

Stormwater Management and Servicing

Report

Block 9 – Apartment Buildings 280 Eric Czapnik Way Ottawa, Ontario

Prepared for:

Landric Homes Inc. 63 Chemin de Montrèal Gatineau, Quebec J8M 1K3

Attention: Mr. Eric Danis

LRL File No.: 200041 Site Plan Control No.: July 17th, 2020

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Survey

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1 INTRODUCTION AND SITE DESCRIPTION

LRL Associates Ltd. was retained by Landric Homes Inc. to complete a Stormwater Management Analysis and Servicing Brief for two proposed four (4) storey residential buildings located at 280 Eric Czapnik Way in Ottawa, Ontario. The property is legally described as Concession 1 Lot 36, City Ward 1 (Orleans) and is zoned R5Z[1363]. The location of the proposed development can be viewed in **Figure 1** below.



Figure 1: Arial View of Proposed Development

The development proposes two new four (4) storey residential buildings consisting of 72 units, sharing a one (1) storey podium and one level of underground parking. The site will also encompass a paved parking area at the rear (south side) of the lot. The proposed development will have a vehicular entrance at the northeast corner of the site from Eric Czapnik Way that leads to the underground parking ramp. Another vehicular entrance leading to paved parking lot at the southeast corner of the site from Vieux-Solo street is also proposed. Refer to a copy of the *Site Plan* included in *Drawings/Figures*.

This report has been prepared in consideration of the terms and conditions noted above and with the civil drawings prepared for the new development. Should there be any changes in the design features, which may relate to the stormwater considerations, LRL Associates Ltd. should be advised to review the report recommendations.

2 EXISTING SITE AND DRAINAGE DESCRIPTION

The subject site measures **0.517 ha** and is currently undeveloped, consisting of grassed area and gravel. Elevations of existing site range between 68.42 at southwest corner to 62.24 at the north side of the site.

Sewer and watermain mapping, along with as-built information collected from the City of Ottawa indicate the following existing infrastructure located within the adjacent right-of-way:

Vieux-Silo Street:

- 203 mm diameter PVC watermain
- 200 mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer
- 450 mm diameter concrete storm sewer

Existing 300 mm diameter storm stub, 200 mm diameter sanitary stub and 150 mm water service stub has been provided to service the site at the northeast corner.

3 SCOPE OF WORK

As per applicable guidelines, the scope of work includes the following:

Stormwater management

- Calculate the allowable stormwater release rate.
- Calculate the anticipated post-development stormwater release rates.
- Demonstrate how the target quantity objectives will be achieved.

Water services

- Calculate the expected water supply demand at average and peak conditions.
- Calculate the required fire flow as per the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) method.
- Confirm the adequacy of water supply and pressure during peak flow and fire flow.
- Describe the proposed water distribution network and connection to the existing system.

Sanitary services

- Describe the existing sanitary sewers available to receive wastewater from the building.
- Calculate peak flow rates from the development.
- Describe the proposed sanitary sewer system.
- Review impact of increased sanitary flow on downstream sanitary sewer.

4 **REGULATORY APPROVALS**

An MECP Environmental Compliance Approval is not expected to be required for installation of the proposed storm and sanitary sewers within the site. A Permit to Take Water is not anticipated to be required for pumping requirements for sewer installation. The Rideau Valley Conservation Authority will need to be consulted in order to obtain municipal approval for site development. No other approval requirements from other regulatory agencies are anticipated.

5 WATER SUPPLY AND FIRE PROTECTION

5.1 Existing Water Supply Services and Fire Hydrant Coverage

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa 1E water distribution network pressure zone. The subject property is located to the west of an existing 200 mm dia. watermain along Vieux-Silo Street. A 150 mm water service stub extends to the subject property line. There are currently two existing fire hydrants near the property within 150m from proposed building entrances. Refer to *Appendix B* for the location of fire hydrants.

5.2 Water Supply Servicing Design

The subject property is proposed to be serviced via a 200 mm diameter service lateral connected to the 200 mm watermain located within Vieux-Silo Street at the southeast corner of the site. Refer to Site Servicing Plan C.401 in *Appendix E* for servicing layout.

Table 1 summarizes the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines design parameters employed in the preparation of the water demand estimate.

| Design Parameter | Value |
|--|---|
| Residential Bachelor / 1 Bedroom Apartment | 1.4 P/unit |
| Residential 2 Bedroom Apartment | 2.1 P/unit |
| Average Daily Demand | 280 L/d/per |
| Minimum Depth of Cover | 2.4 m from top of watermain to finished grade |
| Desired operating pressure range during normal | 350 kPa and 480 kPa |
| operating conditions | |
| During normal operating conditions pressure must | 275 kPa |
| not drop below | |
| During normal operating conditions pressure shall | 552 kPa |
| not exceed | |
| During fire flow operating conditions pressure must | 140 kPa |
| not drop below | |
| *Table updated to reflect technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-02 | |

The interior layout and architectural floor plans have been reviewed, and it was determined that the building will house 36 studio/1-bedroom apartments, and 36 2-bedroom apartments. Based on the City of Ottawa Design guidelines for population projection, this translates to approximately 126 residents. Table 2 below summarizes the proposed development as interpreted using table 4.1 of the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.

| Table 2: Development Residential | Population Estimate |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
|----------------------------------|---------------------|

| Proposed Unit type | Persons Per Unit | Number of Units | Population |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| Studio/1 Bedroom | 1.4 | 36 | 50.4 |
| 2 Bedroom Apartment | 2.1 | 36 | 75.6 |
| | | Total Residential Population | 126.0 |

The required water supply requirements for the residential units in proposed building have been calculated using the following formula:

Where:

$$Q = (q \times P \times M)$$

q = average water consumption (L/capita/day)

P = design population (capita)

M = Peak factor

Using a calculated Maximum Day Factor and Peak Hour factor of 5.2 and 7.8 respectively as per Table 3-3 in the *MOE Design Guidelines*, anticipated demands were calculated as follows:

- > Average daily domestic water demand is **0.41** L/s,
- > Maximum daily demand is **2.12** L/s, and
- > Maximum hourly is **16.58** L/s.

The City of Ottawa was contacted to obtain boundary conditions associated with the estimated water demand, as indicated in the boundary request correspondence included in *Appendix B*. Table 3 below summarizes boundary conditions for the proposed development.

| Design Parameter | Anticipated Demand | Boundary Conditions @ St. Joseph Boulevard | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|----------------|--|--|--|
| | (L/min) | Connection 1* | Connection 2** | | | |
| | | (m H2O / kPa) | (m H2O / kPa) | | | |
| Average Daily Demand | 25.0 | 114.0 / 390.9 | 114.0 / 468.8 | | | |
| Max Day + Fire Flow (per FUS) | 127.0 + 20,000 | 93.7 / 192.4 | 91.1 / 244.1 | | | |
| Peak Hour | 995.0 | 107.3 / 325.4 | 107.3 / 403.3 | | | |
| *Connection 1 assumed Ground elevation = 74.1 m. | | | | | | |
| **Connection 2 assumes ground elevation = 66.1 m. | | | | | | |
| Water demand calculation per City of Ottawa Water Design guidelines. See Appendix B for details. | | | | | | |

 Table 3: Summary of Boundary Conditions

As indicated in Table 3, pressures in all scenarios meet the required pressure range stated in Table 1 as per City of Ottawa Design Guidelines. Refer to *Appendix B* for Boundary Conditions.

The estimated fire flow for the proposed buildings was calculated in accordance with *ISTB-2018-02*. The following parameters were provided by the Architect, see **Appendix A** for collaborating correspondence:

- Type of construction Wood Frame Construction;
- Occupancy type Limited Combustibility; and
- Sprinkler Protection Automatic Sprinkler System.

The estimated fire flow demand was estimated to be 20,000 L/min, see Appendix B for details.

A new fire hydrant is proposed in the paved parking lot within 45 m from the entrance of both buildings. Additionally, there are existing fire hydrants in close proximity to the proposed buildings that are available to provide the required fire flow demands of 200,000 L/min. Refer to Appendix B for fire hydrant locations.

Table 4 below summarizes the aggregate fire flow of the contributing hydrants in close proximity to the proposed development based on Table 18.5.4.3 of *ISTB-2018-02*.

| Building | Fire Flow | Fire | Fire | Fire | Available |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Demand | Hydrants(s) | Hydrant(s) | Hydrant(s) | Combined Fire |
| | (L/min) | within 75m | within 150m | within 300m | Flow (L/min) |
| Proposed 4 Story Development | 20,000 | 1 | 3 | 2 | (1 x 5678) + (3 x 3785) + (2 x 2839) = 22,711 |

Table 4: Fire Protection Summary Table

The total available fire flow from contributing hydrants is equal to 22,711 L/min which is sufficient to provide adequate fire flow for the proposed development. A certified fire protection system specialist will need to be employed to design the building's fire suppression system and confirm the actual fire flow demand.

The proposed water supply design conforms to all relevant City Guidelines and Policies.

6 SANITARY SERVICE

6.1 Existing Sanitary Sewer Services

There is an existing 200 mm dia. sanitary sewer service stub extending to the property line from Vieux-Silo Street at the northeast corner of the subject site. The wastewater is ultimately conveyed to the Gloucester Cumberland Collector trunk sewer.

Wastewater flows from the existing site was contemplated in the Serviceability and Stormwater management Report for the Orleans Town Centre East Lands (OTCEL Report) prepared by

Novatech, dated rev June 9, 2011. A total wet wastewater flow of **1.07 L/s** was contemplated from the site, for refer to existing sanitary design sheet in Appendix C.

The post development total flow was calculated to be is **1.78 L/s** as a result of proposed residential population and a small portion of infiltration. Refer to Appendix C for further information on the calculated sanitary flows. The post development conditions increase contemplated wastewater flow by approximately **0.71 L/s** as a result of additional residential population from predevelopment conditions. Based on design sheet extracted from *OTCEL Report,* the most restrictive section of the local downstream sewer system has a residual capacity of **26.8 L/s**. Therefore, it is anticipated that the existing local sewer network has sufficient capacity to accommodate the proposed development.

6.2 Sanitary Sewer Servicing Design

The proposed development will be serviced via a network of 200 mm dia. sanitary sewers which will connect to the existing 200mm dia. sanitary service stub extending to the subject site's property line at the northeast corner. Refer to LRL drawing C.401 for the proposed sanitary servicing.

The parameters used to calculate the anticipated sanitary flows are:; residential average population per unit of 1.4 person for single units and 2.1 persons for double units, a residential daily demand of 280 L/p/day, a residential peaking factor of 4.0 and an infiltration rate of 0.28 L/s/ha. Based on these parameters and the total site area of 0.517 ha, the total anticipated sanitary flow was estimated to **1.78 L/s**. Refer to *Appendix C* for the site sanitary sewer design sheet.

7 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

7.1 Existing Stormwater Infrastructure

The subject property lies within the Ottawa River East sub-watershed. There is an existing 300 mm diameter storm sewer stub extending to the property line at the northwest corner of the site from Vieux-Silo Street. The storm sewer will ultimately convey stormwater to the 1200 mm dia. trunk sewer located east of Tenth Line Road.

In pre-development conditions, the stormwater runoff would flow uncontrolled overland to north of the site towards Queensway right-of-way. Refer to *Appendix D* for pre- and post-development watershed information.

7.2 Design Criteria

The stormwater management criteria for this development are based on the *OTCEL Report* prepared by Novatech as well as pre consultation with City of Ottawa officials, the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines including City of Ottawa Stormwater Management Design Guidelines, 2012 (City standards), as well as the Ministry of the Environment's Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, 2003 (SWMP Manual).

7.2.1 Water Quality

The subject property lies within the Ottawa River East sub-watershed and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). It was determined that a treatment level of 80% TSS removal would be required for all contaminated stormwater runoff from the proposed development. Correspondence with RVCA is included in Appendix A.

A Stormceptor model EF04 Oil/Grit Separator (OGS) is proposed downstream of STM MH05 to provide the required 80% TSS removal level of treatment from collected runoff. Refer to Appendix D for details on OGS.

7.2.2 Water Quantity

The allowable release rate for the site has been contemplated in the OTCEL Report and was determined to be 127 L/s/ha. Refer to *Stormwater Criteria for Future Development Blocks Plan* by Novatech in **Appendix D**.

The allowable release rate for the subject site was calculated to be **65.72 L/s** (127 L/s/ha x 0.517 ha = 65.72 L/s).

7.3 Method of Analysis

The Modified Rational Method has been used to calculate the runoff rate from the site to quantify the detention storage required for quantity control of the development. Refer to Appendix D for storage calculations.

7.4 Proposed Stormwater Quantity Controls

The proposed stormwater management quantity control for this development will be accomplished using a flow restrictor in the storm sewer, as well as roof drains restricting the flow leaving the rooftop. Ponding required as a result of quantity control will be accomplished through a combination of rooftop storage and surface storage in the parking lot.

A network of 250 mm storm diameter sewers is proposed to service the site and outlet to the existing 300 mm diameter storms ewer stub at the northwest corner of the site. The proposed site storm sewer and stormwater management system are shown on drawing C.401 and detailed calculations, including the design sheet, can be found in *Appendix D*.

The existing site is delineated by catchments EWS-01 which currently drains uncontrolled towards the front of the property.

The site has been analyzed and post development watersheds have been allocated. Watershed WS-01 (0.136ha), consisting of grass and pavers, will flow uncontrolled. The water will be conveyed to the Queensway right-of-way, as per the grading plan, and will be captured by the existing roadside ditch.

Overland flow within watershed WS-03 (0.086ha) will be captured by CBMH02. Overland flow within WS-04 (0.088ha) will be captured by CBMH01. An IPEX Tempest LMF 75mm diameter

ICD is proposed at CBMH01 to restricted collected runoff. Grading proposed will provide positive overland drainage to the proposed storm water control systems.

Overland water from the roof, delineated by Watershed WS-02 (0.208ha), will be captured by the proposed roof drainage. Stormwater captured on the rooftop will be controlled by the roof drains, and conveyed to the storm sewer network, downstream of the ICD.

Table 5 below summarizes post-development drainage areas. Calculations can be seen in *Appendix D.*

| Drainage Area Name | Area | Weighted Runoff Coefficient | 100 Year Weighted Runoff Coefficient (25% increase) |
|----------------------|-------|--------------------------------|---|
| WS-01 (uncontrolled) | 0.136 | 0.32 | 0.40 |
| WS-02 (controlled) | 0.208 | 0.90 | 1.0 |
| WS-03 (controlled) | 0.086 | 0.46 | 0.58 |
| WS-04 (controlled) | 0.088 | 0.75 | 0.94 |

Table 5: Drainage Areas

Rooftop detention of stormwater is provided with outlet control through ten (10) proposed roof drains. The buildings' rooftop along with the rooftop of the one-storey podium was analysed divided into ponding areas. A total of ten (10) roof drains, each of which is restricting the discharge rate to 2.8 L/s, resulting in a total release rate from the roof of 28.0 L/s. The roof drain flow control device has been selected to provide a flow rate of 2.8 L/s at a maximum flow depth of 0.15 m. Proposed roof drain to be Murphco Ultra Copper Drain with four (4) holes moulded control flow dome strainer. See Appendix D for more information about the selected roof drain and flow restrictor.

The total available roof storage (m^3) has been calculated using the following formula:

$$V = \left(\frac{D_{Sl} * A_{Eff}}{3}\right)$$

Where:

V = available (provided) rooftop storage (m^3) D_{Sl} = slope ponding depth (m) A_{Eff} = effective roof area (m^2)

Based on the equation above, it was calculated that 83.12 m^3 of rooftop storage is available in the 100-year event. For additional details on the calculations for available area of rooftop storage, refer to *Appendix D*.

All overland water captured will ultimately be conveyed, via underground storm sewers, to the City storm sewer running along Eric Czapnik Way at a maximum release rate of 65.72 L/s (calculated flow).

Table 6 below summarize the release rates and storage volumes required to meet the allowable release rate of 65.72 L/s for 100-year flow rates.

| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 100-year Release Rate (L/s) | 100-Year Required Storage (m ³) | Total Available Storage (m ³) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| WS-01 (Un-controlled) | 0.152 | 29.16 | 0 | 0 |
| WS-02 (Roof Controls) | 0.208 | 28.00 | 49.63 | 83.12 |
| WS-03 & WS-04 | 0.157 | 8.56 | 44.47 | 58.31 |
| TOTAL | 0.517 | 65.72 | 94.10 | 141.43 |

It is calculated that a total of **94.10m**³ of storage will be required to attenuate flows to the allowable release rate of **65.72 L/s**. The project runoff exceeding the allowable release rate will be stored on-site via surficial ponding and the building rooftop. The 100-year maximum ponding elevation and depths can be found on drawing "C601 – Stormwater Management Plan" of *Appendix E*.

8 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

During construction, erosion and sediment controls will be provided primarily via a sediment control fence to be erected along the perimeter of the site where runoff has the potential of leaving the site. Inlet sediment control devices are also to be provided in any catch basin and/or manholes in and around the site that may be impacted by the site construction. Construction and maintenance requirements for erosion and sediment controls are to comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specification OPSS 577. Refer to LRL Associates drawing C.101 for erosion and sediment control details.

9 CONCLUSION

This Stormwater Management and Servicing Report for the development proposed at 280 Eric Czapnik Way presents the rationale and details for the servicing requirements for the subject property.

In accordance with the report objectives, the servicing requirements for the development are summarized below:

Water Service

- The anticipated maximum domestic hourly water demand of the proposed development based on proposed population is 5.09 L/s.
- The maximum required fire flow was calculated at 20,000.0 L/min using the FUS method.
- There is one (1) proposed fire hydrant and five (5) existing fire hydrants available to service the proposed development. They will provide a combined fire flow of 22,711 L/min to the site.
- The new development/expansion will be serviced with a new 200 mmΦ watermain connected to the existing 200mmΦ watermain on Vieux-Silo Street.

Sanitary Service

- The anticipated sanitary flow from the proposed development is 1.78 L/s.
- The proposed development will be serviced by a network of 250 mm sanitary sewers that connect to the existing 200mm dia. sanitary stub extended into the site property.

Stormwater Management

- Stormwater quality control requirements of 80% TSS removal will be met via the use of Oil/Grit Separator.
- The storm water release rates from the proposed development will meet contemplated allowable release rate of 65.72 L/s.
- Stormwater quantity control objectives will be met through on-site storm water ponding on the roof and surface parking lot.

10 REPORT CONDITIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The report conclusions are applicable only to this specific project described in the preceding pages. Any changes, modifications or additions will require a subsequent review by LRL Associates Ltd. to ensure the compatibility with the recommendations contained in this document. If you have any questions or comments, please contact the undersigned.

Prepared by: LRL Associates Ltd.



Mohan Basnet, P. Eng. Civil Engineer

Amr Salem Civil Designer

APPENDIX A

Pre-consultation / Correspondence

Mohan Basnet

| From: | Paul Robinson <probinson@probinsonconsulting.com></probinson@probinsonconsulting.com> |
|--------------|---|
| Sent: | April 6, 2020 5:55 PM |
| То: | Virginia Johnson; Toon Dreessen; Eric Danis; David Lashley |
| Subject: | Fwd: Pre-con Follow-up - 280 Eric Czapnik Way |
| Attachments: | MFP3822320262520200228104707_E4958ED9.pdf |

Hello all..as a follow up to our conference call today, attached are the City notes after we had the pre consult a while ago.

The engineering comments come from Will Curry.

Not sure who the 'Environmental' comments come from. Landscaping requirements wasn't discussed much at the meeting.

Regards

Paul

Paul Robinson, RPP P H Robinson Consulting 100 Palomino Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1N3 613 599 9216 (cell)

------ Forwarded message ------From: **Belan, Steve** <<u>Steve.Belan@ottawa.ca</u>> Date: Fri, 28 Feb 2020 at 10:53 Subject: Pre-con Follow-up - 280 Eric Czapnik Way To: Paul Robinson <<u>probinson@probinsonconsulting.com</u>>

Hello Paul,

Please refer to the below regarding the Pre-Application Consultation (pre-con) Meeting held on February 24, 2020 for the property at 280 Eric Czapnik Way for a Site Plan Control application in order to allow the development of two 4-storey apartment buildings with 44 units each over 1 level of underground parking. I have also attached the required Plans & Study List for application submission.

Below or attached are staff's preliminary comments based on the information available at the time of pre-con meeting:

Planning

o Mixed use area, part of the Cumberland Town Centre

• Property is zoned R5Z [1363]

Committee of Adjustment / variances required to address the maximum density permitted in exception
 1363 if you have questions you should contact Lucy Ramirez, ext. 23808

• My main concerns are making this fit into the neighourhood so despite the parking requirement in the Z subzone I would insist that parking spaces and unit counts be at a 1 to 1 ratio. Garbage would need to be internal and remove with a private contractor. Amenity space should be usable and protected from highway noise.

<u>Urban Design</u>

o Urban Design Review

The site is located within a Design Priority Area. However, the current development proposal is exempted from the UDRP review because of the proposed maximum height (4 storeys).

o Urban Design Observations

- Explore alternative development and massing options, including (but not limited to):
- a one-building option that has the main entrance facing public street (rather than two separate entrances facing parking lot);
- two buildings connected by a shared lobby
- The design should support pedestrian connectivity from the site to the rest of the community. If the main entrance is not located on the public street, it should be highly visible from the street and connected to the street through a dedicated pedestrian walkway. There may also be opportunities to connect this dedicated walkway with the pathways in the adjacent City parks.
- Urban design has concerns about the micro climate conditions of the exterior amenity space between the two buildings.
- The east façade should be articulated to be an attractive front face of the development.
- Appropriate landscaping design and maintenance are required to mitigate the visual impacts of the exposed blank wall of the basement (parking structure) along the highway.

Engineering

o Required Plans and Reports:

Site Plan

Topographical Plan of Survey Plan with a published Bench Mark

Grading & Drainage Plan

General Plan of Services

Erosion & Sediment Control Plan

Design Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Catchment Plans

Geotechnical Report

Lighting Plan or and Memo

Noise Study, Stationary

Water Data Card completed with 1st submission

o Design Criteria

Coordinate with the RVCA

Coordinate with Hydro

Municipal addressing

o Pre to post

Post C of .5

Pre tc 15; post tc 10

Onsite, design for 2-year pipe minimum, 5-year pipe and store up to 100-year on site.

Permissible ponding of 350mm for 100-year

At 100-year ponding elevation you must spill to City ROW

Spill elevation must be 300mm lower than any building opening (includes ramps).

ECA will be required-to be discussed with City PM further if need be.

o Minimum Drawing and File Requirements- All Plans

Plans are to be submitted on standard A1 size (594mm x 841mm) sheets, utilizing an appropriate Metric scale (1:200, 1:250, 1:300, 1:400, or 1:500).

With all submitted hard copies provide individual PDF of the DWGs and for reports please provide one PDF file of the reports. All PDF documents are to be unlocked and flattened.

Feel free to contact Infrastructure Project Manager, Will Curry, at 16214, for follow-up questions.

Transportation

• TIA scoping form submitted, no further traffic information required.

• Noise report to address traffic noise form Highway 174 and any stationary noise created by the buildings mechanical systems.

Feel free to contact Transportation Project Manager, Mike Giampa, at ext. 23657, for follow-up questions.

Environmental

 $\,\circ\,$ Tree preservation / distinctive trees should be assessed and shown in the Tree Conservation Report and Landscape Plan

Parkland

o Parkland dedication has already been taken /Cash-in-lieu of parkland will not be required

Conservation Authority

- The Conservation Authority will comment on the following
 - Stormwater runoff quality criteria
 - Area specific stormwater runoff criteria

<u>Other</u>

• You are encouraged to contact the Ward Councillor, Councillor Luloff, about the proposal.

Please refer to the links to "<u>Guide to preparing studies and plans</u>" and <u>fees</u> for further information. Additional information is available related to <u>building permits</u>, <u>development charges</u>, and the <u>Accessibility Design Standards</u>. Be aware that other fees and permits may be required, outside of the development review process. You may obtain background drawings by contacting informationcentre@ottawa.ca.

These pre-con comments are valid for one year. If you submit a development application(s) after this time, you may be required to meet for another pre-consultation meeting and/or the submission requirements may change. You are as well encouraged to contact us for a follow-up meeting if the plan/concept will be further refined.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

Regards,

Steve Belan

Steve Belan, MCIP, RPP

Planner Planning Services, Development Review Services

Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development

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Amr Salem

| From: | Toon Dreessen <tdreessen@architectsdca.com></tdreessen@architectsdca.com> |
|--------------|---|
| Sent: | July 3, 2020 11:21 AM |
| То: | Amr Salem |
| Cc: | Maxime Longtin; Mohan Basnet; Derek Ruddy |
| Subject: | RE: Block 9 , 280 Eric Czapnik Way - Fire Flow Calcs |
| Attachments: | 2020-06-29_3206_Hillside_SPA_Markup_TD.pdf |

Here you go.

My count is that each block has

Ground: Three – 2 bed units Five – 1 bed units with den One - bachelor unit

Second - third - fourth floor each have

Five – 2 bed units Three – 1 bed with den One – 1 bed

Regards, **Toon Dreessen, Architect, OAA, FRAIC, AIA, LEED AP** President **Architects DCA** 1350 Wellington Street West, Ottawa, ON K1Y 3C1 tel: 613-725-2294 ext.241 email: <u>tdreessen@architectsDCA.com</u>

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From: Amr Salem <asalem@lrl.ca>
Sent: Friday, July 3, 2020 11:08 AM
To: Toon Dreessen <tdreessen@architectsDCA.com>
Cc: Maxime Longtin <mlongtin@lrl.ca>; Mohan Basnet <mbasnet@lrl.ca>; Derek Ruddy <druddy@architectsDCA.com>
Subject: RE: Block 9 , 280 Eric Czapnik Way - Fire Flow Calcs

Good morning Toon,

Thanks for your answers below. Could you please help clarify a few questions in the markup attached?

Can you also please confirm unit count; I counted a total of 36 2-bdrm units and 36 1-bdrm/bachelor.



Thank you,

Amr Salem Civil Designer LRL Associates Ltd. 5430 Canotek Road Ottawa, Ontario K1J 9G2 T (613) 842-3434 or (877) 632-5664 ext 248 F (613) 842-4338

E <u>asalem@lrl.ca</u> W <u>www.lrl.ca</u>

We care deeply, so let us know how we did by completing our <u>Customer Satisfaction Survey</u>. Nous nous soucions profondément de votre opinion, nous vous invitons donc à nous faire savoir si nous avons satisfait vos attentes en remplissant notre <u>sondage sur la satisfaction de la clientèle</u>.



From: Toon Dreessen <<u>tdreessen@architectsDCA.com</u>>
Sent: June 30, 2020 11:23 AM
To: Amr Salem <<u>asalem@lrl.ca</u>>
Cc: Maxime Longtin <<u>mlongtin@lrl.ca</u>>; Mohan Basnet <<u>mbasnet@lrl.ca</u>>; Derek Ruddy <<u>druddy@architectsDCA.com</u>>
Subject: RE: Block 9 , 280 Eric Czapnik Way - Fire Flow Calcs

Hello

- 1. The gross building area is indicated on the site plan at 902.9 sq m; over four floors, this would be 3,612 sq m per building plus parking garage and common area. Do you need those figures?
- 2. Both buildings are sprinklered. Please ask mechanical what kind of system.
- 3. The building is a wood frame structure with a mixture of brick and metal siding

Regards, **Toon Dreessen, Architect, OAA, FRAIC, AIA, LEED AP** President **Architects DCA** 1350 Wellington Street West, Ottawa, ON K1Y 3C1 tel: 613-725-2294 ext.241 email: tdreessen@architectsDCA.com **NOTE:** If you have received this communication in error, please notify the sender immediately by replying to this email and delete the copy you received.

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From: Amr Salem <<u>asalem@lrl.ca</u>>
Sent: Tuesday, June 30, 2020 11:14 AM
To: Toon Dreessen <<u>tdreessen@architectsDCA.com</u>>
Cc: Maxime Longtin <<u>mlongtin@lrl.ca</u>>; Mohan Basnet <<u>mbasnet@lrl.ca</u>>
Subject: Block 9 , 280 Eric Czapnik Way - Fire Flow Calcs
Importance: High

Good morning Toon,

Were' hoping to get the following information today to help us finalize our fireflow demand calculations for the proposed development;

- Can you please confirm the total floor area for each building?
- Can you confirm if sprinklers are proposed for both buildings? If yes, please specify if sprinkler system is *fully supervised*, *automatic*, or *standard*?
- Kindly provide the **ISO class** for each building as per ISO Guide sections 1, 2 and 3. I have included a brief summary of ISO Guide (review chapter 2 for construction types) as well as the section from the City's technical bulletin. Note that ISO refers only to fire-resistive for fire ratings not less than 1-hour.

- A. Determine the type of construction.
 - Coefficient C in the FUS method is equivalent to coefficient F in the ISO method:

| FUS type of construction | ISO class of construction | Coefficient C | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Fire-resistive construction | Class 6 (fire resistive) | 0.6 | |
| | Class 5 (modified fire resistive) | 0.6 | |
| Non-combustible construction | Class 4 (masonry non-combustible) | 0.8 | |
| | Class 3 (non-combustible) | 0.8 | |
| Ordinary construction | Class 2 (joisted masonry) | 1.0 | |
| Wood frame construction | Class 1 (frame) | 1.5 | |

Correspondence between FUS and ISO construction coefficients

However, the FUS definition of fire-resistive construction is more restrictive than those of ISO construction classes 5 and 6 (modified fire resistive and fire resistive). FUS requires structural members and floors in buildings of fire-resistive construction to have a fire-resistance rating of 3 hours or longer.

- With the exception of fire-resistive construction that is defined differently by FUS and ISO, practitioners can refer to the definitions of the ISO construction classes (and the supporting definitions of the types of materials and assemblies that make up the ISO construction classes) found in the current ISO guide [4] (see Annex i) to help select coefficient *C*.
- To identify the most appropriate type of construction for buildings of mixed construction, the rules included in the current ISO guide [4] can be followed (see Annex i). For a building to be assigned a given classification, the rules require ¾ (67%) or more of the total wall area and ¾ (67%) or more of the total floor and roof area of the building to be constructed according to the given construction class or a higher class.
- New residential developments (less than 4 storeys) are predominantly of wood frame construction (C = 1.5) or ordinary construction (C = 1.0) if exterior walls are of brick or masonry. Residential buildings with exterior walls of brick or masonry veneer and those with less than % (67%) of their exterior walls made of brick or masonry are considered wood frame construction (C = 1.5).

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Thank you,



Amr Salem Civil Designer LRL Associates Ltd.

LRL Associates Ltd. 5430 Canotek Road Ottawa, Ontario K1J 9G2 T (613) 842-3434 or (877) 632-5664 ext 248 F (613) 842-4338 E <u>asalem@lrl.ca</u> W www.lrl.ca

We care deeply, so let us know how we did by completing our <u>Customer Satisfaction Survey</u>. Nous nous soucions profondément de votre opinion, nous vous invitons donc à nous faire savoir

Amr Salem

| From: | Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca></jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca> |
|-----------------|---|
| Sent: | July 9, 2020 11:37 AM |
| To: | Amr Salem |
| Subject: | RE: 280 Eric Czapnik Way Development - Quality Controls |
| Follow Up Flag: | Follow up |
| Flag Status: | Flagged |

Good Morning Amr,

Based on the distance of the outlet to Taylor's Creek, the water quality objective is 80% TSS removal. All quantity controls would be at the discretion of the City if it is outletting to the municipal storm sewer.

Jamie Batchelor, MCIP, RPP Planner, ext. 1191 Jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca



3889 Rideau Valley Drive PO Box 599, Manotick ON K4M 1A5 T 613-692-3571 | 1-800-267-3504 F 613-692-0831 | www.rvca.ca

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From: Amr Salem <asalem@lrl.ca> Sent: Monday, July 6, 2020 11:41 AM To: Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca> Subject: RE: 280 Eric Czapnik Way Development - Quality Controls

Hello Jamie,

Just following up on my e-mail below. Can you please advise?



Thank you,

Amr Salem

Civil Designer LRL Associates Ltd. 5430 Canotek Road

Ottawa, Ontario K1J 9G2

T (613) 842-3434 or (877) 632-5664 ext 248 F (613) 842-4338 We care deeply, so let us know how we did by completing our <u>Customer Satisfaction Survey</u>. Nous nous soucions profondément de votre opinion, nous vous invitons donc à nous faire savoir si nous avons satisfait vos attentes en remplissant notre <u>sondage sur la satisfaction de la clientèle</u>



From: Amr Salem Sent: June 29, 2020 12:12 PM To: Jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca Cc: Maxime Longtin <<u>mlongtin@lrl.ca</u>> Subject: 280 Eric Czapnik Way Development - Quality Controls

Good morning Jamie,

I wanted to consult with you regarding a residential development we are working on located at 280 Eric Czapnik Way.

Existing runoff from the site drains into municipal sewer along Eric Czapnik Way and travels approx. 650m before discharging into Taylor Creek. Runoff travels a further 1.5kms approx. before outlet at the Ottawa River.

The development proposed one 3-storey and one 4-storey building, sharing underground parking, and a paved surface parking lot providing 26 surface parking spots. The site will be landscape with stormwater coming primarily from rooftop and paved surface parking lot.

Existing site area is undeveloped and consists of gravel and grassed area.

Please provide your input about quality controls that may be required for this site.



Thank you,



Amr Salem Civil Designer LRL Associates Ltd. 5430 Canotek Road Ottawa, Ontario K1J 9G2 T (613) 842-3434 or (877) 632-5664 ext 248 F (613) 842-4338 E asalem@Irl.ca

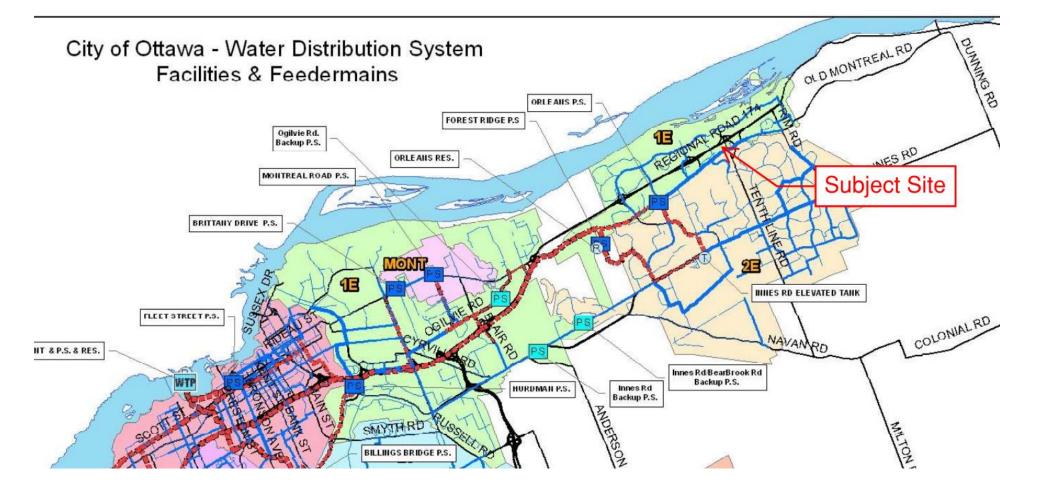
W www.lrl.ca

We care deeply, so let us know how we did by completing our <u>Customer Satisfaction Survey</u>. Nous nous soucions profondément de votre opinion, nous vous invitons donc à nous faire savoir si nous avons satisfait vos attentes en remplissant notre <u>sondage sur la satisfaction de la clientèle</u>



APPENDIX B

Water Supply Calculations





Water Supply Calculations

| LRL File No. | 200041 |
|--------------|--------------|
| Date | July 3, 2020 |
| Prepared by | Amr Salem |

Residential Demand based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines-Water Distribution, 2010

| Unit Type | Persons Per Unit | Number of Units | Population |] |
|--|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| 1 Bedroom Apartment | 1.4 | 36 | 50.4 | |
| 2 Bedroom Apartment | 2.1 | 36 | 75.6 | |
| | Total | 72 | 126.0 | |
| Average Water Consumption Rate Average Day Demand | 35,280 | | 0.41 | L/s |
| Maximum Day Factor | 5.2 | | (MOE Table 3 | , |
| Maximum Daily Demand | 183,598 | L/d | 2.12 | L/s |
| Peak Hour Factor | 7.8 | | (MOE Table 3 | s-3) |
| Maximum Hour Demand | 1,432,316 | L/d | 16.58 | L/s |



Fire Flow Calculations

| 200041 | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| July 3, 2020 | | |
| Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) | | |
| Amr Salem | | |
| | | |

| Step | Task | Term | Options | Multiplier | Choose: V | Value | Unit | Fire Flow |
|---|------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|-----------|
| | Structural Framing Material | | | | | | | |
| | | | Wood Frame | 1.5 | Wood Frame 1.5 | | | |
| | Choose frame used for | Coefficient C | Ordinary Construction | 1.0 | | | | |
| 1 | building | related to the type of | Non-combustible construction | 0.8 | | 1.5 | | |
| | | construction | Fire resistive construction <2 hrs | 0.7 | | | | |
| | | | Fire resistive construction >2 hrs | 0.6 | | | | |
| | | | Floor Space Area | (A) | | | | |
| 2 | | | Total area | | 7 | 7,480 | m ² | |
| 3 | Obtain fire flow before reductions | Required fire flow | Fire F | -low = 220 x C | x A ^{0.5} | | L/min | 28,541 |
| | <u></u> | | Reductions or surcharge due to fact | ors affecting b | ourning | | | |
| | | | Non-combustible | -25% | | | | |
| | | e combustibility Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge | Limited combustible | -15% | 1 | -15% L/ | | |
| 4 | | | Combustible | 0% | Limited combustible - | | L/min | 24,260 |
| | | | Free burning | 15% | 7 | | | |
| | | | Rapid burning | 25% | | | | |
| | | | Full automatic sprinklers | -30% | True - | -30% | | |
| 5 | Choose reduction for sprinklers | Sprinkler reduction | Water supply is standard for both the system and fire department hose lines | -10% | False 0 | 0 | L/min | 16,982 |
| | | | Fully supervised system | -10% | False | 0 | | |
| | | | North side | >30m | 0% | | | |
| 6 | Choose separation | Exposure distance | East side | 10.1 to 20m | 15% | | L/min | 19,529 |
| | | between units | South side | >30m | 0% | | L/111111 | 13,323 |
| | | | West side | >30m | 0% | 15% | | |
| | Net required fire flow | | | | | | | |
| - Obtain fire flow, Minimum required fire flow rate (rounded to nearest 1000) | | | est 1000) | L/min | 20,000 | | | |
| 7 duration, and volume Minimum required fire flow rate | | | flow rate | L/s | 333.3 | | | |
| Required duration of fire flow | | | fire flow | hr | 4.5 | | | |

Amr Salem

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Attachments: Mashaie, Sara <sara.mashaie@ottawa.ca> July 17, 2020 4:31 PM Amr Salem Curry, William 280 Eric Czapnik Way - Boundary Conditions 280 Eric Czapnik Way_Boundary Conditions_17July2020.docx

Hi Amr,

On behalf of Will Curry, who is currently away on holidays, please find attached the requested boundary conditions for 280 Eric Czapnik Way, with the following note provided from our water modeling team:

We provided BCs along St Joseph Boulevard in the event of future changes in servicing locations. The engineer must model the existing looped watermain on Eric Czapnik Way and Vieux-Silo Rue.

Regards,

ı.

Sara Mashaie, P.Eng., ing.
Project Manager | Gestionnaire de Projet
Development Review, East Branch | Examen des projets d'aménagement, Secteur est
Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department | Services de la planification, de l'infrastructure et du développement économique
City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa
110 Laurier Avenue West. Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1
613.580.2424 ext./poste 27885, sara.mashaie@ottawa.ca

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Boundary Conditions 280 Eric Czapnik Way

Provided Information

| Comparia. | Demand | | |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--|
| Scenario | L/min | L/s | |
| Average Daily Demand | 25 | 0.41 | |
| Maximum Daily Demand | 127 | 2.12 | |
| Peak Hour | 995 | 16.58 | |
| Fire Flow Demand #1 | 20,000 | 333.33 | |

Location



<u>Results</u>

Connection 1 – St. Joseph Boulevard

| Demand Scenario | Head (m) | Pressure ¹ (psi) |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Maximum HGL | 114.0 | 56.7 |
| Peak Hour | 107.3 | 47.2 |
| Max Day plus Fire 1 | 93.7 | 27.9 |

¹ Ground Elevation = 74.1 m

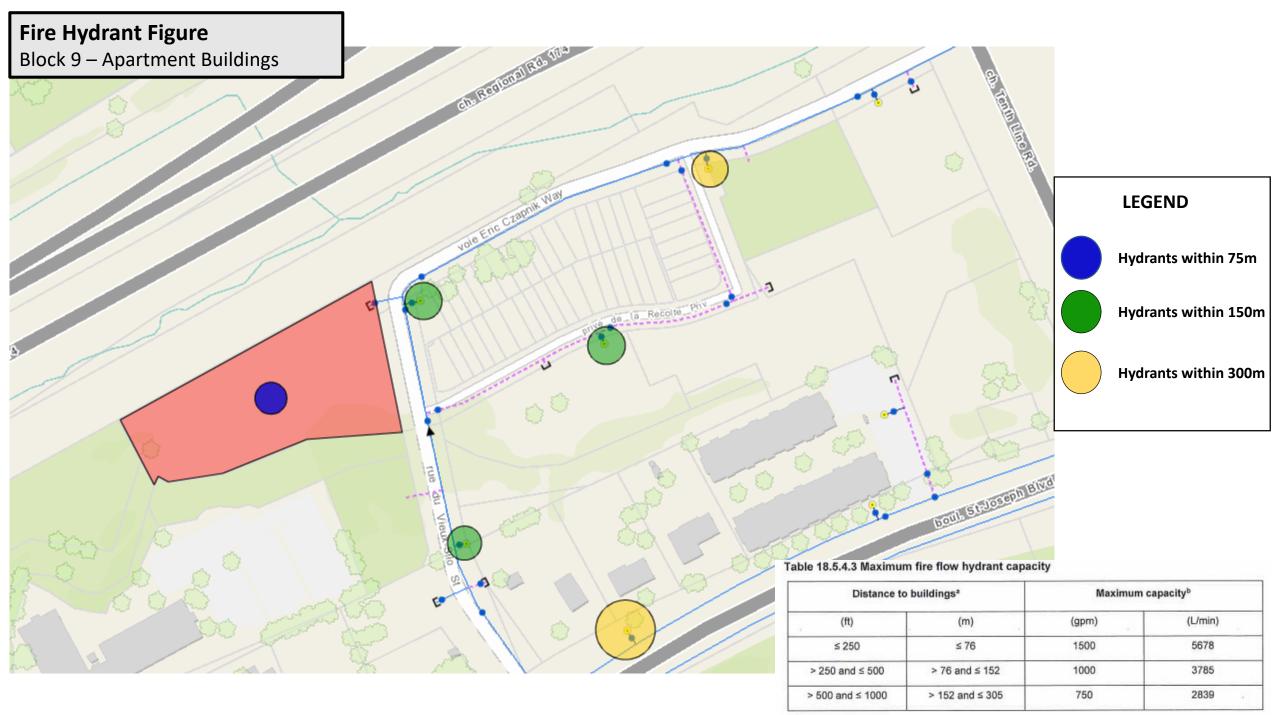
Connection 2 – St. Joseph Boulevard

| Demand Scenario | Head (m) | Pressure ¹ (psi) |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| Maximum HGL | 114.0 | 68.0 |
| Peak Hour | 107.3 | 58.5 |
| Max Day plus Fire 1 | 91.1 | 35.4 |

¹ Ground Elevation = 66.1 m

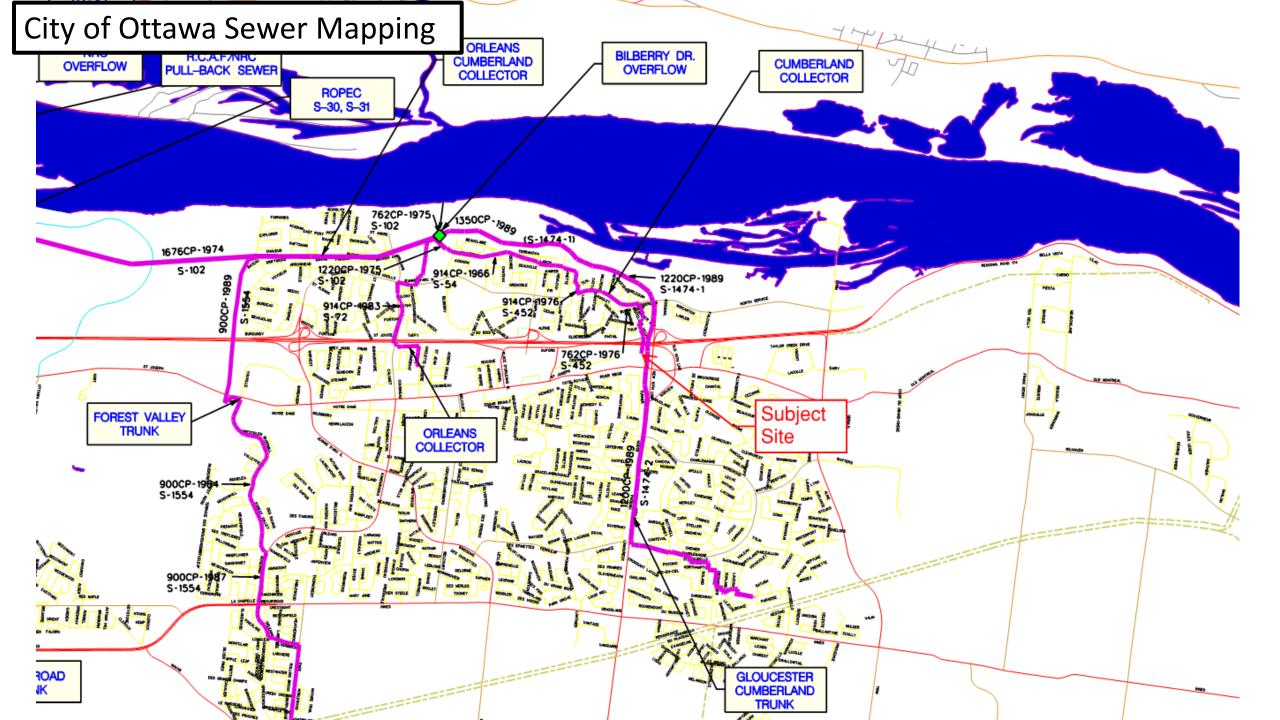
Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.



APPENDIX C

Wastewater Collection Calculations



| CHE | GNED BY : CKED BY : DATE: ROJECT # | Melanie F April 19, 2 | Riddell | | E. RIDDELL IOCC40:25 | | PROJECT | Corleans Town | | WER D | ESIGN | N SHE | ET | 10 10 11 | 5 I. | E I c o | | | S L T |
|------------|---|--------------------------|---------|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------|----------|----------------|------------|
| | | 1 | | UNITS | CEOFOR | | | CUMULA | TIVE | | | PEAK | 1 | | | PROP | OSED SEV | /FR | |
| FROM MH | то мн | Single | Town | Apt Condo | Future Apt/Condo (By Others) | Population (in 1000's) | AREA (ha.) | Population (in 1000's) | AREA (ha.) | PEAK FACTOR (M) | Population Flow (p) (L/s) | EXTRAN. FLOW Q(i) (L/s) | PEAK DESIGN FLOW Q(d) (L/s) | LENGTH (m) | PIPE SIZE (mm) | T | | CAPACITY (L/s) | FULL FI |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | ļ | | | | | | |
| 135 | 133 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.007 | 0.65 | 0.007 | 0.65 | 4.0 | 0.11 | 0.18 | 0.29 | 116.7 | 200 | PVC | 0.56 | 25.61 | 0.7 |
| 133 | 131 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 0.194 | 0.72 | 0.201 | 1.37 | 4.0 | 3.26 | 0.38 | 3.64 | 28.4 | 200 | PVC | 3.74 | 66.17 | 2.04 |
| 181 | 131 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0.032 | 0.17 | 0.032 | 0.17 | 4.0 | 0.53 | 0.05 | 0.57 | 10.1 | 200 | PVC | 1.18 | 37.17 | 1.1 |
| 131 | 129 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0.000 | 0.04 | 0.234 | 1.58 | 4.0 | 2 70 | 0.44 | 4.00 | 26.3 | 200 | PVC | 6.86 | | |
| 129 | 129 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.04 | 0.234 | 1.62 | 4.0 | 3.79 | 0.44 | 4.23 | 26.3 | 200 | PVC | 5.32 | 89.62 78.92 | 2.7 |
| 123 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.04 | 0.234 | 1.66 | 4.0 | 3.79 | 0.45 | 4.24 | 26.2 | 200 | PVC | 5.31 | 78.85 | 2.4 |
| 173 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0.054 | 0.68 | 0.054 | 0.68 | 4.0 | 0.88 | 0.19 | 1.07 | 10.2 | 200 | PVC | 1.00 | 34.22 | 1.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.03 | 0.288 | 2.37 | 4.0 | 4.66 | 0.66 | 5.32 | 19.8 | 200 | PVC | 1.31 | 39.16 | 1.2 |
| 123 | 121 | C | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 000 | 0.01 | 0.288 | 2.38 | 4.0 | 4.86 | 0.67 | 5 33 | 6.9 | 200 | PVC | 1.44 | 41.06 | 12 |
| 121 | 119 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0.032 | 0.29 | 0.320 | 2.67 | 4.0 | 5.19 | 0.75 | 5.93 | 74 7 | 200 | PVC | 0.96 | 33.53 | 10 |
| 171A | 171 | 0 | 16 | 18 | 0 | 0.076 | 0.64 | 0.076 | 0.64 | 4.0 | 1.23 | 0.18 | 1.40 | 71.0 | 200 | PVC | 1.00 | 34.22 | 1.0 |
| 171 | 169 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.003 | 0.06 | 0.078 | 0.70 | 4.0 | 1.27 | 0.20 | 1.46 | 31.8 | 200 | PVC | 3.00 | 59.26 | 1.8 |
| 169 | Stub | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0.008 | 0.08 | 0.086 | 0.78 | 4.0 | 1.40 | 0.22 | 1.62 | 35.4 | 200 | PVC | 3.00 | 59.26 | 1.8 |
| Stub | 119 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.086 | 0.78 | 4.0 | 1.40 | 0.22 | 1.62 | 10.2 | 200 | PVC | 0.69 | 28.42 | 0.8 |
| 119 | 115 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 022 | 0 18 | 0.428 | 3 63 | 4.0 | 6.95 | 1.02 | 7.97 | 54 5 | 200 | PVC | 1.49 | 41.77 | 1.2 |
| 165 | 163 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80 | 0.144 | 0.53 | 0.144 | 0.53 | 4.0 | 2.33 | 0.15 | 2.48 | 17.4 | 200 | PVC | 3.00 | 59.26 | 1.8 |
| 163 | 161 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.09 | 0.144 | 0.62 | 4.0 | 2.33 | 0.17 | 2.51 | 45.0 | 200 | PVC | 3.00 | 59.26 | 1.8 |
| 161 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.01 | 0.144 | 0.63 | 4.0 | 2.33 | 0.18 | 2.51 | 9.6 | 200 | PVC | 3.00 | 59.26 | 1.8 |
| 159 | 157 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.02 | 0.144 | 0.65 | 4.0 | 2.33 | 0.18 | 4.70 | 23.9 | 200 | PVC | 4.18 | 69.96 | 2.1 |
| 171 | 157 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0.049 | 0.33 | 0.049 | 0.33 | 4.0 | 0.79 | 0.09 | 0.88 | 60.4 | 200 | PVC | 1.00 | 34.22 | 1.0 |
| 157 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.02 | 0.193 | 0.02 | 4.0 | 3.12 | 0.01 | 3.13 | 9.0 | 200 | PVC | 1.50 | 41.91 | 1.2 |
| 157A | 155 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 0 | 0.104 | 0.26 | 0.104 | 0.26 | 4.0 | 1.69 | 0.07 | 1.76 | 21.1 | 200 | PVC | 1.00 | 34.22 | 1.0 |
| | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 155 153 | 153 Stub | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.297 | 0.280 | 4.0 | 4.81 | 0.08 | 7.07 | 15.6 | 200 | PVC | 1.50 | 41.91 | 1.2 |
| Stub | Stub 115 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 0 | 0.011 | 0.10 | 0.308 | 0.380 | 4.0 4.0 | 4.99 | 0.11 | 7.27 | 43.1 93 | 200 200 | PVC PVC | 3.00 | 59.26 34.22 | 1.8 1.0 |
| 115 | ES | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.34 | 0.736 | 4.35 | 3.9 | 11.87 | 1.22 | 14.97 | 54.5 | 200 | PVC | 1.49 | 41.77 | 12 |
| | - | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| E6 | E1 | 0 | 0 | 0 Tetel 01 | 0 C East Flows | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0 736 | 4.35 | 39 | 11.57 11.57 | 1.22 | 14.97 | 24.3 | 300 | PVC | 3 33 | 184.09 | 25 |

| | | LRL File No Project: Location: Date: | | 200041 Block 9 - Ap 280 Eric Cz July 13, 202 | apnik Way | ildings | | | | Commerce Light Indus Heavy Ind Maximum | al & Institu strial Flow ustrial Flov Residentia | = 280 L/p/d titional Flow = 35000 L/l w = 55000 l al Peak Fac titional Peak | = 50000 L ha/day _/ha/day .tor = 4.0 | , | | - | | rameters Peak Facto Is Flow = 0. | • | •• | I-B = 7 | | | Pipe Desigr Minimum Ve Manning's n | elocity = 0.6 | | |
|--------|----------------------|---|--------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|---|--|---|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|----|
| | LOCATION | | | RESIDEN | ITIAL AREA | AND POPL | JLATION | | COMM | ERCIAL | I | NDUSTRIA | L | INSTITU | TIONAL | C+I+I | IN | IFILTRATIC | N | TOTAL | | | P | IPE | | | |
| STREET | FROM MH | ТО МН | AREA (Ha) | POP. | CUMM AREA (Ha) | ULATIVE POP. | PEAK FACT. | PEAK FLOW (I/s) | AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | PEAK FACT. | AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | PEAK FLOW (l/s) | TOTAL AREA (Ha) | ACCU. AREA (Ha) | INFILT. FLOW (I/s) | TOTAL FLOW (l/s) | LENGTH (m) | DIA. (mm) | SLOPE (%) | MATERIAL | CAP. (FULL) (I/s) | VEL. (FULL) (m/s) | |
| SITE | PROP. BLDG | | 0.517 | 126.0 | 0.52 | 126.0 | 4.0 | 1.63 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.52 | 0.52 | 0.14 | 1.78 | 32.0 | 200 | 1.34% | PVC | 37.97 | 1.21 | |
| SITE | SAN MH02 SAN MH03 | SAN MH03 SAN MH04 | | | | 126.0 126.0 | 4.0 4.0 | 1.63 1.63 | 0.000 | 0.000 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7.0 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.52 | 0.14 0.14 | 1.78 1.78 | 23.3 22.4 | 200 200 | 2.48% 1.79% | PVC PVC | 51.65 43.88 | 1.64 1.40 | |
| | SAN MH04 | SAN MH5 | | | | 126.0 | 4.0 | 1.63 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.52 | 0.14 | 1.78 | 20.3 | 200 | 2.96% | PVC | 56.43 | 1.80 | |
| | SAN MH05 | EX. STUB | | | | 126.0 | 4.0 | 1.63 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 7.0 | 0.0 Designed: | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.52 | 0.14 | 1.78 | 2.3 | 200 | 2.20% OJECT: | PVC | 48.65 | 1.55 | |
| NOTES | Existing inverts | and slopes ar | e estimate | d. They are t | o be confirm | ned on-site. | | | | | | 1 | | Designed. | A.S. | | | | | | Blo | | artment Buil | dings | | | |
| | ~ | · | | , | | | | | | | | 4 | | Checked: | M.B. | | | | | | | | CATION: Czapnik Wa | ay | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Dwg. Refe | erence: C.401 | | File Ref.: | 200 | 041 | | Date: | July | 13, 2020 | | | Sheet N 1 of 1 | 0. |

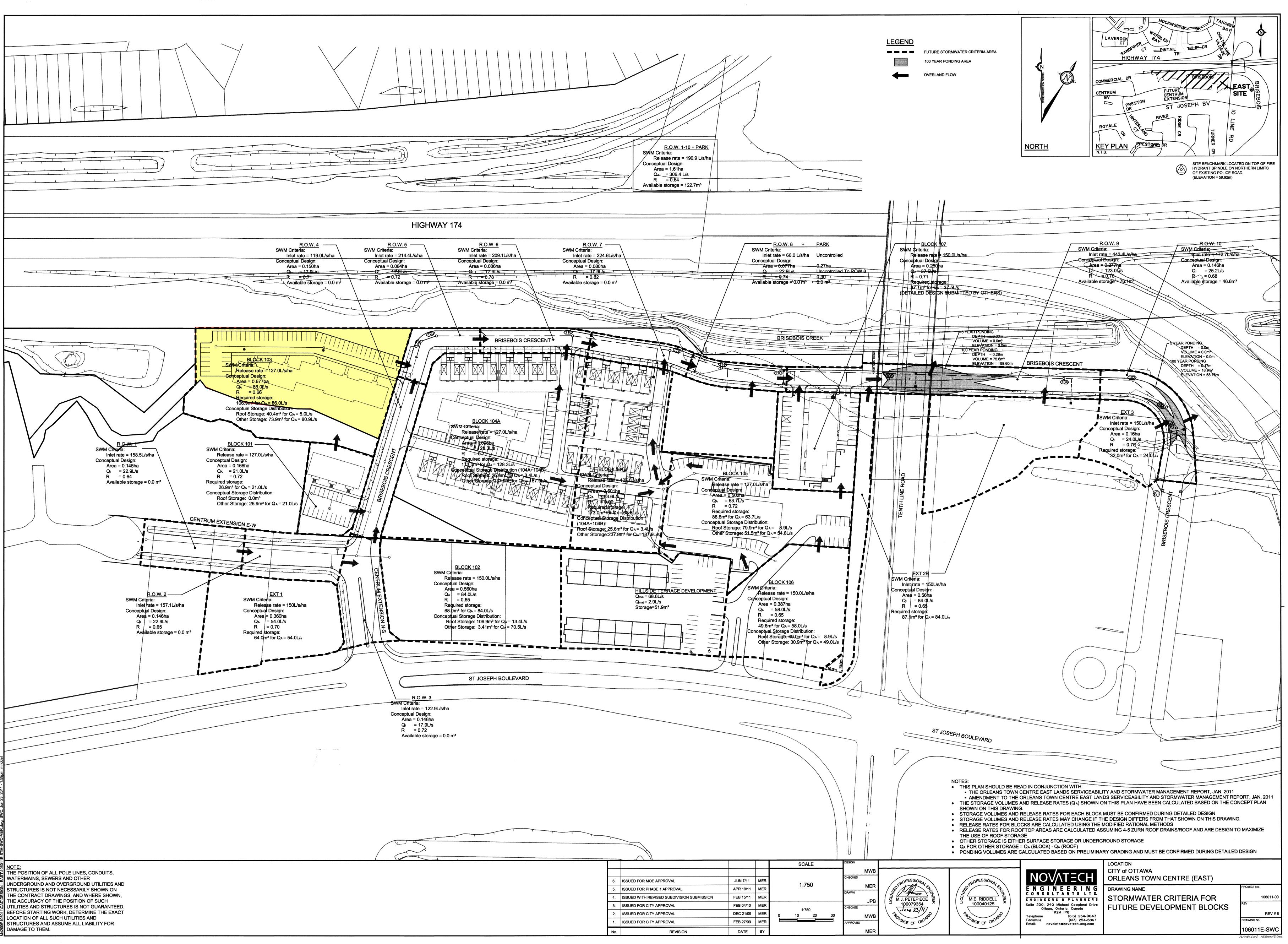
APPENDIX D

Stormwater Management Calculations

| Block | Total Area | Runoff Coefficient | Allowable Re | elease Rate |
|-----------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| DIOCK | (ha) | (as per current concept) | (L/s/ha) | (L/s) |
| ROW1 | 0.145 | 0.64 | 158.5 | 22.9 |
| ROW2 | 0.146 | 0.65 | 157.1 | 22.9 |
| ROW3 | 0.146 | 0.72 | 122.9 | 17.9 |
| ROW4 | 0.150 | 0.71 | 119.0 | 17.9 |
| ROW5 | 0.084 | 0.72 | 214.4 | 17.9 |
| ROW6 | 0.086 | 0.78 | 209.1 | 17.9 |
| ROW7 | 0.080 | 0.82 | 224.6 | 17.9 |
| ROW8 | 0.077 | 0.74 | 66.0 | 22.0 |
| PARK | 0.270 | 0.30 | 00.0 | 22.9 |
| ROW9 | 0.277 | 0.70 | 443.4 | 123.0 |
| ROW10 | 0.146 | 0.68 | 172.7 | 25.2 |
| ROW Total | 1.607 | 0.64 | 190.9 | 306.4 |
| EXT.1 | 0.360 | 0.70 | 150.0 | 54.0 |
| EXT.2 | 0.560 | 0.65 | 150.0 | 84.0 |
| EXT.3 | 0.160 | 0.75 | 150.0 | 23.3 |
| BLK101 | 0.166 | 0.72 | 127.0 | 21.0 |
| BLK102 | 0.560 | 0.65 | 150.0 | 84.0 |
| BLK103 | 0.677 | 0.66 | 127.0 | 86.0 |
| BLK104A | 1.005 | 0.71 | 127.0 | 128.3 |
| BLK104B | 0.501 | 0.00 | 127.0 | 63.6 |
| BLK105 | 0.502 | 0.72 | 127.0 | 63.7 |
| BLK106 | 0.387 | 0.65 | 150.0 | 58.0 |
| BLK107 | 0.250 | 0.71 | 150.0 | 37.5 |
| BLK Total | 5.128 | 0.69 | 137.2 | 703.3 |
| TOWN | 0.504 | 0.63 | 141.9 | 71.5 |
| Total | 7.239 | 0.64 | 149.4 | 1081.2 |

Table 2.2 – Future Development Blocks Allowable Release Rates

Note: Release rate for the Hillside Terrace Townhouse development (TOWN) includes 68.6L/s of minor system flows and 2.9 L/s of major system flows)



| | | | | SCALE |
|-----|--|-----------|-----|------------------|
| | | | | |
| 6. | ISSUED FOR MOE APPROVAL | JUN 7/11 | MER | 1:750 |
| 5. | ISSUED FOR PHASE 1 APPROVAL | APR 19/11 | MER | 1.750 |
| 4. | ISSUED WITH REVISED SUBDIVISION SUBMISSION | FEB 15/11 | MER | |
| 3. | ISSUED FOR CITY APPROVAL | FEB 04/10 | MER | 4 750 |
| 2. | ISSUED FOR CITY APPROVAL | DEC 21/09 | MER | 1:750 0 10 20 |
| 1. | ISSUED FOR CITY APPROVAL | FEB 27/09 | MER | |
| No. | REVISION | DATE | BY | |

LRL Associates Ltd. Storm Watershed Summary

| | LRL File No. | 200041 |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Project: | Block 9-Apartment Buildings |
| | Location: | Eric Czapnik Way, Orleans |
| | Date: | July 16, 2020 |
| LRJ | Designed: | Amr Salem |
| ENGINEERING INGÉNIERIE | Drawing Reference: | C701/C702 |

Pre-Development Catchments

| WATERSHED | C = 0.2 | C = 0.80 | C = 0.90 | Total Area (m ²) | Total Area (ha) | Combined C |
|-----------|---------|----------|----------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| EWS-01 | 5174.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5174.0 | 0.517 | 0.20 |
| TOTAL | 5174.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5174.0 | 0.517 | 0.20 |

Post-Development Catchments

| WATERSHED | C = 0.20 | C = 0.80 | C = 0.90 | Total Area (m ²) | Total Area (ha) | Combined C |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| WS-01(UNCONTROLLED) | 1283.0 | 0.0 | 237.0 | 1520.0 | 0.152 | 0.31 |
| WS-02 (CONTROLLED) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2080.0 | 2080.0 | 0.208 | 0.90 |
| WS-03 (CONTROLLED) | 441.0 | 0.0 | 318.0 | 759.0 | 0.076 | 0.49 |
| WS-04 (CONTROLLED) | 116.0 | 0.0 | 690.0 | 806.0 | 0.081 | 0.80 |
| TOTAL | 1840.0 | 0.0 | 3325.0 | 5165.0 | 0.517 | 0.65 |



Runoff Equation

| Q = | 2.78CIA (L/s) | |
|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| C = | Runoff coefficient | |
| 1 = | Rainfall intensity (mm/hr) | = A / (Td + C) ^B |
| | | |

A = Area (ha) $T_c = Time of concentration (min)$

Allowable Release Rate = 127 Lluba (As determined by Serviceability and Stormuster management Report for the Orleans Town Centre A = 0.517 ha East Lands (OTCEL Report) prepared by Novatech, dated rev June 9, 2011) Q = 65.72 L/A

Post-development Stormwater Management

| | | | | | ΣR285 | ΣR 100 |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------|----|-----|-------|--------|
| | Total Site Area = | 0.517 | ha | ∑R= | 0.65 | 0.81 |
| | WS-02 (Roof) | 0.208 | ha | R= | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| Controlled | WS-03 | 0.076 | ha | R= | 0.49 | 0.62 |
| Controlled | WS-04 | 0.081 | ha | R= | 0.80 | 1.00 |
| | Total Controlled = | 0.365 | ha | ∑R= | 0.79 | 0.99 |
| Un-controlled | WS-01 | 0.152 | ha | R= | 0.31 | 0.39 |
| on-controlled | Total Un-Controlled = | 0.152 | ha | SR= | 0.31 | 0.39 |

Post-development Stormwater Management (Uncontrolled Catchment WS-01)

100 Year Storm Event:

 $I_{100} \equiv 1735.688 / (Td + 6.014)^{0.820}$ a = 1735.688 b = 0.820 C = 6.014

| Time (min) | Intensity | Uncontrolled | Controlled Release Rate | Total Release |
|------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | (mm/hr) | Runoff (L/s) | Constant (L/s) | Rate (L/s) |
| 10 | 178.6 | 29.16 | 0.00 | 29.16 |

100 Year Storm Event:

| I ₁₀₀ = | 1735.688 / (T | d + 6.014) ^{0.820} | | a = | 1735.688 | b = | 0.820 | C = 6.014 |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-----------|
| | | | Storage Required | | | | | |
| Time (min) | Intensity (mm/hr) | Controlled Runoff (L/s) | Storage Volume (m ³) | Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) | Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) | Total Release Rate (L/s) | | |
| 10 | 178.6 | 103.25 | 45.15 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 15 | 142.9 | 82.63 | 49.16 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 20 | 120.0 | 69.36 | 49.63 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 25 | 103.8 | 60.05 | 48.07 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 30 | 91.9 | 53.12 | 45.22 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 35 | 82.6 | 47.75 | 41.48 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 40 | 75.1 | 43.45 | 37.08 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 45 | 69.1 | 39.93 | 32.20 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 50 | 64.0 | 36.98 | 26.94 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 60 | 55.9 | 32.32 | 15.55 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 70 | 49.8 | 28.79 | 3.32 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 80 | 45.0 | 26.02 | 0.00 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 90 | 41.1 | 23.77 | 0.00 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 100 | 37.9 | 21.92 | 0.00 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 110 | 35.2 | 20.36 | 0.00 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |
| 120 | 32.9 | 19.02 | 0.00 | 28.00 | 0.00 | 28.00 | | |

| Summary of Roof St | V = (I*w)*h/3 = Ah | /3 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----|---------------------------|----------|
| Maximum Roof Storage (100 Year) = | 49.63 | m ³ | | | |
| Proposed Head = | 150 | mm | | | <u>^</u> |
| Control Flow/Drain = | 2.80 | L/s | | | |
| Number of Roof Drains = | 10 | | | | |
| Total Flow from Roof Drain = | 28.00 | L/s | | | |
| Available Roof Surface = | 2078 | m ² | | | |
| Effective Roof Surface = | 1662 | m ² | 80 | (% of total roof surface) | |
| Available Roof Storage = | 83.12 | m ³ | | | L w |
| Roof Drain Model = Mur | phoo Ultra Roof D | rain, see Appendix D | | | |

Total Storage Required = 49.63 m³ Available Roof Storage = 83.12 m³ refer to LRL Plan C.601

Post-d pment Stormwater Management (WS-03 & WS-04) Inlet Control Device (ICD) Discharge = 8.56 L/s Head = 2.84 m 100 Year Storm Event:

I₁₀₀ = 1735.688 / (Td + 6.014)^{0.520} a = 1735.688 b = 0.820 C = 6.014 Storage Require Controlled Release Rate Constant (L/s) 8.56
 Intensity (mm/hr)
 Controlled Runoff (L/s)

 178.6
 64.30

 142.9
 51.45

 120.0
 43.19

 103.8
 37.39

 91.9
 33.08

 82.6
 29.73

 75.1
 27.06
 Total Release Rate (L/s) 8.56 Uncontrolled Runoff (L/s) 0.00 Time (min) Storage Volum 33.44 ne (m³) 33.44 38.60 41.56 43.25 44.14 44.47 15 8.56 0.00 8.56 8.56 8.56 103.8 91.9 82.6 75.1 69.1 64.0 55.9 49.8 45.0 41.1 37.9 35.2 8.56 8.56 0.0 29.73 27.06 24.86 23.03 20.13 17.93 16.20 14.80 44.47 44.40 44.02 43.41 41.64 39.35 36.67 33.71 0.00 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56

8.56 8.56 8.56 8.56

0.00
0.00
0.00
0.00

0.00

0.00

8.5 8.56

8.56

8.56 8.56

refer to LRL Plan C.601

13.65 12.68 11.84 30.53 8.56 35.2 32.9 27.16 23.65 8.56 8.56

Total Storage Required = 44.47 m³ Available Surface Storage = 58.31 m³

Summary of release Rates and Storage Volumes

80

100

| Catchment Area | Drainage Area (ha) | 100-year Release Rate (L/s) | 100-Year Required Storage (m3) | Total Available Storage (m3) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| WS-01 (Un-controlled) | 0.152 | 29.16 | 0 | 0 |
| WS-02 (Roof Controls) | 0.208 | 28.00 | 49.63 | 83.12 |
| WS-03 & WS-04 | 0.157 | 8.56 | 44.47 | 58.31 |
| TOTAL | 0.517 | 65.72 | 94.10 | 141.43 |

LRL Associates Ltd. Storm Design Sheet



 LRL File No.
 200041

 Project:
 Block 9-Apartment Buildings

 Location:
 Eric Czapnik Way, Orleans

 Date:
 May 25, 2020

 Designed:
 Amr Salem

 Drawing Reference:
 C.401

| | Storm Design Parameters | |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Rational Method Q = 2.78CIA | | Ottawa Macdonald-Cartier International Airport IDF curve |
| | | equation (5 year event, intensity in mm/hr) |
| Q = Peak flow in litres per second (L/s) | Runoff Coefficient (C) | $I = 998.071 / (T_c + 6.053)^{0.814}$ |
| A = Drainage area in hectares (ha) | Grass 0.20 | Min. velocity = 0.80 m/s |
| C = Runoff coefficient | Gravel 0.80 | Manning's "n" = 0.013 |
| I = Rainfall intensity (mm/hr) | Asphalt / rooftop 0.90 | |

| LO | CATION | | | AREA (ha) | a) FLOW | | | | | STORM SEWER | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|----------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------|-----------|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| WATERSHED / STREET | From MH | To MH | C = 0.20 | C = 0.80 | C = 0.90 | Indiv. 2.78AC | Accum. 2.78AC | Time of Conc. (min.) | Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) | Peak Flow Q (L/s) | Controlled Flow Q (L/s) | Pipe Diameter (mm) | Туре | Slope (%) | Length (m) | Capacity Full (L/s) | Velocity Full (m/s) | Time of Flow (min.) | Ratio (Q/Q _{FULL}) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WS-03 | CBMH02 | CBMH01 | 0.044 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.104 | 0.10 | 10.00 | 104.2 | 10.84 | N/A | 250 | PVC | 1.09% | 28.3 | 62.1 | 1.26 | 0.37 | 0.17 |
| WS-04 | CBMH01 | STM MH03 | 0.012 | 0.000 | 0.069 | 0.179 | 0.28 | 10.37 | 102.3 | 28.96 | 8.56 | 250 | PVC | 1.11% | 20.7 | 62.7 | 1.28 | 0.27 | 0.46 |
| | STM MH03 | STM MH04 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.28 | 10.64 | 100.9 | 28.58 | N/A | 250 | PVC | 1.72% | 21.5 | 78.0 | 1.59 | 0.23 | 0.37 |
| WS-02 - Roof Controls* | STM MH04 | STM MH05 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.28 | 10.87 | 99.8 | 56.27 | 28.00 | 250 | PVC | 3.43% | 23.3 | 110.1 | 2.24 | 0.17 | 0.51 |
| | STM MH05 | OGS | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.28 | 11.04 | 99.0 | 56.03 | 36.56 | 250 | PVC | 2.46% | 2.4 | 93.3 | 1.90 | 0.02 | 0.60 |
| | OGS | EX. STUB | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.28 | 11.06 | 98.9 | 36.56 | 36.56 | 250 | PVC | 2.43% | 1.2 | 92.7 | 1.89 | 0.01 | 0.39 |
| *Building flow equal to the | e 100-Year Conti | olled Rellease R | ate | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |





Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

| ovince: | Ontario | Project Name: | 280 Eric Czapnik W | /ay |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| City: | Orléans | Project Number: | 200041 | |
| Nearest Rainfall Station: | OTTAWA MACDONALD-CARTIER | Designer Name: | Brandon O'Leary | |
| NCDC Rainfall Station Id: | INT'L AP 6000 | Designer Company: | Forterra | |
| | | Designer Email: | brandon.oleary@f | orterrabp.com |
| Years of Rainfall Data: | 37 | Designer Phone: | 905-630-0359 | |
| Site Name: | 280 Eric Czapnik Way | EOR Name: | Amr Salem | |
| Drainage Area (ha): |).494 | EOR Company: EOR Email: | LE ASSOCIATES LIU. | |
| 2.4 |).67 | EOR Phone: | | |
| Target TSS Removal (%): Required Water Quality Runof | 80.0 f Volume Capture (%): 90.0 | | | Reduction ummary |
| Oil / Fuel Spill Risk Site? | Yes | | Stormceptor Model | TSS Removal Provided (%) |
| | No | | EFO4 | 81 |
| Upstream Flow Control? | 110 | | FFO6 | 86 |
| • | | | LI 00 | 00 |
| • | Flow Rate (L/s): | | EFO8 | 89 |
| Upstream Flow Control? Peak Conveyance (maximum) I | Flow Rate (L/s): | | | |







Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

THIRD-PARTY TESTING AND VERIFICATION

Stormceptor[®] **EF and Stormceptor**[®] **EFO** are the latest evolutions in the Stormceptor[®] oil-grit separator (OGS) technology series, and are designed to remove a wide variety of pollutants from stormwater and snowmelt runoff. These technologies have been third-party tested in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators** and performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the **ISO 14034 Environmental Technology Verification (ETV)** protocol.

PERFORMANCE

► Stormceptor® EF and EFO remove stormwater pollutants through gravity separation and floatation, and feature a patentpending design that generates positive removal of total suspended solids (TSS) throughout each storm event, including highintensity storms. Captured pollutants include sediment, free oils, and sediment-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons. Stormceptor is sized to remove a high level of TSS from the frequent rainfall events that contribute the vast majority of annual runoff volume and pollutant load. The technology incorporates an internal bypass to convey excessive stormwater flows from high-intensity storms through the device without resuspension and washout (scour) of previously captured pollutants. Proper routine maintenance ensures high pollutant removal performance and protection of downstream waterways.

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION (PSD)

► The **Canadian ETV PSD** shown in the table below was used, or in part, for this sizing. This is the identical PSD that is referenced in the Canadian ETV *Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators* for both sediment removal testing and scour testing. The Canadian ETV PSD contains a wide range of particle sizes in the sand and silt fractions, and is considered reasonably representative of the particle size fractions found in typical urban stormwater runoff.

| Particle | Percent Less | Particle Size | Demonst |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| Size (µm) | Than | Fraction (µm) | Percent |
| 1000 | 100 | 500-1000 | 5 |
| 500 | 95 | 250-500 | 5 |
| 250 | 90 | 150-250 | 15 |
| 150 | 75 | 100-150 | 15 |
| 100 | 60 | 75-100 | 10 |
| 75 | 50 | 50-75 | 5 |
| 50 | 45 | 20-50 | 10 |
| 20 | 35 | 8-20 | 15 |
| 8 | 20 | 5-8 | 10 |
| 5 | 10 | 2-5 | 5 |
| 2 | 5 | <2 | 5 |



Stormceptor*



Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

| Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr) | Percent Rainfall Volume (%) | Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%) | Flow Rate (L/s) | Flow Rate (L/min) | Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²) | Removal Efficiency (%) | Incremental Removal (%) | Cumulative Removal (%) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 51.3 | 51.3 | 0.91 | 55.0 | 46.0 | 93 | 47.7 | 47.7 |
| 2 | 8.7 | 60.0 | 1.83 | 110.0 | 91.0 | 88 | 7.6 | 55.4 |
| 3 | 5.8 | 65.8 | 2.74 | 164.0 | 137.0 | 84 | 4.8 | 60.2 |
| 4 | 4.6 | 70.4 | 3.65 | 219.0 | 183.0 | 78 | 3.6 | 63.8 |
| 5 | 4.2 | 74.6 | 4.56 | 274.0 | 228.0 | 74 | 3.1 | 66.9 |
| 6 | 3.2 | 77.8 | 5.48 | 329.0 | 274.0 | 70 | 2.2 | 69.1 |
| 7 | 2.6 | 80.4 | 6.39 | 383.0 | 319.0 | 65 | 1.7 | 70.8 |
| 8 | 2.4 | 82.8 | 7.30 | 438.0 | 365.0 | 62 | 1.5 | 72.3 |
| 9 | 1.9 | 84.7 | 8.21 | 493.0 | 411.0 | 58 | 1.1 | 73.4 |
| 10 | 1.6 | 86.3 | 9.13 | 548.0 | 456.0 | 57 | 0.9 | 74.3 |
| 11 | 1.3 | 87.6 | 10.04 | 602.0 | 502.0 | 55 | 0.7 | 75.0 |
| 12 | 1.1 | 88.7 | 10.95 | 657.0 | 548.0 | 54 | 0.6 | 75.6 |
| 13 | 1.3 | 90.0 | 11.86 | 712.0 | 593.0 | 52 | 0.7 | 76.3 |
| 14 | 1.1 | 91.1 | 12.78 | 767.0 | 639.0 | 52 | 0.6 | 76.9 |
| 15 | 0.6 | 91.7 | 13.69 | 821.0 | 685.0 | 52 | 0.3 | 77.2 |
| 16 | 0.8 | 92.5 | 14.60 | 876.0 | 730.0 | 51 | 0.4 | 77.6 |
| 17 | 0.7 | 93.2 | 15.52 | 931.0 | 776.0 | 51 | 0.4 | 78.0 |
| 18 | 0.5 | 93.7 | 16.43 | 986.0 | 821.0 | 51 | 0.3 | 78.2 |
| 19 | 0.6 | 94.3 | 17.34 | 1040.0 | 867.0 | 51 | 0.3 | 78.5 |
| 20 | 0.5 | 94.8 | 18.25 | 1095.0 | 913.0 | 50 | 0.3 | 78.8 |
| 21 | 0.2 | 95.0 | 19.17 | 1150.0 | 958.0 | 50 | 0.1 | 78.9 |
| 22 | 0.4 | 95.4 | 20.08 | 1205.0 | 1004.0 | 50 | 0.2 | 79.1 |
| 23 | 0.5 | 95.9 | 20.99 | 1259.0 | 1050.0 | 50 | 0.2 | 79.3 |
| 24 | 0.4 | 96.3 | 21.90 | 1314.0 | 1095.0 | 49 | 0.2 | 79.5 |
| 25 | 0.1 | 96.4 | 22.82 | 1369.0 | 1141.0 | 49 | 0.0 | 79.6 |



Stormceptor*



Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

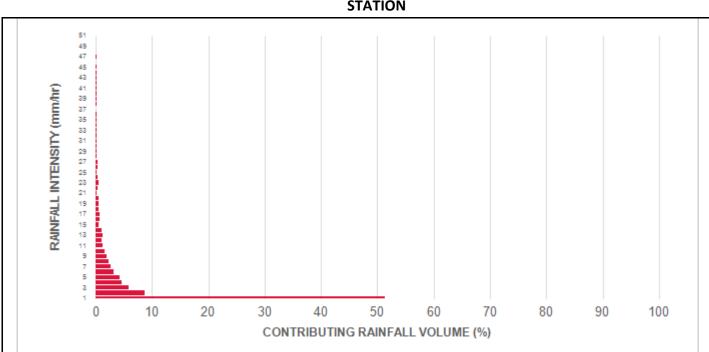
| Rainfall Intensity (mm / hr) | Percent Rainfall Volume (%) | Cumulative Rainfall Volume (%) | Flow Rate (L/s) | Flow Rate (L/min) | Surface Loading Rate (L/min/m²) | Removal Efficiency (%) | Incremental Removal (%) | Cumulative Removal (%) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 26 | 0.3 | 96.7 | 23.73 | 1424.0 | 1186.0 | 48 | 0.1 | 79.7 |
| 27 | 0.4 | 97.1 | 24.64 | 1479.0 | 1232.0 | 48 | 0.2 | 79.9 |
| 28 | 0.2 | 97.3 | 25.55 | 1533.0 | 1278.0 | 47 | 0.1 | 80.0 |
| 29 | 0.2 | 97.5 | 26.47 | 1588.0 | 1323.0 | 47 | 0.1 | 80.1 |
| 30 | 0.2 | 97.7 | 27.38 | 1643.0 | 1369.0 | 1369.0 46 0.1 | | 80.2 |
| 31 | 0.1 | 97.8 | 28.29 | 1698.0 | 1415.0 | 46 | 0.0 | 80.2 |
| 32 | 0.2 | 98.0 | 29.21 | 1752.0 | 1460.0 | 44 | 0.1 | 80.3 |
| 33 | 0.1 | 98.1 | 30.12 | 1807.0 | 1506.0 | 43 | 0.0 | 80.4 |
| 34 | 0.1 | 98.2 | 31.03 | 1862.0 | 1552.0 | 42 | 0.0 | 80.4 |
| 35 | 0.1 | 98.3 | 31.94 | 1917.0 | 917.0 1597.0 41 | | 0.0 | 80.4 |
| 36 | 0.2 | 98.5 | 32.86 | 1971.0 | 1643.0 39 | | 0.1 | 80.5 |
| 37 | 0.0 | 98.5 | 33.77 | 2026.0 | 1688.0 | 38 | 0.0 | 80.5 |
| 38 | 0.1 | 98.6 | 34.68 | 2081.0 | 1734.0 | 1734.0 37 | | 80.6 |
| 39 | 0.1 | 98.7 | 35.59 | 2136.0 | 1780.0 | 36 | 0.0 | 80.6 |
| 40 | 0.1 | 98.8 | 36.51 | 2190.0 | 1825.0 | 35 | 0.0 | 80.6 |
| 41 | 0.1 | 98.9 | 37.42 | 2245.0 | 1871.0 | 34 | 0.0 | 80.7 |
| 42 | 0.1 | 99.0 | 38.33 | 2300.0 | 1917.0 | 34 | 0.0 | 80.7 |
| 43 | 0.2 | 99.2 | 39.24 | 2355.0 | 1962.0 | 33 | 0.1 | 80.8 |
| 44 | 0.1 | 99.3 | 40.16 | 2409.0 | 2008.0 | 32 | 0.0 | 80.8 |
| 45 | 0.1 | 99.4 | 41.07 | 2464.0 | 2054.0 | 31 | 0.0 | 80.8 |
| 46 | 0.0 | 99.4 | 41.98 | 2519.0 | 2099.0 | 31 | 0.0 | 80.8 |
| 47 | 0.1 | 99.5 | 42.90 | 2574.0 | 2145.0 | 30 | 0.0 | 80.9 |
| 48 | 0.0 | 99.5 | 43.81 | 2629.0 | 2190.0 | 29 | 0.0 | 80.9 |
| 49 | 0.0 | 99.5 | 44.72 | 2683.0 | 2236.0 | 29 | 0.0 | 80.9 |
| 50 | 0.0 | 99.5 | 45.63 | 2738.0 | 2282.0 | 28 | 0.0 | 80.9 |
| | | | | Estimated Net | Annual Sedim | nent (TSS) Loa | ad Reduction = | 81 % |





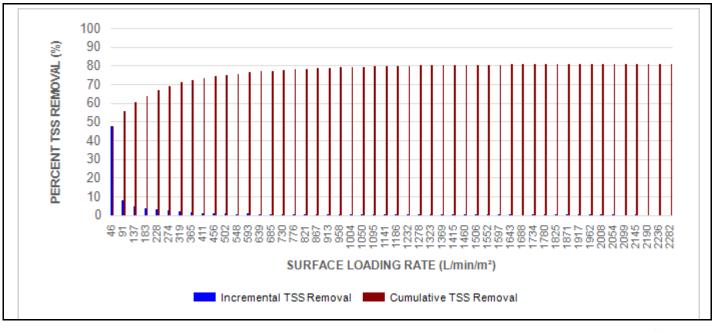


Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report



RAINFALL DATA FROM OTTAWA MACDONALD-CARTIER INT'L AP RAINFALL STATION

INCREMENTAL AND CUMULATIVE TSS REMOVAL FOR THE RECOMMENDED STORMCEPTOR® MODEL









Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

| Stormceptor EF / EFO | Model Diameter | | Min Angle Inlet / Outlet Pipes | Max Inlet Pipe Diameter | | Max Out Diam | • | Peak Conveyance Flow Rate | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------|------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| | (m) | (ft) | | (mm) | (in) | (mm) | (in) | (L/s) | (cfs) | |
| EF4 / EFO4 | 1.2 | 4 | 90 | 609 | 24 | 609 | 24 | 425 | 15 | |
| EF6 / EFO6 | 1.8 | 6 | 90 | 914 | 36 | 914 | 36 | 990 | 35 | |
| EF8 / EFO8 | 2.4 | 8 | 90 | 1219 | 48 | 1219 | 48 | 1700 | 60 | |
| EF10 / EFO10 | 3.0 | 10 | 90 | 1828 | 72 | 1828 | 72 | 2830 | 100 | |
| EF12 / EFO12 | 3.6 | 12 | 90 | 1828 | 72 | 1828 | 72 | 2830 | 100 | |

Maximum Pipe Diameter / Peak Conveyance

SCOUR PREVENTION AND ONLINE CONFIGURATION

Stormceptor® EF and EFO feature an internal bypass and superior scour prevention technology that have been demonstrated in third-party testing according to the scour testing provisions of the Canadian ETV Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators, and the exceptional scour test performance has been third-party verified in accordance with the ISO 14034 ETV protocol. As a result, Stormceptor EF and EFO are approved for online installation, eliminating the need for costly additional bypass structures, piping, and installation expense.

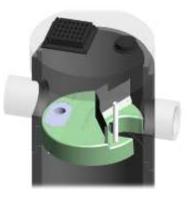
DESIGN FLEXIBILITY

► Stormceptor[®] EF and EFO offers design flexibility in one simplified platform, accepting stormwater flow from a single inlet pipe or multiple inlet pipes, and/or surface runoff through an inlet grate. The device can also serve as a junction structure, accommodate a 90-degree inlet-to-outlet bend angle, and can be modified to ensure performance in submerged conditions.

OIL CAPTURE AND RETENTION

► While Stormceptor® EF will capture and retain oil from dry weather spills and low intensity runoff, **Stormceptor® EFO** has demonstrated superior oil capture and greater than 99% oil retention in third-party testing according to the light liquid reentrainment testing provisions of the Canadian ETV **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**. Stormceptor EFO is recommended for sites where oil capture and retention is a requirement.



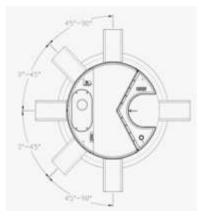




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Stormceptor*





Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

INLET-TO-OUTLET DROP

Elevation differential between inlet and outlet pipe inverts is dictated by the angle at which the inlet pipe(s) enters the unit.

0° - 45° : The inlet pipe is 1-inch (25mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

45° - 90° : The inlet pipe is 2-inches (50mm) higher than the outlet pipe.

HEAD LOSS

The head loss through Stormceptor EF is similar to that of a 60-degree bend structure. The applicable K value for calculating minor losses through the unit is 1.1. For submerged conditions the applicable K value is 3.0.

Pollutant Capacity

| Stormceptor EF / EFO | Mo Diam | | Pipe In | (Outlet vert to Floor) | Oil Va | | Sedi | Recommended Sediment Maintenance Depth * | | mum Volume * | Maximum Sediment Mass ** | |
|-------------------------|------------|------|---------|------------------------------|--------|-------|------|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| | (m) | (ft) | (m) | (ft) | (L) | (Gal) | (mm) | (in) | (L) | (ft³) | (kg) | (lb) |
| EF4 / EFO4 | 1.2 | 4 | 1.52 | 5.0 | 265 | 70 | 203 | 8 | 1190 | 42 | 1904 | 5250 |
| EF6 / EFO6 | 1.8 | 6 | 1.93 | 6.3 | 610 | 160 | 305 | 12 | 3470 | 123 | 5552 | 15375 |
| EF8 / EFO8 | 2.4 | 8 | 2.59 | 8.5 | 1070 | 280 | 610 | 24 | 8780 | 310 | 14048 | 38750 |
| EF10 / EFO10 | 3.0 | 10 | 3.25 | 10.7 | 1670 | 440 | 610 | 24 | 17790 | 628 | 28464 | 78500 |
| EF12 / EF012 | 3.6 | 12 | 3.89 | 12.8 | 2475 | 655 | 610 | 24 | 31220 | 1103 | 49952 | 137875 |

*Increased sump depth may be added to increase sediment storage capacity

** Average density of wet packed sediment in sump = 1.6 kg/L (100 lb/ft³)

| Feature | Benefit | Feature Appeals To |
|---|---|--|
| Patent-pending enhanced flow treatment and scour prevention technology | Superior, verified third-party performance | Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer |
| Third-party verified light liquid capture | Proven performance for fuel/oil hotspot | Regulator, Specifying & Design Engineer, |
| and retention for EFO version | locations | Site Owner |
| Functions as bend, junction or inlet structure | Design flexibility | Specifying & Design Engineer |
| Minimal drop between inlet and outlet | Site installation ease | Contractor |
| Large diameter outlet riser for inspection and maintenance | Easy maintenance access from grade | Maintenance Contractor & Site Owner |

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO DRAWINGS

For standard details, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef

STANDARD STORMCEPTOR EF/EFO SPECIFICATION

For specifications, please visit http://www.imbriumsystems.com/stormwater-treatment-solutions/stormceptor-ef



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Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR "OIL GRIT SEPARATOR" (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREATMENT DEVICE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS & PROCEDURES

ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)

Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators**

1.3 SUBMITTALS

1.3.1 All submittals, including sizing reports & shop drawings, shall be submitted upon request with each order to the contractor then forwarded to the Engineer of Record for review and acceptance. Shop drawings shall detail all OGS components, elevations, and sequence of construction.

1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.

1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The minimum sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

2.1.1 4 ft (1219 mm) Diameter OGS Units:
6 ft (1829 mm) Diameter OGS Units:
8 ft (2438 mm) Diameter OGS Units:
10 ft (3048 mm) Diameter OGS Units:
12 ft (3657 mm) Diameter OGS Units:

 $\begin{array}{l} 1.19 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 265 \ L \ oil \\ 3.48 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 609 \ L \ oil \\ 8.78 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 1,071 \ L \ oil \\ 17.78 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 1,673 \ L \ oil \\ 31.23 \ m^{3} \ sediment \ / \ 2,476 \ L \ oil \\ \end{array}$



info@imbriumsystems.com





Stormceptor* EF Sizing Report

PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN

3.1 GENERAL

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

3.2 SIZING METHODOLOGY

The OGS device shall be engineered, designed and sized to provide stormwater quality treatment based on treating a minimum of 90 percent of the average annual runoff volume and a minimum removal of an annual average 60% of the sediment (TSS) load based on the Particle Size Distribution (PSD) specified in the sizing report for the specified device. Sizing shall be determined using historical rainfall data and a sediment removal performance curve derived from the actual third-party verified laboratory testing data. The OGS device shall also have sufficient annual sediment storage capacity as specified and calculated in Section 2.1.

3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of third-party scour testing conducted in accordance with the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators.**

3.3.1 To be acceptable for on-line installation, the OGS device must demonstrate an average scour test effluent concentration less than 10 mg/L at each surface loading rate tested, up to and including 2600 L/min/m².

3.4 LIGHT LIQUID RE-ENTRAINMENT SIMULATION TESTING

The OGS device shall have Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV Verification of completed third-party Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing in accordance with the Canadian ETV **Program's Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators,** with results reported within the Canadian ETV or ISO 14034 ETV verification. This reentrainment testing is conducted with the device pre-loaded with low density polyethylene (LDPE) plastic beads as a surrogate for light liquids such as oil and fuel. Testing is conducted on the same OGS unit tested for sediment removal to assess whether light liquids captured after a spill are effectively retained at high flow rates.

3.4.1 For an OGS device to be an acceptable stormwater treatment device on a site where vehicular traffic occurs and the potential for an oil or fuel spill exists, the OGS device must have reported verified performance results of greater than 99% cumulative retention of LDPE plastic beads for the five specified surface loading rates (ranging 200 L/min/m2 to 2600 L/min/m2) in accordance with the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing within the Canadian ETV Program's **Procedure for Laboratory Testing of Oil-Grit Separators.** However, an OGS device shall not be allowed if the Light Liquid Re-entrainment Simulation Testing was performed with screening components within the OGS device that are effective at retaining the LDPE plastic beads, but would not be expected to retain light liquids such as oil and fuel.



info@imbriumsystems.com

STANDARD PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION FOR "OIL GRIT SEPARATOR" (OGS) STORMWATER QUALITY TREAMENT DEVICE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

This section specifies requirements for selecting, sizing, and designing an underground Oil Grit Separator (OGS) device for stormwater quality treatment, with third-party testing results and a Statement of Verification in accordance with ISO 14034 Environmental Management – Environmental Technology Verification (ETV).

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1.3.2 Alternative devices shall have features identical to or greater than the specified device, including: treatment chamber diameter, treatment chamber wet volume, sediment storage volume, and oil storage volume.

1.3.3 Unless directed otherwise by the Engineer of Record, OGS stormwater quality treatment product substitutions or alternatives submitted within ten days prior to project bid shall not be accepted. All alternatives or substitutions submitted shall be signed and sealed by a local registered Professional Engineer, based on the exact same criteria detailed in Section 3, in entirety, subject to review and approval by the Engineer of Record.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 OGS POLLUTANT STORAGE

The OGS device shall include a sump for sediment storage, and a protected volume for the capture and storage of petroleum hydrocarbons and buoyant gross pollutants. The **minimum** sediment & petroleum hydrocarbon storage capacity shall be as follows:

| 8ft (2438mm) Diameter OGS Units:8.78m³ sediment / 110ft (3048mm) Diameter OGS Units:17.78m³ sediment /12ft (3657mm) Diameter OGS Units:31.23m³ sediment / | 1,673L oil |
|---|------------|
|---|------------|

PART 3 – PERFORMANCE & DESIGN

3.1 <u>GENERAL</u>

The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall be verified in accordance with ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV). The OGS stormwater quality treatment device shall remove oil, sediment and gross pollutants from stormwater runoff during frequent wet weather events, and retain these pollutants during less frequent high flow wet weather events below the insert within the OGS for later removal during maintenance. The Manufacturer shall have at least ten (10) years of local experience, history and success in engineering design, manufacturing and production and supply of OGS stormwater quality treatment device systems, acceptable to the Engineer of Record.

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3.3 CANADIAN ETV or ISO 14034 ETV VERIFICATION OF SCOUR TESTING

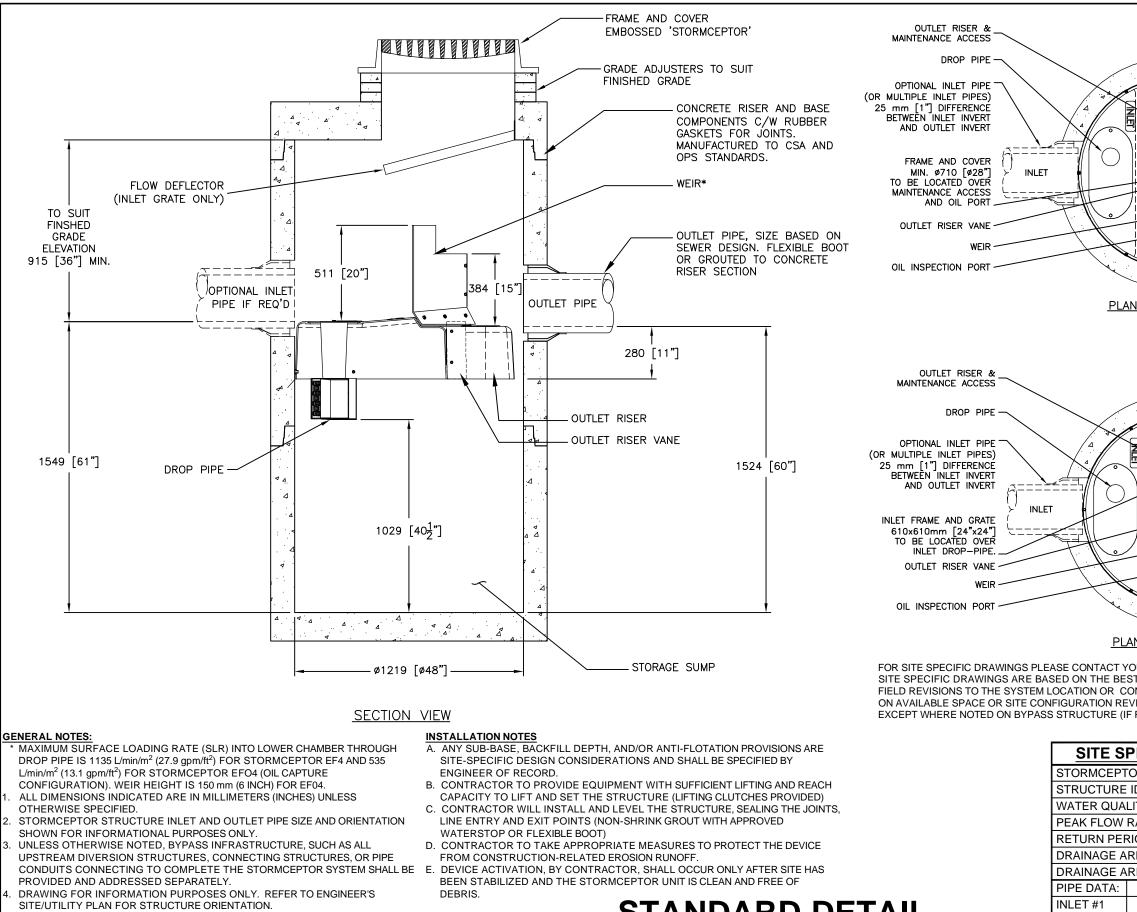
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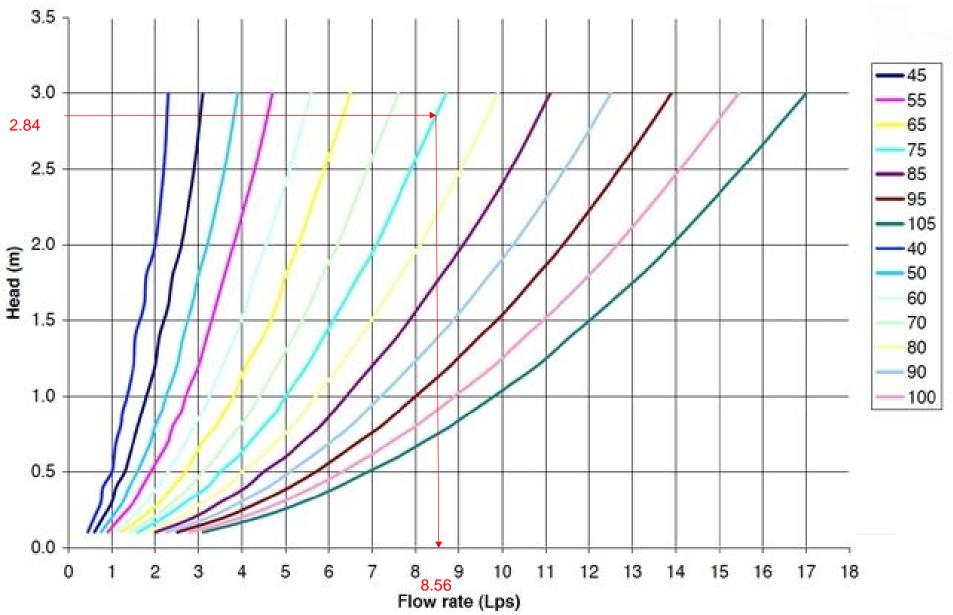


NO PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS SHALL BE ACCEPTED UNLESS SUBMITTED 10 DAYS PRIOR TO PROJECT BID DATE, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.

STANDARD DETAIL NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

| | | | | | | | 101 | *** | | | • | |
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| | | | | | | The design and information shown on this drawing i | provided as a servic and contractor by Neither this drawing | | discriatins any itability or responsibility for such use. If discretencies between the subbled information upor | which the drawing is based and actual field conditions are encountered as site work progresses, these discretancies are in a renormed to inviting instantial to | to except notes must be reputed to international for the design. Imbrum accepts no flability for designs based on missing, incomplete or | inaccurate information supplied by others. |
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TEMPEST LMF flow curves

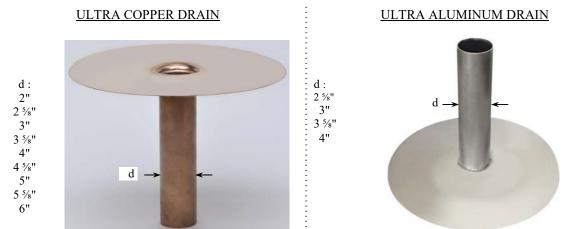


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ROOF DRAIN DEVICE

TECHNICAL DATA

MURPHCO ULTRA ROOF DRAINS



The design of the joint between the flange and the sleeve makes it a very distinctive roof drain. The flange is folded down in the sleeve with the patented *Murphco* punch. Both pieces are then unified with a continuous "MIG" bronze solder joint, under the flange. This solder joint cannot be melted when heated by a blowtorch at the time of application of modified bitumen membranes so that the assembly remains permanently watertight. This method avoids any contact of water on the soldered joint, preventing any infiltration on account of solder defect.

Use: recommended for all types of flat roofs: industrial, commercial, and residential.

MATERIALS

| | ULTRA COPPER DRAIN | ULTRA ALUMINUM DRAIN | |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| FLANGE | 32 oz copper, thickness : 0.042" (1.066 mm) | Rigid aluminum 3003-H14, MARINE TYPE; Thickness: 0.090" (2.29 mm) | |
| SLEEVE | Rigid copper sleeve See table of diameters, page 3 | Rigid aluminum sleeve, 3003-H14 grade, MARINE TYPE; ALLOY 6061 : 0.090" (2.29 mm) thick for all interior diameter sizes See table of interior diameters, page 3 | |
| STANDARDS | Rigid copper sleeve conforming with ASTM-B75 | Rigid aluminum sleeve conforming with ASTM-B221.REV.14 | |
| GRADE | Commercial, DHP C12200 | Marine vessels, pressure tanks | |
| SOLDER | "MIG" process | "MIG" process | |

DIMENSIONS

| | ULTRA COPPER DRAIN | ULTRA ALUMINUM DRAIN |
|--------|--|---|
| FLANGE | CIRCULAR 16" DIA. (400 mm); square flange on request. (delivery delay) | CIRCULAR 16" DIA. (400 mm) |
| SLEEVE | Standard length: 12" (300 mm) and 18" (452 mm); longer sleeves available on request (delivery delay) | Standard length: 12" (300 mm) and 18" (452 mm); longer sleeves available on request (delivery delay) |

DESCRIPTION

TECHNICAL DATA

MURPHCO ULTRA ROOF DRAINS

INSTALLATION – COPPER DRAIN / ALUMINUM DRAIN

At the membrane level:

These types of roof drains are used on flat roofs covered with B.U.R. asphalt felt membranes, modified bitumen or E.P.D.M. roofing and waterproofing membranes.

To seal the drain to the membrane, it is recommended to prime the copper and/or aluminum flange on both sides with a compatible primer. Then, the flange is applied into a continuous layer of compatible and heavy duty bituminous cement, or specified adhesive.

To complete the flashing of the flange to an asphalt felt membrane, apply 2 plies of heavy duty cotton fabric and a top ply no.15 asphalt felt, each one applied into hot bitumen.

For a modified bitumen membrane, apply a reinforcing ply and extend the cap sheet membrane in accordance with the recommendation of the manufacturer.

For an E.P.D.M. membrane, strictly follow the installation procedures recommended by the membrane manufacturer.

Connection to the interior rainwater leader:

The connection of the roof drain sleeve to the interior rainwater leader may be made as per the following procedures:

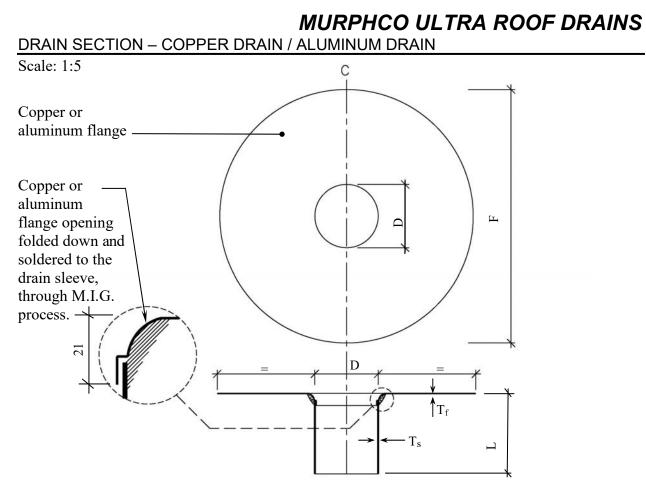
- 1. If the rainwater leader is accessible by the interior, cut the roof drain sleeve to an appropriate length in order to install a clamp collar with 3" and 4" drains or a flexible coupling sleeve. This method may be made only with a rigid sleeve roof drain. In such a way. The water flow diameter is not reduced.
- 2. When using an appropriate interior drain diameter of 2⁵/₈" (67 mm), 3⁵/₈" (92 mm), 4 ⁵/₈" (117 mm) and 5 ⁵/₈" (143 mm), the drain sleeve may also be sealed to the interior pipe with a U-Flow^{T.M.} seal, following the recommendation of U-Flow Inc., manufacturer.
- 3. The drain sleeve may also be sealed to the interior pipe with a heavy duty elastomeric cement applied on the exterior surface of the sleeve, before the drain installation. This interior pipe connection method is used only if the methods described in items 1 and 2 above are not possible.

FEATURES AND GUARANTY

- Rigid copper or aluminum sleeve without joint, clip or vertical solder
- 32 oz copper flange or 0.090" (2.29 mm) aluminum flange folded down in the sleeve with the patented *Murphco* punch
- No joint or solder exposed to surface water
- Compatible with U-FLOW^{T.M.} seal, clamp collar or flexible coupling sleeve for a maximum flow
- Durability, quality and commercial grade
- Guaranteed against corrosion and manufacturing defects (see note)

Note: Avoid any contact between the aluminum drain and pressure treated wood. Such contact shall invalidate the drain guaranty.

TECHNICAL DATA



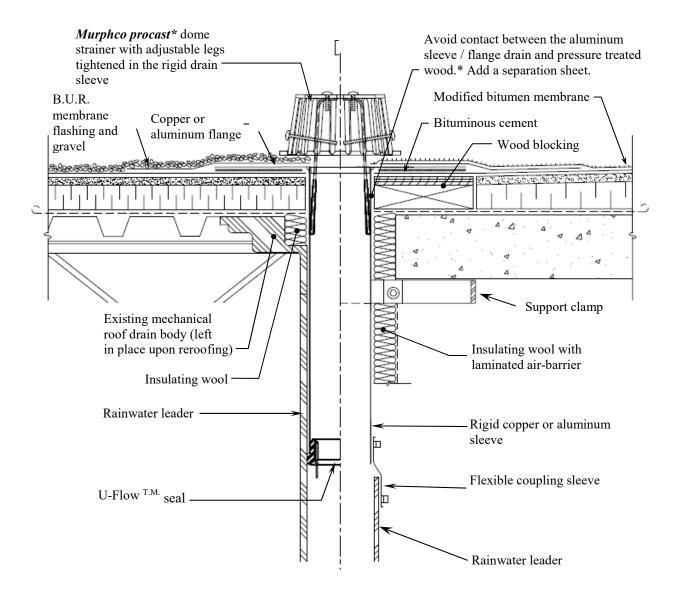
| ULTRA COPPER DRAIN | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------------|--|
| ST | ANDARDS | S DIMENS | IONS | | |
| D (interior) | Ts | Tf | F | L | |
| 2" (51 mm) | 0.050" (1.27 mm) | 32 onces | | | |
| 2 5⁄8" (67 mm) | 0.050" (1.27 mm) | 32 onces | | 12" & 18" (300 & 452 mm) | |
| 3" (76 mm) | 0.045" (1.14 mm) | 32 onces | | | |
| 3 5/8" (92 mm) | 0.078" (1.83 mm) | 32 onces | Round | | |
| 4" (102 mm) | 0.058" (1.47 mm) | 32 onces | 16" (400 | | |
| 4 5/8" (117 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 32 onces | mm) | | |
| 5" (127 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 32 onces | | Ú | |
| 5 5/8" (143 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 32 onces | | | |
| 6" (152 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 32 onces | | | |

| ULTRA ALUMINUM DRAIN | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| ST | ANDARDS | S DIMENS | IONS | | |
| D (interior) | Ts | Tf | F | L | |
| 2 5/8" (67 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | | 12" & 18" 0 & 452 mm) | |
| 3" (76 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | Round 16" | | |
| 3 ⁵ / ₈ " (92 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | (400 mm) | | |
| 4" (102 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | 0.090" (2.29 mm) | | 11 (300 | |

MURPHCO ULTRA ROOF DRAINS

TYPICAL DETAIL - COPPER DRAIN / ALUMINUM DRAIN

Scale: 1:5



Notice to plumbing / roofing contractor: When a copper drain sleeve must be cut for adjustment to appropriate length, avoid the use of vibrating tools that could generate fissures in the copper flange or sleeve along the solder. Rather utilize a circular cutter.

*Note: Avoid any contact between the aluminum drain and pressure treated wood. Such contact shall invalidate the drain guaranty.

TECHNICAL DATA

MURPHCO ULTRA ROOF DRAINS

DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED BY LES PRODUITS MURPHCO LTÉE

Technical assistance or further information may be obtained from:



Manufacturier et spécialiste de drains de toiture Boutique de Métal en feuille

4955 Brock st, Montreal (Qc) H4E 1B5 Tel.: (514) 937-3275 • Fax: (514) 937-6797 Web: www.produitsmurphco.com • E-mail: <u>nancy@produitsmurphco.com</u>

DOCUMENTATION PRÉPARÉE AVEC LA COLLABORATION TECHNIQUE DE :

Englobe 1200, boul. Saint-Martin Ouest, bureau 400 Laval (Québec) H7S 2E4 T 514.281.5173 F 450.668.5532 info@englobecorp.com

NOTICE

The information and specification provided in this document are applicable at time of publication. They are condensed from the exact results obtained through real tests and field experience, but may not be construed as implying any absolute and final dictate on our part. *Les Produits MURPHCO Ltée.* Reserves the right to modify, without notice, the information provided in the present document, as a result of its research and development policy on its product.

TECHNICAL DATA

MOULDED CONTROL FLOW DOME STRAINER

DESCRIPTION

The control flow dome strainer is made of shop moulded aluminum and conceived for flat roof drains where hydraulic loads of the interior rainwater leaders must be restricted in order to meet the requirements of the current codes, the standards of certain municipalities and the drainage system capacity limits.

According to these requirements, the strainer may be modified to limit the water flow by reducing the number of openings, see tables on following pages.

The strainer is available in 2 sizes, small and medium, which are compatible with *Murphco*^{*} copper roof drains, being inserted inside the sleeves. Moreover, such strainers may adapt to all types of existing drains as their adjustable legs, coated with gripping rubber, are tightly adjusted inside the sleeve or body of the drain.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF FINISHED PRODUCT

Color : Aluminum (metallic grey) Dome : Moulded aluminum Series: 1100 Legs : Extruded aluminum 6063 T5 solid Rounded end Coating : Red plastic color Guard No. 17545 Screws : Stainless steel

> 2 screws of ¹/₄" x 3" 2 screws of ¹/₄" x ³/₄"



Moulded control-flow dome strainer

| SIZES SMALL | | MEDIUM | | | |
|---------------------|------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Height | | 31/2" | 90 mm | 31⁄2" | 90 mm |
| Maximum Width | | 6¾" | 173 mm | 91⁄8" | 232 mm |
| Legs height | | 63/4" | 170 mm | 63/4" | 170 mm |
| Distance | min. | 1" | 25 mm | 3%" | 85 mm |
| between the legs | max. | 63/4" | 173 mm | 91⁄8" | 232 mm |

* Trade mark of Les Produits Murphco Ltée, see appropriate data sheet

TECHNICAL DATA

MOULDED CONTROL FLOW DOME STRAINER

TABLE: WATER FLOW CORRESPONDING TO THE NUMBER OF OPENINGS FOR A MAXIMUM WATER DEPTH OF 31/2"

| Number of boloo | Mator flow (1/o) * | Water flow | Evacuation | |
|-----------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--|
| Number of holes | Water flow (I/s) * | (gal/min) | time ** | |
| 1 | 0,9 | 11,9 | 24,0 | |
| 2 | 1,3 | 17,2 | 17,3 | |
| 3 | 1,7 | 22,5 | 13,2 | |
| 4 | 2,1 | 27,7 | 10,7 | |
| 5 | 2,5 | 33,0 | 9,0 | |
| 6 | 2,9 | 38,3 | 7,8 | |
| 7 | 3,3 | 43,6 | 6,8 | |
| 8 | 3,7 | 48,9 | 6,1 | |
| 9 | 4,1 | 54,2 | 5,5 | |
| 10 | 4,5 | 59,5 | 5,0 | |
| 11 | 4,9 | 64,7 | 4,6 | |
| 12 | 5,3 | 70,0 | 4,2 | |
| 13 | 5,7 | 75,3 | 3,9 | |
| 14 | 6,1 | 80,6 | 3,7 | |
| 15 | 6,5 | 85,9 | 3,5 | |
| 16 | 6,9 | 91,2 | 3,3 | |
| 17 | 7,3 | 96,5 | 3,1 | |
| 18 | 7,7 | 101,8 | 2,9 | |
| 19 | 8,1 | 107,0 | 2,8 | |
| 20 | 8,5 | 112,3 | 2,6 | |
| 21 | 8,9 | 117,6 | 2,5 | |
| 22 | 9,3 | 122,9 | 2,4 | |

Notes:

*: The water flow is calculated with a maximum water level of 90 mm $(3\frac{1}{2})$ at the drain.

**: Maximum evacuation time in hours for a maximum drainage area of 900 m² per drain so that the water depth does not exceed 90 mm (3¹/₂"). The complete drainage of water should not last more than 24 hours [article 4.10.4.2) of the 1995 National Plumbing Code of Canada].

PAGE 2 OF 4

TECHNICAL DATA

MOULDED CONTROL FLOW DOME STRAINER

TABLE: WATER FLOW CORRESPONDING TO THE NUMBER OF OPENINGS FOR A MAXIMUM WATER DEPTH OF 6"

| Number of holes | Water flow (I/s) * | Water flow | Evacuation | |
|-----------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--|
| | . , | (gal/min) | time ** | |
| 1 | 1,6 | 21,6 | 11,5 | |
| 2 | 2,0 | 26,9 | 9,2 | |
| 3 | 2,4 | 32,2 | 7,7 | |
| 4 | 2,8 | 37,5 | 6,6 | |
| 5 | 3,2 | 42,8 | 5,8 | |
| 6 | 3,6 | 48,0 | 5,2 | |
| 7 | 4,0 | 53,3 | 4,6 | |
| 8 | 4,4 | 58,6 | 4,2 | |
| 9 | 4,8 | 63,9 | 3,9 | |
| 10 | 5,2 | 69,2 | 3,6 | |
| 11 | 5,6 | 74,5 | 3,3 | |
| 12 | 6,0 | 79,8 | 3,1 | |
| 13 | 6,4 | 85,1 | 2,9 | |
| 14 | 6,8 | 90,3 | 2,7 | |
| 15 | 7,2 | 95,6 | 2,6 | |
| 16 | 7,6 | 100,9 | 2,5 | |
| 17 | 8,0 | 106,2 | 2,3 | |
| 18 | 8,4 | 111,5 | 2,2 | |
| 19 | 8,8 | 116,8 | 2,1 | |
| 20 | 9,2 | 122,1 | 2,0 | |
| 21 | 9,6 | 127,3 | 1,9 | |
| 22 | 10,0 | 132,6 | 1,9 | |

Notes:

*: The water flow is calculated with a maximum water level of 150 mm (6") at the drain.

**: Maximum evacuation time in hours for a maximum drainage area of 900 m² per drain so that the water depth does not exceed 150 mm (6"). The complete drainage of water should not last more than 24 hours [article 4.10.4.2) of the 1995 National Plumbing Code of Canada].

Example:

To drain an area of 900 m^2 , with a maximum water flow of 2 l/s imposed by the mechanical engineer and a maximum water depth of 150 mm, it is necessary to install 2 drains, each one equipped with two openings in each dome strainer.

TECHNICAL DATA

MOULDED CONTROL FLOW DOME STRAINER

DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED BY LES PRODUITS MURPHCO LTÉE

Technical assistance or further information may be obtained from:



Manufacturier et spécialiste de drains de toiture Boutique de Métal en feuille

4955, rue Brock Montréal, Qc, H4E 1B5

Tél : (514) 937-3275 Fax : (514) 937-6797

Site web : <u>www.produitsmurphco.com</u> Courriel : <u>info@produitsmurphco.com</u>

DOCUMENTATION PREPARED WITH THE TECHNICAL COOPERATION OF:

Englobe 1200, boul. Saint-Martin Ouest, bureau 400 Laval (Québec) H7S 2E4 T 514.281.5173 F 450.668.5532 info@englobecorp.com

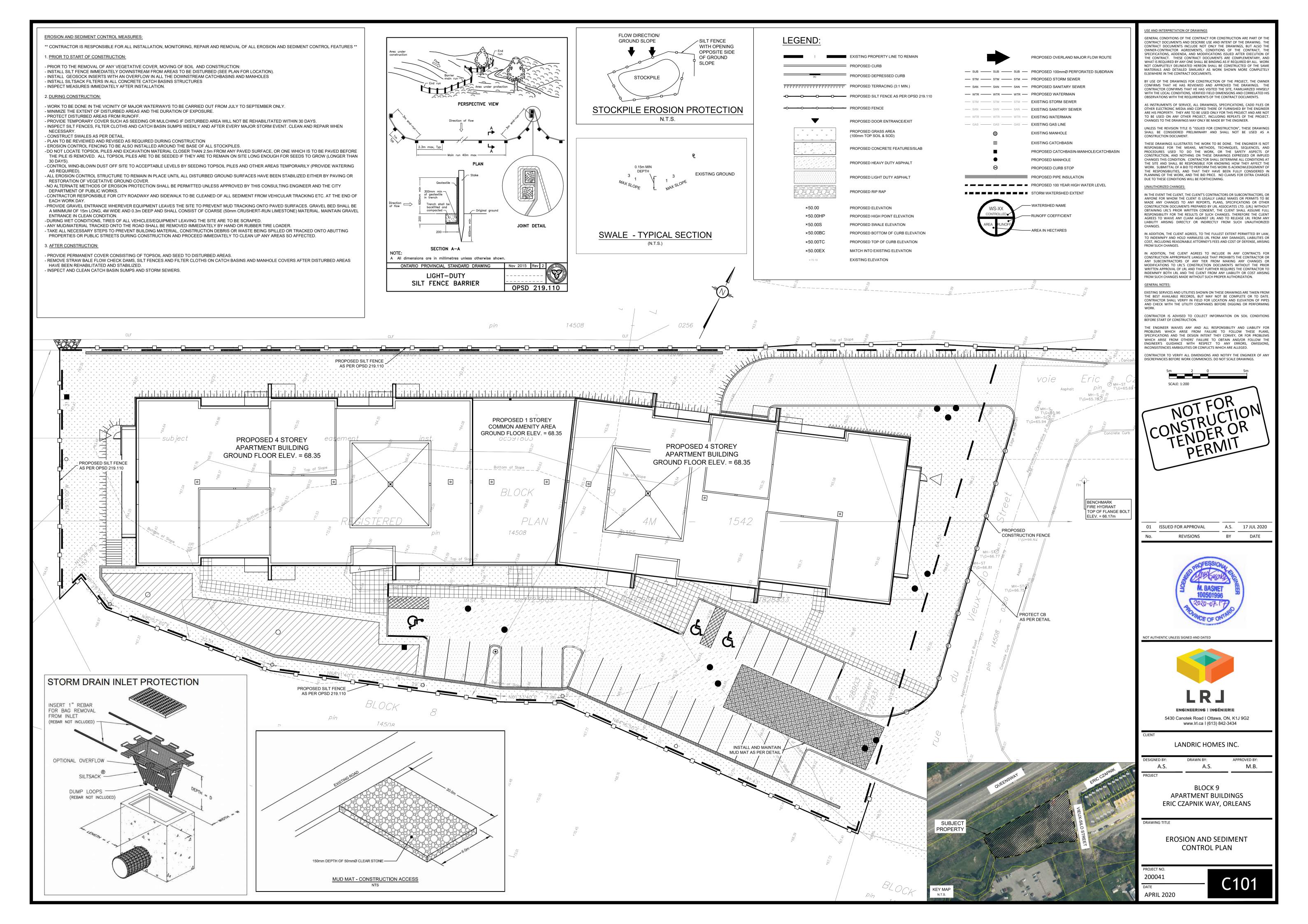
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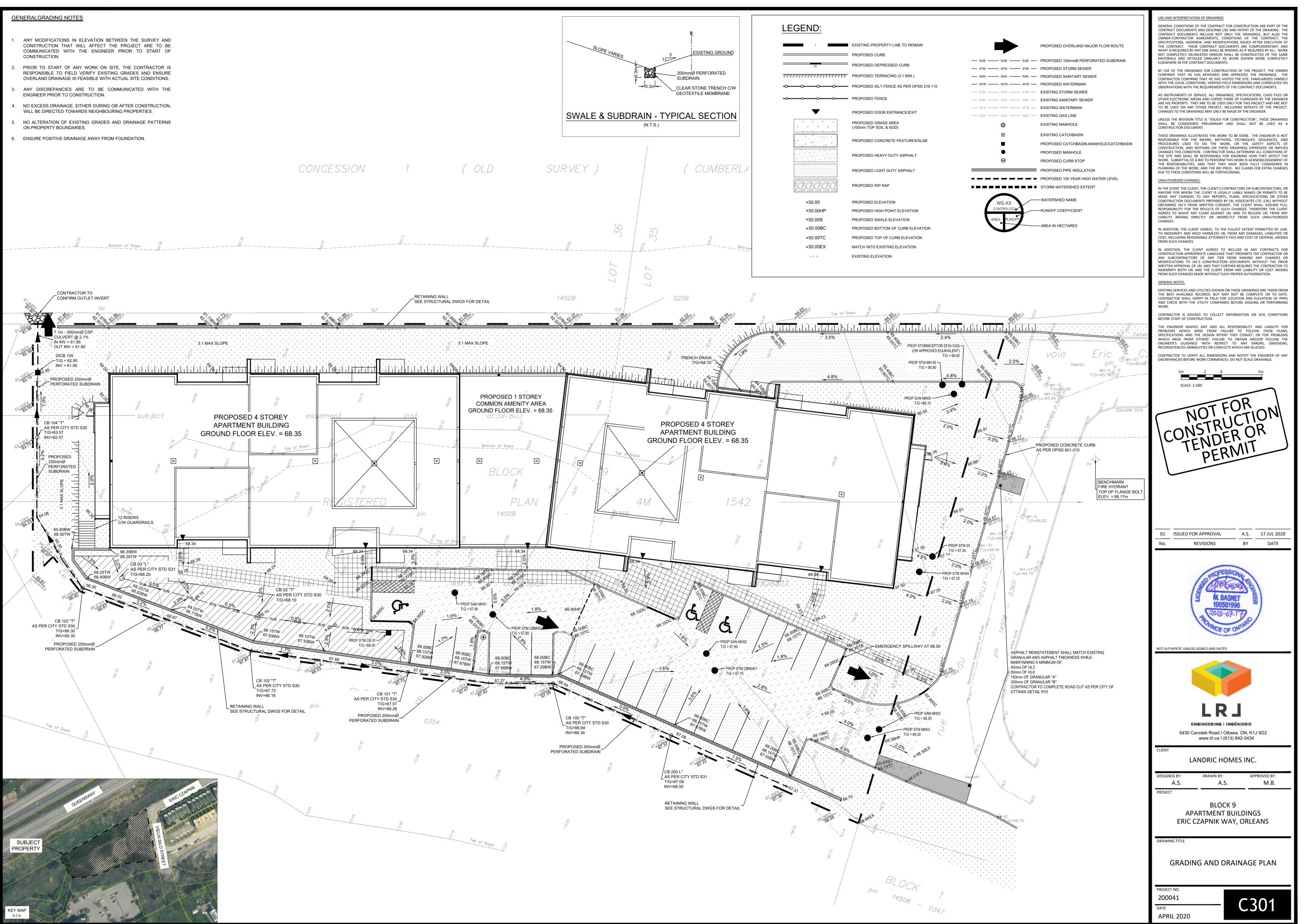
The information and specification provided in this document are applicable at time of publication. They are condensed from the exact results obtained through real tests and field experience, but may not be construed as implying any absolute and final dictate on our part. *Les Produits MURPHCO Ltée* Reserves the right to modify, without notice, the information provided in the present document, as a result of its research and development policy on its products.

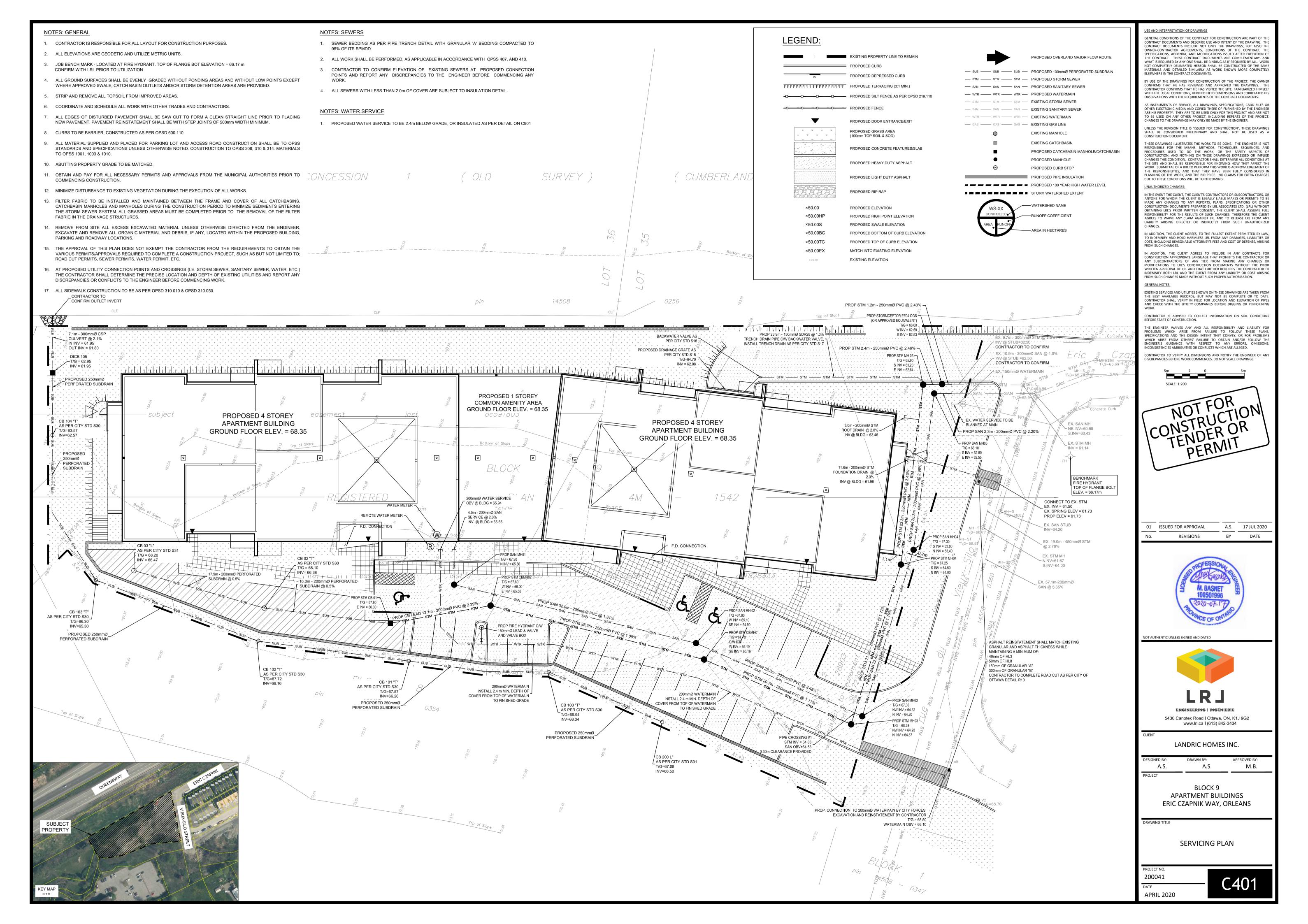
PAGE 4 OF 4

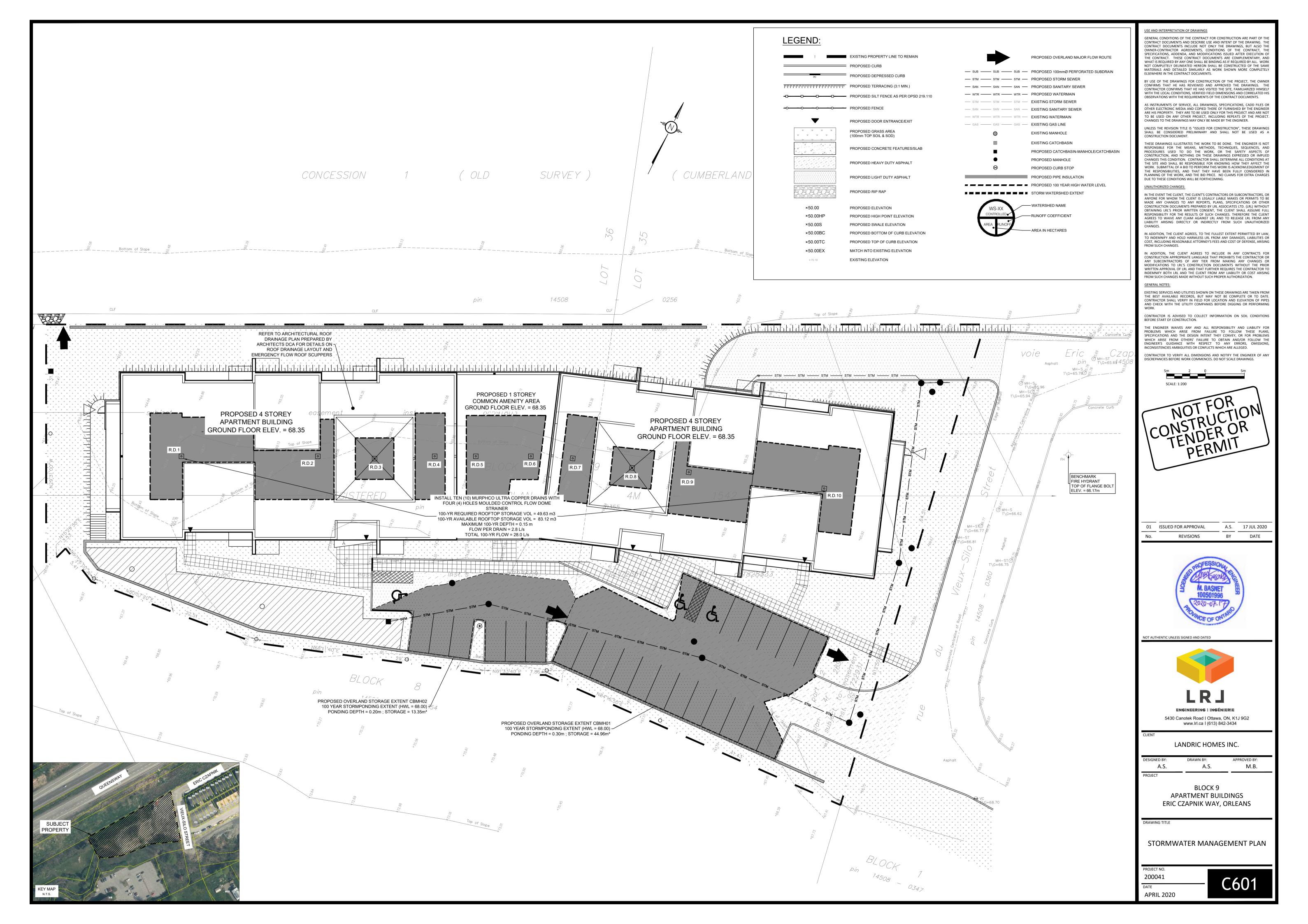
APPENDIX E

Civil Engineering Drawings



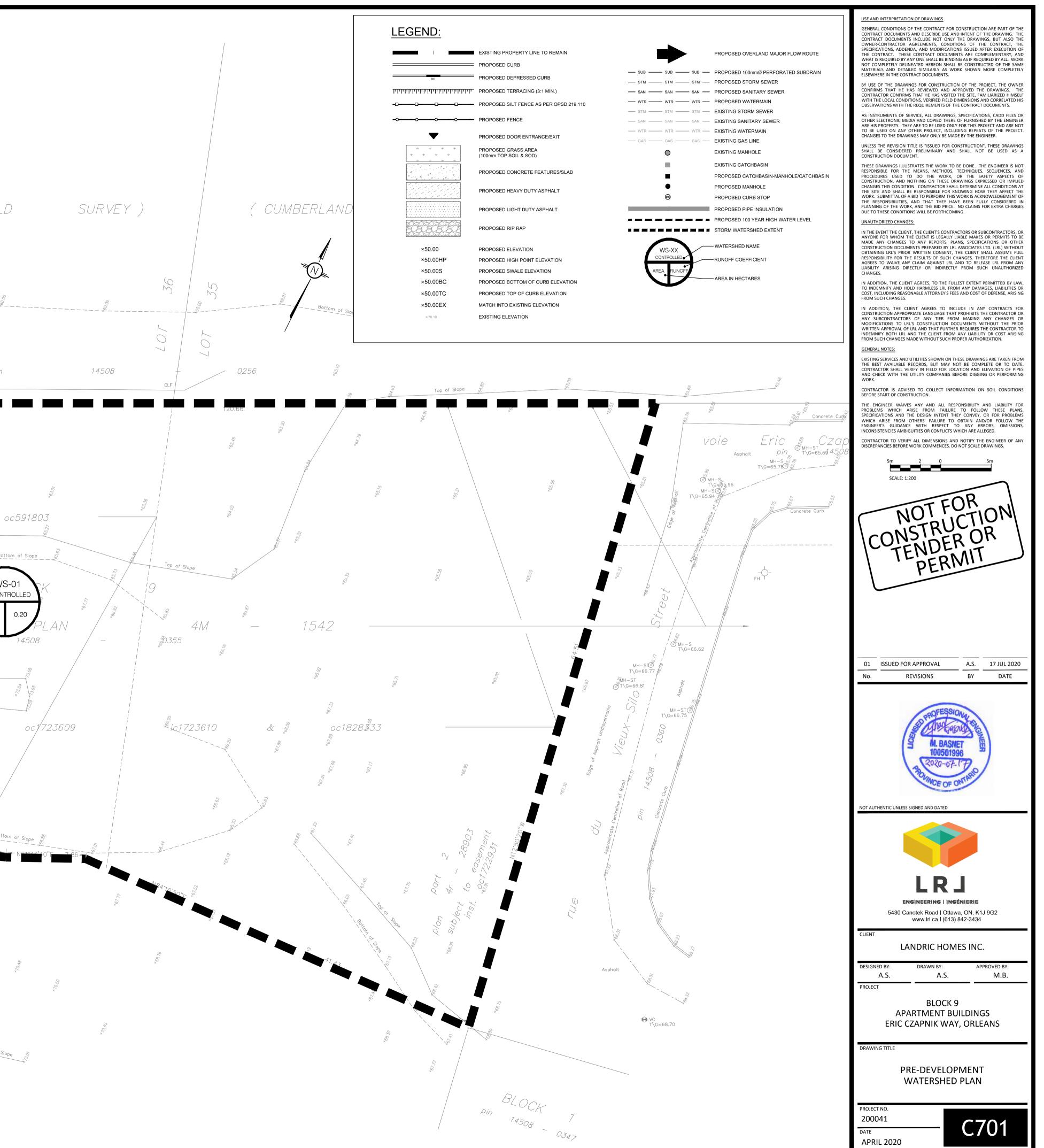


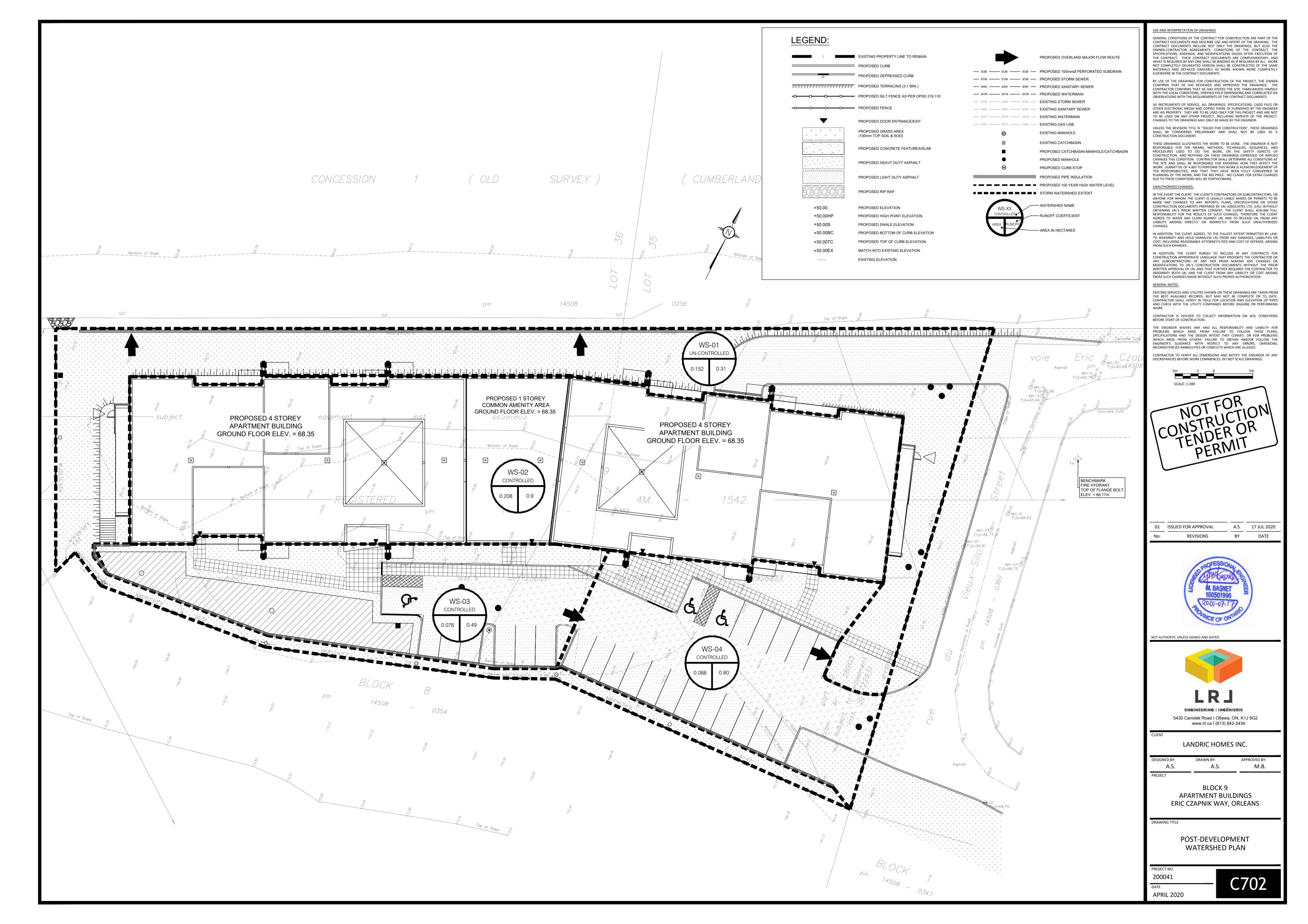


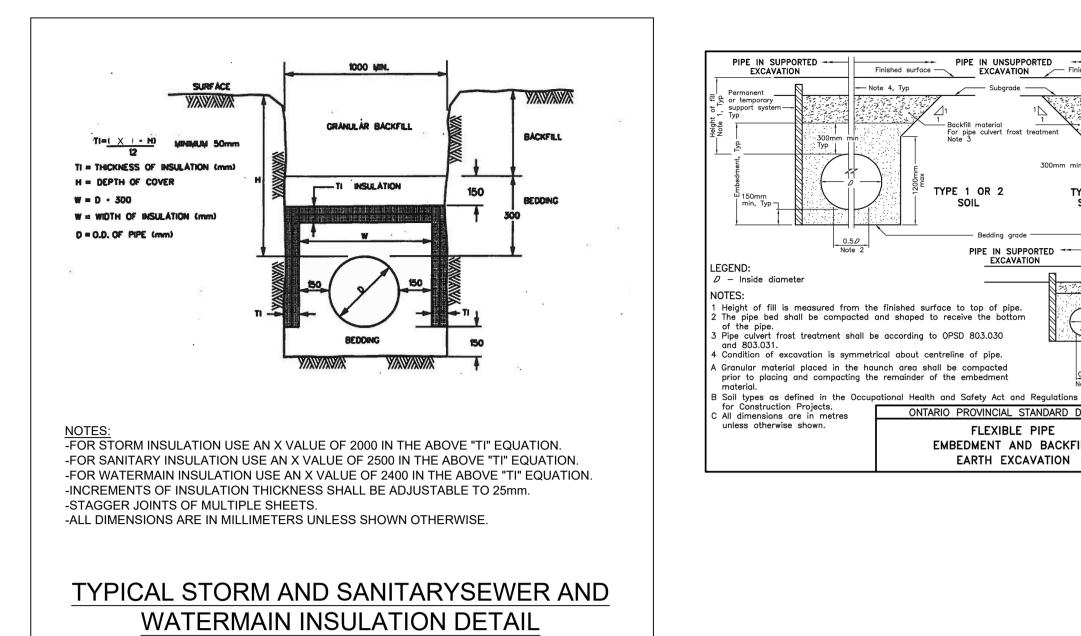


(OLD CONCESSION ____Bottom_of_Slope pin CLF -subject easement inst. to ____ Bottom of Slope **EWS-01** UN-CONTROLLED 0.517 REGISTERED pin Top of Slope 😓 subject to easement inst.'s BLOCK pin 14508 0354 Top of Slope

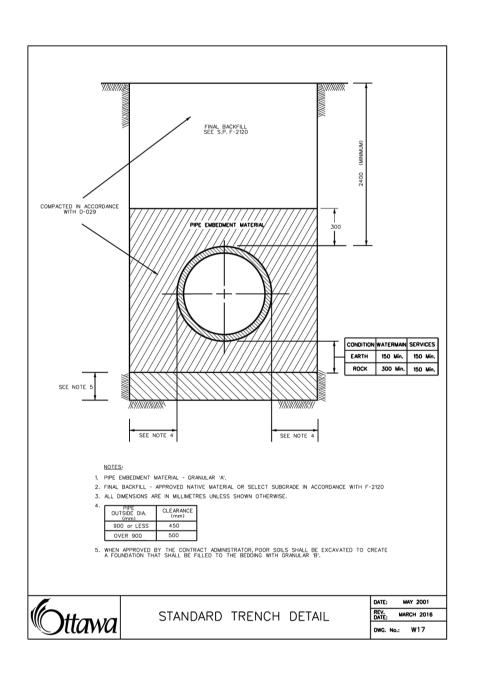
Top of Slope

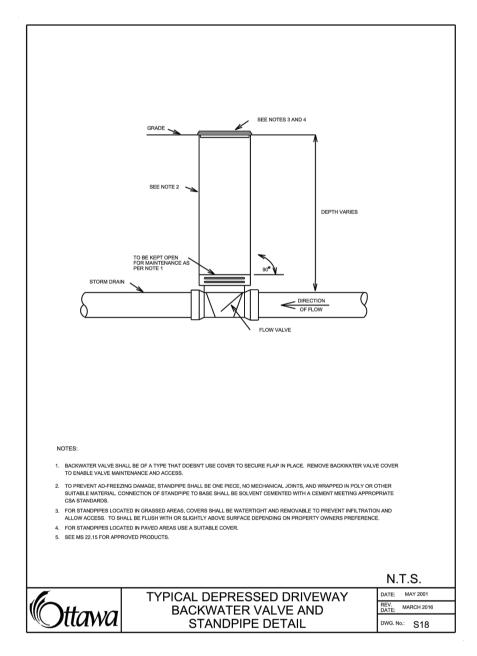








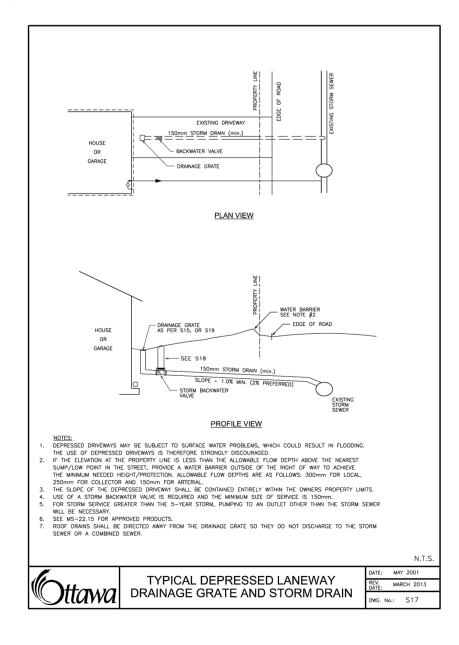


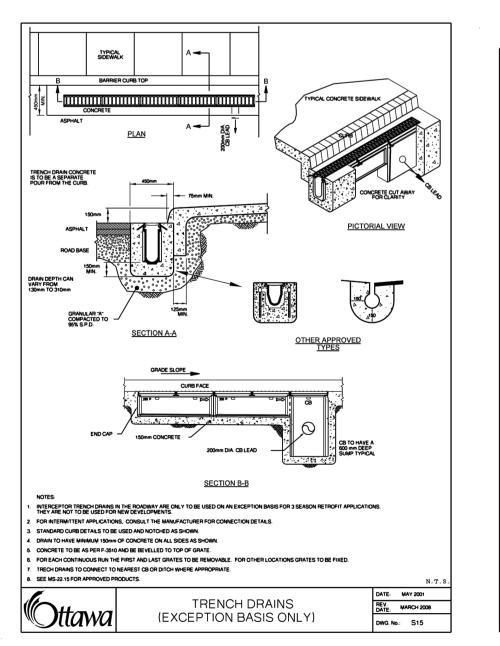


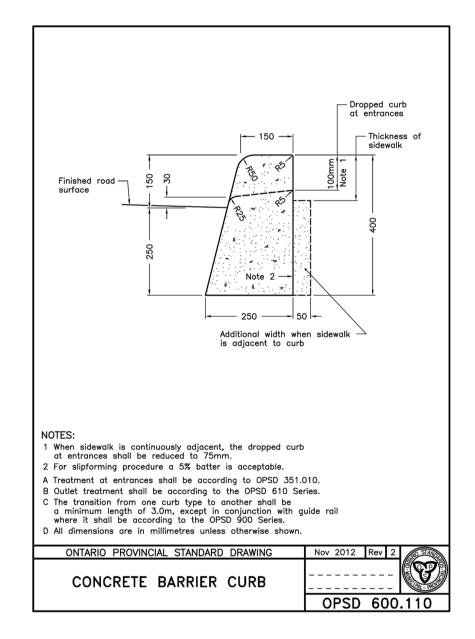
Finished surface -

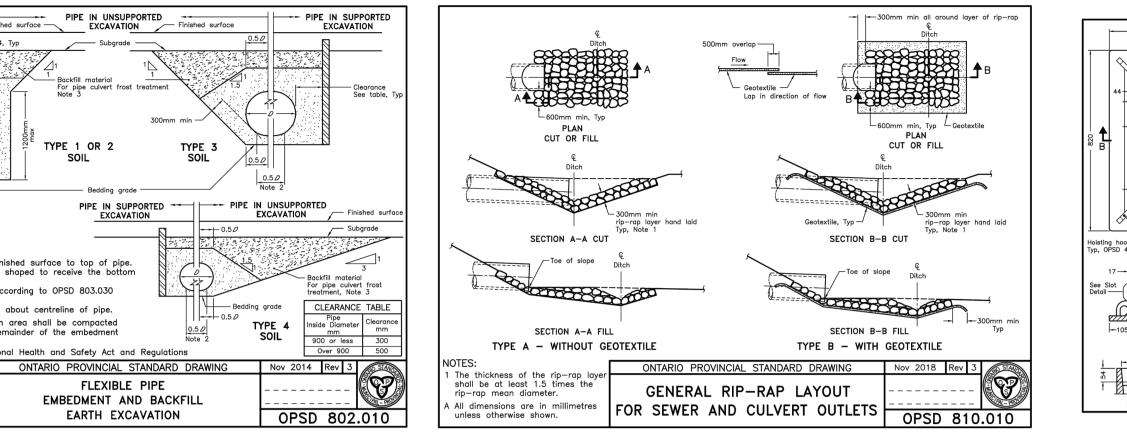
SOIL

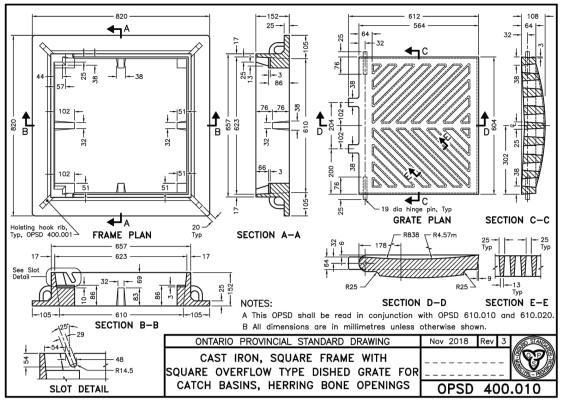
- Note 4. Typ

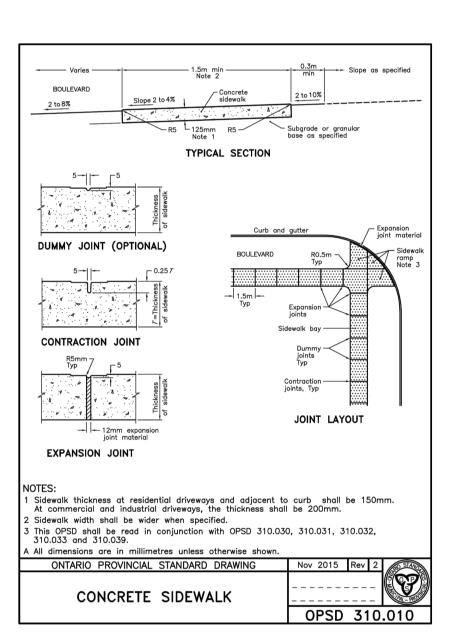


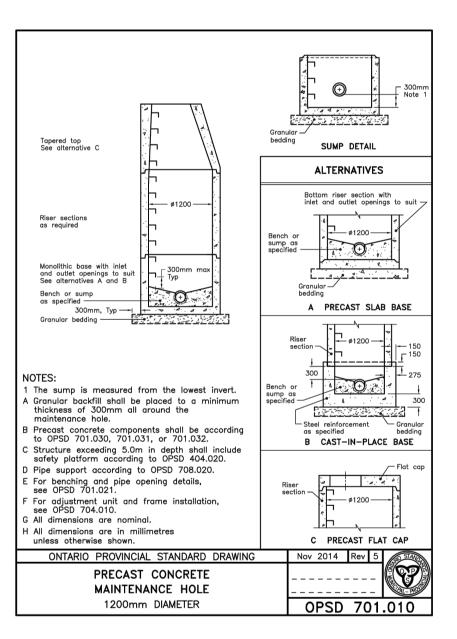


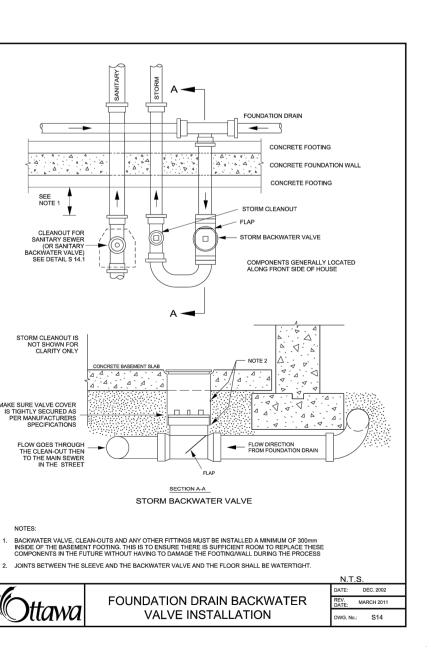


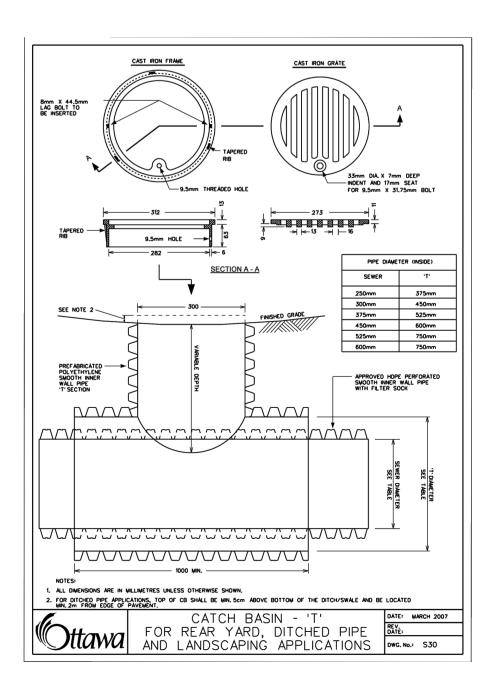


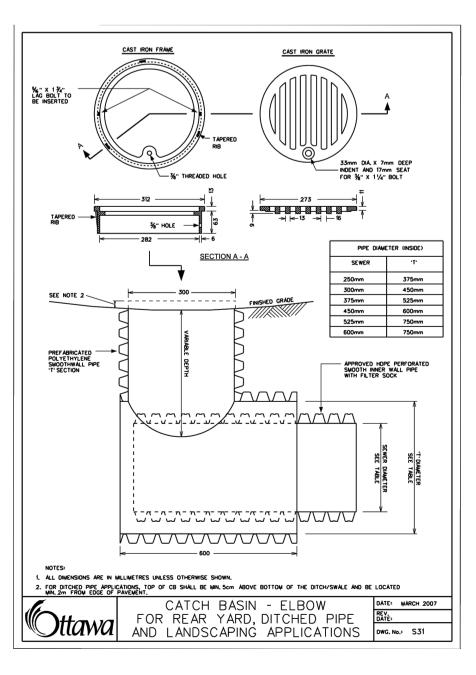












USE AND INTERPRETATION OF DRAWINGS

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND DESCRIBE USE AND INTENT OF THE DRAWING. T CONTRACT DOCUMENTS INCLUDE NOT ONLY THE DRAWINGS, BUT ALSO T OWNER-CONTRACTOR AGREEMENTS, CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT, T SPECIFICATIONS, ADDENDA, AND MODIFICATIONS ISSUED AFTER EXECUTION OF THE CONTRACT. THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ARE COMPLEMENTARY, AND WHAT IS REQUIRED BY ANY ONE SHALL BE BINDING AS IF REQUIRED BY ALL. WORK NOT COMPLETELY DELINEATED HEREON SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF THE SAME MATERIALS AND DETAILED SIMILARLY AS WORK SHOWN MORE COMPLETELY ELSEWHERE IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

BY USE OF THE DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, THE OWNER CONFIRMS THAT HE HAS REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE DRAWINGS. TH CONTRACTOR CONFIRMS THAT HE HAS VISITED THE SITE, FAMILIARIZED HIMSE WITH THE LOCAL CONDITIONS, VERIFIED FIELD DIMENSIONS AND CORRELATED HIS OBSERVATIONS WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

AS INSTRUMENTS OF SERVICE. ALL DRAWINGS. SPECIFICATIONS. CADD FILES OF AS INSTRUMENTS OF SERVICE, ALL COPIED THERE OF FURNISHED BY THE ENGINEER ARE HIS PROPERTY. THEY ARE TO BE USED ONLY FOR THIS PROJECT AND ARE NOT TO BE USED ON ANY OTHER PROJECT, INCLUDING REPEATS OF THE PROJECT HANGES TO THE DRAWINGS MAY ONLY BE MADE BY THE ENGINEER

UNLESS THE REVISION TITLE IS "ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION". THESE DRAWING SHALL BE CONSIDERED PRELIMINARY AND SHALL NOT BE USED AS A CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENT.

THESE DRAWINGS ILLUSTRATES THE WORK TO BE DONE. THE ENGINEER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MEANS, METHODS, TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES, AND PROCEDURES USED TO DO THE WORK, OR THE SAFETY ASPECTS OF CONSTRUCTION, AND NOTHING ON THESE DRAWINGS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED CHANGES THIS CONDITION. CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE ALL CONDITIONS A THE SITE AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR KNOWING HOW THEY AFFECT THI WORK. SUBMITTAL OF A BID TO PERFORM THIS WORK IS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF THE RESPONSIBILITIES, AND THAT THEY HAVE BEEN FULLY CONSIDERED IN PLANNING OF THE WORK, AND THE BID PRICE. NO CLAIMS FOR EXTRA CHARGES DUE TO THESE CONDITIONS WILL BE FORTHCOMING.

UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES: IN THE EVENT THE CLIENT, THE CLIENT'S CONTRACTORS OR SUBCONTRACTORS, OI

ANYONE FOR WHOM THE CLIENT IS LEGALLY LIABLE MAKES OR PERMITS TO BE MADE ANY CHANGES TO ANY REPORTS, PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS PREPARED BY LRL ASSOCIATES LTD. (LRL) WITHOUT OBTAINING LRL'S PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT, THE CLIENT SHALL ASSUME FUL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE RESULTS OF SUCH CHANGES. THEREFORE THE CLIENT AGREES TO WAIVE ANY CLAIM AGAINST LRI AND TO BELEASE LRI FROM ANY LIABILITY ARISING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FROM SUCH UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES.

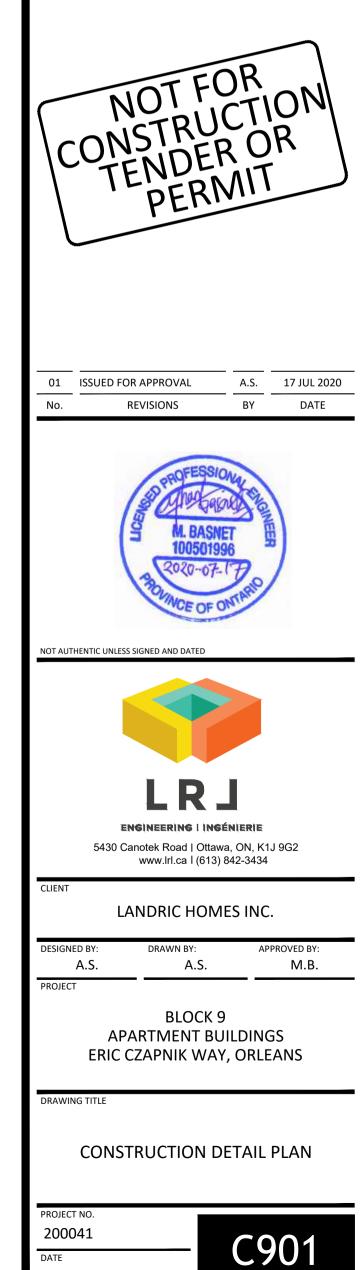
IN ADDITION, THE CLIENT AGREES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, TO INDEMNIFY AND HOLD HARMLESS LRL FROM ANY DAMAGES, LIABILITIES OF COST, INCLUDING REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COST OF DEFENSE, ARISING FROM SUCH CHANGES

IN ADDITION, THE CLIENT AGREES TO INCLUDE IN ANY CONTRACTS FOR CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATE LANGUAGE THAT PROHIBITS THE CONTRACTOR OR ANY SUBCONTRACTORS OF ANY TIER FROM MAKING ANY CHANGES OF MODIFICATIONS TO LRL'S CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF LRL AND THAT FURTHER REQUIRES THE CONTRACTOR TO INDEMNIFY BOTH LRL AND THE CLIENT FROM ANY LIABILITY OR COST ARISING FROM SUCH CHANGES MADE WITHOUT SUCH PROPER AUTHORIZATION. GENERAL NOTES:

EXISTING SERVICES AND UTILITIES SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS ARE TAKEN FROM THE BEST AVAILABLE RECORDS, BUT MAY NOT BE COMPLETE OR TO DATE. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY IN FIELD FOR LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF PIPES AND CHECK WITH THE UTILITY COMPANIES BEFORE DIGGING OR PERFORMING WORK.

CONTRACTOR IS ADVISED TO COLLECT INFORMATION ON SOIL CONDITIONS BEFORE START OF CONSTRUCTION.

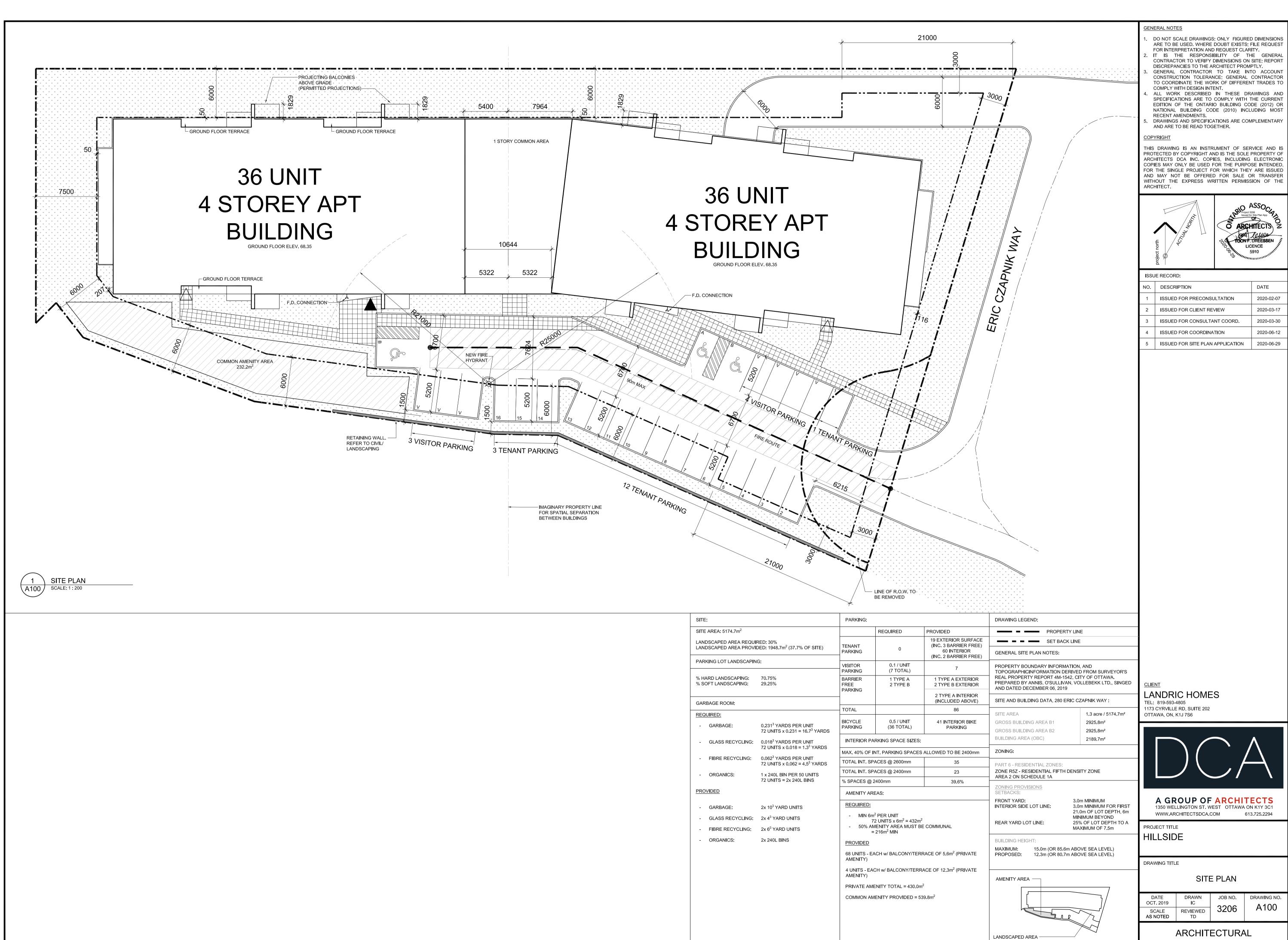
THE ENGINEER WAIVES ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY AND LIABILITY FOR PROBLEMS WHICH ARISE FROM FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND THE DESIGN INTENT THEY CONVEY, OR FOR PROBLEMS WHICH ARISE FROM OTHERS' FAILURE TO OBTAIN AND/OR FOLLOW THE ENGINEER'S GUIDANCE WITH RESPECT TO ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS INCONSISTENCIES AMBIGUITIES OR CONFLICTS WHICH ARE ALLEGED. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES BEFORE WORK COMMENCES. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.



APRIL 2020

DRAWINGS/FIGURES

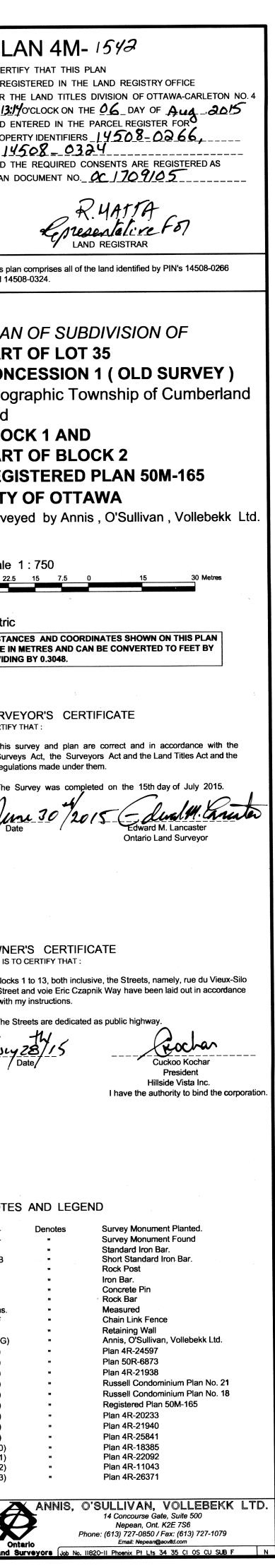
Proposed Site Plan Survey



| | | | 7 | | * * * * * * * * * * * * * * |
|---|----------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| SITE: | | PARKING: | | | |
| SITE AREA: 5174.7m ² | | | REQUIRED | PROVIDED | |
| LANDSCAPED AREA REQUIRED: 30% LANDSCAPED AREA PROVIDED: 1948.7m ² (37.7% OF SITE) | | TENANT PARKING | 0 | 19 EXTERIOR SUR (INC. 3 BARRIER F 60 INTERIOR (INC. 2 BARRIER F | |
| PAF | RKING LOT LANDSCAPIN | G: | VISITOR | 0.1 / UN I T (7 TOTAL) | 7 |
| % HARD LANDSCAPING: 70.75% % SOFT LANDSCAPING: 29.25% | | BARRIER FREE PARKING | 1 TYPE A 2 TYPE B | 1 TYPE A EXTER 2 TYPE B EXTER 2 TYPE A INTERI | |
| GAF | RBAGE ROOM: | | | | (INCLUDED ABO) |
| REC | QUIRED: | | TOTAL | | 86 |
| - | GARBAGE: | 0.231 ³ YARDS PER UNIT 72 UNITS x 0.231 = 16.7 ³ YARDS | BICYCLE PARKING | 0.5 / UNIT (36 TOTAL) | 41 INTERIOR BI PARKING |
| - | GLASS RECYCLING: | 0.018 ³ YARDS PER UNIT 72 UNITS x 0.018 = 1.3 ³ YARDS | INTERIOR PARKING SPACE SIZES: | | |
| | | 0.062 ³ YARDS PER UNIT | MAX. 40% OF INT. PARKING SPACES ALLOWED T TOTAL INT. SPACES @ 2600mm TOTAL INT. SPACES @ 2400mm | | ALLOWED TO BE 2400 |
| - | FIBRE RECYCLING: | $72 \text{ UNITS x } 0.062 = 4.5^3 \text{ YARDS}$ | | | 35 |
| - | ORGANICS: | 1 x 240L BIN PER 50 UNITS 72 UNITS = 2x 240L BINS | | | 23 |
| PROVIDED | | % SPACES @ 2400mm 39.6% AMENITY AREAS: | | | |
| | | | | EAS. | |
| - | GARBAGE: | 2x 10 ³ YARD UNITS | REQUIRED: | | |
| - | GLASS RECYCLING: | 2x 4 ³ YARD UNITS | | n ² PER UNIT 72 UNITS x 6m ² = 432m ² | |
| - | FIBRE RECYCLING: | 2x 6 ³ YARD UNITS | - 50% AMENITY AREA MUST BE COMMUNAL = 216m ² MIN | | |
| - | ORGANICS: | 2x 240L BINS | PROVIDED | | |
| | | | 68 UNITS - EACH w/ BALCONY/TERRACE OF 5.6m ² (PRIV/ AMENITY) 4 UNITS - EACH w/ BALCONY/TERRACE OF 12.3m ² (PRIV/ AMENITY) PRIVATE AMENITY TOTAL = 430.0m ² | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | COMMON AN | MENITY PROVIDED = 53 | 9.8m ² |
| | | | | | |



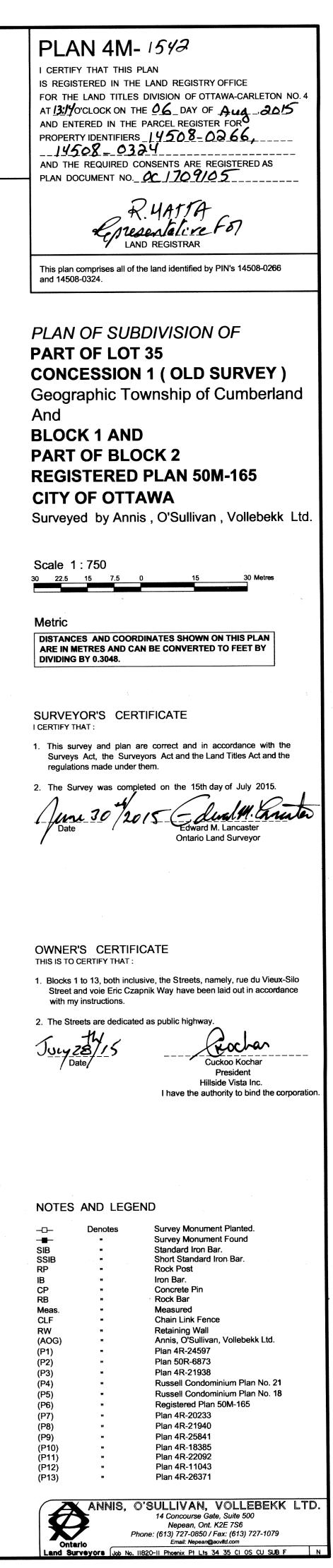
APPROVED UNDER SECTION 51 OF THE PLANNING ACT



and 14508-0324.

And

I CERTIFY THAT :





Caution: Coordinates cannot, in themselves, be used to re-establish corners or boundaries shown on this plan.