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Mattino Developments Inc. 255 Mountshannon Drive - Block 2

Noise Impact Assessment

Noise Impact Assessment

Mattino Developments Inc. 255 Mountshannon Drive – Block 2



175 Claridge Drive Ottawa, ON K2J 5V8

Prepared by:

NOVATECH

240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Suite 200 Ottawa, Ontario, K2M 1P6

January 4, 2019

Ref: R-2019-003 Novatech File No. 112021-05



January 4, 2019

BY COURIER

City of Ottawa Planning and Growth Management Department 110 Laurier Avenue West, 4th Floor Ottawa, ON K1P 1J1

Attention: Melanie Gervais, Planner II

Reference: 255 Mountshannon Drive – Block 2

Noise Impact Assessment Our File No.: 112021-05

Please find enclosed three (3) copies of the 'Noise Impact Assessment' for 255 Mountshannon Drive – Block 2 development.

Please contact the undersigned with any questions, or if you require additional information.

Sincerely,

NOVATECH

Lucas Wilson, P.Eng. Project Coordinator

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

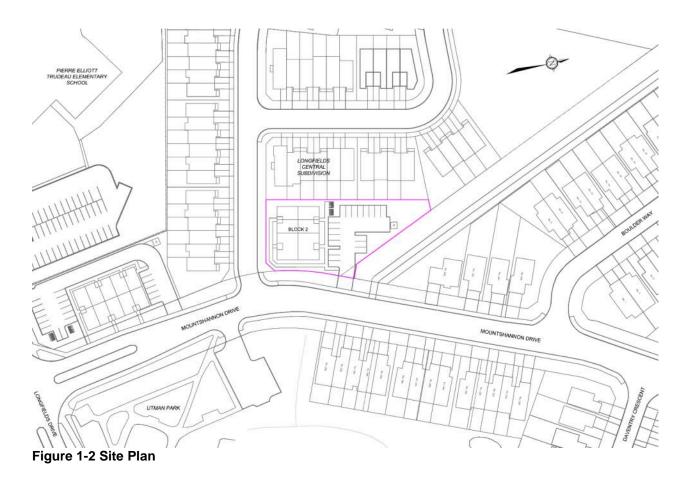
The subject site is located within the Longfields Community, in the Barrhaven ward at 255 Mountshannon Drive. The site is approximately 0.19ha and is bounded by existing residential to the north, the Longfields Central subdivision to the west and south and Mountshannon Drive to the east. A key plan of the area is presented as **Figure 1-1**.



Figure 1-1 Key Plan

The proposed development will consist of a 3-storey residential stacked townhome structure fronting onto Via Mattino Way with 16 units. The proposed site plan is shown below in **Figure 1-2**.

This report assesses potential noise sources that could affect the development, analyses the sound levels and outlines any necessary noise attenuation requirements for compliance with the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) and the MOE Environmental Noise Guidelines (MOE Publication NPC-300).



2.0 CITY OF OTTAWA ENVIRONMENTAL NOISE CONTROL GUIDELINES

2.1 Sound Level Criteria

The City of Ottawa is concerned with noise from aircraft, roads, railways and transitways as expressed in the City of Ottawa Official Plan (May 2003). These policies are supported by the Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) which is a technical document that outlines the specific sound level criteria. The City of Ottawa's *Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG)*, January, 2016 and the Ministry of Environment's *Environmental Noise Guidelines, Stationary and Transportation Sources – Approval and Planning, Publication NPC-300* have been used for the purpose of this report. As per Section 2.2 of the City of Ottawa Noise Control Guidelines (2016), unless otherwise noted, developments should be consistent with NPC-300 (MOE publication, 2013).

The areas that must be assessed for acoustic protection include the Outdoor Living Area (OLA) and the Outdoor Plane of Window (POW).

These locations are defined as:

- Outdoor Living Area (OLA): The Outdoor Living Area is defined as that part of the outdoor amenity area provided for the quiet enjoyment of the outdoor environment during the daytime period. These amenity areas are typically backyards, gardens, terraces, patios and common outdoor living areas. The OLA noise target for traffic and rail noise sources is 55 dBA. The OLA for aircrafts must be analysed separately from surface transportation sources, with a noise target of 30 NEF/NEP (approximately Leq_{24hr} 61-64 dBA). This criterion may be exceeded by an amount not greater than 5 dBA, subject to justification and the use of a Warning Clause. OLA noise levels are analysed at 3.0m from the building façade, 1.5m above grade.
- Plane of Window (POW): The plane of window is defined as the indoor living space where the sound levels will affect the living room area during daytime hours and bedrooms during night time hours. The residential Plane of Window noise target for traffic and rail noise sources is 55 dBA during the day and 50 dBA at night. If this criterion is exceeded, the property may be subject to building component analysis and warning clauses. The indoor noise impact for rail, road, and aircraft noise must be assessed separately and the sound criterion is broadly summarized in Table 2-1, Table 2-2, Table 2-3 and Table 2-4. POW noise levels are analysed 1.5m above grade for the first storey, 4.5m above grade for the second storey and 7.5m above grade for the third storey.

Table 2-1 City of Ottawa Outdoor Plane of Window Sound Level Criteria

| TIME PERIOD | RECEIVER LOCATION | SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Daytime (07:00 - 23:00 hrs) | Plane of Living Room Window | 55 dBA |
| Night time (23:00 - 07:00 hrs) | Plane of Bedroom Window | 50 dBA |

Compliance with the outdoor sound level criteria generally ensures compliance with the indoor sound level criteria which is summarized below in **Table 2-2**.

Table 2-2 Indoor Sound Level Criteria Surface Transportation

| | | | SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| TIME PERIOD | RECEIVER LOCATION | Roadways, Transitways and LRT | Rail (diesel engines/ locomotives) | | |
| Daytime (07:00 - 23:00 hrs) | Living/Dining Rooms of residential dwelling units, hospitals, schools, nursing homes, daycare centres, theatres, places of worship, individual or semiprivate offices, conference rooms etc. | 45 dBA | 40 dBA | | |
| Night Time (23:00 - 07:00 hrs) | Sleeping quarters of residential units, hospitals, nursing homes, senior citizen homes, etc. | 40 dBA | 35 dBA | | |

Table 2-3 City of Ottawa Façade Material Requirements for Rail Noise Only

| ASSESSMENT LOCATION | DISTANCE TO RAILWAY (m) | SOUND LEVEL | FAÇADE MATERIAL REQUIREMENT |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | Less than 100m | Leq 24hr Less than or equal to 60 dBA | No additional requirement |
| PLANE OF | | Leq _{24hr} greater than 60 dBA | Brick veneer or acoustically equivalent |
| BEDROOM WINDOW | Greater than 100m | Leq 24hr less than or equal to 60 dBA | No additional requirement |
| | | Leq _{24hr} greater than 60 dBA | No additional requirement |

Table 2-4 Indoor Aircraft Sound Level Criteria

| RECEIVER LOCATION | INDOOR NEF/NEP |
|---|---|
| Living/Dining areas of residences, sleeping quarters of hotels/motels, | 5 |
| theatres, libraries, schools, day-care centres, places of worship, etc. | (Approx. Leq _{24hr} 36-39 dBA) |
| Sleeping quarters of residences, hospitals, nursing/retirement homes, | 0 |
| etc. | (Approx. Leq _{24hr} 31-34 dBA) |

2.2 Noise Attenuation Requirements

When sound levels are predicted to be less than the specified criteria for daytime and night time conditions, no attenuation measures are required on the part of the proponent. As the noise criteria are exceeded, a combination of attenuation measures is recommended by the City of Ottawa and the MOE to modify the development environment.

These attenuation measures may include any or all of the following:

- Distance setback with soft ground;
- Insertion of noise insensitive land uses between the source and sensitive receptor;
- Orientation of building to provide sheltered zone;
- Construction of a noise barrier wall and/or berm;
- Installation of a forced air ventilation system with provision for central air;
- Installation of central air:
- Acoustically selected building façade components

2.2.1 Noise Barrier

Noise barriers should only be used when other noise control measures have been considered, and there is no other alternative. For the purpose of this study, when noise levels exceed 60 dBA in the Outdoor Living Area, control measures (barriers) are required to reduce the Leq to below 60 dBA and as close to 55 dBA as technically, economically and administratively feasible.

The noise barriers are to be compliant with the City standards for noise barriers and have the following characteristics.

- Minimum height of 2.2m;
- Maximum height of 2.5m (unless approved by the City of Ottawa);
- Situated 0.30m inside the private property;
- A surface mass density not less than 20kg/sq.m; and
- No holes or gaps.

2.2.2 Ventilation Requirements

A forced air heating system with provision for a central air conditioning system is required if the daytime surface transportation noise levels are between 55 dBA and 60 dBA and/or night time surface transportation noise levels are between 50 dBA and 60 dBA. For aircraft noise, a forced air heating system with provision for a central air conditioning system is required if at any location on the property the noise level is between NEF 25 and NEF 30.

The installation of a central air conditioning system is required when the daytime noise level exceeds 65 dBA and/or night time noise levels exceed 60 dBA for surface transportation noise sources and greater than NEF 30 for aircraft noise sources.

2.2.3 Building Component Assessment

When noise levels exceed 65 dBA (daytime) or 60 dBA (night time) for surface transportation noise sources or NEF 25 for aircraft noise sources the exterior cladding system of the building envelope must be acoustically assessed to ensure the indoor sound criteria is achieved. This includes analysis of the exterior wall, door, and/or glazing system specifications as appropriate.

The NRC research Acoustic Insulation Factor: A Rating for the Insulation of Buildings against Noise (June 1980, JD Quirt) is used to assess the building components and the required acoustic insulation factor (AIF). This method is recognized by the City of Ottawa.

The required AIF is based on the Outside L_{eq} , Indoor L_{eq} required, and the number of exterior façade components.

Minimum Required AIF = Outside L_{eq} - Indoor L_{eq} + log₁₀ (Number of Components) + 2dB

Where, N = Number of components (walls, windows and roof);

L = Sound Level expressed on a common decibel scale.

2.2.4 Warning Clauses

When predicted noise levels exceed the specified criteria, the City of Ottawa and the MOE recommend warning clauses be registered as a notice on title and incorporated into the sales agreements to warn potential purchaser/buyers/tenants of the possible elevated noise levels.

The following typical warning clauses are extracted from Section C8.1 of the MOE NPC-300 document.

Warning Clause Type A

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road traffic may occasionally interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the City's and the Ministry of the Environment's noise criteria."

Warning Clause Type B

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features in the development and within the building units, sound levels due to increasing road traffic may on occasion interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the City's and the Ministry of the Environment's noise criteria."

Warning Clause Type C

"This dwelling unit has been designed with the provision for adding central air conditioning at the occupant's discretion. Installation of central air conditioning by the occupant will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the City's and the Ministry of the Environment's noise criteria."

Warning Clause Type D

"This dwelling unit has been supplied with a central air conditioning system which will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the City's and the Ministry of the Environment's noise criteria."

2.2.5 Summary of Noise Attenuation Measure Requirements

Table 2-5 and **Table 2-6** summarizes the noise attenuation measure requirements and warning clauses should sound criteria be exceeded.

Table 2-5 Outdoor, Ventilation and Warning Clause Requirements (NPC-300)

| Assessmen | | Outdoor Control | Indoor Conti | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|---|---|
| t Location | L _{eq} (dBA) | Measures | Ventilation Requirements | Building Components | Warning Clause |
| | Less than 55 | None required | N/A | N/A | None required |
| Outdoor Living Area (OLA) | Between 55 and 60 | Control measures (barriers) may not be required but should be considered | N/A | N/A | Required if resultant L _{eq} exceeds 55 dBA Type A |
| | More than 60 | Barriers required | N/A | N/A | Required if resultant L _{eq} exceeds 55 dBA Type B |
| | Less than 55 | N/A | None Required | None Required | None Required |
| Plane of Living Room Window | Between5 5 and 65 | N/A | Forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning | None Required | Required Type C |
| (POW) | More Than 65 | N/A | Central Air Conditioning | Acoustical performance of the windows and walls should be specified | Required Type D |
| | Less than 50 | N/A | None Required | None Required | None Required |
| Plane of Bedroom Window | Between5 0 and 60 | N/A | Forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning | None Required | Required Type C |
| (POW) | More than 60 | N/A | Central Air Conditioning | Acoustical performance of the windows and walls should be specified | Required Type D |

Table 2-6 Indoor Noise Control Requirements for Aircraft Noise

| Assessment Location | NEF or NEP | Ventilation Requirements | Noise Control Requirements | Warning Clause |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------------|
| | Less than NEF 25 | None Required | Building compliant with the Ontario Building Code | Not Required |
| Any Location on Property or Lot | Greater or equal to NEF 25 to less than NEF 30 | Provision for central air conditioning | Building components (walls, windows, etc.) must be designed to achieve indoor sound level criteria | Required Type C |
| | Greater than NEF 30 | Central air conditioning | Building components (walls, windows, etc.) must be designed to achieve indoor sound level criteria | Required Type B and D |

3.0 NOISE SOURCES

The City of Ottawa Official Plan and Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG) stipulate that a noise impact assessment is required when a noise sensitive development is within proximity to a surface transportation (road or rail), stationary and aircraft noise sources.

The following criteria are applicable to the subject site:

- Within 100m from the right-of-way of an existing/proposed arterial/collector;
- Within 300m from the right-pf-way of an existing/proposed rail corridor;
- Within the limits of the Ottawa Airport Vicinity Development Zone (OAVDZ)

Figure 3-1 shows the noise sources that have an impact on this development. Mountshannon Drive (Collector) is located within 100m of the development and the Smiths Falls Rail Corridor is located within 300m of the development. The site is also located within the boundary of the 25 NEF/NEP contour.

3.1 Mountshannon Drive (Collector)

Mountshannon Drive is classified as a 2-Lane Urban Collector (2-UCU) Roadway in the 2013 Transportation Master Plan. An Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) value of 8,000 is specified for this type of road.

As per Table B1 of Appendix B of the ENCG, **Table 3-1** outlines the traffic parameters used to calculate the sound levels for the development.

Table 3-1 Mountshannon Drive Noise Parameters

| Roadway Classification | 2-Lane Urban Arterial |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) | 8,000 veh/day |
| Day/Night Split (%) | 92/8 |
| Heavy Trucks (%) | 5 |
| Medium Trucks (%) | 7 |
| Posted Speed Limit | 40 km/hr |
| Road Gradient | 1.0% |

3.2 VIA Rail (Smiths Falls Rail Corridor)

A VIA Rail Line is located approximately 260m west of the site. Railway noise modelling parameters were acquired from VIA Rail through an Access to Information Request, **Appendix A**, and are summarized below.

Table 3-2 Railway Noise Parameters

| | Engine Type | Welded Track | Speed | Train Frequency per Day | Projected 2031 Rail Volume | Cars per Train | Locomotives per Train |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| VIA | Diesel | No | 100 mph | 12/2 (day/night) | 18/3 (day/night) | 4 | 1 |
| Freight | Diesel | No | 60 mph | 2 (day) | 3 (day/night) | 6 | 2 |

Existing daily rail traffic data was acquired from VIA Rail, with VIA operating 12 daytime passenger trains and 2 night-time passenger trains. There are also 2 freight trains during the daytime operating along the rail line. A growth rate of 2.5% per year was applied and extrapolated to the City's TMP horizon year of 2031; the table above summarizes the AADT values for the rail traffic considered in the assessment. The train speed is variable along this corridor; however we have modelled the railway noise based on current train speeds gathered from VIA Rail of 150km/hr for VIA trains and 100km/hr for freight trains.

3.3 Aircraft

The ENCG provides sound level criteria for aircraft noise based on location within the Ottawa Airport Vicinity Development Zone (OAVDZ). The boundary of the OAVDZ has been defined to coincide with physical features such as roads, creeks, rail lines, and lot lines where possible. Noise levels which would impact sensitive areas are determined by the NEF/NEP contours. These contours include noise levels from aircraft flight, take-off, and ground operations to specific urban areas. Figure 3-4 shows the development location in reference to the Ottawa Airport Operating Influence Zone.

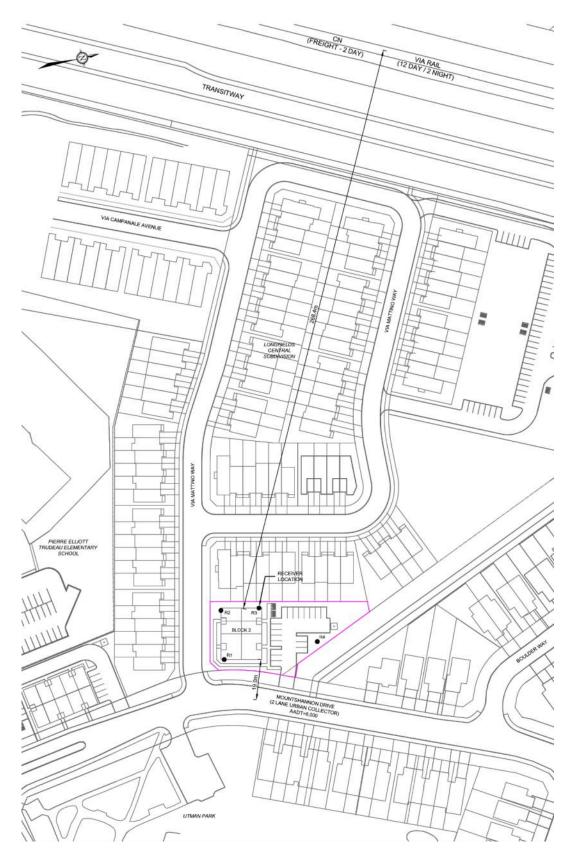


Figure 3-1 Noise Sources

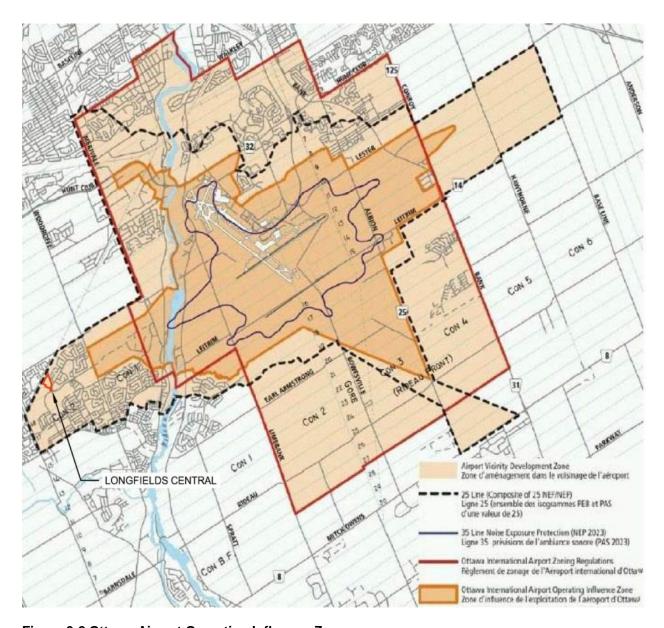


Figure 3-2 Ottawa Airport Operating Influence Zone

4.0 NOISE LEVEL PREDICTIONS

4.1 Modelling

Noise levels are calculated using the STAMSON computer program, version 5.03. Road data is input into the program as applicable, whereupon the program calculates an A-weighted 16 hour L_{eq} noise level for the daytime and an 8 hour L_{eq} noise level for the night time. The results of these computer calculations are presented in **Appendix B** and summarized in **Table 4-1** and **Table 4-2**.

Table 4-1 OLA Noise Level Summary

| LOCATION | OUTDOOR LIVING AREA NOISE LEVEL – L _{eq} - (dBA) | |
|----------|--|--|
| R4 | 56.74 | |

Table 4-2 POW Noise Level Summary

| LOCATION | PLANE OF WINDOW (POW) NOISE LEVEL – L _{eq} - (dBA) | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|--|
| | DAYTIME | NIGHT TIME | |
| R1 (1st to 3rd Floors) | 63.21 | 55.64 | |
| R2 (1st to 3rd Floors) | 56.64 | 49.52 | |
| R3 (1st Floor) | 47.54 | 44.54 | |
| R3 (2 nd and 3 rd Floors) | 47.68 (3 rd) | 44.79 (2 nd) | |

4.2 Outdoor Control Measures

The development consists of a shared amenity area located north of the parking area with a calculated noise level of 56.74 dBA that is marginally above the minimum of 55 dBA, though below 60 dBA. We recommend placing a warning clause (Type A) on title without adding a physical noise barrier, providing a quality space that outweighs the benefits of an incremental decrease to decibel levels in the OLA.

Typical wording for Type A warning clause:

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road traffic may occasionally interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the City's and the Ministry of the Environment's noise criteria."

4.3 Indoor Control Measures

Warning clauses are required on title relating to the requirement of forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning.

Due to the site being located within the 25 NEF boundary, all units will require forced air heating with provision for central air conditioning and associated amended warning clause Type C.

Typical wording for amended Type C warning clause:

""Purchasers/building occupants are forewarned that this property/dwelling unit is located in a noise sensitive area due to its proximity to Ottawa Macdonald-Cartier International Airport. In order to reduce the impact of aircraft noise in the indoor spaces, the unit has been designed and built to meet provincial standards for noise control by the use of components and building systems that provide sound attenuation. In addition to the building components (ie. walls, windows, doors, ceiling-roof), since the benefit of sound attenuation is lost when windows or doors are left open, this unit has been fitted with a forced air heating system, all components of which are sized to accommodate the future installation of central air conditioning-by the owner/occupant."

"Despite the inclusion of noise control features within the dwelling unit, noise due to aircraft operations may continue to interfere with some indoor activities and with outdoor activities, particularly during the summer months. The purchaser/building occupant is further advised that the Airport is open and operates 24 hours a day, and that changes to operations or expansion of the airport facilities, including the construction of new runways, may affect the living environment of the residents of this property area."

"The Ottawa Macdonald-Cartier International Airport Authority, its acoustical consultants and the municipality are not responsible if, regardless of the implementation of noise control features, the purchaser/occupant of this dwelling finds that the indoor noise levels due to aircraft operations continue to be of concern or are offensive."

4.4 Building Component Assessment

The sound level due to surface transportation sources at every unit within the proposed development is below 65 dBA (daytime) and 60 dBA (night time). Therefore, as long as the building is compliant with the Ontario Building Code, they will be compliant with the City of Ottawa's indoor noise criteria for road noise.

Since the proposed development is located within the 25 NEF boundary, an analysis of the cladding system is warranted. To comply with the ENCG policies, the building envelope will require a minimum AIF rating to provide the indoor noise levels as shown above in **Table 2-3**. The 25 NEF was converted into an equivalent Leq _{24hr} using an equation from the IBANA-CALC User's Manual:

$$L_{eq\ 24hr} = NEF + 32$$

 $L_{eq\ 24hr} = 25 + 32 = 57 \text{ dBA}$

IBANA-CALC is a software package developed by the National Research Council of Canada that calculates indoor noise levels for standard roof, wall, and window construction details for appropriate aircraft noise source spectra.

The required AIF is based based on the outside L_{eq} , indoor L_{eq} required, and the number of exterior façade components.

Required AIF = Outside L_{eq} - Indoor L_{eq} + log₁₀ (Number of Components) + 2 dB

Where, N = Number of Components;

L = Sound Level expressed on a common decibel scale.

The acoustical insulation factor for residential bedrooms is calculated as follows:

Three Building Components: AIF = 57 dBA - 34 dBA + 10log(3) dBA + 2 dBA = 30

To comply with the ENCG policies, the buildings will require a minimum AIF rating of 30 to provide the appropriate indoor noise levels. Presented below are recommended building materials that provide the required AIF rating. These building materials are only suggestions and can be substituted with equivalent building materials that meet or exceed the AIF rating.

The highest percentage of exterior wall to interior floor area in a bedroom is 100%. A wall with type EW1 composition (refer to **Appendix C** for applicable worksheets) has an AIF of 31 with an exterior wall to interior floor area of 100%; this exceeds the minimum requirements for 3 components. The highest percentage of window to floor area ratio in a bedroom is 25%. A standard residential window section employs 6mm glazing x 13mm air space x 6mm glazing, which has an AIF of 32 if located in a room with a window to floor area ratio of 25%. This exceeds the minimum requirements, and as such the exterior building envelope is shown to comply with the ENCG policy if the minimum ratios are met.

All units must meet the minimum building component requirements as outlined in "Part 6: Prescribed Measures for Aircraft Noise" of the ENCG, shown in the tables below.

Table 4-3 Prescribed Measures – Building Components (Exterior Walls)

| Wall Components | Percentage of Exterior Wall Area to Total Floor Area of Room (% maximum) |
|--|--|
| 12.7mm gypsum board; | Bedrooms (110%) |
| Vapour barrier; | |
| • 38mm x 139mm studs at 400mm o.c.; | Living/Dining (150%) |
| Batt/blown insulation in the inter-stud cavities; | |
| 7.9mm exterior sheathing; | |
| Building paper; | |
| Wood siding; vinyl siding; or metal siding with fibre backer | |
| board; or 20mm stucco. | |
| | |

Table 4-4 Prescribed Measures – Building Components (Windows and Patio Doors)

| Windows and Patio Door Components | Percentage of Window Area to Total Floor Area of Room (% maximum) |
|--|---|
| Double-glazed, well-fitted, weatherstripped units with dimensions to fit 25mm [ie. 4 (16) 4; 6 (13) 6] | Bedrooms (16%) |
| 4 (16) 4 = 4mm glass, 16mm space, 4mm glass. | Living/Dining (40%) |
| Double-glazed, well-fitted, weatherstripped units with dimensions to fit 25mm [ie. 3 (16) 6]. | Bedrooms (20%) Living/Dining (50%) |

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

To meet the requirements for compliance with the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines and the MOE Environmental Noise Guideline the following measures are required.

Outdoor Control Measures

All units require a warning clause Type A due to sound levels exceeding 55 dBA in the shared amenity space.

Indoor Control Measures

All units will require warning clause Type C, presented in Figure 5-1.

Building Component Assessment

All building faces will comply with the ENCG indoor noise policy employing EW1 wall components and standard residential window sections 6mm glazing x 13mm air space x 6mm glazing.

Warning Clauses

Warning clauses are to be placed on title and in the purchase and sale agreements as indicated above and in **Figure 5-1**. The following typical warning clause is extracted from Section C8.1 of the MOE NPC-300 document and amended for the purpose of this report.

Warning Clause Type 'A'

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that sound levels due to increasing road traffic may occasionally interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the City's and the Ministry of the Environment's noise criteria."

Warning Clause Type 'C'

"Purchasers/building occupants are forewarned that this property/dwelling unit is located in a noise sensitive area due to its proximity to Ottawa Macdonald-Cartier International Airport. In order to reduce the impact of aircraft noise in the indoor spaces, the unit has been designed and built to meet provincial standards for noise control by the use of components and building systems that provide sound attenuation. In addition to the building components (ie. walls, windows, doors, ceiling-roof), since the benefit of sound attenuation is lost when windows or doors are left open, this unit has been fitted with a forced air heating system, all components of which are sized to accommodate the future installation of central air conditioning-by the owner/occupant."

"Despite the inclusion of noise control features within the dwelling unit, noise due to aircraft operations may continue to interfere with some indoor activities and with outdoor activities, particularly during the summer months. The purchaser/building occupant is further advised that the Airport is open and operates 24 hours a day, and that changes to operations or expansion of the airport facilities, including the construction of new runways, may affect the living environment of the residents of this property area."

"The Ottawa Macdonald-Cartier International Airport Authority, its acoustical consultants and the municipality are not responsible if, regardless of the implementation of noise control features, the purchaser/occupant of this dwelling finds that the indoor noise levels due to aircraft operations continue to be of concern or are offensive."

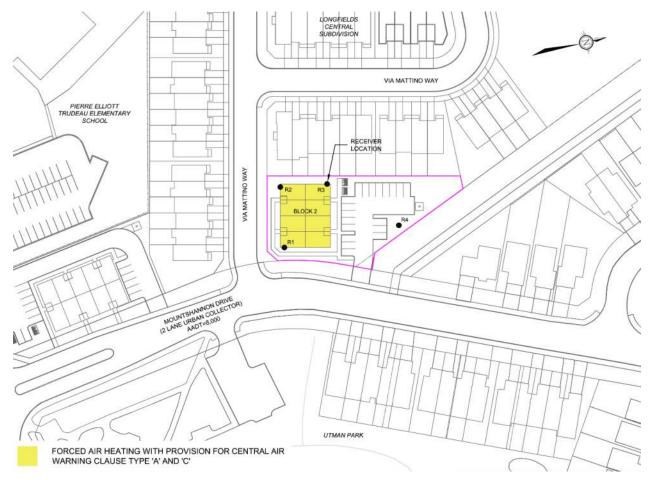


Figure 5-1 Construction Requirements and Warning Clauses

If you have any questions or comments with regards to this report, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Respectfully issued,

NOVATECH

Prepared By:



Lucas Wilson, P.Eng. Project Coordinator

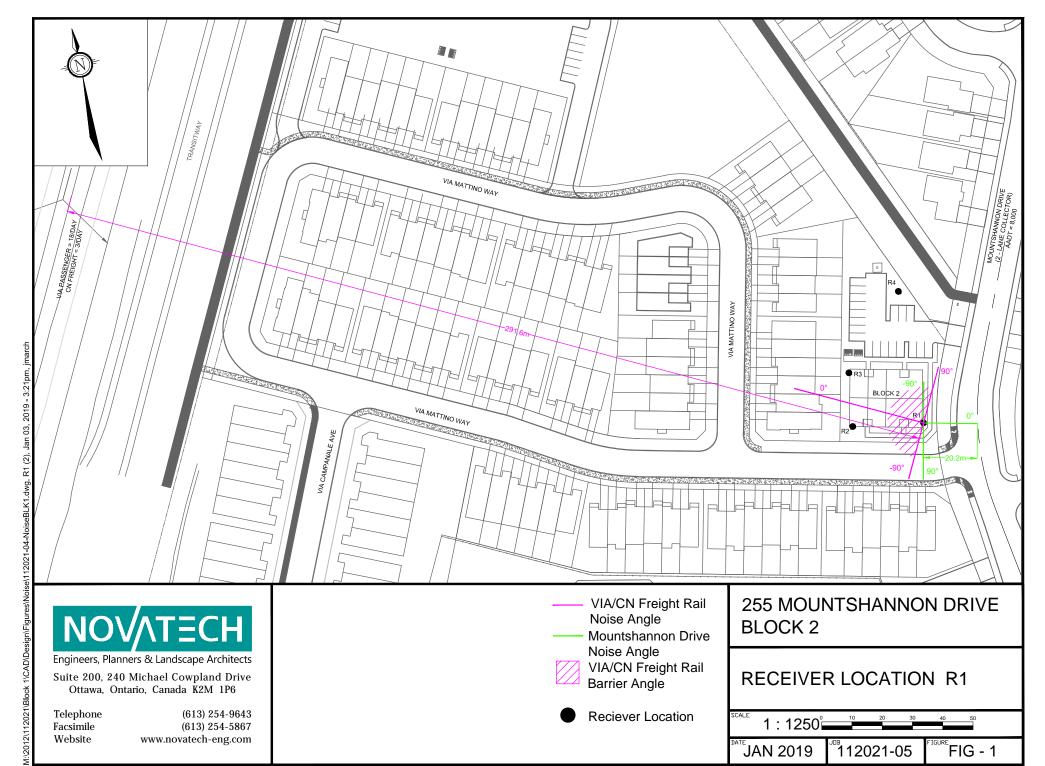
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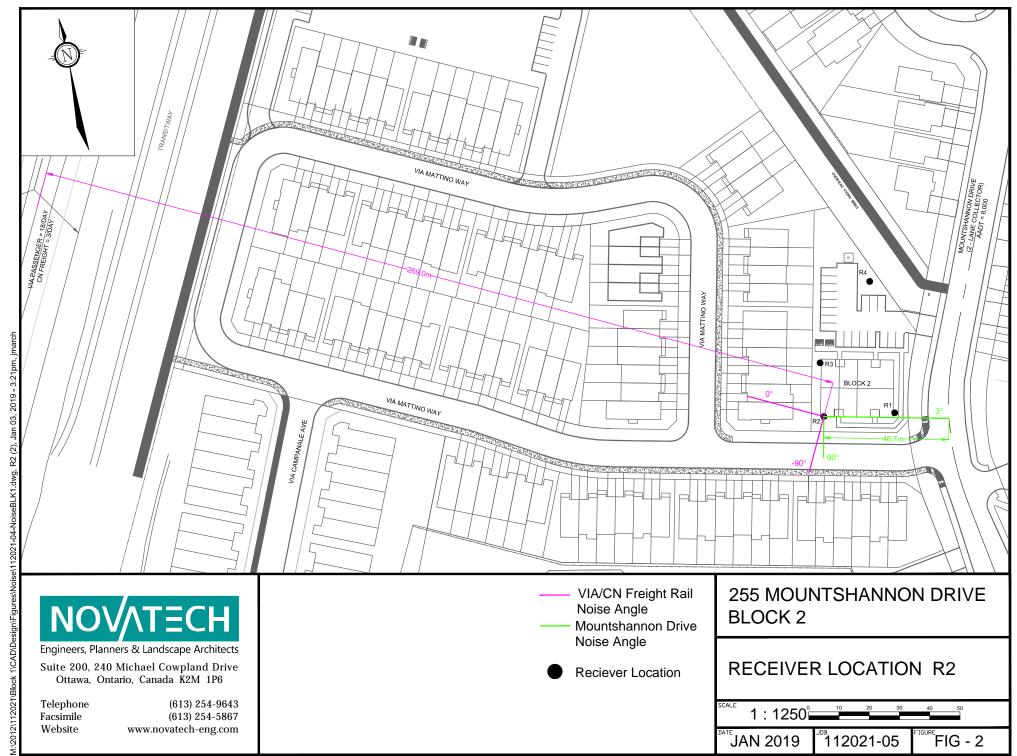


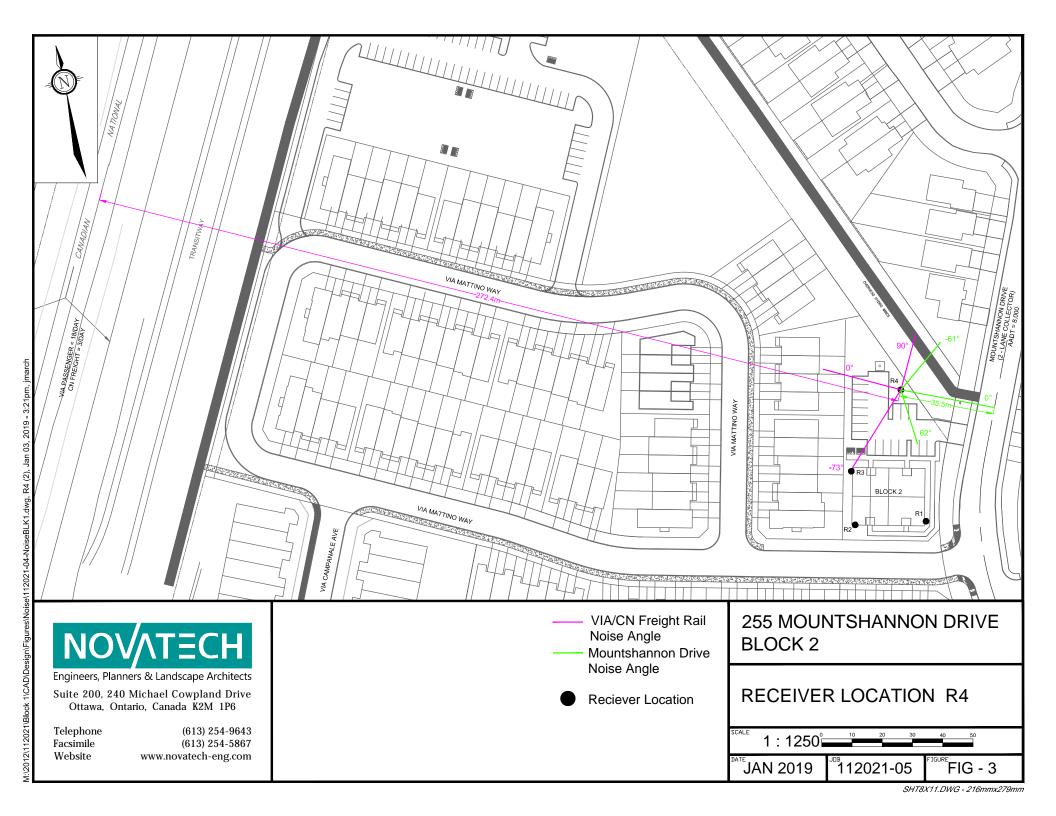
Mark Bissett, P.Eng. Senior Project Manager

APPENDIX A

Receiver Location Figures Stamson Model Output







STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 21-12-2018 10:57:23 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: r1.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: R1 (POW - 1st to 4th Floors)

Rail data, segment # 1: VIA (day/night)

! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld Train Type ______ ! 18.0/3.0 ! 150.0 ! 1.0 ! 4.0 !Diesel! No

Data for Segment # 1: VIA (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0
No of house rows : 5 / 5
House density : 80 %
Surface : 2 90.00 deg (No woods.)

(Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance $\,:\,276.00$ / 276.00 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m Topography : 2 (Flat

(Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)

No Whistle

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg Barrier height : 10.00 m

Barrier receiver distance : 1.00 / 1.00 m

Source elevation : 93.55 mReceiver elevation : 92.73 m Receiver elevation
Barrier elevation
Reference angle : 92.73 m : 0.00

Rail data, segment # 2: Freight (day/night)

! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld Train Type -----3.0/3.0 ! 100.0 ! 2.0 ! 6.0 !Diesel! No !

Data for Segment # 2: Freight (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 5 / 5 (No woods.)

House density : 80 %

(Reflective ground surface) Surface : 2

Receiver source distance : 276.00 / 276.00 mReceiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m

: 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier) Topography

No Whistle

Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance : 1.00 / 1.00 m
Source elevation : 93.55 m
Receiver elevation : 92.73 m : 92.73 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

| Source Height | (m) | ! | Height | (m) | ! | Barrier Height | (m) | ! | Elevation of Barrier Top | (m) |
|------------------|--------------|---|--------|--------------|---|-------------------|--------------|---|-----------------------------|-----|
| | 4.00 0.50 | ! | | 1.50 1.50 | ! | | 1.51 1.50 | ! | 94.24 | |

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 37.35 + 0.00) = 37.35 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______
 -90
 90
 0.00
 68.49
 -12.65
 0.00
 0.00
 -11.23
 0.00
 44.62

 -90
 90
 0.00
 68.49
 -12.65
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 -18.49
 37.35

WHEEL (0.00 + 30.41 + 0.00) = 30.41 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______

 -90
 90
 0.00
 61.57
 -12.65
 0.00
 0.00
 -11.23
 0.00
 37.69

 -90
 90
 0.00
 61.57
 -12.65
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 -18.51
 30.41

Segment Leg: 38.15 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (day)

Barrier height for grazing incidence

| Source | | ! | Receiver | | | Barrier | | ! | Elevation of | |
|--------|------|----|----------|------|----|---------|------|-----|--------------|-----|
| Height | (m) | ! | Height | (m) | ! | Height | (m) | ! | Barrier Top | (m) |
| | | -+ | | | -+ | | | -+- | | - |
| | 4.00 | ! | | 1.50 | ! | | 1.51 | ! | 94.24 | |
| | 0.50 | ! | | 1.50 | ! | | 1.50 | ! | 94.23 | |

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 30.06 + 0.00) = 30.06 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

 -90
 90
 0.00
 61.19
 -12.65
 0.00
 0.00
 -11.23
 0.00
 37.32

 -90
 90
 0.00
 61.19
 -12.65
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 -18.49
 30.06

WHEEL (0.00 + 21.91 + 0.00) = 21.91 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq ______ -90 90 0.00 53.06 -12.65 0.00 0.00 -11.23 0.00 29.19 -90 90 0.00 53.06 -12.65 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.51 21.91

Segment Leg: 30.68 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 38.87 dBA

Barrier height for grazing incidence

| (m) | ! | (m) | ! | _ | (m) | ! | Elevation of Barrier Top | (m) |
|---------|---|---------|---|---|------|---|-----------------------------|-----|
| | | 1.50 | • | | 1.51 | | | - |

0.50 ! 1.50 ! 1.50 ! 94.23

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 32.58 + 0.00) = 32.58 dBA

| Angle1 Angle2 | Alpha RefLe | q D.Adj | F.Adj | W.Adj | H.Adj | B.Adj | SubLeq |
|---------------|------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| | 0.00 63.7 0.00 63.7 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

WHEEL (0.00 + 25.64 + 0.00) = 25.64 dBA

| Anglel Angle | 2 Alpha | RefLeq | D.Adj | F.Adj | W.Adj | H.Adj | B.Adj | SubLeq |
|--------------|---------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| | 0.00 | 56.80 56.80 | | | | | | |

Segment Leq: 33.38 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (night)

Barrier height for grazing incidence

| Source | | ! | Receiver | | | Barrier ! | | | ! Elevation of | | |
|--------|------|-----|----------|------|-----|-----------|------|-----|----------------|-----|--|
| Height | (m) | ! | Height | (m) | ! | Height | (m) | ! | Barrier Top | (m) | |
| | | -+- | | | -+- | | | -+- | | - | |
| | 4.00 | ! | | 1.50 | ! | | 1.51 | ! | 94.24 | | |
| | 0.50 | ! | | 1.50 | ! | | 1.50 | ! | 94.23 | | |

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 33.07 + 0.00) = 33.07 dBA

| Angle1 Ang | gle2 . | Alpha | RefLeq | D.Adj | F.Adj | W.Adj | H.Adj | B.Adj | SubLeq |
|------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| -90 -90 | | | | | 0.00 | | | | |

WHEEL (0.00 + 24.92 + 0.00) = 24.92 dBA

| Angle1 Angle2 A | alpha RefLeq | D.Adj | F.Adj | W.Adj | H.Adj | B.Adj | SubLeq |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| | 0.00 56.07 0.00 56.07 | | | | | | |

Segment Leq: 33.69 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 36.55 dBA

```
Road data, segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
```

Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 40 km/h

Road gradient : 0 %

Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00 Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)

Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg : 0 Wood depth (No woods.)

No of house rows :

0 / 0 2 : (Reflective ground surface)

Receiver source distance : 17.90 / 17.90 m

Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)

: 0.00 Reference angle

Results segment # 1: MountShannon (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 63.19 + 0.00) = 63.19 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -0.77 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 63.19

Segment Leq: 63.19 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 63.19 dBA

Results segment # 1: MountShannon (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 55.59 + 0.00) = 55.59 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -0.77 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.59

Segment Leq: 55.59 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 55.59 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 63.21

(NIGHT): 55.64

```
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 21-12-2018 10:57:48
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: r2.te
                            Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: R2 (POW - 1st to 4th Floors)
Rail data, segment # 1: VIA (day/night)
______
              ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld
Train
! 18.0/3.0 ! 150.0 ! 1.0 ! 4.0 !Diesel! No
Data for Segment # 1: VIA (day/night)
_____
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 5 / 5 House density : 80 %
                                     (No woods.)
                      : 80 %
House density
Surface
                             2
                                     (Reflective ground surface)
                       :
Receiver source distance : 253.90 / 253.90 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat
                                  (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
No Whistle
                 : 0.00
Reference angle
Rail data, segment # 2: Freight (day/night)
      ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont
              ! ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld
! 3.0/3.0 ! 100.0 ! 2.0 ! 6.0 !Diesel! No
Data for Segment # 2: Freight (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 5 / 5
House density : 80 %
                                     (No woods.)
                             2
                                     (Reflective ground surface)
Surface
                       :
Receiver source distance : 253.90 / 253.90 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
                                    (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
                       :
                            1
No Whistle
Reference angle
                      : 0.00
Results segment # 1: VIA (day)
LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 41.92 + 0.00) = 41.92 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  -90 0 0.00 68.49 -12.29 -3.01 0.00 -11.27 0.00 41.92
WHEEL (0.00 + 35.00 + 0.00) = 35.00 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
```

-90 0 0.00 61.57 -12.29 -3.01 0.00 -11.27 0.00 35.00

Segment Leq: 42.72 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (day)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 34.63 + 0.00) = 34.63 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 0 0.00 61.19 -12.29 -3.01 0.00 -11.27 0.00 34.63

Segment Leq: 35.25 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 43.44 dBA

Results segment # 1: VIA (night)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 37.15 + 0.00) = 37.15 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 0 0.00 63.72 -12.29 -3.01 0.00 -11.27 0.00 37.15

WHEEL (0.00 + 30.23 + 0.00) = 30.23 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 0 0.00 56.80 -12.29 -3.01 0.00 -11.27 0.00 30.23

Segment Leq: 37.95 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (night)

WHEEL (0.00 + 29.51 + 0.00) = 29.51 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 0 0.00 56.07 -12.29 -3.01 0.00 -11.27 0.00 29.51

Segment Leq : 38.26 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 41.12 dBA

```
Road data, segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement
                  :
                       1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
    Percentage of Annual Growth :
    Number of Years of Growth
                                       0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
    Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2
                 : 3.00 deg 90.00 deg
                       : 0
Wood depth
                                     (No woods.)
No of house rows :
                            0 / 0 2
                        :
                                      (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 41.02 / 41.02 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
                           1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
                 : 0.00
Reference angle
Results segment # 1: MountShannon (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 56.43 + 0.00) = 56.43 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
   3 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.37 -3.16 0.00 0.00 0.00 56.43
Segment Leq: 56.43 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 56.43 dBA
Results segment # 1: MountShannon (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 48.84 + 0.00) = 48.84 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
    3 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.37 -3.16 0.00 0.00 0.00 48.84
```

Segment Leq: 48.84 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 48.84 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 56.64 (NIGHT): 49.52

```
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 21-12-2018 10:58:18
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: r3.te
                            Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: R3 (POW - 1st and 2nd Floors)
Rail data, segment # 1: VIA (day/night)
______
              ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld
Train
! 18.0/3.0 ! 150.0 ! 1.0 ! 4.0 !Diesel! No
Data for Segment # 1: VIA (day/night)
_____
Anglel Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 5 / 5 House density : 80 %
                                     (No woods.)
                      : 80 %
House density
                             2
Surface
                                     (Reflective ground surface)
                       :
Receiver source distance : 248.10 / 248.10 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography
Topography
                           1
                                  (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
No Whistle
                 : 0.00
Reference angle
Rail data, segment # 2: Freight (day/night)
      ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont
              ! ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld
! 3.0/3.0 ! 100.0 ! 2.0 ! 6.0 !Diesel! No
Data for Segment # 2: Freight (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 5 / 5
House density : 80 %
                                     (No woods.)
                             2
                                     (Reflective ground surface)
Surface
                       :
Receiver source distance : 248.10 / 248.10 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
                                    (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
                       :
                            1
No Whistle
Reference angle
                      : 0.00
Results segment # 1: VIA (day)
LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 45.02 + 0.00) = 45.02 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  -90 90 0.00 68.49 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 45.02
WHEEL (0.00 + 38.10 + 0.00) = 38.10 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
```

-90 90 0.00 61.57 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 38.10

Segment Leq: 45.82 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (day)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 37.72 + 0.00) = 37.72 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 61.19 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 37.72

WHEEL (0.00 + 29.59 + 0.00) = 29.59 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
-90 90 0.00 53.06 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 29.59

Segment Leq: 38.34 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 46.53 dBA

Results segment # 1: VIA (night)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 40.25 + 0.00) = 40.25 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 63.72 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 40.25

WHEEL (0.00 + 33.33 + 0.00) = 33.33 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 56.80 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 33.33

Segment Leq: 41.05 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (night)

WHEEL (0.00 + 32.60 + 0.00) = 32.60 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 56.07 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 32.60

Segment Leg: 41.35 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 44.21 dBA

```
Road data, segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement
                 :
                      1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
   24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
   Percentage of Annual Growth :
   Number of Years of Growth
                                     0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
   Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2
                : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
                     : 0
                                   (No woods.)
Wood depth
No of house rows :
                           0 / 0 2
                       :
                                    (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 43.10 / 43.10 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 1.00 / 1.00 m
Source elevation : 91.85 m
Receiver elevation : 92.73 m
Barrier elevation : 92.73 m
                      : 0.00
Reference angle
Results segment # 1: MountShannon (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
     1.50 ! 1.50 ! 1.48 !
                                          94.21
ROAD (0.00 + 40.73 + 0.00) = 40.73 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
_____
  -90 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.64 40.73
Segment Leq: 40.73 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 40.73 dBA
Results segment # 1: MountShannon (night)
```

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

ROAD (0.00 + 33.14 + 0.00) = 33.14 dBA Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.64 33.14

Segment Leq : 33.14 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 33.14 dBA

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 47.55

(NIGHT): 44.54

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 21-12-2018 10:58:49 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: rt3.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: R3 (POW - 3rd and 4th Floors) Rail data, segment # 1: VIA (day/night) ______ ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld Train ! 18.0/3.0 ! 150.0 ! 1.0 ! 4.0 !Diesel! No Data for Segment # 1: VIA (day/night) _____ Anglel Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Wood depth : 0 (No woods No of house rows : 5 / 5 House density : 80 % (No woods.) : 80 % House density 2 Surface (Reflective ground surface) : Receiver source distance : 248.10 / 248.10 mReceiver height : 4.50 / 7.50 m : 1 Topography (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) No Whistle : 0.00 Reference angle Rail data, segment # 2: Freight (day/night) ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld ! 3.0/3.0 ! 100.0 ! 2.0 ! 6.0 !Diesel! No Data for Segment # 2: Freight (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 5 / 5
House density : 80 % (No woods.) 2 (Reflective ground surface) Surface : Receiver source distance : 248.10 / 248.10 m Receiver height : 4.50 / 7.50 m (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography : 1 No Whistle Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: VIA (day) LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 45.02 + 0.00) = 45.02 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.00 68.49 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 45.02 WHEEL (0.00 + 38.10 + 0.00) = 38.10 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 61.57 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 38.10

Segment Leq: 45.82 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (day)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 37.72 + 0.00) = 37.72 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 61.19 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 37.72

WHEEL (0.00 + 29.59 + 0.00) = 29.59 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
-90 90 0.00 53.06 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 29.59

Segment Leq: 38.34 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 46.53 dBA

Results segment # 1: VIA (night)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 40.25 + 0.00) = 40.25 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 63.72 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 40.25

WHEEL (0.00 + 33.33 + 0.00) = 33.33 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 56.80 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 33.33

Segment Leq: 41.05 dBA

Results segment # 2: Freight (night)

LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 40.73 + 0.00) = 40.73 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 64.20 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 40.73

WHEEL (0.00 + 32.60 + 0.00) = 32.60 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 56.07 -12.19 0.00 0.00 -11.28 0.00 32.60

Segment Leg: 41.35 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 44.21 dBA

```
Road data, segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement
                 :
                      1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
   24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
   Percentage of Annual Growth :
   Number of Years of Growth
                                     0.00
   Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
   Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2
                : -90.00 deg 90.00 deg
                     : 0
                                   (No woods.)
Wood depth
               :
:
                          0 / 0 2
No of house rows
Surface
                       :
                                    (Reflective ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 43.10 / 43.10 m
Receiver height : 4.50 / 7.50 m
Topography : 2 (Flat/gentle slope; with barrier)
Barrier angle1 : -90.00 deg Angle2 : 90.00 deg
Barrier height : 10.00 m
Barrier receiver distance: 1.00 / 1.00 m
Source elevation : 91.85 m
Receiver elevation : 92.73 m
Barrier elevation : 92.73 m
                      : 0.00
Reference angle
Results segment # 1: MountShannon (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
Barrier height for grazing incidence
Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of
Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)
-----
     1.50 ! 4.50 ! 4.41 ! 97.14
ROAD (0.00 + 41.36 + 0.00) = 41.36 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
_____
  -90 90 0.00 63.96 0.00 -4.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 -18.01 41.36
```

Segment Leq : 41.36 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 41.36 dBA

Results segment # 1: MountShannon (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

Barrier height for grazing incidence

Source ! Receiver ! Barrier ! Elevation of Height (m) ! Height (m) ! Barrier Top (m)

1.50 ! 7.50 ! 7.34 ! 100.07

ROAD (0.00 + 35.72 + 0.00) = 35.72 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-90 90 0.00 56.36 0.00 -4.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 -16.06 35.72

Segment Leq: 35.72 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 35.72 dBA

TOTAL Leg FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 47.69

(NIGHT): 44.79

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 21-12-2018 10:59:16 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT Filename: r4.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Description: R4 (OLA) Rail data, segment # 1: VIA (day/night) ______ ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld Train ! 18.0/3.0 ! 150.0 ! 1.0 ! 4.0 !Diesel! No Data for Segment # 1: VIA (day/night) _____ Angle1 Angle2 : -73.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 5 / 5
House density : 80 % (No woods.) Surface 2 (Reflective ground surface) : Receiver source distance : 257.00 / 257.00 mReceiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) No Whistle : 0.00 Reference angle Rail data, segment # 2: Freight (day/night) ! Trains ! Speed !# loc !# Cars! Eng !Cont ! ! (km/h) !/Train!/Train! type !weld ! 3.0/3.0 ! 100.0 ! 2.0 ! 6.0 !Diesel! No Data for Segment # 2: Fright (day/night) Angle1 Angle2 : -73.00 deg 90.00 deg
Wood depth : 0 (No woods
No of house rows : 5 / 5
House density : 80 % (No woods.) 2 (Reflective ground surface) Surface : Receiver source distance : 257.00 / 257.00 m Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography : 1 No Whistle Reference angle : 0.00 Results segment # 1: VIA (day) LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 44.46 + 0.00) = 44.46 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq -73 90 0.00 68.49 -12.34 -0.43 0.00 -11.26 0.00 44.46

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq

-73 90 0.00 61.57 -12.34 -0.43 0.00 -11.26 0.00 37.53

Segment Leq: 45.26 dBA

WHEEL (0.00 + 37.53 + 0.00) = 37.53 dBA

```
Results segment # 2: Freight (day)
LOCOMOTIVE (0.00 + 37.16 + 0.00) = 37.16 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  -73 90 0.00 61.19 -12.34 -0.43 0.00 -11.26 0.00 37.16
WHEEL (0.00 + 29.03 + 0.00) = 29.03 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
_____
  -73 90 0.00 53.06 -12.34 -0.43 0.00 -11.26 0.00 29.03
_____
Segment Leq: 37.78 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 45.97 dBA
Road data, segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 6477/563 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume : 515/45 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod
Heavy truck volume : 368/32 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit : 40 km/h
Road gradient : 0 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 8000
    Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
    Number of Years of Growth
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
    Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume
                                    : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: MountShannon (day/night)
                 : -61.00 deg 62.00 deg
: 0 (No woods.)
: 0 / 0
Angle1 Angle2
                            0
0 / 0
1
Wood depth
No of house rows
Surface
                        :
                                        (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 31.50 / 31.50 m
Receiver height : 1.50 / 1.50 m \,
                        :
                              1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
                  : 0.00
Reference angle
Results segment # 1: MountShannon (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 56.36 + 0.00) = 56.36 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P.Adj D.Adj F.Adj W.Adj H.Adj B.Adj SubLeq
  -61 62 0.66 63.96 0.00 -5.35 -2.25 0.00 0.00 0.00 56.36
Segment Leq: 56.36 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 56.36 dBA
```

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 56.74

APPENDIX B

Building Component Assessment VIA Rail Access to Information Letter

TABLE 5: Acoustic Insulation Factor for Various Types of Windows

| WINGOW ATEM | | 200 | | 1 | | • | • | ; | , | | | í | 1 | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | | | THE CHANGE OF | 4 | ; | | 1,00 | F 25 | cocar troot atea or room | 70 | 9 | e Eura | *Tancr | 30 Surgers | 5. | ndicated glass thickness | Chees | Triple Glazing | azing |
| Ŀ'n | 6 | | 5 | ت ت | 16 | 26 | 25 | į | 1 | | | 80 | glazing | Znun and | Jam and Jam glass | Ann glass | 3mm and 6mm glass | 6mm and | and | Som Jam and |
| | i» | Cous | | Insu | latic | n Fa | rotor | [AI | (M) | | | | Thickness | | Interpane | spacing in | n mm (3) | | Interpane spaci | ngs in ma (5) |
| u A | 3 | 32 | 16 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | | | 22 | in in | €3,5 en western | | | | | | |
| 35 | 3.4 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | | | 23 | | e remess jene ljuj | | | | | | |
| 36 | 35 | 3 4 | ü | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | | 24 | Jama |) | an. | | | | | |
| 37 | 9E | ω 5 | نب) خ | ¥ | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | | 25 | Amer Gran | 180 | سر نه) | or∖ | | | | |
| 38 | 37 | 36 | 5 | 3 | ω ω | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | | 26 | | <u>د</u> ۱۸3 | 16 | gant EAS | gn. | Ø\ | g, *g | |
| 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | ω | 34 | n r | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | | 27 | 9mm (4) | 78 | 20 | 1.6 | 13 | اسط الما الما | 6,10 | 6 |
| 40 | 9 | 38 | 37 | 36 | j. | ري حد | ü | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | | Li Li | 25 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 6,15 | 6,10 |
| . <u>.</u> | â | 9 | <u></u> | 37 | 36 | <u>1,1</u> | ¥ | w | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 1200(4) | * 2 | 32 | 25 | 20 | 20 | 6,20 | 6.15 |
| 4 L | , e | : | ي . | , & | 37 | 36 | | ω A | w | 32 | | 30 | er groupe | SO. | 40 | 73 E4 | 25 | 24 | 6,30 | 6,20 |
| ť | 4 | Ê | \$ | نية كلا | ă | 37 | 36 | ü | u A | ω ω | | 3 1 | | or. tu | 50 | 40 | 32 | 30 | 6,40 | 6,30 |
| 4 | د س | 4 2 | * | 40 | 39 | 38 | 47 | 36 | 35 | 3 | وريا دما | 32 | ···· #= | 80 | 6 3 | 50 | *0 | 37 | 6,50 | 6,40 |
| 4. | 4 | 43 | 4 2 | 41 | 40 | 9 | 8 | 37 | 36 | G. | نبا <u>4</u> | iui iui | - | 100 | 80 | 553 | 25 | 50 | 6 , 6 t | 6 , 50 |
| <u>4</u> | L. | 4 | مدي نما | <u>۸</u> در | 41 | 40 | 39 | 8 | 37 | 36 | 151 | ¥ | | ± 25 | 100 | 80 | 75 | 70 | 6,80 | 6,65 |
| 47 | 46 | 4 | 4 | 43 | 4 2 | 11 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | Ş | | 130 | 1.25 | 100 | 95 | 90 | 6 * 100 | 6,80 |
| . 4 | 47 | 5 | 4 | 4 | ئ | .A. 2 | 41 | 6 | 39 | 8 | 37 | 36 | | V * *** - | 150 | 1.25 | 110 | 100 | | 6.100 |
| 4 | * | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4 | 43 | 2 | 4 | 40 | 39 | 138 | 37 | | .a | | 150 | 135 | 125 | | |
| | 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 | | | Acoustic Acoustic 33 32 31 34 33 32 35 34 33 36 35 34 37 36 35 39 38 37 40 39 38 41 40 39 42 41 40 43 42 41 44 43 42 45 44 43 46 45 44 47 46 45 48 47 46 | Acoustic Acoustic 33 32 31 34 33 32 35 34 33 36 35 34 37 36 35 39 38 37 40 39 38 41 40 39 42 41 40 43 42 41 44 43 42 45 44 43 46 45 44 47 46 45 48 47 46 | Acoustic Acoustic 33 32 31 34 33 32 35 34 33 36 35 34 37 36 35 39 38 37 40 39 38 41 40 39 42 41 40 43 42 41 44 43 42 45 44 43 46 45 44 47 46 45 48 47 46 | Acoustic Acoustic 33 32 31 34 33 32 35 34 33 36 35 34 37 36 35 39 38 37 40 39 38 41 40 39 42 41 40 43 42 41 44 43 42 45 44 43 46 45 44 47 46 45 48 47 46 | Acoustic Acoustic 33 32 31 34 33 32 35 34 33 36 35 34 37 36 35 39 38 37 40 39 38 41 40 39 42 41 40 43 42 41 44 43 42 45 44 43 46 45 44 47 46 45 48 47 46 | Acoustic Acoustic 33 32 31 34 33 32 35 34 33 36 35 34 37 36 35 39 38 37 40 39 38 41 40 39 42 41 40 39 42 41 40 39 43 42 41 44 43 42 45 44 43 46 45 44 47 46 45 48 47 46 | 6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 Accoustic insulation Factor (AIF) (2 25 32 40 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 39 38 32 31 30 39 38 32 31 30 33 32 31 30 33 32 31 | 6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 Accoustic Insulation Factor [AIP] Factor [AIP] (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 38 31 30 29 28 <td>6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 Accoustic Insulation Factor (AIP) (2) Factor (AIP) (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36</td> <th>6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 11 ACCOUNSTIC Insulation Factor FALP (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32<td>6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 80 Accoustic Insulation Factor [AIP] (2) Factor [AIP] (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 22 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 24 23 28 27 26 2</td><td>Accoustic Insulation Pactor (AIF) (20 25 32 40 50 63 80 glazing Zmm 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 Thickness 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 Thickness 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 Jmm 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 9mm<!--</td--><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></td></th> | 6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 Accoustic Insulation Factor (AIP) (2) Factor (AIP) (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36 | 6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 11 ACCOUNSTIC Insulation Factor FALP (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 <td>6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 80 Accoustic Insulation Factor [AIP] (2) Factor [AIP] (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 22 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 24 23 28 27 26 2</td> <td>Accoustic Insulation Pactor (AIF) (20 25 32 40 50 63 80 glazing Zmm 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 Thickness 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 Thickness 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 Jmm 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 9mm<!--</td--><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></td> | 6 8 10 13 16 20 25 32 40 50 63 80 Accoustic Insulation Factor [AIP] (2) Factor [AIP] (2) 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 22 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 28 27 26 25 24 23 28 27 26 2 | Accoustic Insulation Pactor (AIF) (20 25 32 40 50 63 80 glazing Zmm 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 Thickness 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 Thickness 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 Jmm 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 9mm </td <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> | | | | | |

Source: National Research Council, Division of Building Research, June 1980

Explanatory Notes:

l) Where the calculated percentage window area is not presented as a column heading, the nearest percentage column in the table values

windows are closed. For windows fixed and sealed to the frame, add three (3) to the AIF given in the table.

3) If the interpane spacing or glass thickness for a specific Coubis glazed window is not listed in the table, the nearest listed 2) AIF data listed in the table are for well-fitted weatherstripped units that can be opened. The AIF values apply only when the

۵ The AIF ratings for 9mm and 12mm glass are for laminated glass only; for solid glass subtract two (2) from the AIF values listed

⁶⁾ If the interpane spacings for a specific triple-glazed window are not listed in the table, use the listed case whose combined spacings are nearest the actual combined spacing.

The AIP data listed in the table are for typical windows, but details of glass mounting, window seals, etc. may result in slightly different performance for some manufacturers' products. test method E-90) are available, these should be used to calculate the AIR. If laboratory sound transmission loss data (conforming to ASTM

Table 6.3 - Acoustic Insulation Factor for Various Types of Exterior Wall

| Percentage | of (| exter | ior | wall | are | a to | tot | al f | loor | area | of room | Type of |
|------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|------|------------|------|-----|----------|----------|------|----------|------------------|
| | 16 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 | Exterior Wall |
| Acoustic | 20 | o c | 27 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 20 | 27 | 30 | 29 | EW1 |
| Insulation | 39 41 | 38 | 37 39 | | 37 | 36 | 35 | 32 34 | 31 33 | 32 | 25 31 | EW2 |
| Factor | 44 | 40 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | EW3 |
| | 47 | 46 | 45 | | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | EW4 |
| | 48 | 47 | 46 | - • | 44 | | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | EWIR |
| | 49 | 48 | 47 | | 45 | | 43 | 42 | 43 | 40 | 39 | EW2R |
| | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | EW3R |
| | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | EW5 |
| | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | EW4R |
| | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | EWG FOLLOWS - FO |
| | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 5 5 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | EW7 or EW5R 内。 |
| | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | EW8 2 SERVIT |

Source: National Research Council, Division of Building Research, December 1980.

Explanatory Notes :

- Where the calculated percentage well area is not presented as a column beading, the nearest percentage column in the table should be used.
- 2) The common structure of walls EW1 to EW5 is composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, vapour barrier, and 38 x 89 mm stude with 50 mm (or thicker) mineral wool or glass fibre batts in inter-stud cavities
- 3) EWI denotes exterior wall as in Note 2), plus sheathing, plus wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.
 - EW2 denotes exterior wall as in Note 2), plus rigid insulation (25-30 mm), and wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.
 - EW3 denotes simulated mansard with structure as in Note 2), plus sheathing,
 - 28 x 89 mm framing, sheathing, and asphalt roofing material.
 EW4 denotes exterior wall as in Note 2), plus sheathing and 20 mm stucco.
 - EW5 denotes exterior wall as in Note 2), plus sheathing, 25 mm air space,
 - 100 mm brick veneer.
 - EW6 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50 mm), 100 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.
 - EW7 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50 mm), 140 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.
 - EW8 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50 mm), 200 mm concrete.
- 4) R signifies the mounting of the interior gypsum board on resilient clips.
- 5) An exterior wall conforming to rainscreen design principles and composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, 100 mm concrete block, rigid insulation (25-50 mm), 25 mm air space, and 100 mm brick veneer has the same AIF as EW6.
- 6) An exterior wall described in EWl with the addition of rigid insulation (25-50 mm) between the sheathing and the external finish has the same AIF as EW2.

RECEIVED AUG 2 1 2014



Montréal, August 15, 2014

BY REGULAR POST

(by email: l.wilson@novatech-eng.com)

Mr. Lucas Wilson Novatech Engineering Consultants Ltd. 240 Michael Cowpland Drive, Suite 200 Ottawa (Ontario) K2M 1P6 Legal and Corporate Affairs 3 Place Ville-Marie, Suite 500 Montréal (Québec) H3B 2C9 Fax: 514-874-0661 gabrielle caron@viarail.ca

Gabrielle Caron 514-871-6215

RE:

Access to Information Request # 14-1435 AI(D)

Dear Mr. Wilson,

We write further to your request for information under the *Access to Information Act* ("ATIA") received by VIA Rail Canada Inc. ("VIA Rail") on August 8th, 2014, for the following records:

"Site Location: 591 Longfields Drive, Barrhaven, Ontario, South of Fallowfield VIA station between Fallowfield and Strandherd Drive. We require verification on present train volumes, based on website, current volumes are 12/2 daytime/night-time trains. We are also looking for projected growth for train volumes to year 2031. Other required information includes train speeds through this location, whistle locations, average number of cars per train and number of locomotives per train."

You will find enclosed a copy of the documents requested. However, you will note that part of the information has been removed ("whited out") and protected in accordance with section 18.1 (1) d) of the *ATIA*, which is enclosed for your ease of reference, as it constitutes commercial information that belongs to and has consistently been treated confidentially by VIA Rail Canada Inc.

Filing a complaint

Please be advised that you may file a complaint regarding the handling of your access to information request with the Information Commissioner of Canada, in accordance with the requirements of section 31 of the *ATIA*, which reads as follows:

"31. A complaint under this Act shall be made to the Information Commissioner in writing unless the Commissioner authorizes otherwise. If the complaint relates to a request by a person for access to a record, it shall be made within sixty days after the day in which the person receives a notice of a refusal under section 7, is given to access to all or part of the record or, in any other case, becomes aware that grounds for the complaint exist."

Notice of complaints should be addressed to the following address:

Office of the Information Commissioner of Canada 30 Victoria Street
Gatineau, Québec
K1A 1H3
E-mail: general@oic-ci.gc.ca

Before submitting a complaint pursuant to the ATIA to the Information Commissioner of Canada, you may contact the undersigned to obtain more information regarding the handling of your access to information request.

Best regards,

Enclosed

Gabrielle Caron Analyst, Access to information and Privacy VIA Rail Canada

Section 18.1 (1) d) of the ATIA and the requested documents

Access to Information Act

Economic interests of certain government institutions

- 18.1 (1) The head of a government institution may refuse to disclose a record requested under this Act that contains trade secrets or financial, commercial, scientific or technical information that belongs to, and has consistently been treated as confidential by,
 - (d) VIA Rail Canada Inc.

From: Derek Tardif

Sent: Monday, August 11, 2014 5:12 PM

To: Gabrielle Caron

Subject: RE: Demande d'accès à l'information - 14-1435 AI (D)

Gabrielle,

Ci-joint les informations pour cette requête.

Frequencies

VIA passenger train is currently running 14 trains a day between 0600 to 2230 and there is also a freight train running 2 trains a day during either daytime or nighttime.

Speeds

Current Freight speed is 60MPH Current VIA Passenger speed is 100MPH ATTA 16.1 (1) d)

Whistle locations

Whistle signs are normally installed at ¼ mile prior to the crossing.

We have anti-whistle by-law at most crossings in Barrhaven. The sounding of whistle is prohibited at the following crossings at grade:

- Mile 3.88 Fallowfield Road
- Mile 5.10 Greenbank Road (note that this crossing will be eliminated as it will be a grade separation as of 2015)
- Mile 5.73 Jockvale Road
- Mile 6.81 Strandherd Road

Average number of cars per train

Currently, we have an average of 4 cars per passenger train with some exceptions as for special trains and other circumstances. This number could change in the future years based on commercial strategies/demand, etc. For the freight train, they have up to 6 cars.

Number of locomotives per train

Currently, VIA put only 1 locomotive but could happen for cycling purpose to have 2 locomotives with only one running. For freight, they normally have 1 or 2 locomotives.

Salutations,

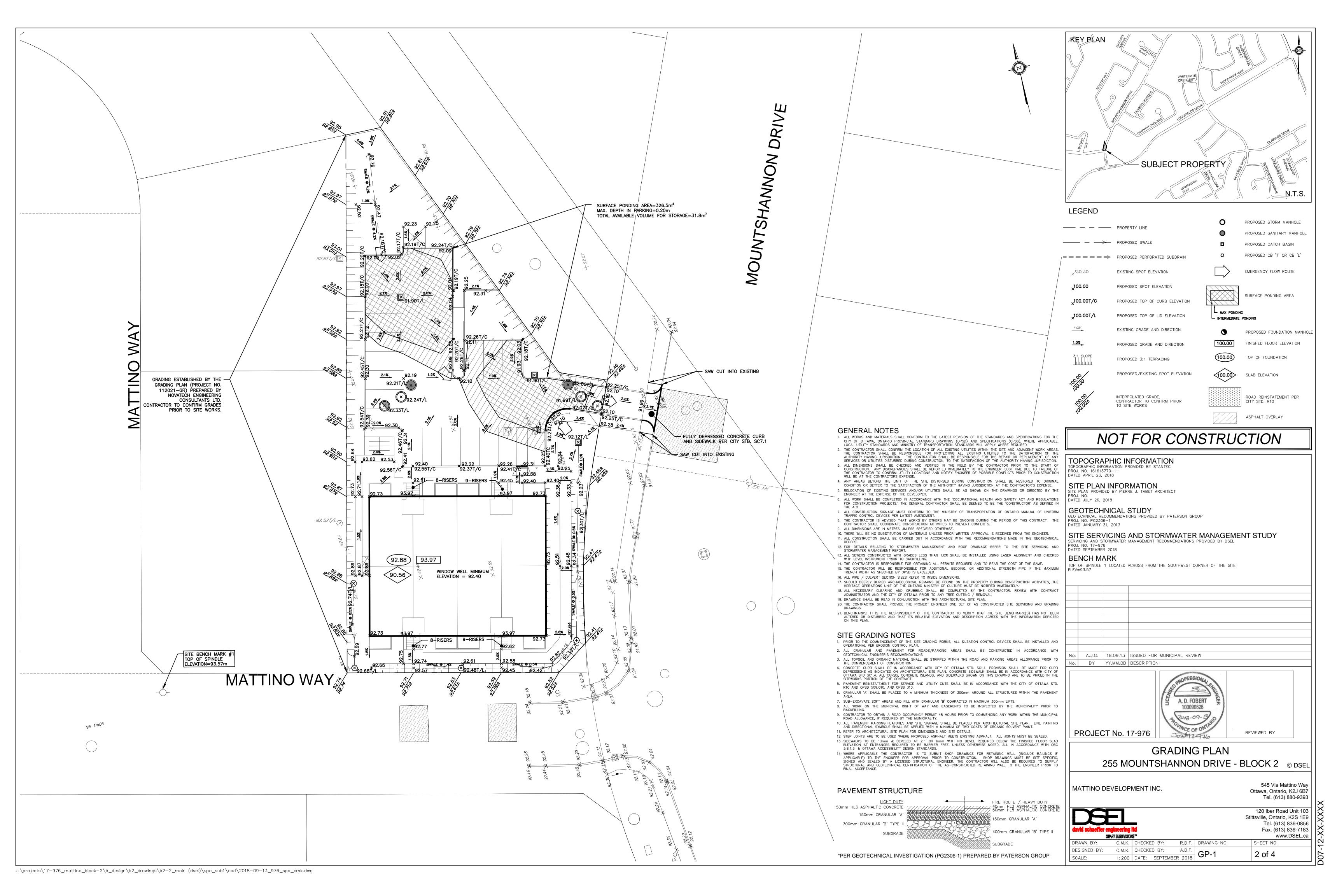
Derek Tardif, ing.

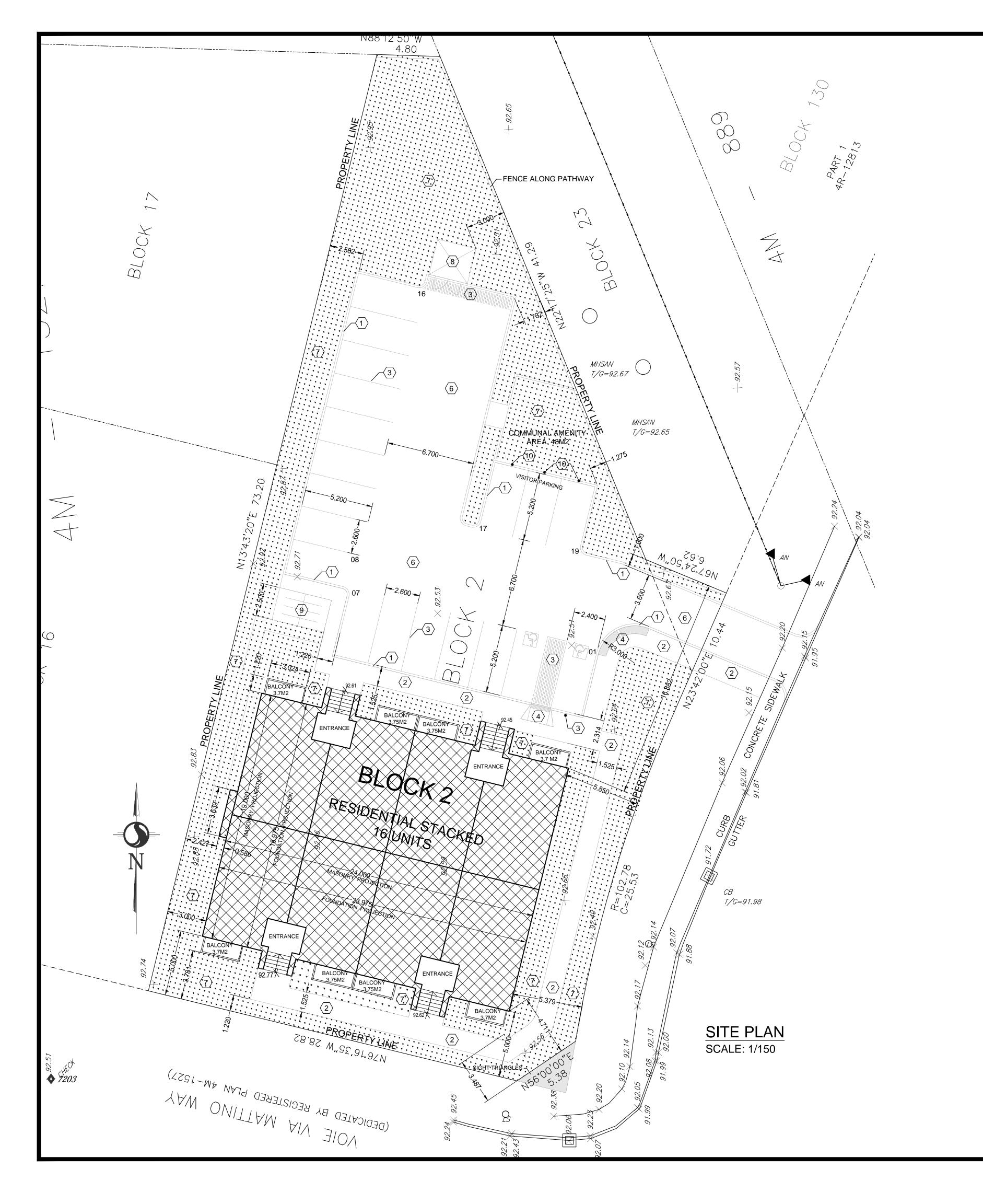
Ingénieur Principal-Infrastructure, Exploitation Réseau Senior Infrastructure Engineer, Network Operation

VIA Rail Canada Inc.

APPENDIX C

Grading Plan Site Plan Elevation Plans







| CURRENT ZONING BY LAW | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| DESCRIPTION | PROPOSED | REQUIRED | | | | |
| LOT AREA | 1894.6 m² | 660 | | | | |
| LOT FRONTAGE | 32 m | 22 m | | | | |
| LOT DEPTH | 72.7m | N/A | | | | |
| MAX. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS | 16 | 16 R4A[2162] | | | | |
| FRONT SET BACK | 5 m | 3 m | | | | |
| CORNER SIDE YARD SETBACK | 4.9 m | 2 m | | | | |
| INTERIOR SIDE YARD SETBACK | 3.06 m | 3 m | | | | |
| REAR SET BACK | 16.9 m | 7.5 m | | | | |
| REAR SET SETBACK BETWEEN UNITS | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| BUILDING AREA | 456m² | - | | | | |
| GROSS FLOOR AREA | 1824 m² | - | | | | |
| BUILDING HEIGHT | 10.97 m | 11m | | | | |
| AMENITY AREA | - | 0 | | | | |
| MIN. LANDSCAPING BUFFER | 3 | 3 | | | | |
| PARKING SPACE | 16 | 0.5 /UNIT-Rapid Transit | | | | |
| MIN. VISITOR PARKING | 3 | 0.1 /UNIT-Rapid Transit | | | | |
| AMENITY AREA | 48m²+60m² | 96m² | | | | |
| SOFT & HARD LANDSCAPED AREA | 800 m² | 30% OF LOT AREA | | | | |

BUILDING CODE ANALYSIS

- 3 STOREYS RESEDENTIAL USE BUILDING WITH BASEMENT 16 STACKED DWELLING UNITS
- FACING 2 STREETS - BUILDING AREA: 456m²
- GROSS FLOOR AREA: 1824 m². - USE: GROUP GROUP "C".
- CLASSIFICATION: 9.10.8.1 PARTS 9 OF OBC 2012.
- COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION.
- SECOND FLOOR FIRE SEPARATION: 3/4HR REQUIRED CW VERTICAL STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS
 UPPER DWELLING STAIRWAY ENTRANCE/EXIT ENCLOSURES FIRE SEPARATION: 3/4HR REQUIRED CW VERTICAL STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS FIRE RESISTANCE FOR ROOF: NOT REQUIRED
- PLUMBING EQUIPMENTS:
- . 1 WASHROOM PER UNIT REQUIRED
- . 10% NATURAL LIGHTNING REQUIRED FOR LIVING ROOMS & DINNING ROOMS . 5% NATURAL LIGHTNING REQUIRED FOR BEDROOMS
- BARRIER FREE PATH OF TRAVEL NOT REQUIRED ACCORDING.

@v; 9B89

- 1 CONCRETE CURB
- 2 SIDEWALK
- (3) PAINT MARKS
- 4 DEPRESSED SIDEWALK. 5 ACCESSIBLE PARKING VERTICAL SIGNAGE
- $\langle 6 \rangle$ ASPHALT
- $\langle 7 \rangle$ GRASS
- TRASH ENCLOSURE, SCREENED FROM VIEW BY AN OPAQUE SCREEN WITH TWO METRES HEIGHT.
- $\overline{\langle 9 \rangle}$ BICYCLE PARKING SPACE ON CONCRETE SLAB SURFACE
- (10) VISITOR PARKING VERTICAL SIGNAGE

GRADE SCHEDULE

- AVERAGE GRADE: 92.730. T.O.FOUNDATION: 92.880/ 100 000
- T.O.FIRST FLOOR: 93.966 T.O.BASEMENT: 90.967
- T.O.SECOND FLOOR: 97.109, T.O.THIRD FLOOR: 100.183. T.O.ROOF PLATE :102.653, T.O.MID-ROOF: 104.460.

MINOR VARIANCE:

-To permit a building height of 12m whereas the zoning requirement allow 11m.

Bike-Up

Bicycle Parking Systems

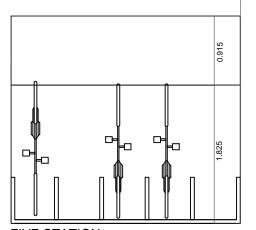
SPECIFICATIONS

BIKE-UP BICYCLE PARKING SYSTEMS INC. 6 ANTARES DRIVE, PHASE II, UNIT #10 B NEPEAN, ONTARIO, CANADA K2E 8A9 PHONE: (613) 226-6452 FAX: (613) 228-3539 1-800-661-3506 www.bikeup.com

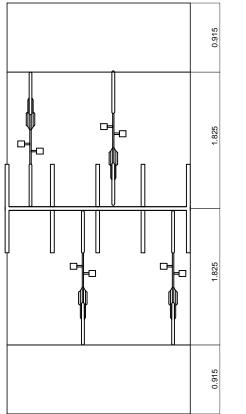
1. INSTALLATION TO BE COMPLETD IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S

2. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS

- 3. WHEN CALCULATING SPACING, ADD 12" TO BOTH ENDS OF THE RACK TO ALLOW FOR HANDLE BAR CLEARANCE. 4. USE 2" U-CLAMPS TO INSTALL ALL RACKS
- EXCEPTION: A. PRMANENT INSTALLATION - USE ANCHOR BOLTS AND SECURITY CAPS
- B. SEASONAL INSTALLATIONS USE ANCHOR SLEEVES AND LAG BOLTS 5. RUNNERS ARE 1.9"00 - 1/8" WALL PIPE STATIONS ARE 5/8" STEEL ROD.
- 6. WELDED CONSTRUCTION, HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION. PAINTING AVAILABLE. 7. WEIGHTS:
- APPROXIMATIVELY 14 LBS PER STATION. 8. CONTRACTORS NOTE: FOR PRODUCT AND PURCHASING INFORMATION, VISIT www.PROJECTmarketsite.com, REFERENCE NUMBER 317-002



FIVE STATION -ONE WAY RACK



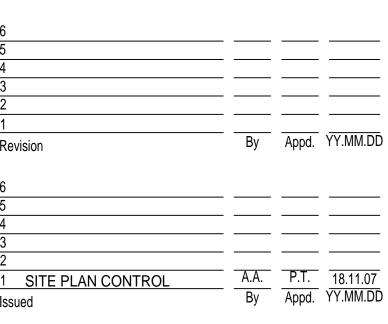
EIGHT STATION - TWO WAY RACK

Pierre J. Tabet architect

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OTTAWA,ON

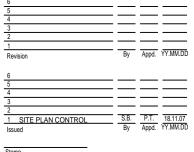
SITE PLAN

Scale Project # Date

1:150 2018-11-07 Sheet Drawing # Revision A-100



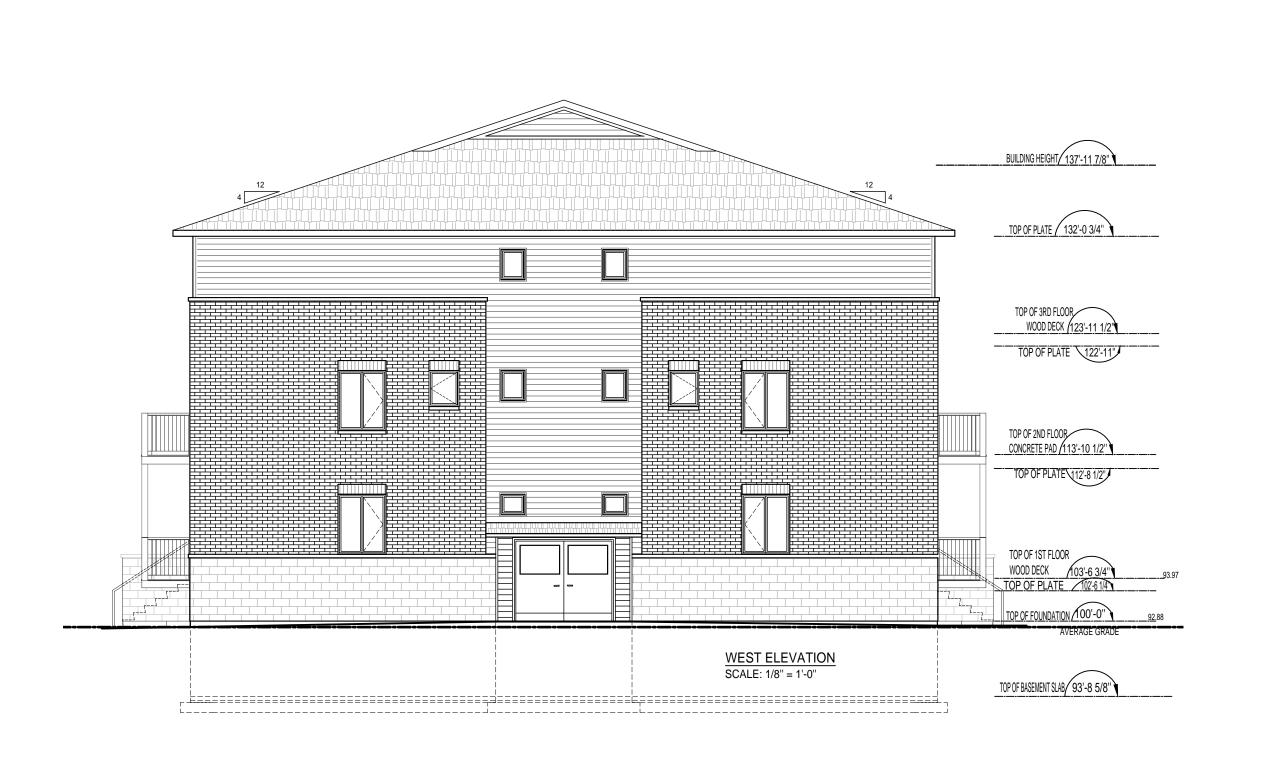
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SOUTH ELEVATION

| Project # | Scale | Date |
|-----------|--------------|------------|
| | 1/8" - 1'-0" | 2018-07-11 |
| Revision | Sheet | Drawing # |
| 0 | | A-200 |



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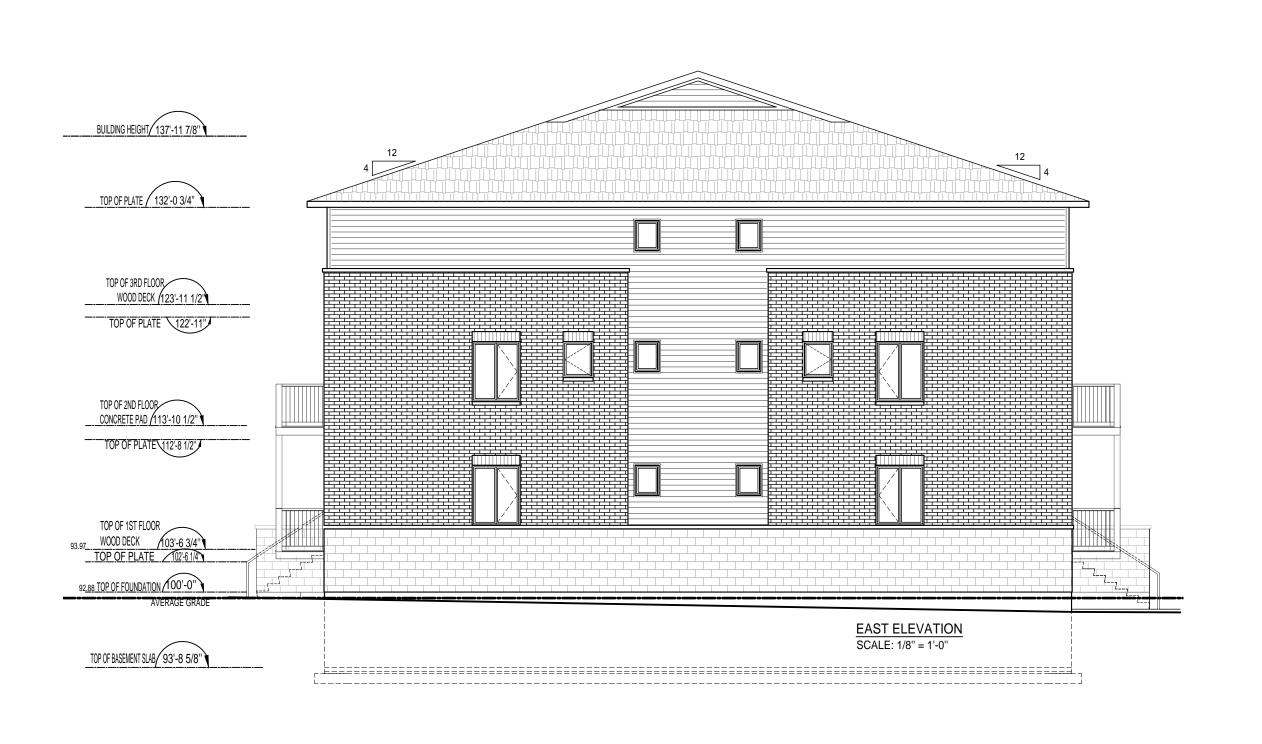
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By Appd. YY.MM.DD 1 SITE PLAN CONTROL

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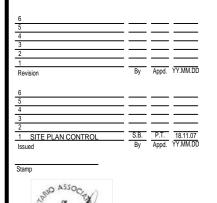
WEST ELEVATION

| П | Project # | Scale 1/8" - 1'-0" | Date 2018-07-11 |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | Revision 0 | Sheet | Drawing # |
| | | | A-210 |



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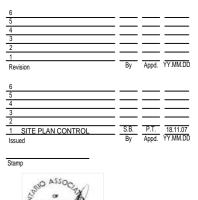
EAST ELEVATION

| Project # | Scale 1/8" - 1'-0" | Date 2018-07-11 |
|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Revision | Sheet | Drawing # |
| 0 | | A-220 |



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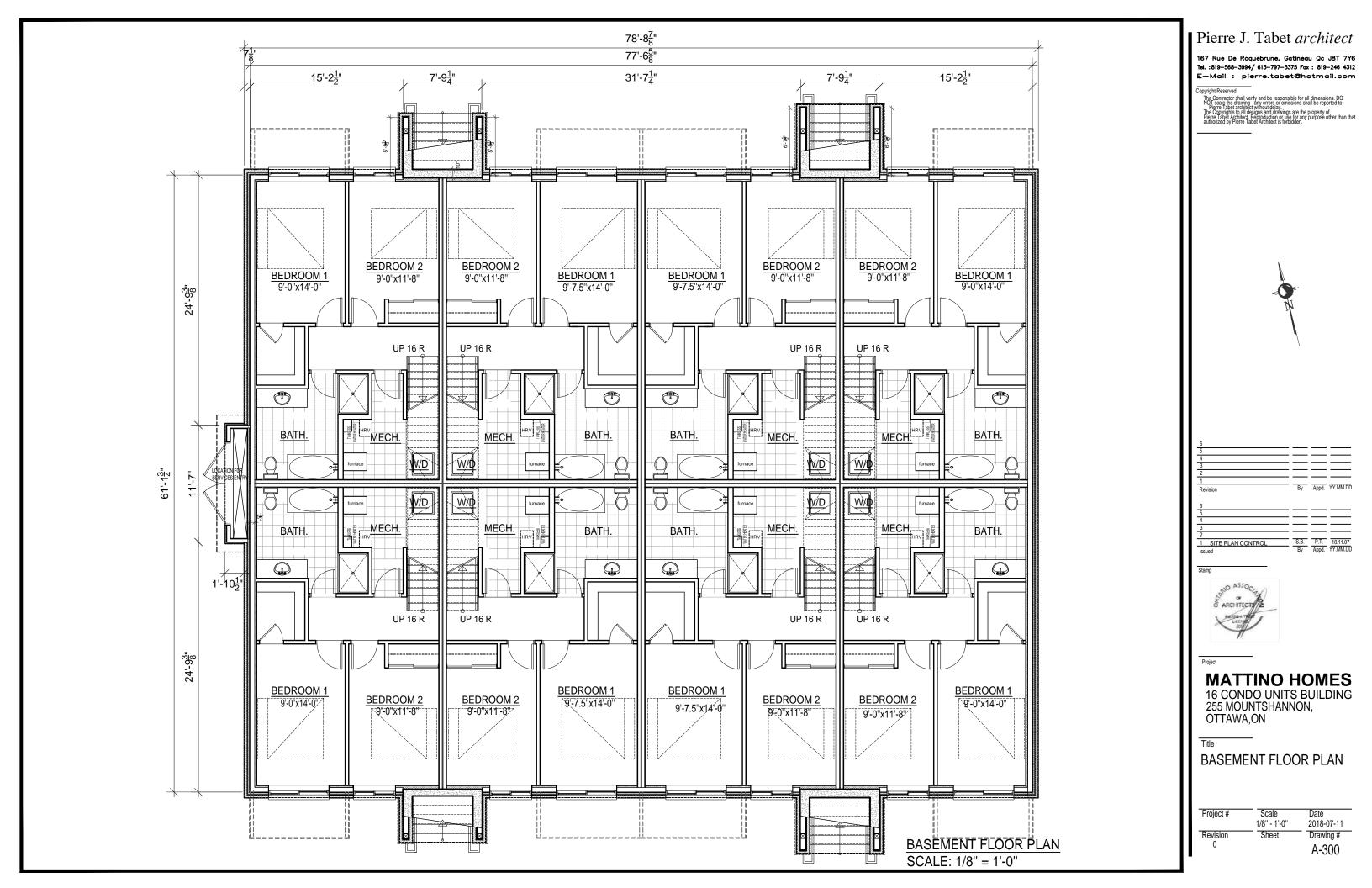
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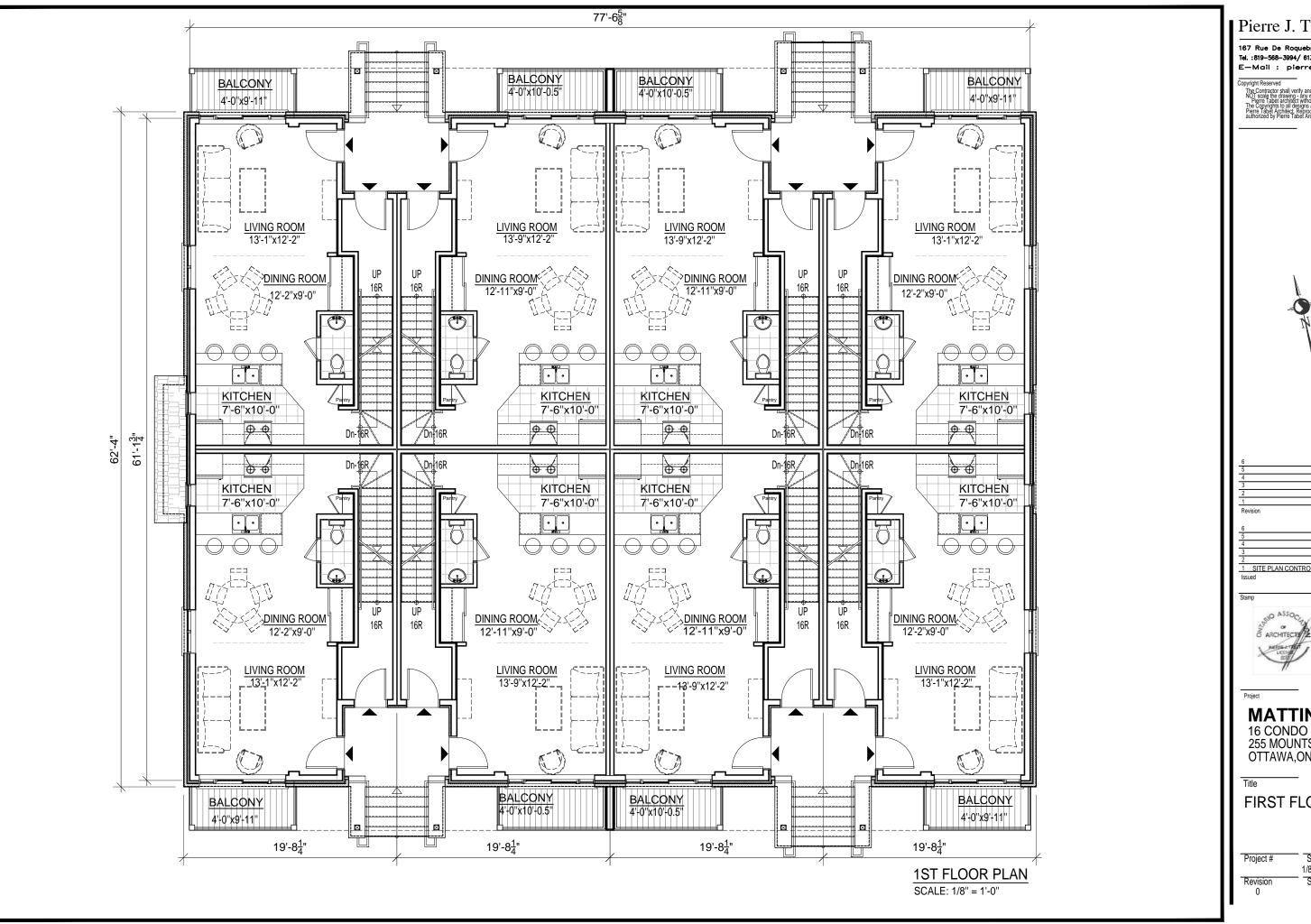


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NORTH ELEVATION

| Pro | ect # | Scale | Date |
|-----|-------|--------------|------------|
| | | 1/8" - 1'-0" | 2018-07-11 |
| Rev | ision | Sheet | Drawing # |
| | J | | A-230 |



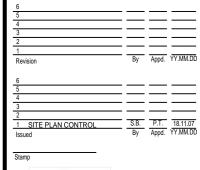


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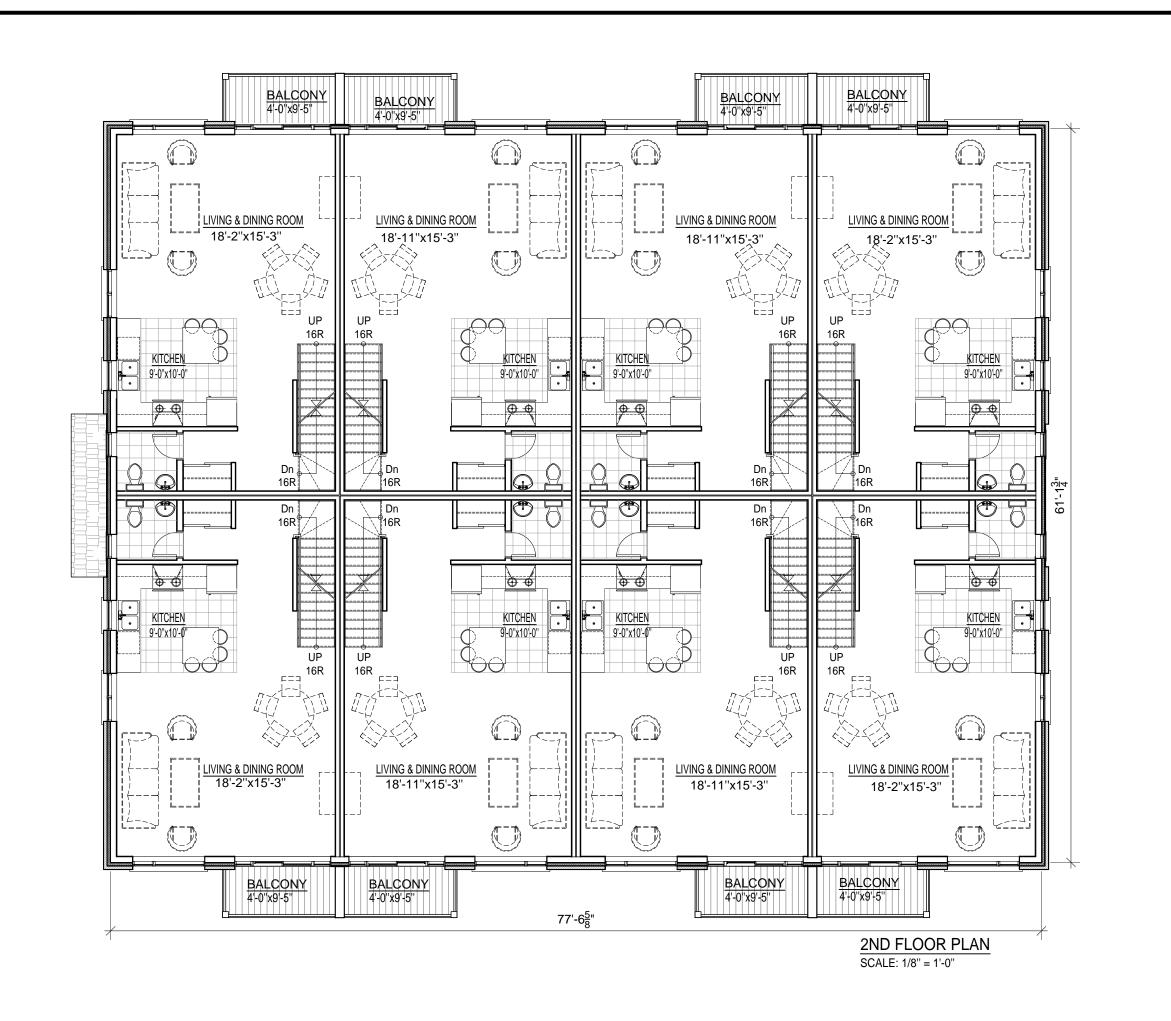


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FIRST FLOOR PLAN

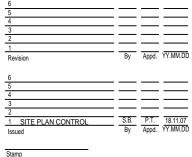
| П | Project # | Scale | Date |
|---|-----------|--------------|------------|
| П | | 1/8" - 1'-0" | 2018-07-11 |
| П | Revision | Sheet | Drawing # |
| П | 0 | | A-310 |



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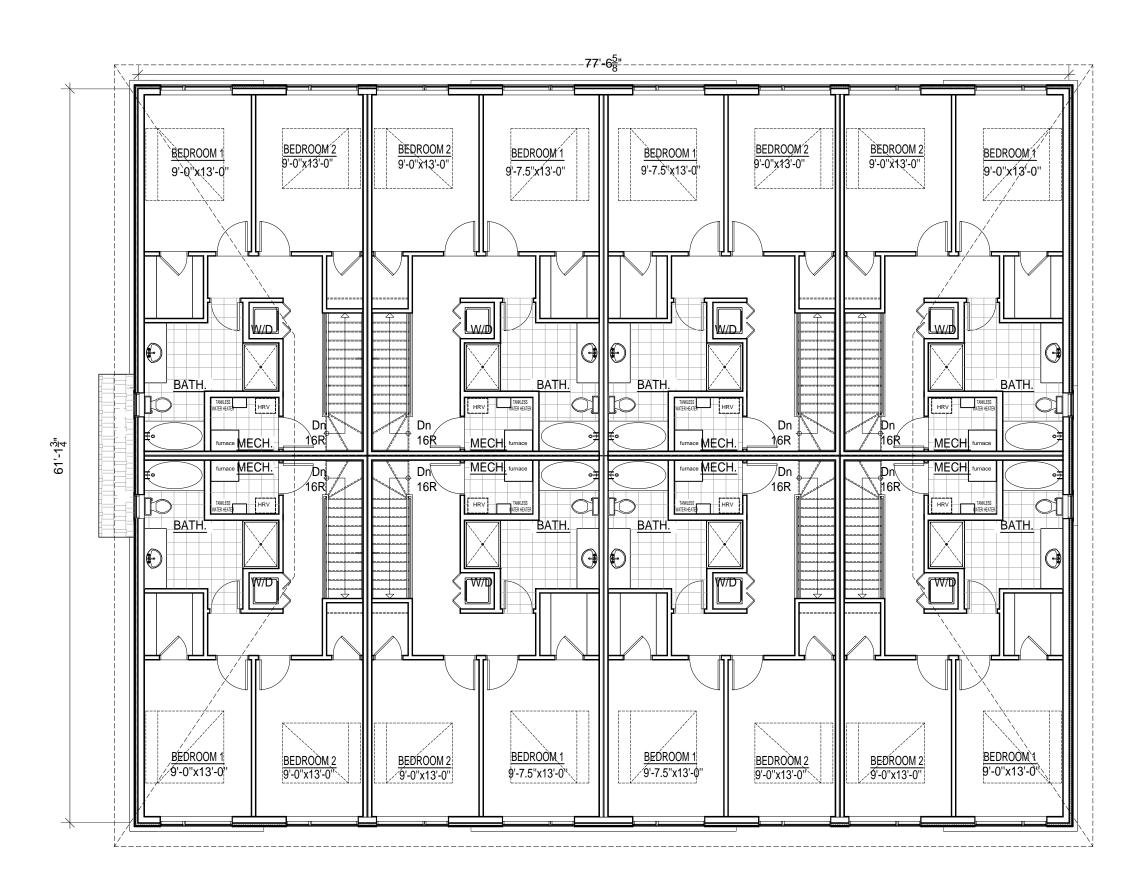


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SECOND FLOOR PLAN

| <u> </u> | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------|
| Project # | Scale | Date |
| | 1/8" - 1'-0" | 2018-07-11 |
| Revision | Sheet | Drawing # |
| 0 | | A-320 |



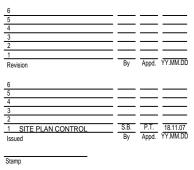
3RD FLOOR PLAN SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

Pierre J. Tabet architect

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THIRD FLOOR PLAN

| Н | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|------------|
| Н | Project # | Scale | Date |
| | | 1/8" - 1'-0" | 2018-07-11 |
| | Revision | Sheet | Drawing # |
| | 0 | | A-330 |