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands 0.159 Ha	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04 2.15 8.5 150 1.0%  9 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day 335,000 Litres / gross ha / day 9 Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands 0.159 Ha	1.159 0 7 3 37 41 0 161 0.52 4.00 2.09 0.021 0.01 0.02 0.159 0.04 2.15 8.5 150 1.0% 15.23 0.35    3 - 280 Litres / capita / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day al - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day 0.159 Ha    Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands



Prepared by: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Reviewed by: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Date: May 2022

Project: 70 Richmond Road

Project: UD18-028

City of Ottawa Sheet 1 OF 4



## **SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET-SCENARIO 2**

# 70 Richmond Road CITY OF OTTAWA

						RES	IDENTIAL						COMMERCIAL	=	INFILT	RATION			S	SEWER DI	ESIGN	
LOCATION	SECTION	Single	NUMBER OF UNITS Single 1 Bed.			2 Bed. 3 Bed.		TOTAL	AVERAGE		RES. PEAK FLOW	COMMERCIAL	AVERAGE	COMM. PEAK FLOW	TOTAL ACCUM.	INFILT.	TOTAL DESIGN	PIPE LENGTH	PIPE DIA.	SLOPE	FULL FLOW CAPACITY	% of DESIGN
LOCATION	AREA	Fam. Dwell	Townhouse	Studio	Apts.	Apts.	3 Bed. Apts.	RESIDENTIAL POPULATION		FACTOR	ILOW	AREA	COMMERCIAL @ 50000 L/ha/day	FLOW	AREA	@ 0.28 L/s/ha.	FLOW	LENGTH	DIA.	SLOPE	n = 0.013	CAPACITY
	(ha.)	@ 3.4 ppu	@ 2.7	@ 1.4 ppu	@ 1.4 ppu	@ 2.1 ppu	@ 3.1 ppu	(persons)	(L/s)		(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(L/sec)	(%)
column number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Existing Condition																						
Commercial / Residential Development	0.159	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.01	4.00	0.04	0.0105	0.006	0.01	0.159	0.04	0.09					
Proposed Condition																						
Commercial/ Residential Development	0.159	0	7	3	37	41	0	161	0.52	4.00	2.09	0.021	0.01	0.02	0.159	0.04	2.15	8.5	150	1.0%	15.23	14.12%
Groundwater																	0.35					
Average Residential Flow Rate - 280 Litres / capita / day  Average Daily Flow Commercial - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Average Daily Flow Institutional - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Average Daily Flow Industrial - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Average Daily Flow Industrial - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Site Area:    Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha   Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha   Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands										ss ha					Flow let Flow	2.50 2.41						
Prepared by: Dimitra Sawaoglou P.Eng. M.A.Sc																	Droinet	70 Diohm	and Da			ļ



Prepared by: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Reviewed by: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Date: May 2022

Project: 70 Richmond Road

Project: UD18-028

City of Ottawa Sheet 2 OF 4



## **SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET- SCENARIO 3**

# 70 Richmond Road CITY OF OTTAWA

						RES	IDENTIAL						COMMERCIAL	=	INFILT	RATION			S	SEWER DI	ESIGN	
LOCATION	SECTION	Single	NUMBER OF UNITS Single 1 Bed.			2 Bed. 3 Bed.		TOTAL	AVERAGE		RES. PEAK FLOW	COMMERCIAL	AVERAGE	COMM. PEAK FLOW	TOTAL ACCUM.	INFILT.	TOTAL DESIGN	PIPE LENGTH	PIPE DIA.	SLOPE	FULL FLOW CAPACITY	% of DESIGN
LOCATION	AREA	Fam. Dwell	Townhouse	Studio	Apts.	Apts.	3 Bed. Apts.	RESIDENTIAL POPULATION		FACTOR	ILOW	AREA	COMMERCIAL @ 50000 L/ha/day	FLOW	AREA	@ 0.28 L/s/ha.	FLOW	LENGTH	DIA.	SLOPE	n = 0.013	CAPACITY
	(ha.)	@ 3.4 ppu	@ 2.7	@ 1.4 ppu	@ 1.4 ppu	@ 2.1 ppu	@ 3.1 ppu	(persons)	(L/s)		(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(L/sec)	(%)
column number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Existing Condition																						
Commercial / Residential Development	0.159	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.01	4.00	0.04	0.0105	0.006	0.01	0.159	0.04	0.09					
Proposed Condition																						
Commercial/ Residential Development	0.159	0	7	3	37	41	0	161	0.52	4.00	2.09	0.021	0.01	0.02	0.159	0.04	2.15	8.5	150	1.0%	15.23	14.12%
Groundwater																	0.35					
Average Residential Flow Rate - 280 Litres / capita / day  Average Daily Flow Commercial - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Average Daily Flow Institutional - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Average Daily Flow Industrial - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Average Daily Flow Industrial - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day  Site Area:    Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha   Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha   Peaking Factor = 1 + [14 / (4 + P <sup>0.5</sup> )], P=Population in thousands										ss ha					Flow let Flow	2.50 2.41						
Prepared by: Dimitra Sawaoglou P.Eng. M.A.Sc																	Droinet	70 Diohm	and Da			ļ



Prepared by: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Reviewed by: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Date: May 2022

Project: 70 Richmond Road

Project: UD18-028

City of Ottawa

Sheet 3 OF 4



## **SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET-SCENARIO 4**

# 70 Richmond Road CITY OF OTTAWA

				RESIDENTIAL								COMMERCIAL INFILTRATION					SEWER DESIGN					
LOCATION	SECTION AREA	Olas alla	NUMBER OF UNITS					TOTAL	AVERAGE		RES. PEAK FLOW	COMMERCIAL	AVERAGE	COMM. PEAK	TOTAL	INFILT.	TOTAL DESIGN	PIPE LENGTH	PIPE	SLOPE	FULL FLOW CAPACITY	% of DESIGN
LOCATION	AREA	Single Fam. Dwell	Townhouse	Studio	1 Bed. Apts.	2 Bed. Apts.	3 Bed. Apts.	RESIDENTIAL POPULATION	RES. FLOW '@' 280 L/c/d	PEAKING FACTOR	FLOW	AREA	COMMERCIAL @ 50000 L/ha/day	FLOW	ACCUM. AREA	@ 0.28 L/s/ha.	FLOW	LENGIH	DIA.	SLOPE	n = 0.013	CAPACITY
	(ha.)	@ 3.4 ppu	@ 2.7	@ 1.4 ppu	•	@ 2.1 ppu	@ 3.1 ppu	(persons)	(L/s)		(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(ha.)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(L/sec)	(%)
column number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Existing Condition																						
Commercial / Residential Development	0.159	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.01	4.00	0.04	0.0105	0.006	0.01	0.159	0.04	0.09					
Proposed Condition																						
Commercial/ Residential Development	0.159	0	7	3	37	41	0	161	0.52	4.00	2.09	0.021	0.01	0.02	0.159	0.04	2.15	8.5	150	1.0%	15.23	14.12%
Groundwater																	0.35					
																•						
Average Residential Flow	Rate - 280	Litres / ca	pita / day			Infitration A	llowance (	Dry Weathe	er) - 0.05 Litre	es / s / gro	ss ha				Total	Flow	2.50					
Average Daily Flow Commercial - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day Infitration Allowance (Wet Weather) - 0.28 Litres / s / gross ha													Total N	et Flow	2.41							
Average Daily Flow Institutional - 50,000 Litres / gross ha / day Infitration Allowance (Total I/I) - 0.33 Litres / s / gross ha																						
Average Daily Flow Industrial - 35,000 Litres / gross ha / day Peaking Factor = 1 + [1									<sup>.5</sup> )], P=Popula	ation in the	ousands											
Site Area: 0.159 Ha																						
	•		Droparo	d by: Di	mitra Sa	vvaodlou [	2 Eng. M	ΙΛ Sc				_					Drojecti	70 Diohm	and Da	d		



Prepared by: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

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Date: May 2022

Project: 70 Richmond Road

Project: UD18-028

City of Ottawa Sheet 4 OF 4

# **Appendix E**

**Water Data Analysis** 



## WATER DEMAND

#### 70 Richmond Road

File No: UD18-028 Date: May 2022

Prepared by: Dimitra Savvaoglou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc. Reviewed By: Anastasia Tzakopoulou, P.Eng., M.A.Sc.

Note: The levels indicated, reference the floors

with the largest areas (refer to building stats)

## **Fire Flow Calculation**

1 F= 220 C (A)<sup>1/2</sup>

Where F= Fire flow in Lpm

C= construction type coefficient

= 0.6 fire-resistive construction A = total floor area in sq.m. excluding basements

Area Applied

Level 4=  $1031 \text{ m}^2$  100%Level 5=  $1031 \text{ m}^2$  25%Level 3=  $1031 \text{ m}^2$  25%

= 1,547 sq.m. F = 5,191.53 L/min

F = 5,200 L/min Round to nearest 100 l/min

2 Occupancy Reduction

15% reduction for limited combustible occupancy

F = 4420 L/min

3 Sprinkler Reduction

30% Reduction for NFPA Sprinkler System

F = 3094 l/min

4 Separation Charge

Average Commercial Water Demand=

 5% North-West
 30.1m to 45m

 20% South-West
 3.1m to 10m

 5% North-East
 30.1m to 45m

 25% South-East
 0m to 3.0m

55% Total Separation Charge 2431 L/min

F = 5,525.00 L/min 92.08 L/s

F = 1460 US GPM

### **Domestic Flow Calculations**

Population= 161 Persons

Commercial Area = 209.96 m<sup>2</sup>

Average Day Demand (Residential) = 350.0 L/person/day

Average Day Demand (Commercial) = 2.5 L/m²/day (OBC) 1 US Gallon=3.785 L Average Residential Water Demand= 0.65 L/s

10 US GPM

0.01 L/s 0 US GPM

Max. Daily Residential Demand Peaking Factor= 2.5

Max. Daily Commercial Demand Peaking Factor = 1.5

Max. Daily Demand = 1.64 L/s = 26 US GPM

Max. Hourly Residential Demand Peaking Factor = 2.2

Max. Hourly Commercial Demand Peaking Factor = 1.8

Max. Hourly Demand = 3.60 L/s = 57 US GPM

Max Daily Demand = 1.64 L/s Fire Flow = 92.08 L/s

Required 'Design' Flow = 93.72 L/s

1486 US GPM

Note: Required 'Design' Flow is the maximum of either:

1) Fire Flow + Maximum Daily Demand

2) Maximum Hourly Demand

1 US GPM=15.852L/s