

Engineering

Land / Site Development

Municipal Infrastructure

Environmental / Water Resources

Traffic / Transportation

Structural

Recreational

Planning

Land / Site Development

Planning Application Management

Municipal Planning Documents & Studies

Expert Witness (OMB)

Wireless Industry

Landscape **Architecture**

Urban Design & Streetscapes

Open Space, Parks & **Recreation Planning**

Community & Residential **Developments**

Commercial & Institutional Sites

Environmental Restoration

Proposed Low-Rise Residential Development 455 Wanaki Road

Site Servicing & Stormwater Management Report

Proposed Low-Rise Residential Development 455 Wanaki Road (Block 29)

Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

(D07-12-19-0117)

Prepared By:

NOVATECH

Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive Ottawa, Ontario K2M 1P6

Revised: September 18th, 2019 Submitted: June 25th, 2019

> Novatech File: 119066 Ref: R-2019-094



September 18, 2019

City of Ottawa Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department Planning and Infrastructure Approvals 110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Mark Fraser, Project Manager, Development Review Central

Dear Mark:

Reference: Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

455 Wanaki Road Our File No.: 119066

Enclosed is the revised 'Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report' prepared for the proposed low-rise residential development located at 455 Wanaki Road in the City of Ottawa.

This report is submitted in support of a Site Plan Control application.

Please contact the undersigned, should you have any questions or require additional information.

Yours truly,

NOVATECH

Greg MacDonald, P.Eng.

Director, Land Development and Public Sector Infrastructure

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTR	ODUCTION	1	
1.1	Loc	cation and Site Description	1	
1.2	Pre	e-Consultation Information	2	
1.3	Re	gulatory Approvals	2	
1.4	Re	ference Material	3	
2.0	PRO	POSED DEVELOPMENT	3	
3.0	SITE	SERVICING	3	
3.1	Wa	ateridge Phase 1B Services	3	
3.2	Pro	oposed Servicing Overview	4	
4.0	SANI	ITARY SERVICING	4	
5.0	WAT	ER SERVICING	5	
5.1	Wa	ater Demands	5	
5.2	Wa	ater Supply for Fire-Fighting	5	
5.3		icipal Boundary Conditions, Summary of Watermain Analysis Results and Multi	6	
6.0	STOR	RMWATER	7	
6.1	Sto	ormwater Management Criteria and Objectives	7	
6.2	Pre	e-Development Conditions	7	
6.3	Allo	owable Release Rate	8	
6.4	Pos	st-Development Conditions	8	
6	5.4.1	Proposed Low Impact Design Measures	9	
6	5.4.2	Area A-1 – Uncontrolled Direct Runoff	9	
6	S.4.3	Area A-2– Controlled Flows	10	
6	S.4.4	Summary of Post-Development Flows	.11	
6.5	Sto	ormwater Quality Control	.11	
7.0	SITE	GRADING	.11	
7.1	Ma	ijor System Overflow Route	.11	
8.0		TECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS AND ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT ORT	.12	
9.0	ERO	SION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	.12	
400	CONCLUSIONS			

<u>Figures</u>

Figure 1: Aerial Plan

Figure 2: Wateridge Village Land Use Concept Plan

Appendices

Appendix A: Topographical Survey Plan

Appendix B: Pre-Consultation Correspondence

Appendix C: Site Plan

Appendix D: Wateridge Phase 1B Design Plans

Appendix E: Sanitary Flow Calculations and Relevant Wateridge Village Phase 1B Report

Excerpts

Appendix F: Water Demand and FUS Calculations and Correspondence

Appendix G: Stormwater Management Calculations, Relevant Report Excerpts, ICD details and

RVCA Correspondence

Attached Plans

119066-GP: General Plan of Services

119066-GR: Grading and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

119066-STM: Storm Drainage Area Plan

Novatech Page ii

1.0 INTRODUCTION

It is proposed to construct a low-rise residential development for Habitat for Humanity at 455 Wanaki Road, in the City of Ottawa. Novatech has been retained to complete a Site Servicing and Stormwater Management report for the proposed development.

This report addresses the approach to site servicing and stormwater management for the proposed development and is being submitted in support of a site plan control application.

1.1 Location and Site Description

The subject site is located at 455 Wanaki Road in the City of Ottawa (Ward 13-Rideau-Rockcliffe), as shown in **Figure 1 (Aerial Plan)**. The site is approximately 1,014 square metres (m²) in area. 455 Wanaki Road is legally described as Block 29, Plan 4M-1581, City of Ottawa. A reduced copy of the topographical survey plan is included in **Appendix A**.

The site is located within the Wateridge Village development on the former CFB Rockcliffe lands, which are currently under re-development by the Canada Lands Company. The site is bordered by Burma Road (existing) to the west, Wanaki Road to the east, Provender Avenue to the south and the Burma stormwater management facility to the north.

BURMA STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)

WANAKI ROAD

(UNDER CONSTRUCTION)

BURMA PO BURMA ROAD

RES

PROVENDER

PROVENDER

(UNDER CONSTRUCTION)

PROVENDER

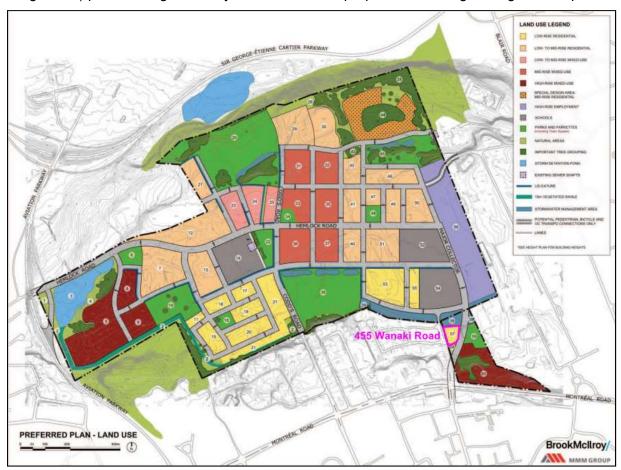
(UNDER CONSTRUCTION)

Figure 1 – Aerial Plan provides an aerial view of the site.

Image Source: geoOttawa 2017 Aerial map

The land to the north of the subject property was formerly occupied by CFB Rockcliffe. These lands are being redeveloped through a Plan of Subdivision and are known as Wateridge Village. The general limits of the Wateridge Village development are shown in **Figure 2** (**Wateridge Village Land Use Concept Plan**).

Figure 2 – Wateridge Village Land Use Concept Plan (from Former CFB Rockcliffe Community Design Plan) provides a general layout of the overall proposed Wateridge Village development.



The subject site is currently undeveloped.

1.2 Pre-Consultation Information

A pre-consultation meeting was held with the City of Ottawa on March 14, 2019, at which time the client was advised of the general submission requirements. Refer to **Appendix B** for a summary of the correspondence related to the proposed development.

1.3 Regulatory Approvals

The following regulatory approvals are understood to be required to facilitate this proposed development:

- City of Ottawa Site Plan Control
- Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA) clearance

1.4 Reference Material

The following material has been consulted to develop the servicing and grading design.

- 1 "Design Brief Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1B", prepared by IBI Group, January 2017
- 2 "Burma Stormwater Management Facility Design, Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1B report", prepared by IBI Group dated June, 2017 (Rev. 5)
- 3 "Former CFB Rockcliffe Master Servicing Study", prepared by IBI Group, August 2015
- 4 Approved Wateridge Phase 1B design plans, prepared by IBI Group, individual plans with various revisions dated from February 2017 to November 2018.
- 5 "Geotechnical Investigation Proposed Residential Development Wateridge Block 29 Wanaki Road Ottawa" report (PG4965-1), prepared by Paterson Group, June 21, 2019
- 6 "Former CFB Rockcliffe Redevelopment, Stormwater Management Existing Conditions & LID Pilot Project Scoping" report, prepared by Aquafor Beech, May 2015

2.0 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development will consist of a three (3) storey building with a walk-out basement level with a maximum of 9 residential units. The site will have a parking lot with a single two-way access to Burma Road. The units are proposed to be either 3-bedroom or 4-bedroom units. A small common bicycle storage room is proposed in the centre of the proposed building, which will also allow residents access from the parking lot to the exterior stairs to the front units facing Wanaki Road and Provender Avenue. The Gross Floor Area (GFA) of the proposed building is 1,042m².

Refer to **Appendix C** for a copy of the latest Site Plan (by CSV Architects) showing the general layout of the proposed development.

3.0 SITE SERVICING

The objective of the site servicing design is to conform to the requirements of the City of Ottawa, to provide suitable sewage outlets and to ensure that a domestic water supply and appropriate fire protection are provided for the proposed development.

Servicing criteria, expected sewage flows and water demands for the proposed development have been established using the City of Ottawa design guidelines for sewer systems and water distribution.

3.1 Wateridge Phase 1B Services

The site is located adjacent to sections of Wanaki Road and Provender Avenue which are part of the Wateridge Phase 1B proposed works. These works were under construction at the time of writing of this report, however the municipal services and roadway up to the first lift of asphalt have been constructed. As-built information is not yet available so design information from the approved Phase 1B design plans (by IBI Group)⁴ has been used to obtain pipe information for the

adjacent municipal services in these roads. Refer to **Appendix D** for copies of the relevant Wateridge Village Phase 1B plans.

3.2 Proposed Servicing Overview

In general, the proposed development will be serviced for water, stormwater and sanitary by extending new private water, stormwater and sanitary services to the existing municipal watermain and sewers located in Wanaki Road. The existing sanitary and stormwater manholes on the site will be removed.

Refer to the subsequent sections of the report and to the attached drawing **119066-GP** for further details.

4.0 SANITARY SERVICING

The site currently has an existing 250mm dia. sanitary service from the existing on-site sanitary manhole (SAN MH 147AW) to the existing 250mm dia. municipal sanitary sewer located in Wanaki Road. There is also an existing 250mm dia. municipal sanitary sewer located in Burma Road.

The municipal sanitary sewer in Wanaki Road and the 250mm dia. service to the site were recently constructed as part of the Wateridge Phase 1B works (by IBI) and were designed to allow for future development of this site¹. The estimated future peak sanitary flow from this site was calculated to be 0.54 L/s ¹. Refer to **Appendix E** for relevant excerpts of the sanitary design calculations and sanitary drainage area map from the Phase 1B Design Brief (1).

The proposed development will be serviced by extending a new private 200mm dia. sanitary service from the north-eastern corner of the site to the existing 250mm dia. municipal sewer in Wanaki Road. A private sanitary sewer system is proposed to extend from this connection to the western side of the proposed building. The existing sanitary manhole on site (MH 147AW) will be removed and the existing 250mm dia. outlet will be capped at the property line as this existing infrastructure is not in a suitable location to service the proposed development.

The theoretical sanitary flows for the proposed development are summarized below in **Table 4.1**. Refer to **Appendix E** for detailed calculations and design criteria.

Table 4.1: Sanitary Design Flows for the Proposed Development

Unit Count	Design Population ¹ (people)	Average Flow ² (L/s)	Peak Flow ³ (L/s)
9 x Single Family Units	30.6	0.10	0.40 4

¹ A single home population density of 3.4 people/unit ha been used to calculate the design population as it is anticipated that the proposed units may have a higher than usual occupancy due to the nature of the development.

² Average Dry Weather Flow

³ Peak Wet Weather Flow includes an infiltration allowance of 0.33 L/s/gross ha.

⁴ Residential Peaking Factor = 3.68 (per Harmon Equation).

Based on Manning's Equation, a 200mm dia. sanitary gravity sewer at a minimum slope of 1.0% has a full flow conveyance capacity of approximately 34 L/s, which is sufficient to convey the theoretical sanitary design flows calculated above.

The theoretical peak sanitary flow from the proposed development of 0.40 L/s is less than the estimated future peak sanitary flow allowed for in the design of the Phase 1B works of 0.54 L/s. Therefore, the existing municipal sanitary sewer system in Wanaki Road has sufficient capacity to accommodate the proposed development.

5.0 WATER SERVICING

There is an existing 406mm dia. municipal watermain located adjacent to the site in Wanaki Road. There are also existing 305mm dia. municipal watermains in Provender Avenue and Burma Road. The site is located in the Montreal (MONT) water distribution pressure zone. The proposed development will be serviced by extending a new water service from the proposed building to the existing 406mm dia. municipal watermain in Wanaki Road.

Some previous Wateridge Phase 1B drawings received from IBI indicated that a 150mm dia. watermain connection from the existing 406mm dia. municipal watermain in Wanaki Road to the eastern side of the site near existing stormwater manhole STM MH 147W was proposed as part of the Wateridge Phase 1B works. However, no as-built information is available at this time and a standpost has not been observed at the property line on site, so it is assumed that this connection was not installed. If it is discovered during construction that there is an existing water service to the site at this location, the water service will be blanked at the main and abandoned as it is not in a suitable location for the proposed development.

5.1 Water Demands

The theoretical domestic water demands for the proposed development are given in **Table 5.1.** Refer to **Appendix F** for the design criteria used, taken from Section 4 of the Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution.

Table 5.1: Theoretical Water Demands for Proposed Development

Average Water Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
0.13	0.33	0.73

The municipal watermain system on Wanaki Road forms part of the Wateridge Phase 1B works (by IBI) and the Phase 1B Design Brief (1) indicates this system was designed to allow for future development of this site as low-rise residential.

5.2 Water Supply for Fire-Fighting

The Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) was used to estimate fire flow requirements for the proposed development. The following building construction details were confirmed with the architect:

- Wood frame construction
- 3-storey as defined by OBC
- Non-combustible occupancy type (OBC Group C residential)
- Non-sprinklered

It should be noted that fire flow requirements calculated using the FUS method tend to generate higher values when compared to flows being calculated using the Ontario Building Code (OBC).

The calculated fire flow demand for the proposed residential building is 183 L/s (11,000L/min). Refer to **Appendix F** for a copy of the FUS fire flow calculations.

There are five (5) existing municipal fire hydrants within 75m of the property. Refer to attached drawing **119066-GP** for their locations.

5.3 Municipal Boundary Conditions, Summary of Watermain Analysis Results and Multi Hydrant Analysis

The water demands and fire flow calculations presented above were provided to the City of Ottawa. These values were used to generate the municipal watermain network boundary conditions and to perform a multi hydrant analysis.

Table 5.3-A summarizes the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa for the existing municipal watermain network. Refer to **Appendix F** for a copy of the correspondence from the City of Ottawa.

Table 5.3-A: Hydraulic Boundary Condition Provided by the City

Municipal Watermain Boundary Condition	Wanaki Rd Watermain	
Minimum HGL	146.8 m	
Maximum HGL	147.0 m	

Table 5.3-B summarizes the theoretical water demands for the proposed development under the various operating conditions and compares the anticipated operating pressures at the existing water service connection to the acceptable operating pressures outlined in the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines. It is assumed that hydraulic losses in the short length of the proposed 50mm dia. water service are negligible.

Table 5.3-B: Water Analysis Results Summary

Condition	Total Water Demand (L/s)	Approximate Design Operating Pressures (psi) / Relative Head (m) ¹	Acceptable Municipal Operating Pressures (psi)
Average Demand	0.13	77 psi (54.4 m)	40-80 psi
Peak Hour Demand	0.73	77 psi (54.2 m)	40-80 psi

^{1 –} The finished floor elevation of the bike storage room is approximately 92.60 m.

The City of Ottawa performed a multi hydrant analysis assuming the four (4) hydrants closest to the property, all within 75m of the property, were running simultaneously. The total aggregate flow from the four hydrants exceeds the required fire flow of 183 L/s. Refer to **Appendix F** for email correspondence with the City of Ottawa.

Table 5.3-C summarizes the existing fire hydrants within 150m of the proposed building and the combined available fire flow for the sit. The combined fire flow was calculated using the individual fire flow contribution rates given in Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-02.

Table 5.3-C: Summary of Existing Fire Hydrants Within 150m of the Proposed Building and Combined Available Fire Flow

Building	Fire Flow Demand (L/min) Fire Hy		Fire Hydrants Within 75- 150m	Combined Available Fire Flow ¹ (L/min)
Proposed residential building	11,000	5 X AA-rated ¹ hydrants	3 x AA-rated ¹ hydrants	39,900

¹ – It is assumed that the hydrants recently constructed as part of the Wateridge Phase 1B works are AA-rated hydrants.

Based on the above analysis, the existing municipal watermain system can provide adequate water supply (domestic and fire) to the proposed development.

6.0 STORMWATER

6.1 Stormwater Management Criteria and Objectives

The stormwater management criteria and objectives for the site are as follows:

- Provide a dual drainage system (i.e. minor and major system flows).
- Control the post-development flows from the site to an allowable release rate, as specified
 in the "Burma Stormwater Management Facility Design, Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1B" report (2). Post-development peak flows will be controlled for storms up to and
 including the 100-year design event, prior to being released into the municipal storm
 system.
- Provide on-site stormwater storage to control flows to the allowable release rate using surface ponding in the proposed parking lot area. Limit ponding to 300mm depth.
- Provide guidelines to ensure that site preparation and construction is in accordance with the current Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control.
- Investigate and provide low impact development (LID) measures as outlined in the "Former CFB Rockcliffe Redevelopment, Stormwater Management Existing Conditions & LID Pilot Project Scoping" report (6), where possible.

6.2 Pre-Development Conditions

Under existing conditions, the 0.102 ha site is undeveloped and overlain with a mixture of topsoil and gravel. Stormwater flows from the site are currently being conveyed to an existing temporary catchbasin located near the north-west corner of the site which was constructed as part of the Wateridge Phase 1B works. It is unknown where this existing catchbasin outlets to. It has been confirmed with the City of Ottawa Development Inspections Unit that the temporary 375mm dia. outlet from this temporary catchbasin to the existing Burma SWM facility to the north of the site, shown on several Wateridge Phase 1B plans, was not constructed.

The site currently has an existing 300mm dia. storm service from the existing on-site stormwater manhole (STM MH 147W), located near the northeast corner of the site, to the existing 1050mm dia. municipal storm sewer located in Wanaki Road. The municipal storm sewer system in Wanaki Road ultimately outlets to the existing Burma SWM facility to the north of the site. The Burma SWM facility was recently retrofitted as part of the Wateridge Phase 1B works ². The Burma SWM facility outlets to the existing Wateridge municipal storm sewer system and ultimately discharges to the Wateridge Eastern Stormwater Management Facility which was constructed as part of the Wateridge Phase 1A works. There is also an existing 300mm dia. municipal storm sewer located in Burma Avenue.

The uncontrolled pre-development peak flows for the 5-year and the 100-year design events assuming a time of concentration of 10 minutes and a runoff coefficient of 0.60 were calculated using the Rational Method and are summarized in **Table 6.2**.

Table 6.2: Pre-Development Site Flows

Design Storm	Peak Flow
5-year	17.6 L/s
100-year	37.8 L/s

Refer to **Appendix G** for detailed calculations and design criteria.

6.3 Allowable Release Rate

The Burma SWM Pond was recently retrofitted to provide quantity control for approximately 50 ha of upstream development, including the subject site. The design criteria for the subject site used in the hydrological and hydraulic modelling completed as part of the pond design assumed a total site imperviousness of 73% for future development of the site. This was calculated to be equivalent to a 5-year runoff coefficient (C) of 0.71. Refer to **Appendix G** for detailed calculations. A modelled flow of 26.0 L/s for both the 5-year and the 100-year design event was used for the subject site. Relevant extracts from the Burma Stormwater Management Facility Design report (2) are included in **Appendix G**.

The allowable release rate for the site was calculated using the Rational Method with the same design criteria as the Burma SWM Facility model (2): a runoff coefficient (C) of 0.78, a 5-year rainfall intensity of 104.2 mm/hr, based on City of Ottawa IDF Curves using a time of concentration of 10 minutes.

The allowable release rate was calculated to be 20.9 L/s. This is less than the modelled flow of 26.0 L/s used for the design of the Burma SWM Facility (2) and the Wateridge Phase 1B storm sewer system (1), so is therefore conservative. Refer to **Appendix G** for detailed calculations.

6.4 Post-Development Conditions

The proposed development will be serviced by connecting a new 250mm dia. storm service to the existing 1050mm dia. municipal storm sewer in Wanaki Road. A new private storm sewer system will be extended from this connection to the proposed parking lot. The existing temporary catchbasin and on-site stormwater manhole will be abandoned and removed and the existing catchbasin lead and storm service capped at the property line. Refer to attached plan **119066-GP** for details.

The proposed development will consist of two (2) drainage sub-catchment areas. Refer to attached plan **119066-STM** for details. A brief description of these areas is as follows:

- A-1: Direct Runoff Areas Runoff from areas around the exterior of the site and the front
 of the building will drain uncontrolled towards the municipal Right-of-Ways and the Burma
 SWM Facility lands.
- A-2: Controlled Runoff Area Runoff from the parking lot and most of the proposed building roof will be controlled by the use of an inlet control device on the outlet of the proposed catchbasin in the parking lot area.

The proposed foundation drain system for the building will be connected to the private storm sewer system downstream of any inlet control devices. A cleanout/inspection port will be provided within one of the basement level units.

The post-development flows for the site were calculated using the Rational Method and are detailed in the subsequent sections of the report. Refer to **Appendix G** for detailed SWM calculations.

6.4.1 Proposed Low Impact Design Measures

As the site is located within the Phase 1B area of the Wateridge Village development, low impact development (LID) measures as outlined in the "Former CFB Rockcliffe Redevelopment, Stormwater Management Existing Conditions & LID Pilot Project Scoping" report (6) have been provided for the proposed site, where possible.

Geotechnical investigation results for the site show that the subsurface soil profile of the site consists of topsoil and/or fill consisting of crushed stone followed by hard to very stiff silty clay crust, followed by a stiff to firm grey silty clay deposit up to approximately 3m below the existing surface ⁵. It is noted that this existing subsoil structure is likely to have a low infiltration rate.

However, in order to conform to the LID requirements, the following LID measures are proposed:

- Infiltration pit: Runoff from approximately half of the proposed building roof area will be directed to an infiltration pit located to the west of the proposed building partially underneath the proposed parking lot.
- On-site soil amendment works: All green space will include soil amendments in conformance with the Former CFB Rockcliffe LID report (6).

Relevant excerpts from the Former CFB Rockcliffe LID report (6) are include in **Appendix G.** Refer to plan **119066-GP** for details of the proposed infiltration pit.

6.4.2 Area A-1 - Uncontrolled Direct Runoff

The uncontrolled post-development flows from this direct runoff sub-catchment area (0.039 ha) are shown in **Table 6.4-A**.

Table 6.4-A: Area A-1 - Post-Development Uncontrolled Flows

Design Event	Uncontrolled Flow
5-year	5.2 L/s
100-year	10.4 L/s

6.4.3 Area A-2- Controlled Flows

Stormwater runoff from the ground surface areas of sub-catchment area A-2 will be directed to the proposed parking lot area and captured by the proposed catchbasin located in the parking lot. Runoff from the building rooftop areas within sub-catchment area A-2 will be directed to the proposed infiltration pit, which when full will overflow to the surface into sub-catchment area A-2. The post-development flows from this sub-catchment will be attenuated by the use of a vortex type ICD installed within the outlet pipe of the proposed catchbasin. Stormwater runoff from this drainage area will be temporarily stored on the surface of the parking lot prior to being discharged into the proposed storm sewer system. There will be no ponding during the 2-year design event.

The design flows for this sub-catchment area were determined by subtracting the uncontrolled flows from Area A-1 from the allowable release rate for both the 5-year and 100-year design storms. The Modified Rational Method was used to determine the required storage volumes for the 5-year and 100-year design events. For the purposes of stormwater management calculations, it was conservatively assumed that all flows to the infiltration pit will overflow and drain to the proposed catchbasin during the 5-year and 100-year design events. The stage-storage curve for the proposed catchbasin and parking lot ponding was determined from the proposed grading. Refer to attached drawing **119066-GR** for details of the proposed grading. An iterative process was used to determine the required orifice size for a plug type ICD and the approximate ponding depths for the 5-year and 100-year design storms. As a 56mm dia. circular orifice would be required, a vortex-type ICD was specified. Refer to **Appendix G** for details of the proposed ICD.

Table 6.4-B summarizes the controlled flows, the type of ICD, required storage volumes and approximate ponding depths for the 5-year and 100-year design events and the total storage volume available.

Table 6.4-B: Area A-2 – Post-Development Controlled Flows

Design Event	ICD Type	Controlled Flow	Storage Volume Required	Approximate Ponding Depth (Elevation)	Maximum Storage Volume Available ¹
5-year	Tempest LMF ICD	10.1 L/s	1.4 m ³	6 cm (92.16m)	10 m ³
100-year	Vortex 98	10.3 L/s	6.4 m ³	12 cm (92.22m)	10111

^{1 –} At the emergency spill elevation of 92.25m

Refer to **Appendix G** for detailed calculations.

Based on Manning's Equation, a 250mm dia. gravity storm sewer at a minimum slope of 0.75% has a full flow conveyance capacity of approximately 54 L/s, which is sufficient to convey the stormwater design flows calculated above.

The 100-year hydraulic grade line (HGL) within the existing municipal storm sewer in Wanaki Road was modelled by IBI to be 90.93m at MH 147 ^{1, 5.} Based on the pipe invert information available for this existing storm sewer system (4), with the proposed storm service connection located downstream of this manhole, the HGL at the proposed storm service connection location is more than 300mm below the weeping tile invert and front underside of footing elevation of 92.10m.

6.4.4 Summary of Post-Development Flows

Table 6.4-C compares the total post-development flows from the site to the allowable release rate and to the total pre-development flows for the 5-year and the 100-year design events.

Design Event	Pre-Development Flow	Allowable Release Rate	Post-Development Total Flow
5-year	17.6 L/s	20.9 L/s	15.3 L/s
100-year	37.8 L/s	20.9 L/5	20.7 L/s

Table 6.4-C: Stormwater Flow Comparison Table

The total stormwater flows from the site will decrease from the pre-development flows and the post-development flows will meet the allowable release rate for both the 5-year and 100-year design storm events.

6.5 Stormwater Quality Control

The subject site is located within the jurisdiction of the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). As per the Wateridge Phase 1B Design Brief (1), stormwater quality control will be provided by the Eastern Stormwater Management Facility for the Wateridge development area, constructed as part of Phase 1A. Relevant correspondence from the RVCA is included in **Appendix G.**

7.0 SITE GRADING

The existing site is generally flat at an elevation of approximately \pm 91.3 with sloped sides rising between approximately 1-3m to the adjacent higher right-of-ways and Burma SWM Facility lands. The finished floor elevations (FFE) of the proposed development have been set to accommodate the elevations of the proposed curbs along Wanaki Road and Provender Avenue and the existing elevations along Burma Road and the asphalt path along the exterior of the Burma SWM Facility. Refer to plan **119066-GR** for details.

7.1 Major System Overflow Route

In the case of a major rainfall event exceeding the design storms provided for, stormwater from the site will overflow towards the adjacent right-of-ways. The parking lot area will overflow towards the Burma Road right-of-way. The basement finished floor elevations have been set to be a

minimum of 0.3m above the major system overflow points in the adjacent streets, and a minimum of 0.25m above the site's overland flow spill point located in the proposed driveway. The major system overflow route is shown on plan **119066-GR**.

8.0 GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS AND ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

A Geotechnical Investigation Report (5) has been prepared by Paterson Group. Refer to the Geotechnical Report for sub-surface conditions, construction recommendations and geotechnical inspection requirements.

It is noted that a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment report was previously completed in support of the Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Subdivision Phase 1B, which includes the subject site area.

9.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

To mitigate erosion and to prevent sediment from entering the storm sewer system, temporary erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented on-site during construction in accordance with the Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control. This includes the following temporary measures:

- Filter socks will be placed under the grates of nearby catchbasins and manholes and will remain in place until construction is completed.
- Silt fencing will be placed per OPSS 577 and OPSD 219.110 along the surrounding construction limits, where applicable.
- Mud mats will be installed at the site entrances.
- Street sweeping and cleaning will be performed, as required, to suppress dust and to provide safe and clean roadways adjacent to the construction site.
- On-site dewatering is to be directed to a sediment trap and/or gravel splash pad and discharged safely to an approved outlet as directed by the engineer.

The temporary erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented prior to construction and will remain in place during all phases of construction. Regular inspection and maintenance of the erosion control measures will be undertaken.

10.0 CONCLUSIONS

This report has been prepared in support of a site plan control application for the proposed lowrise residential development at 455 Wanaki Road. The proposed development will consist of a maximum of 9 residential units.

The conclusions are as follows:

 The proposed development will be serviced for sanitary and stormwater by extending new connections to the existing municipal sanitary and stormwater sewers in Wanaki Road and constructing new private sanitary and stormwater systems to the western side of the proposed building.

- The existing sanitary and stormwater connections and manholes on the eastern side of the proposed building will be removed as they are not in suitable locations to service the proposed development.
- The proposed development will be serviced for water by extending a new water service from the proposed building to the existing municipal watermain located in Wanaki Road.
- If required, the existing (unconfirmed) water service will be blanked at the main as it is not in a suitable location to service the proposed development.
- Based on information in the Wateridge Development Phase 1B Design Brief by IBI (1), the municipal sanitary sewer and municipal watermain in Wanaki Road were sized to accommodate low-rise residential development of this site.
- The proposed low-rise development is located within 75m of five (5) existing municipal fire hydrants along the adjacent streets. Based on hydraulic boundary conditions and multi hydrant analysis results provided by the City of Ottawa, the existing municipal watermain network within the vicinity of the site is adequate to service the proposed development.
- On-site stormwater quantity control will be provided by using surface storage in the proposed parking lot area.
- The total stormwater flows from the site will decrease from the pre-development flows and the
 post-development flows will meet the allowable release rate for both the 5-year and 100-year
 design storm events.
- On-site stormwater quality control is not required, nor being provided. The Wateridge Eastern SWM pond located downstream provides quality treatment of stormwater runoff from the site.
- Some low impact design (LID) measures are being provided, where possible, as required by the "Former CFB Rockcliffe Redevelopment, Stormwater Management Existing Conditions & LID Pilot Project Scoping" report, prepared by Aquafor Beech (6).
- Temporary erosion and sediment controls will be provided during construction.

NOVATECH

Prepared by: Reviewed by:

Lydia Bolam, P. Eng. Project Engineer

Justin Gauthier, B.A.Sc.

Project Manager | Land Development Engineering

Juster Southie

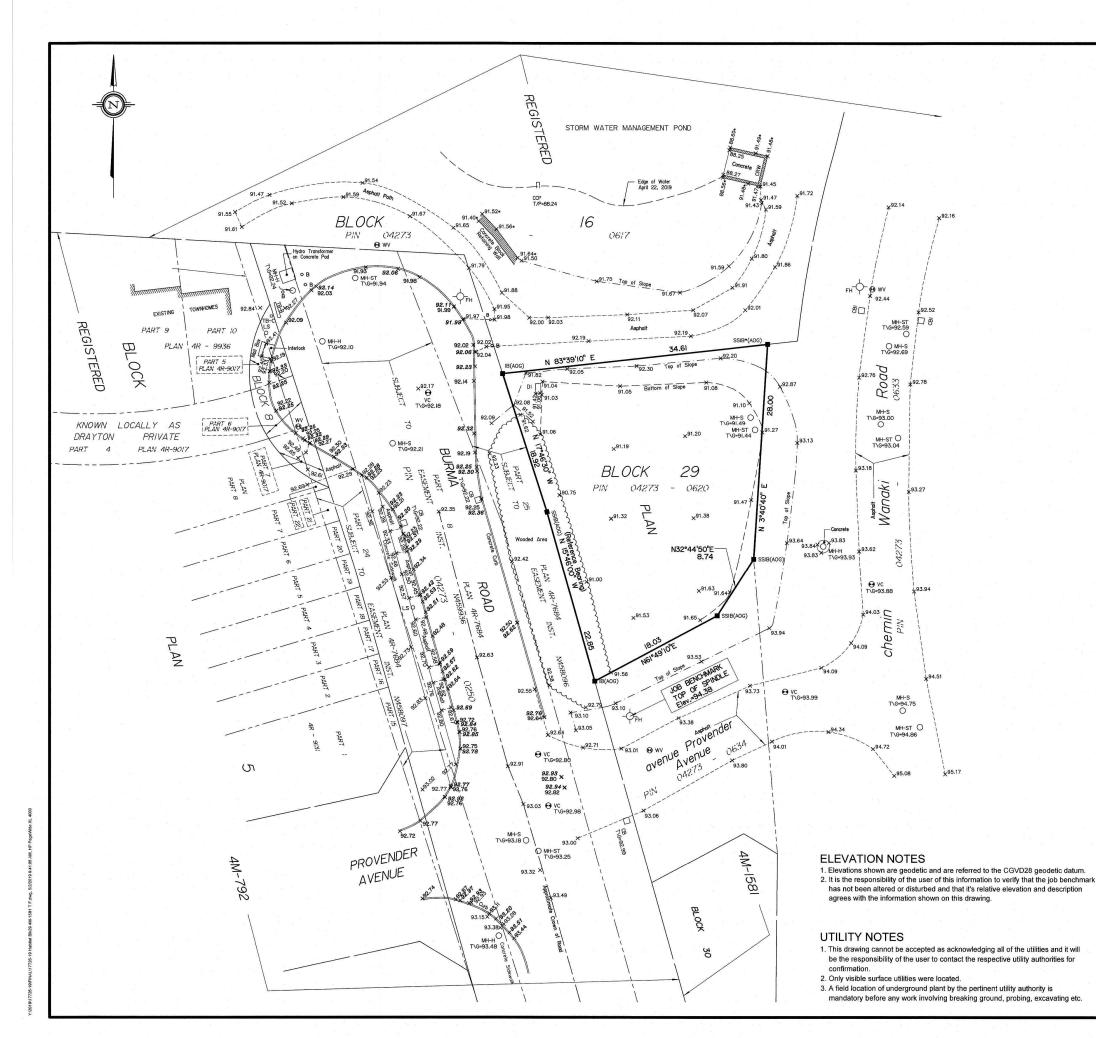
Approved by:



Greg MacDonald, P. Eng. Director | Land Development and Public Sector Infrastructure

APPENDIX A

Topographic Plan of Survey



TOPOGRAPHICAL PLAN OF SURVEY OF

BLOCK 29 REGISTERED PLAN 4M-1581 CITY OF OTTAWA

Surveyed by Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebekk Ltd.

Scale 1:300

DISTANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048.

Surveyor's Certificate

I CERTIFY THAT :

- 1. This survey and plan are correct and in accordance with the Surveys Act, the Surveyors Act and the Land Titles Act and the regulations made under them.
- 2. The survey was completed on the 22nd day of April, 2019.

May 2,2019

Ontario Land Surveyor

Notes & Legend

Survey Monument Planted Survey Monument Found SIB Standard Iron Bar SSIB Short Standard Iron Bar SSIB* Short Standard Iron Bar (0.3 Long) Iron Bar (PI) Registered Plan 4M-1581 (WIT) Witness Measured (AOG) Annis, O'Sullivan, Vollebekk Ltd. O MH-ST Maintenance Hole (Storm Sewer) O MH Maintenance Hole (Unidentified) O MH-S Maintenance Hole (Sanitary) O MH-H Maintenance Hole (Hydro) **⊖** vc Valve Chamber (Watermain) **⊗** wv CCP Concrete Pipe Diameter Location of Elevations Top of Curb Elevations +65.00* Top of Wall Property Line O_{FH} Fire Hydrant Top of Pipe □ св Catch Basin □ сві Catch Basin Inlet T/G Top of Grate Пр Ditch Inlet OB Bollard Bell Terminal Box o TB-B Cable Terminal Box □ TB-C

SITE AREA=1015.1 square metres

All bearing and distances between found survey monuments are (P1)&Meas

Light Standard

Concrete Retaining Wall

Bearings are grid, derived from the easterly limit of Burma Road shown to be N 15°46'00" W on Registered plan 4M-1581 and are referred to the Central Meridian of MTM Zone 9 (76°30' West Longitude) NAD-83 (original).



O LS

ANNIS, O'SULLIVAN, VOLLEBEKK LTD.

14 Concourse Gate, Suite 500
Nepean, Ont. K2E 786
Phone: (613) 727-0850/ Fax: (613) 727-1079
Emil: Nanasofficiality or m

ASSOCIATION OF ONTARI

LAND SURVEYORS

2086184

THIS PLAN IS NOT VALID UNLESS IT IS AN EMBOSSED ORIGINAL COPY ISSUED BY THE SURVEYOR

In accordance with Regulation 1026, Section 29 (3)

APPENDIX B

Pre-Consultation Correspondence



Pre-Application Consultation Meeting Notes

Property Address: 455 Wanaki Road PC2019-0062 March 14, 2019, 4103E

Attendees:

Internal Invitees:

Planner (File Lead) – Kimberley Baldwin Urban Designer – Christopher Moise Project Manager, Infrastructure – Richard Buchanan Project Manager, Transportation – Wally Dubyk Planning Co-op Student – Caleb Miller

External Invitees:

Applicant, Colonnade BridgePort – Bonnie Martell Architect – Anthony Leaning Habitat for Humanity – Marc Caron Habitat for Humanity – Steve Walsh

Wateridge Community Association – Lysanne Brault Wateridge Community Association – Jane Thompson

Meeting notes:

Opening & attendee introduction

- Introduction of meeting attendees
- Confirmation of signed N.D.A. by Community Association Representatives
- Overview of proposal: A 3 storey residential building with a total of 8 stacked units. The building is defined as 3-storey per Code, and by bylaw is also likely 3-storey as the 2nd level (ground floor) is closest to grade. We haven't calculated this exactly yet, so it will be confirmed. If the bylaw provision that grade is to be calculated based on existing grades, prior to raising levels as part of the plan of subdivision, then it might still be a 4-storey building. Mr. Leaning asked staff to verify whether that provision applies, as it would also affect compliance with maximum building height.
- The units will be ground oriented. Some of the units will be barrier free accessible units. 8 Parking spaces planned to accommodate the Habitat for Humanity families who may rely on vehicle transportation.
- Mr. Caron provided a brief background of Habitat for Humanity and the work that they do across Canada.



Preliminary comments and questions from staff and agencies, including follow-up actions:

Planning – Kim Baldwin and John Lunney

- Staff explained some of the Secondary policies applicable to the site.
 - As per Secondary Plan, the site is designated low-rise residential
 - The required density for the site is 32 units per net hectare, which on this site results in a minimum of 9 units
 - The building(s) should face Wanaki
 - A cycle track is proposed along Wanaki.
- Staff confirmed that 5 metre setback is required on all sides regardless if the development is deemed a townhouse or an apartment
 - Correction: A 5m setback on all sides of the site <u>applies to a PUD</u> <u>development only</u> (ie. Multiple buildings on one lot). The setbacks that would apply to a single low-rise apartment building or stacked dwelling is complex. Ms. Baldwin and Mr. Lunney are currently examining the provisions applying to those other uses with Zoning Interpreter staff. Confirmation to follow next week.
- Amenity space requirements are dependent on the use proposed. See Section 137 of the Zoning Bylaw. Note that amenity space cannot technically be provided in the front and/or corner side yards.
- Ms. Baldwin highlighted that community consultation is currently required for this
 development. in June 2019, the threshold for public consultation in a site plan
 control application process will be changing. For the community's information, a
 four to 13-unit residential development would not trigger public consultation in the
 new process.

Urban Design – Christopher Moise

- Through the lens of local context, the site may be over-accommodating in parking. A large area of the site is currently designated for surface parking.
- This site will be setting design precedents for future nearby development and should seek every opportunity to achieve excellent design
- The size of the lot looks like it could accommodate additional density. More
 density would be compatible with the adjacent dwelling units immediately west of
 the site and the vision for the Wateridge community.

Engineering – Richard Buchanan

- Site Plan will need to reflect effective servicing for whatever building type is finalized
- Staff can provide the servicing plan from the approved subdivision.
- If there is only one building proposed, only one service can be provided.
- ESA not required (Study already completed through subdivision process)
- Geotechnical report and noise study will be required
- A complete list of plans and studies will be submitted to the applicant in a followup email.



Transportation – Wally Dubyk

- 8 Parking spaces has no significant impact on traffic, so a Traffic Impact Assessment is not likely required
- Please fill out a Traffic Screening form to confirm
- Along Wanaki, a cycle track and sidewalk is proposed. Canada Lands Company
 will construct the works in the right-of-way. Please show all the proposed works
 on your site plan. A cross section of the approved CLC plans will be provided to
 you.
 - Comment from Mr. Moise: If sidewalks are proposed along Wanaki, consider removing the in-lot sidewalks if they are redundant

Questions and comments from the Community Association representative

Lysanne Brault – General Comments

- This development is welcomed by the community. The community may even want to participate in the project.
- Comments on parking
 - Not sure less than one car per unit is desirable on this Habitat for Humanity site as living at Wateridge, is not like people living downtown who can easily walk to all amenities. One car per household is to be expected.
 - If insufficient parking is provided and the residents and their visitors at this site start parking on the street, Wanaki being a collector and main access to Wateridge, this would not be appropriate, nor would it be appropriate that they park on neighboring Provender area.

Jane Thompson – Site Specific comments

- The site is a gateway to the neighbourhood that requires special design considerations
- The frontage of Burma appears to have many mature trees. If mature trees still
 exists on site, efforts to conserve them would be greatly preferred

Next steps

- Planning staff to send applicant list of plans and studies required.
- Planning staff to respond to applicant's zoning questions.
- Encourage applicant to discuss the proposal with Councillor, community groups and neighbours

APPLICANT'S STUDY AND PLAN IDENTIFICATION LIST



Legend

The letter **S** indicates that the study or plan is required with application submission. The letter **A** indicates that the study or plan may be required to satisfy a condition of approval/draft approval.

For information on preparing required studies and plans refer to:

http://ottawa.ca/en/city-hall/planning-and-development/guide-preparing-studies-and-plans

S/A	Number of copies	EN	S/A	Number of copies	
S	5	Site Servicing Plan	Assessment of Adequacy of Public Services / Site Servicing Brief	S	3
S	5	Grade Control and Drainage Plan	4. Geotechnical Study / Slope Stability Study	S	3
	2	5. Composite Utility Plan	Groundwater Impact Study		6
	5	7. Servicing Options Report	8. Wellhead Protection Study		6
	9	Community Transportation Study and / or Transportation Impact Study / Brief	10. Erosion and Sediment Control Plan / Brief	S	3
S	3	11. Storm water Management Brief	12. Hydro geological and Terrain Analysis		8
	3	13. Hydraulic Water main Analysis	14. Noise / Vibration Study	S	3
	10	15. Roadway Modification Design Plan	16. Confederation Line Proximity Study		9

S/A	Number of copies	PLANNING / DESIGN / SURVEY			Number of copies
	50	17. Draft Plan of Subdivision	18. Plan Showing Layout of Parking Garage		2
	30	19. Draft Plan of Condominium	20. Planning Rationale	S	2
S	5	21. Site Plan	22. Minimum Distance Separation (MDS)		3
	10	23. Concept Plan Showing Proposed Land Uses and Landscaping	24. Agrology and Soil Capability Study		5
	3	25. Concept Plan Showing Ultimate Use of Land	26. Cultural Heritage Impact Statement		3
S	5	27. Landscape Plan	28. Archaeological Resource Assessment Requirements: S (site plan) A (subdivision, condo)		3
S	2	29. Survey Plan	30. Shadow Analysis		3
S	3	31. Architectural Building Elevation Drawings (dimensioned)	Design Brief (includes the Design Review Panel Submission Requirements)	S	Available online
	6	33. Wind Analysis			

S/A	Number of copies	E	S/A	Number of copies	
	3	34. Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment	35. Impact Assessment of Adjacent Waste Disposal/Former Landfill Site		6
	3	36. Phase 2 Environmental Site Assessment (depends on the outcome of Phase 1)	37. Assessment of Landform Features		7
	4	38. Record of Site Condition	39. Mineral Resource Impact Assessment		4
S	5	40. Tree Conservation Report (can be provided on the landscape plan)	41. Scoped Environmental Impact Statement		11
	4	42. Mine Hazard Study / Abandoned Pit or Quarry Study			

S/A	Number of copies	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS S/					
		43.	44.				

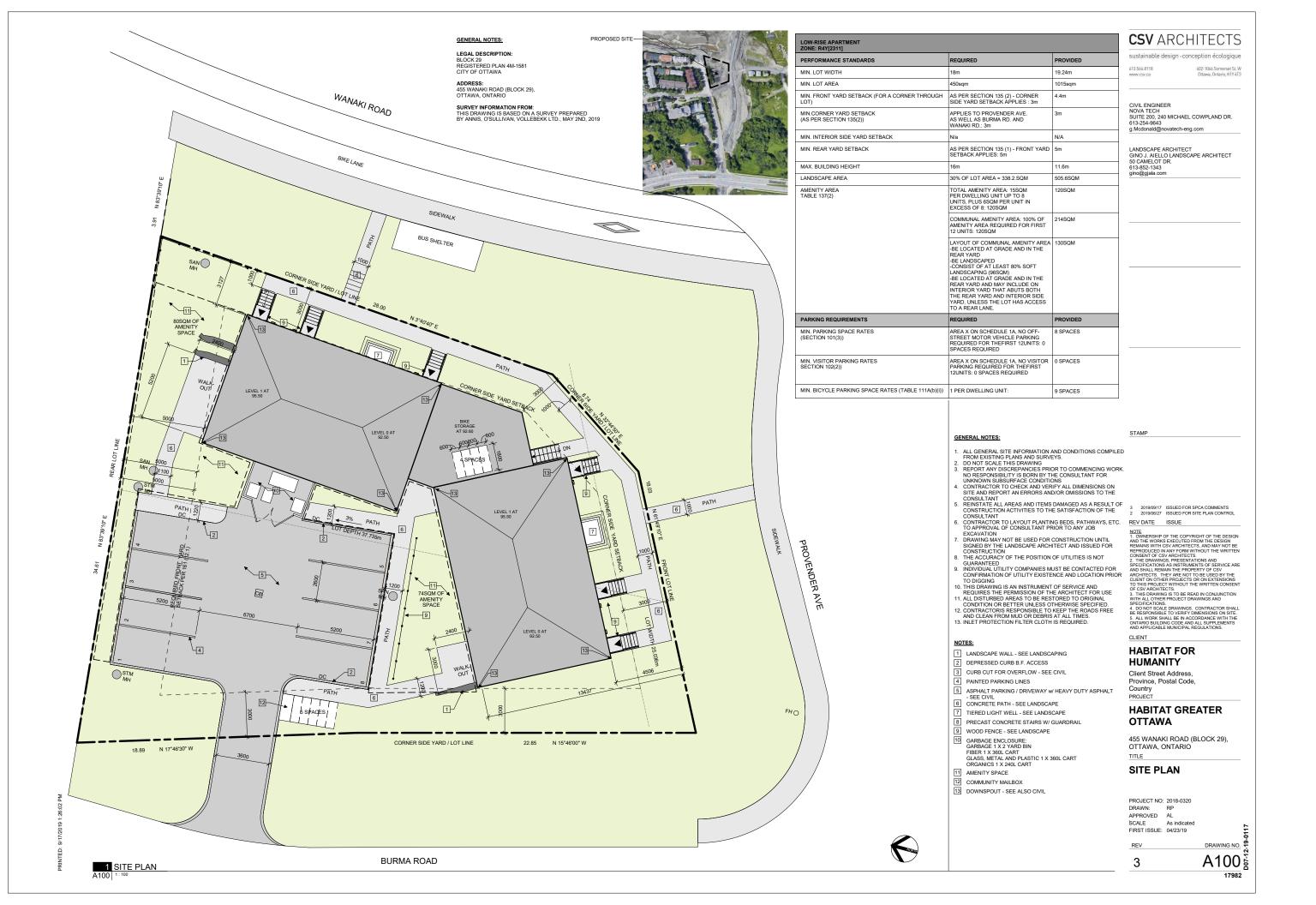
Meeting Date: March 14, 2019	Application Type: ,Site Plan Control , with Public Consultation (now until June 2019)
File Lead: Kimberley Baldwin	Engineer/Project Manager: Richard Buchanan
Site Address: 455 Wanaki Road	*Preliminary Assessment: 1 \square 2 \square 3 \square 4 \square 5 \square
*One (1) indicates that considerable revisions are required before a planning applic	

Set of plantages and guidelines. This assessment is purely advisory and does not consider technical aspects of the proposal, or in any way guarantee application approval.

It is important to note that the need for additional studies and plans may result during application review. If following the submission of your application, it is determined that material that is not identified in this checklist is required to achieve complete application status, in accordance with the Planning Act and Official Plan requirements, City Planning will notify you of outstanding material required within the required 30 day period. Mandatory pre-application consultation will not shorten the City's standard processing timelines, or guarantee that an application will be approved. It is intended to help educate and inform the applicant about submission requirements as well as municipal processes, policies, and key issues in advance of submitting a formal development application. This list is valid for one year following the meeting date. If the application is not submitted within this timeframe the applicant must again pre-consult with the City.

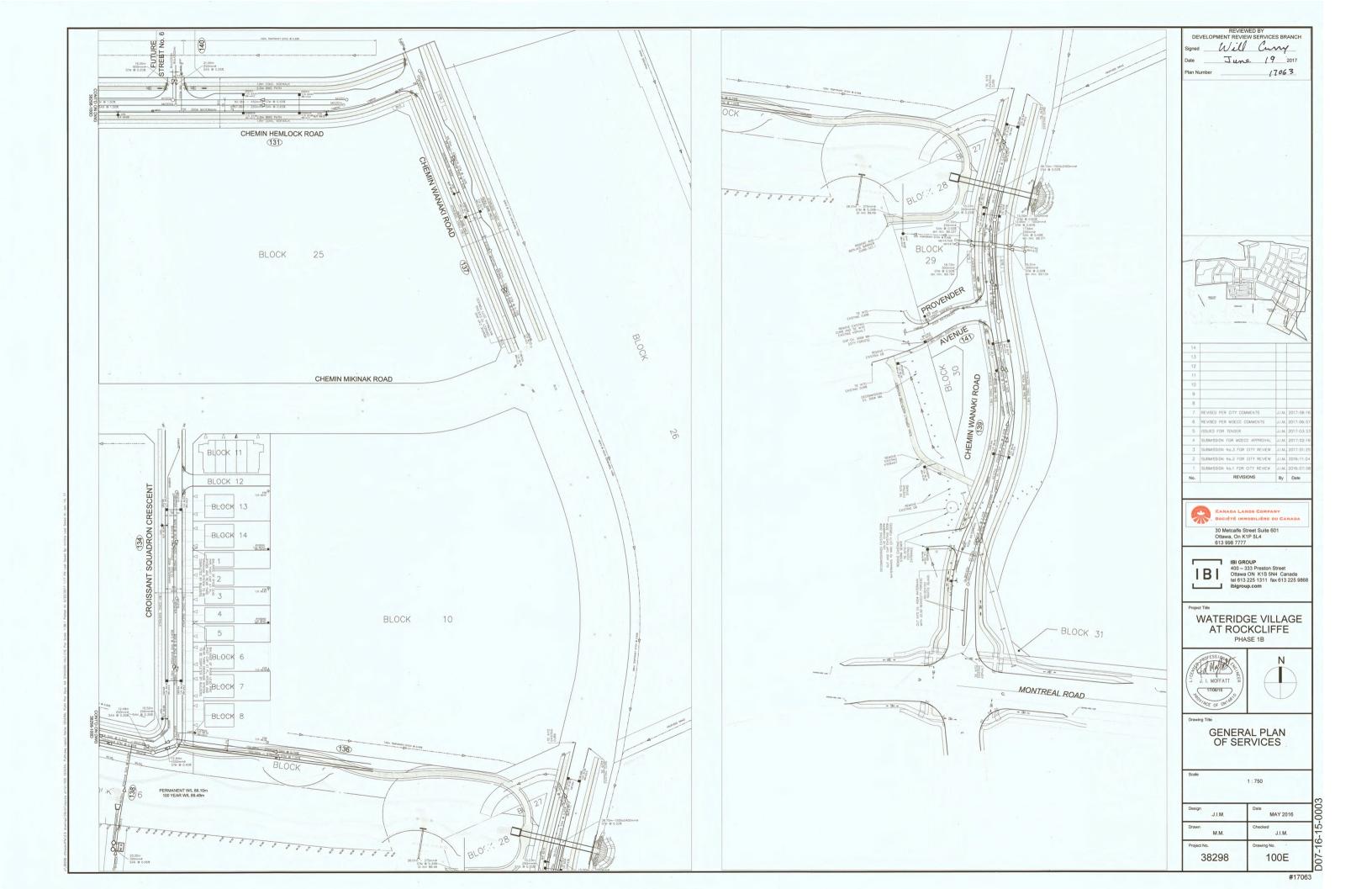
APPENDIX C

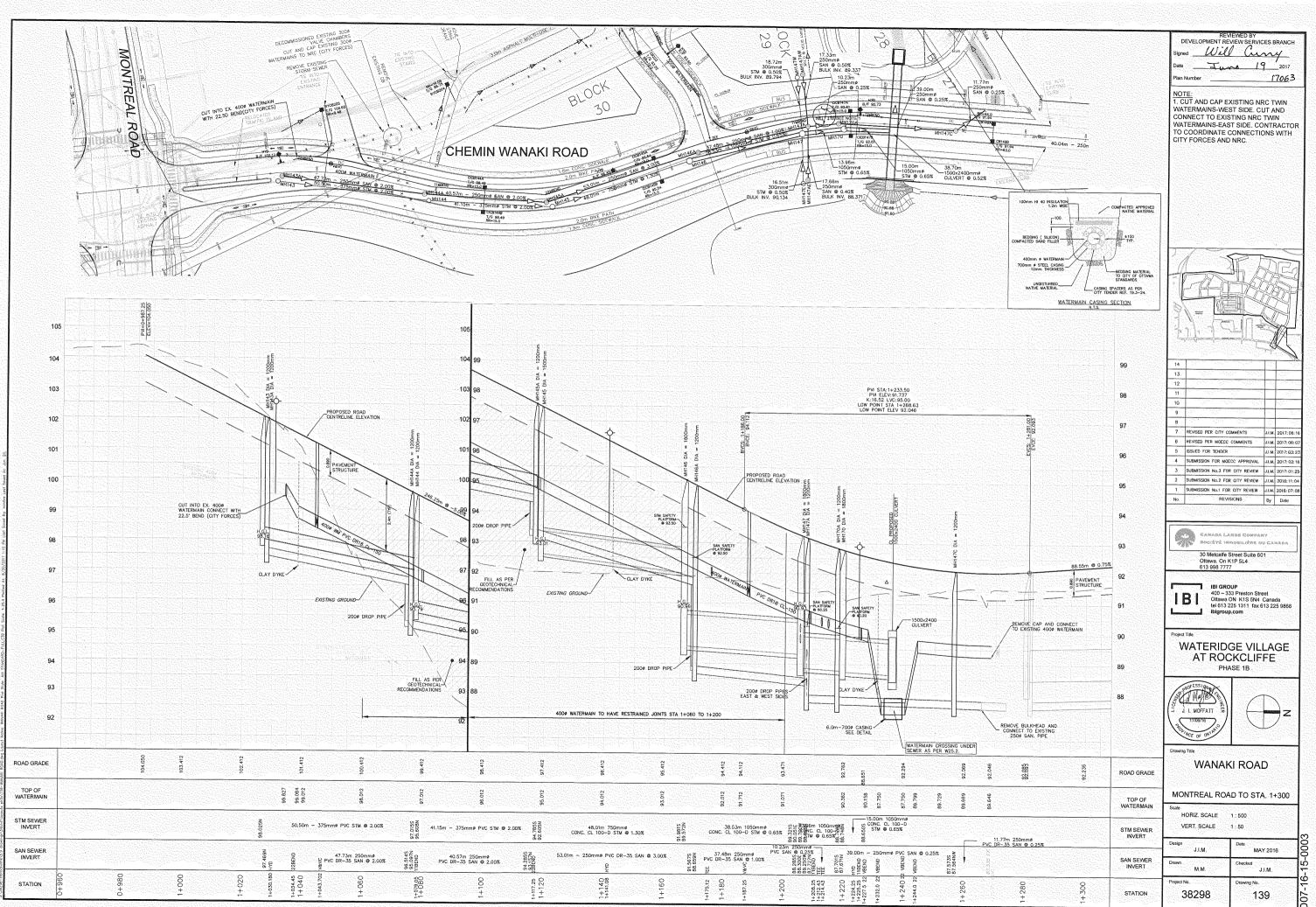
Site Plan

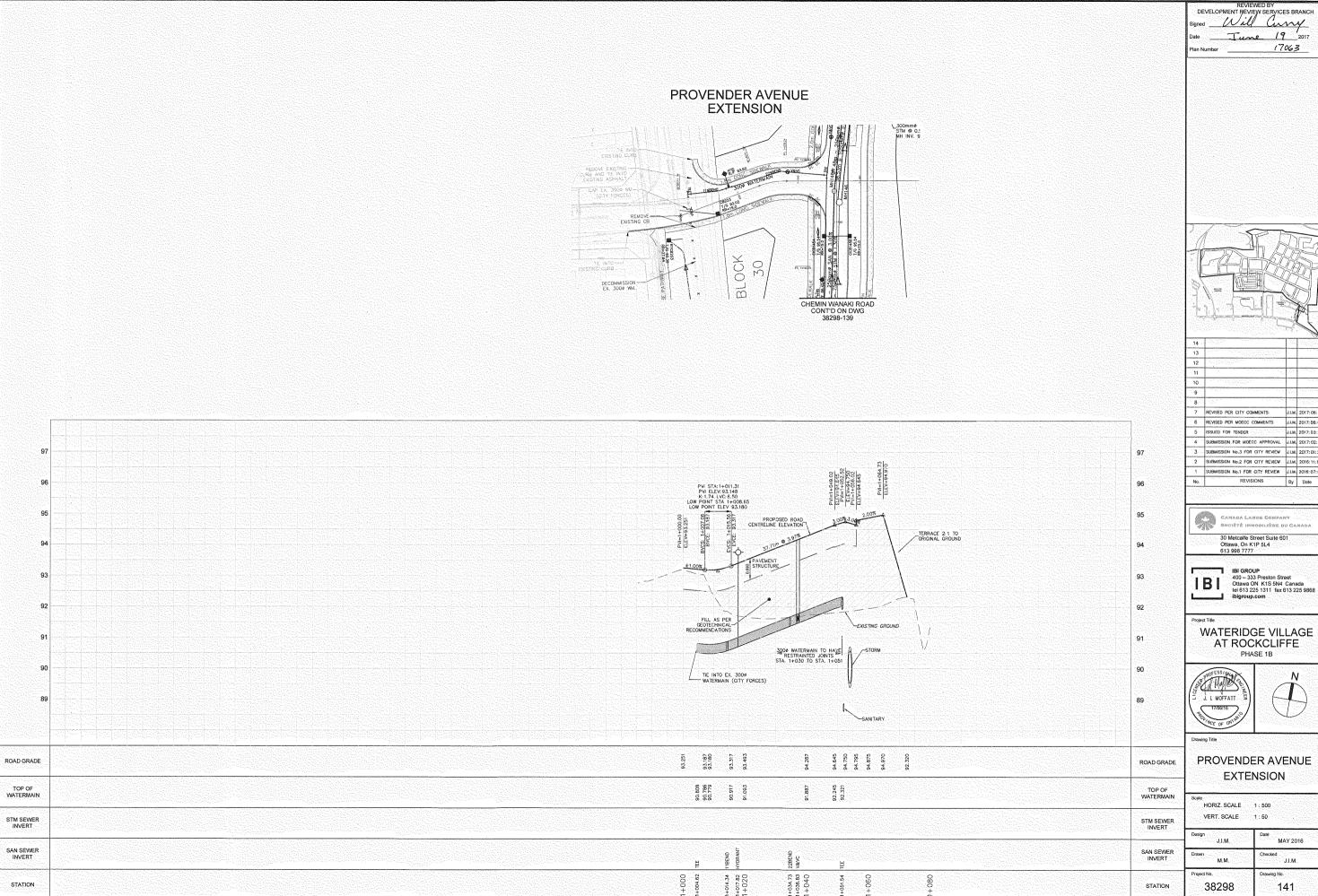


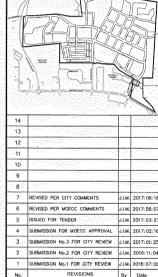
APPENDIX D

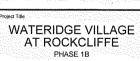
Wateridge Phase 1B Design Plans











Société immobilière du Caradi

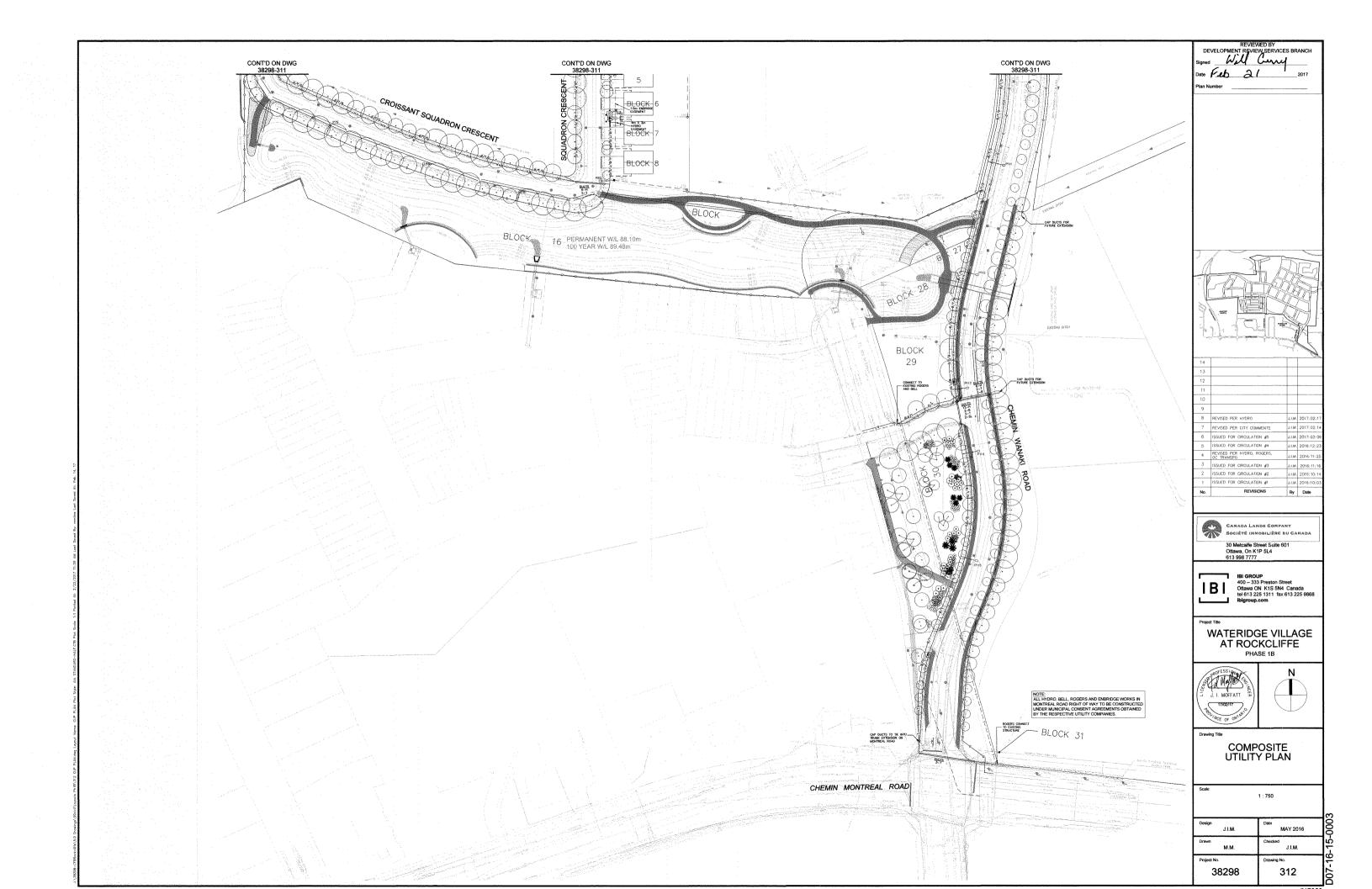


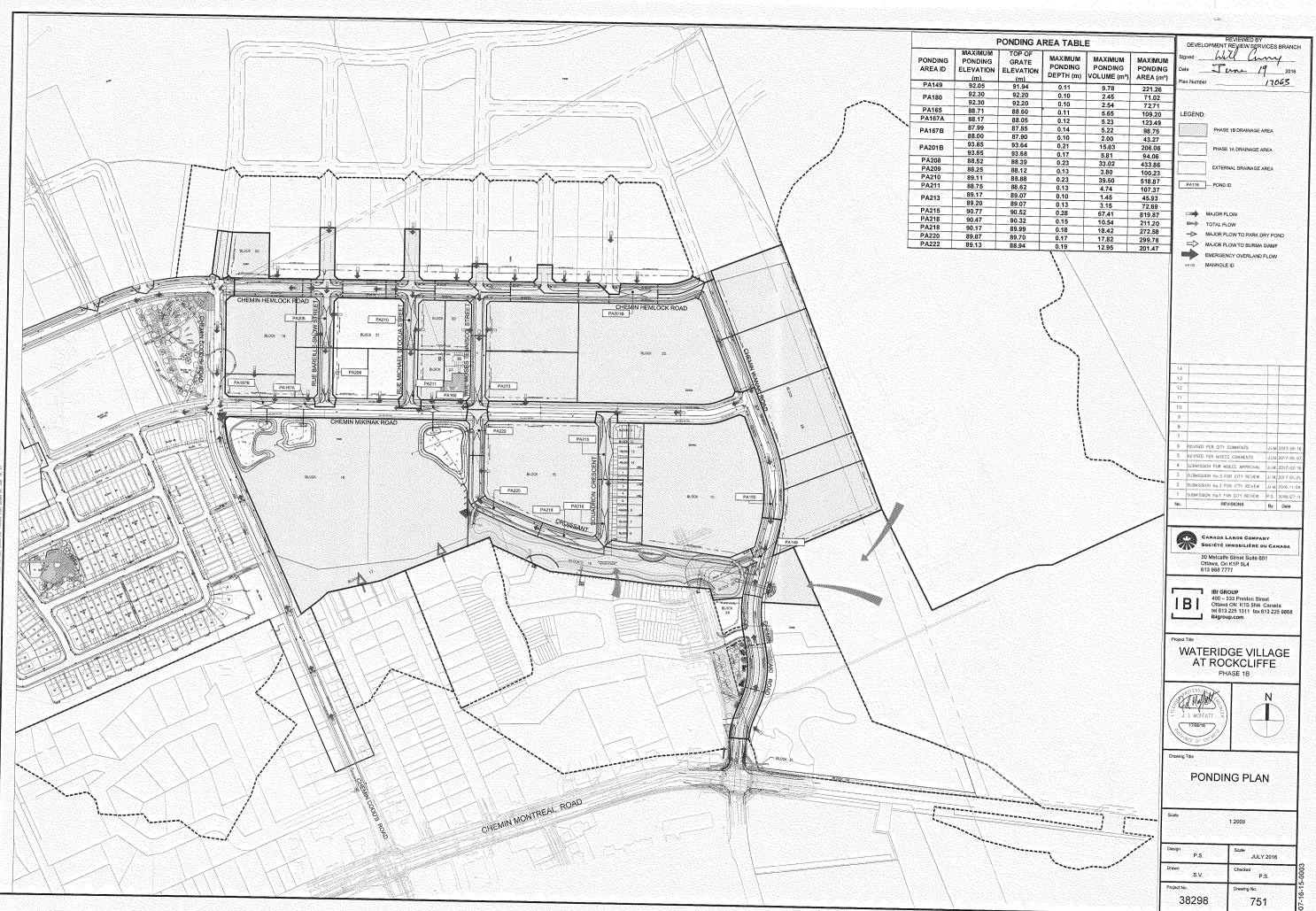


PROVENDER AVENUE **EXTENSION**

HORIZ SCALE 1:500 VERT. SCALE 1:50

	Design J.I.M.	Date MAY 2016) U U
R	Drawo M.M.	Checked J.I.M.	7.
	Project No. 38298	Drawing No.	007-16





APPENDIX E

Sanitary Flow Calculations and Relevant Excerpts from Wateridge Phase 1B Design Report

PROJECT #: 119066

PROJECT NAME: 455 Wanaki Road

THEORETICAL SANITARY FLOW DESIGN SHEET



LOCATION		RESIDENTIAL FLOW					EXTRANEOUS FLOW		TOTAL FLOWS			PIPE DATA					
Use	Total Area	Number of Units	Design Population	Avg Flow	Peak Factor	Res. Peak Flow	Infiltration Dry Weather (I/I dry)	Allowance Wet Weather (I/I wet)	Average Dry Weather Flow (ADWF)	Peak Dry Weather Flow (PDWF)	Peak Wet Weather Flow (PWWW)	Size	Slope	Total Length	Capacity	Full Flow Velocity	Q/Qfull
	(ha)	(units)	(persons)	(l/s)	-	(l/s)	(l/s)	(l/s)	(l/s)	(l/s)	(l/s)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(l/s)	(m/s)	(%)
THEORETICAL PROPOSED BUILDIN	G USE																
Residential	0.101	9	30.6	0.10	3.68	0.37	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.37	0.40	200	1.0	16.6	32.8	1.04	11.2%
Design Parameters: Residential Population Densities Single Family unit (Assumed due to nature of proposed de housing project, even though units are units) Average Sanitary Flows Residential			Peak Extraneo Infiltration Allow Infiltration Allow	ance (Dry Weat	,	0.05 l/s 0.28 l/s	Designed: Checked:	LGB GJM									
Peaking Factors Residential	Harmon Equati	on, K=0.8, Max. = 4.0															
							Date:	Septem	ber 10, 2019								





IBI GROUP 400-333 Preston Street Ottawa, Ontario K1S 5N4 Canada tel 613 225 1311 fax 613 225 9868 ibigroup.com

Former CFB Rockcliffe City of Ottawa Canada Lands Company

	LOCATION							RESIDE	NTIAL								ICI AREAS				INFILTE	RATION ALLO	WANCE	FIXED	TOTAL			PROPO	SED SEWER	DESIGN		
		FROM	то	AREA Phase 1B			TYPES		AREA EXTERNAL		LATION	PEAK FACTOR	PEAK FLOW	INSTITI	JTIONAL	COMM	· · ·	INDUST		PEAK FLOW	ARE	A (Ha)	FLOW	FLOW	FLOW	CAPACITY	LENGTH	DIA	SLOPE	VELOCITY (full)	AVAIL. CAPA	
STREET	AREA ID	MH	MH	(Ha)	SF	SD	TH	APT	(Ha)	IND	CUM	FACTOR	(L/s)	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	IND	CUM	(L/s)	IND	CUM	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	(mm)	(%)	(m/s)	L/s	(%)
Phase 1B														1																<u> </u>	 	
Hemlock Road	201A	MH201A	MH202A	0.31						0.0	0.0	4.00	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.31	0.31	0.09	0.00	0.09	50.02	87.06	250	0.65	0.987	49.93	99.83%
Future Street No. 6	EX202A	BUILK202AN	N MH202A						2.08	358.5	358.5	4.00	5.81	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	2.08	2.08	0.58	0.00	6.39	31.02	21.00	250	0.25	0.612	24.63	79.40%
T didic circet No. 0	ENZOZN	DOLITZOZY	VIII IZOZ/ (2.00	000.0	000.0	4.00	0.01		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	01.02	21.00	200	0.20	0.012	24.00	
Hemlock Road	202A	MH202A	MH203A	0.21						0.0	358.5	4.00	5.81	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.21	2.60	0.73	0.00	6.54	75.98	86.00	250	1.50	1.500	69.44	91.40%
Future Street No. 5	EX203A	BULK203AN	MH203A						1.40	160.5	160.5	4.00	2.60		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	1.40	1.40	0.39	0.00	2.99	83.23	21.00	250	1.80	1.643	80.24	96.40%
Hemlock Road	203A, EXPARK2	MH203A	MH204A	0.20					0.44	0.0	0.0	4.00	0.00	+	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.64	0.64	0.18	0.00	0.18	82.07	86.00	250	1.75	1.620	81.89	99.78%
rue Moses Tennisco Street	EX204A	BULK204AN	MH204A						1.39	153.5	153.5	4.00	2.49		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	1.39	1.39	0.39	0.00	2.88	83.23	21.00	250	1.80	1.643	80.36	96.54%
Hemlock Road	204A	MH204A	MH205A	0.21						0.0	153.5	4.00	2.49		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.21	1.60	0.45	0.00	2.94	67.96	90.00	250	1.20	1.341	65.02	95.68%
rue Michael Stoqua Street	EX205A	BULK205AN	N MH205A						1.38	241.5	241.5	4.00	3.91		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	1.38	1.38	0.39	0.00	4.30	67.96	21.00	250	1.20	1.341	63.66	93.67%
Hemlock Road	205A	MH205A	MH206A	0.25						0.0	395.0	4.00	6.40		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.25	3.23	0.90	0.00	7.30	31.02	112.00	250	0.25	0.612	23.71	76.45%
Hemiock Road	2007	WII IZOJA	WILIZOOA	0.25						0.0	393.0	4.00	0.40		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.25	5.25	0.30	0.00	7.50	31.02	112.00	230	0.23	0.012	25.71	
rue Bareille-Snow Street	EX206A-B	BULK206AN	MH206A	1					<u>9.61</u>	<u>1755.0</u>	1755.0	3.63	25.80	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	9.61	9.61	2.69	0.00	28.49	87.74	21.00	250	2.00	1.731	59.24	67.52%
Hemlock Road	206A	MH206A	MH207A	0.20						0.0	2150.0	3.56	31.02		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.20	13.04	3.65	0.00	34.67	55.26	89.33	300	0.30	0.757	20.59	37.26%
Block 20	PARK1	MH207AN	MH207A	0.32						0.0	0.0	4.00	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.32	0.32	0.09	0.00	0.09	39.24	14.00	250	0.40	0.774	39.15	99.77%
Hemlock Road	PARK1, 207A	MH207A	BULK176AE	0.12	1	 	1			0.0	2150.0	3.56	31.02	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.12	13.48	3.77	0.00	34.79	65.38	33.16	300	0.42	0.896	30.59	46.79%
Phase 1A		DI II 1647041	14114701								0450.0	0.50	04.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	40.40	0.77	0.00	04.70	05.00	04.07	200	0.40	0.000	00.50	40.700/
Hemlock Road		BULK176AE	MH176A							0.0	2150.0	3.56	31.02	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	13.48	3.77	0.00	34.79	65.38	21.97	300	0.42	0.896	30.59	46.79%
Phase 1B	200A, COM1	MH200A	MHOTAA	0.25						0.0	0.0	4.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.70	1 15	1 15	0.22	0.00	1.10	72.44	00.20	250	1.40	1,449	72.20	98.50%
chemin Wanaki Road chemin Wanaki Road	214A, COM2	MH200A MH214A		0.25 0.16						0.0	0.0	4.00 4.00	0.00		0.00	0.90 0.65	0.90 1.55		0.00	0.78 1.35	1.15 0.81	1.15 1.96	0.32 0.55	0.00	1.10 1.89	73.41 51.91	98.28 44.22	250 250	1.40 0.70	1.024	72.30 50.01	96.35%
Phase 1B																																
chemin Wanaki Road	143B	BULK143AE	MH143A	0.31						104.0	104.0	4.00	1.69		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.31	0.31	0.09	0.00	1.77	43.87	21.50	250	0.50	0.866	42.10	95.96%
chemin Wanaki Road	143A 144A, 144B	MH143A MH144A	MH144A MH145A	0.27 0.72						0.0	104.0 104.0	4.00 4.00	1.69 1.69		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.27 0.72	0.58 1.30	0.16 0.36	0.00	1.85 2.05	87.74 87.74	47.73 40.57	250 250	2.00	1.731 1.731	85.89 85.69	97.89% 97.66%
chemin Wanaki Road chemin Wanaki Road	145A, 145B, 145C	MH145A		2.77						835.6	939.6	3.82	14.53		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	2.77	4.07	1.14	0.00	15.67	107.45	53.01	250	3.00	2.121	91.79	85.42%
chemin Wanaki Road	146A	MH146A	MH147A	0.14						0.0	939.6	3.82	14.53		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.14	4.21	1.18	0.00	15.71	43.54	37.48	250	1.00	1.224	27.83	63.92%
Chemin Wanaki Koad				0.14						0.0	959.0	3.02					0.00			0.00			1.10	0.00	10.71	40.04	37.40	230				
chemin Wanaki Road	PARK2	BLK147AE	MH147A	0.55						0.0	0.0	4.00	0.00	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.55	0.55	0.15	0.00	0.15	39.24	17.66	250	0.40	0.774	39.08	99.61%
chemin Wanaki Road	147C	BLK147AW	MH147A	0.10						33.6	33.6	4.00	0.54		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.03	0.00	0.57	43.87	17.33	250	0.50	0.866	43.30	98.70%
chemin Wanaki Road	147A	MH147A	MH170A	0.03						0.0	973.2	3.81	15.01		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.03	4.89	1.37	0.00	16.38	31.02	10.23	250	0.25	0.612	14.64	47.19%
chemin Wanaki Road	147B	MH107A		0.16						0.0	973.2	3.81	15.01		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.16	5.05	1.41	0.00	16.42	31.02	39.00	250	0.25	0.612	14.59	47.05%
chemin Wanaki Road		MH147C	BLK148AW							0.0	973.2	3.81	15.01	+	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	5.05	1.41	0.00	16.42	31.02	11.77	250	0.25	0.612	14.59	47.05%
Phase 1B Block 9	154A	MUIEON	MH217A	0.19						0.0	973.2	3.81	15.01		2.62		3.83		0.00	F 60	0.19	12.94	3.62	0.00	24.23	53.37	171.95	250	0.74	1.053	29.13	54.59%
BIOCK 9	154A	IVITIOA	IVITZT/A	0.19						0.0	973.2	3.01	15.01		2.02		3.03		0.00	5.60	0.19	12.94	3.02	0.00	24.23	55.57	171.95	250	0.74	1.055	29.13	54.59%
croissant Squadron Crescent croissant Squadron Crescent	215Aa-b 216Aa-b	MH215A MH216A		<u>0.79</u> 0.67	3 2	4 6				117.8 94.5	117.8 212.3	4.00 4.00	1.91 3.44	1	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.79 0.67	0.79 1.46	0.22 0.41	0.00	2.13 3.85	50.02 50.02	80.00 71.19	250 250	0.65 0.65	0.987 0.987	47.89 46.17	95.74% 92.30%
						Ť																										
croissant Squadron Crescent	217A	MH217A	MH218A	0.02		ļ				0.0	1185.5	3.75	18.01	1	2.62		3.83		0.00	5.60	0.02	14.42	4.04	0.00	27.65	36.70	10.52	250	0.35	0.724	9.05	24.66%
croissant Squadron Crescent	218A	MH218A	MH218B	0.02						0.0	1185.5	3.75	18.01	1	2.62		3.83		0.00	5.60	0.02	14.44	4.04	0.00	27.66	36.70	12.49	250	0.35	0.724	9.05	24.65%
	THORN1	EX SANMH	MH218B	-		-			5.55	1574.0	1574.0	3.66	23.36	1	0.00		0.00	+	0.00	0.00	5.55	5.55	1.55	0.00	24.92	74.13	46.02	300	0.54	1.016	49.21	66.39%
croissant Squadron Crescent croissant Squadron Crescent	218B 219A	MH218B MH219A	MH219A MH220A	0.07 0.15	1	 				0.0	2759.5 2759.5		38.82 38.82	1	2.62 2.62		3.83 3.83	-	0.00	5.60 5.60	0.07 0.15	20.06 20.21	5.62 5.66	0.00	50.04 50.08	59.68 59.68	37.08 72.49	300 300	0.35 0.35	0.818 0.818	9.64 9.60	16.16% 16.09%
croissant Squadron Crescent	220A, 220B	MH220A	MH221A	<u>1.46</u>						319.0	3078.5	3.43	42.81	1	2.62		3.83		0.00	5.60	1.46	21.67	6.07	0.00	54.48	59.68	43.77	300	0.35	0.818	5.21	8.72%
croissant Squadron Crescent croissant Squadron Crescent	221A 222A	MH221A MH222A	MH222A MH169A	0.02 0.22						0.0	3078.5 3078.5		42.81 42.81	-	2.62 2.62		3.83 3.83			5.60 5.60	0.02 0.22	21.69 21.91	6.07 6.13	0.00	54.48 54.54	59.68 59.68	8.66 89.42	300 300	0.35 0.35	0.818 0.818	5.20 5.14	8.71% 8.61%
Design Parameters:		ı	1	Notes:	1	ı					I	Designed	<u> </u>	WY		1	No.					R	evision			I				Date		
Posidential		ICI Areas		Mannings Demand (coefficient ((n) =		0.013 L/day	200	L/day							1. 2.						mission No. 1 mission No. 2							7/8/2016 11/4/2016		
Residential SF 3.4 p/p/u		IOI AIE85	Peak Factor	-1				L/day L/s/Ha	300	∟∕uay		Checked:		JIM			3.						mission No. 2 mission No. 3					<u> </u>		1/25/2017		
TH/SD 2.7 p/p/u APT 1.8 p/p/u) L/Ha/day) L/Ha/day	1.5 1.5	4. Residentia			14/(4+P^0.5)	1)											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-						
Other 60 p/p/Ha		L/Ha/day	MOE Chart				thousands					Dwg. Refe	erence:	38298-501														<u> </u>				
	17000) L/Ha/day																Reference):					ate:						Sheet No:		
<u> </u>				I								1					3	8298.5.7.1					7/8	2016						1 of 2		



APPENDIX F Water Demand and FUS Calculations and Correspondence





455 Wanaki Road PRELIMINARY WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS

	Wate	er Deman	d (Propos	sed)	
	Resid	dential		Demands (L/	/s)
Building	Units	Total Pop'n (pers)	Average Day	Max. Daily	Peak Hour
Proposed	9	31	0.13	0.33	0.73
Total	9	31	0.13	0.33	0.73

Notes:

Residential Densities (from City of Ottawa data):

- Singe Family Unit = 3.4 persons/unit

Avg. Day Demand:

- Residential 350 L/c/day

Max. Daily Demand:

- Residential 2.5 x Avg. Day

Peak Hour Demand:

- Residential 2.2 x Max. Day

Date: June 19, 2019

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines

Novatech Project #: 119066

Project Name: 455 Wanaki Road

Date: 10/9/2019

Input By: LGB
Reviewed By: GJM



Legend

Input by User

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: 3-storey residential building with walk-out basement (GFA=1042m2)

Wood frame

Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
		Base Fire Flo	W			
	Construction Ma		_		iplier	
1	Coefficient related to type of construction	Wood frame Ordinary construction Non-combustible construction Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs) Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)	Yes	1.5 1 0.8 0.6 0.6	1.5	
	Floor Area					
2	A	Building Footprint (m²) Number of Floors/Storeys Area of structure considered (m²)	1042		1,042	
	F	Base fire flow without reductions F = 220 C (A) ^{0.5}	-			11,000
		Reductions or Sur	harges			
	Occupancy haza	rd reduction or surcharge		Reduction	/Surcharge	
3	(1)	Non-combustible Limited combustible Combustible Free burning Rapid burning	Yes	-25% -15% 0% 15% 25%	-15%	9,350
	Sprinkler Reduct			_	ction	
4	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13) Standard Water Supply Fully Supervised System	No	-30% -10% -10% ulative Total	0%	0
	Exposure Surch	arge (cumulative %)	-		Surcharge	
5	(3)	North Side East Side South Side West Side	> 45.1m 30.1- 45 m 30.1- 45 m 20.1 - 30 m Cum	ulative Total	0% 5% 5% 10% 20%	1,870
	-	Results			<u>'</u>	
	(4) 1 (6) 1 (6)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nea	rest 1000L/min	l	L/min	11,000
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)		or or	L/s USGPM	183 2,906
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)			Hours	2
,	Storage volume	Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			m ³	1320

Lydia Bolam

From: Fraser, Mark <Mark.Fraser@ottawa.ca>
Sent: Tuesday, August 27, 2019 8:44 AM

To: Lydia Bolam
Cc: Greg MacDonald

Subject: RE: 455 Wanaki Road - Watermain Boundary Condition Request

Attachments: FIRE HYDRANT PLAN.pdf; 455 Wanaki June 2019.pdf

Hi Lydia,

Please find below boundary conditions for hydraulic analysis at 455 Wanaki Road (zone MONT) assumed to be connected to the 406mm dia. watermain within Wanaki Road as requested. See attached PDF for assumed connection location.

CONNECTION [406mm dia. - Wanaki Road]:

Minimum HGL = 146.8m Maximum HGL = 147.0m

The total aggregate flow from the four hydrants identified in the attached plan exceeds the required fire flow of 183 L/s

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Please refer to City of Ottawa, Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution, First Edition, July 2010, WDG001 Clause 4.2.2 for watermain pressure and demand objectives.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Regards,

Mark Fraser

Project Manager, Planning Services
Development Review Central Branch
City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa
Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department
110 Laurier Avenue West. 4th Floor, Ottawa ON, K1P 1J1
Tel:613.580.2424 ext. 27791

Fax: 613-580-2576 Mail: Code 01-14

Email: Mark.Fraser@ottawa.ca

This message, including any document or file attached, is intended only for the addressee and may contain privileged and /or confidential information. Any person is strictly prohibited from reading, using, disclosing or copying this message. If you received this message in error, please notify the sender and delete the message. Thank you.

From: Lydia Bolam <1.bolam@novatech-eng.com>

Sent: June 06, 2019 11:11 AM

Subject: 455 Wanaki Road - Watermain Boundary Condition Request

^{*}Please consider your environmental responsibility before printing this e-mail

CAUTION: This email originated from an External Sender. Please do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the source.

ATTENTION : Ce courriel provient d'un expéditeur externe. Ne cliquez sur aucun lien et n'ouvrez pas de pièce jointe, excepté si vous connaissez l'expéditeur.

Hi Richard,

We would like to please request the municipal watermain boundary conditions for the proposed residential development at 455 Wanaki Road. It is proposed to construct a 3-storey residential building with a walk-out basement level with a total of 8 units.

The location of the proposed 150mm dia. water service connection and the 4 existing fire hydrants within the vicinity of the site are shown on the attached plan. Ideally, the City could provide the boundary conditions and the maximum available fire flow for this development.

Based on preliminary calculations, using the City of Ottawa Guidelines for Drinking Water Systems, the water demands for the proposed building are as follows:

- Average Day Demand = 0.11 L/s (8 Units x 3.4 people/unit x 350 L/c/d)
- Max. Day Demand = 0.28 L/s (2.5 x Avg. Demand)
- Peak Hour Demand = 0.62 L/s (2.2 x Max. Day Demand)

Based on the Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Guidelines, the fire flow for the proposed non-sprinklered building is approximately 183 L/s (see attached FUS calculations sheet).

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Kind regards,

Lydia Bolam, P.Eng., Project Engineer

NOVATECH Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Suite 200, Ottawa, ON, K2M 1P6 | Tel: 613.254.9643 Ext:276 | Fax: 613.254.5867

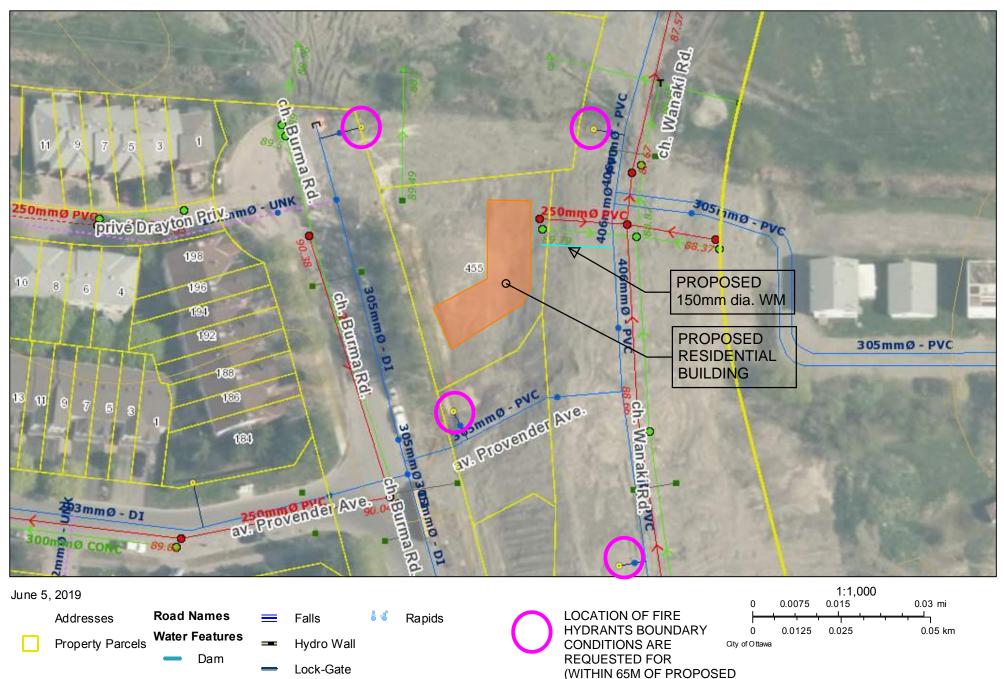
The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

This e-mail originates from the City of Ottawa e-mail system. Any distribution, use or copying of this e-mail or the information it contains by other than the intended recipient(s) is unauthorized. Thank you.

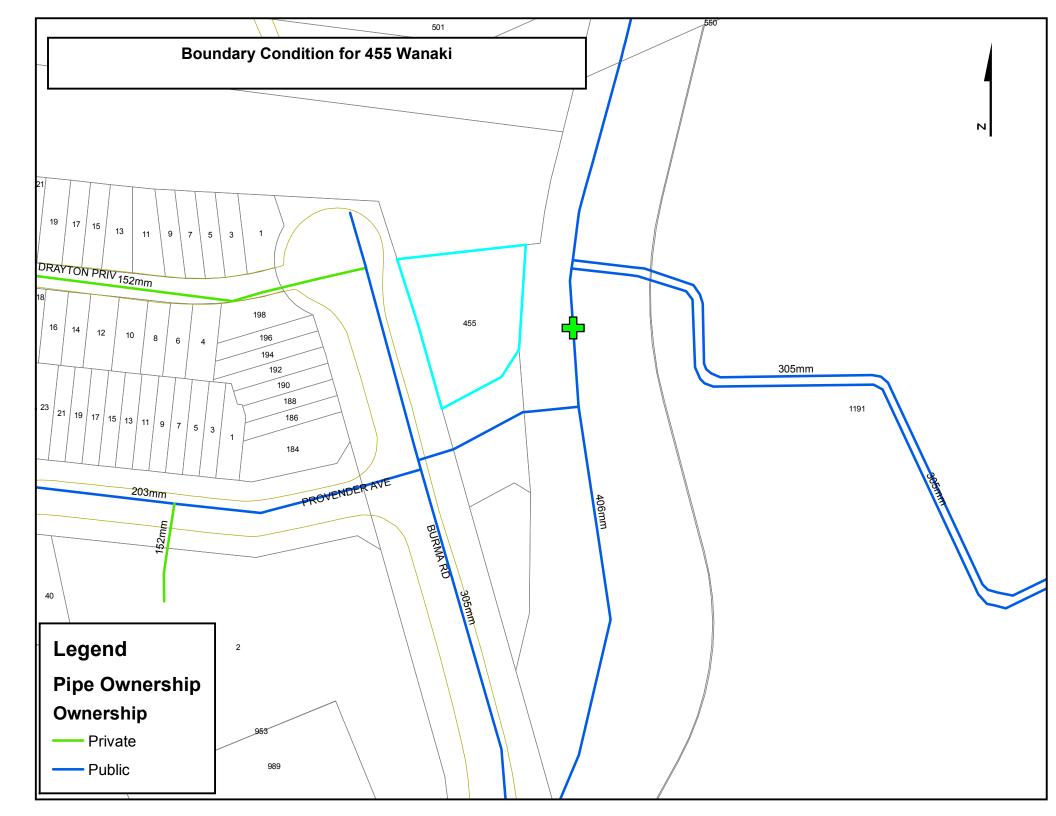
Le présent courriel a été expédié par le système de courriels de la Ville d'Ottawa. Toute distribution, utilisation ou reproduction du courriel ou des renseignements qui s'y trouvent par une personne autre que son destinataire prévu est interdite. Je vous remercie de votre collaboration.

2

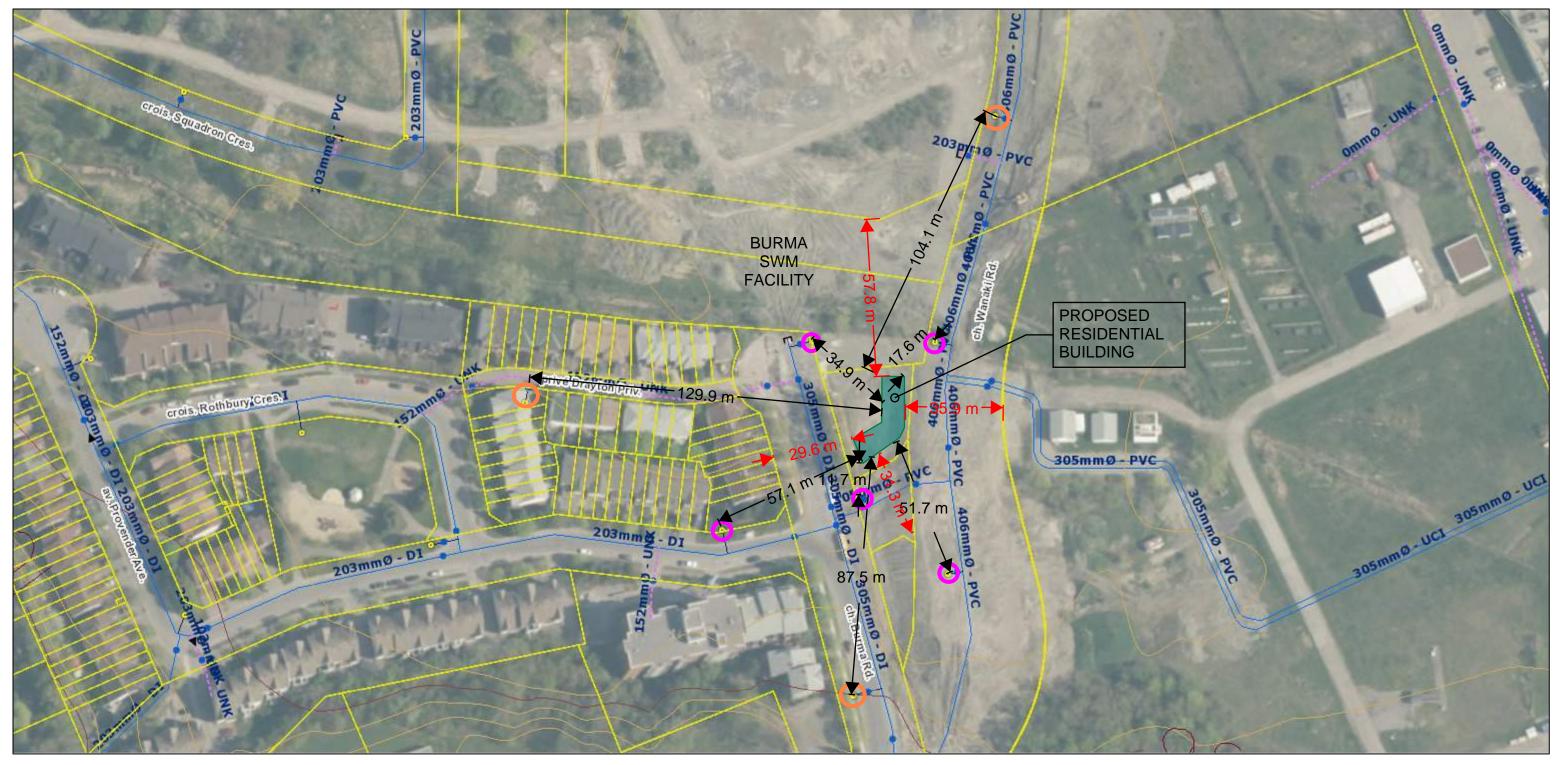
455 WANAKI ROAD



BUILDING)



EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT LOCATIONS AND EXPOSURE DISTANCES



September 13, 2019

FIRE HYDRANTS WITHIN 75M OF PROPOSED BUILDING

FIRE HYDRANTS WITHIN 150M OF PROPOSED BUILDING

APPROXIMATE DISTANCE TO EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT

SEPARATION DISTANCE (FOR FUS EXPOSURE SURCHARGE CALCULATIONS)



30 August 2019

Kimberley Baldwin Planner II, Development Review, Central Area City of Ottawa

Re: 455 Wanaki Raod Site Plan Control Application D07-12-19-0117

PRINCIPALS

Anthony Leaning
B.Arch, OAA, FRAIC,
LEED® AP BD+C

Peter Simister B.Arch, OAA, MRAIC, CAHP LEED® AP BD+C, GGP

Robert Froom B.Arch

Darryl Hood B.Arch, B.A., OAA, MRAIC, LEED® AP BD+C, CPHD, GGP

Jessie Smith M.Arch, B.A.S, OAA, MRAIC, LEED® AP BD+C, GGP

ASSOCIATES

Richard Gurnham M.Arch, B.A.S, OAA, GGP

Rick Kellner M.Arch, B.A.S, OAA

Dear Ms Baldwin,

I provide the following response to your letter with first review comments dated 2019-08-21.

1. General Comments

Our revised drawings (attached) are updated with the D07 file number as required.

2. Planning

- 2.1 We have added a note indicating the source of property boundary information.
- 2.2 The front lot line is labelled
- 2.3 The Zoning Chart is revised as requested.
- 2.4 Bicycle parking has been added to the plan
- 2.5 The hatched area was used in an earlier calculation of the required rear yard setback and is no longer applicable and removed from the updated drawing
- 2.6 Amenity areas are shown and labelled.

3. Urban Design

- 3.1 The building is in a prominent location on an entry route into the development. Because it is affordable housing and constrained by economics, there are limited tools to use to create an attractive building. The careful use of contrasting colours, and more than one material is intended to provide visual interest. The cladding is arranged into blocks that are sized in proportion to the scale of low-rise residential buildings. The intention is to be compatible with a residential neighbourhood context and fit in, while providing the design with its own architectural expression that is suited to this building form.
- 3.2 Windows have been visually aggregated with an additional siding material into larger panels to create the sense of larger openings. The roof with its generous overhangs provides both long-term durability and protection for the wall and windows below as well as a strong visual element that identifies these as homes. Windows have been generously sized to provide plenty of light into interiors while not oversized with the attendant risks of overheating in summer, heat loss during the winter and the maintenance concerns of large glazed area.

4. Engineering (selected comments)

Sustainable design

Conception écologique

10.564.8118 日 613.729.3362 **www.csv.ca** 402-1066 Somerset St. W, Ottawa, ON K1Y 4T3

GENERAL:

2. The current design proposal includes building mounted lighting with full cut-off over building entrance doorways, and adjacent to paths leading to the parking area. No light standards are intended.

REPORTS

and window wells.

10. Part 9 OBC, wood frame construction, 3 storey as defined by OBC. no sprinklers required per OBC Group C Residential occupancy, 33. The roofs are hip roofs with drainage to the perimeter. The central bicycle and service area room has a single pitch towards the parking area. Eavestroughs will be provided to protect entrances and window wells with downspouts co-ordinated as shown on the civil engineering Grading and Lot Drainage drawing. Downspouts to be located away from paths, entrances

Grading and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

3. The grades have been selected to optimize access on both sides of the building. In general, the grades at the parking (interior of the lot) side are slightly sloped for wheelchair access to lowest floor level apartments, while those on the street side (facing Wanaki and Provender) are at the limit for reasonable grading of paths to the municipal sidewalk with stairs from paths to front entrances for 2nd level apartments. If the building was raised any higher, the proposed steps would not fit within the lot boundaries. Furthermore, the current grading design maintains an average grade around the building that permits the building to fit within the height constraints imposed for a 3-storey building under Part 9 of the Code and the height limits in the Zoning Bylaw.

15. Snow storage will be located as shown on the engineering plan.

5. Transportation

n/a

6. Solid Waste Services

Information is added to the Site Plan with dimensions and layout of the containers listed in the review.

7. Building Code Services

I confirm that the building conforms with the OBC designation as a threestorey building with *grade* and *first floor* in accordance with definitions in 1.4.1.2.

Anthony Leaning CSV Architects

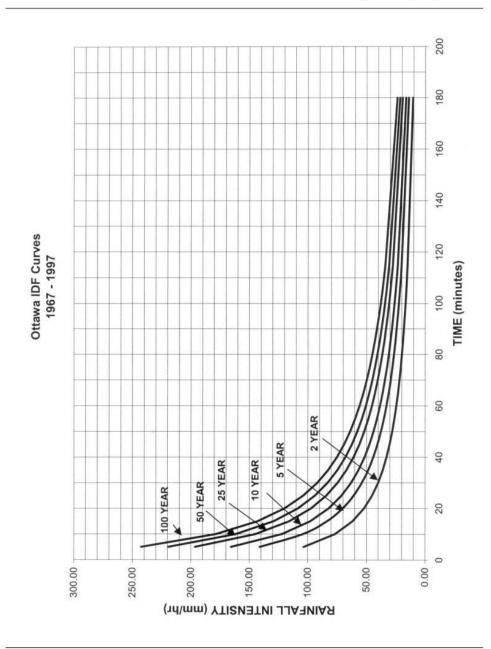
APPENDIX G

SWM Calculations, Relevant Report Excerpts,
ICD details and RVCA Correspondence

Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines

APPENDIX 5-A

OTTAWA INTENSITY DURATION FREQUENCY (IDF) CURVE



City of Ottawa Appendix 5-A.1 October 2012

Stormwater Design Proposed Development 455 Wanaki Road

Project No: 119066

Pre - Development: Overall Flows										
Page intigen A (ha) A imp (ha) A grav (ha) A perv (ha) C C ₁₀₀ Q-pre (L/s)										
Description	A (ha)	C=0.9	C=0.6	C= 0.20	C₅	(25% increase)	5 year	100 year		
Site Area	0.102	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.60	0.75	17.6	37.8		
Total =	0.102	0.000	0.102	0.000			17.6	37.8		
-							4 - 40 mains	4 - 40 mains		

 t_c =10mins t_c =10mins

	Allowable Site Flows									
December 1	A (ha)	A imp (ha)	A grav (ha)	A perv (ha)		C ₁₀₀	Q-allow	able (L/s)		
Description	A (ha)	C=0.9	C=0.6	C= 0.20	C ₅	(25% increase)	5 year	100 year		
Site Area (73% impervious)	0.102	0.074	0	0.027	0.71	N/A	20.9	20.9		
							Allowable			
							Site Flow			
							t _c =10mins	t _c =10mins		

Post - Development: Total Flows for Uncontrolled Sub Catchments C₁₀₀ Q-post uncontrolled (L/s) A imp (ha) A pavers (ha) A perv (ha) C₅ Description A (ha) Area C=0.9 C=0.6 C=0.2 5 year 100 year 2 year (25% increase) 0.024 0.039 0.47 A-1 Direct Runoff 0.015 0 0.54 5.2 10.40 3.9 A-2 0.027 21.10 Controlled Area 0.063 0.036 0 0.60 0.67 10.8 8.0 Total = 0.55 31.50 11.9 0.102 0.050 0.0512 0.62 16.1

 t_c =10mins t_c =10mins t_c =10mins

	Post - Development : Total Flows for Controlled Site									
Area	Description	Q-post co	ntrolled (L/s)	Storage Red	quired (m³)	Provided				
Area	Description	5 year	100 year	5 year	100 year	(m ³)				
A-1	Direct Runoff (Uncontrolled)	5.2	10.4	N/A	N/A	N/A				
A-2	Controlled Area	10.1	10.3	1.4	6.4	8.0				
	Total =	15.3	20.7	1.3	6.4	8.0				
		Meet Allow	able Site Flow		-					

455 Wanaki Road									
Project No: 119	066								
REQUIRED STO	DRAGE - 1	:5 YEAR E	VENT						
AREA A-1	Uncontrol	led Off Sit	e Drainage						
OTTAWA IDF C	URVE								
Area =	0.039	ha	Qallow =	5.24	L/s				
C =	0.47		Vol(max) =	0.6	m3				
Time	Intensity	Q	Qnet	Vol					
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m3)					
5	141.18	7.10	1.86	0.56					
10	104.19	5.24	0.00	0.00					
15	83.56	4.20	-1.04	-0.93					
20	70.25	3.53	-1.71	-2.05					
25	60.90	3.06	-2.18	-3.27					
30	53.93	2.71	-2.53	-4.55					
35	48.52	2.44	-2.80	-5.88					
40	44.18	2.22	-3.02	-7.25					
45	40.63	2.04	-3.20	-8.64					
50	37.65	1.89	-3.35	-10.04					
55	35.12	1.77	-3.48	-11.47					
60	32.94	1.66	-3.59	-12.91					
65	31.04	1.56	-3.68	-14.35					
70	29.37	1.48	-3.76	-15.81					
75	27.89	1.40	-3.84	-17.28					
90	24.29	1.22	-4.02	-21.71					
105	21.58	1.09	-4.16	-26.19					
120	19.47	0.98	-4.26	-30.70					
135	17.76	0.89	-4.35	-35.23					
150	16.36	0.82	-4.42	-39.78					

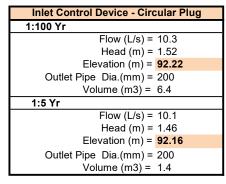
455 Wanaki Road								
Project No: 119	066							
REQUIRED STO	RAGE - 1	:100 YEAR	EVENT					
AREA A-1	Uncontrol	lled Off Site	Drainage					
OTTAWA IDF C	URVE							
Area =	0.039	ha	Qallow =	10.3	L/s			
C =	0.54		Vol(max) =	1.1	m3			
Time	Intensity	Q	Qnet	Vol				
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m3)				
5	242.70	14.02	3.70	1.11				
10	178.56	10.31	0.00	0.00				
15	142.89	8.25	- 2.06	-1.85				
20	119.95	6.93	-3.38	-4.06				
25	103.85	6.00	-4.31	-6.47				
30	91.87	5.31	-5.01	-9.01				
35	82.58	4.77	-5.54	-11.64				
40	75.15	4.34	-5.97	-14.33				
45	69.05	3.99	-6.32	-17.08				
50	63.95	3.69	-6.62	-19.86				
55	59.62	3.44	-6.87	-22.67				
60	55.89	3.23	-7.08	-25.50				
65	52.65	3.04	- 7.27	-28.36				
70	49.79	2.88	-7.44	-31.24				
75	47.26	2.73	-7.58	-34.13				
90	41.11	2.37	-7.94	-42.87				
105	36.50	2.11	-8.20	-51.69				
120	32.89	1.90	-8.41	-60.57				
135	30.00	1.73	-8.58	-69.50				
150	27.61	1.59	-8.72	-78.46				

## Project No: 119066 REQUIRED STORAGE - 1:5 YEAR EVENT AREA A-2 Controlled Flow-Parking Lot Storage OTTAWA IDF CURVE Area = 0.063 ha Qallow = 1.4 L/s m3 Time						
REQUIRED STORAGE - 1:5 YEAR EVENT AREA A-2 Controlled Flow-Parking Lot Storage						
AREA A-2 Controlled Flow-Parking Lot Storage OTTAWA IDF CURVE Area = 0.063 ha	Project No: 119	066				
OTTAWA IDF CURVE Area = 0.063 C = 0.60 ha Callow = Vol(max) = 1.4 10.1 L/s m3 Time (min) (mm/hr) (mm/hr) (L/s) (L/s) (L/s) (m3) Qanet (min) (m3) Vol (m3) 5 141.18 14.68 4.58 1.37 10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 0.44 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 -1.27 -3.35 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 -3.05 -5.05 -10.61 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -5.05 -10.61 -13.21 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 -6.45 -21.28 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 -26.80 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 -90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 -8.25 -66.84	REQUIRED STO	RAGE - 1	:5 YEAR E	VENT		
Area = 0.063 ha	AREA A-2 Cont	rolled Flov	w-Parking I	∟ot Storage		
Time (min) Intensity (mm/hr) Q (L/s) Quet (L/s) Vol (max) 5 141.18 14.68 4.58 1.37 10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89	OTTAWA IDF C	URVE				
Time (mm/hr) (L/s) (L/s) (m3) 5 141.18 14.68 4.58 1.37 10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	Area =	0.063	ha	Qallow =	10.1	L/s
(min) (mm/hr) (L/s) (L/s) (m3) 5 141.18 14.68 4.58 1.37 10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90	C =	0.60		Vol(max) =	1.4	m3
(min) (mm/hr) (L/s) (L/s) (m3) 5 141.18 14.68 4.58 1.37 10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90						
5 141.18 14.68 4.58 1.37 10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53	Time	Intensity	Q	Qnet	Vol	
10 104.19 10.84 0.74 0.44 15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -5	(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m3)	
15 83.56 8.69 -1.41 -1.27 20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25	5	141.18	14.68	4.58	1.37	
20 70.25 7.31 -2.79 -3.35 25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	10	104.19	10.84	0.74	0.44	
25 60.90 6.33 -3.77 -5.65 30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	15	83.56	8.69	-1.41	-1.27	
30 53.93 5.61 -4.49 -8.08 35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	20	70.25	7.31	-2.79	-3.35	
35 48.52 5.05 -5.05 -10.61 40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	25	60.90	6.33	-3.77	-5.65	
40 44.18 4.60 -5.50 -13.21 45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	30	53.93	5.61	-4.49	-8.08	
45 40.63 4.23 -5.87 -15.86 50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	35	48.52	5.05	-5.05	-10.61	
50 37.65 3.92 -6.18 -18.55 55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	40	44.18	4.60	-5.50	-13.21	
55 35.12 3.65 -6.45 -21.28 60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	45	40.63	4.23	-5.87	-15.86	
60 32.94 3.43 -6.67 -24.03 65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	50	37.65	3.92	-6.18	-18.55	
65 31.04 3.23 -6.87 -26.80 70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	55	35.12	3.65	-6.45	-21.28	
70 29.37 3.05 -7.05 -29.59 75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	60	32.94	3.43	-6.67	-24.03	
75 27.89 2.90 -7.20 -32.40 90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	65	31.04	3.23	-6.87	-26.80	
90 24.29 2.53 -7.57 -40.90 105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	70	29.37	3.05	-7.05	-29.59	
105 21.58 2.24 -7.86 -49.49 120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	75	27.89	2.90	-7.20	-32.40	
120 19.47 2.02 -8.08 -58.14 135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	90	24.29	2.53	-7.57	-40.90	
135 17.76 1.85 -8.25 -66.84	105	21.58	2.24	-7.86	-49.49	
	120	19.47	2.02	-8.08	-58.14	
150 16.36 1.70 -8.40 -75.59	135	17.76	1.85	-8.25	-66.84	
	150	16.36	1.70	-8.40	-75.59	

455 Wanaki Ros Project No: 119 REQUIRED STO AREA A-2 Cont	066 DRAGE - 1				
OTTAWA IDF C	URVE				
Area =	0.063	ha	Qallow =	10.3	L/s
C =	0.67		Vol(max) =	6.4	m3
		•			
Time	Intensity	Q	Qnet	Vol	
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m3)	
5	242.70	28.56	18.26	5.48	
10	178.56	21.01	10.71	6.43	
15	142.89	16.81	6.51	5.86	
20	119.95	14.11	3.81	4.58	
25	103.85	12.22	1.92	2.88	
30	91.87	10.81	0.51	0.92	
35	82.58	9.72	-0.58	-1.23	
40	75.15	8.84	-1.46	-3.50	
45	69.05	8.12	-2.18	-5.87	
50	63.95	7.53	-2.77	-8.32	
55	59.62	7.02	-3.28	-10.84	
60	55.89	6.58	-3.72	-13.40	
65	52.65	6.19	-4.11	-16.01	
70	49.79	5.86	-4.44	-18.65	
75	47.26	5.56	-4.74	-21.33	
90	41.11	4.84	-5.46	-29.50	
105	36.50	4.29	-6.01	-37.84	
120	32.89	3.87	-6.43	-46.29	
135	30.00	3.53	-6.77	-54.84	
150	27.61	3.25	-7.05	-63.46	

Structures	Size (mm)	Area (m²)	T/G	Inv IN	Inv OUT
СВ	600 x 600	0.36	92.10	_	90.60
	000 / 000	0.00	020		00.00

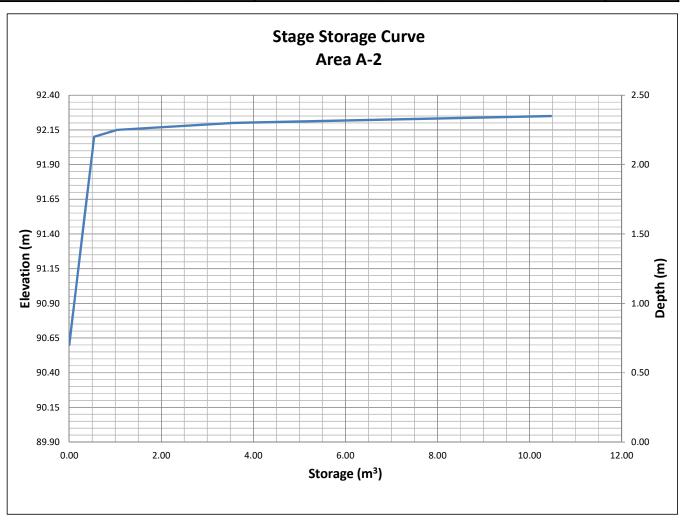
		Underground Storage				Surface Storage		Total Storag
		СВ	Total U/G	Pondin	ng @ CB		Total Surface	
Elevation (m)	System Head (m)	Volume (m°)	Volume (mˇ)	Area (m²)	Volume (mˇ)		Volume (m³)	Volume (mˇ)
90.60	0.00	0.0	0.00				0.00	0.00
91.00	0.40	0.1	0.14				0.00	0.14
91.50	0.90	0.32	0.32				0.00	0.32
92.00	1.40	0.50	0.50				0.00	0.50
92.10	1.50	0.54	0.54	0.0	0.00		0.00	0.54
92.15	1.55	0.54	0.54	20.0	0.50		0.50	1.04
92.20	1.60	0.54	0.54	81.0	3.02		3.02	3.56
92.25	1.65	0.54	0.54	195.0	9.92		9.92	10.46



Maximum Ponding Depth	(cm)
1:100 Yr	12
1:5 Yr	6

Orifice S	Size - 1:100 yr Flov	w Check
Q=0.62xAx(20	gh)^0. <u>5</u>	
	<u>1:100 yr</u>	Flow Check
$Q (m^3/s) =$	0.0103	0.0083
$g(m/s^2) =$	9.81	9.81
h (m) =	1.52	1.52
$A (m^2) =$	0.003042105	0.00246
D (m) =	0.062236073	0.05600
D (mm) =	62	56.0

1:5 yr Flow Chec	k
	<u>1:5 yr</u>
$Q (m^3/s) =$	0.0082
g (m/s2) =	9.81
h (m) =	1.46
$A (m^2) =$	0.00246
D (m) =	0.056
D (mm) =	56



455 Wanaki Road Project No.: 119066

STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

FLOW RATES BASED ON RATIONAL METHOD



	LOCATION			ARE	:A (ha)			FLOW TOTAL FLOW SEWER DAT					FLOW				TA						
Street	Catchment ID	From	То	Area	С	AC	Indiv	Accum	Time of	Rainfall Intensity	Rainfall Intensity	Rainfall Intensity			Dia. (m)		Туре	Slope	Length	Capacity	Velocity	Flow Time	Ratio
Sileet	Catchinient ID	Manhole	Manhole	(ha)		(ha)	2.78 AC	2.78 AC	Concentration	2 Year (mm/hr)	5 Year (mm/hr)	10 Year (mm/hr)	(L/s)	Flow, Q (L/s)	Actual	(mm)		(%)	(m)	(L/s)	(m/s)	(min)	Q/Q full
455 Wanaki	A-2	STM MH1	Connection to municipal sewer	0.063	0.60	0.04	0.104	0.104	10.00	N/A	104.19	N/A	10.8	10.8	0.254		PVC	0.75					20% 32%
400 Wallaki		CB1	STM MH1	0.000	0.00	0.04	0.10-1	0.104	10.00	14//	104.10		10.0	10.0	0.203	200	PVC	1.00	10.6	34.2	1.05	0.17	32%
										•													
Q = 2.78 AIC, where	78 AIC, where																	^	Novatecl	h			
Q = Peak Flow in Litre	Q = Peak Flow in Litres per Second (L/s)								Date:					September 16, 2019									
A = Area in hectares (I	A = Area in hectares (ha)						Design By:									LGB							
I = Rainfall Intensity (n	I = Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr), 5 year storm											Dwg	. Referen	ce:			Checke	d By:					
C = Runoff Coefficient										119066-GP					JAG								

Relevant Excerpts from 'Burma

SWM Facility Design' report

(IBI, June 2017)

BURMA STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY DESIGN WATERIDGE VILLAGE AT ROCKCLIFFE PHASE 1B Prepared for Canada Lands Company

3 Overall Stormwater Management Approach

As established in the August 2015 MSS, the proposed stormwater management concept for the Rockcliffe development consists of a dual drainage network and two end-of-pipe stormwater management facilities. That study also recommended that in addition to the two SWM facilities, several major flow features be provided across the site to aid in reducing surface flow to meet City of Ottawa criteria and reduce pipe sizes within the Rockcliffe development. The Phase 1B design will follow the recommendations of the approved August 2015 MSS, including construction of the Wanaki Road culvert crossing.

One of the major flow features proposed to be constructed as part of Phase 1B is the retrofitted Burma SWM Facility. Several retrofit options were considered. The proposed solution includes the installation of a new culvert at Wanaki Road to convey runoff to the pond; the widening and deepening of the existing pond, including the introduction of a permanent pool; and a new outlet structure.

In addition, as part of the Burma SWM facility construction, it is proposed to install end-of-pipe Vortechs units for a basic treatment of the minor flows, or 60% removal of total suspended solids, from Thorncliffe Village, prior to discharge to the pond. Further discussion is provided in **Section 3.2.3**.

The total drainage area tributary to the Burma SWM Facility is approximately 60.8 ha, including the external areas, school (SC154), and the employment lands (Areas LOT 200, LOT214, LOT152, LOT151, and LOT150). It should be noted that on-site storage requirements up to the 100 year storm event have been determined for the employment lands, school block, and the future high-rise mix use (Area EX145) within the NRC area. **Figure 1** shows the area tributary to Burma SWM Facility.

The August 2015 MSS presented a tributary drainage area of approximately 50 ha. The increase in area is due to the revised drainage area boundaries and the revised grading on Wanaki Road as part of the detailed design. Specifically, major flow from Wanaki Road; and emergency overflow from the adjacent employment lands, in excess of the 100 year on-site storage, is now directed to the retrofitted facility at the location shown on **Figure 1**.

The retrofitted facility is a wet pond and provides water quantity control only for approximately 58.2 ha of development as shown on **Figure 1**. Areas tributary to the retrofitted Burma SWM Facility are listed in **Table 3-1**. Further discussion on the flow routing is provided within **Section 3.2**. The catchment areas are shown on **Figure 1** and **Drawing 750** enclosed in **Appendix A**.

Table 3-1: Areas Tributary to the Retrofitted Burma SWM Facility

CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA ID)	AREA (LOCATION,	CONTRIBUTING FLOW				
	EXTRNE	Total Flow				
Thorncliffe Village	EXTRNC	Total Flow				
momento vinage	EXTRNN	Total Flow				
	EXTRNW	Minor Flow				
	EXNRCN	Total Flow				
NRC Lands	EXNRCS	Total Flow				
	SWM1	Total Flow				

BURMA STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY DESIGN WATERIDGE VILLAGE AT ROCKCLIFFE PHASE 1B

Prepared for Canada Lands Company

CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA ID)	AREA (LOCATION,	CONTRIBUTING FLOW
Wanaki Road	S149	Cascading Flow*
Future High-Rise Mix Use, east side of Wanaki Road (NRC land)	EXP147	Total Flow
South End of Wanaki Road	MH 147	Minor Flow

Notes: * maximum ponding is utilized on-site during the 100 year design storm event, prior to being discharged to the park dry pond. # on-site storage requirements up to the 100 year storm event to be provided.

3.1 Dual Drainage Concept

The dual drainage system for the portion of Phase 1B tributary to the Burma SWM Facility accommodates both major and minor stormwater runoff. During frequent storms, the effective runoff collected by catchment areas is directly released via catchbasin inlets into the network of storm sewers, called the minor system. During less frequent storms, the balance of the flow (in excess of the minor flow) is accommodated by a system of rear yard swales and street segments called the major system. The main advantage of this arrangement is its ability to adjust the rate of total inflow into the minor system to satisfy the required level of service.

The proposed dual drainage system for post-development conditions of former CFB Rockcliffe was evaluated using the DDSWMM model for both Phase 1A and Phase 1B of the development. The dual drainage evaluation of Phase 1A development is provided in the "Design Brief Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1A" (IBI Group, April 2016). Detailed design of the Phase 1B is being completed concurrently with the SWM facility design and detailed discussion is provided in the Draft "Design Brief Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1B" (IBI, January 2017) report.

3.2 Retrofitted Burma SWM Facility

The retrofitted Burma SWM Facility is located at the northern boundary of Thorncliffe Village, west of Wanaki Road. The area tributary to the pond is shown on **Figure 1.** The retrofitted SWMF is comprised of a wet cell, with four (4) inlet pipes and an outlet structure connected to the Phase 1B storm sewers on Squador Crescent (MH221). Further discussion on the flow routing is provided within **Sections 3.2.1 and 3.2.2**.

Outflow from the Burma SWM Facility will be conveyed via the main storm trunk to the Eastern SWMF for water quality treatment. The outlet pipe will direct flow from the facility to the storm sewers on Squador Crescent (MH221) and from there flow will be routed to Eastern SWM Facility via the main trunk along Codd's Road (see **Figure 1**). Detailed discussion on each component is provided in **Section 5**.

The main trunk storm sewer servicing the study area has been designed as part of Phase 1A development and is extended north from the development towards the escarpment bordering the Rockcliffe development area. The trunk storm sewer terminates at the top of the escarpment and the runoff cascades to the Eastern SWMF below via a waterfall. Refer to the "Design Brief Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1A" (IBI Group, April 2016) for the detailed site stormwater management design of the Phase 1A development, and to the Phase 1B Design Brief for the design of the Phase 1B storm sewer trunk which is being completed concurrent with the Burma SWM Facility design.

The overall plan of the proposed stormwater management system is presented on **Drawing 700**.

N.T.S.

BURMA SWM FACILITY WATERIDGE VILLAGE AT ROCKLIFFE PHASE 1B

AREA TRIBUTARY TO **BURMA SWM FACILITY**

Drainage A	rea	Downstream		IMP Ratio	Segment	Subcatchment	Road ROW	Ponding	Maximum Storage	5 Year Modeled	100 Year Captured
Segment ID	Area (ha)	Segment ID‡	МН	(%)	Length (m)	Width (m)	Cross Section (m)	Area ID¶	Available (m ³)	Flow (I/s)*	Flow (I/s)†
EX145	2.74	S145	S145	0.86	308.25	616.50	N/A	100yr S.C	352.00	554.00	554.00
EX147	0.13	EXTRNE	S147	0.86	40.00	29.25	N/A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	26.00	26.00
EX166	0.61	S166	S166	0.86	68.63	137.25	N/A			123.00	128.00
EX201	0.56	S201B	S201	0.86	63.00	126.00	N/A			113.00	165.20
EX202A	0.90	EX202B	S202	0.86	101.25	202.50	20.00			182.00	265.40
EX202B	0.35	S202A	S202	0.86	39.38	78.75	20.00			71.00	103.20
EX202C	0.20	S203B	S202	0.86	22.50	45.00	N/A			40.00	59.00
EX203	0.73	S203B	S203	0.86	82.13	164.25	20.00			147.00	215.30
EX204A	0.72	S204A	S204	0.86	81.00	162.00	20.00			145.00	145.00
EX204B	0.47	S204A	S204	0.86	52.88	105.75	N/A			95.00	138.60
EX205A	0.81	S205A	S205	0.86	91.13	182.25	20.00			164.00	165.00
EX205B	0.63	S205C	S205	0.86	70.88	141.75	N/A			127.00	128.00
EX206A	1.02	S206A	S206	0.86	114.75	229.50	20.00			206.00	206.00
EX206B	0.46	S207	S206	0.86	51.75	103.50	N/A			93.00	95.00
EX208A	0.81	S208	S208	0.86	91.13	182.25	N/A			164.00	164.00
EX231A	0.86	S231	S231	0.86	96.75	193.50	20.00			174.00	174.00
EX231B	0.30	S231	S231	0.86	33.75	67.50	N/A			61.00	64.00
EXNRCN	18.39	USBRM	USBRM	0.71	450.00	1200.00	N/A			2578.00	4847.30
EXNRCS	18.65	USBRM	USBRM	0.71	514.00	2628.00	N/A			2994.00	5641.40
EXP147	0.40	SWM1	S147	0.14	45.00	90.00	N/A			16.00	15.00
EXP203	0.44	S204B	S203	0.14	49.50	99.00	N/A			18.00	20.00
EXTFOX	1.90	CELL3	OUT	0.86	213.75	427.50	N/A			384.00	311.00
EXTRNE	0.99	BRMA	BURMA	0.71	111.38	222.75	N/A			169.00	340.00
EXTRNC	5.70	BRMA	BURMA	0.71	239.00	4282.50	N/A			1086.00	2075.50
EXTRNN	0.53	BRMA	BURMA	0.71	59.63	119.25	N/A			91.00	171.60
EXTRNW	2.18	CELL1	BURMA	0.71	193.00	981.00	N/A			399.00	435.00

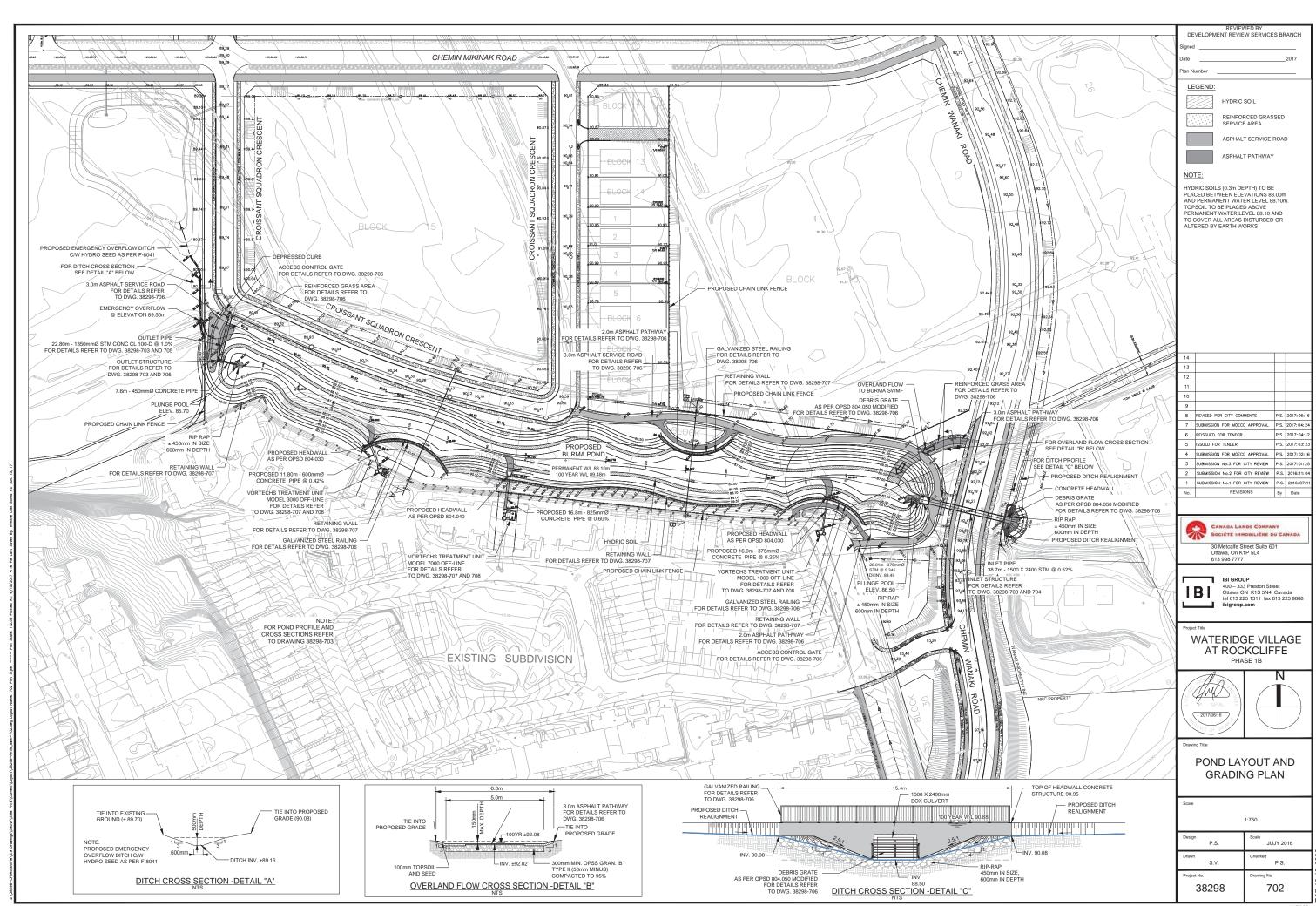
Notes: * Values reported are from the DDSWMM output file 38298-PH1B-5CH.dat/out. † ICD flow is from the DDSWMM output file 38298-PH1B-5CH.dat/out.

FOR HYDROLOGICAL PARAMETERS:

- 1. Refer to **Drawing 750** for the DDSWMM model schematic.
- Catchment areas are based on the rational method spreadsheet with some minor modifications for modeling purposes. See **Drawing 750** for the catchment areas used in the DDSWMM modeling for the subject site.

Imperviousness for the subject site was determined by obtaining the footprint of the model units intended for the site and placing the maximum footprint on the lots. The imperviousness ratios for single family units were calculated for a typical single family unit street segment and rear yard segment.





Relevant Excerpts from 'Design Brief – Wateridge Village

At Rockcliffe – Phase 1B' report

(IBI, June 2017)

In all locations within the subject site and under the 100 year Chicago storm event, the velocity by depth product is less than the maximum allowable product of 0.6 per City's OSDG. During the sensitivity analysis, using the 100 year Chicago storm with a 20% increase, the velocity by depth product is less than the maximum allowable product of 0.6 for all locations throughout the site.

Within the subject site under the 100 year Chicago design storm event, for all the street segments the summation of depth of ponding and depth of cascading flow is less than 0.3 m per City's OSDG.

During the 100 year Chicago design storm event increased by 20%, the summation of depth of ponding and depth of cascading flow is less than 0.30 m in the majority of the locations throughout the site. However, there are four (4) locations where the total depth exceeds 0.30 m. The street segments are S210, S208, S213, and S149. These areas are noted in **Table 5-7** in red and bold.

The following table summarizes the elevation of the low points and high points, depth of the sags, property line elevation and the garage elevations for the street segments where summation of depth of ponding and depth of cascading flow exceeds 0.30 m during the 100 year Chicago design storm event increased by 20%.

Table 5-8: Summary of Extent of Cascading Flow in Relation to Property Lines and Garage Elevations (38298--100CH_20.dat/out)

MAJOR SYSTEM SEGMENT ID	TOP OF GRATE ELEVATION (M) SPILL POIN ELEVATION (M)		DEPTH OF SAG (M)	LOWEST PROPERTY LINE ELEVATION (M)	ELEVATION AT CLOSEST GARAGE (M)	EXTEND OF PONDING AND CASCADING DEPTH (M)*			
	Wateridge Village - Phase 1B Area								
S210(D10)	88.88	89.11	0.23	89.14	N/A	89.25			
S208(D12)	88.39	88.62	0.23	88.65	N/A	88.76			
S213(D9)	89.07	89.2	0.13	89.53	N/A	89.38			
	Wateridge Village - Phase 1A Area - Servicing Phase 1B								
S149(D20)	91.94	92.05	0.11	91.3	N/A	92.32			

Notes:

During the 100 year Chicago design storm event increased by 20%, the major system will cascade from each street segment noted in **Table 5-8** and will encroach the lowest property line for all street segments.

5.5 **Hydraulic Analysis**

5.5.1 Storm Hydraulic Grade Line

The hydraulic grade line (HGL) was evaluated using the XPSWMM hydraulic model. A model was created for the detail design of the laterals and storm sewers within the subject site. The model also includes the Phase 1A laterals and trunk sewers. The XPSWMM analysis was also used to evaluate the hydraulic function of the park dry pond; the retrofitted Burma SWM Facility; and the proposed culvert crossing along Wanaki Road.

The hydraulic function of the retrofitted Burma SWM Facility is discussed in the Draft "Burma Stormwater Management Facility Design Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1B" (IBI Group, January 2017), and the Phase 1A hydraulic grade line results were presented in the "Design

^{*} Extent of ponding and cascading depth is the addition of the low point elevation for each major system segment with the cascading depth presented in **Table 5-7** (i.e., for S141B: 87.39 + 0.31 = 87.70 m).

Brief Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1A (IBI Group, April 2016)". The models terminates at the Eastern SWMF.

The minor system hydrographs for the subject site and Phase 1A development were obtained from the DDSWMM evaluation undertaken as outlined in **Section 5.4**. Relevant hydrographs developed in the MSS study using SWMHYMO model were downloaded into the XPSWMM model at nodes S320, S323, and S225 to account for the future Phase 3 flows. Locations of the imported hydrographs are indicated in bold in XPSWMM schematic provided within **Appendix E**.

The stage-area curves of the park dry pond and the retrofitted Burma SWM Facility have been entered into the model. Minor system losses along the storm sewer pipes were accounted for in accordance with Appendix 6-B of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (November 2012).

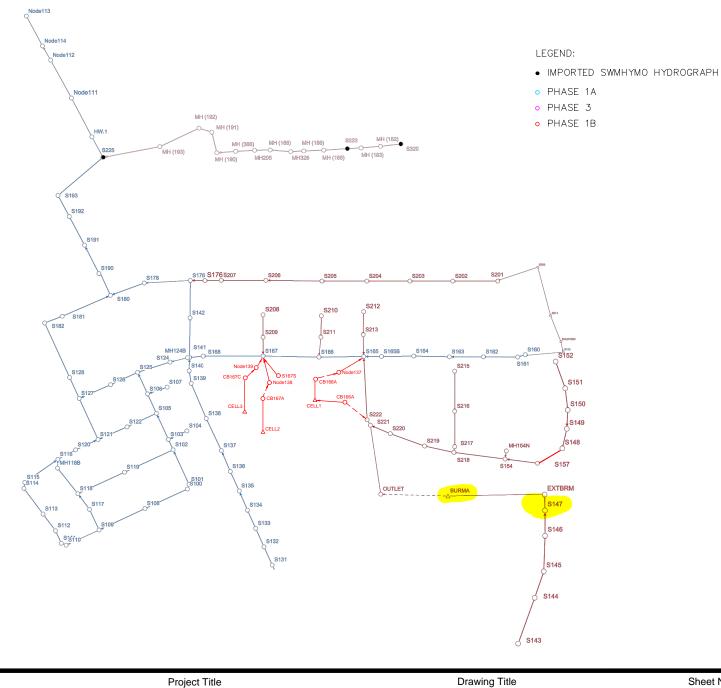
XPSWMM simulations were conducted for the 100 year 3 hour Chicago storm to ensure that the HGL is at least 0.3m below the underside of footing elevations. It was assumed that the underside of footing elevations are 2.4 m below ground elevation. A sensitivity analysis was also performed using the 100 year Chicago storm with a 20% increase in intensity and the July 1 1979 historical storm to ensure that there would be no severe flooding to properties. Hydraulic grade line values for the various storms are presented in **Table 5-9** below, along with a comparison of under-side of footing (USF) elevations.

The XPSWMM model schematic and model files are provided within **Appendix E**.

Table 5-9: Summary of Hydraulic Grade Line Analysis

XP- SWMM	MH NO.	GROUND	USF		AR 3 HOUR CAGO [†]		R 24 HOUR 03.2MM)‡	JULY	1, 1979 [¥]	CHIC	
NODE ID		N (M)	(M)	HGL (M)	FREE BOARD (M)*	HGL (M)	FREE BOARD (M)*	HGL (M)	FREE BOARD (M)*	HGL (M)	FREE BOARD (M)*
		•		Wat	eridge Village	Phase 1B					
S143	143	102.40	100.00	98.16	1.84	98.16	1.84	98.16	1.84	98.16	1.84
S144	144	99.41	97.01	95.79	1.22	95.78	1.23	95.78	1.23	95.79	1.22
S145	145	97.64	95.24	93.01	2.23	93.01	2.23	93.00	2.24	93.01	2.23
S146	146	95.28	92.88	90.96	1.92	90.77	2.11	90.91	1.97	91.82	1.06
S147	147	93.27	N/A	90.93	N/A	90.72	N/A	90.88	N/A	91.78	N/A
USBRM	N/A	N/A	N/A	90.88	N/A	90.67	N/A	90.83	N/A	91.72	N/A
BURMA	N/A	N/A	N/A	89.41	N/A	89.24	N/A	89.43	N/A	89.87	N/A
OUTLET	N/A	N/A	N/A	89.26	N/A	89.07	N/A	89.28	N/A	89.76	N/A
S152	152	92.73	90.33	89.71	0.62	89.71	0.62	89.71	0.62	89.71	0.62
S151	151	92.50	90.10	89.58	0.52	89.58	0.52	89.58	0.52	89.58	0.52
S150	150	92.32	89.92	89.49	0.43	89.49	0.43	89.49	0.43	89.49	0.43
S149	149	92.34	89.94	89.42	0.52	89.42	0.52	89.42	0.52	89.43	0.51
S148	148	92.14	89.74	89.30	0.44	89.30	0.44	89.30	0.44	89.30	0.44
S157	157	91.24	N/A	89.21	N/A	89.21	N/A	89.21	N/A	89.21	N/A
S154	154	91.02	N/A	87.68	N/A	87.68	N/A	87.68	N/A	87.68	N/A
S215	215	90.77	88.37	87.58	0.79	87.58	0.79	87.58	0.79	87.58	0.79
S216	216	90.85	88.45	87.30	1.15	87.30	1.15	87.30	1.15	87.30	1.15
S217	217	90.66	88.26	87.14	1.12	87.12	1.14	87.14	1.12	87.19	1.07





Scale IBI

Relevant Excerpts from "Former CFB Rockcliffe

Redevelopment, Stormwater Management Existing Conditions

& LID Pilot Project Scoping" report

(Aquafor Beech, May 2015)

5.11 OVERVIEW OF PROPOSED LIDS FOR IMPLEMENTATION

This section and Figure 34-A provides additional detail in regards to the recommended LID Lot-level and LID Conveyance Controls as well as specific projects for further consideration as part of the Phased LID Demonstration Project Phase 1A- 3. Refer to Table 23.

Low/Medium Rise Residential and Mixed-Use

For low and medium rise residential landuses (Figure 2) potential LIDs for consideration include:

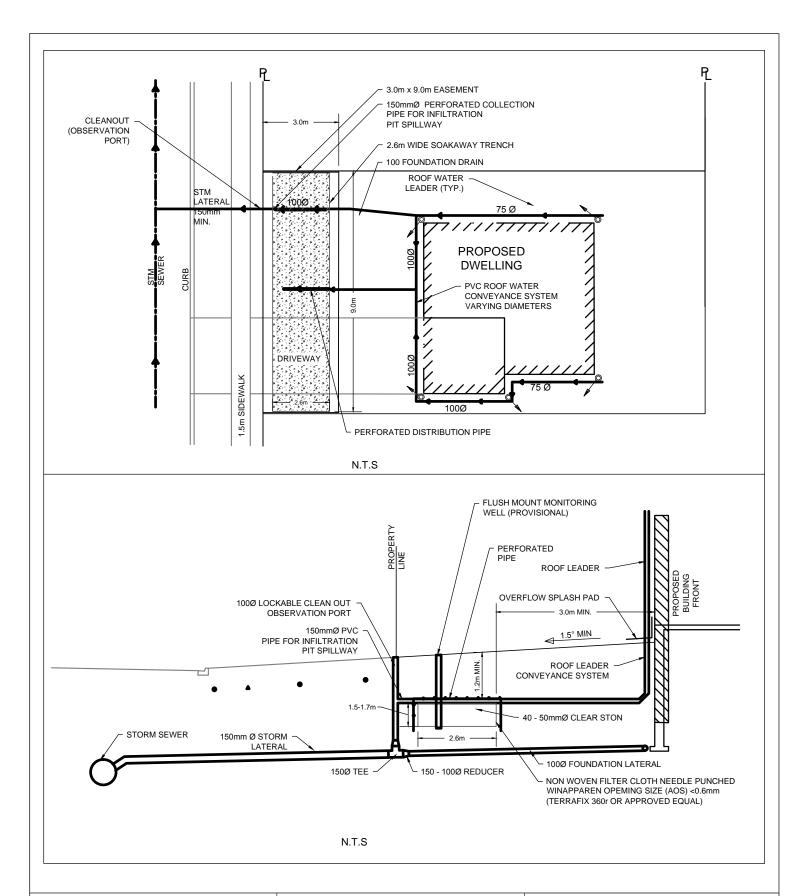
Downspout disconnection/ a) redirection will direct roof runoff front yard subsurface soakaways/chambers for detention and infiltration. For low and medium rise mixed-use land-use, the use of subsurface chambers beneath landscaped or hard-surface elements driveways) should be anticipated. The potential to include rear yard infiltration facilities where year yard catch basins are proposed may also be considered at the detailed design stage.

- b) All green space (grassed and vegetated) include soil amendments in conformance with the:
 - Implementation Guide for the Pinecrest Creek/ Westboro SWM Guidelines: Development Requiring a Building Permit Only (Draft, 2013) and
 - Preserving and Restoring Healthy Soil: Best Management for Urban Construction (Sustainable Technologies Evaluation Program – STEP, June 2012, Version 1.0)

Other potential LID controls for consideration may include the use of bioretention areas to replace conventional landscape areas and or the use of permeable pavements driveways in place of conventional impermeable surfaces.

High-Rise Mixed-Use For high-rise mixed-use land-uses (Figure 2) potential LIDs for consideration include:

- a) Downspout disconnection utilized to harvest roof water and direct it to sub-surface cisterns (i.e. rain water harvesting) in accordance with the 2006 amendments to the Ontario Building Code (OBC) which permits the use of collected rain water to supplement indoor, non-potable uses i.e. toilet flushing, vehicles washing etc. in addition to outdoor irrigation of landscaping.
- b) All green space (grassed and vegetated) include soil amendments in conformance with the:
- Implementation Guide for the Pinecrest Creek/ Westboro SWM Guidelines: Development Requiring a Building Permit Only (Draft, 2013) and
- Preserving and Restoring Healthy Soil: Best Management for Urban Construction (Sustainable Technologies Evaluation Program – STEP, June 2012, Version 1.0)





TYPICAL SINGLE LOT FRONT YARD INFILTRATION PIT DETAIL

STANDARD DETAIL								
APPROVED	DWG No.							
REVISION No.	Figure 46							
DATE								

On-Site Soil Amendment - Default Ratio 3:1

Materials

- Amend existing site topsoil using 3:1 ratio by volume (3 parts existing topsoil, 1 part amendment material)
- Amendment Material: organic matter primarily leaf, yard and bark waste compost of 20-30% by dry weight as determined by Loss-on-Ignition (LOI) and a pH of 6.0 to 8.0
- No uncomposted manure or other organic materials, sphagnum peat or organic amendments that contain sphagnum peat

Placement and Amendments

- 1. Remove existing topsoil and preserve on-site.
- Decompact native subsoil at depth of 100-200mm. Decompaction using a
 perpendicular pattern (See Detail No.1) ensuring full site coverage. No
 decompaction within tree protection areas (See Detail No.2) or within 3m of
 building foundations (See Detail No.3).
- 3. Amend existing site topsoil to meet post construction soil amendment requirements using 3:1 ratio by volume (topsoil: amendment material).
- 4. Two (2) methods for amending the existing soils in place are acceptable:

Method No.1 - Layer and Incorporate (Detail No.4)

- Apply 100mm of existing site topsoil followed by 50mm of amendment material and incorporate/mix amended material.
- ii. Lightly roll or smooth using the back of the machinery bucket.
- iii. Repeat i, and ii.
- iv. Adjust layer quantities to ensure a settled amended topsoil depth of 300m and compliance with site grading. Placement should account for 10% settlement.

Method No.2 - Mechanical or Bucket Mix

- i. Successively add, mix and pile one (1) unit of amendment material with three (3) unit of existing site topsoil.
- ii. Thoroughly mix.
- Repeat i and ii to ensure thorough mixing until required volume is achieved.
- Place 150mm of amended topsoil, lightly roll or smooth using the back of the machinery bucket.
- v. Repeat iv
- vi. Adjust layer quantities to ensure a settled amended topsoil depth of 300m and compliance with site grading.

Amended topsoil should be wetted after application, allowed to settle for a minimum of one (1) week and grades adjusted as required prior to installation of turf.

-IMPORTANT-

Documentation Requirements

As part of verification, the owners shall produce delivery tickets, receipts and specifications detailing the delivery address, quantities and product description and sources for verification by City inspectors. Delivery address is to be listed and must correspond to the property/site being inspected. Site without proper documentation may be subject to additional verification procedures including laboratory testing at the expense of the owner.

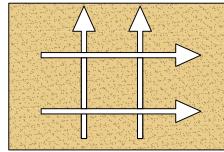
City Verification/Inspection

Verification may occur after the minimum one (1) week settlement period. Verification is suggested prior to turf placement. Non-compliant sites shall be rectified at the expense of the owner.

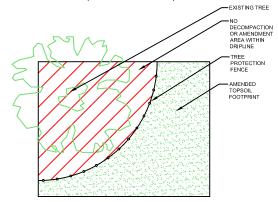
At random, the City inspector shall dig at least one (1) test hole to verify amended topsoil depth and uncompacted soil depths.

Requirements:

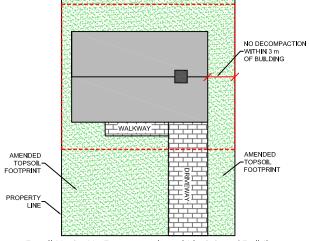
- Amended topsoil layer shall be easily dug using only the inspector's weight or cored without other mechanical assistance.
- 2. The amended topsoil layer shall be darker in color than the unamendeddecompacted subsoil and particles of organic matter should be easily visible.
- 3. Measured amended topsoil depths shall be deemed to be in conformance based on the following:
 - Using a common garden spade, the measured depth of amended topsoil shall be equal to the required 300mm depth (±25mm)
 - Using a small diameter coring unit, the measured core depth of amended topsoil shall be equal to the required 300mm depth (±50mm)



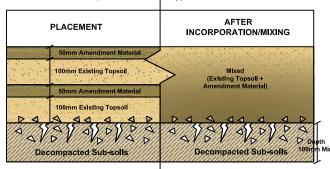
Detail No.1 - Perpendicular Decompaction Pattern



Detail No.2 - No Decompaction within Tree Protection Areas or Amendment



Detail No.3 - No Decompaction within 3.0m of Building Foundation (Amendment Only)



Detail No.4 Amendment Method No. 1

Soil Amendment Requirements for Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area - For Development Requiring a Building Permit Only

City of Ottawa June 24, 2013

On-Site Soil Amendment Import and Replace Topsoil with Amendment Material

Materials

- Amendment material shall be obtained from a Compost Quality Assurance (CQA) licensed and OMOE/ CCME approved facility and shall comply with the Category "A" compost designation. The amendment material must contain:
 - Organic matter primarily leaf, yard and bark waste compost of 8-15% by dry weight as determined by Loss-on-Ignition (LOI) and a pH of 6.0 to 8.0.
 No uncomposted manure or other organic materials, sphagnum peat or organic amendments that contain sphagnum peat.

Placement and Amendments

- Remove existing topsoil and dispose off-site in accordance with OPSS 206 and OPSS 180, O. Reg. 153/06, the Environmental Protection Act or municipal by-laws and policies, whichever supersedes.
- Decompact native subsoil at depth of 100-200mm. Decompaction using a
 perpendicular pattern (See Detail No.1) ensuring full site coverage. No
 decompaction within tree protection areas (See Detail No.2) or within 3m of
 building foundations (See Detail No.3).
- 3. Import pre-mixed amended topsoil (300mm depth of coverage required).
- 4. Place imported pre-mixed amended topsoil in 150mm lifts, lightly roll or smooth using machinery bucket and repeat. Adjust layer quantities to ensure a settled amended topsoil depth of 300mm and compliance with site grading. (See Detail No.4). Placement should account for 10% settlement.

Amended topsoil should be wetted after application, allowed to settle for a minimum of one (1) week and grades adjusted as required prior to installation of turf.

-IMPORTANT-

Documentation Requirements

As part of verification, the owners shall produce delivery tickets, receipts and specifications detailing the delivery address, quantities and product description and sources for verification by City inspectors. Delivery address is to be listed and must correspond to the property/site being inspected. Sites without proper documentation may be subject to additional verification procedures including laboratory testing at the expense of the owner.

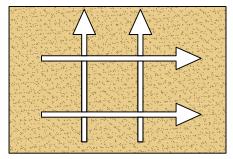
City Verification/Inspection

Verification may occur after the minimum one (1) week settlement period. Verification is suggested prior to turf placement. Non-compliant sites shall be rectified at the expense of the owner

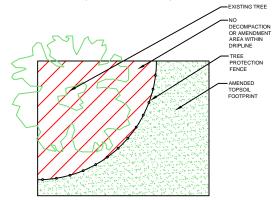
A random, the City inspector shall dig at least one (1) test hole to verify amended topsoil depth and uncompacted soil depths.

Requirements:

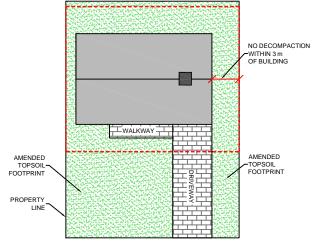
- Amended topsoil layer shall be easily dug using only the inspector's weight or cored without other mechanical assistance.
- The amended topsoil layer shall be darker in color than the unamendeddecompacted subsoil and particles of organic matter should be easily visible.
- Measured amended topsoil depths shall be deemed to be in conformance based on the following:
 - Using a common garden spade, the measured depth of amended topsoil shall be equal to the required 300mm depth (±25mm)
 - Using a small diameter coring unit, the measured core depth of amended topsoil shall be equal to the required 300mm depth (±50mm)



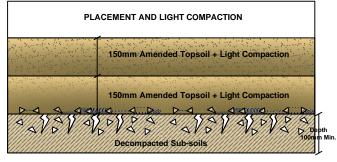
Detail No.1 - Perpendicular Decompaction Pattern



Detail No.2 - No Decompaction within Tree Protection Areas or Amendment



Detail No.3 - No Decompaction within 3.0m of Building Foundation (Amendment Only)



Detail No.4 Placement and Compaction Lifts for Amended Topsoil

Soil Amendment Requirements for Pinecrest Creek/Westboro Area - For Development Requiring a Building Permit Only

City of Ottawa June 24, 2013

TEMPEST Product Submittal Package



<u>Date</u>: September 12, 2019

Customer: Novatech

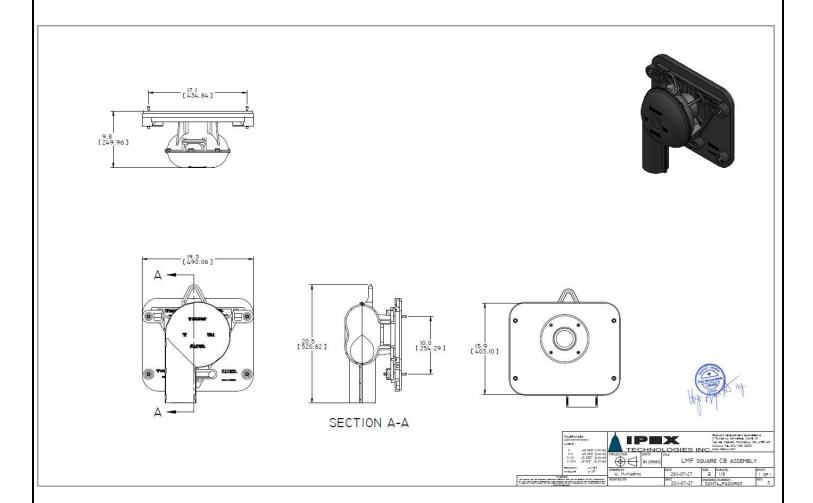
Contact: Justin Gauthier

Location: Ottawa

Project Name: Wanaki Road



Tempest LMF ICD Sq Shop Drawing

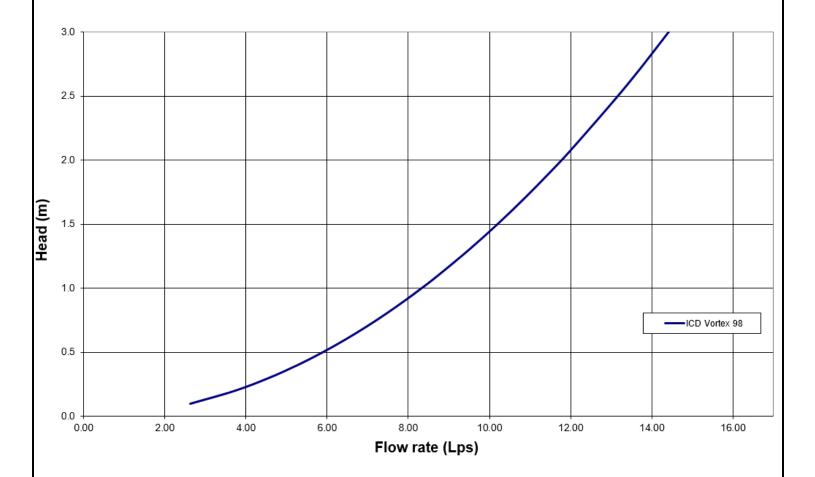




Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve – 5yr

Flow: 10.1 L/s Head: 1.46 m

CB1

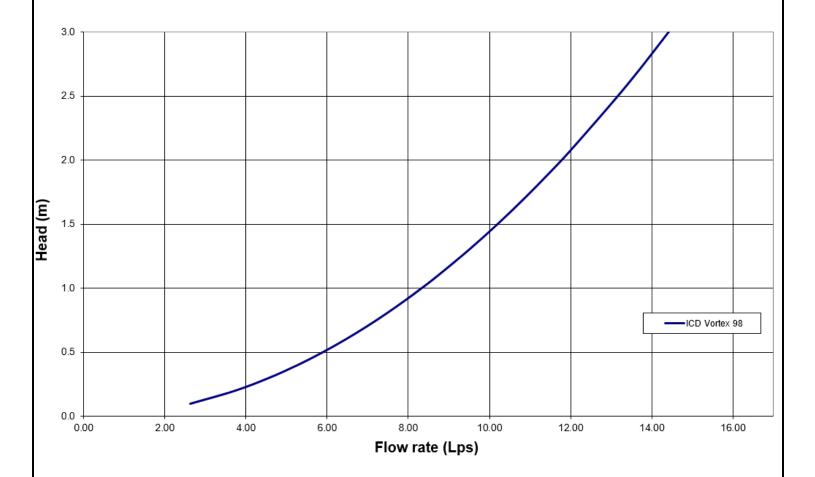




Tempest LMF ICD Flow Curve – 100yr

Flow: 10.3 L/s Head: 1.52 m

CB1





Square CB Installation Notes:

- 1. Materials and tooling verification:
 - Tooling: impact drill, 3/8" concrete bit, torque wrench for 9/16" nut, hand hammer, level, and marker.
 - Material: (4) concrete anchor 3/8x3-1/2, (4) washers, (4) nuts
- 2. Use the mounting wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- 3. Use an impact drill with a 3/8" concrete bit to make the four holes at a minimum of 1-1/2" depth up to 2-1/2". Clean the concrete dust from the holes.
- 4. Install the anchors (4) in the holes by using a hammer. Put the nuts on the top of the anchors to protect the threads when you will hit the anchors with the hammer. Remove the nuts on the ends of the anchors
- 5. Install the wall mounting plate on the anchors and screw the nut in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lbf-ft). There should be no gap between the wall mounting plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the LMF device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered in to the wall mounting plate and has created a seal.









Round CB Installation Notes: (Refer to square install notes above for steps 1, 3, & 4)

- 2. Use spigot catch basin wall plate to locate and mark the hole (4) pattern on the catch basin wall. You should use a level to ensure that the plate is at the horizontal.
- 5. Install the CB spigot wall plate on the anchors and screw the 4 nuts in place with a maximum torque of 40 N.m (30 lb-ft). There should be no gap between the CB spigot wall plate and the catch basin wall.
- 6. Apply solvent cement on the hub of the universal mounting plate and the spigot of the spigot CB wall plate. Slide the hub over the spigot. Make sure the universal mounting plate is at the horizontal and its hub is completely inserted onto the spigot. Normally, the corners of the universal mounting plate hub adapter should touch the catch basin wall.
- 7. From ground above using a reach bar, lower the ICD device by hooking the end of the reach bar to the handle of the ICD device. Align the triangular plate portion into the mounting wall plate. Push down the device to be sure it has centered into the mounting plate and has created a seal.









CAUTION/WARNING/DISCLAIM:

- Verify that the inlet(s) pipe(s) is not protruding into the catch basin. If it is, cut it back so that the inlet pipe is flush with the catch basin wall.
- Any required cement in the installation must be approved for PVC.
- The solvent cement should not be used below 0°C (32°F) or in a high humidity environment. Please refer to the IPEX solvent cement guide to confirm required curing times or attend the IPEX **Online Solvent Cement Training Course**.
- Call your IPEX representative for more information or if you have any questions about our products.



IPEX TEMPEST Inlet Control Devices Technical Specification

General

Inlet control devices (ICD's) are designed to provide flow control at a specified rate for a given water head level and also provide odour and floatable control where specified. All ICD's will be IPEX Tempest or approved equal.

All devices shall be removable from a universal mounting plate. An operator from street level using only a T-bar with a hook will be able to retrieve the device while leaving the universal mounting plate secured to the catch basin wall face. The removal of the TEMPEST devices listed above must not require any unbolting or special manipulation or any special tools.

High Flow (HF) Sump devices will consist of a removable threaded cap which can be accessible from street level with out entry into the catchbasin (CB). The removal of the threaded cap shall not require any special tools other than the operator's hand.

ICD's must have no moving parts.

Materials

ICD's are to be manufactured from Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or Polyurethane material, designed to be durable enough to withstand multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to harsh elements.

The inner ring seal will be manufactured using a Buna or Nitrile material with hardness between Duro 50 and Duro 70.

The wall seal is to be comprised of a 3/8" thick Neoprene Closed Cell Sponge gasket which is attached to the back of the wall plate.

All hardware will be made from 304 stainless steel.

Dimensioning

The Low Medium Flow (LMF), High Flow (HF) and the High Flow (HF) Sump shall allow for a minimum outlet pipe diameter of 200mm with a 600mm deep Catch Basin sump.

Installation

Contractor shall be responsible for securing, supporting and connecting the ICD's to the existing influent pipe and catchbasin/manhole structure as specified and designed by the Engineer.



Lydia Bolam

From: Jamie Batchelor <jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>
Sent: Friday, September 13, 2019 3:23 PM

To: Lydia Bolam

Subject: FW: RVCA Comments RE: D07-12-19-0117 455 Wanaki Road

FYI

Jamie Batchelor, MCIP, RPP Planner, ext. 1191
Jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca



3889 Rideau Valley Drive PO Box 599, Manotick ON K4M 1A5 T 613-692-3571 | 1-800-267-3504 F 613-692-0831 | www.rvca.ca

This message may contain information that is privileged or confidential and is intended to be for the use of the individual(s) or entity in may contain confidential or personal information which may be subject to the provisions of the Municipal Freedom of Information & I you are not the intended recipient of this e-mail, any use, review, revision, retransmission, distribution, dissemination, copying, printing taking of any action in reliance upon this e-mail, is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please contact the send and any copy of the e-mail and any printout thereof, immediately. Your cooperation is appreciated.

From: Jamie Batchelor

Sent: Friday, September 13, 2019 3:22 PM

To: Baldwin, Kimberley < Kimberley. Baldwin@ottawa.ca>

Cc: I.bloam@novatech-eng.com

Subject: RVCA Comments RE: D07-12-19-0117 455 Wanaki Road

Good Afternoon Kimberley,

Please accept this e-mail as the RVCA's formal response. The stormwater for this site is being directed to an existing stormwater management facility which provides water quality treatment. Therefore, the RVCA accepts that no further water quality measures are required. The RVCA has not conducted a technical review of the stormwater management plan. We will rely on the City to ensure that the design assumptions in the report are consistent with the overall stormwater management plan.

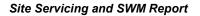
The RVCA has no objection to this site plan control application.

Jamie Batchelor, MCIP, RPP Planner, ext. 1191 Jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca



3889 Rideau Valley Drive PO Box 599, Manotick ON K4M 1A5 T 613-692-3571 | 1-800-267-3504 F 613-692-0831 | www.rvca.ca

This message may contain information that is privileged or confidential and is intended to be for the use of the individual(s) or entity n may contain confidential or personal information which may be subject to the provisions of the Municipal Freedom of Information & I you are not the intended recipient of this e-mail, any use, review, revision, retransmission, distribution, dissemination, copying, printing taking of any action in reliance upon this e-mail, is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please contact the send and any copy of the e-mail and any printout thereof, immediately. Your cooperation is appreciated.



ATTACHED DRAWINGS

