

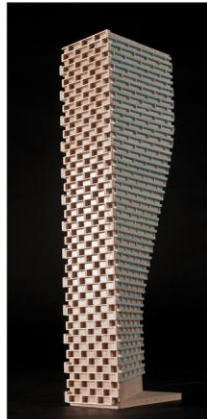
GRADIENTWIND

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT

24-30 Pretoria Avenue
Ottawa, Ontario

GRADIENT WIND REPORT: 19-039 – Traffic Noise R1



December 3, 2019

PREPARED FOR

JB HOLDINGS INC.

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PREPARED BY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report describes a traffic noise assessment for a proposed residential development located at 24-30 Pretoria Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario. The proposed development is a six-storey residential building located south of Pretoria Avenue between Metcalfe Street and Queen Elizabeth Driveway, comprising a total of 46 residential units, occupying Levels 2 to 6. The ground floor features a gym at the northwest corner, a party room at the northeast corner, and a lobby at the centre with an entrance at the north elevation from Pretoria Street. According to the ENCG, balconies less than 4 m in depth are not considered as outdoor living areas. The major sources of traffic noise are Isabella Street and Highway 417 to the north. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context.

The assessment is based on (i) theoretical noise prediction methods that conform to the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and City of Ottawa requirements; (ii) noise level criteria as specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG); (iii) future vehicular traffic volumes based on the City of Ottawa's Official Plan roadway classifications; and (iv) architectural drawings prepared by RLA Architecture.

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 54 and 72 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 46 and 64 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (72 dBA) occurs at the north façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Highway 417. Building components with a higher Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating will be required where exterior noise levels exceed 65 dBA, as indicated in Figure 3.

Results of the calculations also indicate that the development will require central air conditioning, which will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. A Warning Clause will also be required be placed on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized in Section 6.

Stationary noise impacts from the grocery store to the north are expected to fall below background noise levels due to roadway traffic sources. At lower building levels where there is less exposure to the highway, stationary noise levels will be reduced as the grocery store massing will also provide blockage from the



rooftop equipment. As such, the development is expected to be in compliance with ENCG sound level criteria for stationary noise and be compatible with the surrounding existing land-uses.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc. (Gradient Wind) was retained by JB Holdings Inc. to undertake a traffic noise assessment for the proposed residential development located at 24-30 Pretoria Avenue in Ottawa, Ontario. This report summarizes the methodology, results, and recommendations related to the assessment of exterior and interior noise levels generated by local roadway traffic.

Our work is based on theoretical noise calculation methods conforming to the City of Ottawa¹ and Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP)² guidelines. Noise calculations were based on architectural drawings prepared by RLA Architecture, with future traffic volumes corresponding to the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) roadway classifications.

2. TERMS OF REFERENCE

The proposed development is a six-storey residential building located south of Pretoria Avenue between Metcalfe Street and Queen Elizabeth Driveway, comprising a total of 46 residential units, occupying Levels 2 to 6. The ground floor features a gym at the northwest corner, a party room at the northeast corner, and a lobby at the centre with an entrance at the north elevation from Pretoria Street. Additionally, the ground floor features building support facilities, including a garbage room and electrical room, at the southwest corner and an amenity space to the southeast. Balconies are present at the north and south elevations of Levels 2 to 5, serving the residential units. A floorplate setback occurs on the north and south sides of Level 6 to accommodate outdoor decks, serving the residential units. According to the ENCG, balconies less than 4 m in depth are not considered as outdoor living areas.

The site is surrounded by low and medium-rise residential buildings from the east clockwise to the west, with a paved lot and grocery store to the north (situated between the study building and Highway 417). The major sources of traffic noise are Isabella Street and Highway 417 to the north. Figure 1 illustrates a complete site plan with surrounding context.

¹ City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016

² Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change – Environmental Noise Guidelines, Publication NPC-300, Queens Printer for Ontario, Toronto, 2013

3. OBJECTIVES

The principal objectives of this study are to (i) calculate the future noise levels on the study buildings produced by local roadway traffic, and (ii) ensure that interior and exterior noise levels do not exceed the allowable limits specified by the City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines as outlined in Section 4.2 of this report.

4. METHODOLOGY

4.1 Background

Noise can be defined as any obtrusive sound. It is created at a source, transmitted through a medium, such as air, and intercepted by a receiver. Noise may be characterized in terms of the power of the source or the sound pressure at a specific distance. While the power of a source is characteristic of that particular source, the sound pressure depends on the location of the receiver and the path that the noise takes to reach the receiver. Measurement of noise is based on the decibel unit, dBA, which is a logarithmic ratio referenced to a standard noise level (2×10^{-5} Pascals). The 'A' suffix refers to a weighting scale, which better represents how the noise is perceived by the human ear. With this scale, a doubling of power results in a 3 dBA increase in measured noise levels and is just perceptible to most people. An increase of 10 dBA is often perceived to be twice as loud.

4.2 Roadway Traffic Noise

4.2.1 Criteria for Roadway Traffic Noise

For surface roadway traffic noise, the equivalent sound energy level, L_{eq} , provides a measure of the time varying noise levels, which is well correlated with the annoyance of sound. It is defined as the continuous sound level, which has the same energy as a time varying noise level over a period of time. For roadways, the L_{eq} is commonly calculated on the basis of a 16-hour (L_{eq16}) daytime (07:00-23:00) / 8-hour (L_{eq8}) nighttime (23:00-07:00) split to assess its impact on residential buildings. The City of Ottawa's Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) specifies that the recommended indoor noise limit range (that is relevant to this study) is 45 and 40 dBA for living rooms and sleeping quarters respectively for roadway as listed in Table 1. Based on Gradient Wind's experience, more comfortable indoor noise levels



should be targeted, towards 42 and 37, respectively, to control peak noise and deficiencies in building envelope construction.

TABLE 1: INDOOR SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA (ROAD) ³

Type of Space	Time Period	Leq (dBA)
General offices, reception areas, retail stores, etc.	07:00 – 23:00	50
Living/dining/den areas of residences , hospitals, schools, nursing/retirement homes, day-care centres, theatres, places of worship, libraries, individual or semi-private offices, conference rooms, etc.	07:00 – 23:00	45
Sleeping quarters of hotels/motels	23:00 – 07:00	45
Sleeping quarters of residences , hospitals, nursing/retirement homes, etc.	23:00 – 07:00	40

Predicted noise levels at the plane of window (POW) dictate the action required to achieve the recommended sound levels. An open window is considered to provide a 10 dBA reduction in noise, while a standard closed window is capable of providing a minimum 20 dBA noise reduction⁴. A closed window due to a ventilation requirement will bring noise levels down to achieve an acceptable indoor environment⁵. Therefore, where noise levels exceed 55 dBA daytime and 50 dBA nighttime, the ventilation for the building should consider the need for having windows and doors closed, which triggers the need for forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning. Where noise levels exceed 65 dBA daytime and 60 dBA nighttime, air conditioning will be required and building components will require higher levels of sound attenuation⁶.

The sound level criterion for outdoor living areas is 55 dBA, which applies during the daytime (07:00 to 23:00). When noise levels exceed 55 dBA, mitigation must be provided to reduce noise levels where technically and administratively feasible to acceptable levels at or below the criterion.

³ Adapted from ENCG 2016 – Tables 2.2b and 2.2c

⁴ Burberry, P.B. (2014). Mitchell's Environment and Services. Routledge, Page 125

⁵ MECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.8

⁶ MECP, Environmental Noise Guidelines, NPC 300 – Part C, Section 7.1.3



4.2.2 Theoretical Roadway Noise Predictions

Noise predictions were performed with the aid of the MECP computerized noise assessment program, STAMSON 5.04, for road analysis. Appendix A includes the STAMSON 5.04 input and output data.

Roadway traffic noise calculations were performed by treating each roadway segment as separate line sources of noise. In addition to the traffic volumes summarized in Table 2, theoretical noise predictions were based on the following parameters:

- Truck traffic on all roadways was taken to comprise 5% heavy trucks and 7% medium trucks, as per ENCG requirements for noise level predictions.
- The day/night split for all streets was taken to be 92%/8%, respectively.
- Ground surfaces were taken to be reflective due to the presence of hard (paved) ground.
- Topography was assumed to be a flat/gentle slope surrounding the study building. Highway 417 is elevated approximately 6 m above local grade.
- Receptor height was taken to be 17.1 metres at Level 6 for the centre of the window (height to 6th floor slab + 1.5 metres).
- Noise receptors were strategically placed at 4 locations around the study area (see Figure 2).
- Receptor distances and exposure angles are illustrated in Figures 4-7.

4.2.3 Roadway Traffic Volumes

The ENCG dictates that noise calculations should consider future sound levels based on a roadway's classification at the mature state of development. Therefore, traffic volumes are based on the roadway classifications outlined in the City of Ottawa's Official Plan (OP) and Transportation Master Plan⁷ which provide additional details on future roadway expansions. Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes are then based on data in Table B1 of the ENCG for each roadway classification. Table 2 (below) summarizes the AADT values used for each roadway included in this assessment.

⁷ City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan, November 2013



TABLE 2: ROADWAY TRAFFIC DATA

Segment	Roadway Traffic Data	Speed Limit (km/h)	Traffic Volumes
Highway 417	6 Lane Freeway	100	110,000
Isabella Street	2-Lane Urban Arterial (2-UAU)	50	15,000

4.3 Indoor Noise Calculations

The difference between outdoor and indoor noise levels is the noise attenuation provided by the building envelope. According to common industry practice, complete walls and individual wall elements are rated according to the Sound Transmission Class (STC). The STC ratings of common residential walls built in conformance with the Ontario Building Code (2012) typically exceed STC 35, depending on exterior cladding, thickness and interior finish details. For example, brick veneer walls can achieve STC 50 or more. Standard commercially sided exterior metal stud walls have around STC 45. Standard good quality double-glazed non-operable windows can have STC ratings ranging from 25 to 40, depending on the window manufacturer, pane thickness and inter-pane spacing. As previously mentioned, the windows are the known weak point in a partition.

As per Section 4.2, when daytime noise levels (from road and rail sources) at the plane of the window exceed 65 dBA, calculations must be performed to evaluate the sound transmission quality of the building components to ensure acceptable indoor noise levels. The calculation procedure⁸ considers:

- Window type and total area as a percentage of total room floor area
- Exterior wall type and total area as a percentage of the total room floor area
- Acoustic absorption characteristics of the room
- Outdoor noise source type and approach geometry
- Indoor sound level criteria, which varies according to the intended use of a space

⁸ Building Practice Note: Controlling Sound Transmission into Buildings by J.D. Quirt, National Research Council of Canada, September 1985



Based on published research⁹, exterior walls possess specific sound attenuation characteristics that are used as a basis for calculating the required STC ratings of windows in the same partition. Due to the limited information available at the time of the study, which was prepared for site plan approval, detailed floor layouts and building elevations have not been finalized; therefore, detailed STC calculations could not be performed at this time. As a guideline, the anticipated STC requirements for windows have been estimated based on the overall noise reduction required for each intended use of space (STC = outdoor noise level – targeted indoor noise levels).

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

5.1 Roadway Traffic Noise Levels

The results of the roadway traffic noise calculations are summarized in Table 3 below. A complete set of input and output data from all STAMSON 5.04 calculations are available in Appendix A.

TABLE 3: EXTERIOR NOISE LEVELS DUE TO ROADWAY TRAFFIC

Receptor Number	Receptor Height Above Grade (m)	Receptor Location	STAMSON 5.04 Noise Level (dBA)	
			Day	Night
1	17.1	POW – 6th Floor – North Façade	72	64
2	17.1	POW – 6th Floor – East Façade	70	63
3	17.1	POW – 6th Floor – West Façade	68	60
4	1.5	OLA – Grade Level Rear Amenity	54	46

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 54 and 72 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 46 and 64 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (72 dBA) occurs at the north façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Highway 417.

⁹ CMHC, Road & Rail Noise: Effects on Housing



5.2 Noise Control Measures

The noise levels predicted due to roadway traffic exceed the criteria listed in Section 4.2 for building components. As discussed in Section 4.3, the anticipated STC requirements for windows have been estimated based on the overall noise reduction required for each intended use of space (STC = outdoor noise level – targeted indoor noise levels). As per city of Ottawa requirements, detailed STC calculations will be required to be completed prior to building permit application for each unit type. The STC requirements for the windows are summarized below for various units within the development (see Figure 3):

- **Bedroom Windows**
 - (i) Bedroom windows facing north will require a minimum STC of 35
 - (ii) Bedroom windows facing east, and west will require a minimum STC of 33
 - (iii) All other bedroom windows are to satisfy Ontario Building Code (OBC 2012) requirements
- **Living Room Windows**
 - (i) Living room windows facing north will require a minimum STC of 30
 - (ii) Living room windows facing east, and west will require a minimum STC of 28
 - (iii) All other living room windows are to satisfy Ontario Building Code (OBC 2012) requirements
- **Exterior Walls**
 - (i) Exterior wall components on the north, east and west façades will require a minimum STC of 45, which will be achieved with brick cladding or an acoustical equivalent according to NRC test data¹⁰

The STC requirements apply to windows, doors, spandrel panels and curtainwall elements. Exterior wall components on these façades are recommended to have a minimum STC of 45, where a window/wall system is used. A review of window supplier literature indicates that the specified STC ratings can be achieved by a variety of window systems having a combination of glass thickness and inter-pane spacing. We have specified an example window configuration, however several manufacturers and various combinations of window components, such as those proposed, will offer the necessary sound attenuation

¹⁰ J.S. Bradley and J.A. Birta. Laboratory Measurements of the Sound Insulation of Building Façade Elements, National Research Council October 2000.



rating. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the specified window achieves the required STC. This can only be assured by using window configurations that have been certified by laboratory testing. The requirements for STC ratings assume that the remaining components of the building are constructed and installed according to the minimum standards of the Ontario Building Code. The specified STC requirements also apply to swinging and/or sliding patio doors.

Results of the calculations also indicate that the development will require central air conditioning, which will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. In addition to ventilation requirements, Warning Clauses will also be required in all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized in Section 6.

6. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the current analysis indicate that noise levels will range between 54 and 72 dBA during the daytime period (07:00-23:00) and between 46 and 64 dBA during the nighttime period (23:00-07:00). The highest noise level (72 dBA) occurs at the north façade, which is nearest and most exposed to Highway 417. Building components with a higher Sound Transmission Class (STC) rating will be required where exterior noise levels exceed 65 dBA, as indicated in Figure 3.

Results of the calculations also indicate that the development will require central air conditioning, which will allow occupants to keep windows closed and maintain a comfortable living environment. The following Warning Clause¹¹ will also be required be placed on all Lease, Purchase and Sale Agreements, as summarized below:

“Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features in the development and within the building units, sound levels due to increasing roadway traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants, as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks. To help address the need for sound attenuation, this development includes:

¹¹ City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines, January 2016



- *STC rated multi-pane glazing elements and spandrel panels*
 - *North façade bedroom/living room: STC 35/30*
 - *East and west façade bedroom/living room: STC 33/28*
- *STC rated exterior walls*
 - *North, east and west façade: STC 45*

This dwelling unit has also been designed with air conditioning, or similar mechanical system. Air conditioning will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.

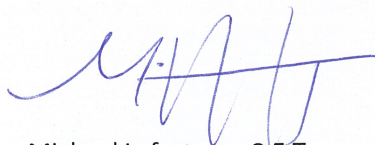
To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded, it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.”

Stationary noise impacts from the grocery store to the north are expected to fall below background noise levels due to roadway traffic sources. At lower building levels where there is less exposure to the highway, stationary noise levels will be reduced as the grocery store massing will also provide blockage from the rooftop equipment. As such, the development is expected to be in compliance with ENCG sound level criteria for stationary noise and be compatible with the surrounding existing land-uses.

This concludes our traffic noise assessment and report. If you have any questions or wish to discuss our findings, please advise us. In the interim, we thank you for the opportunity to be of service.

Sincerely,

Gradient Wind Engineering Inc.



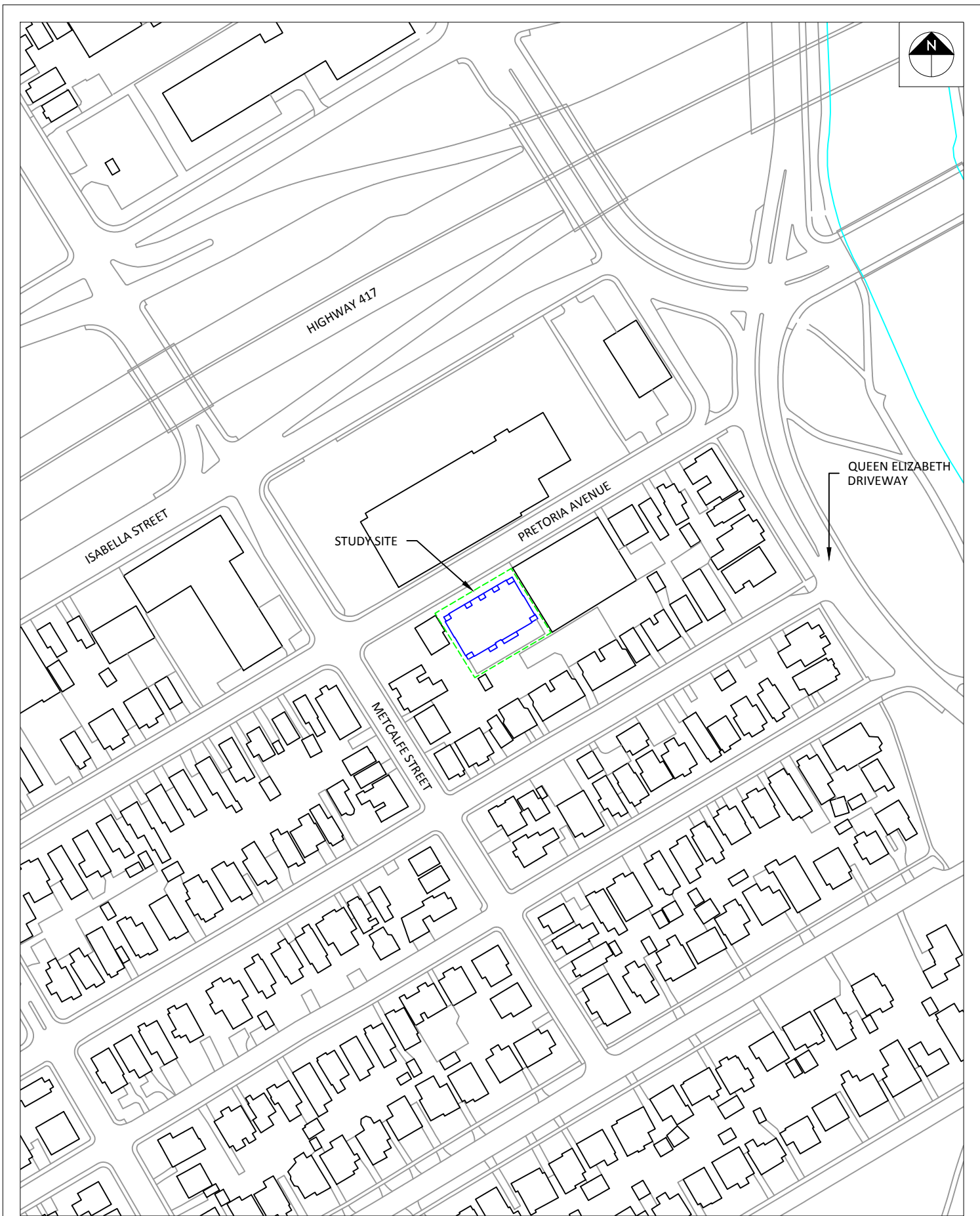
Michael Lafortune, C.E.T.
Environmental Scientist

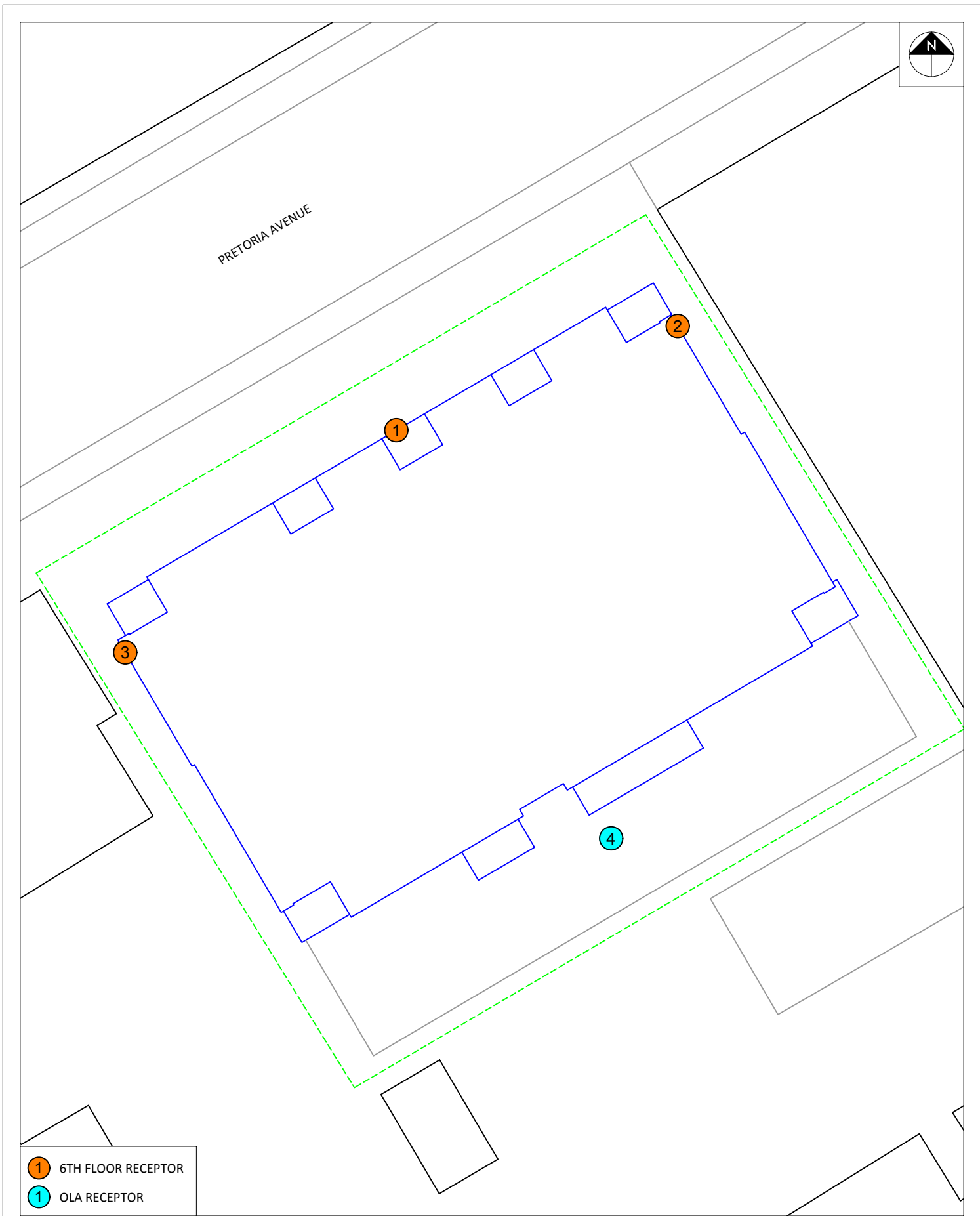


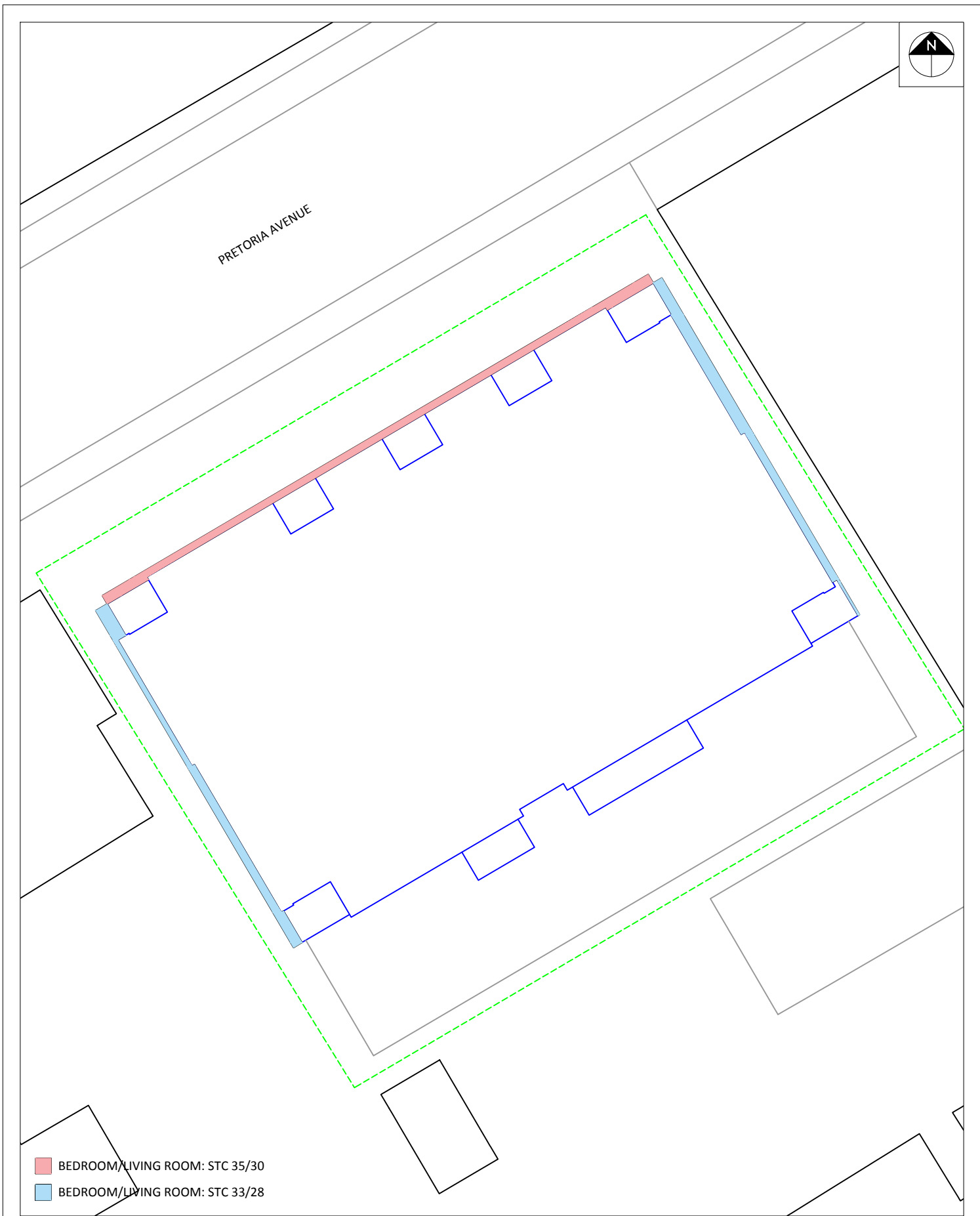
Joshua Foster, P.Eng.
Principal

Gradient Wind File #19-039 – Traffic Noise R1

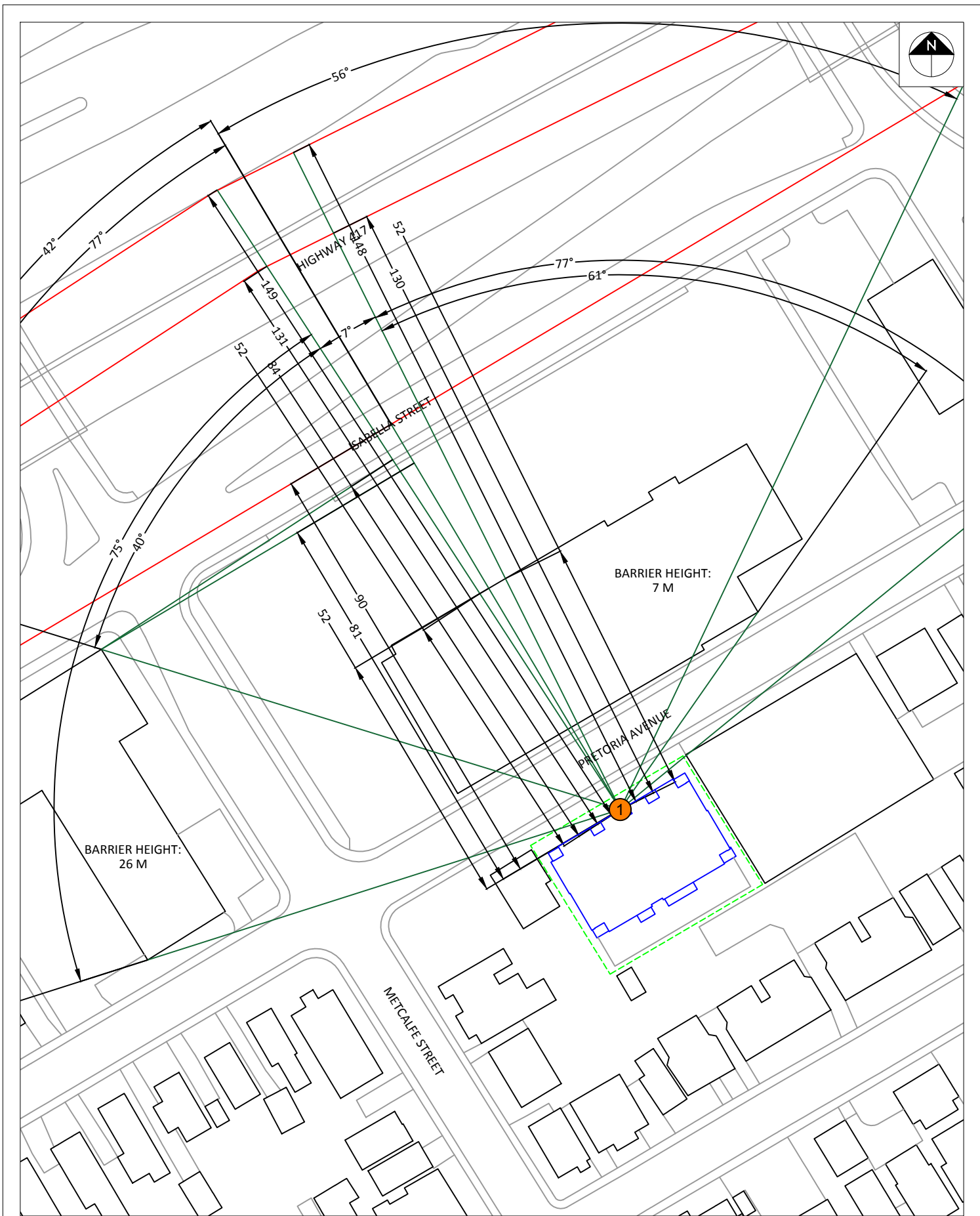


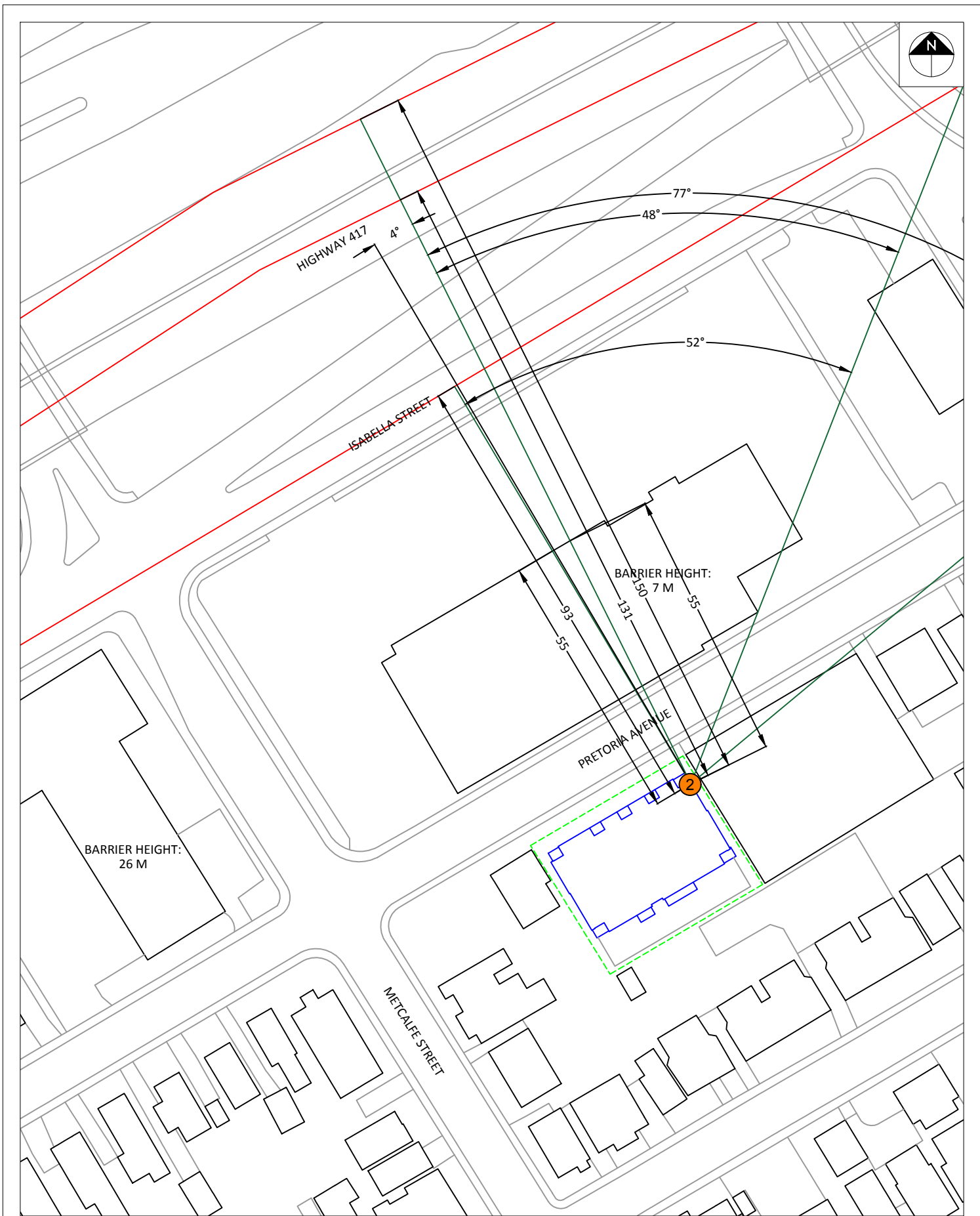






GRADIENTWIND ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS 127 WALGREEN ROAD, OTTAWA, ON 613 836 0934 • GRADIENTWIND.COM	PROJECT24-30 PRETORIA AVENUE, OTTAWA ROADWAY TRAFFIC NOISE ASSESSMENT		DESCRIPTION FIGURE 3: WINDOW STC REQUIREMENTS
	SCALE1:250 (APPROX.)	DRAWING NO.GWE19-039-3	
	DATENOVEMBER 19, 2019	DRAWN BYM.L.	



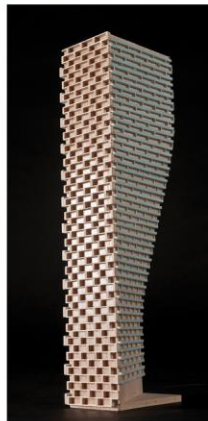






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APPENDIX A

STAMSON 5.04 – INPUT AND OUTPUT DATA

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STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 29-04-2019 12:03:24
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r1.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: 417WB1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: 417WB1 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -75.00 deg -40.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 149.00 / 149.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -75.00 deg Angle2 : -40.00 deg
Barrier height : 26.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 84.00 / 84.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 2: 417WB2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: 417WB2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -40.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 149.00 / 149.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -40.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 52.00 / 52.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 3: 417WB3 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 3: 417WB3 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -7.00 deg 77.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 148.00 / 148.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -7.00 deg Angle2 : 61.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 52.00 / 52.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 4: 417EB1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 4: 417EB1 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -75.00 deg -40.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 131.00 / 131.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -75.00 deg Angle2 : -40.00 deg
Barrier height : 26.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 84.00 / 84.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 5: 417EB2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 5: 417EB2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -40.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 131.00 / 131.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -40.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 52.00 / 52.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 6: 417EB3 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 6: 417EB3 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -7.00 deg 77.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 130.00 / 130.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -7.00 deg Angle2 : 61.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 52.00 / 52.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 7: Isabellal (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 7: Isabellal (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -77.00 deg -42.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 90.00 / 90.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -77.00 deg Angle2 : -42.00 deg
Barrier height : 26.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 81.00 / 81.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 8: Isabella2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 8: Isabella2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -42.00 deg 56.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 90.00 / 90.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -42.00 deg Angle2 : 56.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 52.00 / 52.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Results segment # 1: 417WB1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	11.69	11.69

ROAD (0.00 + 44.31 + 0.00) = 44.31 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-75	-40	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.97	-7.11	0.00	0.00	-18.75	44.31

Segment Leq : 44.31 dBA

Results segment # 2: 417WB2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.75	13.75

ROAD (0.00 + 63.64 + 0.00) = 63.64 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-40	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.97	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	63.64*
-40	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.97	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	63.64

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 63.64 dBA



Results segment # 3: 417WB3 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.73	13.73

ROAD (0.00 + 65.98 + 59.69) = 66.90 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	61	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.94	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.98*
-7	61	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.94	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.98
61	77	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.94	-10.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.69

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 66.90 dBA

Results segment # 4: 417EB1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	10.94	10.94

ROAD (0.00 + 44.14 + 0.00) = 44.14 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-75	-40	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.41	-7.11	0.00	0.00	-19.49	44.14

Segment Leq : 44.14 dBA



Results segment # 5: 417EB2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.29	13.29

ROAD (0.00 + 64.20 + 0.00) = 64.20 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-40	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.41	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	64.20*
-40	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.41	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	64.20

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 64.20 dBA

Results segment # 6: 417EB3 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.26	13.26

ROAD (0.00 + 66.54 + 60.26) = 67.46 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	61	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.38	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	66.54*
-7	61	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.38	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	66.54
61	77	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.38	-10.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.26

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 67.46 dBA



Results segment # 7: Isabella1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	3.06	3.06

ROAD (0.00 + 33.59 + 0.00) = 33.59 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-77	-42	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.78	-7.11	0.00	0.00	-20.00	33.59

Segment Leq : 33.59 dBA

Results segment # 8: Isabella2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	8.08	8.08

ROAD (0.00 + 58.06 + 0.00) = 58.06 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-42	56	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.78	-2.64	0.00	0.00	-3.67	54.38*
-42	56	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.78	-2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.06

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 58.06 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 72.07 dBA



Results segment # 1: 417WB1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	11.69	11.69

ROAD (0.00 + 36.72 + 0.00) = 36.72 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-75	-40	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.97	-7.11	0.00	0.00	-18.75	36.72

Segment Leq : 36.72 dBA

Results segment # 2: 417WB2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.75	13.75

ROAD (0.00 + 56.05 + 0.00) = 56.05 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-40	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.97	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.05*
-40	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.97	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.05

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 56.05 dBA



Results segment # 3: 417WB3 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.73	13.73

ROAD (0.00 + 58.38 + 52.10) = 59.30 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	61	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.94	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.38*
-7	61	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.94	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.38
61	77	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.94	-10.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	52.10

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 59.30 dBA

Results segment # 4: 417EB1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	10.94	10.94

ROAD (0.00 + 36.54 + 0.00) = 36.54 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-75	-40	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.41	-7.11	0.00	0.00	-19.49	36.54

Segment Leq : 36.54 dBA



Results segment # 5: 417EB2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.29	13.29

ROAD (0.00 + 56.61 + 0.00) = 56.61 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-40	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.41	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.61*
-40	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.41	-6.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.61

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 56.61 dBA

Results segment # 6: 417EB3 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.26	13.26

ROAD (0.00 + 58.94 + 52.66) = 59.86 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	61	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.38	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.94*
-7	61	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.38	-4.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.94
61	77	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.38	-10.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	52.66

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 59.86 dBA



Results segment # 7: Isabella1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	3.06	3.06

ROAD (0.00 + 25.99 + 0.00) = 25.99 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-77	-42	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.78	-7.11	0.00	0.00	-20.00	25.99

Segment Leq : 25.99 dBA

Results segment # 8: Isabella2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	8.08	8.08

ROAD (0.00 + 50.46 + 0.00) = 50.46 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-42	56	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.78	-2.64	0.00	0.00	-3.67	46.79*
-42	56	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.78	-2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	50.46

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 50.46 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 64.47 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 72.07
(NIGHT): 64.47



GRADIENTWIND

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-05-2019 10:15:56
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r2.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: 417WB (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: 417WB (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -4.00 deg 77.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 150.00 / 150.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -4.00 deg Angle2 : 52.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 55.00 / 55.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 2: 417EB (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: 417EB (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -4.00 deg 77.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 131.00 / 131.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -4.00 deg Angle2 : 52.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 55.00 / 55.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 3: Isabella (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 3: Isabella (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg 52.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 93.00 / 93.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : 0.00 deg Angle2 : 52.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 55.00 / 55.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Results segment # 1: 417WB (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.58	13.58

ROAD (0.00 + 65.08 + 61.57) = 66.68 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-4	52	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.08*
-4	52	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.08
52	77	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-8.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.57

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 66.68 dBA

Results segment # 2: 417EB (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.07	13.07

ROAD (0.00 + 65.66 + 62.16) = 67.27 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-4	52	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.41	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.66*
-4	52	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.41	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	65.66
52	77	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.41	-8.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	62.16

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 67.27 dBA



Results segment # 3: Isabella (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	7.87	7.87

ROAD (0.00 + 55.16 + 0.00) = 55.16 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
0	52	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.92	-5.39	0.00	0.00	-4.20	50.96*
0	52	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.92	-5.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	55.16

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 55.16 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 70.14 dBA

Results segment # 1: 417WB (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.58	13.58

ROAD (0.00 + 57.48 + 53.98) = 59.08 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-4	52	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	57.48*
-4	52	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	57.48
52	77	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-8.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	53.98

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 59.08 dBA



Results segment # 2: 417EB (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.07	13.07

ROAD (0.00 + 58.07 + 54.57) = 59.67 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-4	52	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.41	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.07*
-4	52	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.41	-5.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.07
52	77	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.41	-8.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	54.57

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 59.67 dBA

Results segment # 3: Isabella (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	7.87	7.87

ROAD (0.00 + 47.57 + 0.00) = 47.57 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
0	52	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.92	-5.39	0.00	0.00	-4.20	43.36*
0	52	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.92	-5.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	47.57

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 47.57 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 62.54 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 70.14
(NIGHT): 62.54



GRADIENTWIND

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 22-05-2019 10:15:02
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r3.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: 417WB1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: 417WB1 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -70.00 deg -44.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 150.00 / 150.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -70.00 deg Angle2 : -44.00 deg
Barrier height : 26.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 86.00 / 86.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 2: 417WB2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: 417WB2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -44.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 150.00 / 150.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -23.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 54.00 / 54.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 3: 417EB1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 3: 417EB1 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -70.00 deg -44.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 132.00 / 132.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -70.00 deg Angle2 : -44.00 deg
Barrier height : 26.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 86.00 / 86.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 4: 417EB2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 4: 417EB2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -44.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 132.00 / 132.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -23.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 54.00 / 54.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 5: Isabellal (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 5: Isabellal (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -73.00 deg -34.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 92.00 / 92.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -73.00 deg Angle2 : -34.00 deg
Barrier height : 26.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 83.00 / 83.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 6: Isabella2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 6: Isabella2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -34.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 92.00 / 92.00 m
Receiver height : 17.10 / 17.10 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -23.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 7.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 54.00 / 54.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Results segment # 1: 417WB1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	11.59	11.59

ROAD (0.00 + 42.63 + 0.00) = 42.63 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-70	-44	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-8.40	0.00	0.00	-19.12	42.63

Segment Leq : 42.63 dBA

Results segment # 2: 417WB2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.64	13.64

ROAD (60.82 + 61.21 + 0.00) = 64.03 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-44	-23	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-9.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.82
-23	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.21*
-23	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.00	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.21

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 64.03 dBA



Results segment # 3: 417EB1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	10.84	10.84

ROAD (0.00 + 42.51 + 0.00) = 42.51 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-70	-44	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.44	-8.40	0.00	0.00	-19.79	42.51

Segment Leq : 42.51 dBA

Results segment # 4: 417EB2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.17	13.17

ROAD (61.37 + 61.77 + 0.00) = 64.58 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-44	-23	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.44	-9.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.37
-23	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.44	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.77*
-23	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-9.44	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	61.77

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 64.58 dBA



Results segment # 5: Isabella1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	3.02	3.02

ROAD (0.00 + 33.96 + 0.00) = 33.96 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-73	-34	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.88	-6.64	0.00	0.00	-20.00	33.96

Segment Leq : 33.96 dBA

Results segment # 6: Isabella2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	7.94	7.94

ROAD (48.46 + 51.67 + 0.00) = 53.37 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-34	-23	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.88	-12.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	48.46
-23	0	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.88	-8.94	0.00	0.00	-3.93	47.74*
-23	0	0.00	68.48	0.00	-7.88	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	51.67

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 53.37 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 67.53 dBA



Results segment # 1: 417WB1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	11.59	11.59

ROAD (0.00 + 35.03 + 0.00) = 35.03 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-70	-44	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-8.40	0.00	0.00	-19.12	35.03

Segment Leq : 35.03 dBA

Results segment # 2: 417WB2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.64	13.64

ROAD (53.22 + 53.62 + 0.00) = 56.43 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-44	-23	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-9.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	53.22
-23	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	53.62*
-23	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.00	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	53.62

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 56.43 dBA



Results segment # 3: 417EB1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	10.84	10.84

ROAD (0.00 + 34.91 + 0.00) = 34.91 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-70	-44	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.44	-8.40	0.00	0.00	-19.79	34.91

Segment Leq : 34.91 dBA

Results segment # 4: 417EB2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	13.17	13.17

ROAD (53.78 + 54.17 + 0.00) = 56.99 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-44	-23	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.44	-9.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	53.78
-23	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.44	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	54.17*
-23	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-9.44	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	54.17

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 56.99 dBA



Results segment # 5: Isabella1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	3.02	3.02

ROAD (0.00 + 26.36 + 0.00) = 26.36 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-73	-34	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.88	-6.64	0.00	0.00	-20.00	26.36

Segment Leq : 26.36 dBA

Results segment # 6: Isabella2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	17.10	7.94	7.94

ROAD (40.87 + 44.07 + 0.00) = 45.77 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-34	-23	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.88	-12.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	40.87
-23	0	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.88	-8.94	0.00	0.00	-3.93	40.14*
-23	0	0.00	60.88	0.00	-7.88	-8.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.07

* Bright Zone !

Segment Leq : 45.77 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 59.93 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 67.53
(NIGHT): 59.93



GRADIENTWIND

ENGINEERS & SCIENTISTS

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 19-11-2019 11:35:01
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r4.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description:

Road data, segment # 1: 417WB1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: 417WB1 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 172.00 / 172.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 19.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 3.00 / 3.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 2: 417WB2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: 417WB2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -7.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 171.00 / 171.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -7.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 19.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 3.00 / 3.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 3: 417EB1 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 3: 417EB1 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 154.00 / 154.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 0.00 deg
Barrier height : 19.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 3.00 / 3.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 4: 417EB2 (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 44528/3872 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 3542/308 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 2530/220 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 100 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 55000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 4: 417EB2 (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -7.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 153.00 / 153.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -7.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 19.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 3.00 / 3.00 m
Source elevation : 6.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Road data, segment # 5: Isabella (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 12144/1056 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 966/84 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 690/60 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 50 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 15000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 5: Isabella (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 50.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods.)
No of house rows : 0 / 0
Surface : 2 (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 114.00 / 114.00 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 50.00 deg
Barrier height : 19.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 3.00 / 3.00 m
Source elevation : 0.00 m
Receiver elevation : 0.00 m
Barrier elevation : 0.00 m
Reference angle : 0.00



Results segment # 1: 417WB1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.60	1.60

ROAD (0.00 + 47.37 + 0.00) = 47.37 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-90	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.59	-3.01	0.00	0.00	-19.17	47.37

Segment Leq : 47.37 dBA

Results segment # 2: 417WB2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.61	1.61

ROAD (0.00 + 47.67 + 0.00) = 47.67 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	90	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.57	-2.69	0.00	0.00	-19.23	47.67

Segment Leq : 47.67 dBA

Results segment # 3: 417EB1 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.62	1.62

ROAD (0.00 + 47.85 + 0.00) = 47.85 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-90	0	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.11	-3.01	0.00	0.00	-19.17	47.85

Segment Leq : 47.85 dBA



Results segment # 4: 417EB2 (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.62	1.62

ROAD (0.00 + 48.15 + 0.00) = 48.15 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	90	0.00	80.15	0.00	-10.09	-2.69	0.00	0.00	-19.23	48.15

Segment Leq : 48.15 dBA

Results segment # 5: Isabella (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50

ROAD (0.00 + 39.09 + 0.00) = 39.09 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-90	50	0.00	68.48	0.00	-8.81	-1.09	0.00	0.00	-19.49	39.09

Segment Leq : 39.09 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 53.93 dBA

Results segment # 1: 417WB1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.60	1.60

ROAD (0.00 + 39.77 + 0.00) = 39.77 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-90	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.59	-3.01	0.00	0.00	-19.17	39.77

Segment Leq : 39.77 dBA



Results segment # 2: 417WB2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.61	1.61

ROAD (0.00 + 40.07 + 0.00) = 40.07 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	90	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.57	-2.69	0.00	0.00	-19.23	40.07

Segment Leq : 40.07 dBA

Results segment # 3: 417EB1 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.62	1.62

ROAD (0.00 + 40.25 + 0.00) = 40.25 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-90	0	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.11	-3.01	0.00	0.00	-19.17	40.25

Segment Leq : 40.25 dBA

Results segment # 4: 417EB2 (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.62	1.62

ROAD (0.00 + 40.55 + 0.00) = 40.55 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-7	90	0.00	72.55	0.00	-10.09	-2.69	0.00	0.00	-19.23	40.55

Segment Leq : 40.55 dBA



Results segment # 5: Isabella (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source Height (m)	Receiver Height (m)	Barrier Height (m)	Elevation of Barrier Top (m)
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50

ROAD (0.00 + 31.50 + 0.00) = 31.50 dBA

Angle1	Angle2	Alpha	RefLeq	P.Adj	D.Adj	F.Adj	W.Adj	H.Adj	B.Adj	SubLeq
-90	50	0.00	60.88	0.00	-8.81	-1.09	0.00	0.00	-19.49	31.50

Segment Leq : 31.50 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 46.33 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 53.93
(NIGHT): 46.33

