



SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

FOR

TAGGART GROUP OF COMPANIES 275 CARLING AVENUE

CITY OF OTTAWA

PROJECT NO.: 17-988

JULY 2018 – REV 1 © DSEL

SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR 275 CARLING AVENUE

TAGGART GROUP OF COMPANIES JULY 2018 – REV 1

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

David Schaeffer Engineering Limited (DSEL) has been retained by Taggart Group of Companies to prepare a Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of the application for Site Plan Control (SPC) at 275 Carling Avenue.

The subject property is located within the City of Ottawa urban boundary, in the Capital ward. As illustrated in *Figure 1*, the subject property is bound by Carling Avenue to the South, Cambridge Street South to the West, and Clemow Avenue to the North. Currently comprised of a single parcel of land (265 Carling Avenue) to be divided into two parcels, the subject property measures approximately *0.38ha* and is zoned Arterial Mainstreet (AM).



Figure 1: Site Location

The proposed SPC would allow for the development of a 16-storey retirement residence/commercial building fronting onto Carling Avenue, Cambridge Street South and Clemow Avenue within *0.21ha* of the subject site. The proposed development would include approximately *2,227m*² of commercial/office space and underground parking, with access from Clemow Avenue. The residential component is comprised of approximately *118* dwelling units and *50* rooming units. A copy of the Site Plan prepared by RLA Architecture is included in *Drawings/Figures*.

The objective of this report is to provide sufficient detail to demonstrate that the proposed development is supported by existing municipal services.

1.1 Existing Conditions

The existing site includes a paved parking area surrounded by vegetated grass areas. The elevations range between 76.22m and 77.41m with a grade change of approximately 0.31m from the Northeast to the Southwest corner of the property.

Sewer and watermain mapping collected from the City of Ottawa indicate that the following services exist across the property frontages within the adjacent municipal right-of-ways:

Clemow Avenue:

- 203mm diameter PVC watermain;
- 300mm diameter PVC SDR 35 combined sewer, tributary to the Rideau Canal Interceptor and tributary to the Ottawa River, in the event of an overflow event.

Cambridge Street South:

- 203mm diameter PVC watermain;
- 300mm diameter PVC SDR 35 combined sewer, tributary to the Rideau Canal Interceptor and tributary to the Ottawa River, in the event of an overflow event.

Carling Avenue:

- 400mm diameter PVC watermain;
- 300mm diameter combined sewer, tributary to the Rideau Canal Interceptor and tributary to the Ottawa River, in the event of an overflow event.

1.2 Required Permits / Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the site plan control approval process. The City of Ottawa must approve the engineering design drawings and reports prior to the issuance of site plan control.

The development is proposed to consist of a single parcel of land that is not industrial, however will outlet to a combined sewer. As a result, the Ministry of the Environment,

Conservation and Parks (MOECP) will require an Environmental Compliance Application (ECA) to be submitted under the Direct Submission process.

1.3 Pre-consultation

Pre-consultation correspondence, along with the servicing guidelines checklist, is located in *Appendix A*.

2.0 GUIDELINES, PREVIOUS STUDIES, AND REPORTS

2.1 Existing Studies, Guidelines, and Reports

The following studies were utilized in the preparation of this report:

- Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, City of Ottawa, SDG002, October 2012. (City Standards)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-01
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-01)
 - Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-03
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISTB-2018-03)
- Ottawa Design Guidelines Water Distribution
 City of Ottawa, July 2010.
 (Water Supply Guidelines)
 - Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2
 City of Ottawa, December 15, 2010.
 (ISD-2010-2)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02
 City of Ottawa, May 27, 2014.
 (ISDTB-2014-02)
 - Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2018-02
 City of Ottawa, March 21, 2018.
 (ISDTB-2018-02)
- Design Guidelines for Sewage Works,
 Ministry of the Environment, 2008.
 (MOE Design Guidelines)
- Stormwater Planning and Design Manual, Ministry of the Environment, March 2003. (SWMP Design Manual)
- Ontario Building Code Compendium Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Building Development Branch, January 1, 2010 Update. (OBC)

NFPA 13 – Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems National Fire Protection Association, 2016. (NFPA Standards)

3.0 WATER SUPPLY SERVICING

3.1 **Existing Water Supply Services**

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa 1W pressure zone, as shown by the Water Distribution System map, included in Appendix B. Local 200mm diameter watermains exist within the Cambridge South Street and Clemow Avenue right-of-ways and a local 400mm diameter watermain exists within the Carling Avenue right-of way.

3.2 **Water Supply Servicing Design**

It is proposed that the development be serviced via a 150mm diameter water service to the existing 200mm watermain located within the Clemow Avenue right-of-way. Refer to drawing **SSP-1** for a detailed site servicing layout.

Table 1 summarizes the Water Supply Guidelines employed in the preparation of the water demand estimate.

Table 1 Water Supply Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value	
Residential 1 Bedroom Apartment	1.4 P/unit	
Residential 2 Bedroom Apartment	2.1 P/unit	
Residential Average Daily Demand	280 L/d/P	
Residential Maximum Daily Demand	3.6 x Average Daily *	
Residential Maximum Hourly	5.4 x Average Daily *	
Commercial Retail	$2.5 \text{ L/m}^2/\text{d}$	
Commercial Maximum Daily Demand	1.5 x avg. day	
Commercial Maximum Hour Demand	1.8 x max. day	
Office Space	75 L/9.3m ³ /d (12-hour Operation)	
Nursing/Rest Homes	450 L/bed/d	
Housekeeping Facilities	275 L/P/d	
Dining Room/Kitchen	115 L/9.3m ³ /d (12-hour Operation)	
Minimum Watermain Size	150mm diameter	
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.4m from top of watermain to finished grade	
During normal operating conditions desired	350kPa and 480kPa	
operating pressure is within		
During normal operating conditions pressure must	275kPa	
not drop below		
During normal operating conditions pressure must	552kPa	
not exceed		
During fire flow operating pressure must not drop	140kPa	
below		
*Daily average based on Appendix 4-A from Water Supply Guidelines ** Residential Max. Daily and Max. Hourly peaking factors per MOE Guide	olines for Drinking-Water Systems Table 3-3 for 0 to 500 persons.	

⁻Table updated to reflect ISD-2010-2

Table 2 summarizes the estimated water supply demand and boundary conditions for the proposed development based on the development statistics provided by RLA Architecture.

Table 2
Water Demand and Boundary Conditions

Design Parameter	Proposed Demand ¹ (L/min)	Boundary Condition ² Connection 1 (m H ₂ O / kPa)	Boundary Condition ² Connection 2 (m H ₂ O / kPa)
Average Daily Demand	59.3	38.4 / 376.7	39.0 / 382.6
Max Day + Fire Flow	170.2 + 4,150 = 4,320.2	12,900 L/min @ 140 kPa	12,360 L/min @ 140 kPa
Peak Hour	264.5	29.9 / 293.3	30.5 / 299.2

- 1) Water demand calculation per Water Supply Guidelines. See Appendix B for detailed calculations.
- 2) Boundary conditions supplied by the City of Ottawa for the demands indicated in the correspondence; assumed ground elevation 77.0m (Connection 1) and 76.4m (Connection 2), respectively. See *Appendix B for detailed calculations*.

The City of Ottawa was contacted to obtain boundary conditions associated with the estimated water demand, as indicated in the boundary request correspondence included in *Appendix B*.

The City provided the available fire flow at 140 kPa along with the anticipated minimum and maximum water pressures for the demands, as indicated by the correspondence included in *Appendix B*. The minimum and maximum pressures fall within the required range identified in *Table 1*. Based on the City of Ottawa boundary conditions, the existing municipal infrastructure is capable of providing *12,360 L/min* near the proposed connection at 140 kPa during fire flow demands.

For the purpose of estimating fire flow, the short method within the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards were utilized. As indicated by Section 11.2.2 from the *NFPA Standards*, fire flow requirements are to be determined by combining the required flow rate for the sprinkler system, along with the anticipated hose stream. As indicated by Table 11.2.2.1 and Table 11.2.3.1.2 extracted from the *NFPA Standards* and included in *Appendix B*, the anticipated fire flow requirements for the sprinkler system is *3,200 L/min* (850 gpm) and the anticipated internal and external total combined inside and outside hose stream demand is *950 L/min* (250 gpm).

As a result, the total fire flow is anticipated to be **4,150 L/min** (1,100 gpm). Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa, sufficient supply is available for fire flow. A certified fire protection system specialist will need to be employed to design the building fire suppression system and confirm the actual fire flow demand.

In accordance with City of Ottawa technical bulletin ISDTB-2014-02, redundant service connections will be required due to an anticipated design flow of greater than 50 m³/day. A valve box is proposed within the Clemow Avenue right-of-way, east of the proposed connection to the existing watermain to ensure adequate water supply if the watermain within Clemow Avenue need to be closed from the east. An existing valve box exists to

the West of the proposed connection, allowing for a redundant service should the watermain close within Clemow Avenue from the west.

3.3 Water Supply Conclusion

The estimated water demand under proposed conditions was submitted to the City of Ottawa for establishing boundary conditions. In accordance with *NFPA Standards*, *4*,150 *L/min of* fire flow is required for the proposed development. As demonstrated by the boundary conditions, the municipal system is capable of delivering water within the *Water Supply Guidelines* pressure range and supply the required fire flow.

DSEL employed a daily consumption rate of 280 L/person/day to align with the revised wastewater rates identified by City of Ottawa Technical Bulletin ISTB-2018-03. As a result, DSEL is submitting for a deviation from the *Water Supply Guidelines*.

4.0 WASTEWATER SERVICING

4.1 Existing Wastewater Services

The subject site lies within the Rideau Canal Interceptor catchment area, as shown by the City sewer mapping included in *Appendix C*. Existing 300mm diameter combined sanitary sewers within the Clemow Avenue, Cambridge Street South, and Carling Avenue right-of-ways are available to service the proposed development.

4.2 Wastewater Design

It is proposed that the development be serviced via a 200mm sanitary service to the existing 300mm diameter combined sanitary sewer located within the Clemow Avenue right-of-way. Refer to drawing **SSP-1** for a detailed site servicing layout.

Table 3 summarizes the **City Standards** employed in the design of the proposed wastewater sewer system.

Table 3
Wastewater Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value
Residential 1 Bedroom Apartment	1.4 P/unit
Residential 2 Bedroom Apartment	2.1 P/unit
Average Daily Demand	280 L/d/per
Peaking Factor	Harmon's Peaking Factor. Max 4.0, Min 2.0
-	Harmon Correction Factor 0.8
Commercial Floor/Amenity Space	2.5 L/m²/d
Nursing/Rest Homes	450 L/Bed/d
Housekeeping Facilities	275 L/P/d
Dining Room/Kitchen	115 L/9.3m ³ /d
Office Space	75 L/9.3m ³ /d
Commercial Peaking Factor	1.0
Infiltration and Inflow Allowance	0.28L/s/ha
Sanitary sewers are to be sized employing the	$Q = \frac{1}{4} A R^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$
Manning's Equation	$Q = -AR^{73}S^{72}$
Minimum Sewer Size	200 mm diameter
Minimum Manning's 'n'	0.013
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.5m from crown of sewer to grade
Minimum Full Flowing Velocity	0.6m/s
Maximum Full Flowing Velocity	3.0m/s
Extracted from Sections 4 and 6 of the City of Ottawa Sew 2018-03.	l ver Design Guidelines, October 2012 and Technical Bulletin IS

Table 4 demonstrates the estimated peak flow from the proposed development based on the development statistics provided by RLA Architecture. See **Appendix C** for associated calculations.

Table 4
Summary of Estimated Peak Wastewater Flow

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	5.57
Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	7.20
Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	7.26

The peak wet weather sanitary flow based on the Site Plan dated May 15th, 2018, prepared by RLA Architecture and included in *Drawings/Figures*, is **7.26** *L/s*. The increase in wastewater discharge will be compensated for by a reduction in stormwater flow, as discussed in *Section 6.0* of the report.

4.3 Wastewater Servicing Conclusions

The subject site lies within the Rideau Canal Interceptor catchment area. It is proposed that the development be serviced via a 200mm sanitary service to the existing 300mm diameter combined sewer within Clemow Avenue, tributary to the Rideau Canal Interceptor. This increase in wastewater discharge will be compensated for by a reduction in stormwater flow, as discussed in **Section 6.0** of the report.

The proposed wastewater design conforms to all relevant *City Standards*.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

5.1 Existing Stormwater Services

Stormwater runoff from the subject property is tributary to the City of Ottawa combined sewer system and is located within the Ottawa Central sub-watershed. As such, approvals for proposed development within this area are under the approval authority of the City of Ottawa.

Flows that influence the watershed in which the subject property is located are further reviewed by the principal authority. The subject property is located within the Ottawa River watershed, and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA). Consultation with the RVCA is located in *Appendix A*.

It was assumed that the existing development contained no stormwater management controls for flow attenuation. The estimated combined pre-development peak flows for the 2, 5, and 100-year storm events are summarized in *Table 5*:

Table 5
Summary of Existing Peak Storm Flow Rates

City of Ottawa Design Storm	Estimated Peak Flow Rate (L/s)
2-year	55.7
5-year	76.1
100-year	158.0

5.2 Post-development Stormwater Management Target

Stormwater management requirements for the proposed development were reviewed with the City of Ottawa, generating the following requirements for the proposed development:

- Meet a total allowable combined release rate (sanitary and storm) based on a Rational Method Coefficient of 0.50, employing the City of Ottawa IDF parameters for a 5-year storm with a time of concentration equal to or greater than 10 minutes;
- Attenuate all storms up to and including the City of Ottawa 100-year design event on site;
- Quality controls are not required for the proposed development due to the combined sewer outlet; correspondence with the RVCA is included in *Appendix* A.

Based on the above stated requirements, the allowable release rate for the proposed development is 30.3 L/s. As discussed in **Section 6.0** of this report and outlined in **Table** 7, stormwater is to be controlled to an allowable release rate of 23.1 L/s to compensate for the proposed peak dry weather sanitary flow.

5.3 Proposed Stormwater Management System

It is proposed that the stormwater outlet from the development will be to the existing 300mm diameter combined sewer within Clemow Avenue via a 250mm diameter storm service. Refer to drawing **SSP-1** for a detailed site servicing layout.

To meet the stormwater objectives the proposed development will contain flow attenuation via an ICD located within an internal cistern. The internal cistern will be constructed as part of the building structure, detailed design of the cistern will be completed by the architect and the mechanical engineer.

Stormwater runoff collected from the roof area and landscaped areas via area drains will be directed to a **75.5m³** internal stormwater cistern. Cistern flow will be attenuated using an **IPEX Tempest LMF60 ICD** and will outlet to the municipal storm sewer within Clemow Avenue, as shown by **SSP-1**. Foundation drains are to be installed downstream of any cistern controls. Detailed calculations are located in **Appendix D**.

Table 6 summarizes post-development flow rates based on the proposed Site Plan.

Table 6
Stormwater Flow Rate Summary

Control Area	5-Year Release Rate	5-Year Storage	100-Year Release Rate	100-Year Storage Required	100-Year Storage Available
	(L/s)	(m³)	(L/s)	(m³)	(m³)
Unattenuated Areas	9.1	0.0	19.4	0.0	0.0
Attenuated Areas	2.4	34.1	3.4	75.1	75.5
Total	11.4	34.1	22.8	75.1	75.5

It is calculated that **75.1m³** of storage will be required on site to attenuate flow to the established release rate of **23.1** L/s.

5.4 Stormwater Quality Control

Quality controls are not required for the proposed development due to the combined sewer outlet; correspondence with the RVCA is included in *Appendix A*.

5.5 Stormwater Servicing Conclusions

Post development stormwater runoff will be required to be restricted to the allowable target release rate for storm events up to and including the 100-year storm, in accordance with *City Standards*.

Based on the above stated requirements, the allowable release rate for the proposed development is **30.3** L/s. As discussed in Section 6.0 of this report, stormwater is to be controlled to an allowable release rate of **23.1** L/s to compensate for the proposed peak

dry weather sanitary flow. It is estimated that **75.1m³** of storage is required to meet this release rate, **75.5m³** is provided.

Quality controls are not required for the proposed development due to the combined sewer outlet.

The proposed stormwater design conforms to all relevant *City Standards* and Policies for approval.

6.0 COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM FLOW

Under existing conditions, the site contains no stormwater management system for flow attenuation. Therefore, the pre-development "design" combined flow was estimated to be approximately **76.1 L/s**. The assessment of the pre-development combined flow condition assumes peak wastewater rates during a 5-year storm event.

The post-development combined flow for all storms up to and including a 100-year event will be limited to **30.3 L/s**. This value includes the peak dry weather sanitary flow and both controlled and uncontrolled flows directed from the subject property. **Table 7,** below, summarizes the proposed release rates from the development.

Table 7
Summary of Allowable Release Rates

City of Ottawa Design Storm	Estimated Peak Flow Rate	
	(L/s)	
Wastewater	7.2	
Stormwater	23.1	
Combined	30.3	

Therefore, based on the proposed stormwater target, the post-development combined flow will be lower than existing conditions by approximately **45.8 L/s**, a net reduction of approximately **60%** to the combined sewer.

7.0 UTILITIES

Gas and Hydro services currently exist within the Clemow Avenue and Cambridge Street South right-of-ways. Utility servicing will be coordinated with the individual utility companies prior to site development.

8.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Soil erosion occurs naturally and is a function of soil type, climate and topography. During construction the extent of erosion losses is exaggerated due to the removal of vegetation and the top layer of soil becoming agitated.

Prior to topsoil stripping, earthworks or underground construction, erosion and sediment controls will be implemented and will be maintained throughout construction.

Silt fence will be installed around the perimeter of the site and will be cleaned and maintained throughout construction. Silt fence will remain in place until the working areas have been stabilized and re-vegetated.

Catch basins will have SILTSACKs or an approved equivalent installed under the grate during construction to protect from silt entering the storm sewer system.

A mud mat will be installed at the construction access in order to prevent mud tracking onto adjacent roads.

Erosion and sediment controls must be in place during construction. The following recommendations to the contractor will be included in contract documents:

- Limit extent of exposed soils at any given time;
- Re-vegetate exposed areas as soon as possible;
- Minimize the area to be cleared and grubbed;
- Protect exposed slopes with plastic or synthetic mulches;
- Install silt fence to prevent sediment from entering existing ditches;
- No refueling or cleaning of equipment near existing watercourses;
- Provide sediment traps and basins during dewatering;
- Install filter cloth between catch basins and frames;
- Plan construction at proper time to avoid flooding;
- Establish material stockpiles away from watercourses, so that barriers and filters may be installed.

The contractor will, at every rainfall, complete inspections and guarantee proper performance. The inspection is to include:

- Verification that water is not flowing under silt barriers;
- Clean and change filter cloth at catch basins.

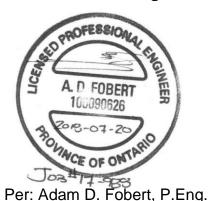
9.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd. (DSEL) has been retained by Taggart Group of Companies to prepare a Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of the application for Site Plan Control (SPC) at 275 Carling Avenue. The preceding report outlines the following:

- Based on boundary conditions provided by the City, the existing municipal water infrastructure is capable of providing the proposed development with water within the City's required pressure range;
- Fire flow requirements were estimated in accordance with **NFPA Standards**. Based on the boundary conditions provided by the City of Ottawa, sufficient flow is available to service the development;
- The proposed development will be required to attenuate post development storm and sanitary flows to an equivalent combined release rate of **30.3** L/s. The combined release rate of sanitary and stormwater flow from the proposed site provides an approximately **60**% reduction in flow into the combined sewer within Clemow Avenue;
- The proposed development is estimated to have a peak wet weather flow of **7.26 L/s**, the increase in wastewater discharge will be compensated by a reduction in stormwater flow:
- Based on the proposed peak dry weather sanitary flow of **7.20** L/s, the post development storm allowable release rate was established as **23.1** L/s;
- It is proposed that stormwater objective be met through storm water retention via cistern storage, it is calculated that **75.1m**³ of onsite storage will be required to attenuate flow to the established release rate above, **75.5m**³ is provided;
- Quality controls are not required for the proposed development due to the combined sewer outlet, correspondence with the RVCA is included in *Appendix A*;
- The development proposes to outlet to a combined sewer, as a result, the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MOECP) will require an Environmental Compliance Application (ECA) to be submitted under the Direct Submission process.

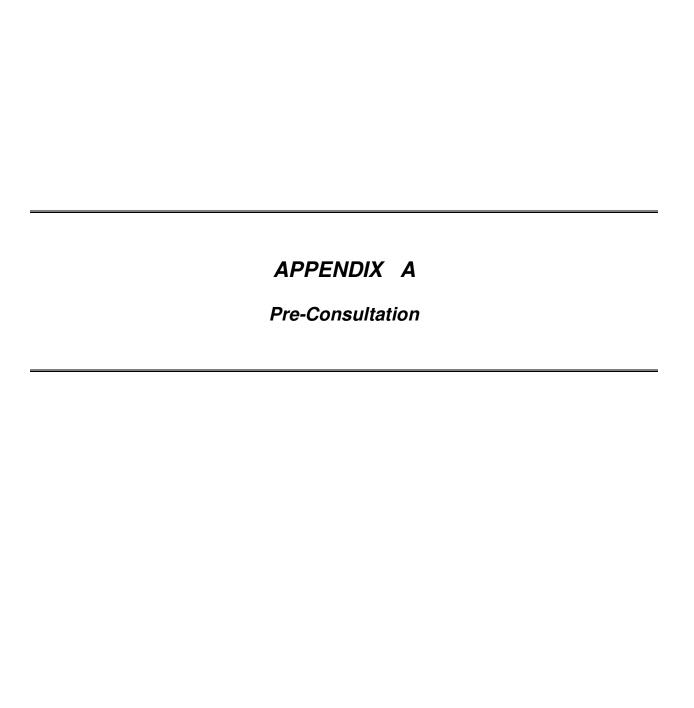
Prepared by, **David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.**

Reviewed by, **David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.**



Per: Alison J. Gosling, EIT.

Wedne



DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST

17-988 28/06/2018

50		20,00,2010
4.1	General Content	
	Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
\boxtimes	Date and revision number of the report.	Report Cover Sheet
	Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of	·
\boxtimes	proposed development.	Drawings/Figures
\boxtimes	Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Figure 1, EX-1
	Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan,	
\boxtimes	and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide	Section 1.0
	context to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context	Section 1.0
	to which individual developments must adhere.	
\boxtimes	Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Section 1.3
	Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master	
\boxtimes	Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in	Section 2.1
	the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide	
	justification and develop a defendable design criteria.	Continu 1 0
\boxtimes	Statement of objectives and servicing criteria. Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate	Section 1.0
\boxtimes	area.	Sections 3.1, 4.1, 5.1, EX-1
	Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal	
	Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be	N/A
	made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	.,,,,
	Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in	
	the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed	
\boxtimes	stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and	GP-1
	potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm	
	that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	
	Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private	
	services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation	N/A
	required to address potential impacts.	
	Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
Ш	Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	N/A
	All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following	
	information: -Metric scale	
	-North arrow (including construction North)	
_	-North arrow (including construction North) -Key plan	
\boxtimes	-Name and contact information of applicant and property owner	SP-1
	-Property limits including bearings and dimensions	
	-Existing and proposed structures and parking areas	
	-Easements, road widening and rights-of-way	
	-Adjacent street names	
1.2	Davidanment Servicing Penert: Water	
4.2	Development Servicing Report: Water Confirm consistency with Macter Servicing Study, if available	N1 / A
	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/A

4.2 Development Servicing Report: Water Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development Section 3.1 Identification of system constraints Identify boundary conditions Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure Section 3.3

DSEL©

	Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is	
\boxtimes	calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Section 3.2
	Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	N/A
	Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design	N/A
	Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/A
	Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification	N/A
\boxtimes	Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range	Section 3.2, 3.3
	Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	N/A
	Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A
\boxtimes	Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Section 3.2
	Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A
4.3	Development Servicing Report: Wastewater	
	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Section 4.2
	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A
	Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/A
\boxtimes	Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Section 4.1
\boxtimes	Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	Section 4.2
\boxtimes	Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	Section 4.2, Appendix C
\boxtimes	Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Section 4.2
	Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A

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	Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
	Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and	N/A
	maximum flow velocity. Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
	Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A
	Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist	
\boxtimes	Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)	Section 5.1
\boxtimes	Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	Section 5.1, 7.0, Appendix D
\boxtimes	A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Drawings/Figures
\boxtimes	Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Section 5.2, 5.4, 5.5
\boxtimes	Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Section 5.2, 5.4, 5.5
\boxtimes	Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information	Section 5.3
	Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
	Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
	Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the	A
\boxtimes	Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	Appendix A
	Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A
\boxtimes	Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).	Section 5.3
	Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A
\boxtimes	Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Section 5.1, 5.3
	Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	N/A
	Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.	N/A
	If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A
	Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
	Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A
	·······	·

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\boxtimes	Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Section 5.3
	100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	N/A
	Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/A
\boxtimes	Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	Section 8.0
	Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
	Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A
4.5	Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist	
\boxtimes	Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement ct. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	Section 1.2
	Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
	Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
	Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A
4.6	Conclusion Checklist	
\boxtimes	Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	Section 9.0
	Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	5555 5.0
	All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario	

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Alison Gosling

From: Jamie Batchelor < jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Sent: Friday, June 1, 2018 8:41 AM

To: Alison Gosling

Subject: RE: 275 Carling Avenue - Quality Control Requirement

Good Morning Alison,

Stormwater from this site would be directed to a combined storm sewer where water quality treatment is provided by the downstream Robert O. Pickard Environmental Centre. Therefore, the RVCA accepts that there is requirement for additional onsite water quality treatment measures save and except best management practices.

Jamie Batchelor, MCIP, RPP **Planner** Rideau Valley Conservation Authority 3889 Rideau Valley Drive 613-692-3571 ext 1191 jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca

From: Alison Gosling [mailto:AGosling@dsel.ca]

Sent: Thursday, May 31, 2018 4:35 PM

To: Jamie Batchelor < jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Subject: RE: 275 Carling Avenue - Quality Control Requirement

Thank you!

Alison Gosling, E.I.T.

Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542

fax: (613) 836-7183 email: agosling@dsel.ca

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From: Jamie Batchelor [mailto:jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca]

Sent: Thursday, May 31, 2018 4:34 PM To: Alison Gosling < AGosling@dsel.ca >

Subject: RE: 275 Carling Avenue - Quality Control Requirement

I haven't forgot your inquiry. I'm hoping to get to it tomorrow.

From: Alison Gosling [mailto:AGosling@dsel.ca]

Sent: Monday, May 28, 2018 11:39 AM

To: Jamie Batchelor < jamie.batchelor@rvca.ca>

Subject: 275 Carling Avenue - Quality Control Requirement

Good afternoon Jamie,

We wanted to touch base with you regarding a development at 275 Carling Avenue. The development involves the construction of a 16-storey retirement residence and commercial building with associated underground parking. The existing site consists of a paved surface parking lot as demonstrated in *Figure 1* below.

The development proposes to outlet to the existing combined sewer within Clemow Avenue. The existing combined sewer either travels approximately **3.7** *km* to an outlet into the Ottawa River during a major storm event, as shown by *Figure 2* below, or travels to the Robert O. Pickard Environmental Centre.

It is anticipated that stormwater quality controls are not required as the development proposes to outlet to the combined sewer within Clemow Avenue. Can you please confirm?



Figure 1: Existing Site



Figure 2: Combined Overflow Path to Ottawa River

Please feel free to contact me to discuss.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, E.I.T.
Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

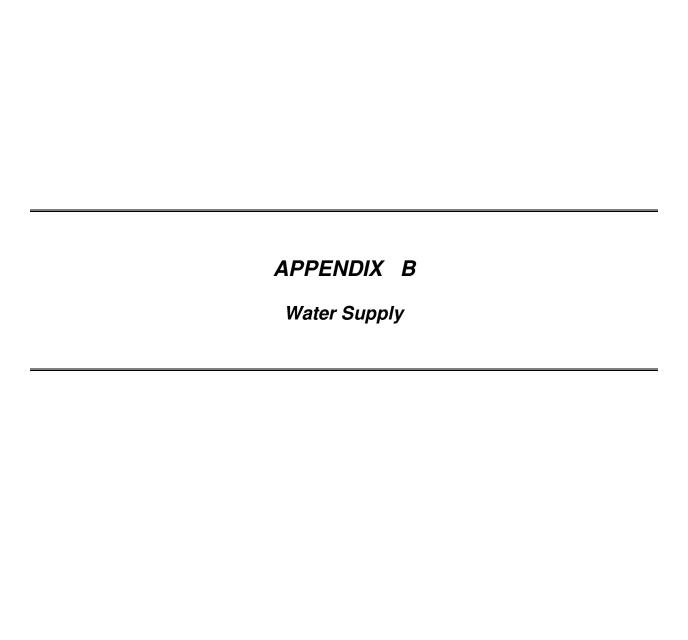
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Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue Proposed Site Conditions

Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010



Domestic Demand

Type of Housing	Per / Unit	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.7		0
Apartment			0
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4	70	98
2 Bedroom	2.1	48	101
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8		0

	Pop	Avg. Daily		Max Day		Peak Hour	
_		m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Total Domestic Demand	199	55.7	38.7	200.6	139.3	300.9	209.0

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

			Avg. [Daily	Max I	Day	Peak I	Hour
Property Type	Unit Rate	Units	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Nursing / Rest homes †	450 L/bed/d	50	22.50	15.6	33.8	23.4	60.8	42.2
Housekeeping Facilities †	275 L/person/d	186.0	5.50	3.8	8.2	5.7	14.8	10.3
Dining Room/Kitchen*	115 L/seat/d	1085.4	1.12	0.8	1.7	1.2	3.0	2.1
Office Space*	75 $L/9.3m^2/d$	122.8	0.08	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Commercial/Amentities Space*	2.5 L/m ² /d	2104.0	0.44	0.3	0.7	0.5	1.2	0.8
	Total I/	CI Demand	29.6	20.6	44.5	30.9	80.0	55.6
	Tot	tal Demand	85.4	59.3	245.1	170.2	380.9	264.5

[†] Flow rates per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelins Appendix 4A

^{*} Assumed 12 Hour operation per day

Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue

Boundary Conditions	Unit Conversion
Connection 1:	

	Height (m) Elev	ation (m	m H ₂ O	PSI	kPa		L/s	L/min
Avg. DD	115.4	77	38.4	54.6	376.7	Fire Flow @ 140kPa	215	12900
Fire Flow			0.0	0.0	0.0			
Peak Hour	106.9	77	29.9	42.5	293.3			
Connectio		ration (m'	m U O	PSI	kPa		L/s	L/min
	Height (m) Elev	• .	m H₂O	_				-
Avg. DD	115.4	76.4	39.0	55.5	382.6	Fire Flow @ 140kPa	206	12360
Fire Flow			0.0	0.0	0.0			
Peak Hour	106.9	76.4	30.5	43.4	299.2			

Alison Gosling

From: Alison Gosling

Sent: Friday, May 18, 2018 10:18 AM

To: 'Buchanan, Richard'
Cc: Robert Freel

Subject: 275 Carling Avenue - Boundary Condition Request

Good morning Richard,

We would like to request water boundary conditions for Clemow Avenue using the following proposed development demands:

- 1. Location of Service / Street Number: 275 Carling Avenue
- 2. Type of development and the amount of fire flow required for the proposed development:
 - The proposed development is mixed use retirement residence/commercial. The full build-out proposes 168 residential units and 1,243 m² of commercial space and medical facilities.
 - It is anticipated that the development will have a dual connection to be services from the existing 203 mm diameter watermain within Clemow Avenue, as shown by the attached map.
 - A maximum fire flow of 14,000L/s is anticipated for the development.

3.

	L/min	L/s
Avg. Daily	68.4	1.14
Max Day	204.2	3.40
Peak Hour	315.3	5.25



If you have any questions please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, E.I.T. Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

david schaeffer engineering ltd.

120 Iber Road, Unit 103 Stittsville, ON K2S 1E9

phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542

fax: (613) 836-7183 **email**: <u>agosling@dsel.ca</u>

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Alison Gosling

From: Buchanan, Richard < Richard.Buchanan@ottawa.ca>

Sent: Tuesday, May 22, 2018 1:27 PM

To: Alison Gosling

Subject: FW: 275 Carling Avenue - Boundary Condition Request

Attachments: 275 Carling May 2018.pdf

Good afternoon Alison,

The following are boundary conditions, HGL, for hydraulic analysis at 275 Carling (zone 1W) assumed to be connected to two locations to the 203 mm on Clemow (see PDF for locations).

Minimum HGL = 106.9 m (Both Connections)

Maximum HGL = 115.4 m (Both Connections)

Available Fire Flow = 215 L/s (Connection 1) assuming a residual of 20 psi and a ground elevation of 77.0 m Available Fire Flow = 206 L/s (Connection 2) assuming a residual of 20 psi and a ground elevation of 76.4 m

These are for current conditions and are based on computer model simulation.

Disclaimer: The boundary condition information is based on current operation of the city water distribution system. The computer model simulation is based on the best information available at the time. The operation of the water distribution system can change on a regular basis, resulting in a variation in boundary conditions. The physical properties of watermains deteriorate over time, as such must be assumed in the absence of actual field test data. The variation in physical watermain properties can therefore alter the results of the computer model simulation.

Richard Buchanan, CET

Project Manager, Development Approvals
Planning, Infrastructure and Economic Development Department
Planning & Growth Management Branch
City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

613.580.2424 ext./poste 27801
ottawa.ca/planning / ottawa.ca/urbanisme

From: Alison Gosling < AGosling@dsel.ca > Sent: Friday, May 18, 2018 10:18 AM

To: Buchanan, Richard < Richard. Buchanan@ottawa.ca >

Cc: Robert Freel < RFreel@dsel.ca>

Subject: 275 Carling Avenue - Boundary Condition Request

Good morning Richard,

We would like to request water boundary conditions for Clemow Avenue using the following proposed development demands:

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3.

	L/min	L/s
Avg. Daily	68.4	1.14
Max Day	204.2	3.40
Peak Hour	315.3	5.25



If you have any questions please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

Alison Gosling, E.I.T.
Project Coordinator / Junior Designer

DSEL

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phone: (613) 836-0856 ext.542

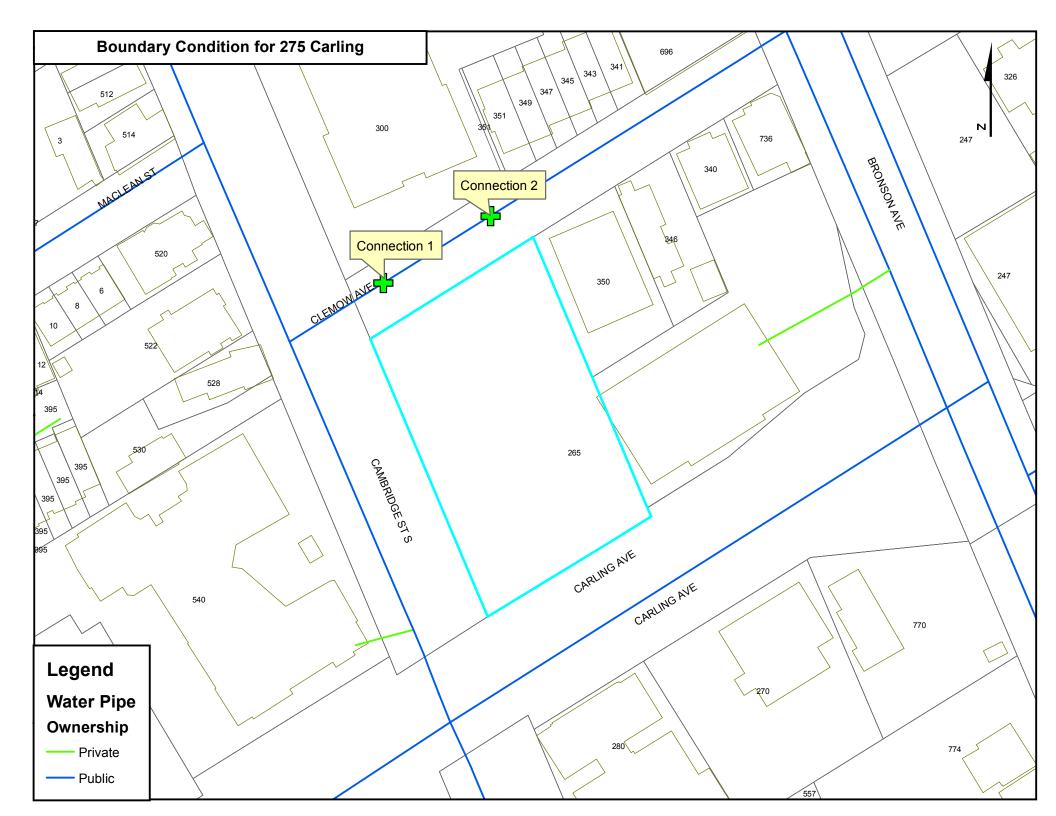
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3



National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 13 – Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems Table 11.2.2.1, Table 11.2.3.1.2

National Fire Protection Association 13 - Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems Report, Table 11.2.2.1

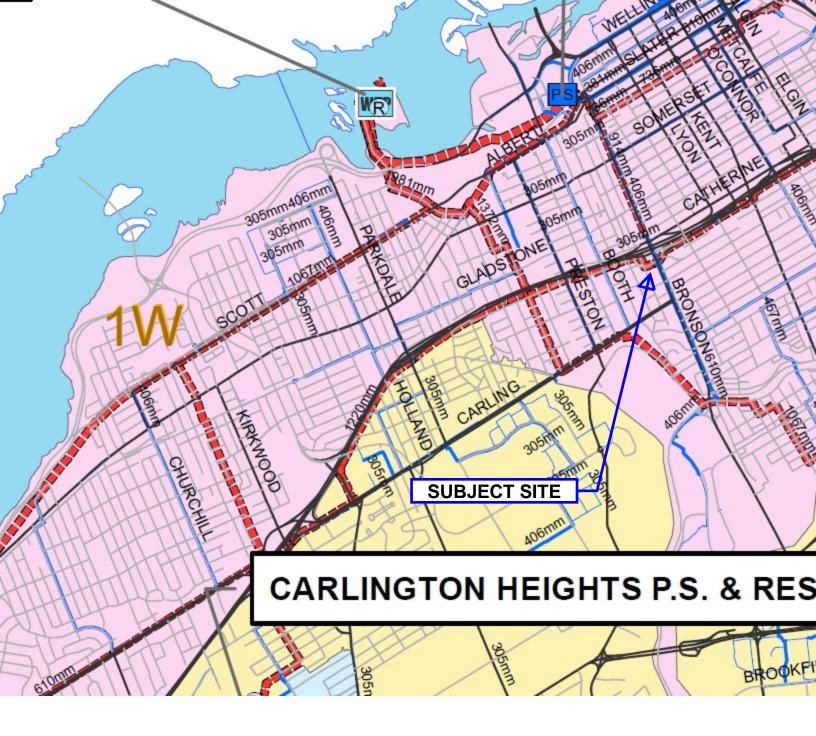
Table 11.2.2.1 Water Supply Requirements for Pipe Schedule Sprinkler Systems

Occupancy Classification -	Resi Pres	mum dual sure uired	Base o	le Flow at f Riser ng Hose llowance)	Duration
	psi	bar	gpm	L/min	(minutes)
Light hazard	15	1	500-750	1900-2850	30-60
Ordinary hazard	20	1.4	850-1500	3200-5700	60-90

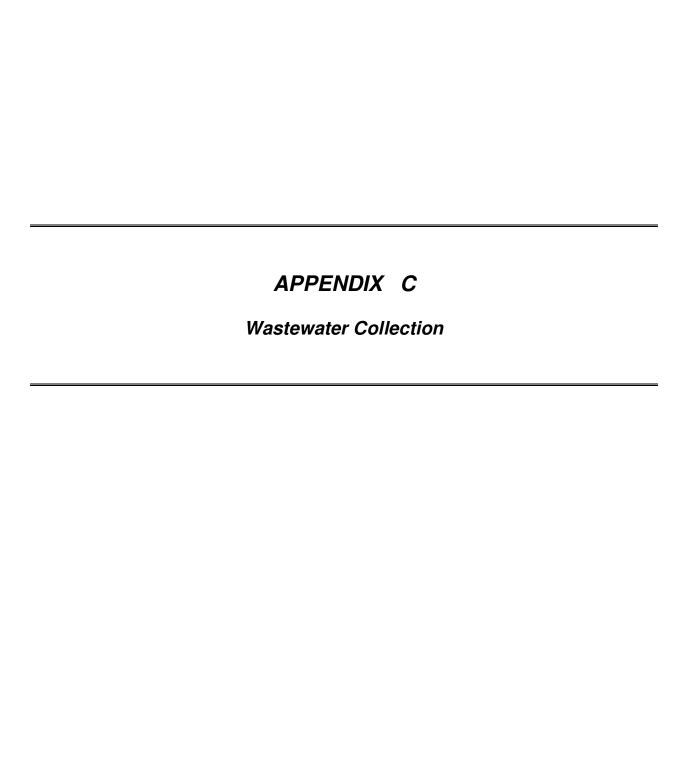
National Fire Protection Association 13 - Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems Report, Table 11.2.3.1.2

Table 11.2.3.1.2 Hose Stream Allowance and Water Supply Duration Requirements for Hydraulically Calculated Systems

	Inside	e Hose	Inside an	ombined d Outside ose	Duration			
Occupancy	gpm	L/min	gpm	L/min	(minutes)			
Light hazard	0, 50, or 100	0, 190, or 380	100	380	30			
Ordinary hazard	0, 50, or 100	0, 190, or 380	250	950	60-90			
Extra hazard	0, 59, or 100	0, 190, or 380	500	1900	90-120			



Water Distribution System Facilities & Feedermains City of Ottawa



Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue Proposed Site Conditions

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Extraneous Flow Allowances

	Infiltra	tion / Inflow	0.06 L/s
Domestic Contributions			_
Unit Type	Unit Rate	Units	Рор
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached and duplex	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.7		0
Stacked Townhouse	2.3		0
Apartment			
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4	70	98
2 Bedroom	2.1	48	101
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8		0

Total Pop	199
Average Domestic Flow	0.64 L/s
Peaking Factor	3.52
Peak Domestic Flow	2.27 L/s

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Contributions

Property Type	Unit Rate	No. of Units	Avg Wastewater
			(L/s)
Nursing / Rest homes †	450 L/bed/d	50	0.52
Housekeeping Facilities †	275 L/person/d	186.0	1.18
Dining Room/Kitchen*	115 L/seat/d	1085.4	2.89
Office Space*	75 L/9.3m ² /d	122.8	0.21
Commercial/Amenity Space*	2.5 L/m ² /d	2104.0	0.12
	Av	erage I/C/I Flow	4.93
	Peak Institutional / Co	ommercial Flow	4.93
	Peak I	ndustrial Flow**	0.00
		Peak I/C/I Flow	4.93

^{*} assuming a 12 hour commercial operation

^{**} peak industrial flow per City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines Appendix 4B

Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	5.57 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	7.20 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	7.26 L/s

SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue PROJECT:

LOCATION:

FILE REF: 17-988

28-Jun-18 DATE:

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Avg. Daily Flow Res. 280 L/p/d Avg. Daily Flow Comn 17,000 L/ha/d Avg. Daily Flow Instit. 10,000 L/ha/d Peak Fact Res. Per Harmons: Min = 2.0, Max =4.0

Peak Fact. Comm. Peak Fact. Instit.

Avg. Daily Flow Indust 10,000 L/ha/d Peak Fact. Indust. per MOE graph Mannings N



0.28 L/s/ha

0.013

0.60 m/s full flowing

3.00 m/s full flowing

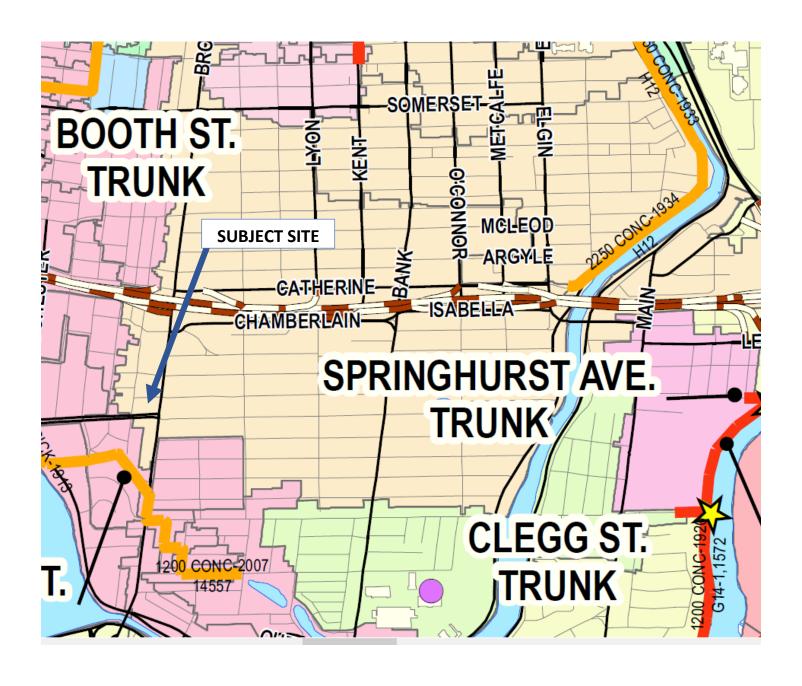
Infiltration / Inflow

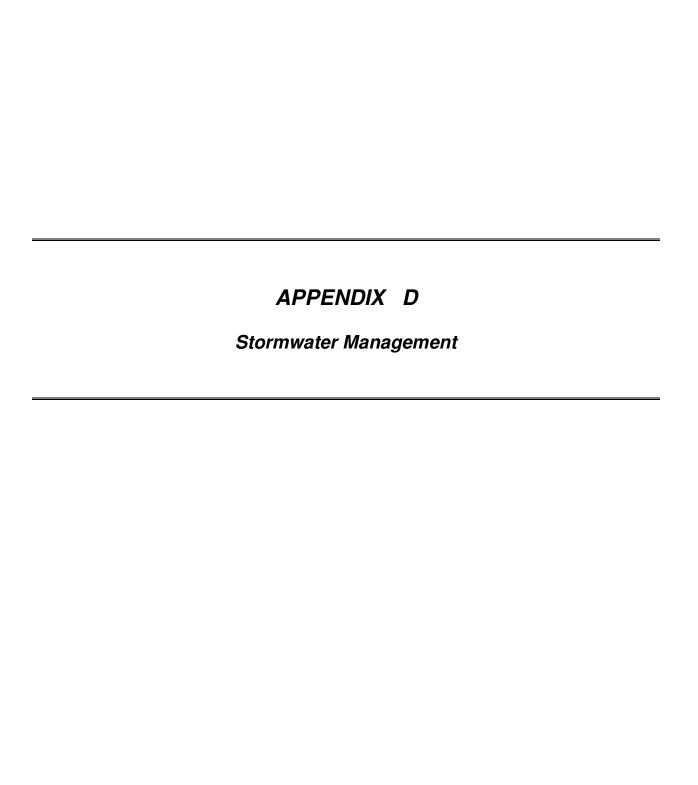
Min. Pipe Velocity

Max. Pipe Velocity

	Location					Resider	ntial Area	and Pop	ulation				Commercial Institutional Industrial Infiltration							Pipe Data											
Area ID	Up	Down	Area		Numbe	r of Units		Pop.	Cumu	ılative	Peak.	Q _{res}	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	Q _{C+I+I}	Total	Accu.	Infiltration	Total	DIA	Slope	Length	A _{hydraulic}	R	Velocity	Q _{cap}	Q / Q full
					by	type			Area	Pop.	Fact.			Area		Area		Area		Area	Area	Flow	Flow								
			(ha)	Single	s Semi's	Town's	Apt's		(ha)		(-)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(m²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(-)
10	1	2	2.220	2	6	7	84	259.0	2.220	259.0	4.00	3.36	0.12	0.12	0.45	0.45		0.00	0.5	2.790	2.790	0.781	4.63	300	2.15		0.071	0.075	2.01	141.8	0.03
103	2	3	1.560	1	5			51.0	3.780	310.0	4.00	4.02	0.28	0.40	2.34	2.79		0.00	2.8	4.180	6.970	1.952	8.74	300	0.44	90.7	0.071	0.075	0.91	64.1	0.14
103	3	4	0.000)				0.0	3.780	310.0	4.00	4.02	0.61	1.01		2.79		0.00	3.3	0.610	7.580	2.122	9.44	300	0.55	68.5	0.071	0.075	1.01	71.7	0.13
104	1 4	. 5	0.000	1	7			58.0	3.780	368.0	4.00	4.77	0.77	1.78	0.49	3.28		0.00	4.4	1.260	8.840	2.475	11.64	375	1.04	82.4	0.110	0.094	1.62	178.8	0.07
109	5	6	2.060)				0.0	5.840	368.0	4.00	4.77	0.56	2.34		3.28		0.00	4.9	2.620	11.460	3.209	12.86	375	4.00	79.6	0.110	0.094	3.17	350.7	0.04
	6	7	0.000)				0.0	5.840	368.0	4.00	4.77		2.34		3.28		0.00	4.9	0.000	11.460	3.209	12.86	375	4.41	13.6	0.110	0.094	3.33	368.2	0.03
10	7	8	2.450	5	7			194.0	8.290	562.0	3.95	7.19	0.22	2.56	0.14	3.42		0.00	5.2	2.810	14.270	3.996	16.38	375	4.23	24.1	0.110	0.094	3.26	360.6	0.05
108	8	9	0.000)				0.0	8.290	562.0	3.95	7.19	0.33	2.89		3.42		0.00	5.5	0.330	14.600	4.088	16.76	375	4.23	24.1	0.110	0.094	3.26	360.6	0.05

CITY OF OTTAWA-SANITARY TRUNK AND COLLECTION AREAS





Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue Existing Site Conditions

Estimated Peak Stormwater Flow Rate
City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Existing Drainage Charateristics From Internal Site

Area	0.210	ha
С	0.83	Rational Method runoff coefficient
L	35.0	m
Up Elev	77.23	m
Dn Elev	76.16	m
Slope	3.1	%
Tc	3.6	min

	Imp.	Perv.	Total
Area	0.188	0.021	0.210
C	0.9	0.2	0.83

1) Time of Concentration per Federal Aviation Administration

$$t_c = \frac{1.8(1.1 - C)L^{0.5}}{S^{0.333}}$$

tc, in minutes

C, rational method coefficient, (-)

L, length in ft

S, average watershed slope in %

Estimated Peak Flow

	2-year	5-year	100-year	
i	115.4	157.6	271.3 mm	/hr
Q	55.7	76.1	158.0 L/s	

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue **Proposed Site Conditions**

Stormwater - Proposed Development City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Target Flow Rate

0.210 ha Area

> 0.50 Rational Method runoff coefficient С

10.0 min $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{c}}$

	Imp.	Perv.		Total	
Area	0.1	71	0.039		0.210
С		0.9	0.2		0.77

0.031

0.2

0.9

0.059

0.53

5-year

104.2 mm/hr Q 30.3 L/s

Ex. Sanitary Flow 0.00 L/s

Total Combined Allowable

Release Rate 30.3 L/s <---- 5-Year Release (30.3 L/s) + Ex. Sanitary Flow (0.00 L/s)

Proposed Sanitary Flow 7.2 L/s *NOTE: The peak dry weather flow rate is used as infiltration is acounted for in storm calculations

Total Allowable Stormwater

Release Rate 23.1 L/s <---- Total Combined Release (30.3 L/s) - Proposed Sanitary Flow (7.20 L/s)

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Unattenuated Areas

Area ID U1 0.059 ha **Total Area** 0.028 Area 0.53 Rational Method runoff coefficient C

	5-year					100-year				
t _c	i (mm/hr)	Q _{actual}	Q _{release} (L/s)	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}	i (************************************	Q _{actual} *	Q _{release}	Q _{stored} (L/s)	V _{stored}
(min)	(mm/nr)	(L/s)	(L/S)	(L/s)	(m°)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/S)	(m³)
10.0	104.2	9.1	9.1	0.0	0.0	178.6	19.4	19.4	0.0	0.0

Note:

C value for the 100-year storm is increased by 25%, to a maximum of 1.0 per Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (5.4.5.2.1)

Estimated Post Development Peak Flow from Attenuated Areas

Area ID Α1 Available Cistern Storage

Maintenance Structures

	Imp.	Perv.	Total
Area	0.140	0.011	0.151
C	0.9	0.2	0.85

Total Subsurface Storage (m3) 75.5

Stage Attenuated Areas Storage Summary

_		Surface Storage		Surfa	ace and Sub	surface Sto	rage	
	Stage	Ponding	h_o	delta d	V*	V _{acc} **	Q _{release} †	V _{drawdown}
	(m)	(m²)	(m)	(m)	(m³)	(m³)	(L/s)	(hr)
Orifice INV	64.60		0.00			0.0	0.0	0.00
Cistern Storage SL	65.06		0.46	0.46	37.8	37.8	2.6	4.03
Cistern Storage OBV	65.51		0.91	0.45	37.8	75.5	3.4	6.17
	* > / .							

^{*} V=Incremental storage volume

^{**} V_{acc} =Total surface and sub-surface

 $[\]dagger Q_{release}$ = Release rate calculated from Tempest LMF Flow Curve

Taggart Group of Companies 275 Carling Avenue Proposed Site Conditions

Orifice Location

BLDG Dia LMF60

Total Area

0.151 ha

0.85 Rational Method runoff coefficient

Note: Rational Method Coefficient "C" increased by 25% for 100-year calculations

Γ	5-year					100-year				
t _c	i	Q _{actual} ‡	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V _{stored}	i	Q _{actual} ‡	Q _{release}	Q _{stored}	V_{stored}
(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(m³)
10	104.2	37.1	2.4	34.8	20.9	178.6	74.9	3.4	71.5	42.9
15	83.6	29.8	2.4	27.4	24.7	142.9	60.0	3.4	56.6	50.9
20	70.3	25.0	2.4	22.7	27.2	120.0	50.3	3.4	46.9	56.3
25	60.9	21.7	2.4	19.3	29.0	103.8	43.6	3.4	40.2	60.3
30	53.9	19.2	2.4	16.9	30.4	91.9	38.6	3.4	35.2	63.3
35	48.5	17.3	2.4	14.9	31.4	82.6	34.7	3.4	31.3	65.7
40	44.2	15.7	2.4	13.4	32.1	75.1	31.5	3.4	28.1	67.5
45	40.6	14.5	2.4	12.1	32.7	69.1	29.0	3.4	25.6	69.1
50	37.7	13.4	2.4	11.1	33.2	64.0	26.8	3.4	23.4	70.3
55	35.1	12.5	2.4	10.2	33.5	59.6	25.0	3.4	21.6	71.4
60	32.9	11.7	2.4	9.4	33.8	55.9	23.5	3.4	20.1	72.2
65	31.0	11.1	2.4	8.7	34.0	52.6	22.1	3.4	18.7	72.9
70	29.4	10.5	2.4	8.1	34.1	49.8	20.9	3.4	17.5	73.5
75	27.9	9.9	2.4	7.6	34.1	47.3	19.8	3.4	16.4	74.0
80	26.6	9.5	2.4	7.1	34.1	45.0	18.9	3.4	15.5	74.3
85	25.4	9.0	2.4	6.7	34.1	43.0	18.0	3.4	14.6	74.6
90	24.3	8.7	2.4	6.3	34.0	41.1	17.3	3.4	13.9	74.8
95	23.3	8.3	2.4	6.0	33.9	39.4	16.5	3.4	13.2	75.0
100	22.4	8.0	2.4	5.6	33.8	37.9	15.9	3.4	12.5	75.1
105	21.6	7.7	2.4	5.3	33.6	36.5	15.3	3.4	11.9	75.1
110	20.8	7.4	2.4	5.1	33.4	35.2	14.8	3.4	11.4	75.1

5-year Q_{attenuated} 2.35 L/s 5-year Max. Storage Required 34.1 m³ Est. 5-year Storage Elevation 65.02 m

Summary of Release Rates and Storage Volumes

Control Area	5-Year	5-Year	100-Year	100-Year	100-Year
	Release	Required	Release	Required	Available
	Rate (L/s)	Storage (m³)	Rate (L/s)	Storage (m³)	Storage (m³)
Unattenuated Areas	9.1	0.0	19.4	0.0	0.0
Attenutated Areas	2.4	34.1	3.4	75.1	75.5
Total	11.4	34.1	22.8	75.1	75.5

TEMPEST LMF flow curves

