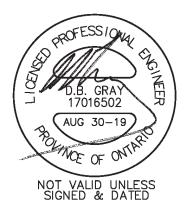
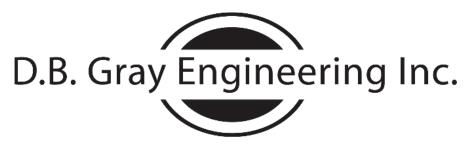
SERVICING BRIEF & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

1009-1011 Thomas Spratt Place Ottawa, Ontario

Report No. 19035

August 30, 2019





Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

700 Long Point Circle Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9 613-425-8044 d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com

SERVICING BRIEF & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

1009-1011 Thomas Spratt Place Ottawa, Ontario

This report describes the services and addresses the stormwater management requirements of a 3873 sq.m. property at 1009-1011 Thomas Spratt Place in Ottawa. There is an existing one-storey office / warehouse building, with a 582 sq.m. footprint. A 527 sq.m. addition is proposed.

This report forms part of the stormwater management design for the proposed development. Refer to drawing C-1 to C-4 also prepared by D. B. Gray Engineering Inc.

WATER SUPPLY FOR FIREFIGHTING:

There is an existing municipal private fire hydrant on the opposite side of the street approximately 36 m to 53 m from front façade of the proposed building. Since they are less than 90 m a private on-site fire hydrant is not required.

A fire flow of 133.3 L/s (8,000 L/min) is required, as calculated as per the Fire Underwriter Survey "Water Supply For Fire Protection".

The boundary conditions for the 133.3 L/s fire flow (based on the city's computer model of the municipal water distribution system) were received from the City. They include a HGL (hydraulic grade line) of 121.0 m during the above flow rate in the 300mm municipal watermain at the subject location which calculates to be 370 kPa (54 psi). Since the pressure is above 138 kPa (20 psi) there is an adequate water supply for firefighting from the existing municipal fire hydrant.

WATER SERVICE:

An existing 25mm water service connects to an existing 300mm municipal watermain in Thomas Spratt Place.

Based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines the daily average consumption rate for a light industrial development is 35,000 litres per day per hectare. The maximum daily peaking factors is 1.5 of the daily average demand and maximum hourly peaking factor is 1.8 of the maximum daily demand. Based on this rate and peaking factors, and assuming an eight hour day, the maximum daily demand is calculated to be 0.5 L/s (28 L/min). Based on the peaking factors the maximum daily demand is 0.7 L/s (42 L/min) and maximum hourly demand is 1.8 L/s (176 L/min).

To determine water pressure under these demands, boundary conditions, based on the City of Ottawa computer simulation of the water distribution system, at the subject location, are required. In summary, we requested the boundary conditions for the subject area based on the following:

Average Daily Demand: 0.5 L/s. Maximum Daily Demand: 0.7 L/s. Maximum Hourly Demand: 1.3 L/s Fire Flow Demand: 133.3 L/s Maximum Daily + Fire Flow Demand: 134.0 L/s

Based on the boundary conditions received from the city, the minimum HGL (hydraulic grade line) is 125.0 m and the maximum is 130.3 m. With these HGLs the water pressure at the water meter is calculated to vary from 399 kPa to 451 kPa (58 to 65 psi). This is an acceptable range of water pressures in the municipal watermain for the proposed development.

Based on the AWWA water flow demand curve and an estimated water pressure at the meter of 427 kPa (62 psi), the peak demand is expected to be 2.7 L/s (161 L/min / 42 USgpm). The AWWA method calculates the instantaneous demand and is used to size the water service. This peak demand will produce a high velocity of 5.5 m/s in the existing 25 mm water service connection which may result in an unacceptably high pressure drop. The existing water service may have to be replaced with a 38 mm or 50 mm service (which would result in an acceptable velocity of 2.4 m/s and 1.4 m/s respectively. However, the peak demand for the proposed development is at the extreme low end of the AWWA demand curve and the actual peak demand is expected to be significantly lower. No water pressure issues are currently experienced. It is recommended that the existing water service remain and only replaced if water pressure is found to be unacceptably low after the end of construction.

SANITARY SERVICE:

Based on the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines for a light industrial property (35,000 L/ha/day; 1.5 peaking factor; 8 hour day and a 0.33 L/s/ha infiltration flow) the post development flow is calculated to be 0.83 L/s. This flow will be adequately handled by the existing 125 mm sanitary sewer service connection having an assumed slope of 1% to 2% (9.77 L/s capacity at 1%).

The 0.83 L/s in sanitary flows contributing to the existing 250mm sanitary sewer is expected to have an acceptable impact given its capacity of 43.9 L/s (250 mm at 0.50%).

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT:

Water Quality:

There are currently no quality control measures on the subject property and none is proposed.

An erosion and sediment control plan has been developed to be implemented during construction, (see drawing C-2 and notes 2.1 to 2.5 on drawing C-3). In summary: to filter out construction sediment; a sediment capture filter sock inserts will be installed in all existing catch basins adjacent to the site and all new catch basins as they are installed.

Water Quantity:

There are currently no quantity control measures on the subject property. It is proposed that quantity control measures consider only the 1,257 sq.m. of the subject property being re-developed. Specifically, the stormwater management criteria are to control the post development peak flows from the area to be re-developed, for the 5-year and 100-year storm events, to peak flows during the 5-year storm event using a pre-development runoff coefficient; and a calculated time of concentration (not less than 10 minutes). It is calculated that the pre-development conditions reflect a 5-year runoff coefficient of 0.23 and an 8.7 minute time of concentration. Therefore based on runoff coefficient of 0.23, a 10 minute time of concentration, and using the Rational Method; the maximum allowable release rate is 8.52 L/s for all storm events.

The runoff coefficients for the 100 year event are increased by 25% to maximum 1.00.

Stormwater will be stored within the development on the roof and on surface above two catch basins.

Drainage Area I

(Uncontrolled Flow Off Site – 75 sq.m.):

The runoff into an existing a catch basin at the front of the property near the entrance to the site will be allowed to flow uncontrolled off the site. The flow from is calculated at 10 minutes concentration.

	100-year	5-year
Maximum flow rate:	3.72 L/s	1.96 L/s

Drainage Area II (Roof - 510 sq.m.):

The two roof drains on the addition roof will be a flow control type which will restrict the flow and cause the storm water to pond on the addition roof. The flow control type roof drain shall be installed with a parabolic shaped slotted weir (1 slot per weir drain at 0.0124 I/s per mm per slot - 5 USgpm per inch per slot): Watts roof drain with a Watts Accutrol Weir RD-100-A2 or equal. The roof drains discharge onto the surface and

drain into Drainage Area III, therefore, the discharge from the roof is added to inflow into Drainage Area III.

0	100-year	5-year
The maximum release rate:	3.28 L/s	2.50 L/s
The maximum ponding depth:	132 mm	101 mm
The maximum stored volume:	17.71 cu.m.	7.90 cu.m.

Drainage Area III (672 sq.m.):

An inlet control device (ICD) located at the outlet pipe of catch basin/manhole CB/MH-2 will control the release of stormwater from this drainage area. The ICD will restrict the flow and force the stormwater to back up to the asphalt parking area above catch basin CB/MH-2 and the grassed swale above ditch inlet DI-1. The ICD shall be a Hydrovex "VHV Vertical Vortex Flow Regulator" and shall be sized by the manufacturer for a discharge rate of 4.80 L/s at 1.14 m head. It is calculated that an orifice area of 4,418 sq.mm. (75 mm in diameter) and a discharge coefficient of 0.229 will restrict the outflow rate to 4.80 L/s at 1.14 m. Based on this orifice the maximum outflow rate for the 1:5 year storm event is calculated to be 4.67 L/s at 1.08 m.

	100-year	5-year	
Maximum ICD release rate:	4.80 L/s	4.67 L/s	
Maximum water elevation:	83.19 m	83.13 m	
Maximum stored volume:	23.21 cu.m.	8.31 cu.m.	
The Entire Re-developed Portion of the Site:			
	100-year	5-year	
Maximum permitted release rate:	8 52 L /s	8 52 L/s	

Maximum permitted release rate.	0.52 L/S	0.52 L/S
Maximum release rate:	8.52 L/s	6.62 L/s
Maximum stored volume:	40.92 cu.m.	16.21 cu.m.

Therefore maximum post-development release rate for the 100-year storm event is calculated to be equal to the maximum allowable at 8.52 L/s. The maximum post-development release rate for the 5-year storm event is calculated to be less than the maximum allowable at 6.62 L/s.

The 5-year unrestricted flowrate resulting from one in five-year storm event will produce a peak flow of 61.4 L/s in the last pipe segment of the existing storm sewer system which, at 81% capacity, is adequately sized (250 mm at 1.5% - 76.1 L/s capacity). The 5-year unrestricted flowrate in existing most upstream pipe segment is 37.5 L/s. This pipe segment is undersized (150 mm at 0.66% - 12.0 L/s capacity). However, the flow through the proposed control roof drains and inlet control device (ICD) will restrict the flow to 4.7 L/s during the 5-year storm event so that the flow in this segment will be only at 39% of its capacity.

The 29.7 L/s in stormwater flows contributing to the existing municipal storm sewer is expected to have a positive impact given the post-development flows from the site are calculated to be reduced during the 5-year event.

CONCLUSIONS:

- 1. There is an adequate water supply for firefighting from the existing municipal fire hydrant.
- 2. There is an acceptable range of water pressures in the municipal watermain for the proposed development.
- 3. The calculated peak demand may result in an unacceptably high pressure drop in the existing water service connection. However, the actual peak demand is expected to be significantly lower. No water pressure issues are currently experienced. It is recommended that the existing water service remain and only replaced if water pressure is found to be unacceptably low after the end of construction.
- 4. The calculated peak sanitary sewage flow will be adequately handled by the existing 125 mm sanitary sewer service connection.
- 5. The sanitary flows contributing to the existing 250mm sanitary sewer is expected to have an acceptable impact.
- 6. There are currently no quality control measures on the subject property and none are proposed.
- 7. An erosion and sediment control plan has been developed to be implemented during construction.
- 8. The maximum post-development release rate for the 100-year storm event is calculated to be equal to the maximum allowable at 8.52 L/s and to achieve this release rate the total maximum required stored volume is 40.92 cu.m. The maximum post-development release rate for the 5-year storm event is calculated to be less than the maximum allowable, at 6.62 L/s and to achieve this release rate the total maximum required stored volume is 16.21 cu.m.
- 9. The last pipe segment of the existing storm sewer system is adequately sized for the unrestricted flow during the 5-year event.
- 10. There is an existing upstream pipe segment that is significantly undersized, however, the proposed flow through the flow control roof drains and ICD will restrict the flow so that this segment will be only at 39% of its capacity.
- 11. The stormwater flows contributing to the existing municipal storm sewer is expected to have a positive impact given the post-development flows from the site are calculated to be reduced during the 5-year event.

D.B. GRAY ENGINEERING INC.

Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

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> 2-Apr-19 REVISED 10-Apr-19

1009 - 1011 Thomas Spratt Place Ottawa, Ontario

Fire Flow Requirements PROPOSED ADDITION + EXISTING BUILDING NO FIREWALLS

Fire flow requirement as calculated as per Fire Undewriter Survey "Water Supply For Fire Protection".

 $F = 220 C A^{0.5}$ = the required fire flow in litres per minute

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

= 0.8 Non-Combustible Construction (Unprotected structural components)

A = total floor area (all storeys excluding basements at least 50% below grade)

Existing Building:	Ground Floor	582 sq.m.
	Mezzanine	97 sq.m.
Proposed Addition:	Ground Floor	527 sq.m.
	TOTAL FIRE AREA:	1206 sg.m.

F = 6,112 L/min

= 6,000 L/min (rounded off to the nearest 1,000 L/min)

15% Charge for Combustible Occupancy

= 6,900 L/min

0% Reduction for No Sprinkler System

= - L/min

	Increase f	crease for Separation Exposed Buildings								
				Adjacent	Building	Height				
		-	Constuction	Length m	Storeys	Factor				
()% North	>45m				0				
Ę	5% East	30.1 to 45m				0				
(% South	>45m				0				
8	3% West	20.1 to 30m	N-C	27	1	27				
13	3% Total Incre	ease for Exposu	re (maximum [·]	75%)						
= 89	7 L/min Incr	ease								
= 7,79	7 L/min									
F = 8,00	0 L/min (rou	Inded off to the I	nearest 1,000	L/min)						
= 133	.3 l/s									

Elevation at Fire Hydrant: <u>+</u> 83.25 m ASL

Static Pressure at Fire Hydrant133 I/s FIRE FLOW:121.0m ASL54psi370kPa

D.B. GRAY ENGINEERING INC.

Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

700 Long Point Circle Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9 613-425-8044 d.gray@dbgrayengieering.com

2-Apr-19

1009 - 1011 Thomas Spratt Place Ottawa, Ontario

EXISTING BUILDING 2 HOUR FIREWALL BETWEEN ADDITION & EXISTING BUILDING

Fire flow requirement as calculated as per Fire Undewriter Survey "Water Supply For Fire Protection".

 $F = 220 \text{ C A}^{0.5}$ = the required fire flow in litres per minute

C = coefficient related to the type of construction

= 0.8 Non-Combustible Construction (Unprotected structural components)

A = total floor area (all storeys excluding basements at least 50% below grade)

	Proposed B	-	Ground Floor Mezzanine TAL FIRE AREA:	97	sq.m.						
F =	4,586 L/mi	n									
=			the nearest 1,000	L/min)							
	15% Cha	nge for Combust	ble Occupancy								
=	5,750 L/mi	L/min									
	0% Red	Reduction for No Sprinkler System									
=	- L/mi	L/min									
	Incre	Increase for Separation Exposed Buildings Length- Adjacent Building Height									
	0% Nort	h >45m	Constuction	Length m	Storeys	Factor 0					
	5% East		-			0					
	0% Sou					0					
	10% Wes					0					
			posure (maximum	75%)							
=		n Increase	·								
=	6,613 L/mi										
F =		n (rounded off to	the nearest 1,000	L/min)							
=	116.7 l/s										
Elevation at Fire Hydrant: <u>+</u>	83.25 m A		c Pressure at Fire	Hydrant							
1177 I/s FIRE FLOW:	122.0 m A		psi	380	kPa						

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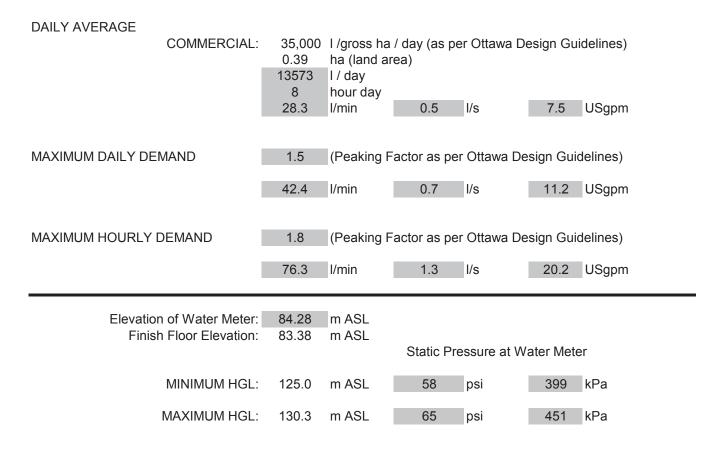
Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

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> 2-Apr-19 REVISED 10-Apr-19

1009-1011 Thomas Spratt Place Ottawa, Ontario

Water Demand



1009-1011 Thomas Spratt Place Ottawa, Ontario

Peak Water Demand

WATER FIXTURE VALUE

(AWWA Manual M22 - Sizing Water Service Lines and Meters)

	No.	F.V.	Total					
Bathtub	0	8	0					
Tiolet - tank	6	6	36					
Tiolet - flush valve	0	24	0					
Lavs.	6	1.5	9					
Bidet	0	2	0					
Urinal - wall flush valve	0	10	0					
Shower	0	2.5	0					
K. Sink	0	1.8	0					
Dishwasher	0	1.3	0					
Clothes Washer	0	6	0					
Commercial Sink	0	4	0					
J. Sink	0	4	0					
Commercial Dishwasher	0	4	0					
Commercial Washer	0	4	0					
Hose 1/2 in	0	5	0					
Hose 3/4 in	0	12	0					
				-				
			45					
Peak Demand (fig 4-2 or 4-3 AW	/WA M22)		42	USgpm				
Pressure @ Meter	427	kPa	62	psi				
Pressure Factor (table 4-1 AWW	/A M22)		1.01					
				_				
Peak Demand			42	USgpm				
Irrigation - hose 1/2 in	0		0	USgpm (includes pressure facto				
TOTAL PEAK DEMAND	161	l/min	42	USgpm	2.7	l/s		
	Existing No	ominal Size	1.0	in	25	mm		
			17.9	ft/s	5.5	m/s		
TOTAL PEAK DEMAND	161	l/min	42	USgpm	2.7	l/s		
Potentially F	Required No	ominal Size	1.5	in	38	mm		
			7.8	ft/s	2.4	m/s		
						_		
TOTAL PEAK DEMAND	161	l/min	42	USgpm	2.7	l/s		
Potentially F	Required No	ominal Size	2.0	in	50	mm		
			4.5	ft/s	1.4	m/s		
			1.0	100		11.0		



Douglas Gray <d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com>

RE: 1101 Thomas Spratt Place

1 message

Baker, Adam <adam.baker@ottawa.ca> To: Douglas Gray <d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com> Cc: Caoimhin Kennedy <c.kennedy@dbgrayengineering.com> Wed, Apr 10, 2019 at 8:38 AM

Hi Doug,

Please find attached the water boundary conditions for 1011 Thomas Spratt:

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 1011 Thomas Spratt (zone 2C) assumed to be connected to the 305mm on Thomas Spratt (see attached PDF for location).

Minimum HGL = 125.0m

Maximum HGL = 130.3m

MaxDay + FireFlow (117 L/s) = 122.0m

MaxDay + FireFlow (133 L/s) = 121.0m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Thanks,

Adam Baker, EIT

Engineering Intern

Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department - Services de la planification, de l'infrastructure et du développement économique

Development Review - South Branch

City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

110 Laurier Avenue West Ottawa, ON | 110, avenue. Laurier Ouest. Ottawa (Ontario) K1P 1J1

613.580.2424 ext./poste 26552, Adam.Baker@ottawa.ca

From: Douglas Gray <d.gray@dbgrayengineering.com> Sent: April 02, 2019 4:58 PM To: Baker, Adam <adam.baker@ottawa.ca> Cc: Caoimhin Kennedy <c.kennedy@dbgrayengineering.com> Subject: 1101 Thomas Spratt Place

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Hi Adam

Please provide the boundary conditions at 1101 Thomas Spratt Place . An addition is proposed. We have calculated the following expected demands.

Average daily demand: 0.5 l/s. Maximum daily demand: 0.7 l/s. Maximum hourly daily demand: 1.3 l/s Fire Flow demand: 133.3 l/s Fire Flow + Max Day: 134.0 l/s

We are looking at alternative designs so please also provide the boundary conditions for a fire flow demand of 133.3 l/s.

Average daily demand: 0.5 l/s. Maximum daily demand: 0.7 l/s. Maximum hourly daily demand: 1.3 l/s Fire Flow demand: 116.7 l/s Fire Flow + Max Day: 117.4 l/s

Calculations are attached. Also attached is the existing Site Servicing Plan showing the location of the existing water service connection.

Thanks, Doug

D.B. GRAY ENGINEERING INC.

Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Spanitary Sewers - Watermains

700 Long Point Circle

Tel: 613-425-8044

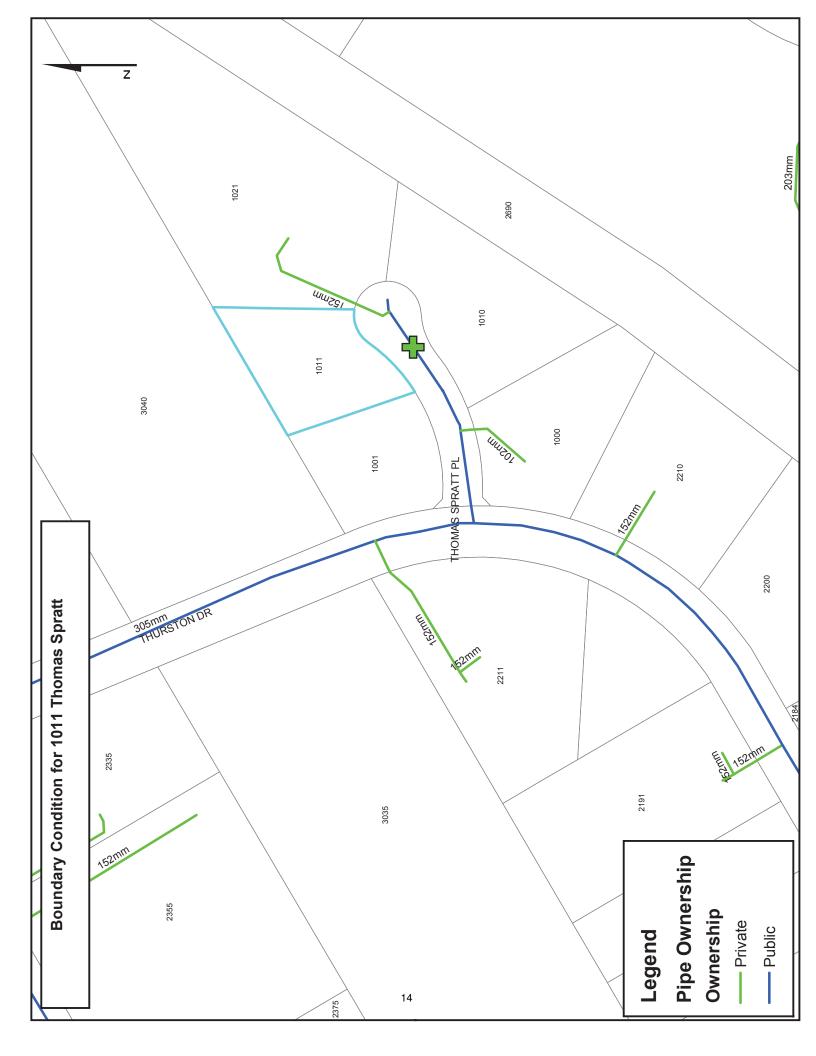
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1011 Thomas Spratt April 2019.pdf 102K



PROJECT: 1009-1011 thomas Spratt Place							COMMENTS					Peaking Factor = 1.5 x 24 hrs/8 hrs	Slope estimated to 2%																		
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						Anartmante	(3 Bed.)	ppu = 3.1	No. of Units																						
						Anartmante	(2 Bed.)	pu = 2.1	No. of Units																						
	613-425-8044	cering.com				nartmente	(1 Bed.)	ou = 1.4 p	o. of Units															T		T					
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Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Severs - Watermains	700 Long Point Circle	Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9				1	1	STREET													1	5									

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN FORM

D.B. GRAY ENGINEERING INC.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS

The orifice calculations are based on the following formula:

 $Q = C_d \times A_o \sqrt{2gh} \times 1000$

where:

Q = flowrate in litres per second

C_d = coefficient of discharge

 A_o = orifice area in sq.m.

$$g = 9.81 \text{ m/s2}$$

h = head above orifice in meters

Flow control roof drain calculations are based on the following formula:

 $Q = N \times S \times d \times F$

where:

Q = flowrate in litres per second

N = number of roof drains

S = slots per weir

d = pond depth at roof drain in mm

F = flowrate through each slot

0.0124 litres per second per mm pond depth (5 USgpm per inch)

Storage calculations on the roof and parking area are based on the following formula for volume of a cone:

 $V = (A \times d)/3$

where:

V = volume in cu.m.

A = ponding area in sq.m.

d = ponding depth in meters

Summary Tables

ONE HUNDRED YEAR EVENT										
Drainage Area	Maximum Allowable Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Volume Required (cu.m)	Maximum Volume Stored (cu.m)						
AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)	-	3.72	-	-						
AREA II (Roof)	-	3.28	17.71	17.71						
AREA III	-	4.80	23.21	23.21						
TOTAL	8.52	8.52	40.92	40.92						

FIVE YEAR EVENT											
Drainage Area	Maximum Allowable Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Release Rate (L/s)	Maximum Volume Required (cu.m)	Maximum Volume Stored (cu.m)							
AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)	-	1.96	-	-							
AREA II (Roof)	-	2.50	7.90	7.90							
AREA III	-	4.67	8.31	8.31							
TOTAL	8.52	6.62	16.21	16.21							

1009-1011 Thomas Spratt Place

Ottawa, Ontario

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS Rational Method

5 Year Pre-Development Conditions (The Re-developed Area Only)

			С
Roof Area:	0	sq.m	0.90
Asphalt/Concrete Area:	61	sq.m	0.90
Gravel Area:	0	sq.m	0.70
Landscaped Area:	1196	sq.m	0.20
Total Catchment Area:	1257	sq.m	0.23
Airport Formula	4.10		
Tc = <u>3.26 (1.1</u> -	· C) (L) ^{1/2}	min	
Sw	0.33		
Runoff Coefficient (C):	0.23	see above	
Sheet Flow Distance (L):	15	m	
Slope of Land (Sw):	2	%	
Time of Concentration (Sheet Flow):	8.7	min	
Area (A):	1257	sq.m	
Time of Concentration:	10	min	
Rainfall Intensity (i):	104	mm/hr	
Runoff Coeficient (C):	0.23		
Maximum Allowable Release Rate (2.78AiC):	8.52	L/s	

ONE HUNDRED YEAR EVENT

DRAINAGE AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)

			С
Roof Area:	0	sq.m	1.00
Asphalt/Concrete Area:	75	sq.m	1.00
Gravel Area:	0	sq.m	0.875
Landscaped Area:	0	sq.m	0.25
Total Catchment Area:	75	sq.m	1.00
Area (A):	75	sq.m	
Time of Concentration:	10	min	
Rainfall Intensity (i):	179	mm/hr	
Runoff Coeficient (C):	1.00		
Flow Rate (2.78AiC):	3.72	L/s	

DRAINAGE AREA II (Roof)

(ONE HUNDRED-YEAR EVENT)

	v Eltti)			С		
	Roof Area:	510	sq.m	1.00		
Asphalt/Co	ncrete Area:		sq.m	1.00		
	Gravel Area:			0.875		
			sq.m			
Lanus	caped Area:	0	_sq.m	0.25		
Total Catc	hment Area:	510	sq.m	1.00		
No. of Roof Drains: Slots per Wier:	2 1	0.0124 l/s/n	nm/slot (5 USg	gpm/in/slot)		
Depth at Roof Drain:	132	mm				
				5	100	
Maximum Release Rate:	3.28	L/s		Pond Area:	402	sq.m
			Achie	eved Volume:	17.71	cu.m
		Ν	laximum Volu	me Required:	17.71	cu.m
			Release	Stored	Stored	
Time	i	2.78AiC	Rate	Rate	Volume	
min.	mm/hr	L/s	L/s	L/s	cu.m	
5	243	34.41	3.28	31.13	9.34	
10	179	25.32	3.28	22.04	13.22	
15	143	20.26	3.28	16.98	15.29	
20	120	17.01	3.28	13.73	16.48	
25	104	14.72	3.28	11.45	17.17	
30	92	13.03	3.28	9.75	17.55	
35	83	11.71	3.28	8.43	17.71	
40	75	10.65	3.28	7.38	17.71	
45	69	9.79	3.28	6.51	17.59	
50	64	9.07	3.28	5.79	17.37	
55	60	8.45	3.28	5.18	17.09	
60	56	7.92	3.28	4.65	16.74	
65	53	7.46	3.28	4.19	16.33	
70	50	7.06	3.28	3.78	15.89	
75	47	6.70	3.28	3.42	15.41	
80	45	6.38	3.28	3.10	14.89	
85	43	6.09	3.28	2.81	14.35	
90	41	5.83	3.28	2.55	13.79	
95	39	5.59	3.28	2.32	13.20	
100	38	5.37	3.28	2.10	12.59	
105	36	5.17	3.28	1.90	11.96	
110	35	4.99	3.28	1.72	11.32	
115	34	4.82	3.28	1.55	10.66	
120	33	4.66	3.28	1.39	9.99	
125	32	4.52	3.28	1.24	9.31	
130	31	4.38	3.28	1.10	8.62	
135	30	4.25	3.28	0.98	7.91	
140	29	4.25	3.28	0.98	7.20	
140	29	4.13	3.28	0.80	6.48	
145	28	4.02 3.91	3.28	0.74	5.75	
180	28	3.39	3.28	0.04	1.22	
210	24	3.00	3.20	0.00	0.00	
240	19	2.69	2.69	0.00	0.00	
240	19	2.69	2.69	0.00	0.00	
300	16	2.25	2.25	0.00	0.00	

DRAINAGE AREA III

(ONE HUNDRED-YEAR EVENT)

	(ONE HUND	RED-YEAR E	/ENT)			_			
			Devicit	<u>^</u>		C			
			Roof Area:		sq.m	1.00			
		Asphalt/Cor			sq.m	1.00			
			Gravel Area:		sq.m	0.875			
		Landso	caped Area:	218	sq.m	0.25			
		Total Catch	nment Area:	672	sq.m	0.76			
	Wat	ter Elevation:	83.19	m					
In	vert of Outlet Pip	e - CB/MH-2:	82.01	m					
(10	Centroid o CD in Outlet Pipe	f ICD Orifice: of CB/MH-2)	82.05	m					
		Head:	1.14	m	Surface S	Storage Above (Top Area	Catch Basin/ Depth	Ditch Inlet Volume	
	Orifi	ice Diameter:	75	mm	CB/MH-2	(sq.m) 200	(m) 0.17	11.40	cu.m
		Orifice Area:	4418	sq.mm		106			
	Coefficient	of Discharge:	0.229		DI-1	126	0.28	11.81	cu.m
	Maximum R	Release Rate:	4.80	L/s		Achiev	ved Volume:	23.21	cu.m
					N	1aximum Volum	e Required:	23.21	cu.m
	_			Flow from	Total	Release	Stored	Stored	
	Time	i	2.78AiC	Roof	Inflow	Rate	Rate	Volume	
	(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(cu.m)	
	5	243	34.31	3.28	37.59	4.80	32.78	9.84	
	10	179	25.24	3.28	28.52	4.80	23.72	14.23	
	15	143	20.20	3.28	23.48	4.80	18.68	16.81	
	20 25	120 104	16.96 14.68	3.28 3.28	20.23 17.96	4.80 4.80	15.43 13.16	18.52 19.73	
	30	92	14.08	3.28	16.26	4.80	11.46	20.63	
	35	83	12.99	3.28	14.95	4.80	10.15	20.03	
	40	75	10.62	3.28	13.90	4.80	9.10	21.84	
	45	69	9.76	3.28	13.04	4.80	8.24	22.24	
	50	64	9.04	3.28	12.32	4.80	7.52	22.55	
	55	60	8.43	3.28	11.70	4.80	6.90	22.78	
	60	56	7.90	3.28	11.18	4.80	6.38	22.96	
	65	53	7.44	3.28	10.72	4.80	5.92	23.08	
	70	50	7.04	3.28	10.31	4.80	5.51	23.16	
	75	47	6.68	3.28	9.96	4.80	5.16	23.20	
	80	45	6.36	3.28	9.64	4.80	4.84	23.21	
	85	43	6.07	3.28	9.35	4.80	4.55	23.19	
	90	41	5.81	3.28	9.09	4.80	4.29	23.15	
	95	39	5.57	3.28	8.85	4.80	4.05	23.08	
	100	38	5.36	3.28	8.63	4.80	3.83	23.00	
	105	36	5.16	3.28	8.44	4.80	3.63	22.90	
	110	35	4.98	3.28	8.25	4.80	3.45	22.78	
	115	34	4.81	3.28	8.08	4.80	3.28	22.65	
	120	33	4.65	3.28	7.93	4.80	3.13	22.50	
	125	32	4.50	3.28	7.78	4.80	2.98	22.34	
	130	31	4.37	3.28	7.64	4.80	2.84	22.18	
	135	30	4.24	3.28	7.52	4.80	2.72	22.00	
	140	29	4.12	3.28	7.40	4.80	2.60	21.81	
	145	28	4.01	3.28	7.28	4.80	2.48	21.61	
	150	28	3.90	3.28	7.18	4.80	2.38	21.40	
	180	24	3.38	3.28	6.65	4.80	1.85	20.02	
	210	21	2.99	3.00	5.99	4.80	1.19	14.95	
	240	19 17	2.69	2.69	5.38	4.80	0.58	8.36	
	270 300	17 16	2.44 2.25	245 2.25	4.90 4.50	4.80 4.50	0.10 0.00	1.56 0.00	
	300	10	2.20	2.20	4.30	4.50	0.00	0.00	

FIVE YEAR EVENT

DRAINAGE AREA I (Uncontrolled Flow Off Site)

			С
Roof Area:	0	sq.m	0.90
Asphalt/Concrete Area:	75	sq.m	0.90
Gravel Area:	0	sq.m	0.70
Landscaped Area:	0	sq.m	0.20
Total Catchment Area:	75	sq.m	0.90
Area (A):	75	sq.m	
Time of Concentration:	10	min	
Rainfall Intensity (i):	104	mm/hr	
Runoff Coeficient (C):	0.90		
Flow Rate (2.78AiC):	1.96	L/s	

DRAINAGE AREA II (Roof)

(FIVE-YEAR EVENT)

(С		
	Roof Area:	510	sq.m	0.90		
Asnhalt/Co	ncrete Area:		sq.m	0.90		
	Gravel Area:		sq.m	0.70		
	caped Area:		sq.m	0.20		
Lands	icapeu Area.	0		0.20		
Total Catc	hment Area:	510	sq.m	0.90		
No. of Roof Drains: Slots per Wier:	2 1	0.0124 l/s/n	nm/slot (5 USç	gpm/in/slot)		
Depth at Roof Drain:	101	mm				
Maximum Release Rate:	2.50	L/s		Pond Area:	235	sq.m
			Achie	eved Volume:	7.90	cu.m
		N	laximum Volui	me Required:	7.90	cu.m
			Release	Stored	Stored	
Time	i	2.78AiC	Rate	Rate	Volume	
min.	mm/hr	L/s	L/s	L/s	cu.m	
5	141	18.01	2.50	15.51	4.65	
10	104	13.30	2.50	10.79	6.48	
15	84	10.66	2.50	8.16	7.34	
20	70	8.96	2.50	6.46	7.75	
25	61	7.77	2.50	5.27	7.90	
30	54	6.88	2.50	4.38	7.88	
35	49	6.19	2.50	3.69	7.74	
40	44	5.64	2.50	3.13	7.52	
45	41	5.18	2.50	2.68	7.24	
50	38	4.80	2.50	2.30	6.90	
55	35	4.48	2.50	1.98	6.53	
60	33	4.20	2.50	1.70	6.12	
65	31	3.96	2.50	1.46	5.69	
70	29	3.75	2.50	1.24	5.23	
75	28	3.56	2.50	1.06	4.75	
80	27	3.39	2.50	0.89	4.25	
85	25	3.24	2.50	0.73	3.74	
90	24	3.10	2.50	0.60	3.22	
95	23	2.97	2.50	0.47	2.68	
100	22	2.86	2.50	0.36	2.14	
105	22	2.75	2.50	0.25	1.58	
110	21	2.66	2.50	0.15	1.02	
115	20	2.57	2.50	0.06	0.44	
120	19	2.48	2.48	0.00	0.00	
125	19	2.41	2.41	0.00	0.00	
130	18	2.33	2.33	0.00	0.00	
135	18	2.27	2.27	0.00	0.00	
140	17	2.20	2.20	0.00	0.00	
145	17	2.14	2.14	0.00	0.00	
150	16	2.09	2.09	0.00	0.00	
180	14	1.81	1.81	0.00	0.00	
210	13	1.60	1.60	0.00	0.00	
240	11	1.44	1.44	0.00	0.00	
270	10	1.31	1.31	0.00	0.00	
300	9	1.21	1.21	0.00	0.00	

DRAINAGE AREA III

(FIVE-YEAR EVENT)

(FIVE-TEAR	$(\Box V \Box N I)$				0			
		DeefArres	0		C			
	A	Roof Area:		sq.m	0.90			
		ncrete Area:		sq.m	0.90			
		Gravel Area:		sq.m	0.70			
	Lands	caped Area:	218	sq.m	0.20			
	Total Catch	nment Area:	672	sq.m	0.67			
Wa	ater Elevation:	83.13	m					
Invert of Outlet Pip	pe - CB/MH-2:	82.01	m					
	of ICD Orifice:	82.05	m					
(ICD in Outlet Pipe	e of CB/MH-2) Head:	1.08	m	Surface St	orage Above	Catch Basin/	Ditch Inlet	
					Top Area	Depth	Volume	
Ori	fice Diameter:	75	mm	00.000	(sq.m)	(m)		
		4440		CB/MH-2	79	0.11	2.83	cu.m
0	Orifice Area:	4418	sq.mm	DI-1	76	0.22	5.48	cu.m
Coefficient	of Discharge:	0.229				-		_
Maximum I	Release Rate:	4.67	L/s	Achieve		ved Volume:	8.31	cu.m
				Ma	aximum Volun	ne Required:	8.31	cu.m
			Flow from	Total	Release	Stored	Stored	
Time	i	2.78AiC	Roof	Inflow	Rate	Rate	Volume	
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(cu.m)	
5	141	17.75	2.50	20.25	4.67	15.59	4.68	
10	104	13.10	2.50	15.60	4.67	10.94	6.56	
15	84	10.50	2.50	13.01	4.67	8.34	7.51	
20	70	8.83	2.50	11.33	4.67	6.67	8.00	
25	61	7.66	2.50	10.16	4.67	5.49	8.24	
30	54	6.78	2.50	9.28	4.67	4.62	8.31	
35	49	6.10	2.50	8.60	4.67	3.94	8.27	
40	44	5.55	2.50	8.06	4.67	3.39	8.14	
45	41	5.11	2.50	7.61	4.67	2.95	7.95	
50	38	4.73	2.50	7.24	4.67	2.57	7.71	
55	35	4.42	2.50	6.92	4.67	2.25	7.44	
60	33	4.14	2.50	6.64	4.67	1.98	7.12	
65	31	3.90	2.50	6.41	4.67	1.74	6.79	
70	29	3.69	2.50	6.20	4.67	1.53	6.43	
75	28	3.51	2.50	6.01	4.67	1.34	6.05	
80	27	3.34	2.50	5.84	4.67	1.18	5.65	
85 90	25 24	3.19 3.05	2.50 2.50	5.69 5.56	4.67	1.03 0.89	5.24 4.81	
90	24 23	2.93	2.50	5.43	4.67 4.67	0.89	4.01	
100	23	2.82	2.50	5.32	4.67	0.65	3.93	
105	22	2.71	2.50	5.22	4.67	0.55	3.47	
110	21	2.62	2.50	5.12	4.67	0.46	3.01	
115	20	2.53	2.50	5.03	4.67	0.37	2.53	
120	19	2.45	2.48	4.93	4.67	0.27	1.91	
125	19	2.37	2.41	4.78	4.67	0.11	0.84	
130	18	2.30	2.33	4.63	4.63	0.00	0.00	
135	18	2.23	2.27	4.50	4.50	0.00	0.00	
140	17	2.17	2.20	4.37	4.37	0.00	0.00	
145	17	2.11	2.14	4.26	4.26	0.00	0.00	
150	16	2.06	2.09	4.14	4.14	0.00	0.00	
180	14	1.78	1.81	3.59	3.59	0.00	0.00	
210	13	1.58	1.60	3.18	3.18	0.00	0.00	
240	11	1.42	1.44	2.86	2.86	0.00	0.00	
270	10	1.29	131 24 1.21	2.61	2.61	0.00	0.00	
300	9	1.19	1.21	2.40	2.40	0.00	0.00	

INC.	
NEERING	
ENGI	
GRAY	
D. B.	

Stormwater Management - Grading & Drainage - Storm & Sanitary Sewers - Watermains

700 Long Point Circle Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9

613-425-8044 dbgray@rogers.com

RATIONAL METHOD Q = 2.78 A I R FIVE YEAR EVENT n = 0.013

STORM SEWER COMPUTATION FORM

Designed By: DBG

PROJECT: 1011 Thomas Spratt Place

		COMMENTS		FLOW THROUGH ICD	FLOW THROUGH ICD	FLOW THROUGH ICD	FLOW THROUGH ICD												
n-19	1 of 1	Ratio	Q/Qfull	1.02 3.13 0.39 F	1.36 0.58 F	1.54 0.75 F	0.09 0.81 0.39 F												
19-Jun-19	Page: 1 of 1	Time of	Flow (min)	0.37 0.87 0.87	0.34 0.34	0.36 0.36	0.16												
Date:		Velocity	(m/s)	0.80 0.66 0.66	1.25 1.25	1.20 1.20	1.42 1.50 1.50												
		\ Capacity	(s/l)	26.1 12.0 12.0	40.5 40.5	39.0 39.0	25.9 76.1 76.1												
		SEWER DATA	(m)	17.8 34.3 34.3	25.3 25.3	26.2 26.2	13.9 17.3 17.3												
		Slop		0.58 0.57 0.57	1.40 1.40	1.30 1.30	2.66 1.50 1.50												
		Dia. Nom.	(mm)	200 150 150	200 200	200 200	150 250 250												
		Dia. Actual	(mm)	203.2 152.4 152.4	203.2 203.2	203.2 203.2	152.4 254.2 254.2												
		Type of	Pipe	PVC SDR 35															
n = 0.013		Peak Flow Q		26.6 37.5 4.7	54.9 23.6	59.9 29.4	2.4 61.4 29.7												
= u		Rainfall Intensity	l (mm/hr)	104.2 102.3	98.1	96.5	104.2 95.0												
		Time of Conc.		10.00 10.37	11.24	11.58	10.00 11.94												
		Accum.		0.255 0.367	0.560	0.621	0.023 0.647												
		1ndividual		0.255	0.193	0.060	0.023												
dbgray@rogers.com	Roof		R = 0.90	0.0510															
dbgray@r	Grass / Landscape	(ha)	R = 0.20	0.0248	0.0310	0.0097	0.0051												
	Gravel L	AREA (ha)	R = 0.70 R = 0.20																
	Hard Surface			0.0454	0.0703	0.0220	6000.0												
				CB/MH-4 EX.CB-3	EX.CB-2	EX.CB/MH-0	EX.CB/MH-0 STREET												
o KIT 4E9		LOCATION		DI CB/MH-4 E	EX.CB-3 E	EX.CB-2 EX	EX.CB-1 EX EX.CB/MH-0 S						+		+		+		
Ottawa, Ontario K1T 4E9			STREET																_
Otta			S					25											

City of Ottawa Servicing Study Checklist

General Content

Executive Summary (for large reports only): not applicable

Date and revision number of the report: see page 1 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development: see drawings C-1 to C-4

Plan showing the site and location of all existing services: see drawings C-1 to C-4

Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere: not applicable

Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies: not available

Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defendable design criteria: not applicable

Statement of objectives and servicing criteria: see page 1 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area: see drawings C-1 to C-4

Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available). see drawings C-1 to C-4

<u>Concept level master grading plan</u> to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths: not applicable

Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts: not applicable

Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable: not applicable

Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing: see note 1.5 on drawing C-3

All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information:

- Metric scale: included
- North arrow: included
 - (including construction North): not included
- Key Plan: included

- Name and contact information of applicant and property owner: not available
- Property limits: included
 - including bearings and dimensions: not included
- Existing and proposed structures and parking areas: included
- Easements, road widening and rights-of-way: included
- Adjacent street names: included

Development Servicing Report: Water

Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available: not applicable

Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Identification of system constraints: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow locations throughout the **development:** see page 2 & 8 to 14 of Servicing Brief

Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design: not applicable

Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves: not applicable

Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification:. not applicable

Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range: not applicable

Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing systems, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions: not applicable

Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation: not applicable

Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines: see page 2 of Servicing Brief

Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference: not applicable

Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

Summary of proposed design criteria: see page 3 of Servicing Brief

(Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure): not applicable

Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and /or justification for deviations: not applicable

Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and conditions of sewers: not applicable

Descriptions of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development: see page 3 of Servicing Brief

Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and / or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable): not applicable

Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix C) format. see page 15 of Servicing Brief

Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains: see page 3 of Servicing Brief

Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality): not applicable

Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development: not applicable

Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity: not applicable

Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding: not applicable

Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc: not applicable

Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property): see page 4 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure. not applicable

A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern: see drawing C-2 & C-4

Water quality control objective (e/g/ controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects: see Stormwater Management Report Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements: Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Descriptions of the references and supporting information. Set-back from private sewage disposal systems. not applicable

Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks: not applicable

Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed: the pre-application consultation record is not yet been issued

Confirm consistency with sub-waterched and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists: not applicable

Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period). see drawings C-1 to C-4 and Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or , if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals. see drawings C-1 to C-4 and Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions: see Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another. : not applicable

Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities. : not applicable

If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event: not applicable

Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses: Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements. : not applicable

Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development: see page 5 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading:

Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations. : not applicable

Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourses of drainage corridors: see notes 2.1 to 2.5 on drawing C-2

Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplains elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current: not applicable

Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation. : not applicable

Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act: see page 19 of Servicing Brief and Stormwater Management Report

Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act:

Changes to Municipal Drains. : not applicable

Other permits (National Capital commission, Parks Canada, public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of transportation etc.) : not applicable

Conclusion Checklist

Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations: see page 7of Servicing Brief

Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.

All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in **Ontario**: included