



Wall Sound and Lighting-Proposed Warehouse Development

210/220 Maple Creek Court, City of Ottawa

Site Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

Prepared for:

BBS Construction 1805 Woodward Drive Ottawa, ON K2C 0P9

Prepared by:

McIntosh Perry 115 Walgreen Road Carp, ON KOA 1LO

REV01: January 20th, 2016

CP-15-0429

www.mcintoshperry.com

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1.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Purpose

This report will address the servicing (water, sanitary, and storm) and stormwater management requirements associated with the proposed development located at 210/220 Maple Creek Court within the City of Ottawa.

1.2 **Site Description**

The property is located at 210/220 Maple Creek Court within the approved Reis Road Industrial Park. It is described as Parts 4 & 5, Plan 27R-17169 geographic Township of Huntley, City of Ottawa. The land in question covers approximately 3.47 ha and is located at the end of the roundabout on Maple Creek Court.

The existing site is currently undeveloped and is made up of gravel and grass areas with low lying vegetation. There are no buildings or infrastructure located on or under the existing site.

The proposed development consists of four (4) warehouse buildings approximately 1,865 m² in size. The proposed development will be completed in phases. Parking and drive aisles will be provided throughout the site with landscaping located around the perimeter of the site.

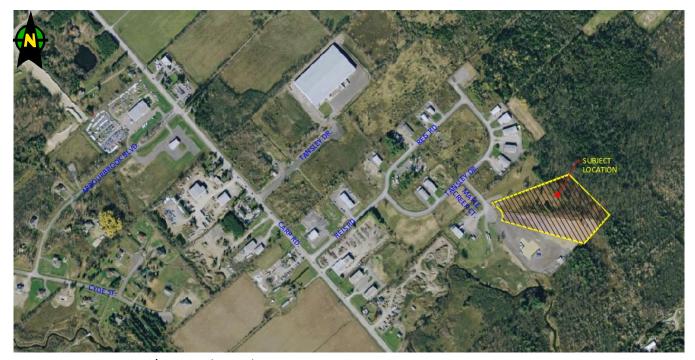


Figure 1: Key Map: 210/220 Maple Creek Court, Ottawa

2.0 BACKGROUND STUDIES

Background studies that have been completed for the site include review of the City of Ottawa as-built drawings, Reis Road Industrial Park Design Guidelines, a topographical survey of the site, A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, a geotechnical report, a hydrogeological assessment and an environmental impact statement.

As-built drawings of the existing services within the vicinity of the site were reviewed in order to determine proper servicing and stormwater management schemes for the site.

The original Reis Road Industrial Park Design Guidelines were reviewed for the specific design criteria.

A topographic survey of the site was completed by McIntosh Perry Survey Inc. (MPSI) dated November 2nd, 2016, and can be found under separate cover.

The following reports have previously been completed and are available under separate cover:

- Phase I Environmental Site Assessment completed by Pinchin dated October 7th, 2014.
- Geotechnical Investigation completed by Paterson Group dated December 16, 2016.
- Hydrogeological Assessment completed by Paterson Group dated January, 2017.
- Environmental Impact Statement completed by McIntosh Perry dated January 20th, 2017

3.0 PRE-CONSULTATION SUMMARY

City of Ottawa Staff have been pre-consulted regarding this proposed development in person on June 16th, 2016. Specific design parameters to be incorporated within this design include the following:

- Pre-development and post-development flows shall be calculated using a time of concentration (Tc) of 20 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively.
- Control 5 through 100-year post-development as outlined in the approved Reis Road Industrial Park Guidelines.
 - Sites in this subdivision can be developed without a requirement for on-site SWM as long as the combined C-value does not exceed 0.775
 - It is important to note that the subdivision design used constant C-values, while the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines (SDG) now stipulate a 25% increase during the 100-year event. Accordingly, future designs are to use the City's 100-year runoff coefficients when determining the combined C-value for the site.
- Quality control is required to be provided to an enhanced level, 80% TSS as per discussions with the MVCA.

Correspondence with the City can be found in Appendix 'A'.



4.0 EXISTING SERVICES

No underground water, storm or sanitary mains exist within Maple Creek Court.

There is currently a roadside ditch within Maple Creek Court. The roadside ditches within the vicinity of the site direct storm flows towards the northwest away from the proposed site. There is an existing low spot along the center of the property frontage.

Hydro, cable and Bell are available to service the site from Maple Creek Court.

5.0 SERVICING PLAN

The proposed site will be serviced with a new well and septic system that will provide the proposed development with water and sanitary services. Stormwater runoff will sheet flow to the grass storage swales located along the property limits of the site.

Hydro, Bell, and Cable will be provided via an underground trench. All utilities will be provided from Maple Creek Court.

All servicing requirements shall be approved by the City of Ottawa or the relevant utilities, as applicable.

5.1 Water Servicing

A new well will be drilled on site to provide the proposed building with domestic water supply. As per the findings of the hydrogeological Assessment Report, dated January 2017, the drilled well can provide sufficient quantity and quality of water for proposed site needs. The report also finds the proposed development will not adversely affect groundwater.

The proposed well, however, will not provide the required fire protection for the site. Fire protection will be provided on site via an underground fire tank protection system which will be located in the northwest corner of the site, on the south side of the site entrance. The tank system will hold 50,000 UK Gallons and will be equipped with all of the required connections as well as a dry hydrant system on the outside of the buildings that has been approved by the Ottawa Fire Services. See Appendix 'B' for detailed calculations.

5.2 **Sanitary Servicing**

The proposed septic system has been designed by Paterson Group and is found under separate cover. The design flow for the proposed development was calculated as 9,900 L/day based on the Ontario Building Code (OBC) for a warehouse without showers. (See Appendix 'C' for more information). The septic design has been reviewed and approved by the Ottawa Septic System Office. For further design information pertaining to the on-site sewage disposal system, please refer to Paterson's design in Appendix 'C'.

5.3 **Storm Servicing**

Site runoff within the development area will sheet flow to two (2) proposed SWM swales, one located along the north corner of the site, and the other adjacent to the southern property limit of the site. The proposed grass swales will collect storm flows and restrict the runoff prior to leaving the site. The storm system will be further detailed in Section 6.0.

6.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

Stormwater management for the development area will be maintained through positive drainage away from the proposed buildings and into the proposed SWM swales. Restricted runoff will then be directed to the existing roadside ditch along Maple Creek Court. This SWM plan will protect the receiving waterways from excessive erosion by implementing velocity and quantity control strategies. The storm runoff will enter the pipe system through catch basins (CB's) and catchbasin manholes (CBMH's) located throughout the site. The quantitative and qualitative properties of the storm runoff for both the pre- and post-development flows are further detailed below.

6.1 **Design Methodology**

Runoff calculations in this report are derived using the Rational Method, given as:

Q=2.78 CIA (L/s)

C=Runoff coefficient I=Rainfall intensity in mm/hr. A=Drainage area in hectares

It is recognized that the rational method tends to overestimate runoff rates. As a by-product of using extremely conservative prediction method, any facilities that are sized using these results are expected to function as intended in real world conditions.

In conjunction with the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines the following runoff coefficients were used to develop a balanced 'C' for each drainage area:

Building roofs, Asphalt, Concrete	0.90
Grass, undeveloped areas	0.20
Gravel	0.60

As per the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, the 5-year balanced 'C' value must be increased by 25% for a 100-year storm event to a maximum of 1.0.

As per the pre-consultation meeting with the City of Ottawa the time of concentration (Tc) used for predevelopment and post-development flows shall be calculated using a time of concentration (Tc) of 20 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively.

6.2 **Site Drainage**

6.2.1 Pre-Development Drainage

The existing site has been demonstrated as drainage areas A1 and A2. Drawing CP-15-0429 PRE (Appendix 'D') indicates the limits of these drainage areas.

Table 1: Pre-Development Drainage Summary

Basin	Drainage Area (ha)	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 5-yr	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 100-yr	5-Year Flow Rate (I/s)	100-Year Flow Rate (I/s)
A1	1.76	0.21	0.26	72.0	152.3
A2	1.71	0.24	0.30	80.2	171.1
Total	3.47			152.2	323.4

(See Appendix 'F' for Calculations)

6.2.2 Post-Development Drainage

The proposed site has been demonstrated as drainage areas B1-B7. Drawing CP-15-0429 Post (Appendix 'E') indicates the limits of these drainage areas.

Table 2: Post-Development Runoff Calculations

Basin	Drainage Area (ha)	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 5-yr	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 100-yr	5-Year Flow Rate (I/s)	100-Year Flow Rate (I/s)
B1	0.64	0.61	0.69	75.9	146.6
B2	0.64	0.75	0.84	93.9	179.6
В3	0.58	0.52	0.59	59.2	114.7
В4	0.23	0.81	0.91	36.9	70.8
B5	0.03	0.20	0.25	1.1	2.3
В6	0.17	0.72	0.81	24.6	47.2
В7	0.13	0.72	0.81	18.1	34.8
B8	0.15	0.77	0.86	23.3	44.4
В9	0.54	0.51	0.58	54.2	105.3
B10	0.35	0.20	0.25	13.6	29.0
Total	3.47	0.59	0.67	400.8	774.8

(See Appendix 'F' for Calculations)



6.3 **Quantity Control**

The allowable runoff rate from sites within the Reis Road Industrial Park is governed by the design assumptions used in the approved Engineering Report contained in Schedule 'H' of the subdivision agreement. If the resulting runoff from the proposed site will be less than the allowable rate, no on-site SWM will be required. The design of the internal drainage for the subdivision was based on site developments that would be 50% building (C=1.0), 25% parking (C=0.9) and 25% undeveloped (C=0.2).

The design assumptions have been interpreted by the City of Ottawa, that sites in this subdivision can be developed without a requirement for on-site SWM as long as the combined C-value does not exceed 0.775. As detailed within Appendix 'D' the proposed development will have a C-value of 0.54.

After discussing with City staff the stormwater management criteria for the site, no stormwater management quantity control is required for this site as the site C-value does not warrant SWM as per the excerpt provided by the City (See Appendix 'A' for City correspondence).

In the event that there is a rainfall above the 100-year storm event, or a blockage within the storm network, an emergency overland flow route has been provided such that the storm water runoff will be conveyed towards the north and south corners of the site away from the buildings. An elevation difference of 1.15 m has been provided from the lowest finished floor (115.05) of the building to the overland flow route elevation (113.90).

6.4 **Quality Control**

The Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority (MVCA) was contacted on September 21st, 2015 in order to identify the quality control requirements. An enhanced level of protection which involves a quality control of 80% Total Suspended Solids (TSS) removal is required for the site. Details can be found in Appendix 'A'.

The grass swales between the buildings have been designed to have shallow slopes (<5%) & to have a length greater than 40 m, however the depth of flow will not be controlled. Each swale has a tributary drainage area less than 1 ha. The grass within the swales will be kept at a length greater than 75 mm to enhance the filtration of suspended soils. The rear portion of the site will remain vegetated and will act as a large vegetated filter strip. The filter strip has an existing slope of 0.4%, has a length of 30 m and is 10 m wide in the flow direction (towards the south). Perennial rye grass shall be planted within the swales as it is a very fast germinating grass that spreads well under full sun conditions. The outlet for this area will be the south corner of the property as in pre-development conditions.

The development of this lot will employ Best Management Practices (BMP's) wherever possible. The intent of implementing stormwater BMP's is to ensure that water quality and quantity concerns are addressed at all stages of development. BMP's at this site will be implemented at the lot level. Lot level BMP's typically include minimizing ground slopes and maximizing landscaped areas which are being implemented on this development.

6.4.1 Temperature Mitigation Measures

The MVCA references the requirements for temperature mitigation measures for Huntley Creek as it has been designated as a "cool-water fish habitat". It is expected that stormwater measures designed to promote infiltration would aid in addressing these targets. The site is primarily impervious area underlain by glacial till, so infiltration measures will be limited as BMPs for temperature mitigation. The building rooftop has been proposed with light-coloured (high albedo) material to reduce radiant heat transfer to stormwater runoff from roof areas.

As the majority of heat transfer from paved surfaces occurs during the first flush (considered as the initial 10 mm of the design event), storage of the 2 year storm event has been given priority. The clearstone media area has been sized such that the 2 year event (greater than the 10 mm event) will not require any surface storage and will be contained within the proposed underground clear-stone media storage area. This will ensure that surface flows are directed through the clearstone before discharging to the roadside ditch within Maple Creek Court.

6.4.2 Clear Stone Media Trench

A Clear Stone Media Trench has been designed for the site in order to meet the required storage volumes as per the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual March 2003 Section 4.5.8 Infiltration Trenches. The Clear Stone Media Trench has been design to meet the MOE standards; however the underlying soils onsite will not provide any significant infiltration benefits. Flow within the Clear Stone Media Trench will be directed to the roadside ditch within Maple Creek Drive and storage for the restricted flow will be provided within the voids of the clear stone.

The Clear Stone Media Trench will be constructed at the west side of the site between the building and the property line. Storm runoff from the majority of the site will be collected within the new on-site storm network and will discharge into the Clear Stone Media Trench.

6.4.3 Maintenance Design Parameters

Operation and maintenance is required to ensure effective operation, longevity and aesthetic functioning of the SWMP and may include: sediment removal, trash removal, maintenance of vegetation and inspection of the inlet(s) and outlet(s).

Estimates of the longevity of infiltration SWMPs are based on professional opinion. Equation 7.1 and Table 7.4 from the MOE Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual may be used as guidance for estimating longevity (based on monitoring results in literature and the native soil permeability). Recognizing the subjectiveness of Equation 7.1, there needs to be flexibility in assessing the lifespan of infiltration SWMPs based on site-specific information. As the majority of the site is made up of the proposed roof the runoff entering the SWM Area will have limited opportunity for carrying sediments to the infiltration structure.

Our recommendation for the SWM Area is to have annual inspections completed for the Clear Stone Media Trench including a CCTV of the pipe network within the SWM area. The inspection should note any sediment build-up, standing water or any trash on the within the structure. Based on the reviews maintenance will be required to ensure the SWM Area is functioning as designed.

7.0 SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

The site-grading contractor is responsible for ensuring sediment control structures are installed in accordance with the Site Grading and Drainage Plan as indicated. Silt fences shall be installed on site before construction or earth-moving operations begin, as shown on the site plan.

Geosock is to be installed under the grates of all existing structures along the frontage of the site and any new structures immediately upon its installation. The Geosock is to be removed only after all areas have been paved. Care shall be taken at the removal stage to ensure that any silt that has accumulated is properly handled and disposed of. Removal of silt fences without prior removal of the sediments shall not be permitted.

At the discretion of the project manager, municipal staff or conservation authority, additional silt control devices shall be installed at designated locations.

8.0 SUMMARY

- 4 new ±1,865 m² warehouse buildings will be constructed centrally on the site located at 210/220
 Maple Creek Court
- A new septic system will be installed on-site and has been designed by Paterson Group. This design has been added to this report in Appendix C for reference purposes only.
- A new drilled well will be constructed on-site to service the development with domestic water supply.
- A new storm network will be installed onsite and will discharge to the clear stone media area.
- As discussed with the City of Ottawa staff, stormwater management is not required for this site as the combined C-value is below the 0.775 threshold.
- Stormwater quality treatment will be designed to remove 80% TSS per Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority requirements.

8

9.0 RECOMMENDATION

We respectfully recommend that:

This report, dated January 20th, 2016 and the associated site grading, drainage and servicing plans be approved for engineering details.

The sediment and erosion control plan outlined in Section 7.0 and detailed in the Grading and Drainage Plan notes are to be implemented by the contractor.

This report is respectfully being submitted for approval.



Ryan Kennedy, P. Eng.

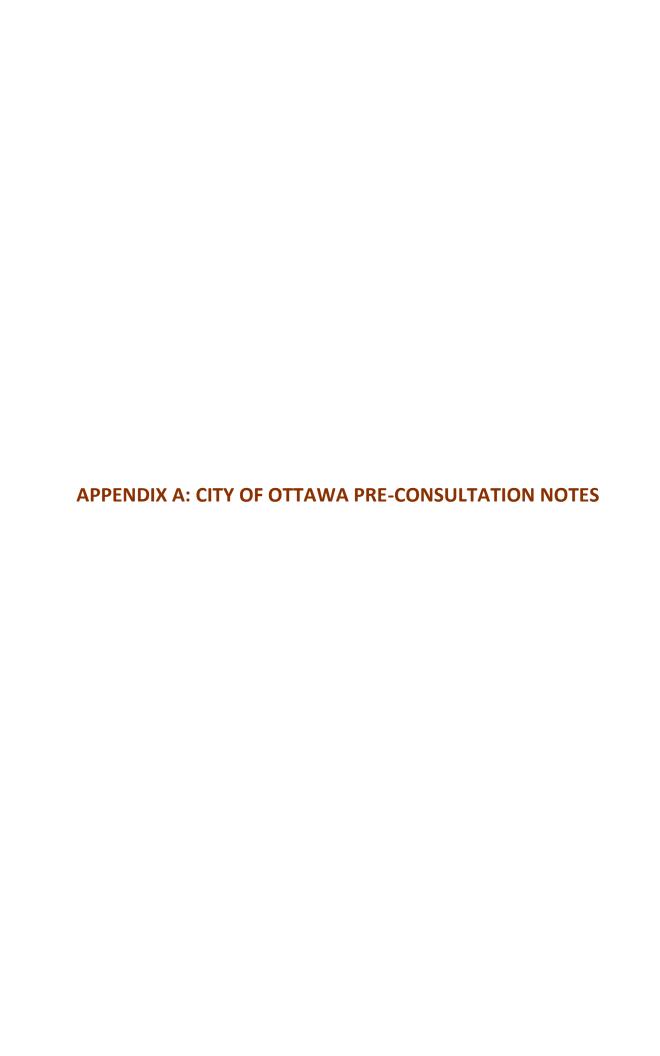
Practice Area Lead, Land Development

(613) 836-2184 Ext.2243

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Jonathan Jonker, C.E.T., rcsi Site Development Designer (613) 836-2184 Ext.2252

J.Jonker@mcintoshperry.com



Jonathan Jonker

From: Hall, Kevin < Kevin.Hall@ottawa.ca>

Sent: December 1, 2016 3:06 PM

To: Jonathan Jonker

Subject: RE: 210/220 Maple Creek Court - SWM Confirmation

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Jonathan

Yes those are still the requirements.

Kevin Hall, C.E.T.

Project Manager, Infrastructure Approvals
Development Review - Rural Services
Gestionnaire de projet, Approbation des demandes d'infrastructure
Examen des demandes d'aménagement (Services ruraux)
City of Ottawa | Ville d'Ottawa

613.580.2424 ext./poste 27824
ottawa.ca/planning / ottawa.ca/urbanisme

From: Jonathan Jonker [mailto:j.jonker@mcintoshperry.com]

Sent: Thursday, December 01, 2016 2:50 PM

To: Hall, Kevin

Subject: 210/220 Maple Creek Court - SWM Confirmation

Good Afternoon Kevin,

We are working with BBS to complete the submittal package for this site. As per the Reis Road Industrial Park Guidelines, we have determined that the site will have a combined C value of 0.66 for the 5-year and 0.74 for the 100-year. As per the engineering report for the subdivision and previous designs within the park, the site will not require on-site SWM controls.

We will provide our calculations to prove the combined runoff coefficients are below the 0.775 values. Can you please confirm that this is still the design criteria for the subdivision?

We have contacted the MVCA and they have stipulated that an enhanced level of treatment is required for the site, we will ensure this is provided through the site design.

Thank you very much,

Jonathan Jonker, C.E.T. in

Designer / Inspector | Land Development 115 Walgreen Road, RR 3, Carp, ON KOA 1L0 T. 613.836.2184 (2252) | F. 613.836.3742 | C. 613.868.6484 Stormwater Management – The allowable runoff rate from sites within the Reis Industrial Park is governed by the design assumptions used in the approved Engineering Report contained in Schedule "H" of the subdivision agreement. If the resulting runoff from the proposed site will be less than the allowable rate, no on-site SWM will be required. The design parameters used in the approved subdivision Engineering Report are as follows:

• The design of the internal drainage for the subdivision was based on site developments that would be: 50% building (C=1.0), 25% parking (C=0.9) and 25% undeveloped (C=0.2). By my interpretation of design assumptions in the subdivision Engineering Report, sites in this subdivision can be developed without a requirement for on-site SWM

as long as the combined C-value does not exceed 0.775.

It is important to note that the subdivision design used constant C-values, while the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines now stipulate a 25% increase during the 100-year event. Accordingly, I would ask that you use the City's 100-year runoff coefficients when determining the combined C-value for the site. If this is below 0.775, no on-site SWM will be required. If SWM is required, the allowable release will be based on the 5-year flow, with a C-value of 0.775

Jonathan Jonker

From: Myra Van Die <MVandie@mvc.on.ca>

Sent: September 30, 2015 10:56 AM

To: Curtis Melanson
Cc: Craig Cunningham

Subject: RE: 210 Maple Creek Court

Hi Curtis,

MVCA's quality control recommendations for the site are listed below:

- Huntley Creek is located to the south east of the site. An enhanced level of quality treatment is recommended for Huntley Creek based on the targets from the Carp River Watershed Subwatershed Study.
- The Carp Road Corridor CDP indicates the site is located within an area of high groundwater recharge. Given this, it is recommended stormwater techniques to infiltrate runoff be considered. Where infiltration measures receives primarily roof and pervious area runoff, the techniques can be employed without pre-treatment. Credit Valley Conservation has the following Design Guide available at: http://www.creditvalleyca.ca/low-impact-development-stormwater-management-planning-and-design-guide/ that may be of assistance.
- The Carp River Watershed Study identifies Huntley Creek as a cold water system and includes infiltration and runoff temperature targets. It is expected that stormwater measures designed to promote infiltration would aid in addressing these targets.

Please contact me should you have any questions.

Regards,

Myra Van Die, P.Eng. | Water Resources Engineer Mississippi Valley Conservation Authority

From: Curtis Melanson [mailto:c.melanson@mcintoshperry.com]

Sent: September-21-15 1:35 PM

To: Craig Cunningham Cc: Myra Van Die

Subject: 210 Maple Creek Court

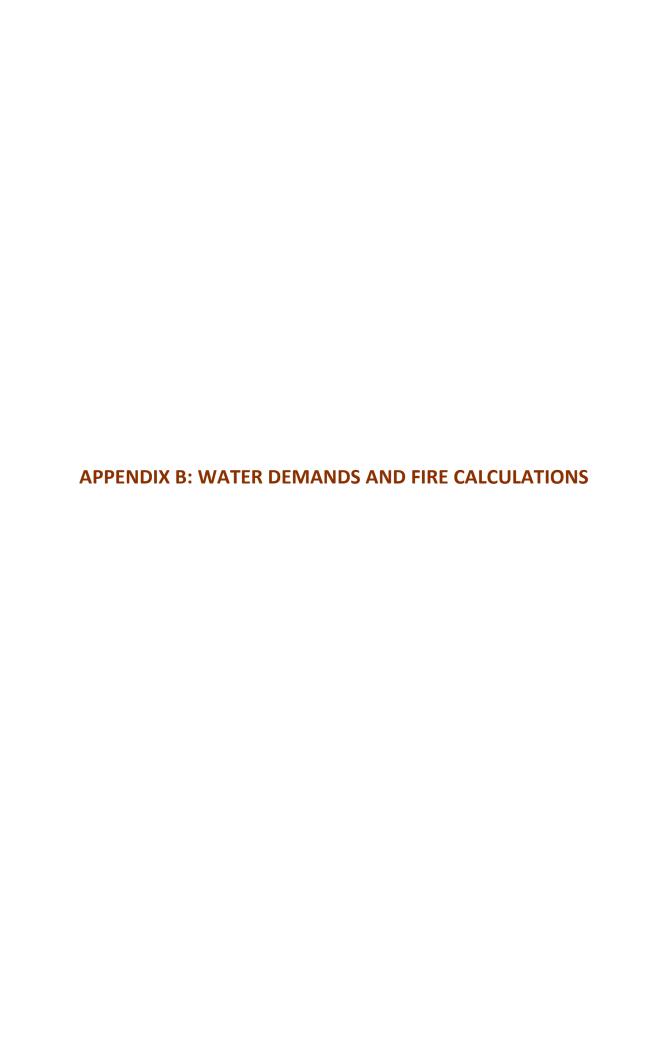
Hi Craig,

We have a client who is looking to develop approximately 50,000 ft2 of warehouse space at 210 Maple Creek Court in the Reis Industrial Park. Please see the attached concept plans for the site. They have not identified which concept they will be moving forward with.

Please note that we recognize there are a number of items missing including the septic/well/SWM locations.

We have not had a pre-consultation meeting with the City but are anticipating quantity control requirements. Can you please review and let us know what the quality control requirements for the site would be?

Thanks,



 Project:
 210/220 MAPLE CREEK COURT

 Project No.:
 CP-15-0429

 Designed By:
 JMJ

 Checked By:
 CJM

 Date:
 January 20, 2017

Ontario 2006 Building Code Compendium (Div. B - Part 3)

Water Supply for Fire-Fighting - Store/Office & Warhouse Building

Building is classified as Group: F2 (from table 3.2.2.55)
Building is of noncombustible construction or of heavy timber construction conforming to Article 3.1.4.6. Floor assemblies are fire separations but with no fire-resistance rating. Roof assemblies, mezzanines, loadbearing walls,

From Div. B A-3.2.5.7. of the Ontario Building Code - 3. Building On-Site Water Supply:

(a) $Q = K \times V \times Stot$

where:

Q = minimum supply of water in litres

K = water supply coefficient from Table 1

V = total building volume in cubic metres

Stot = total of spatial coefficient values from the property line exposures on all sides as obtained from the formula:

Stot = 1.0 + [Sside1+Sside2+Sside3+...etc.]

	K	27	(from Table 1 pg A-31) (Worst case occupancy	/ {E / F2} 'K' value used)		Fr	om Figure 1 (A-
ĺ	V	17,058	(Total building volume in cu.m.)				32)
ĺ	Stot	1.0	(From figure 1 pg A-32)	→ Snorth	13.825	m	0.0
İ	Q =	460,577.71	L	Seast	129.1	m	0.0
		Q = 400,577.71 L				m	0.0
	From Table 2: Required Minimun	Swest	20.57	m	0.0		
	*approximate dista					listand	es

9000 L/min (if Q >270,000 L) 2378 GPM

Table 1					
WATER SUPPLY COEFFICIENT - K					
Classification by Group or Division in Accordance Table 3.1.2.1. of the Building Code				ance with	
TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION	A-2 B-1 B-2 B-3 C	A-4 F-3	A-1 A-3	E F-2	F-1
Building is of noncombustible construction with fire separations and fire-resistance ratings provided in accordance with Subsection 3.2.2., including loadbearing walls, columns and arches.	10	12	14	17	23
Building is of noncombustible construction or of heavy timber construction conforming to Article 3.1.4.6. Floor assemblies are fire separations but with no fire-resistance rating. Roof assemblies, mezzanines, loadbearing walls, columns and arches do not have a fire-resistance rating.	16	19	22	27	37
Building is of combustible construction with fire separations and fire-resistance ratings provided in accordance with Subsection 3.2.2., including loadbearing walls, columns and arches. Noncombustible construction may be used in lieu of fire-resistance rating where permitted in Subsection 3.2.2.	18	22	25	31	41
Building is of combustible construction. Floor assemblies are fire separations but with no fire-resistance rating. Roof assemblies, mezzanines, loadbearing walls, columns and arches do not have a fire-resistance rating.	23	28	32	39	53
Column 1	2	3	4	5	6

3.2.2.55.

2006 Building Code



Table 3.2.2.55. Maximum Building Area, Group D, up to 2 Storeys Forming Part of Sentence 3.2.2.55.(1)

No. of Storeys	Maximum Area, m ²				
No. of Storeys	Facing 1 Street	Facing 2 Streets	Facing 3 Streets		
1 2	1 000 800	1 250 1 000	1 500 1 200		
Column 1	2	3	4		

A-3.2.5.7. - Div. B

2006 BUILDING CODE COMPENDIUM

♥ Ontario

Table 2				
OBC Part 3 Buildings	Required Minimum Water Supply Flow Rate (L/min)			
One-storey building with building area not exceeding 600 m ²	1800			
All other buildings	$\begin{array}{l} 2700 \ (\text{if } Q \le 108,000 \ L)^{(1)} \\ 3600 \ (\text{if } Q > 108,000 \ L \ \text{and} \ \le \ 135,000 \ L)^{(1)} \\ 4500 \ (\text{if } Q > 135,000 \ L \ \text{and} \ \le \ 162,000 \ L)^{(1)} \\ 5400 \ (\text{if } Q > 162,000 \ L \ \text{and} \ \le \ 190,000 \ L)^{(1)} \\ 6300 \ (\text{if } Q > 190,000 \ L \ \text{and} \ \le \ 270,000 \ L)^{(1)} \\ 9000 \ (\text{if } Q > 270,000 \ L)^{(1)} \end{array}$			

Note to Table 2: (1) Q = KVS_{Tot} as referenced in Paragraph 3(a)



Project: Wall Sound and Lighting

210/220 Maple Creek Court

Ottawa, ON

Re: Fire Fighting Storage Tank Calculations

1. Building Occupancy

From Table 3.1.2.1. Volume 1 of the National Building Code – Major Occupancy Classification:

Group F Division 2

2. Buildings Requiring On-Site Water Supply

From Div. B A-3.2.5.7. Volume 2 of the National Building Code – 3. "Buildings Requiring On-Site Water Supply"

• Q= $K*V*S_{tot}$ Where:

K = 27 (from Table 1 pg A-30)

 $V = 17,058 \text{ m}^3$

(NOTE: The volume was calculated using total final volume of the

Phase 1 building)

 $S_{tot} = 1.00$ (from Figure 1 pg A-32)

• Therefore, $Q = (27) * (17,058 \text{ m}^3) * (1.00) = 460,566 \text{ L} (~ 121,669 \text{ gal})$

3. Minimum Required Water Supply

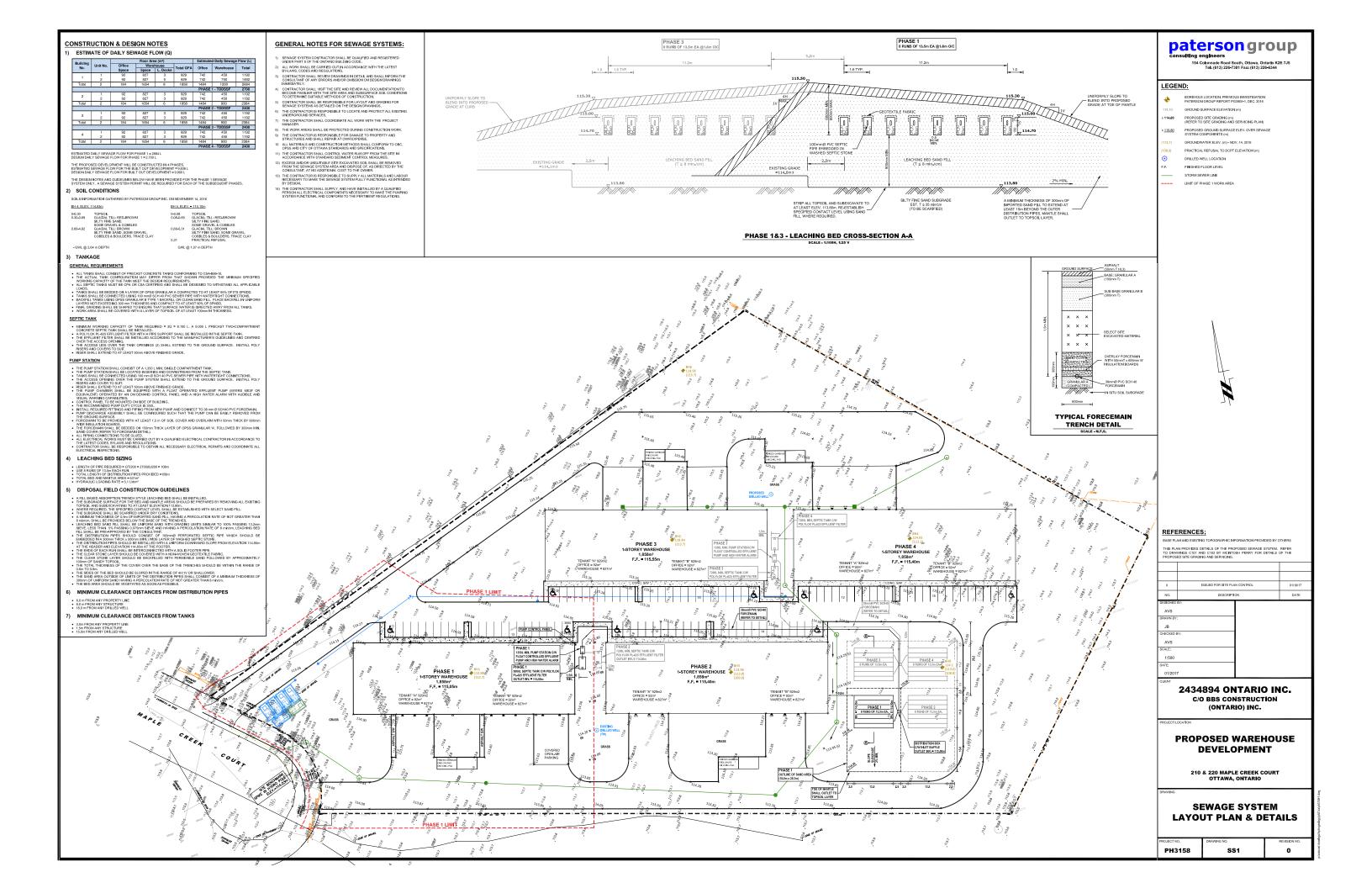
From Div. B A-3.2.5.7., Table 2, Volume 2 of the National Building Code – Required Minimum Water Supply Flow Rate (L/min)

9,000 L/min (if Q > 270.000 L)
 From 3. (c) 9000 L/min for 30 min = 270,000 L (~71,326 gal)

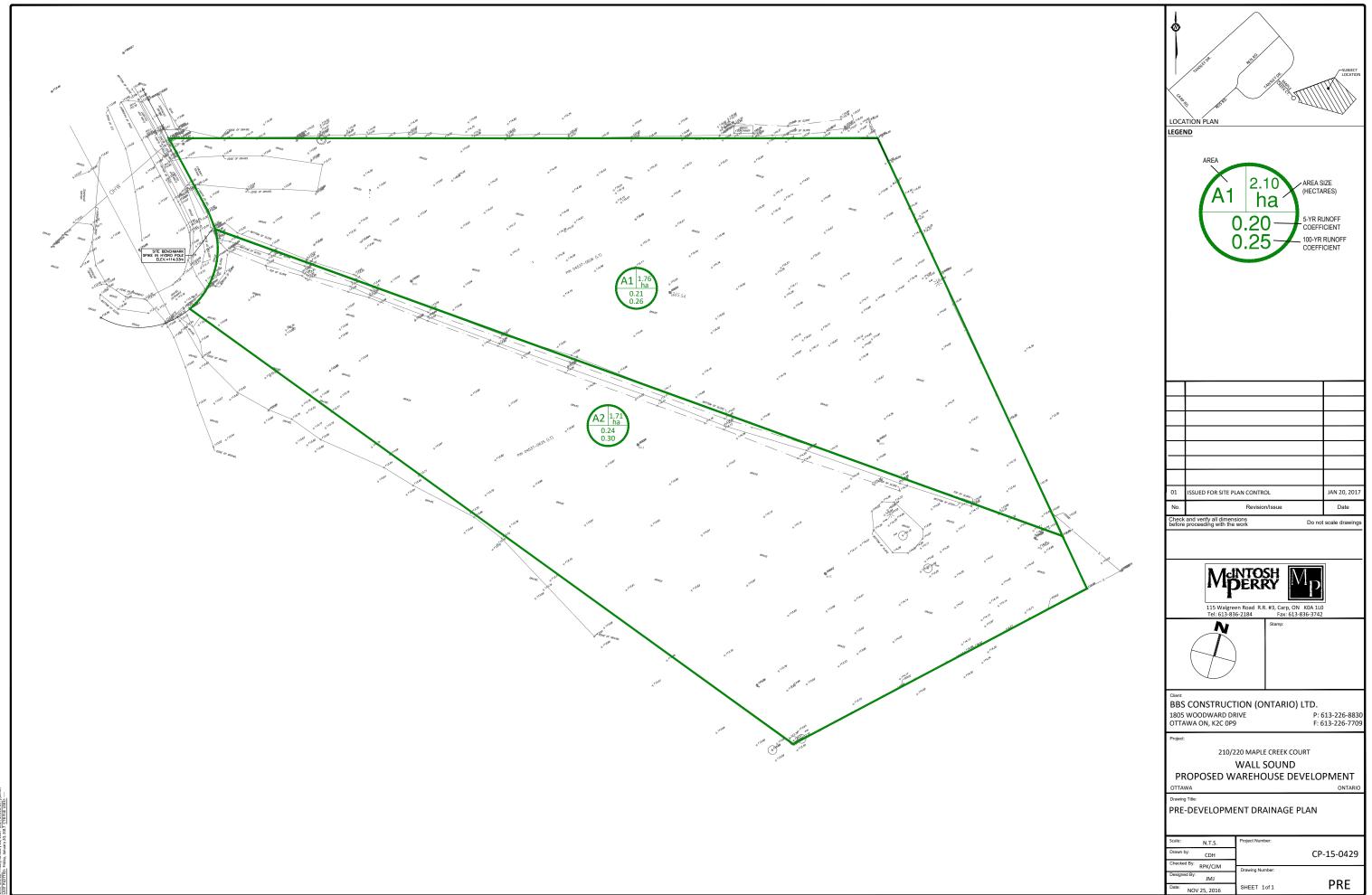
Due to the excessive amount of water required from the equation above, the minimum supply required for 30 minutes will be used for this site. Therefore, the proposed underground fire protection tanks will be 5 <u>45460.9 L</u> (10,000 gal) tanks.

(MPCE File # CP-15-0429)

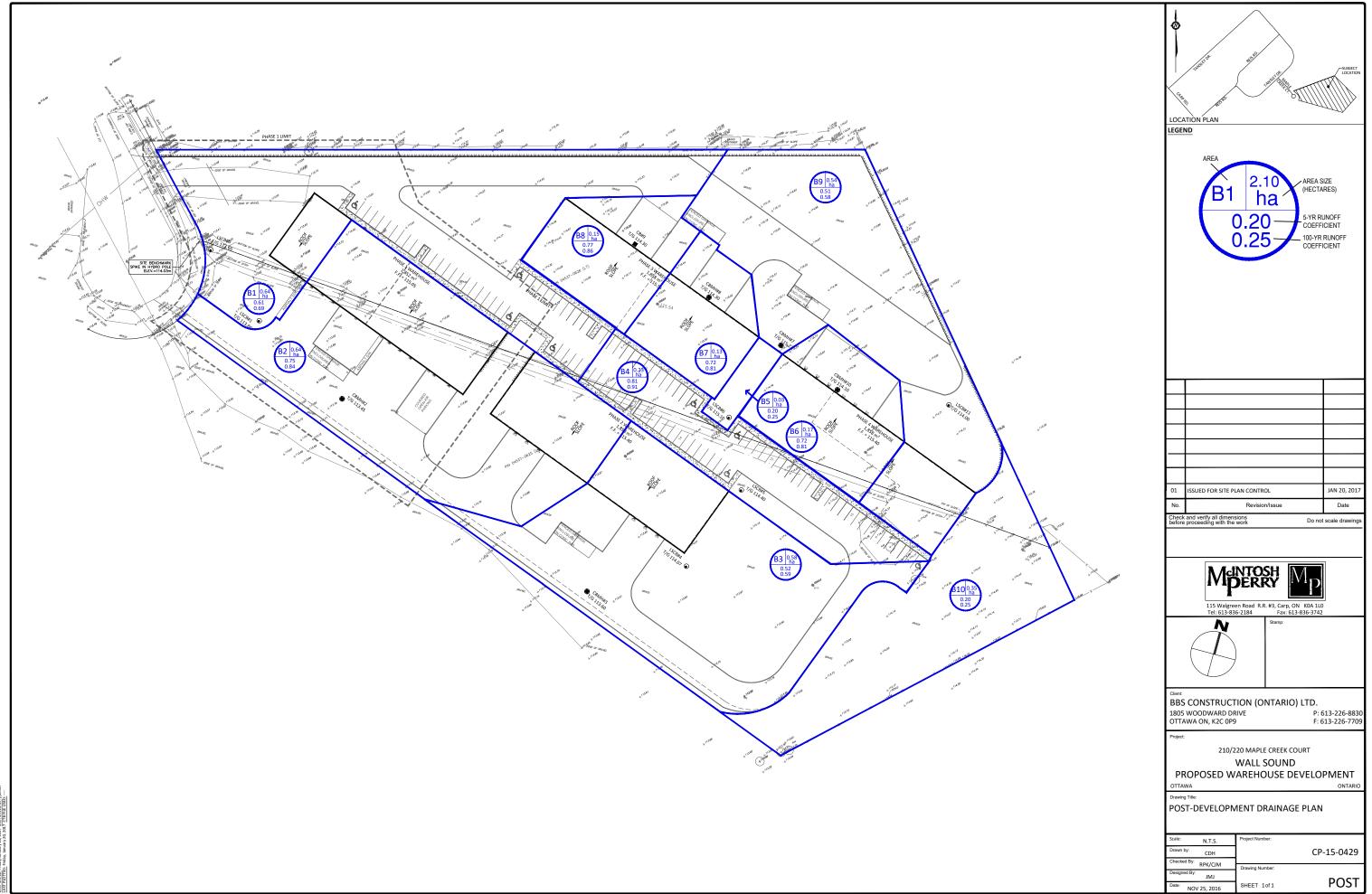
APPENDIX C: SEPTIC DESIGN BY PATERSON GROUP



APPENDIX D: PRE-DEVELOPEMENT PLAN



APPENDIX E: POST-DEVELOPMENT PLAN



APPENDIX F: STORMWATER CALCULATIO	NS

AVERAGE PRE-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Area A1	210 MAPLE CREEK - NORTH SIDE					
Type	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)	
GRAVEL	0.60	0.75	411.7	247.0	308.8	
GRASS	0.20	0.25	17151.5	3430.3	4287.9	
Ava C	0.21	0.26				

Area A2	220 MAPLE CREEK - SOUTH SIDE				
Туре	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
GRAVEL	0.60	0.75	1816.3	1089.8	1362.2
GRASS	0.20	0.25	15288.8	3057.8	3822.2
Avg C	0.24	0.30			

AVERAGE POST-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Area B1	NORTH WEST CORNER OF DEVELOPMENT AREA				
Туре	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	2770.9	2493.8	2770.9
BUILDING	0.90	1.00	346.7	312.0	346.7
CONCRETE	0.90	1.00	504.4	454.0	504.4
GRAVEL	0.60	0.75	201.1	120.7	150.8
GRASS	0.20	0.25	2549.1	509.8	637.3
Avg C	0.61	0.69			

Area B2	SOUTH WEST CORNER OF DEVELOPMENT AREA					
Type	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)	
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	2414.4	2173.0	2414.4	
BUILDING	0.90	1.00	2639.4	2375.5	2639.4	
CONCRETE	0.90	1.00	25.0	22.5	25.0	
GRASS	0.20	0.25	1334.4	266.9	333.6	
Avg C	0.75	0.84		·	·	

Area B3		SOUTH SIDE OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT				
Туре	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)	
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	1717.7	1546.0	1717.7	
BUILDING	0.90	1.00	926.7	834.0	926.7	
GRASS	0.20	0.25	3186.8	637.4	796.7	
Avg C	0.52	0.59				

Area B4	CENTRAL AREA OF BUILDINGS				
Type	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	1688.5	1519.6	1688.5
CONCRETE	0.90	1.00	348.5	313.7	348.5
GRASS	0.20	0.25	295.0	59.0	73.8
Avg C	0.81	0.91			

Area B5	BETWEEN BUILDINGS				
Туре	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
GRASS	0.20	0.25	279.2	55.8	69.8
Avg C	0.20	0.25			

Area B6	PHASE 4 BUILDING AREA				
Type	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	148.4	133.5	148.4
BUILDING	0.90	1.00	1159.4	1043.4	1159.4
GRASS	0.20	0.25	440.0	88.0	110.0
Avg C	0.72	0.81			

Area B7	SOUTHEAST HALF OF PHASE 3 BUILDING				
Туре	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	104.3	93.9	104.3
BUILDING	0.90	1.00	857.2	771.5	857.2
GRASS	0.20	0.25	328.3	65.7	82.1
Ava C	0.72	0.81			

Area B8	NORTHEAST HALF OF PHASE 3 BUILDING				
Type	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	261.7	235.6	261.7
BUILDING	0.90	1.00	1005.2	904.7	1005.2
GRASS	0.20	0.25	280.3	56.1	70.1
Avg C	0.77	0.86			

Area B9	NORTH EAST CORNER OF DEVELOPMENT AREA				
Туре	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
ASPHALT	0.90	1.00	2406.6	2165.9	2406.6
GRASS	0.20	0.25	3038.4	607.7	759.6
Avg C	0.51	0.58			

Area B10	SOUTH EAST SIDE OF DEVELOPMENT AREA				
Type	C (5-yr)	C (100-yr)	Area (m²)	Product (5-yr)	Product (100-yr)
GRASS	0.20	0.25	3473.0	694.6	868.3
Avg C	0.20	0.25			

Time of concentration (min.)	25mm EVENT (mm/hr)	5-Year (mm/hr)	100-Year (mm/hr)	
20.00	15.6	70.3	120.0	PRE-DEVELOPMENT
10.00	31.3	104.2	178.6	POST-DEVELOPMENT

PRE-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Basin	Drainage Area (ha)	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 5- yr	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 100-yr	5-Year Flow Rate (I/s)	100-Year Flow Rate (I/s)
A1	1.76	0.21	0.26	72.0	152.3
A2	1.71	0.24	0.30	80.2	171.1
Total	3.47	0.22	0.28	152.2	323.4

POST-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF COEFFICIENT CALCULATIONS

Basin	Drainage Area (ha)	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 5- yr	Balanced Runoff Coefficient (C) 100-yr	5-Year Flow Rate (I/s)	100-Year Flow Rate (I/s)
B1	0.64	0.61	0.69	75.9	146.6
B2	0.64	0.75	0.84	93.9	179.6
B3	0.58	0.52	0.59	59.2	114.7
B4	0.23	0.81	0.91	36.9	70.8
B5	0.03	0.20	0.25	1.1	2.3
B6	0.17	0.72	0.81	24.6	47.2
B7	0.13	0.72	0.81	18.1	34.8
B8	0.15	0.77	0.86	23.3	44.4
В9	0.54	0.51	0.58	54.2	105.3
B10	0.35	0.20	0.25	13.6	29.0
Total	3.47	0.59	0.67	400.8	774.8

STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PROJECT: Maple Creek Court
LOCATION: Ottawa
CLIENT: BBS Construction
PAGE: 3 OF 3





	LOCATION					CONTRIBUTI	NG AREA (h	na)		RATION				RATIO	TIONAL DESIGN FLOW						SEWER DATA								
1	2	3	4	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
STREET	AREA ID	FROM	TO		-VALUE	AREA		INDIV	CUMUL	INLET	TIME	TOTAL	i (5)	i (10)	i (100)	5yr PEAK	10yr PEAK		FIXED	DESIGN	CAPACITY	LENGTH		PIPE SIZE (mm)	SLOPE	VELOCITY	AVAIL C	CAP (5yr)
JIKELI	AKLATO	MH	MH	C-	VALUL	ANLA		AC	AC	(min)	IN PIPE	(min)	(mm/hr)	(mm/hr)	(mm/hr)	FLOW (L/s)	(L/s)	(m)	DIA	W	Н	(%)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(%)				
	B9	LCSB#11	CB#10		0.51	0.54		0.28	0.28	10.00	0.75	10.75	104.19	122.14	178.56	80.44				80.44	91.46	35.92	375			0.25	0.802	11.02	12.05%
	B6	CB#10	CBMH#7		0.72	0.17		0.13	0.40	10.75	0.37	11.12	100.41	117.69	172.01	112.64				112.64	129.34	25.50	375			0.50	1.134	16.70	12.91%
	B8	CB#9	CB#8		0.77	0.15		0.11	0.11	10.00	0.56	10.56	104.19	122.14	178.56	32.27				32.27	43.87	29.05	250			0.50	0.866	11.60	26.44%
	B7	CB#8	CBMH#7		0.72	0.13		0.09	0.20	10.56	0.26	10.82	101.33	118.77	173.60	57.54				57.54	182.91	25.03	375			1.00	1.604	125.37	68.54%
		CBMH#7	LSCB#6						0.61	11.12	0.39	11.51	98.62	115.58	168.92	166.64				166.64	188.11	26.97	450			0.40	1.146	21.47	11.41%
	B5	LSCB#6	LSCB#5		0.20	0.03		0.01	0.61	11.51	0.37	11.89	96.83	113.47	165.82	165.11				165.11	188.11	25.66	450			0.40	1.146	23.00	12.23%
	B4	LSCB#5	LSCB#4		0.81	0.23		0.19	0.80	11.89	0.36	12.24	95.18	111.53	162.98	212.29				212.29	230.39	29.99	450			0.60	1.403	18.10	7.86%
	В3	LSCB#4	CBMH#3		0.52				0.80	12.24	0.39	12.63	93.67	109.75	160.36	208.92				208.92	230.39	32.72	450			0.60	1.403	21.47	9.32%
	ьэ	CBMH#3	CBMH#2		0.32	0.52		0.58	1.39	12.63	1.19	13.83	92.08	107.88	157.62	354.65				354.65	405.13	99.47	600			0.40	1.388	50.48	12.46%
	B2	CBMH#2	LSCB#1		0.75	0.64		0.48	1.87	13.83	0.52	14.34	87.55	102.55	149.79	454.28				454.28	518.80	43.58	675			0.35	1.404	64.52	12.44%
	B1	LSCB#1	LSCB#0		0.61	0.04		0.02	0.02	10.00	0.32	10.32	104.19	122.14	178.56	7.07				7.07	129.34	21.95	375			0.50	1.134	122.27	94.54%
	ы	LSCB#0	EX		0.01	0.60		0.36	0.39	10.32	0.13	10.45	102.52	120.17	175.66	110.78				110.78	71.33	7.68	300			0.50	0.978	-39.45	-55.30%
																													1
Definitions:				Notes:						Designed:		CH			No.					Revision							Date		
Q = 2.78CiA, where:				1. Man	nnings coeffic	cient (n) =			0.013						1.				ISSUED F	OR SITE PLAN	CONTROL						2017-01-20		
Q = Peak Flow in Litres	per Second (L/s)																												
A = Area in Hectares (ha	a)									Checked:		CJM																	
i = Rainfall intensity in	millimeters per hour (mr	m/hr)																											
[i = 998.071 / (TC+6.0	053)^0.814]	5 YEAR																											
[i = 1174.184 / (TC+6.	.014)^0.816]	10 YEAR								Project No.:		CP-15-0429				ĺ													
[i = 1735.688 / (TC+6.		100 YEAR								1						•			Di	ate:							Sheet No:		
																				'-01-20							3 of 3		

APPENDIX G: CITY OF OTTAWA DESIGN CHECKLIST

City of Ottawa

4. Development Servicing Study Checklist

The following section describes the checklist of the required content of servicing studies. It is expected that the proponent will address each one of the following items for the study to be deemed complete and ready for review by City of Ottawa Infrastructure Approvals staff.

The level of required detail in the Servicing Study will increase depending on the type of application. For example, for Official Plan amendments and re-zoning applications, the main issues will be to determine the capacity requirements for the proposed change in land use and confirm this against the existing capacity constraint, and to define the solutions, phasing of works and the financing of works to address the capacity constraint. For subdivisions and site plans, the above will be required with additional detailed information supporting the servicing within the development boundary.

4.1 General Content

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
Date and revision number of the report.	On Cover
☐ Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Appendix 'E'
☐ Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Site Servicing and Utility Plan
Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning	1.1 Purpose
and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	1.2 Site Description
	6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Appendix 'A'
☐ Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and	1.1 Purpose
reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and	1.2 Site Description
develop a defendable design criteria.	6.0 Stormwater Management

$\hfill \square$ Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	3.0 Pre-Consultation Summary
☐ Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	N/A
☐ Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	Lot Grading, Drainage Plan, Sediment and Erosion Control Plan
☐ Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	Lot Grading, Drainage Plan, Sediment and Erosion Control Plan
☐ Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
☐ Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
☐ Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	See Geotech
 All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: Metric scale North arrow (including construction North) Key plan Name and contact information of applicant and property owner Property limits including bearings and dimensions Existing and proposed structures and parking areas Easements, road widening and rights-of-way Adjacent street names 	Lot Grading, Drainage Plan, Sediment and Erosion Control Plan

4.2 Development Servicing Report: Water

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/A
Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development	N/A
☐ Identification of system constraints	N/A
☐ Identify boundary conditions	N/A
☐ Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure	N/A
 Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development. 	Appendix 'B'
☐ Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	N/A
 Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design 	N/A
Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/A
☐ Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification.	N/A
Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range	N/A

☐ Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	N/A
☐ Description of off-site required feedermains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A
☐ Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Appendix 'B'
Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A

4.3 Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	N/A
☐ Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A
☐ Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/A
Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	5.2 Sanitary Servicing

☐ Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	N/A
☐ Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	N/A
 Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains. 	5.2 Sanitary Servicing
Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A
Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
☐ Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A
☐ Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
☐ Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A

4.4 Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
☐ Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)	6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	N/A
☐ A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Pre- and Post-Development Plans
☐ Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	6.0 Stormwater Management
 Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information. 	6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
☐ Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	N/A
☐ Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A

☐ Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).	Appendix 'F'
☐ Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	Sediment and Erosion Control Plan
☐ Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	6.0 Stormwater Management, Appendix 'F'
$\hfill \square$ Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	6.0 Stormwater Management
 Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities. 	6.0 Stormwater Management
☐ If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100 year return period storm event.	Appendix 'A'
☐ Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
☐ Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A
Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	6.0 Stormwater Management
100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	Lot Grading, Drainage Plan & sediment Control Plan
☐ Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/A

 Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors. 	7.0 Sediment and Erosion Control
☐ Identification of floodplains — proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
☐ Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

The Servicing Study shall provide a list of applicable permits and regulatory approvals necessary for the proposed development as well as the relevant issues affecting each approval. The approval and permitting shall include but not be limited to the following:

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	N/A
☐ Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
☐ Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
 Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.) 	N/A

4.6 Conclusion Checklist

Criteria	Location (if applicable)
Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	8.0 Summary
	9.0 Recommendations
☐ Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	All are stamped
☐ All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario	All are stamped