

**FUNCTIONAL SERVICING AND
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
REPORT**

FOR

**MATTAMY HOMES
WATERIDGE VILLAGE – BLOCK 22**

CITY OF OTTAWA

PROJECT NO.: 17-948

AUGUST 2017 – REV 1
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FOR
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MATTAMY HOMES**

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

David Schaeffer Engineering Limited (DSEL) has been retained to prepare a Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management report in support of the Site Plan Application for Block 22 of the former CFB Rockcliffe lands, which are currently under re-development by the Canada Lands Company.

The subject property is located within the City of Ottawa urban boundary, in the Rideau-Rockcliffe area. As illustrated in **Figure 1**, the subject property is encompassed by Hemlock Road, Michael Stoqua Street and Moses Tennisco Street, all of which are currently under construction. Comprised of a single parcel, it measures approximately **0.46 ha** and is zoned Residential Fifth Density Zone (R5Y[2312]).

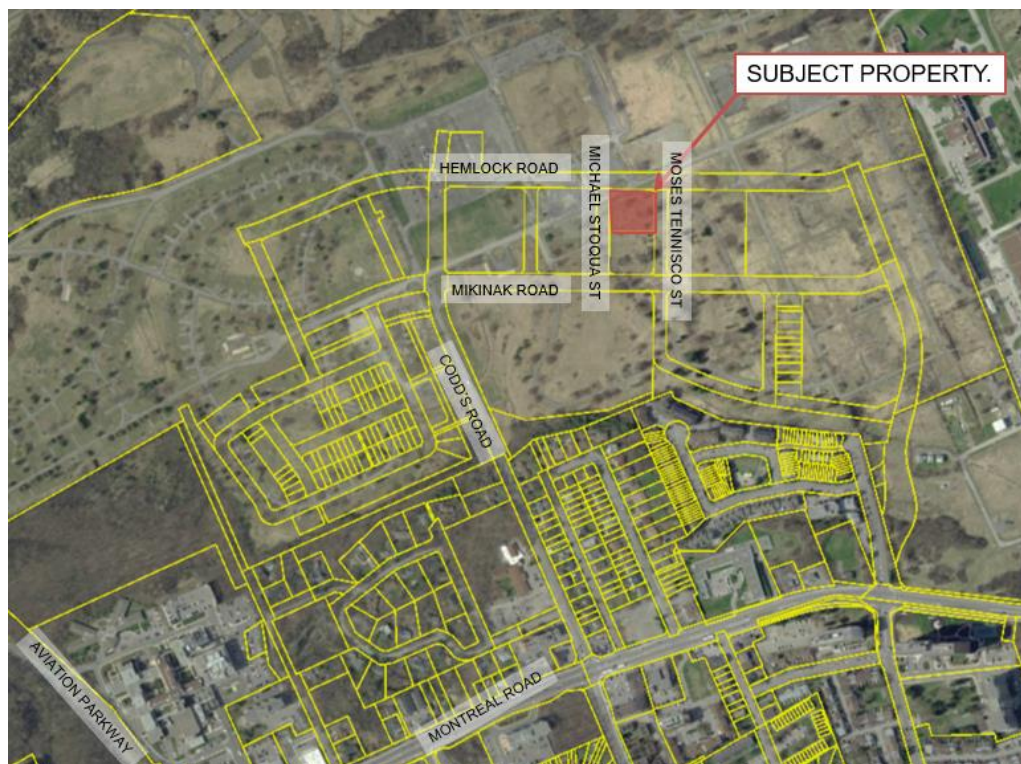


Figure 1: Site Location

The proposed development by Mattamy Homes involves the construction of 11 Rear Lane Townhomes and 48 Stacked Townhomes. The development also includes surface parking for the Stacked Townhomes within the site. A copy of the site plan and site statistics is included in ***Drawings/Figures***.

The objective of this report is to provide sufficient detail with respect to the availability of site services, to support the application for site plan control.

1.1 Existing Conditions

The existing lands are vacant, while the construction of the surrounding road network and underground services are currently underway at the time of this publication. Historically, the lands were part of the Canadian Forces Base Rockcliffe (CFB Rockcliffe).

A preliminary geotechnical investigation was completed by Paterson Group Inc. in August 2017. Per the geotechnical report, the subject site consists of a layer of existing fill from the previous land use underlain by stiff to very stiff brown silty clay. Practical refusal was encountered between 3.3 to 3.9m below existing grade.

The Canada Lands Company will be delivering the site to a pre-grade condition in accordance with Mattamy Homes requirements.

Hemlock Road

- 300mm diameter PVC watermain
- 750mm diameter storm sewer
- 250mm diameter sanitary sewer

Michael Stoqua Street

- 200 mm diameter watermain
- 375mm diameter storm sewer
- 250mm diameter sanitary sewer

Moses Tennisco Street

- 200 mm diameter watermain
- 525 mm diameter storm sewer
- 250mm diameter sanitary sewer

The infrastructure described above is based on design drawings, not as-built drawings. The design drawings are as per the Wateridge Village at Rockcliffe Phase 1B drawing set prepared by IBI Group dated February 16, 2017.

1.2 Required Permits / Approvals

The proposed development is subject to the site plan control approval process. The City of Ottawa must approve the engineering design drawings and reports prior to the issuance of site plan control.

1.3 Pre-consultation

Pre-consultation correspondence, along with the servicing guidelines checklist, is located in **Appendix A**.

2.0 GUIDELINES, PREVIOUS STUDIES, AND REPORTS

2.1 Existing Studies, Guidelines, and Reports

The following studies were utilized in the preparation of this report.

- **Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines,**
City of Ottawa, *SDG002*, October 2012
(City Standards)
- **Ottawa Design Guidelines – Water Distribution**
City of Ottawa, July 2010.
(Water Supply Guidelines)
 - **Technical Bulletin ISD-2010-2**
City of Ottawa, December 15, 2010.
(ISD-2010-2)
 - **Technical Bulletin ISDTB-2014-02**
City of Ottawa, May 27, 2014.
(ISDTB-2014-02)
- **Design Guidelines for Sewage Works,**
Ministry of the Environment, 2008.
(MOE Design Guidelines)
- **Stormwater Planning and Design Manual,**
Ministry of the Environment, March 2003.
(SWMP Design Manual)
- **Ontario Building Code Compendium**
Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing Building Development Branch,
January 1, 2010 Update
(OBC)
- **Water Supply for Public Fire Protection**
Fire Underwriters Survey, 1999.
(FUS)
- **Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide**
Credit Valley Conservation & Toronto and Region Conservation, 2010.
(LID Guide)
- **Former CFB Rockcliffe Master Servicing Study**
IBI Group, August 2015
(MSS)
- **Low Impact Development (LID) Demonstration Project**
Aquafor Beech Ltd., August 2015
(LID Demonstration Project)

3.0 WATER SUPPLY SERVICING

3.1 Existing Water Supply Services

The subject property lies within the City of Ottawa MONT pressure zone, as shown by the Pressure Zone map in **Appendix B**. Based on the design drawings for the Wateridge Phase 1B subdivision, a local 200 mm diameter watermain is currently being constructed within the Michael Stoqua Street and Moses Tennisco Street right-of-ways to service the subject site.

The water servicing for the subject site was accounted for in the design of the water distribution system outlined in the **MSS**. Block 22 described in the MSS is part of a larger parcel known as **Block 40**. The total units allocated in these blocks per the **MSS** is **83 units**. Block 22 has since been split into 2 equal blocks, therefore, there are approximately **42 units** allocated with a population of **2.3 person/unit** in each block. The water demand per the **MSS** was determined assuming a consumption rate of **198 L/person/day**, the total water demand per the **MSS** is summarized in **Table 1** below.

Table 1
Summary of Water Demand per MSS

Design Parameter	Total Demand (L/min)
Average Day	13.3
Max Day	65.4
Max Day + Fire Flow	13,000 + 65.4

Fire flow for the site has been assumed at **13,000 L/min** and all nodes surrounding the site have the ability to provide the required fire flow at greater than 140 kPa (20 PSI).

3.2 Water Supply Servicing Design

It is proposed to provide a connection to the 200mm watermain within Michael Stoqua Street and a connection to the 200mm watermain within Moses Tennisco Street. The site is adequately serviced by surrounding fire hydrants on Hemlock Road, Michael Stoqua Street and Moses Tennisco Street.

Due to the width of the right-of-way and the proximity of the Rear Lane Townhomes, it is proposed to provide a watermain 1.5m away from the proposed sanitary sewer. The water and sanitary sewers are designed in accordance with *Procedures to Govern Separation of Sewers and Watermains (Procedure F-6-1)* prepared by the Ministry of the Environment.

Table 2 summarizes the **Water Supply Guidelines** employed in the preparation of the water demand estimate for the proposed development.

Table 2
Water Supply Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value
Townhouse	2.7 P/unit
Residential Average Daily Demand	350 L/d/P
Residential Maximum Daily Demand	3.6 x avg. day *
Residential Maximum Hourly	5.4 x max. day *
Minimum Watermain Size	150mm diameter
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.4m from top of watermain to finished grade
During normal operating conditions desired operating pressure is within	350kPa and 480kPa
During normal operating conditions pressure must not drop below	275kPa
During normal operating conditions pressure must not exceed	552kPa
During fire flow operating pressure must not drop below	140kPa
<i>*Daily average based on Appendix 4-A from Water Supply Guidelines</i> <i>** Residential Max. Daily and Max. Hourly peaking factors per MOE Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems Table 3-3 for 0 to 500 persons.</i> <i>-Table updated to reflect ISD-2010-2</i>	

Table 3 summarizes the anticipated water supply demand and proposed boundary conditions. Boundary conditions for the subject site were extracted from the **MSS** for the nodes closest to the proposed connection points on Michael Stoqua Street and Moses Tennisco Street.

Table 3
Water Demand and Boundary Conditions
Proposed Conditions

Design Parameter	Anticipated Demand ¹ (L/min)	Boundary Condition ² Connection 1 (m H ₂ O / kPa)		Boundary Condition ² Connection 2 (m H ₂ O / kPa)	
Average Daily Demand	38.9	52.6	516.0	54.0	529.4
Max Day	140.0	53.2	521.6	54.5	534.4
Max Day + Fire Flow	11,000 + 140.0	37.4	366.9	43.0	421.4
1) Water demand calculation per Water Supply Guidelines . See Appendix B for detailed calculations. 2) Boundary conditions per the MSS Connection 1 is to Michael Stoqua (Node 27 from MSS), Connection 2 is to Moses Tennisco (Node 24 from MSS)					

The **MSS** only described the Average Daily Demand, Max Day Demand and Max Day + Fire Flow scenarios. There is a proposed water demand increased as the **MSS** estimated water demand assuming the 2013 Water Master Plan, whereas the water demand shown in **Table 3** is calculated in accordance with the **Water Supply Guideline**.

The increase in water demand is to be reviewed by IBI to ensure that no negative impacts arise from the additional demand.

Fire flow requirements are to be determined in accordance with Local Guidelines (**FUS**), City of Ottawa **Water Supply Guidelines**, and the Ontario Building Code.

Using the **FUS** method, a conservative estimation of fire flow has been established. Based on information received from **Mattamy Homes**, the following assumptions were assumed for both Stacked Townhomes and standard Townhomes:

Type of construction – Non-Combustible Construction

Occupancy type – Non-Combustible

Sprinkler Protection – Non-Sprinklered

The above assumptions result in an estimated fire flow of approximately **11,000 L/min**; actual building materials selected will affect the estimated flow; see **Appendix B** for detailed FUS calculations.

3.3 Watermain Modeling

EPANet was utilized to determine pipe sizing and the availability of pressures throughout the system during Average Day demand, Max Day, and Max Day plus Fire Flow scenarios. The static model determines pressures based on the available head obtained from the boundary conditions from the **MSS**, as indicated in **Table 3**.

The model utilizes the Hazen-Williams equation to determine pressure drops, while the pipe properties, including friction factors, have been selected in accordance with Table 4.4 of the **Water Supply Guidelines**.

A summary of the resulting pressures at all nodes are summarized in **Table 4** below.

Table 4
Resulting Pressures Proposed Conditions

Node ID	Average Day (kPa)	Max Day (kPa)	Max Day + Fire Flow (kPa)
1	542.4	543.4	393.6
2	538.8	520.7	375.6
3	544.3	541.5	396.4
4	548.7	549.0	418.8

The minimum and maximum pressures shown in **Table 4** fall within the allowable pressures described in **Table 2**. Pressures during Average Day and Max Day are at the high end of the allowable pressure. A pressure test should be conducted at the time of construction to determine if pressure reducing valves are required.

The model predicted that water will flow in all areas of the system and no ‘dead’ zones were found.

3.4 Water Supply Conclusion

The boundary conditions at the site were determined from the **MSS**. As demonstrated by **Table 4**, the municipal system is capable of delivering water within the **Water Supply Guidelines** pressure range. Sufficient flow is available within Michael Stoqua Street and Moses Tennisco Street to provide fire protection for the site.

The proposed water supply design conforms to all relevant City Guidelines and Policies.

4.0 WASTEWATER SERVICING

4.1 Existing Wastewater Services

The sanitary flow from the subject property has been considered in the wastewater design for the Wateridge Subdivision, as outlined in the **MSS**. Block 22 was contemplated to drain a portion of the flow to the 250mm sanitary sewer within Michael Stoqua Street with the other portion of flow directed to the sanitary sewer within Moses Tennisco Street.

The total wastewater flow from the **MSS** is summarized in **Table 5** below.

Table 5
Wastewater Flow per MSS – Total Site Area

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	0.39
Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	1.57
Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	1.70

As discussed above, only a portion of the site was allocated to drain to the Michael Stoqua Street sanitary sewer, summarized below.

Table 6
Wastewater Flow per MSS – To Michael Stoqua Street Sewer

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	0.21
Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	0.84
Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	0.91

Based on the sanitary design sheet prepared by IBI Group (dated January 25, 2017) there is **48.11 L/s** of available capacity within the Michael Stoqua Street sanitary sewer. Please refer to **Appendix C** for reduced copies of the IBI sanitary design sheet and drainage area map.

4.2 Wastewater Design

It is proposed that the development will connect to the 250mm diameter sewer within the Michael Stoqua Street right-of-way.

Table 7 summarizes the **City Standards** employed in the design of the proposed wastewater sewer system.

Table 7
Wastewater Design Criteria

Design Parameter	Value
Townhouse	2.7 P/unit
Average Daily Demand - Residential	350 L/d/per
Peaking Factor	Harmon's Peaking Factor. 4.0
Infiltration and Inflow Allowance	0.28L/s/ha
Sanitary sewers are to be sized employing the Manning's Equation	$Q = \frac{1}{n} AR^{\frac{2}{3}} S^{\frac{1}{2}}$
Minimum Sewer Size	200mm diameter
Minimum Manning's 'n'	0.013
Minimum Depth of Cover	2.5m from crown of sewer to grade
Minimum Full Flowing Velocity	0.6m/s
Maximum Full Flowing Velocity	3.0m/s
<i>Extracted from Sections 4 and 6 of the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, October 2012.</i>	

Table 8 demonstrates the anticipated peak flow from the proposed development. See **Appendix C** for associated calculations.

Table 8
Summary of Estimated Peak Wastewater Flow

Design Parameter	Total Flow (L/s)
Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow	0.65
Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow	2.59
Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow	2.72

The estimated sanitary flow, based on the site plan provide in **Drawings/Figures**, anticipates a peak wet weather flow of **2.72 L/s**.

The anticipated peak wastewater flow generated from the proposed development to the Michael Stoqua Street sewer has been estimated to be **2.72 L/s**; this results in a **1.80 L/s** increase from the **MSS**. Based on the capacity analysis completed for the downstream section of sanitary sewer the sewer has the ability to convey the increase in wastewater flow.

A sanitary calculation sheet was prepared that shows the on-site and off-site capacity of the local sanitary sewers, see **Appendix C** for the calculation sheet.

The total increase in flow is to be reviewed by IBI to ensure that there are no negative impacts from the additional wastewater flow.

4.3 Wastewater Servicing Conclusions

The sanitary flow from the subject property has been considered in the wastewater design for the Wateridge Subdivision, outlined in the **MSS**.

The proposed development results in an estimated increase in wastewater flow contribution of **1.80 L/s** to the sanitary sewer within the Michael Stoqua Street right-of-way. Based on a capacity analysis of the sanitary sewer there is capacity to convey the increase in sanitary flow.

The proposed wastewater design conforms to all relevant **City Standards**.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

5.1 Existing Stormwater Services

Minor and major flow from the subject site was accounted for in the Wateridge Subdivision, outlined in the **MSS**. It is proposed that minor system flow from the Block will be conveyed directly to the Eastern SWM Facility. Major flow is proposed to be directed to a dry pond to the south of Mikinak Road for quantity control and will eventually discharge through the minor system to the Eastern SWM Facility.

The **MSS** contemplated minor and major system drainage from Block 22 to be split to Michael Stoqua Street and Moses Tennisco Street. According to storm design sheets and drainage area maps prepared by IBI, there is **53.62 L/s** of available capacity within the Michael Stoqua Street storm sewer. Refer to **Appendix D** for reduced copy of the storm design sheet and drainage area figures prepared by IBI for the Wateridge Subdivision.

Flows that influence the watershed in which the subject property is located are further reviewed by the principal authority. The subject property is located within the Ottawa River watershed, and is therefore subject to review by the Rideau Valley Conservation Authority (RVCA).

5.2 Post-development Stormwater Management Target

Stormwater management requirements for the proposed development were reviewed with the City of Ottawa, where the proposed development is required to:

- Follow quantity and quality controls outlined in the **MSS**
- Incorporate Low Impact Development measures in accordance with the **MSS** and **LID Demonstration Project**

5.3 Proposed Stormwater Management System

It is proposed that the stormwater from the development will be directed to the 375mm storm sewer within Michael Stoqua Street.

As discussed in **Section 5.1**, the quantity controls for Block 22 will be provided by the dry pond south of the subject site and through the Eastern SWM Facility outlined in the **MSS**.

The subject site was also accounted for in the design of the permanent pool of the Eastern SWM Facility which provides 80% TSS removal for the subdivision.

A storm design sheet was prepared to support the capacity of the internal and external storm sewers, refer to **Appendix D** for the calculation sheet and **SWM-1** for the drainage area figure. The overall Runoff Coefficient from the site is equal to what was allocated in the **MSS** and therefore, no additional quantity or quality controls are required.

As shown in the design sheet, the storm sewer within Michael Stoqua Street has sufficient capacity to convey the 5-year flow from the subject site.

5.4 Low Impact Development (LID) Practices

LID measures are proposed in accordance with the **MSS** and **LID Demonstration Project**. It is proposed to direct all roof flow to side yard and bioswales, eventually draining to area drains. Area drains will collect and discharge clean roof flow to infiltration tanks and oversized perforated pipe systems. Refer to **Appendix D** for a summary of the underground storage tanks and refer to drawing **SSP-1** for the location of proposed LID practices.

All LID measures are designed to infiltrate an equivalent of the 4mm event over the site area and each LID measure must treat the minimum of the 15mm event. A total infiltration requirement of 4mm or **18.4m³** and a total treatment volume of the 15mm event, or **32.4m³** is required per the **LID Demonstration Project**. The current underground storage and perforated pipe system provides **46.5m³** of volume to be infiltrated, exceeding the above noted requirements.

Details of the LID practices are shown on **DS-1**.

5.5 Stormwater Servicing Conclusions

Minor and major system flow from Block 22 was accounted for in the subdivision design. Quantity and quality controls are provided through a dry stormwater pond to the south and the Eastern SWM Facility to the north.

Sufficient capacity is available in the adjacent storm sewers to convey the 5-year storm event from the subject site.

LID practices in the form of underground storage tanks and oversized perforated pipes are proposed to infiltrate roof runoff from the site, in accordance with the **LID Demonstration Project**

The proposed stormwater design conforms to all relevant **City Standards** and Policies.

6.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd. (DSEL) has been retained to prepare a Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management for the proposed development for Block 22 of the former CFB Rockcliffe lands, which are currently under re-development. The preceding report outlines the following:

- Based on boundary conditions from the **MSS** and a water distribution model completed for the site, sufficient pressure exists to support the development
- Based on estimated fire flow per the **FUS**, there is sufficient pressure within the local system to provide the required fire flow
- The proposed development is anticipated to have a peak wet weather flow of **2.72 L/s**; the adjacent sanitary sewer has capacity to convey the increase in flow
- The quantity and quality controls are provided for the site through a dry pond to the south of the site and the Eastern SWM Facility outlined in the **MSS**
- LID practices include underground storage tanks and oversized perforated pipes to infiltrate roof runoff and meet criteria outlined in the **LID Demonstration Project**.

Prepared by,
David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.

Reviewed by,
David Schaeffer Engineering Ltd.



Per: Steven L. Merrick, P.Eng

Per: Adam D. Fobert, P. Eng.

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APPENDIX A

Pre-Consultation

DEVELOPMENT SERVICING STUDY CHECKLIST

17-948

08/08/2017

4.1 General Content		
☐	Executive Summary (for larger reports only).	N/A
☒	Date and revision number of the report.	Report Cover Sheet
☒	Location map and plan showing municipal address, boundary, and layout of proposed development.	Drawings/Figures
☒	Plan showing the site and location of all existing services.	Figure 1
☒	Development statistics, land use, density, adherence to zoning and official plan, and reference to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to applicable subwatershed and watershed plans that provide context to which individual developments must adhere.	Section 1.0
☒	Summary of Pre-consultation Meetings with City and other approval agencies.	Section 1.3
☒	Reference and confirm conformance to higher level studies and reports (Master Servicing Studies, Environmental Assessments, Community Design Plans), or in the case where it is not in conformance, the proponent must provide justification and develop a defensible design criteria.	Section 2.1
☒	Statement of objectives and servicing criteria.	Section 1.0
☒	Identification of existing and proposed infrastructure available in the immediate area.	Sections 3.1, 4.1, 5.1
☐	Identification of Environmentally Significant Areas, watercourses and Municipal Drains potentially impacted by the proposed development (Reference can be made to the Natural Heritage Studies, if available).	N/A
☒	Concept level master grading plan to confirm existing and proposed grades in the development. This is required to confirm the feasibility of proposed stormwater management and drainage, soil removal and fill constraints, and potential impacts to neighbouring properties. This is also required to confirm that the proposed grading will not impede existing major system flow paths.	N/A
☐	Identification of potential impacts of proposed piped services on private services (such as wells and septic fields on adjacent lands) and mitigation required to address potential impacts.	N/A
☐	Proposed phasing of the development, if applicable.	N/A
☒	Reference to geotechnical studies and recommendations concerning servicing.	Section 1.4
☒	All preliminary and formal site plan submissions should have the following information: -Metric scale -North arrow (including construction North) -Key plan -Name and contact information of applicant and property owner -Property limits including bearings and dimensions -Existing and proposed structures and parking areas -Easements, road widening and rights-of-way -Adjacent street names	N/A
4.2 Development Servicing Report: Water		
☐	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study, if available	N/A
☒	Availability of public infrastructure to service proposed development	Section 1.1
☒	Identification of system constraints	Section 3.1
☒	Identify boundary conditions	Section 3.1, 3.2
☒	Confirmation of adequate domestic supply and pressure	Section 3.3

☒	Confirmation of adequate fire flow protection and confirmation that fire flow is calculated as per the Fire Underwriter's Survey. Output should show available fire flow at locations throughout the development.	Section 3.2
☐	Provide a check of high pressures. If pressure is found to be high, an assessment is required to confirm the application of pressure reducing valves.	N/A
☐	Definition of phasing constraints. Hydraulic modeling is required to confirm servicing for all defined phases of the project including the ultimate design	N/A
☐	Address reliability requirements such as appropriate location of shut-off valves	N/A
☐	Check on the necessity of a pressure zone boundary modification	N/A
☒	Reference to water supply analysis to show that major infrastructure is capable of delivering sufficient water for the proposed land use. This includes data that shows that the expected demands under average day, peak hour and fire flow conditions provide water within the required pressure range	Section 3.2, 3.3
☐	Description of the proposed water distribution network, including locations of proposed connections to the existing system, provisions for necessary looping, and appurtenances (valves, pressure reducing valves, valve chambers, and fire hydrants) including special metering provisions.	N/A
☐	Description of off-site required feeder mains, booster pumping stations, and other water infrastructure that will be ultimately required to service proposed development, including financing, interim facilities, and timing of implementation.	N/A
☒	Confirmation that water demands are calculated based on the City of Ottawa Design Guidelines.	Section 3.2
☐	Provision of a model schematic showing the boundary conditions locations, streets, parcels, and building locations for reference.	N/A

4.3 Development Servicing Report: Wastewater

☒	Summary of proposed design criteria (Note: Wet-weather flow criteria should not deviate from the City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines. Monitored flow data from relatively new infrastructure cannot be used to justify capacity requirements for proposed infrastructure).	Section 4.2
☐	Confirm consistency with Master Servicing Study and/or justifications for deviations.	N/A
☐	Consideration of local conditions that may contribute to extraneous flows that are higher than the recommended flows in the guidelines. This includes groundwater and soil conditions, and age and condition of sewers.	N/A
☒	Description of existing sanitary sewer available for discharge of wastewater from proposed development.	Section 4.1
☒	Verify available capacity in downstream sanitary sewer and/or identification of upgrades necessary to service the proposed development. (Reference can be made to previously completed Master Servicing Study if applicable)	Section 4.2
☒	Calculations related to dry-weather and wet-weather flow rates from the development in standard MOE sanitary sewer design table (Appendix 'C') format.	Section 4.2, Appendix C
☒	Description of proposed sewer network including sewers, pumping stations, and forcemains.	Section 4.2
☐	Discussion of previously identified environmental constraints and impact on servicing (environmental constraints are related to limitations imposed on the development in order to preserve the physical condition of watercourses, vegetation, soil cover, as well as protecting against water quantity and quality).	N/A

☐	Pumping stations: impacts of proposed development on existing pumping stations or requirements for new pumping station to service development.	N/A
☐	Forcemain capacity in terms of operational redundancy, surge pressure and maximum flow velocity.	N/A
☐	Identification and implementation of the emergency overflow from sanitary pumping stations in relation to the hydraulic grade line to protect against basement flooding.	N/A
☐	Special considerations such as contamination, corrosive environment etc.	N/A

4.4 Development Servicing Report: Stormwater Checklist

☒	Description of drainage outlets and downstream constraints including legality of outlets (i.e. municipal drain, right-of-way, watercourse, or private property)	Section 5.1
☒	Analysis of available capacity in existing public infrastructure.	Section 5.1, Appendix D
☒	A drawing showing the subject lands, its surroundings, the receiving watercourse, existing drainage patterns, and proposed drainage pattern.	Drawings/Figures
☒	Water quantity control objective (e.g. controlling post-development peak flows to pre-development level for storm events ranging from the 2 or 5 year event (dependent on the receiving sewer design) to 100 year return period); if other objectives are being applied, a rationale must be included with reference to hydrologic analyses of the potentially affected subwatersheds, taking into account long-term cumulative effects.	Section 5.2
☒	Water Quality control objective (basic, normal or enhanced level of protection based on the sensitivities of the receiving watercourse) and storage requirements.	Section 5.2
☒	Description of the stormwater management concept with facility locations and descriptions with references and supporting information	Section 5.3
☐	Set-back from private sewage disposal systems.	N/A
☐	Watercourse and hazard lands setbacks.	N/A
☒	Record of pre-consultation with the Ontario Ministry of Environment and the Conservation Authority that has jurisdiction on the affected watershed.	Appendix A
☐	Confirm consistency with sub-watershed and Master Servicing Study, if applicable study exists.	N/A
☒	Storage requirements (complete with calculations) and conveyance capacity for minor events (1:5 year return period) and major events (1:100 year return period).	Section 5.3
☐	Identification of watercourses within the proposed development and how watercourses will be protected, or, if necessary, altered by the proposed development with applicable approvals.	N/A
☒	Calculate pre and post development peak flow rates including a description of existing site conditions and proposed impervious areas and drainage catchments in comparison to existing conditions.	Section 5.1, 5.3
☐	Any proposed diversion of drainage catchment areas from one outlet to another.	N/A
☐	Proposed minor and major systems including locations and sizes of stormwater trunk sewers, and stormwater management facilities.	N/A
☐	If quantity control is not proposed, demonstration that downstream system has adequate capacity for the post-development flows up to and including the 100-year return period storm event.	N/A
☐	Identification of potential impacts to receiving watercourses	N/A
☐	Identification of municipal drains and related approval requirements.	N/A

☒	Descriptions of how the conveyance and storage capacity will be achieved for the development.	Section 5.3
☐	100 year flood levels and major flow routing to protect proposed development from flooding for establishing minimum building elevations (MBE) and overall grading.	N/A
☐	Inclusion of hydraulic analysis including hydraulic grade line elevations.	N/A
☒	Description of approach to erosion and sediment control during construction for the protection of receiving watercourse or drainage corridors.	N/A
☐	Identification of floodplains – proponent to obtain relevant floodplain information from the appropriate Conservation Authority. The proponent may be required to delineate floodplain elevations to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority if such information is not available or if information does not match current conditions.	N/A
☐	Identification of fill constraints related to floodplain and geotechnical investigation.	N/A

4.5 Approval and Permit Requirements: Checklist

☒	Conservation Authority as the designated approval agency for modification of floodplain, potential impact on fish habitat, proposed works in or adjacent to a watercourse, cut/fill permits and Approval under Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act. The Conservation Authority is not the approval authority for the Lakes and Rivers Improvement ct. Where there are Conservation Authority regulations in place, approval under the Lakes and Rivers Improvement Act is not required, except in cases of dams as defined in the Act.	Section 1.2
☐	Application for Certificate of Approval (CofA) under the Ontario Water Resources Act.	N/A
☐	Changes to Municipal Drains.	N/A
☐	Other permits (National Capital Commission, Parks Canada, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ministry of Transportation etc.)	N/A

4.6 Conclusion Checklist

☒	Clearly stated conclusions and recommendations	Section 7.0
☐	Comments received from review agencies including the City of Ottawa and information on how the comments were addressed. Final sign-off from the responsible reviewing agency.	
☐	All draft and final reports shall be signed and stamped by a professional Engineer registered in Ontario	

APPENDIX B

Water Supply

Ogilvie Rd.
Backup P.S.

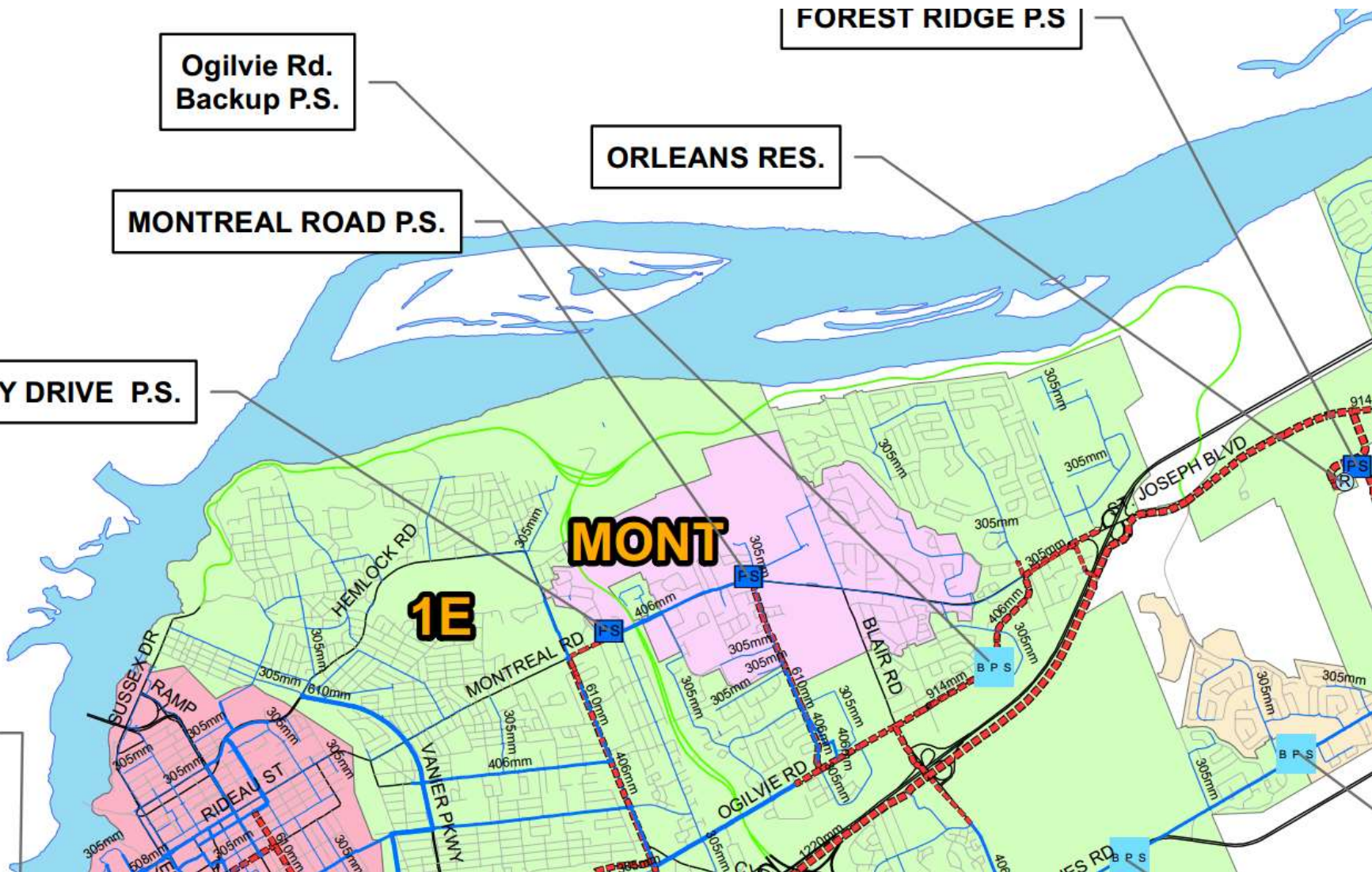
FOREST RIDGE P.S.

ORLEANS RES.

MONTREAL ROAD P.S.

BRITTANY DRIVE P.S.

REET P.S.



Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count
City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010



Domestic Demand

Type of Housing	Per / Unit	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached	2.7		0
Townhouse (per MSS)	2.3	42	97 <-- Unit Count and Population from MSS
Apartment			0
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8		0

	Pop	Avg. Daily		Max Day		Peak Hour	
		m ³ /d	L/min	m ³ /d	L/min	m ³ /d	L/min
Total Domestic Demand	97	19.2	13.3	94.1	65.4	142.1	98.7

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

Property Type	Unit Rate	Units	Avg. Daily		Max Day		Peak Hour	
			m ³ /d	L/min	m ³ /d	L/min	m ³ /d	L/min
Commercial floor space	2.5 L/m ² /d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Office	75 L/9.3m ² /d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Light	35,000 L/gross ha/d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Heavy	55,000 L/gross ha/d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total I/CI Demand			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Demand			19.2	13.3	94.1	65.4	142.1	98.7

Water Demand Design Flows per Unit Count
City of Ottawa - Water Distribution Guidelines, July 2010



Domestic Demand

Type of Housing	Per / Unit	Units	Pop							
Single Family	3.4		0							
Semi-detached	2.7		0							
Townhouse	2.7	59	160							
Apartment			0							
Bachelor	1.4		0							
1 Bedroom	1.4		0							
2 Bedroom	2.1		0							
3 Bedroom	3.1		0							
Average	1.8		0							
				Pop	Avg. Daily		Max Day		Peak Hour	
					m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min	m³/d	L/min
Total Domestic Demand				160	56.0	38.9	201.6	140.0	302.4	210.0

Institutional / Commercial / Industrial Demand

Property Type	Unit Rate	Units	Avg. Daily		Max Day		Peak Hour	
			m ³ /d	L/min	m ³ /d	L/min	m ³ /d	L/min
Commercial floor space	2.5 L/m ² /d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Office	75 L/9.3m ² /d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Light	35,000 L/gross ha/d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial - Heavy	55,000 L/gross ha/d		0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total I/CI Demand			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Demand			56.0	38.9	201.6	140.0	302.4	210.0

Fire Flow Estimation per Fire Underwriters Survey

Water Supply For Public Fire Protection - 1999



Fire Flow Required

1. Base Requirement

$$F = 220C\sqrt{A} \text{ L/min} \quad \text{Where } F \text{ is the fire flow, } C \text{ is the Type of construction and } A \text{ is the Total floor area}$$

Type of Construction: Ordinary Construction

C 1 Type of Construction Coefficient per FUS Part II, Section 1
A 1250.4 m² Total floor area based on FUS Part II section 1

Fire Flow	7779.4 L/min
	8000.0 L/min rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Adjustments

2. Reduction for Occupancy Type

Limited Combustible -15%

Fire Flow	6800.0 L/min
-----------	--------------

3. Reduction for Sprinkler Protection

Non-Sprinklered 0%

Reduction	0 L/min
-----------	---------

4. Increase for Separation Distance

N 30.1m-45m 5%
S 10.1m-20m 15%
E 20.1m-30m 10%
W 0m-3m 25%

% Increase 55% value not to exceed 75% per FUS Part II, Section 4

Increase	3740.0 L/min
----------	--------------

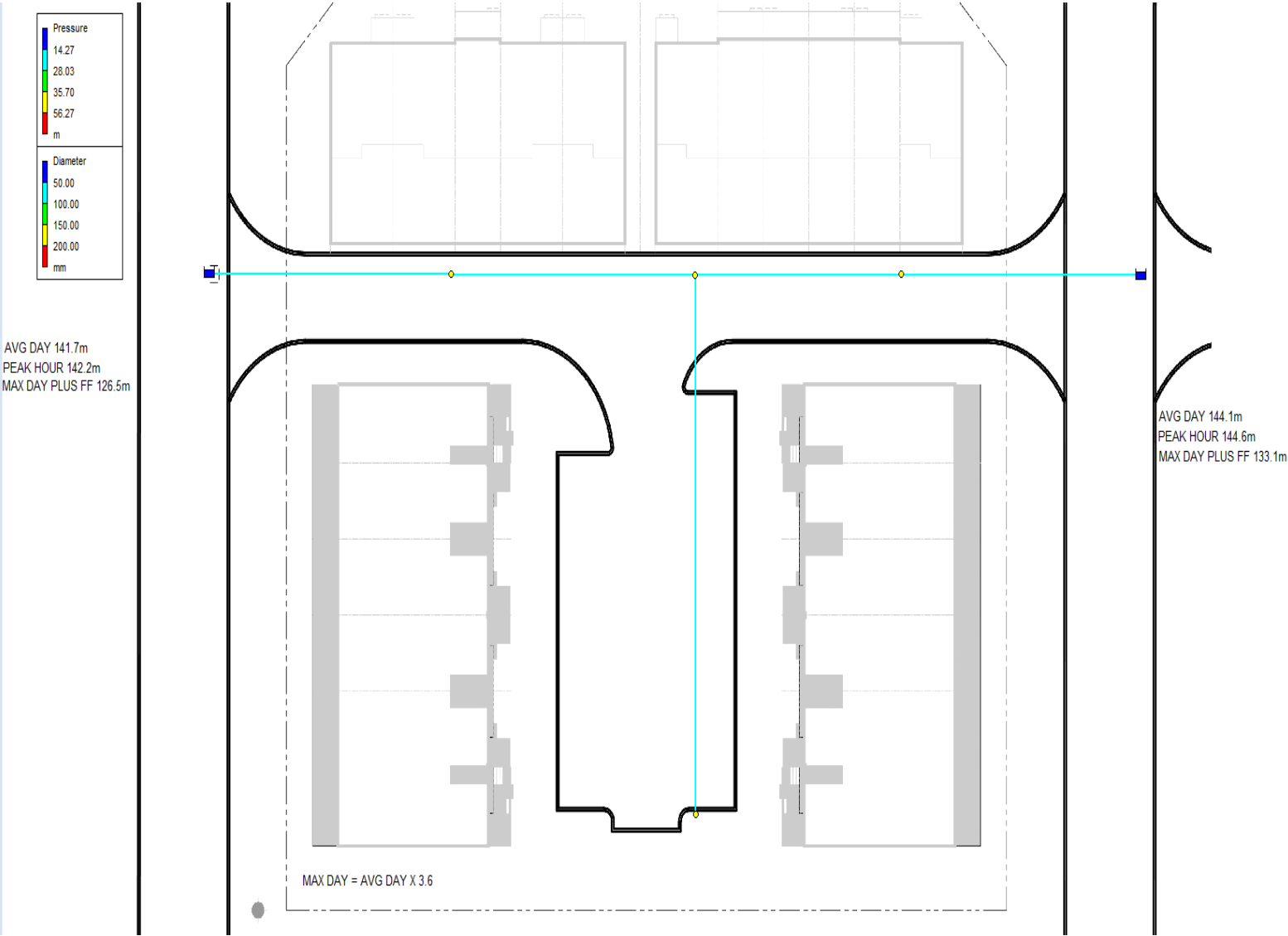
Total Fire Flow

Fire Flow	10540.0 L/min	fire flow not to exceed 45,000 L/min nor be less than 2,000 L/min per FUS Section 4
	11000.0 L/min	rounded to the nearest 1,000 L/min

Notes:

- Type of construction, Occupancy Type and Sprinkler Protection information provided by Mattamy Homes.
- Calculations based on Fire Underwriters Survey - Part II

AVERAGE DAY – BLOCK 22



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*****
*                               E P A N E T                               *
*                               Hydraulic and Water Quality                 *
*                               Analysis for Pipe Networks                   *
*                               Version 2.0                                *
*****

```

AVERAGE DAY-BLOCK 22

Link - Node Table:

Link ID	Start Node	End Node	Length m	Diameter mm
3	3	2	39.1	50
4	MichaelStoquaStreet1		23.2	50
5	1	3	23.2	50
6	3	4	21.6	50
7	4	MosesTeniscoStreet	21.6	50

Node Results:

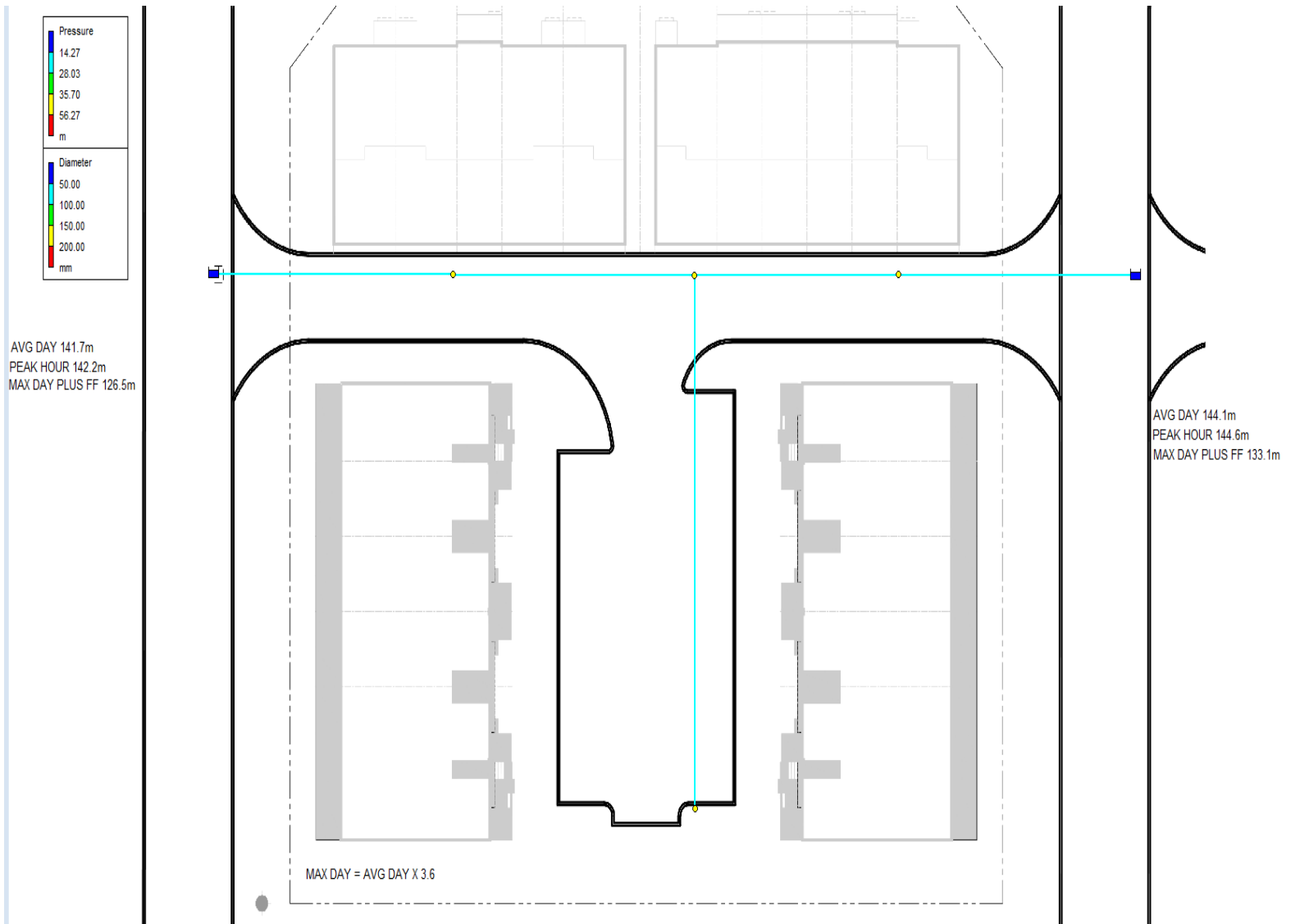
Node ID	Demand LPM	Head m	Pressure m	Quality
3	2.43	142.48	55.48	0.00
2	31.60	142.32	54.92	0.00
1	2.43	142.09	55.29	0.00
4	2.43	143.23	55.93	0.00
MichaelStoquaStreet	66.82	141.70	0.00	0.00 Reservoir
MosesTeniscoStreet	-105.71	144.10	0.00	0.00 Reservoir

Link Results:

Link ID	Flow LPM	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Status
3	31.60	0.27	4.06	Open
4	-66.82	0.57	16.97	Open
5	-69.25	0.59	16.62	Open
6	-103.28	0.88	34.85	Open
7	-105.71	0.90	40.18	Open

Average Day

MAX DAY – BLOCK 22



```

*****
*                               E P A N E T                               *
*                               Hydraulic and Water Quality                 *
*                               Analysis for Pipe Networks                   *
*                               Version 2.0                                *
*****

```

MAX DAY-BLOCK 22

Link - Node Table:

Link ID	Start Node	End Node	Length m	Diameter mm
3	3	2	39.1	50
4	MichaelStoquaStreet1		23.2	50
5	1	3	23.2	50
6	3	4	21.6	50
7	4	MosesTeniscoStreet	21.6	50

Node Results:

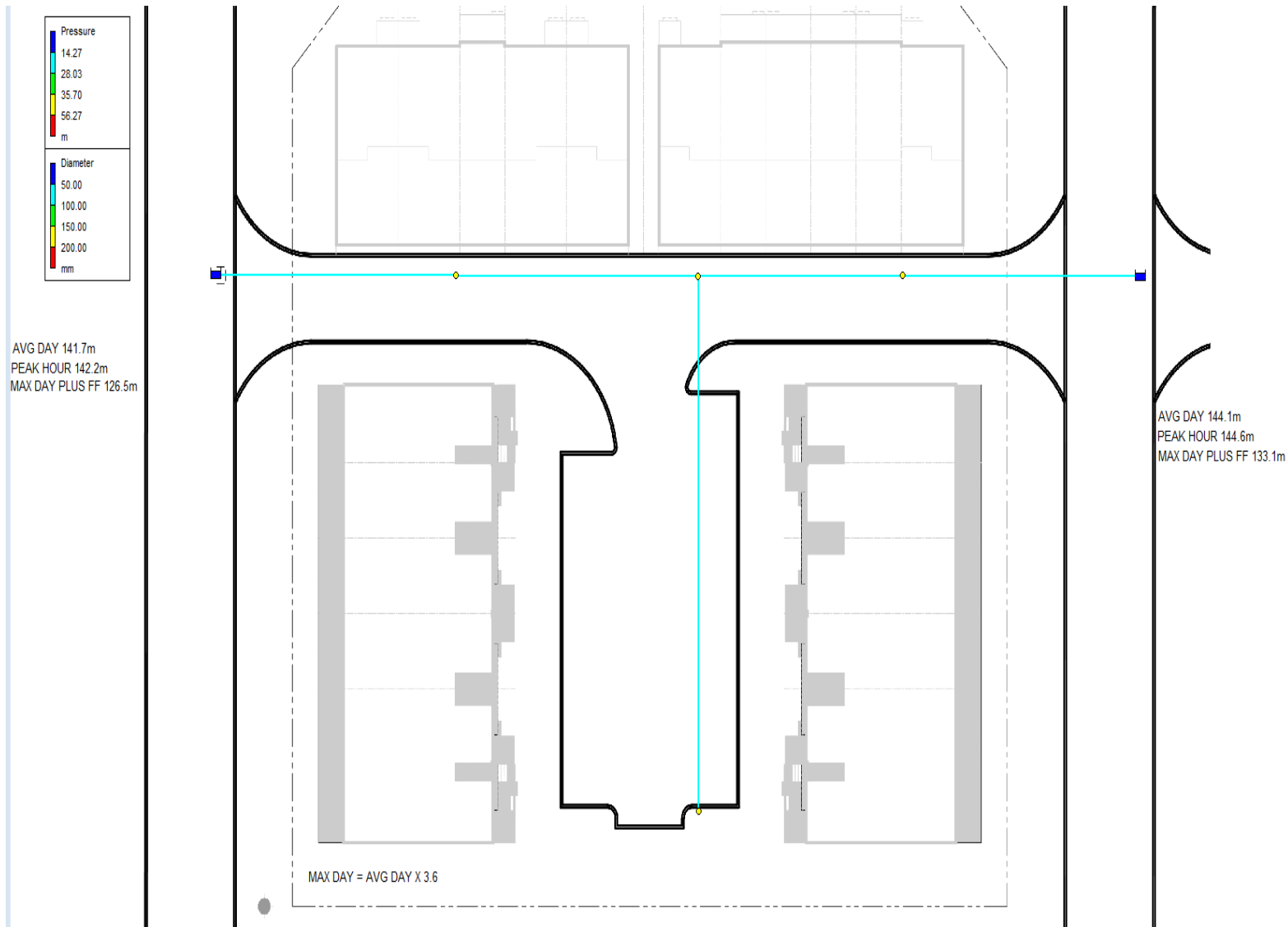
Node ID	Demand LPM	Head m	Pressure m	Quality
3	8.75	142.20	55.20	0.00
2	113.76	140.48	53.08	0.00
1	8.75	142.19	55.39	0.00
4	8.75	143.26	55.96	0.00
MichaelStoquaStreet	-6.64	142.20	0.00	0.00 Reservoir
MosesTeniscoStreet	-133.36	144.60	0.00	0.00 Reservoir

Link Results:

Link ID	Flow LPM	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Status
3	113.76	0.97	43.87	Open
4	6.64	0.06	0.23	Open
5	-2.10	0.02	0.03	Open
6	-124.61	1.06	49.34	Open
7	-133.36	1.13	61.99	Open

Average Day

MAX DAY + FIRE FLOW – BLOCK 22



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*****
*                               E P A N E T                               *
*                               Hydraulic and Water Quality                 *
*                               Analysis for Pipe Networks                   *
*                               Version 2.0                                *
*****

```

MAX DAY PLUS FF-BLOCK 22

Link - Node Table:

Link ID	Start Node	End Node	Length m	Diameter mm
3	3	2	39.1	50
4	MichaelStoquaStreet1		23.2	50
5	1	3	23.2	50
6	3	4	21.6	50
7	4	MosesTeniscoStreet	21.6	50

Node Results:

Node ID	Demand LPM	Head m	Pressure m	Quality
3	8.75	127.41	40.41	0.00
2	113.76	125.69	38.29	0.00
1	8.75	126.92	40.12	0.00
4	8.75	129.99	42.69	0.00
MichaelStoquaStreet	69.55	126.50	0.00	0.00 Reservoir
MosesTeniscoStreet	-209.55	133.10	0.00	0.00 Reservoir

Link Results:

Link ID	Flow LPM	Velocity m/s	Headloss m/km	Status
3	113.76	0.97	43.87	Open
4	-69.55	0.59	18.28	Open
5	-78.30	0.66	20.87	Open
6	-200.80	1.70	119.39	Open
7	-209.55	1.78	144.12	Open

Average Day

APPENDIX C

Wastewater Collection



Former CFB Rockcliffe
City of Ottawa
Canada Lands Company

J:\38298-CFBRockville\5.7 Calculations\5.7.1 Sewers & Grading\Phase 1B\38298-1B-CCS_sanitary_2017-01-20



Former CFB Rockcliffe
City of Ottawa
Canada Lands Company

1/25/2017 9:11 AM

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count
City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Site Area 0.460 ha

Extraneous Flow Allowances

Infiltration / Inflow 0.13 L/s

Domestic Contributions

Unit Type	Unit Rate	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached and duplex	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.3	42	97
Apartment			
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8		0

Total Pop 97

Average Domestic Flow 0.39 L/s

Peaking Factor 4.00

Peak Domestic Flow 1.57 L/s

Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	0.39 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	1.57 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	1.70 L/s

Mattamy Homes
Wateridge Block 22
Wastewater Flow per MSS
Drainage to Michael Stoqua Only

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count
City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Site Area 0.230 ha

Extraneous Flow Allowances

Infiltration / Inflow 0.06 L/s

Domestic Contributions

Unit Type	Unit Rate	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached and duplex	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.7	19	52
Stacked Townhouse	2.3		0
Apartment			
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8		0

Total Pop 52

Average Domestic Flow 0.21 L/s

Peaking Factor 4.00

Peak Domestic Flow 0.84 L/s

Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	0.21 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	0.84 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	0.91 L/s

Wastewater Design Flows per Unit Count
City of Ottawa Sewer Design Guidelines, 2012



Site Area 0.460 ha

Extraneous Flow Allowances

Infiltration / Inflow 0.13 L/s

Domestic Contributions

Unit Type	Unit Rate	Units	Pop
Single Family	3.4		0
Semi-detached and duplex	2.7		0
Townhouse	2.7	59	160
Stacked Townhouse	2.3		0
Apartment			
Bachelor	1.4		0
1 Bedroom	1.4		0
2 Bedroom	2.1		0
3 Bedroom	3.1		0
Average	1.8		0

Total Pop 160

Average Domestic Flow 0.65 L/s

Peaking Factor 4.00

Peak Domestic Flow 2.59 L/s

Total Estimated Average Dry Weather Flow Rate	0.65 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Dry Weather Flow Rate	2.59 L/s
Total Estimated Peak Wet Weather Flow Rate	2.72 L/s

SANITARY SEWER CALCULATION SHEET

PROJECT: Mattamy - Wateridge
LOCATION: Block 22
FILE REF: 17-948
DATE: 8-Aug-17

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Avg. Daily Flow Res. 350 L/p/d
Avg. Daily Flow Comm. 50,000 L/ha/d
Avg. Daily Flow Instit. 50,000 L/ha/d
Avg. Daily Flow Indust. 35,000 L/ha/d
Peak Fact Res. Per Harmons: Min = 2.0, Max =4.0
Peak Fact. Comm. 1.5
Peak Fact. Instit. 1.5
Peak Fact. Indust. per MOE graph

Infiltration / Inflow 0.28 L/s/ha
Min. Pipe Velocity 0.60 m/s full flowing
Max. Pipe Velocity 3.00 m/s full flowing
Mannings N 0.013



Location			Residential Area and Population							Commercial		Institutional		Industrial		Q _{CHH}	Infiltration			Total	Pipe Data							
Area ID	Up	Down	Area	Proposed Units	Pop.	Cumulative		Peak.	Q _{res}	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.	Area	Accu.		Total	Accu.	Infiltration	Total	DIA	Slope	Length	A _{hydraulic}	R	Velocity	Q _{cap}	Q / Q full
			(ha)			Area	Pop.	Fact.	(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)	(ha)		Area	Area	Flow	Flow	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(m ²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(-)
On site								(-)								(L/s)	(ha)	(ha)	(L/s)	(L/s)								
SAN-5	5	3	0.276	48	130.0	0.276	130.0	4.00	2.11		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.0	0.276	0.276	0.077	2.18	250	1.00	37.6	0.049	0.063	1.21	59.5	0.04
SAN-4	4	3	0.089	6	17.0	0.089	17.0	4.00	0.28		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.0	0.089	0.089	0.025	0.30	250	1.20	28.7	0.049	0.063	1.33	65.1	0.00
SAN-3	3	2	0.095	5	14.0	0.460	161.0	4.00	2.61		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.0	0.460	0.460	0.129	2.74	250	1.20	36.2	0.049	0.063	1.33	65.1	0.04
	2	1				0.46	161	4.00	2.61		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.0	0.000	0.460	0.129	2.74	250	1.00	10.8	0.049	0.063	1.21	59.5	0.05
Off site - per IBI sanitary sewer design for Former CFB Rockcliffe (January 25, 2017)																												
	SAN210A	SAN211A	0.17			0.63	161	4.00	2.61		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.0	0.630	0.630	0.176	2.79	250	0.65	48.7	0.049	0.063	0.98	47.9	0.06
	Ex. 211A	Ex. 166B	0.35		52.5	0.98	214	4.00	3.46		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.0	0.350	0.980	0.274	3.73	250	0.65	52.2	0.049	0.063	0.98	47.9	0.08

APPENDIX D

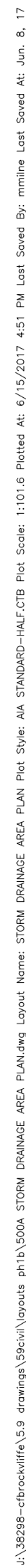
Stormwater Management

IBI GROUP 400-333 Preston Street Ottawa, Ontario K1S 5N4 Canada tel 613 225 1311 fax 613 225 9868 ibigroup.com				STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET																																			
				Former CFB Rockcliffe City of Ottawa												Name of Client/Developer																							
LOCATION				AREA (Ha)												RATIONAL DESIGN FLOW												SEWER DATA											
STREET	AREA ID	FROM	TO	C= 0.20	C= 0.30	C= 0.45	C= 0.50	C= 0.56	C= 0.60	C= 0.65	C= 0.70	C= 0.73	C= 0.80	IND 2.78AC	CUM 2.78AC	INLET (min)	TIME IN PIPE	TOTAL (min)	i (5) (mm/hr)	i (10) (mm/hr)	i (100) (mm/hr)	5yr PEAK FLOW (L/s)	10yr PEAK FLOW (L/s)	100yr PEAK FLOW (L/s)	FIXED FLOW (L/s)	DESIGN FLOW (L/s)	CAPACITY (L/s)	LENGTH (m)	PIPE SIZE (mm)			SLOPE (%)	VELOCITY (m/s)	AVAIL CAP (5yr)					
																													DIA	W	H								
Phase 1B																																							
Hemlock Road	S201A-B, EX201	MH201	MH202								0.31		0.56	1.85	1.85	10.00	1.17	11.17	104.19	122.14	178.56	192.62				192.62	210.32	90.18	450				0.50	1.281	17.70	8.41%			
Future Street No. 6	EX202A	BULK202N	MH202										0.90	2.00	2.00	12.23	0.27	12.50	93.72	109.82	160.45	187.60				187.60	286.47	16.00	600				0.20	0.982	98.87	34.51%			
Hemlock Road	S202A, EX202B-C	MH202	MH203								0.10		0.55	1.42	5.27	12.50	0.53	13.03	92.61	108.50	158.52	487.86				487.86	784.52	86.00	600				1.50	2.688	296.66	37.81%			
Future Street No. 5	S203B, EX203	BULK203N	203								0.09		0.73	1.80	1.80	10.88	0.12	11.00	99.76	116.92	170.90	179.44				179.44	351.93	16.00	450				1.40	2.144	172.49	49.01%			
Hemlock Road	S203A, EXP203	MH203	MH204		0.44						0.16			0.68	7.75	13.03	0.49	13.53	90.49	106.01	154.87	700.89				700.89	847.38	86.00	600				1.75	2.903	146.49	17.29%			
rue Moses Tennisco Street	S204B, EX204A	BULK204N	MH204								0.08		0.72	1.76	1.76	10.89	0.11	11.00	99.72	116.87	170.81	175.20				175.20	399.05	16.00	450				1.80	2.431	223.85	56.10%			
Hemlock Road	S204A, EX204B	MH204	MH205								0.14		0.47	1.32	10.82	13.53	0.54	14.07	88.63	103.82	151.66	958.99				958.99	1,272.26	90.00	750				1.20	2.790	313.27	24.62%			
rue Michael Stogua Street	S205A, EX205A	BULK205N	MH205								0.08		0.81	1.96	1.96	11.15	0.15	11.30	98.49	115.42	168.69	192.75				192.75	297.43	16.01	450				1.00	1.812	104.68	35.20%			
Hemlock Road	S205B-C, EX205B	MH205	MH206								0.17		0.63	1.73	14.51	14.07	1.20	15.26	86.70	101.55	148.32	1,257.92				1,257.92	1,818.95	112.01	1200				0.20	1.558	561.03	30.84%			
Temp Ditch	FUTURE PHASE	DI 10	BULK206N		7.68									6.41	6.41	59.66	0.16	59.82	33.08	38.61	56.13	211.89				211.89	297.43	17.03	450				1.00	1.812	85.54	28.76%			
rue Bareille-Snow Street	S206A, EX206A	BULK206N	MH206								0.06		1.02	2.39	2.39	10.85	0.15	11.00	99.91	117.09	171.14	238.30				238.30	448.66	17.50	525				1.00	2.008	210.35	46.89%			
Hemlock Road	S206B, EX206B	MH206	MH207								0.03		0.46	1.08	17.98	15.26	0.78	16.04	82.71	96.86	141.44	1,486.80				1,486.80	2,227.75	89.33	1200				0.30	1.908	740.96	33.26%			
Block 20	P207	CBMH207N	MH207		0.32									0.27	0.27	10.00	0.27	10.27	104.19	122.14	178.56	27.81				27.81	63.80	14.00	300				0.40	0.874	36.00	56.42%			
Hemlock Road	S207	MH207	BULK176E								0.22			0.43	18.67	16.04	0.37	16.42	80.33	94.05	137.32	1,499.75				1,499.75	2,156.55	32.62	1350				0.15	1.460	656.80	30.46%			
Phase 1A																																							
Ex. Hemlock Road	S176C	BULK176E	MH176								0.02			0.04	18.71	16.42	0.27	16.69	79.24	92.78	135.45	1,482.57				1,482.57	2,156.55	24.06	1350				0.15	1.460	673.98	31.25%			
Phase 1B																																							
Codd's Road	S230, LOT230A-B	230	231								0.16		0.70	1.87	1.87	10.00	0.63	10.63	104.19	122.14	178.56	194.65				194.65	364.28	84.30	450				1.50	2.219	169.63	46.57%			
Codd's Road	S231, LOT231	231	BULK176N								0.12		0.30	0.90	2.77	10.63	0.36	11.00	100.96	118.34	172.97	279.55				279.55	549.49	53.76	525				1.50	2.459	269.94	49.12%			
Phase 1A																																							
Ex. Codd's Road	---	BULK176N	MH176											0.00	2.95	11.77	0.29	12.06	95.69	112.12	163.84	281.96				281.96	339.63	18.21	525				1.50	0.919	57.67	16.98%			
Phase 1B																																							
chemin Wanaki Road	S200, LOT200	MH200	MH214								0.20		0.91	2.41	2.41	10.00	0.78	10.78	104.19	122.14	178.56	251.42				251.42	351.93	99.75	450				1.40	2.144	100.51	28.56%			
chemin Wanaki Road	S214, LOT214	MH214	BULK152N								0.19		0.84	2.24	4.65	10.78	0.42	11.20	100.27	117.52	171.77	466.34				466.34	535.93	46.51	600				0.70	1.836	69.59	12.99%			
Phase 1B																																							
chemin Wanaki Road	EX143	BULK143E	MH143										0.33	0.73	0.73	10.00	0.29	10.29	104.19	122.14	178.56	76.47				76.47	129.34	20.00	375				0.50	1.134	52.87	40.88%			
chemin Wanaki Road		MH143	MH144											0.00	0.73	10.29	0.37	10.66	102.67	120.34	175.92	75.35				75.35	258.68	50.50	375				2.00	2.269	183.33	70.87%			
chemin Wanaki Road	S144, EX144	MH144	MH145		0.55						0.18			0.81	1.54	10.66	0.30	10.97	100.81	118.15	172.70	155.54				155.54	258.68	41.15	375				2.00	2.269	103.14	39.87%			
chemin Wanaki Road	S145, EX145	MH145	MH146								0.15		2.74	6.39	7.93	10.97	0.28	11.24	99.35	116.44	170.18	787.69				787.69	1,324.21	48.01	750										



Former CFB Rockcliffe
City of Ottawa
Name of Client/Developer

J:\38298-CFBRockvliffe\5.7 Calculations\5.7.1 Sewers & Grading\Phase 1B\38298-1B-CCS_storm_2017-01-20

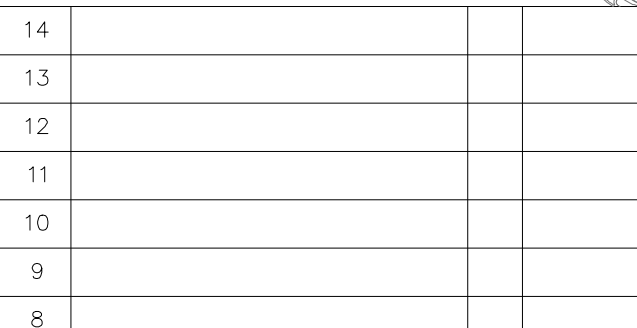


AREA NUMBER

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

AREA IN HECTARES

POTENTIAL DRAINAGE DIRECTION



7	REVISED PER CITY COMMENTS	J.L.M.	2017:06:10
6	REVISED PER MOECC COMMENTS	J.L.M.	2017:06:09
5	ISSUED FOR TENDER	J.L.M.	2017:03:22
4	SUBMISSION FOR MOECC APPROVAL	J.L.M.	2017:02:14
3	SUBMISSION No.3 FOR CITY REVIEW	J.L.M.	2017:01:23
2	SUBMISSION No.2 FOR CITY REVIEW	J.L.M.	2016:11:04
1	SUBMISSION No.1 FOR CITY REVIEW	J.L.M.	2016:07:09
No.	REVISIONS	By	Date

 **CANADA LANDS COMPANY**
SOCIÉTÉ IMMOBILIÈRE DU CANADA

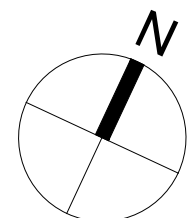
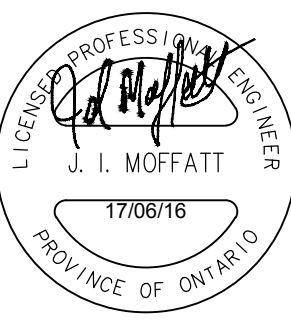
30 Metcalfe Street Suite 601
Ottawa, On K1P 5L4
613 998 7777

IBI GROUP
400 – 333 Preston Street
Ottawa ON K1S 5N4 Canada
tel 613 225 1311 fax 613 225 9868
ibigroup.com

Project Title

WATERIDGE VILLAGE AT ROCKCLIFFE

PHASE 1B



Drawing Title

**STORM DRAINAGE
AREA PLAN**

Scale 1 : 2000

Design J.I.M.	Date MAY 2016
Drawn M.M.	Checked J.I.M.
Project No. 38298	Drawing No. 500A

Up	Down	Area (ha)	C (-)	2.78 Indiv AxC	2.78 Acc AxC	Sewer Data											
						T _c	I	Q	DIA	Slope	Length	A _{hydraulic}	R	Velocity	Qcap	Time Flow	Q / Q full
						(min)	(mm/hr)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(m)	(m ²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(min)	(-)
On site																	
104	103	0.053	0.80	0.12	0.12	10.0	104.2	12.3	250	1.20	28.2	0.049	0.063	1.33	65.1	0.4	0.19
105	103	0.223	0.80	0.50	0.50	10.0	104.2	51.7	250	1.00	34.1	0.049	0.063	1.21	59.5	0.5	0.87
103	102	0.116	0.80	0.26	0.87	10.5	101.8	88.7	300	1.20	36.2	0.071	0.075	1.50	105.9	0.4	0.84
102	101	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.87	10.9	99.8	87.0	300	4.00	11.1	0.071	0.075	2.74	193.4	0.1	0.45
					0.87	10.9											
Off Site - Per IBI storm sewer design sheet for Former CFB Rockcliffe (January 25, 2017)																	
Block 22 Portion of U1		0.026	0.80	0.06	0.06												
MH 210	MH 211	0.200	0.70	0.39	1.32	10.9	99.5	131.2	375	0.65	64.8	0.110	0.094	1.28	141.4	0.8	0.93
		0.230	0.80	0.51	1.83												
MH 211	BULK166N	0.170	0.70	0.33	2.16	11.8	95.6	206.7	600	0.15	55.7	0.283	0.150	0.84	237.8	1.1	0.87



Wateridge - Block 22

Rockcliffe Village

STORMTECH CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

1. CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH SC-740, SC-310, OR APPROVED EQUAL.
2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN POLYPROPYLENE OR POLYETHYLENE RESINS.
3. CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORT PANELS THAT WOULD IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
4. THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE VEHICLE PRESENCES.
5. CHAMBERS SHALL MEET ASTM F2922 (POLYETHYLENE) OR ASTM F2418 (POLYPROPYLENE), "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
6. CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND ALLOWABLE LOADS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
7. ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING UPON REQUEST TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE:
 - a. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY AASHTO FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.
 - b. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET. THE 50 YEAR CREEP MODULUS DATA SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 OR ASTM F2922 MUST BE USED AS PART OF THE AASHTO STRUCTURAL EVALUATION TO VERIFY LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE.
 - c. STRUCTURAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL ON WHICH THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION IS BASED.
8. CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.

IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF THE SC-310/SC-740 SYSTEM

1. STORMTECH SC-310 & SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
2. STORMTECH SC-310 & SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/SC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
3. CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR AN EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS.

STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS:
 - STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
 - BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE.
 - BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
4. THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS.
5. JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE.
6. MAINTAIN MINIMUM - 6" (150 mm) SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
7. EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE 3/4-2" (20-50 mm).
8. THE CONTRACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIALS BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER.
9. ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

1. STORMTECH SC-310 & SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
2. THE USE OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT OVER SC-310 & SC-740 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED:
 - NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS.
 - NO RUBBER TIERED LOADERS, DUMP TRUCKS, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
 - WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
3. FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING.

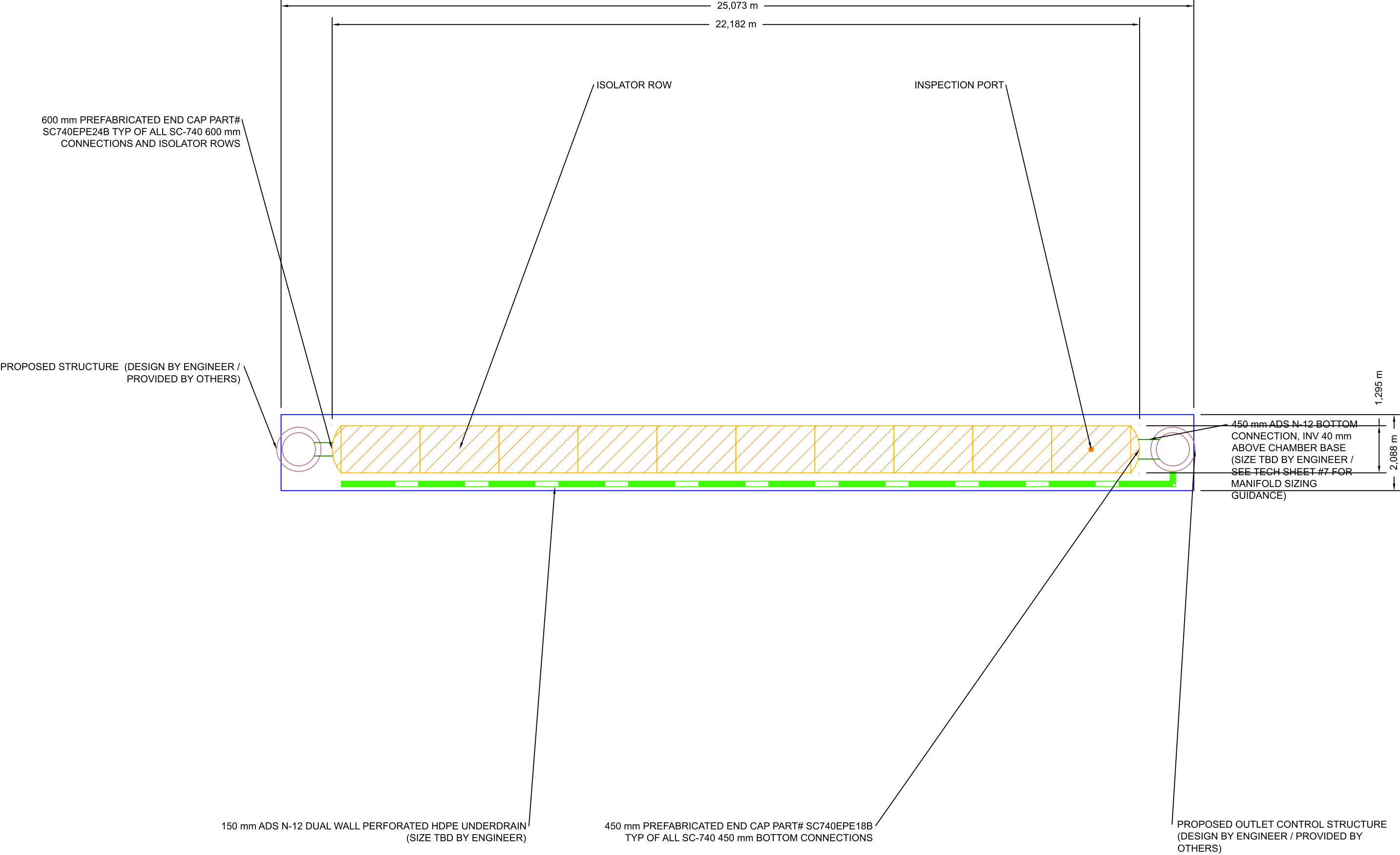
USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT

(10) STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS
(2) STORMTECH SC-740 END CAPS
INSTALLED WITH 152 mm COVER STONE, 152 mm BASE STONE, 40% STONE VOID
INSTALLED SYSTEM VOLUME: 30 m³
AREA OF SYSTEM: 52 m²
PERIMETER OF SYSTEM: 54 m

COMPUTER GENERATED CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT - NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



 ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC. 4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026 1-800-733-7473	Wateridge - Block 22 Rockcliff Village	
	DATE: 08/02/2017	DRAWN: SM
	PROJECT #: Tool	CHECKED: ---
	THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.	

REV	DRW	CHK	DESCRIPTION


Detention - Retention - Water Quality
70 INWOOD ROAD, SUITE 3 | ROCKY HILL, CT 06067
860-529-8188 | 888-892-2694 | WWW.STORMTECH.COM

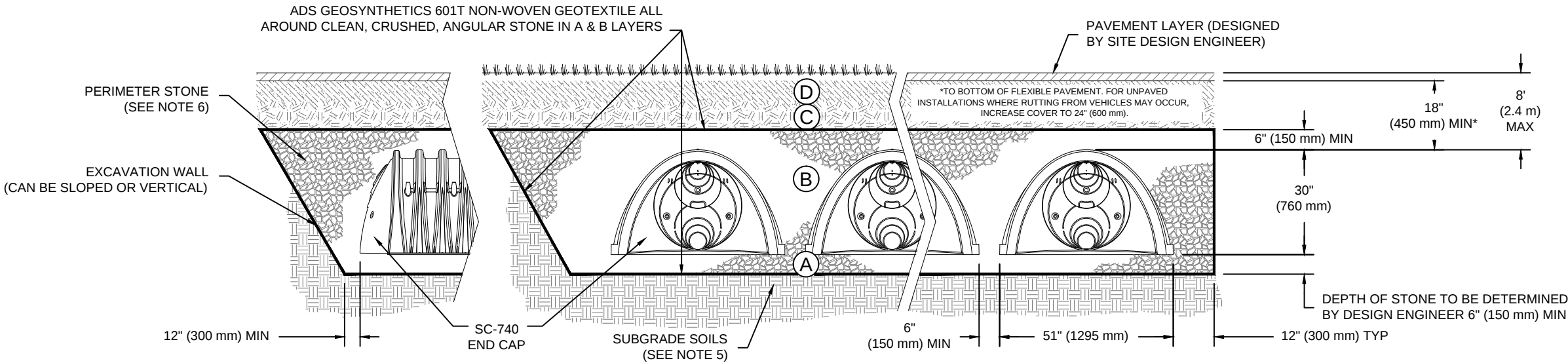
NOT TO SCALE

SHEET
2 OF 5

ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

MATERIAL LOCATION		DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMPACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED INSTALLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.
C	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 18" (450 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145 ¹ A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COMPACTIONS AFTER 12" (300 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN 6" (150 mm) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR WELL GRADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS. ROLLER GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 12,000 lbs (53 kN). DYNAMIC FORCE NOT TO EXCEED 20,000 lbs (89 kN).
B	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE, NOMINAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN 3/4-2 INCH (20-50 mm)	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.
A	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE, NOMINAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN 3/4-2 INCH (20-50 mm)	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	PLATE COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE. ^{2 3}

- PLEASE NOTE:
- THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE".
 - STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 6" (150 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR.
 - WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.



NOTES:

- SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418 "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS", OR ASTM F2922 "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYETHYLENE (PE) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- "ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS" TABLE ABOVE PROVIDES MATERIAL LOCATIONS, DESCRIPTIONS, GRADATIONS, AND COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUNDATION, EMBEDMENT, AND FILL MATERIALS.
- THE "SITE DESIGN ENGINEER" REFERS TO THE ENGINEER RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN AND LAYOUT OF THE STORMTECH CHAMBERS FOR THIS PROJECT.
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS.
- PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION.

Wateridge - Block 22
Rockcliffe Village

DESCRIPTION

CHK

DRW

REV

DATE: 08/02/2017

DRAWN: SM

PROJECT #: Tool

CHECKED: ---

StormTech
Detention/Retention Water Quality

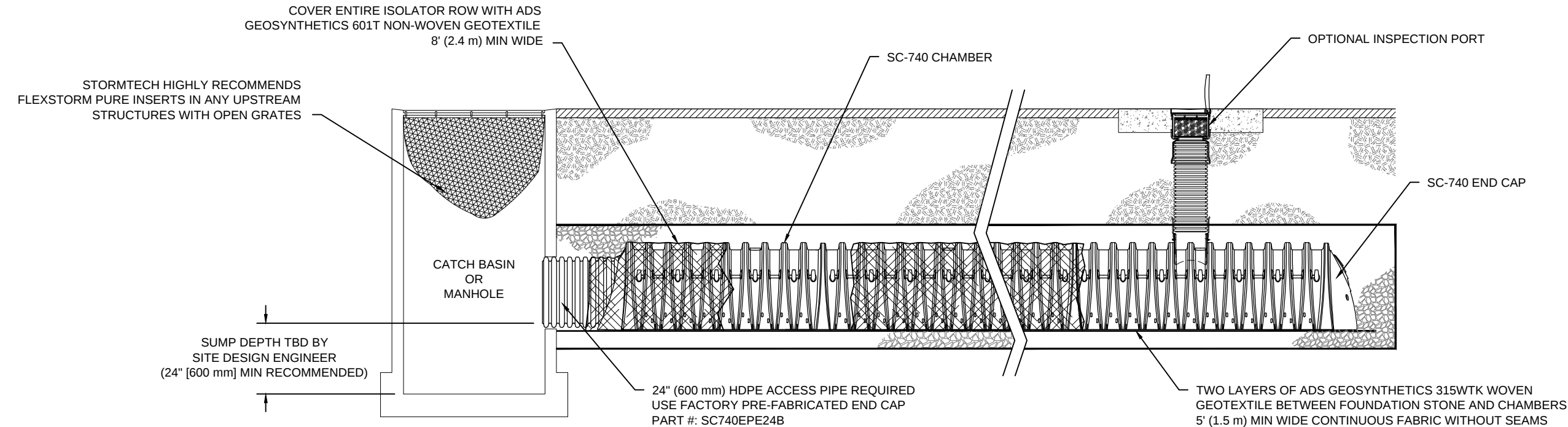
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860-529-8188 | 888-892-2684 | WWW.STORMTECH.COM

ADS
ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.

4640 TRUEJMAN BLVD
HILLIARD, OH 43026
1-800-733-7473

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SHEET
3 OF 5



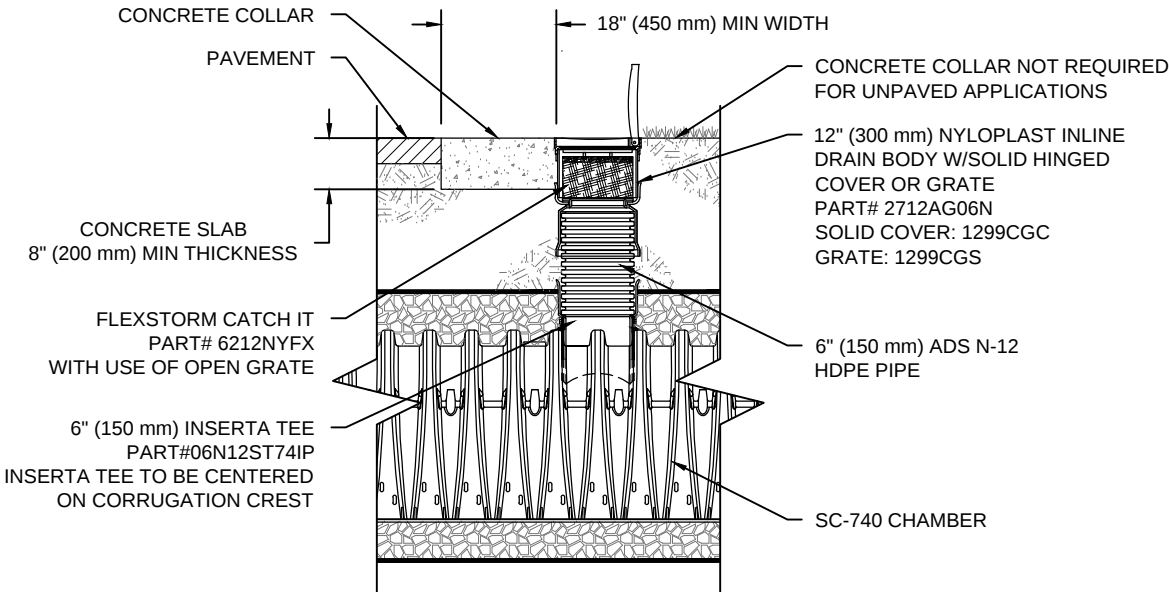
SC-740 ISOLATOR ROW DETAIL
NTS

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

- STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW FOR SEDIMENT
- A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)
- A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN
- A.2. REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED
- A.3. USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG
- A.4. LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL)
- A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
- B. ALL ISOLATOR ROWS
- B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW
- B.2. USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW THROUGH OUTLET PIPE
- i) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY
- ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
- B.3. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
- STEP 2) CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW USING THE JETVAC PROCESS
- A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED
- B. APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN
- C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.
- STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

NOTES

1. INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY.

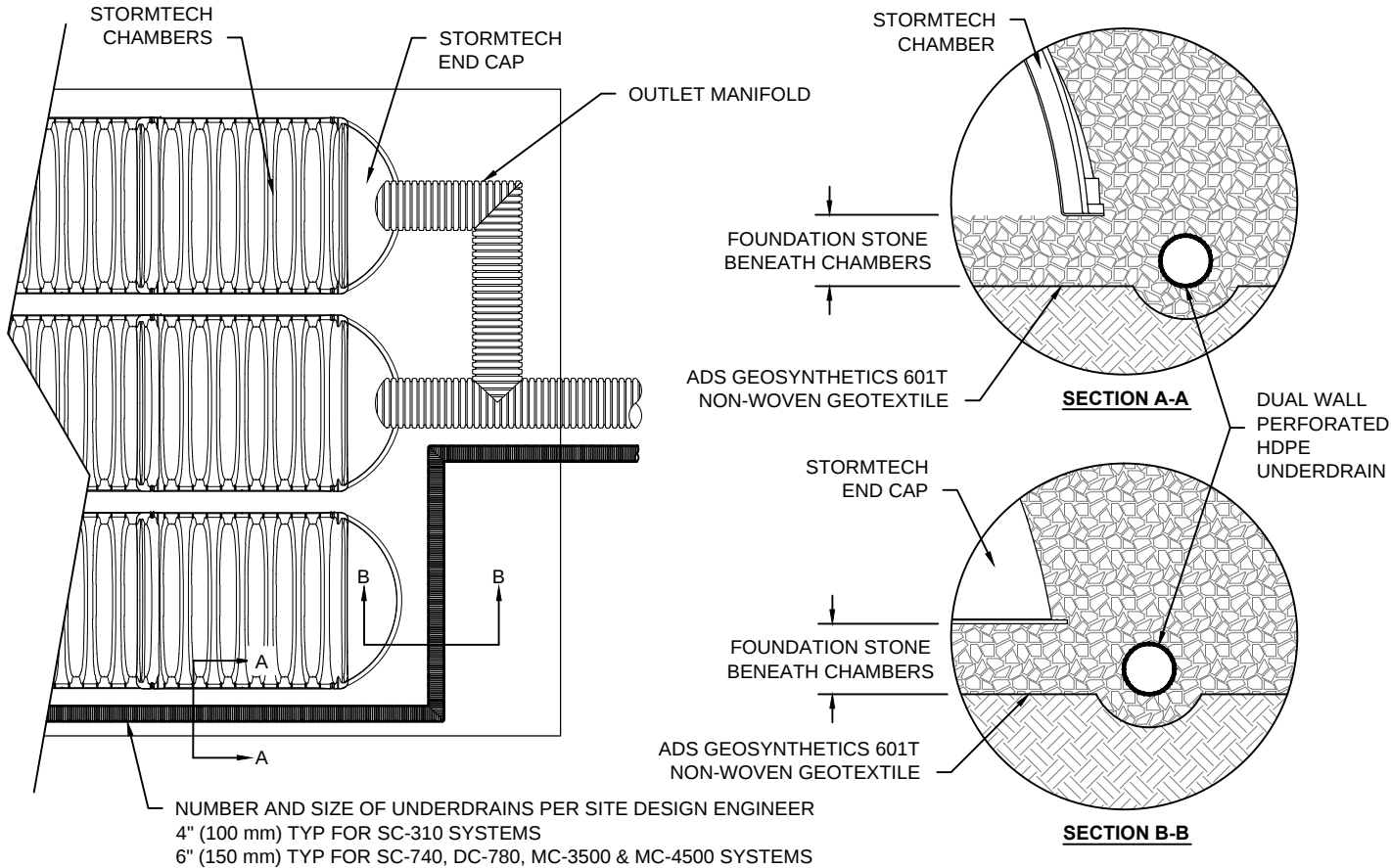


SC-740 6" INSPECTION PORT DETAIL
NTS

 ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.		4640 TRUEMAN BLVD HILLIARD, OH 43026 1-800-733-7473		 StormTech <i>Detection • Retention • Water Quality</i> 70 INWOOD ROAD, SUITE 3 ROCKY HILL CT 06067 860-529-8188 888-892-2684 WWW.STORMTECH.COM				Wateridge - Block 22 Rockcliffe Village			
				DATE:		08/02/2017		DRAWN: SM			
				PROJECT #:		Tool		CHECKED: ---			
REV		DRW		CHK		DESCRIPTION					
THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.											
SHEET 4 OF 5											

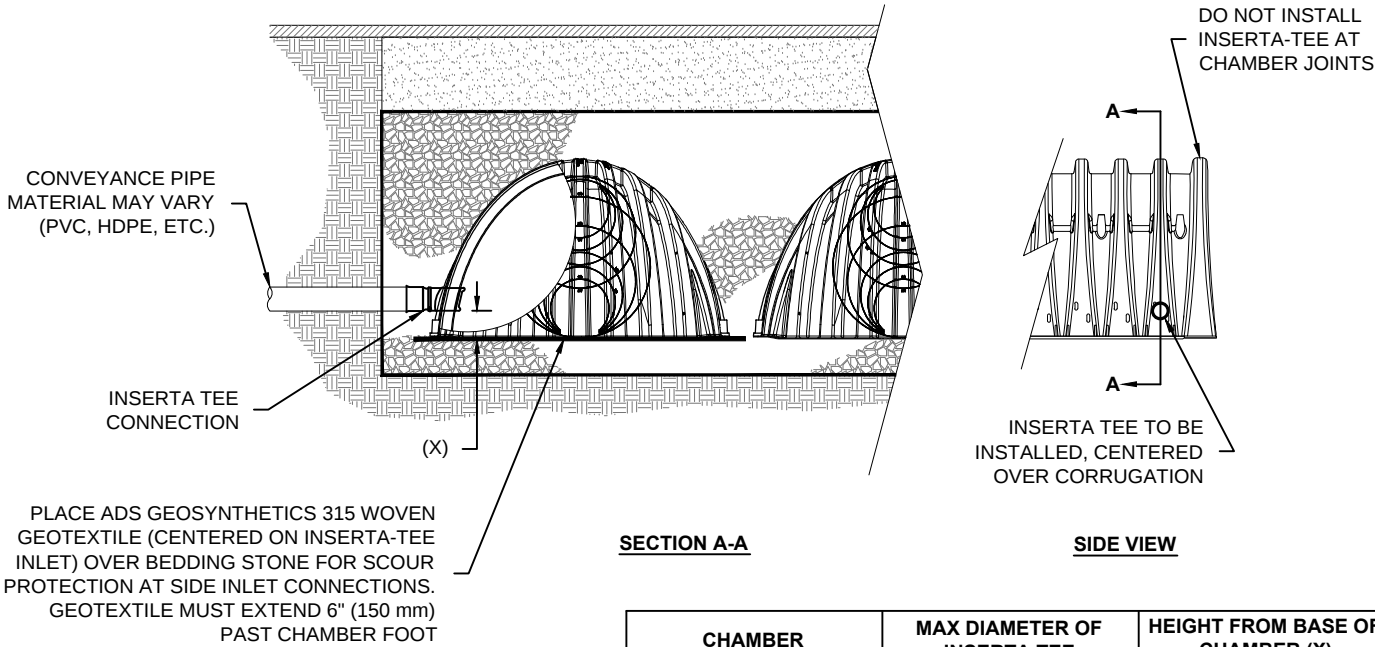
UNDERDRAIN DETAIL

NTS



INSERTA TEE DETAIL

NTS



SECTION A-A

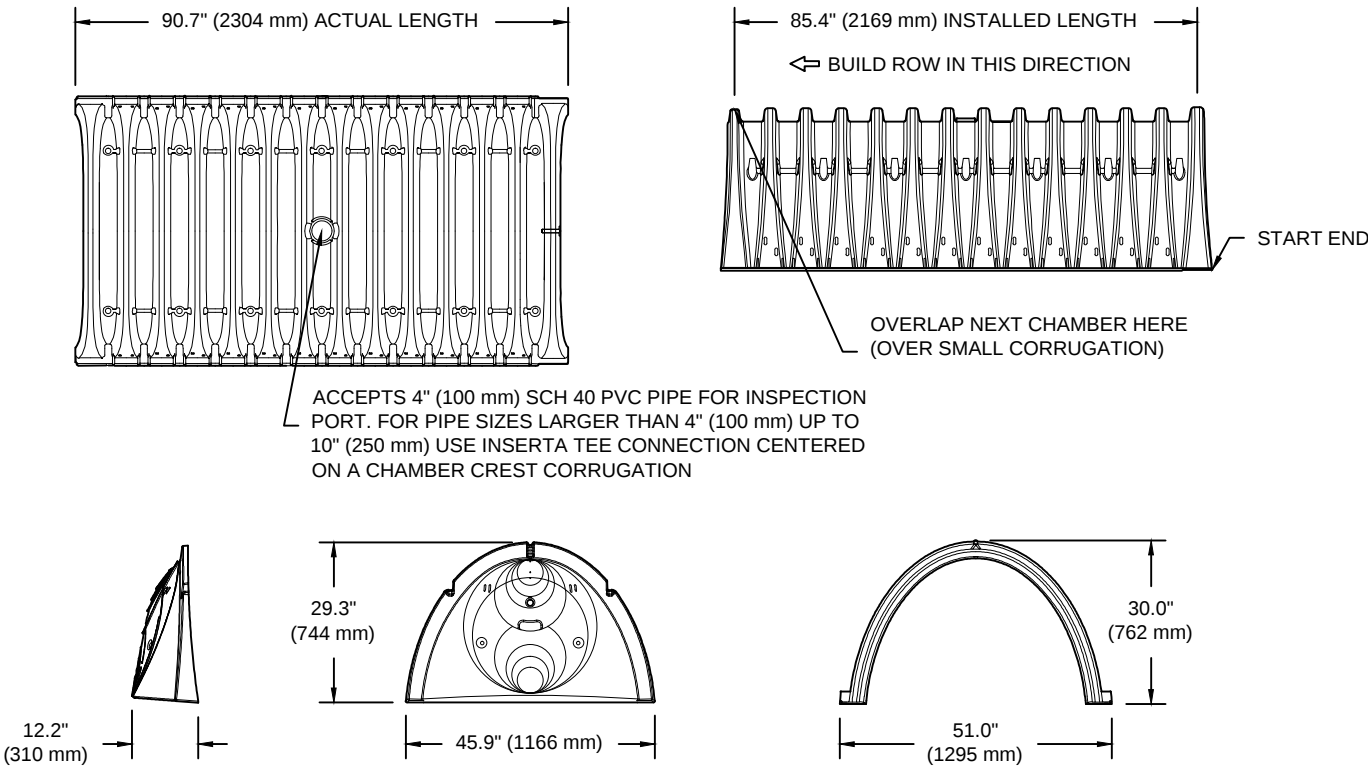
SIDE VIEW

CHAMBER	MAX DIAMETER OF INSERTA TEE	HEIGHT FROM BASE OF CHAMBER (X)
SC-310	6" (150 mm)	4" (100 mm)
SC-740	10" (250 mm)	4" (100 mm)
DC-780	10" (250 mm)	4" (100 mm)
MC-3500	12" (300 mm)	6" (150 mm)
MC-4500	12" (300 mm)	8" (200 mm)
INSERTA TEE FITTINGS AVAILABLE FOR SDR 26, SDR 35, SCH 40 IPS GASKETED & SOLVENT WELD, N-12, HP STORM, C-900 OR DUCTILE IRON		

NOTE:
PART NUMBERS WILL VARY BASED ON INLET PIPE MATERIALS.
CONTACT STORMTECH FOR MORE INFORMATION.

SC-740 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

NTS



NOMINAL CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

SIZE (W X H X INSTALLED LENGTH)	51.0" X 30.0" X 85.4"	(1295 mm X 762 mm X 2169 mm)
CHAMBER STORAGE	45.9 CUBIC FEET	(1.30 m³)
MINIMUM INSTALLED STORAGE*	74.9 CUBIC FEET	(2.12 m³)
WEIGHT	75.0 lbs.	(33.6 kg)

*ASSUMES 6" (152 mm) STONE ABOVE, BELOW, AND BETWEEN CHAMBERS

STUBS AT BOTTOM OF END CAP FOR PART NUMBERS ENDING WITH "B"
STUBS AT TOP OF END CAP FOR PART NUMBERS ENDING WITH "T"

PART #	STUB	A	B	C
SC740EPE06T / SC740EPE06TPC	6" (150 mm)	10.9" (277 mm)	18.5" (470 mm)	---
SC740EPE06B / SC740EPE06BPC			---	0.5" (13 mm)
SC740EPE08T / SC740EPE08TPC	8" (200 mm)	12.2" (310 mm)	16.5" (419 mm)	---
SC740EPE08B / SC740EPE08BPC			---	0.6" (15 mm)
SC740EPE10T / SC740EPE10TPC	10" (250 mm)	13.4" (340 mm)	14.5" (368 mm)	---
SC740EPE10B / SC740EPE10BPC			---	0.7" (18 mm)
SC740EPE12T / SC740EPE12TPC	12" (300 mm)	14.7" (373 mm)	12.5" (318 mm)	---
SC740EPE12B / SC740EPE12BPC			---	1.2" (30 mm)
SC740EPE15T / SC740EPE15TPC	15" (375 mm)	18.4" (467 mm)	9.0" (229 mm)	---
SC740EPE15B / SC740EPE15BPC			---	1.3" (33 mm)
SC740EPE18T / SC740EPE18TPC	18" (450 mm)	19.7" (500 mm)	5.0" (127 mm)	---
SC740EPE18B / SC740EPE18BPC			---	1.6" (41 mm)
SC740EPE24B*	24" (600 mm)	18.5" (470 mm)	---	0.1" (3 mm)

ALL STUBS, EXCEPT FOR THE SC740EPE24B ARE PLACED AT BOTTOM OF END CAP SUCH THAT THE OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF THE STUB IS FLUSH WITH THE BOTTOM OF THE END CAP. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694.

* FOR THE SC740EPE24B THE 24" (600 mm) STUB LIES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE END CAP APPROXIMATELY 1.75" (44 mm). BACKFILL MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM BELOW THE N-12 STUB SO THAT THE FITTING SITS LEVEL.

NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE NOMINAL

Wateridge - Block 22
Rockcliffe Village

DESCRIPTION

CHK

DRW

REV

DATE: 08/02/2017

DRAWN: SM

PROJECT #: Tool

CHECKED: ---

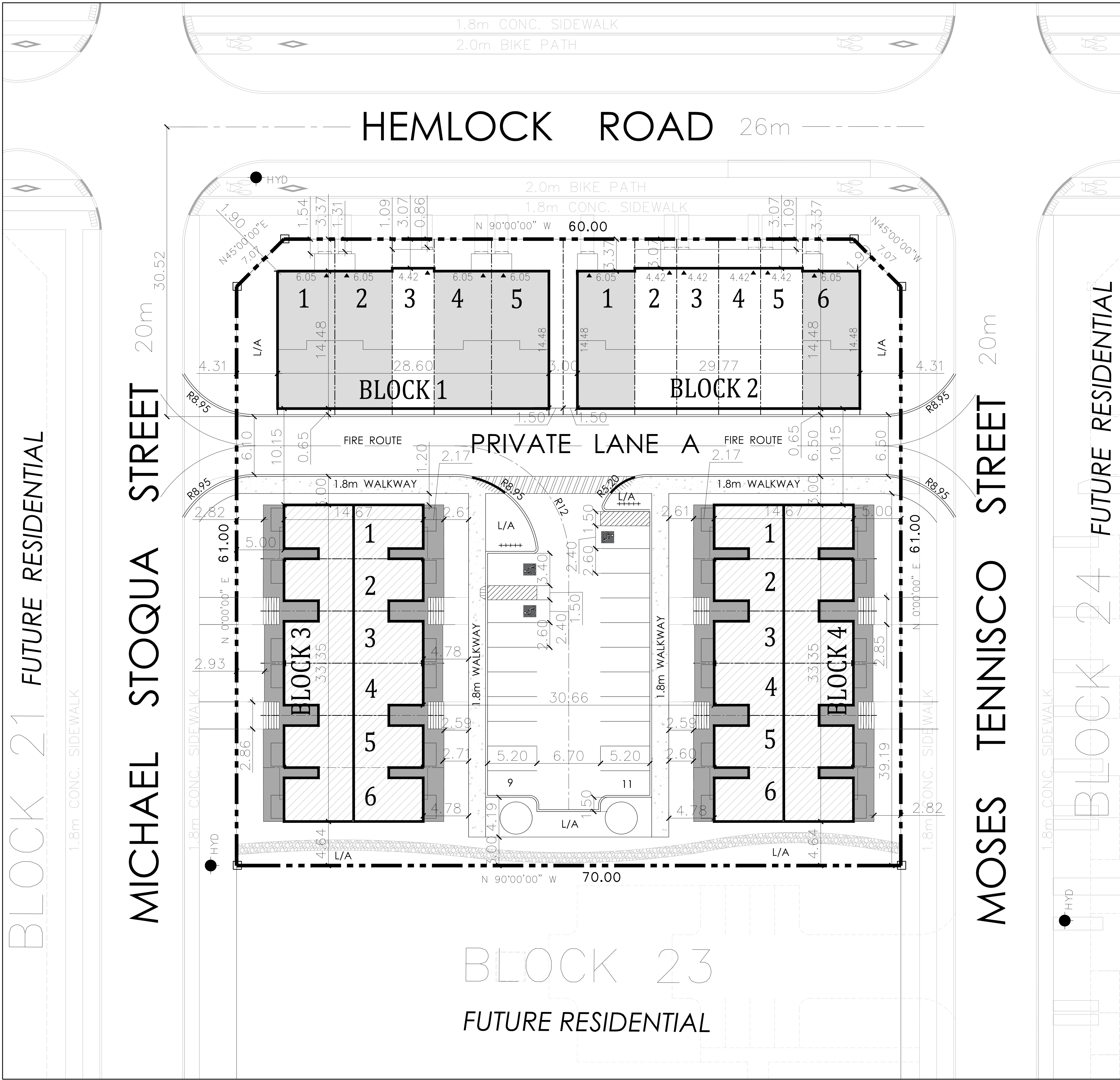
Detention/Retention Water Quality
StormTech
70 INWOOD ROAD, SUITE 3 | ROCKY HILL | CT | 06067
860-529-8188 | 888-892-2694 | WWW.STORMTECH.COM

4640 TRUEJMAN BLVD
HILLIARD, OH 43026
1-800-733-7473
ADS
ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.

THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.

SHEET
5 OF 5

DRAWINGS / FIGURES



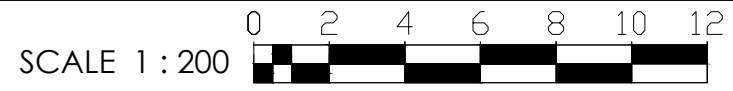
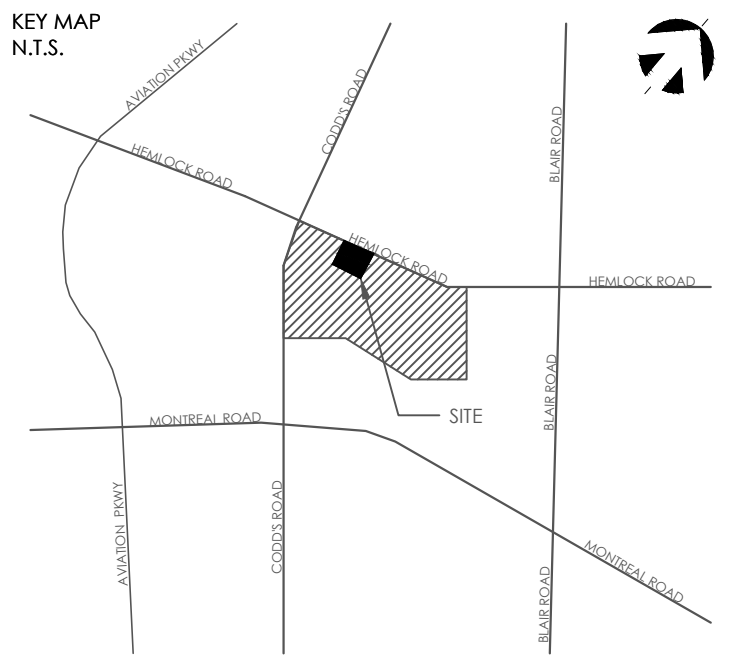
SITE STATISTIC AND DEVELOPMENT DATA

SITE AREA	4,594.19 m ²
PAVED AREA	1,185.74 m ²
LANDSCAPED AREA	1,562.36 m ²
TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA	5,841.3 m ²
TYPE A TOWNHOUSE (6 @ 241.8 m ²)	1,450.8 m ²
TYPE B TOWNHOUSE (5 @ 191.7 m ²)	958.5 m ²
STACKED TOWNS (24 @ 69 m ² ; 24 @ 74 m ²)	3,432 m ²
DENSITY (UPH)	128.3
ZONE CATEGORY	RSY[2312]

DWELLING BLOCK	DWELLING TYPE	GROUND FLOOR AREA (m ²)	UNITS
BLOCK 1	REAR LANE TOWNS	415.42	5
BLOCK 2	REAR LANE TOWNS	436.41	6
BLOCK 3	STACKED TOWNS	465.64	24
BLOCK 4	STACKED TOWNS	465.64	24
		TOTAL	59

SECTION	ZONE PROVISION - TOWNHOUSE	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
164(1)	MIN. LOT WIDTH (m)	6 m	4.42 m
164(1)	MIN. LOT AREA (m ²)	150 m ²	81.76 m ²
164(1)	MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT (m)	11 m	?
164(1)	MIN. FRONT YARD SETBACK (m)	3 m	3.07 m
164(1)	MIN. CORNER SIDE YARD SETBACK (m)	3 m	4.3 m
164(1)	MIN. REAR YARD SETBACK (m)	6 m	0.65 m
164(1)	MIN. INTERIOR YARD SETBACK (m)	1.2 m	1.5 m
101 (Table)	RESIDENT PARKING - TYPE A TOWNHOUSE	# @ 0.75/unit = #	# @ 2/unit = #
102 (Table)	TYPE B TOWNHOUSE	# @ 0.75/unit = #	# @ 1/unit = #
SECTION	REQUIRED VISITOR PARKING ZONE PROVISION - STACKED TOWNS	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
163(9)	MIN. LANDSCAPING (% of lot)	30%	29%
164(1)	MIN. LOT WIDTH (m)	18 m	39.19 m
164(1)	MIN. LOT AREA (m ²)	450 m ²	1,000 m ²
164(1)	MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT (m)	11 m	?
164(1)	MIN. FRONT YARD SETBACK (m)	5 m	5 m
164(1)	MIN. CORNER SIDE YARD SETBACK (m)	3 m	N/A
164(1)	MIN. REAR YARD SETBACK (m)	7.5 m	4.75 m
164(1)	MIN. INTERIOR YARD SETBACK (m)	3 m	3 m
101 (Table)	REQUIRED PARKING	0.5/unit	0.42/unit
102 (Table)	REQUIRED VISITOR PARKING	0.1/unit	0

SECTION	ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
57(2)	Corner sight triangle	TBD	5 x 5m
65(2)	Permitted projections into req. yards		
65(3)	Eaves, eave-troughs, gutters	1 m	TBD
65(3)	Sills, belt courses, cornices, parapets, pilasters	0.6 m	TBD
65(4)	Canopies, awnings	1.8 m	TBD
65(5)	Fire escapes, open stairways, stoop	>0.6m to lot line	TBD
65(6)	Covered or uncovered balcony, porch, deck	2 m	2 m
65(7)	Bay window	1 m	TBD
65(8)	Air conditioner condenser, heat pump	1 m	TBD
100(3)(b)	Min. shared driveway width	3 m	N/A
106(1)(a)	Min. perpendicular parking space size	2.6 x 5.2 m	2.6 x 5.2 m
106(1)(b)	Min. parallel parking space size	2.6 x 6.7 m	N/A
107(1)(a)(i)	Min. driveway width to parking lot	6.7 m	6.7 m
107 (Table)	Min. aisle width to spaces	6.7 m	6.7 m
107(2)	Min. driveway width to garage	2.6 m	2.6 m
109(3)(b)	Max. walkway width permitted in yard	1.8 m	1.8 m
110(1)	Min. % of parking lot area landscaped	15%	TBD
110 (Table)	Min. landscape buffer width parking lot to lot line	1.5 m	0 m
110(3)(b)	Min. waste collection setback to lot line	3 m	3 m



LEGEND	
	CONCRETE SIDEWALK
	CROSSWALK
	RIVERSTONE
	CURB
	DEPRESSED CURB
	PAINTED LINES
	PROJECTION (BALCONY)
	PROJECTION (STAIRS)
	MOLOK WASTE STORAGE
	FIRE HYDRANT
	BICYCLE PARKING
	BARRIER FREE PARKING
	DWELLING ENTRANCE
	UNIT NUMBER
	TYPE A TOWNHOUSE (6.05m)
	TYPE B TOWNHOUSE (4.42m)
	STACKED DWELLING
	PROPOSED LOT BOUNDARY
	PROPERTY BOUNDARY

JULY 28, 2017	DRAFT FOR REVIEW	SP
DATE (D.M.Y)	REVISION	BY

- GENERAL NOTES
- DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.
 - THIS DRAWING IS THE EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF KORSIAK URBAN PLANNING. COPYRIGHT RESERVED.
 - SITE PLAN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLAN 4M-1581 AND PLAN 4M-30176. PREPARED BY ANNIS O'SULLIVAN, VOLLERBEK LTD.
 - TOWNHOUSE DWELLING UNITS ARE DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE CURBSIDE GARBAGE PICK-UP.

PROJECT TEAM

SITE PLAN DESIGN:

KORSIAK Urban Planning

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT:

NAK

ARCHITECT:

Q4A

PLANNING:

Stantec

CIVIL ENGINEER:

DSEL

MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL ENGINEER:

L.R.J.



WATERIDGE VILLAGE: PHASE 113
335 ST. LAURENT BLVD.
PART OF LOTS 21, 22 AND 23
CONCESSION 1 (OTTAWA FRONT)
GEOGRAPHIC TOWNSHIP OF GLOUCESTER
AND BLOCKS 118-124, 126 AND 127
REGISTERED PLAN 4M-1559
CITY OF OTTAWA

TITLE: BLOCK 22 SITE PLAN		
DATE: August 1, 2017	DRAWN BY: SP	DRAWING NO.
JOB NO.: Mattamy - Wateridge	CHECKED BY: CR	A1