



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Engineering

Land / Site
Development

Municipal
Infrastructure

Environmental /
Water Resources

Traffic /
Transportation

Structural

Recreational

Planning

Land / Site
Development

Planning Application
Management

Municipal Planning
Documents &
Studies

Expert Witness
(OMB)

Wireless Industry

Landscape

Architecture

Urban Design &
Streetscapes

Open Space, Parks &
Recreation Planning

Community &
Residential
Developments

Commercial &
Institutional Sites

Environmental
Restoration

Fernbank Crossing – Block 135

Servicing Design Brief



Engineering excellence. Planning precision. Inspired landscapes.



SERVICING DESIGN BRIEF – BLOCK 135



Prepared By:

NOVATECH

Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive
Ottawa, Ontario
K2M 1P6

March 22, 2019
Revised: June 12, 2019

Novatech File: 117089
Ref: R-2019-053

June 12, 2019

City of Ottawa
Infrastructure Services and Community Sustainability
110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor
Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Mr. Eric Surprenant

Dear Mr. Surprenant:

**Reference: Fernbank Crossing – Block 135
Servicing Design Brief
Our File No.: 117089**

Enclosed for your review and approval are two (2) copies of the Servicing Design Brief for the proposed development of Block 135 in the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH



Lucas Wilson, P.Eng.
Project Coordinator

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	BACKGROUND	1
1.2	LAND USE	2
2.0	ROADWAYS	4
2.1	EXISTING CONDITIONS	4
2.2	PROPOSED CONDITIONS	4
2.3	ROADWAY DESIGN	4
3.0	GRADING	4
3.1	EXISTING CONDITIONS	4
3.2	PROPOSED CONDITIONS	5
3.3	OFFSITE REQUIREMENTS	5
4.0	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL	5
5.0	SANITARY SEWERS	6
5.1	EXISTING CONDITIONS	6
5.2	PROPOSED CONDITIONS	6
5.3	OFFSITE REQUIREMENTS	8
6.0	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT	8
6.1	EXISTING CONDITIONS	8
6.2	PROPOSED CONDITIONS	8
6.2.1	<i>Minor System Design</i>	<i>8</i>
6.2.2	<i>Major System Design</i>	<i>10</i>
6.3	HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC MODELING	10
6.3.1	<i>Minor System</i>	<i>12</i>
6.3.2	<i>Major System</i>	<i>13</i>
6.4	RESULTS OF HYDROLOGIC/ HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS	13
6.4.1	<i>Minor System</i>	<i>13</i>
6.4.2	<i>Major System</i>	<i>14</i>
6.4.3	<i>Hydraulic Grade Line</i>	<i>14</i>
7.0	WATER	16
7.1	EXISTING CONDITIONS	16
7.2	PROPOSED CONDITIONS	16
7.3	OFFSITE REQUIREMENTS	19
8.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	20
	References	20

List of Tables

Table 2.1: Roadway Structure
Table 5.1: Sanitary Sewer Design Parameters
Table 6.1: Storm Sewer Design Parameters
Table 6.2: Runoff Coefficients
Table 6.3: Subcatchment Model Parameters
Table 6.4: Inlet Control Devices & Design Flows
Table 6.5: Overland Flow Results (100-year Event)
Table 6.6: 100-year HGL Elevations
Table 7.1: Watermain Design Criteria
Table 7.2: Water Flow Summary
Table 7.3: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Maximum Day + Fire Flow
Table 7.4: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Peak Hour Demand
Table 7.5: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results – Maximum Pressure Check

List of Figures

Figure 1: Key Plan
Figure 2: Site Plan
Figure 3: Sanitary Sewer Network
Figure 4: Storm Sewer Network
Figure 5: Watermain Layout

Appendices

Appendix A: Design Sheets
Appendix B: SWM Calculations
Appendix C: Drawings
Appendix D: DSS Checklist
RVCA Clearance

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The Abbott-Fernbank Lands are located within the new Fernbank Community on the north side of Fernbank Road west of Terry Fox Drive. **Figure 1** shows the location of the Fernbank Community, the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision, and Block 135.

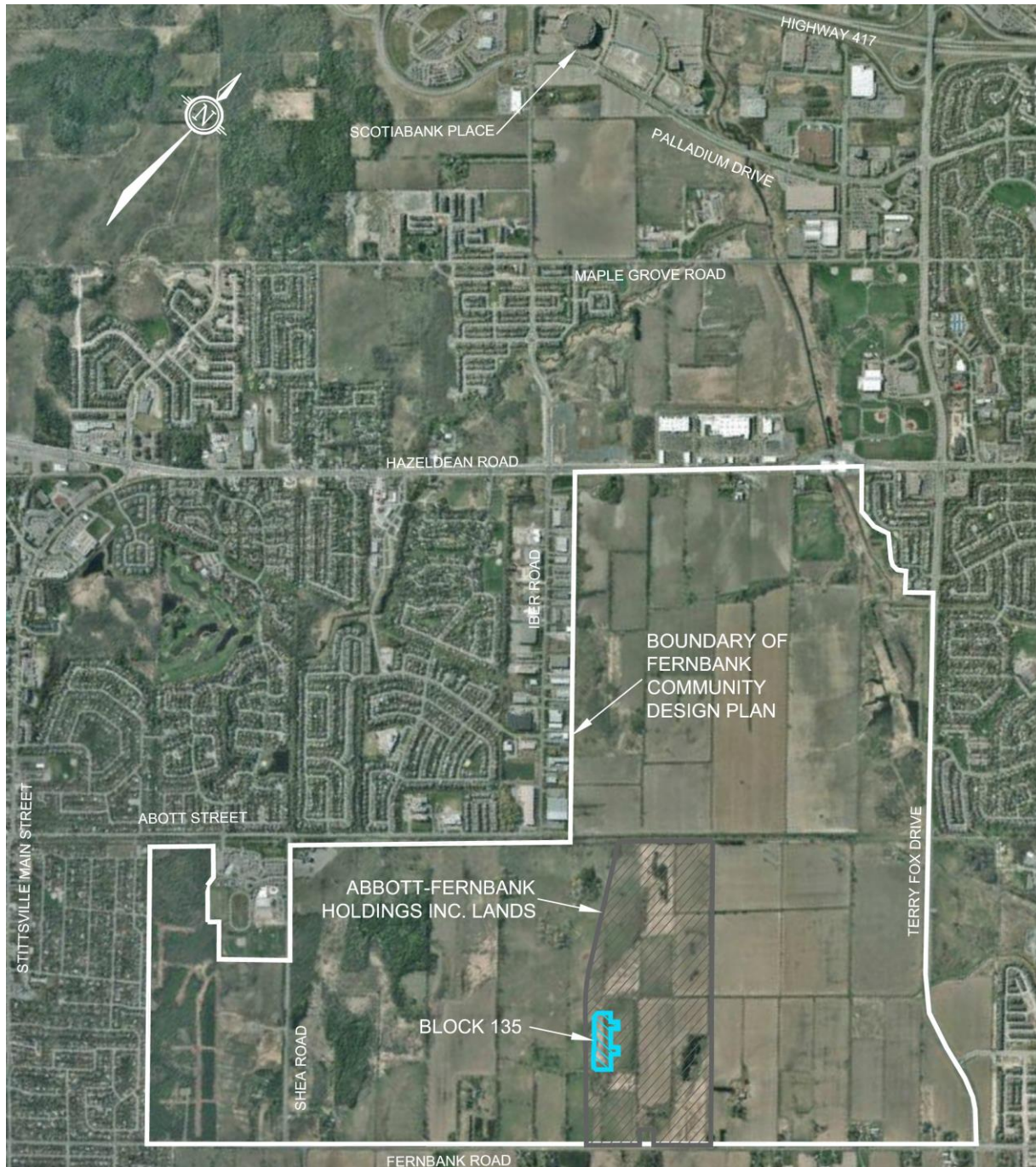


Figure 1: Key Plan

The proposed site is approximately 1.26ha and will be bordered by Robert Grant Way and future residential lands to the west (CRT Developments Inc.), Cope Drive to the north, Shinnys Avenue to the east, and Haliburton Heights to the south.

This Servicing Design Brief provides information on the considerations and approach by which Novatech has analyzed the existing site information for the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision, and details how the development lands will be serviced while meeting the City requirements and all other relevant regulations. This brief builds upon the recently completed works for the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision including the Servicing Design Brief – Phase 3 prepared by Novatech [1], the Fernbank Community Design Plan [2] prepared by Walker, Nott, Dragicevic Associates Limited, the Fernbank Master Servicing Study [3] prepared by Novatech, and the Fernbank Environmental Management Plan also prepared by Novatech [4].

This report should be read in conjunction with the following:

- Geotechnical Investigation, Fernbank Crossing Residential Subdivision, Block 135 Ottawa, Ontario prepared by Gemtec, dated March 20, 2019 (Project:64153.74). [5]

1.2 Land Use

Block 135 will consist of six back-to-back townhome buildings (58 units total), two 12-unit buildings, two 10-unit buildings, one 8-unit building and one 6-unit building. The proposed Site Plan is shown below in **Figure 2**.

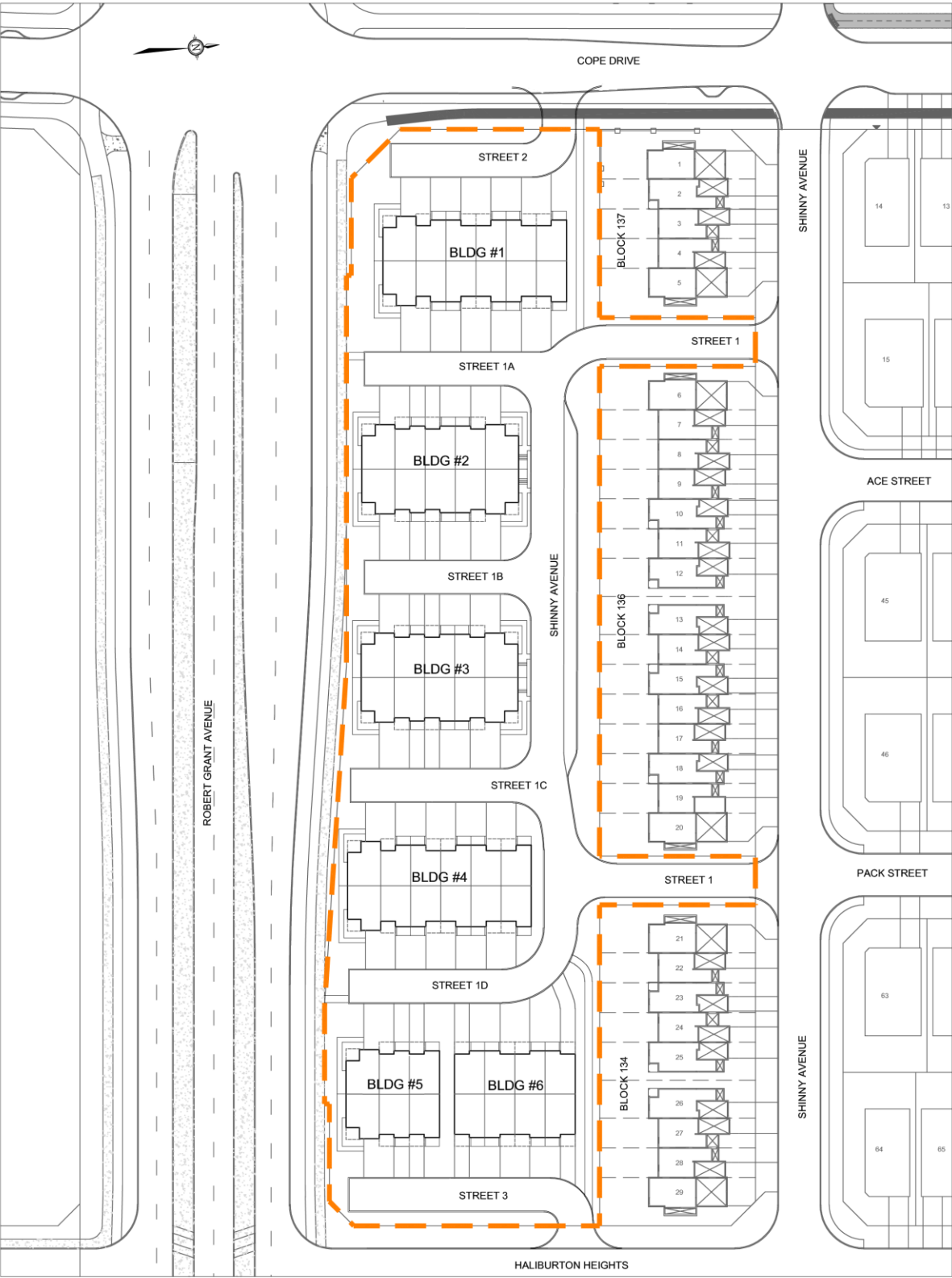


Figure 2: Site Plan

2.0 ROADWAYS

2.1 Existing Conditions

Currently there is access to Block 135 via Cope Drive, Shinny Avenue and Haliburton Heights. Shinny Avenue and Haliburton Heights are classified as Local Roads and Cope Drive is classified as a Major Collector in the 2013 City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan [6].

2.2 Proposed Conditions

The development will be accessed from two entrances along Shinny Avenue, one entrance along Cope Drive and one entrance along Haliburton Heights. The site contains a series of 6.7m private roads.

2.3 Roadway Design

Gemtec has prepared a Geotechnical Investigation report for the development (March 20th, 2019) that provides recommendations for roadway structure, servicing and foundations. The recommended roadway structure is as follows:

Table 2.1: Roadway Structure

Roadway Material Description	Pavement Structure
	Layer Thickness (mm)
<u>Private Road</u>	
Asphalt Wear Course: Superpave 12.5 (Class B)	40
Asphalt Binder Course: Superpave 19.0 (Class B)	60
Base: Granular A	150
Sub-Base: Granular B – Type II	400
Total	650

3.0 GRADING

3.1 Existing Conditions

The existing site generally slopes to the northeast at approximately 2.5%. The maximum grade of approximately 106.49 metres in the southwest corner and a minimum elevation of approximately 103.50 metres in the northeast corner give a total elevation differential of approximately 3.00 metres across the site.

Geotechnical investigations were carried out by Gemtec [5], and bedrock was encountered approximately 0.60 to 4.3 metres below the existing ground surface.

3.2 Proposed Conditions

The design grades will tie into existing elevations along Robert Grant Way, Cope Drive, Haliburton Heights and the adjacent residential lands in Phase 3. For detailed grading refer to drawing 117089-GR.

The proposed grading will fall within these ranges:

- Landscaped Area: Minimum 2% - Maximum 7%
- Rearyard Swales: Minimum 1.5% (1.0% with subdrain)
- Maximum Terracing Grade of 3H:1V

3.3 Offsite Requirements

The proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths (See the grading plan drawing 117089-GR for detailed information).

4.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

The following erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction in accordance with the “Guidelines on Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites” (Government of Ontario, May 1987). Details are provided on the Grading Plan.

- A qualified inspector should conduct regular visits to ensure the contractor is working in accord with the drawings and that mitigation measures are implemented as specified.
- Terrafix Siltsoxx are to be placed under all new catchbasins and storm manhole covers.
- Pond 6 is now functional and will provide quality control of any sediment runoff that gets into the storm sewers.
- After complete build-out, all sewers are to be inspected and cleaned and all sediment and construction fencing is to be removed.

5.0 SANITARY SEWERS

5.1 Existing Conditions

An existing 200mm diameter sanitary sewer runs along Shinny Avenue, with an existing 200mm diameter cap located at both private entrances along Shinny Avenue.

5.2 Proposed Conditions

The peak design flow parameters in **Table 5.1** have been used in the sewer capacity analysis.

Unit and population densities and all other design parameters are specified in the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines [8].

Sanitary flow from Block 135 of the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision is proposed to connect into the downstream sewer system in Shinny Avenue. The sanitary sewer layout is shown on 117089-GP (**Appendix C**), and the design sheet is attached in **Appendix A**. The site (approx. 1.26ha) will outlet at MH 756 (south entrance) with a peak design flow of 1.5 L/s and outlet at MH 754 (north entrance) with a peak design flow of 1.3 L/s. The wastewater flow is routed through the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision and Blackstone Lands to the Fernbank Trunk, directing flow to the Hazeldean Pump Station.

Technical bulletin ISTB-2018-01 outlines recent changes to the sanitary sewer design criteria in the City of Ottawa. Existing infrastructure has been designed and constructed before the release of this bulletin, and for reasons of consistency we elected to maintain the same sanitary sewer design parameters used in the design of the existing sewers.

Table 5.1: Sanitary Sewer Design Parameters

Parameter	Design Parameter
Town Unit Population	2.7 people/unit
Residential Flow Rate, Average Daily	350 L/cap/day
Residential Peaking Factor	Harmon Equation (min=2.0, max=4.0)
Infiltration Rate	0.28 L/s/ha
Minimum Pipe Size	200 mm
Minimum Velocity	0.6 m/s
Maximum Velocity	3.0 m/s

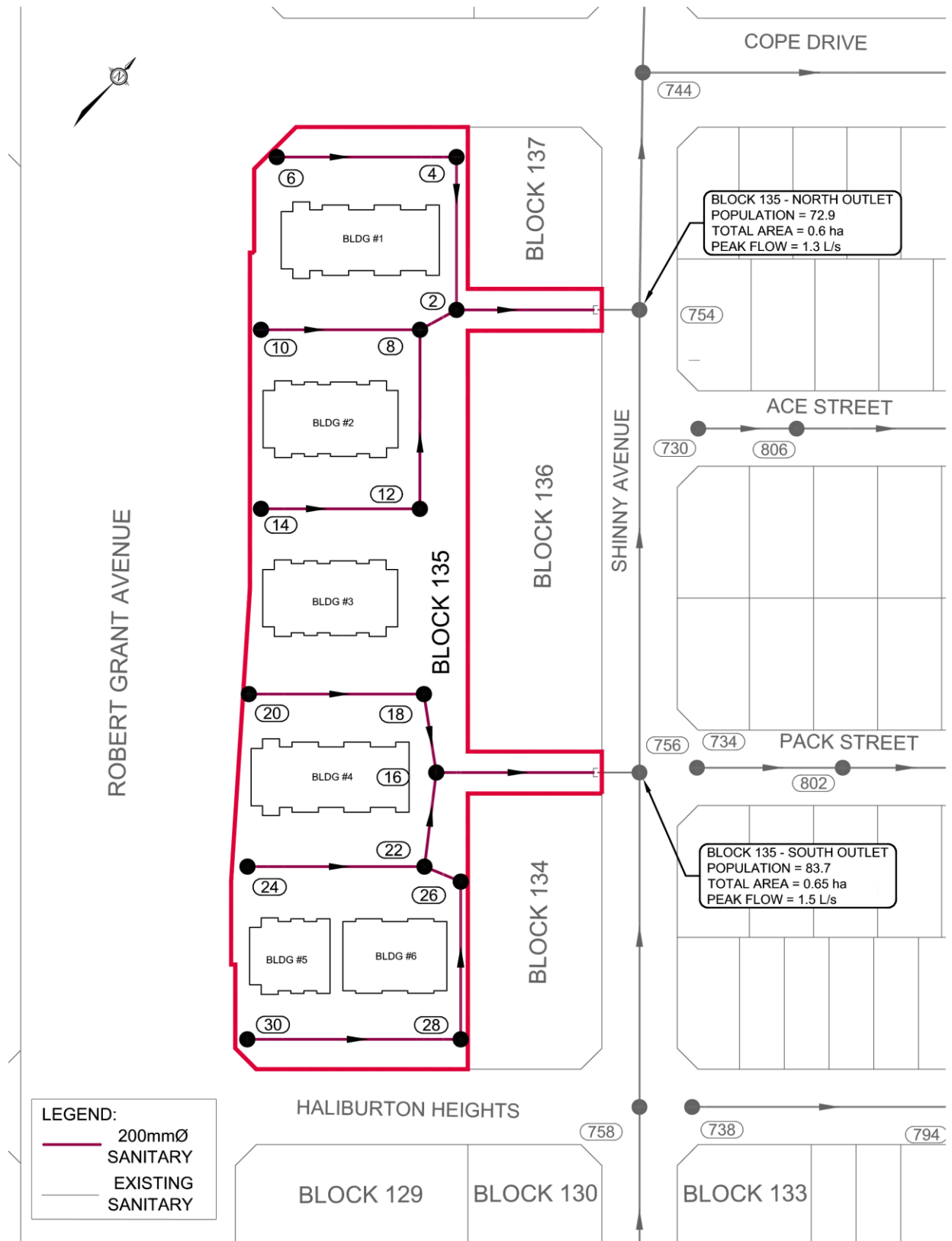


Figure 3: Sanitary Sewer Network

5.3 Offsite Requirements

For the design of Phase 3 of Fernbank Crossing, an initial peak design flow of 3.5 L/s was used in the calculations for Block 135, which is higher than the calculated peak design flow of 2.8 L/s for the combined flows outletting to MH 754 and MH 756. Therefore, there will be sufficient capacity offsite to service the proposed development of Block 135.

6.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

6.1 Existing Conditions

Existing 1200mm and 1350mm diameter storm sewers run along Shinny Avenue adjacent to the proposed development. These sewers outlet to an existing SWM Facility (Fernbank Pond 6) and have been sized to accommodate runoff from the proposed development of Block 135. An existing 600mm cap is located at the northern entrance and an existing 450mm cap is located at the southern entrance.

6.2 Proposed Conditions

Runoff from Block 135 will be routed to the storm sewer system in Shinny Avenue, where it will then be directed to a stormwater pond (Pond 6) that provides both quantity and quality control for the Fernbank Crossing development. The stormwater management facility outlets to the realigned Monahan Drain, which drains into the Monahan Constructed Wetlands Facility. **Figure 5** outlines the proposed storm sewer system layout, and how it will connect to the existing network along Shinny Avenue.

Technical Bulletin PIETB-2016-01 outlines recent changes to sewer design criteria in the City of Ottawa. We have incorporated these criteria, except for the minimum storm sewer sizing. The existing infrastructure was designed and constructed before the release of this bulletin, and for reasons of consistency we elected to maintain the minimum 5-year storm sewer sizing criteria. Our approach is conservative and will offer a slightly improved margin of safety against storm sewer back-up.

6.2.1 Minor System Design

The storm sewers comprising the minor system have been designed based on the criteria outlined in the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines [8] using the principles of dual drainage. The design criteria used in sizing the storm sewers are summarized in **Table 6.1** and **Table 6.2**.

The proposed storm sewers have been designed using the Rational Method to convey peak flow associated with a 5-year rainfall event. The storm sewer design sheets are provided in **Appendix A**. The corresponding Storm Drainage Area Plan (Drawing 117089-STM) is provided in **Appendix C**.

The Phase 3 Stormwater Management Report [10] outlines that “inflows from all future development have been accounted for based on the 5-year peak flow”. As such, all inlet control devices (ICDs) within Block 135 will be installed in all road catchbasins to limit inflows to the minor system during large (>1:5 year) storm events. Inlet control devices shall be CB lead plate-type and are to be sizes listed in Section 13.1.19 of the Ottawa Sewer Materials Specifications.

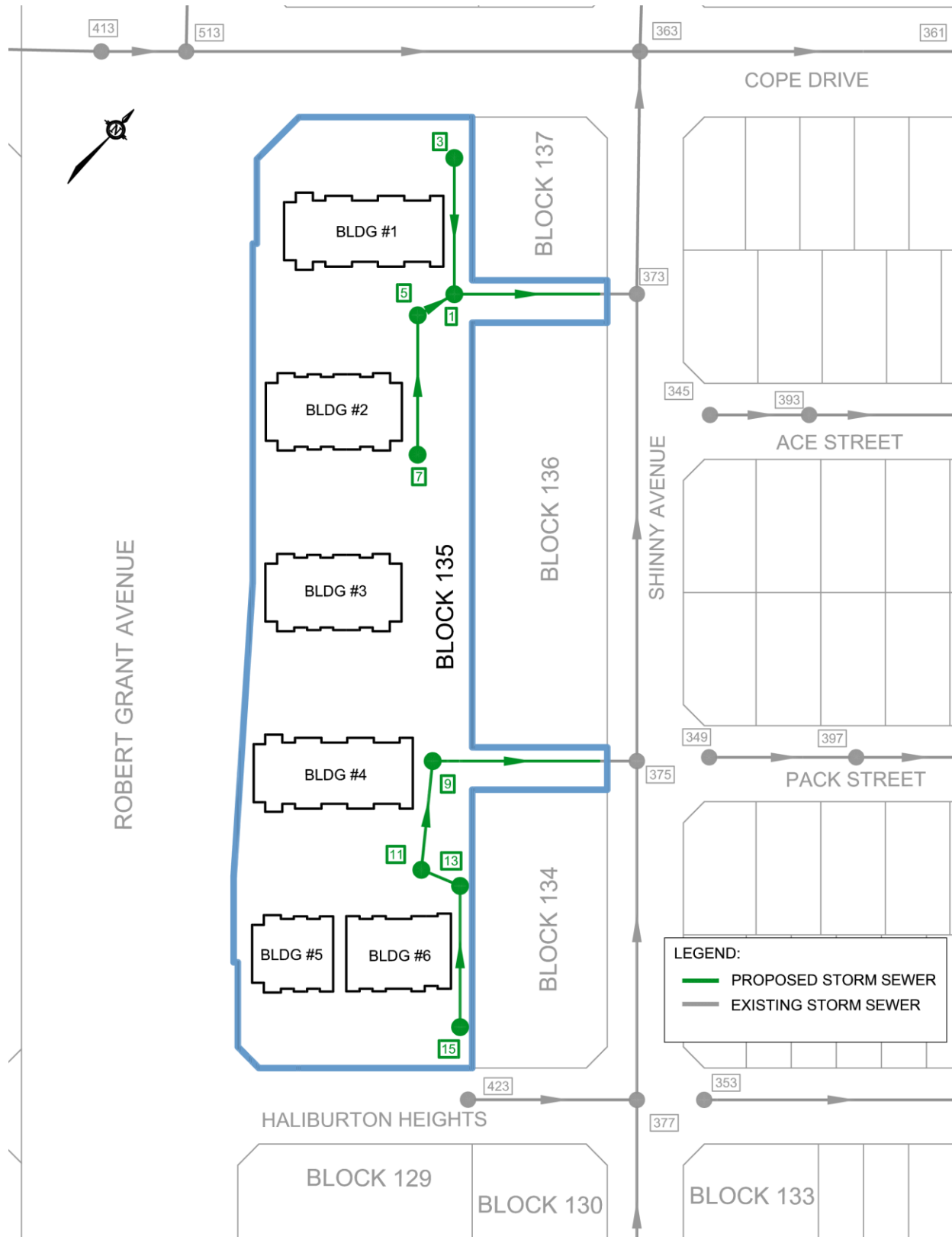


Figure 4: Storm Sewer Network

Table 6.1: Storm Sewer Design Parameters

Parameter	Design Criteria
Private Roads	5 Year Return Period
Storm Sewer Design	Rational Method/AutoDesk Storm Analysis
IDF Rainfall Data	Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines
Initial Time of Concentration (T_c)	10 min
Minimum Velocity	0.8 m/s
Maximum Velocity	3.0 m/s
Minimum Diameter	250 mm

Table 6.2: Runoff Coefficients

Land Use	Runoff Coefficient
Hard Surface	0.90
Soft Surface	0.30

6.2.2 Major System Design

The site has been designed to convey runoff from storms that exceed the minor system capacity to Shinnery Avenue. The roadway and parking areas have been graded to ensure that the 100-year peak overland flows are confined within the parking area at a maximum flow depth of 300mm.

6.3 Hydrologic & Hydraulic Modeling

The *City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines* (October 2012) require hydrologic modeling for all dual drainage systems. The performance of the proposed storm drainage system for Block 135 was evaluated using the *Autodesk Storm and Sanitary Analysis* (SSA) hydrologic/hydraulic modeling software in order to maintain compatibility with the previously developed Phase 1-5 models (each of which were built in SSA).

The modeling files and model schematics are provided in **Appendix C**. For review purposes, a 'standalone' PCSWMM model of Block 135 has also been provided on CD included at the back of this report.

Design Storms

The hydrologic analysis was completed using the following synthetic design storms and historical storms. The IDF parameters used to generate the design storms were taken from the Sewer Design Guidelines [8].

4 Hour Chicago Storms:

25mm 4-hr Chicago storm
2-year 4hr Chicago storm
5-year 4hr Chicago storm
100-year 4hr Chicago storm

12 Hour SCS Storms:

2-year 12-hr SCS storm
5-year 24hr Chicago storm
100-year 24hr Chicago storm

The 4-hour Chicago distribution generates the highest peak flows for both the minor and major systems and was determined to be the critical storm distribution for the design of the storm drainage system.

The proposed drainage system has also been stress tested using a 4-hour Chicago design storm that has a 20% higher intensity and total volume compared to the 100-year event.

Model Development

The SSA model accounts for both minor and major system flows (*dual drainage*), including the routing of flows through the storm sewer network (*minor system*), and overland along the road network (*major system*). The results of the analysis were used to:

- Ensure no ponding in the rights-of-way following a 5-year event;
- Calculate the storm sewer hydraulic grade line for the 100-year storm event;
- Evaluate overland flow depths and ponding volumes in the rights-of-way during the 100-year event; and
- Determine the total major and minor system runoff from the site to Pond 6.

The model is capable of accounting for both static and dynamic storage within the private roadways and parking areas, including the overland flow across all high points and capture/bypass curves for inlets on continuous grade. The 100-year flow depths computed by the model represent the total (static + dynamic) ponding depths at low points for areas in road sags, or the gutter flow depth where the inlets are on a continuous grade.

Storm Drainage Area Plan & Subcatchment Parameters

The Block 135 development has been divided into subcatchments based on the drainage areas tributary to each inlet of the proposed storm sewer system. The catchment areas are shown on the Storm Drainage Area Plan provided as drawing **117089-STM** in **Appendix C**.

The hydrologic parameters for each subcatchment were developed based on the Site Plan (**Figure 2**) and the Storm Drainage Area Plan specified above. Subcatchment parameters are outlined in **Table 6.3**.

Table 6.3: Subcatchment Model Parameters

Area ID	Catchment Area (ha)	Runoff Coefficient (C)	Percent Impervious (%)	No Depression (%)	Flow Path Length (m)	Equivalent Width (m)	Average Slope (%)
1	0.133	0.70	71%	37%	35.20	37.79	0.90%
2	0.220	0.74	77%	41%	25.40	86.60	1.00%
3a	0.187	0.77	81%	38%	38.60	48.44	0.85%
3b	0.066	0.65	64%	0%	9.41	70.12	0.85%
4a	0.266	0.74	77%	34%	38.50	69.10	0.90%
4b	0.041	0.63	61%	0%	7.92	51.75	0.90%
5	0.172	0.76	80%	54%	25.78	66.71	0.75%
6	0.149	0.70	71%	35%	29.27	50.91	0.70%
7	0.013	0.84	91%	0%	11.08	11.73	1.80%
8	0.012	0.84	91%	0%	10.35	11.60	2.00%

TOTAL: 1.26

Infiltration

Infiltration losses for all catchment areas were modeled using Horton's infiltration equation, which defines the infiltration capacity of the soil over the duration of a precipitation event using a decay function that ranges from an initial maximum infiltration rate to a minimum rate as the storm progresses. The default values for the Sewer Design Guidelines [8] were used for all catchments.

Horton's Equation:
 $f(t) = f_c + (f_o - f_c)e^{-k(t)}$

Initial infiltration rate: $f_o = 76.2$ mm/hr
 Final infiltration rate: $f_c = 13.2$ mm/hr
 Decay Coefficient: $k = 4.14$ /hr

Depression Storage

The default values for depression storage in the Sewer Design Guidelines [8] were used for all catchments. Residential rooftops were assumed to provide no depression storage.

- Depression Storage (pervious areas): 4.67 mm
- Depression Storage (impervious areas): 1.57 mm

Equivalent Width

'Equivalent Width' refers to the width of the sub-catchment flow path. This parameter is calculated as described in the Sewer Design Guidelines [8], Section 5.4.5.6.

Impervious Values

Impervious (TIMP) values for each subcatchment area were calculated based on the proposed land use plan (Figure 2) and correspond to the Runoff Coefficients used in the Rational Method calculations using the equation:

$$\%imp = \frac{C - 0.2}{0.7}$$

6.3.1 Minor System

Inflows to the storm sewer were modeled based on the characteristics of each inlet;

- For areas where catchbasins are located at low points (*represented as junctions*), inflows to the storm sewer are based on the ICD specified for the inlet and the maximum depth of ponding. Storage volumes within the right-of-way are based on the grading design.
- For areas where catchbasins are located on a continuous grade, the capture rate is based on the type of grate, the geometry of the road, and the approach flow. Rating curves for approach flow vs. capture rate were input into the model using the appropriate tables from the *Ottawa Design Guidelines – Sewer*:
 - Design Chart 4.04: Gutter Flow Rate for Barrier Curb with Gutter.
 - Design Chart 4.06: Gutter Flow Rate for Mountable Curb with Gutter.
 - Design Chart 4.14: Inlet Capacity for Barrier Curb.
 - Design Chart 4.15: Inlet Capacity for Mountable Curb.
 - Appendix 7-A. Type S22 Curb Inlet Catchbasin with Cross Fall fixed at 3%

6.3.2 Major System

The proposed road network was input into the SSA model to calculate the total inflow into the storm sewers (minor system), and to calculate the overland flows and flow depths within the rights-of-way (major system).

The roads are represented in the model as open channels. Model input includes:

- Right-of-way cross-sections;
- Length and slope of the road between each high and low point;
- The location of all storm inlets and whether the inlets are in a sag or on-grade.

The elevations used to define the road network are based on the gutter elevations, as opposed to the centerline of road elevations shown on the Grading Plans.

6.4 Results of Hydrologic/ Hydraulic Analysis

The model was used to evaluate the performance of the proposed storm drainage system for the Phase 5 lands and specifically to determine the 100-year hydraulic grade line. Both the SSA model and the stand-alone PCSWMM model have been provided on the attached CD at the back of this report.

6.4.1 Minor System

The proposed inlet control devices (ICDs) have been sized to capture the approximate 5-year peak flow at each inlet to the storm sewer, as well as to reduce the 100-year HGL elevation in the storm sewers. Consequently, there will be little to no ponding within the rights-of-way during the 5-year event. The selection of ICDs takes into account the overland flow that bypasses catchbasins on-grade by providing additional capacity at the downstream inlets. The list of ICD sizes and performance is provided in **Table 6.4**.

Table 6.4: Inlet Control Devices & Design Flows

Structure	ICD Size & Inlet Rate				Approach Flow** (L/s)
	Diameter 1 (mm)	Max Head (m)	Calculated 5-yr Capture Rate (L/s)	5-yr Capture Rate** (L/s)	
CB50	108	1.35	29.19	28.80	30.05
CB51	152	1.32	57.34	50.56	51.18
CB52	83	1.36	17.32	13.44	14.64
CB53	152	1.32	57.34	44.88	45.32
CB54	83	1.36	17.32	8.44	9.01
CB55	178	1.31	78.25	78.47	79.76
CB56	152	1.32	57.34	22.45	41.11
CB57	127	1.34	40.22	32.38	33.14

***From PCSWMM Model, 5-year 4-hour Chicago storm distribution*

The Rational Method design sheets (**Appendix B**) were used to calculate the required storm sewer sizes based on capturing the peak flow at each inlet to the storm sewer for a 5-year design return period.

6.4.2 Major System

During the 100-year event, stormwater runoff that exceeds the available static storage within road sags will flow overland within the rights-of-way and/or defined drainage easements to Shinnery Avenue. Major system network was evaluated using the model to ensure that the flow depths and velocities conform to City standards. The results of the 100-year modelling indicate that the overland flow depths on all streets will be less than 0.30m and major system flows will be confined to the rights-of-way. Generally, major system flow will be contained within the Block 135 development, for all storm events.

Table 6.5: Overland Flow Results (100-year Event)

Structure	T/G (m)	Max. Static Ponding (Spill Depth)		100-yr Event (4hr)			
		Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Cascading Flow?	Cascade Depth (m)
CB50	104.75	104.88	0.13	104.89	0.14	Y	0.01
CB51	104.40	104.50	0.10	104.51	0.11	Y	0.01
CB52	104.44	104.65	0.21	104.58	0.14	N	0.00
CB53	104.49	104.65	0.16	104.59	0.10	N	0.00
CB54	104.64	104.79	0.15	104.78	0.14	N	0.00
CB55	104.64	104.79	0.15	104.78	0.14	N	0.00
CB57	105.20	105.34	0.14	105.31	0.11	N	0.00

An expanded table of the ponding depths at low points in the roadway (including the stress-test event) is provided in **Appendix B**. Based on these results, the proposed storm drainage system will not experience any adverse flooding even with a 20% increase to the 100-year event. These results are from the SSA model, however the stand-alone PCSWMM model gives very similar results.

6.4.3 Hydraulic Grade Line

The Block 135 model has been integrated with the existing Fernbank Phase 1-5 SSA model. By integrating the models, the HGL elevations within the proposed Block 135 development and downstream in Phase 3 and along Cope Drive can be accurately determined.

The results of the HGL analysis were used to ensure that a minimum freeboard of 0.30m is provided between the 100-year HGL and the designed underside of footing elevations. The 100-year HGL elevations at each storm manhole with respect to the lowest adjacent underside of footing elevation are provided in **Table 6.6**.

Table 6.6: 100-year HGL Elevations

Manhole ID	MH Invert Elevation (m)	T/G Elevation (m)	HGL Elevation - 100yr4hr (m)	Design USF (m)	Clearance (100yr) (m)
HGL - Block 135					
MH01	101.42	104.53	102.10	103.72	1.62
MH03	101.81	104.96	102.25	103.57	1.32
MH05	102.19	105.11	102.13	103.57	1.44
MH07	101.60	104.55	102.30	103.57	1.27
MH09	101.99	104.88	102.67	103.77	1.10
MH11	101.79	104.58	102.77	104.13	1.36
MH13	102.13	104.78	102.78	104.13	1.35
MH15	101.77	104.70	102.88	104.13	1.25

An expanded table showing the results of the stress test (100-year +20% event) and the HGL elevations for Phase 3 and Cope Drive is provided in **Appendix B**. The stress test indicates that the HGL elevations will be below the USF elevations for this event.

While the results in the table above are from the SSA model, the stand-alone PCSWMM model has been assigned outlet boundary conditions to give a close approximation of the results from the SSA model. 100-year boundary conditions are as follows:

- STM373 = 102.26m
- STM375 = 102.00m

These boundary conditions have also been provided in the 'Description' of each of the outfalls from the PCSWMM model for easy reference.

7.0 WATER

7.1 Existing Conditions

The proposed development is located inside the 3W Pressure Zone. An existing 300mm diameter watermain runs along Shinny Avenue and Haliburton Heights as well as an existing 200mm diameter watermain that runs along Cope Drive. Existing 200mm diameter caps are located at both private entrances off Shinny Avenue.

7.2 Proposed Conditions

Block 135 will be connected to the existing watermain network by way of four separate feed points. Two connections are proposed to the existing 200mm diameter caps located at the private entrances off Shinny Avenue, one connection to the 300mm diameter watermain in Haliburton Heights and one connection to the 200mm diameter watermain in Cope Drive.

Block 135 will be serviced by a combination of 150mm and 200mm diameter watermain and will provide sufficient capacity to maintain appropriate pressures and fire flows throughout the development. **Figure 5** provides a high level schematic of the proposed water distribution system.

The watermain boundary condition below was obtained from the City of Ottawa and has been included in **Appendix A**:

Boundary Condition – Located north of the Trans Canada Trail at the existing 300mm x 400mm diameter watermain connection (Shown in Figure 6 in **Appendix A**)

Max Day + FF of 167 L/s = 152.9m

Max Day + FF of 217 L/s = 151.2m

Minimum Pressure during Peak Hour = 155.5m

Max Pressure Check = 162.4m

City of Ottawa watermain design criteria and Fernbank Community Design Parameters are outlined in **Table 7.1**.

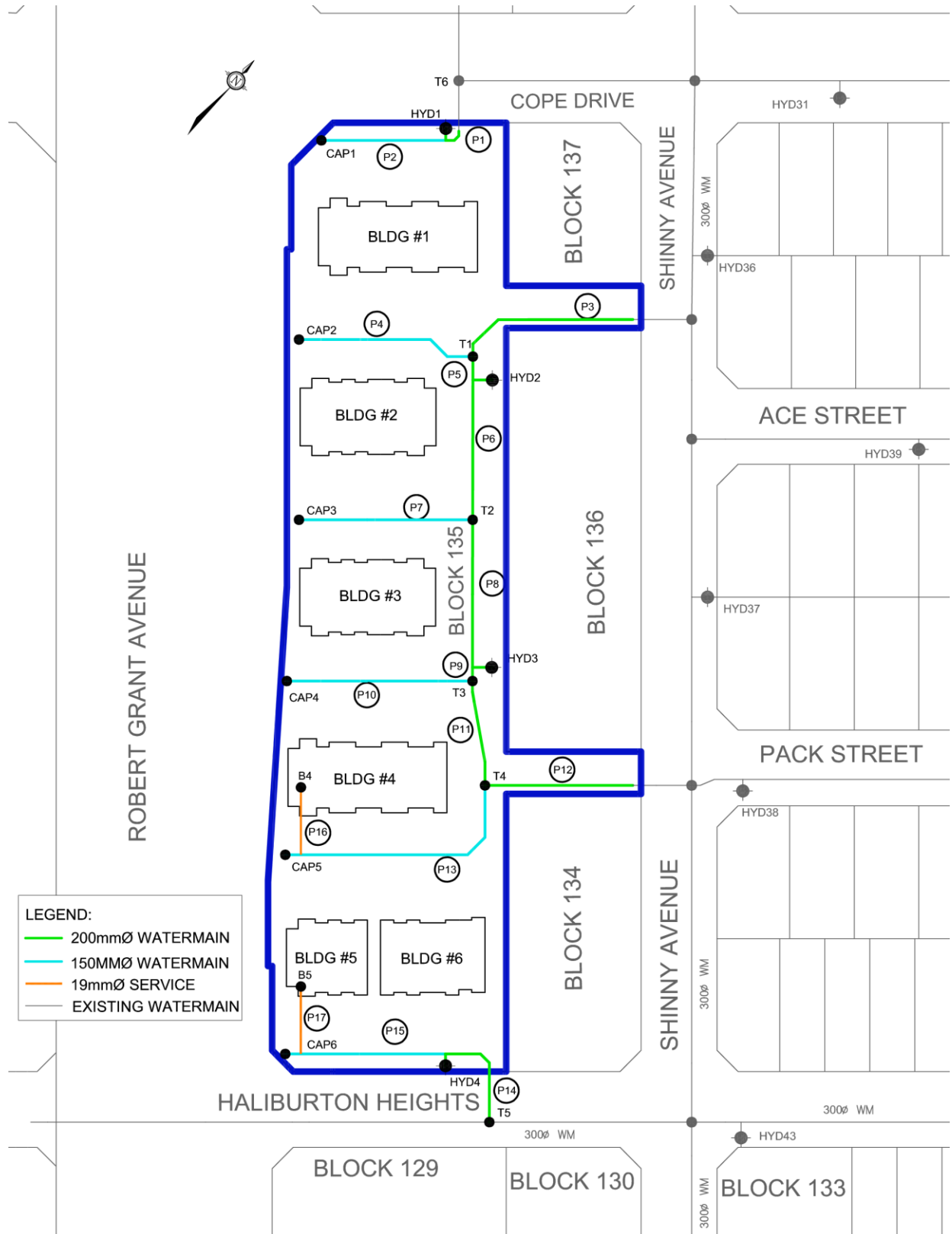


Figure 5: Watermain Layout

Table 7.1: Watermain Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Design Criteria
Town Population	2.7 people/unit
Residential Demand	350 L/c/d
Maximum Day Demand	2.5 x Average Day
Peak Hour Demand	2.2 x Maximum Day
Fire Demand	200, 233, 250 L/s
Maximum Pressure	690 kPa (100psi) unoccupied areas
Maximum Pressure	552 kPa (80psi) occupied areas outside of ROW
Minimum Pressure	275 kPa (40 psi) except during fire flow
Minimum Pressure	140 kPa (20 psi) fire flow conditions

Table 7.2: Water Flow Summary

	Units	Population	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Back-to-Back Towns	58	156.6	0.634	1.586	3.489
Total	58	156.6	0.634	1.586	3.489

Based on the fire underwriters survey, the fire flows were calculated as 200 L/s (building 5), 233 L/s (buildings 2 and 3) and 250 L/s (buildings 1, 4 and 6). Calculations are provided in **Appendix A**.

The proposed watermain was modeled using EPANET 2 (See 115049-GP for detailed watermain layout).

A summary of the model results are shown below in **Table 7.3**, **Table 7.4** and **Table 7.5**. Full model results are included in **Appendix A**.

Table 7.3: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Maximum Day + Fire Flow

Operating Condition	Minimum Pressure
250 L/s at Building 1	230.54 kPa (CAP1)
233 L/s at Building 3	240.15 kPa (CAP4)
250 L/s at Building 4	213.76 kPa (CAP6)
250 L/s at Building 6	210.62 kPa (CAP6)

Table 7.4: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results - Peak Hour Demand

Operating Condition	Maximum Pressure	Minimum Pressure
3.489 L/s through system	500.31 kPa (T2)	489.13 kPa (CAP6)

The hydraulic modeling summarized above highlights the maximum and minimum system pressures during Peak Hour conditions, and the minimum system pressures during the Maximum Day + Fire condition. Since the Maximum Day + Fire Flow pressures are above the minimum 140 kPa, and the Peak Hour Pressures onsite fall within the normal operating pressure range (345 kPa to 552 kPa) we conclude the proposed water design will adequately service the development.

Table 7.5: Summary of Hydraulic Model Results – Maximum Pressure Check

Operating Condition	Maximum Pressure	Minimum Pressure
0.634 L/s through system	560.15 kPa (CAP5, CAP6)	531.70 kPa (B6)

The average day pressures at CAP1 through CAP4 are below or equal to 552 kPa. Average day pressures at CAP5 and CAP6 are slightly above 552 kPa and are both at 560.15 kPa. Since the average day pressures are modelled within the watermain and not the services to the units, lower pressures will be encountered at the upper levels. Pressures at the first floor were modelled at Buildings 4 and 5 (nodes B4 and B5) adjacent to CAP5 and CAP6. The average day pressures within the units at both B4 and B6 are below 552 KPa. We conclude that pressure reducing valves are not necessary to reduce the modelled pressures below 552 kPa within the watermain as the modelled average day pressures within the services to the units are within the required range.

7.3 Offsite Requirements

As specified in the Fernbank Master Servicing Study [3], additional firm pumping capacity at the Glen Cairn Pumping Station and one of the Zone 2W pumping stations is required to meet additional demands associated with the Fernbank Community. The timing of these upgrades is related to the overall rate of growth in the entire Zone 3W (Kanata and Stittsville area). Growth within the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision plays only a small part in determining when these upgrades are required; the City of Ottawa will determine when these water supply upgrades occur. No direct costs associated with the offsite upgrades are attributable to the developer.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The report conclusions are as follows:

- 1) The servicing design generally conforms to the conclusions and recommendations outlined in the Fernbank Master Servicing Study and the Fernbank Environmental Management Plan both of which were approved by Council on June 24, 2009.
- 2) There is adequate capacity in the offsite infrastructure (sanitary, storm and water) to service Block 135, with note to the following:
 - a) Pond 6 is operational, and provides both quality and quantity control of stormwater runoff;
 - b) The water distribution network can adequately provide both domestic and fire suppression needs;
 - c) The Glen Carin Pumping Station (water distribution) will be upgraded by the City of Ottawa as-and-when required based on overall growth rates within the entire Zone 3W Area;
 - d) Wastewater is routed east through the Fernbank Crossing Subdivision and the Blackstone Lands to the Fernbank Trunk, directing flow to the Hazeldean Pump Station.
- 3) The proposed infrastructure (sanitary, storm and water) complies with City of Ottawa design standards.

This report is respectfully submitted for review and approval. Please contact the undersigned should you have questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH

Prepared By:



Lucas Wilson, P.Eng.
Project Coordinator

Prepared By:



Kallie Auld, P.Eng.
Project Coordinator | Water Resources

References

1. “Fernbank Crossing Servicing Design Brief – Phase 3, Novatech [July 13, 2015]
2. “Fernbank Community Design Plan, Walker, Nott, Dragicevic Associates Ltd. [June 24, 2009]
3. “Fernbank Master Servicing Study”, Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd. [June 24, 2009]
4. “Fernbank Environmental Management Plan”, Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd. [June 24, 2009]
5. “Geotechnical Investigation Fernbank Crossing Residential Subdivision Block 135, Ottawa, Ontario” Gemtec. [Report No. 64153.74, March 20, 2019]
6. “Transportation Master Plan”, City of Ottawa [November 2013]
7. “Fernbank Transportation Master Plan”, Delcan [June 24, 2009]
8. “Sewer Design Guidelines”, Department of Public Works and Services, City of Ottawa [October 2012]
9. “Standard Tender Documents, Material Specifications and Standard Detail Drawings” City of Ottawa, Department of Infrastructure Services and Community Sustainability [March, 2014]
10. “Abbott-Fernbank Holdings Inc. Fernbank Crossing – Phase 3 Stormwater Management Report”, Novatech [July 13, 2015]

APPENDIX A: Design Sheets

Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Rational Method)

Sanitary Sewer Design Sheets

Watermain Boundary Conditions and Correspondence

Watermain Modelling

Fire Flow Calculations

Figure 6: Watermain Plan - Overview

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135)- Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Traditional Rational Method)

LOCATION			AREA									FLOW						Total Peak Flow (Q) (L/s)	PROPOSED SEWER								
Location	From node	To node	Park N' Ride Paramedic Post Medium Block	Hard Surface	Soft Surface	Singles Front Yards	Singles Rear Yard	Towns Front Yard	Towns Rear Yard	Total Area	Weighted Runoff Coefficient	Indivi 2.78 AR	Accum 2.78 AR	Time of Concentration	Rain Intensity (mm/hr)		Peak Flow		Pipe Type	Size (mm)	Grade (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (l/s)	Full Flow Velocity (m/s)	Time of Flow (min.)	Q/Qfull (%)	d/D
															5yr	10yr											
			0.80	0.90	0.30	0.65	0.55	0.70	0.60	(ha)									Type	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(l/s)	(m/s)	(min.)	(%)	
Phase 3																											
643	389	387				0.46				0.46	0.65	0.83	0.83	10.00	104.2		86.6	86.6	PVC	450	0.19	123.5	129.6	0.79	2.61	66.8%	0.666
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
645	505	509						0.24		0.24	0.70	0.47	0.47	10.00	104.2		48.7	48.7	PVC	375	0.30	69.5	100.2	0.88	1.32	48.6%	0.552
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
644	507	509						0.17		0.17	0.70	0.33	0.33	10.00	104.2		34.5	34.5	PVC	300	0.40	30.5	63.8	0.87	0.58	54.0%	0.590
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
	509	CBMH15								0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	11.32	97.7		78.0	78.0	PVC	450	0.20	46.1	133.0	0.81	0.95	58.6%	0.616
										0.00		0.00	0.00	11.32			0.0										
633	CAP	CBMH15	1.78							1.78	0.80	3.96	3.96	10.00	104.2		412.5	412.5	CONC	750	0.30	5.5	636.1	1.39	0.07	64.8%	0.653
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
658, 659, 730, 739	CBMH15	387					0.18		0.45	0.63	0.59	1.03	5.78	12.27	93.6		541.1	541.1	CONC	900	0.20	44.3	844.6	1.29	0.57	64.1%	0.653
										0.00		0.00	0.00	12.27			0.0										
642	387	385				0.43				0.43	0.65	0.78	7.39	12.84	91.3		674.4	674.4	CONC	900	0.20	51.8	844.6	1.29	0.67	79.8%	0.748
										0.00		0.00	0.00	12.84			0.0										
	385	383								0.00	0.00	0.00	7.39	13.51	88.7		655.5	655.5	CONC	900	0.20	10.9	844.6	1.29	0.14	77.6%	0.735
										0.00		0.00	0.00	13.51			0.0										
634	383	419							0.14	0.14	0.60	0.23	7.62	13.65	88.2		672.3	672.3	CONC	900	0.25	9.3	944.3	1.44	0.11	71.2%	0.697
										0.00		0.00	0.00	13.65			0.0										
641	419	381						0.39	0.13	0.52	0.68	0.98	8.60	13.76	87.8		755.0	755.0	CONC	900	0.25	66.9	944.3	1.44	0.78	79.9%	0.748
										0.00		0.00	0.00	13.76			0.0										
666	359	381				0.35				0.35	0.65	0.63	0.63	10.00	104.2		65.9	65.9	PVC	375	0.25	93.3	91.5	0.80	1.94	72.1%	0.704
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
639	381	379								0.00	0.00	0.00	9.23	14.54	85.1		785.5	785.5	CONC	975	0.24	25.9	1145.4	1.49	0.29	68.6%	0.678
										0.00		0.00	0.00	14.54			0.0										
627	379A	379	1.09							1.09	0.80	2.42	2.42	10.00	104.2		252.6	252.6	CONC	600	0.25	7.5	320.3	1.10	0.11	78.9%	0.742
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
667	379	377						0.35		0.35	0.70	0.68	12.34	14.83	84.1		1037.9	1037.9	CONC	1050	0.25	55.3	1424.4	1.59	0.58	72.9%	0.704
										0.00		0.00	0.00	14.83			0.0										
625, 638, 630	423	377						0.16	0.18	0.34	0.65	0.61	0.61	10.00	104.2		63.7	63.7	PVC	300	1.00	40.0	100.9	1.38	0.48	63.2%	0.647
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00			0.0										
673	377	375						0.28		0.28	0.70	0.54	13.49	15.41	82.3		1110.2	1110.2	CONC	1200	0.17	80.1	1677.0	1.44	0.93	66.2%	0.666
										0.00		0.00	0.00	15.41			0.0										



Fernbank Crossing (Block 135)- Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Traditional Rational Method)

LOCATION			AREA									FLOW						Total Peak Flow (Q) (L/s)	PROPOSED SEWER										
Location	From node	To node	Park N' Ride Paramedic Post Medium Block	Hard Surface	Soft Surface	Singles Front Yards	Singles Rear Yard	Towns Front Yard	Towns Rear Yard	Total Area	Weighted Runoff Coefficient	Indivi 2.78 AR	Accum 2.78 AR	Time of Concentration	Rain Intensity (mm/hr)		Peak Flow		Pipe	Size	Grade	Length	Capacity	Full Flow Velocity	Time of Flow	Q/Qfull	d/D		
															5yr	10yr													
			0.80	0.90	0.30	0.65	0.55	0.70	0.60	(ha)								Type	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(l/s)	(m/s)	(min.)	(%)				
Block 135 (South Outlet)																													
6	15	13		0.10	0.05					0.15	0.70	0.29	0.29	10.00	104.2		30.4	30.4	PVC	300	0.50	33.4	71.3	0.98	0.57	42.6%	0.512		
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0													
	13	11								0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	10.57	101.3		29.6	29.6	PVC	375	0.30	9.9	100.2	0.88	0.19	29.5%	0.419		
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.57		0.0													
5	11	9		0.13	0.04					0.17	0.76	0.36	0.65	10.76	100.4		65.3	65.3	PVC	375	0.85	25.8	168.6	1.48	0.29	38.7%	0.485		
										0.00		0.00	0.00	10.76		0.0													
4	9	375		0.22	0.09					0.31	0.73	0.63	1.28	11.05	99.0		126.3	126.3	PVC	450	0.20	48.3	133.0	0.81	0.99	94.9%	0.853		
										0.00		0.00	0.00	11.05		0.0													
674, 629	375	373						0.30	0.16	0.46	0.67	0.85	15.62	16.33	79.5		1241.5	1241.5	CONC	1200	0.18	110.5	1725.6	1.48	1.25	71.9%	0.697		
										0.00		0.00	0.00	16.33		0.0													
Block 135 (North Outlet)																													
3	7	5		0.19	0.07					0.26	0.74	0.53	0.53	10.00	104.2		55.6	55.6	PVC	375	0.30	33.0	100.2	0.88	0.63	55.5%	0.597		
										0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0													
	5	1								0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	10.63	101.0		53.9	53.9	PVC	450	0.25	10.0	148.7	0.91	0.18	36.2%	0.471		
										0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.63		0.0													
1	3	1		0.09	0.04					0.13	0.70	0.25	0.25	10.00	104.2		26.2	26.2	PVC	375	0.50	32.2	129.3	1.13	0.47	20.3%	0.345		
										0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.00		0.0													
2	1	373		0.16	0.06					0.22	0.74	0.45	1.24	10.81	100.1		123.7	123.7	CONC	600	0.21	43.2	293.5	1.01	0.72	42.1%	0.512		
										0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.81		0.0													
723, 628	373	363						0.31	0.06	0.37	0.68	0.70	17.56	17.58	76.1		1335.5	1335.5	CONC	1350	0.20	58.9	2490.2	1.69	0.58	53.6%	0.584		
										0.00		0.00	0.00	17.58		0.0													
Q = 2.78 AIR			WHERE :									Q = (1/n) A R(2/3)So(1/2)			WHERE :			Q = CAPACITY (L/s)			Project: Fernbank Crossing - Block 135 (117089)								
																		n = MANNING COEFFICIENT OF ROUGHNESS (0.013)			Designed: LRW								
																		A = FLOW AREA (m2)			Checked: MAB								
																					Date: June 7 2019								



Fernbank Crossing, Block 135 - Sanitary Sewer Design Sheet

AREA			RESIDENTIAL					INFILTRATION			Total Flow (l/s)	PIPE								
ID	From	To	Townships					Total Area (ha)	Accum. Area (ha)	Infil. Flow (l/s)		Size (mm)	Slope (%)	Length (m)	Capacity (l/s)	Full Flow Vel. (m/s)	Actual Vel. (m/s)	Q/Q _{full} (%)	d/D	
			Units	Pop.	Accum. Pop.	Peak Factor	Peak Flow (l/s)													
North Outlet																				
	14	12	10	27.0	27.0	4.0	0.4	0.19	0.19	0.1	0.5	200	0.75	38.0	29.6	0.91	0.28	1.7%	0.077	
	12	8	0	0.0	27.0	4.0	0.4	0.06	0.25	0.1	0.5	200	1.50	42.7	41.9	1.29	0.37	1.2%	0.077	
	10	8	10	27.0	27.0	4.0	0.4	0.16	0.16	0.0	0.5	200	1.50	38.0	41.9	1.29	0.37	1.2%	0.077	
	8	2	1	2.7	56.7	4.0	0.9	0.01	0.42	0.1	1.0	200	1.50	9.9	41.9	1.29	0.47	2.5%	0.108	
	6	4	6	16.2	16.2	4.0	0.3	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.3	200	0.75	42.9	29.6	0.91	0.24	1.0%	0.077	
	4	2	0	0.0	16.2	4.0	0.3	0.02	0.14	0.0	0.3	200	1.50	36.5	41.9	1.29	0.31	0.7%	0.077	
	2	754	0	0.0	72.9	4.0	1.2	0.04	0.60	0.2	1.3	200	0.32	43.7	19.4	0.60	0.29	7.0%	0.187	
South Outlet																				
	20	18	11	29.7	29.7	4.0	0.5	0.20	0.20	0.1	0.5	200	0.75	41.8	29.6	0.91	0.30	1.8%	0.077	
	18	16	0	0.0	29.7	4.0	0.5	0.02	0.22	0.1	0.5	200	1.50	19.0	41.9	1.29	0.37	1.3%	0.077	
	24	22	11	29.7	29.7	4.0	0.5	0.18	0.18	0.1	0.5	200	0.75	42.3	29.6	0.91	0.30	1.8%	0.077	
	30	28	7	18.9	18.9	4.0	0.3	0.14	0.14	0.0	0.3	200	0.75	50.9	29.6	0.91	0.26	1.2%	0.077	
	28	26	0	0.0	18.9	4.0	0.3	0.02	0.16	0.0	0.4	200	0.50	37.6	24.2	0.75	0.23	1.5%	0.077	
	26	22	2	5.4	24.3	4.0	0.4	0.02	0.18	0.1	0.4	200	0.75	9.3	29.6	0.91	0.28	1.5%	0.077	
	22	16	0	0.0	54.0	4.0	0.9	0.03	0.39	0.1	1.0	200	1.60	22.6	43.3	1.33	0.46	2.3%	0.108	
	16	756	0	0.0	83.7	4.0	1.4	0.04	0.65	0.2	1.5	200	0.32	48.5	19.4	0.60	0.30	7.9%	0.202	
Design Parameters:																				
Avg Flow/Person =			350	l/day				Population Density:						Project: Block 135 (117089)						
Comm./Inst. Flow =			35000	l/ha/day				ppl/unit			units/net ha			Designed: LRW						
Infiltration =			0.28	l/s/ha				Apartment			1.80			Checked: MAB						
Pipe Friction n =			0.013					Singles			3.40			Date: June 7, 2019						
Residential Peaking Factor =			Harmon Equation (max 4, min 2)																	



Lucas Wilson

From: Surprenant, Eric <Eric.Surprenant@ottawa.ca>
Sent: Friday, February 27, 2015 2:05 PM
To: Lucas Wilson
Cc: Mark Bissett
Subject: RE: D07-16-09-0034 - Phase 3
Attachments: Boundary Conditions at Fernbank-Abbott.docx

Lucas,

Please see my responses below.

Thanks

Eric S.

From: Lucas Wilson [mailto:l.wilson@novatech-eng.com]
Sent: February 25, 2015 11:27 AM
To: Surprenant, Eric
Cc: Mark Bissett
Subject: RE: D07-16-09-0034 - Phase 3

Eric – I had a couple questions regarding the comments for Fernbank Crossing – Phase 3.

- 1) Comment #4 was asking for a table showing the HGL plus freeboard vs USF. Are you looking for a complete table of all USF's or is it possible to show an HGL plus Freeboard profile in Profile drawings?
As long as it is clear and easy to reference on the profile drawings as it relates to HGL + freeboard and USF's, that will be acceptable.
- 2) Comment #70 requested sidewalks along Haliburton and Slapshot adjacent the park lands, are both sidewalks required or is the switch along Haliburton adequate?
Both streets require sidewalks, however the choice between a) and b) is available along Haliburton.

I'm also wondering on the status of the boundary conditions for the hydraulic analysis.

Thanks,
Lucas Wilson | EIT, B.Eng.

NOVATECH

Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects | 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Ottawa, ON K2M 1P6

Office 613.254.9643 x282 | **Fax** 613.254.5867 | **Email** l.wilson@novatech-eng.com

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

From: Lucas Wilson
Sent: February-24-15 1:02 PM
To: eric.surprenant@ottawa.ca
Cc: Mark Bissett
Subject: D07-16-09-0034 - Phase 3, Revised Boundary Conditions

Eric – As per our phone conversation, please find attached Water Demand for Fernbank Crossing and locations 1 & 2 for Boundary Conditions.

If you need any further information do not hesitate to contact me.

Thanks,

Lucas Wilson | EIT, B.Eng.

NOVATECH

Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects | 200-240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Ottawa, ON K2M 1P6

Office 613.254.9643 x282 | **Fax** 613.254.5867 | **Email** l.wilson@novatech-eng.com

The information contained in this email message is confidential and is for exclusive use of the addressee.

This e-mail originates from the City of Ottawa e-mail system. Any distribution, use or copying of this e-mail or the information it contains by other than the intended recipient(s) is unauthorized. Thank you.

Le présent courriel a été expédié par le système de courriels de la Ville d'Ottawa. Toute distribution, utilisation ou reproduction du courriel ou des renseignements qui s'y trouvent par une personne autre que son destinataire prévu est interdite. Je vous remercie de votre collaboration.

Date of Boundary Conditions: 2019-Mar-18

Scenario	Demand	
	L/min	L/s
Average Daily Demand	38.0	0.6
Maximum Daily Demand	95.2	1.6
Peak Hour	209.3	3.5
Fire Flow #1 Demand	15,000	250.0

Location:



BOUNDARY CONDITIONS



Results:

Connection #: 1

Demand Scenario	Head (m)	Pressure ¹ (psi)
Maximum HGL	161.3	84.9
Peak Hour	157.3	79.1
Max Day Plus Fire (15,000) L/min	155.3	76.4

¹Elevation: **94.640 m**

Notes:

1) As per the Ontario Building Code in areas that may be occupied, the static pressure at any fixture shall not exceed 552 kPa (80 psi.) Pressure control measures to be considered are as follows, in order of preference:

- If possible, systems to be designed to residual pressures of 345 to 552 kPa (50 to 80 psi) in all occupied areas outside of the public right-of-way without special pressure control equipment.
- Pressure reducing valves to be installed immediately downstream of the isolation valve in the home/ building, located downstream of the meter so it is owner maintained.

2) **City of Ottawa requires two connections to this subdivision from two different mains in order to provide uninterrupted water service to the subdivision in the event of required maintenance to one of the mains.**

3) Click or tap here to enter text.

Disclaimer

The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation. Fire Flow analysis is a reflection of available flow in the watermain; there may be additional restrictions that occur between the watermain and the hydrant that the model cannot take into account.

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135 Water Demand						
	Area (ha)	Units	Population	Average Day Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Demand (L/s)
Towns	N/A	58	157	0.634	1.586	3.489
Total	0.00	58	157	0.634	1.586	3.489

Water Demand Parameters

Towns	2.7	ppl/unit
Residential Demand	350	L/c/day
Residential Max Day	2.5	x Avg Day
Residential Peak Hour	2.2	x Max Day
Residential Fire Flow	200 - 250	L/s

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Demand

Node	Towns	Total Population	Average Day Residential Demand (L/s)	Maximum Day Residential Demand (L/s)	Peak Hour Residential Demand (L/s)
HYD1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
HYD2	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
HYD3	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
HYD4	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
CAP1	6	16	0.066	0.164	0.361
CAP2	11	30	0.120	0.301	0.662
CAP3	10	27	0.109	0.273	0.602
CAP4	11	30	0.120	0.301	0.662
CAP5	13	35	0.142	0.355	0.782
CAP6	7	19	0.077	0.191	0.421
T1	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
T2	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
T3	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
T4	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
T5	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total	58	157	0.634	1.586	3.489

Water Demand Parameters

Singles	3.4	ppl/unit	Residential Max Day	2.5	x Avg Day
Towns	2.7	ppl/unit	Residential Peak Hour	2.2	x Max Day
Residential Demand	350	L/c/day	Residential Fire Flow	200 - 250	L/s

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes - (Peak Hour)

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	104.82	0	155.68	50.86	498.94	72.36
Junc HYD2	104.66	0	155.62	50.96	499.92	72.51
Junc HYD3	104.77	0	155.6	50.83	498.64	72.32
Junc HYD4	105.28	0	155.57	50.29	493.34	71.55
Junc CAP1	105.15	0.36	155.68	50.53	495.70	71.90
Junc CAP2	105.03	0.66	155.62	50.59	496.29	71.98
Junc CAP3	104.92	0.6	155.61	50.69	497.27	72.12
Junc CAP4	105.07	0.66	155.6	50.53	495.70	71.90
Junc CAP5	105.24	0.78	155.6	50.36	494.03	71.65
Junc CAP6	105.71	0.42	155.57	49.86	489.13	70.94
Junc T1	104.65	0	155.62	50.97	500.02	72.52
Junc T2	104.61	0	155.61	51	500.31	72.56
Junc T3	104.75	0	155.6	50.85	498.84	72.35
Junc T4	104.76	0	155.6	50.84	498.74	72.34
Junc T5	105.32	0	155.57	50.25	492.95	71.50
Junc T6	104.85	0	155.68	50.83	498.64	72.32
Resvr RES1	157.3	-84.52	157.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links - (Peak Hour)

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	17	204	110	0.36	0.01	0.00	0.054
Pipe P2	30	155	100	0.36	0.02	0.01	0.064
Pipe P3	56	204	110	5.57	0.17	0.27	0.038
Pipe P4	42	155	100	0.66	0.04	0.02	0.059
Pipe P5	8	204	110	4.91	0.15	0.22	0.038
Pipe P6	33	204	110	4.91	0.15	0.22	0.038
Pipe P7	41	155	100	0.60	0.03	0.02	0.060
Pipe P8	35	204	110	4.31	0.13	0.17	0.039
Pipe P9	3	204	110	4.31	0.13	0.17	0.039
Pipe P10	44	155	100	0.66	0.04	0.02	0.059
Pipe P11	25	204	110	3.65	0.11	0.12	0.040
Pipe P12	49	204	110	2.87	0.09	0.08	0.041
Pipe P13	61	155	100	0.78	0.04	0.03	0.058
Pipe P14	25	204	110	-0.42	0.01	0.00	0.054
Pipe P15	38	155	100	0.42	0.02	0.01	0.064

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes - (Max Pressure Check)

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	104.82	0	161.21	56.39	553.19	80.23
Junc HYD2	104.66	0	161.21	56.55	554.76	80.46
Junc HYD3	104.77	0	161.21	56.44	553.68	80.30
Junc HYD4	105.28	0	161.21	55.93	548.67	79.58
Junc B4	106.5	0.01	161.2	54.7	536.61	77.83
Junc B6	107	0.01	161.2	54.2	531.70	77.12
Junc CAP1	105.15	0.07	161.21	56.06	549.95	79.76
Junc CAP2	105.03	0.12	161.21	56.18	551.13	79.93
Junc CAP3	104.92	0.11	161.21	56.29	552.20	80.09
Junc CAP4	105.07	0.12	161.21	56.14	550.73	79.88
Junc CAP5	105.24	0.13	161.21	55.97	560.15	81.24
Junc CAP6	105.71	0.07	161.21	55.5	560.15	81.24
Junc T1	104.65	0	161.21	56.56	554.85	80.47
Junc T2	104.61	0	161.21	56.6	555.25	80.53
Junc T3	104.75	0	161.21	56.46	553.87	80.33
Junc T4	104.76	0	161.21	56.45	553.77	80.32
Junc T5	105.32	0	161.21	55.89	559.07	81.09
Junc T6	104.85	0	161.21	56.36	552.89	80.19
Resvr RES1	161.3	-17.45	161.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links - (Max Pressure Check)

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	17	204	110	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.000
Pipe P2	30	155	100	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.000
Pipe P3	56	204	110	1.13	0.03	0.01	0.048
Pipe P4	42	155	100	0.12	0.01	0.00	0.067
Pipe P5	8	204	110	1.01	0.03	0.01	0.049
Pipe P6	33	204	110	1.01	0.03	0.01	0.047
Pipe P7	41	155	100	0.11	0.01	0.00	0.083
Pipe P8	35	204	110	0.90	0.03	0.01	0.050
Pipe P9	3	204	110	0.90	0.03	0.01	0.033
Pipe P10	44	155	100	0.12	0.01	0.00	0.095
Pipe P11	25	204	110	0.78	0.02	0.01	0.052
Pipe P12	49	204	110	0.63	0.02	0.00	0.054
Pipe P13	61	155	100	0.15	0.01	0.00	0.071
Pipe P14	25	204	110	-0.09	0.00	0.00	0.000
Pipe P15	38	155	100	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.137
Pipe P16	16	19	100	-0.01	0.04	0.33	0.083
Pipe P17	16	19	100	-0.01	0.04	0.33	0.083

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes - (Fire Flow Summary)

Fire Flow		Minimum Pressure		
LOCATION	Flow (L/s)	Pressure (kPa)	Pressure (PSI)	Node
B1	250	230.54	33.44	CAP1
B3	233	240.15	34.83	CAP4
B4	250	213.76	31.00	CAP6
B6	250	210.62	30.55	CAP6

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 1')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	104.82	95	128.65	23.83	233.77	33.91
Junc HYD2	104.66	95	130.47	25.81	253.20	36.72
Junc HYD3	104.77	0	131.08	26.31	258.10	37.43
Junc HYD4	105.28	0	131.83	26.55	260.46	37.78
Junc HYD36	104.46	60.14	131.9	27.44	269.19	39.04
Junc CAP1	105.15	0.16	128.65	23.5	230.54	33.44
Junc CAP2	105.03	0.3	130.63	25.6	251.14	36.42
Junc CAP3	104.92	0.27	130.77	25.85	253.59	36.78
Junc CAP4	105.07	0.3	131.11	26.04	255.45	37.05
Junc CAP5	105.24	0.35	131.34	26.1	256.04	37.14
Junc CAP6	105.71	0.19	131.83	26.12	256.24	37.16
Junc T1	104.65	0	130.63	25.98	254.86	36.96
Junc T2	104.61	0	130.77	26.16	256.63	37.22
Junc T3	104.75	0	131.11	26.36	258.59	37.51
Junc T4	104.76	0	131.34	26.58	260.75	37.82
Junc T5	105.32	0	131.83	26.51	260.06	37.72
Junc T6	104.85	0	129.52	24.67	242.01	35.10
Resvr RES1	155.3	-289.2	155.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 1')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	17	204	110	-95.16	2.91	52.27	0.025
Pipe P2	30	155	100	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.076
Pipe P3	56	204	110	58.65	1.79	21.33	0.027
Pipe P4	42	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.067
Pipe P5	8	204	110	58.34	1.79	21.12	0.027
Pipe P6	33	204	110	-36.66	1.12	8.93	0.028
Pipe P7	41	155	100	0.27	0.01	0.00	0.066
Pipe P8	35	204	110	36.93	1.13	9.06	0.028
Pipe P9	3	204	110	36.93	1.13	9.05	0.028
Pipe P10	44	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.066
Pipe P11	25	204	110	37.23	1.14	9.19	0.028
Pipe P12	49	204	110	37.58	1.15	9.36	0.028
Pipe P13	61	155	100	0.35	0.02	0.01	0.065
Pipe P14	25	204	110	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.087
Pipe P15	95	155	100	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.070

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 3')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	104.82	0	135.13	30.31	297.34	43.13
Junc HYD2	104.66	95	129.46	24.8	243.29	35.29
Junc HYD3	104.77	95	129.41	24.64	241.72	35.06
Junc HYD4	105.28	0	132.84	27.56	270.36	39.21
Junc HYD38	104.54	43.11	132.35	27.81	272.82	39.57
Junc CAP1	105.15	0.16	135.13	29.98	294.10	42.66
Junc CAP2	105.03	0.3	129.95	24.92	244.47	35.46
Junc CAP3	104.92	0.27	129.43	24.51	240.44	34.87
Junc CAP4	105.07	0.3	129.55	24.48	240.15	34.83
Junc CAP5	105.24	0.35	130.62	25.38	248.98	36.11
Junc CAP6	105.71	0.19	132.84	27.13	266.15	38.60
Junc T1	104.65	0	129.95	25.3	248.19	36.00
Junc T2	104.61	0	129.43	24.82	243.48	35.31
Junc T3	104.75	0	129.55	24.8	243.29	35.29
Junc T4	104.76	0	130.63	25.87	253.78	36.81
Junc T5	105.32	0	132.84	27.52	269.97	39.16
Junc T6	104.85	0	135.13	30.28	297.05	43.08
Resvr RES1	155.3	-272.2	155.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 3')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	17	204	110	-0.16	0.01	0.00	0.089
Pipe P2	30	155	100	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.063
Pipe P3	56	204	110	105.03	3.21	62.76	0.024
Pipe P4	42	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.067
Pipe P5	8	204	110	104.73	3.20	62.42	0.024
Pipe P6	33	204	110	9.73	0.30	0.77	0.035
Pipe P7	41	155	100	0.27	0.01	0.00	0.069
Pipe P8	35	204	110	-9.46	0.29	0.73	0.035
Pipe P9	3	204	110	85.54	2.62	42.91	0.025
Pipe P10	44	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.066
Pipe P11	25	204	110	85.84	2.63	43.19	0.025
Pipe P12	49	204	110	86.20	2.64	43.52	0.025
Pipe P13	61	155	100	0.35	0.02	0.01	0.065
Pipe P14	25	204	110	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.087
Pipe P15	95	155	100	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.070

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 4')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	104.82	0	132.74	27.92	273.90	39.73
Junc HYD2	104.66	0	129.71	25.05	245.74	35.64
Junc HYD3	104.77	95	128.44	23.67	232.20	33.68
Junc HYD4	105.28	95	127.5	22.22	217.98	31.62
Junc HYD38	104.54	60.11	128.5	23.96	235.05	34.09
Junc CAP1	105.15	0.16	132.74	27.59	270.66	39.26
Junc CAP2	105.03	0.3	129.86	24.83	243.58	35.33
Junc CAP3	104.92	0.27	129.09	24.17	237.11	34.39
Junc CAP4	105.07	0.3	128.48	23.41	229.65	33.31
Junc CAP5	105.24	0.35	128.75	23.51	230.63	33.45
Junc CAP6	105.71	0.19	127.5	21.79	213.76	31.00
Junc T1	104.65	0	129.86	25.21	247.31	35.87
Junc T2	104.61	0	129.09	24.48	240.15	34.83
Junc T3	104.75	0	128.48	23.73	232.79	33.76
Junc T4	104.76	0	128.75	23.99	235.34	34.13
Junc T5	105.32	0	128.81	23.49	230.44	33.42
Junc T6	104.85	0	132.74	27.89	273.60	39.68
Resvr RES1	155.3	-289.2	155.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 4')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	17	204	110	-0.16	0.01	0.00	0.089
Pipe P2	30	155	100	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.063
Pipe P3	56	204	110	54.99	1.68	18.93	0.027
Pipe P4	42	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.067
Pipe P5	8	204	110	54.69	1.67	18.74	0.027
Pipe P6	33	204	110	54.69	1.67	18.74	0.027
Pipe P7	41	155	100	0.27	0.01	0.00	0.066
Pipe P8	35	204	110	-54.42	1.66	18.57	0.027
Pipe P9	3	204	110	40.58	1.24	10.78	0.028
Pipe P10	44	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.066
Pipe P11	25	204	110	40.88	1.25	10.93	0.028
Pipe P12	49	204	110	41.24	1.26	11.11	0.028
Pipe P13	61	155	100	0.35	0.02	0.01	0.065
Pipe P14	25	204	110	95.19	2.91	52.30	0.025
Pipe P15	95	155	100	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.073

Fernbank Crossing (Block 135) - Watermain Analysis

Network Table - Nodes (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 6')

Node ID	Elevation m	Demand LPS	Head m	Pressure m	Pressure kPa	Pressure psi
Junc HYD1	104.82	0	132.76	27.94	274.09	39.75
Junc HYD2	104.66	0	129.77	25.11	246.33	35.73
Junc HYD3	104.77	95	128.5	23.73	232.79	33.76
Junc HYD4	105.28	95	127.18	21.9	214.84	31.16
Junc HYD43	104.97	60	128.83	23.86	234.07	33.95
Junc CAP1	105.15	0.16	132.76	27.61	270.85	39.28
Junc CAP2	105.03	0.3	129.91	24.88	244.07	35.40
Junc CAP3	104.92	0.27	129.15	24.23	237.70	34.47
Junc CAP4	105.07	0.3	128.54	23.47	230.24	33.39
Junc CAP5	105.24	0.35	128.82	23.58	231.32	33.55
Junc CAP6	105.71	0.19	127.18	21.47	210.62	30.55
Junc T1	104.65	0	129.91	25.26	247.80	35.94
Junc T2	104.61	0	129.15	24.54	240.74	34.92
Junc T3	104.75	0	128.54	23.79	233.38	33.85
Junc T4	104.76	0	128.82	24.06	236.03	34.23
Junc T5	105.32	0	128.49	23.17	227.30	32.97
Junc T6	104.85	0	132.76	27.91	273.80	39.71
Resvr RES1	155.3	-289.2	155.3	0	0.00	0.00

Network Table - Links (Max Day + FF 'Bldg 6')

Link ID	Length m	Diameter mm	Roughness	Flow LPS	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Friction Factor
Pipe P1	17	204	110	-0.16	0.01	0.00	0.089
Pipe P2	30	155	100	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.076
Pipe P3	56	204	110	54.74	1.67	18.77	0.027
Pipe P4	42	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.067
Pipe P5	8	204	110	54.44	1.67	18.58	0.027
Pipe P6	33	204	110	54.44	1.67	18.58	0.027
Pipe P7	41	155	100	0.27	0.01	0.00	0.066
Pipe P8	35	204	110	-54.16	1.66	18.41	0.027
Pipe P9	3	204	110	40.84	1.25	10.91	0.028
Pipe P10	44	155	100	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.068
Pipe P11	25	204	110	41.14	1.26	11.06	0.028
Pipe P12	49	204	110	41.49	1.27	11.24	0.028
Pipe P13	61	155	100	0.35	0.02	0.01	0.065
Pipe P14	25	204	110	95.19	2.91	52.30	0.025
Pipe P15	95	155	100	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.070

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 117089

Project Name: Block 135

Date: 3/22/2019

Input By: Lucas Wilson

Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

Input by User

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Bldg 1)

Wood frame

Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material			Multiplier		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes	1.5	1.5	
		Ordinary construction		1		
		Non-combustible construction		0.8		
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6		
		Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)		0.6		
2	Floor Area					14,000
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	600			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)	1,800			
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				
$F = 220 C (A)^{0.5}$						
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge			Reduction/Surcharge		11,900
	(1)	Non-combustible		-25%	-15%	
		Limited combustible	Yes	-15%		
		Combustible		0%		
		Free burning		15%		
		Rapid burning		25%		
4	Sprinkler Reduction			Reduction		0
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%		
		Standard Water Supply		-10%		
		Fully Supervised System		-10%		
		Cumulative Total			0%	
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)			Surcharge		2,975
	(3)	North Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		East Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		South Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		West Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		Cumulative Total			25%	
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min			L/min	15,000
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)			L/s	250
					USGPM	3,963
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)			Hours	3
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			m ³	2700

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 117089

Project Name: Block 135

Date: 3/22/2019

Input By: Lucas Wilson

Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

Input by User

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Bldg 3)

Wood frame

Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material			Multiplier		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes	1.5	1.5	
		Ordinary construction		1		
		Non-combustible construction		0.8		
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6		
		Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)		0.6		
2	Floor Area					13,000
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	545			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)	1,635			
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				
F = 220 C (A)^{0.5}						
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge			Reduction/Surcharge		11,050
	(1)	Non-combustible		-25%	-15%	
		Limited combustible	Yes	-15%		
		Combustible		0%		
		Free burning		15%		
		Rapid burning		25%		
4	Sprinkler Reduction			Reduction		0
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%		
		Standard Water Supply		-10%		
		Fully Supervised System		-10%		
		Cumulative Total			0%	
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)			Surcharge		3,315
	(3)	North Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		East Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		South Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		West Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		Cumulative Total			30%	
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min			L/min	14,000
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)			L/s	233
					USGPM	3,699
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)			Hours	3
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			m ³	2520

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 117089

Project Name: Block 135

Date: 3/22/2019

Input By: Lucas Wilson

Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

Input by User

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Bldg 5 + 6)

Wood frame

Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material			Multiplier		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes	1.5	1.5	
		Ordinary construction		1		
		Non-combustible construction		0.8		
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6		
		Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)		0.6		
2	Floor Area					14,000
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	600			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)	1,800			
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				
$F = 220 C (A)^{0.5}$						
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge			Reduction/Surcharge		11,900
	(1)	Non-combustible		-25%	-15%	
		Limited combustible	Yes	-15%		
		Combustible		0%		
		Free burning		15%		
		Rapid burning		25%		
4	Sprinkler Reduction			Reduction		0
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%		
		Standard Water Supply		-10%		
		Fully Supervised System		-10%		
		Cumulative Total			0%	
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)			Surcharge		3,570
	(3)	North Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		East Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		South Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		West Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		Cumulative Total			30%	
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min			L/min	15,000
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)			L/s	250
					USGPM	3,963
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)			Hours	3
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			m ³	2700

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 117089

Project Name: Block 135

Date: 3/22/2019

Input By: Lucas Wilson

Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

Input by User

No Information or Input Required

Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Bldg 5)

Wood frame

Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material			Multiplier		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes	1.5	1.5	
		Ordinary construction		1		
		Non-combustible construction		0.8		
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6		
		Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)		0.6		
2	Floor Area					10,000
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	325			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)	975			
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				
$F = 220 C (A)^{0.5}$						
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge			Reduction/Surcharge		8,500
	(1)	Non-combustible		-25%	-15%	
		Limited combustible	Yes	-15%		
		Combustible		0%		
		Free burning		15%		
		Rapid burning		25%		
4	Sprinkler Reduction			Reduction		0
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%		
		Standard Water Supply		-10%		
		Fully Supervised System		-10%		
		Cumulative Total			0%	
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)			Surcharge		3,825
	(3)	North Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		East Side	0 - 3 m		25%	
		South Side	30.1- 45 m		5%	
		West Side	> 45.1m		0%	
		Cumulative Total			45%	
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min			L/min	12,000
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)			L/s	200
					USGPM	3,170
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)			Hours	2.5
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			m ³	1800

FUS - Fire Flow Calculations

As per 1999 Fire Underwriter's Survey Guidelines



Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects

Novatech Project #: 117089

Project Name: Block 135

Date: 3/22/2019

Input By: Lucas Wilson

Reviewed By: Project Manager

Legend

Input by User

No Information or Input Required

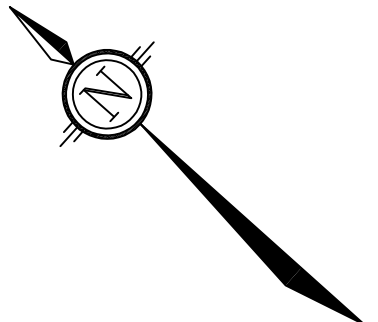
Building Description: Back-2-Back Towns (Bldg 6)

Wood frame

Step			Input		Value Used	Total Fire Flow (L/min)
Base Fire Flow						
1	Construction Material			Multiplier		
	Coefficient related to type of construction C	Wood frame	Yes	1.5	1.5	
		Ordinary construction		1		
		Non-combustible construction		0.8		
		Modified Fire resistive construction (2 hrs)		0.6		
		Fire resistive construction (> 3 hrs)		0.6		
2	Floor Area					12,000
	A	Building Footprint (m ²)	425			
		Number of Floors/Storeys	3			
		Area of structure considered (m ²)	1,275			
	F	Base fire flow without reductions				
F = 220 C (A)^{0.5}						
Reductions or Surcharges						
3	Occupancy hazard reduction or surcharge			Reduction/Surcharge		10,200
	(1)	Non-combustible		-25%	-15%	
		Limited combustible	Yes	-15%		
		Combustible		0%		
		Free burning		15%		
		Rapid burning		25%		
4	Sprinkler Reduction			Reduction		0
	(2)	Adequately Designed System (NFPA 13)		-30%		
		Standard Water Supply		-10%		
		Fully Supervised System		-10%		
		Cumulative Total			0%	
5	Exposure Surcharge (cumulative %)			Surcharge		5,100
	(3)	North Side	20.1 - 30 m		10%	
		East Side	10.1 - 20 m		15%	
		South Side	30.1 - 45 m		5%	
		West Side	3.1 - 10 m		20%	
		Cumulative Total			50%	
Results						
6	(1) + (2) + (3)	Total Required Fire Flow, rounded to nearest 1000L/min			L/min	15,000
		(2,000 L/min < Fire Flow < 45,000 L/min)			L/s	250
					USGPM	3,963
7	Storage Volume	Required Duration of Fire Flow (hours)			Hours	3
		Required Volume of Fire Flow (m ³)			m ³	2700

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
Max Day + FF of 250 L/s = 155.3m
Min HGL @ Peak Hour = 157.3m
Max Pressure Check HGL = 161.3m

- LEGEND:
- 200mmØ WATERMAIN (BLOCK 135)
 - 150mmØ WATERMAIN (BLOCK 135)
 - 150mmØ WATERMAIN (EXISTING)
 - 200mmØ WATERMAIN (EXISTING)
 - 300mmØ WATERMAIN (EXISTING)
 - 400mmØ WATERMAIN (EXISTING)
 - WATERMAIN (BY OTHERS)



NOVATECH
Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects
Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2M 1P6
Telephone (613) 254-9643
Facsimile (613) 254-5867
Website www.novatech-eng.com

CITY of OTTAWA
FERNBANK CROSSING - BLOCK 135

WATERMAIN PLAN - OVERVIEW

PROJECT NO.	117089
REV	REV # 1
DRAWING NO.	FIGURE 6

APPENDIX B

SWM Calculations

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Inlet Control Device Parameters

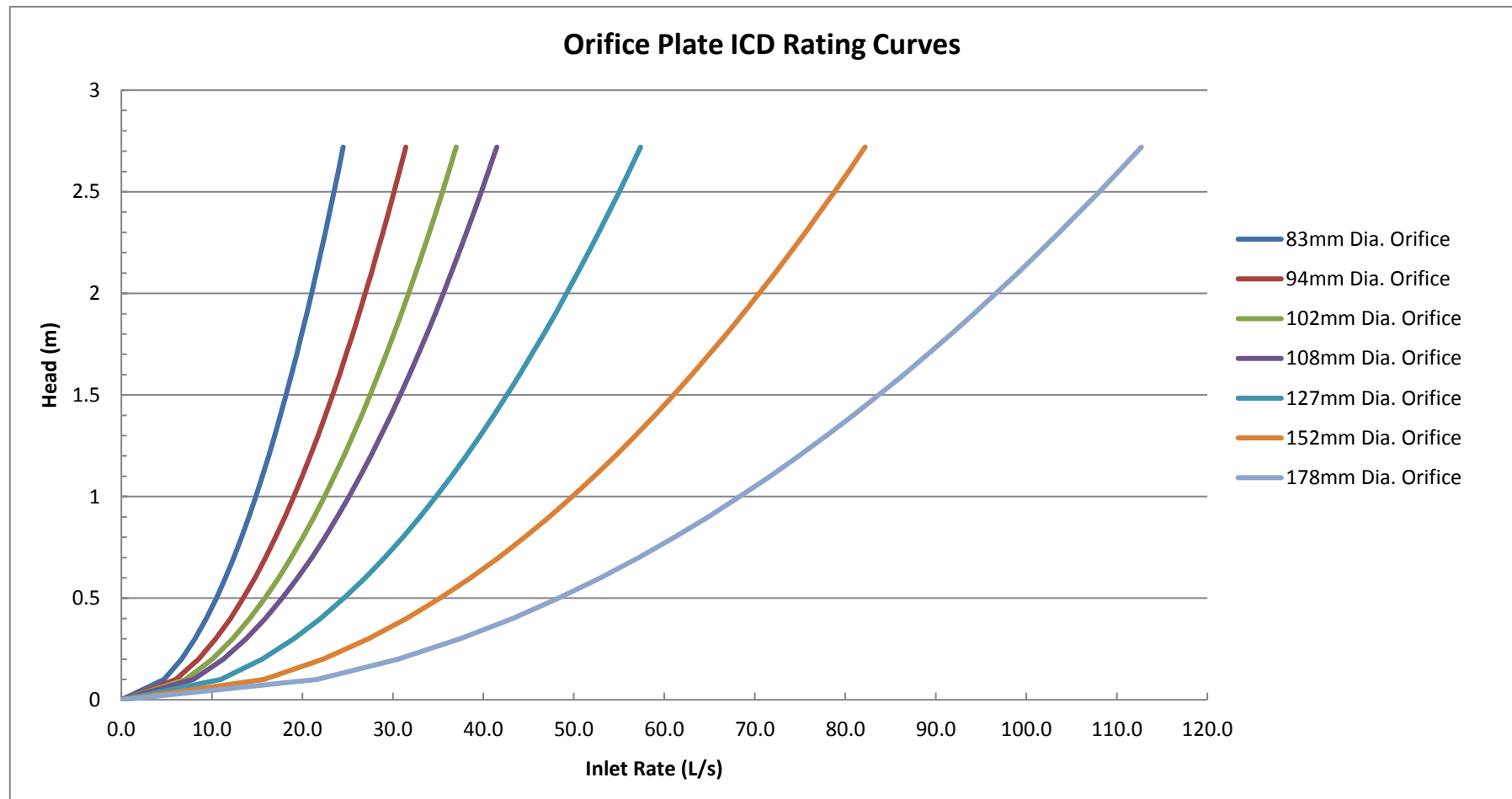
Structure	ICD Size & Inlet Rate				Approach Flow** (L/s)
	Diameter 1 (mm)	Max Head (m)	Calculated 5-yr Capture Rate (L/s)	5-yr Capture Rate** (L/s)	
CB50	108	1.35	29.19	28.80	30.05
CB51	152	1.32	57.34	50.56	51.18
CB52	83	1.36	17.32	13.44	14.64
CB53	152	1.32	57.34	44.88	45.32
CB54	83	1.36	17.32	8.44	9.01
CB55	178	1.31	78.25	78.47	79.76
CB56	152	1.32	57.34	22.45	41.11
CB57	127	1.34	40.22	32.38	33.14

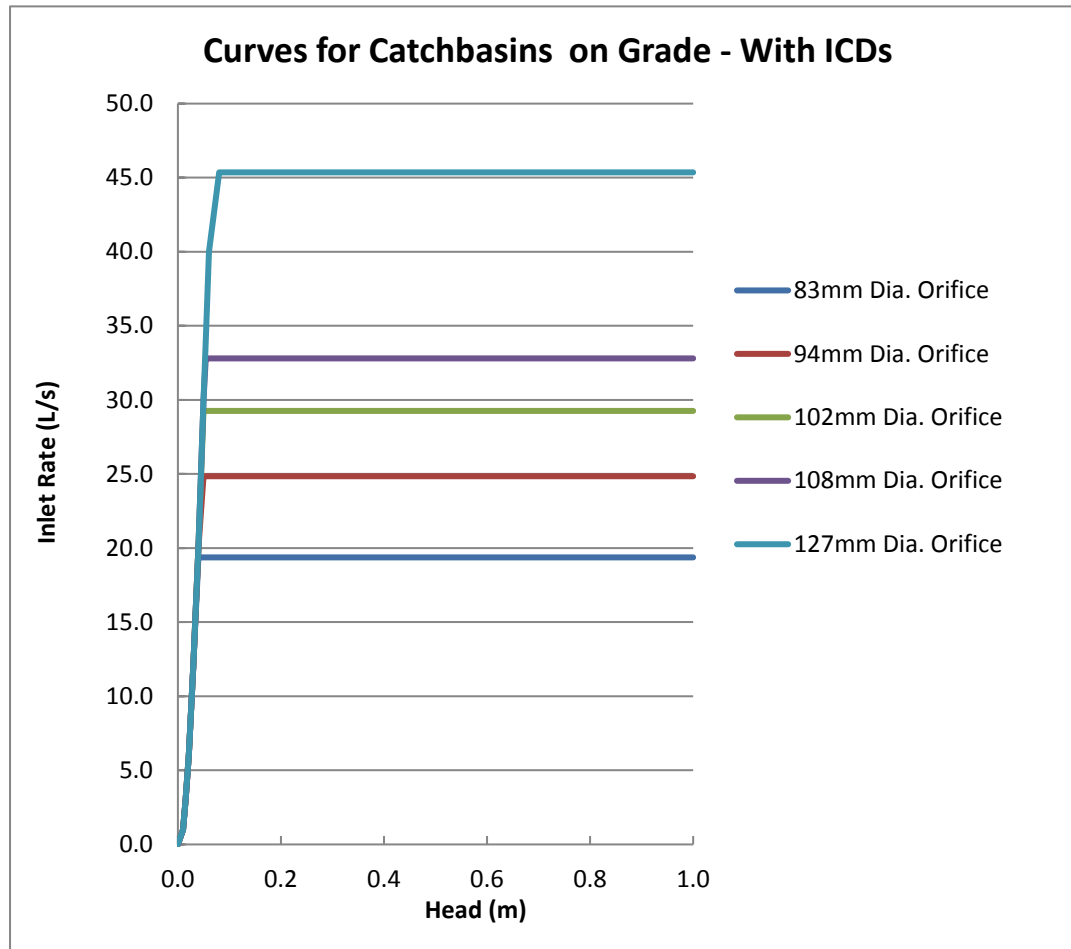
*Diameter 2 only specified where catchbasins are not interconnected

**From PCSWMM Model, 5-year 4-hour Chicago storm distribution

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

ICD Rating Curves





Curb Inlet Catchbasins on Continuous Grade

Depth vs. Captured Flow Curve

A standard depth vs. captured flow curve for catch basins on a continuous grade was provided to Novatech by City staff for use in a dual-drainage model of an existing residential neighbourhood. This standard curve was derived using the inlet curves in Appendix 7A of the Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines.

Novatech reviewed the methodology used to create this standard curve (described below) and determined that it was suitable for general use in other dual-drainage models.

- MTO Design Chart 4.04 provides the relationship between the gutter flow rate (Q_g) and flow spread (T) for Barrier Curb.
- MTO Design Chart 4.12 provides the relationship between flow spread (T) and flow depth (D).
- The relationship between the gutter flow rate (Q_g) and flow depth (D) was determined for different road slopes using the above charts and Manning's equation (refer to pages 58-60 of the MTO Drainage Management Manual – Part 2);
- The relationship between approach flow (Q_a) and captured flow (Q_c) was determined for different road slopes using the design chart for Barrier Curb with Gutter (Appendix 7-A.2).
- Using the above information, a family of curves was developed to characterize the relationship between flow depth and captured flow for curb inlet catchbasins on different road slopes. The results of this exercise can be summarized as follows:
 - For a given flow depth, the gutter flow rate (Q_g) increases as the road slope increases.
 - The capture efficiency (Q_c) of curb inlet catchbasins decrease as the road slope increases.
 - The net result is that the relationship between flow depth and capture rate is largely independent of road slope: While approach flow vs. captured flow (Q_a vs. Q_c) varies significantly with road grade, flow depth vs. captured flow (D vs. Q_c) does not.

Since there was very little difference in the flow depth vs. captured flow curves for different road slopes, this family of curves was averaged to create a single standard curve for use in dual-drainage models.

Inlet Control Devices

The standard depth vs. capture flow curve was modified to account for the installation of ICDs in curb inlet catchbasins on continuous grade. Separate inlet curves were created for each standard ICD orifice size by capping the inlet rate on the depth vs. capture flow curve at the maximum flow rate through the ICD at a head of 1.2m (depth from centerline of CB lead to top of CIB frame).

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135
HGL Elevations



Manhole ID	MH Invert Elevation (m)	T/G Elevation (m)	HGL Elevation - 100yr4hr (m)	HGL Elevation - 100yr4hr+20% (m)	Design USF (m)	Clearance (100yr) (m)	Clearance (100yr+20%) (m)
HGL - Block 135							
MH01	101.42	104.53	102.10	102.11	103.72	1.62	1.61
MH03	101.81	104.96	102.25	102.25	103.57	1.32	1.32
MH05	102.19	105.11	102.13	102.14	103.57	1.44	1.43
MH07	101.60	104.55	102.30	102.30	103.57	1.27	1.27
MH09	101.99	104.88	102.67	102.70	103.77	1.10	1.07
MH11	101.79	104.58	102.77	102.81	104.13	1.36	1.32
MH13	102.13	104.78	102.78	102.82	104.13	1.35	1.31
MH15	101.77	104.70	102.88	102.91	104.13	1.25	1.22
HGL - Phase 3							
343	98.71	103.09	100.62	100.76	101.36	0.74	0.60
345	101.15	104.26	101.47	101.47	102.24	0.77	0.77
347	98.78	103.46	101.08	101.24	101.68	0.60	0.44
349	100.46	104.47	101.38	101.55	102.47	1.09	0.92
351	99.23	104.05	101.33	101.48	102.05	0.72	0.57
353	101.12	104.86	101.47	101.63	102.71	1.24	1.08
357	101.60	104.65	102.28	102.31	102.85	0.57	0.54
359	102.24	105.24	102.80	102.57	103.25	0.45	0.68
373	101.88	104.40	101.92	101.99	102.75	0.83	0.76
375	101.22	104.76	102.17	102.22	103.04	0.87	0.82
377	101.37	104.98	102.30	102.34	103.17	0.87	0.83
379	101.66	104.99	102.49	102.53	103.07	0.58	0.54
381	101.80	105.14	102.60	102.63	103.18	0.58	0.55
383	102.06	105.23	102.85	102.87	103.61	0.76	0.74
385	102.08	105.26	102.92	102.94	103.61	0.69	0.67
387	102.19	105.17	103.02	103.05	103.44	0.42	0.39
389	102.87	105.46	103.16	103.17	103.64	0.48	0.47
391	100.71	103.19	102.44	102.46	-	-	-
393	101.13	103.91	101.47	101.47	101.88	0.41	0.41
395	98.90	103.18	100.76	100.90	101.44	0.68	0.54
397	100.09	103.94	101.39	101.55	102.05	0.66	0.50
399	100.71	104.22	101.46	101.63	102.34	0.88	0.71
417	99.89	103.87	101.40	101.56	102.12	0.72	0.56
419	102.04	104.86	102.77	102.79	103.30	0.53	0.51

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135
HGL Elevations



Manhole ID	MH Invert Elevation (m)	T/G Elevation (m)	HGL Elevation - 100yr4hr (m)	HGL Elevation - 100yr4hr+20% (m)	Design USF (m)	Clearance (100yr) (m)	Clearance (100yr+20%) (m)
HGL - Cope Drive							
301	96.94	101.51	98.90	98.95	99.86	0.96	0.91
335	96.66	101.86	99.27	99.34	100.05	0.78	0.71
337	96.79	102.14	99.54	99.62	100.30	0.76	0.68
339	96.90	102.43	99.77	99.87	100.55	0.78	0.68
341	97.32	102.85	100.20	100.32	101.23	1.03	0.91
361	99.03	103.65	101.01	101.18	101.87	0.86	0.69
363	100.40	104.46	101.62	101.74	102.41	0.79	0.67
365	101.02	104.46	101.95	101.97	102.50	0.55	0.53
367	101.34	104.59	102.08	102.09	102.67	0.59	0.58
369	101.59	104.55	102.18	102.19	102.77	0.59	0.58
371	102.04	104.86	102.54	102.54	102.95	0.41	0.41
391	100.71	104.40	102.44	102.46	-	-	-
M97	96.25	101.00	98.47	98.49	99.86	1.39	1.37
M98	95.80	100.75	98.16	98.17	99.86	1.70	1.69

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135
Ponding in Road Calculations



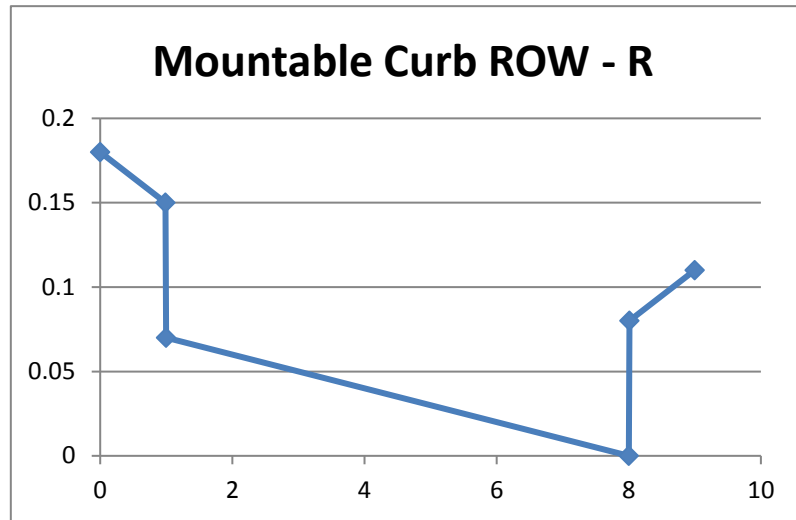
Structure	T/G (m)	Max. Static Ponding (Spill Depth)		2-yr Event (4hr)				5-yr Event (4hr)				100-yr Event (4hr)				100-yr Event (+20%) (4hr)			
		Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Cascading Flow?	Cascade Depth (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Cascading Flow?	Cascade Depth (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Cascading Flow?	Cascade Depth (m)	Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Cascading Flow?	Cascade Depth (m)
CB50	104.75	104.88	0.13	104.04	0.00	N	0.00	104.71	0.00	N	0.00	104.89	0.14	Y	0.01	104.90	0.15	Y	0.02
CB51	104.40	104.50	0.10	103.60	0.00	N	0.00	104.10	0.00	N	0.00	104.51	0.11	Y	0.01	104.54	0.14	Y	0.04
CB52	104.44	104.65	0.21	103.45	0.00	N	0.00	103.90	0.00	N	0.00	104.58	0.14	N	0.00	104.62	0.18	N	0.00
CB53	104.49	104.65	0.16	103.58	0.00	N	0.00	104.52	0.03	N	0.00	104.59	0.10	N	0.00	104.62	0.13	N	0.00
CB54	104.64	104.79	0.15	103.41	0.00	N	0.00	103.60	0.00	N	0.00	104.78	0.14	N	0.00	104.83	0.19	Y	0.04
CB55	104.64	104.79	0.15	103.99	0.00	N	0.00	104.65	0.01	N	0.00	104.78	0.14	N	0.00	104.83	0.19	Y	0.04
CB57	105.20	105.34	0.14	104.28	0.00	N	0.00	104.73	0.00	N	0.00	105.31	0.11	N	0.00	105.35	0.15	Y	0.01

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Roadway Cross-Sections

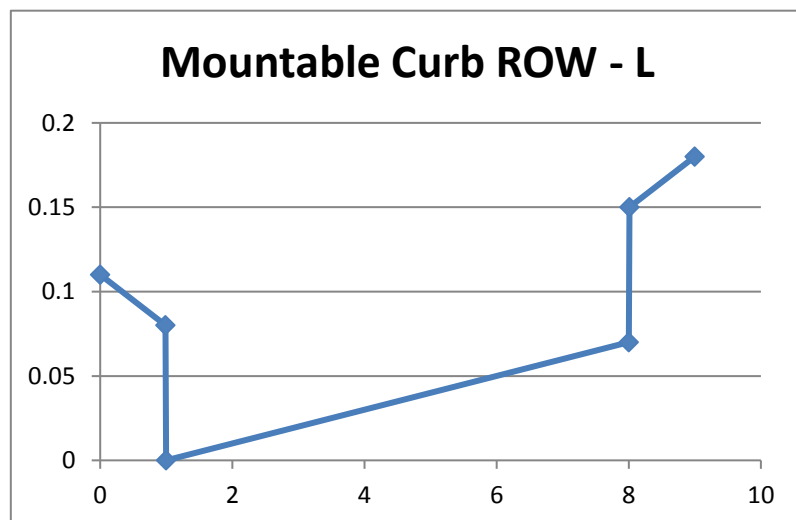
Mountable Curb and Gutter
Distance Elevation

0	0.18
0.99	0.15
1	0.07
8	0
8.01	0.08
9	0.11



Mountable Curb and Gutter
Distance Elevation

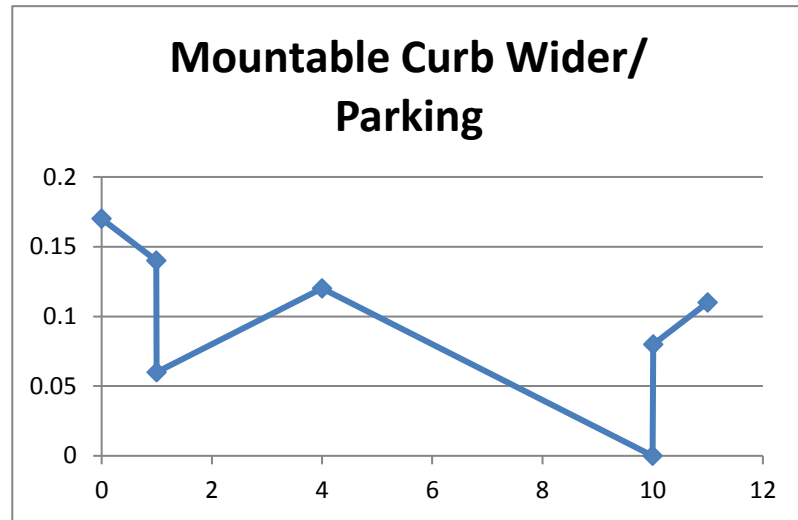
0	0.11
0.99	0.08
1	0
8	0.07
8.01	0.15
9	0.18



Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Roadway Cross-Sections

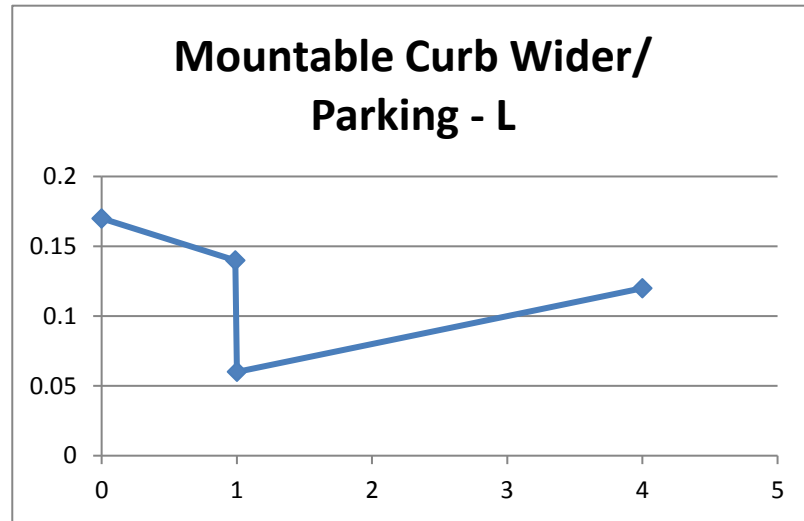
Mountable Curb and Gutter Distance	Elevation
0	0.17
0.99	0.14
1	0.06
4	0.12
10	0
10.01	0.08
11	0.11



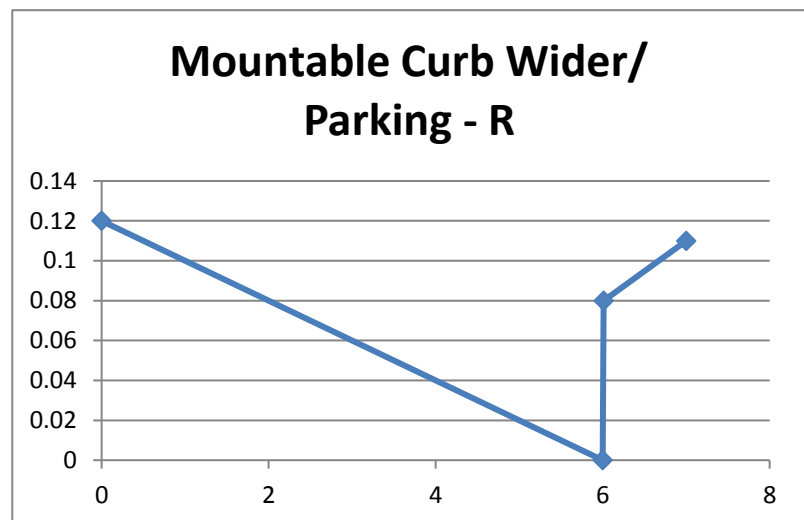
Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Roadway Cross-Sections

Mountable Curb and Gutter Distance	Elevation
0	0.17
0.99	0.14
1	0.06
4	0.12



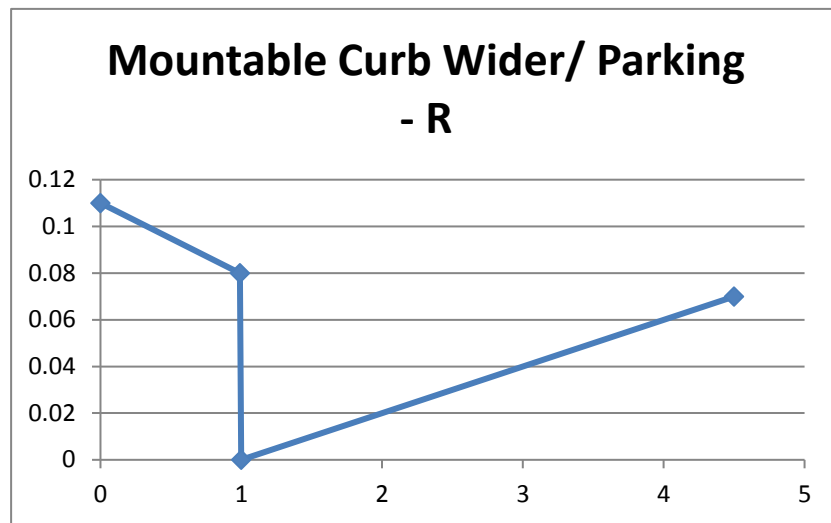
Mountable Curb and Gutter Distance	Elevation
0	0.12
6	0
6.01	0.08
7	0.11



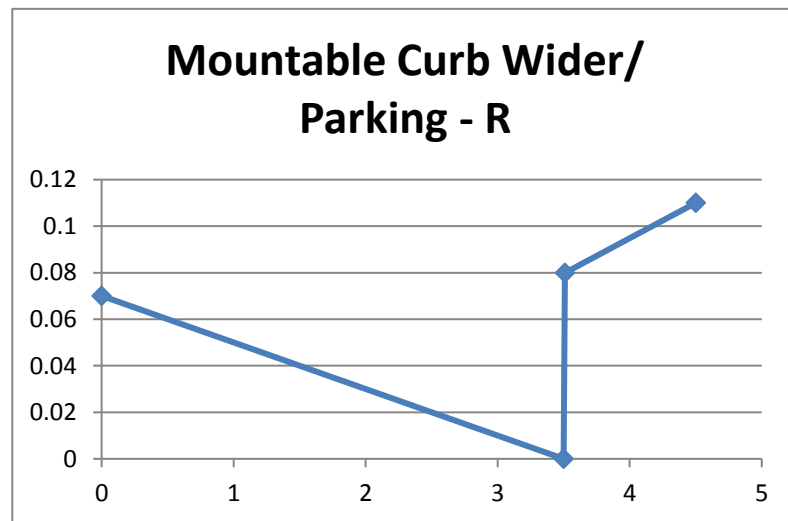
Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Roadway Cross-Sections

Distance	Elevation
0	0.11
0.99	0.08
1	0
4.5	0.07



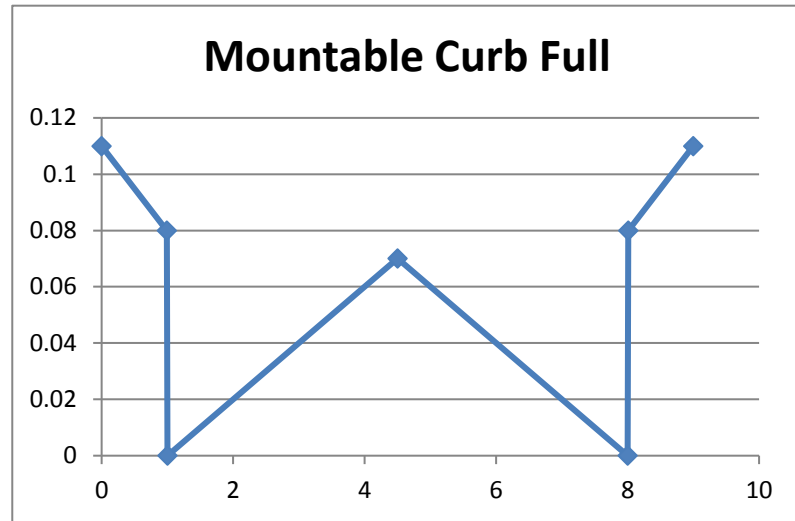
Distance	Elevation
0	0.07
3.5	0
3.51	0.08
4.5	0.11



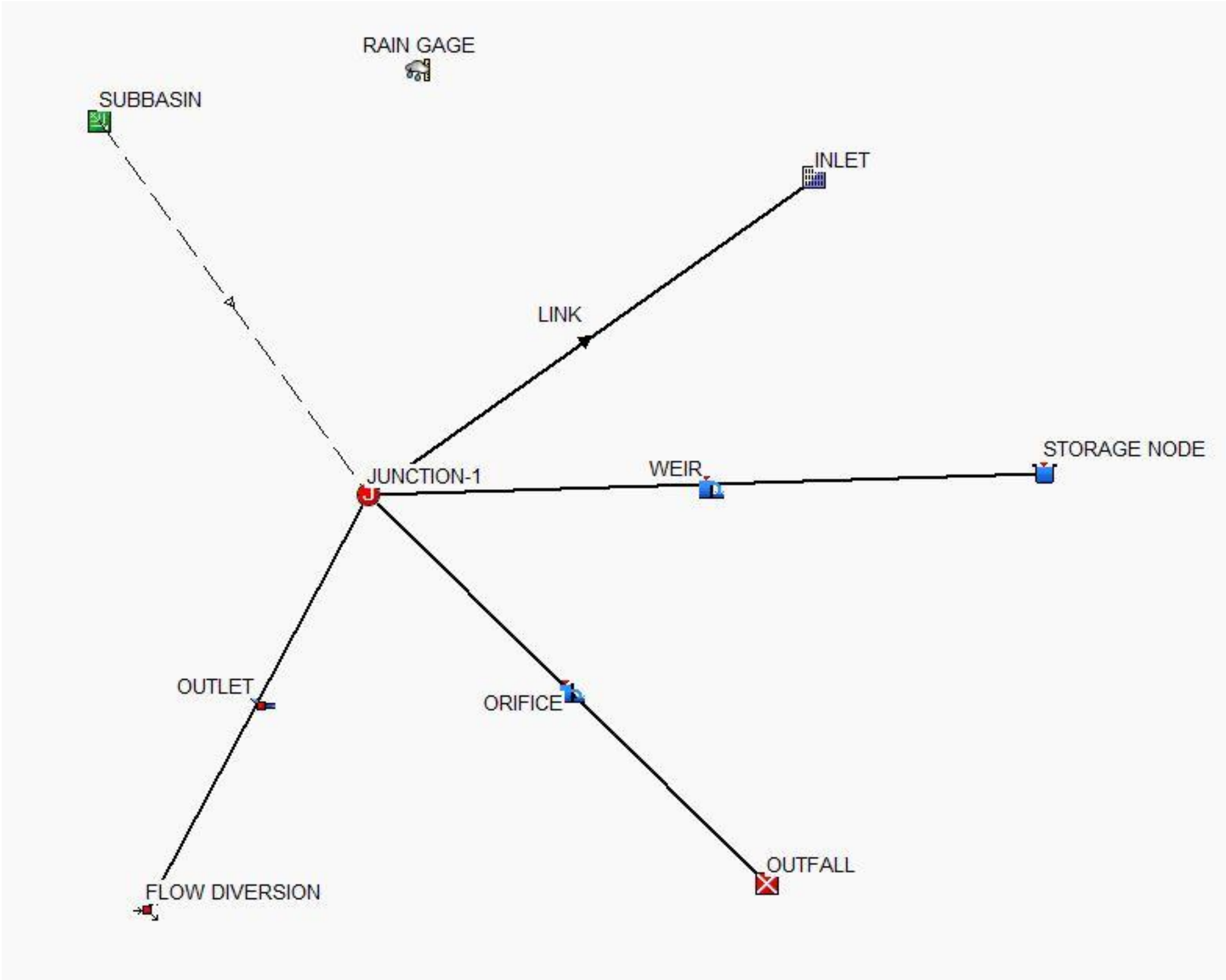
Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

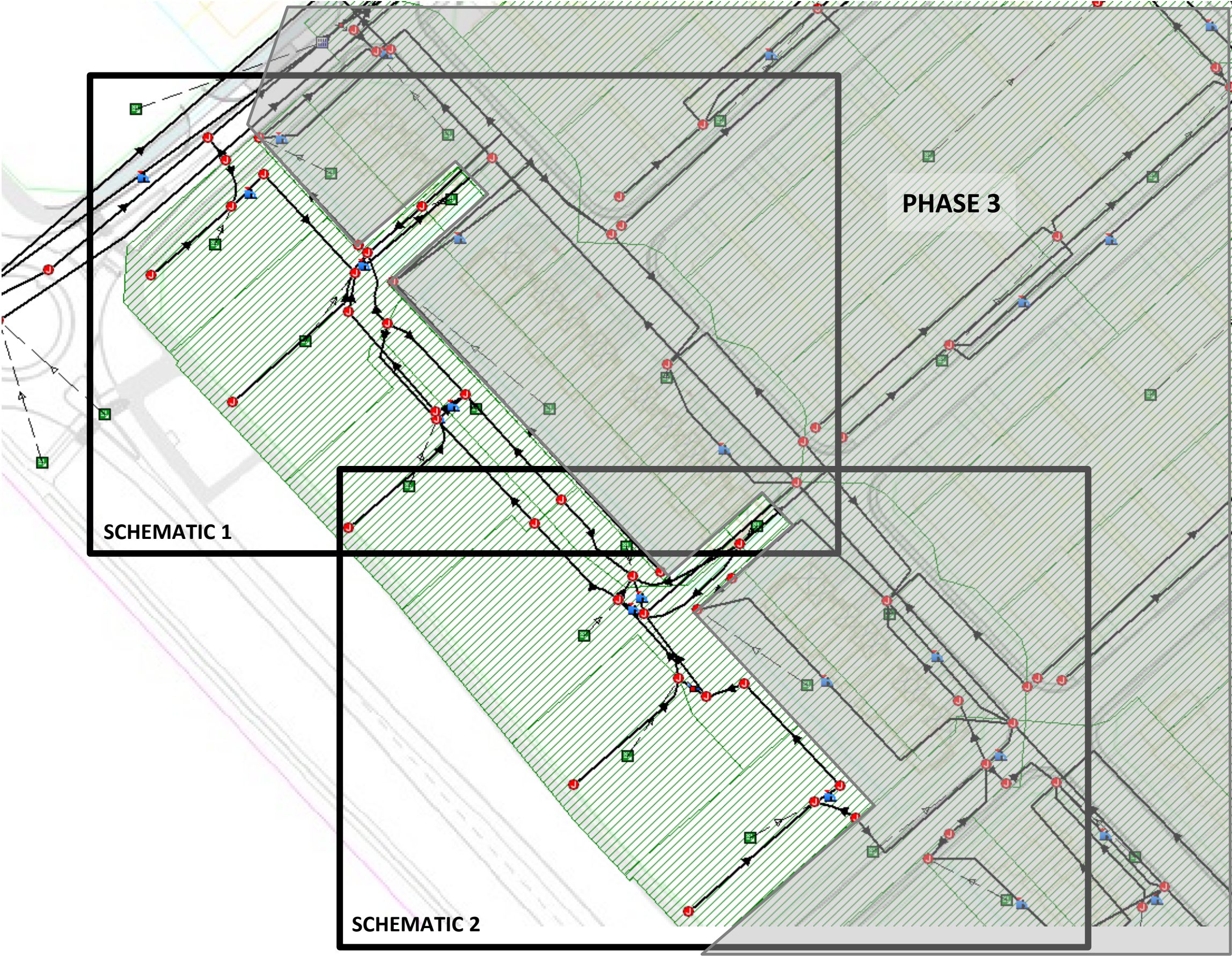
Roadway Cross-Sections

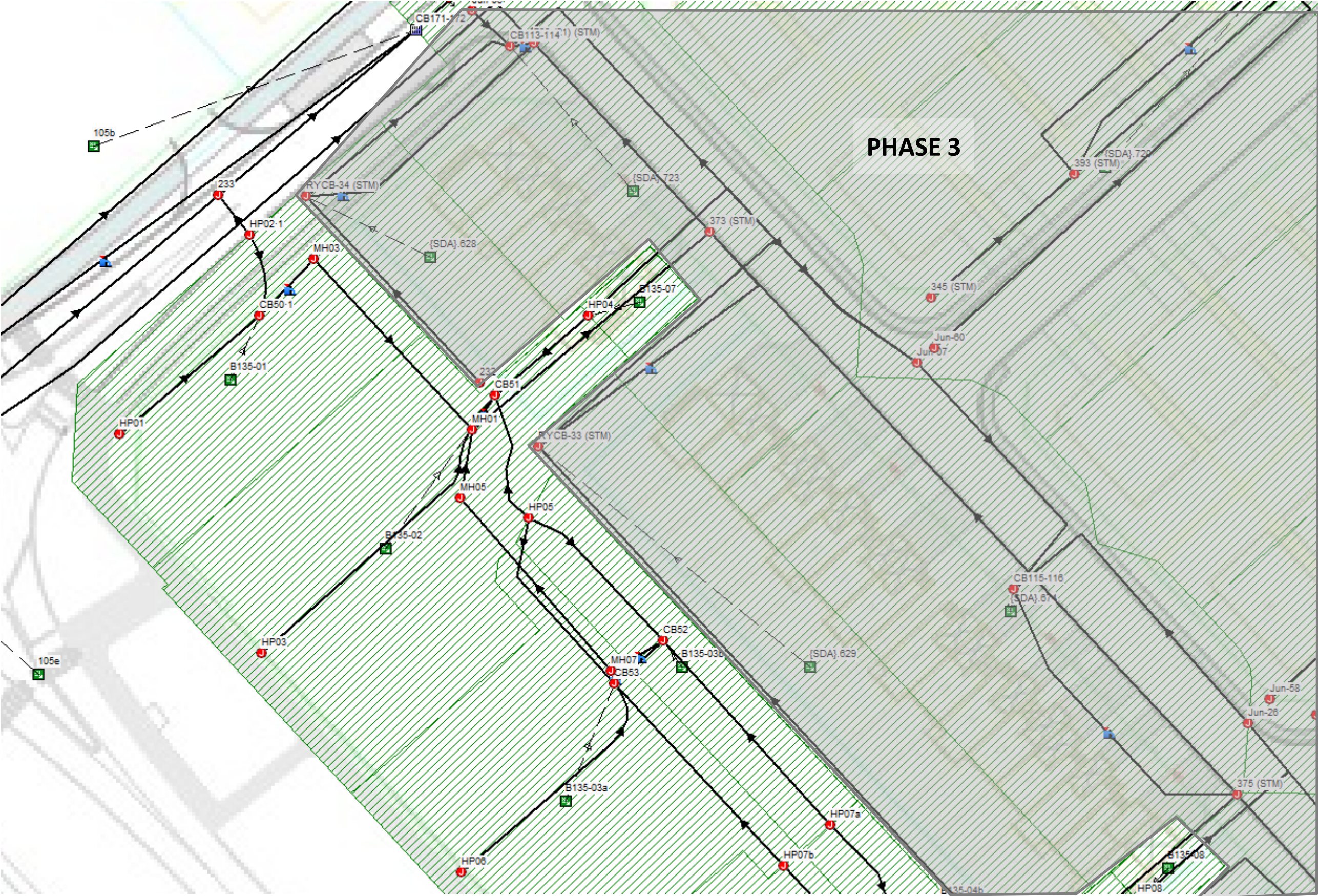
Mountable Curb and Gutter Distance	Elevation
0	0.11
0.99	0.08
1	0
4.5	0.07
8	0
8.01	0.08
9	0.11













Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Design Storm Time Series Data

4-hour Chicago Design Storms



C25mm-4.stm		C2-4.stm		C5-4.stm	
Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity
min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr
0:00	0	0:00	0	0:00	0
0:10	1.34	0:10	1.98	0:10	2.49
0:20	1.49	0:20	2.23	0:20	2.77
0:30	1.69	0:30	2.58	0:30	3.14
0:40	1.96	0:40	3.06	0:40	3.62
0:50	2.33	0:50	3.81	0:50	4.31
1:00	2.91	1:00	5.1	1:00	5.37
1:10	3.91	1:10	7.91	1:10	7.19
1:20	6.1	1:20	19.04	1:20	11.14
1:30	14.53	1:30	76.81	1:30	26.25
1:40	58.72	1:40	23.64	1:40	104.19
1:50	17.11	1:50	11.91	1:50	30.86
2:00	8.32	2:00	7.98	2:00	15.15
2:10	5.5	2:10	6.03	2:10	10.07
2:20	4.13	2:20	4.87	2:20	7.58
2:30	3.32	2:30	4.1	2:30	6.11
2:40	2.79	2:40	3.55	2:40	5.14
2:50	2.41	2:50	3.14	2:50	4.45
3:00	2.12	3:00	2.82	3:00	3.93
3:10	1.9	3:10	2.57	3:10	3.53
3:20	1.73	3:20	2.35	3:20	3.21
3:30	1.58	3:30	2.18	3:30	2.94
3:40	1.46	3:40	2.03	3:40	2.72
3:50	1.36	3:50	1.9	3:50	2.53
4:00	1.27	4:00	1.79	4:00	2.37

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135
Design Storm Time Series Data
4-hour Chicago Design Storms



C100-4.stm		C100-4+20%.stm	
Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity
min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr
0:00	0	0:00	0
0:10	4.07	0:10	4.88
0:20	4.54	0:20	5.45
0:30	5.14	0:40	7.14
0:40	5.95	0:50	8.51
0:50	7.09	1:00	10.62
1:00	8.85	1:10	14.28
1:10	11.9	1:20	22.25
1:20	18.54	1:30	53.03
1:30	44.19	1:40	214.27
1:40	178.56	1:50	62.45
1:50	52.04	2:00	30.37
2:00	25.31	2:10	20.08
2:10	16.73	2:20	15.07
2:20	12.56	2:30	12.11
2:30	10.09	2:40	10.16
2:40	8.47	2:50	8.78
2:50	7.32	3:00	7.75
3:00	6.46	3:10	6.95
3:10	5.79	3:20	6.3
3:20	5.25	3:30	5.78
3:30	4.82	3:40	5.34
3:40	4.45	3:50	4.97
3:50	4.14	4:00	4.66
4:00	3.88		

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Design Storm Time Series Data

SCS Design Storms



S2-12.stm		S5-12.stm		S100-12.stm	
Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity
min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr
0:00	0.00	0:00	0	0:00	0
0:30	1.27	0:30	1.69	0:30	2.82
1:00	0.59	1:00	0.79	1:00	1.31
1:30	1.10	1:30	1.46	1:30	2.44
2:00	1.10	2:00	1.46	2:00	2.44
2:30	1.44	2:30	1.91	2:30	3.19
3:00	1.27	3:00	1.69	3:00	2.82
3:30	1.69	3:30	2.25	3:30	3.76
4:00	1.69	4:00	2.25	4:00	3.76
4:30	2.29	4:30	3.03	4:30	5.07
5:00	2.88	5:00	3.82	5:00	6.39
5:30	4.57	5:30	6.07	5:30	10.14
6:00	36.24	6:00	48.08	6:00	80.38
6:30	9.23	6:30	12.25	6:30	20.47
7:00	4.06	7:00	5.39	7:00	9.01
7:30	2.71	7:30	3.59	7:30	6.01
8:00	2.37	8:00	3.15	8:00	5.26
8:30	1.86	8:30	2.47	8:30	4.13
9:00	1.95	9:00	2.58	9:00	4.32
9:30	1.27	9:30	1.69	9:30	2.82
10:00	1.02	10:00	1.35	10:00	2.25
10:30	1.44	10:30	1.91	10:30	3.19
11:00	0.93	11:00	1.24	11:00	2.07
11:30	0.85	11:30	1.12	11:30	1.88
12:00	0.85	12:00	1.12	12:00	1.88

Fernbank Crossing - Block 135

Design Storm Time Series Data

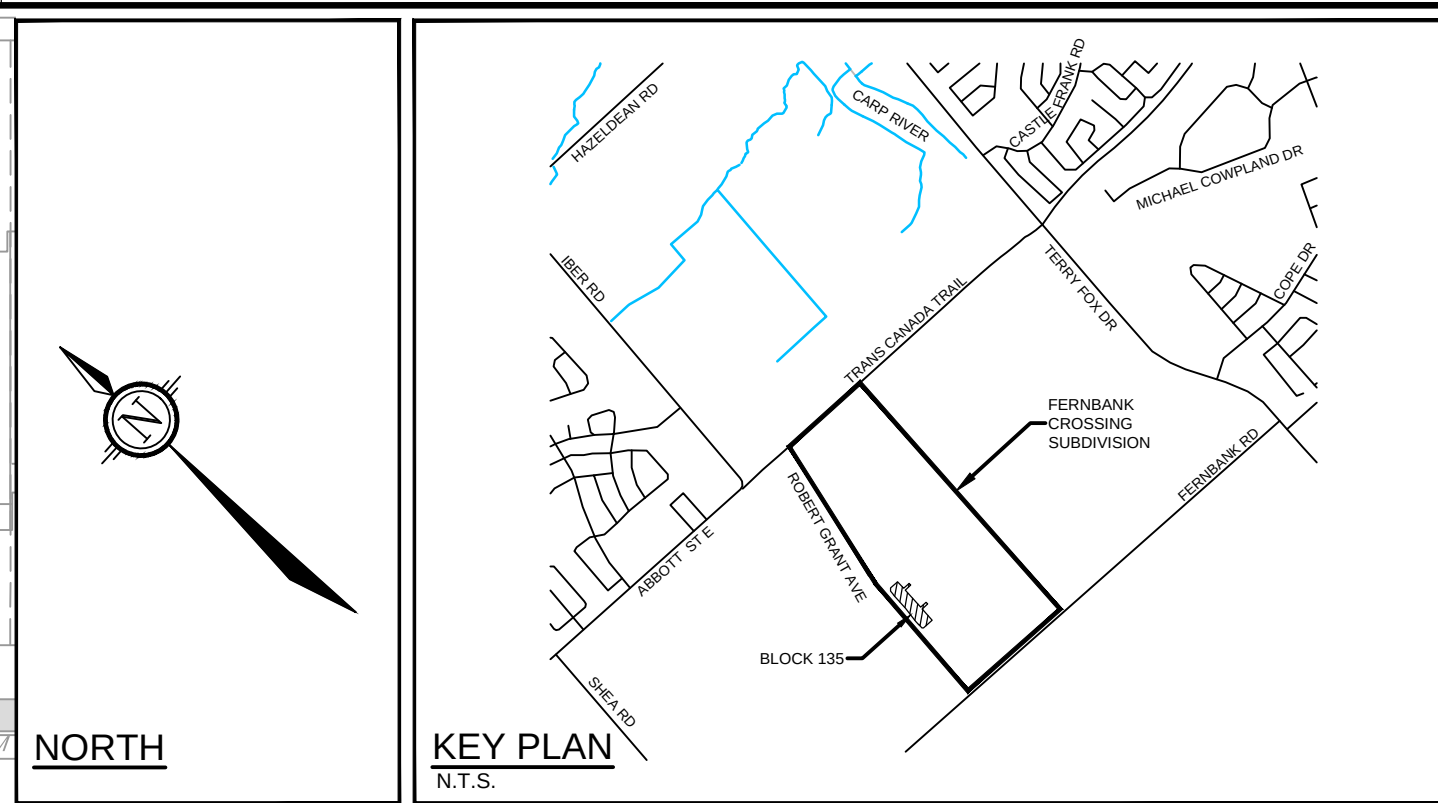
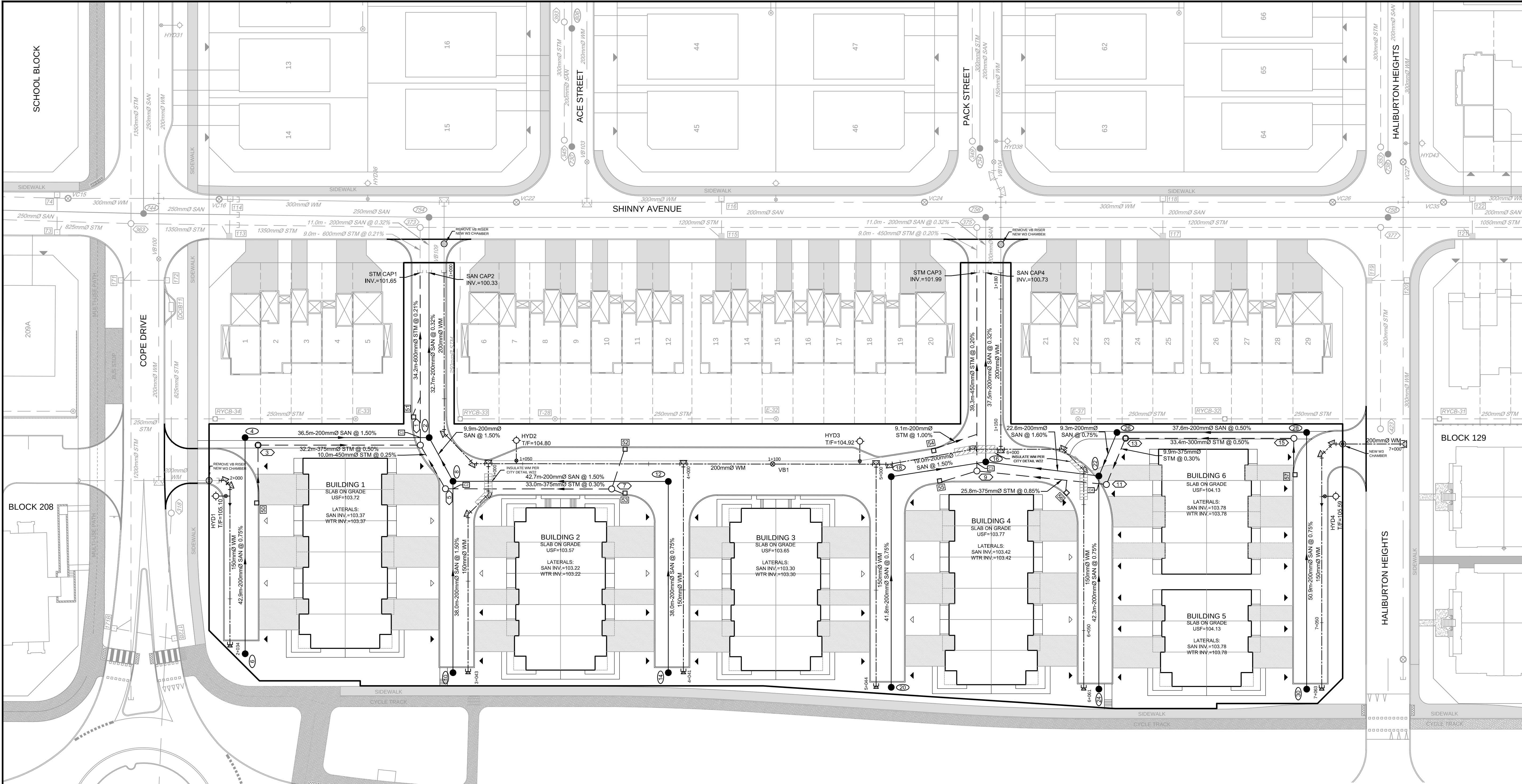
SCS Design Storms



S2-24.stm		S5-24.stm		S100-24.stm	
Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity	Duration	Intensity
min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr	min	mm/hr
0:00	0	0:00	0	0:00	0
1:00	0.72	1:00	0.44	1:00	0.6
2:00	0.34	2:00	0.44	2:00	0.75
3:00	0.63	3:00	0.81	3:00	1.39
4:00	0.63	4:00	0.81	4:00	1.39
5:00	0.81	5:00	1.06	5:00	1.81
6:00	0.72	6:00	0.94	6:00	1.6
7:00	0.96	7:00	1.25	7:00	2.13
8:00	0.96	8:00	1.25	8:00	2.13
9:00	1.3	9:00	1.68	9:00	2.88
10:00	1.63	10:00	2.12	10:00	3.63
11:00	2.59	11:00	3.37	11:00	5.76
12:00	20.55	12:00	26.71	12:00	45.69
13:00	5.23	13:00	6.8	13:00	11.64
14:00	2.3	14:00	2.99	14:00	5.12
15:00	1.54	15:00	2	15:00	3.42
16:00	1.34	16:00	1.75	16:00	2.99
17:00	1.06	17:00	1.37	17:00	2.35
18:00	1.11	18:00	1.44	18:00	2.46
19:00	0.72	19:00	0.94	19:00	1.6
20:00	0.58	20:00	0.75	20:00	1.28
21:00	0.81	21:00	1.06	21:00	1.81
22:00	0.53	22:00	0.68	22:00	1.17
23:00	0.48	23:00	0.63	23:00	1.07
0:00	0.48	0:00	0.63	0:00	1.07

APPENDIX C: Drawings

117089-GP
117089-GR
117089-STM
108180-19-SAN
108180-19-STM



- LEGEND**
- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--------------------------|
| | SANITARY MANHOLE, SEWER & DIRECTION OF FLOW | | HYDRANT CW VALVE & LEAD |
| | STORM MANHOLE, SEWER & DIRECTION OF FLOW | | CAP AND THRUST BLOCK |
| | WATERMAIN AND DIAMETER | | REDUCER |
| | VALVE & VALVE BOX | | ROAD CATCHBASIN |
| | GATE VALVE CHAMBER PER W3 | | ROAD CATCHBASIN WITH ICD |
| | T-CONNECTION AND THRUST BLOCK | | SINGLE SERVICE LOCATION |
| | 11.25° BEND AND THRUST BLOCK | | DOUBLE SERVICE LOCATION |
| | 22.5° BEND AND THRUST BLOCK | | |
| | 45° BEND AND THRUST BLOCK | | |

- GENERAL NOTES:**
- DIMENSIONS AND LAYOUT INFORMATION SHALL BE CONFIRMED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.
 - THE ORIGINAL TOPOGRAPHY AND GROUND ELEVATIONS, SERVICING AND SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE SUPPLIED FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THE ACCURACY OF ALL INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM THIS PLAN.
 - CO-ORDINATE AND SCHEDULE ALL WORK WITH OTHER TRADES AND CONTRACTORS.
 - BEFORE COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION, PROVIDE PROOF OF COMPREHENSIVE ALL RISK AND OPERATIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE INCLUDING BLASTING, INSURANCE POLICY TO NAME THE OWNER, ENGINEER AND THE CITY AS CO-INSURED.
 - CONNECT TO EXISTING SYSTEMS AS DETAILED, INCLUDING ALL RESTORATION WORK NECESSARY TO REINSTATE SURFACES TO EXISTING CONDITIONS OR BETTER.
 - DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION, SIZE, MATERIAL AND ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. PROTECT AND ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WHETHER OR NOT SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS.
 - OBTAIN AND PAY FOR ALL NECESSARY PERMITS AND APPROVALS BEFORE COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
 - RESTORE ALL TRENCHES AND SURFACE FEATURES TO EXISTING CONDITIONS OR BETTER AND TO THE SATISFACTION OF MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES.
 - REMOVE FROM SITE ALL EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE INSTRUCTED BY THE ENGINEER. EXCAVATE AND REMOVE FROM SITE ALL ORGANIC MATERIAL AND DEBRIS UNLESS OTHERWISE INSTRUCTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - ALL ELEVATIONS ARE GEODETIC AND UTILIZE METRIC UNITS.
 - REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION PROJECT: 84153.74 (MARCH 20, 2019), PREPARED BY GEMTEC FOR SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS.
 - PERFORATED PIPE SUB DRAINS TO BE PROVIDED AT SUBGRADE LEVEL EXTENDING FROM THE ROADSIDE CATCHBASIN FOR A DISTANCE OF 3.0m, PARALLEL TO THE CURB IN TWO DIRECTIONS.

- SEWER NOTES:**
- SPECIFICATIONS:

ITEM	SPEC. No.	REFERENCE
CATCH-BASIN (600x600mm)	705.010	OPSD
STORM / SANITARY MANHOLE (1200mm)	701.010	OPSD
ROADSIDE CB, FRAME & COVER	S2 & S19	CITY OF OTTAWA
STORM / SANITARY MH FRAME & COVER	S24.1 / S24 & S25	CITY OF OTTAWA
STORM SEWER	PVC DR 35 OR CONC.	(CLASS SPECIFIED ON PROFILE DRAWINGS)
SANITARY SEWER	PVC DR 35	
CATCHBASIN LEAD	PVC DR 35	
 - INSULATE ALL PIPES (SAN/STM) THAT HAVE LESS THAN 1.5m COVER WITH 50mmx1200mm HI-40 INSULATION. PROVIDE 150mm CLEARANCE BETWEEN PIPE AND INSULATION.
 - SERVICES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED TO PROPERTY LINE AT MINIMUM SLOPE OF 1.0% (2.0% IS PREFERRED).
 - PIPE BEDDING, COVER AND BACKFILL ARE TO BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF THE STANDARD PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY. THE USE OF CLEAR CRUSHED STONE AS A BEDDING LAYER SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED.
 - SEWER SERVICE CONNECTIONS PER CITY OF OTTAWA DETAILS S11 AND S11.1.
 - THE SITE SERVICING CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM FIELD TESTS FOR QUALITY CONTROL OF ALL SANITARY SEWERS. LEAKAGE TESTING SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPS5 410.07.16 AND 407.07.24. DYE TESTING IS TO BE COMPLETED ON ALL SANITARY SEWERS TO CONFIRM PROPER CONNECTION TO THE SANITARY SEWER MAIN. THE FIELD TESTS SHALL BE PERFORMED IN THE PRESENCE OF THE ENGINEER.
 - STORM MANHOLES AND CBMHs SHALL HAVE 300mm SUMPS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 - CONTRACTOR TO TELETYPE (CCTV) ALL PROPOSED SEWERS, 200mm OR GREATER PRIOR TO CONNECTING THE PROPOSED SEWERS. UPON COMPLETION OF CONTRACT, THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO FLUSH AND CLEAN ALL SEWERS & APPURTENANCES.

- WATERMAIN NOTES:**
- GENERAL:

ITEM	DETAIL No.	REFERENCE
WATERMAIN TRENCHING	W27	CITY OF OTTAWA
THERMAL INSULATION IN SHALLOW TRENCHES	W22	CITY OF OTTAWA
WATERMAIN CROSSING BELOW SEWER / OVER SEWER	W25 / W25.2	CITY OF OTTAWA
 - THE WATERMAIN SHALL BE PVC DR 18 IN ACCORDANCE WITH MATERIAL SPECIFICATION MW-18.1, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. COMPLETE WITH TRACING WIRE AND CATHODIC PROTECTION.
 - SUPPLY AND CONSTRUCT ALL WATERMAINS AND APPURTENANCES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF OTTAWA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. EXCAVATION, INSTALLATION, BACKFILL AND RESTORATION OF ALL WATERMAINS BY THE CONTRACTOR. CONNECTIONS AND SHUT-OFFS AT THE MAIN AND CHLORINATION OF THE WATER SYSTEM SHALL BE PERFORMED BY CITY OFFICIALS.
 - WATERMAIN SHALL BE MINIMUM 2.4m DEPTH BELOW GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 - PROVIDE MINIMUM 0.25m CLEARANCE BETWEEN OUTSIDE OF PIPES AT ALL CROSSINGS.
 - WATER LATERAL AND SERVICE POST IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED 1.0m FROM BACK OF CURB.

STM MANHOLE TABLE				
MANHOLE ID	SIZE (mm)	T/G ELEV (m)	INVERT (m)	PIPE DIAMETER (mm)
1	1500B	104.49	NE=101.72 S=101.87 NW=101.94	NE=600 S=450 NW=375
3	1200B	104.56	SE=102.11 SW=103.24	SE=375 SW=200
5	1200B	104.55	N=101.89 SE=101.96	N=450 SE=375
7	1200B	104.53	NW=102.06 SE=103.06 NE=102.95	NW=375 S=200 NE=200
9	1200B	104.70	NE=102.07 SE=102.14 NW=103.16	NE=450 SE=375 NW=200
11	1200B	105.04	NW=102.36 E=102.42	NW=375 E=375
13	1200B	105.09	W=102.45 SE=102.51	W=375 SE=300
15	1200B	105.41	NW=102.68 SW=103.73	NW=300 SW=200

SAN MANHOLE TABLE				
MANHOLE ID	SIZE (mm)	T/G ELEV (m)	INVERT (m)	PIPE DIAMETER (mm)
2	1200B	104.49	NE=100.43 S=100.73 NW=100.73	NE=200 S=200 NW=200
4	1200B	104.93	SE=101.28 SW=101.64	SE=200 SW=200
6	1200B	105.16	NE=101.86	NE=200
8	1200B	104.60	N=100.88 NW=101.16 SE=100.94	N=200 SW=200 SE=200
10	1200B	105.00	NE=101.73	NE=200
12	1200B	104.63	NW=101.58 SW=101.64	NW=200 SW=200
14	1200B	104.90	NE=101.92	NE=200
16	1200B	104.72	NE=100.85 SE=101.40 NW=101.40	NE=200 SE=200 NW=200
18	1200B	104.76	SE=101.68 SW=101.70	SE=200 SW=200
20	1200B	105.13	NE=102.01	NE=200
22	1200B	105.00	NW=101.77 E=101.83 SW=101.83	NW=200 E=200 SW=200
24	1200B	105.27	NE=102.15	NE=200
26	1200B	105.22	W=101.90 SE=101.96	W=200 SE=200
28	1200B	105.40	NW=102.21 NW=102.15	NW=200 NW=200
30	1200B	105.59	NE=102.59	NE=200

SEWER CROSSING TABLE				
LOCATION	ELEVATIONS	CLEARANCE		
C1	STM INV=101.72 SAN OBV=100.96	0.76m		
C2	STM INV=101.97 SAN OBV=100.39	0.58m		
C3	STM INV=102.07 SAN OBV=101.63	0.44m		
C4	STM INV=102.35 SAN OBV=102.04	0.31m		

WATERMAIN TABLE				
Station	FIG ELEVATION	TOP OF WATERMAIN	COVER	DESCRIPTION
1+000.00	104.48	102.08	2.40	CONNECT TO EXISTING
1+025.00	104.48	102.08	2.40	-
1+031.85	104.51	102.11	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
1+040.19	104.63	102.23	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
1+043.19	104.66	102.26	2.40	200X150 TEE
1+048.75	104.66	102.26	2.40	HYD2
1+050.00	104.65	102.25	2.40	-
1+075.00	104.55	102.15	2.40	-
1+081.90	104.62	102.22	2.40	200X150 TEE
1+099.60	104.79	102.39	2.40	VB1
1+116.92	104.77	102.37	2.40	HYD3
1+120.15	104.76	102.36	2.40	200X150 TEE
1+122.76	104.74	102.34	2.40	11° HORIZONTAL BEND
1+125.00	104.73	102.33	2.40	-
1+136.43	104.74	102.34	2.40	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
1+138.12	104.77	103.04	1.73	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
1+139.62	104.77	103.04	1.73	11° HORIZONTAL BEND
1+141.92	104.75	103.04	1.71	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
1+143.61	104.74	102.34	2.40	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
1+145.17	104.76	102.36	2.40	200X150 TEE
1+150.00	104.78	102.38	2.40	-
1+175.00	104.87	102.47	2.40	-
1+180.20	104.77	102.37	2.40	CONNECT TO EXISTING

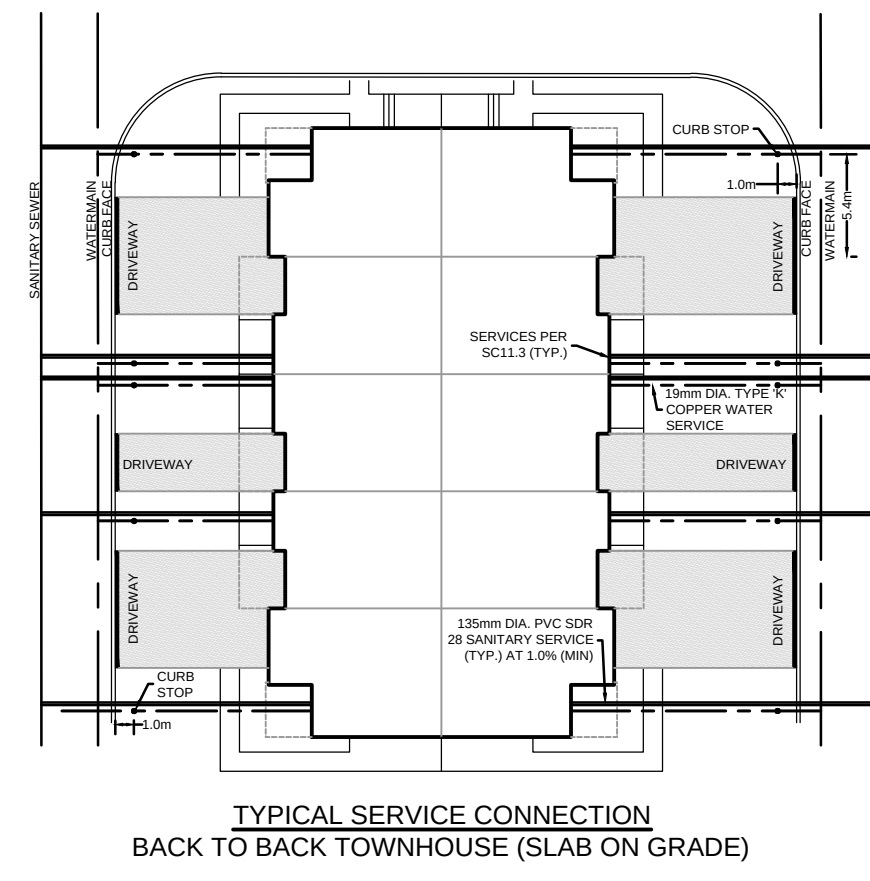
WATERMAIN TABLE				
Station	FIG ELEVATION	TOP OF WATERMAIN	COVER	DESCRIPTION
2+000.00	104.91	102.51	2.40	CONNECT TO EXISTING
2+001.07	104.89	102.49	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
2+002.59	104.85	102.45	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
2+004.59	104.82	102.42	2.40	HYD1
2+006.59	104.81	102.41	2.40	REDUCER
2+025.00	104.98	102.58	2.40	-
2+034.09	105.15	102.75	2.40	CAP AND THRUST BLOCK

WATERMAIN TABLE				
Station	FIG ELEVATION	TOP OF WATERMAIN	COVER	DESCRIPTION
5+000.00	104.76	102.36	2.40	200X150 TEE
5+001.07	104.85	102.45	2.40	-
5+044.04	105.07	105.07	0.00	CAP AND THRUST BLOCK

WATERMAIN TABLE				
Station	FIG ELEVATION	TOP OF WATERMAIN	COVER	DESCRIPTION
6+000.00	104.76	102.36	2.40	200X150 TEE
6+012.31	104.95	102.55	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
6+015.09	104.87	102.47	2.40	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
6+016.67	104.87	103.12	1.75	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
6+018.17	104.88	103.12	1.76	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
6+021.76	104.88	103.12	1.76	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
6+023.32	104.88	102.48	2.40	22.5° VERTICAL BEND
6+025.00	104.88	102.48	2.40	-
6+050.00	105.07	102.67	2.40	-
6+061.37	105.24	102.84	2.40	CAP AND THRUST BLOCK

WATERMAIN TABLE				
Station	FIG ELEVATION	TOP OF WATERMAIN	COVER	DESCRIPTION
7+000.00	105.30	102.90	2.40	200X150 TEE
7+012.00	105.37	102.97	2.40	W3
7+013.85	105.33	102.93	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
7+016.85	105.31	102.91	2.40	45° HORIZONTAL BEND
7+024.91	105.28	102.88	2.40	HYD4
7+026.91	105.30	102.90	2.40	REDUCER
7+050.00	105.45	103.05	2.40	-
7+062.94	105.70	103.30	2.40	CAP AND THRUST BLOCK

WATERMAIN TABLE				
Station	FIG ELEVATION	TOP OF WATERMAIN	COVER	DESCRIPTION
4+000.00	104.62	102.22	2.40	200X150 TEE
4+025.00	104.71	102.31	2.40	-
4+041.20	104.92	102.52	2.40	CAP AND THRUST BLOCK



NOTE:
THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMAINS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.

REVISION		DATE	BY
2	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	JUN 12/19	MAB
1	SITE PLAN SUBMISSION	MAR 22/19	MAB
No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

SCALE

1:400

0 4 8 12 16

DESIGN

LRW

CHECKED

MAB

DRAWN

DTD

CHECKED

MAB

APPROVED

JGR

FOR REVIEW ONLY

NOVATECH

Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects
Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowland Drive
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2M 1P6
Telephone (613) 254-9643
Facsimile (613) 254-5867
Website www.novatech-eng.com

CITY OF OTTAWA
FERNBANK CROSSING - BLOCK 135

GENERAL PLAN OF SERVICES

APPROVED ☐ REFUSED ☐

THIS ____ DAY OF ____, 20__

DERRICK MOODIE, MANAGER
DEVELOPMENT REVIEW WEST
PLANNING, INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT, CITY OF OTTAWA

PROJECT No.

117089

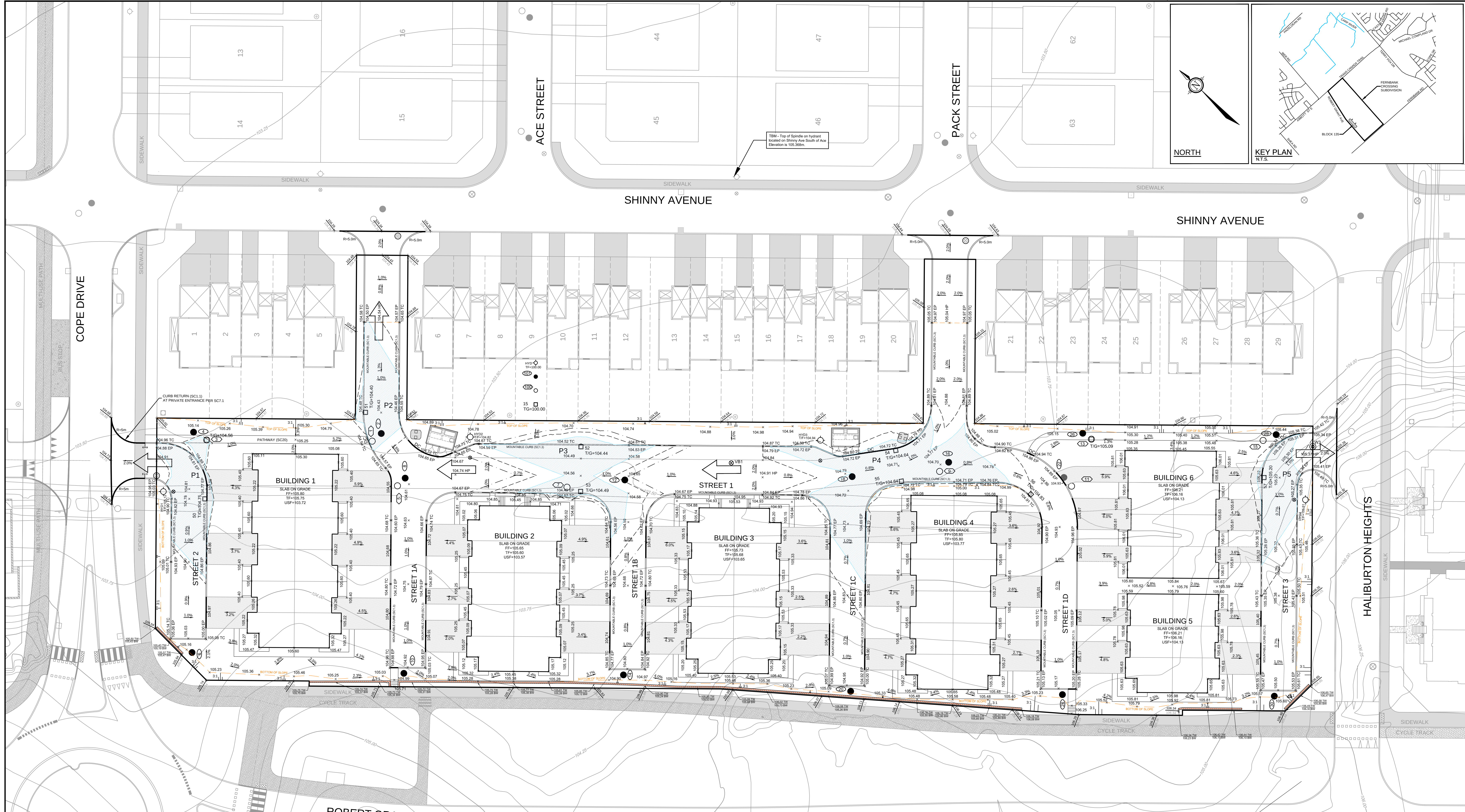
REV

REV 2

DRAWING No.

117089-GP

\\0271117089-GP\Drawings\117089-GP.dwg PLANS\$1 Jun 12 2019 4:05pm dcmohr



CATCHBASIN TABLE					
CB No.	T/G ELEVATION	INVERT	ICD DIA.	ICD TYPE	ICD RELEASE RATE (L/S)
50	104.75	103.35	108mm	ORIFICE	28.80
51	104.40	103.00	152mm	ORIFICE	50.56
52	104.44	103.04	83mm	ORIFICE	13.44
53	104.49	103.09	152mm	ORIFICE	44.88
54	104.64	103.24	83mm	ORIFICE	8.44
55	104.64	103.24	178mm	ORIFICE	78.47
56	104.83	103.43	152mm	ORIFICE	22.45
57	105.20	103.80	127mm	ORIFICE	32.38

ROADWAY PONDING					
PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	100 YEAR PONDING ELEVATION	100 YEAR PONDING DEPTH (m)	100 YEAR + 20% PONDING ELEVATION	100 YEAR + 20% PONDING DEPTH (m)
P1	CB-50	104.89	0.14	104.90	0.15
P2	CB-51	104.51	0.11	104.54	0.14
P3	CB-52	104.58	0.14	104.62	0.18
P3	CB-53	104.59	0.10	104.62	0.13
P4	CB-54	104.78	0.14	104.83	0.19
P4	CB-55	104.78	0.14	104.83	0.19
P5	CB-57	105.31	0.11	105.35	0.15

PAVEMENT STRUCTURE:
PRIVATE ROADWAY
40mm ASPHALT SP12.5
60mm ASPHALT SP19.0
150mm GRAN "A"
400mm GRAN "B" TYPE II
650mm TOTAL DEPTH

LEGEND

2.0% PROPOSED GRADE AND DIRECTION

72.55 PROPOSED ELEVATION

x 72.55 PROPOSED ELEVATION

x 72.55 HP PROPOSED ELEVATION AT HIGH POINT

x 72.55 EP PROPOSED ELEVATION AT EDGE OF PAVEMENT

x 72.55 TC PROPOSED ELEVATION AT TOP OF CURVE

VB PROPOSED VALVE & VALVE BOX LOCATION

W3 GATE VALVE CHAMBER PER W3

104.68 DEPRESSED CURB

PROPOSED HYDRANT AND TOP OF FLANGE ELEVATION

PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE

PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE

PROPOSED CATCHBASIN

MAJOR OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION

RETAINING WALL

TERRACING AND SLOPE

100 yr PONDING AREA

100 yr + 20% PONDING AREA

MAX. STATIC PONDING AREA

APPROVED ☐ REFUSED ☐

THIS DAY OF 20

DERRICK MOODIE, MANAGER
DEVELOPMENT REVIEW WEST
PLANNING, INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT, CITY OF OTTAWA

NOTES:

1. BENCHMARK LOCATION DESCRIPTION: OTTAWA LARGE CONCRETE CULVERT, UNDER HIGHWAYS NO. 7 AND 15, 2.4 km SOUTHWEST OF ROAD INTERSECTION WITH TRAFFIC LIGHT IN EAGLESON CORNERS, 155 m SOUTHWEST OF HAZELDEAN ANTIQUE, TABLET IN TOP OF CULVERT, 49 cm FROM SOUTH END, 49 cm FROM WEST EDGE, 12.2 m FROM CENTRE LINE OF HIGHWAY, 1 m BELOW ROAD LEVEL AT ELEVATION 94.045 m.

NOTE:
THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.

REVISION			DATE			BY		
2	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS		JUN 12/19		MAB			
1	SITE PLAN SUBMISSION		MAR 22/19		MAB			

SCALE
1:300

0 3 6 9 12

DESIGN DTD
CHECKED MAB
DRAWN DTD
CHECKED MAB
APPROVED JGR

FOR REVIEW ONLY

L.R. WILSON
10010005
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

M.A. BISSETT
10010005
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

NOVATECH
Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects
Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2M 1P6
Telephone (613) 254-9643
Facsimile (613) 254-5867
Website www.novatech-eng.com

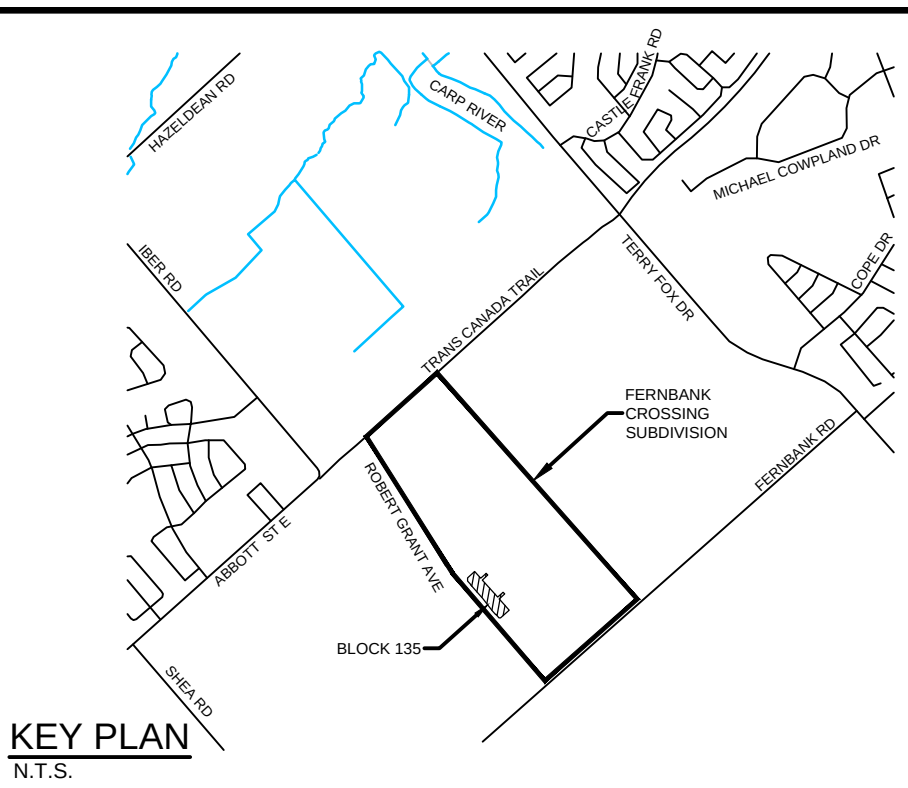
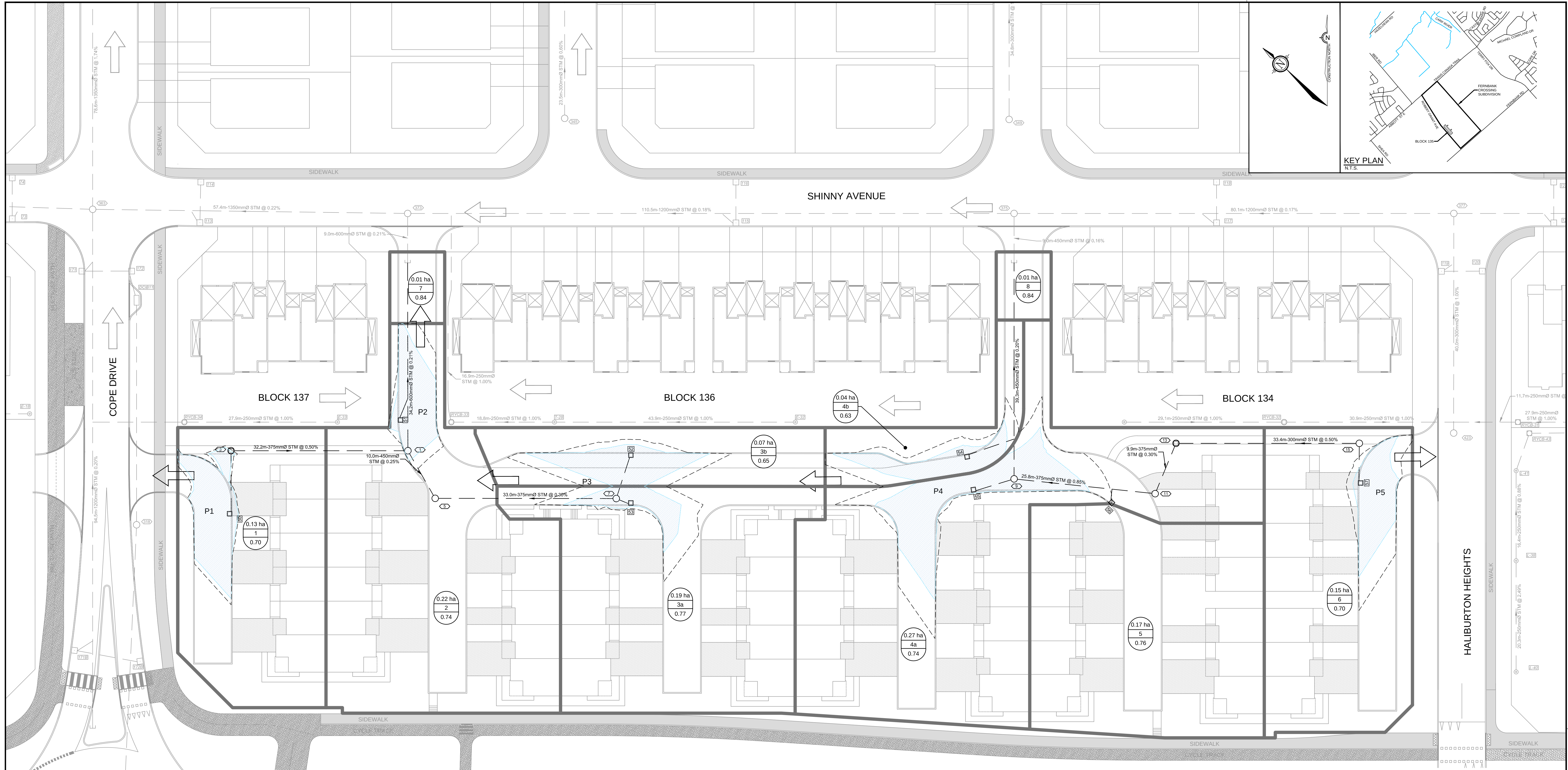
CITY OF OTTAWA
FERNBANK CROSSING - BLOCK 135

GRADING PLAN

PROJECT No. 117089
REV 117089-GR
REV # 2
DRAWING No. 117089-GR

NOV17117089-GR.dwg 117089-GR.dwg PLANS 01, Jun 12, 2019, 4:20pm, dmoore

PLAN#17089-GR-1033mm 5/10mm



LEGEND

- 0.24 ha
1
0.65
- DRAINAGE AREA (hectares)
- AREA ID
- RUN-OFF COEFFICIENT
- DRAINAGE BOUNDARY AREA
- 100 yr PONDING AREA
- 100 yr + 20% PONDING AREA
- PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE & SEWER WITH DIRECTION OF FLOW
- EXISTING STORM MANHOLE & SEWER WITH DIRECTION OF FLOW
- PROPOSED CATCH-BASIN MANHOLE
- EXISTING CATCH-BASIN MANHOLE
- PROPOSED ROAD CATCH-BASIN
- EXISTING ROAD CATCH-BASIN
- PROPOSED REAR YARD CATCH-BASIN
- EXISTING REAR YARD CATCH-BASIN
- MAJOR SYSTEM FLOW ROUTE

STM MANHOLE TABLE	
MANHOLE ID	OBVERT
1	NE=102.32 S=102.32 NW=102.32
3	SE=102.48 SW=103.44
5	N=102.34 SE=102.34
7	NW=102.44 S=103.26 NE=103.15
9	NE=102.52 SE=102.52
11	NW=102.74 E=102.80
13	W=102.82 SE=102.81
15	NW=102.88 SW=103.95

100 YEAR PONDING			
PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	PONDING DEPTH (m)	PONDING ELEVATION (m)
P1	CB-50	0.14	104.89
P2	CB-51	0.11	104.51
P3	CB-52	0.14	104.58
P3	CB-53	0.10	104.59
P4	CB-54	0.14	104.78
P4	CB-55	0.14	104.78
P5	CB-57	0.11	105.31

100 YEAR PONDING + 20%			
PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	PONDING DEPTH (m)	PONDING ELEVATION (m)
P1	CB-50	0.15	104.90
P2	CB-51	0.14	104.54
P3	CB-52	0.18	104.62
P3	CB-53	0.13	104.62
P4	CB-54	0.19	104.83
P4	CB-55	0.19	104.83
P5	CB-57	0.15	105.35

CATCH-BASIN TABLE			
CB ID	TIG ELEVATION	INVERT	I.C.D. DIA.
50	104.75	103.35	108mm
51	104.40	103.00	152mm
52	104.44	103.04	83mm
53	104.49	103.09	152mm
54	104.64	103.24	83mm
55	104.64	103.24	178mm
56	104.83	103.43	152mm
57	105.20	103.80	127mm

APPROVED ☐ REFUSED ☐

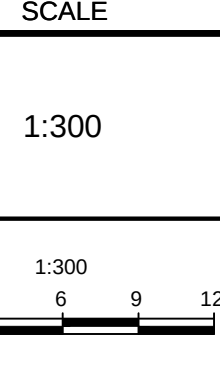
THIS DAY OF 20

DERRICK MOODIE, MANAGER
DEVELOPMENT REVIEW WEST
PLANNING, INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT, CITY OF OTTAWA

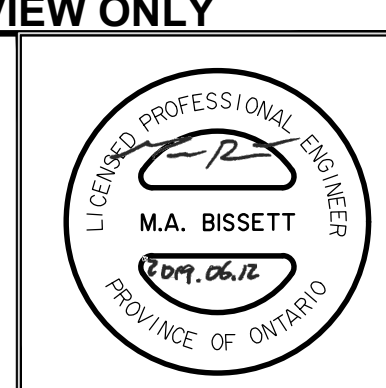
NOTE:
THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS,
WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER
UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND
STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON
THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN,
THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH
UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED.
BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT
LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND
STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR
DAMAGE TO THEM.



No.	REVISION	DATE	BY
2	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	JUN 12/19	MAB
1	SITE PLAN SUBMISSION	MAR 22/19	MAB



DESIGN LRW
CHECKED MAB
DRAWN DTD
CHECKED MAB
APPROVED JGR



CITY OF OTTAWA
FERNBANK CROSSING - BLOCK 135

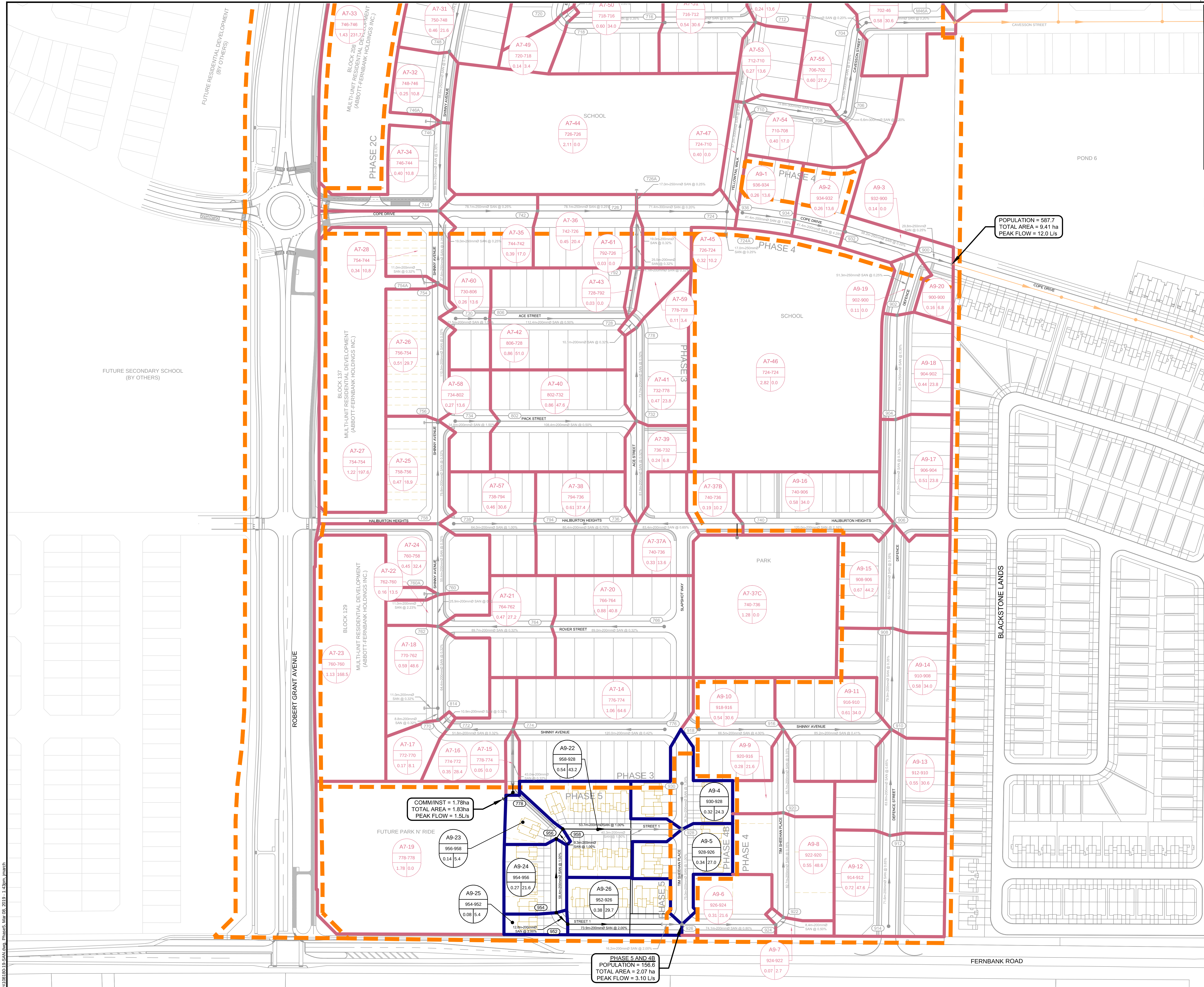
STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

PROJECT No. 117089
REV # 2
DRAWING No. 117089-STM

NOVATECH CAD Design/117089-STM.dwg, STM, Jun 12, 2019, 4:13pm, cbsimone

PLANSET 2019 - 1033mm x 700mm

D07-12-19-0053
PLAN #17927



LEGEND

A9-4
904-902
0.29 19.8

AREA ID
MANHOLE TO MANHOLE
POPULATION EQUIVALENT
AREA IN HECTARES

A9-4
904-902
0.29 19.8

EXISTING AREA ID
EXISTING MANHOLE TO MANHOLE
EXISTING POPULATION EQUIVALENT
EXISTING AREA IN HECTARES

SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
DIRECTION OF FLOW
PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER AND MANHOLE
PHASE BOUNDARY LINE

EXISTING SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY
EXISTING DIRECTION OF FLOW
EXISTING SANITARY SEWER AND MANHOLE
SANITARY SEWER AND MANHOLE BY OTHERS

KEY PLAN
N.T.S.

NOTE:
THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS,
WATERMAINS, SEWERS AND OTHER
UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND
STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON
THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN,
THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH
UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED.
BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT
LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND
STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR
DAMAGE TO THEM.

No.	REVISION	DATE	BY
2	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL (2nd SUBMISSION)	MAR 12/19	MAB
1	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	DEC 7/18	MAB

SCALE
1:1250

1:1250
0 10 20 30 40 50

DESIGN
LRW
CHECKED
MAB
DRAWN
DTD
CHECKED
MAB
APPROVED
JGR

FOR CONSTRUCTION

L.R. WILSON
10018005
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

M.A. BISSETT
2049-03-12
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

NOVATECH
Engineers, Planners & Landscape Architects
Suite 200, 240 Michael Cowpland Drive
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2M 1P6
Telephone (613) 254-9643
Facsimile (613) 254-5867
Website www.novatech-eng.com

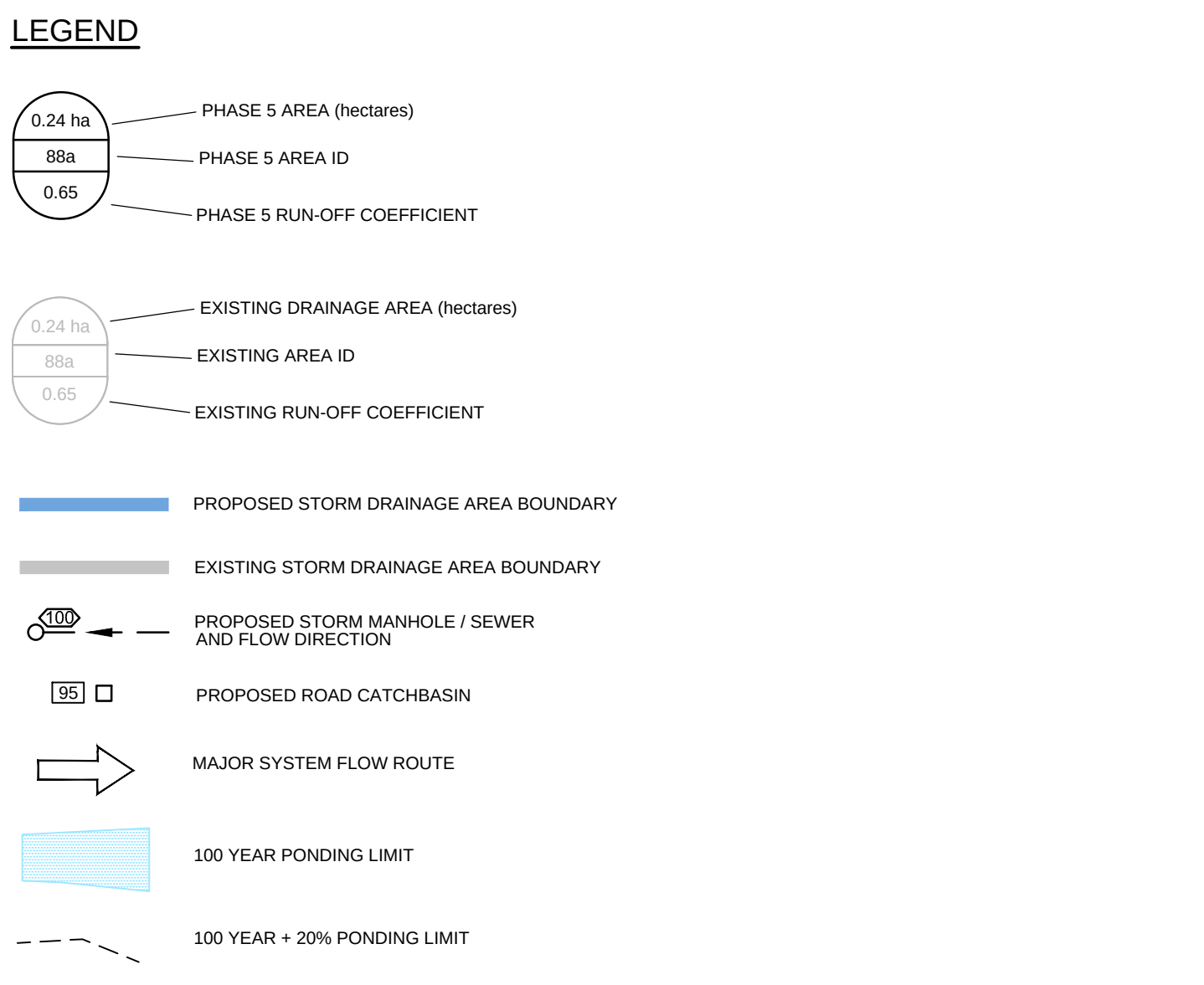
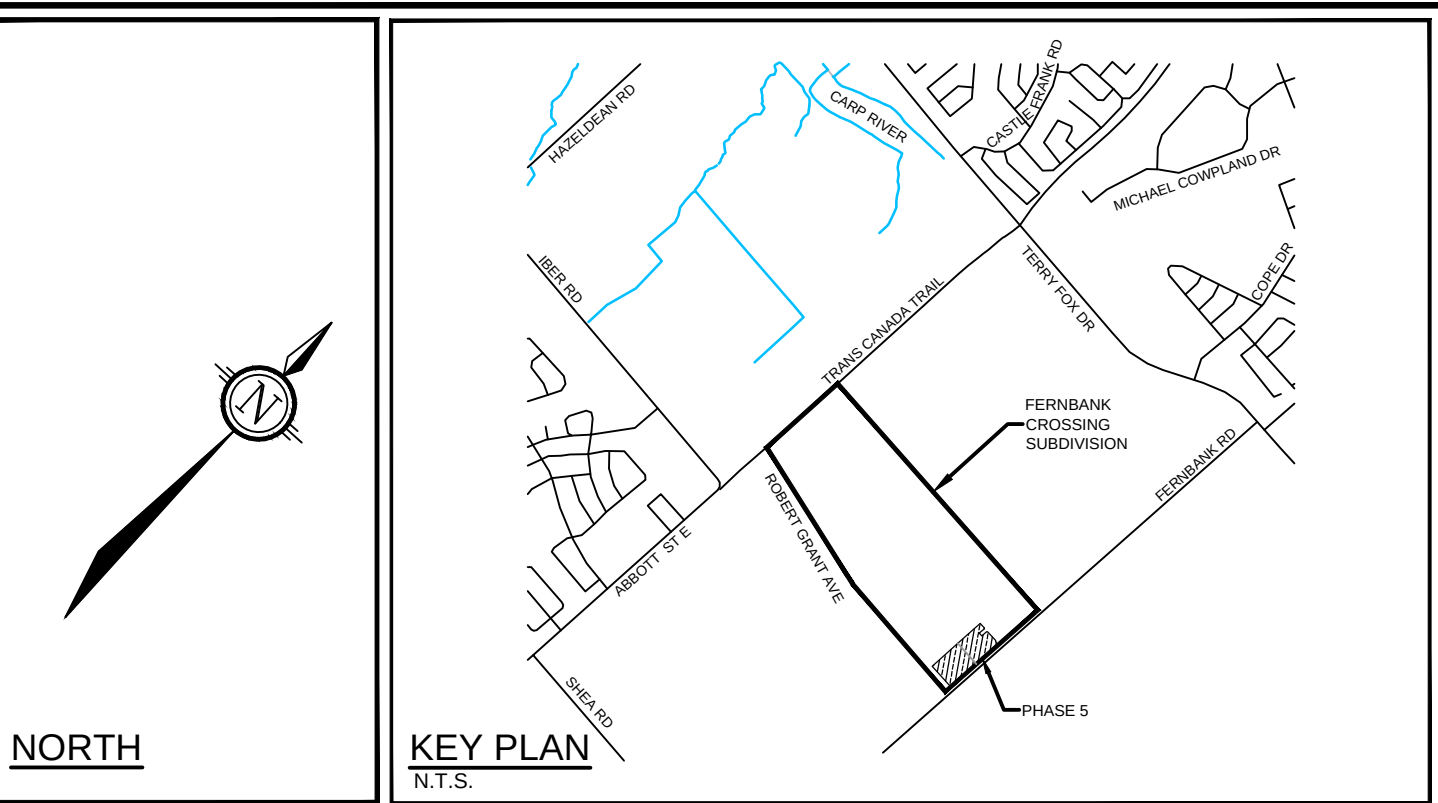
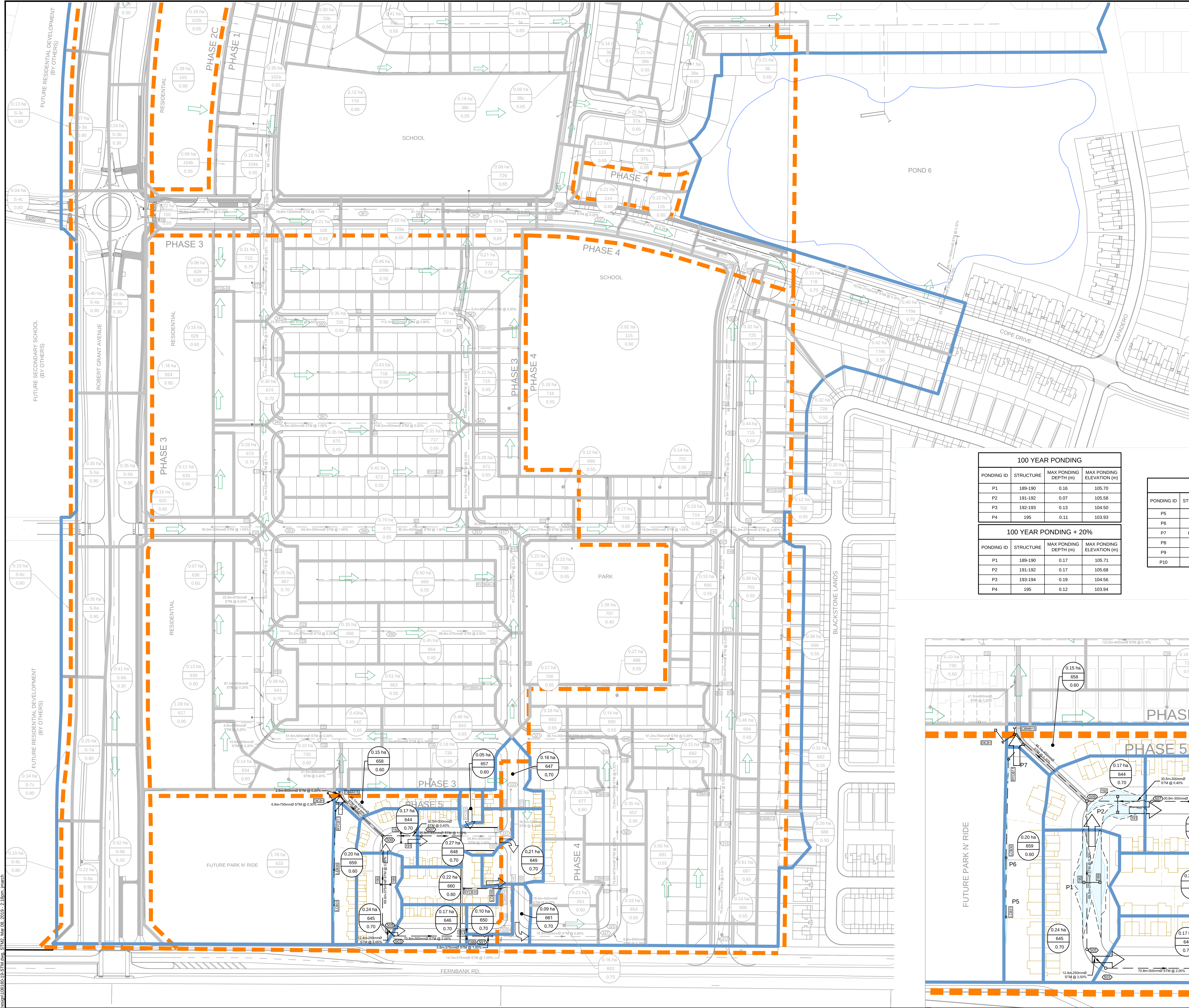
CITY OF OTTAWA
FERNBANK CROSSING - PHASE 5

SANITARY DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

PROJECT No.
108180-19

REV # 2

DRAWING No.
108180-19-SAN

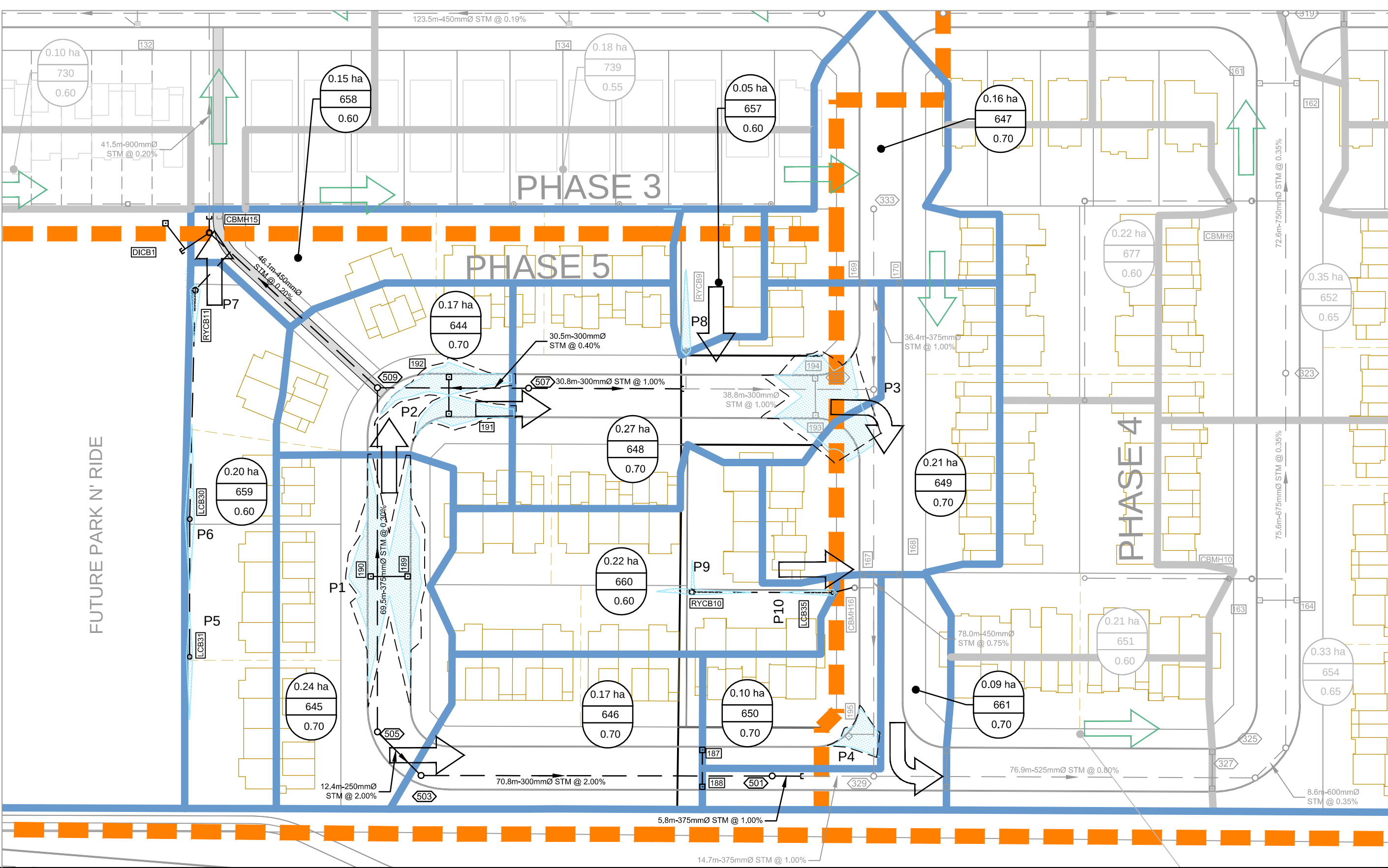


100 YEAR PONDING			
PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	MAX PONDING DEPTH (m)	MAX PONDING ELEVATION (m)
P1	189-190	0.16	105.70
P2	191-192	0.07	105.58
P3	192-193	0.13	104.50
P4	195	0.11	103.93

100 YEAR PONDING + 20%			
PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	MAX PONDING DEPTH (m)	MAX PONDING ELEVATION (m)
P1	189-190	0.17	105.71
P2	191-192	0.17	105.68
P3	193-194	0.19	104.56
P4	195	0.12	103.94

REAR YARD PONDING					
PONDING ID	STRUCTURE	MAX 100 YEAR PONDING DEPTH (m)	MAX 100 YEAR PONDING ELEVATION (m)	MAX 100 YEAR +20% PONDING DEPTH (m)	MAX 100 YEAR + 20% PONDING ELEVATION (m)
P5	LCB31	0.30	105.92	0.30	105.92
P6	LCB30	0.30	105.83	0.30	105.83
P7	RYCB11	0.30	105.44	0.30	105.44
P8	LCB25	0.30	105.12	0.30	105.12
P9	LCB34	0.20	104.47	0.20	104.47
P10	LCB35	0.20	104.36	0.20	104.36

PHASE 5
1:750



NOTE:
THE POSITION OF ALL POLE LINES, CONDUITS, WATERMANS, SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND AND OVERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT NECESSARILY SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, AND WHERE SHOWN, THE ACCURACY OF THE POSITION OF SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES IS NOT GUARANTEED. BEFORE STARTING WORK, DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL SUCH UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND ASSUME ALL LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE TO THEM.

2	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL (2nd SUBMISSION)	MAR 12/19	MAB
1	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	DEC 7/18	MAB
No.	REVISION	DATE	BY

SCALE

1:1250

0 10 20 30 40 50

DESIGN

LRW

CHECKED

MAB

DRAWN

DTD

CHECKED

MAB

APPROVED

JGR

FOR CONSTRUCTION

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

L.R. WILSON

100180065

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

M.A. BISSETT

2044-03-12

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

CITY OF OTTAWA

FERNBANK CROSSING - PHASE 5

STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

PROJECT No.

108180-19

REV # 2

108180-19-STM

Appendix D:

DSS Checklist
RVCA Clearance

**FERNBANK CROSSING BLOCK 135, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.1 General Content	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A	
Date and revision number of the report.	Y	
Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Y	Refer to Report Figures
Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Y	Refer to Grading and Servicing Plans
Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	Y	Refer to Site Plan
Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Y	
Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defensible design criteria.	Y	
Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	Y	Refer to Sections: 5.0 Sanitary Sewers, 6.0 Stormwater Management, 7.0 Water
Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	Y	
Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	N/A	
Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighboring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	Y	Refer to Grading Plan and Stormwater Management Plan

**FERNBANK CROSSING BLOCK 135, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.1 General Content	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A	
Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A	
Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	Y	Refer to Section 3.0 Grading
All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information:		
Metric scale	Y	
North arrow (including construction	Y	
Key plan	Y	
Name and contact information of applicant and property owner	Y	
Property limits including bearings and dimensions	Y	
Existing and proposed structures and parking areas	Y	
Easements, road widening and rights-of-	Y	
Adjacent street names	Y	

**FERNBANK CROSSING BLOCK 135, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.2 Water	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available.	Y	
Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development.	Y	Refer to Sections: 5.0 Sanitary Sewers, 6.0 Stormwater Management, 7.0 Water
Identification of system constraints.	N/A	
Identify boundary conditions.	Y	Provided by City of Ottawa
Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design.	N/A	
Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves.	Y	
Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	N/A	
Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range.	Y	Refer to Section 7.0 Water
Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	Y	Refer to Section 7.0 Water
Description of off-site required feeder mains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A	
Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Y	Refer to Section 7.0 Water
Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A	

**FERNBANK CROSSING BLOCK 135, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.3 Wastewater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Y	Refer to Section 5.0 Sanitary Sewers
Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A	
Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/A	
Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Y	Refer to Section 5.0 Sanitary Sewers
Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	y	Refer to Appendix A
Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	N/A	
Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Y	Refer to Section 5.0 Sanitary Sewers
Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A	
Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A	
Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A	
Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A	
Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A	

**FERNBANK CROSSING BLOCK 135, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.4 Stormwater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlet (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property).	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Analysis of the available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	Y	Refer to Appendix A
A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns and proposed drainage patterns.	Y	Refer to Storm Drainage Area Plan (117089-STM)
Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Description of stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A	
Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A	
Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	N/A	
Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A	
Storage requirements (complete with calcs) and conveyance capacity for 5 yr and 100 yr events.	Y	Refer to Appendix B
Identification of watercourse within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A	
Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Y	Refer to Appendix B
Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	N/A	
Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and SWM	N/A	
If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A	

**FERNBANK CROSSING BLOCK 135, OTTAWA
DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST**

4.4 Stormwater	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses.	N/A	
Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A	
Description of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Y	Refer to Section 6.0 Stormwater Management
100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	Y	Refer to Grading Plan and Storm Drainage Area Plan
Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including HGL elevations.	N/A	
Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	Y	Refer to Section 4.0 Erosion Sediment Control
Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A	
Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A	

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	N/A	
Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A	
Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A	
Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A	

4.6 Conclusion	Addressed (Y/N/NA)	Comments
Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations.	Y	Refer to Section 8.0 Conclusions and Recommendations
Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	Y	
All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario.	Y	

- also agrees to note the locations of all Community Mail Boxes within the development, and to notify affected homeowners of any established easements granted to Canada Post to permit access to the Community Mail Box.
- d. The developer will provide a suitable and safe temporary site for a Community Mail Box until curbs, sidewalks and final grading are completed at the permanent Community Mail Box locations. Canada Post will provide mail delivery to new residents as soon as the homes are occupied.
 - e. The developer agrees to provide the following for each Community Mail Box site and to include these requirements on the appropriate servicing plans:
 - i. Any required walkway across the boulevard, per municipal standards
 - ii. Any required curb depressions for wheelchair access, with an opening of at least two meters (consult Canada Post for detailed specifications)

Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA)

1. The RVCA has reviewed the above noted Site Plan Control application for 6 back to back townhouse blocks and have no objections provided that the site servicing report is implemented for quality control protection (run off captured by Pond 6) as part of the Site Plan Agreement.

Please provide a resubmission that addresses each of the comments or issues listed above. Please include 6 copies of all revised drawings and 2 copies of revised reports. A cover letter must also be included that states how each provided comment was addressed in the resubmission. Please co-ordinate the numbering of each resubmission comment or issue, with the above noted comment number. All addenda or revisions to any studies and plans, must be accompanied by a PDF copy, either by USB or e-mail.

Please contact me at Kathy.Rygus@ottawa.ca or at 613-580-2424 ext. 28318 if you have any questions regarding design, site plan or landscaping comments. Please contact Project Manager Eric Surprenant directly for questions regarding engineering comments at or at 613-580-2424, Ext.27794

Sincerely,

Kathy Rygus, Planner
Development Review West
Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department