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Minto Communities Inc.

Noise Control Detailed Study

Morgan's Creek Stage 1 (762 March Road)



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Minto Communities Inc. (Minto) retained the services of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited (JLR) to assess the potential environmental noise impact on the proposed stacked townhome development referred to as Morgan's Creek Stage 1, located at 762 March Road in the Morgan's Grant-Shirley's Brook Area within the City of Ottawa. The purpose of this study is to assess the potential environmental noise impact on the Development, due to vehicular traffic on March Road and stationary noise generated from the roof-top air handling units and boiler located at 750 March Road (Blue Heron Co-Op).

This study is prepared to satisfy the Ministry of Environment (MOE) Environmental Noise Guidelines NPC-300 and the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (approved by City Council January 2016) and in particular Part 4 Section 3.2 Noise Control Detailed Study Requirements in support of Minto's Site Plan Application.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The lands subject to this Study, identified on Figure 1 as Morgan's Creek Stage 1, are bounded by Shirley's Brook to the northeast, existing residential (750 March Road) to the southeast, March Road to the southwest, and future residential (788 March Road) to the northwest. The proposed development has an area of approximately 0.77 ha and consists of five (5) stacked townhome blocks consisting for a total of 60 residential units on site.

Appendix 'A' includes the Morgan's Creek Stage 1 Site Plan and Plan of Survey.

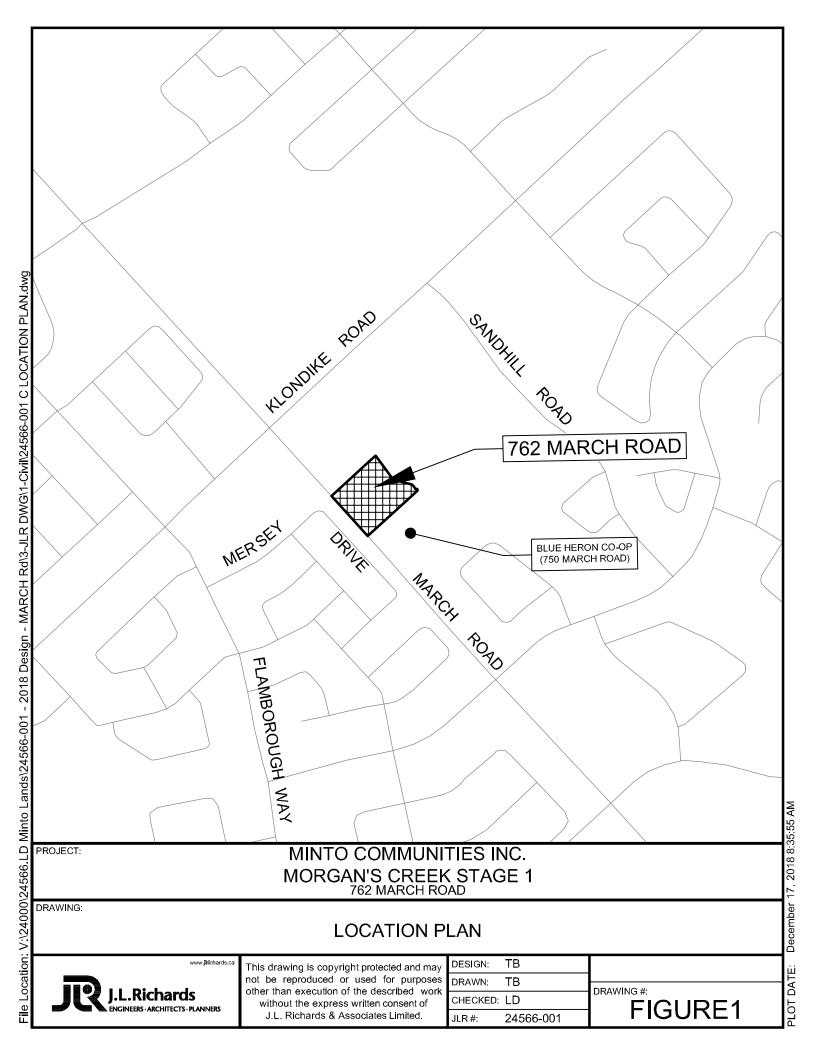
3.0 TRANSPORTATION NOISE SOURCE

The transportation noise source for this study is March Road. Drawing N1 (refer to Appendix 'B') shows the location of the existing and proposed roadways in relation to the proposed development. Klondike Road and Sandhill Road are outside the 100 m range of influence; therefore, they are not considered transportation noise sources for the purposes of this study.

3.1 Transportation Sound Level Criteria

For the purpose of determining the predicted noise levels, and based on the sound level criteria established by the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines (ENCG), the following will be used as the maximum acceptable sound levels (Leq) for residential development and other land uses, such as nursing homes, schools and daycare centres:

Receiver Location	<u>Criteria</u>	Time Period
Outdoor living area:	55 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs)
Indoor living/dining rooms (inside):	45 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs)
General Office, Reception Area (inside):	50 dBA	Daytime (0700 - 2300 hrs)
Sleeping Quarters (inside):	40 dBA	Nighttime (2300 - 0700 hrs)



Outdoor Living Areas (OLA) are defined as that portion of the outdoor amenity area of a dwelling for the quiet enjoyment of the outdoor environment during the daytime period. Typically, the point of assessment in an OLA is 3.0 m from the building façade mid-point and 1.5 m above the ground within the designated OLA for each individual unit. OLAs commonly include backyards, balconies (with a minimum depth of 4 m as per NPC-300), common outdoor living areas, and passive recreational areas. For the purpose of this study the amenity space identified on Drawing N1 is considered the only OLA for Morgan's Creek Stage 1. The point of assessment was chosen to be the middle of the amenity space as shown on Drawing N1.

For indoor noise impact, the point of assessment at the Plane of Window (POW) will be the middle of each floor for the top unit as calculated from the building elevation drawings provided by Minto (refer to Appendix 'C').

3.2 Transportation Noise Attenuation Requirements

When the sound levels are equal to or less than the specified criteria, per the City of Ottawa ENCG and/or MOE NPC-300, noise attenuation (control) measures may not be required.

The following tables outline noise attenuation measures to achieve required dBA Leq for surface transportation noise, per the City of Ottawa ENCG.

Table 1: Outdoor Noise Control Measures for Surface Transportation Noise

	Secondary Mitigation Measures			
Primary Mitigation Measure (in order of preference)	Landscape plantings and/or non-acoustic fence to obscure noise source	Warning Clauses		
Distance setback with soft ground				
Insertion of Noise insensitive land uses between the source and receiver receptor	Recommended			
Orientation of buildings to provide		Warning Clauses necessary		
sheltered zones in rear yards		and to include: - Reference to specific noise		
Shared outdoor amenity areas	Required	mitigation measures in the development.		
Earth berms (sound barriers)	Nequilea	- Whether noise is expected to increase in the future.		
Acoustic Barriers (acoustic barriers)		- That there is a need to maintain mitigation.		

Table 2: Indoor Noise Control Measures for Surface Transportation Noise

	Secondary Mitigation Measures			
Primary Mitigation Measure (in order of preference)	Landscape plantings and/or non-acoustic fence to obscure noise source	Warning Clauses		
Distance setback with soft ground				
Insertion of Noise insensitive land uses between the source and receiver	Recommended	Not necessary		
receptor				
Orientation of buildings to provide sheltered zones or modified interior spaces and amenity areas		Warning Clauses necessary and to include: - Reference to specific noise		
Enhanced construction techniques and construction quality	Required	mitigation measures in the development.		
Earth berms (sound barriers)		- Whether noise is expected		
Indoor isolation – air conditioning and ventilation, enhanced dampening materials (indoor isolation)		to increase in the future. That there is a need to maintain mitigation.		

The following tables outline the noise level limits per the MOE NPC-300 and City of Ottawa ENCG.

Table 3: Outdoor Living Area (OLA) Noise Limit for Surface Transportation

Time Period	Leq (16 hr) (dBA)	
16 hr, 07:00 am - 23:00	55	

Table 4: Indoor Noise Limit for Surface Transportation

Tyme of Space	Time Period	Leq (dBA)	
Type of Space	Time Period	Road	Rail
Living/Dining, den areas of residences, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, daycare centres, etc.	07:00-23:00	45	40
Living/Dining, den areas of residences, hospitals, nursing homes, etc. (except schools or daycare centres)	23:00-07:00	45	40
	07:00-23:00	45	40
Sleeping Quarters	23:00-07:00	40	35

In addition to the implementation of noise attenuation features, if required, and depending on the severity of the noise problem, warning clauses may be recommended to advise the prospective purchasers/tenants of affected units of the potential environmental noise. These warning clauses should be included in the Site Plan and Subdivision Agreements, in the Offers

of Purchase and Sale, and should be registered on Title. Warning clauses may be included for any development, irrespective of whether it is considered a noise sensitive land use.

Where site measures are required to mitigate noise levels, the City of Ottawa requires that notices be placed on Title informing potential buyers and/or tenants of the site conditions. Sample templates of the notices that could be registered on Title as presented in the City of Ottawa ENCG (Part 4 Appendix 'A').

Detailed wording for clauses should be provided as part of the Detailed Noise Control Study completed in support of the Site Plan Application. Clauses are to be worded to describe the mitigation measures and noise conditions applicable where MOE and City of Ottawa noise criteria are exceeded.

3.3 Prediction of Noise Levels (Transportation)

3.3.1 Road Traffic Data

The following traffic data was used to predict noise levels:

	March Road
Total Traffic Volume (AADT)	50,000
Day/Night Split (%)	92/8
Medium Trucks (%)	7
Heavy Trucks (%)	5
Posted Speed (km/hr)	80
Road Gradient (%)	1
Road Classification	6-Lane Urban Arterial-Divided

Table 5: Road Traffic Data to Predict Noise Levels

Schedule 'E' and Annex 1 of the City of Ottawa Official Plan (May 2003) were utilized to determine the correct road classification and protected right-of-way. These road classifications were compared to Map 6 of the City of Ottawa Transportation Master Plan (Road Network – Urban). All findings were then compared to Table B1 (Part 4, Appendix 'B') of the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines in order to determine an appropriate AADT value.

3.3.2 Noise Level Calculations (Transportation)

The noise levels for the daytime and nighttime periods were calculated for a number of representative receivers described in Table 6 and shown on Drawing N1, using the MOE Road Traffic Noise Computer program STAMSON, Version 5.03.

Computer printouts are included in Appendix 'D'.

Table 6: Predicted Noise Levels (Transportation)

		Noise Lev	vels (dBA)
Receiver	Baratian Baratiatian and Landian	Daytime	Nighttime
No. and File Names	Receiver Description and Location		
R1 MC1_R1	Plane of Window (Upper Unit, 230; also represents Units 219-229) at a distance of 18.3 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 37.5 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	73.39	66.09
R2 MC1_R2	Plane of Window (Upper Unit, 221) at a distance of 32.2 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 51.2 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	66.71	59.56
R3 MC1_R3	Outdoor Living Area of Morgan's Creek Stage 1 (Amenity Area) at a distance of 80.40 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 99.40 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	51.38	n/a
R4 MC1_R4	Plane of Window (Upper Unit, 206) at a distance of 57.5 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 76.8 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	64.77	57.83
R5 MC1_R5	Plane of Window (Upper Unit, 216) at a distance of 60.0 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 79.0 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	62.06	55.03
R6 MC1_R6	Plane of Window (Upper Unit, 215) at a distance of 70.2 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 89.2 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	57.89	50.90
R7 MC1_R7	Plane of Window (Upper Unit, 201) at a distance of 67.4 m from the northbound March Road centerline and 86.7 m from the southbound March Road centerline.	62.70	55.84

3.4 Summary of Findings (Transportation)

A summary of the minimum noise requirements and required Warning Clauses is shown on Table 7. The units will require notices to be registered on Title, advising the occupants of the environmental noise problems and/or of the noise attenuation measures being implemented.

Table 7: Minimum Required Control Features/Warning Clauses (Transportation)

Receiver Location	Noise Attenuation Barrier	Central Air Conditioning	Forced Air Heating	Warning Clauses	Building Components Study
Amenity Area	No	-	-	-	-
Plane of Window					
Block TE-4 Units 219 A&B, 221 A&B, 222, A&B, 223 A&B, 224 A&B,	-	Yes	Yes	С	Yes
Block TE-5 Units 225 A&B, 227 A&B, 228 A&B, 229 A&B, 230 A&B					
Plane of Window					
Block TE-1 Units 201 A&B, 204 A&B, 205, A&B, 206 A&B,					
Block TE-2 Units 210 A&B, 211 A&B, 212 A&B,	-	No	Yes	В	Yes
Block TE-3 Units 216 A&B, 217 A&B, 218 A&B					
Plane of Window					
Block TE-1 Units 202 A&B, 203 A&B,					
Block TE-2 Units 207 A&B, 208 A&B, 209 A&B,	-	No	Yes	В	No
Block TE-3 Units 213 A&B, 214 A&B, 215 A&B,					
Block TE-4 Unit 220 A&B,					
Block TE-5 Unit 226 A&B					

3.5 Summary of Findings (Building Component)

JLR completed a preliminary building component analysis of a Minto Stacked townhome to determine if sufficient acoustical insulation is provided with a 'typical' building construction to mitigate interior noise levels to MOECC and City of Ottawa criteria. The Acoustical Insulation Factor (AIF) Method, as described in the Ministry of the Environment Ontario, Ontario Publication, Environmental Noise Assessment in Land Use Planning, (ENALUP) 1987 (Page 10-29), was used; to assess the building construction required to mitigate plane of window noise to meet interior noise criteria. Exterior freefield noise levels at the plane of the windows were calculated individually for each unit type. A Freefield noise level of 74 dBA was conservatively utilized to determine wall and window construction.

Minto provided floor plan and building elevation drawings, for the 'Infusion Terraces' ('Jasmine', 'Rooibos', 'Matcha' and 'Chai') units. Floor and elevation drawings are included in Appendix 'C'. These units are considered representative units for a typical Minto stacked townhome

development. The 'Jasmine' and 'Rooibos' could be expected to represent the end units and the 'Chai' and 'Matcha' could be expected to represent the interior units. Using Minto's drawings JLR calculated the window areas, floor areas and wall areas for the each of the rooms within one unit. This data was then used to calculate either the window to floor area ratios or the wall to floor area ratios. Design tables provided in ENALUP were then utilized to identify either minimum window construction or wall construction requirements to mitigate the exterior noise levels. The 'Building Component Template' in Appendix 'E' presents the working calculations for the window and wall requirements necessary to acoustically insulate each of the principal rooms within one representative unit. The following table presents a summary of the analysis with the minimum standard window and wall construction required per unit type.

Unit Type

Glass Thickness (Spacing) Glass Thickness (Spacing) Glass Thickness
(Spacing) Glass Thickness

Stacked Townhome
(i.e. Infusion)

Window Type

Glass Thickness (Spacing) Glass Thickness

3(6)3(65)3

Triple Pane

Exterior Wall

Type

Table 8: Minimum Window and Wall Construction Types

For this analysis, sliding glass doors identified on the plans are treated as a window. The acoustic insulation factor methodology does not account for sliding glass doors as a door type. It is noted that no additional doors are identified with a connection to the principal interior rooms such as the living room, bedroom or kitchen area.

A standard wall construction detail with a 38 x 89 mm complete with siding, sheathing, insulation and 12.7 mm gypsum board plus EW3 (see below) exterior wall type will provide satisfactory acoustic insulation to achieve indoor noise requirements.

Exterior wall type construction notes:

- EW1 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing, wood or metal siding and fibre backer board.
- EW2 Standard wall construction (noted above), with rigid insulation (25-30 mm), wood or metal siding, and fibre backer board
- EW3 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing, 28 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.
- EW4 Standard wall construction (noted above), with sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

Minto's standard exterior wall construction is 38 x 148 mm complete with 140 mm fibre insulation, siding, 19 mm sheathing, 12.7 mm gypsum board, and often a brick veneer on the exterior lower level wall. Extension of the brick veneer to the underside of the roof would be equivalent to an EW5 and provide satisfactory mitigation for units fronting March Road.

It should be noted that other types of window and wall construction could be chosen to achieve the same minimum noise mitigation. These details will be established during the detailed building component study in consultation with Minto.

Tables A2 and A3 from Canada Mortgage and Housing's (CMHC) publication, Airport Noise, revised 1981 were used to convert AIF values to the more widely recognized Sound Transmission Class (STC) values. Appendix 'F' presents these CMHC tables.

AIF and equivalent STC values are presented on Table 9 for the stacked town unit bedroom with the highest AIF requirement. It is recommended that at the time of building permit application that the AIF/STC be confirmed to suit the specific unit proposed for the Block.

Table 9: AIF Value Conversion to STC Value

Type of Unit		Windows			Walls		
	AIF Required	Window/Floor Area Ratio	AIF Conversion Formula	STC	Wall/Floor Area Ratio	AIF Conversion Formula	STC
Stacked Condos	41	25%	STC	41	101%	STC - 7	48

4.0 STATIONARY NOISE SOURCES

The sole stationary noise source for this study is the existing air handling units and boiler installed on the southeast neighbouring building rooftop at 750 March Road (commonly known as Blue Heron Co-Op). It is noted that the boiler is enclosed in a mechanical room. Drawing N1 shows the approximate location and distances of the existing air handling units and boiler in relation to Morgan's Creek Stage 1.

4.1 Stationary Source Sound Level Criteria

The stationary sound level criteria within a community are largely dependent on its location within the City. In the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) guideline NPC-300 and the City's ENCG there are four separate community class areas which are defined by their ambient sound level (see Table 10).

Table 10: Area Classes for Definition of Stationary Noise Ambient Sound Level (from the City's ENCG, Part 1 Table 3.0)

Class 1	Means an area with an acoustical environment typical of a major population centre, where the background sound level is dominated by the activities of people, usually road traffic, often referred to as "urban hum." Within the City Class 1 areas generally include all of the urban area as well as lands in proximity to Employment Lands and the 416/417 corridor.
Class 2	Means an area with an acoustical environment that has qualities representative of both Class 1 and Class 3 areas. These are the suburban areas of the City outside of the busy core where the urban hum is evident but within the urban boundary. Class 2 areas also include core areas of large and medium sized villages such as Manotick, Greely, Richmond, Carp and Metcalfe. Class 2 areas have the following characteristics: i. sound levels characteristic of Class 1 during daytime (07:00 to 19:00 or to 23:00 hours); and ii. low evening and night background sound level defined by natural environment and infrequent human activity starting as early as 19:00 hours (19:00 or 23:00 to 07:00 hours).
Class 3	Means a rural area with an acoustical environment that is dominated by natural sounds having little or no road traffic, such as: i. a small community or village; ii. agricultural area; iii. a rural recreational area such as a cottage or a resort area; or iv. a wilderness area. Within the City, Class 3 areas are found in the rural area, Greenbelt and within small residential oriented villages such as Kinburn, Ashton, Sarsfield and Constance Bay.
Class 4	Means an area or specific site that would otherwise be defined as Class 1 or 2 and which: i. is an area intended for development with new noise sensitive land use(s) that are not yet built; ii. is in proximity to existing, lawfully established stationary source(s); and iii. has formal confirmation (designation) from the City of the Class 4 area classification through Council approval. This classification may not be applied retroactively. Existing noise sensitive land use(s) cannot be classified as Class 4 areas until these land uses are replaced, redeveloped or rebuilt. Class 4 is only applied on a property by property basis and, if the noise source is removed (i.e., the Provincial ECA is removed or lapses), the classification will become consistent with that of the adjacent lands (either Class 1 or 2). Finally, lands adjacent to undeveloped industrially zoned properties or areas defined as employment lands in the Official Plan may not be classified Class 4. Class 4 is considered to be an extraordinary circumstance that, while proposed by an applicant, can only be classified through a City or Ontario Municipal Board approval of a Planning Act application and accompanying noise study. A list and schedule for each Class 4 area that have been approved by the City is found in Appendix E.

For the purpose of determining the predicted noise levels, the sound level criteria established by the City's ENCG and the NPC-300, Tables 11 and 12 will be used as the maximum acceptable sound levels (Leq) for the proposed residential development, which is a noise sensitive land use. Morgan's Creek Stage 1 is defined by Class 2. Both Table 11 and 12 indicate that the maximum noise level acceptable for Class 2 Land Use is 45 dBA.

Table 11: Guidelines for Stationary Noise – Steady and Varying Sound (from MOE NPC-300, Table C-6)

Time of Day	Class 1 Area		f Day Class 1 Area Class 2 Area		Class 3 Area		Class 4 Area	
	Outdoor Plane		Outdoor	Plane	Outdoor	Plane	Outdoor	Plane
	Point of	of	Point of	of	Point of	of	Point of	of
	Reception	Window	Reception	Window	Reception	Window	Reception	Window
07:00-19:00	50	50	50	50	45	45	55	60
19:00-23:00	50	50	45	50	40	40	55	60
23:00-07:00	-	45	-	45	-	40	-	55

Table 12: Guidelines for Stationary Noise – Impulsive Sound (from City's ENCG, Part 1 Table 3.2b & MOE NPC-300, Tables C-7 & C-8)

Time of Day	# of Impulses in Period of One- hour	Class 1 Area		Class 2 Area		Class 3 Area		Class 4 Area	
		Outdoor	Plane	Outdoor	Plane	Outdoor	Plane	Outdoor	Plane
		Point of	of						
		Reception	Window	Reception	Window	Reception	Window	Reception	Window
	<u>></u> 9	50	50	50	50	45	45	55	60
	7 to 8	55	55	55	55	50	50	60	65
07:00-	5 to 6	60	60	60	60	55	55	65	70
23:00	4	65	65	65	65	60	60	70	75
23.00	3	70	70	70	70	65	65	75	80
	2	75	75	75	75	70	70	80	85
	1	80	80	80	80	75	75	85	90
	<u>></u> 9	-	45	-	45	-	40	-	55
	7 to 8	-	50	-	50	-	45	-	60
23:00-	5 to 6	-	55	-	55	-	50	-	65
07:00	4	-	60	-	60	-	55	-	70
07.00	3	-	65	-	65	-	60	-	75
	2	-	70	-	70	-	65	-	80
	1	-	75	-	75	-	70	-	85

4.2 Stationary Source Noise Requirements

When the sound levels are equal to or less than the specified criteria per Tables 11 and 12, no noise attenuation (control) measures are required.

The following table outlines noise attenuation measures which can be implemented to reduce the noise levels for stationary noise sources to the specified criteria, per the City of Ottawa ENCG.

Table 13: Noise Control Measures for New Stationary Noise Sources (from City's ENCG, Part 1 Table 3.3b)

Primary Mitigation Measure	Secondary Mitigation Measures	
(in order of preference)	Landscape plantings and/or non-acoustic fence to obscure noise source	
Earth berms (sound barriers)		
Development of non-noise producing and insensitive land uses between the source and sensitive receptor within facility.		
Development of additional related uses with enhanced construction and materials within facility between source and sensitive receptor.	Required	
Acoustic Barriers (acoustic barriers).		

4.3 Prediction of Freefield Noise Levels (Stationary)

4.3.1 Rooftop Unit Data

The Blue Heron Co-Op provided Minto with the Make and Model of the existing rooftop air handling units (refer to Table 14). Using this information, Welburn Consulting calculated the sound power levels generated from the units and enclosed boiler (refer to Appendix 'G'). Sound power levels for rooftop units were determined using the "Noise Red Flag Tables" (NRFT), provided by the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation & Parks (MECP). Table 14 summarizes the predicted noise levels that can be expected from each of the existing rooftop air handling units and boiler. Based on discussions with Blue Heron Co-Op, the air handling units were supposed to serve as energy recovery ventilators (ERVs), but they never operated as intended and were modified to operate strictly as ventilators. They operate on timers year round, but less so in the winter than summer.

Table 14: Rooftop Unit Data

Building	Make and Model	No. of Air Handling Units	Sound Levels for Rooftop Units at the Source, each	Approximate Height of Building
Existing Building (750 March Road)	Venmar ERV-500	8	79.1 dBA	12 m (four (4)
(750 March Road)	Boiler	1	94.2 dBA	stories)

The typical practice for residential developments is for the supply fan in a heating and cooling rooftop unit to be running continuously during normal operating hours. While the compressor turns on and off at various times during the day, depending on cooling demands. The noise level difference between the fan continuously running and the

compressor turning on is considered negligible. For the purposes of this Study, it is assumed that all of the heating and cooling units are running 24 hr/day.

The proposed residential dwellings for Morgan's Creek Stage 1 will be stacked townhomes. For the purposes of this Study, it is assumed that the point of reception for the plane of window will be 5.7 m above the ground for living areas and 8.5 m above the ground for the bedrooms.

4.3.2 Rooftop Unit Noise Level Calculations

Table 14 summarizes the sound pressure level data calculated by Welburn Consulting for the respective rooftop units located on the roof of the building at 750 March Road. The following formula (from the 2005 ASHRAE Fundamentals Handbook, page 7.3 (12)) was used to combine decibel levels and determine a representative total decibel level on the rooftop of each commercial building.

The following formula (from the 2005 ASHRAE Fundamentals Handbook, page 7.8 (28)) was then used to determine a corresponding value at the exterior wall of the closest residential dwelling units, and of the retirement residence.

Free Field Lp=Lw+10log(Q/(4 pi r^2))+10.5
Lp = Sound Pressure
Lw = Sound Power
Q = Directivity = 2 flat surface, 4 junction two large surfaces,
8 in a corner
r = distance from source in ft

Noise receivers R2, R3, R5, and R6 represent the residential dwellings and amenity area as shown on Drawing N1. Results have been summarized in Table 15, refer to Appendix 'H' for detailed calculations.

Table 15: Estimated Stationary Noise Levels (Existing Rooftop Air Handling Units and Boiler)

	Representative Sound Pressure Level on Roof	Distance used in Calculations for Closest Noise-Sensitive Receptor			Estimated Freefield Sound Pressure Level at Rear Wall of Closest Noise-Sensitive Receptors				
	(total for all units and boiler)		R3	R5	R6	R2	R3	R5	R6
Existing Building (750 March Road)	95.2 dBA	44 m	69 m	46 m	50 m	50.4 dBA	48.6 dBA	49.4 dBA	49.2 dBA

4.3.3 Rooftop Unit Summary of Findings

The results indicate that the City's stationary noise criterion will be exceeded. However, transportation noise levels generated from March Road are predicted to be between 57.89 dBA and 74 dBA at the plane of windows. Comparing the 57.89 dBA noise level to the predicted stationary noise level at receiver R6 (49.2 dBA) and using the nomograph method to add decibels, it can be conservatively expected that the plane of window receiver (R6) will have a predicted total noise level of 58.59 dBA (57.89 + 0.6). When comparing transportation and stationary noise levels for Receiver R3 (Amenity Area) the difference is 2.78 dBA. Using the nomograph method to add decibles to the transportation noise level (51.38 dBA), it can be expected that the amenity area (R3) will have a predicted total noise level of 53.28 dBA, which is below the City's and MOE's criteria for outdoor living areas.

As noted previously, stationary noise results are based on the assumption that all the rooftop units will be operating simultaneously 24 hours a day using the air handling units selected for this study. Depending on occupancy at 750 March Road, this could vary over time. Further to this, the stationary noise levels were calculated based on free field conditions but it can be expected that some shielding will occur from the mechanical room and the proposed building orientation of Morgan's Creek Stage 1. Regardless, a conservative analytic approach has been used to predict the noise levels from the proposed stationary noise source.

5.0 OPINION OF PROBABLE COSTS (OPC) FOR MITIGATION MEASURES

Based on discussions with Minto, the following table summarizes our opinion of probable costs for the mitigation measures identified in this report.

Item	Cost per Unit	Estimated Quantity	Estimated Sub-Total
Central Air Conditioning	\$3,000/unit	20	\$60,000
Triple Paned Windows 3(6)3(65)3	\$300/unit	200	\$60,000
Estim	\$120,000		

Table 16: Opinion of Probable Costs for Mitigation Measures

6.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Predicted noise levels are not expected to exceed the City of Ottawa ENCG and MOE criteria for daytime outdoor living areas for the proposed amenity space. Minto has designed the site plan layout to reduce the reliance of noise barriers as the primary noise mitigation tool. Building orientation and increased separation to the transportation noise source have been used to reduce noise levels at the amenity area.

Predicted noise levels are expected to exceed the City of Ottawa and MOE criteria for the plane of window receivers. Standard wall and window construction details that Minto utilize for their

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JLR No.: 24566-001

-13
December 19, 2018

Revision: 0

residential units, as presented with their elevation drawings, will exceed the minimum requirements to mitigate the exterior noise levels to meet the MOE and City of Ottawa indoor noise criteria. It is recommended that a Detailed Building Component Study be completed as part of the building permit application.

6.1 Indoor Noise Control Features

6.1.1 Forced Air Heating System

The following Units/Lots shall be fitted with a forced air heating system and central air conditioning:

- Block TE-1 Units 201 A&B, 202 A&B, 203 A&B, 204 A&B, 205 A&B, 206 A&B
- Block TE-2 Units 207 A&B, 208 A&B, 209 A&B, 210 A&B, 211 A&B, 212 A&B
- Block TE-3 Units 213 A&B, 214 A&B, 215 A&B, 216 A&B, 217 A&B, 218 A&B
- Block TE-4 Units 219 A&B, 220 A&B, 221 A&B, 222 A&B, 223 A&B, 224 A&B
- Block TE-5 Units 225 A&B, 226 A&B, 227 A&B, 228 A&B, 229 A&B, 230 A&B

6.1.2 Central Air Conditioning System

The following Units/Lots shall be fitted with a forced air heating system and central air conditioning:

- Block TE-4 Units 219 A&B, 221 A&B, 222 A&B, 223 A&B, 224 A&B
- Block TE-5 Units 225 A&B, 227 A&B, 228 A&B, 229 A&B, 230 A&B

6.2 Warning Clauses

6.2.1 Warning Clause Type B

Clause B is to be registered on Title for

- Block TE-1 Units 201 A&B, 202 A&B, 203 A&B, 204 A&B, 205 A&B, 206 A&B
- Block TE-2 Units 207 A&B, 208 A&B, 209 A&B, 210 A&B, 211 A&B, 212 A&B
- Block TE-3 Units 213 A&B, 214 A&B, 215 A&B, 216 A&B, 217 A&B, 218 A&B
- Block TE-4 Units 220 A&B
- Block TE-5 Units 226 A&B

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features within the building units, sound levels due to increasing road/transitway traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this dwelling unit includes:

- single/multi-pane glass windows;
- provision for central air conditioning.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.

This dwelling unit has also been designed with the provision for adding central air conditioning at the occupant's discretion. Installation of central air conditioning will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment."

6.2.2 Warning Clause Type C

Clause C is to be registered on Title for

- Block TE-4 Units 219 A&B, 221 A&B, 222 A&B, 223 A&B, 224 A&B
- Block TE-5 Units 225 A&B, 227 A&B, 228 A&B, 229 A&B, 230 A&B

"Purchasers/tenants are advised that despite the inclusion of noise control features within the building units, sound levels due to increasing road/transitway traffic may, on occasion, interfere with some activities of the dwelling occupants as the sound levels exceed the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment.

To help address the need for sound attenuation this dwelling unit includes:

- single/multi-pane glass windows;
- Central air conditioning.

To ensure that provincial sound level limits are not exceeded it is important to maintain these sound attenuation features.

This dwelling unit has been supplied with a central air conditioning system and other measures which will allow windows and exterior doors to remain closed, thereby ensuring that the indoor sound levels are within the sound level limits of the City and the Ministry of the Environment."

6.3 Site Plan Agreement and Notices on Title

It is recommended that the previous recommendations and Warning Clauses are to be included in the Site Plan Agreement and in the Offers of Purchase and Sale and/or lease of the affected units, and be registered on Title.

6.4 Building Permit Requirements

A report prepared and stamped by a Professional Engineer / Acoustical Consultant detailing building components (e.g. glazing /window, wall sections) required to provide acoustical insulation to satisfy the City of Ottawa Environmental Noise Control Guidelines for indoor noise levels is required prior to the issuance of a Building Permit for the following units subject to this Report:

- Block TE-1 Units 201 A&B, 204 A&B, 205 A&B, 206 A&B;
- Block TE-2 Units 210 A&B, 211 A&B, 212 A&B;
- Block TE-3 Units 216 A&B, 217 A&B, 218 A&B;
- Block TE-4 Units 219 A&B, 221 A&B, 222 A&B, 223 A&B, 224 A&B;
- Block TE-5 Units 225 A&B, 227 A&B, 228 A&B, 229 A&B, 230 A&B.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Minto Communities Inc., for the stated purpose, for the named facility. Its discussions and conclusions are summary in nature and cannot be properly used, interpreted or extended to other purposes without a detailed understanding and discussions with the client as to its mandated purpose, scope and limitations. This report was prepared for the sole benefit and use of Minto Communities Inc. and may not be used or relied on by any other party without the express written consent of J.L. Richards & Associates Limited.

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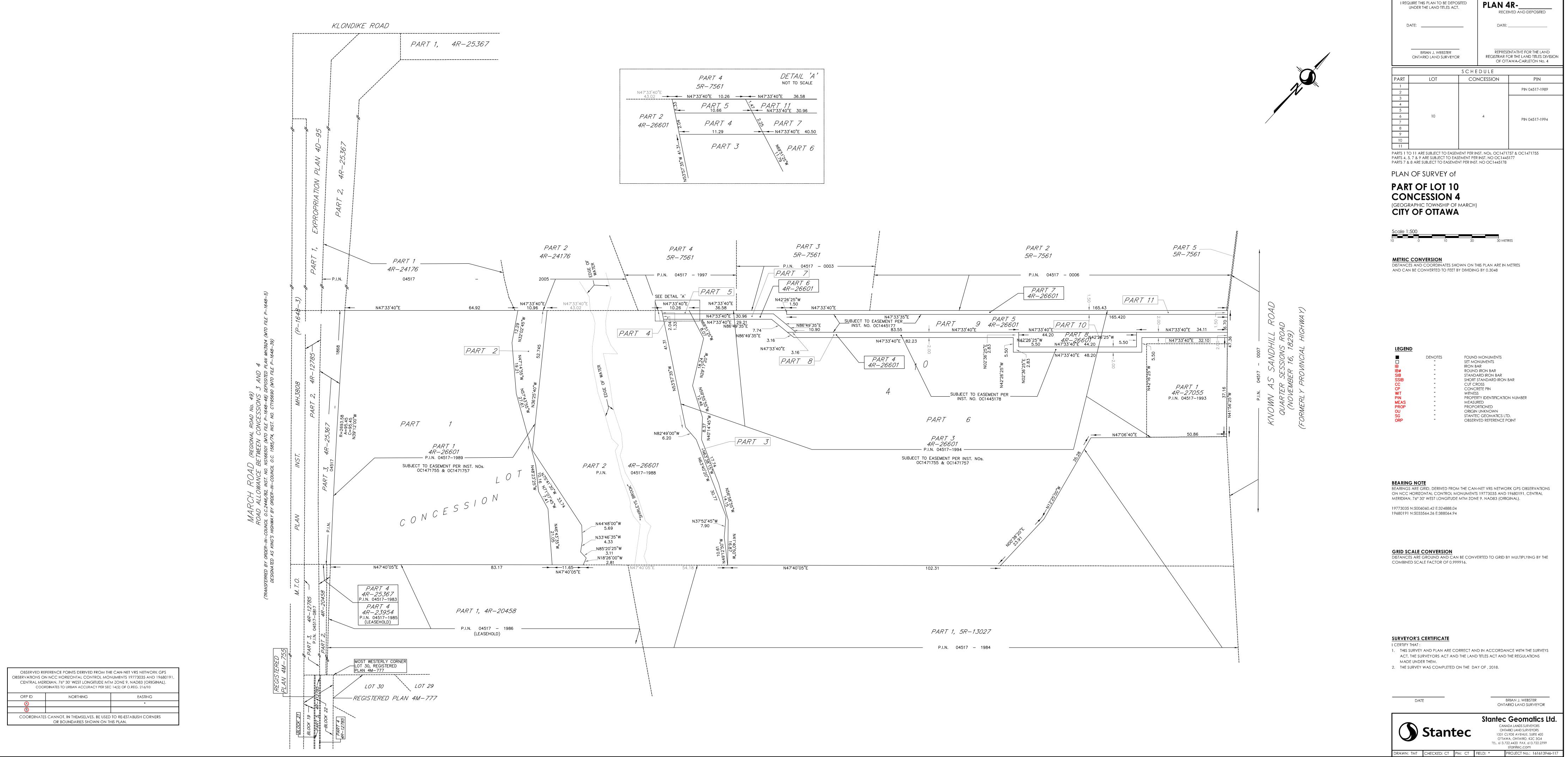


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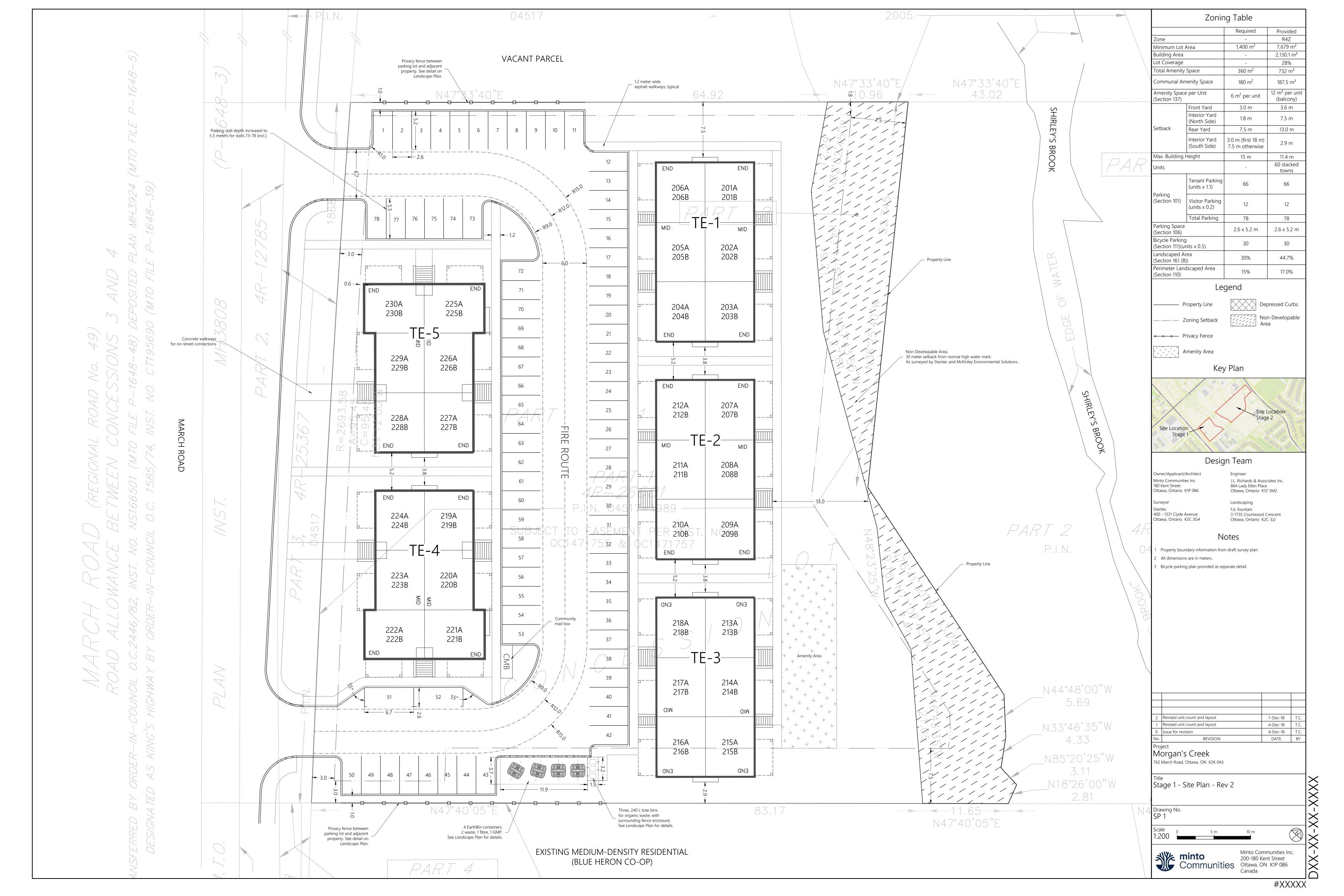
Noise Control Detailed Study	
Morgan's Creek Stage 1 (762 March Road))

Appendix A

Site Plan Plan of Survey



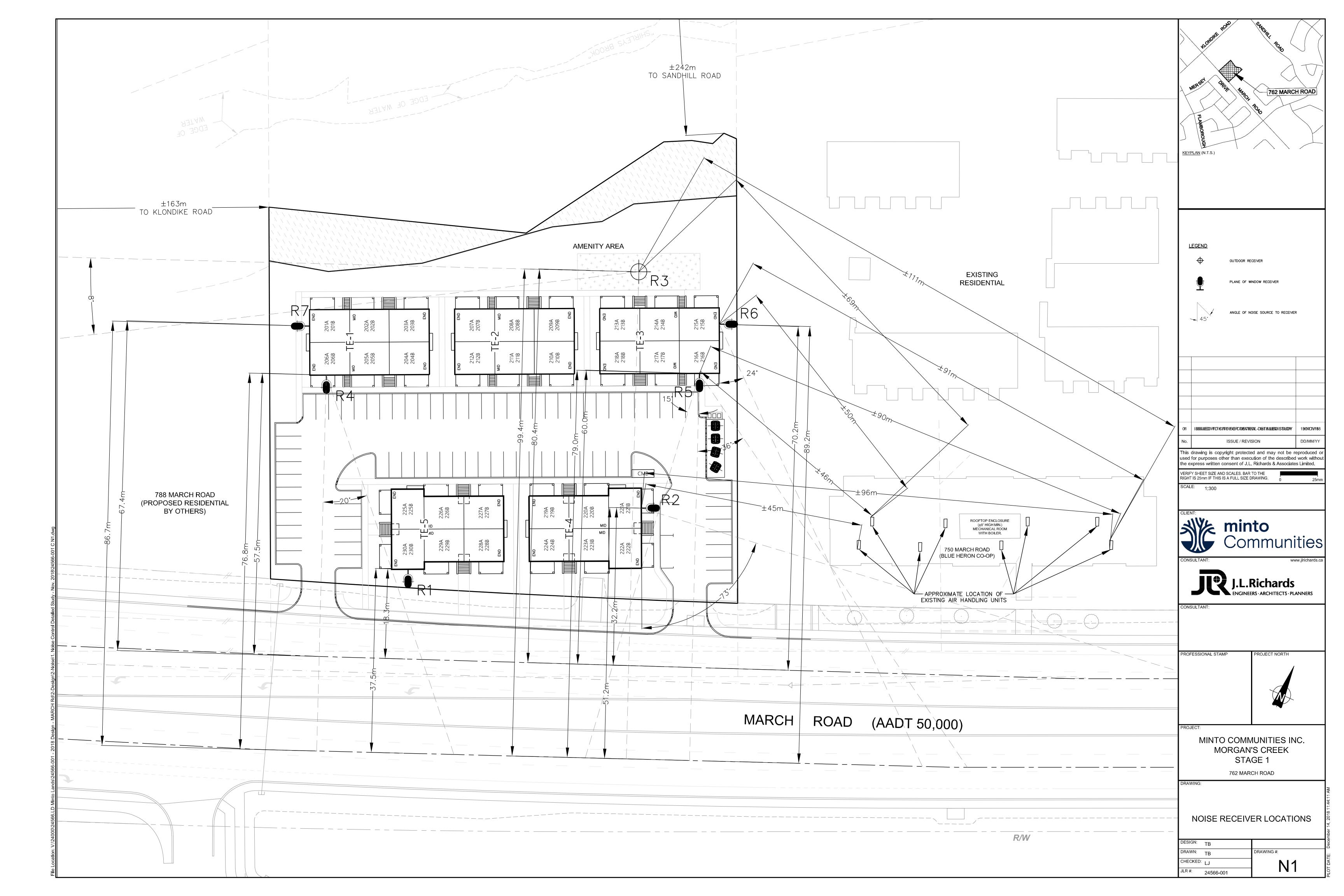
I REQUIRE THIS PLAN TO BE DEPOSITED UNDER THE LAND TITLES ACT.



Noise Control Detailed Study	
Morgan's Creek Stage 1 (762 March Road	l)

Appendix B

Noise Receiver Locations - Drawing N1



Appendix C

<u>Building Elevation Drawings – Infusion</u>

- -The Matcha
- -The Rooibos
- -The Jasmine
- -The Chai

MINTO INFUSION CONDOS



COMMENTS INCORPORATED 2018-11-20

PROJECT TEAM:

NOTE: CIVIL & SURVEYOR DRAWINGS ARE NOT PART OF THIS DRAWING PACKAGE.

CLIENT	STRUCTURAL
Minto Communities 200-180 Kent St, Ottawa, ON K1P 0B6 Tel 613.230.7051	Trench Tai, P.Eng. Daido Structural Engineers #11- 300 Earl Grey Drive, Suite #213,Ottawa, Ontario K2T 1C1 Tel: 613-302-8972
ARCHITECT	MECHANICAL
Ralph Vandenberg Vandenberg & Wildeboer Architects 160 Flamborough Way - Ottawa, Ontario K2K 3H9 Tel: 613.287.0144 - Fax: 613.271.8609	

FIRM'S NAME: VANDENBERG & WILDEBOER ARCHITECTS INC. 160 FLAMBOROUGH WAY KANATA, ONTARIO, K2K 3H9 613-287-0144	NAME OF PROJECT: MINTO INFUSION CONDOS PROJECT LOCATION: OTTAWA, ONTARIO		
ITEM ONTARIO BUILDING CODE DATA MATRIX PARTS 3 & 9	2012 OBC REFERENCE		
PROJECT DESCRIPTION 1. 3 STOREY, BACK TO BACK, STACKED ☐ ADDITION ☐ ALTERATION TOWN (TERRACE HOME) ☐ ALTERATION	□ Part 11 □ Part 3 □ Part 9 1.1.2[A] 11.4 □ Part 9 2.1.2[A] 8.9.10.1.3		
SB-12 EEDS: OBC 3.1.1.1(7) ENERGY EFFICIENCY DESIGN	CEILING WITH ATTIC SPACE: R-60		
SB-12 PACKAGE: A1. Table: 3.1.1.2.A(IP) GLAZED OPENING AREA: SEE ELEVATIONS EXPOSED WALL AREA: SEE ELEVATIONS PROVIDED % GLAZED AREA: SEE ELEVATIONS	CEILING WITHOUT ATTIC SPACE: R-31 EXPOSED FLOOR: R-31 WALLS ABOVE GRADE: R-22 BASEMENT WALLS: R-12 + R-10 ci UNDER SLAB: N/A (R-10 PROVIDED) WINDOWS & SLIDING GLASS DOORS Max. U-VALUE: 1.6 SKYLIGHTS Max. U-VALUE: N/A SPACE HEATING EQUIPMENT Min. AFUE: 96 % HEAT RECOVERY VENTILATION Min. SRE: 75% DOMESTIC WATER HEATER Min. Eff: 0.80		
THE ARCHITECT NOTED ABOVE HAS EXERCISED RESPONSIBLE CONTROL WITH RESPECT TO DESIGN ACTIVITIES. THE ARCHITECTS SEAL NUMBER IS THE ARCHITECTS BCDN.	REFER TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY DESIGN SUMMARY PACKAGE FOR MORE INFO		

CONSTRUCTION ASSEMBLIES AND GENERAL NOTES

15.8MM FIRECODE GYPSUM BD.

⟨₩**⟩**-

RATED WALL-FRR 1HR, OBC SB3-W1d (w) 15.8mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. 38x90/ 38x140mm FRAMING @405 O/C 15.8mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD.

> STAIR WALL-FRR 1HR, STC 55, OBC SB3-W6a 2-15.8mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. RESILIENT CHANNEL @405 O.C. (ON KITCHEN SIDE) 38x90 or 38x140 FRAMING @405 O/C 90mm ACCOUSTIC BATTS, **FLEXIBATT** 2-15.8 TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD.

⟨w2>

⟨w3>-

(W4)-

⟨W5⟩-

(W)

RATED WALL-FRR 1HR, OBC SB3-W1d 15.8mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD 38x90 FRAMING @405 O/C

2-15.8 TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. ON STAIR SIDE

EXTERIOR WALL (SIDING) OBC-SB3-EW1a 15.9mm TYPE X GYPSUM BD. **VAPOUR BARRIER** INSULATION (RSI 3.87/R22) 38x140 FRAMING @ 405mm O.C. 11.1mm EXTERIOR SHEATHING AIR BARRIER MEMBRANE, CONT. SIDING (REFER TO BLK ELEVATION

FOR LOCATION OF ALUM, SIDING)

EXTERIOR WALL (MASONRY) OBC-SB3-EW1A 15.9mm TYPE X GYPSUM BD. **VAPOUR BARRIER** INSULATION (RSI 3.87/R22) 38X140 FRAMING @405MM O.C. 11.1mm EXTERIOR SHEATHING AIR BARRIER MEMBRANE, CONT. SIDING 25mm MIN.AIR SPACE MASONRY VENEER c/w TIES @ 400mm O.C.

VERT. & 800mm O.C. HORIZ. MAX.

SIDING - SEE ELEV'S

EXTERIOR FOUNDATION WALL (SIDING) 15.8MM FIRECODE GYPSUM BD. VAPOUR BARRIER TO 150MM AFF 90 INSULATION (RSI 2.11/R12) 38X89 FRAMING @ 610MM O.C. (SET FORWARD 50MM) 50MM RIGID INSULATION (1.76/R10) CONTINUOUS AIR BARRIER TO BE SEALED @ PREP BETWEEN WOOD AND CONCRETE POURED CONCRETE FOUNDATION -SEE PLANS 38x90 P.T. STRAPPING @405 O.C. VERT. SCREWED w/6mmx75mm TAPCON SCREWS @450 O.C. P.T. EXT. SHEATHING

PROVIDE A 865mm 45min RATED DOOR & FRAME COMPLETE WITH CLOSER, R.O. 900 w x 2095 h. SEE A308

***BRICK CAVITY WALL C/W DUR-O-WAL GALV.AT EACH 4TH COURSE (FIRE-RESTANCE RATING 72 min.) AS PER SB-2-TABLE 2.1.1

IN ADDITION TO STANDARD SLOPE AT WINDOW SILLS - ADDITIONAL 6MM POSITIVE SLOPE REQ'D (6MM PER FLOOR FOR SHRINKAGE)

EXTERIOR FOUNDATION WALL (MASONRY)

VAPOUR BARRIER TO 150MM AFF 90 INSULATION (RSI 2.11/R12) 38X89 FRAMING @ 610MM O.C. (SET FORWARD 50MM) 50MM RIGID INSULATION (1.76/R10) CONTINUOUS AIR BARRIER TO BE SEALED @ PREP BETWEEN WOOD AND CONCRETE POURED CONCRETE FOUNDATION -SEE PLANS CAVITY FILLED WITH GROUT

BRICK VENEER C/W TIES AS PER OBC -SEE ELEV'S

90 PARTY WALL-FRR 1HR, OBC SB3-W15d O.B.C. ASSEMBLY - W15d 2-15.9mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. 38x89 FRAMING @ 405 O.C. 2 PLY 302MM LVL AT EACH FLR LEVEL (AT STAIR) w\90mm SOUND BATTS 25mm AIR SPACE 38x89 FRAMING @ 405 O.C. w\ 2-15.9mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. *GROUND FLOOR FRAMING @ 305 O.C.*

140 PARTY WALL-FRR 1HR, OBC SB3-W15d O.B.C. ASSEMBLY - W15d 2-15.9mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. 38x140 FRAMING @ 405 O.C. 3 PLY 302mm LVL AT EACH FLR LEVEL (AT STAIR) w\90mm SOUND BATTS 25mm AIR SPACE 38x140 FRAMING @ 405 O.C. 2-15.9mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD.

FOUNDATION WALLS - 1HR 15.8mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD. 19x90 STRAPPING @ 610mm O.C. POURED CONCRETE FOUNDATION -SEE-PLAN 19x90 STRAPPING @610mm O.C. 15.8mm TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD.

TYPICAL 45 MIN. RATED FLOOR FRR 45MIN., N1/FCA 45-01 UNDERLAY FOR: VINYL FLOOR-6.3mm CERAMIC TILE-15.9mm w\4mm GAP BET. SHEETS CARPET- UNDERPAD 19mm T&G SUBFLOOR (HIGH DENSITY) JOISTS AS PER NASCOR DRAWINGS RESILIENT CHANNELS @ 405mm O.C. 15.9 FIRECODE 'C' DRYWALL

TYPICAL 1 HR. RATED FLOOR FRR 1HR, STC 61, IIC 30, OBC SB3-F15c **UNDERLAY FOR:** VINYL FLOOR -6.3mm CERAMIC TILE-15.9mm w\4mm GAP BET. SHEETS CARPET - UNDERPAD 25mm GYPCRETE 6mm ACCOUSTIC MAT 19mm T&G SUBFLOOR (HIGH DENSITY) JOISTS AS PER NASCOR DRAWINGS 90mm SOUND BATTS RESILIENT CHANNELS @ 405mm O.C. 2-15.9 TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BD., BOTH LAYERS JOINTS TO BE TAPED

TYPICAL BASEMENT FLOOR 75 CONC. SLAB c/w C.J.

(F3)-

MIN. 150mm GRANULAR FILL 50mm RIGID INSUL. (HI60) CONTINUOUS (R10)

TYPICAL ROOF FRR O MIN. **ROOF SHINGLES** EAVE PROTECTION AS PER O.B.C. 11.1mm ROOF SHEATHING INSULATION RSI 10.56 (R60) PRE-ENGINEERED TRUSS AS PER MANUFACTURER'S LAYOUT **VAPOUR BARRIER** 19X65mm STRAPPING @ 405mm O.C. 12.7mm GYPSUM BD.

FOOTING SCHEDULE

-ALL WALL FOOTINGS TO BE 600x200 DP UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE -FOUNDATION WALLS TO HAVE 2-15M (T&B) CONT'S + CORNER BARS

-PROVIDE 75mm CONCRETE COVER TO BOTTOM BARS -FOR FROST PROTECTION AND INSULATION REQUIREMENTS, SEE GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

600

F1 = 600x600x300 dp2-15M(B)x450la, E.W.

F2= 965x965x300 dp 3-15M(B)x815lg, E.W.

> REFER TO OBC SB3 FOR FIRE AND SOUND RESISTANCE INFORMATION

STRUCTURAL FRAMING SCHEDULE For Framing

REFER TO OBC SB-12 COMPLIANCE PACKAGE "A1"

FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING

Layout, Beam/Column/Plate Connection Details, see Structural Dwgs ST- * (Also Specs SP-1 & SP-4).

STEEL LINTEL

ENERGY EFFICIENCY

S1 - L 90x90x6

S2 - L 90x90x8

S3 - L 100x90x6

S4 - L 125x90x8 S5 - L 125x90x10

S6 - L 200x100x12

\$7 - L 150x100x10 (L.L.V.) 200mm BEARING

S8 - L 100x90x8

WOOD LINTEL

L1 - 2-38x235 w/ 12.7 PLYWOOD SPACER

L2 - 2-38x235

L3 - 3-38x235

L4 - 3-38x235 c/w 2-12.7 PLYWOOD SPACERS & 2 ROWS OF 90mm C.W.N. @ 200 c/c B/S

L5 - 3-38x286 c/w 2-12.7 PLYWOOD SPACERS & 2 ROWS OF 90mm C.W.N. @ 200 c/c B/S

L6 - 2-45x240 M.L. L7 - 3-45x240 M.L.

L8 - 2-38x286

L9 - 3-38x286

L10 - 2-45x302 M.L.

PROVIDE 'P2' POST BOTH ENDS OF LINTEL **UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE**

POSTS

P1(8) - 75 Ø STEEL TELEPOST (8 Feet Max) P1(9) - 75 Ø STEEL TELEPOST (9 Feet Max)

P2 - 2-38x140

P3 - 3-38x140

P4 - 4-38x140 P5 - 5-38x140

P6 - 6-38x140

Pa=(4) 38X89 Pb=(5)38X89

P11 - HEAVY DUTY STEEL POST, CAPACITY = 55 KN P12 - ADJUSTABLE HSS, CAPACITY 100 KN P12 - ADJUSTABLE HSS, CAPACITY 100 KN

HSS 73 OD = HSS 73 O.D. X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT. HSS 76 = HSS 76.2 X 76.2 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT. HSS 89 = HSS 89 X 89 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT. HSS 102 = HSS 102 X 102 X 4.8 + 12mm PLATE TOP & BOTT.

ANCHOR POST TO FOUNDATION W\ 2-12Ø WEDGE ANCHORS PROVIDE 'P2' UNDER ALL DOUBLE JOISTS & TRUSSES U.N.O.

ALL FOOTINGS DESIGNED FOR ALLOWABLE SOIL CAP.= 100kpa UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT.

NOTES (FOUNDATION)

- WHERE SENSITIVE SOILS PROTOCOL APPLIES, REFER TO FOOTING SIZES AND SCHEDULE ON FOUNDATION PLAN SK-TF1 AND THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT AND MEMO PREPARED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL CONSULTANT.
- 2. ALL WING WALLS TO HAVE 2000mm COVERAGE or USE 50mm HI60 RIGID INSULATION, EXTEND 600mm BEYOND EDGE OF FOOTING ALL SIDES.
- CONCRETE STRENGTH FOR FOUNDATION WALLS & FOOTINGS TO BE 20MPa @ 28 DAYS (MIN.) EXTERIOR CONCRETE TO HAVE 7% ±1% AIR ENTRAINMENT.
- REFER TO ENGINEER'S DETAIL FOR PIPES THROUGH FOOTINGS.

NOTES

- 1. DRYWALL AT PARTY WALLS AND EXTERIOR WALLS SHALL EXTEND THRU ALL PARTITIONS AND POSTS TO MAINTAIN FIRE RATING.
- 2. PROVIDE 15.9mm FIRE CODE DRYWALL ON ALL EXTERIOR WALLS (1 HR RATING CONTINUOUS)
- PROVIDE 1HR RATED CEILING CONTINUOUS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 4. ELECTRICAL BOXES ON PARTY WALLS TO BE SEALED TYPE BOXES. REFER TO TERRACE HOME DRAWING SPECIFICATIONS,
- A3** FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. PROVIDE DEFLECTION CLIP FOR TOP OF PARTITIONS

12.5MM GAP TYPICAL (ALL FLOORS)



OTTAWA-CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN NO PART , SHEET OF SHEETS				
NO.	REVISION	DATE		
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15		
2	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	18-10-31		
3	STRUCTURAL, HVAC COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20		

STRUCTURAL FRAMING LEGEND: SEE DWG A000 ELEVATION FINISHES LEGEND: SEE DWG A200 FLOOR PLAN LEGEND: SEE DWG SP-1 DR/WIN SEE DWG SP-7* FOR ADDED INFO., ABBREV'S, SYMBOLS: SEE SPECS. SP-*



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MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

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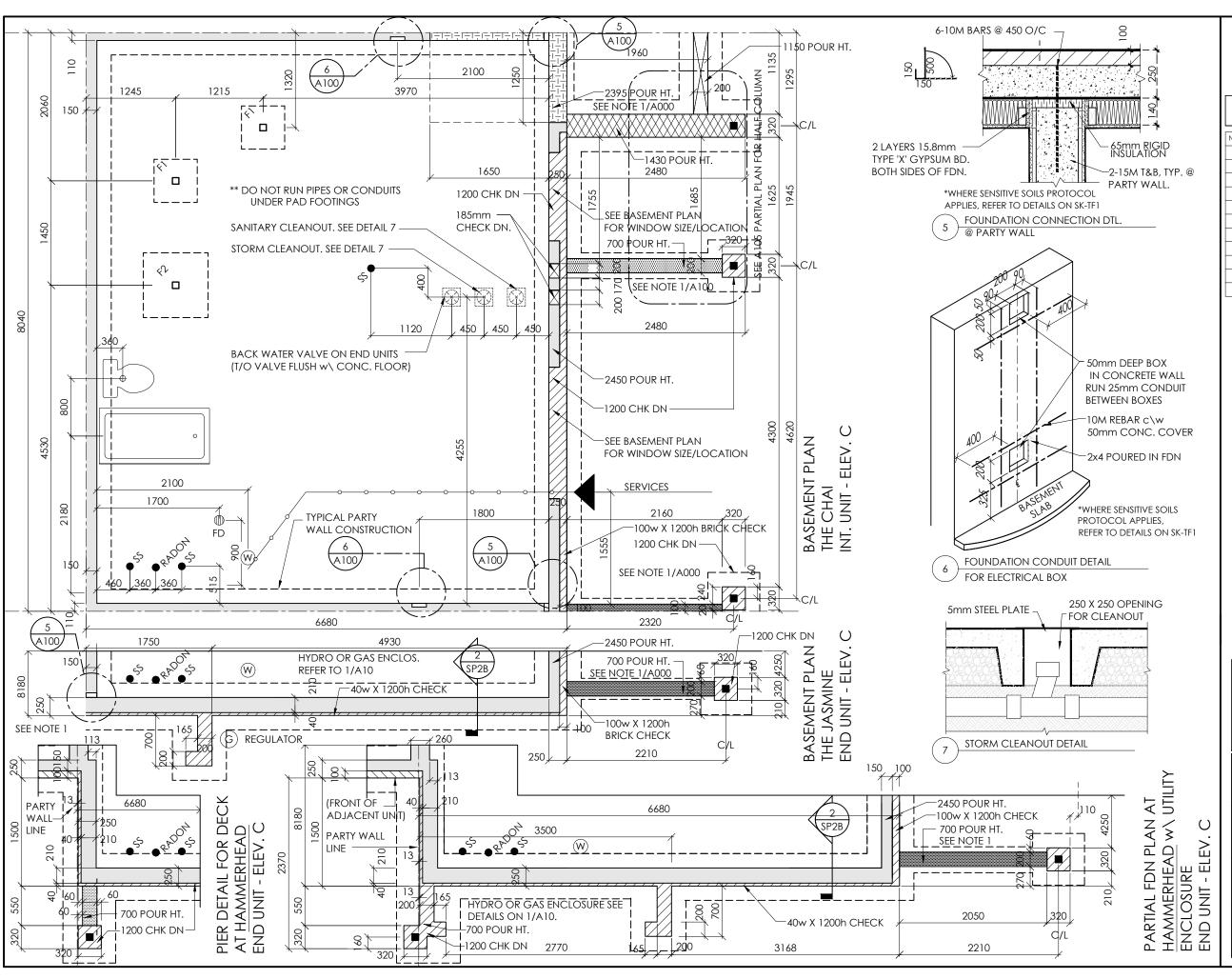
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2018 FUSION TERRACE

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DESIGNED BY: #### START DATE: PROJECT NO. 1806

AS SHOWN





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NO.	REVISION	DATE
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15
2	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	18-10-31
3	STRUCTURAL, HVAC COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20

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Vandenberg & Wildeboer

MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

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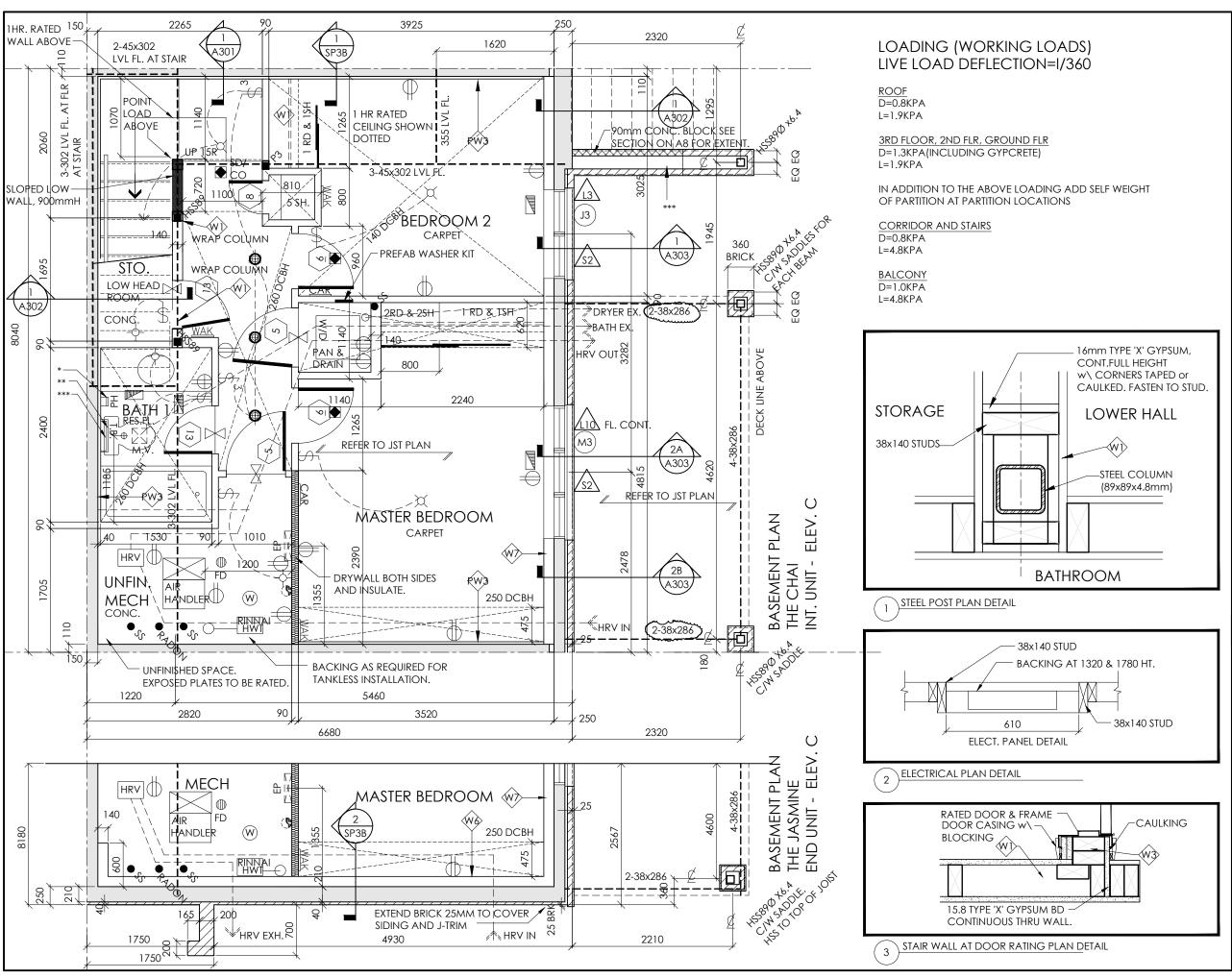
FOUNDATION PLANS

2018 FUSION TERRACE

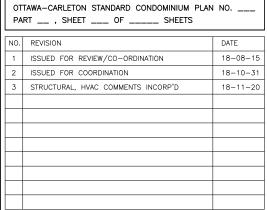
THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DESIGNED BY: #### DRAWN BY: START DATE:

PROJECT NO. 1806







STRUCTURAL FRAMING LEGEND: SEE DWG A000 ELEVATION FINISHES LEGEND: SEE DWG A200 FLOOR PLAN LEGEND: SEE DWG SP-1 DR/WIN SEE DWG SP-7* FOR ADDED INFO., ABBREV'S, SYMBOLS: SEE SPECS. SP-*



MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

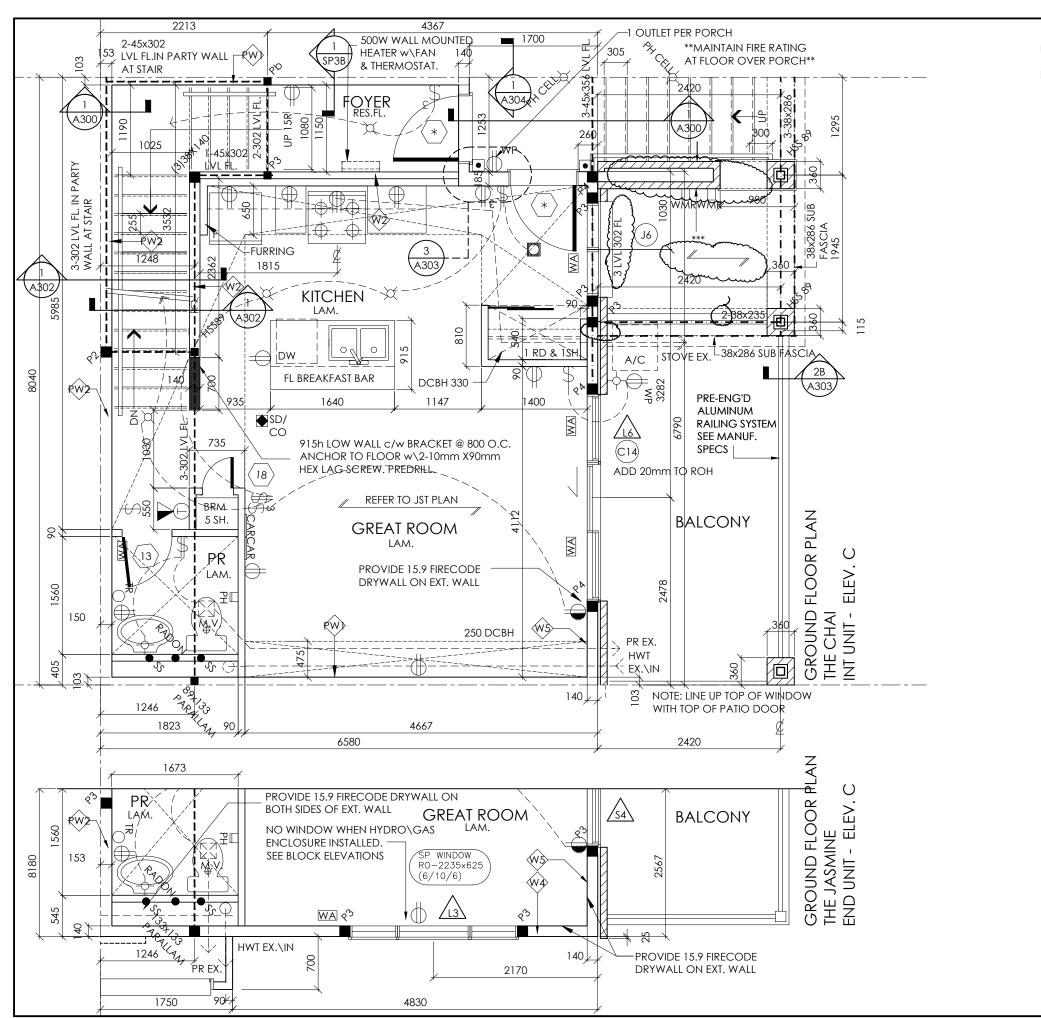
BASEMENT FLOOR PLANS

2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DESIGNED BY: #### DRAWN BY: START DATE:

PROJECT NO. 1806



STRUCTURAL FRAMING LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG A000</u> ELEVATION FINISHES LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG A200</u> FLOOR PLAN LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG SP-1</u> DR/WIN <u>SEE DWG SP-7*</u> FOR ADDED INFO., ABBREV'S, SYMBOLS: <u>SEE SPECS. SP-*</u>



OTTAWA-CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN NO PART , SHEET OF SHEETS				
NO.	REVISION	DATE		
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15		
2	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	18-10-31		
3	STRUCTURAL, HVAC COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20		

NOTES

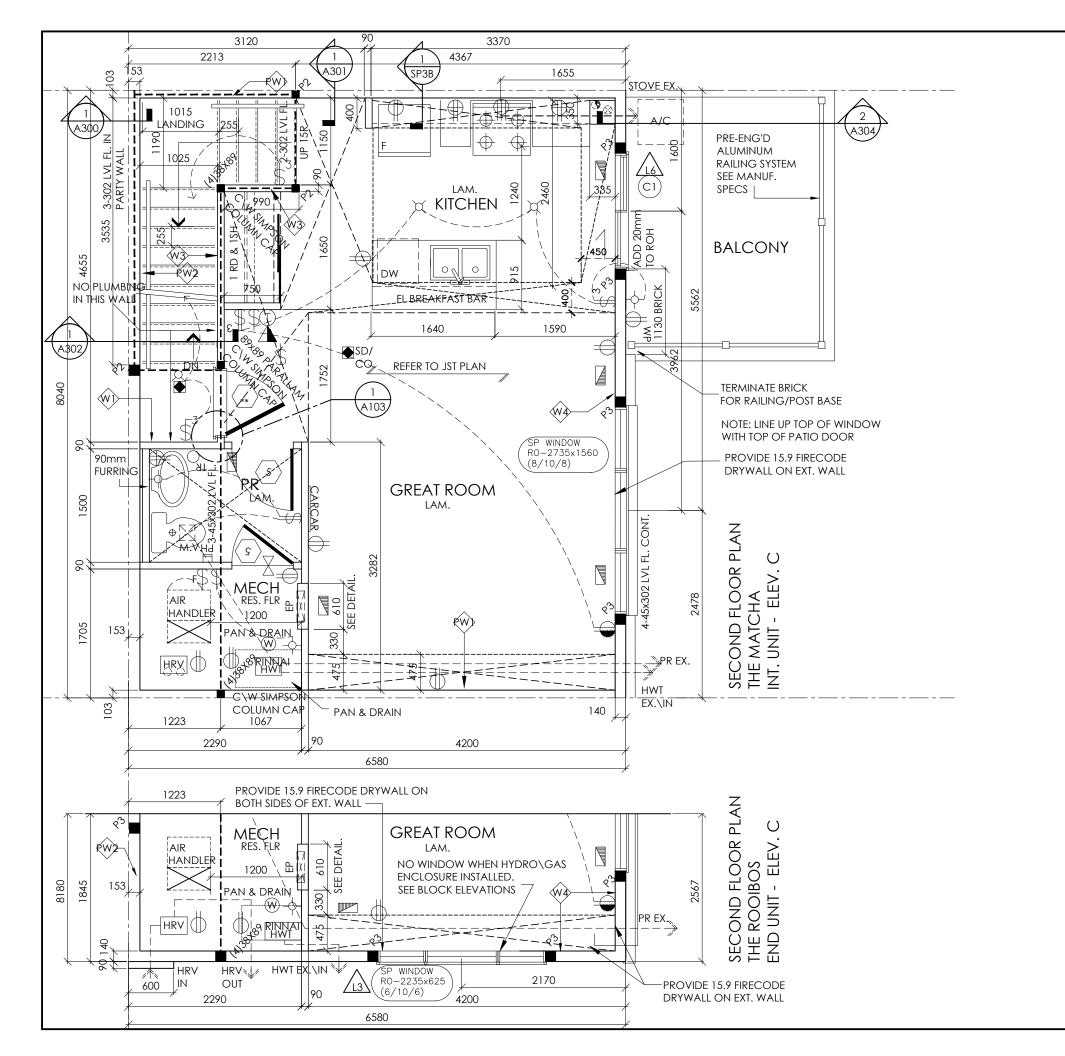
- 1 HOUR CONTINUOUS RATED CEILING WITH BOTH LAYERS OF DRYWALL TAPED. (GROUND FLOOR)
- 2. RATED DRYWALL SHALL BE CONTINUOUS AND EXTEND THROUGH ALL PARTITIONS AND BULKHEADS ABUTTING PARTY WALL AND EXTERIOR WALLS.
- 3. INSULATE ALL PLUMBING DRAINS AND STACKS FOR SOUND.
- PROVIDE 15.9MM FIRE CODE DRYWALL ON ALL EXTERIOR WALLS CONTINUOUS (1HR RATING)
- ELECTRICAL AND PHONE\CABLE BOXES IN PARTY WALLS AND CEILING TO BE SEALED TYPE BOXES.
- EXIT STAIR AND PORCH DESIGNED FOR LIVE LOAD OF 100PSF AS PER PART 4 REQUIREMENTS.



DESIGNED BY: ####
DRAWN BY: NG
START DATE:
SCALE: 1:50
PROJECT NO. 1806

A102

2



STRUCTURAL FRAMING LEGEND: SEE DWG A000 ELEVATION FINISHES LEGEND: SEE DWG A200 FLOOR PLAN LEGEND: SEE DWG SP-1 DR/WIN SEE DWG SP-7* FOR ADDED INFO., ABBREV'S, SYMBOLS: SEE SPECS. SP-*



OTTAWA-CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN NO PART , SHEET OF SHEETS			
NO.	REVISION	DATE	
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15	
2	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	18-10-31	
3	STRUCTURAL, HVAC COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20	
	<u> </u>		

NOTES

- 45 MIN. CONTINUOUS RATED CEILING (SECOND FLOOR)
- 2. RATED DRYWALL SHALL BE CONTINUOUS AND EXTEND THROUGH ALL PARTITIONS AND BULKHEADS ABUTTING PARTY WALL AND EXTERIOR WALLS.
- 3. INSULATE ALL PLUMBING DRAINS AND STACKS FOR SOUND.
- 4. PROVIDE 15.9mm FIRE CODE DRYWALL ON ALL EXTERIOR WALLS CONTINUOUS (1HR RATING).
- ELECTRICAL AND PHONE\CABLE BOXES IN PARTY WALLS AND CEILING TO BE SEALED TYPE BOXES.



MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

DRAWING TITLE

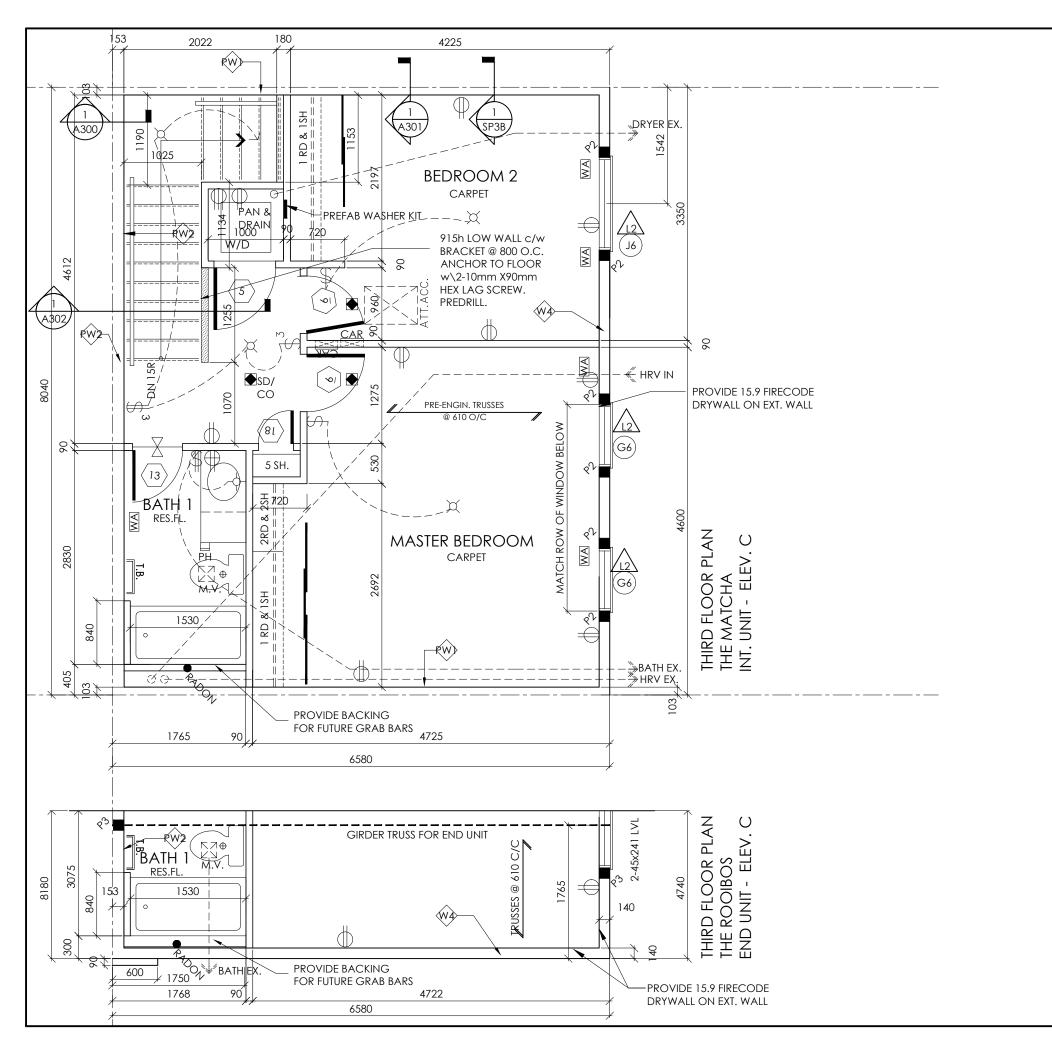
SECOND FLOOR PLANS

2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DESIGNED BY: #### DRAWN BY: START DATE:

SCALE: 1:50 PROJECT NO. 1806



STRUCTURAL FRAMING LEGEND: SEE DWG A000 ELEVATION FINISHES LEGEND: SEE DWG A200 FLOOR PLAN LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG SP-1</u> DR/WIN <u>SEE DWG SP-7*</u> FOR ADDED INFO., ABBREV'S, SYMBOLS: SEE SPECS. SP-*



	OTTAWA-CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN NO PART , SHEET OF SHEETS				
NO.	REVISION	DATE			
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15			
2	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	18-10-31			
3	STRUCTURAL, HVAC COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20			



MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

DRAWING TITLE

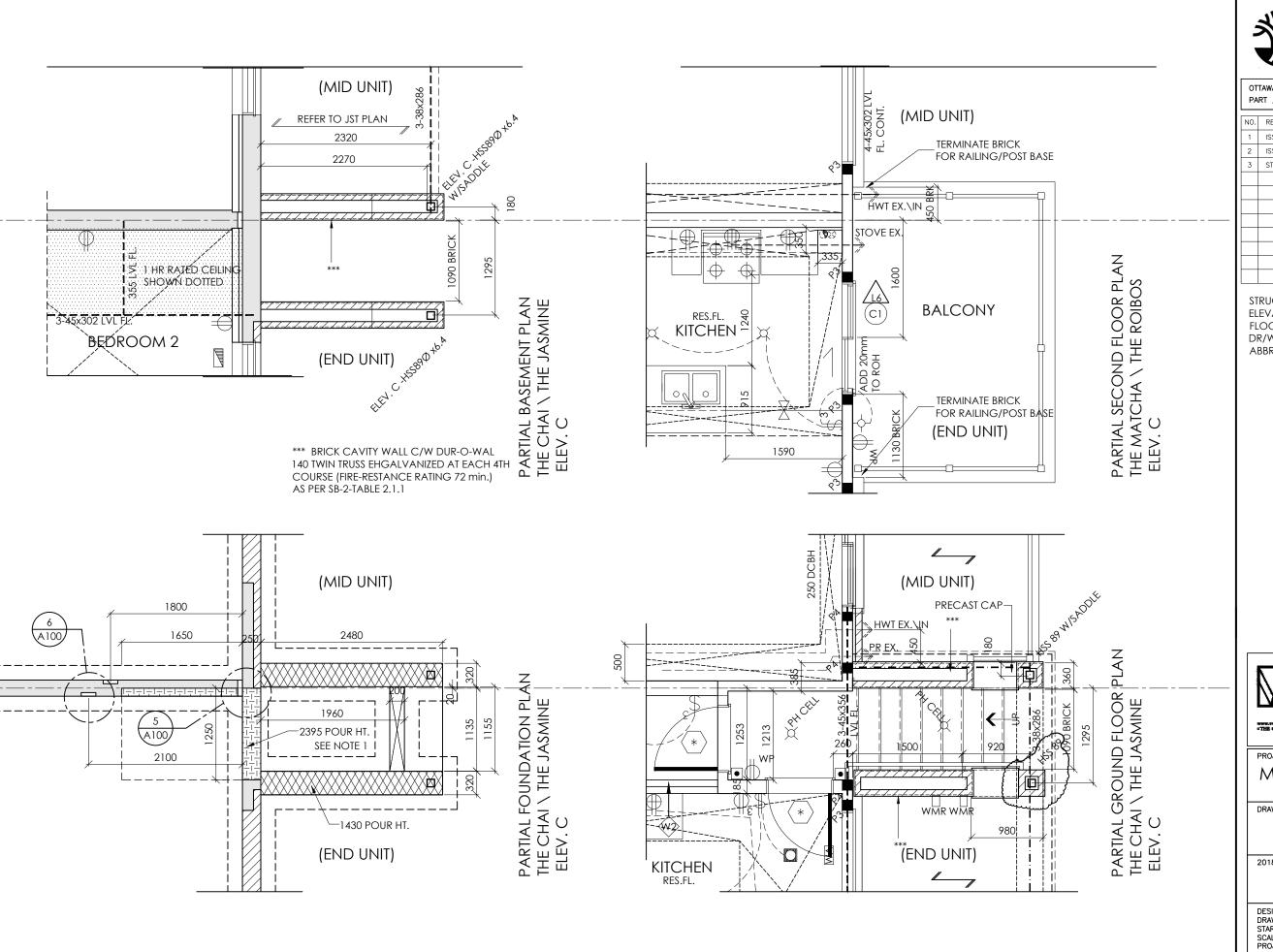
THIRD FLOOR PLANS

2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DESIGNED BY: #### DRAWN BY: NG START DATE:

SCALE: 1:50 PROJECT NO. 1806





 NO.
 REVISION
 DATE

 1
 ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION
 18-08-15

 2
 ISSUED FOR COORDINATION
 18-11-20

 3
 STRUCTURAL, HVAC COMMENTS INCORP'D
 18-11-20

STRUCTURAL FRAMING LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG A000</u> ELEVATION FINISHES LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG A200</u> FLOOR PLAN LEGEND: <u>SEE DWG SP-1</u> DR/WIN <u>SEE DWG SP-7*</u> FOR ADDED INFO., ABBREV'S, SYMBOLS: <u>SEE SPECS. SP-*</u>



"THE OLD STONE LODGE "160 FLAMBOROUGH WAY " OTTAWA (KANATA) " ONTARIO " K2K 3H9 "

PROJECT TITL

MINTO INFUSION CONDO

DRAWING TITLE

PARTIAL FLOOR PLANS

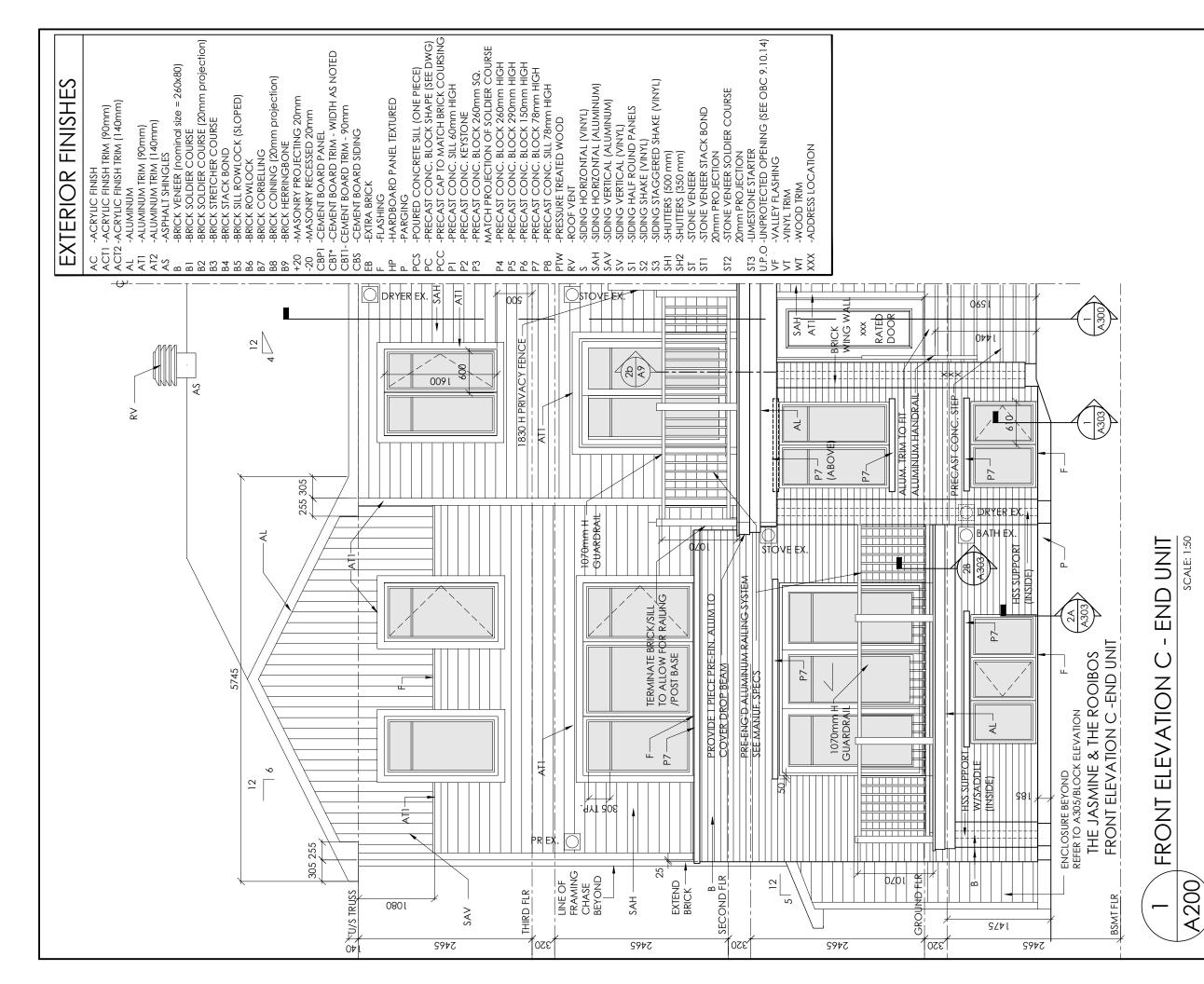
2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DESIGNED BY: ####
DRAWN BY: NG
START DATE:
SCALE: 1:50
PROJECT NO. 1806

A105

PLOT DATE: November 20 2016



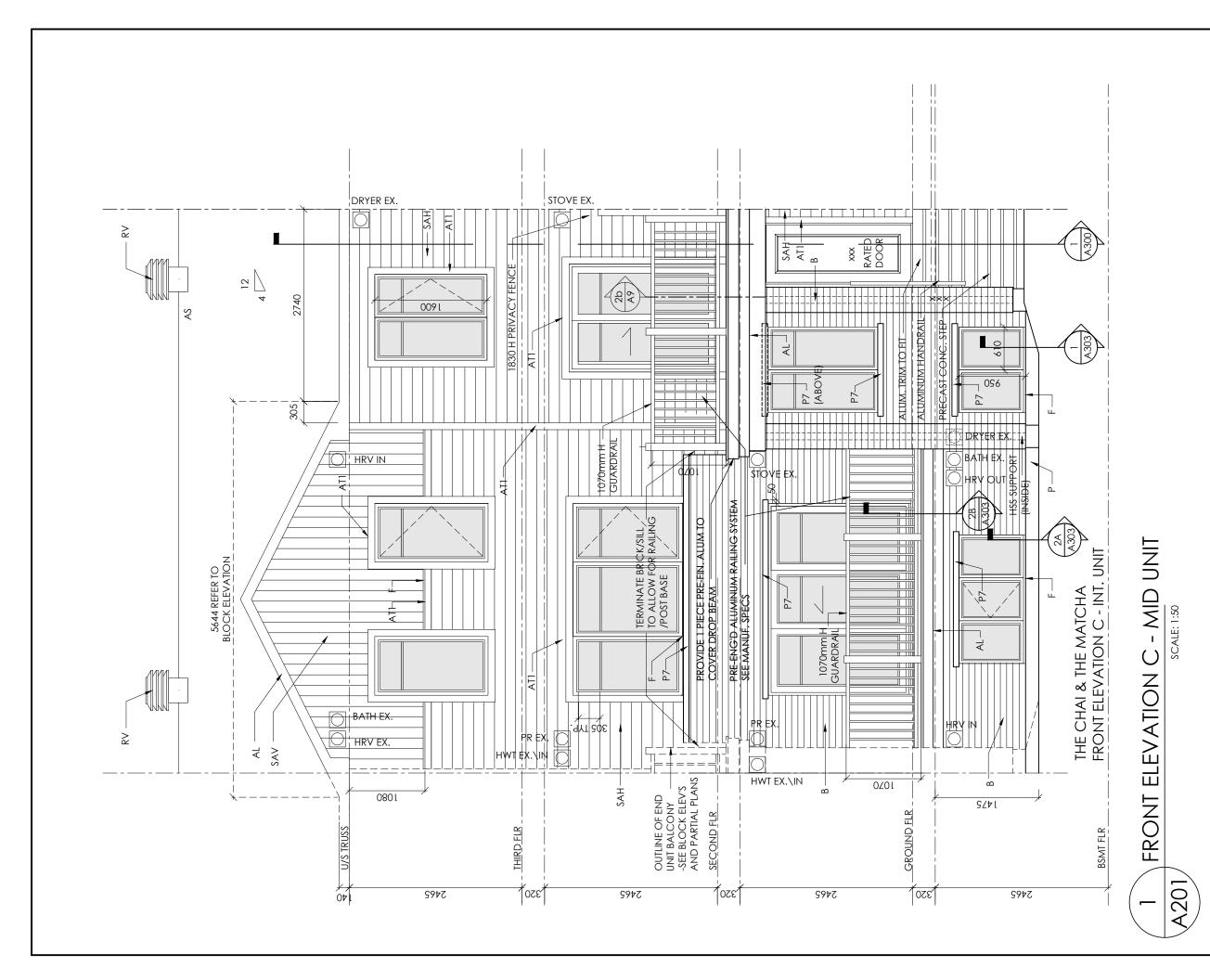


	OTTAWA-CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN NO PART , SHEET OF SHEETS				
NO.	REVISION	DATE			
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15			
2	COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20			

www.vwarchitects.ca Tele	Vandenberg & Wildeboer A · R · C · H · I · T · E · C · T · S sphere: 615.287.0144 Resimile: 615.271.3699 mail-greenchiscos.co. ii · 160 FLAMONOUGH WAY · OTTANO (GANAZO) · ONTANO · EXESTS
PROJECT TITLE	
MINTO	INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO
DRAWING TITLE	
FRON ⁻	T ELEVATION C END
2018 FUSION T	FRRACE

DESIGNED BY: ####
DRAWN BY: NG
START DATE:
SCALE: 1:50
PROJECT NO. 1806

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI





	TAWA—CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN RT , SHEET OF SHEETS	I NO
NO.	REVISION	DATE
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15
2	COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20
11		1

MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

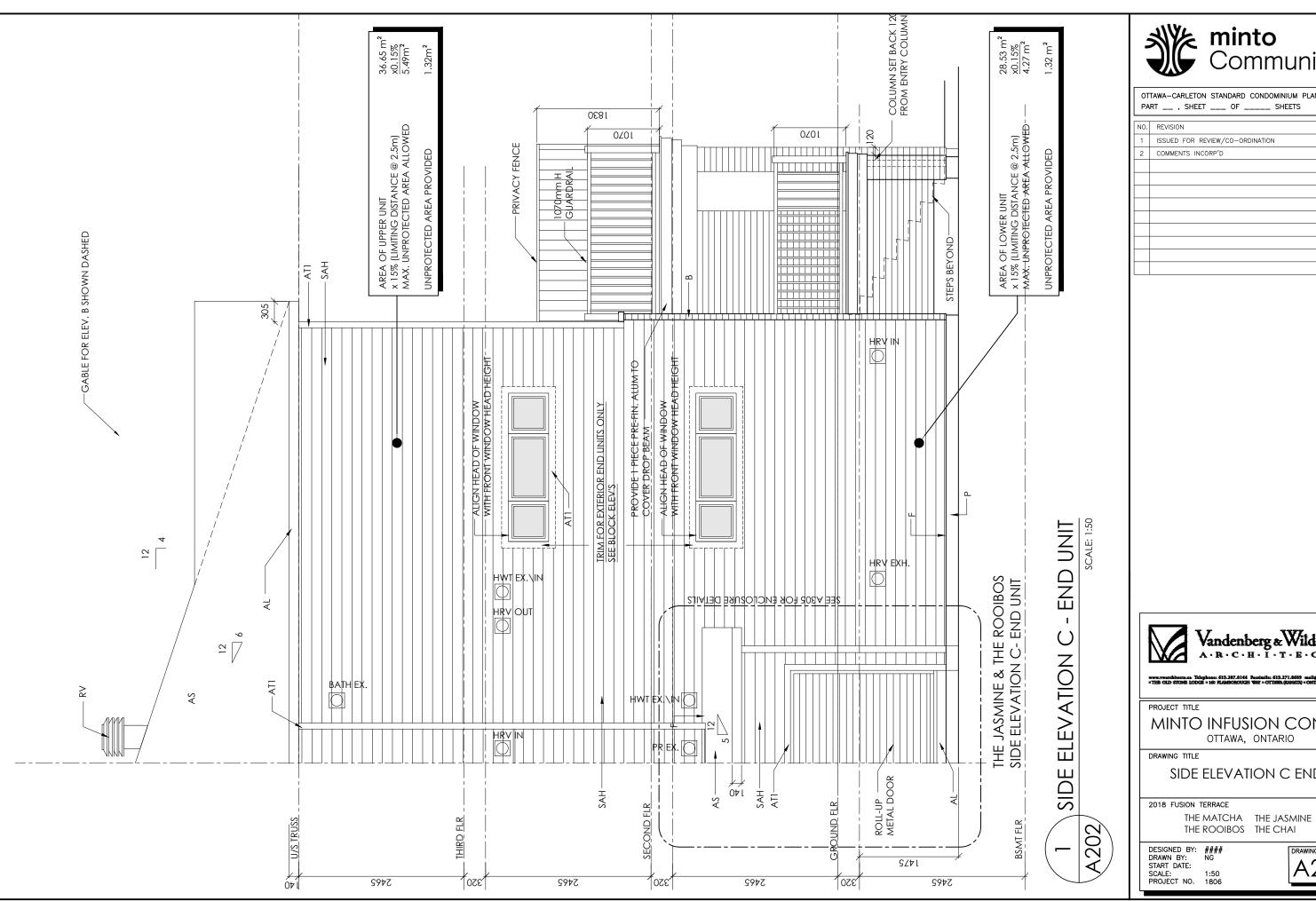
DRAWING TITLE

FRONT ELEVATION C MID

2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DESIGNED BY: ####
DRAWN BY: NG
START DATE:
SCALE: 1:50
PROJECT NO. 1806



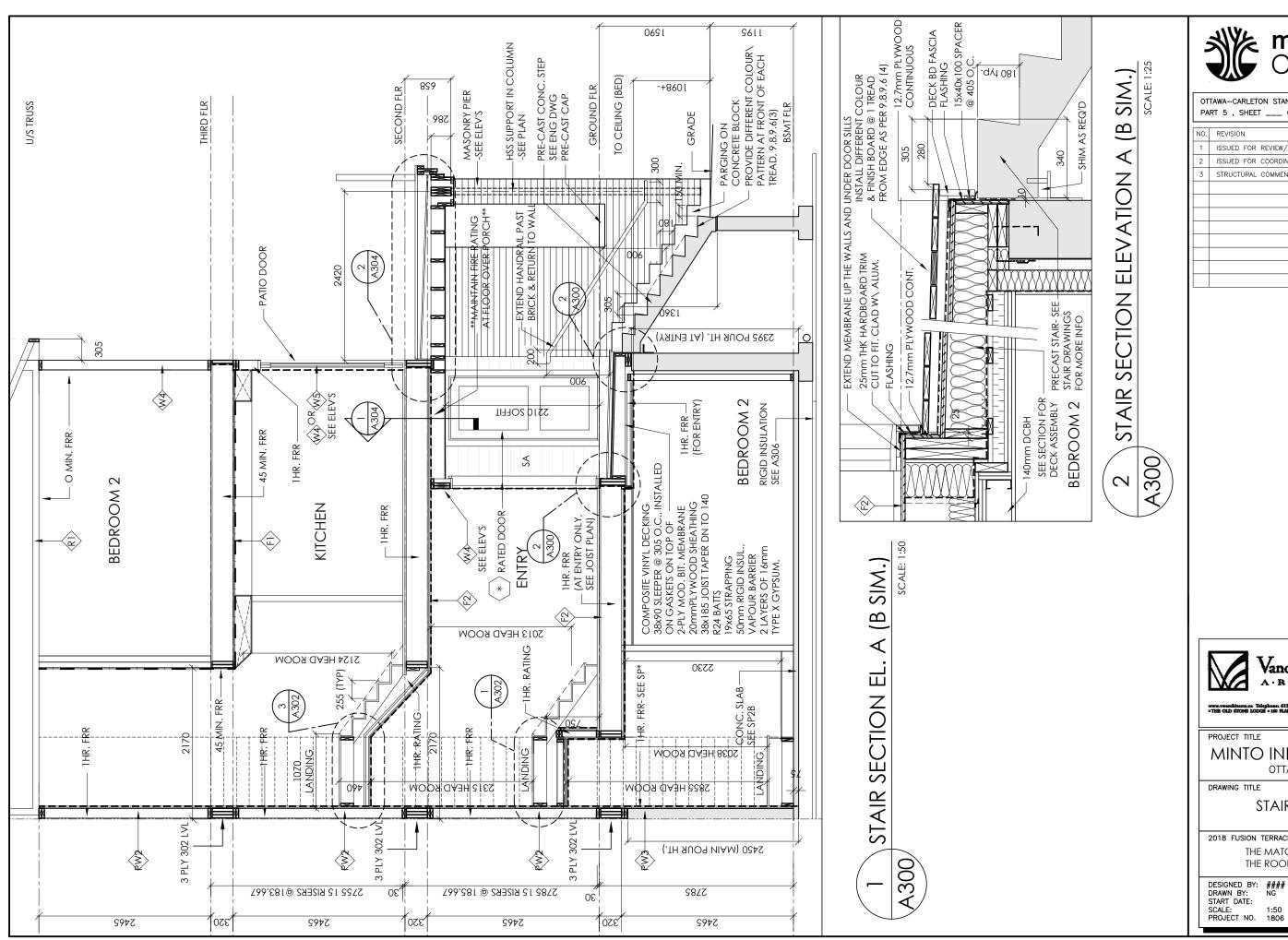


1	TAWA—CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN RT , SHEET OF SHEETS	NO
NO.	REVISION	DATE
1	ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION	18-08-15
2	COMMENTS INCORP'D	18-11-20

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MINTO INFUSION CONDO

SIDE ELEVATION C END





OTTAWA-CARLETON STANDARD CONDOMINIUM PLAN NO.938 PART 5 , SHEET ___ OF ____ SHEETS ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION 18-08-15 ISSUED FOR COORDINATION 18-10-31 STRUCTURAL COMMENTS, INCORP'D 18-11-20

Vandenberg & Wildeboer A.R.C.H.I.T.E.C.T.S

MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

DRAWING TITLE

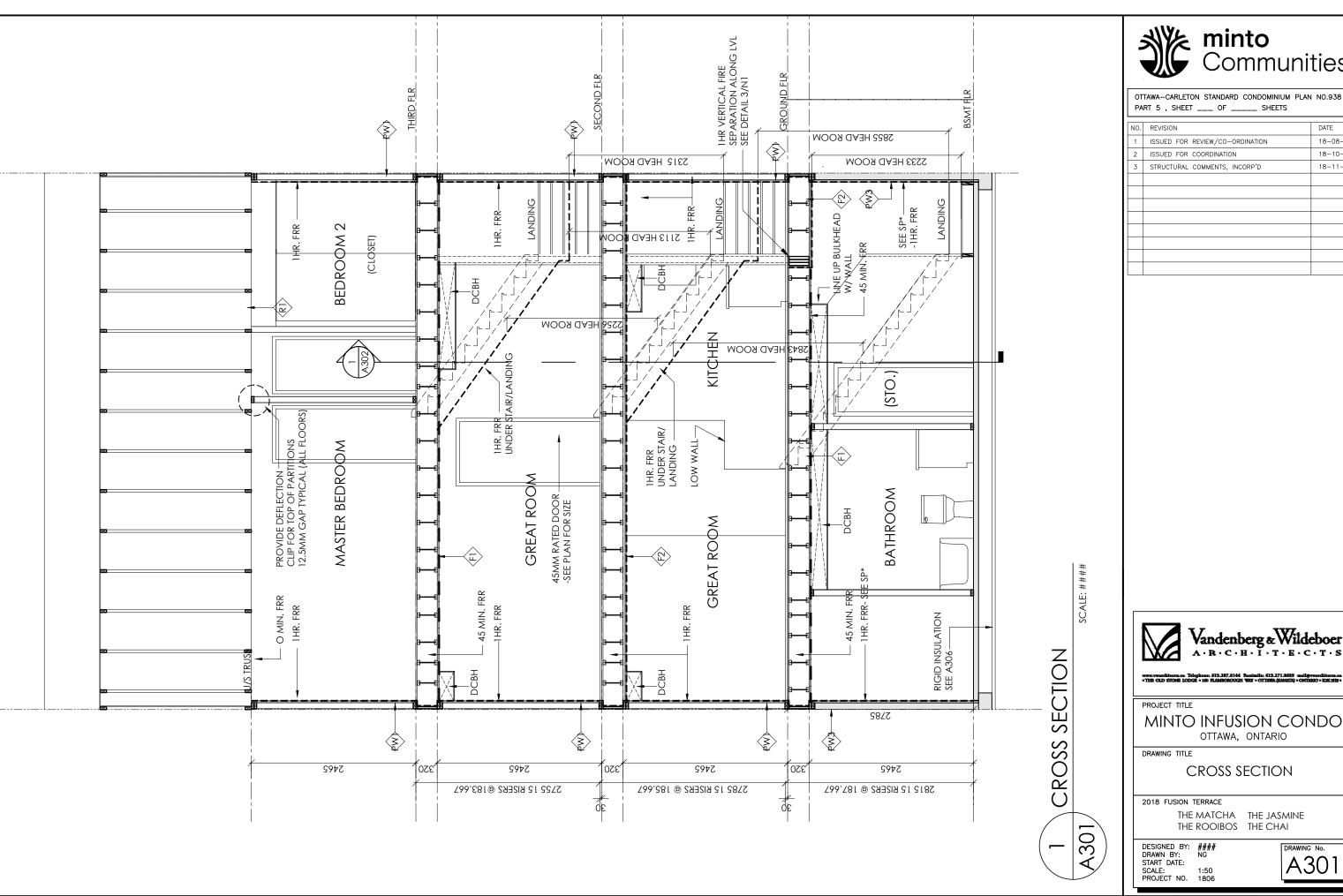
STAIR SECTIONS

2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

DRAWN BY: START DATE:

A300





PART 5 , SHEET ___ OF ____ SHEETS NO. REVISION ISSUED FOR REVIEW/CO-ORDINATION 18-08-15 18-10-31 ISSUED FOR COORDINATION STRUCTURAL COMMENTS, INCORP'D 18-11-20



Vandenberg & Wildeboer A.R.C.H.I.T.E.C.T.S

www.warchitects.ca Telephone: 613.287.0144 Pacsimile: 613.271.8609 mail@waruTHR OLD STONE LODGE u 160 FLAMBOROUGH WAY u CITTAWA SCANATA) a CANTANIA

MINTO INFUSION CONDO OTTAWA, ONTARIO

DRAWING TITLE

CROSS SECTION

2018 FUSION TERRACE

THE MATCHA THE JASMINE THE ROOIBOS THE CHAI

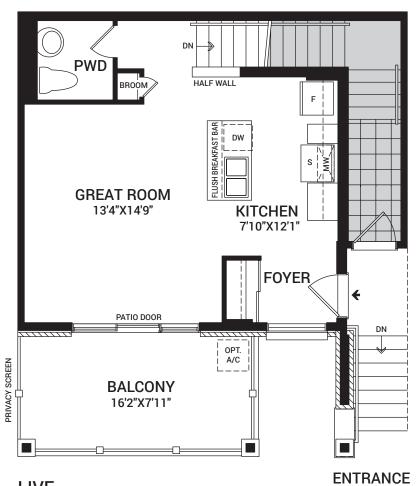
DESIGNED BY: ####
DRAWN BY: NG
START DATE:
SCALE: 1:50
PROJECT NO. 1806

A30

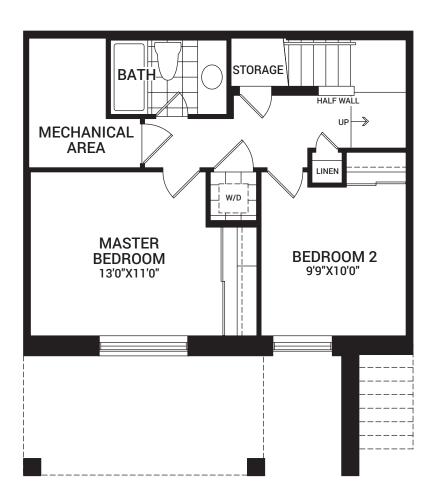
Infusion Terraces (B2B Terraces)

Modified September 6/18



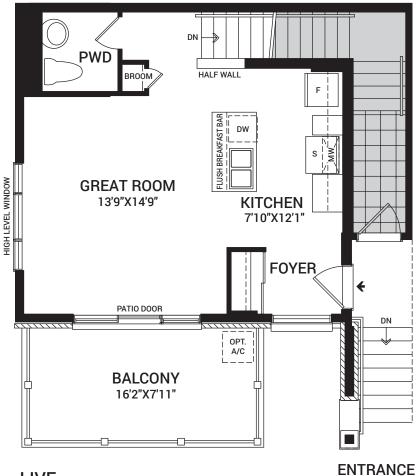


LIVE INTERIOR UNIT ELEVATION C

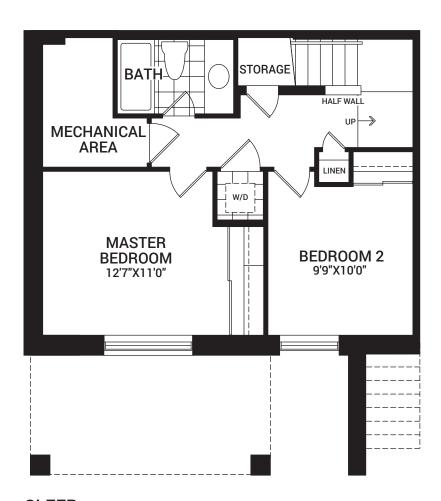


SLEEP INTERIOR UNIT ELEVATION C



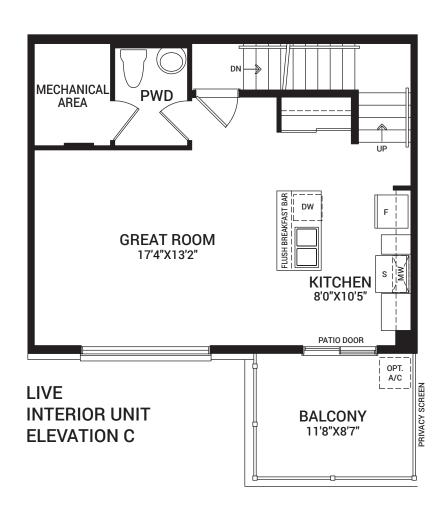


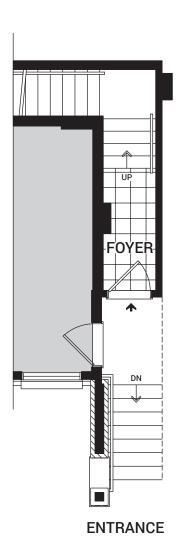
LIVE END UNIT ELEVATION C

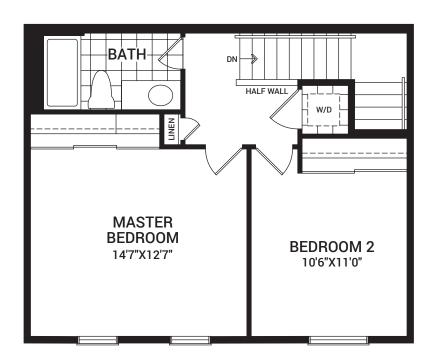


SLEEP END UNIT ELEVATION C



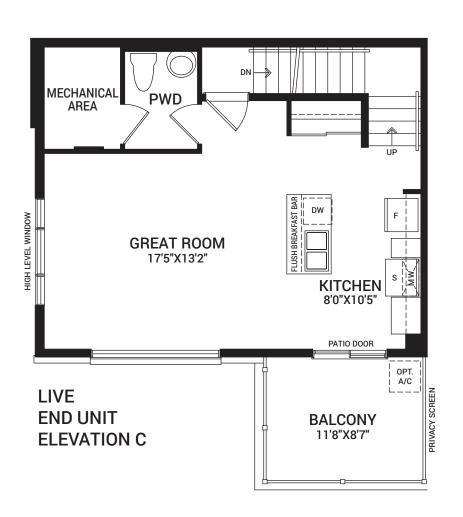


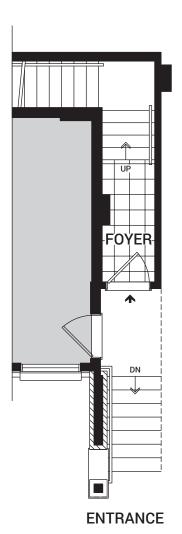


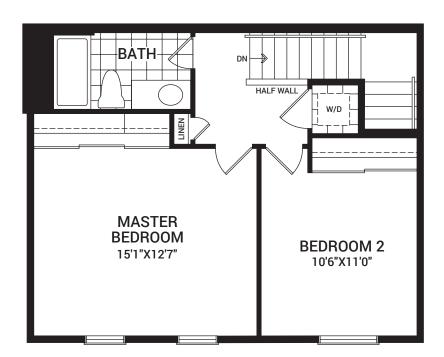


SLEEP INTERIOR UNIT ELEVATION C









SLEEP END UNIT ELEVATION C

Noise Control Detailed Study	
Morgan's Creek Stage 1 (762 March Road)

Appendix D

<u>Transportation Noise Source</u> <u>Predictions</u>

 Detailed Predicted Noise Level Calculations

```
NEWFILE. TXT
```

NORMAL REPORT STAMSON 5.0 Date: 11-12-2018 15:03:32 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: mc1_r1.te

Description: Morgans Creek Stage 1 r1 plane of window

```
Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
```

Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod

Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/Ti mePeri od Heavy truck volume : 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod

Posted speed limit 80 km/h 1 % Road gradient

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 25000 0.00 Number of Years of Growth
Medium Truck % of Total Volume
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume 0.00 7.00 5.00 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)

Angl e1 Angl e2	: -90.00 deg	90.00 deg
Wood depth	: 0	(No woods.)
N	0 / 0	•

No of house rows 0 / 0

(Absorptive ground surface) Surface 1

18.30 / 18.30 m Receiver source distance : Receiver height 5.70 / 8.50 m

(Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography 1

0.00 Reference angle

Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod

80 km/h Posted speed limit : 1 % Road gradient

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 25000 Percentage of Annual Growth 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume 7.00 Heavy Truck % of Total Volume Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume 5.00 92.00

Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)

: -90.00 deg 90.00 deg Angle1 Angle2 Wood depth 0 (No woods.)

No of house rows 0 / 0

(Absorptive ground surface) Surface 1

37.50 / 37.50 m Receiver source distance : Receiver height 5.70 / 8.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 72.14 + 0.00) = 72.14 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.53 74.71 0.00 -1.32 -1.24 0.00 0.00 0.00 72.14

Segment Leq: 72.14 dBA

Results segment # 2: march rd s (day)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 67.36 + 0.00) = 67.36 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.53 74.71 0.00 -6.10 -1.24 0.00 0.00 0.00 67.36

Segment Leq: 67.36 dBA

Total Leq All Segments: 73.39 dBA

Pesults segment # 1: march rd n (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 64.78 + 0.00) = 64.78 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.45 67.11 0.00 -1.25 -1.08 0.00 0.00 0.00 64.78

Segment Leq: 64.78 dBA

PResults segment # 2: march rd s (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 60.26 + 0.00) = 60.26 dBA Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 90 0.45 67.11 0.00 -5.77 -1.08 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.26

Segment Leq: 60.26 dBA

Total Leq AII Segments: 66.09 dBA

```
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 73.39
                            (NIGHT): 66.09
STAMSON 5.0
                     NORMAL REPORT
                                             Date: 11-12-2018 17: 37: 55
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: mc1_r2.te
                                   Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: Morgans Creek Stage 1 r2 plane of window
Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod
Medium truck volume: 1610/140
                                      veh/Ti mePeri od
Heavy truck volume :
                          1150/100
                                      veh/Ti mePeri od
Posted speed limit
                            80 km/h
                             1 %
Road gradient
Road pavement
                             1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
Percentage of Annual Growth :
Number of Years of Growth :
                                                25000
                                                 0.00
                                                 0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume
                                                 7.00
                                                 5.00
                                                92.00
Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
                           : -73.00 deg
Angle1 Angle2
                                              0.00 deg
Wood depth
No of house rows
                                     0
                                               (No woods.)
                                     0 / 0
Surface
                                     1
                                               (Absorptive ground surface)
                               32.20 / 32.2Ò m
Receiver source distance :
Receiver height
                                 5. 70 / 8. 50
Topography
                                               (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
                                  0.00
Reference angle
Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod
                         1610/140
Medium truck volume :
                                      veh/Ti mePeri od
Heavy truck volume :
                          1150/100
                                      veh/Ti mePeri od
Posted speed limit
                            80 km/h
                             1 %
Road gradient
Road pavement
                             1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
    24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
Percentage of Annual Growth :
                                                25000
                                                0.00
    Number of Years of Growth
                                                0.00
    Medium Truck % of Total Volume
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume
                                                7.00
                                                5.00
    Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume
                                               92.00
```

```
NEWFILE. TXT
Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
             -----
Angle1 Angle2
                 : -73.00 deg
                                    0.00 deg
Wood depth
                          0 / 0
                                    (No woods.)
No of house rows
                                     (Absorptive ground surface)
Surface
                            1
Receiver source distance : 51.20 / 51.20 m
Receiver height : 5.70 / 8.50 m
Topography
                                     (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
                            1
Reference angle :
                          0.00
Results segment # 1: march rd n (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 64.98 + 0.00) = 64.98 dBA
Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
 -73 0 0.53 74.71 0.00 -5.09 -4.64 0.00 0.00 0.00 64.98
______
Segment Leq: 64.98 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 61.89 + 0.00) = 61.89 dBA
Anglei Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
  -73 0 0.53 74.71 0.00 -8.18 -4.64 0.00 0.00 0.00 61.89
Segment Leq: 61.89 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 66.71 dBA
Results segment # 1: march rd n (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 57.77 + 0.00) = 57.77 dBA
Angleì Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
  -73 0 0.45 67.11 0.00 -4.81 -4.53 0.00 0.00 0.00 57.77
Segment Leg: 57.77 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
```

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq

Page 4

ROAD (0.00 + 54.84 + 0.00) = 54.84 dBA

```
-73 0 0.45 67.11 0.00 -7.73 -4.53 0.00 0.00 0.00 54.84
Segment Leq: 54.84 dBA
Total Leg All Segments: 59.56 dBA
4
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 66.71 (NIGHT): 59.56
                       NORMAL REPORT
STAMSON 5.0
                                            Date: 11-12-2018 14:59:31
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: mc1_r3.te
                                    Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: Morgans Creek Stage 1 r3 ola amentity area
Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod
Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume: 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod Posted speed limit: 80 km/h
                               1 %
Road gradient : Road pavement :
                                1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
Percentage of Annual Growth :
                                                    25000
                                                     0.00
    Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -8.00 deg
                                                   0.00 deg
                                   0 / 1
Wood depth
                                                  (No woods.)
No of house rows :
                                        0 / 0
Surface
                                                   (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance: 80.40 / 80.40 m
Receiver height: 1.50 / 4.50 m
Topography: 1 (Flat
                                                   (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
_____
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod Posted speed limit : 80 km/h Road gradient : 1 % Road pavement : 1 (Typical asphalt or co
                                          veh/TimePeriod *
                             1 %
1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
```

Page 5

```
24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
Percentage of Annual Growth :
                                         25000
                                          0.00
   Number of Years of Growth
Medium Truck % of Total Volume
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume
                                          0.00
                                         7.00
                                         5.00
                                     : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -8.00 deg
                                        0.00 dea
                            0
0 ,
1
                                        (No woods.)
Wood depth
No of house rows
                                0 / 0
Surface
                                        (Absorptive ground surface)
Receiver source distance : 99.40 / 99.40 m
Recei ver hei ght : 1.50 / 4.50
                              1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Topography
Reference angle
                  : 0.00
Results segment # 1: march rd n (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 49.07 + 0.00) = 49.07 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
  -8 0 0.66 74.71 0.00 -12.10 -13.53 0.00 0.00 0.00 49.07
Segment Leq: 49.07 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 47.54 + 0.00) = 47.54 \text{ dBA}
Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   -8 0 0.66 74.71 0.00 -13.63 -13.53 0.00 0.00 0.00 47.54
______
Segment Leq: 47.54 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 51.38 dBA
Results segment # 1: march rd n (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 42.13 + 0.00) = 42.13 \text{ dBA}
Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   -8 0 0.57 67.11 0.00 -11.45 -13.53 0.00 0.00 0.00 42.13
Segment Leq: 42.13 dBA
```

```
Results segment # 2: march rd s (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 40.68 + 0.00) = 40.68 dBA
Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
    -8 0 0.57 67.11 0.00 -12.90 -13.53 0.00 0.00 0.00 40.68
Segment Leq: 40.68 dBA
Total Leq All Segments: 44.48 dBA
우
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 51.38 (NIGHT): 44.48
2
STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT
                                                Date: 11-12-2018 15: 13: 52
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: mc1 r4.te
                                     Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: Morgans Creek Stage 1 r4 plane of window
Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 80 km/h
Road gradient: 1 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or continuous)
                               1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
Road pavement
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
                                                   25000
     Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
     Number of Years of Growth : 0.00

Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00

Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00

Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
Angl e1 Angl e2 : -90.00 deg
                                                  20.00 deg
                                   0 /
Wood depth
                                                  (No woods.)
No of house rows
                                       0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorption Receiver source distance : 57.50 / 57.50 m
Receiver height : 5.70 / 8.50 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
                                                  (Absorptive ground surface)
                                                 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference and e
                         : 0.00
Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
```

Page 7

```
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod
Heavy truck volume: 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod
Posted speed limit: 80 km/h
Road gradient: 1 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or co
                                                                                                  veh/TimePeriod *
                                                                       1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
 * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
           24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 25000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -90.00 deg
                                                                                                                      20.00 deg
Wood depth
No of house rows
                                                                  : 0
: 0 / 0
: 1
                                                                                                                     (No woodš.)
Surface : 1 (Absorption Control of the Control of t
                                                                                                                      (Absorptive ground surface)
                                                                                                                      (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: march rd n (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 62.62 + 0.00) = 62.62 dBA
Anglel Angle2 Alpha Refléq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj Subleq
        Segment Leg: 62.62 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 60.69 + 0.00) = 60.69 dBA
Angleì Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
       -90 20 0.53 74.71 0.00 -10.88 -3.13 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.69
Segment Leg: 60.69 dBA
Total Leq AII Segments: 64.77 dBA
Results segment # 1: march rd n (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
```

```
NEWFILE. TXT
ROAD (0.00 + 55.64 + 0.00) = 55.64 \text{ dBA}
Anglel Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
```

-90 20 0.45 67.11 0.00 -8.46 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.64 ______

Segment Leg: 55.64 dBA

Results segment # 2: march rd s (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 53.81 + 0.00) = 53.81 dBA

Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 20 0.45 67.11 0.00 -10.29 -3.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.81

Segment Leg: 53.81 dBA

Total Leq AII Segments: 57.83 dBA

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TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 64.77 (NIGHT): 57.83

2

NORMAL REPORT STAMSON 5.0 Date: 11-12-2018 17:51:01 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Filename: mc1_r5.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours

Description: Morgan's Creek Stage 1 r5 plane of window

Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod * Heavy truck volume : 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod *

Posted speed limit : 80 km/h 1 % Road gradient

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 25000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 7. 00 7. 00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume Heavy Truck % of Total Volume Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 7.00 : 5.00 : 92.00

Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night) -----

Angl e1 Angl e2 : -15.00 deg 36.00 dea 0 (No woods.) Wood depth

No of house rows 0 / 0

Surface (Absorptive ground surface)

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```
NEWFILE. TXT
Receiver source distance : 60.00 / 60.00 m
Recei ver height : 5.70 / 8.50
Topography : 1 (
Reference angle : 0.00
                                              (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle
Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
-----
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod
Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod
Heavy truck volume: 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod
Posted speed limit: 80 km/h
Road gradient: 1 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or co
                              1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT):
Percentage of Annual Growth :
                                                   25000
                                                    0.00
    Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
                                                 7. 00
5. 00
Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : -15.00 deg
                                                  36.00 deg
No of house rows : 0 /
Surface : 1
                                                  (No woods.)
                                        0 / 0
Surface : 1 (Absorption Receiver source distance : 79.00 / 79.00 m Receiver height : 5.70 / 8.50 m Topography : 1 (Flat
                                                  (Absorpti ve ground surface)
                                                  (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Reference angle : 0.00
Results segment # 1: march rd n (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 59.87 + 0.00) = 59.87 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   -15 36 0.53 74.71 0.00 -9.24 -5.60 0.00 0.00 0.00 59.87
Segment Leq: 59.87 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 58.04 + 0.00) = 58.04 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   -15 36 0.53 74.71 0.00 -11.07 -5.60 0.00 0.00 0.00 58.04
```

Segment Leq: 58.04 dBA

Total Leg AII Segments: 62.06 dBA

Results segment # 1: march rd n (night) _____

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 52.80 + 0.00) = 52.80 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -15 36 0.45 67.11 0.00 -8.73 -5.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 52.80

Segment Leg: 52.80 dBA

Results segment # 2: march rd s (night)

Source height = 1.50 m

ROAD (0.00 + 51.07 + 0.00) = 51.07 dBAAngleì Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -15 36 0.45 67.11 0.00 -10.46 -5.58 0.00 0.00 0.00 51.07 ______

Segment Leg: 51.07 dBA

Total Leg All Segments: 55.03 dBA

우

TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.06 (NIGHT): 55.03

우

STAMSON 5.0 NORMAL REPORT Date: 11-12-2018 17:55:56 MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT

Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours Filename: mc1_r6.te Description: Morgan's Creek Stage 1 r6 plane of window

Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)

Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod veh/Ti mePeri od * 80 km/h

Posted speed limit :

Road gradient : 1 %

Road pavement 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:

24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 25000 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume Heavy Truck % of Total Volume 7.00 : 7.00 : 5.00

```
: 92.00
     Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume
Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2
Wood depth
                                  0.00 deg
                                                  24.00 deg
                       : 0 / 0
                                                  (No woods.)
No of house rows
Surface : 1 (Absorption Receiver source distance : 70.20 / 70.20 m
Receiver height : 5.70 / 8.50 m
Topography
                                                  (Absorptive ground surface)
Topography
                                                  (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
                                       1
Reference angle : 0.00
Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod *
Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod *
Heavy truck volume: 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod *
Posted speed limit: 80 km/h
Road gradient: 1 %
Road pavement: 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input:
     24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 25000
Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00
     Number of Years of Growth : 0.00
Medium Truck % of Total Volume : 7.00
Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : 5.00
Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 92.00
Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night)
Angle1 Angle2 : 0.00 deg
                                                  24.00 deg
Woŏd depth
                             : 0 / 0
                                                  (No woods.)
No of house rows
Recei ver source di stance : 89.20 / 89.20 m
Recei ver hei ght : 5.70 / 8.50 m
Topography : 1 (Flat
Reference angle
                                                  (Absorptive ground surface)
                                                  (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier)
Results segment # 1: march rd n (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 55.60 + 0.00) = 55.60 dBA
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
    0 24 0.53 74.71 0.00 -10.28 -8.82 0.00 0.00 0.00 55.60
______
Segment Leq: 55.60 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (day)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
```

```
ROAD (0.00 + 54.01 + 0.00) = 54.01 \text{ dBA}
Anglei Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   0 24 0.53 74.71 0.00 -11.88 -8.82 0.00 0.00 0.00 54.01
______
Segment Leg: 54.01 dBA
Total Leq AII Segments: 57.89 dBA
Results segment # 1: march rd n (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 48.58 + 0.00) = 48.58 \text{ dBA}
Angleì Angle2 Alpha RefLéq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   0 24 0.45 67.11 0.00 -9.72 -8.81 0.00 0.00 0.00 48.58
______
Segment Leq: 48.58 dBA
Results segment # 2: march rd s (night)
Source height = 1.50 \text{ m}
ROAD (0.00 + 47.07 + 0.00) = 47.07 \text{ dBA}
Angle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
   0 24 0.45 67.11 0.00 -11.23 -8.81 0.00 0.00 0.00 47.07
Segment Leq: 47.07 dBA
Total Leg AII Segments: 50.90 dBA
4
TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 57.89 (NIGHT): 50.90
STAMSON 5.0
                 NORMAL REPORT
                                    Date: 11-12-2018 18:02:10
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY / NOISE ASSESSMENT
Filename: mc1_r7.te Time Period: Day/Night 16/8 hours
Description: Morgan's Creek Stage 1 r7 plane of window
Road data, segment # 1: march rd n (day/night)
Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod
Medium truck volume: 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume: 1150/100 veh/TimePeriod Posted speed limit: 80 km/h
                                veh/TimePeriod *
Road gradient : Road pavement :
                       1 %
                        1 (Typical asphalt or concrete)
                                    Page 13
```

* Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): Percentage of Annual Growth : 25000 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 7.00 5.00 92.00 Data for Segment # 1: march rd n (day/night) Angl e1 Angl e2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg Wood depth (No woods.) 0 No of house rows 0 / 0 1 (Absorptive ground surface) Receiver source distance : 67.40 / 67.40 m Recei ver height : 5.70 / 8.50 Topography 1 (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) : 0.00 Reference angle Road data, segment # 2: march rd s (day/night) Car traffic volume : 20240/1760 veh/TimePeriod Medium truck volume : 1610/140 veh/TimePeriod Heavy truck volume : 1150/100
Posted speed limit : 80 km/h
Road gradient : 1 %
Road pavement : 1 (Typi veh/Ti mePeri od 1 (Typical asphalt or concrete) * Refers to calculated road volumes based on the following input: 24 hr Traffic Volume (AADT or SADT): 25000 Percentage of Annual Growth : 0.00 Number of Years of Growth 0.00 Medium Truck % of Total Volume : Heavy Truck % of Total Volume : Day (16 hrs) % of Total Volume : 7.00 5.00 92.00 Data for Segment # 2: march rd s (day/night) Angl e1 Angl e2 : -90.00 deg 0.00 deg 0 Wood depth (No woods.) 0 / 0 No of house rows (Absorptive ground surface) Surface 1 Recei ver source distance : 86.70 / 86.70 m
Recei ver height : 5.70 / 8.50 m
Topography (Flat/gentle slope; no barrier) Topography Reference angle 0.00 Results segment # 1: march rd n (day) -----Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 60.45 + 0.00) = 60.45 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 0 0.53 74.71 0.00 -10.01 -4.25 0.00 0.00 0.00 60.45

Segment Leg: 60.45 dBA Results segment # 2: march rd s (day) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 58.77 + 0.00) = 58.77 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 0 0.53 74.71 0.00 -11.69 -4.25 0.00 0.00 0.00 58.77 Segment Leq: 58.77 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 62.70 dBA Results segment # 1: march rd n (night) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 53.55 + 0.00) = 53.55 dBAAngle1 Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq -90 0 0.45 67.11 0.00 -9.46 -4.09 0.00 0.00 0.00 53.55 Segment Leq: 53.55 dBA Results segment # 2: march rd s (night) Source height = 1.50 mROAD (0.00 + 51.97 + 0.00) = 51.97 dBAAnglel Angle2 Alpha RefLeq P. Adj D. Adj F. Adj W. Adj H. Adj B. Adj SubLeq
 -90
 0
 0.45
 67.11
 0.00
 -11.05
 -4.09
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00
 51.97
 Segment Leq: 51.97 dBA Total Leq All Segments: 55.84 dBA 우 TOTAL Leq FROM ALL SOURCES (DAY): 62.70 (NIGHT): 55.84

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Appendix E

Building Component Calculations

- Room Calculations
- Table 17: Building Component Template (Infusion Terraces)

ROOM BY ROOM CALCULATIONS -

Stacked Townhome

Note: Ceiling Height 8' 1" on all floors

Kitchen / Great Room			TVOID. COM	ng Height 8 T On all hoors
Floor Area (sq.m)	35.2			
1 loor Area (sq.m)	33.2			
	Width	Height	Area	
Window 1 (front)				1
	2.7	1.6	4.3	4
Window 2 (front) (Patio door)	1.5	2.0	3.0	4
Window 3 (side)	2.2	0.6	1.3	1
			8.6	Total Window Area
			24.55%	% of Floor Area
	Width	Height	Area	_
Exterior Door			0	
			0	Total Door Area
			0.00%	% of Floor Area
	Width	Height	Area	Area minus windows/doors
Exterior Wall (Front)	8.1	2.5	20.25	12.93
Exterior Wall (Side)	4.2	2.5	10.50	9.18
Exterior vvair (Glas)	1.2	2.0	10.00	22.11 Total Exterior Wall Area
				62.81% % of Floor Area
				02.01% % UI FIUUI AIEa
Master Bedroom				
Floor Area (sq.m)	22.1			
1 1001 AIGA (34.111)	۷۷.۱			
	\//;dtb	Usiabt	۸۳۵۵	
100	Width	Height	Area	٦
Window 1	8.0	1.6	1.28	
			1.28	Total Window Area
			5.79%	% of Floor Area
	Width	Height	Area	=
Exterior Door	0	0	0	
			0	Total Door Area
			0.00%	% of Floor Area
	Width	Height	Area	Area minus windows/doors
Exterior Wall (front)	4.7	2.5	11.75	10.47
Exterior Wall (side)	4.7	2.5	11.75	11.75
(5.5.2)	1			22.22 Total Exterior Wall Area
				100.54% % of Floor Area
Bedroom 2				700.0 170 70 0.1 1.001 7 1.00
Floor Area (sq.m)	14.3			
	Width	Height	Area	
Window 1	0.8	1.6	1.28	٦
	0.0	1.0	1.28	J Total Window Area
			1.20	Total William Alea
			0 OE0/	% of Floor Area
			8.95%	70 OI FIUUI AIEA
	\ \ / ; - 4 -	114:	۸	
E B	Width	Height	Area	٦
Exterior Door	0	0	0	<u></u>
			0	Total Door Area
			0.00%	% of Floor Area
	Width	Height	Area	Area minus windows/doors
Exterior Wall (front)	3.4	2.5	8.50	7.22
				7.22
				50.49% Total Exterior Wall Area
				% of Floor Area

BUILDING COMPONENT TEMPLATE

Architect:
Location:

Building Type:

Morgan's Creek Stage 1
Stacked Townhome

Block Number: Blocks TE-3, TE-4

Front Façade Noise Level (dBA) 7

ROOM	# OF COMPONENTS	ROOM FLOOR AREA (M²)	WINDOW AREA (M²)		DOOR AREA (M²)	D/RFA %	EXT. WALL AREA (M²)	EW/RFA %	REQUIRED AIF*	D WINDOW		EXT. DOOR		EXT. WALL CEILI		CEILING	CEILING/ROOF	
										Type	AIF**	Type	AIF***	Type	AIF****	Type	AIF****	
Master Bedroom	3	22.1	1.3	6%	-	-	22.2	101%	41	3(6)3(30)3	41	•	-	EW2R	41	-	-	
Bedroom 2	2	14.3	1.3	9%	-	-	7.2	50%	39	3(6)3(30)3	39	-	-	EW3	39	-	-	
Kitchen / Great Room	5	35.2	8.6	25%	-	-	22.1	63%	38	3(6)3(65)3	38	-	-	EW3	38	-	-	

JLR No:

Prepared by:

Checked by:

24566-001

Thomas Blais

Lee Jablonski

Exterior Door Details

All prime doors should be fully weatherstripped. Except as noted specifically below, doors shall not have inset glazing:

D1 denotes 45 mm hollow-core wood door (up to 20% of area glazed).

D2 denotes 45 mm glass-fibre reinforced plastic door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core (up to 20% area glazed).

D3 denotes 35 mm in solid slab wood door.

D4 denotes 45 mm steel door with foam or glass-fibre insulated core.

D5 denotes 45 mm solid slab door.

sd denotes storm door of wood or aluminum with openable glazed sections.

Exterior Wall Details

The common structure of walls EW1 to EW5 is composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, vapour barrier, and 38x89 mm studs with 50 mm (or thicker) mineral wool or glass fibre batts in the inter-stud cavities.

EW1 denotes the above plus sheathing, plus wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 denotes the above plus rigid insulation (25-50mm), and wood siding or metal siding and fibre backer board.

EW2 also denotes exterior wall described in EW1 with the addition of rigid insulation (25-50mm) between the sheathing and the external finish.

EW3 denotes simulated mansard with structure as the above plus sheathing, 38 x 89 mm framing, sheathing and asphalt roofing material.

EW4 denotes the above plus sheathing and 20 mm stucco.

EW5 denotes the above plus sheathing, 25 mm air space, 100 mm brick veneer.

EW6 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 100 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW6 also denotes an exterior wall conforming to rainscreen design principles and composed of same gypsum board and rigid insulation with 100 mm concrete block, 25 mm air space, and 100 mm brick veneer.

EW7 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 140 mm back-up block, 100 mm face brick.

EW8 denotes exterior wall composed of 12.7 mm gypsum board, rigid insulation (25-50mm), 200 mm concrete.

^{*} Taken from Table 10.5: AIF required for Road and Rail Traffic Noise Cases

^{**} Taken from Table 10.6: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of windows (example: 2(100)2 denotes 2 mm glass (100 mm space) 2 mm glass).

^{***} Taken from Table 10.9: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior doors

^{****} Taken from Table 10.7: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various types of exterior walls

^{*****} Taken from Table 10.8: Acoustic Insulation Factor for various ceiling-roof combinations (only for aircraft noise)

Appendix F

Canada Mortgage and Housing (CMHC) Table A2 and A3

- Approximate Conversion from STC to AIF for Windows and Doors
- Approximate Conversion from STC to AIF for Exterior Walls and Ceiling Roof System

Table A1: Standard source spectrum for calculating Acoustic Insulation Factor (AIF)

Frequency	Source Sound	A-weighted Source Sound
(Hz)	Pressure Level	Pressure Level
100	66.1	47
125	69.1	53
160	71.4	58
200	71.9	61
250	71.6	63
315	71.6	65
400	71.8	67
500	71.2	68
630	70.9	69
800	70.8	70
1000	70.0	70
1250	69.4	70
1600	69.0	70
2000	68.8	70
2500	68.7	70
3150	67.8	69
4000	67.0	68
5000	65.5	66

Note: Values in the second and third columns of this table are $1/_3$ -octave band sound pressure levels expressed in dB.

Table A2: Approximate conversion from STC to AIF for windows and doors

Window (or door)	Acoustic
Area Expressed	Insulation
as Percentage of	Factor
Room Floor Area	(AIF)
80.0	STC-5
63.0	STC-4
50.0	STC-3
40.0	STC-2
32.0	STC-1
25.0	STC
20.0	STC+1
16.0	STC+2
12.5	STC+3
10.0	STC+4
8.0	STC+5
6.3	STC+6
5.0	STC+7
4.0	STC+8

Note: For area percentages not listed in the table, use the nearest listed value.

Examples: For a window whose area = 20% of the room floor area and STC = 32, the AIF is 32 + 1 = 33.

For a window whose area = 60% of the room floor area

and STC = 29, the AIF is 29 - 4 = 25.

Table A3: Approximate conversion from STC to AIF for exterior walls and ceiling-roof systems.

Exterior Wall	Acoustic
Area Expressed	Insulation
as Percentage of	Factor
Room Floor Area	(AIF)
200.0	STC-10
160.0	STC-9
125.0	STC-8
100.0	STC-7
80.0	STC-6
63.0	STC-5
50.0	STC-4
40.0	STC-3
32.0	STC-2
25.0	STC-1
20.0	STC
16.0	STC+1
12.5	STC+2
10.0	STC+3
8.0	STC+4

Note: For area percentages not listed in the table, use the nearest listed value.

Example: For a wall whose area = 120% of room floor area and STC = 48, the AIF is 48 - 8 = 40.

Note: For ceiling-roof systems, AIF = STC - 7.

Figure A1: Worksheet for Calculating AIF from Transmission Loss Data

Frequency (Hz)	A-weighted Source Sound Pressure Level (dB)	Sound Transmission Loss (dB)	A-weighted Indoor Sound Pressure Level (dB)	Energy Equivalent of Indoor SPL
<u> </u>	(A)	(B)	(C = A-B)	$(D = 10^{c/10})$
100	47	24	23	200
125	53	26	27	501
160	58	19	39	7 943
200	61	21	40	10 000
250	63	20	43	19 953
315	65	20	45	31 623
400	67	25	42	15 849
500	68	30	38	6 310
630	69	33	36	3 981
800	70	37	33	1 995
1000	70	39	31	1 259
1250	70	41	29	794
1600	70	43	27	501
2000	70	44	26	398
2500	70	45	25	316
3150	69	43	26	398
4000	68	37	31	1 259
5000	66	35	31	1 259
	S	um of values in	column D:	104 539=E

Calculated indoor A-weighted sound level: 10 log₁₀ (E) = 50.2 = F

AIF (component area = 80% of floor area): (77 - F) = 26.8 = G

Component Area	Acoustic
as a Percentage of	Insulation
Room Floor Area	Factor (AIF)
6.3	(G + 11) = 38
8.0	(G + 10) = 37
10.0	(G+ 9) = 36
12.5	(G + 8) = 35
16.0	(G + 7) = 34
20.0	(G + 6) = 33
25.0	(G + 5) = 32
32.0	(G + 4) = 31
40.0	(G + 3) = 30
50.0	(G + 2) = 29
63.0	(G + 1) = 28
80.0	(G) = 27
100.0	(G - 1) = 26
125.0	(G - 2) = 25
160.0	(G - 3) = 24

Appendix G

Welburn Consulting

 Sound Power Levels for Blue Heron Co-Op Homes (Prepared December 11, 2018)

J.L. RICHARDS Morgan's Creek Stage 1 Sound Power Levels for Blue Heron Co-op Homes 11 December 2018



INTRODUCTION

Welburn Consulting was retained by J.L. Richards to determine the noise levels from equipment at Blue Heron Co-op Homes. This noise information will be used for an environmental noise assessment for the proposed Morgan's Creek Stage 1 development which is to be constructed to the north of the Co-op.

SITE DESCRIPTION

Blue Heron Co-op Homes has a four-storey apartment building located at 750 March Road, Kanata. An aerial image of the apartment building is presented in Figure 1.



Figure 1 - Apartment Building at 750 March Road

IDENTIFIED EQUIPMENT

This apartment building contains the following equipment relevant to this noise assessment:

- 1. Eight Air Handling Units (Venmar ERV 500e/i)
- 2. One boiler housed in the mechanical room.



4 NOISE LEVEL DETERMINATIONS

4.1 Methodology

Sound power levels for this equipment were determined using the "Noise Red Flag Tables" (NRFT), provided by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation & Parks (MECP). The NRFT provides reference distances to achieve a sound level of 50 dBA for equipment subject to approval by the MECP. Twelve distinct groups of typical industrial noise sources are represented in the tables in terms of their power rating or a combination of other operating parameters which correlate with the noise emissions.

4.2 Noise Level Determination for Air Handling Units

- The operating manual for the air handling unit presents two different configurations for the unit:
 - o ERV 500e, which has two fans but no exhaust or intake hood.
 - o ERV 500i, which has a single two-speed fan, an exhaust hood and an intake hood.

Based on the aerial images, we have concluded that the air handling units are configured as the ERV 500i model. In addition, was found to generate higher noise levels and was considered to be the conservative option.

- The key source of noise from each air handling unit is the exhaust fan. This fan is a forwardcurved centrifugal impeller.
- The NRFT for a Centrifugal Fan, Forward Curved Blade was used to determine the reference distance for each fan. This NRFT uses QxP² as an operating parameter. Based on the airflow performance charts in the equipment manual, the maximum QxP² for the study fan is **446 CFM.in**².
- Figure 4 presents the NRFT data that was used to interpolate the reference distance for the study fans.

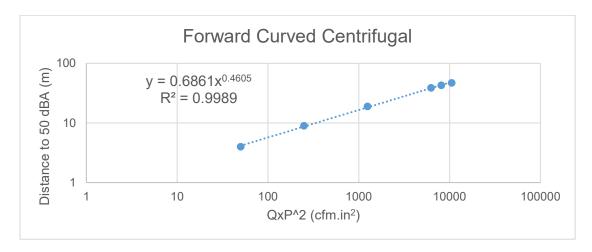


Figure 2 - Plot of Reference Distances for Forward-curved centrifugal fans (Noise Red Flag Tables)

 Based on the relationship inferred from the NRFT, the estimated reference distance for each study fan is 11.4 m.

JL Richards: Morgan's Creek Noise Data 11 December 2018



• Based on noise attenuation relationships found in ISO 9613-2, the resulting sound power level from each fan is calculated as follows:

$$Lw = SL + 10\log_{10}(2\pi D_A^2)$$

$$Lw = 50dBA + 10\log_{10}(2\pi(11.4)^2)$$

$$Lw = 79.1dBA$$

Where:

L_w = Sound power level

SL = Sound pressure level (i.e. 50 dBA for all NRFT Tables)

 $D_A = 11.4 \text{m}$ (calculated value from Figure 2)

4.3 Noise Level Determination for Boiler

- The sound power output of small boilers is only weakly related to the thermal rating of the boiler.
 The combustion air fans and the burners typically radiate more noise than do the insulated sidewalls of small boilers.
- The reference distance from small boilers (i.e. less than 2,000 BHP) is 65 m.
- Using the same relationship as referenced above, the sound power level for the boiler (L_w) is
 94.2dBA
- Note that the noise sources in the NFRT's are assumed not to be enclosed and have not been
 treated with any type of sound absorbent material. Given that the boiler is housed in the
 mechanical room, which would have some degree of noise attenuation, the NFRT sound power
 level for boilers is expected to be conservative.

5 CONCLUSIONS

The expected sound power level for each air handling unit is **79.1 dBA**.

The expected sound power level for the boiler is 94.2 dBA.

We trust this suits your needs at this time. Please contact us should you require additional supporting information.

Sincerely submitted by

Welburn Consulting

Colin Welburn, M.Eng., P.Eng., TSRP

Noise Control Detailed Study	
Morgan's Creek Stage 1 (762 March Road)

Appendix H

Stationary Noise Source Predictions

APPENDIX 'D'

Combining Sound Levels Power or Pressure Lsum=10log(10^(L1/10)+10^(L2/10)+....)
ASHRAE 2005 Fundamentals 7.3 eq. 12

Air Handling Unit	Blue Heron Co-Op Building
Venmar ERV-500	79.1
Boiler	94.2
Total dBA	95.2

Convert From Sound Power to Sound Pressure ASHRAE 2005 Fundamentals 7.8 (28)
Free Field Lp=Lw+10log(Q/4 pi r^2)+10.5
Lp = Sound Pressure
Lw = Sound Power
Q = Directivity = 2 flat surface, 4 junction two large surfaces, 8 in a corner
r = distance from source in ft

R2	Unit	Sound Power	Sound Pressure @ Receiver	Estimated Attenuation	Estimated dBA @ R2
		dBA	Distance (m) (Approx.)	dBA	
Blue Heron Co-Op Building	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	44.0		38.4
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	47.0		37.9
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	57.0		36.2
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	62.0		35.5
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	73.0		34.0
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	79.0		33.3
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	93.0		31.9
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	96.0		31.7
	Boiler	94.2	73.0		49.1
	Total R2 dBA				50.4

R3	Unit	Sound Power	Sound Pressure @ Receiver	Estimated Attenuation	Estimated dBA @ R3
		dBA	Distance (m) (Approx.)	dBA	
Blue Heron Co-Op Building	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	69.0		34.5
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	71.0		34.3
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	79.0		33.3
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	80.0		33.2
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	92.0		32.0
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	94.0		31.8
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	106.0		30.8
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	111.0		30.4
	Boiler	94.2	87.0		47.6
	Total R3 dBA				48.6

R5	Unit	Sound Power	Sound Pressure @ Receiver	Estimated Attenuation	Estimated dBA @ R5
		dBA	Distance (m) (Approx.)	dBA	
Blue Heron Co-Op Building	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	47.0		37.9
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	46.0		38.0
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	56.0		36.3
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	58.0		36.0
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	70.0		34.4
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	73.0		34.0
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	86.0		32.6
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	90.0		32.2
	Boiler	94.2	87.0		47.6
	Total R5 dBA				49.4

R6	Unit	Sound Power	Sound Pressure @ Receiver	Estimated Attenuation	Estimated dBA @ R6
		dBA	Distance (m) (Approx.)	dBA	
Blue Heron Co-Op Building	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	52.0		37.0
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	50.0		37.3
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	60.0		35.7
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	61.0		35.6
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	72.0		34.2
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	74.0		33.9
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	86.0		32.6
	Venmar ERV-500	79.1	91.0		32.1
	Boiler	94.2	87.0		47.6
	Total R6 dBA				49.2



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